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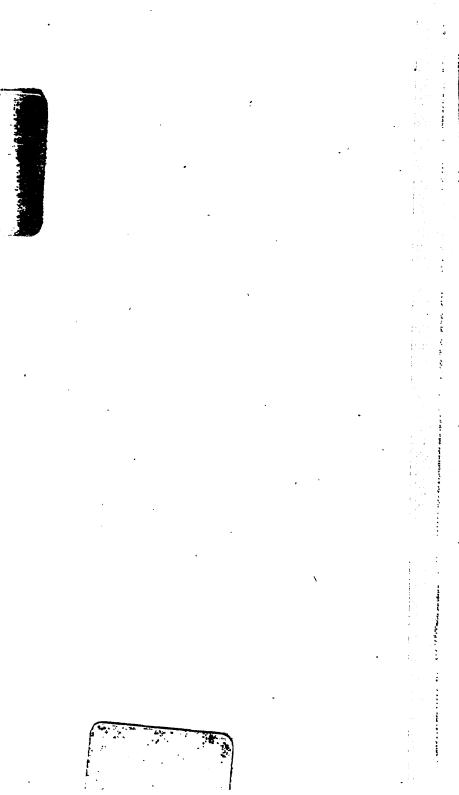
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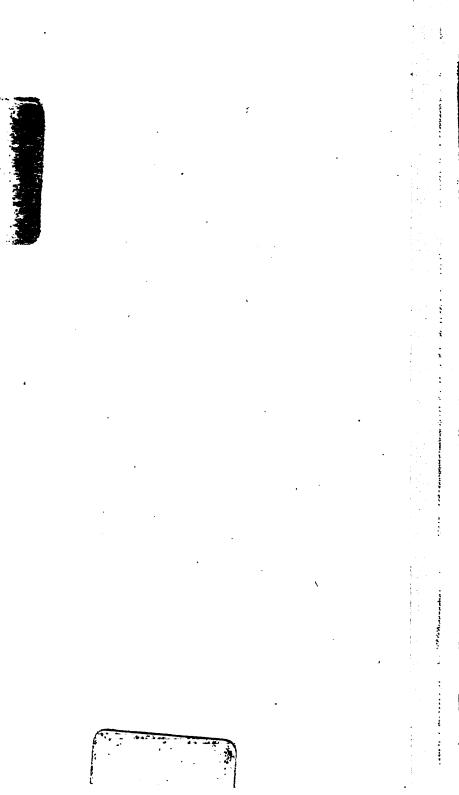
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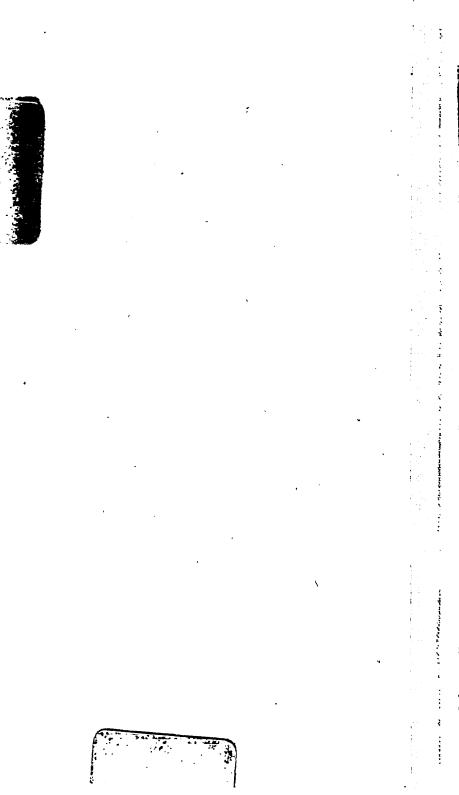
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BOYER'S FRENCH DICTIONARY:

COMPRISING

ALL THE ADDITIONS AND IMPROVEMENTS

OF THE

LATEST PARIS AND LONDON EDITIONS,

WITH A VERY LARGE NUMBER OF

, **Elsetul Eliores and Phrases**,

NOW FIRST SELECTED FROM THE MODERN DIOTIONARIES

OF

BOISTE, WAILLY, CATINEAU,

AND OTHERS:

WITH THE PRONUNCIATION OF EACH WORD.

ACCORDING TO THE DICTIONARY

OF THE

ABBÉ TARDY:

TO WHICH ARE PREFIXED.

EULES FOR THE PRONUNCIATION OF FRENCH VOWELS,DIPHTHONGS, AND FINAL CONSONANTS,

CHIRPLY COLLECTED FROM THE PROSODY

OF THE

ABBÉ D'OLIVET,

WITH

A TABLE OF FRENCH VERBS, &c.

STEREOTYPED BY T. H. CARTER & CO. BOSTON.

Boston:

7. BEDLINGTON, AND BRADFORD & PEASLEE,WASHINGTON STREET

.1827

DISTRICT OF MASSACHUSETTS, to wit:

District Clerk's Office.

BE IT REMEMBERED, that on the sixth day of February, A. D. 1822, and in the forty-sixth year of the independence of the United States of America, WILLIAM B. FOWLE, of the said District, has deposited in this office the title of a book, the right whereof he claims as proprietor, in the words following, to wit:

"Boyer's French Dictionary; comprising all the additions and improvements of the latest Paris and London editions, with a very large number of useful words and phrases, now first selected from the modern dictionaries of Boiste, Wailly, Catineau, and others: with the pronunciation of each word, according to the dictionary of the Abbé Tardy; to which are prefixed, rules for the pronunciation of French vowels, diphthongs, and final consonants, chiefly collected from the presody of the Abbé d'Olivet, with a table of French verbs, &c."

In conformity to the Act of the Congress of the United States, entitled, "An Act for the encouragement of learning, by securing the copies of maps, charts, and books, to the authors and proprietors of such copies, during the times therein mentioned:" and also to an Act, entitled, "An Act, supplementary to an Act, entitled An Act for the encouragement of learning, by securing the copies of maps, charts, and books, to the authors and proprietors of such copies, during the times therein mentioned; and extending the benefits thereof to the arts of designing, engraving, and etching, historical and other prints."

JNO. W. DAVIS, { Clork of the District of Massachusetts



PREFACE TO THE FIRST AMERICAN EDITION.

THE twenty-fifth French edition, which is the basis of ours, contains above two thousand more words than the best English editions. It has been our care to enrich this vocabulary with as many more words, and idiomatical phrases, selected from the most esteemed French with as many more words, and idiomatical phrases, selected from the most esteemed French Dictionaries, and in performing the laborious task of examining every word and definition, and comparing them with other dictionaries, we have been enabled to correct many thousand errors which had crept into former editions. In our vocabulary will be found every word contained in that of the Academy, with a great many others not received by them, although used by very respectable modern writers. There is also a very large number of mercantic and nautical words and phrases, and many professional and scientifick terms, which often occur in works not properly scientifick.

The editor is aware that all rules for teaching the pronunciation of a language must be imperfect; but much assistance may undoubtedly be obtained in this way, and he trusts that the system of the Abbé Tardy, so justly celebrated, with the introductory remarks of the Abbé D'Oivet, will be found extremely useful. The rapid sale of the pocket dictionary to which the pronunciation of Tardy is annexed, encourages the editor to hope that, connected with a

the promunciation of Tardy is annexed, encourages the editor to hope that, connected with a more complete vocabulary, it will be far more acceptable to the student. It may also be remarked, that although the name of Boyer is attached to the title of this dictionary, yet if the latest editions be compared with those which preceded them, it will appear that very little

are than the title remains

The plan we have adopted in regard to adjectives is more convenient than that hitherto followed. The adjectives which in the masculine end in e mute are of both genders. For example; Aride will be found in our dictionary AVIDE, adj. which signifies that the word is both masculine and feminine. Most adjectives, however, require the addition of an e mute to form their feminine, and this is indicated by an e placed after them. Turn to Grand, and you will find, GRARD, E, adj. which signifies that the adjective Grand for the masculine becomes Grande in the feminine. So ESTIMÉ, E, adj. means that the adjective Betine's becomes Estimé in the feminine, and so with all others of this class. There are some advertises which, termining in a consument, require that consumate to be doubled besome adjectives which, terminating in a consonant, require that consonant to be doubled before the e is added. Thus NET, TE, adj. signifies that the adjective Net, masculine, becomes Nette in the feminine. So GROS, EL, adj. etc. Some adjectives change their final consonant in the feminine, and in this case we have placed a hyphen before the final consonant, and then added what should supply its place. Thus DARGEREU-X, SE, adj. implies that the adj. then added what should supply its place. Thus DARGEREU-x, SE, adj. implies that the adj.

Dengreeur becomes Dangereuse in the feministe. So FLATTEU-R, SE, ROU-X, SSE, etc. Dangereax becomes Dangerease in the feminine. So FLATTEU-R, SE, ROU-R, SEE, etc. Certain adjectives or nouns of quality, ending in eur for the masculine, change this termination into rice in the feminine; we have marked this change by placing a hyphen before eur, and adding rice whenever the English word expresses both the masculine and feminine. Thus Dispensat-Eurr, Rice, s. m. & f. But although the word Protectess becomes Protective by the same rule, yet each of these words will be found in its place, because Protectess in Protector in English, whilst Protectrice is Protectress. Other similar terminations are also marked, but they will be understood without any further explanation here.

In preceding editions certain verbs are marked Impersonal, for this the student is referred to the observations at the word Impersonal. At the end of each irregular verb, also, the participles and the first person singular of each simple tense were formerly added, but as the table we give constains all the irregular verbs, as well as a regular verb for each of the four

table we give contains all the irregular verbs, as well as a regular verb for each of the four table we give contains all the irregular verbs, as well as a regular verb for each of the four conjugations, it is unnecessary to repeat what may be found in the table. As we admit but four conjugations, the first in èr, the second in ir, the third in oir, and the fourth in rr, these terminations are so distinct, that we need not add to each word a figure, to denote to which conjugation it belongs. The table of Chambaud, which was prefixed to former editions, readered these figures indispensable, for, instead of four conjugations, he recognises ten.

As I and J, U and V, are considered distinct letters by our best philologers, and as no one who ever used a dictionary needs to be thus apprised of the inconvenience of confounding them, as is done by most lexicographers, the editor has consulted the convenience of the stadest, and kept each letter perfectly distinct.

On the whole, this edition is offered to the American publick in the humble hone that it will

On the whole, this edition is offered to the American publick, in the humble hope that it will assist the cause of education in our country, and lessen in some measure its dependence upon

foreign preses.

Boston, Feb. 1, 1822.

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PREFACE TO THIS STEREOTYPED EDITION.

The success of the first edition of this Dictionary, evidenced in the sale of a large edition in less than three years, and the almost entire exclusion of foreign editions from our market, has induced the proprietors to risk me expense of stereotyping it. In doing this they have emdeavoured to make it more corn et if possible, than the former edition; and as it contains as much, is better printed, and at a price, it is hoped the publick will have new induceas much, is better printed, and at a ments to continue their patronage.

Beston, 1825.

BILLES FOR THE PRONUNCIATION

OF THE

French vowels, diphthongs, and final consonants;

CHIRPLY COLLECTED FROM

The Procedy of P Abbit D'Olivet, and from the best Writers on this Subject.



A has two sounds. It is long in her and short in hel. The English have the first sound in er and the second in bot.

It is long in the alphabet, but short when it is a verb or preposition: il a, he has; 🛦 to.

It is long in the alphabet, but short when it is a verb or preposition: if a, he has; a, to.
It is short in the beginning of a word, except in arre, age, afres, agens, due, due, due, expression arrelation and in their derivatives, acreff, age, etc.

It is short at the end of words, except those that are taken from foreign languages, wherein it is rather long, as in soft, agenda, etc.

Abe is long only in astrolake and crake.

Able is long in most verbs and substantives, except table and evable, wherein it is short, as in all adjectives, according to M. D'Olivet; and doubtful according to M. Féraud. Custom seems to be in favour of the latter.

Abre is long, even before a macculine; termination: sabre, sabrer, etc.

Ac. General rules.—All final syllables are short, when the vowel is followed by a consonant

where then s, s, or x: eac, sectar, sel, pot, st, etc.

—All measurine syllables, long or short in the singular number, are always long in the plutal: des accs, des eds, des pots, etc.

—All measurine nouns that end their singular number with s, z, or x, are long: le temps,

le nes, la voix, etc.

Ace is long only in grace, espace, je délace, lace, entrelace.

Ace is long only in grace, espace, je délace, lace, entrelace.

Ache is long only in lache, tache, (a task,) grache, relache, mache, fache, and in the verbs derived from them, even before a masculine syllable, lacher, relachous, etc.

Acte is long only in il racle, il débacle; doubtful in all others.

Acre is long only in acre (sharp, sour.)

Ade is always short: cubade, fade, etc.

Adre is short only in ladre; long in all other words, even before a masculine syllable; cadre,

cadrer, etc.

Afe, aphe, are always short : carafe, épitaphe, etc.

Afe, apie, are always short: carafe, épitaphe, etc.
Afres, afre, are long only in afres and bafre.
Afte is long even before a masculine syllable: rafle, rafler, etc.
Age is long only in Age.
Ague is long only in gagne, and all the tenses of the verb gagner.
Ague is always short: bague, dague, etc.
Ai, a false diphthong which admits of the three sounds of the masculine é, has the sounds of the close é only in fai, je sais, to sais, bai, of the open acute é in the middle, and at the end of words, except in essai, détai, vous, wherein it is doubtful, according to M. D'Olivet, tong and open according to M. Féraud: and of the open grave è, when followed by e, s, rs, ts, rc, and when it has the circumfier accent: plaie, jamais, pairs, portraits, faire, etc.
Afe is always long. General rules: All vowels immediately followed by an e mute are long: plaie, pensée, joie, etc. Except when there is a liquid articulation as in paye. But many authors change the y into i, and write paie, in which case there is no occasion for this exception.

exception.

When a vowel meets any other vowel but the mute e, it becomes short, as i is long in jetie, and short in nous lions.

Aigne is always short: châtaigne, dédaigne, etc.
Aigne is always short: aigne, maigre, etc.
Aigne is always short. General rule: All final syllables are short that end with a liquid l: entail, solell, sevil, etc.

other terminations are masculine.

^{*} These rules chiefly relate to final syllables, the sound of which is more easily distingratshed.

A doubtful reasel is long when its word ends a sustence, and generally short when another word comes after it.

‡ A syllable is termed feminine when it ends with an o mute, like sobre, sience, pasteet. All

Aille is short in médrille, se translile, détaille, émaille, baille, [I give,] and in ali the tenses of ese verba. It is long in all other words, even before a masculine syllable, raille, railler, etc.

Aillet, aillir, are always short: paillet, faillir, etc.

Aillen is short only in médaillon and bataillon, and in those verbs nous détaillons, émail-

m, truncillons, baillons, (we give;) but long in nous baillons, (we yawn,) and in all other

Aim, ain, im, in. General rule: All nasal vowels, followed by a communant which begins anther syllable, and long: fambe, menter, bombe, craindre, etc.

But when the m or n is doubled, there is no nasal sound; and the vowel is short: épigran-

An exact standard for this nasal sound is not to be found in the English prossuscieties. However seasething like it is heard in the word Acry. But it must be seized immediately preceding the articulation of the g. With regard to this and other nasal sounds, as on, see, a must observe what Mr. Walker very properly remarks with regard to the sound of es in a core. "If, in pronouncing these sounds, the tongue should once touch the roof of the ment (as it happens in pronouncing man, men, sin, son, san,) the French nasal sound would be ruined."

o French standard for this is in in vis.

a, except in comptant (ready money.)

When it is spek with e, it is let. long in the beginning and in the middle of words, and at

When it is spelt with e, it is let, long in the beginning and in the middle of words, and at a call of adjectives, as in prudent, enamble, example, etc.

2dly. Generally short at the end of substantives and adverbs, as in uses, against, etc.

3dly. Short and stender in seien, tien, tien, tien, tien, tien, otc.

4thly. Long and slender in the plantal of these words, in mester, and some other words, herein it has the sound of in in vis

The first sound is heard in the two syllables of enfant, and in the first of encore, which the

nglish have adopted with its nasal sound.

The second has for standard as in new. Those who can pronounce as in escore, may sally obtain its short sound by dwelling less upon it. Something like it is heard in the word

The third, heard in the last syllable of iten, has something like it in the word send.

The fourth, heard in menter, has the sound of its in vist. See under Asia what is said of

In the following Dictionary the three first sounds of that name vowel are always spelt es, respt after the hard g and k, where the a is better calculated to preserve the hard articula-

tion of these two consonants.

Ame is long only in one, infime, blime, if se prime, on brome; in the pretents, as similares, see, and in famore shihough the on be doubled.

Ane, Ame, are long only in crime, due, manes, in manne, and manne, and con-

Age, Age, are long only in rape, and in the verb reper.

Agre is always long.

Aque is long only in Pâques, Jacques.

Ar is always short. N.B. Many except char and proper names, as Clear, Gibraltar, etc.

ar a saways anort. 14. D. many except cour and proper names, as Cear, Gravatar, etc. is the pronounced long, at least, at the end of a sentence.

Ark. General rule: In all syllables ending with an r, and followed by another consonant links begins another syllable, the wowel is short: barke, bercam, etc.

Ard, Art, are doubtful. But when an e mute follows the d or t, the a is short. See Arke,

Arre. General rule: All vowels before 17, which form a single articulation, are long

Arre. General ruse.

25 arret, harre, etc.

Exceptions to this rule will be found in their respective places.

Art is long only in houreurd.

As is generally long, as in tes, has, as, Pallas, etc.

Asc. General rule: s or s, between two vowels, the last of which is an e mute, lengthens

are the second rule: s or s, between two vowels, the last of which is an e mute, lengthens are the second rule: s or s, between two vowels, the last of which is an e mute, lengthens are the second rule: s or s, between two vowels, the last of which is an e mute, lengthens are the second rule. d opens the pensitives: here, see, etc. but this pensitima often becomes short before a section syllable, as in peer, apparair, etc.

Aspe. General rule: An s articulated after a vowel, and followed by another consonant,

Aspe. General rule: An s articulated atter a vowel, and followed by another consonant, always renders the vowel short: farpe, massue, fustre, etc.

Asse is long in the substantives basse, chasse, (shrine.) classe, échasse, passe, masse, (staire) and tasse; in the adjectives basse, grasse, lasse; in the verbs casse, amasse, enchasse, compasse, same; mud in their massuline terminations, casser, etc. in words derived from, or compassed of these verbs; also in those terminations of the subjunctive mood, aimasse, parlanses, chantsusent, etc. it is short in all other words.

At is only long in bat, met, degat, and in the third person singular of the present of the subjunctive c qu'il, aissat, etc.

Ale, Ales, are long only in pale, hate, il appate, gate, mate, démate, and in the preterit

tennes, chântates, etc.

Atre, Attre, is only short in quatre; battre, and its derivatives.

Au, (a false diphthong) has the three sounds of the French o, (See O.)

It is generally long and open before a feminine termination; or a consonant at the end of a word: in the plural number, and under the circumflex accent; as in auge, chand, mann, etc.

It is short in Paul, and before two consonants, as in augmenter, etc.

It is long and broad before re, as in restaure, etc. in all other cases it is generally doubtful;

as in audace, épauler, joyau, etc.

Are is short in rave, care, etc. oftener long, as in grave, entrave, etc. and doubtful in brave and Batave.

Aure is always long; cadaore, etc.

Ax, axe, are always short; thorax, parallaxe, etc.

The French Academy distinguishes three sounds of this letter: the close, the open, and the

But the open may be more or less so. It is a little open in ferme, and entirely so in proces. When it is a little open, the Academy calls it open acute, and assigns for its standard the first e in trompette. Dumarsais, and others, call it the common or middle e: when it is entirely open, it is called open grave. Therefore we must distinguish three masculine és, vz. the close, the open acute, and the open grave.

These are termed masculine, in opposition to the mute e, which is the sign of the feminine gender in most adjectives, and all past participles.

The close e is so called from its being pronounced with the mouth almost closed, and from

its slender sound.

It may be deemed short, if compared with its feminine termination, wherein the e, mute, obliges us to dwell somewhat more upon it, as is obvious in aise, aisee; but it is long, if compared with the open acute, which is shorter, though it frequently bears the same accent. This is observable in cree, wherein the first e is somewhat more open than the last, and evidently shorter, according to the general rule which is to be found after the termination AL. See kt.

The natural standard for this ℓ is the primitive sound by which it is known in the French alphabet, as in bonte, and answers to the first letter in the English alphabet, as in fate.

The open acute ℓ is so named from being somewhat more open than the close ℓ , and from the acute accent which it frequently bears. It is found in the first ℓ of $cr\ell\ell$, or trompette, and is the same as in the English words, $m\ell$, ℓ by: it is always short.

The open grave ℓ is so called from requiring a greater opening of the mouth, and from the grave or circumfex accent which generally attends it, as in après and $\ell\ell\ell$. It is similar in course to the English ℓ in these

sound to the English e in there.

"The mute e is a mere emission of the voice, which is hardly heard; it is so imperceptible, that a man born blind could not find the least difference in hearing froc, or froque, crép, or

crepe." D'Olivet.

erépe." D'Oivet.

D'Oivet.

Dumarsais thinks that the articulation of the consonant by which it is preceded, is sufficient to express it, as in smer, and denender, the explanatory spelling of mener and denander. However, in monosyllables, and in the first syllables of other words, the imperfect sound of this letter is more perceptible, and may be termed guttural.

At the end of polysyllables, where it is entirely mute, it is like the second e in there, and generally serves to lengthen or open the preceding vowel: when it is more perceptible it is like the e in battery, or over; and even then the French suppress it as often as they can, especially when the preceding or following syllable has a full sound.

P Catterior the last grammarian who has written on this subject gives the following arange.

P. Catineau, the last grammarian who has written on this subject, gives the following example, which is very correct: "Quand vous serez le même, vous me trouverez le même. This sentence contains thirteen syllables in prose, quand-vous-se-rez-le-même-vous-me-trouve-rez-le-même. In poetry même would have two syllables. However, in familiar reading and conversation, it is pronounced in eight syllables only, quand-vous-rel-même-vous-rel-même." The suppression of that e is precisely the reason why foreigners suppose the French speak so very quick.

This imperfect sound is never suffered in two syllables together at the end of a word. To avoid this dissonance, it's changed into an open è, in the penultima of verbe, when their last syllable becomes mute, as mener, mène; some words double their consonant, (which produces the same effect,) as tenir, que tu tiennes; others change that e into the diphthong oi, as devoir,

doivent.

When the pronoun je comes after its verb, it produces the same effect, so that je chante, je mène, become chanté-je? mené-je? And in this case the guttural e of mener that had become open acute in mène, becomes again guttural in mené-je?

^{*} We confine the sounds of the masculine è to the three notices by the Academy, because those who have distinguished more have rather perplexed than perfected the promunciation of this letter. Besides, as Mr. D'Aliost observe." it is useless to anatomise sounds so much."

E, when under the acute accent, is generally close at the end of words, as boute, aid: 2dly. in adverts derived from adjectives ending in e, as aisement: 3dly. before the feminine termination of adjectives where it is somewhat longer, as in cisec, in any other place it is almost always open acute." It is close likewise in the termination ex and er, when the r is silent; and open acute in any other place where it is not open grave, or doubtful.

It is generally open grave under the circumflex, and grave accent, sometimes doubtful, as

will be seen bereafter.

N. B. The following rules relate to the open acute é, and to the open grave, when the word close is not mentioned.

Ecke, Elve, Ee, Ece, are always short; bec, niece, etc.

Eche, is long only in beche, leche, grieche, peche, (fishing, or peach) reveche, il peche, (fishing) départe, empache, preche, and in all the tenses and persons of these verbs.

Ecle, Ect., Ede., Eder, are always short: siecle, insecte, ceder, etc.

Ee is always long and close, as in aimée, etc. See Aie.

Ee. General rule: All vowels before another vowel which is not the mute e, are short;

Et. Others a run.

crie, fest, harr, etc.

Ef is always short; Effe, Efte, are long only in greffe, and nefte.

Ree is always long; cotiege, etc. M. Feraud makes it short. The prevailing custom seems

Egle is always short; regle, seigle, etc.

Egne is doubtful; regne, dougne, etc.
Eille is long in vicille, vicillard, vicillesse, which have the sound of the close é.
Ein, Eint, Einte, are always long. See Aim.

Eine is long only in reine.

Ettre is long only in Rettre

Ele is long only in zele, polle, frêle, pêle-mêle, grêle, il se fêle, il bêle.

Em, En. See Aim and An. But there is no nasal sound in Bethleen, item, omen, hymen,
c. And whenever the m or n is articulated, the e is open acute.

Eme is short only in seme. It is doubtful in crème; and long in any other word. However, the terminations in seme are frequently heard short before another word.

Eme is long only in cêne, chêne, scène, gêne, alène, rêne, frêne, arène, pêne, and in all proper names. Enne is always short, étreune, etc.

Espe is always and, or com, or.

Espe is short only in lipre, etc.

Espe, Esper, are always short; pricepte, sceptre, etc.

Espec is long only in circlene, archeologue.

Espec is long and open in fer, enfer, mer, amer, hiver: long and close in liger, altier; and in all nouns and verbs, as aimer, berger, etc. when the r is silent: but when the r is articulated, as it must be, especially in verbs, before a word beginning with a vowel, the e is open Esseu, as n must be, especially in verbs, before a word beginning with a vowel, the e is open acute, and short.

Erbe, Erce, Erce, Erche, Ercle, Erde, Erde, are all short. See Arbe.

Erd, Ert, are doubtful; il perd, désert, etc.

Ere is doubtful, frère, chimère, etc. but it is uniformly long in the third person plural of verbs; ils espèrent, parlèrest, etc.

Erge, Ergue, Erle, Erne, Erne, Erpe, Erle, Ertre, Esque, Este, Estre, are all short.

See Arbe.

Erre is always long, even before a masculine syllable; guerre, verrons, etc.; but it is short.

When the two rr are heard separately, as in erresr, etc.

Eure is long only in abesse, professe, confesse, presse, compresse, cesse, lesse, expresse, il s'empresse, il professe.

Di is long only in arrêt, bénêt, forêt, genêt, prêt, aprêt, acquêt, intérêt, têt, protêt, il est.
Ele is long only in bête, fête, arbalête, boête, tempête, quête, comquête, enquête, requête, arrête, crête, sête: n is doubtful in êtes, and homelte, and short in all the rest.

Eve is long only in être, salpêtre, ancêtre, fenêtre, prêtre, champêtre, hêtre, chevêtre, guêtre.

je me dépètre.

Bu ; this diphthong has three different sounds : it is long and close in jeune, (fasting ;) short

in journe, (ye ung;) long and open in beurre.

The first has no standard in English; but it may be obtained by pressing the lips a little forward, in such a manner as to leave the breath a narrower passage than for the e of over,

and by dwelling longer upon it.

The second is somewhat more open than the e of over, and can hardly be distinguished from it.

The third may be obtained by opening the lips somewhat wider, and in a more circular form, than for the e of over, and by protracting the sound.

^{**}B has been thought proper to adhere to the ancient custom of sorting this second a with the acute accent, to avoid the double mistake frequently occasioned by those who of late have written it with the grave accent, in some terminations, as ecc, edo, etc. Those who are unacquainted with Mr. D'Olivet's rules, being misled by the grave accent, give to that be the sound of the open grave è, whilst, on the other hand, they are induced to confound with the clase b, all the open acute ones, which have not been subjected to this partial reform. A little attention to the above rule will be sufficient to prevent the mistaking of the close b for the open acute. As to the exceptions to this or any of these rules, the similar spelling of every word will ove all doubts.

t No grammarian, I believe, has ever distinguished this third sound, so different from

for, etc.; it is doubtful at the end; fex, fex, etc.; and when it is long it has the close see an felne, unless it be followed by an r. Bu, unless accented, is short in the beginning and in the middle of words; hearens, a ser, we.; n is countried at the end; fen, fen, etc.; and when it is long it has the close sound of en in felme, unless it be followed by an r.

Buf is always short: neuf, cenf, etc.

Eule is long only in meule.

Eure is long only in felme, (fasting.)

Eur is generally short, leur, peur, etc.; it is doubtful in cour, change, sour; and long open is all plural nouss.

Eure is doubtful but all

Eure is doubtful, but always open, heure, inférieure, etc:

Ever is doubtful, levre, sevre, etc.

Ever is doubtful, levre, sevre, etc.

Ever, Ever, are always long and close; feux, feux, heureuse, etc.

Ever is long only in trève, gréve, réver : it is doubtful in fève, brève, il achève, crève, se

lève, although mute in creve, achever, s'elever.

Ever ann always about neverle sever etc.

Ex, Exe, are always short, perplex, sexe, etc.

N. B. All the terminations of the three vowels, which are not noticed in the other following Rules, are always short.

This letter has two sounds. It is long in give, and short in and. The standard for the first in English is in in field, and of the second i in fig.

Let is long only in hidre and cidre.

Let is always long. See Aie.

Len when it is dissyllable, both syllables are short, as in li-en; but it is doubtful when it is monosyllable, as in mice, tien, etc.; when it is long it has the sound of in in vin. See Ain.

Let is doubtful, as in tige, prodige, litting, il oblige, etc.

He is long only in the hands, style, tunis, presqu'ile.

Ins. In. See Ain.

Im, In. See Ain.

Imes is long only in above, dixme, and in the preterit tenses, vonce, primes, etc.

Ire is doubtful: empire, soupire, etc.; but always long in the preterit tenses, primes, pants. Trees, etc.

Lee is always long; surprise, etc.

Lee is long only in these terminations of the subjunctive; fisse, prisees, punissent, etc.

Lee is long only in the preterit of the subjunctive; qu'il prit, qu'il fit, etc.

Le is long in bénite, gite, vite, and in the preterit tenses; vites, finites, etc.

Lee is long in épitre, hadre, titre, regire; but short in registre, and all the rest.

The is long only in adjectives; vive, craintive, etc.
Thre is long only in vivre (substantive.)

O. This letter has three sounds. It is long and open in trâne, short in noble, long and broad

N. B. This third sound has not, I believe, been noticed by any grammarian. However the pronunciation of o in ascore, corps, alors, etc. as o in trone or sable, would be highly im-

This sound is regularly found before an r supported by other consonants, or an e mute; and before an r alone when its word ends a sentence.

The standard in English is, for the first, o in robe; for the second, o in rob, for the third o in lord.

O in the beginning of a word, is long only in os, osier, beer, blee.

Obe is long only in globe and lobe.

Ode, Oge, are long only in rode, doge.

Oi a diphthong that sometimes has the sound of sea in sear or sear; sometimes those of e there or ebb. It is doubtful at the end of words where it has always the sounds of sed or

One a fast diphthong which has the sound of in via, preceded by the English w. See Aim. Oir is doubtful: savoir, espoir, etc. Oire is always long: boire, memoire, etc.

Ois, oise, oise, oure, owe, are always long, whether they have the sound of son, or of an open grave è.

Ois is long only in il paroit, connoit, and croit (he increases.)
Ole is long only in drôle, pôle, geôle, môle, rôle, contrôle, il enfôle, enrôle, vole, (he steals.)
Om, on. This nasal vowel has no exact standard in English; but something like it is heard in song. See Aim. In French its standard is on in mon, and it is always long.

Ome is short only in Rome. Omme is always short.

One is always long when the n is not doubled: trône, etc.

the too first. Hence some pronounce bearre, learne, etc. with the sound of oh in johne, which is a very vicious pronunciation: for in French, as in English, the r generally opens the sound of the preceding wood. By others, and especially by foreigners, lear, aloux, ghavens, joune, etc. are pronounced with the sound of ou in bearre, which is no less exceptionable. tionable.

Or is always short, according to M. D'Olivet. M. Ferand makes it short only in cost ter, encor; but longer in all other words, when r is followed by a d or t. The opinion of platter seems to prevail, especially when the word ends a sentence. Therefore o in or, the latter seems to prevail, especially when the word ends a sentence. Therefore o in or, case, port, bord, etc. should be placed in the class of the doubtful vowels.

Ore is always long and broad: encore, évapore, etc. But it becomes short before a femimae syllable: évaporer, etc. unless followed by two rr, which form a single articulation, as

Cos, ose, are always long: repos, oppose, etc.

Os, ose, are always long: repos, oppose, etc.

Osse is long only in grosse, fosse, endosse, engrosse, and in their derivatives, which preserve the o long even before a masculine syllable: grossesse, etc.

Ok is long only in imple, lot, depte, entrepte, supple, précot, rôt.

Ok is long only in hôte, côte, maltôte, ôte. The three last preserve the o long before a masculine syllable: côte, ôter, maltôtier, etc.

Okr is long in apôtre, and doubtful in nôtre and vôtre.

Ou a false diphthong, which is long in raule, and short in boule.

The first has for its standard, in English the two on in mond: the second the two on in

The first has for its standard, in English, the two oo in mood; the second, the two oo in

Oudre, oue, are always long: moudre, je loue, etc.

Ouille is long only in rouille, il dérouille, embrouille, débrouille; but becomes short before
a masculine synable: rouiller, brouillon, etc.

Oule is long only in moule (muscle,) la foule, soule, il foule, écroule, roule.

Ourre is doubtful: bravoure, etc.

Ourre is always long; but ourr becomes short before a masculine syllable, contrary to the rule after Arre; courrier, bourrade.

Ousse is long only in pourse.

Out is long only in acit, cost, goist, most.

Oute is long in abcoste, joute, croste, voste; il coste, broste, goste, ajoste, but mostly short before a masculine syllable: joster, etc.

Outre is long only in poutre and coutre.

U.

This letter has two sounds; it is long in base, and short in bad.

There is no standard for these sounds in English. To form the first, observe the situation of the tongue when you personnee the English letter a. It widens itself into the cheeks, so that it touches the first grinders. When the tongue is in this attraction, advance both lips a ittle forwards, shutting them at the same time in such a manner as to leave a narrow oval passage for the breath. This movement will lightly press the tongue between the grinders, and its tip against the fore-teeth of the inferior jaw, and thus let the breath pass which is mocessary to emit the sound of the French st. Its short sound is formed by dwelling less upon it.

**Universal of the state of the sta

Ue is always long: vue, tortue, etc.
Use is doubtful: débuge, juge, etc.
Use is long only in brûke, and in all the tenses of brûker.
Um, son. See Aim. This nasal vowel has no standard in English. Its sound is formed by lowering the inferior part of the mouth somewhat more than for the pronunciation of st, making at the same time the opening of the lips more circular, and throwing the breath against the interior part of the roof, whilst the tongue touches lightly the grinders in removing a little from the fore-teeth of the inferior jaw.

Unes is long only in preterit tenses: partimes, rectames, etc.

Ure is always long: sujure, parjure, etc.

Use, uses, userd, are always long, except in la Prusse, les Russes.

Ut is long only in fit (hogshead) affit; and in the preterit of the subjunctive, qu'il fit, etc.

Ut is long only in fitte; and in preterit tenses, littes, parlites, etc.

N. B. Few of these rules are without some exceptions. These exceptions, together with the pronunciation of the proper and improper diphthongs that are not noticed in these rules, and fittewise the various articulations of consonants, are shown in the similar spelling of their respective words.

But as words are spek as they are pronounced when alone, or before a consonant, we shall articularly notice here the final consonants which cease to be silent when they meet a word

beginning with a vowel.

Directions for the articulation of the final consonants before a vowel or h mute.

1st. General Rule.—Final consonants are to be articulated before a word beginning with a vowel or H mute.*

Excepting the above mentioned case the connexion should take place, even if conversa

No rule is more frequently cited, nor has so many exceptions, even in a publick speech wherein it is more strictly adhered to. On this point, harmony must be first attended to Wherever the commexion of a final consonant produces a discordant sound, it must be awided; for as Et. D'Olivet has very properly remarked, "the French prefer an irregularity of a dis-

General Rule .- All final consonants that are articulated when a word stands alone, or before the consonant of another word, preserve the same articulation before a vowel, w s otherwise mentioned in the following observations.

B is articulated only in radoub, and proper names, even before a consonant.

When the final c is articulated, it has the articulation of k.

It is always silent in accroc, arsenic, broc, cotignac, marc, (weight or grounds,) estomac, lacs, love knots:) in the last syllable of succinct, and of porc-épic, and after the nasal sounds, as banc, convaine, etc.

However, it is articulated in donc at the beginning of a sentence and before a vowel; also

in francences, franc-alles, du blanc as noir.

D. When the final d is heard before a vowel or h mute, it has the articulation of a t. It is always silent in sourd, nid, in the terminations in ond, rond, etc. and after an r, as in nyard, accord, etc.
In other words it is frequently suppressed in conversation.

It should never be suppressed, let, in de fond es comble: 2d. after quand, before il, ils, eux, elles, on, en, a, an, anx; 3d. after adjectives followed by their substantives: grand homme, grand arbre, etc. 4th. after the third person of verbs, when they are followed by their pronoun personal, or the preposition à: répond-il? il estend à demi, etc.

F. The final f is generally articulated even before a consonant.

It is silent, even before a vowel; let, in haillif, clef, cerf; but is always heard in corne de cerf; 2d. in chef and nerf when used in the following expressions, chef-d'assere, nerf de beufs, although it must be articulated in any other place; 3d. in plural nouns, as bossis, essets, the, except thefe, wherein it is always articulated.

been's, although it must be articulated in any other place; out in pairs mount, as comps, easifs, fice, except chefs, wherein it is always articulated.

G. The final g, when it is not silent, has the articulation of a k.
It is articulated, let, in sang and rong before an adjective, song 'chanffe, rong éleot, fice.

Zd, in these or similar sentences, suer song et east, de rong en rong, fice. Sd, always in bourg.

According to M. Féraud it is also heard in long before a substantive: long été, fice. which he spells lon-kété. The word long before a vowel is generally avoided, or the g suppressed in the promunciation. in the pronunciation.

In jong some pronounce it as g in bag, even before a consonant; others suppress it even

before a vowel.

H. H is seldom, and ought never to be final in French. It has no articulation.

When it is deemed aspirate, "it only communicates to the vowel the properties of a consonant; that is to say: if the preceding word end with a vowel, that vowel is never suppressed; if it end with a consonant, that consonant is never connected with the vowel which follows. To this is confined all the effect of the aspirated H." D'Otiest.

This pretended aspiration, so different from that of the English, is nothing else than the history or consonant is never to present the consonant in the consonant is not the english.

hiatus occasioned by the meeting of two vowels, as in go on, go again.

N. B. The h is preserved in the similar spelling only in words before which no vowel is suppressed, and with which no consonant is connected.

It is proper to notice here some irregularities of this letter.

In conversation or prose h is mute in *Henri*; it may be aspirated in poetry.

According to the Academy it is better to aspirate it in hideax. The contrary custom still

It is aspirated in Hollande and Hongrie, but mute in toile or fromage d'Hollande, Reine or point d'Hengrie.

It is mute in huit and its derivatives; however, we spell and pronounce le huit, le huitième, la huitaine, as if it were aspirated.

Once and its derivatives, and one used substantively, produce the effects of the aspirated h. No vowel is suppressed before these words, nor any consonant connected with them, les onse, les onsièmes, &c. le ous et le non, tous cos oui, &c. although we spell and pronounce je crois que oui.

L. The final l is never pronounced in barril, chenil, fusil, gentil, gril, outil, nombril, persil;

soul, sourcil, pouls, file, cul. But gentil in gentil-homme, and gril in verse, take the liquid ar-ticulation of gl in seraglio.

In conversation, some people, whom Richelet calls referers, suppress it in quelque, quelquefois, quelqu'un, though they pronounce it in quel and quelconque. They suppress it likewise
after the pronouns il, ils: and instead of pronouncing il dit, ils out dit, partie-il encore? as if
spelt if di, il-zon-di, part-ti-len-kor? pronounce i-di, i-zon-di, partie-il-kor?

M. Chambaud observes, with regard to this last point, that the l cannot be silent in read-

ing; and that it would be better to pronounce it always, to avoid double meanings. Since this suppression of the l may occasion ambiguity, it cannot be too carefully avoided.

M. The final m is never articulated when it makes a nasal sound. It is always articulated.

lated in hem! item, and in foreign names, Amsterdam, &cc. However m is silent in Adam and Abadom, which have a nasal sound.

The final n, when it makes a nasal sound, is articulated before a vowel only in the

following cases:

1st. Atjectives before their substantives, and mon, ton, son, rien, un, and bien (adverb.)

1st. Atjectives before their substantives, and mon, ton, son, rien, un, and bien (adverb.) lose their pasal sound in connecting their n with a following vowel; certain auteur, divine

tion, when the first word determines, qualifies, or modifies the sound; as the article before its nown; the adjective or prenoun before its substantive; the substantive before its adjective; the nown or pronoun before its verb; the verb before its pronoun, adverb, object, or end; the edvery before an adjective or participle.

nour, don ami, rien au monde, un homme, bien-aimé, &cc. pronounce cer-té-no-teur, di-vi-na-our, rié-no-monde, bo-na-mi, u-nom, bié-né-mé.

2d. Benin and malin ought not to be placed before a substantive, except malin caprit, wherein malin preserves its nasal sound, and a second n is articulated before esprit: malin-

3d. En and on preserve their nasal sound, but a second n is articulated before a vowel: en entrare, on assure, dec. pronounce en-nen-tran, on-na-sure. But the first after an impera-tive and the second after its verb, are never connected; par-lex-en à vetre ami, a-t-onris, &c.
The final p of cosp, beaucoup, and trop, and of the words that have it articulated before

a consonant, are the only ones heard before a vowel.

a consonant, are the only ones heard before a vowel.

Q. When the final q is not silent, it has the articulation of a k. It is always heard in cing, when alone, and before a vowel; also in cog, but never in cog-d'Inde.

R. The final r is generally articulated before vowels, at least in reading.

Except, let, Monseaur and Messieurs, though it be always hard in ke sizer, les sizers.

2d. The plural of nouns ending in er, wherein the s alone is articulated like a z.

3d. It is often suppressed in conversation before consonants in notre, votre, quatre, procommend and not not such the never in Notre where are the such cieux. Notre-Dame, quatre-vingts,

nounced not, out, quat; but never in Notre pere qui êtes aux cieux, Notre-Dame, quatre-vingte, nor at the end of a sentence.

4th. Sometimes also it is suppressed in conversation in the verbs and houns ending in er; but never in proper names; words derived from foreign languages, nor when the e is open grave, as in Jupiter, pater, mer, etc.

5th. Some suppress it in words ending in ir; but it is not the prevailing custom.

S. The final s, in reading, is always heard before a vowel. It is articulated as in yes, even efore a consonant, in the words vis and cens; and in the Latin, and proper names, Pallas, bohus, &cc.

In any other word, before a vowel, it has the articulation of a z, in which case it is often pressed in conversation, but this would be a fault in reading.

T. The t final is generally articulated before a vowel; except,

17. The t man is generally articulated before a vower; except, lest. When it is preceded by another consonant; respect humann, effort étomannt, etc.

2d. In quatre-vingt-un, quatre-vingt-once, though it be articulated in vingt et un, and even effore consonants in the following numbers, up to vingt-neuf inclusively.

3d. In all plural nouns, and in et, teint, contrat, moth, tet, protte, paits.

4th. It is silent in fort, (adjective) fort et grand, but articulated in fort, (adverb) fort

X. The final x is always articulated, 1st, as ks in Greek and Latin words: stix, prefix, &c.; 2d. as the s of yes in Aix, Cadix; and like a z in all other words, but only before a

Z. Is silent before a vowel only in the word nez: it is frequently suppressed at the end of other words in conversation; but these and similar licenses, though tolerated, can never be enforced as rules.

Explanations of the Abbreviations used in this Dictionary.

V. Vide, see. conj. conjunction. interj. interjection. pl. plural. Mar. marine term. v. a. verb active. Ex. example. prep. preposition. v. n. verb neuter. adj. adjective. adv. adverb. pron. pronoun. v. r. reciprocal verb.
* obsolete or seldom used m. masculine. s. substantive. 1. feminine.

A Table of the simple sounds to which all the French vowels and diphthongs are referred, by the figures over the letters in the Dictionary.

71	RENCH SOUNDS. P	NGLISH	SOUNDS.		PRENCH	SOUNDS.
A,	Long in bas, Short in bal,	bår. båt.	p. 4	U, {Long in Short in	båse. båt.	p. 9
E,	Close in côté, Open grave in après Open acute in trom-		p. 6	Long-close in EU, Short in Long-broad in	jeane. meute. bearre.	
I.	Cuttural in refus, Long in gite,	ëbb. ovër. fleld.	p. 6 p. 8	AN \ Long in or \ Short in EN, \ Short-slender in	ènfant. cènt. lièn.	p. 5
0,	Short in ami, Long-open in trône, Short in noble,	fig. robe. rob.	p. 8	IN, Long in ON, Long in UN, Long in	vis. 2006. brus.	p. 8 p. 8 p. 9
OU,	Long-broad in auror Long in roule, Short in boule:	e lård. mòod. eñod.	p. 9		•	

A Table of the consonants which, in the similar spelling, must be constantle articulated as follows.

b, as in	bag, rob.	n, as in	not, can.
d, as in	done, nod.	n, (italick) denotes a	nessl sound.
f, as in	fig, of.	p, as in	put, up.
g, as in g, (talick) as in	go, bag.	r, as in	robe, or.
g, (Halick) as in	guard.	s, as in	safe, yes.
g-n, as in	magnificent.	sh, as in	abore, ach.
gn, as in	poignant.	t, as in	table, bit.
h, see page 10.		v, as in	vine, love.
k, as c in *k, (italick) as in	corn, musick.	w, as in	weg.
"k, (ttatick) as in	card.	y, as in	yes.
l, as in	ad, eel.	z, as in	zone, size.
l, (italick) as gl in m, as in	seraglio.	z, (italick) as in	azure.
10, 84 in	man, am.	1	

Directions for using the similar sounds and articulations.

1. The figures over the vowels mark their respective sounds. To have them perfect they must be stripped of their attending consonants, without losing any part of their peculiar sounds.

2. Two vowels in the same syllable are to be pronounced together, and the first shorter than the second. Thus in pik-th, the similar sounds for picth, the 1 must be united with h, precledy as in the word houser, the i is united with er.

3. I marked with the figure 1, is equivalent to ie in field.

4. 00 in the same syllable have a single figure, to show that they express a single sound as in

mòod *or* gòod.

5. In nouns of the singular number, the final vowel marked 2, undergoes some change in the plural; thus h-ml, tra-zor, fleur, &cc. similar sounds of a-mi, tresor, fleur, become in the plural a-mi, tra-zor, fleur.

The standards that have an u, or an n in Ratick type, are peculiar to the French language.
 Look for them as directed in the foregoing table.
 When u has no figure, it makes with the vowel e, one of the sounds of the diphthong on in

7. When a name jugane, a manual plane, mented that have no figure never vary.

8. The three nasal sounds that have no figure never vary.

9. An adjective or participle, whose feminine is not noticed in the similar spelling, is profor the feminine.
10. The syllables are divided as they are heard in conversation, and not as they are counted in

EXAMPLES:

Veiller, vê-là; the 2 marks è in èhb; the 3 à in base; and the l in Ralick, the articulation of gl, in sexualis. But when it is followed by a vowel, its similar sound must be vê-lêr. See

page 7.

Courtisan, e, kôor-tl-zèn, zhn. The first 2 denotes do in good; the second l in fly; the figure 1 and the n Italick, en in èn-fant; the next syllable separated by a comma, which is the feminine termination of that substantive, has the sound of h in bht, and n articulated as in man.

Poignard, pwh-guhr. The 2 marks h in bht; the 1 h in bhr; gn in the same syllable, the articulation of gn in poignant.

Baguenaude, bhg-nod. The 2 denotes h in bht; the 1 o in robe; and g, being separated

from n, must be articulated as in magnificent.

Guerre, ger. The 1 marks e in there; and the g in Balick, the softened articulation of the hard e commented on in the note below.

Jour, zoor. The 2 denotes do in good; and the z in Ralick the articulation of z in assere.

* The g and k in Ralick type denote that, between them and the following vowel, a sound like e or y is interposed, the better to unite the letters, and soften a title their hard articulation. This softened articulation of the hard c and k, and g, is noticed in Steele's Grammar, page 49; reproved in Nare's Orth, page 28, as "a monster of pronunciation only heard on the English stage." R is given as polite pronunciation by Walker, who in his pronuncing Dictionary, directs us to pronounce card, guard, kind, &cc. as if spelt, ke-hard, ghe-ard, or

gyard, kyind, &c.

This intermediate sound is very obvious in one and argue, which are not pronounced kou and argon, but as if a k or g were articulated before the pronoun you, so that kyou and argyou, of-

fer the same sounds as cue and argue.

The sound of this y between the k or g and the diphthong ou, is precisely that sokich the French interpose between them, and their u, as in cure, legume; and which they frequently express by an u after q or g before their e and i, as in manque, quete, vainqueur, guette, gaide, rigueur, &cc. wherein these letters are less hard than in corps, garde, though harder than in cot cité, gêne, gite.

Table for conjugating french verbs.

EXPLANATION. -As there are in French Verbe only four terminatious, viz. er, , ofe, and re, there are but four conjugations.

The Verb whose termination is in capitals, with a hyphen (-) prefixed, is a regular

Verb, which is to guide the pupil in regard to all the regular verbs of the same conjugation; the hyphen in each row pointing out the variation which that termination receives for every simple tense.

The Verte which follow each regular Verb are primitive irregular Verts, whose de-rivatives are to be conjugated in the same manner; for instance, consentir, presentir, research being derived from search, undergor the same inflaxions. Again, the Verbs in consers are to be conjugated like carrir; the Verts conquery, sengularir, reputrir, &c. are to be varied like querry, in the second conjugation. Where is is prefixed, it means that other Verbs of the same termination are to be conjugated in the same manner.

etruire, etc.

how parofire, connofire, and their derivatives, should vary, but observe, that in the third served with nathre and pattre: crive shows how scrive, decrive, and all those in scrire, as inscrire, prescrire, prosorire, souscrire, transcrire, are to bave their final crire varied: uive shows how to conjugate produire, and all other Verbs in daire, as well as those in cuire, and those in truite or straire, as detraire, sustraire, conshows how joindre and its derivatives, as well as poindre, are to change : oftre shows person singular the i must have the circumflex over it; and the same should be obshows bow creshaire plaindre, contraindre, are to vary; endre shows how feindre, and the Verbs in cotons peindre, teindre, veindre, freindre, preindre, and treindre, are to be conjuguied: o And among the irregulars of the fourth conjugation, aindre

Dyfinitive.		Particip. Pr.	Partic. Past.	Present	Present Indicative.	Preterit Indic.	Puture Indic.	Present Subjunctive.
Parl-ER,	to speak,	Parl-ant,	Pari≺, alle or été, t	Je Parl-c, je vais or vas.	ils Parl-ent, ils vont.	je Parl-ai, i'allai or je fus.	je Parl-crai, i'irai.	je Parl-c. Vaille,—nous allions. etc.
in ployer (Em-,) in Envoyer,	to employ, to send,	em-ployant, envoyant,	em-ployé, envoyé,	J'em-ploie, J'envoie,	ils em-ploient, ils envoient,	j'em-ployai, j'envoyai,	j'em-plotrai, j'enverrai,	'em-ploie,nous-employions, etc. 'envoie,nous envoyions, etc.
Bet-IR,	to build,	Bât-iesant,	Bât-i,	je Bâtis,	ils Bâ-tiesent,	je Bât-is,	je Bât-irai,	je Bat-iese.
Assendir, is Bouillir,	to assault,	bouillant,	bouilli,	rassaille,	ils assaillent,	l'assaillis, le bouillis.	j'assaillirai, le bouillirai.	j'assaille. le bouille.
ts Courir,	to rues,	courant,	couru,	le cours,	ils courent,	e courus,	je courrai,	e coure.
Dormir,	to sleep,	dormant,	dormi,	Je dors,	ils dorment,	e dormis,	e dormirai,	de dorme.
is Feillir,	to fail,	faillant,	feilli,	e faux,*	ils faillent,*	je faillis,	e faudrai,	e faille.*
Hel.	to hate,	halseant,	ber,	je hais,	ils bateent,	e hals,	e harrai,	je halsse.
is Montir,	to hie,	mentant,	menti,	je mens,	ils mentent,	e mentis,	je mentirai,	e mente.
is Offir.	to offer.	mourant, offrant.	offert,	je meurs, i'offre.	ils offrent.	je mourus, i'offris.	je mourraı, i'offrirai.	le meure,—nous mourions, etc. l'offre.
s Out,	to hear,	oyant,*	out,	j'ois,*		j'oule,	j'oirai,*	J'oie.*
5	to open,	ouvrant,	ouvert,	j'ouvre,	ils ouvrent,	OUVTIS,	j'ouvrirai,	j'ouvre.
	10 set out,	partant,	perti,	Je pars,	ils partent,	je partus,	je partirai,	je parte.
(Tare)	in majarici	ac querum,	ar yare,	Jac-yerers,	is ac-garerene,) at your,	Jac querrus,	ac-queere, mous ac-quer ions, our.

Verbs in ger, because the g is to remain soft throughout their tenses, retain a before the ter- | Et and js Auf, etc. are used to express that the person usest and come back. Though mingion beginning with a and o; honce mangeau, je mangeois, etc. Those in cer, we any, je vais or vas, we must any, is vas, if va. because the c is also to remain soft throughout their tensos, change c into g in the same direum. § Partie, repartie, and mi-partie, in the same of to share or givide, are regular. tances; hence berger, bergant, je bergeis, etc. Where this (*) mark occurs, it means that the expression is seldom used.

CONTINUATION OF THE TABLE FOR CONJUGATING FERNCH VERBS.

		รี	TINDATION	STATE STATE	LES FOR CONS	CONTINUATION OF THE TABLE FOR CONJUGATING FRENCH VERBS	NCH VERBO.	
Difmitive.		Particip. Pr.	Partic. Past.	Present Indicative.	ndicative.	Preterit Indic.	Puture Indic.	Present Subjunctive.
Se repentir.	to repent.	se repentant.	repenti.	ie me repens.	ils se repentent.	ie me repentis.	le me repentirai.	ie me repente.
sailtr (Tres.)		tres-eailland.	tres-sailli.	ie tres-saille.	ils tres-saillout.	le tres-saillis.	ie tres-saillinai.	ie tres-enille.
in Bentir,	to feel, smell,	_		e sens,	ils sentent,		je sentirai,	e sente.
Bervir.			servi,		ils servent,	Je servis,	e servirai,	je serve.
Sortir,	to go out,				ils sortent,		e sortirai,	je sorte.
Southir,	to suffer,	at,			ils souffrent,		e souffrirai,	e souffre.
Tenir,	to hold, keep,	tenant,			ils tiennent,		e tiendrai,	je tienne,—nous tenions, etc.
Venir,		venant,	venu,		ils viennent,		le viendrai,	je vienne,nous venions, etc.
Větir,	to clothe,	vétant,	vêtu,		ils vêtent,		je vetirai,	je vele.
Con-CEVOIR,	to conceive,	Con-cenant,	Con-cu,	Je Con-cois,	ils Con-coinent,		le Con-cerrai,	le Con-coive,nous Con-cevions, etc.
Devoir,	to once,	devant,	de,		ils doivent,	_	e devrai,	je doive,-nous devions, etc.
in Ameoir,6	to sit doson,	asseyant,	assis,	_	ils asseyent,		j'assierai,	j'asseye, nous asseyions, etc.
Avoir,	to have,	ayant,	ea,		avons, avez,ont;)'surai,	l'aie, aies, ait, -ayons, ayez, aient.
<u>(</u>	to dectine,	de-cheyant,	de-chu,	ioie,	ils de-choient,	je dé-chus,	je de-cherrai,	le dé-choie, nous dé-choyions, etc.
Falloir,	to be requisite,	fallant,*	fallu,	_	_		il faudra,	il faille.
r.	to move,	mouvant,	ma,		_		je mouvrai,	je meuve, nous mouvions, etc.
. ت	to rain,	pleuvant,	pla,		_	il plut,	il pleuvra,	il pleuve.
	to provide,	pourvoyant,	pourvu,	_	_		je pourvoirai,	je pourvoie, nous pourvoyions, etc.
	to be able,	pouvant,	pa,	ux,	_		e pourrai,	e puisse, -nous puissions, etc.
ë,	to prevail,	prévalant,	prévalu,	_			e prevaudrai,	e prévale.
Prévoir,	to foresee,	prévoyant,	prévu,	_	_		je prevoirai,	e prévoie, -nous prévoyions, etc.
in Savoir,	to know,	sachant,	Z ,	je sais,	nous savons, etc.		e saurai,	esache,nous sachions, etc.
	to befa,	seyant,	Wanting,	je sieds,	ils sicent,	_	e sierai,	je siče.
Surseour	to supersede,	surseoyant,	sursis,	je surseois,	ils surseoient,		je surseoirai,	je surscoie,—nous surscoyions, etc.
in Valoir,	to be worth,	Valant,	valu,	je vaux,	ils valent,	je valus,	je vaudrai,	je vaille,—nous valions, etc.
an Voir,	to see,	voyant,	ă,	Je vois,	ils voient,		je verrai,	le voie, nous voyions, etc.
en Vouloir,	to be willing,	voulant,	volu,	je veux,	ils veulent,		e voudrai,	le veuille, nous voulions, etc.
Rend-RE,	to render,	Rend-ant,	Rend-w,		ils Rend-ent,		je Rend-rai,	je Rend«.
	to fear,	cr-aignant,	cr-aint,	_	ils cr-aignent,	Je cr-aignis,	le cr-amarai,	je cr-aigne.
in Battre,	to beat,		battu,	je bats,			le battrai,	je batte.
in Boire,	to drink,		å,	je bois,	_		le boirai,	je boive, nous buvious, etc.
Braire,	to bray,	brayant,	brait,	je brais,	_	je brayıs,	je brairai,	je braie.
Circoncire,	to circumcise,	circoncisant,	circoncis,	je circoncis,	ils circoncisent,		je circonciral, 1	je circoncise.
	Lines is meniles				lassie (to fit	ie (to fit) has for its partici	inha adant sie.	

Asservir (to subject) is regular.

Asservir and example asservir (to match) and des-asservir are regular.

Asservir and example (to nonneed if the first) its teleform, the servir are regular.

Asserver any sub-boome asservir, asservir its asservir in the servir and the service and the servir and the service and the servir and the service and the

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	F. C. S. 1. 2	'Allendaries				
closunt,	١.			e clonie,	1	e close.
	_	confe,		e confe,	e confirsi,	<u>ا</u> .
						e couse.
						e crois - nous croyions, etc.
						e crnisse.
						e due.
		¥,	Ħ,	<u> </u>		e sois, sois, soit,soyons, soyez, sofest.
	feit,	tvous	•	e fis,	e ferai,	
		e frie		e fis frire,	e frirei,	e fasse frire, etc.
_		e line		le lus,	e lives	
=	maudit.	e maudis,	į	e maudis,	e maudirai,	e mandisse.
	_	e mets,	ils mettent,			e mette.
	moulu,	e mouds,			•	e moule.
		e nais,			Ť	e naisse.
		e nuie,			•	e nuise.
		Der-ore			e par-ofore:	o J-Organs. B Der-otter
 }	ğ	e pais,	`	e pus,		e paisse.
	ola,	e plais,			e plairai,	e.plaise.
=	_		, j		e prendrai,	e prenne, nous prenions, etc.
androme .	الم	ras,	la ré-polone	- Jare	o riral,	e rie, nous rious, etc.
 `	<u>-</u>	 ì.,		e suffis.	e suffirei.	e suffise.
-				e suivis,		e suive.
				e tus,	44	e taise.
	_			le travis,		e traie, nous trayions, etc.
				e vainquis,		e vainque.
				e vecus,	rai.	e vive. e prod-seise.
slue (m.) inclu	se (f.)-Exclure	hes sither exclusion	(m.) mandire, which	is conjugated dif	erently. Forts	in faire have it faites.
- 天天天ヤック (1) (1) (4) (4) (4) (5) (5) (5) (5) (5) (5) (5) (5) (5) (5	con-dement, configuration of continuation of content, croiseant, croiseant, croiseant, croiseant, faisant frire, lisant, lisant, massissant, massissant, massissant, massissant, par-osaat, par-osaat, par-osaat, prenant, ri-ent, ri-	telemant, consecution, consideration, consideration	disean; conscient de-con-cleat; lasen; condit,	sales, conscipt, conscipt, in con-change, count, co	dispans, consective, constituent is con-charmed, consequent, counting, count	counfit, e-con-class, in con-classed, e-con-classed, e-critic, e-con-classed, e-critic, e-con-classed, e-critic, e-critic

asciluse (7) or escilus (m.) exclus (fiber it concilut, or it concilut, (deceleration) is bloouto (a cheekes) and discoutre (to discoute here Participle peat it although (m.)

† Dire and relate accord persons planted the present indicative and of the impersolation discoute (f.) and planted (f.) and its concept peace of to discolve, Ats. it is to see that the cheeker Probe in all the same of to discolve, Ats. it is an addition; but the other Probe in all the same of the impersolation discourse, accept late in those (m.) through (f.)

IO TERMIN	ATIONS	OFT	не	PERSO	NS I	N	THE SIMPL	E	TENSES.
	Skar	gular.		. Ph	l				
Indic. Pres.	e ~~~		;	on "	ez.		ent. Ir.oir.re	an	e regul. only in the pl.
E	aia .		it;	ions	iez		oient. For th	e f	our conjugations. As
Pret. 28A juga	-(ai a	as a	;	âmes			erent. then	e i	s no exception to this
Pret. 264 Sjuga	-⊰is :	is it		imes	ites				e tenue is not in the
1 0 7 110,000	Cus		t;	ûmés	ûtes			: oj	verbs.
in enir	ins		ıt;	inmes	inte	s	inrent.		4
Fut. \ \ 3&2 \ Conj	. } #u	as a ras re		rons	ez rez		opt. added to ront.	10 E	he infinitive in er.
Condit.	rois		it :	rions	riez		roient.		
Subjunc. Pres.		95 e		ions	iez		ent.		
(1) Con-	(aase 8	sses ât		assions		ez.	assent.		•
Pret. \begin{cases} 1 \ 2&A \ jugation. \\ 3 \ tion. \end{cases}	-≷isse i	mes it		issions					
3) tion.	(usse u	ases (At	;	ussions	ussie	Z	ussent.		
in enir	insse in	nases in	١;	inssions	inssi	ez	inssent.		except its having no
The imperative ha	no ist	pers. ar	id ii	like the	pres	. 11	idic. in 1st cor	¥.	except its having no
s in zu pers. sing	.; in the	ouner c	onj:	ug. the ze	per	8. 8	ing. and the S	a j	person pl. are like the ciples will be found in
the table.	ou bers.	orna. 19	1186	me ou b	CB. B	uv,	junc. The Fa	n æ	rpres wan oe jouwn th
					-	_			
The Compound Te	nses, fort	ned by	apr	exing the	Pas	t I	articiple to th	e v	various tenses of the
verbs aroir and e	tre, may	be lour	id 11	n the folic	MIDE	şu	able.		
Compound of the P	Lesent TD	aic.	Ę	avoir,	or	نع	être, or	İ.	s'être, m'être, etc.
having,				ayant,	01	E	étant,	1	s'étant, m'étant, etc.
had,	-		nd	en.		chan	élé,	ı	Wanting.
I have	-		8	eu, J'ai,	OT	8	Je suis. or	ŀ	Je me suis,
thou hast,	-		10	tu as,		8	Je suis, or lu es,	ł	tu t'es,
he has or he hath, -	•		12	ila,		6	il est,	ı	il s'est,
soe have,	-		15	nous avo	ns,	6	nous sommes,	ł	nous nous sommes,
you have or ye have	, •		5	yous ave	z,	١g	vous êtes,	l	vous vous êtes,
they have.			5	ils ont.		motion	ils sont.	خا	ils se sont.
Compound of the I	reterit li	adic.	£	******		Ě		ş	1
I had, thou hadst,	•		condition	j'eus, tu eus,	or	B	je fus, or tu fus,	18	je me fus, tu te fus, il se fut,
he had,	•		å	il eut,			il fut,	Ŀ	il en fin
we had,				nous eun	nes.	œ,	nous fûmes,	Ŀ	nous nous filmes,
you had			1-1	vous eûu	, 	.5	vous fûtes,		vous vous fûtes,
you had, they had	•		3	ile eurone		ş	ils furent.	6	ils se furent.
Compound of the L	mperfect	Indic.	8	j'ayois, tu avois, il avoit.		condition,		3	
I had,	• •		틸	j'avois,	or	ŭ	j'étois, or tu étois,	Ę	je m'etois,
thou hadst,	-		ĕ	tu avois,	1	jo	tu etois,	1	tu t'étois,
he had,	-					a	il étoit,	3	il s'étoit,
voe had, you had,	•			nous avid		횾	nous étions,	C	je m'étois, tu t'étois, il s'étoit, nous nous étions, vous veus étiez,
they had	•		ocal	vous avie ils avoies	, ,	çp.	vous étiez, ils étoient.	Ş E	ils s'étoient.
Compound of the l	onture In	dic -	1	119 GAGIET	••	6	is ewiest.	붐	in a cioreat.
I shall or will have,			3	j'aurai,	or	9	je serai, or	Z	ie me serai.
thou shall or will he	me		Reci	tu auras,	- 1		tu seras,	pen	je me serai, tu te seras,
he shall or will have	, -		片	il aura,		Ĕ	il sera,	ę	il se sera,
we shall or will have				nous auro	ons,	6	nous serons,	Ē	nous nous serons,
gou shall or will hav			ective	yous aure	z,	he	vous serez,	-	vous vous serez,
they shall or will ha		l Tarata	8	ils auront	.	ë	ils seront.	Ę	ils se seront.
Compound of the C I should or would ha		ı maic.	Ref	j'aurois,	اہے	쿱	ie esseia -		lia ma sonii
thou should'st or wo	uld'nt hav			j aurois, tu au roi s,	or	E	je serois, <i>or</i> tu serois,	ğ	je me serois, tu te serois,
he should or would	have.			il auroit,	۱ ا	÷,	il seroit,	e	il se seroit,
we should or would	have.			nous aur	ons.		nous serions,	Particip	nous nous serions.
wou should or would	have.		-	vous auri		ſ. I	vous seriez,	E	vous vous seriez,
they should or would	d have.	·		ils auroie		uler	ils seroient.	Pa	ils se seroient.
Compound of the P	resent Su	bjunct.	> I		ı	Š		pe	
I may have, shall ha	roe, etc.	• •	اچ	j'aie, lu aies	or	ع.	je sois, <i>or</i> tu sois,	3	je me sois,
thou may'et have, etc he may have, etc we may have, etc					ı	0	il soit	뒫	tu te sois,
ene many have etc.	•			il ait,	. 1	ğ	il soit,	₿	il se soit,
you may have, etc.				nous ayor vous ayer	, i	•	nous soyons, vous soyez,	ľ	nous nous soyons, vous vous soyez,
they may have, etc.				ils aient.	" ;	ě.	ils soient.		ils se soient.
Comp.of the Pret.(In	np.or Cor) Sub	7		1	Œ			
I might have chould	Kana Th	ad, etc.	3	j'eusse,	orl	9	je fusse, <i>or</i> tu fusses,		je me fuse.
thou mightest have,	etc.		الما	tu eumes.	1	•	tu fusses,		je me fusse, tu te fusses,
he might have, etc.			9	il eût,		•	11 7117.	١,	il se fût,
thou mightest have, he might have, etc. we might have, etc. you might have, etc. they might have, etc.		• •	ā	nous éussi	0 25 ,	9	nous fussions,		nous nous furnions,
you might have, etc.		• •		vous eues					vous vous fusiez,
ency maght have, etc		• . • !	- 11	ils eussen	. •	-	ils fussent.	•	lils se fussent.

FRENCH

PRONOUNCING DICTIONARY.

A

bar, bat, base : thère ; èbb, over : field, fig : ròbe, rôb, lôrd : mòod, gôod. base, but : jèune. meute, beurre : énfan, cênt, liên : vin : mon : brun.

A, s. m. A. Un bon A, a good A. Il ne sait mi A mi B, he knows not A from B, he is a

ere ignoramus.

A, is sometimes the third person singular of e present in the indicative mood of the verb acor. Il a, he has; elle a, she has; on a, one has, people have. Il y a, there is (speaking of one,) there are (speaking of several.)

A, with the grave accent over it, when not a capital, is a preposition, for which the English chiefly but not indiscriminately use, at, to, in, into, by and with, within, at the distance of, on, for, after, according to, etc. I vow instead of a le or a la, before a vowel not aspirate, or before h mute, the French use à l'; instead of le before a consonant they use au; and instead of à les they use aux: A ce prixlà, at that rate; à raison de cinq pour cent, at the rate of five per cent.; il sera ici à dix heaves, he will be here at ten o'clock; elle est assise à la porte, she is sitting at the door; assise à la porte, she is sitting at the door; play at cards; il vise à cet emploi, he aims at that place; cela est arrivé à Paris, that happened at Paris. Allex à Paris, go to Paris, venez à Londores, come to London; à l'ami, to the friend, à l'homme, to the man: à l'âme, to the soul; au rei, to the king; à la reine, to the queen; aux officiers, to the officers. It descures a Doures, he lives in Dover; untre chapeans est à la mode, your hat is in the fashion. Firm à la campagne, I shall go into the country. A la faveur de la muit, by the help of the night; à force de, by strength of, by dist of; as mayes de, by means of. Bhir a chear et à sable, to build with lime and sand; travailler à l'aignille, to work with the needle; à grand poine, with much trouble; Je n'ai pas encore ou l'homme au nex rouge, I have not yet seen the man with a red nose; or whose nose is red. A deax doigts de terre, within two isches of the ground, or at the distance of two inches from the ground. A droite, or a main droite, on the right hand; on contraire; on the contrary. Fairs un habit a mon domestique, make a cont for my servant. Voulex-nous que ce habit soit à la française? Will you have that cont after the French fashion? A ce qu'on dit, according to what people say, by what people say, as people say; à mon arit, according to my opunion, in my opinion.

This preposition à is also used in reckoning gumes: Quotre à ries, four love; cinq à cinq, twe all; trois à quartre, three to four; etc. à I have not yet seen the man with a red nose;

rames: Quatre à rien, four love; cinq à cinq, fre all; trois à quartre, three to four; etc. à is also used to express a progressive succes-

A, 4, First letter in the alphabet, and first of it sion in an ordinal march, when the word is repeated, and them à is equal to by or and.

Remarchoient trois à trois, they were walking Me marchines from a group, they were warming three by three, or three and three; pas à pas, step by step. See En.

The following observations will, the Editor hopes, be of service to the student. French Ed.

I. When a verb is found to govern an ac-

cusative in regard to the thing, whether this be expressed by a noun or by a phrase, the person (or what is used instead of the person,) governed by the same verb, is generally to be considered as if affected by to (a, said to be the sign of the dative case,) let the manner in which it is presented be with or without any preposition: Elle dit la même chose à mon frere, she tells the same thing to my broth frère, she tells the same thing to my protter, or (by transposing the person governed hefore the thing governed, which transposition ollows the suppression of the preposition in
English,) she tells my brother the same
thing; elle promised mon frère qu'elle viendrait
demain, she promised my brother that she
would comma te-morrous ausse grésses à l'essaiwould come to-morrow; nous primes à l'ennemi une quantité immense de provisions, we took from the enemy an immense quantity of provisions.

provisions.

R is from the same cause that an infinitive affected by any part of faire, laisser, voir, out, or entendre (considered each as an accusiony verb.) if that infinitive govern an accusative in regard to the thing, the person (or what is used issuled of the person, considered as governed by the auxiliary verb, is often rendered as if affected by to (1) though the English preposition commonly used in these circumstances to by when the used in these circumstances be by when the accord verb is introduced passively: Cesar fit prometire à Augustin de venir le voir au châtean, Casar made Augustine promise to come and see him as the castle; c'est un compatable augustine si the castle; c'est un grand talent que de savoir faire aimer la vertu aux mechans, to know how to make the wicked love virtue (or virtue loved by the wicked) is a great talent.

II. The French preposition à is prefixed to an infinitive when the expression which governs it would require à (to) before the name of the thing for which the infinitive then stands, on account of a tendency towards the object, etc. hence, R sera condamné à rendre l'argent, he will be condemned to return the money (because we say condamner une personne à une chose, to condemn a person to a thing.) Or, when this infinitive has a passive meaning, though presented in its active form, in which circumstance it might govern in the accusative a preceding noun

bar, bat, base : thère, èbb, over : field, fig : rôbe, rôb, lôrd : môod, gôod.

(or pronoun) which is already in one case: La question est difficile a résoudre, the question is difficult to solve or to be solved (here, la question might be made the accusative of resoudre; for, we might say, il est difficile de resoudre la question.) J'ai deux ou trois lettres à écrire, I have two or three letters to write (to be written, which must be written, which I must write,) or, I am to write, (I must write) two or three letters.

III. As the French preposition à, prefixed to a noun, is often found to announce how far a qualification or modification extends, extended or may extend, so, when prefixed to an infinitive, it may be found to announce the same: Une veste à manches, a waistcoat with sleeves to it, or that has sleeves; il aime la folie, he loves to distraction; elle s'afflige à la mort, she grieves herself to death; c'est am homme à tout faire, he is a man who will do any thing or fit for any thing; rould un proces à vous ruiner, that is a law-suit which is likely to ruin you: hence also, un maître à danser, a dancing-master, or a master who

leaches dancing.

IV. The French preposition a is often found to denote duty, part, or business, and even turn: C'est à moi à tous prouver, it is my duty (part or business) to prove to you, or I am to prove to you (with an emphasis upon my or I:) c'est à rous à parler, it is our turn to speak, or now you are to speak

(with an emphasis upon your or you.)

V. The same preposition à serves to denote that possession or appertenance which, after a tense of to be in the sense of to belong to, causes the English possessor to be presented with's (as if a termination) and the English of whom to become whose, when transposed: A qui est cette maison-ci? whose house is this? Elle est à Monsieur Bernard, it is Monsieur Bernard's. This 's being erroneously said to be the sign of the possessive case, see Salmon's first Principles of the English Grammar, where the nature of 's is traced to its origin.

VI. As de, when used instead of deposis and rendered in English by from, serves to announce the principle of action, or point from which one starts, has started, or is to start, so à (to) serves to announce the end of action, or point whereat an action ceases, has ceased, or is to cease; hence, nous irons de Rochester à Dourres, we shall go from Rochester to Dourre, V. Es

thester to Dover, V. En.

There it is proper to add, that if, for the principle of action, we use depuis instead of de, we should, for the end of action, use jusqu'à (as far as) instead of à: hence, depuis a mail in the control of action, use supposed to the control of action, use jusqu'à (as far as) instead of à: hence, depuis le matin jusqu' au soir, or du matin au soir, from morning to night; de Londres à Paris, or depuis Londres jusqu'à Paris, from Londres

VII. The French preposition à often disappears in making the French phrases English; for instance, when the principle of action happens to be placed after the end of action: A trois jours de là, three days after; à ringt lieues d'ici, twenty leagues off (hence or from this spot.) Berides, the English language abounds with compound words, the initial of which particularizes the next; and, to form these, a transposition takes place, whereby the preposition which would be used

before the particularizing noun, if to be expressed after the noun particularized, becomes suppressed : hence un pot à l'eau, a water-pot ; un moulin à vent, a wind-mill; une chaise à bras, an arm-chair; une boîte à fusil, a tinder-box; de la sauce aux ognous, onion-sauce; une bouteille à l'huile, an oil-bottle; le marché une bouncue a transe, an on-bonne; we marche aus foin, the hay-market; une femme aux hadires, an oyster-woman, etc. See, however, de, Observ. It as also the examples of Observation I. here. Again, as, d la, aux, used to alarm or call assistance, disappear in English: au feu, fire! as voleur, thief!

VIII. The preposition for principle of action (de) is often left understood; and is this

tion (de) is often left understood; and in this circumstance instead of from and to (according to Obs. VI, (the English may use about, then or; or between, then and: Ils étaient neuf à dix mille, they were about nine or ten thousand, or, they were between nine and ten thousand; for, they were from nine to ten

thousand.

IX. Sometimes the French preposition & is found rendered by a in English, where it presents a sort of compound word: A bord, aboard for on board; as hit, a-bed for on bed or in bed.

This English particle a is sometimes found before a participle present: he is gone a fishing, it est alle pecher, or it est alle à la peche; she is a writing, elle est à terrire or elle écrit.

ABAJOUR, V. Abat-jour.

ABAISSE, E, adj. pulled down, brought down or low, depressed, humbled, cast down,

ABAISSE, &-bes, s. f. under-crust of postry,

or paste that serves to make it.
ABAISSEMENT, &-bes-men, s. m. a fall, falling, humbling or pressing down, diminution, humbling or pressing down, diminution, humiliation, abesement, fall, disgrace. Evaluation of the ma-

ABAISSER, å-bè-så, v. a. to pall, bring or let down, let fall, lower; to humble, abase, cast-down, depress, debase; ame branche, to cut or lop off a branche. S'aboisser, v. n. to fall, sink, decrease, be laid, humble one's self, stoop, cringe, submit.

ABAISSEUR, &-bê-sêur, s. m. abductor, depressor.

ABALOURDIR, v. a. to stupify.

ABANDON, &-ben-don, s. m. an abandoning, a forsaking, quitting, renouncing or resigning.

L'abandon des biens du monde, the quitting or renouncing the goods of this world.

Desolate condition, condition of one forsaken or abandoned. Que peut-on faire dans un tel abandon? what can a man do in such a desclate condition or forlors state? Abandon, the leaving things at random. Abandon fait larron, opportunity makes a thief; fast bind, fast find; (debauche) lewdness, excess, debauchery.

A l'abandon, adv. at random. Laisser ten à l'abandon, to leave all at random or in confusion, abandon or forsake all, leave all at sixes and sevens. Mettre tout à l'abandon, to put all things in disorder, leave all things to be pillaged. Laisser see enfons à l'abandon, not to look after one's children, to leave them to the wide world or to shift for themselves.

base, bat : jeans, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin, mon : brun.

ABANDONNÉ, E. à-ben-dô-na, adj. abandoned, forsaken, cast off, given over, left at random; arrant, profigate. Terres abandon-nées, derelict lands. Champ qui est abandonné, field untilled or unmanured. Malade abandonné, sick person given over by his physicians.

Un abandonné, s. m. a lewd, wicked, de-

bauched fellow; a rake.

Une abandonnée, s. f. a lewd, loose woman;

a prostitute.

ABANDONNEMENT, &-ben-don-men, s. m. an abandoning, a forsaking, leaving, quitting, casting off, giving over, desertion. asting off, giving over, desertion. Abandon-Abandonnement, lewdness, excess, debauchery. Etre dans le dernier abandonnement, to

be extremely lewd.

ABARDONNER, å-bén-dô-nå, v. a. to give ever, forsake, cast off, quit, leave, desert, shake off, forego. Mes forces m'abandonnent, my strength fails me. Il n'a jamais abanné son épée, he never let his sword go. Abandonner les armes, to lay down arms.

Abandonner sa maîtresse à tout le monde, to prostitute one's mistress to all the world. Nous l'abandonnons à votre coiere, we leave him to your anger, we deliver him to your re-sentment. S'ahandonner, v. r. to give one's self over, give up or addict one's self. S'ahandonner à la colère, to give way to one's passion. Dans cette extremité, il ne s'ahandonna point, in that extremity he did not despond, he was not disheartened or cast down, he was not wanting to himself. S'abandonner au hasard, to commit one's self to fortune.

Amaguz, a-bak, s. m. abacus or plynth,

in architecture.

Arasourdir, à-bà-zôor-dir, v. a. to stun, all with constern

ABATAGE, à-bà-tàz, s. m. expense for clearing a forest.

ABATANT, å-bå-ten, s. m. shutter of a sky-

light, flap of a counter ABATARDI, E, adj. degenerate, marred,

spoiled, grown worse, adulterate.

ABATARDIR, a-ba-tar-dr, v. a. to corrupt, spoil, mar, adulterate. S'abstardir, v. r. to de-

M, mar, admiss and. be spoiled, be marred. Aratardissement, a-ba-tar-dis-men, s. ARATARDISSEMENT, &-b&-tår-dis-men, s. m. corruption, spoiling, depravation, degene-

Ават-Jour, å-bå-zðor, s. m. sky-light, opening under the top of the fruit of some poppies.

ABATIS, 3-ba-ti, s. m. the fall or pulling down of houses, or felling of trees, rubbish, stones hewed down in a quarry, offal, garbage, gibles, hamb's head and pluck, slaughter trees to be a single trees and the stones of the ter of game or other animals, track made by

young wolves on grass.

ARATTES, s. f. a casting or falling off of a ship. Attention, à l'abatte pour mettre la re as vent, watch her falling off, to put the uader way,) to fall off (when lying to.)

ABATTEMENT, å-båt-men, s. m. weakn faintness; sadness, trouble, heaviness, dejection. Abattement de courage, abjection of mind, discouragement, meekness of spirit,

ABATTEUR, &-ba-teur, s. m. one that pulls, bests or cass down; feller. Un grand abat-

teur de bois or de quilles, a great despatcher of business, a great man at nine-pins, a great

boaster, as well as a great feller of wood.

ABATTRE, a-batr, v. a. (like battre,) to pull, break, beat, batter, bring or bear down, overthrow, demolish, destroy; to humble; to cast down, grieve, afflict, bring low, daunt, damp. Abattre les rideaux, to untie, draw or let down the curtains. Abattre des arbres, to fell or cut down trees. Abattre bien de bois, to be a man of great despatch, to despatch a great deal of business. Qu'il abattra de têtes! how many heads will he cut off! Abottre les vapeurs, to abate, suppress, keep down or lay the vapours. Abattre les vents, to abate, appease or lay the winds. laisser abattre à la tristesse, to suffer one's self to be cast down with grief, to be overwhelmed with sorrow. Abatire la possdre, to comb the powder off. Elle abatiti sa robe, she let her gown down or hang down. Abatire le casir I'um bouf, to skin or flay an ox. Abottre, Mar. Il faut que cette corvette abatte sur tribord, that sloop must cast to starboard. Lai abattre, Let her fall off. Nous avons abatt notre bâtiment en carène à la Jamatque, had our ship down (or we careened our ship) at Jamaica. Abattre un paisseau de trois virures, to heel a ship three streaks out.
L'avez-vous abattu en quille? did you heave her keel out ? S'abattre, v. r. to fall, tumble down. La chaleur s'abat, the heat abates. To despond, be cast down, dejected or discouraged.

ABATTU, E, adj. pulled out, brokes, let down, overthrown, destroyed, dejected, griev-ed, afflicted, cast down, discouraged, broken,

overwhelmed, etc. V. Abattre.
ABATTURES, a-ba-tur, s. f. pl. sprigs or grass beat down by a deer as he rush

ABAYERT, &-bà-vèn, or, abat-cest, s. m. penthouse of a steeple, sence against wind.

ABBAYIRI, R. à-bà-sà-àl, adj. of or belonging to an abbot. Eglise abbatiate, abbeychurch. Droits abbatiaux, rights and privileges of an abbot.

ABBAYE, å-bê-yi, s. f. abbey. ABBÉ, å-bå, s. m. abbot. ABBESSE, å-bês, s. f. abbess.

Авс, a-ba-sa, s. m. a b c or criss-cro row, the alphabet. Un a b c, a primer. Ab c, grounds or principles of an art or science, introduction.

ABCÉDER, ab-se-da, v. n. to turn into an

abscess or tumour.

Ancis, ab-se, s. m. abscess, imposthume. Abdala, s. m. Persian monk

ABDICATION, ab-di-ch-sion, s. f. abdication.

ABDIQUÉ, E, adj. abdicated. ABDIQUER, ab-di-th, v. a. to abdicate. ABDOMEN, ab-do-men, s. m. abdomen.

ABDOMINAL, adj. abdominal, relating to the abdomen.

ABDUCTEUR, åb-důk-têur, s. m. abductor. ABDUCTION, åb-důk-slon, s. f. abduction. ABECE, V. A b.c.

ABECÉDAIRE, à-bà-sh-dèr, adj. & s. m. alphabetical, abecedarian, a beginner, a spelling book.

ABECQUER, &-be-ita, v. a. to feed (a bird.) ABER, å-bå, s. f. dem (for water.)
ABERLER, å-bå/, s. f. bee, honey-bee.
ABERRATION, å-bår-rå-slon, s. f. small sp-

parent motion of the fixed stars, error.

bar, bat, base : thère, êbb, over : field, fig : rôbe, rôb, lord : mood, good.

Abrita, å-bė-tir, v. a. et n. to stupify, grow stupid. Sabetir, v. r. to grow stupid. AB HOC BT AB HAC, adv. at random.

ABHORRER, 8-borrh, v. a. to abhor, to detest, loathe, abominate.

ABHORRER, 8-bl-zh, s. m. cattle robbery.

ABHORRER, 2-bl-zh, adj. abject, vile, contemptible, base, mean.

ABJECTION, ab-zek-sion, s. f. abjection.

ABIME, &-blm, s. f. abyss, bottomicss gulph, or pit, unfathomable depth, hell. ABIMER, &-bl-må, v. a. to cast or throw into an abyse, swallow up; to destroy, ruin,

undo, bring to nothing.

Abtmer, v. n. to fall into an abyse, sink or be swallowed up in a bottomless pit; to perish, be undone or come to a fatal end.

Stabiner, v. r. to run into an abyas, ruin one's self, lose or sink or bury one's self (in

study, etc.) Ab-інтизтат, åb-ін-tês-ta, adj. intestate. Abjuration, åb-zå-rå-sion, s. f. abjuration.

ABJURER, &b-rd-rk, v. a. to abjure.
ABLAIS, &-ble, s. m. corn cut down but not yet carried out of the field.

ABLATIF, & bik-tif, s. m. ablative.
ABLE, abl, on ABLETTE, s. f. blay or bleak (sort of fish.)

ABLERET, åbl-rê, s. m. loop-net, purse-net.
ABLERE, åb-lô-å, v. a. to wash; to revive
old writing by washing it with nut-gall, etc.

d writing by washing it with manager,
ABLUTION, S. f. abbution, washing.
ABNZGATION, S. f. abnegation, denial.
ABO, &-bwa, s. m. barking, baying. L'aboi des chiens, the opening of the dogs. V. Abols.
ABOIEMENT, &-bwk-men, s. m. barking,

baying. ABOIS, &-bwa, s. m. pl. despairing condition, last shift, extremity, distress. La religion est aux abois, religion is upon its last legs. R est aux abois (il expire) he is at his last gasp or breathing his last. Le cerf est oux

about, the stag is at bay.

Abour, a-bo-lir, v. a. to abolish, annul, repeal, abrogate, vacate, antiquate, extinguish, annihilate, rase out. Abolir un impôt, to take off or away a tax. Abolir un crime, to pardon a crime. S'abolir, v. r. to be abolimed, etc.

ABOLISSEMENT, &-bo-fis-men, s. m. abolishment, disannulling, abrogation, annihila-

tion, rasing out, extirpation.

ABOLITION, &-bo-il-sion, s. f. abolition, pardon or full discharge (of a crime,) abolishment etc. as in abolissement.

ABOMINABLE, å-bô-mî-nabl, adj. abominable, detestable.

ABOMINABLEMENT, å-bô-mì-nabl-mên, adv. abominably.

ABOMINATION, &-bô-mî-na-slon, s. f. abomination, detestation, execration. Avoir ex abomination, to abominate, detest, abhor, loath. Etre en abomination, to be abominated, detested, abhorred or loathed.

* ABONINER, v. a. to abominate, abhor or

Abondamment, &-bon-dk-men, adv. abundantly, plentifully, in abundance, fully, copiously.

ABORDANCE, à-bon-dère, s. f. abundance, plenty, store, copiousness, grest quantity. end, be bounded, berder upon. Absetir en Vivre ou être dans l'abondance, to have pointe, to grew sharp at the top, and sharp or

Avoir quelque plenty of all, live plentifully. chose en abondance, to abound in or with a thing. Boire de l'abondance, to drink wine mixed with a great deal of water.

ABORDANT, E, à-bon-den, dent, adj. a-bounding, plentiful, plenteous, copious.

*D'abondant, adv. moreover, over and

above, besides.

ABONDER, &-bon-da, v. a. to abound in or with, have an abundance or great deal of, to abound, overflow, be in abun dance. Abon-

or agreement, subscription (for a book.)

Abounder consenses, to be self-conceited.

Abounder, a-bo-nh, s. m. contract, or agreement, subscription (for a book.)

Abounder, a-bo-nh, v. a. to compound with.

Les fermiers des aides out abound ce cabaretion the consenses have tier, the excisemen have compounded with that alchouse-keeper. S'abonner, v. r. to compound for, agree with one for a thing at a certain rate. Je me suis abound arec more cordonnier pour me fourmer des souliers toutes les semaines, I have agreed or made a bargain with my shoe-maker that he should find me w shoes once a week. Anonnin, h-bo-nh, v. a. to make good or

ABORNIR, a-do-nir, v. a. to make good or better, to better, improve. Sabonsir, v. r. or Abonsir, v. n. to grow better, mend.
ABORD, à bêr, s. m. landing, arrival; resort, confinence, store, (of people or things;) onset, attack; access, admittance. Aroir labord doars, gracieux, to receive people kindly, courteously, obligingly. Il est de difficule abord, he is hard to be spoken with, he heaves repeals at a distance there is no coming keeps people at a distance, there is no coming at him. D'abord, tout d'abord, adv. at first, at the first, at first blush, at first sight; pre-sently, forthwith, straightway. D'abord que, as soon as.

ABORDABLE, &-bor-dabl, adj. accostable,

ABRIDAEL; a-DOT-daoi, sq. accossable, of an easy accoss. Côte qui n'est pas abordable, an unsafe coast.

ABORDAGE, à-bôr-dàs, s. m. bearding (of a ship.) renning or falling foul (of ships one upon another.) Aller à l'abordage, to board. Filets d'abordage, bearding-netting.

ABORDER, à-bôr-dà, v. n. to land or strive

at; to resort. Aborder, v. a. to come or draw near, accost. Aborder te rivage, to come to the coast or shore, to land. Aborder an vaisseau, to board a ship; also to fall aboard or run foul of a ship.

Aborighnus, å-bö-ri-sen, s. m. pl. aborigines.

Abornement, &-born-min, s. m. fixing of

bounds, boundary.
Aborner, a-borna, v. u. to set fimits, to fix the bounds of.

ABORTI-F, VE, &-bor-W, tiv, adj. abortive. ABOUCHEMENT, & boosh-men, s. m. inter-

ABOUCHERS; a-boundary, when conference, parkey.

ABOUCHER, h-boo-shi, v. a. (quelqu'um) to confer or speak with (one.) Aboucher dear personnes, to bring two persons together. S'aboucher, v. r. (acce quelqu'um) to have an interview or conference (with one.) parkey or confer (with him.)

ABOUGHE, R. adj. stunted, knotty.

ABOUGUER, v. a. to add fresh salt to old.

ABOUTS, adj. placed end to end.

base, bat : joane, mente, baurre : ensurt, cent, lien : vis : mon : brun.

pointed. To tend, drive at some end, aim at ; discharge, (as an alcose.)

ABOUTISANT, E, adj. bordering upon.
ABOUTISANT, &-booti-sen, s. m. Ex.
Les tenens et aboutissens d'un champ, the Les tenens et chousesons aven cremp, un abutiments of a piece of ground. Les tenens et aboutissens d'esse affaire, the circumstances, particulars, or sum of a business. A BOUTISSERENT, à-bo-dis-mên, s. m. the

A BOUTISSEREFT, R-DOUGH-men, S. H. une drawing to a head (of an impositume;) eking piece of cloth.

A.BOYER, h-bwh-yh, v. n. et n. to bark.

See evications absist surels hei, his creditors are at his heels, he is dunned by his creditors.

Aboyer après quelque charge, to gape after a place or preferment.

A bours A had alian a m backer dun

ABOYEUR, &-bwk-yeur, s. m. barker, dun. ABRAQUER, v. a. Mar. to han taught. ward the top-gallant bowline

Anamer, z, adj. abridged, shortened, cut ort, contracted, epitomized, compendious.

Se streger. Ask 50 £, å-brå-så, s. m. abridgment, abstract, epitome, aummary, compendium. He abrige, in short, compendiously, aummarily, briefly, in few words. Reduire en abrige, water es ou par abrige, to abridge, commect, epitomize.

miract, epitomize.

*Ass se zu zur, a. m. abridgment.
Ass se zu zur, a. m. abridge, sborta, epitomize, abbreviate, contract. Pour orger, in short, to be short, to sum up all.
ABREVIATEUR, &-brê-vi-â-têur, s. m.

hridger, abbreviator. ABRÉVIATION, à-brà-vià-sion, s. f. abbre-

ABREUVÉ, E, adj.watered, soaked, drench-ed. Notre Seigneur fut abreuvé de visatgre, our Savieur had vinegar given him to drink. Abreusé, informed, that has been told over ed over, imbraed

Anzover, impress.

Anzover, è-brèu-vè, v. a. to water, drench, give to drink, to stak, steep.

Advenuer de quelque nouvelle, to inform of some news. Enformer, v. r. to drink plentifichy.

Anzovers, è-brèu-vwhr, s. m. watering-

ABRI, &-bri, s. m. shelter, cover, sanc-sary. Mattre à l'abri, to shelter. Un abri our les uniceaux, a les store, corner or creek rhere ships rich eafely. Here à l'abri de la rre, Mar. to be under the les of the land.

ABRICOT, & bri-kô, s. m. apricot. ABRICOT & & bri-kô-th, stj. candied apricot. ABRICOTER, & bri-kô-th, s. m. apricot-

ABRITER, v. a. Mar. to becolm. ABRITER, a-bri-th, v. a. to shelter, shade.

ASRI-VEST, S. m. shelter from wind. ARROGATION; d-bub-gh-slon, s. f. abroga-

m, repeting. Armours, bird-cl., v. s. to abrogate, re-al discussion

ABROTOFE, s. f. south

ABROTT, E, adj. said of trees the buds of

which have been destroyed by cettle.

ARRUPTO, s. m. off hand, unexpectedly.

I to be become brutish, stc.

ARRUPTASSMERTT, &-brâ-ds-mân; s. m.

brutishness, stupidity.

ARSENCE, ab-eless, s. f. absence or being away; distruction or wandering of the mind, want of attention.

ABSENT, E, ab-sên, sênt, adj. absent, out of the way.

S'ABSENTER, v. r. to absent one's self, go

away, keep out of the way, be absent.

ABSIDE, s. f. arch, vault.

ABSINTHE, ab-shu, s. f. wernawood. Bière d'absinthe, puri ; also grief, chagrin.
ABSOLU, E, ED-S-IQ, ld., adj. absolute, arbitrary, unlimited, imperious, magisterial,

peremptory.

peremptory.

ABSOLUMENT, the so-id-main, adv. absolutely, arbitrarily, with an absolute power, wholly, entirely, imperiously, magisterially, by all means, in general, simply.

ABSOLUTION, the deb-id-sion, s. f. discharge, acquited. Les jurés out couche à l'absolution, the jury have acquitted him or brought him in not guilty. Absolution des péchés, the absolution or foreiveness of size.

tion or forgiveness of sins. ArsoLutoisis, ab-sô-lù-twar, adj. absolvatory.

ABSORBANT, ab-sor-best, adj. and s. m. absorbent.

ABSORBER, ab-cor-ba, v.a. to swallow up, absorb. S'absorber, v. r. to be absorbed, or swallowed up, to be soaked.

Assorption, absorp-sion, s. f. absorption.

ABSOUDRE, ab-soodr, v. a. irr. absolvant. absous, j'absous, to absolve, acquit, discharge, bring in not guilty. Absoudre un pénitent, to give a penitent maner absolution.

ABSOU-S, TE, adj. absolved, acquitted, discharged, brought in not guilty, who has re-

ceived absolution

ABSOUTE, ab-soot, s. f. general absolution upon Maundy-Thursday in the Romish church.

American, abs-tem, adj. and s. absternious,

ne who has an aversion to wine. Arstruir, (4') libs-ch-sir, (like testr) v. r. to abstain, forbear, refrain.

ABSTERGERT, 2, adj. abstergent. ABSTERGER, abstered, v. a. to absterse er absterge, cleanse.

ABSTERSI-F, VE, abe-ter-sif, siv, adj. ab-

ABSTREET, y, a, stersion, c. f. abstersion.
ABSTREET, ab-ti-ries, s. f. abstinence, temperance, abbriety, forberance.
Administration about adi. absti-

Austingur, z, abs-ti-nen, nent, adj. abstinent, sober, temperate.

ABSTRACTION, abstraction, s. f. abstrac-

tion. Par abstraction, adv. abstractedly.
ABSTRACTIVEMENT, abs-trak-tiv-men, adv. abstractedly.

ABSTRAIRE, abstrer, v. a. (having only the infinitive, and the present and future, in use, and those only in the singular: faberais, tu abstrait, fabstrairai; part. abstrait) to abstract.

ABSTRAIT, E, the-tre, tret, adj. abstracted.
ABSTRUS, E, the-tru, truz, adj. abstruse,

dark, intricate, obscure.

ABSURDE, absurd, adj. absurd, foolish, nousensical, unreasonable, silly, impertinent. ABSURDEMENT, ab-surd-mes, adv. ab-surdly, nonsensically. ABSURDITÉ, ab-sur-di-th, s. f. absurdity,

foolishness, unreasonableness, impertineace

bar, bat, base : thère, êbb, over : field, fig : rôbe, rôb, lord : mòod, good.

Anus, a-ba, s. m. abuse or misusing of a thing; error, mistake; fraud, cheat, deceit.

ARUSER, å-bå-zå, de, v. n. to abuse, misuse, or use ill. Abuser d'un mot, to use a

word improperly. Abuser, v. a. to gull, deceive, cheat, cozen. Abuser une fille, to seduce a virgin. S'abuser, v. r. to err, mistake, be mistaken.

ABUSEUR, &-bd-zdur, s. m. deceiver, impostor, cheat.

ABUSI-F, VE, &-bû-zif, lv, adj. abusive. ABUSIVEMENT, &-bû-ziv-mên, adv. abu-

sively, improperly.

ABUTER, a-bû-th, v. a. (at ninepins,) to throw who shall play first

ABUTILON, s. m. sort of marsh-mallow.

ABYSSINIE, s. m. Abyssinia. ACABIT, &-ka-bl, s. m. taste (of fruit.)

ACACIA, &-kh-dh, s. m. acacia. Acacia

mmm, juice of sloes. ACADEMICIEN, &-kk-dk-ml-sien, s. m. aca-

demist or platonic philosopher.
ACADÉMICIEN, NE. fellow of an academy

or learned society ACADÉRIE, L-ka-da-mi, s. f. academy;

riding-school; gaming-house.
Academique, a-ka-da-mik, adj. academical, academic.

ACADÉMIQUEMENT, à-kà-dà-mìk-mên,

edv. academically. Académiste, å-kå-då-mist, s. m. academist.

ACADIE, s. f. Acadia. Nova Scotia.

ACAGNARDER, (s',) v. r. to grow lazy, slothful or idle, be besotted, sit sotting. S'acagnarder asprès d'une femme, be always at a woman's tail.

Acarou, a-ka-zoo, s. m. mahogany. ACANACÉ, E, å-kå-nå-så, adj. thorny. ACANTHABOLE, s. m. scanthabolus. ACANTHE, & khat, s. f. scanthus. ACARIATRE, & ka-ri-atr, adj. humour-

some, peevish, scolding, cross grained.

ACARRE, s. m. sort of thistle; a sea fish.

ACATALEPSIE, s. f. inability to comprebend.

Accablant, e, å-kå-blès, blèst, adj. burdensome, troublesome, grievous, unsuffera-

ACCABLÉ, E, adj. over-burdened. Accable d'années, d'affaires, full of years or business. Accable de dettes, in debt over head and ears. Je sus accable de sommeil, I am very heavy, drowsy or sleepy. Accable some les ruines d'une mateon, buried in the ruins of a house.

ACCABLEMENT, &-kabl-men, s. m. burden, oppression, grief, trouble, heaviness, discouragement. Accablement de pouls, irregular beating of the pulse, upon coming out of an ague fit.

ACCABLER, a-ka-bih, v. a. to crush or make sink under the weight, over-burden, over-do, over-charge, over-load; to oppress, grieve, bear down, plague, weary, tire, trouble, overwhelm.

ACCALMIE, s. f. Mar. kull. Vire à l'accalmic, heave and a lull.

ACCAPAREMENT, à-kà-par-mên, s. m. monopoly.

ACCAPARER, &-ka-pa-ra, v. a. to forestall, engross.

ACCAPAREU-R, SE, adj. engrosser. ACCAREMENT S. m. V. Confrontation.

ACCARER, V. Confronter.

ACCASTILLAGE, å-kås-tl-låz, s. m. Mar. the castles, upper works, all that part of the hull which is above water.

ACCASTILLÉ, E. à kha-tì-là. adj. Ms Bâtiment haut accastillé, deep-waisted ship. ACCEDÉR, ak-sà-dà, v. n. to accede.

Accelérant, e, adj. accelerating. Accelérat-eur, rice, ak-sô-lê-râ-têur, tris, adj. accelerator, accelerating. Accal Eration, ak-se-le-ra-sion, s. f. ac-

celeration. Accélerer, åk-sê-lê-rå, v. n. to accele-

rate, hasten

ACCENT, ak-sen, s. m. accent. Pousser de functores access, to cry mournfully. Tune, note, voice.

ACCENTUATION, s. f. accentuation.

ACCENTUER, ak-sen-td-a, v. a. to accent, mark with an accent.

ACCEPTABLE, ak-sep-tabl, adj. reasonable, not to be rejected.

ACCEPTANT, E, adj. accepting, accepter. ACCEPTATION, &k-sep-ta-sion, s. f. acceptance.

Accepter, ak-sép-ia, v. a. to accept, receive. Accepteur, åk-sép-téur, s. m. accepter

(of bill of exchange.)
ACCEPTILATION, ak-sep-il-la-slon, s. f. (in

law) acceptilation.

ACCEPTION, ak-sep-slow, s. f. acception, acceptation, particular respect, regard, preference

Accis, ak-se, s. m. access, admittance, a. Second trial to elect a pope.
Accissible, ak-se-sibl, adj. accessible,

approachable, of an easy access, easy to be come at.

Accession, ak-se-sion, s. f. accession, increase, access, entry.

Accessit, &k-se-sit, s. m. second best pre-

ACCESSOIRE, ak-se-swar, a. m. accessery addition, accession or appendix; bad condition or circumstance, pinch, strait. A perve.

Accessorre, adj. accessory, additional.

ACCESSOIREMENT, adv. accessorily.
ACCIDENT, & ed-den, s. m. accident, sance, fortune, casualty. Fâcheux accident, chance, fortune, casualty. Facheux accident, mischance, ill fortune. Les accidens, the accidents (in opposition to substance.) Les accidens de la grammaire, the accidence or accidents in grammar: Par accident, adv. casually, by chance, accidentally.

Accidentel, LE, ak-d-den-tel, adj. accidental, casual, adventitious.

Accidentellement, ak-sl-den-tel-men, adv. accidentally.

Accisz, ak-siz, s. f. excise. ACCLAMATEUR, s. m. shouter.

ACCLAMATION, å-klå-må-sloss, s. f. accla-

mation, shouting, shout, huzza.

ACCI.AMPÉ, adj. Mar. Môt acclampé, a mast strengthened with clamps.

ACCLAMPER, à-klèn-på, v. a. Mar. to strengthen with clamps.
ACCLIMATE, E, a-kli-ma-ta, adj. used to

the climate. ACCLIMATER, (s',) v. r. to use one's self to

the climate.

"Accountance, à-kwin-tèm, s. f. acquaintance

base, bat : jeane, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

ACCOUNTER (s'), to be familiar with, to be

Accoragement, a. m. subsiding or calming (of the humours.)

Accoiser, v. a. to quiet, quell. S'accoiser, v. r. to grow calm or still. Accolade, å-kô-låd, s. f. embracing or

ogging, (a ceremony at the dubbing of a night,) crotchet. Accolade de lapereoux, knight,) crotchet. Accolade de lapereaux couple of rabbits roasted or served together.

Accoura, a lad lound, etc.
Accoura, a lad la, v. a. to hug or embrace.
Accoura physicses articles dans un compte, to join several articles together in an account by a crotchet. Acceler deax laperenax, to put two rabbits together. Acceler la vigne, to the vine to its prop. S'eccoler, v.z. to g one another. Accolunz, s. f. straw-band.

Accommodable, &-kô-mô-dabl, adj. that

my be souled or accommodated.

Accommonate, h-kb-mb-dks, s. m. dress-g, or cooking, (of meat.) Accommodage was maison, fitting up of a house.

Accommonate s. h-kb-mb-d-de dbut adi

ACCOMMODANT, E, à-kô-mô-dèn, dènt, adj. implying, complaisant, easy, courteous, recoable.

ACCOMMODATION, s. f. accommodation,

conciliation, affinity.

Accommoné, z, adj. fitted, furnished, drest, etc. easy in his circumstances

ACOMMODENENT, å-kö-möd-mén, s. m. accommodation, agreement, composition, reconciliation, adjusting of a quarrel; temper; fitting up (of a house.)
ACCOMMODER, å-kö-mö-då, v. a. to fit or make fit, fit up, dress, trim, furnish. Accommoder as messon on ses affaires, to settle or moder at masson on see affaires, to settle or mend one's concerns, clear one's estate, im-prove it. Accommoder à monger, to dress, or make ready victuals. To prepare, make or get ready, make fit; to suit with, be con-vement for, fit, serve one's turn; to adjust, recommodate, compose, make up, settle, re-concile; adapt, conform, frame; to use.

Accommoder quelqu'un or L'accommoder de Assets pièces, to pay one off, thrash him, beat him. Accommoder quelqu'un de quelque chose, to accommodate one with a thing, furnish m with it. S'accommoder, v. r. to put up with a thing, make a shift. S'accommoder de qualque chose, to make bold or free with a thing: (prendre ses aises) to consult one's own case or convenience, take care of one's

Accompagnation, a-kon-pa-gra-teur, s. m. one who accompanies the voice with an

ACCOMPAGNEMENT, &-kon-pagn-men, a. m. accompanying, waiting on, attendance, followers, retime; appendix, accessary, mu-

layed to one who sings.

ACCOMPAGNER, & kon på-gnå, v. a. to accompany, wait on, come or go along with, essort, attend or follow, be of one's retinue, play to one who sings; to match, suit. Accompagner quelque chose d'une autre, to add one thing to another. R'accompagner, v. r. to take along with one, be accompanied,

Accomplete, perfect, excellent, finished, rulfilled, performed.

Accomplies, a-kon-pille, v. a. to finish, accomplish, perform, fulfil, S'accomplir, v. r. to be accomplished or fulfilled, etc.

ACCOMPLISSEMENT, &-kon-pils-men, s. m. an accomplishing, fulfilling, or finishing; performance.

Accon, s. m. flat bottomed boat, lighter. ACCOQUINANT, E, 1-kô-kl-nen, nent, adj. alluring, engaging.
Accoquinge, a-kô-kì-nā, v. a. to besot,

allure; to contract a habit.

S'accoquiner, v. r. to grow idle ar lazy, sit sotting, trifling one's time away, be besouled.

Accord, &-kor, s. m. agreement, articles

of agreement, treaty; concord, good understanding, agreement, reconciliation: accord, consent; unity or conformity of sentiments; agreement, proportion; concert, harmony. Tout d'un accord, with one accord, unanimously. Etre, tomber ou deneurer d'accord, to agree, be agreed, consent. Daccord, je le veux bien, done, I will, I consent or agree to it, I grant it. Etre de tous bons accords; to be for any thing proposed, of an easy disposition. Un instrument qui est ou qui n'est pas d'accord, an instrument in or out of tune.

ACCORDABLE, à-kôr-dabl, adj. reconcila-

ble, conciliating, grantable, ACCORDAILLES, &-kor-dal, s.f. pl. espousals, ACCORDANT, E, adj. tunable, agreeing in sound.

ACCORDE, s. m. keep stroke, order for rowers to strike together.

ACCORDÉ, E, Å-kôr-då, adj. reconciled, etc.

ACCORDÉ, S. m. adj. bridegroom.

ACCORDÉE, S. f. adj. bride.

ACCORDER, Å-kôr-då, v. a. to reconcile, make friends; compound, compose, adjust, make up (a difference); to tune. Accorder sa voix succ un instrument, to sing in tune with an instrument. Accorder l'adjectif succ le substantif, to make the adjective and substantive agree. To grant, allow. Accorder sa fille en mariage, to betroth one's daughter to a man. S'accorder, v. r. to agree, suit.
Accordeur, s. m. one who tunes (musical instruments.)

Accordoir, a-kor-dwar, s. m. tuning key. Accorné, E, adj. borned. Accort, E, a-kor, kort, adj. courteous, civil,

complaisant, affable. Subtle, cunning, crafty.
*Accortise, s. f. civility, complaisance,

affability, subtility, cunning.
ACCOSTABLE, å-kös-tåbl, adj. accostable, of an easy access, affable, civil, courteous.
ACCOSTER, å-kös-tå, v. a. to accost, make or come up to. Accoster, Mar. to near, come along side of, stand directly towards. Accoste or accoste a-bord, come along side.

Accoster la terre de près, to make free with
the land. S'accoster de quelqu'un, v. r. to keep company with one, accost one.

ACCOTER, à-kô-tà, v. a. to prop up, support, bear up. S'accoter contre, v. r. to lean

ACCOTOIR, à-kô-twar, s. m. prop, leaning

Accouchér, à-kôo-shà, s. f. woman newly brought to bed, woman that lies in, woman in the straw.

ACCOUCHEMENT. à-kôosh-mên, s.m. childbed, woman's delivery.

bar, bat, base: thère, ebb, over: field, fig: robe, rob, lord: mood, good.

ACTION, &k-slon, s. f. action; operation, working; act, deed, feat. Action de grâces, thanks, thanksgiving. Gesture. A suit at law, speech, harangue; sermon; anger, passion; movement, motion; fight, battle; posture;

ADJ

ACTIONNAIRE, ak-sio-ner,s. m. stockholder. ACTIONNAIRE, ak-sio-ner,s. m. stockholder. ACTIONNER, ak-sio-ne, v. a. to sue, bring an action.

ACTIVEMENT, ak-tiv-men, adv. actively, in an active sens

ACTIVITE, ak-tl-vl-ta, s. f. activity, briskness, quickness, nimbleness. Activité d'esprit, readiness er quickness of wit.

ACTUEL, LE, ak-tû-êl, adj. actual, real,

present. Actuellement, åk-tå-êl-mên, adv. ac-

tually, now.

ACUT, TE, adj. (in printing) acute. ACUTANGLE, å-få-tengl, adj. acutangular. "ADAGE, å-dåz, s. m. adage, proverb, old eaying.

ADAGIO, adv. adagio, slowly. ADAPTATION, å-dåp-tå-slom, s. f. adaptaion.

ADAPTER, &-dap-ta, v. a. to adapt, apply.

ADATIS, s. m. East-India muslin. ADDITION, ad-di-sion, s. f. addition

ADDITIONNEL, LE, adj. additional. ADDITIONNER, ad-dl-do-na, v. a. to make

an addition, cast up, add.

ADEMPTION, s. f. revocation of a legacy, etc.

ADENOGRAPHIE s f. a treatise of the glands.

ADEPTE, &-dept, s. m. adept.

ADEQUAT, TE, adj. complete, total.

ADEXTRÉ, E, adj. (in heraldry) on the

right hand.

Administrace, a-dè-rèss, s. f. adherence, adhesion, attachment.

ADHERENT, E, å-dê-rên, rênt, adj. stick-ing, cleaving, attached to.

ADHÉRENT, s. m. adherent, follower, par-

ADHÉRER, à-dê-rà, v. n. to cleave, adhere, stick, cling; to adhere to, follow, side with, cleave to, stick to.

ADHESION, a-dê-zlon, s. f. adhesion. ADIANTE, s. m. the plant maidenhair.

ADIAPHORE, adj. indifferent, neutral.

ADIAPHORISTE, s. m. & f. a moderate Lutheran.

ADIEU, k-dieu, adv. adieu, farewell, God be with you. Adieu, mon argent, farewell my money, or farewell to my money. Dire adieu à quelque chose, to bid a thing adieu or farewell, renounce it, give it over. Adieu, s. m. farewell, leave. Sans adieu, I don't take my farewell, leave. Saus adieu, I don't take my leave of you. Faire ses adieux, to take one's leave. Adieu ra, Mar. helm's a lee.

ADIPEU-E, SE, adj. adipous, fat.
ADIRER, v. a. to lose, put out of the way. ADITION, s. f. Adition d'hérédité, acceptation or taking possession of an estate by hereditary right.

ADJACENT, E, ad-za-sen, sent, adj. adja-

cent, neighbouring.
ADJECTION, &d-zek-slow, s. f. adjection, addition.

ADJECTI-F, VE, åd-sêk-tîf, tiv, adj. & s. m. adjective.

ADJECTIVEMENT, ad-zek-tiv-men, adv. adjectively

ADJOINDRE, ad-zwindr, v. a. (like joindre) to adjoin, associate, give as an assistant.

ADJOINT, E, ad-zwint, adj. adjoined, associated, given as an assistant.

ADJOINT, s. m. assistant, colleague, joint commissioner.

Adjonction, ad-zonk-slon, s. f. adjunction. Adjudant, ad-zd-den, s. m. adjutant.

Adjudicataire, åd-2å-dl-kå-ter, s. m. & f. highest bidder; party to whom a thing is adjudged.

ADJUDICATI-F, VE, adj. that adjudges or awards.

ADJUDICATION, åd-zů-dl-kå-alon, s. f. ad-

judication. ADJUGER, åd-zå-zå, v. a. to adjudge, award. Adjuration, ad-ad-ra-don, s. f. adjura-

tion, form of exorcism ADJURER, ad-zd-ra, v. a. to adjure, exorcise

ADMETTRE, åd-metr, v. a. (like mettre) to admit, receive, let in ; to admit of, approve of, allow, grant, acknowledge, entertain

Adminiculz, ad-ml-ni-kal, s. m. admini-

cle, help, additional proof.
ADMINISTRATEUR, &d-mi-nis-tra-teur, s. m. administrator, trustee, governor (of an hospital.)

Administration, ad-mi-ule-tra-sion, s. f. administration, government, management.

ADMINISTRATRICE, ad-mi-nis-ira-tris, s. f. administratrix; she who is entrusted with the management of affairs in a nunnery.

ADMINISTRER, ad-mi-nk-tra, v. a. to administer, manage, govern. Administrer des témoins, to procure evidence, bring proofs.

ADMIRABLE, ad-mi-rabl, adj. admirable,

wonderful, marvellous, rare, good, excellent.
ADMINABLEMENT, ad-ml-rabl-mes, adv.
admirably, marvellously, wonderfully, rarely,
mighty well.

Admirateur, ad-mi-ra-teur, tris, s. m. Admiratrice, s. f. an admirer

ADMIRATI-F, VE, ad-ml-ra-tif, tiv, adj. expressive of admiration. Point admiratif, note of admiration.

ADMIRATION, ad-mi-ra-slow, s. f. admiration, wonder.

ADMIRER, åd-mi-rå, v. a. to admire, wonder at.

ADMIS, R, adj. admitted, etc. V. Admettre. ADMISSIBLE, åd-mi-sibl, adj. allowable. ADMISSION, åd-mi-sion, s. f. admission, ad-

Admonistration, E., adj. admonished.

ADMONETÉ, s. m. admonition, reprimand. ADMONÉTER, ad-mô-nê-ta, v. a. to admonish, warn, reprimand.

ADMONITEUR, ad-mô-nî-teur, s. m. moni-

tor, admonisher.
ADMONITION, ad-mo-nl-slow, s. f. admonition, warning.

ADOLESCENCE, &-dô-lê-sens, s. f. adolescence, youth.

ADOLESCENT, E, &-dô-lê-sên, sênt, s. m. & f. a young man or woman. "ADONC, adv. then.

mittance.

Adonien ou Adonique, adj. Adonie, (verse.)

Adonis, &-do-nis, s. m. Adonis, beau. A

ADONISER, à-dô-nl-zà, v. a. to dress finely. S'adoniser, v. r. to deck one's self out to appear young.

base, bût : jeane, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

ADDENÉ, E, adj. addicted, inclined, bent.
ADDENEE, (s') sk-dô-nk, v. r. to addict, or
apply one's self to, give one's mind to, follow.
Bedomer à un lieu, to frequent a place, be
often at a place. Adonner, v. n. Mar. to draw
ak, (suid of the wind when it becomes favourable.) Le vent adonner, the wind draws
aft, Le vent adonner et refuse, the wind veers

ADOPTER, &-dop-ta, v. a. to adopt, prefer. ABOPTI-F, VE, &-dôp-tif, thv, adj. adoptive. ABOPTIOE, &-dôp-slos, s. f. adoption. ADORABLE, &-dô-rabl, adj. adorable.

Adorateur, å-dô-rå-teår, s. m. adorer, great admirer.

ADORATION, &-dô-rà-slos, s. f. adoration, worship, reve

ADORER, 4-dô-rå, v. a. to adore, worship,

Apos, &-do, s. m. shelving-bed, border in a

ADOSSEMENT, s. m. sitting back to back, leaning against with the back, backing, strengthening backward.

ADOSER, å-dò-sì, v. a. to set the back against a thing, set back to back, strengthen backward. S'adoser, v. r. to lean one's back. ADOUER, å-dò-bà, v. a. Mar. to stop holes repair. Adouber, v. n. (at chess, draughts, stc.) to touch a piece only to set it right.

ADOUCER, å-dò-sìr, v. a. to sweeten, make andis, smooth, make andis, smooth, make

ADOUCIE, a-000-err, v. a. to sweezen, make sweet; to soften, make soft, smooth, make smooth; allay, mitigate, assuage, ease, alleviate, to appeare, pacify. Adoucir le son de la plaie a adouri le tense, the weather is grown mild after the rain. S'adoucir, v. r. to ceten, grow sweet; soften, grow soft, grow mild, or gentle; be tamed, assuaged, lenified, tempered, etc.

ADOUCISSANT, E, adj. softening, lenitive, emollient.

ADOUCISSANT s. m. emollient medicine,

ADOUCISSEMENT, &-do-sis-men, s. m. sweetening, softening, or smoothing; allay, ease, mitigation, assuaging, lenifying, appeasing, alleviation; temper. Il faut apporter quipue adoucissement aux mots qui ne sont pas him dablis, some lenitive must be used for words that are not current.

About, E, &-doo-â, adj. coupled, paired, (said of partridges, etc.)

ADRAGANT, s. m. adraganth, or gum dragoa.

ADRESSAUT, E, adj. directed, addressed. ADRESSE, &-dres, s.f. direction; address; industry, desterity, canning, knack; subtlety, cumning, craftiness, slyness, shrewdness. L'adresse d'une lettre, the direction of a letter.

Bureau d'adresse. office of intelligence.

Adressen, à-drè-sà, v. a. to address, direct, send. Adresser un livre à quelqu'un, to dedicate a book to one. S'adresser, v. r. to be directed. S'adresser à quelqu'un, to apply, make application. Ce discours s'adresse à vous seul, this

discourse regards, or is directed to you alone.

Advesser, v. n. to hit the mark.

Admosr, z, å-drwå, drwåt, adj. dexterous, handy, ingenious, industrious, cunning, neat, skiffal; subtle, sly, wise.

ADROIT, s. m. cunning or subtle fellow. ADROITEMENT, &-drawt-men, adv. dexte-

rously, neatly, industriously, wisely; cun ningly, subtilely.

ADULAT-EUR, RICE, å-då-lå-teur, tris, s. m & f. flatterer.

ADULATION, &-dd-la-slos, s. f. flattery. ADULER, v. a. to flatter.

ADULTE, à-dâlt, adj. adult. ADULTERATION, s. f. adulteration. ADULTERE, à-dâl-tèr, adj. adulterous;

adulterate

ADULTERE, s. m. adulterer, adultery, avowtry. Adultere, s. f. adulteress.

ADULTERER, v. a. to adulterate, (in pharmacy.) Adulterer, v. n. to commit adulte-

ADULTÉRIN; E. a-dal-tê-rin, rin, adj. adulterine, bastardly, begotten in adultery.

ADUSTE, adj. adust, over-heated.

ADUSTION, s. f. adustion, burning. ADVENTI-F, VE, ad-ven-tif, tiv, adj. adventitious, casual.

ADVERBE, åd-verb, s. m. adverb. ADVERBIAL, g. åd-ver-blål, adj. adverb-ial, belonging to the adverb.

ADVERBIALEMENT, ad-ver-blal-men. adv. adverbially.

ADVERBIALITÉ, s. f. quality of a word looked upon as an adverb.

ADVERSAIRE, ad-ver-ser, s. m. & f. adver-

sary, adverse party, opposer.

ADVERSATI-F, ve, ad-ver-sa-ili, tiv, adj. adversative.

ADVERSE, åd-vers, adj. adverse. ADVERSITÉ, åd-ver-si-tå, s. f. adversity, calamity, misery, trouble

Afolivile, s. m. acolipile.
Afre, e, a. e-ra, adj. in an airy situation.
Afren, a. a. ra, v. a. to air, give the enjoy-

ment of air, expose to the air.

AERIEN, NE, å-ë-riën, riën, adj. aerial, airy.

AERIER, à-ë-riä. V. Aerer.

AERIFORME, adj. said of a fluid that has the physical properties of air.

AKROGRAPHIE, s. f. aerography. AEROLOGIE, s. f. aerology.

AÉROMANCIE, s. f. aeromancy.

AÉROMÈTRE, s. m. aerometer, (instrument to measure the density of air.)

AÉROMÈTRIE, s. f. aerometry. AÉRONAUTE, à-è-rô-nôt, s. m. aeronaut, aerial navigator.

AFROPHOBE, s. m. one who dreads the air. AÉROPHOBIÉ, s. m. aerophobia, dread of

the air. AÉROSTAT, à-è-ròs-tà, s. m. aerostatick machine, air balloon.

actinies, air bancoli. Akrostatique, adj. aerostatick. Akrosinkus, V. *Erugineux.* Affabilité, å-få-bl-ll-lå, s. f. affability, courtesy.

AFFABLE, &-fabl, adj. affable, civil, courte-

AFFABLEMENT, adv. affably, courteously. lovingly, kindly.

AFFABULATION, s. f. moral of a fable. AFFADIR, a-fa-dir, v. a. to render insipid, to cloy, disgust.

AFFADISSEMENT, &-få-dls-men, s. m, cloyment, nauseousness.

AFFAIRE, à-fer, s. f. affair, business, hing, matter; case, cause or suit in law; co rem, bargain; trouble, scrape, pain; quarre; occasion, want, need. Se tirer d'affaire. e rebar, bat, base : thère, ebb, over : field, fig : robe, rôb, lêrd : mood, geod.

Etre mal dans see affaires, faire mal ses affaires, not to thrive, to go down the wind.
Faire bien ses affaires, to thrive, do well, prosper. Paire ses affaires, to answer the calls of nature. Avoir affaire à des forces supérieures, to have to contend with an enemy of superiour

AFFAIRÉ, E, à-fà-rè, adj. busy, full of business

AFFAISSEMENT, &-fes-men, s. m. sinking,

weighing down, pressing down.

AFFAISER, &-68-b, v. a. to press, weigh down. Saffaisser, v. r. to sink (with too much weight.)

AFFAITER, v. a. to train (a hatek,) to tame. AFFALE, E, k-fa-la, adj. wind-bound. Etre affalé, to be over-hauled, embayed. Affalé

sur la côte, embayed.

AFFALER, k-fk-lk, v. a. Mar. to lower, over-Affaler un palan, to shift a tackle. S'affaler, v. r. to get embayed or becalmed.

AFFAME, E, adj. famished, starved; greedy.

Un habit affamé, a scanty coat. AFFAMER, à-là-mà, v. a. to famish, starve. Affamer son écriture, to make one's strokes in writing too fine.

AFFEAGEMENT, & fe de-men, s. m. the granting on fee farm.

AFFEAGER, &-fe-d-zh, v. a. to grant on fee Affectation, å-fêk-tå-sion, s. f. affecta-

Affecté, E, adj. affected; studied, overcuriously done; assigned, attributed proper or

properly belonging to some thing; afflicted.

AFFECTER, a-fek-th, v. a. to destine, appropriate; to mortgage; to affect, do with too much study, to study, desire. Saffecter, v. r. to be affected.

vr. &-fek-tif, tiv, adj. Ex. AFFECTI-F. Théologie affective, that part of theology which moves the affections.

AFFECTION, å-fêk-slon, s. f. affection: love, benevolence, good-will, kindness, inclination, passion: mind, study, desire: zeal, earnestness: attachment.

AFFECTIONNE, E, &-fck-slo-na, adj. affectionate, well-affected. Mal offectionné, ill-affected. Affectionné à une chose, addicted to

a thing.

AFFECTIONNER, &-fek-sid-na, v. a. to love, have a love or an affection for, affect, fancy, like, favour. Affectionner une affaire, to espouse a cause. S'affectionner, v.r. (à quelque chose,) to attach or apply one's self to a thing.

å-fêk-tå-euz-mên, Affecturusement,

adv. affectionately, heartily

AFFECTUEU-X, SE, &-fek-tû-eu, euz, adj. affectionate, kind, obliging, hearty, affecting. AFFERMER, A-fer-ma, v. a. to farm, let,

lease out; to hire, rent, take on a lease.

Affermir, a-fer-mir, v. a. to strengthen, fasten, make fast or firm. Affermir son pied, to set one's foot upon sure ground. To herden, consolidate, make hard, firm or tough; to establish, conform, settle, secure, corroborate, fortify. Affermir son esprit contre les dangers, to inure or harden one's self against dangers. S'affermir, v. r. to be confirmed or established. S'affermir dans son dessein, to persist in one's design.

AFFERMISSEMENT, &-fer-mis-men, s. m. stay, support, prop; strengthening, fasiening, etc. Establishment, confirmation, settlement.

AFFÉTÉ, E, å-fè-th, adj. affected, full of affectation, precise, nic

AFFÉTERIE, à-fêt-ri, s. f. affectation. pre-

ciseness, niceness

AFFETTO or AFFETTUOSO, adv. to be played with a tender expression (in mamic.)
AFFEURAGE, Affeurer, V. Afforage, afforer.
AFFICHE, a-fish, s. f. bill or paper posted

up in publick placers, placerd.

AFFICHER, &-ff-shå, v. a. to post up.

AFFICHEUR, &-ff-shåur, s. m. one that
posts up bills, papers or placerds.

AFFICE, E. &-ff-ch, adj. trusty.

Afidé,
propers or placerds.

. m. trusty friend, confident.

AFFIER, v. a. to plant, graft.

Affilk, E, adj. sharpened, whetted, set, keen. Appir la langue bien affile, to have a

nimble or glib tongue.

Affilk, v. n. to set, set en edge,

sharpen, whet.

APPILIATION, &-f1-11-4-clos, s. f. affiliation, adoption. AFFILIER, &-fl-ll-å, v. a. to adopt, also to

initiate in all the mysteries of a religious or-der. S'affilier, to join or unite one's self to a church or society.

Affinage, 1-11-nae, s. m. affinage, refining.

AFFINAGE, a: 1-mar, s. m. amnage, renning.
AFFINER, E. adj. fined, refined.
AFFINER, A-fl-rat, v. a. to make finer, refine (metals, otc.) Affiner quelqu'un, to cheat
one. Affiner, v. n. to clear up, (said of the
metals.) Seffiner v. v. to create refined weather.) S'affiner, v. r. to grow refined.

APPINERIE, &-fin-ri, s. f. a little forge

where iron is made into wire; iron refined

and prepared for sale; finary.

Affineur, &-fl-nedr, s. m. refiner.

Affineur, &-fl-nl-th, s. f. affinity; relation, agreement, acquaintance, familiarity.

AFFINOIR, d-ff-nwhr, s. m. hatchel to

make hemp finer.

AFFIQUET, & fl-ke, s. m. case for knitting needles. Affiquets, s. m. pl. trinkets or little ornaments (of a scoman's dress.)

Affirmant, E, adj. affirmant, AFFIRMATI-F, VE, &-fir-ma-tif, thy, adj.

affirmative, peremptory, positive.

AFFIRMATION, &-fir-ma-side, s. f. affirmation, assertion; oath, affidavit.

AFFIRMATIVE, s. f. affirmative

AFFIRMATIVEMENT. &-fr-ma-tiv-men, adv. affirmatively, by way of affirmation, positively.

AFFIRMER, &-flr-ma, v. n. to affirm, as ascertain, assure, maintain; to swear, take one's oath, confirm with an oath.

AFFLEURER, v. a. to level. Afflarer, Mar. to fay.

AFFLICTION, &-ffik-slon, s. f. affliction trouble, sorrow, anguish, vexation, grief; adversity, misfortune, calamity, misery, dis-

Application, vx, lefficility, adj. Ex.

Peine afflictive, corporeal punishment.
AFFLIGE, E, adj. afflicted, grieved, troubled, sorrowful : cast down, vexed, disquieted ; distressed, in affliction or distress.

AFFLIGE, E. S. m. & f. a person afflicted, etc.

APPLICEANT, B, &-fil-sen, sent, adj affict-

ing afflictive, sad, grievous.

AFFLIGER, a-til-2a, v. a. to afflict, grieve, trouble, cast down; to vez, disquiet, terment; bane, blit : jelane, mêtre, blarre : ésfant, cênt, lièn : vin : mon : bran.

mortify, uncorne. Saffiger, v. b. be afficted, troubled or cast down. S'affliger, v. b. to grieve;

APPLOUER, v. a. Mar. to come affort.
APPLOENCE, a-fid-cos, s. f. affluence, plenty, great store, abundance. Affluence de monde, conceutre or great resert of people. APPRURET, E, k-80-èn, ent, adj. running

AFFLUER, A-fid-L, v. n. to flow, run (into the same place;) to abound, to resort or come together, flock.

apromer, mock.

Apportants, å-få-bilt, v. a. to weaken, make weak er faint, debilitate, enervate, enfachbe. Affaiblir la memore, to clip coin, diminish the weight of it. Baffaiblir, v. r. to grow weak, fachle er infirm, to lose one's gth, decay.

AFFORBLISSANT, E, &-fê-bil-sên, sênt, adj.

Appopulacement, k-fê-bile-mên, a. m. weakening, enfoebling. Affoibhisement de courage, dissouragement. Affoibhisement de ies, clipping, reducing the weight of

Appolé, z, à fô là, adj. extremely fond, sperately in love, doting. Boussole ou Ai-sile affolée, bad compass, compass not

AFFOLER, v. a. to make extremely fond, to ake one dote upon.

APPOLIE, v. n. to grow foolish.

APPORAGE, s. m. assise or price set by the Magistrates; duty paid to the lord of the masser for selling wine, etc.

Apponent, v. a. to assize, set the price.

*AFFOUGUER, v. a. to give fire. AFFOURAGEMENT, & foo-raz-men, s. m. foddering, feeding.
Approunagen, å-fòo-rå-så, v. a. to fodder,

AFFOURCHER, &-foor-sha, v. a. Mar. to moor or moor across, cast one anchor and ca-ble across another. Affourcher over un cable r chapte sucre, to moor with a cable each WRY.

APPROURER, v. a. V. Afformager. APPRANCHI, E, a-frèn-shi, shi, adj. free, freed, set at liberty, etc. Affranchi, e, s. m.

& f. one made free

AFFRANCHIR, à frès shìr, v. n. to free one m a thing; to set free, make free, give one his liberty, cufranchiese. Afranchie une lettre, to frank a latter. To free, deliver, exempt, discharge. Afranchie un bdtiment, Mar. to free a thip of water, pump her out dry. B'afranchier, v. r. to free or to rid one's self,

APPRABGRISSEMENT, à-frèn-shìs-mèn, s. m. setting free, delivery, discharge, exemption, enfranchisement.

tice, docoy.

AFFRITER, v. a. Affriter une poèle neuve, to prepare and try a new frying-pan, so as to

make it fit for frying with.

APPRONT, & fros, a. m. affront, abuse, conunnely; reproach, diagrace, dishonour, shame.

APPRONTAILLES, s. f. pl. bounds of several pieces of ground.

AFFRONTE, E, adj. facing each other, (in heraldry;) dared.

APPRONTER, & from th, v. a. to encounter,

attack with great resolution, dare; to cheet,

AFFRONTERIE, &-front-ri, s. f. cheat, cozening; effrontery.

APPRONTEU-R, SE, &-from-teur, thuz, s. m.

& f. cheut, impostor.
AFFURLEMENT, & fûbl-mên, s. m. cover-

ing, any thing that serves to muffle or wrap up one's head or body.

AFFURLER, & fû-blâ, v. a. to muffle, cover up.

S'affubler de quelqu'un, v. r. to be wrap-

ped up in any one.

AFFUT, \$-fth, s. m. carriage for a gun or mortar; place where the hunter waits for game. Etre à l'affit, to be upon the watch.

AFFUTAGE, \$-fth-the, s. m. mounting of a

piece of ordnance; a set of tools, implements; dressing of an old hat; grinding of tools.

Affit £, E, adj. mounted (conson;) that has his tools ready, furnished with tools, act

AFFOTER, &-fd-ta, v. a. un canon, to mount a cannon. Affilter un outil, to set a tool, make it sharp.

AFILAGER, s. m. officer presiding over pub-

lick sales at Amsterdam.

Arın de, å-fin, (with infinitive,) in order to.

Afin que, (with subjunctive,) that, to the end or in order that. As afin de and afin que are often equivalent to pour and pour que.-See Pour.

AGA, å-gà, s. m. aga, (Turkish officer.) AGAÇANT, E, å-gå-sën, sënt, adj. enticing, alluring.

AGACE, s. f. a magpie. AGACEMENT, &-gas-men, s. m. setting on

AGACER, A-ga-sh, (les dents,) v. a. to set (the teeth) on edge; to provoke, urge, egg, anger, exasperate, entice.

AGACERIE, & "gla-ri, s. f. enticement, en-couragement. Faire des agaceries à quelqu'un, to make advances to one (in love affairs.) AGALLOCHIUM, s. m. aloes.

AGAPES, å-gåp, s. f. pl. love feasts, (among primitive christians.)
AGAPÈTES, s. f. pl. virgins in the primitive

church.

AGARIC, å-gå-rik, s. m. agaric, (a plant.) AGASILLIS, s. m. shrub that produces the

AGASILLIA, S. M. ammoniacal guma.
AGATE, å-gåt, s. f. agate.
AGE, ac, s. m. age, one's days, years, life.
Bas åge, jesne åge, åge tendre, tender age, infancy, childhood, youth. Il ne pest pas ventilla i d'alest mas d'âre. he cannot sell dre son bien, il n'est pas d'âge, he cannot sell his estate, he is not of age or he is under age. La merveille de notre âge, the wonder of our age, days or time. Several centuries, an age, tract of time. L'âge ou le siècle d'or, the golden age.

Aos, z, adj. aged; être âgé de vingt ens, to be twenty years old; aged, old, elderly, bar, bat, base : thère, èbb, over : fleid, fig : ròbe, rôb, lôrd : mòod, gôod.

well stricken in years. Il est age, he is in years.

AGENCE, 1-zens, s. f. agency. AGENCEMENT, 1-zens-men. s. m. order,

arrangement; grouping (in painting.)
AGENCER, a-zen-sa, v. a. to set in order, arrange, dispose, fit up. S'agencer, v. r. to rig or trim one's self.

AGENDA, a-zin-da, s. m. memorandum, book of memorandums, table-book, pocket-

Agenouiller, åz-ndo-lå, v. a. to kneel down. S'agenouiller, v. a. to kneel, kneel down, fall upon one's knees.

AGENOUILLOIR, s. m. hassock, bench to

kneel upon at prayers.

AGENT, å-zen, s. m. agent. Agent de change, exchange broker.
Ac KOM ETRIE, s. f. deviation from the rules

AGGLOMERATION, s. f. agglomeration. AGGLOMÉRER, v. n. to agglomerate, gather up in a ball.

AGGLUTINANT, E, adj. & s. agglutinant; des agglutinans, agglutinants.

AGGLUTINATI-F, VE, adj. agglutinative. AGGLUTINATION, s. f. agglutination. AGGLUTINEMENT, s. m. agglutination, cohesion.

AGGLUTINER, v. a. to agglutinate. AGGRAVANT, E, å-grå-ven, vent, adj. aggravating.

AGGRAVATION, s. f. aggravation.

AGGRAVE, s. m. threatening, monitory. AGGRAVE, E, adj. aggravated; (de son

meil,) heavy with sleep.

AGGRAVER, å-grå-vå, v. a. to aggravate. AGILE, å-zll, adj. agile, quick, nimble, ac-

AGILEMENT, &-2fl-men, adv. nimbly, readily, quickly.

AGILITÉ, à-zl-lî-tâ, s. f. nimbleness, agi-

lity, quickness, swiftness, activity.

AG10, a-zl-o, s. m. course of exchange.

AGIOS, s. m. pl. trinkets. AGIOTAGE, å-zl-ð-tåz, s. m. stock-jobbing. AGIOTER, å-zl-ð-tå, v. n. to be a stock-

jobber.

AGIOTEUR, à-zî-ô-tedr,s. m. a stock-jobber. Agin, a-zir, v. n. to act, to deal with, operate; influence, work; to negociate, manage; (manière d'agir) way of proceeding, course. Agir contre quiqu'un, to sue, prosecute any one at law. Il s'agit, the matter or point is. Ex. De quoi s'agit-il? what's the matter? Il ne s'agit pas de cela, that is not the business in hand. Il s'agit de votre vie, your life is at in hand. stake or in danger

AGISSANT, E, &-zl-sen, sent, adj. effica-cious, active, busy, stirring.

AGITATEUR, s. m. agitator. AGITATION, a-zl-ta-slon, s. f. agitation, toss, violent motion, jolting, tumbling, per-

turbation, trouble

AGITER, å-≥î-tå, v. a. to shake, toss, tumble, jolt: to agitate, hurry, trouble, disquiet, torture: to agitate or debate (a question.) S'agiter, to put one's self into a violent motion, throw one's self about, be agitated, etc.
AGNAT, ag-na, s. m. male issue, descend-

ing from a collateral male line.

AGNATIQUE, ag-na-tik, adj. relating to

male issue.

AGNATION, &g-nk-slow, s. f. agnation.
AGNEAU, k-gno, s. m. lamb. De l'agno
ou chair d'agneau, lamb or lamb flesh.

AGNELER, agn-la, v. a. to year, bring forth lambs.

*AGNELET, ågn-lê, s. m. lambkin.

AGNELS, s. m. an ancient French coin. Agnus, 1-guds, s. m. Agnus Dei, Lemb of God.

AGNUS-CASTUS, à-gnûs-kâs-tûs, s. m. agnus-castus.

AGONIE, a-gd-nl, s. f. agony, pangs of death, last gasp; extreme anguish, grief, trouble. Etre à l'agonie, to be at the point of death.

AGONISANT, E, adj. dying, in a dying condition.

Agoniser, å-gö-nl-zå, v. n. to be at the

point of death, be dying, be in agony.
AGONISTIQUE, adj. agonistic, relating to prize fighting. Agonistice, s. f. agonism.
AGONOTHÈTE, s. m. officer who presided

at ancient games.

AGONYCLYTES, s. m. pl. christians who

never kneeled in prayer.

AGRAFE, a-graf, s. f. clasp.

AGRAFER, a-grat, s. t. chape. Agr. op a mote, hote, brace of a dorser or pannier.

AGRAFER, â-grêr, âd, agrarian.

AGRAFIR, â-grêr, adj. agrarian.

AGRAFIR, â-grêr, adj. agrarian. make greater or bigger, increase, augment, improve; to raise, advance, prefer; to amplily, exaggerate, aggravate. S'agrandir, v. r. to raise or advance one's self, advance or make one's fortune, enlarge one's estate, grow, increase.

AGRANDISSEMENT, å-gren-dis-men, s. m. improvement, enlarging, increase. Advance-

ment, preferment, promotion, growth, rise.

AGREABLE, a-gre-abl, adj. agreeable, pleasant, pleasing, acceptable, welcome, grateful, charming. Agreable, s. m. Ex. Joint Parlie a l'agréable, to like, accept, be pleasure.

AGRÉABLEMENT, à grè-abl-mèn, adv. agreeably, pleasantly, merrily, gladly, com-

fortably.

AGRÉER, à-grê-à, v. a. to accept, receive kindly; to allow, approve of, like; v. n. to piease, be pleasing or acceptable to. Agrees que je vous dise, give me leave to tell you.

Agréer am vaisseau, to rig a ship.
AGRÉEUR, à grè-èur, s. m. rigger of ships.
AGRÉGAT, à grè-ègà, s. m. aggregate.
AGRÉGATION, à-grè-gà-siòn, s. f. admission (into a society;) aggregation; adherence.

Corps par agrigation, aggregate body.

Acres 1, 2, 2 gre-2, adj. aggregated, admitted (into a society;) agrigé as collège royal, fellow of the royal collège. Agrigé, s. m.

aggregate, aggregate body.

AGRÉGER, à grè-rà, v. a. to aggregate, admit (into a society.)

AGRÉMENT, à-grè-mès, s. m. liking, approbation, consent, agreeablesses, charm, alurement, agreeable quality, comfort, pleasure, delight. Ornament, what helps to set off (in dress.) Variation (in musick.)

AGRES, å-grè, s. m. pl. Mar. rigging. AGRESSER, å-grè-så, v. a. to aggress. AGRESSEUR, å-grè-sèur, s. m. aggress. AGRESSION, &-gre-sion, s. f. aggression, base, bût : jêune, mêute, bêurre : ênfant, cênt, liên : vin : mon : brun.

Aggeste, &-grest, adj. wild, agrestic, ill bred, rustic, clownish, unmannerly, savage.

Prais agresse, wild fruit.

AGRICOLE, adj. addicted to agriculture AGRICULTEUR, s. m. one who cultivates the earth.

AGRICULTURE, å-gri-kål-tår, s. f. agriculture, busbandry

AGRIE, s. f. kind of tetter which corrodes the skin and causes the hair to fall off.

AGRIFFER, (s') v. r. to catch with the claws, lay hold of, seize, cling fast.

AGRINOINE, s. f. V. Aigremoine.

Aeriopнage, adj. that lives upon wild beasts.

AGRIOTE, &-gri-ot, s. f. sour cherry.

AGRIPAUME, s. f. mother-wort.
AGRIPPER, a-gri-pa, v. a. to gripe, seize, catch at. Sagripper, v. r. to lay hold of, cling to.

AGRONOMIE, s. f. theory of agriculture. AGRONOME, s. m. a theoretical farmer. AGROUPER, V. Grouper.

AGUERRI, É, adj. disciplined, exercised in martial discipline, inured to the hardships of war, experienced in war. Soldats mal aguerris, undisciplined, unexperienced or raw soldiers.

ACCERRIR, &-ge-rir, v. a. to train up in war, discipline, inure to the hardships of war. Sagnerri, v. r. to grow warlike, use or inure one's self to the hardships of war; (à une

chose.) to use one's self to a thing.

AGUETS, a.ge, s. m. pl. watch, watching.

Elive or se tenir our aguets, to lie in wait, be

upon the watch.

AH, a! interj. oh! alas! A! ah, hah! ho! "AHAN, s. m. trouble, labour, fatigue; faire use chose arec ahan, to do a thing with great effort.

*AHANER, v. n. to toil, to be in pain. AREURTÉ, E, adj. obstinate, stiff, peremp-

AHEURTEMENT, å-curt-men, s. m. obsti-

Bacy, stiffness of opinion.

AHEURTER, (s') & cur-ta, v. r. to maintain a thing obstinately or to stick to it, be stiff or obstinate in a thing, persist firm in a purpose,

be fully resolved.

Ani, 1-1, interj. of pain. Oh!

Anuria, 1-2-rir, v. a. to amaze, confuse, perplex.

Aldant, adj. helping. Ex. Dies aidant, by God's help.

AIDE, ed, s. m. helper, assistant, mate. Aide à maçon, mason's man. Aide de cuisine, under cook. Aide de cérémonies, under master of the ceremonies. Aide major, adjutant.

AIDES, Mar. Aides-charpentiers, carpenter's crew. Aides-chirurgiens, surgeon's mates. Aide-pilote, pilot's mate or rather quarter-master. Aides-voiliers, sail-maker's

AIDE, s. f. aid, assistance, help, relief, support, helper, help, (a serving woman;) chapel of ease. A l'aide, help!

AIDES, ed, s. f. pl. excise, taxes, customs, subsidies. La cour des aides, the court of ex-

AIDER, ê-da, v. a. to aid, assist, help, succour, favour, relieve, support. Aider à la lettre, to supply what is not expressed, to embellish. S'aider, v. r. to help one's self.

S'aider ou s'entr'aider, to belp one another. Saider de quelque chose, to use a thing, make use of it.

AIR, Ly, interj. oh! oh dear.

ATEUL, E, &-yeul, s. m. and f. grandfather, grandmother; in the plural, Ateuls, m. & Ateules, f. Ateux, forefathers, ancestors, predecessors.

AIGAIL, s. m. dew.

AIGATER, v. a. to wash, soak, rinse.
AIGLE, egl, s. f. & m. eagle; an eagle of copper with extended wings used as a desk in the middle of a choir; sort of ray. Des yeux d'aigle, eagle's eyes, piercing eyes. Val d'aigle, bold flight (of the mind.) AIGLETTES, è-glèt, s. f. pl. eaglets (in

heraldry.)

AIGLON, è-glon, s. m. eaglet, young eagle. AIGRE, egr, adj. sour, sharp of taste, strong, ill, unpleasant, harsh, rough, fragile, brittle, sour, sharp, bitter, crabbed, rough, ill-natured, churlish, severe (person.)

AIGRE, s. m. sourness. Aigre de limon lemonade; aigre doux, between sweet and

sour.

AIGREFIN, egr-fin, s. m. one who lives by his wits, sharper. Aigrelet, te, êgr-lê, lêt, adj. sourish, a

little sour.

AIGREMENT, egr-men, adv. sourly, sharply, bitterly, severely, roughly.

AIGREMOINE, s. f. agrimony (an herb.)

AIGREMORE, s. m. pulverized charcoal AIGRET, TE, ê-grê, grêt, adj. sourish, a little sour.

AIGRETTE, s. f. egret, sort of white heron; plume made of its feathers. Aigrette d'eau, water-work in form of a heron's tuft.

AIGREUR, è-greur, s. f. sourness, ness, bitterness, roughness, tartness, ill-nature, heat, grudge, spite, spleen, ill-will, malice, animosity, odium. Algreuss, s. f. pl. heartburning; engraving where the aqua-fortis has eaten too deep.

AIGRIR, e-grlr, v. a. to make sour or sharp, to exasperate, incense, provoke, increase, to make is-humoured, cross or peevish, give the spleen. S'aigrir, v. r. to sour, turn sour, grow sour or sharp, to fall into a passion, be

grow sour or mean, and adj. pointed, sharp, keen, acute, prickly; (of the mind) acute, sharp, ingenious, subtle, witty, quick; (of sight) piercing, quick, keen; (of voice) shrill, loud, clear; (of pain) sharp, acute, violent. Accent aigus, acute accent. Angle aigus, acute angle. Mente aigus, spear-mint.

Alguade, égâd, s.f. Mar. watering place. Faire aiguade, to take in fresh water, to water.

AIGUAIL, s. m. dew. AIGUAYER, v. a. to bathe, wash in water. AIGUE marine, eg-ma-rin, s. f. sort of precious stone.

Aiguiène, è-gèr, s. f. ewer. Aiguiénée, è-gè-rà, s. f. ewer-full.

Alguillade, s. f. an ox-goad

AIGUILLE, e-gù-ll, s. f. needle; (de tête,) bodkin for the hair; hand of a watch, cock or needle of a balance, spire of a church, thorn-back, (fish.) Aiguille, Mar. out-rigger, top-mast, spar employed to support a lower mast in heaving down a ship. Aiguille de fanal. bar, bat, base: thère, êbb, ovêr: field, fig: rôbe, rôb, lord: môod, gôod.

lantern beam, iron brace or crank of a poop [or top lantern.

or top lantern.

AIGUILLÉE, ê-gûl-lâ, s. f. needle-full.

AIGUILLER, ê-gûl-lâ, v. a. to couch the eye.

AIGUILLER, ê-gûl-lêt, s. f. point, tagged
point, also slice. Courir l'aiguillette, to play
the common whore. Lâcher l'aiguillette, to
ease one's self. Aiguillette de porques, Mar.
upper futtock riders; V. Egwillettes. Aiguillette ou ligne d'amarrage, lashing.

AIGUILLETTÉ, E, adj. whose breeches are
tied with points, also stiff, starched, V. Egwilletter.

AIGUILLETTER, e-gul-ie-th, v. a. to tie with points. Mar. to clash.

Alguillettier, e-gal-le-th, s. m. one who tags or points laces or cords.

AIGUILLIER, è-gùi-ffà, s. m. needle-case,

also needle-maker. Alguillon, e-gul-lon, s. m. sting, good,

spur, motive, incentive, incitement, inducement, encouragement.

AIGUILLONNER, e.gli-lò-nà, v. a. to incite, goad, spur on, stir up, egg on.
AIGUISÉ, E, è-gl-zà, adj. whetted, made

sharp, etc.

Aiguisement, ê-gîz-mên, s. m. whetting,

sharpening.
Alcouser, ê-gl-za, v. a. to whet, sharpen, make sharp, set an edge on.

AIL, M, s. m. aux in the plural, garlick,

clove of garlick.

Alle, el, s. f. wing. Bout d'aile. V. Boudelle. Ailes d'un moutin à vent, sweeps of a mill. Ailes d'une armée, wings of au.
Ailes d'un bâtiment, wings of a buildAile de la nef d'une église, aisle or ile wind-mill. of a church. Ailes de lardoire, broad end of a larding pin. Aile, lead wherein are set the panes of glass windows. Jen ai dans l'aile, I am caught, I am at a loss, I am undone. En tirer pied ou aile, to get a snack or snip of it. Il ne bat plus que d'une aile, he is gone, he is undone, he is put to his last shifts. Aile, s. f. ale. Ailes d'arrimage, Mar. wings of the hold. Ailes de dérive, les boards; ailes de la cale, rup. Boats-d'aile, quills (for pens.)
AILE, E, ê-la, adj. winged, that has wings.

Alleron, el-ron, s. m. extremity of a wing; Ailerons, wings or ladles (of a water mill;) gristly part (of the mose on both sides of the tip.)

AILETTE, è-lèt, s. f. side-lining (of a shoe.)
AILLADE, è-lad, s. f. garlick ragout or sauce.

AILLEURS, &-leur, adv. elsewhere, somewhere else, in another place. Par ailleurs, through another place. D'uilleurs, from another place; besides, moreover; otherwise, in

other things, in other respects.

Almable, e-mabl, adj. amiable, lovely. AIMANTE, E. men, s. m. loadstone, maguet.
AIMANTE, z., adj. rubbed or touched with a loadstone; aiguille aimantée, magnetic needle.

AIMANTER, ê-mên-tâ, v. a. to rub or touch with a loadstone.

win a necessore.

AIMATIN, E. è-mèn-tin, fin, adj. of or belonging to a loadstone, magnetick.

AIME, E. adj. loved, beloved. Bienaimé,
well-beloved, daring.

AIMER, è-mà, v. a. to love, have an affection at its latter for live by its large with

tion or inclination for, like, be in love with, be taken with, fancy, be fond of. Se faire aimer, to gain people's love, favour or good will. Aimer mieux, to prefer, choose rather. Aimer mieux ame chose qu'une autre, to prefer one thing to another.

S'aimer, v. r. to love one's self. S'aimer en quelque lieu, to like a place, like or love being there, delight in it. S'entr'aimer, to love one another.

AINE, èn, s. f. groin. AINE, e, è-nk, adj. eldest, first born; elder, older, senior. L'aîné de deux frères, the elder brother.

other.
AINE, s. m. eldest son, first-born.
AINEE, s. f. eldest daughter.

AINESSE, è-nes, s. f. eldership. Drait d'ainesse, birthright.

*Ains, ins, adv. Ex. Ains au contraire,

but on the contrary.

AINSI, in-sl, adv. so, thus, after this manner; so, just so, likewise; therefore.

Ainsi que ou tout cansi que, as, even as, so as. Est-ce ainsi que vous étudiez? Do you study no better? Il est ainsi fait, that is his temper, way, or humour. On est ainsi fait, such is the genius of this age. Ainsi-soit it, amen, so be it. "Ainsi n'avienne, God forbid.

*Comme ainsi soit que, whereas.

AIR, er, s. m. air, wind. En l'air, in vain, vainly, sillily, extravagantly. Prendre l'air du feu ou d'un fagot, to warm one's self by the fire or with a fagot. Déchausser les arbres par le pied pour leur donner de l'air, to bare the roots of trees or dig the earth about them, to refresh them. Donner de l'air à un tonneau, to give vent to a vessel. Aron low-jours le pied en l'air, to be always in motion, flutter about. Air, air, manner, way, course, carriage, rate, form, fashion, demeanour, look, countenance, aspect, presence, fashion, out side, appearance, harmony of features, (in a picture, etc. Avoir l'air de quelqu'un, to look like one, be like him. Je vous tous les traits, etc. de votre visage dans ce portrait, mais l'air n'y est pas, I see all your features in this picture, but yet it wants your air. Air de Vent. V. Aire. Air, air, tune, song. Air à boire, jovial drinking song. Air, Mar. way of a ship. Le bâtiment n'a pas assez d'air pour virer de bord, the ship has not way enough to out about; prendre de l'air, to gather way. V. Aire et Donner.

AIRAIN, e-rin, s. m. brass.

AIRE, er, s. f. smooth and even floor. Aire d'une grange, a barn floor ; eyrie ; area, space betwixt the walls, superficies, area or inside (of any geometrical figure;) circle about the Aire de vent, s. f. Mar. moon and some stars. point, quarter, point of the compass. quelle aire de vent a-t-on aperçu cette terre? in what quarter was that land seen?

AIRKE, e-ra, s. f. barn floor full of sheaves

ready to be thrashed.

AIRER, ê-ra, v. n. to make a nest or eyrie. AIRIÉ et AIRIER. V. Aéré et Aérer. Ats, è, s. m. board, plank. Ais de carton, paste-board.

Alsanoz, e-zens, s. f. ease, facility, free-

dom. Aisonces, a privy, house of office.
AISCEAU, s. m. cooper's adze.
AISE, és, adj. glad, well-pleased, joyful.
Vous ne serez pas bien aise que je nous dise lo verité, you will not like to bear the truth from bone, bût : jêdne, mêute, bêurre : ênfant, bênt, liên : vin : mon : brun.

Ansz, a.f. contentment, joy, gladness; case, conveniency, comfort, pleasure. Tressailtir d'aise, to loap for joy. Etre à son aise, to be at ease; be in easy circumstances. Aimer ses eises, to love one's ease or convenience. Viere à son aise, to live in plenty or at case,

live comfortably. Leisure, spare time.

A Paise, adv. easily, with ease, without much ado. On est assis à l'aise à son sermon, there is room eaough in the church when he preaches. It wit chez hai en paix et aise, he

lives casy and quiet at home.

AISÉ, E, adj. easy, ready; easy, free: easy, convenient; rich, wealthy, in easy circumstances. Homme aisé à /ācher, passionate man.
AISÉMENT, ê-zê-mên, actv. easily, with ease, readily, freely, willingly.

*AISÉMEST, s. m. easement, privy.
AISELLE, ê-cê, s. m. arm-pit, arm-hole.
AISEL, s. m. ahmrle.

Atsst, s. m. shingle.

Attrologie, s. f. etiology. AJOURE, E, &-sto-rk, adj. pierced (in her-

AJOURNEMENT, & storn-men, s. m. sum-

mons, citation, assignation.

AJOURNER, 8-20or-na, v. a. to summon, cite, to adjourn, put off. Stajourner, v. r. to adjourn.

AJOUTAGE, a-200-taz, s. m. mixture of one thing with another.

AJOSTEMENT, 8-20-th, v. a. to add, join.

Ajouter foi, to give credit, believe.

AJUSTÉ, E, adj. fitted, set in order, set together, ordered, contrived, composed, disposed, joined, clad or dressed.

AJUSTEMENT, 8-28st-men, s. m. framing, fitting requirement distilled.

Sting, squaring, adjusting; agreement, re-conciliation, dress, garb, attire, apparel, ha-bit, furniture, embellishment; improvement. AJUSTER, \$-28-t\$, v. a. to make a weight

or measure true or just; size; to adjust, fit, set in order, join, frame, dispose, put together, put in order; to adjust, compound, compose, reconcile, accord, agree; to trim, adorn, embellish. Afuster un cheval, to make a horse carry himself right. Afuster un cheval au gatop, to put a hone upon the gallop. S'ajus-ter, v. r. to prepare, get or make one's self ready; to agree, suit; quadrate; trim or trick up one's self, make one's self fine. AJUSTOIR, a-cus-twar, s. m. pair of scales used in the mint.

AJUTAGE, 2-20-taz, s. m. tube or pipe for water-works.

ALANDICA-lên-bîk,s. m. an alembick or still. ALANDIQUER, â-lên-bî-kâ, v. a. to refine

too much upon. Balambiquer l'esprit de, v. r. to puzzle or

worry out one's brains.

ALAN, & lên, s. m. (espèce de degue) kind of large, strong, thick-headed, and shortsnouted dog.

ALARGUER, &-lar-ga, v. n. Mar. to take ea-room, bear off, shear off.

ALARME, &-larm, s. f. alarm, fear, fright. ALARMER, &-Har-ma, v. a. to alarm, fright.

Salarmer, v. r. to be alarmed or frighted.
ALATERER, &-lå-tërn, s. m. privet.
ALBATER, ål-bårr, s. m. abbaster.
ALBERGE, ål-bårr, om AUBERGE, s. f. a

sort of early peach

Albergier, al-ber-ell, du Aubergier, s. m. alberge-tree.

ALBIGEOIP, s. m. pl. Albigenses.

Albrene, al-bik, a f. sort of white chalk. Albran, al-bren, V. Halbren. Albrene, E, adj. V. Halbrene. Albrener, al-bre-ne, v. n. V. Halbrener.

ALBUGINE, E, adj. white (membrane.) ALBUGINEUX, SE, âl-bû-zi-neu, neuz, adj. albugineous, white.

ALBUGO, s. m. albugo, white spot on the eye. ALCADE, s. m. a Spanish judge, alcade. ALCAGUE, âl-kā-lī, s. dī, alcaic, (in verse.) ALCALI, āl-kā-lī, s. m. alkali.

ALCALIN, E, adj. alkaline. ALCALISATION, al-ka-li-za-slon, s. f. alkalization.

ALCALISER, al-ka-ll-za, v. a. to alkalizate. ALCEE, s. f. alcea. ALCEINE, \$1-shl-ml, s. f. alchymy.

ALCHIMIQUE, adj. alchymical. ALCHIMISTE, al-inl-mist, s. m. alchymist.

ALCOHOL, s. m. alcohol, spirits of wine. ALCOHOLISATION, s. f. alcoholization.

ALCOHOLISER, v. a. to alcoholize. ALCORAN, âl-kô-rèn, s. m. alcoran. ALCOVE, âl-kôv, s. f. alcove.

ALCOVE, ål-kov, s. l. slcove. ALCOVN, ål-d-on, s. m. balcyon.

ALCYONIEN, E, adj. jours alcyoniens, hal-cyon days, time wherein the king-fisher makes her nest, quiet and calm times.

ALDERMAN, s. m. alderman. Les alder-

mans, the aldermen. "ALDEBERAM, s. m. little star in the tail

of the great bear.

ALE, s. f. ale. ALECTOROMANCIE, s. f. divination by a cock. ALIGRE, a legr, adj. cheerful, merry,

brisk, lively.

ALEGREMENT, å-legr-men, adv. choerfully, merrily, briskly, readily.

ALEGRESSE, å-legres, s. f. joy, gladness, cheerfulness, alacrity.
ALENE, A-len, s. f. awl.

AL ENIER, &-le-nia, s. m. awl-maker or soller. ALENTIR, v. a. to make slow, slacken.

S'alentir, v. r. to grow slow, slacken. ALENTOUR or à l'entour, adv. about, round about

ALERION, å-lê-rion, s. m. eaglet. ALERTE, à-lêrt, adj. careful, diligent, vigilant, watchful, stirring, sprightly, brisk, pert. ALERTE, adv: soyez elerte, be on your guard.

ALEVIN, al-vin, ou ALEVINAGE, s. m. young fry, small fish in a pond.

ALEVINER, al-vi-na, v. a. to stock with small fish.

ALEVINIERE, al-vi-nièr, s. m. small pond wherein fish are kept for breed.

ALEGROMANCIE, S. f. aleuromaney.
ALEKANDRIN, å-lek-sen-drin, adj. alexandrine, verse of twelve syllables.

ALEXIPHARMAQUE ou ALEXITÈRE, adj. alexipharmick, alexiterick, counteracting poison.

Alezan, al-sen, adj. of a sorrel colour. Un cheval alexan, ou un alexan, s. m. a sorrel horse.

Un cheval roux alexan, a red bay horse.
ALEZE, k-lez, s. f. child-bed linen, clout. ALGANON, s. m. a chain for galley-slaves.
ALGANON, s. m. a chain for galley-slaves.
ALGANADE, ål-gå-råd, s. f. a blunt stack.
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ALGEBRISER, al-se-bri-sa, v. n. to speak or write on algebra.
ALCÈBRE, ål-zêbr, s. f. algebra.

bar, bat, base: thère, ebb, over: field, fig: rôbe, rôb, lôrd: môod, gôod.

Angénnisve, ki-sé-brist, s. m. algebraist. ALGORITHME, s. m. algorithm, science of numbers.

ALGUASIL, ou ALGUAZIL, Al-gwa-zil, s. m. alguazil.

. alguezi. ALGUE, alg., s. m. sea-weed. ALIBI, a-fi-bi, s. m. alibi (in lose.) ALIBIFORAINS, a-fi-bi-fo-rin, s. m. pl. vain excuses, evasion

ALIBORON, &-Il-bo-ron, s. m. Maître aliboron, cunning old fox or fellow.

ALICA, s. m. kind of wheat.

ALIDADE, &-il-dad, s. £ alidada, kind of ruler that moves on the back of an astrolabe or any other geometrical instrument to mea-

sure angles or distances.

ALIENABLE, à-liè-nabl, adj. alienable.

ALIENATION, à-liè-na-don, s. f. alienation
or transfer; averseness, dislike, aversion, strangeness, estrangement, alienation (of mind.)

ALIENE, R, adj. alienated, estranged, etc. out of his wits, crack-brained, distracted.
ALIENER, a-Be-na, v. a. to alienate, trans-

fer, make over, to alienate, estrange, or draw away one's affections. Aliener l'esprit à nelqu'un, to make one mad, distemper his brain. S'aliener de quelqu'un, v. r. to estrange one's self from one.

ALIGNÉ, E., adj. squared or laid out by a line, that stands in a right line or in a bow. *Colonne alignée ou haste, taper pillar. ALIGNEMENT, 8-lign-mên, s. m. squaring or laying out by a line; level; row (of build-

ings.)

ALIGNER, &-il-gna, v. n. to square or lay out by a line; level; dress (soldiers.) ALIMENT, &-il-men, s. m. diment, food, nourishment. L'aliment du feu, fuel. Ali-

men, alimony, maintenance. ALIMENTAIRE, &-Il-men-ter, adj. alimentary. Provision ou pension alimentaire, ali-

ALIMENTER, à-il-mèn-tà, v. a. to provide

food for. ALIMENTEU-X, sz, å-fl-men-teu, teuz, adj.

nutritive, alimentary.

ALINEA, &-il-ne-à, s. m. fresh paragraph,

alinea.

ALINGER, v. a. to supply with linen. Salinger, v. r. to buy or bespeak linen.
ALIQUANTE, &-E-kant, adj. Ex. Partie

ALIQUOTE, a-fl-kot, adj. f. Ex. Partie ali-

quote, aliquot part.

ALITE, E, adj. bed rid, that keeps his bed.
ALITER, & li-th, v. a. to make one keep his bed. S'aliter, v. r. to keep one's bed, be bed rid. ALIVRER, v. a. to put together a number

of wax candles sufficient to make up one pound weight.

ALIZE, &-liz, s. f. fruit of the lote-tree.
ALIZE, &-li-zk, adj. Mar. Ex. Vents atizes, trade winds. Prendre les vents alizes, to get into the trade winds.

ALIZIER, &-il-zlå, s. m. lote-tree.

ALKÉKENGI, s. m. alkekengi or winter cherry.

ALKERMÈS, ål-åèr-mès, s. m. alkermes. ALLAITEMENT,s. m. suckling, giving suck. ALLAITER,å-lê-th, v. a. to suckle, murse. ALLANT, E, å-lèn, lènt, s. & adj. Ex. Allans et venans, goers and comers.

ALLECHÉ E, adj. allured, drawn, incited,

tempted, seduced.
ALLECHEMENT, å-lesh-men, s. m. allure-

ment, enticement, seducement.

Allechen, a-le-sha, v. a. to allure, draw

ALLECHER, a-10-sun, v. a. wo manue, uraw in, entice, seduce.

ALLER, à-là, s. f. going, walking; passage, entry; alley, walk. Alléconcerte, shady walk.

ALLEGATION, à-lè-gà-siòn, s. m. allegation, quotation, instance, affirmation.

Arràca. à-lè-s. f. lighter, tender.

ALLEGE, &-lèz, s. f. lighter, tender.

*ALLEGEANCE, &-lè-zèus, s. f. allaying, alleviation, ease, comfort, refreshment; allegiance.

Vialido, Case, commun, remembran, carege cance.
ALLÉGEMENT, s. m. case, alleviation.
ALLÉGEMENT, alleviate, case, refresh, mitigate. Mar. to lighton. Allége l'assure de recors de misaine, clear away the loc fore tack.

Allege le câble, light up the cable. Alleger
un câble, means also, to buoy up a cable with empty casks, etc. in order to keep it clear of foul ground.

ALLEGERIR, ou ALLEGIR, v. a. to make

(a horse) lighter before than behind.
ALLEGORIE, àl-lê-gô-ri, s. f. allegory.
ALLEGORIQUE, àl-lê-gô-rik, adj. allegorical.

ALLEGORIQUEMENT, al-le-go-rik-men,

adv. allegorically.
ALLEGORISER, àl-lè gò-ri-zà, v. a. to alle-

ALLEGORISEUR, al-le-go-ri-zeur, s. m. one who delights in allegories

ALLEGORISTE, s. m. allegorist.

ALLEGRESSE, s. f. lively expression of joy.
ALLEGRETTO, adv. with a motion a little sprightly.

ALLEGRO, adv. with a sprightly motion. ALLEGUER, al-lè-ga, v. n. to allege, cite,

quote, produce, instance.

ALLELUIA, al-la-la-ya, s. m. allehijah;
also, a plant good for sallad.

ALLEMAGNE, ål-mågn, s. f. Germany. ALLEMAND, E, ål-mën, mënd, adj. & s. German

ALLEMANDE, s. f. allemande (in music.) ALLER, 1-la, v. n. to go. Aller à pied, to go on foot, foot it. Aller à grands pas, to go very fast, walk very fast. Aller le trot, to trot. Aller l'amble, to amble. Aller à tacnes, to grope along. Aller as contraire, aller à l'encontre, to go against, run counter, oppose. Aller à la ren-contre, to go to meet. Aller à la rencontre, contre, to go to meet. to obviate, prevent. Allee as paix, depart in peace. Ne faire qu'aller et vener, to be ever running up and down. Jene fera qu'aller et vener, I will not stawn. Jene fera qu'aller et vener, I will not stawn, I will be back again presently. Aller à l'exces, to run out into excess. Tostes les coux des rivières Aller, to go, run. nont à la mer, all the waters of rivers run or go into the sea. Aller, to go, run, come, amount, (speaking of time, extension, number.) Ries than time. La forêt va depais le village jusqu'à la rivière, the forest goes or runs from the village to the river. Ce calcul on à tent, that reckoning amounts or comes to so much. rasoir que va bien, a razor that cuts well. Aller, to end, lead, come. Catte pièce de terre us en pointe, that piece of ground ends in a point. Ce chemin un à l'église, this way goes or

leads to the church. Son entreprise est allée à ries, his undertaking is come to nothing. Aller, to go, go forward, go on. Ces ouvriers vont bien lentement, these workmen get on very slowly. Le commerce ne va plus, there is no trade stirring, trading is dead. Cette affaire an de bien en mieux, that business goes on better and better. Aller, to concern. Je n'ai rien dit qui aille à rous, I said nothing that concerns you; what I said was not meant for you. Aller, to tend to, drive at, aspire to, aim at, be bent. Aller, to go about, to act, proceed. Est ce ainsi que vous y allez? Is this your way of proceeding? Is this your way? Aller rondement, to act candidly or roundly. Aller, to go, do, or be well or ill. Comment us notre santé? Comment nous en na? How goes your health! how goes it with you! how do you do ? Comment vont voe affaires? how does your business go on? tout at bien, all is well, or goes on well. Aller bien ou mal, to become or suit well or ill. Aller, to fit. Aller de pair, to be equal. Aller, to be going, be ready, go near, chance. Il va sortir, he is just going out. Il va rendre l'âme, he is ready to give up the ghost. Il s'est all embarrasser dans cette affaire, he has entangled himself in that business. Celas'en ra fait, that is almost done. Le carême va finir, Lent draws to an end. Aller aux opinions, to put to vote. Aller, lay, stake. Aller par hast et par bas, to void upwards and downwards. Faire aller, to make go, set a going, move, give motion to, etc. Lenser aller son corps, se laisser aller, to let one's body swag or hang. Se laisser aller a quelque chose, to abandon, or give over one's self to a thing, yield, or give way to it. Faire en aller, to drive out, drive away. Faire en aller les boutons du visage, to take away the pimples of one's face. Il en va de cette affaire pimples of one's face. Il en va de cette affaire comme de l'antre, it is with this business as with way: get one's self gone, depart, set out. S'en aller d'une carte, to throw away a card. Il s'en or pleaseoir, it is going to rain. See aller par terre, to be falling. Cela sen ra some dire, that is without question, that is to be supposed or understood. If y va de notre vie, your life lies or is at stake, your life is concerned in it. Allows, va. alles, (interjections.) Ex. Allows, finisons, come, or come on, let us make an end. Va. tu ne seis pas empasser les gens, away or go, you know not how to wheedle people. *Un las d'aller, a lazy fellow or lazy bones.

Aller, Mar. to go, be bound, run, sail, etc.
Où allez-pous? where are you bound to? Nous allons à Bordeaux, we are bound to Bordeaux. Ce vaisseau vient de Cadix et va à Londers, that ship is bound from Cadix to London. Aller à bord, to go aboard. Aller à la boudine, to stand close hauled. Aller à la cote, to run sshore. Aller à la sécouverte, to go upon the look out. Aller à la sonde, to run by the lead. Aller à la toute, to warp. Aller à le roile, to sail. Aller à voiles et à rames, to sail and row. Al-ler au mouillage, to stand in for anchorage. ler an monitage, to mann.

Aller an routis, to roll, fetch away. Aller de conbout à la lame, to bow the sea. erre, to keep company with a ship. Aller de l'anant, to go fast through the water. Aller en course, to go privateering. Aller en croisière,

to go upon a cruise. Aller en dérive, to to go adrift. Aller en lest, to go in ballast. Aller en rade, to go out of harbour into a neighbouring road-stead. Aller à fond, to sink, go to the bottom.

ALLER, s. m. Ex. Il a en l'aller pour le venir, he has had his labour for his pains.

Pis aller, V. Pis.

ALLESER, &-le-zå, v. a. to enlarge the caliber of a gun.

ALLESOIR, &-le-zwar, s. m. bore or borer. ALLESURE, s. f. parts of metal which fall

down in the boring of a gun.
ALLEU, a-leu, s. m. Franc alleu, freehold, free tenure. Terres en franc alleu, allodial lands, freehold.

ALLIACE, å-fi-åe, s. m. allaying, mixture or mixing of metals; alloy or allay; alliquios.
ALLIACE, å-fi-èzs, s. f. alliance or affinity by marriage, match; union, uniting, blending; alliance, confederacy, league, covenant; a gimmal, wedding ring.
ALLIÉ, z. å-fi-å, adj. allied, matched; allaned mixed.

layed, mixed.
ALLIE, s. m. ALLIEE, s. f. kinsman, or

kinswoman, relation; ally, confederate.

ALLIER, a-lia, v. a. to allay, mix. On peak
allier ces choses ensemble, those things may be reconciled together.

S'allier, v. r. to match. To enter into an alliance, or confederacy, make an alliance. To be alloyed or mixed.

ALLIER, s.m. sort of net to catch partridges. ALLIGATION, s. f. alligation.

ALLIGATOR, s. m. alligator.

ALLIOTH, s. f. star in the tail of the great bear.

ALLITÉRATION, s. f. alliteration. ALLOBROGE, al-lo-broz, s. m. clownish or

unmannerly fellow ALLOCATION, al-lo-ka-slow, s. f. allowance

or putting into an account Allocution, al-lo-kh-sion, s. f. allocution. ALLODIAL, E, al-lò-dì-al, adj. allodial, free.
Terres allodiales, allodial or free lands.

ALLODIALITE, al-lò-dì-a-lì-ta, s. f. allodiality, free tenure, freehold.

ALLONGE, &-lonz, s. f. eking-piece longes de perruque, drops of a wig. Allonge, Mar. futtock, futtock-timber. Allonge de revers, top-timber. Allonges de porque, futtock riders. Allonge des écubiers, hawse-pieces. Allonges de cornière, top-timbers of the fashion piece. Allonges de poupe, stern-timber. Al-longes de tableau, taffarel-timbers.

Allongement, a-lonz-men, s. m. lengthening or stretching out, drawing out in length, extension; prolonging, delay; delaying, pro-

tracting. ALLONGER, a-lon-za, v. a. to lengthen, stretch out, draw out in length, eke out; to prolong, defer, delay, protract. Allonger une coup, to styke a blow. Allonger une botte, to make a thrust or pass. Allonger la courroie, to make a penny go a great way. S'allonger, v. r. to stretch, grow longer. Mar. Allonge les écontes des huniers, stretch along the topsail shoets. Allonge was biture du maitre câ-ble, get up a range of the sheet cable. Allouable, à loo-abl, adj. allowable.

ALLOUE, s. m. journeyman. ALLOUER, &-loo-h, v. a. to allow, account for, graut.

bar, bat, base: thère, ebb, over: field, fig: rôbe, rôb, lord: môod, good.

AMÉNAGER, v. a. to cut out wood for sale. AMENDABLE, &-men-dabl, adj. finable, al-

AMENDE, a-mend, a. of inne, mulct, aso, mendable, that may be mended.

AMENDE, a-mend, s. of fine, mulct, penalty, forfeit, amercement. Condamer, mettre à l'amende, to fine, set a fine upon, amerce. Amende honorable, publick acknowledgment of an offence or crime.

AMENDÉ, E, adj. fined; amended, mended, etc.

AMENDEMENT, &-mend-men, s. m. amendent, bettering, mending, improvement, reformation.

AMENDER, &-men-da, v. a. to fine, mulct, merce, to mend, amend, improve, better. To improve, manure (land,) to reform. Amender, v. n. to be fined, pay a fine or penalty. To mend, improve, grow better; to mend in point of health, be on the mending hand. To profit, be the better. To fall in hand. To profit, be the better. To fall in price. S'amender, v. r. to amend, grow better, be reformed.

AMENDIER, s. m. receiver of fines. AMENER, am-na, v. a. to bring, draw, lead. Amener une affaire jusqu' à un certain point, to carry a business to a certain point. Amener ante mode, un mage, to introduce or bring up a fashion or custom. Amener, (at dice,) to strike. Il nous fant amener le moulin par l'église, we must bring the wind-mill to bear with the church. Voile amenée, sail lowered.

Amin's the content of
AHRR, E, &-mer, adj. bitter. Bitter, hard, grievous, sad, troublesome.

AMER, s. m. bitterness; gall of animals.

AMEREMENT, a-mer-men, adv. bitterly,

grievously. AMERICAIN, E, &-me-rl-kin, ken, adj. & s.

American. AMÉRIQUE, à-mè-rik, s. f. America.

AMERTUME, &-mer-tum, s. f. bitterness, bitter taste; grief, affliction, hatred, gall. AMESUREMENT, s. m. admeasurement.

AMESURER, v. a. to appraise, proportion. AMETHYSTE, à-mā-tist, s. f. amethyst. AMEUBLEMENT, à-mèubl-mên, s.m. house-

hold-stuff, furniture, moveables. Avoir un fort joli ameublement, to have a house or room neatly furnished.

AMEUBLER, V. Meubler. AMEUBLIR, 4-med-blir, v. a. to make moveable.

AMEUBLISSEMENT, &-med-blis-men, s. m. the making moveable, thing made moveable. AMBUTEMEST, s. m. the forming of dogs into a pack.

AMEUTER, à-mêu-tà, v. a. to form dogs in-to a pack, to stir up. Amenter le pesple, to raise a mob. S'amenter, v. r. to assemble riotously.

AMPIGOURI or AMPHIGOURI, s. m. burlesque poem or speech full of puns.

AMPIGOURIQUE or AMPHIGOURIQUE, adj. affected, bombastic, unintelligible, pun-

ning.
AMI, s. m. AMIE, &-ml, ml, s. f. friend, ac-

(of a married woman,) friend, lover. de la vérité ou de la vertu, lover of truth or

AMI, E, adj. friendly, kind, courteous. Ami lecteur, courteous reader.

AMIABLE, &-ml-abl, adj. friendly, kind, courteous. A l'amiable, adv. amicably, friendly, lovingly, in an amicable manner.

AMIABLEMENT, a-mi-abi-men, adv. ami-

cably, friendly, kindly, lovingly.

AMIANTE, a-mi-ent, s. m. a mineral substance which is made into incombustible cloth.

Amical, n, å-ml-kål, adj. amicable, friendly. Amicalement, å-ml-kål-men, adv. ami-

AMICALEMENT, and amice, a priest's robe.
AMIDON, a-ml-don, s. m. starch.
AMIDONIER, a-ml-do-nia, s. m. starch-

AMIGNARDER or AMIGNOTER, &-mi-grad-ta, v. a. to fondle, cocker.

AMINCIR, à-min-sir, v. a. to make small or smaller, make thin.

AMIRAL, 1-ml-ral, s. m. admiral. L'amiral, the admiral's ship.

AMIRAL, E, adj. belonging to the admiral. AMIRALE, s. f. admiral's wife or lady. AMIRALE, s. Admiral's galley.

AMIRANTE, s. m. high admiral (in Spain.) AMIRAUTÉ, a-mi-ro-ta, s. m. admiralship, admiralty.

AMISSIBILITÉ, s. f. possibility of being lost (in theology.)

AMISSIBLE, adj.amissible, that may be lost. AMITIE, &-ml-tla, s. f. friendship, love, unity, affection; favor, kindness, courtesy. Il a fait une nouvelle amitié, he has got a new love or amour. La musique est son amitié, musick is his delight. Sympathy. L'amitié des couleurs, the suitableness or agreement of colours.

Amities, kindness, fair or kind words, compliments.

Ammi, s. m. bishop's weed (a plant.) Ammonia-c, que, a-mô-nl-ak, adj. ammoniac.

Ammoniac, s. m. ammoniac.

Amnios, am-ni-os, s. m. amnion or amnios. Amnistie, am-nis-tl, s. f. amnesty.

AMODIATEUR, å-mö-dik-teur, s. m. farm-er, tenant of land, lessee.

AMODIATION, a-mo-dil-slon, s. f. leasing,

letting out to farm Amodier, a-mo-dia, v. a. to lease, farm, let out; to take to farm upon a yearly rent.

AMOINDRIR, a-mwin-drir, v. a. to diminish, lessen, make less, abate. S'amoindrir, v. r. ou amoindrir, v. n. to lessen, grow less, decrease, sink.

Amoindrissement, a-mwin-dris-men, s. m. lessening, decrease, abating, diminution.
AMOLLIR, å-må-lir, v. a. to mollify, soften;
to enervate. S'amollir, v. r. to grow soft, tender or pliant; to grow soft or effeminate, lose one's vigour.

AMOLLISSEMENT, à-mô-lls-mên, s. m. sof

tening, effeminacy, softness.

Амоми, å-mom, s. m. amomum. Амоми, å-mo-mi, s. m. Jamaica pepper. Amonceler, a-mons-la, v. a. to heap up, lay on a heap.

AMONT, a-mon, adv. up the river. quaintance, fellow, crony, companiou, gallant | mont, down the river. Baleau qui vient d'a bose, bot : jeune, meute, beurre : essest, cent, lies : vin : mon : brun.

mont or du pays d'amont, a boat that gues down the river. Vent d'amont, easterly wind

AMORCE, a-mors, s. f. bait, allurement, attraction, charm, decoy; priming (of fire

Amorcan, a-mor-sa, v. a. to bait; to prime;

to allure, inveigle, decoy, entice, draw in.
AMOROJE, s. m. kind of auger.
AMORTIE, \$-mbr-dr, v. a. to quench, extinguish, part out; to dead or deaden (a bullet;) to deaden or tace (concurs y cool (the peasions;) to amortize, redeem, buy out, extinguish (rents or pensions;) to grant or pass away (an estate in mortmain.) Sumor-tir, v. r. to be quenched, etc. Amortir, Mar. to deaden, sew. Amortissez l'air du bâtiment, deaden the ship's way. Ce bâtiment est amor-

Amortissable, å-mår-tl-sabl, adj, re-ملحوصمعاء

AMORTISSEMENT, &-mor-ils-men, s. m. deadening, weakening, abating; redeeming or buying out or extinguishing (of a rent, etc.) also, mortmain or a license of mortmain; the finishing of a piece of architecture.

AMOVIBILITE, s. f. possibility of being

amoved or revoked.

Amovinia, &-mo-vibl, adj. that may be moved.

Amour, à-moor, s. m. love, affection, pasm, desire. Love, Cupid, god of love. Aroad bitch. Pour l'amour de, prep. for the ove or sake of.

Amours, s. f. pl. leve; party beloved; also,

mour, intrigu

AMOURACHE, E, adj. in love, fallen in love. AMOURACHER, (s') sk-moo-ra-ska, v. r. to fall in love, be smitten.

AMOURÉTTE, L'moo-ret, s.f. a foolish pasion, love, amour. Se marier par amourette, to narry for love; s. f. pl. sort of grass.

ABOUREUSEMENT, &-moo-reus-men, adv.

amerously, lovingly.

Amouran-z, sz, k-mde-reu, reuz, adj. in lawe, smitten (speaking of persons;) amorous, of love (speaking of thingz.)

AMOUREUX, S. m. lover, wooer, gallant, park; amoureux transi, whining or languish-

AMPHIBIE, en-fl-bl, adj. amphibious.

libie, an amphibious animal AMPHIBOLOGIE, co-fl-bo-lo-zi, e. f. amphi-

bology, ambiguity. AMPHIBOLOGIQUE, adj. amphibological,

mbiguous. AMPHIBOLOGIQUEMENT, en-fi-bô-lô-zîk-

en, adv. amphibologically, ambiguously. AMPHIBRAQUE, s. m. foot of a long syllable between two short ones.

AMPRICTEON, co-fik-slon, s. m. represent-

ative of a town (among the Greeks.)

AMPHIMACRE, s. m. foot of a short syllable between two long.

AMPHIPROSTYLE, s. m. amphiprostyle, or edifice with four columns in the front, and as many on the back part.

AMPHIPTERE, s. m. serpent with two wings. AMPHISBÈRE, s. m. amphisbens, or serpent with two heads.

AMPHISCIERS, en-fl-sl-in, s. m. pl. amphiscii. those who live in the torrid zone.

Amphithéatre, ès-fl-iè-àire, s. m. amphitheatre.

AMPHORE, en-for, s. f. amphora, ancient

AMPLE, enpl, adj, large, wide, spacious, of great compass, ample, great, fell. Discourse ample, diffuse, or copious discourse. Ample diner, plentiful dinner, a great dinner.

a, adv. amply, fully, AMPLEMENT, expl-me

largely, at large, plentifully.

AMPLEUR, en-pleur, s. f. amplitude, ful-

ness (in clothes or furniture.)
AMPLIATI-F, VE, en-pli-a-tif, tiv, adj. am-

pliating, that adds to the former (said of the pope's bulls or mandates.)

AMPLIATION, en-pil-a-sion, s. f. duplicate,

ampliation.

AMPLIER, v. a. to put off. Amplier an criminal, to defer passing sentence on a criminal. Amplier un prisonnier, to give a prisoner more liberty.

AMPLIFICATEUR, ex-pli-fi-kh-teur, s. m.

amplifier, romancer. AMPLIFICATION, en-pil-fl-kh-slon, s. f. amplification.

Amplifies, es-pil-fl-d, v. n. to amplify,

AMPLISSIME, adj. very large, wide.
AMPLITUDE, ex-plitud, s. f. largeness, amplitude; horizontal line drawn from a mortar to the point where the bomb falls; arch of the horizon between the points where a star and where the sun rises and sets.

AMPOULE, en-pool, s. f. bubble, blister or rising of the skin. Vial or glass vessel, in which the oil for anointing the kings of France is contained.

AMPOULE, èn-pôo-là, adj. tumid, high, er high-flown, swelling, swellen, bombastick. AMPOULETTE, èn-pôo-lèt, s. f. Mar. watch-

glass, sand-glass, glass.
AMFUTATION, cs-pd-th-slos, s. f. amputa-

tion.

AMPUTER, èn-pû-tâ, v. a. to amputate, cut off.

Amure, s. f. Mar. tack (of a sail.) Cette frégate a les anures à tribord, that frigate is on the starboard tack. Prendre les am tribord or à babord, to haul upon the starboard or the larboard tack.

AMURER, à-mû-ra, v. a. to haul aboard. La misaine est-elle amurée tout bas? is the forctack close down? Voile amurée, sail the tack of which is hauled on board.

AMUSANT, E, à-mû-zèn, zènt, adj. amus-

AMUSENENT, a, ming, diverting.

AMUSEMENT, a-muz-men, s. m. stop, delay, hindrance, amusement. Toy, trifling business to pass away the time. Amusemens abidren's toys or playthings. d'enfans, children's toys or playthings.

AMUSER, a-mu-zh, v. a. to amuse, keep, stay, make stay, stop, play the feet with, drive off; to amuse, divert. Amuser l'ennessi, to amuse the enemy, hold him in play, keep him at bay. Annuser le topis, to trifle, talk to

no purpose.
S'amuser, v. r. to stand trifling, loiter, tarry
or stay, fool one's time away; to bestow one's pains and time about something, to mind or be taken up with any thing. S'amuser a raisonner de, to stand arguing. S'amuser à la moutarde or à la bagatelle, to trifle. stand on trifles. bar, bai, base: thère, èbb, over: field, fig: rôbe, rôb, lôrd: mòod, gôod.

AMUNETTE, &-md-zet, s. f. amusement, tri- || join at the extremities (said of veins and ar-

fling, toy.

AMUSEUR, &-mû-zeur, s. m. amuser, trifler. AMUSOIR, s. m. or AMUSOIRE, s. f. toy AMTODALES, a-mig-dal, s. f. pl. tonsils, little kernels in the neck.

ANYGDALOIDE, adj. amygdaline, resem-

bling almonds.

An, ès, s. m. year, a twelvemonth. Anabaptisme, à-nà-bà-tism, s. m. ana-

baptistry. Anabaptiste, &-nå-bå-tist, s. m. & f. an

ANACALYPTERIE, s. f. Anacalypteria, feast

on the day when the bride was allowed to un-ANACARDE, s. m. fruit resembling the Mo-

lucca beans.

Anacathantique, adj. & s. anacathartiek.

Anacéphaléose, s. f. anacephalæosis. Anachorette, å-nå-kö-rèt, s. m. anachorite, anchoret or anchorite, hermit.

Anachronismu, å-nå-krô-nism, s. m. anachronism.

Anaclastique, s. f. apaclaticks.

Anacreontique, a-na-krê-on-tik, adj. anacroentick.

ANADIPLOSE, s. f. anadiplosis, reduplication. Anagogie, a. f. anagogy, religious rapture, the raising of the soul to heavenly things.

Awagogique, à-na-gò-elk, adj. mystical, elevated.

Anagrammatiser, v. a. to anagrammatize. ANAGRAMMATISTE, s. m. maker of anagrams, anagrammatist.

Anagramme, å-nå-gråm, s. f. anagram. Analectes, å-nå-lekt, s. m. pl. fragments selected from authors.

Analème, s. m. anaicmma

ANALEPSIE, s. f. recovery of vigour.
ANALEPTIQUE, adj. analeptick, strengthening.

Analogie, t-nt-l0-zi, s. f. analogy; rela-

tion, agreement, conformity, proportion.
Analogical, and-lo-sk, adj. analogical, analogous.

Analogiquement, à-mà-lô-sîk-mên, adv.

analogically. . Aralogiske, å-nå-lô-skm, s. m. analogism. ANALOGUE, and-leg, adj. analogous, analogical.

ANALYSE, A-nh-liz, s. f. analysis. Analyser, a-na-li-za, v. a. to analyze.

ANALYSEUR, s. m. analyzer. ANALYSTE, d-nd-list, s. m. analyzer.

Analytique, å-nå-il-tik, adj. analytical. Analytiquement, å-nå-il-tik-mån, adv.

analytically, by way of analysis.

ANAMORPHOSE, s. f. anamorphosis.

ANAMAS, a-na-na, s. m. anamas, pine-apple. ANAPESTE, à-nà-pèst, s. m. anapæst. Anapestique, adj. anapæstick.

ANAPHORE, s. f. anaphora, repetition. Anaplénotique, adj. anaplerotick. Anarchie, a-sar-sal, s. f. anarchy.

ANARCHIQUE, &-nar-shik, adj. anarchical. ANARCHISTE, s. m. a partisan of anarchy. ANASARQUE, s. f. anasarca, dropsical welling.

ANASTABE, s. f. anastasis. Anastomose, s. f. anastomosis

teries.)

ANASTOMOTIQUE, adj. anastomotick, that has the quality of opening the vessels or removing obstructions.

Anathématisen, å-nå-tå-må-tl-zå, v. a. to anothematize, excommunicate, condemn,

to abjure (an error.)

Anathème, a-na-tèm, s. m. anathema, excommunication, the person accursed or excommunicated. Etre l'anathème de tout le monde, to be abhorred by all the world.

ANATIFERE, adj. anatiferous, producing ducks.

Anatocisme, å-nå-tö-slam, s. m. bratocism, accumulation of interest upon interest. ANATOMIE, à-nà-tô-mi, s. f. anatomy.

ANATOMIQUE, å-nå-tô-mik, adj. analomical. Anatomisen, å-nå-tö-mi-zå, v. a. to ana-tomize, dissect; examine thoroughly. Anatomiste, å-nå-tö-mist, s. m. anatomist.

Ancerras, en-setr, s. m. pl. succestors, forefathers, predecessors.

ANCETTE, s. f. Mar. cringle.
ANCHE, ensh, s. f. reed of a hanthoy or other wind instrument; miller's scuttle; stop (of an organ pipe.)

Anche, E, adj. crooked (in heraldry.) Archols, ėn-shwa, s. m. anchovy. Ancien, ne, ėn-slėn, slėn, adj. old, ancient,

of old time, late, former (officer.)

Ancien, s. m. old or aged man, elder, senior; elder, tay elder (of a church.) Les esciens, the ancients. Anciennement, èn-sièn-mên, adv. an-

ciently, in former times, of old, in old tim ANCIENNES, s. f. seniors in a monastery of muns.

ANCIERRETE, èn-sièn-th, s. f. ancientaese, antiquity, (priorité) seniority.

ANCIER, s. m. little shield (said by the

Romans to have fallen from heaven.)
ANCOLIE, s. f. columbine (a flower.)

Ancraez, en-kriz, s. m. Mar. and Prendre ancrage, to anchor or cast anchor.

Ancre, énkr, s. f. Mar. anchor. Brass or iron bar like an 8 used to strengthen a wall. Derniere ancre, last refuge or shift.

ANCRER, en-kra, v. n. Mar. to anchor. east anchor.

S'ancrer, v. r. to settle one's self (get footing in a place.) ANCRURE, s. f. little plait or fold (in cloth.)-

ANDABATE, s. m. gladiator who fought hood-winked. ANDAILLOT, s. m. Mar, ring to lash a sail.

Andin, en-din, s. m. grass a mower can cut down at one stroke.

Andalousie, s. f. Andalusia. ANDANTE, adv. & s. m. andante, mode-

rately. ANDANTINO, adv. a little more lively than

andante. ANDOUILLE, en-dool, s. f. chitterling.

Andouiller, en-do-la, s. m. sm deer. Premiers or maîtres andonillers, brew-antiers. Sur andonillers, sur-antiers. Andoutillette, en-do-let, s. f. hashed

veal pressed into a small ball or pellet ANDROGTHE, es-dro-sin, s. m. androgy-

nous, bermaphrodite. Androids, s. m. figure of a man moved ANASTONOSER, v. n. S'anastomaser v. r. to || by springs.

buse, but : jeune, meute, beurre : émant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

APPROTORIE, s. f. practice of dissecting an bodies

ABE, an, s. m. ass; ignorant fool, sot, idiot.

Des centes de pieces d'âne, tales of a tub. Pont to a stand. Also pitiful evasion or shift, come off. Coq à l'ane; nonsense, unconnected, extravagant discourse. En dos d'ane, sharp, pointed

Angantir, à-nà-èn-tèr, v. a. to annihilate, destroy, bring to nothing, undo, ruin. S'anéantir, v. r. to fall or to come to nothing, to be annihilated or destroyed; (devant Dieu,) to

humble one's self before God.

AREANTESSMENT, &-nk-èn-ds-mèn, s. m. annihilation or annihilating, bringing to nothing. Destroying, destruction, overthrow, in. Humiliation, abjection. ARECDOTE, a-nek-dot, s. f. anecdote, pri-

vate memoir, secret history.

AFECDOTIER, s. m. one who relates anec-

Arke, s. f. load of an ass.

Anémonères, s. f. instrument to measure

Arimone, à-mà-mòn, s. f. anemone, wind-

Auguoscope, s. m. anemoscope. Augrignaphie, adj. that has no inscription (mid of medals.)

Awenus, an-ri, s. f. ignorance, stupidity. Awenus, a-nes, s. f. she-nes. Lait d'ansse, ass' mifk.

ANNT, &-ne, s. tn. anise or dill.

ASÉVRISME, s. m. sucurism.

APPRACTURU-X, SE, adj. anfractucus. APPRACTUOSITÉ, s. f. anfractucuity.

APPRACTUOSITE, to to community angeli-Arton, ène, s. un. angel. D'ange, angeli-i divine entracedinary, good. Lit d'ange, cal divine, entraordinary, good. Lit d'ange, sagel-bed. East d'ange, sweet water, orange-water; ange, angel-ehot, chain-shot; skate, (a feet.)

. Man.) Ang fri i Que, èn-zà-fik, adj. angelical, di-as, entraordinary, excellent. Ang fri QUE, s. f. angelot; angelica; kind

d Cower.

ANGELIQUEMENT, ès-zà-lik-mên, adv. angelically, like an angel.

Appendor, s. m. sort of Norman cheese;

agel, (coin once current in France.) the Roman Catholicks beginning with the rord Angeles.

ARGIES, s. f. angina, disease of the throat. ASGIGGRAPHIE, s. f. angiography. ASGIGGRAPHIE, s. f. angiology.

Arciomorosperme, adj. angiomonosper-

Arctoreure, adj. engiospermens. Arctoroute, s. f. engiotomy.

ABGLE, èngl, s. m. angle, corner. ABGLETERRE, èngl-tèr, s. f. Eagland. ABGLEU-E, se, èn-gièu, gièuz, adj. thick-

nelled, (said of note.)
Americas, 2, co-gli-the, klu, adj. Angli-

a, of England.

Anglicism z., èn-gli-skm, s. m. Anglicism. Anglicism z., èn-glè, glèz, adj. English. Un Angleis, s. m. an Englishman; a dun. Une Angleise, s. f. an English woman. L'an-ciet. English woman. Arrouser, en-gwas, s. f. anguish, great pais, trouble, distress, affliction. Les an-

goines de la mort, the pange of death. Poire d'angoisse, choke-pear, also a gag.
Angon, en-gon, a. m. sort of dart anciently used by the Franks.

ANGUICHURE, s. f. leathern belt by which

the huntsman hangs his horn. en-gl-fad, s. f. lash or lash-ANGUILLADE, en-gl-A

ANGUILLE, en-gli, s. i. an eel. Il y a queb

que anguille sous roche, there is some mystery in it. Anguilles, Mar. ways or bilge-ways on which a vessel's cradle is supported at her being launched ANGUILLERS, s. f. or Anguillors, s. m.

Mar. limbers, limber-holes.

Anguillière, s. f. cel-pond.
ing angles, cornered, corner stone.

ANGULEU-X, SE, èn-gů-lèu, léuz, adj. angulous.

Angustif, E, adj. angust, narrow, (said

only of roads.)
ANHELER, v. n. to keep up a proper heat

in the furnace (of a glass-house.)

ANICROCHE, & al-krosh, s. f. demur, tub, difficulty.

ANIER, s. m. Ansère, à-ull, olèr, s. f. assdriver.

ANIL, s. m. anil, indigo plant.

ANIMADVERSION, A-nl-mad-ver-slow, s. f. reprintend, check, censure, saimadversion, remark, observation.

Ani: (AL, à-ni-mài, s. m. animai, creature or living creature, beast, brute; ass, sot, blockhead.

ANSMAL, E, adj. animal, sensible; natural, sensual, carnal. Esprits vitaux et animaus, vitat and animal spirits. Facultés animales, sensitive faculties.

Arimalcule, &-nî-mâl-tôl, s. m. animalcule.

*Animalitz, s. f. animality. ARIMATION, a-ni-ma-rion, s. f. animation.

ARIMÉ, E, å-mi-må, adj. animated, living, having life; animated, heartened, stirred up, egged on, incited, encouraged. Incensed, exasperated, provoked. Beauté animée, beauty brisk and lively. Beauté qui n'est point

imée, dull beauty.

Animer, à ni-mà, v. a. to animate, quicken, give life, to enliven (a picture,) to hearten, encourage, embolden, animate, spirit. To

urge, provoke, exasperate, inconse.

S'mimer, v. r. to grow brisk, cheer up, be encouraged; to chaet, take fire, be angry.

ANIMOSITÉ, à-nl-mò-al-tà, s. f. animosity,

hatred, ill will, spite, grudge, malice.

Asis, a-ni, s. m. (plant) anise; seed of anise.

ANISER, &-mi-zh, v. a. to lay over with aniseed.

ANISETTE, s. f. liquor made of anisced.
ANETLOBLEPHARON, s. m. disease of the eyes, in which the eye-lids close and stick together.

ANKYLOGLOSSE, s. m quality of being tongue-tied.
ARETLOSE, s. f. ankylosis, state of being

tongue-tied, swelling.
ANNAL, E, kn-mil, adj. of a year, that lasts

bar, bat, base : there, ebb, over : field, fig : robe, rob, lord : mood, good.

Annalus, an-mal, s. f. pl. anneis, annual |

ABRALISTE, an-ne-list, s. m. annalist.

ARRATE, an-mat, s. f. annats, first fruits paid to the Pope.

ANNEAU, &-no, s. m. ring; bew or ring (of a key;) ringlet. Mar. ring, grommet. nema: de corde, grommets, anneaux de bois, hanke

ARRELER, å-nå, s. f. a year, a twelvemonth.
ARRELER, ån-lå, v. a. to curl (hair) in locks or ringlets. Anneler une cavale, to ring a mare.

ARRELET, s. m. little ring, annulet.
ARRELURE, ån-lår, s. f. ringlets, curling of hair in ringlets.
ARRELE, å-neks, s. f. annex, thing annexed,

chapel of case AMMEXER, A-nek-sa, v. a. to annex, unite.

ARREZION, &-nek-sion, s. f. annexion. ANNIHILATION, s. f. annihilation.

ARRIBILER, v. a. to annihilate, reduce to

Anniversaire, i-ni-vêr-sêr, adj. anni-

versary, yearly, annual.

Anniversary, yearly obit.

Annonce, &-nors, s. f. bens of matrimony; the giving out of a play. Now mines some tooks à l'amoure du coup de vent, we got under weigh at the first appearance of the gale.

Annonces, a-non-sa, v. a. to tell, declare, to pronounce, foretel, forebode, promise, preach, proclaim, publish; to give out (a play.)
Assonceur, a-non-seur, s.m. player who

announces the next play.

Announces the next play.

Announces the next play.

Announces the next play.

nunciation. AMMOTATEUR, à-nô-tà-têur, s. m. annota-

tor. ABBOTATION, an-no-ta-slon, s. f. annotation, note, remark, observation. Inventory

of goods attached or distrained.

ARROTER, an-no-ta, v. a. to make a list or inventory of goods attached or distrained.

ANNUEL, LE, a-nu-ei, adj. annual, of a year, that lasts a year. Annual, yearly. Pension annual, yearly pension, annuity.

ARRUEL, s. m. mass said every day

throughout the year for a deceased person.
Annuellement, à-nû-êl-mên, adv. annually, yearly, every year, from year to year.
Annuelte, â-aû-l-lâ, s. f. amuity.

ABRULAIRE, &-nd-ler, adj. le doigt an-mulaire, the ring finger or fourth finger; (of

Annular, a. f. the act of annuling.
Annular, a.nd.la, v. a. to annul, disan-

nul, abrogate, repeal, make void, vacate.

Aughtin, a-no-bilr, v. a. to make noble, ennoble.

ANOBLISSEMENT, à-nô-blis-mên, s. m. the making noble. Lettres d'anoblissement, patent

or grant of nobility.
Anopin, z, å-no-din, dln, adj. anodyne.

Remides anodius, anodynes.

Anolis, s. m. anolis, kind of lizard.

Anomal, z, å-nô-mål, adj. anomalous, ir-

regular. Anomalin, a. ma-li, s. f. irregularity. ANONIME, 1-no-nim, adj. anonymous, name-less. Un anonime, s. m. an anonymous author. Anonimement, adv. anonymously.

Anon, a-non, s. m. young am, am-colt. ANONNEMENT, s. m. faltering, stammering,

ANONNER, &-nd-na, v. m. to statter, read poorly, falter, stammer. Anomer, to foal, bring forth a young ass.

ANSE, èss, s. f. ear or handle (of a pot, bas-ket, etc.) *Faire le pot à deux auses, to set one's arms a-kimbo, strut. Voûte à ause de panier, flat arched vault. Creek, cove Anszarique, èn-sk-k-tik, adj. V

séatiques, hansetowns

ANSETTE, s. f. small handle.

Anspeo, s. m. handspike, lever. Anspessance, enspessed, s. m. officer of infantry below a corporal.

ANTAGONISTE, èn-th-gò-nist, s. m. antagonist, adversary.

"ARTAN, s. m. the year past. ARTANACLASE, s. f. antanaclasi

ANTARCTIQUE, en tark-tik, adj. antarctick, southern

Antécédemment, èn-th-sh-dh-mèn, adv.

antecedently, before, previously.
ARTÉCEDERT, E, és-th-sh-des, dèst, adj.
foregoing, going before (in time.)
ARTÉCEDERT, s. m. antecedent, (in gram-

mar and logick.)

ANTECESSEUR, s. m. a professor of law (in some universities.)

ANTECHRIST, èst-krî, s. m. antichrist. ANTECILINS, s. m. pl. antocci.

Antédiluvien, ne, adj. antedikovian. Antenne, èn-lên, s. f. yard (of a ship.) Antépénultième èn-lê-pê-pûl-lêm, adj.

last but two.

ANTERNULTIÈME, s. f. antepeault. ANTERIEUR, r. ès-di-ri-cur, éur, adj. fore-going, former: anterior, set before, foremost. La partie antérieure de la tête, the fore part of the head

Anterieurement, èn-th-rì-èur-mên, adv.

before, anteriorily.
ANTÉRIORITÉ, èn-tà-rì-è-rì-tà, s. f. priority of time, anteriority

Antes, ent, s. f. pl. antes, large pillars. ANTESTATURE, s. f. traverse or intrenchment.

ANTHELMENTIQUE, adj. that kills worms.

ANTHOLOGIE, s. f. anthology. ANTHRAE, on-traks, s. m. anthrae.

ANTHROPOLOGIE, s. f. anthropology Anthropomorphite, èn-tro-pô-môr-ille, s. m. anthropomorphite.

ANTHROPOPHAGE, en-tro-po-fae, adj. that eats man's flesh.

Un anthropophage, s. m. a cannibal, a maneater.

ANTHEOPOPHAGIE, s. f. anthropophagy. ANTICHAMBRE, en-tl-shenbr, s. f. antichamber, antechamber.

ANTICHRETIEN, NE, adj. antichristian. Antichristianisms, s. f. opposition to christianity.

ARTICIPATION, en-ti-si-ph-sion, s. f. anticipation, prevention, forestalling. anticipation, anticipated appeal. Appel par

Anticipi, z, adj. anticipated. Comois-sance anticipee, foreknowledge; vieillesse anticipée, premature old age.

ANTICIPER, en-ti-si-pa, v. a. to anticipate, prevent, forestall, take up before-hand or be

buse, but : jeune, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, liên : vin : mon : brun.

fore the time. Anticiper sur, to encroach upon, urp, invade.

ARTI-COUR, V. Avant-cour.

ABTIDATE, en-d-dit, s. f. antedate. ABTIDATER, en-d-dit, v. a. to antedate. ABTIDOTE, en-d-dit, s. m. antidote, coun-

terpoison, preservative.

ARTIENES, ès-tlèn, s. f. anthem.

ARTILOEIE, ès-tlè, s. f. Windward Islands.

ARTILOEIE, s. f. antilogy, contradiction.

ARTIMONARCHIQUE, adj.antimonarchical. AFTIMONIAL, E, adj. antimonial.

ARTI-MATIONAL, E, adj. in opposition to

the metional taste, etc.

ABTIRONIE, s. f. contradictory laws.

ABTIRATE, dw-d-php, s. m. antipope.

ABTIRATELE, dw-d-pa-ti, s. f. antipathy,

natural aversion, repugnancy or averseness.

ARTIPATHIQUE, en-ti-pa-tik, adj. averse,

AFTIPÉRISTASE, s. f. antiperistasis. ANTIPESTILENTIEL, LE, adj. antipesti-

lential.

APTIPHRASE, en-ti-fraz, s. f. antiphrasis. ANTIPODES, en-l'angle, s. n. pl. antipodes.
Antipode, contrary, directly opposite. Il
at l'antipode dis bon sens, he is a contradiction

to good sease. ARTIQUALLE, ès-tl-kal, s. f. antique, ruinous piece of antiquity. Antiquailles, old rubbies or stuff.

ASTIQUAIRE, en-d-ker, s. m. antiquary. AFTIQUE, èn-tik, adj. antique, old, ancient. AFTIQUE, s. f. antique, piece or monument of antiquity. A l'antique, piece or monument of antiquity. A l'antique, adv. after the ancient or old way, fashion or manner.

AFTIQUES, èn-d-d-da, s. f. antiquity, ancientes, the anciente ancient times former

mines, the ancients, ancient times, former

ages; antique, piece of antiquity.

Antiscinns, en-ti-slin, s. m. pl. people who live on each side of the equator, equi-

APPROGREUTIQUE, adj. antiscorbutick.

ARTISTROPHE, s. f. antistrophe.
ARTISTRÒPHE, s. d. antistrophe.
ARTITHÈSE, ès-d-tèz, s. f. antithesis.
ARTITHÈTIQUE, èn-d-tè-dk, adj. opposite,
courry, full of antitheses.

ASTITUTE, s. m. antitrinitarian. ASTITUTE, s. m. antitype.

ABTIVÉNÉRIEN, NE, adj. antivenereal.

ARTOSTES,s. m. pl. Antonian, (sort of monk.) ANTONOMASE, s. f. antonomasia.

AFTRE, estr. s. m. den, cave.

ABVERS, S. m. Antwerp.
ABUITÉ, E, adj. benighted.
S'ABUITER, sh-nûl-tâ, v. r. to be benighted, stay till it is night.

Anus, a-mas, s. m. anus, fundament. Anuitri, enk-d-a-th, s. f. anxiety, perplexity, sorrow, anguish, great trouble.

AORISTE, Ö-rist, s. m. sorist, indefinite as

to time

AORTE, s. m. norm, artery of the heart. Aoûr, do, s. m. August. L'août, the har-Aouté, z, k-čo-tk, adj. ripened in August.

Aoûtza, v. a. to ripen in August Acotzaoz, cot-ron, s. m. reaper in August.

APAGORIK, s. f. apagogy.

APAISER A-pē-sā, v. a. to appease, mitigate, parify, quiet, still, allay, soften, assuage, calm, qualify, compose, suppress, to quench

(thirst,) to compose, compound, adjust, make up (a difference.) S'apaiser, v. r. to aliay one's passion, be allayed, be or grow quiet,

one's passion, be allayed, be or grow quiet, etc. Le vent s'est apaisé, the wind is gone down. L'orage s'est apaisé, the storm is over.

APANAGE, à-pà-nàx, s. m. portion of a sovereign prince's younger children. Donner one terre en apanage, to assign an estate in lieu of a future right of succession to the whole. Apanage, appendix, appurtenance, appendage.

APANAGER, à-pà-nà-zè, v. n. to settle an avounger apo for he in maintenance.

estate on a younger son for his maintenance. APANAGISTE, s. m. young prince on whom an estate has been settled for his maintenance.

APARTÉ, à-pàr-tà, s. m. that which an ac-tor speaks aside, (it takes no e in the phural.) APATHE, à-pàt-ti, s. f. apathy, composed-ness of mind, insensibility, freedom from pas-

sions.

APATHIQUE, å-på-tik, adj. insensible, void

of passions.
APEDEUTE, s. m. apoedeutes, ignorant from want of instruction.

APEDEUTISME,s. m. aposdeusia, ignerance from want of instruction.

APENNIN, s. f. Apennine. APENS, V. Guet.

APERCEVABLE, a-pers-vabl, adj. perceivable.

APERCEVANCE, s. f. faculty of perceiving. APERCEVOIR, a-pers-vwar, v. a. to perceive, doscry, ken, discover. S'apprezent, v. r. to perceive, or see, etc. S'apprezent de, to perceive, understand, remark, take notice of, find out, discover.

APERÇU, s. m. attentive observation. Apercevoir, the participle past or passive of which is, aperçu.

APÉRITI-F, VE, &-på-rl-ff, tlv, adj. aperitive, opening (said of medicines.)

"APERTEMENT, adv. manifestly, plainly.

openly, clearly.

APETALE, adj. that has no petal.

APETISSEMENT, åp-tis-mån, s. m. dimisution, lessening.

APETISSER, ap-tl-sa, v. a. to lessen. tisser, v. n. or S'apetisser, v. r. to grow less or short, decrease, lessen or shrink.

APHÉLIE, s. m. aphelion. APHÉRÈSE, s. f. aphæresis.

APHORIE, s. f. aphony, loss of voice. APHORISME, a-fo-rism, s. m. aphorism.

APHTHE, s. m. small white swelling in the mouth.

Api, a-pl, s. m. sort of red apple.

APIQUER, v. a. Mar. Ez. Apiquer une vergue, to peak a yard, top a yard up and down. APLANER, v. a. to raise the wool or nap of a blanket.

APLANEUR, s. m. he that raises the wool or nap of a blanket.

APLANIB, a-pa-nir, v. a. to level, smooth, make even or smooth, lay flat, to take away, S'aplanir, v. r. clear, remove (difficulties.)

to grow smooth or easy, etc.
APLANISSEMENT, a-pla-nis-men, s. m. levelling, making smooth or even.

APLANISSEU-R, SE, S. m. & f. polisher. APLATIR, a-plh-tir, v. a. to flatten, make

S'aplatir, v. r. to become flat. APLATISSEMENT, à-plà-tis-mên, s. m. flattening or making flat.

bar, bat, base: thère, ebb, over: fleid, fig: robe, rob, lord: moeti, good.

APLONB, s. m. perpendicular line or posi-n. Prendre l'aplomb d'une muraille, to level tion. a wall

APLONE, adv. perpendicularly, uprightly. APNEE, s. f. want of respiration.

APOGALYPSE, å-pô-kå-lips,s. f. apocalypse, the Revelation of St. John.

APOCALYPTIQUE, adj. apocalyptical. APOCO, s. m. one who has little or no wit.

APOCOPE, s. f. apocope.

APOCROUSTIQUE, adj. apocrustick.

APOCRYPHE, a-po-kuff, adj. apocryphal. Les Apocryphes, s. m. pl. the Apocrypha. APOUTH, a. m. dog's-bane, fly-trap, (a plant.) APODICTIQUE, adj. apodictical. APOGÉE, à-pò-sà, s. m. apogeo.

APOGRAPHE, s. m. copy of a writing. APOLOGETIQUE, a-pô-lô-zê-tlk, adj. apologetick.

APOLOGÉTIQUE, s. m. apologetic oration, apology.

APOS.OGIE, &-pô-lô-zi, s. f. apology, de-

fence, excuse. APOLOGISTE, &-pô-lô-zîst, s. m. spologist,

he that apologizes.
APOLOGUE, &-pô-lôg, s. m. apologue, morai fable.

APOMÉCOMÉTRIB, s. m. apomecometry. APONEVROSE, s. f. aponeurosis

APOPHLEGNATIQUE, adj. apophlegmatick.
APOPHLEGNATISME, s. m. apophlegma-

...Агогитивски, å-pôf-tègm, s. m. apo-thegm, short, and pithy sentence, maxim,

APOPHYGE, s. f. apophyge.

APOPHYSE, a. f. apophysia. APOPLECTIQUE, å-pë-pičk-ilk, edj. apo-

plectick.

:APOPLEXIE, å-pô-pičk-sl, s. f. apoplexy. APOSTASIE, å-pôs-tà-sl, s. f. apostacy. APOSTASIER, å-pôs-tà-zl-å, v. n. to apostatize.

Apostat, å-pôs-tå, s. m. apostate, backalider, renegado.

APOSTATE, s. f. apostate woman.

APOSTRIE, s. m. aposteme or apostume. APOSTRE, à-pôs-tà, v. a. to subora, appoint. APOSTILLE, à-pôs-tà, s. f. postecript ; marginal note or reference.

APOSTILLER, à-pos-tl-là, v. a. to write a postscript, make notes or references in the

APOSTOLAT, å-pôs-tô-là, s. m. apostleship. APOSTOLIQUE, à-pôs-tô-lik, adj. apostolick; good, holy.

APO STOLIQUEMENT, å-pås-tå-lik-men, adv. apostolically, holily.

APOSTROPHE, &-pos-trof, s. f. apostrophe. APOSTROPHER, &-pos-tro-få, v. a. to apestrophize, address one's speech to.

APOSTUME, à-pos-tum, V. Apostème. Apostumen A-postů-mě, v. n. to suppurate, gather matter, draw to a head.

APOTHEOSE, & po-th-os, s. f. apotheosis. AFOTHICAIRE, a-pô-d-tèr, s. m. apothecary.
APOTHICAIRER, à-pô-d-tèr, s. f. apothecary's shop. (L'art d'apothicaire,) apothecary's trade.

APOTHICAIRESSE, s. f. nun that prepares

remedics in a numery. Apothecary's wife.

Apotrar, A-pour, s. m. apostle; um bon apitre, a pretender to honesty.

APOZÈME, à-pô-sèm, s. m. aposem, docoo tion.

APPARAT, &-pa-ra, s. m. preparation, study; discours d'apparat, discourse made with great preparation, studied or set speech; a compendious dictionery.

APPARAUX, a-pa-ro, s. m. pl. Mar. the whole furniture of a ship, as sails, rigging,

tackle, yards, guns, etc.

APPAREIL, à-pà-rèl, s. m. preparation, provision, furniture : train, retinue, equipage provision, furniture; train, rossessor beight (of attendance; dressing; thickness or beight (of americal à une plate, to a stone.) Mettre un appareil à une plate, to dress a wound. Appareil, Mar. Ex. Paire un appareil, to raise a purchase. Appareil des ancres, ground-tackle.

APPAREILLAGE, s. m. Mar. act of getting under way or under sail. L'escadre est e appareillage, the fleet is getting under way.

APPAREILLE, E, adj. dressed, fitted, etc. Pierre appareille, stone ready marked to be cut. Voile appareille, Mar. sail made ready.

APPAREILLER, å-på-rê-få, v. a. to match Appareiller des bas, to dress or at stockings. Appareiller, v. n. Mar. to set sail, get under way. Sappareiller, v. r. to couple or match.
APPAREILLEUR, k-ph-re-leur, s. m. he that

prepares or marks siones that are to be out.

APPAREILLEUSE, &-på-re-leuz, s. f. bawd,

procuress.

APPAREMMENT, å-på-rå-mån, adv. likely, apparently, in all appearance.

apparently, in all appearance.

APPARENCE, a-pa-rens, s. f. appearance, outside show. Il sty a en elle ancure apparence de vie. there is not in her any sign of Apparence, appearance, likelihood, probability. A phenomenon, an appearance.

APPARENT, E. & på-ren, rent, adj. ap rent, plain, manifest, evident; likely, proble. Eminent, chief, topping, considera Apparent, seeming.

APPARENTS, E. adj. Ex. Bien apparents that has good relations, of a good family Mal apparents, related to persons of low degree, who has very mean relations.

S'APPARENTER, si-pi-res-th, v.r. to make an alliance (with a family.) APPARESER, v. a. to dull, make heavy

and dull. S'apparesser, v. r. to grow lasy or dull or heavy.

APPARIZMENT, &-pa-ri-men, s. m. pairing, matching.

APPARIER, à-pà-rl-à, v. a. to pair, aort, match. Apparier le mâle avec la femelle, to match the male and female. S'apparier, v. r. to couple.

APPARITEUR, à pa-ri-teur, s. m. appari-

tor, beadle.
APPARITION, å-på-ri-sion, s. f. appear-

AFFARITION, R-pa-ri-mon, a. I. appear-ance, apparition, vision.

AFFAROIR, à-pà-rwar, v. n. defect. only used in the infin. and third person sing. if ap-pert, it appears, it is apparent or evident.

AFFAROITES, à-pà-rètr, v. n. (libre pa-roitre) to appear. Les ambassadeurs out fait apparoitre de leurs possoirs, the ambassadors have produced or exhibited their powers are revolutiols. "Il apparent is names." Fil credentials. "Il apparoli, it appears. S'il rous apparoli que, if you find, if you are satisfied that.

APPARTEMENT, à-pàrt-mên, s. m. spertment, drawing-room.

bue, but : jeune, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

APPARTEMANCE, à-part-ness, s. f. appurmce, appendage.

APPARTENANT, E, adj. belonging, apper-

APPARTENIR, &-part-nir, v. n. (like tenir) to appertain, belong, to belong to, relate to, concern; to be related.

R appartient, v. imp. it becomes, it is the daty, it is meet or just or reasonable, it is fit.

A tous caux à qui il appartiendra, to all those whom it may concern. Ainsi qu'il appartiendra, as they shall see cause.

APPARU, E, adj. appeared.

APPAS, &-pa, allurements, charms, attrac-

AFPAT, å-på, s. m. bait; allurement, attraction, enticement.

APPATELER, å-påt-lå, v. a. to feed. APPATER, å-på-tå, v. a. to bait, allure, en-tice, also to feed.

APPAG FRIR, &-pò-vrir, v. a. to impoverish, uke poor, beggar. Appensy'r, v. n. or appensy'r, v. r. to grow poor. Appauvrissement, a-po-vrh-mên, s. m.

APPRAU ARISMENT, decay, poverty.

APPRAU, å-pô, s. m. bird-call.

APPRAU, å-pêl, s. m. appeal, appealing, call, roll call, ealling over; call of a drum; a challenge. Faire l'appel du quart, Mar. to master the watch.

APPELANT, E, ap-lèn, lent, adj. appealing, that appeals.

APPLIANT, s. m. APPLIANTE, s. f. appealer or appellant. Decoy-bird.

APPLIANT, \$p.-lh, v. a. to call, name, to call over; call for, call to, give a call; (excoyer chercher) to call, send for, summon to appear, to challenge, send a challenge to fight. Appeler, v. a. to appeal, Mar. to grow. Comment appelle le child? How does the cable grow? Appeler le monde au quart, to spell the watch. S'appeler, v. r. to be called or named.
APPELLATIF, à-pêl-là-tif, adj. appellative.

Ness appellatif, appellative, noun or name belonging to a whole species.

APPELLATION, \$-pd-la-dos, s. f. appeal.

APPERDICE, \$-pen-ds, s. m. appendix. APPENDRE, a-pendr, v. a. to append, hang

APPENDU, E, adj. hung up.

APPERTIS, 1-pen-tl, s. m. shed, out-house.
APPERT, V. Apparoir.

APPESANTIE, ap-zen-tir, v. a. to make heavy, dall, make dull. S'appesantir, v. r. to grow heavy or dull.

Appesantissement, àp-zèn-tis-mên, s. m.

eavines, dalness. Аргатияси, å-på-tèns, s. f. appetence, ар-

APPETER, 1-pa-th, v. a. to desire, covet,

be desirous of, tend to.

APPÉTIBLE, ad, a ppetibility.
APPÉTIBLE, ad, appetible, desirable.
APPÉTIBLE, ad, appetible, desirable.
APPÉTIBLE, ad, appetible, desirable.
APPÉTIBLE, ad, appetite, that wheta the stomach, reliabing.
APPÉTIT, à-pà-ti, s. m. appetite, desire, desire, desire, deciral, inclination; appetite, desire, des Homme or somme de grand appétit, high foder. Chercher son appétit, to please one's plane. Un cadet de bon appétit, a sharp set lad; à l'appetit de, for want of, for the sake of

APPÉTITI-F, VE, adj. concupiscible, appetitive.

APPETITION, ap-pa-ti-sion, s. f. appetition. APPIÉTRIR, (s') v. r. to fade, lose its lus-

tre, grow rusty.
APPLAUDIR, a-plo-dir, v. n. to applaud, clap hands. Applandir à une comédie, to clap a play. Applaudir à, to applaud, approve, praise, command. S'applaudir, v. r. to applaud or praise or admire one's self, hug one's

APPLAUDISSEMENT, à-plò-dis-mên, s. m. applause, clap or clapping of hands, publick

praise.

APPLAUDISSEUR, s. m. applauder. APPLICABLE, å-pll-kåbl, adj. applicable. APPLICATION, å-pll-kå-ska, s. f. application, applying; care, attention, diligence, study.

APPLIQUE, &-plik, s. f. laying upon. APPLIQUE, z, adj. applied, etc. also who

applies very close.

APPLIQUER, à pli-éà, v. a. to apply, put, set, lay.

Appliquer un souffet, to give a box

on the car.

Appliquer, v. n. to apply. Appliquer une somme d'argent à bâtir, to bestow a sum of money upon building. To apply, engage. S'appliquer, v. r. to apply, to addict one's self, to be applied. S'appliquer quelque chose, to apply a thing to one's self, to take it upon one's , arrogate or appropriate a thing to one's self.

APPOINTS, a-pwiss, s. m. odd money.

APPOINTS, z, adj. ex. Requête appointée,
petition that has been answered. Cause appointée, cause referred to farther deliberation.

APPOINTÉ, s. m. officer or soldier that re-

ceives better pay than the rest.

APPOINTEMENT, &-pwint-men, s. m. dea cause before a final sentence.) Allowance, stipend, salary, maintenance. Formir à l'appointement, to help maintain one.

APPOINTER, à-pwin-tà, v. a. to refer (a To give an allowance or a salary

APPOINTEUR, s. m. judge who puts off the hearing of a cause; reconciler.

APPORT, å-por, s. m. market, wake.

APPORTAGE, s. m. carriage.

APPORTER, &-por-ta, v. a. to bring, convey, cause, breed, procure, occasion; to allege bring, cite, produce; to use; to raise, start (objections, etc.)

APPOSER, &-po-zk, v. a. to set up, put in or

to; to affix.

APPOSITION, ap-po-zi-sion, s. f. apposition, setting or putting to, affixing; addition, adding or putting to.

APPRÉBENDER, v. a. to give to a person of one's own choice one's prebend.

APPRÉCIATEUR, à-prà-d-d-teur, s. m. ap-

praiser.

APPRÉCIATION, à prà-sl-à-sloss, s. f. ap-praising, rating, valuation, estimation. APPRÉCIER, à prà-sl-à, v. a. to appraise, value, raje, prize, set a value upon.

APPREHENDE, E, adj. apprehended, etc.

feared, etc. APPREHENDER, a-pra-ca-da, v. a. to apprehend, take, lay hold on, seize; to apprehend, fear, stand in fear, dread, stand in awe of. bar, bat, base : thère, èbb, over : field, fig : rôbe, rôb, lôrd : môod, gôod.

ARCHANGE, år-kånz, s. m. archangel

ARCHE, arsh, s.f. arch (of a bridge.)
L'arche de Noe, Noah's ark. L'arche d'altiarce, the ark of the covenaut.
ARCHE, ar-sha, s.f. archeus, principle

of life.

ARCHELET, s. m. little bow. ARCHER, år-shå, s. m. archer, bowman. Frunc archer, archer free from taxes. Cette femme est un franc archer, that woman is a termagant. Sort of officer, or attendant or guard. Archer du prévôt, one of the provost marshal's attendants or guard. Les archers du guet, the patrole (at Paris.) Archer des patiores, archer de l'écuelle, foot soldier that has orders to seize upon street beggars, and *ARCHEROT, s. m. little archer (said of

Capid.)

ARCHET, ar-she, s. m. bow to play on a violin, etc., upper part of a cradle; sweating cradle. A little bow used with the hand for

drilling or turning.
ARCHEYTEE, år-kå-tlp, s. m. archetype, original, model, standard of weights, etc.
ARCHEYRCHE, årsh-vè-shå, s. m. archbishopric; archbishop's palace.
ARCHEYRQUE, årsh-vèk, s. m. archbishop.
ARCHI, år-shl, arrant, most egregious. Un archi-fripon, an arrant knave. Archi, chief, great. Archi-chanson, chief cupbearer; archi-fried archi-chanson, chief cupbearer; archi-fried archi-chanson, chief cupbearer; archi-fried archi-chanson. chi-trésorier, great-treasurer.

ARCHICAMERIER or ARCHICHAMBEL-

LAN, s. m. great chamberlain.

ARCHIDIACONAT, s. m. archdeaconship. ARCHIDIACONE, s. m. archdeaconry. ARCHIDIACRE, ar-shi-dlakr, s. m. arch-

deacon.

ARCHIDUC, s, m. archduke. ARCHIDUCHÉ, s. m. archdukedom.

ARCHIDUCHESSE, s. f. archduchess ARCHIÉPISCOPAL, E, år-kl-å-pis-kö-pål, adj. (pron. arki,) archiepiscopal, of or belonging to the archbishop.

Archimandritat, s. m. revenue annexed to the office of the superior of a convent.

ARCHIMANDRITE, s. m. abbot or superior

of some convents, ARCHIMARÉCHAL, s. m. high-marshal. ARCHIPEL, ar-shl-pel, s. m. archipelago. ARCHIPOMPE, ar-shl-pomp, s. f. well in a

ship, pump-well.

ARCHIPRETRE, ar-shi-pretr, s. m. arch-

ARCHIPRÉTRÉ, år-shi-pré-trà, s. m. archriest-hood; dignity, office and jurisdiction of an archpriest

ARCHIPRIZURÉ, s. m. arch-priory.
ARCHIPRIZURÉ, s. m. architect,

master-builder.

ARCHITECTONIQUE, adj. architectural.
ARCHITECTURE, år-shl-têk-tûr, s. f. architecture, art of building.
ARCHITEAVE, år-shl-tråv, s. f. architrave.
ARCHIVES,År-shlv,s. f. pl. archives,records.
ARCHIVISTE, år-shl-vist, s. m. keeper of the records.

ARCHIVOLTE, s. f. archivault.
ARCHONTAT, år-kon-tå, s. m. dignity of the Archon.

ARCHONTE, år-kost, s. m. Archon, one of the chief magistrates at Athens.

Arçon, år-son, s. m. saddle-bow. or perdre les arçons, to be thrown out of the saddle, to fall off one's horse. Eire ferme

dans les arçons, to sit firm on a horse. Arctique, ark-tik, adj. arctick, north.

ARDELION, s. m. busy-body.
ARDEMERT, år-då-men, adv. ardently, vehemently, eagerly, fervently.
ARDENT, kår-des, dest, adj. hot, burning,

burning hot, glowing, fiery; ardent, violent, vehement, mettlesome; eager, earnest, ous. Poil ardent, red or sandy hair. Ar dest, Mar. griping, carrying a weather beim. Vaisseau ardest, griping ship. Le vaisseau est il arardem, the ship gripes. Le vaissem est it ar-dent? Does the ship carry a weather helm? ARDENT, s. m. kind of fiery meteor.

*ARDER, v. a. to burn. La gorge warde, my throat is on fire.

ARDEUR, &r-deur, s. f. heat, burning heat, ardour, eagerness, fervency, passion, seal; fire, mettle.

ARDILLON, &r-dl-lon, s. m. tongue (of a buckle.)

ARDOISE, ar-dwas, s. f. slate.

Ardoisière, år-dwå-zler, s. f. quarry of slate.

*ARDRE, v. a. & n. used only in the inf. and in the 3d person sing, of the pres. indicative, and of the subj. il arde; qu'il arde, it burns.

V. Arder. .
*ARDU, z, adj. bard, arduous, tough, diffi-

cult of acces

ARREE, &-ren, s. f. sand, gravel; that place in the amphitheatre where gladiators and wild beasts used to fight.

ARÉNER, v. n. to sink.

ARÉNEU-X, SE, &-râ-neu, neuz, adj. sandy. ARÉOLE, S. f. small area; coloured circle round the nipple.

AREOMÉTRE, s. m. areometer, instrument

for weighing liquids.

ARÉOPAGE, à-rà-ò-pàz, s. m. Aréopagus. ARÉOPAGITE à-rà-ò-pà-sh,s. m. areopagite. ARER, à-rà, v. a. Mar. to drive, bring the anchor home, drag the anchor.

ARPTE, 8-ret, s. f. fish-bone; angle or edge (of timber or stone.) Arete de cuiller, ridge of a spoon. Arete de lame d'épée, ridge Arête d'assiette or de plat, of a sword-blade. edge of a plate or dish next the bottom.

Arties, s. f. pl. mangy humour (in horses.)
ARGAREAU, år-gå-nö, s. m. V. Orgunezu.
ARGENT, år-sèn, s. m. silver. Vif-argent, quick-silver, mercury. Argent trait or file, silver wire. Silver coin, money, coin. Bosereas d'argent, produgal fool, spendthrift. Point d'argent point de Suisse, no penny, no paternoster. Jeter l'argent à poignées, to throw one's money away. Argent, (in heraldry,) argent

(the white colour.)

ARGENTÉ, E, adj. silvered over, done over with silver, plated with silver, silver-coloured. Les flots argentés, the silver waves. Cris argenté, whitish grey. ARGENTER, dr. zén-th, v. a. to silver over, do over with silver.

ARGENTERIE, år-æst-ri, s. f. plate, silver-

plate.
"Argenteu-x, se, år-sèn-tèu, tèux, adj.

onied, full of money. Argenties, år-sên-til, s. m. silver-smith ; steward, purser.

bose, bot : jeune, meute, beurre : entlant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brunt.

ARGESTIS, E, ar-sen-tist, the, arguntine, of clear sound. Voix argentine, clear voice. Silver-coloured, bright or white or clear as silver.

ARDESTINE, s. f. silver-wood.

ARGENTURE, s. f. thin sheets of silver for Mating.

Argile, år-zîl, s. f. clay, potter's clay. Argilev-x, se, år-zî-lêu, lêuz, adj. clay-

ey, full of clay.
Angor, år-gö, s. m. stub above the bud, dead bough; cant, cant words.

ARGOTER, v. z. to cut the stub of a tree

hope the bud.

*Argoviant, s. m. argoulet, sort of trooper, scomadrel, pality fellow, scrub.

Argoviant Argovian, an. galley-expeant.

Argoviant, argoviant, and the wire-draw gold.

Argoviant, argoviant, v. s. to reprove, con-

reaconing, proof, evidence; subject, or subject matter; contenture

ARGUMBSTANT, Ar-go-men-ten, a. m. dis-

ARGUERTATEUR, år-gå-men-tå-tèur, s. m. arguer, disputer, lover of disputes, wrangler. Arguertation, år-gå-men-tå-don, s. f.

argumentation, arguing, reasoning.
ARGUMENTER, &r-gd-men-ta, v. n. to argue, reason, discourse, infer, conclude.

ARGUS, S. m. one suspiciously vigilant.
ARGUSTE, år-gå-d, s. f. cavil, quirk.
ARGUSTE, år-få-næm, s. m. Arianism.
ARIDES, å-rid, adj. arid, dry, sterile.
ARIDES, å-rid-å-tå, a. f. aridity, drysess.
ARIDES, å-rid-å-tå, a. f. aridity, drysess.
ARIDES, s. g. arides, čn, adj. &c. s. m. &c. f. Arian.

ARIRS, s. m. Aries, the Ram.

ARIETTE, à-riêt, s. f. arietta. Aristanque, à-ris-tark, s. m. Aristar-

chus, severe critic.

ARISTOCRATE, &-ris-to-krat, s. m. aristo-

ARISTOCRATIE, &-ris-tô-krà-si, s. f. arisocracy. Anistochatique, å-tis-tò-krà-tik, adi.

ristocratical.

ARISTOCRATIQUENEUT, &-ris-10-krå-lik-

du, adv. aristocratically. Aristodémocraticafaristodemocracy. Aristodémocratique, adj. aristodemoeratical.

ARISTOLOCHE, s. f. bart-wort, birth-wort. ARITHMETICIEN, A-rit-end-d-side, s. m.

srithmetician, accountant.
ARITHMETIQUE, å-rit-må-tik, s. f. arith-

ARITHMETIQUE, adj. arithmetical.

ARITHMÉTIQUEMENT, å-rit-må-tik-mån,

adv. arithmetically.

ARLEQUIM, Arl-kin, V. Harley

ARMADELLE, ar-mà-dil, s. f. light frigate ; small fleet of Spanish vessels to protect their An animal, armadillo. colonial trade.

ARMAND, s. f. drench (for a sick horse.)
ARMANDR, &c.-md-teur, s. m. owner of a privateer, fitter out of privateers, ship-owner.

ARME, arm, s. f. arm or weapon. Arme à far, fire-arm, gun. Armes, (pl. is more seed.) arms. Prendre les armes, to take up Porter les armes, to bear arms. Aux Minnes. armes ! to usus! Passer par les armes, to | spiry, odoriferous, fragrant, sweet smelling.

shoot or to be shot to death. Armes, armour, wars, fighting, martial affairs. Les armes sont journalières, the fortune of war is uncertain. Armes, military exploits; coat of arms, achievements. Fencing. Maître d'armes. maître en fait d'armes, fencing-master. Faire des armes, to fence. Salle d'armes, fencing-school. Armes, arms, weapons, reasons, arguments, defence, aid. Faire profession des armes, to profess arms, be a soldier or in the army.

ABME, E, adj. armed, etc. V. Armer, Vaisseau armé en course, vaisseau armé en guerre, privateer, cruiser. Armé de toutes pièces, armed cap-a-pic.

ARMÉE, s. f. army. IE, s. i. army. Armée de terre, land-Armée navale, floot, floot of mon ot army. Armée navate, mon, mon war. Dieu des armées, Lord of Hosts.

ARMELINE, s. f. ermine.

ARMEMENT, s.m. armament, arming, warlike preparations, raising of forces. Arme-ment, Mar. armament, equipment, out-fit. Etre en armement, to be fitting out. Metre un bâtiment en armement, to put a ship into commission.

ARMENIENNE, s. f. bluish kind of stone. ARMER, ar-ma, v. a. to arm, furnish with arms; make preparation for war, raise forces; cause to take up arms; to bind, strengthen (a beam with iron bars.) Armer, Mar. to fit out, (said of ships.) Armer les arirons, to ship the pars. Armer les avirons, get your oars to pass. Armer le cabestan, to rig the

capteen. Armer la pompe, to man the pump. Farmer, v. r. to arm one's self, take up arms; to fortify or arm or sence or strengthen or secure one's self. Sarmer de quelque chose, to seize any thing to defend, or protect one's self.

ARMET, Ar-me, s. m. belinet, head-piece *II en a dans l'armet, his brains are out of order, he is brain-sick.

ARMILLAIRE, Ar-mil-ler, adj. Ex. Sphire armillaire, armillary or hollow sphere.

ARMINIANISME, a-mi-nia-nism, s. m. Ar-

miaiasiam. Arminien, ne, dr-ml-nin, nien, s. m. &

L Arminian. ARMISTICE, år-mla-tis, s. m. armistico,

truce, suspension of arms.

ABMOIRE, ar-mwar, s. f press, chest of drawers.

Armoire à reisselle, cup-board.

ARMOIRIES, år-mwå-ri, s. f. pl. arms, coat

of arms, achievements. ARMOISE, s. f. mothwort, St. John's wort.

Armoisin, s. m. sarcedel.

ARMOHAC, V. Amnoniuc.

ARMORIAL, E, år-mo-ri-ål, adj. armorial.

Armorial, s. m. book of armorial ensigns.

maritime. ARMORISTE, år-mo-rist, a. m. a painter,

writer, or teacher of beraldry. ARMURE, ar-mar, s. f. armour; the arming

of a loadstone, the casing of it with iron. ARMURIER År-ind-rià, s.m. armourer, gun-

amith. Anonare, à-ro-mat, s. m. aromatick drug. ABOMATIQUE, à rd-inà-tik,adj. aromatick,

bir, bit, bise : thère, êbb, over : fleid, fig : rôbe, rôb, lord : mood, good.

ARGHATISATION, s. f. mixing with arematicks.

AROMATISER, &-rô-mê-ti-zê, v. a. to mix aromaticks with other drugs.

"ARONDE, &-rond, s. f. swallow. Queue

ARONDELAT, s. m. young swallow

ARONDELLE DE MER, s. f. Mar. light or small vessel.

SMAIL VERSEL.

ARPEGERENT, S. M. rapid, distinct and successive striking of all the notes.

ARPEGER, v. a. to strike all the notes rapidly, distinctly, and successively.

ARPENT, arpen, s. m. scre (of land.)

ARPENTAGE, arpen-thr, s. m. measurement, surveying, (of land.)

ARPENTER, arpen-th, v. a. to survey or

ARPENTER, år-pes-tå, v. a. to survey or measure land. To run, walk a great pace, run over.

ARPENTEUR, år-pen-teur, s. m. surveyor,

measurer of land.

ARQUE, E, adj. best, crooked. Des jum-les arquess, bow-legs.

ARQUEBUSADE, årk-bå-zåd, s. f. arquebusade, shot of an arquebuse.

ARQUEBUSE, Ark-box, s. f. arquebuse, sort of hand-gum.

ARQUEBUSER, årk-bå-zå, v. a. to shoot, kill with an arquebuse

ARQUEBUSERIE, årk-båz-ri, s. f. trade or

business of a gun-smith. ARQUEBUSIER, ak-bû-zla, s. m. arquebu-

sier, gun-smith. ARQUER, ar-ka, v.n. to bentl, turn crooked. Arquer, v. n. to be bowed. Barquer, v. r. Mar. to cumber, become hogged or broken-

backetl. ARRACHE, Ex. D'arrache-pied, without in-

ARRACHE, E, adj. pulled, plucked out, etc.
ARRACHE, E, adj. pulled, plucked out, etc.
ARRACHEMENT, s. m. pulling or plucking
out, drawing or getting out by force, matching.
Arrachement signifies now the places ing. Arrachement signifies now the praces where a vault begins to form itself into an

erch. ARRACHER, à-rà-shà, v. a. to pull, draw, get, pick, piuck out or away by force, grub, pull up, root up, snatch, tear off, wing, wrest, force out. Arracher is years of que, qu'uss, to pull one's eyes out. Arracher une lent, to draw a tooth. Arracher un cor, to pick out a corn. Arracher un arbre, to grub up a tree, pull it up by the roots. Jehi ai arrache ce livre de la main, I have matched this book out of his hands. Arracher la peau, to tear the skin off. Arracher une épée des mains de quelqu'un, to wrest or wring a sword out of one's hands. Arracher, to get from or out, force out from, take away, hig away, tear off. Arracher le coeur, l'ame, les entrailles, to tear one's soul, break one's heart. Arracher sa vie, to have much ado to keep life and soul together.

ARRACHEUR, à-rà-sheur, s. m. Arracheur de deste, tooth-drawer. Arracheur de cors, corn-cutter.

*ARRAISONNER, Ex. S'arraisonner, v. r. to argue.

ARRANGEMENT, à-rènz-mên, s. m. arrangement, ordering or setting in order, dis-posing, right-placing, scheme, project, plan. Prendre des arrangemens pour payer ses dettes, to take measures for paying one's debts.

ABRANGER, &-sèn-så, v. a. to arrange, set in order, dispose, place in order, rank. As-ranger ses affaires, to settle one's affairs. S'arranger, v. r. to settle one's affairs. ger chez soi, to set one's house or lodging in order.

ARRAS, s. m. sort of parrot. ARRE, V. Arrhe.

ARRENTEMENT, å-rest-mên, s. m. rent-ing or taking upon lease, place let or taken upon Joneo.

ARRENTER, à-rès-tà, v. a. to rent or leane out, to rent or take by lease. .

ARRÉRAGER, v. n. to be in arrears or behind hand.

ARRÉRAGES, à cà-ràz, s. m. pl. arrears. ABRESTATION, s. f. the act of stopping, coizing, arre

ABRÊT, à-rè, s. m. act, judgment, decree, sentence; arrest, distraining or attachment; rest for a same. Mettre la lance en arrêt, rest for a cance. Mettre to tenue en erret, the total or pouch the dance. Arret, stay ; setting (of a clock, dog, etc.) Chies d'arrêt er chies conchant, setting dog, pointer. Arrêt de cheval, stop or stopping of a horse. Un caprit que n'a point d'arrêt, en caprit esse arrêt, an unsteady mind, a giddy-head, a giddy-brain. Arrêt, Mar. embargo; settre un officier aux arrêts, to put un officer under au arrest.

ARRSTÉ, E, adj. stopped, stayed, etc. V. Arvêter. Il n'à pas la vue arrêtée (or assurée) he has not a steady-look. Il n'a pas l'asprit arrêté, he is giddy-brained or crackbrained.

ARRÎTÉ, à-rè-tà, s. m. resolution, agree-ment. Un arrêté de compte, an account agreed upon.

ARRÎTE-BOEUF, à rêt-bênf, s. m. rest-har-

ARRÎTE-BOKUF, à-rèt-bêaf, a. m. rest-harrow, (an herb.)
ARRÎTER, à-rè-th, v.a. to stop, detain, stay, make to stand still, put a stop to; to fasten, make fast, tie hard, keep up, stay: suppress, hinder; to hire; to allay, alleviate, assuage (paris,) to conclude, make an end of, determine, adjust; resolve, determine, design, decree, propose. Arrêter un compute, to attle or balance an account. Arrêter un uslet, to hire a servant. Arrêter, to rest, to appoint, pitch upon (a day,) to fix (the eyes,) to set (surrèles.)

Arrêter, v. n. to stop, halt.

Survey, v. r. to sup, usun, pause, rest, stand still. To stand urifling, be idle, loiter, tarry, stay. To settle (somewhere, Te forbear, refrain; give over. To stand, keep to, pitch upon; (à quelque chose,) to mind a thing, stand upon it, stick to it, insist upon it.

Il s'arrête, he is out or at a stand, his memory fails him, he besitates.

ARRÉTISTE, s. m. compiler of decrees, ARRHERENT, s.m. the giving carnest money. ARRHER, a-ra, v. a. to give carnest money,

to secure a purchase. ARRHES, ar, s. f. pl. carnest or carnest

money. Earnest, pledge.
Anniène, à-rier, adv. away, avanat. Arrière de moi, be gone from me. Arrière la raillerie, let us have no joking. En arrière, backward. Etre en arrière, to be behind hand, to be in arrears. En arrière de quelqu'un behind one's back, unknown to one. porte toute arrière, a door wide open.

bine, hit : jeune, mêute, beurre : éntint, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

Amanine, s. m. Mar. stern, after part, aft. En arrière, de l'arrière, sur l'arrière, abast, aft. De l'ausst à l'arrière, fore and ast. En servière du consecou, astern of the ship. Le vent ant droit de l'arrière, the wind is right afi. Le most de missaine est incliné en arrière, the forcn hangs aft. En arrière du grand mât, bast the main mast. De l'arrière des bittes asqu'à la Sainte-Barbe, from abast the bitts to m-room. Apoir vent arrière, to go before ind. Faire vent arrière, to put before the Astriver vent arrière, to bear up, bear away, bear away right before the wind. Le er n'est pas asses sur l'arrière, the cutter is camer n'est pas asset sur l'arrere, the cutter is not emough by the stern. Il nous finst passer de l'arrière de ce brâlot, we must go under that fire-shipfs stern. Le nouire est il de l'arrière de votre point? is the ship a-stern of vour reckoning? Cos bâtimens sont restés de l'ar-vière, those ships have dropped a-stern. ARRIÉRÉ, E, adj. in asreass, behind

ARRIÉRE-BAN, s. m. assembly of free-

ARRIÈRE-BOUTIQUE, s. f. back-shop. ARRIÈRE-CHANGE, Em. interest upon in-

Amnimm-corrs, s. m. that part of a build-g which projects the least.

ARRITRE-COUR, s. f. back-yard.

ABRIBES-FAIX, s. m. after-birt ARRIERE-FERMIER, s. m. under-farmer,

der-tenant. Arrière-fief, s. m. messe fee or messe

Arrière-garde, s. f. rear of an army or of a squadron of men of war. Conduire, meer, commender, Farrière-garde, to bring up e reer.

ARRIÈRE-GOUT, s. m. after-tasie.

ARRIÈRE-MAIN, s. m. back of the hand; ack stroke.

ARRIÈRE-FEVEU. S. m. son or descendant

of a nephow.
ARRICHE-PENSEE, s. f. after-thought, secost and or viste.

ARRIÈRE-PETIT-FILS, s. m. great grand-

ARREÈRE-PETIT-FILLE, s.f. great granddaughter.

ARRITRE-POINT, s. m. stitching upon the isband of shirt siesves, back-stitch: ARRIÈRE-POINTEUSE, s. & Woman that

er wrist-bands. Arrière-saison, s. f. sutumn, latter end

tunta. Old age.

ARRERE-VASSAL, s. m. under-tenant.
ARRERER, \$-rie-ri, v. a. to throw behind
and. Co protes m'a fort arriers, this law-

hand. Co proces m'a fort arriers, this law-suit has thrown me greatly behind hand. S'ar-rierer, to be in arrears, to stay behind.

ARRIMADS, &cl-mkr, s. m. Mar. stowage, the stowage of a vessel's ourge, or whatever is contained in her hold. Note arous aches note arrimage, we have completed our hold. Paire Ravenage, to trim the hald. V. Pière. ARRIMER, & cl-mh, v. a. Mer. to stow. Arriver le cale, to stow in the hold. Arriverm. s. m. stower for correct.)

ARRIMEUR, S. IR. Slower (of cargost,)

ARRESER, v. a. Mar. to lower, bring down (speaking of the yard.)

ARRIVAGE, S. m. Mar. arrival.

ARRIVÁR, å-rl-vå, s. f. arrival. Arrivée, Mar. movement of bearing away, also, et felling off when lying to: /airs usee arrivée, to fall off. Ce vaisseus fait son arrivée. That

ship is falling off.
ARRIVER, &-rl-vk, v. n. to arrive, come to, get into; to arrive at, compass; to come un; looked for, come upon; to happen, befall, come to pass, fall out. Sil arrive que vous ayes besoin de moi, if you chance to want me. Arriver, Mar. to bear away, bear up, bear down, arrive, etc. Le général a arrivé de trois quarts, the Admiral has bore up three points. durit, keep her away a point. Nous arriver d'un quart, keep her away a point. Nous arrivames sur l'avant garde ememie, we bore down upon the enemy's van. Arriver tout plat, to bear round up. Arrive tout, hard a-weather, Sans arriver, nothing off. La fotte des Grandes Indes est arrivée, the East-India feet is arrived. V. Arriere.

ARROGAMMENT, år-to-gå-men, adv. arrogantly, presumptuously, proudly, baughtily.
ARROGANCE, ar-ro-gans, s. f. arrogance,

pride, hanghitmen, presumption,
ARROGANT, E, kr-to-gha, gant, adj. arro-gant, proud, haughty, presumptions.
ARROGER, (*) six-ro-ch, v. r. to arrogate,

claim, challenge or attribute to one's self, take upon one's self.

*ARROI, s. m. retinue, train, equipage. ABRONDI, E, salj. rounded, made round; période arrondie, period well turned. ARRONDIR, a-ron-dir, v. a. to round, make

round. Arrondir une période or une stance, rondir un cheuel, to break a horse, ride him round a ring. Arrondir (in peinting), to relieve, give a rehef to. Arrondir, Mar. Ex. Arrondir un cap, to weather a round a cape.

ARRONDISSEMENT, & ron-dis-mên, s. m.

rounding or making round, roundness.

ARROSE, E, adj. watered, wet, bathed, aprinkled.

ARROSEMENT, & roz-men, s. m. watering.

soaking, sprinkling.

ABROSER, a-ro-za, v.a. to water, sprinkle, soak, bathe. Arroser du riti, to baste meat

that is roasting.
ARROSOIR, 4-ro-zwar, s. m. watering pot. ARRUGIE, s. f. canal (in mines) to convey off the water.

ARS or ARTS, s. m. veins of a horse where they are usually blooded.

ARSENAL, Ars-nal, s. m. arsenal; dock-yard. Arsenic, ars-nal, s. m. arsenick, orpiment or orpine.

ARSERICAL, E, års-nl-kål, adj. arsenical.
ART, år, s. m. art, science, skill, address, craft, cunning. Mattre des Arts, Master of Arts.

ARTÈRE, år-tèr, s. f. an artery. ARTÉRIEL, LE, år-tê-riêl, adj. arterial. ARTÉRIOLOGIE, s. f. arteriology, trealise

or discourse on the arteries.
ARTERIOTOMIE, s. & arteriotomy.

ARTHRITIQUE, adj. arthritick, gouty. ARTICHAUT, ar-if-sho, s. m. artichoke.

ARTICLE, Ar-iki, a. m. articulation, knuc-kle, joint; articles bead, clause. Les articles de la foi Chritiense, the articles of the

bar, bat, base : there, ebb, over : field, fig : robe, rob, lord : mood, good.

L'article de la mort, the point | Christian faith. of death; article (a term of grammar.)
ARTICULAIRE, ar-d-ab-ler, adj. articular.

Maladie articulaire, articular disease, gout, ar-

ARTICULATION, år-ti-kå-lå-sion, v. f. articulation or joining of bones. Articulation de la volx, articulate or distinct pronunciation.

iculation de faits, enumeration, deduction of facts.

ARTICULÉ, E. adj. articulated; set down in articles or heads; articulate, distinct.
ARTICULER, år-d-hå-lå, v. a. set down arti-

cle by article : to articulate ; pronounce, cir-

cumstantiste. Starticuler, v. r. to joint.
ARTIFICE, krd-fls, s. m. art, industry, skill, workmanship; artifice, cunning, craft, deceit, device.

ARTIFICIEL, LE, &r-tl-fl-clel, adj. artificial, artificial, done by art. Sphere artificialle, armillary sphere.

ARTIFICIELLEMENT, in 6-11-- mificially, artfolly, by art. kr-4-fl-dei men,

adv. artificially, artfully, by art.
ARTIFICIAR, and field, s. m. maker of fire-works.

ARTIFICIEUSEMENT, &rd-fl-deus-men, adv. commingly, craftily, artfully. ARTIFICIEU-X, SE, &rd-fl-deu, altus, adj. krd-fl-deus-men,

comning, subtle, crafty, artful, inveighing.
ARTILLE, E, adj. formished.

ARTILLERIE, ar-til-ri, s. f. artillery, ordnance, guns, train of artillery. Bureau de l'artillerie, ordnance-office. L'artillerie de natre bâtiment est trop foible, our ship should have heavier metal.

ARTILLEUR, &r-d-Gur, or *ARTILLIER, s. m. matross.

Antinon, ar-d-mon, s. m. minen mast. Antisan, ar-d-nen, s. m. artisan, tradesman, handicrafts-man, work-man; artificer,

author, contriver. Artisane, a. f. female artificer, contriver, etc.
ARTISON, ar-d-zon, s. m. a small worm in

wood.

ARTISONÉ, E, adj. worm-cates. ARTISTE, år-tist, s. m. artist, artificer, in-genious workman.

ARTISTE, adj. skilful, done in a curvess and workman-like manner.

ARTISTEMENT, år-dat-men, adv. work-man-like, curiously, ingeniously, cunningly. ARUSPICE, år-da-pla, s. m. soothsayer, di-

ARYTHME, s. m. weakness of the pulse. AREEL, adj. Checal arrel, horse that has a

white spot on the hind foot of the right side. As, as, s. m. ace at dice or cards:

ASARUM, s. m. (plant) assarabacca. ASBESTE, s. m. asbestos, amianthus

ASCARIDES, s. m. pl. ascarides, little worm. ASCENDANT, S. m. (in astrology), seemd-ast, influence, strong natural inclination, as-cendency, power, influence. Ascendant, & etc.-den, adj. ascending,

ARCENSION, & sèn-slon, s. f. ascension: as-canding or rising. Ascension or four de l'As-cansion, ascension des L'ascension des li-queurs, the rising of liquors.

ASCENSIONEL, LE, & en-slo-nel, adj. Difference ascensionelle, difference between right and oblique ascension (in astronomy.)

ASCRTE, s. m. & f. ascetick, easchosite ancheret, recluse, bermit.

ASCETERE, s. m. monastery.

Ascétique, a-si-dk, adj. assetick. Ascites, à-dis, s. m. pl. having to shadow. Ascite, s. f. ascites, sort of dropsy. Asiatique, à-zl-à-dk, adj. Asiatick, east-

ASIATIQUE, a 21-a-us, and Aussuck, wase-ern; as also verbose, diffuse, home. Asir.z., å-slt, a. m. asylum, seactuary, re-fuge, place of refuge, privileged place, shelter. Asir.z., å-zln, adj. Ede asise, he or she-asi. Aspalathus, a. m. Aspalathus, sort of wood.

ASPECT, &s-pek, s. m. aspect, sight; looks, countenance; vista, prespect, aspect (of planels.)

ASPERGE, ha-pers, s. f. separagus.
ASPERGER, ka-per-sh, v. a. to aprinkle with
hely water or blood.

Aspenaes, to per ses, s. m. holy water

stick or sprinkler.

ASPERITE, &s-ph-ri-th, s. f. asperity.

ASPERSION, &s-ph-ribn, s. f. sprinkling.

ASPERSOIR, s. m. holy water sprinklet or

ASPHALTE, s. m. vapbaltos. Asphaltique, as-fal-tik, adj. asphaitick. bituminous.

Asphodíle, s. m. daffodil.

Asphyxiz, s. f. asphyxy, sudden suspension

of the pulse, respiration and motion.

Asric, in-pik, s. m. sap or sapick; tengue d'aspic, ill-tongued, foul mouthed, backbising, slandering in an or woman. Aspic, sort of lavender, spikenard.

ASPIRAL, s. m. pendulum.
ASPIRANT, L. As-pl-res, rest, art. aspiring.
Une H aspirante, an aspirate H. Pompe asparate, suction pump.

Aspirant, s. s. s. & f. condidate, proba-tioner, one that stands for an effice or place. Aspiration, as-pl-ra-don, s. f. respiration, breathing; fervent desire, longing efter; pi-

ous ejaculation; aspiration.

ASPIRER, as pl-rk, v. a. to fetch or to draw breath. Aspirer l'H, to aspirate the H, to pronounce it with an aspiration. Aspirer 6. to as-

sounce it with an aspiration. Aspire 4, to aspire 4, covet, desire, ambitiously seek, aim at.

Assa, s.f. sort of gum or resis. Assa-dedicis,
benzoin. Assa-feetida, assa feetida.

Assastaria, i.e.b.-bis, v. s. 40 fill or choke
up with sand. S'assabler, v. r. Man. to run
aground, sich in the sand. V. Establer.

Assatillant, i.e.b.-bis, s. m. usesismt, aggressor; also challenger at tilting.

Assaillin, a sa dr. v. a. to assault, assail, attack, set upon. Nous fames assuille s'ess costs de rent à l'entrée de la Manche, we were conglet in a gale of wind in the chops of the Chimol.

Advanture, v. a. to make wholesou

Schooling: Asealsoffer, v. n. to school Asealsoffer, n. to schooling:

ASSASSINIA. W. Mannein. ASSASSINIA. W. delenin, din, adj. kiling, wer Assassinya. delening dy dy delening dy dy delening dy dy delening dy dy delening
ASSASSINAT, & Sk-d-nk, s. m. assassination-ASSASSINAT, & Sk-d-nk, s. m. assassination-ASSASSINAT, & Sk-d-nk, s. m. assassination-Manastirms, & Sk-d-nk, s. m. assassination-murder; to kill, tire, trouble, players it of ASSATION, s. & assistion, rousing.

base, bût : jeane, mêute, beurre : enfant, cant, liên : vin : mon : brun.

Assaut, a.so, s. m. assault, attack, onset, storm. Emporter une ville d'assaut, to carry n town by storm. Donner lassed à une place, to storm a place. Faire assent contre quelqu'en, to fence with one. Assent, brant, erfort, shock. Faire assaut d'esprit, to make a trial of wit.

Assecute, v. a. to dry up. Assecher, v. n. Mar. to appear to be dry. Cerocher asseche as la base see, that rock is dry at low water. ASSEMBLAGE, Redribble, s. m. joining, setting together, union, conjunction, collection.

Assemblage, Mar. rabbit, scarf, nting, etc. Assemblage à queue score, tenanting, etc. Ass d'aronde, swallow tail scarf.

Assemble, s. f. assembly, congregation, meeting; company; ball, assembly; reader-wass, meeting of hunters; the tattoo. Bal-tre Fassembles, to beat the tattoo.

Assumbler, & she bik, v. a. to assemble, get up, bring, draw, join together; gather, lay, or beap up; (us parlement) to call or assemble a parliament. To set in or fit in or together (usod work.)

B'assembler, v. r. to assemble, meet, ga-

ther, come or get together. Le parlement d'est amentélé, perlament is met. Assuren, he-sh, blen son comp, v. a. to hit the mark, take one's aim right, strike home. Il hei assena un grand coup de poing nur la tête, he gave him a smart blow on the head with his fist.

Assentiment, s. m. ament.

Assertir, (a) v. n. to assent to. Assertir, a-swar, v. a. to sit, sit down, setmanuscours, a warry. v. a. to say, sit down, settie, place, put, lay; (les tailles) to assess the
land taxes; (son comp) to pitch a camp, pitch
tents, encann; (son jugment) to fix, settle
or ground (one's judgment.)
Sassesir, v. r. to sit down. Asseyer-cous,
sit down, sit you down. Sasseoir sur une
brunche, to settle or perch on a brunch.
Assemmenter. v. a. to tander an oath

Assenmenter, v. a. to tender an eath ASSENTEUR, s. m. assertor, defender, main-tainer, protector, rescuer. Assentron, a-er-tion, s. f. assertion, pro-

ASSERVI, E. adj. subjected, etc.
ASSERVIE, å-sër-vër, v. a. (regularly conjugated) to subject, ensiave, bring under subjection, or into bondage, to overcome, master or conquer (one's passions.)
ASSESSEVE, å-së-sëur, s. m. an assessor, inden lateral.

Judge lateral.

ARSEE, &-d., adv. enough, enow, sufficientproty well, indifferently. On se pest acour
asser de soin de son salas, a man cumot be

too careful about his saivation.

Assidu z. a.-d. du, du, assiduous, diligent, close at business, constant; continual, fre-

Assentuire, s. f. assiduity, diligence, contianal care or attendance, constant applica-

Aserpouseur, 1-d-dô-mên, adv. assidu-

ously, constantly, diligently, continually.
Assiza E, E, & -dk-rk, adj. besieged; hence
ies assiged, the besieged.
Assiza Kart, E, & -dk-rks, ads. that

hesioges, besieger. L'armée assiégeante, the army of the besiegers. Les assiégeans, s. m. pl. the besiegers.

Assigur, &-sla-ch, v. a. to besiege, lay siege to; encompass, compass about, sur-round, beeg, stand or be about.

Assignt, a dent, or Assignto, s. m. As-signto, contract to furnish slaves.

Assigntists, s. m. one who has a share in the Assiento.

Assiette, & siet, s. f. seat, site, situation; sitting posture; state of the mind, temper or condition one's mind is in, assessment (of 4 tax;) fund, assignment; a plate. Assistte à mouchettes, muster-pan. Assistte d'un bûti-

ment, Mar. trim of a ship.
Assignable, a di-th, a f. plate-full.
Assignable, adj. that can be assigned.

ASSIGNABLE, adj. that can be assigned.
ASSIGNAT; s. m. savigament; assignat.
ASSIGNATION, & d.gas.don, s. f. assignment; summons, subposses, citation. Assignation, rendezvous, appointment.
ASSIGNER, & d.gas., v. s. to assign, ap-

point, settle, secertain; to summon, subpoc-ne, warn, cite (to appear.) Assimilation, a-si-mi-la-sion, s. f. assi-

milation.

Assis, x, adj. sitting, seated.
Assis, h-siz, a.f. course or lay of stones
or bricks in building.
Assises, h-sh, s. f. pl. assizes. Les juges
que tiennent les assises, the judges of the circuit.

Assistance, & sistens, s. f. presence, being in a place; assistance, aid, help, succour; assembly, audience, company, congregation, by-standers; council of Assistants.

Assistant, 1-de-ten, a. m. by-stander, au-

ditor, assistant, helper.

Assistante, & sk-tent, s. f. a nun that as-

sists the abbess in a numbery.

Assisting, a-sk-tk, v. n. to be present, stand by.

Assister, v. a. to assist, help, succour, re-lieve, take care, attend.

Association, desdediction, s. f. association, society, fellowship, partnership.
Associat, E, adj. associated, cic.
Associat, E, hed-ch, s. m. & L partner,

Associer, & eò-d-à, v. a. to associate, bring into a partnership, make a partner, admit or join to a company. S'associer avec, v. r. to associate one's self or enter into partner-ship with, join with, keep company with.

Assommen, a.so-ma, v. a. to knock down, kill; to maul; beat soundly; to over-whelm,

grieve, oppress or bear down

Assommore, s. m. a small stick baited and placed under a stone to kill rats, etc.

Assomption, a somp-slop, s. f. minor of a syllogism. Assumption (of the Virgin Ma-Assonance, à sò-nèm, s. f. assonance.

Assonant, E; adj. assonant, chiming.

Assoutt, E, adj. furnished, stocked; sorted, matched. Ils ont des cancistes assortis à toutes sortes de personnes, they have casuists for all sorts of persons.

Assortiment, a-sor-ti-men, s. m. assortment, suit, set; sorting or matching things to-gather. Assortment, stock.

ASSORTER. & sor-tir, v. a. (regularly con-jugated,) to furnish, stock, store; to sort or match. Assorter, v. n. to suit or sort with · match.

bar, bat, base: thère, êbb, ovêr: field, fig: rôbe, rôb, lôrd: môod, gôod.

Assortissant, E, adj. that matches or suits.

Assorz, z, adj. extremely fond, doting. Assorza, v. a. to assot, infatuate.

Assours, E, adj. dall, heavy, drowsy, sleepy, suppressed, stiffed, over, at an end; mitigated, etc.

Assourir, a-soo-pir, v. a. to luli asleep, make dull, heavy, drowsy or sleepy; to suppress, stifle; quiet; mitigate (pain.) S'asupir, v. r. to fall asleep, grow dull, heavy, drowsy or sleepy.

ASSOUPISSANT, B, adj. soporiferous, that causes sleep.

Assourissment, a-so-pls-men,

hasouriss and it is a complete Make deal. S assourer, v. r. to giver weat.

Assourer, & so-vir, v. a. to satisfy, glut, satiate (appetite or passion.) S assourer, to glut one's self, etc. to be glutted or satisfied.

Assoures entry, & so-viz-men, s. m. a

satisfying, glutting or satisting.
Assulting, a.-st.-ze-dr, v. a. to subdue, overcome, bring under, subject, make subject, bring into subjection, make liable; to master, conquer, keep under; to restrict, tie down, oblige; to make fast and steady. S'assujettir, v. r. to captivate, confine, subject, submit or tie one's self : yield.

Assujettissant, E, &-sd-ze-tl-sen, sent.

adj. slavish.

Assujettissment, å-så-zê-ds-mên, s.

m. subjection, slavery, constraint.
Assurance, &-su-ress, s. f. assurance, certainty; trust, confidence; surety, security, pledge; assurance, boldness, confidence; insurance; security, safety, quietness. Lies d'assurance, safe place, place out of danger or out of harm's way. Viore en assurance, to live securely.

Assurat, R, adj. sure, certain, infallible; trusty; safe, secure; bold, confident; assured. V. Assurer.

Assuráment, å-så-rå-mên, adv. surely,

assuredly, certainly, sure enough.
Assurer, a-su-ra, v. a. to assure, affirm, assert, aver. Assurez-le de mes respects, prosent my respects to him. Assurer quelqu'un d'une chose, to warrent, assure, promise (a thing.) Assurer, to secure, make sure; to insure. Assurer un mât (avec des pataras or faux haubans) to swift a mast; to embolden, encourage, inspire with confidence or courage; to prop, bear up. Assurer un vase, to set up a vessel carefully.

S'assurer, v. r. to assure one's self, hope, be sure, confident or persuaded. S'assarer en, to trust in, to rely or depend upon. S'assurer de quelqu'an, to make sure of one, secure or bespeak him. To secure one by ar-

resting or imprisoning him.

Assurgue, a-sa-reur, s. m. insurer, underwriter.

Assyrian, ne, adj. & s. m. & f. Assyrian. ASTÉRISME, s. m. asterism, constellation. ASTÉRISQUE, às-tā-rīsk, s. m. asterisk. ASTHMATIQUE, às-mā-tīk, adj. asthma-

tick troubled with a short breath short-winded. ASTHME, Asm, s. m. asthma, shortness of breath.

ASTICOTER, v. a. to contradict, turment,

ASTRAGALE, ås-trå-gål, s. m. astragal. ASTRAL, E, ås-trål, astral. ASTRA, åstr, s. m. star. Astre de la smit, planet of the night, moon. Astre du jour,

sun, planet of the day.
ASTREE, as-tra, s. f. Astrea (the goddess

of justice.)
ASTREINDRE, as-trindr, v. a. (like feindre, atteindre;) to tie up, subject; to bind (the body ;) restrict.

ASTREINT, E, adj. tied up, subjected, etc.
ASTRINGENT, E, ås-trin-ren, sent, adj. estringent, astrictive, binding, contive.
ASTRINGENS, s. m. pl. astringents, bind-

ing or costive medicines

Astrolabe, as-tro-lab, s. m. astrolabe,

cross-staff. Astrologie, de-trò-lò-zi, a. f. astrology. Astrologique, às-trò-lò-zik, adj. astro-

logical.

Astrologiquenent, ås-trò-lò-elk-mên, adv. astrologically

ås-trò-lòg, s. m. astrologer. ASTROLOGUE, As-tro-lòg, s. m. estrolo ASTRONOME, As-tro-nom, s.m. astronom ASTRONOMIE, as-tro-no-mi, s. f. astronomy. Astronomique, adj. astronomical. Astronomiquement, as-tro-se-mik-men,

adv. astronomically.

ASTUCE, as-tus, s. f. craft, cunning, wile. Par astuce, adv. craftily, by craft.

ASTUCIEU-X, SE, adj. cunning, artful, subtle. ASYMPTOTE, adj. asymptote. ATABALE, 8-t8-b8l, s. m. atabal, moorish

drum, kettle drum.

ATARAXIE, s. f. staraxy.

ATAXIE, s. f. ataxy. ATELIER, at-Ba, s. m. shop or workshop, ATELIER, &t.-Ba, s. m. shop or workshop, men, workshop, men, workmen, people (any number of men employed by the same master in one workshop.) L'active des charpestiers, the carpensers shop: l'active des forgerous, the muith's shop: l'active de gréenent, the rigging lost: l'active des menuisiers, the joiner's shop; l'active des pensitures des peintres, the painter's shop; l'active des poulies, the blockmaker's shop. ATELLARES, s. T. pl. kind of satirical entertainment amougt the Romans.

tertainment among the Romans.

ATERMOIEMENT, s. m. agreement or composition between the debtor and the creditor for the payment of a sum at certain times; delay.

ATERMOTER, v. a. to put off, delay the payment of. S'atermoyer avec see créanciers, v. r. to compound or agree with one's creditors for the payment of a debt at certain times.

ATHANOR, s. m. athanor.
ATHER, a-th, adj. athoistical. Sentiment athie, atheistical opinion.

ATHER, s. m. & f. atheist.

ATHÉISME, &-te-lim, s. m. atheism. ATHÉROME, s. m. atheroma, sort of wen.

ATHLANTE, s. m. Atlas. Des athlantes et ATHLANTS, I. M. Anna. Der and women, put instead of pillars.
ATHLYTE, Ai-let, s. m. champion, wrestler, strong lusty-fellow. D'athlète, athletick, athletical.

ATHLÉTIQUE, å-tlê-tlk, adj. athletick, athletical; s. f. wrestling.
ATHLOTHETE, s. m. president over the

athletick exercises.

ATINTER, v. a. to trim or dress, set off.

base, bat : jeune, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

ATLANTE, V. Athlante.

ATLANTIQUE, adj. Atlantick. La mer Al-lantique, the Western Ocean, the Atlantick. ATLAS, s. m. collection of maps, Atlas;

Aulas, first vertebre of the back. ATMOSPHERE, at-mos-fer, s.m. atmosphere.

ATOME, &-tom, s. m. atom.

ATOMISTE, s. m. atomist.

ATONIE, s. f. atony, debility.
ATOUR, a-toor, s. m. (of nomen) attire, dress, rigging.

Dame Latour, tire-woman (to a queen or princess.)
ATOUREZE, v. a. to attire, dress, rig out,

(100mcs.)

Arout, à tôo, s. m. trump (at cards) faire tost, to play trumps, trump about. AtribiLaire, à trà-bl-lèr, adj. s. m. & f.

atrabilariam, atrabilarious, splenetick.
ATRABILE, & trd.-bil, s. f. black choler.

ATER, atr, s. m. fireplace, hearth.
ATROCE, &-tros, adj. heinous, grievous, edious, outrageous, atrocious.

ATROCEMENT, adv. heinously, grievously.
ATROCITÉ, à-trò-d-th, s. f. atrocity, heinousness, grievousness, odiousness, enormity.

ATROPHIE, s. f. atrophy, consumption.

ATTABLEB, (s') sh-ta-bla, v. r. to sit down

at table, to take one's place at table.
ATTACHANT, E, a-th-shen, shent, adj. on-

dearing, engaging, affecting.
ATTACHE, & tash, s. f. string, band, tie, affection, inclination. Faire quelque chose avec attacke, to do a thing eagerly or with eager-ness. Il a phus d'attache au ciel qu'à la terre, his mind is more bent upon heaven than upon arth. Levrier d'attache, great grey hound, Irish grey hound.

ATTACHE, E, adj. tied, bound, fastened, et. V. Attacher. Attache à une opinion, wedded to an opinion. Attaché à son sens, obsti-ante, stiff in his opinion. Attaché à ses intérêts or à son profit, selfish, minding nothing but his

ATTACHEMENT, å-tåsh-men, s. m. attach-men, tie, affection, inclination, love, passion; stant attendance or application, adhesion;

amour, intrigue, inclination.

ATTACHER, &-tâ-châ, v. a. to tie, bind, fasten or make fast; (arec un clou) to nail; (arecur) to nail or hang (on a cross;) (arecuration) m bruton) to button; (avec une épingle) to pin. Mon bonheur est attaché au vôtre, my happiness depends upon yours. Le ciel a attaché mon bonheur à votre vie, Heaven has wrapped up my happines in your life. C'est un vice al-toché à cet âge, it is a vice inseparable from that age. Attacher le mineur (le mettre en état de travailler à convert,) to set on the miner.

de transiler à convert,) to set on the miner.

Attacher, to tie, oblige, engage or endear.

Attacher son esprit à quelque chose, to apply
one's mind to a thing, to mind it.

S'attacher, v. r. to take hold, cling, keep
close, cleave, sick or stick fast; (à quelque'un,
omprès de quelqu'ann) to stick or adhere or devote one's self (to one;) (à quelque chose) to
give er apply ome's mind to a thing, mind it,
be intent upon it. S'attacher à ses opinions, to
stick to er be wedded to one's own opinion.

ATTACHERIE, aid that may be attached.

ATTAQUABLE, adj. that may be attacked. ATTAQUART, z, i-ià-kan, adj. & s. ag-

r, assailar

ATTAQUE, A-tak, s. f. attack, assault, onset,

sulting words, reproach, abuse; (d'une maladie) fit of a disease.
ATTAQUE, E, adj. attacked, etc. V. Atta-

quer.

ATTAQUER, &-tå-kå, v. a. to attack, charge or assault, to fall or set upon, encounter; to urge, provoke or challenge, quarrel with.

Attaquer la terre, Mar. to stand right in for the land"

S'attaquer à, v. r. to set upon, encounter, stand up against, challenge; also, to meddle with, to try mastery with, blame, find funlt

ATTEINDRE, à-lindr, v. n. like feindre at eindre: to reach, come to. Atteindre à (parvenir à,) to attain to or attain, compass, obtain, reach, come at. Atteindre, v. n. to reach,

hit, strike, touch; to evertake.

ATTENT, E, &-tim, tint, adj. hit, struck, etc. V. Atteindre (d'une maladie), afflicted or troubled or infected with a disease, (de crime) charged with or arraigned for a crime.

ATTEINTE, s. f. blow, stroke. Il requt une

rude atteinte au bras, he received a violent blow on the arm. Atteinte d'une maladie, fit of a Courir à une atteinte, donner une atdisease. teinte à la bague, to hit the ring. Il a en deux atteintes et un dedans, he has hit the ring twice and got it once. Atteinte, blow a borse gives himself by striking his fore feet with his hind feet. Donner atteinte or des atteintes à une chose qu'on poursuit, to go near getting what one pursues. Donner atteinte à quelque chose, to strike at or prejudice a thing. Donner des atteintes, to set upon, tease. Je lui donnerai uelques atteintes pour lui tirer les vers du nez, shall endeavour, by some means or other, to pump it out of him. Je suis hors de ses al-teintes, I am out of his reach, he can do me no harm. Les atteintes du froid et du chaud, the approaches of cold and heat.

ATTELAGE, at-laz, s. m. set of horses or

other beasts (to draw a coach, cart, etc.)
ATTELÉ, E, adj. put to or into a coach or cart (speaking of beasts.) Le currosse est-il attelé? is the coach ready? Us currosse attelé de six chevaux, a coach drawn by six horses.

ATTELER, &t-lk, v. a. to put horses, oxen, elc. to a coach or cart, etc. Atteler le carrouse, to put borses to the coach. Atteler le chariot, to put the horses or oxen to the cart.

ATTELIER, V. Atelier.
ATTELLE, \$\frac{1}{2}\cdot \cdot
a draught horse; a potter's tool.

ATTELOIRE, at-lwar, s. f. peg or piz to fasten the draught of horse

ATTENANT, E, at-nen, nest, adj. adjoining,

next, contiguous, near. ATTENDANT, E, a-ten-den, adj. that waits

or stays for, expecting.

En attendant, adv. in the mean time, in the interim. Promenex-vous en attendant, walk in the mean time. En attendant qu'il vienne, till

he comes, against he comes.

ATTENDRE, & tendre, v. a. to expect, be in expectation of, wait, stay or look for; to expect, hope. Attendre, v. n. to stay, tarry, wait or be in expectation. Attendre à faire ume chose jusqu'à ce que, to put off doing a thing till. Attendez, hold, stay. Attendre après, to stay or wait for. Se faire attendre, to make attempt, encounter, charge, brunt insult, in- !! people stay for one's coming. S'attendre.

bar, bât, bâse : thère, čbb, over : field, fig : rèbe, rôb, lôrd : môod, gôod.

v. r. (Fon Fendre) to tarry or wait for (one another.) Stattendre à, to rely, depend upon. Sattendre à, to expect, wait or hope for.

ATTENDRIR, à-tèn-drir, v. a. to make tender (meat, etc.) also to soften, move to pity or compassion, melt down, affect. S'attendrir, v. r. to grow tender; also to be moved to pity or compassion, melt, relent.

ATTENDRISSANT, E, adj. moving to pity

or love, softening, melting.
ATTENDRISSEMENT, a ten-dris-men, s. m. relenting, compassion, pity, commiseration.

ATTENDU, R, adj. expected, waited for, etc. V. Attendre. Attendre que, seeing or since, forsamneh as, whereas.
ATTENTAT, 3-ten-th, s. m. illegal enter-

prise or attempt, outrage, encroachment.
ATTENTATOIRE, &-ien-ta-twar, adj. ille-

gal, done in contempt of a jurisdiction. ATTENTE, &-tent, s. f. expectation, waiting; hope, trust, confidence. Pierre d'attente, a toothing stone that sticks out of a wall for new buildings to be joined to it. Table d'attente, cloth on the strainer (for a paint-

ing.)

ATTENTER, à-tèn-tà, v. n. & a. to attempt, make an illegal attempt.
ATTENTI-P, vg. à-tèn-tif, tiv, adj. attentive, heedful, mindful, intent or bent upon,

diligent. ATTENTION, 1-ten-slon, s. f. attention, application, diligence, beedfulness, mindfulness, care, carefulness. Faire attention, to mind, plication, difference, Faire attention, to mine, care, carefulness. Faire attention, to mine, sheed, consider, reflect upon, be intent upon. Regarder arec attention, to look fixedly, gaze upon. Attention, egard (both generally in the land) regard, respect. Attention à la barre, plural) regard, respect. Mar. mind your helm.

ATTENTIVEMENT, &-ten-tiv-men, adv. at-

tentively, becdfully, carefully, diligently.

ATTÉNUANT, E, à-tà-od-en, or ATTÉNUA-TI-F, VE, adj. attenuating, weakening, wasting, that makes thin.

ATTÉNUANT, s. m. attenuating medicine. ATTÉNUATION, à da-no-d-slon, s. f. attenuation, weakening, lessening of strength, ex-

ATTÉRUER, à-tà-nû-à, v. a. to attenuate, make thin or lean, weaken, impair or waste the strength. Attenuer un crime, to externate

Atterage, å-lè-ràz, s. m. Mar. place a vessel may touch at

ATTERRER, &-te-ra, v. a. to throw or strike

down; to overthrow, cast down, destroy.

ATTERRIB, &-te-rir, v. n. Mar. to make the land.

A la route que tient le Commandant, il va atterrir nor Oueseast, by the course the commodore is steering, he intends to make

Atterrissement, &-te-ris-men, s. m. alluvial land, alluvion.

ATTESTATION, &-tes-ta-sion, s. f. certificate. Attestation sous serment, affidavit.

ATTESTER, à-tès-tà, v. a. to attest, assure certify, aver, witness, avouch, affirm; to call or take to witness.

ATTICISME, &-tl-sism, s. m. atticism, concise and elegant style, wit.

ATTIEDIR, å-uk-dir, v. a. to cool. S'attiédir, v. r. to cool. grew cool.

Attiedissement, å-tå-ds-men, s. m. cooling, lukewarmne

ATTIFER, &-I-fâ, v. a. to dress a woman's head. S'attifer, v.r. to dress one's head.

*ATTIFET, &-II-fê, s. m. a woman's head

gear, dress or attire.

ATTIQUE, &-tik, adj. attick, after the Athenian way. Colonne attique, attick pillar. Le sel attique, polite and genteel raillery, attick wit.

ATTIQUE, s. m. attick, an upper story (in architecture.)

ATTIQUEMENT, adv. after the attick manner.
ATTIRAIL, å-ti-ril, s. m. train, implements, equipage, furniture, luggage, baggage.
ATTIRANT, R. adj. attracting, enticing, alluring, entecing

luring, engaging.
ATTIRER, &-tl-rk, v. a. to draw, attract; to draw or bring; to draw in, allure, wheedle. Attirer le cauer, to win the heart, guin the affections. Attirer quelqu'un à son sentiment, to bring one over to one's opinion. Un malheur en attire un autre, one mischief draws in another or treads upon the beels of another.

S'attirer, v. r. to draw or bring upon one's self, incur, run into; to gain, win, get. S'attirerune maladie, to catch a disease, to make

one's self sick

ATTISER, å-tl-zk, v. a. to stir up (properly, to lay a brand near another, to make them burn the better.) Attier le feu, to add fuel to the fire, help a quarrel forward.

ATTISEUR, s. m. one who stirs up, excites.
ATTITRER, å-il-trå, v. a. to suborn, procure by bribery; to authorize, commission

ATTITUDE, å-tl-tåd, s. f. attitude, posture ATTOLLOW, s. m. knot or cluster of small

ATTOUCHEMENT, à-tòosh-mèn, s. m. touch. touching, feeling.

ATTOUCHER, v. n. Ex. Attoucher de parente à quelqu'un, to be related to one, be his relation or kinsman.

ATTRACTI-P, VE, &-trak-tlf, tiv, adj. attractive, that draws to or attracts.
ATTRACTION, &-trak-slon, s. f. attraction,

drawing to.

ATTRACTIONNAIRE, s. m. stickler for the system of attraction.

"ATTRAIRE, v. a. like traire, but seldom used except in the infin. and part to entice, draw in, allure.

*ATTRAIT, z, adj. enticed, drawn in, allured. ATTRAIT, &-trè, s. m. allurement, entice-

ment, charm, attraction.

ATTRAPE, & trap, s.f. gin, mare. Attrape-mouche, s. m. gnat-snapper. Attrapes, s. f. pl. Mar. relieving tackle (used in heaving doron a ship.)

ATTRAPER, a-tra-pa, v. a. to entrap, en-snare; to catch, overtake; to hit, reach, strike; to catch, take, surprise; to catch, compass or get cunningly; to get; cheat, over-reach, trick; to apprehend; to hit, express well. Attraper, Mar. to catch. Attraper la brise, to catch the breeze. Attrape as garant de candelette, clap on the fish.

ATTRAPEU-R, SE, s. m. & f. one who is upon the catch, deceiver.

ATTRAPETTE. s. f. little trick

base, bat: jeune, mêute, bêurre: énfant, cênt, liên: vin: mon: brun.

ATTRAPOIRE, &-tra-pwar, s. f. trap, snare, till; also wile, cunning, trick, bite.

ATTRATABT, E, &-tre-yen, yent, adj. at-

PATTERNER, v. a. to temper (said of

mirmaness, v. a. to temper (and of ones) of ones of case of the control of the co

self, arrogate to one's self, challenge.
ATTRIBUT, h-trl-bû, s. m. attribute.

ATTREBUTI-T, VE, &-erl-bû-tif, uv, adj. that surflutes (is: lone).
ATTREBUTION, &-til-bû-slon, s. f. grant, putent, charter. Lettres d'attribution, powregranded by a sovereign to give a final judgment without further appeal.

ATTRISTANT-E, &-trib-ten, tent, adj. sor-

rowful, ead, grievous

ATTRISTER, &-tris-ta, v. a. to grieve, sale sad or sorrowful, sellict, trouble. S'at-S'attrister, v.r. to grieve, be sad or afflicted, etc. ATTRITION, L-trl-slore, s. f. contrition, at-

ATTROUTEMENT, &-troop-men, s. m. riot,

Hose assembly, mob.
ATTROUPER, à-trèo-pà, v. a. to assemble, guther or get together. St troop, flock or get together. Av, b, masculine article. Sattrouper, v. r. to

Vide A.

AUBADE, 0-bad, s. f. morning music, such as is played at the dawn of day before one's door or ander one's window; check, repriwas checked or reprimanded for it; vous cares tantôt l'aubade, you will have a lecture anon.
AUBAIR, d-bin, s. m. alien, foreigner set-

tled in a country and not naturalized.

AVBAIRA 6E, S. m. eschestage.
AVBAIRA 6E, S. m. eschestage.
AVBAIRA 6.b.da, s. f. or droit d'aubaine,
eschest, eschestage; windfall.
AVBE, 6b, s. f. break of day, day-break,
dame. Australian of the day; a surday-peep, dawn, dawning of the day: a sur-pice, sho. Autor de mouin, ladles of the wheal of a water-mill.

AUBÉPIBE, Ob-à-pla, s. f. white thora,

ATERRE, o-ber, adj. Cherul aubère; flea-bitten, grey, or dapple grey house, white home specied with servel and hay spots. ATERGE, 5-bers, s. f. kind of inn, cating-

e. ordinary, chop-house. Sort of peach. V. Alberge.

AUBERGISTE, &-ber-alst, s. m. & f. innkeeper, one that keeps an eating-house or ordinary.

Ausier, ô-blà, s. m. white hazel-tree.

AUMER or AUBOUR, soft and whitish substance which lies between the bark and the solid wood of a tree, sap in timber.
AUEIFOIR, o-bl-fwin, s. m. the weed blue-

bottle, blae-blow, corn-flower or hurt-sickle. AUBIN, &-bin, s. m. canter, (the going of a herse betwirt the amble and the gallop;)

white of an erg.
Aubour, V. Aubier.
Aucum-R. A-kun-kun, adj. no, none, no one, no tany. Il n'y a ancum moyen de faire cela, and any. Il n'y a ancum we tropped there is no way of doing it. Vous ne trouveune qui veuille rous contionres aucun hoi you will find no man that will bail you. de n'aime aucune de ces femmes, I love none

of these women. Amen, s. some, some one, any one.

AUCUNEMENT, ò-kôn-mên, adv. not at all. in no wise, not in the least.

AUDACE, ò-das, s. f. audacity, audaciousness, boldness, confidence, daringness, assurance, presumption; loop for a hat.

AUDACIEUSEMENT, Ó-dà-sl-euz-mên, adv. boldly, confidently, daringly, audaciously, presumptuously.

AUDACIEUX-SE, ò-dà-sì-en, ouz, adj. audacious, bold, confident, daring, presumptuous, rash.

AUDIENCE, 0-dlèns, s. f. audience, hearing, hearing of a cause; court or judges who hear causes; court or hall where causes are tried;

AUDIERCIER, Ö-den-sik, a.m. Ex. Hais-sier audiencier, unber ar crier, that attends the court when causes are hearing. Grand and discier, one of the chief officers in the chancery of France, that examines all letters-

patent, etc. before they pass the seal.

AUDITRUR, 0-dl-teur, s. m. anditor, or hearer; disciple or scholar (that comes to a lecture). Additeur des comptes, anditor of accounts. counts. Auditors du Châtelet, petty judges that determine finally all personal causes that exceed not the value of 25 french livres. Auditeur (at Geneva,) sheriff. Auditeur, secretary (to the nuncio.) Auditeur de rote. V. Rote.

AUDITI-F. VE, adj. auditory. AUDITION, s. f. hearing, auditing.

AUDITOIRE, o-di-twar, s. m. court or hall of audience, sessions-house. Auditory, audience, company of hearers. (Lieu où les professeurs font leurs leçons.) School, lecturemom.

Auge, or, s. f. trough.

Auger, ó-zå, s. f. trough-fall. Auger, ó-zè, s. m. drawer of a bird-cage; spout of a mill-hopper.

AUGMENT, ôg-mên, s. m. Augment de dot, (in the jointure or settlement; augment (in the Greek grammar.)

AUGMENTATI-F, VE, og-men-th-tif, tiv,

adj. augmentative, increasing.
AUGMENTATION, og-men-id-don, s. f. aug-

mentation, increase, improvement, enlargement, addition.

Augmenté, E, adj. augmented, etc. Un livre augmente, a book with additions.

AUGMENTER, ôg-mên-tâ, y. a. to augment, increase, improve, enlarge, amplify, add to, aggravate. Augmenter, v. n. or Bangmen-

ter, v. r. to increase, grow.

Augural, r, ô-gù-ral, adj. of or belonging to an augur. Baton augural, augur's staff or wand.

AUGURE, AUGURE, ô-gdr, s. m. augury, omen, oresage. De maneais augure, ommous, illboding. Augure, augur, soothsayer, divi-

Augunen, ô-gà-rà, v. a. to augurate, conjecture, surmis

AUGUSTE, è-gast, adj. august, sacred, venerable, majestick, royal, imperial.

AUGUSTEMENT, adv. stately, venerably, majestically.

Augustin, &-gris-tin, s. m. Austin friar, black friar of the order of St. Austin. AUGUSTINE, &-gas-da, s. f. Austin nun.

bar, bat, base : thère, êbb, ovêr : fleid, fig : rôbe, rôb, iôrd : mòod, gôod.

AUJOURD'RUI, ô-zôor-dûl, adv. to-day, this day; at present, now, now a days, in this age.
AULIQUE, adj. Ex. Le conseil Aulique, the

Aulic council (in Germany.)
Aulique, s. f. publick thesis or disputation for a doctor's degree (in theology.)

Aulnaie, Aulne, & Aulnée, naie, etc.

springing the luff. Faire une aulofée, to luff, spring the luff.

AUMAILLES, f. pl. bêtes aumailles horned

Aumonu, d-mon, s. f. alms, charity. Faire e, to give alms, bestow a charity, give to sak alms, beg. Aumbnes feffees, fronk almoin, lands, etc. given to the church for alms, their tenure of the donor being recognized

AUMÓRER, ô-mò-nà, v. a. to bestow alms, pay a fine to charitable uses. AUMÓRERIE, ô-mòu-rì, s. f. almoner's of-

fice; almonry.

AUMORIER, E, ô-mô-nik, alèr, adj. almsgiving, charitable.

Aumósier, ô-mò-nià, s. m. almoner, chap-

AUMUSSE, ò-mòs, s. f. amice.

AUNAGE, o-nas, s. m. alnage, measure-

ment by the eli.
AUNAIR, o-ne, s. f. grove of alders, alderplot.

AUNE, on, s. f. an ell. Tout du long de l'aume, soundly. Menurer les autres à son came, to judge another by one's self.

Aune, s. m. alder-tree.

Aurin, s. f. elecampane.

AUBER, S. I. elecampane.
AUBER, O. B., V. a. to measure by the ell.
AUBEUR, O. Deur, S. m. alnager.
AUBARAVART, O. ph. Ta. ven, adv. before.
AUBARS, O. pre, (with de) prep. near, by,
about. Sa meason est asporès de la mienne, his house is near mine; with, near, by, to. Etre bien suprès d'un grand seigneur, to be in the good graces of a nobleman. Il réside suprès de prince, he resides near the prince. ds prince, he resides near the prince. S'attacher amprès de quelqu'un, to enter into one's service. To, in comparison with. Votre mal n'est rien auprès du mien, your distemper is nothing to mine. Aupra's or Tout suprès, adv. hard by, close. Par suprès, hard by, near, a little saide.

AUQUEL, (or à lequel.) V. Lequel.

AURELIE, s. f. Aurelia, chrysalis. AUREOLE, o-re-ol, s. f. circle of light around the head of saints; degree of glory of a

saints in heaven. AURICULAIRE, 8-rl-20-lèr, adj. auricular. La confession auriculaire, auricular confession. Un temoin auriculaire, ear-witness; doigt auriculaire, little finger.

Aunique, adj. Mar. Ex. Voiles curiques, shoulder of mutton sails.

AURORE, ô-rôn, s. f. southern-wood. AURORE, ô-rôr, s. f. Aurora, morain break of day, day-break, dawn; yellow, of a yellow colour; east; fair and young virgin.

Aurore boreale, Aurora borealis.

Auspicz, ds-pls, s. m. auspice, presage, omen. Sous d'heureux auspices, auspiciously. Sous les auspices de quelqu'un, under one's auspices, conduct, guidance, protection.

Aussi, o-si, conj. also, teo, likewise; also, too, over and above; so, therefore, but then, accordingly; Il est plus avisé que vous, soussi est-il plus agé, he is wiser than you, and indeed or but, or but indeed or but then, he is older. Pai brûle ce papier, aussi ne servoitil de rien, I have burnt that paper, and in-deed or and truly it was good for nothing. a été volé, asseri pourquoi va-t-il la meit i he has been robbed; but then why does he go about in the night?

Il est aussi sage que Aussi, as, as much. usillant, he is as prudent as valiant. It est cussi embarrant que moi, he is no sunch puzzled as I am. Elle écrit canri bi-m que ca sesur, aho writes as well as her sinter. Je partirai aussitôt que je pourrai, I shall set out as soon as I can.

Aussi-bien, for, and indeed. Je n'irai point, nusri-bien il est trop tard, I will not go, for it

is too late.

Aussiror, forthwith, presently, out of hand. Assessible dis, assessible fait, no somer said than done.

AUSTRE, 0s-ter, adj. austere, severe, ri-gorous: rigid, strict; harsh, rough, sour, sharp; grave, reserved; mine onetire, storm, crabbed or sour look.

Austrument, de-têr-mên, adv. austere-

ly, rigorously, strictly, severely.
AUSTÉRITÉ, de-th-ri-th, a. f. susterity,

mortification; severity, strictness, riguar.
AUSTRAL, E, Os-tral, adj. southern, austral, austrine. Les parties sustriles du Zodingue, the southern or austral parts of the Zodinck. Terre Australe, Terra Australia.

AUTAN, o-ten, s. m. south-wind.

AUTANT, 6-16n, adv. as much, so much, as many, so many, as. Autant que jomais, as much as ever. Pai autant de guines que de pistoles, I have as many guiness as pistoles. Vous arez en du bonheur, j'en aurai andant, you have had good luck, I shall have as much. Vous avez trois frères, dites-rous ; j'en ai an-tant, you have throa brothers, you say ; I have as many. Autant de têtes, autant d'opinions, so many men, so many minds. Je l'ai vendu tout autant, I seld it for so much. Je mis autant que vous, I am as good as you.

Autant de fois qu'on le commande, as often as he is bidden. Aztant en emporte le vent, handle the following of that does not signify a pin. Autout que you paid jugger, as far as I can conjecture. Fen ai matout que his or qu'il en a, I have as many or as much as he, or as he has. Je l'ai vendu autant, I have sold it for so much ; c'est été autant d'argent d'épas gne, it would have been so much money saved; ce seront adant d'amis que vous acquervez, they will be so many friends whom you will get; quelquesens out cru que les étoiles fixes étoient autant de soleils, some have believed that the fixed stars were so many sum that the fixed stars were so many. When autout one proceedes autout in a sentence, the former is rendered by insumuch as and the latter by so much. Ex. Autout que Minerve est audessus de Mars, entant u valeur discrète et prévoyante surpasse or (surpasse-t-elle) un courage bouillant et farouche, in as much as Minerya is superiour to Mars, in so much does discreet and provident valour surpass petulant and fierce courage. D'audont joined to the verb boire is rendered

bûse, bût : jêûne, mêute, bêurre : ênfânt, cênt, liên : vin : mon : brun.

in English by a great deal or very hard. D'autent que, in law language, is rendered by whereas, for as much as, in as much as. But when d'estant is found at the beginning of the comparatives plus, mieux, meilleur, moins, metabre, pis, pire, it is rendered by so much the or simply by the, with an English com-parative; and if que be then employed in French to introduce the cause or reason of what procedes, que is rendered by as or because. Ex. Je l'aime d'autant plus qu'il est trèsmodéré, I love him the more (or so much the more) as (or because) he is a very sober man. On meart d'autant plus volontiers que l'on est houses de bien, the better a man lives the more willingly he dies. D'autant mieux que, especially as.

AUTANT, (law term) duplicate of a writing.
AUTEL, 6-tel, s. m. altar. Le grand or le mattre entiel, the high or great ultar. Le saint socrement de l'autel (l'Eucharistie) the holy

sacrament, the Eucharist.

ADTEUR, O-teur, s. m. author, cause; investor, maker, contriver; author, writer, composer; reporter; (in furisprudence) he from whom any thing is held, original possessor. Les enteurs de sa race, those from whom we descend by birth. It may be said of a weman, cest elle qui est l'auteur de ce livre, it is she who is she author of that book.

AUTHENTICITÉ, Ö-tén-ti-si-tà, s. f. au-

theuticity.

AUTHENTIQUE, Ö-ten-tik, adj. authentick, authentical, allowed, of good authority, original, solema, credible, approved.

AUTHENTIQUE, s. m. authentick act,

writing, or copy.

Anthontique, s. f. certain of the Roman laws. AUTHERTIQUEMENT, Ö-tön-ük-men, adv. utically, in an authentick manner.

AUTRESTIQUER, ô-tèn-tl-fà, v. a. to make

AUTOCEPHALE, s. m. bishop (among the Greeks) not under the jurisdiction of the pa-

AUTOCRATIE, s. f. autocrasy.

AUTOCRATOR, s. m. absolute sovereign. AUTOCRATRICE, s. f. female autocrat.

AUTOCTHONE, s. m. Aborigines. AUTO-DA-FÉ, ò-tô-dà-fà, s. m. Auto-da-fé. AUTOGRAPHE, 0-10-graf, s. m. autograph,

original writing.
Autographer, adj. of one's own hand

writing, autographical.
AUTOMATE, 0-tô-mat, s. m. automaton.
AUTOMMAL, E, 0-tôm-nal, adj. automat. AUTOMER, o-ton, s. f. or m. autumn, fall of the leaf.

AUTOROME, adj. autonomous, enjoying the

Autonomy.
Autonomy, a. f. autonomy, the being goraed by one's own laws.

AUTOSIE, s. f. autopsy, contemplation. AUTORISATION, 6-10-11-21-2008, s. f. autho-

rization, impowering.
APTORISER, 0-t0-ri-zh, v. a. to authorize, power, give authority or power, allow by shority. Santories, v. r. to get credit or S'autoriser, v. r. to get credit or authority.

Authority, Debrick, f. authority, power; mericusses; credit, interest, consideration, sight; passage or testimony quoted as a

Autour, ô-tôor, s. m. goshawk.

AUTOUR, (with de) prep. about, round.

Autour de sa personne, about his person. Autour de l'église, about or round the church. Autour, adv. about, round; ici autour, hereabouts.

AUTOURSERIE, s. f. training up of goshawks.

AUTOURSIER, s. m. goshawker, one that trains up goshawks, falconer.

AUTRE, our, adj. other. En voild un, voild l'autre, there is one, there is the other. L'astre jour, the other day. Une outre fois, another time. C'est un outre Alexandre, he is another Alexander. R est tout sustre (for, un tout sustre homme) he is quite another man, he is qui different man. Il ne sera jamais autre qu'il a eté, he will never be different from what he has been, he will ever be the same man. We say, il y en a d'enes et d'autres, there are good and bad; comme dit l'andre, as the saying is, as somebody says; en soirs d'un antre er en voici bien d'un autre, this is still more surprising; il en fait bien d'autres, he does things still more surprising or this is nothing to what he commonly does; a d'autres, this may do for other people but not for me, you may talk so to other people but not to me. L'un ou l'autre, either, the one or the other. L'un et l'autre, all of them, both; l'un l'autre or les uns les autres, one another. Les uns et les autres, both, the one and the other. Ni l'un ni l'antre, neither. Autres is not expressed in English after nous, rous, eux, elles, ex. vous astres, jeunes gens, vous n'êles jamais satisfaits; you, young people, are never satisfied.

Autre, after queique, maxim, nul et tout, is sometimes rendered by else. If que follow matre it is suppressed in English as in the following pronoun. Ex. Donnes-moi queique entre chose or downer-moi autre chose, give me something else. Tout autre que lui est per-du courage, any body else would have been disheartened. It aime tout autre que moi, he loves any body but me, or he loves me not, he loves any body else. Sometimes even the leves any body else. Sometimes even the else may be omitted. If ne fait matre chose que jouer, he does nothing but play, that is, nothing else but play. Les uns se plaient à une chose, les matres à une autre, some delight in one thing, some (or others) in another, or others

in something else.

AUTREFOIS, our-five, adv. formerly, bere-

tofore, in former times, in times past.

AUTREMENT, our-men, adv. otherwise, after another manner or fashion, contrariwise, another way; otherwise, else. Pasastrement, not otherwise; also not much, indifferently.

Autre part, elsewhere, somewhere else ;

d'autre part, moreover.

Autriche, s. f. Austria. Autrichien, nr. o-tri-shien, shien, adj. & t. m. & f. Austrien.

AUTRUCHE, è-tràsh, s. f. ostrich. m estomac d'autruche, to have a stomach which

will digest any thing.
AUTRUI, ô-trôf, s. m. others, other people. Il ne faut par désirer le bien d'autrei, we must not covet what belongs to others. Saffiger du mal d'autrei, to be sorry for other people er other men's troubles.

AUVENT, ò-ven, s. m. pent-house.

AUVERNAT, s. m. sort of coarse red heady wine, made in or about Orleans.

bar, bat, base: thère; ebb, over: field, fig: robe, rob, lord: mood, good.

Aux, V. A et Ail.

AUXILIAIRE, ök-d-li-èr, adj. auxiliary. Armée auxiliaire, troupes auxiliaires, auxiliary forces, auxiliaries. Verbe auxiliaire, auxiliaforces, auxiliaries. ry or helping verb.

ry or helping verb.

AURQUELS, AURQUELLES, (for à lesquels, à lesqueles.) V. Lesquels.

AVACHIR, (s') sk-và-shr, v. r. to grow faint or heartless, hang down the head (speaking of persons.) to flat or flag (speaking of ribands, stuffs, etc.)

AVACE, s. m. Droit d'ausge, a duty which the hangman, in some places in France, receives every market-day for some sort of communities.

commoditie

*Aval., &-whi, s. m endorsement on a bill of exchange or note of hand, as a surety in case of its not being paid by the proper party.

Ares, down, downward, down the river. Vest d'aval, westerly wind or north west wind.

AVALAGE, s. m. the letting down of wine into a cellar, or the hire of porters for doing it.

AVALAISON, a-va-lo-son, s. f. flood, torrent.

AVALANGE, a-va-lonz, s. f. fall of snow

from the mountains.

AVALANT, E, adj. & s. that goes down the

AVALÉ, E, å-vå-lå, adj. swallowed, etc.

AVALÍ, flagging, hanging down, fallen in. Oreilles acalées, flagging ears. Joues acalées, cheeks fallen in.

AVALES, & va-là, v. a. to swallow down, sip up. Avaler le calice, avaler le morceau, to submit to what is repugnant. Analer des cou-lessores (recevoir des chagrins) to pocket an affront. Analer du vin dans la core, to let winte down into the cellar. Avaler un bras à quelqu'um, to cut off one's arm. Avaler une lettre de change or un billet, to become a surety to the payment of a bill of exchange or note of hand. V. Aval, s. m. Avaler, v. n. of boats to go down the river, fall down. S'evaler, v. r. to flag, hang down, fall in.
Avaluur, a-va-leur, s. m. one that swal-

lows. Un avaleur de pois gris, a groedy-gut, a glutton. Un avaleur de charrettes ferrees, a bully, a hoctor, a braggadocio.

AVALORE, d-vh-lwar, s. f. great throat or

swallow; a crupper.

AVANCE, a-vens, s. f. start, way one has got before another; advance, state of forwardess; out-jutting or leaning-place; advance money, savancing of money, paying before-hand; advance, first step. D'acunce, par arance, before-hand.

Avancs, s. adj. stretched or stretching, out-jutting or leaning out, advanced, proposed, asserted; advanced forward, in good forasserted; attracted toward, in good of wardness. Dans un de cameé, avancé en age, stricken in years, elderly. Fruit cameés forward fruit, hastings, fruit early ripe. Un caprit avancé (or hâti) a forward wit. L'année est bien avancée, le jour est bien avancé, the caprot at bien avancée, le jour est bien avancée, the caprot est bien avancée. rear or the day is far advanced, gone or spent.
La mait est bien avancée, it is late in the night. Avancé oux honneirs, advanced or preferred to honours.

AVANCEMENT; &-vens-men, s. m. progress, proficiency; (d'un ouvrage) forwardness or forwarding; advancement, preferment.

AVANCER, h-ven-sh, v. a. to put or stretch forth or forward; to hasten, set forward, forward; to advance, give or pay before-hand;

to advance, promote, prefer; to advance or. bring forth, assert.

Arancer, v. n. to advance, go or pass on, ove or get forward, proceed. L'horloge move or get forward, proceed. Vous are anunce sur ma terre, you have encroached upon my ground. La sève anunce dans une année sèche, the sap comes early in a dry year. Avancer, to avail; to jut or stand out, shoot forth: to make some progress, he forward, go on or forward, profit or thrive. Je n'avance rien par mes plaintes, I get nothing by my complaints. S'avancer, v. r. to advance one's self, advance or go or move forward; to go sell, advance or go or move torward; to go on; to advance one's self, get preferment; to go far; Je me asis accepté de hai offrir felle chose de votre part, I went so far as to make him such offers from you.

Avanie, à-và-vi, s. f. oppression used by the Turks against the Christians to extert money from them; injury, wrong, insult, offence outrages.

fence, outrage

AVANT, A-ven, s. m. & adv. Mar. prow, head or forepart of a ship, how; a-head, afore, forward. Le navire est trap sur l'avant, the ship is too much by the head. Le hétiment est en arant de mon point, the ship is a-head of my reckoning. Nous passerous de l'avant de cette frégute, we will go a head of that frigute. Le convoi est en avant de nous, the convoy is a-head of us. Le vent vient de l'avant, the wind is in our teeth or is quite contrary. V. Haler. Avant élancé, flaring bow. Avant maigre, lean bow. Avant jouffus or renfle, bluff bow. Avant, avant, pull away. Avant portout, give way fore and aft. Awant bibord et seie tribord, pull the larbeard and hold water with the starboard oars. De l'avant à l'arrière, fore and aft.

AVANT, prop. before. Apprenez votre le-con avant d'aller jouer, avant que d'aller jouer, learn your lesson before you go to play. Je annie ma leçon avant que vous fusies venu, I

knew my lesson before you were come.

AVANT, adv. forward. Il ne saurait aller ni avant ni arrière, he can go neither back-ward nor forward. Plus avant, further, farther, deeper. Si avant, so far, so deep. Bien avant, fort avant, very deep or deeply, very far or greet way, much. Trop avant, too far. En avant, adv. forward. Aller en avant, to go forward. De ce jour-là en avant, from that day forward. Mettre en avant, to propose, assert.

assen.

AVANTAGE, à-vèn-tâz, s. m. advantage.
benefit, interest, profit, honour, praise, superiority, victory, convenience, gift, prerogative, excellence, good quality, endowments, accomplishments. C'est notre encounage, that is your advantage or interest. Quel avantage tires-nous de là? what benefit do you reappropre that? C'hear alumba ese createurs. from that? Chacun cherche ses avantages. every body minds his own interest. On peace dire ceri à son avantage, this may be said in his praise, this may be said for him. Parler à l'énemenge de quelqu'un, to speak to one's advantage, to give a good character of him. Les Angleis ont en l'amontage, the English have got the better or victory. Tires courhave got the better or victory. Three countage de quelque chose, to take advantage of a thing, turn it to one's advantage. L'ane a de grands avantages our le corps, the soul has great prerogatives over the body. Possebare, but : jedne, mênte, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun,

der tous les commages naturels, to have all natural excellencies, good qualities, endow-ments er accomplishments, to be endowed with all natural gifts. Avoir de grands avan-tages ser quelqu'sus, to be much beyond ano-ther. Il n'a aucus avantage sur moi, he is no better man than I, I am as good a man as he. Domer à quelqu'un l'anantage de l'éloquence, to yield to one in point of eloquence. Prendre de l'anantage pour monter à cheral, to take advantage of some elevation or horse-block to get on horse-back. Avantage, advantage, gratification. Avantage (at play) odds or advantage. Pavantage, adv. V. Davantage. Mar. Gagner l'avantage du vent sur un viussean, to weather a ship, get the weather gage of a ship, get to the windward of a ship. Aventage, Mar. beak-head, cut-water (of a nessed.)

AVASTAGER, &-ven-thuck, v. a. to gratify; bester, give or allow by way of advantage or over and above.

Avantageusement, å-vén-tá-zénz-mén, adv. advantageously, profitably, to the best advantage : conveniently. Etre monte aumtagement, to be well mounted, ride a good horse. Vétu avantagement, well clad. Par-ter avantagement de quelqu'un, to speak well of one.

Avantageu-x, se, 1-ven-th-zen, zeuz, adj. advantageous, profitable, useful, good, bosourable; convenient; excellent, good. Also disposed to take advantage of others. Porter un jugement acqualagence de quelqu'un, to judge well of one. Taille aroutagense, tall, proper rize. Mine seemingense, noble mien or took. Succis avantagence, happy or prosperous suc-

AVANT-BEC, &-ven-bek, s. m. name of the corners of the piles of a stone-bridge.

AVANT-BRAS, &-ven-bra, s. m. the part of the arm betwixt the elbow and the wri

AVANT-CHEMIN-COUVERT, s. m. first co-

vored way (in fortification.)
Avant-Cour, it-ven-keur, a.m. pit of the stowach; anticor.

AVANT-CORPS, a-vèn-kor, s. m. fore or ojecting part (of a building.)
AVANT-COUR, s. f. outward court, fore-

COURT.

AVANT-COUREUR, s. m. forerunner, har-

binger. AVAWY-COURTIERE, S. f. harbinger or fore-

AVANT-DERNIER, E, adj. last but one. AVANT-FOSSÉ, s. m. foreditch, ditch of the countersearp.

Avant-Garde, **å-vin-**gård, s. f. van, vangreated.

AVANT-GOUT, s. m. foretaste, prelibation, antepast.

AVANT-RYER, &-ven-tier, adv. the day before yesterday, two days ago.
AVANTIN, V. Crossette.

AVANTIN,

AVANT-LOUIS, s. m. fore-house. AVANT-MAIN, &-vên-min, s. m. fore-hand-

stroke, also forepart of a horse.

AVANT-MUR, a. m. outward wall.

Avant-Pèchte, à-ven-pesh, s. f. forward or hasty peach.

AVANT-PIED, & M. Rrepart of the Bot also upper leather of the shoe, of a boot, and the fore-stake.

AVANT-POIGNET, s. m. palm of the hand. AVANT-PROPOS, a-ven-pro-po, s. m. preface, preamble.

AVANT-QUART, s. m. warning (stroke in some clocks before the quarter, half hour,

and hour.)

AVANT-TOIT, S. m. fore-roof, house-eave. AVANT-TRAIN, s. m. fore-wheels of a coach or of the carriage of a great gun.
AVANT-VEILLE, a-ven-vel, s. f. fore-vigil,

day before the eve. L'avant veille, may stand for two days before.

AVANTURINE, OF AVENTURINE, S. f. 8 sort

of precious stone.

AVARE, a-var, adj. avaricious, covetous, stingy, griping, sordid, closefisted, niggardly, Etre mare de ses faveurs, to be sparing of one's favours.

AVARE, s. m. & f. covetous person, mi-

Avarement, adv. covetously, niggardly, sordidly.

Ayarice, a-va-ris, s. f. avarice, covelous-

ness, greedines AVARICIEU-E, SE, à-và-ri-deu, sièuz, ava-

ricious. AVARIE, h-và-ri, s. f. Mar. average, burt or damage a ship receives, waste, decay of wares or merchandise, extraordinary charges and expenses during a voyage; also anchorages, duty paid for the maintenance of a ha-

ven by every ship that casts anchor in it.

Avanta, adj. evereged, damaged. Avan, adv. ex. Assus-less in bosting) down the river. Tostes see entreprises conf allies avers-l'east, all his undertakings are come to nothing.

Avž, Xve or Ave Maria (*latin*) first words

of the angel's salutation to high.

AVEC, h-vek, (anciently arecque) prop. with, together with, along with. Ex. It a pris non mantens et s'enest allé èvec, be took my cloak and went away with it. On l'a bien traité, et il a eu de l'argent arec, he was well entertained and got money to book or tesides that. In general avoc is the contrary of sans: but the English preposition with is not always rendered by avec. V. A, De, Coup, etc. Auec cela, avec tout cela, for all that, nevertheless. Acec le temps, at length, in time, in process of time. D'avec, from. Discerner le bien d'avec le mal. to discern good from evil.

*Aveindre, å-vindr, v. a. like feindre at

eindre, to take *or fetc*h out.

AVEINE, & ven, V. Ausse.

*Aveint, E, adj. taken or fetched out.
Aveilne, av-lin, a. f. filbert.

AVELIBIEE, Av-II-nià, s. m. filbert-tree.

Avenage, s. m. avenage.

AVENANT, E, av-nen, nent, adj. handsome, neat, genteel; suitable. Avenant le décès d'un tel, or le cus arenant qu'un tel meure, in case such a one should die. A l'avenant, proportionably, answerably.

Avenement, A-ven-men, s. m. arrival, coming, accession, advancement, advent.

AVENTE, av-nir, v. u. (like ouser,) to/hap pen, chance, fall out, come to pass. Sil avient the sa farine maire, if his wife happens to die. !!*Ainsi n'aviente, God forbid.

AVENIE, s. m. fitture, time to come, things to come. Avent (in hard) summens. A Vavenir, for the future, henceforth.

bar, bat, base: thère, êbb, over: field, fig: robe, rob, lord: mood, good.

Avent, 2-ven, s. m. advent. Advent ser-

AVENTIN, s. m. twig of a vine, &c.

AVENTURE, à-ven-tur, s. f. adventure, accident, event; amour, intrigue; adventure, hazardous enterprise, adventure or venture, chance, hazard, random. Bonne or heureuse arenture, lucky adventure or accident, happy turn. Triste aventure, sad mischance. Dire la bomie aventure, to tell one's fortune. Diseur de bonne aventure, fortune-teller. Mettre à la grosse aventure, to venture all in one bottom. Prendre de l'argent à grosse aventure, to take money upon bottomry, borrow money upon the keel of one's ship. A l'aventure, adv. at a venture, at random. D'aventure, par aventure, adv. peradventure, perchance, by chance.

AVENTURER, v. a. to adventure or venture, put to the venture, hazard. Saventurer, s'a-vèn-tu-ra, v. r. to adventure or venture,

run a hazard.

AVENTUREU-X, s.r., adj. venturesome. AVENTURIER, E, à-vèn-tù-rà, rièr, s. m. & f. adventurer, fortune-hunter.

AVENTURINE, s. f. V. Avanturine. .

AVENU, E, adj. come to pass, happened.
AVENUE, av-nd, s. f. avenue, passage, entrance, way to a place; walk or alley of trees. before a house.

Avener, a-ve-ra, v. a. to aver, evince, prove.

AVERNE, &-vern, s. m. the poetick hell.

Averse, s. f. sudden and heavy shower of rain.

AVERSION, 1-ver-slow, s. f. aversion, abhorrence, hatred, antipathy.
AVERTE, s. f. a little bee

AVERTI, E, adj. warned, advertised. Avertir.

AVERTIN, s. m. moroseness, craziness, madness; distemper in beasts occasioning a swimming in the head.

AVERTIR, & ver-th, v. a. to warn, advertise, in form, tell of, give notice or intelligence of, make known. Avertir par avence, to forewarn, give a caution beforehand.

AVERTISSEMENT, a-ver-th-men, s. m. advertisement, advice, caution, putting in mind, warning, information, intelligence. Aver-tisement (in law,) bill and answer of plaintiff and defendant.

AVERTISSEUR, &-ver-ti-seur, s. m. one of the king's officers, whose office was to give notice when the king was coming to dinner.

*Avev, &-veu, s. m. confession, acknowledgment; approbation, consent. Un homme same aven, one that nobody will own, a vagabond.

Aveuen, V. Aruer.

AVEUGLE, Aveugl, adj. blind. Resulte aveugle, to blind. Obeissance aveugle, passive obedience, blind submission. Il agit à l'aveugle, he acts blindly.

AVEUGLE, s. m. & f. blind man or woman. AVECGLEMENT, à-veugl-men, a. m. blindness.

Avever in env A-veu-gil-men, adv. blind-ly, blindfold, inconsiderately, rashly, head-long, madvisedly, at all ventures. Oroire areag/enest, to believe implicitly, have an implicit faith.

AVEUGLER, &-ven-gih, v. a. to blind, take away the sight, dazzle; cloud, darken. Auss-gler une role d'eau, Mar. to fother a leak, to stop a leak by fothering a ship, or by any other temporary method. S'scengier, v. r. to blind one's self, be blinded, be guilty of blindness.

*Avrucierre, &-vêu-glêt, s. f. the act of roping. The word is not used now singly; groping. The word is not used now singly; but they said formerly à avenglette; and now they say à l'avenglette, to express à tâtons, groping, groping along. Aller à l'avenglette, to go groping along. Chercher quelque chose à l'avenglette, to grope about for a thing. A VIDE, à vid, adj. greedy, covetous, desirous. easer, carnett

sirous, cager, carnes

AVIDEMENT, &-vid-men, adv. greedily,

eagerly.
AVIDITÉ, à-vl-dl-tà, s. f. avidity, greedi-

ness, eagerness, eager desire or appetite.

AVILIR, a-vi-lir, v. a. to abase, disgrace, disparage, undervalue, make contemptible. S'avilir, v. r. to undervalue one's self, grow contemptible.

AVILISSEMENT, &-vi-lis-men, s. m. aba ment, abjection, contempt, disparagement, disparage, undervaluing.

AVINE, E, adj. seasoned with wine. Un homme or un corps aviné, staunch toper er hard drinker.

AVINER, å-vî-nå, v. a. to season with wine. AVIRON, å-vî-ron, s. m. oar (to rose with.) Tirer à l'aviron, to tug at the oar. Aviron de vaisseas, sweep or ship-oar.

AVIRONNIER, oar-maker.

Avis, &-vi, s. m. opinion, sentiment, mind, judgment, thought. A mon evis, in my opinion, mind or judgment. "Il m'est avis, methinks. Il m'etoil avis, mothought. Je suis d'aris qu'on préfère la paix à la guerre, l' am for neace rather than war. Je ne mis am for peace rather than war. Je ne mis pas d'aris de lui résister, I would not have him resisted. Avis, advice, advertisement, notice, intimation, account, news, information, intelligence. Lettres d'avis, letters of advice. On donne avis de Paris que, we have an account from Paris that. Aris, advice, counsel. Prendre avis de quelqu'un, to ask advice of one, advise with him. Aris (in an assembly,) motion. Ouvrir un avis, to make a motion. If y a four d'avis, there is time enough to consider of it. Avis, project. Donneur d'avis, projector. Aris, vets. Pren-dre les avis, aller aux avis, to put to the vote.

Avisé, E, adj. warned, etc. V. Aciser. Wise, well-advised, prudent, discreet, considerate, wary, circumspect. Mal-arise, ill-arised, unwise, inconsiderate, unwary, imprudent.

AVISEAU, V. Ariso. AVISEE, A-vi-za, v. a. to warn, coution, to spy out. Ariser, v. n. to advise with one's self, think, consider, to think adviseable, resolve. S'aviser, v. r. to think of, take notice of. Je pe m'en min pas avisé, I did not think of it, it never came into my mind. S'aviser, to bethink one's self.

Aviso, s. m. advice-bost. Avitalllement, a-vi-tal-mos, s. m. provision or providing of victuals (for a place.)
Avitaillement d'un voisseau, the victualling of bose, bot : jêune, mêute, bourre : ènfant, cênt, liên : vin : mon : brun.

AVECALLER, &-vi-tà-da, v. a. to furnish or store with victuals or provisions, convey pro-visions into. Avitailler am ruissam, to victusl a ship, provide her with victuals.

AVITAILLBUR, L-vl-th-lour, s. m. commis-

er of the victualling office.

Aviven, à-vl-vl, v. a. to brisk up. Avi-ver des figures de métal, to furbish or polish or brighten metal figures. Avicer le bois de char-gente, to how timber. Avicer sen diamant, to ten a diamond.

Avivas, a-viv, s. f. pl. the vives, a disease

"Avocassen, a-vo-ka-sa, v. n. to follow

the law, be a pettifogger.

Avocat, a-vê-ka, s. m. lawyer, counsellor, advecate, counsel at law : advocate, intercemer, mediator. Avocat general, attorney-general. Aunost de couses perdues, scurry or sgnorant hawyer, pettifegger. Assente, s. f. temale advocate, mediatrix.

Avocatoine, å-vò-kk-twar, adj. Ex.

AVOLEE, &-wan, s. f. oats. Pain d'avoine,

-bread. Avoir, &-war, v. a. to have.

him, to have an estate, to be rich. Avoir and a la tite, mor dents, etc. to have the headarms, tooth-ache, etc. Avoir faim, soif, froid et chand, to be hungry, dry, cold and hot. Avoir soin de quelque chose, to take care of a thing. Il y a, there is, there are. Il y a ici, here is, here are. Il y a près de 20 miles, d'ici là, it is near twenty miles thither. Il y a un an, a year ago. By along temps, long since, long ago.
Apoir, Mar. Ex. Avoir à la traine, to tow, have in tow. Apoir le bord or le cap au large, to stand for the offing, stand off. Avoir le cap sur le terre, to stand in shore. Avoir les cemene dura, to labour. Avoir tous ses ris pris, to be close rected. Anoir le vent largue, to sail large. Anoir toutes ses sucres sur nez, to have all the anchors down. Anoir toutes ses noises sur les cargues, to have all the sails classe sur les cargues, to have all the sails classe sur les cargues, to have all the sails classe sur les cargues, to have all the sails classe sur les cargues, do have all the sails classe sur les cargues. Avoir sa mdture our l'arrière or sur l'avant, to have the mass raking aft or forward. Avoir ses oncres masteraking an or howard. Access of any case manifest, to have the anchors clear for running. Access res lessiers on coche, to have the top-male close up to the mast-head. Accir as homicre sur le ton, to have the top-sails on the mast-head access and to the house sails of the could be to the could be n cap. Avoir ses mâts de hune culés et ses bones nergues amenées, to have the yards and top-masts struck. Avoir ses mûts de perroquet passies sur l'arrière, to have the top-gallantmans abast the top-masts. Asoir ses perro-quete degrees or es croix, to have the top-gal-lant yards down or across. Avoir ses couleurs, to show the colours. Avoir son arrimage deto show the colours. Avoir son arrimage derange, to shift the ballast or cargo by rolling. Asoir son brank-bas fait, to have the ham-macks up and stowed and the ship clear. Acertain number of tons permission in a ship. Aver beaucoup de bout, to have a great breadth of beam. Apoir beaucoup de creux, to have a deep and roomy hold. Avoir de l'eau à courr, to have good sea-room. Avoir de l'emanu la quille, to lie in deep water. Avoir de l'emplaure, to have a great spread for the rigging. Avoir de l'emre-deux de milie, to have

largue dans les voiles, to be going lashing or free. Avoir du mou dans ses cables, to be slackmoored. Avoir la marée, or le courant pour soi, to have the tide or the current in one's fa vour. Avoir le fond or la sonde, to be in soundings. Avoir le besupré à terre, to have the land close aboard. Avoir le vent sous vergue, to have the wind right aft. Avoir le vent sur un bâtiment, to have the weather-gage of a ship. Avoir le feu à bord, to be on fire. Avoir lu latitude, to ascertain the latitude by observation. Avoir le passage de la lune au méridien, to know the moon's southings. Avoir comaissance de terre, to be in sight of the land. Avoir de l'avantage pour la marche, to have the ad-vantage in sailing. Avoir des hommes en subsistence to have men victualled on board not belonging to the ship.

Avoir, s. m. substance, what one has. C'est tout mon avoir, this is all my substance

or all I have.

AVOISINER, à vwà-zi-nà, v. a, to border upon. Un arbre qui avoisine les cieux, a tree that reaches to the skies, a lofty tree, AVORTEMENT, & vort-men, s. m. abortion,

miscarriage.

Avoir du

AVORTER, &-vor-ta, v. n. to miscarry, bring forth before the time. Faire avorter, to cause a miscarriage; also to baffle, render abortive, prove abortive.

Avorton, a-vor-ton, s. m. abortive or untimely child or birth, one born out of due time. Quel petit avorton est-cela? what little shriup or dwarf is that ? Avorton (speaking of fruits) untimely fruit. Avorton, unfinished produc-tion (of the intellect.)

Avout, E, adj. owned, etc.

Avout, a-vôo-a, s. m. avowee, patron or protector of a church; lawyer.

Avouer, &-voo-a, v. a. to own, confess, acknowledge, grant, avow; to father; approve, allow of. S'avouer de quelqu'un, v.r. to make use of one's name. S'avouer de quelque religion, to profess one's self of a religion.

AVOUERIE, s. f. advowson.
*Avoutre, or Avoutre, s. m. offspring

of adultery.

AVOYÉ, s. m. magistrate of some Swiss cities, avoyer or avoyee.

En l'Avril de ses ans, AVRIL, s. m. April. in his prime; un poisson d'Avril, an April fool. AVUER, v. a. to eye, have an eye upon

(game.)

Axe, aks, s. m. Axis, axle, axle-tree. L'axe du monde, the axis of the earth. L'axe du cylindre, the axis or axle-tree of a cylinder.

AXILLAIRE, ak-di-ler, adj. axillary, be-

longing to the arm-pits.

AXINOMANCIE, s. f. axinomancy, divination by an axe.

Axiome, ak-sl-om, s. m. axiom, maxim,

established principle.

AXIOMÈTRE, s. m. Mar. tell-tale. AXONGE, s. f. softest fat or grease of ani-

mais.

Ar, ay, inter. ah! oh!

ATABT, (participle of anoir) having.
AYE, AYE, interj. (of pain) oh! ah!
AYEUL, V. Ateal.
AZEROLE, åz-röll, s. f. sort of small medlar.
AZEROLER, åz-röllå, s. m. small medlartree, the three grained medlar or Nespolitan a great distance between the masts. Acoir du medlar-tree.

bar, bat, base : thère, êbb; ovêr; field, fig : rôbe, rôb, lôrd : môod, gôod.

Azine, adj. du pain arime, unleavened | faire passer bachelier, ib take a bachelor's debread.

Azimen, s. m. pl. feast of unleavened bread among the Jews.
AZIMUT, a-zl-mdt, s. m. azimuth, vertical

circle. AZIMUTAL, E, adj. azimuthal, belonging

to the azimuth.

AZOTH, s. m. azoth, mercury.
AZOTH, s. m. azoth, mercury.
AZOTH, å-zår, s. m. azothe, sky-colour. blue.
AZOTHÉ, E, å-zå-rå, adj. coloured with azothe or blue, sky-coloured.

B.

B. s. m. second letter of the alphabet, V. A. B-mol, V. Bémol.

B-QUARRE, V. Bequarre.

BABEL, (tour de) s. f. confused place or affair.

BABEURRE, bå-beur, s. m. butter-milk. BABICHE & BABICHON, ba-blsh, ba-bl-on, lap-dog. V. Barbiche.

shon, lap-dog. V. Barbiche.

BABIL, ba-bil, s. m. prating, prattling, chat, chatting, chattering, talk or talkativeness.

BABILLARD, x, ba-bi-lar, lard, adj. talkative, prating, full of talk or prattle. Chien ba-billar, dog that opens false. billard, liar, dog that opens false.

BABILLARD, s. m. prattler, prattling or talkative man, babbler, blab, tattler.

Babillarde, s. f. prattler, prattling woman, gossip, talkative woman, tattler.

BABILLER, bå-bi-lå, v. n. to talk, prattle, chat or chatter, tattle.

*BABILLOIRE, V. Caquetoire.

BABINE, bå-bin, s. f. lip of some beasts. BABIOLE, bå-bibl, s. f. bauble, toy, gew-

BARORD, bå-bor, s. m. larboard; port. Le côle de babord d'un bûtiment, the larboard side of a ship. Feu babord, fire the larboard guns. Båbord tout, hard a port. Båbord un peu, port a little. Sans venir sur babord, mind your port helm.

BABORDAIS, s. m. pl. larboard watch. BABOUCHE, ba-boosh, s. f. shoe worn in BABOUCHE, ba-boosh, s. f. shoe Turkey and other eastern countries.

Babouin, ba-bwin, s. m. monkey, baboon; a ridiculous figure daubed upon the wall of a guard-house, which soldiers are made to kiss for some misdemeanors. Faire baiser le ba-

nor some miscementors. The botter is botter to botter a perfect to make one truckle. Babouin a quelqu'am, to make one truckle. Babouine, s. f. foolish girl, simpleton.

Bac, bâk, s. m. ferry-boat, parer le bac, to cross the river in a ferry-boat, ferry it over.

Baccalaurkat, bâ-kâ-lô-rê-â, s. m. ba-balora degree.

chelor's degree.

BACCHANALE, bå-kh-nål, s. f. bacchanal, basso-relievo or picture representing the figure of Bacchus. Also noisy drinking-bout.

Bacchanales, s. f. pl. bacchanals, Bacchus'

BACCHANALISER, v. n. to riot, revel.
BACCHANTE, backant, s. f. bacchante, priestess of Bacchus; also froward mad woman, termagant.

gree. Backetier, young unmarried man, lad; also young nobleman serving under the banner of another.

BACHIQUE, ba-shik, adj. of or belonging Bacches, drunken. Une chanson bachique, to Bacches, drunken. a drinking song. Васнот, ba-shô, s. m. (from *Bac*) wherry,

small ferry-boat. BACHOTAGE, s. m. wherry-man's busi-

BACHOTEUR, s. m. wherry-man.

BACLÉ, z. adj. barred. Baclé, done, agreed on, concluded.

BACLER, bå-klå, v. a. to bar (a door or window) inwards, chain, fasten, make fast.
To conclude, bring to a close.
BAGULER, v. a. V. Bâtosser.
BACULOMÉTRIE, s. f. baculometry.

BADAUD, ba-do, s. m. silly man, booby ;

simpleton, cockney.

Badande, ba-dod, s. f. silly woman, simple-

BADAUDAGE, s. m. V. Badauderie.
BADAUDAGE, s. m. V. Badauderie.
BADAUDER, bå-dò-då, v. a. to stand gaping or gazing about, loiter, trific away one's time.
BADAUDERIE, bå-dòd-ri, s. f. simplicity.

foolery, silliness. BADERNE, s. f. Mar. mat, panch. Baderne des mâts mojeurs, dolphin of the masts.

BADIGRON, s. m. plaster of Paris. ish colour for walls.

BADIGEONER, v. a. to plaster with plaster of Paris. To colour walls yellow.

BADIN, E. bå-din, dh, adj. & s. wanton, waggish, apish, merry, sportful, idle, silly, ridiculous, playful.

Badinage, bh.dl-naz, s. m. play, sport, wantonness, toying, joke; wit, smartness, agreeable trifling; folly, nonsense.

BADINANT, s. m. supernumerary horse BADINEMENT, adv. wantonly, waggishly, foolishly.

BADINER, ba-di-na, v. n. to play, play the fool or the wag, he full of mad or wanton tricks, toy; to play, trifle, be smart or witty;

to jeer, rally: to play, wave (in the air.)

BADINERIE, ba-din-rl, s. f. silly or foolish
thing, silly stuff, foolery, idle story, impertinence.

BADINES, bd-con, s. f. small tongs.

Badoulage, s. m. slander. BADOULIER, s. m. slanderer.

BAFFETAS, s. m. sort of coarse cotton.
BAFOUER, hå-foð-å, v. a. to abuse, mock.
affront, laugh at.
BAFRE, båfr, s. f. eating, eatables, guttling,
grand dinner. Faire bafre, to feast, guttle.
BAFRER, bå-frå, v. n. to eat greedily, guttle.
BAFREU-R, se, bå-frèur, frèuz, s. m. & f. a
glutton.

glutton. BAGACE, s. f. sugar-cane bruised and the

sugar extracted. sugar extracted.

BAGAGE, bå-gåz, carriage, baggage, luggage, goods. Pher or trouser bagage, to pack
away, march bag and baggage, go away;
BAGARRE, bå-går, s. f. brawl, stiffe, quar-

BACHELIER, båsh-lik, s. m. bashaw.

BACHELIETE, s. f. young virgin, lass, dam-l.

BACHELIETE, båsh-lik, s. m. bashew.

BACHELIE, bås-gå-lél, s. f. trife, toy, idle thing, thing of small business.

Donner dans la bagutele, to mind trifles, bachelier, båsh-lik, s. m. bachelor. Se busy one's self about trifles.

base, but : jeane, meute, beurre : en-tan, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

BREATELLE, interj. pshaw, stuff; no such #

BAGATELLIER, s. m. trifler, trifling fellow.

BASATELLISTE, s. m. toy-man. BAGNE, s. m. place of confinement for

daves.

BAGNOLETTE, s. f. a sort of head-dress for

BAGUE, bag, s. f. ring. Bagues d'oreille, est ringu. Bagues annes, clear, safe, unhurt. Ex. Il s'en est tiré bagues annes, he is come off clear.

Bogne, Mar. bank, grommet.
BAGUENAUDE, beg-nod, s. f. bladder-nut.
BAGUENAUDER, beg-no-de, v. n. to stand
ling, mind nothing but trifles, fool the time

BAGUENAUDIER, båg-nd-då, s. m. tree

that bears bladder-mats.

Beguenaudier, s. m. trifler, trifling idle fel-

BAGUETTE, bl.-gd., v. a. to baste (as a tailor.)
BAGUETTE, bl.-gds, a. f. little stick, rod,
wwitch, wand; gua-stick, rammer, ramrod;
drum-stick. Communder à la baguette, to
command magisterially, or imperiously. A small moulding. Baguette divinatoire, forked hazel twig used by pretenders to find mines, springs, S.c. Faire passer par les baguettes, to run the granulet.

BAGUIER, ba-gil, s. m. case or box for

rings.
BAHUT, bl. 0, s. m. trunk.
BAHUTIER, bl. 0-th, s. m. trunk-maker.

— ti. bay, of a chestnut color

— ti. bay, of a chestnut color Bai, bå, adj. bay, of a chestaut colour. Chemi bai, bayard, bay horse. Bai brun, brown bay. Bai chátain, of a chestaut colour. Bai dwe, yellow dan. Bai miroité or à miroir, bright dapple bay.

BAIR, bè, s. f. berry; bay, road at sea; up (in a wall for a door or window;) sham,

, trick, bite.

BAIGHER, bê-gad, v. a. to bathe, water,

oak, wash. Bairner.

Boigner, v. n. to bathe, soak; to welter.
Se beigner, v. r. to wash, bathe, bathe one's
st. Les gens cruels se beignent date le sang
le leurs ensensis, cruel men bathe in the blood
their ensemies.

BAIGHEUR, SE, bê-gnêur, gneuz, s. m. & f. be one that bathe

Baltewing, s. m. bathing-place (in a river.)

Baltewing, be-gawar, s. f. bathing-tub.

Balt., bkl, s. m. lease. pl. Banc.

Balt.le, s. f. Mar. half tub. Baille à deste beaf, fresheming tub.

Balt.lenent, bkl-men, s. m. gaping,

yawning, histors

BAILLER, ba-fa, v. a. to give, reach, de-liver. Bailler à terme, to lease, farm, let out. Bailler, v. n. to gape, yawn; to gape open,

chap, crack. BAILLERESSE, V. Bailleur.

Buillet, s. m. light red-coloured horse.

BAILLEUL, s. m. bone-setter.

BAILLEUR, s. m. BAILLERESSE, bà-lèur, blirès, s. f. lessor, ér one that lets or farms out. Un builleur de casacles or de bourdes, a sham-

mer or chest.

Battles or Battles, yawner. Un bon baille as fast battles dear, yawning is catching.

Battles or Battles, ba-d, s. m. bailiss. Un bon båilleur

BAILLIAGE, s. m. bailwick.
BAILLIVE, ba-/ly, s. f. bailiff's wife.
BAILLON, ba-lon, s. m. gag.
BAILLONNER, ba-10-na, v. a. to gag.

BAIN, bin, s. m. bath; bathing, bathing house, bagnio; bathing-tessel, bathing-tub; balneum, (in chymistry) Bain marie, balneum maries, boiling water in which a vessel is placed, containing some meat or liquors that require a milder heat than the naked fire. Ordre du bain, Order of the Bath.

Bains, s. m. pl. baths, or waters naturally hot.

BAIONNETTE, ba-yô-net, s. f. bayonet. BAIOQUE, s. f. baico, (a small piece of coin in Italy.)

BAIRAM, s. m. among the Turks.) s. m. Bairam (a solemn feast

BAISEMAIN, bez-min, s. m. kissing the lord's hand in token of vassalage; (at Paris.) offerings, Easter-offerings; audience (of the Grand Seignior.)

Baisemains, s. m. pl. service, respects, compliments. Ex. Faites-lui, je vous prie, mes baisemains, present my service or respects, to him, pray remember me to him. A

BAISEMENT, bez-men, s. m. kissing.
BAISEMENT, bez-men, s. m. kissing.
BAISEMENT, bez-men, s. m. kissing.
Se, baiser, v. r. to kiss each other, exchange kisses; to lie close, touch each other.

BAISER, be-za, s. m. kiss, buss.

BAISEU-R, SE, bê-zeur, zeuz, s. m. & f. kisser, that loves kissing.

BAISOTTER, bê-zê-th, v. n. to be always

kissing. BAISSE, s. f. diminution, waste, decay. BAISSÉ, E, adj. down, let down, bowed down. Se retirer la tête baissée, to sneak

away, go away hanging one's head. Aller the baissee contre l'ennemi, to encounter the enemy without fear, run headlong upon the enemy.

BAISSER, be-sa, v. a. to let down, lower, bring lower. Baisser les bords d'un chapeau, to flap a hat. Baisser les yeux, to look downwards; cast one's eyes down or downwards. Baisser la voix, to let fall or depress one's voice. Baisser la tête, to stoop or bow one's head, to nod. Baisser le pavillon, to strike the

Baisser, v. n. to fall (in value), decrease, sink, decay, flag, lower or shorten; to fall or go down a river. Se baisser, v. r. to stoop.

Baisspares, be-sler, s. f. pl. wine when it approaches the lees.

BAISURE, bê-zûr, s. f. kissing crust.

BAJOUR, s. f. double-faced coin. BAJOUR, ba-zoo, s. f. hog's cheek.

BAL, bal, s. m. ball, dancing. BALADIN, E, ba-la-din, din, s. m. & f. stage

dancer, vaulter, fop, buffoon. BALADINAGE, s. m. gross joke, jest. BALAFRE, ba-laft, s. f. long gash or scar

(on the face.)

BALAFRER, bå-lå-frå, v. a. to cut, gash. BALAI, ba-le, s. m. broom, besom, Rôtir le balai, to live in obscurity or penuriously; also to sow one's wild oats, to play one's pranks. (in sporting, the tail of birds, the end of a dog's

BALAIS, ba-le, adj. Ex. Rubis balais, balass

BALANCE, ba-lens, s. f. balance; pair of

bar, bat, base : thère, ebb, over : field, fig : robe, rob, lord : mood, good.

Emporter la balance, to outweigh. Faire pencher la balance, to turn the scale. Etre en balance, to waver, be irresolute or in suspense. Mettre une chose en balance, to take a thing into consideration, weigh or examine a thing. Faire entrer une chose en balance arec une autre, to put a thing in the scale against or with another. La Balance, Libra. Balance, s. m. sort of dancing step whereby

the body is poised alternately on each foot. BALANCEMENT, ba-lens-men, s. m. ba-

lancing, poising or counterpoising.

BALANCER, bá-lèn-sa, v. a. to balance, counterbalance, seesaw, poise or counterpoise. Weigh, examine, ponder or consider.

Balancer, v. n. to be poised or balanced; to boggle, waver, be floating or uncertain what to do; to beat up and down.

Se balancer, v. r. (in walking) to swing. Se balancer en l'air, to hover in the air.

BALANCIER, bà-lèn-sià, s. m. balance-

maker. (Rose or verge d'une horloge or d'une montre.) balance wheel (of a clock,) die, stamp. Balancier d'un tournebroche, the flyer of a kitchen jack. Balanciers, Mar. Balanciers de boussole, gimbals of a compass. Balanciers de lampe, rings of a lamp. Balanciers de pirogue, out-riggers of a canoc

BALANCINES, ba-len-sin, s. f. pl. Mar. lifts. Balancines de misaine, fore-lifts. Balancines entit hunier. fore top-sul lifts. Balancines du petit hunier, sore top-suil lifts. au petu numer, tore top-sail litis. Balancines du grand humer, main-top-sail lifts. Balancines du petit perroquet, fore top-gallant lifts. Balancines du grand perroquet, main top-gallant lifts. Balancines du perroquet de fougue, mizen top-sail lifts. Balancines de grande vergue, main-lifts. Balancines de la vergue sèche, cross-jack lifts. Balancines de la persulte mizen top-gallant lifts. Balancines de la persulte mizenton-gallant lifts. Balancines de la persulte mizenton-gallant lifts. Balancines de la persulte mizenton-gallant lifts. Balancines de la perruche, mizen top-gallant lifts. Balancines de la per-ruche, mizen top-gallant lifts. Balancines de la ciuadière, sprit-sail lifts or running lifts of the sprit-sail yard. Balancines de gui, topping lifts. Balancoires, bà-lèn-swar, s. f. a see-saw.

BALANDRAN or Balandras, s. m. great cloak for foul weather.

BALANT, s. m. Mar. bight or slack of a rope.

Abraque le balant des boulines d'avant, steady

forward the head bowlines. BALAUSTE, ba-lost, s. f. wild pomegranate.

BALAUSTIER, bå-lös-tfå, s. m. wild pomegranate tree. BALAYER, bå-lê-yå, v. a. to sweep, clean

with a broom. BALAYEU-R-SE, bå-lê-yêur, yèuz, s. m. & f.

BALATURES, ba-le-yur, s. f. pl. sweepings,

what the sea throws on shore.

BALAZÉES, s. f. pl. sort of cotton.

BALBUTIEMENT, bål-bå-si-men, s. m. stut-BALBULER, stammering tering, stammering ball-ba-sia, v. n. to stutter,

BALBUTIER, b

Balcon, bal-kon, s. m. balcony. Baldaquin, bal-da-kin, s. m. canopy. Bale, Basle (city.) Baleire, ba-len, s. f. whale; also a constellation in the southern bemisphere; whale-bone.
BALEINEAU, bå-lê-no, or BALEINON, s. m.

young whale, BALENAS, bå-lê-nå, s. m. pizzle of a whale. BALESTON, s. m. Mar. sprit (of a shoulder

of mutton sail.)

BALEVRE, bå-lèvr, s. f. stone which juts out in a wall; also under lip.

BALISE, ba-liz, s. f. Mar. beacon, buoy. Baliser, v. a. Mar. to lay down buoys

BALISTAIRE, bh-fis-ter, s. m. manager of

the balista among the ancients.

BALISTE, ba-list, s. f. balista (warlike en-

gine used by the ancients.) BALIVAGE, s. m. choice of young trees to

be left for growth. BALIVEAU, bit-il-vo, s. m. standard, young

tree left for growth

BALIVERNE, bå-ll-vern, s. f. idle stuff, idle tale or story, old woman's tale.

BALIVERNER, bå-ll-ver-nå, v. n. to play the fool, trifle, tell idle stories.

BALLAND bå-llà-de fa-ll-de-lland

BALLADE, ba-lad, s. f. ballad; refrain de

la ballade, burden of the song.

BALLARIN, s. m. a sort of hawk.

Balle BALLE, ball, s. f. ball, bullet, shot. ramée, cross-bar shot, cross-bar. Canon de 20 livres de balle, twenty-pounder, gun that carries a ball of 20 pounds. Enfant de la balle, child of a tennis-court keeper; also one of the same business with his father and brothers, one of the clan or of the same gang. Balle, bale or pack; chaff or hull (that holds the grain.)

BALLER, v. n. to dance, skip. BALLET, ba-le, s. m. ballet, interlude.

BALLON, ba-lon, s. m. foot-ball; balloon or air balloon; oar-vessel (in the country of Siam.)
BALLONNIKE, ba-lo-nia, a. m. foot-ballmaker.

BALLOT, bå-lô, s. m. bale, pack. Ballote, V. Marrube.

BALLOTTADE, s. f. bounding of a horse. BALLOTTAGE, ba-10-taz, s. m. balloting, ballot.

BALLOTTE, ba-lot, s. f. ballot or voting ball; wooden vessel for vintage

BALLOTTER, ba-16-th, v. a. & n. to tons, a term used at tennis; (quelqu'um) to tons from post to pillar, play the fool with, keep at bay,

post to piliar, play the root wing keep at bay, (sme affaire) to bandy, examine or debate.

Ballotter, v. n. to ballot, vote by ballot.

Ballourn, z., ballor, lord, s. m. & f. fool, tony, simpleton, loggerbad.

Ballourness, ballor-diz, s. f. dull, sunsid

thing, abourdity.

BALSAMINE, bal-za-min, s. f. sort of plant, crane's bill.

BALSAMIQUE, bal-za-mik, adj. balsamick. BALUSTRADE, ba-lustrade, rails.

BALUSTRE, bå-låstr, s. m. rail, baluster, little pillar; small twisted columns.

BALUSTREE, v. a. to rail in. BALZAN, bal-zen, s. m. bay-horse with a white spoton one, two, or three of his legs.

BALZANE, s. f. white spot on a horse's

legs.

Bambin, ben-bin, s. m. babe.

BAMBOCHADE, ben-bo-shad, s. f. grotesque picture; composition upon mean and low subjects.

BAMBOCHE, ben-bosh, s. f. large puppet; *also* shrimp, dwarf; a bamboo.

Bannou, ben-boo, s. m. bamboo.

BAN, ben, s. m. ban, proclamation; banishment, exile; proscription, outlawry. Ban et arrière-ban, ban and arrière-ban, proclamation whereby all those that hold lands of the crown are summoned to serve the king of France in his wars. Ban de four et de moulis, privilege

base, but : jeune, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

of the lord of the manor, whereby his tenants

and vassals are to grind and bake in his mills and ovens, paying him a fee for the use of them. Bayal, E, ba-ndl, adj. belonging to a ma-nor, common. Tauveau banal, common or town-bull; expression banale, vulgar expression; tensors banal, knight of the post.

BANALITÉ, bå-nå-li-lå, s. f. privilege of the

lord of the manor, whereby he obliges his vassals to make use of his mill, oven, etc.

BANANE, ba-nan, s. f. the fruit of the banana-tree.

Bananier, bå-nå-nl-å, s. m. banana-tree. Basc, bes, s. m. bench, form, seat. Bases, s. pl. public disputations, public ex-ercises. Let sur les banes, to stand out a

dispute, hold out a dispute.

Banc, Mar. bank, shelf, etc. Banc de sable, sand-bank; banc de rochers, reef; banc de glace, field of ice or island of ice; bane de brame, fog-bank; bane de poissons, shoal of fish; bane de rumeurs, thwart of a boat. Donner à travers quelque banc, to run aground, strike the sands.

BANCAL-E, ben-kal, s. m. & f. little bandy-

legged man or woman.

Ванскіль, s. f. long narrow form or bench.

Ванскоснь, ben-krosh, s. m. little bandy-

legged man.
BANDAGE, ben-daz, s. m. binding up of any thing; bandage or ligature; truss; tron band, tire of wheels.

BANDAGESTE, ben-då-zist, s.m. truss-maker. BANDE, bend, s. f. band, fillet; link; thong;

strip, side-bar (of a saddle;) cushion of a bil-liard table; bend (in heraldry.) Band, crew, set, company, gang. Bandes, bands, forces. Bande, Mar. La bande du sud, the southern shore; donner à lu bande, to heel, lie along, have a list. V. Côté. Bande de fer, plate or iron plate; bandes de ris, reef bands. bande, amain.

BANDRAU, ben-dò, s. m. head-band, ban-dage, fillet. Le bundeau d'une vetue, a widow's peak. Aroir un bundeau d'une tes yeux, to be blindfolded, have a veil or mist before one's eyes. Bandeau royal, royal wreath or diadem.
BANDELETTE, bend-let, s. f. little fillet,

band or string.

RANDER, ben-då, v. a. to bind, tie; to BANDER, ben-då, v. a. to bind, tie; to bend, spread; to stretch; to cock (fire-arms;) to bandy (at tensis;); to raise; (les veux a quelqu'un) to blindfold or boodwink. Bander son esprit, arour l'esprit bande, to bend one's mind or one's self to a thing. Bander une rolle, Mar. to line a sail round the bolt-rope, in order to strengthen it. Bander, v. n. to be tight, stretched.

Se bander, v. r. to league; to rise. quoi vous handez-rous contre la vérité? why do you withstand truth?

BABDERBAU, bend-ro, s. m. string for a trumpet.

BANDEROLE, bend-rol, s. f. streamer, band-

BANDIERE, s. f. Mar. V. Front et Ordre.
BANDIERE, s. f. Mar. V. Front et Ordre.
BANDIER, bes-di, s. m. bandit, banditto, rebber, cut-throat, vagabond, highwayman.
BANDOULIER, ben-do-lia, s. m. a high-

wayman, a vagabond. BANDOULIERE, ben-do-lier, s. f. large mulder-belt, bandoleer.

BANDURE, s. f. kind of gentian.

Bantans, s. m. pl. East-Indian idolaters. Bantague, ben-lieu, s. f. jurisdiction, precinct or liberties (of a town.)

BANNE, ban, a. f. tilt or covering for a boat, sort of basket made with boughs, kind of pan-

niers. Some say Banneau.

Banner, ba-na, v. a. to cover with a tilt. BANNERET, bau-re, adj. m. banneret. Chevulier banneret, knight-banneret.

BANNETON, ban-ton, s. m. cauf. BANNI, E, adj. banished, etc.

BANNI, s. m. outlaw, banished man. Bannière, bà-nièr, s. f. banner, standard,

flag.
BANNIR, bå-nir, v. a. to exile, banish, expel, drive away, exclude.

BANNISSABLE, adj. banishable.

BANNISSEMENT, bå-nls-mês, s. m. banish-

ment, exile.

BANQUE, benk, s. f. bank.

BARQUEROUTE, beak-root, s. f. bank-ruptcy, breaking, failure.

Fuire banqueroute, to break, turn bankrupt.
BARQUEROUTER, E, benk-roo-in, tier, s. m. & f. bankrupt.

BANQUET, ben-ke, s. m. banquet, feast; also part of the cheeks of a bit.

BANQUETER, benk-ta, v. n. to banquet,

feast, junket.
*BANQUETEUR, s. m. feaster.

BANQUETTE, ben-ket, s. f. raised way, little bank; causey or causeway; long seat stuffed and covered.

BANQUIER, ben-kla, s. m. banker. BANQUIZE, s. f. Mar. beap of floating ice

frozen together in close masses. Banvin, s. m. exclusive right of a lord of a manor to seil his own wine before any other.

BAPTEME, ba-tem, s. m. baptism, christen-g. Recevoir le Buptême, to be christened or baptised. Tenir un enfant sur les fonts de buntême, to stand god-father or god-mother to a child. Nom de baptême, Christian name. Baptême, Mar. ducking (as practised in cross-

ing the line or tropics.)
BAPTISER, ba-u-za, v. a. to baptize, christen; also give a nick name. Buntiser son

rin, to put water to one's wine. BAPTISMAL, E, bap-tis-mal, adj. baptismal. Les fonts baptismaux, the font (in a church.)

BAPTISTE, s. m. (St. John) the Baptist.
BAPTISTAIRE, ba-tls-ter, adj. of or belongg to baptism. Registre baptistaire, register of christenings.

Baptistère or Baptistaire, s. m. baptistery baptistaire or extrait baptistaire, certificate of

BAQUET, bå-kë, s. m. tub, bucket, trough.
BAQUETER, båk-tå, v. a. to scoop out.

BAQUETURES, bak-tur, s. f. pl. droppings of wine or beer into the tap tub. BAR, bar. V. Bard. BARACAN. V. Bouracan.

BARACHOIS, s. m. Mar. snug anchorage (formed by land on one side, and a ledge that breaks off the sea on the other.)

BARAGOUIN, bå-rå-gwin, s. m. gibberish.

BARAGOUINAGE, s. m. caut, gibberish.
BARAGOUINER, bå-rå-gwl-nå, v. n. to
speak gibberish or broken language; to pronounce oddly.

BARAGOUINEU-R, SE, ba-ra-gwi-neuz, s. m. & f. one that talks gibberish bå-rå-gwl-neur, bar, bai, base: there, abb, over: field, fig: robe, rob, land: mood, good.

BARAQUE, ba-rak, s. f. barrack, soldier's hut

BARAQUEB, ba-ra-ka, v. n. Se baraquer, v. r. to make huts or barracks.

BARATTE, ba-rat, s. f. churn.

BARATTER, ba-ra-ta, v. a. to churn.

BARATTERIE, s. f. Mar. the producing of a false bill of lading or making of a false entry or declaration Barbacane, bår-bå-kån, s. f. hole made in

a wall to let in or drain out the water; loophole in a wall to shoot through; barbacan

BARBACOLE, s. f. (a game) faro. Barba-cole, s. m. pedagogue, school-master. BARBADE, s. f. Barbadoes.

BARBARE, bar-bar, adj. barbarous, rude, unpolished, savage, cruel, inhuman.

BARBARE, s. m. barbarian.

BARBAREMENT, bar-bar-men, adv. barbarously,

BARBARESQUE, adj. of or belonging to the

people of Barbary.

BARBARIE, bar-ba-rl, s. f. barbarity, barbarousness, cruelty, inhumanity: incivility, rudeness, rusticity, gross ignorance; also Bar-

BARBARISME, bar-ba-rism, s. m. barbarism. BARBE, barb, s. f. beard; tail (of a comet.)
gills (of a cock:) lappet, pinner (of a head
dress:) barbles (diseuse in a horse's mouth;)
ins (of fat fish:) whiskers (of a cut or whale.)
Faire a barbe, to trim, shave or beard. Faire tous les matins dix ou douxe barbes, to trim tous les success dux ou mouse varies, to time every morbing ten or twelve people. Paire la barbe à quelqu'un, to affront or insult or abuse one. Faire la harbe à une étoffe, to barbe or beard a suiff. Rice sous barbe or dans as harbe, to laugh in one's sleeve. Le le dirai à sa barbe, I shall tell it to his face. Ul la fait à sa barbe, he has done it under his nose. Bainte Burbe Mar. gun-room. Barbe d'un bordage, whood ends or whoodings of a plank.

Barbe, s. m. basbe, Barbary horse.

BARBE, E, adj. bearded.

BARBEAU, bar bo, s. m. barbel; blue bottle (a plant.)

BARBELÉ, E, barb-la, adj. barbed, bearded; Flèche barbelée, bearded-arrow.

BARBERIE, barb-rl, a. f. art or profession.

of shaving.

BARBEROT, s. m. paltry barber, shaver. BARBET, bar-be, s. m. shagged dog. BARBETTE, bar-bet, s. f. shagged bitch; also kind of stomacher for nuns.

BARBEYER, v.n. Mar. Ex. La voile barbeye, the sail shivers in the wind.

BARBICHE, s. f. Barbickon, bår-bl-shon, s. m. a lap-dog, little spaniel. BARBIER, bår-blå, s. m. barber.

BARBIERE, s. f. barber's wife, female sha-

BARBIFIER, v. a. to shave.

BARBILLON, bar-bi-lon, s. m. little barbel; also the barbles. V. Barbe.

BARBON, bar-bon, s. m. old dotard, grey beard.

BARBON, NE, adj. morose, peevish, slovenly.

BARBONNAGE, s. m. old age, peevishness, moroseness.

BARBOTE, bar-bôt, s. f. eel-pout. BARBOTER, bar-bô-ta, v. n. to gobble (like a duck :) to mumble, mutter, grumble.

BARBOTEUR, bår-bö-tõur, s. m. taime duch. Barboteuse, s. f. harlot; termagant.

BARBOTINE, S. f. Worm-seed. BARBOUILLAGE, ber-beo-fle, s. m. dau-

BARBOUILLAND, but you bing; scribbling; scribbling; nonsense.
BARBOUILLER, bir-boo-fa, v. a. to daub.
To daub or foul; to perplex, confound; to scribble, waste paper. Featile gut harbouille. scribble, waste paper. Feathle qut harbouille (in printing.) sheet full of monks or blots. Se barbouiller, v. r. to deub one's self; (l'esprit,) to puzzle one's self, confound one's

BARBUILLEU-B, SE, bår-båo-lèur, lèuz, s.m. & f. dauber; scribblen, paltry writer. BARBU, E, bår-bå, bol, adj. bearded, full of beard, that has a great beard. BARBUE, S. f. dab (kind of fish) also quick-

set wine. BARBUQUET, s. m. chap or scab on the

BARCAROLLE, s. f. a Venitian belled:

BARD, s. m. hand-barrow; also barbel.

BARDACHE, 8. m. catamite, pathick, ingle. BARDANE, bar-dan, s. f. burdock.

BARDARE, DERT-ORIN, S. I. DUTGOCK.
BARDA, bard, s. f. barb, horse-extmour; sort of great saddle, horse-cloth stuffed; this broad slice of bacon (wherewith pullets, capones, etc. are sometimes covered instead of basting them.)

Barde, s. m. bard, ancient poet. BARDE, E, adj. barbed; also covered with

slice of bacon

BARDEAU, bår-dö, s. m. shingle. BARDELLE, bår-döl, s. f. mean saddle

(made of cloth and straw.)
BARDER, bar-da, v. a. to barb (a horse)

also to cover with a slice of bacon.

BARDEUR, s. m. a day-labourer who car-ries the haud-harrow. BARDIS, s. f. Mar. water-boards, weather-

boards.

BARDOT, bar-do, s. m. small mule; also drudge, and among booksellers, back. BARRY, s. m. cry of an elephant

BARGE, barz, s. f. bird not unlike a cur-lew; barge; hay-cock; bundle of faggots. BARGUIGNAGE, bar-gl-gnaz, s. m. hawing,

haggling.
BARGUIGNER, bar-gl-gna, v. n. to haw,

haggle.

BARGUONEU-R, SE, burgi-gadur, gudus, s. m. & f. one that stands hawing, haggier.
BARIL, bari, s. m. barrel, rundlet, small cask. Baril de gulère, Mar. breaker.
BARILLAR, s. m. officer in a galley who takes care of the wine and water.

BARILLET, bh.-fl-le, s. m. barrel (of a watch;) also small rundlet, cask or barrel.
Bariolage, bh.-fl-lke, s. m. medley or

confused mixture of colours.

BARIOLÉ, z., adj. speckled, varlegated. Fères bariolées, French beaus, kidney-beaus. BARIOLER, bà-rlò-là, v. a. to speckle, streak or daub with several colours.

Barlong, s. m. parallelogram.
Barlong, ur, adj. disprepertionately long.
Barnabite, s. m. Barnabite (sort of second.) BARNACHE OF BARNACLE, OF BARNAQUE,

f. barnacle, (sort of goose.) BAROMETRE, ba-ro-metr, s. m. burameter.

BARON, ba-ron, s. m. baron. BARONNAGE, s. m. baronnge; a costic

style.

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bine, bit, : jeune, mênte, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vis : mos : brun.

BARONNE, bå-r²b, s. f. baroness. BARONNET, bå-rö-nå, s. m. baronet. BARONNER, bå-rö-nå, s. f. barony. BARONNER, bå-rök, adj. rough; irregular,

uneven, odd.

Basqus, blick, s. f. bark, great boat, lighter. Saroir bien conduire sa barque, to know how to carry one's self. Conduire la barque, to be the ringleader in a business. Barque d'aris, advice boat. Barque de pscheur, fish-

ing-boat; korque de charge, lighter.

BARQUER, s. f. boat-load of goods or stores,
etc. Barquée de lest, ten tons of ballast.

BARQUEROLLE, s. f. little bark or boat BARQUETTE, s. f. kind of pastry-work like

BARRABAS, (this word is used in this provervial expression, viz.) Cela est commun or commu comme Barrahas à la passion, that is as common as the highway.

BARRAGE, ba-raz, s. m. kind of toll, to

keep roads in repair.

BARRAGER, bi-ri-si, s. m. he that gathers the toll, turn-pike man.

BARRAGER, birr, a f. hur; cross-har; bank of sand. Barre de liaison, division, hyphen. Barres, barriers, prison-bars. Joner à barres atres, to play a sure game, go upon sure ground. Barres, that part of a house's jaw

bere the bit rests.

Barre, Mar. bar, transom, tiller, helm, tree, dc. Barre d'aroasse, transom. Barre du gosvernail, tiller, helu. Barre franche, tiller that works upon deck without a wheel. Barre de rechange, spare tiller. Barre de calestan, capstan bar. Barre du premier pont, deck transon. Barre de la sonte du dire canonnier or barre première au-dessus du premier pont, first transom. Barre d'écusson, counter transom. Barre maîtresse de kome, trestletree. Barre traversière de hane, crosstree. Barre de perroquet, top mast crosstree. Barre d'écoutille, hatch-bar. Barre de viseles, hand spike, bar of the windless. Barre au bout de l'étambort, helmpost transoen. Barre de remplissage; filling transoen. Bâbord la barre, port the helm. Change la barre, shift the helm. Droit la barre, put the helm a midships. La barre au vent, up with the bolm. La barre dessous, down with the helm. Mollis la barre, ease the helm. Stribord la barre, starboard the helm. Faire attention à la barre; to mind the

BARREAU, ba-ro, s. m. little wooden or iron bar, rail; court, bar. Gens de barreau, lawyers, counsellors, etc. Frequenter le barreau, to follow the law, to be often hearing or

pleading cause

BARRER, ba-ra, v. a. to bar, shut with a bar; to stop; to bar or scratch out; une reine, to sear a voin (of a horse.) Barrer un batiment, Mar. to give a ship too much helm so as to yaw her about. Attention à ne pas barrer le bâtiment, don't give her so much

BARRETTE, bà-rêt, s. f. cap or bonnet.

im to some tune.

BARRICADE, ba-ri-kaul, s. f. barri- this world are frail.

BARRICADER, ba-ri-ka-da, v. a. to barricade. Se barricader, v. r. to barricade one's

BARRIERE, ba-rier, s. f. rail, field-gate, rn-pike; bar, let, hindrance, obstacle; turn-pike; bar, let, hindrance, obstacle; barrier; list, place to fight in; barrier, start-ing place; combat à la barrière, tilt, tilting. Barrière de sergens, publick place where bailiffs are to be found.

BARRIQUE, ba-rik, s. f. French bogshead,

large-barrel.

BARROT, s. m. Mar. beam (of the quarter-deck, poop and fore castle,) small heam

(placed between larger ones.)

BARROTER, v. a. Mar. to load chock up to

the beams.

BARROTIN, s. m. Mar. ledge, (put across the beams in French ships of war in order to strengthen the decks;) barrotins de caillebotis, ledges of the gratings.

BARSES, s. f. pl. canister or pewter chest

wherein ten is brought from China.

BARTARVELLE, s. f. sort of red partridge.
BAR, SE, adj. low, shallow; lower; low,
mean, pittid, base, vile, nordid, poor; inferior,
subaltern. Les enux sont bases chez ha;
things are at a low ebb with him. Avoir la tenings are at a tow con with mim. Abort as one bases, to be purblind or short-sighted. Faire main bases, to put all to the sword. Base or base-contre (in musick) base or base. V. Haut. Base continue, thorough base. Base de viole, base viol. Base-taille, counter the purple Base-counter the pur counter tenor. Basse-cour, lower court, inner yard, poultry yard. Basse-fosse, dungeon. Les Pays-Bas, the Low Countries, the Netherlands. Basse Alsace, Lower Alsatia. Bas Breton, language of Lower Britany. C'est du bas Breton pour moi, that is Hebrew to me, I don't understand that gibberish. Le careme est bas, Lent is forward br early. Bas-relief, basso relievo. Le bas peuple, the common people, the vulgar, the mob. Les basses cartes, the small cards. Sorti de bas basses caries, the small carus. A basses lies, meanly extracted or born. A basses motes, in a lew lone of voice. Bas, Mar. Bas-fond, shoal, shallow, flat. Bas mitts, lower masts, standing masts. Bas-bord, V. Bâbord. Vaisseau de bas-bord, low built ship, small ship. Basse, shallow, shoal, flat. Basse mer or mer basse, low-water. Rivière basse, shallow river. Basses voiles, courses. Temps bas, cloudy weather.

Bas, ba, s. m. stocking; barricade with netting; bose. Vendeur de bas, hosier. neumg; 100sc. venueur az oas, noster. Bas, s. m. (partie inférieure) bottom, lower part or foot (of a thing.) Le bas d'une montagne, the foot or bottom of a hill. Le vin est au bas, the wine runs low or draws

towards the lees or dregs.

Bas, adv. down, low. Mettre bas les armse, to ground arms. Parler bas, to speak low or softly. Joser argent bas, to play for ready money. Il est bas percé or il est bas, it is low with him, he is low of purse. Metre bas, to bring forth (as beasts do.) Là-bas, below: also yonder. En-bas, down, below. A bas, upon the ground. Son regne est à bas, there is an end of his reign. A bas, down or come down. Mettre le navillon bas, to strike the flag. Ici-bas, here below. Les choses d' ici-bas sont périssables, the things of

BASALTE, s. m. tesalt.

bår, båt, båse: thère, êbb, over: field, fig: robe, rob, lord: mood, good.

Basang, s. f. sheep-skin leather.

BASANÉ, E, bå-zå-nå, adj. tawny, sunburnt, of a swarthy complexion.

BAS

BASCULE, bas-kal, s. f. swipe or sweep (of

a well,) seesaw; swing-gate.

Base, baz, s. f. base, basis, foundation, bottom.

BASER, v. a. to base or found upon.

Basílic, bå-zl-lik, s. m. basilisk, cockatrice. (Herb.) sweet-basil.

Basilicon, s. m. basilicon, (ountment.) Basilique, ba-zl-lik, adj. basilick. La veine basilique, the basilick vein.

Basilique, s. f. court of justice, great hall. A great church or temple.

BASIN, ba-zin, s. m. dimity.

Bastoglosse, s. m. basiogloss (muscle which is the abductor of the tongue.)

BASOCHE, bk-zosh, s. f. company and jurisdiction of lawyers' clerks in the parliament of Paris, having among them a king, a chan-cellor, and their peculiar laws. Le roi de la basoche, the master of misrule.

BASOCHIEN, s. m. lawyer's clerk or officer of the company of lawyers' clerks.

Basque, bask, s. f. skirt of a doublet.

BASQUE, s. m. that is of Biscoy. Basque, Tour de Basque, clever trick, legerdemain. Aller du pied comme un Basque, or courir comme un Basque, to be swiftfooted. Le Basque, language of the Biscayans or of the people of Biscay.

BASSA. V. Bacha.

BASSE, bas, feminine of Bas. V. Bas. adj. BASSEMENT, bas-men, adv. meanly, poor-

ly, pitifully.

BASSESSE, bå-ses, s. f. meanness, lowness, base or mean or unworthy action, low expression.

BASSET, ba-se, s. m. terrier, terrier-dog.

BASSET, TE, adj. of low stature.
BASSETTE, ba-set, s. f. a game at cards.

BASSILE, s. f. a sort of plant.

BASSIN, ba-sin, s. m. basin; (close stool)
pan; scale; wet dock, basin, dôck, basin of a, dock. Bassin de radoub, dry dock. Etre dans le bassin, to be in dock. Mettre un hâtiment dans le bassin, to put a ship into dock.

Bassing, ba-sin, s. f. deep wide pan. Bassinger, ba-si-pa, v. a. to warm with a warming-pan; (fomenter) to bathe, foment. Bassiner, ba-st-ne, s. m. crow-foot, butter-

flower; pan, touch-pan (of fire arms.)
Bassinoine, ha-si-nwar,s.f. warming-pan.

Basson, ba-son, s. m. bassoon. BASTANT, E, adj. sufficient. BASTE, blist, s. m. the ace of clubs.

BASTE, adv. & interj. granted, well, well enough, let it be so.

*BASTER, v. n. to be sufficient or enough, suffice. L'affaire baste mal, the business does not go well.

BASTERNE, s. f. litter used by the Roman matrons.

BASTIDE, s. f. country house in the south of France.

BASTILLE, bas-til, s. f. Bastile.

BASTINGAGE, s. m. Mar. net. Filets de bastingage, netting.

BASTINGUE, s. f. Mar. netting.

Bastinguer, un raisseau, v. a. Mar. to

of netting. Se bastingue, v. r. Mar. to secure one's self by means of netting.

BASTION, bas-ti-on, s. m. bastion, bulwark.

BASTONNABLE, adj. that deserves to be bastinadoed.

BASTONNADE, bås-tô-nåd, s. f. bestinado,

cudgelling.

BAT, ba, s. m. pack-saddle, pannel; tail (of a fish.) Cheval de bôt, pack-horse, dull beavy fellow.

BATAIL, s. m. clapper of a bell.
BATAILLE, bà-thl, s. f. battle, fight.
Bataille rangee, field or pitched battle.
Cheval de bataille, war-horse. Metire or
ranger une armée en bataille, to draw up an

army in battle array.

BATAILLER, ba-ta-ta, v. n. Ex. Il sa'a
bien fallu batailler pour l'obtenir, I was fain to

struggle hard for it.

BATAILLON, ba-ta-lon, s. m. battalion, Ba-

taillon carré, hollow square.

BATARD, E, ba-tar, tard, s. m. & f. bastard, illegitimate; mongrel. Une pièce de

canon bâtarde, a demi-cannon or demi-culve-rin. Bâtard de racage, Mar. parrel, parrelrope, truss.

BATARDEAU, bà-tàr-dò, s. m. dam, dike.

BATARDIER, S. f. nursery for young trees. BATARDIER, bk-lår-dk, s. f. bastardy. Droit de blardies, right of inheriting the effects of a bastard dying intestate.

BATATE, V. Patate.

BATAYOLE, s. f. Mar. Batayole de la pou laine, iron-horse. Batayoles, stanchions and rails of the netting. Batayoles des hunes, stanchions and rails of the tops. Batayoles

pour le bastingage, barricade.

Barri, E, adj. (from bôter) saddled with a pack-saddle. C'est un ûne bôté, he is a block-

head or a dunce.

BATEAU, ba-to, s. m. boat; body (of a carriage.) Bateau convert d'un tendelet ou d'une range.) Battent convert a un tendette ou a une toile, tilt boat. Bateau de prassage, wherry, passage boat. Bateau de provinion, bumboat. Bateau lesteur, hallast lighter. Bateau de toch, log. Bateau de platsance, pleasure-boat. Bateau Bermudien, sloop. Bateau d'office, boat employed by shipe of war for bringing off fresh provisions, etc. when in port.

BATELAGE, båt-låz, s. m. juggling, juggler's trick legerdemain; also waterman's lare.

BATELÉE, båt-lå, s. f. boat-load, boat-full,

fare; also crowd, pack, flock of people.

BATELET, bat-le, s. m. little boat.

BATELEU-R, se, bat-leur, leuz, s. m. & f. juggler, puppet-player, buffoon, mountebank.
BATELIER, bat-lik, s. m. waterman.
BATER, ba-th, v. a. to saddle with a pack-

saddle.

BATI, E, adj. built, etc. V. Bâtir. Maison mal bâtie, ill-built or ill-contrived house. Homme mal bâti, ill-shaped man.

BATIER, ba-tia, s. m. saddler, maker or seller of pack-saddles. Un sot batter, silly fellow, booby, clown.

BATIFOLER, ba-tl-fo-la, v. n. to play like

children, romp.

BATIMENT, ba-tl-men, s. m. building, edisee, structure, fabric. Batiment, Mar. vessel, ship, sail, man. Batiment à pompe étroite, pink-sterned ship. Batiment à pompe barricade a ship or shelter her crew by means | carrée, square-sterned ship. Bâtiment naubûse, bût : jêûne, mêute, bêurre : ênfânt, cênt, liên : vin : mon : brun.

Fragé, wrock; bâtiment armé en course, pri-vater, letter of marque. Bâtiment armé en Alte, store-ship. Bâtiment armé en guerre, vessel equipped for fighting. Bâtiment armé en guerre et marchandises, armed merchantman. Batiment Barbaresque, vessel of the coast of Barbary. Batiment bien assis sur Com, vessel that sits well on the water. Bátiment bien soutenn de l'avant, ship with a full bow. Bâtiment bien taille de l'avant, vessel very sharp forward. Bâtiment bien evidé de Parrière, ship with a clean run aft. Bâtiment been seiri dans see proportions, vessel of good proportions. Bâtiment taill pour la marche, vessel built for sailing fast. Bâtiment très-fin dans ses fonds, sharp-bottomed vessel. Bâtiment servont de nagusin, ship vessel. But men servoir de maguern, samp used as a repository for stores. Bâtiment servoir à transporter des vieres, victualler. Bâtiment acheté pour le service de la marine, vessel purchased into the service. Bâtiment servant de prion, prison-ship. Bâtiment servant d'hôpital, hospital-ship. Bâtiment ferre-neucier, banker, Newfoundland fishing vessel. Bâtiment de transport, transport. Bâti-Bannent de commerce, traing-vessel. Bâtiment de la compagnie des Indes, India-man, East India-man, etc. Bâtiment de charge, vessel of burden. Bâtiment ensems, enemy. Bâ-timent mentre, neutral vessel. Bâtiment étranger. Foreign vessel. Bâtiment charsunuggler. Bâtiment croiseur, cruiser. Bâ-timent flibustier, freebooter. Bâtiment pitiment filustier, treebooter. Hattment private or forban, pirate. Bâtiment marchand, merchant-man. Bâtiment mal lié, vessel badly put together. Bean bâtiment, filo vessel. Joli bâtiment, handsome vessel. Bon bâtiment, good vessel. Manais bâtiment, bad vessel. Bâtiment condanné, condemned vessel. Bâtiment larguant de partout, crazy vessel. Bâtiment trompeur or de pau d'apparence, deceiful looking vessel. Bâtiment très manideceum looking vessel. Bătiment trei manie able, handy vessel. Bătiment romassé, snug vessel. Bătiment fort or ayant un fort échastillon, strong built vessel. Bătiment truspuéin or foible, weak vessel. Bătiment neuf, new vessel. Bătiment vieux or vieux neuf, new vessel. sent, old vessel. Bâtiment canard, vessel that pitches deep.

BATIR, ba-tir, v. a. to build; to baste

BATIR, ba-tir, v. a. to build; to baste, make long stitches. Bâtir sa fortune, to build or raise one's fortune.
BATISSE, ba-da, s. f. building.
BATISSEUR, bà-ds-fur, s. m. builder, one that builds much, one fond of building.
BATISTE, bà-dist, s. f. cambrick.
BATON, bà-ton, s. m. stick, staff, cudgel.
Donner des coups de bâton à, to cudgel.
Donner des coups de bâton à, to cudgel.
Bâton de Jacob, Jacob's staff. Bâton de deux
bouts, quarter-staff. Bâton de commandebosts, quarter-staff. Bâton de commandement, staff or truncheon of command. Tour du bâton, by-profits, by-gains, perquisites. Tirer au court bâton avec quelqu'un, to try nasteries or strive or contend with one. Bâton de vicillesse, support of one's old age. Faire quelque chose à bâtons rompus, to do a thing by matches, or by fits and starts. Je baton, I am sure of the thing. Bâton, Mar.

mandement, ensign-staff, flag-staff at the mast head. Bâton d'enseigne or de pavillon, flag-staff. Bâton de foc, jib-boom. Bâton de ctin-foc, flying jib-boom. Bâton de flamme, stick of a pendant. Bâton de gaffe, boat-book staff. Bâton de girouette, vane spindle.

ook staff. Bâton de girouette, vane spindle. BATONNEE, s. f. as much water as comes

out of a pump every time it plays.

BATONNER, ba-to-na, v. a. to strike out, efface, cancel; also to draw lines under those

passages which require particular attention.

BATONNET, s. m. cat, tipcat, (plaything.)

BATONNER, bà-tô-nh, s. m. chief of the counsellors of the parliament of Paris. Bâtonnier d'une confrérie, staffman of a company.

BATRACHITE, s. f. a sort of green and hol-

low stone.

BATTAGE, bil-tile, s. m. threshing.

BATTANT, adj. beating. Sortir tambour rand en soie a trente métiers battans; that silkweaver has thirty looms going.

"Battant-neuf, brand-new, fire-new.

BATTANT, bå-tèn, a.m. clapper (of a bell,) fold of a door. Porte à deux battans, folding door, two leaved door. Battant, Mar. fly. Battant d'un pavillon, etc. fly of an ensign,

BATTANT-L'ORIL, s. m. French night beaddress or dishabille.

BATTE, bât, s. f. rammer, paving-beetle, commander. Batte de cimentier, dauber's beetle. Batte de blanchisseuse, small sloping bench whereon the washer-women beat and soap their linen. Batte de selle, bolster of a saddle. Batte à beurre, churn-staff.

BATTEMENT, bêt-mên, s. m. beating.

Battement de mains, clapping of hands. Battement de pieds, stamping of the feet. Battement du govier, shake (in musick.)

Ragners blat of hands.

BATTERIE, bat-ri, s. f. battery, fighting, scuffle, squabble; particular way of playing upon the guitar, or of beating the drum; (de coson) a battery of ordnance; (de cuisine) furniture; cover (of the pan of a gun.) Batterie, Mar. battery, etc. Les pièces en batterie, mar autorite sur la latini de la constant de la co terie, run out your guns. Batteries factum-tes, floating battery. Batterie qui s'adapte à la culasse d'un canon, lock applied to the breech of a canon. Votre vaisseas a me breech of a cannon. over cannon a ware belle batterie, your ship carries her guns a good height out of the water. Ce reasseaus a 5 pieds 9 pouces de batterie, that ship's lowest gun-deck port is 5 feet 9 inches above the surface of the water.

BATTEUR, batter Batter de bld or batter.

d'or, gold-beater. Batteur de blé or batteur en grange, thresher. Un batteur de paré-or de chemin, a rambler, a man that is always rambling up and down the streets; also a padder or vagabond. Batteurs d'estrade,

Battesse d'or, s. f. woman gold-beater. Battoin, ba-twar, s. m. beetle, battledore. Battoiogik, ba-tô-lô-zi, s. f. tautology,

needless repetition.

BATTRE, batr, v. a. to beat, strike. Battre les ennemis, to beat the enemy, get the better of them. Battre de quelque raison, to beat down with an argument. Battre une ville en ruine, to batter down a town. Battre quelqu'un en ruine, to run one down, to pulim to a nonplus. Battre le fer, to fença bar, bat, base: thère, èbb, over: field, fig: rôbe, rôb, lord: mood, good.

Il faut battre le fer tandis qu'il est chaud, we must strike the iron while it is hot. Battre la campagne or l'estrade, to scour the country for intelligence. Battre la semelle, to beat the boof, foot it, travel a foot. Battre bien du pays, to travel a great way. Battre monaoie, to coin, mint money. Battre du blé, to thresh grain. Battre le beurre, to churn milk. Battre les cartes, to shuffle the cards. La rivière bat les murailles de la ville. the river beats against (or runs close by) the wall of the town. Battre le pavé, to ramble about, run up and down the streets.

Battre la diane, Mar. to beat the reveille;

battre la retraite, to beat the retreat.

Battre, v. n. to beat. Le caur me bat, my heart beats, pants, or goes pit-a-pat. Battre des mains, to clap, appland. Battre de l'aile or des ailes, to flap or flutter.

Se battre, v. r. to fight. Se battre en duel, to fight a duel, on se bat pour avoir du pain,

people struggle hard to get bread.

BATTU, E, adj. beaten, beat, etc. V. Battre. Vous avez les yeux battus, your eyes look black and blue. Battu de l'orage or de la tempête, tossed by the wind, weather-beat-

Autant vaut-il être bien battu que mal battu,

over shoes, over boots. BATTUE, bà-tù, s. f. beating. Faire la battue, to beat the bushes, etc. in order to

spring or start the game.
BATTURE, s. f. Mar. shallow, shoal.

BAU, s. m. Mar. beam. Demi-bau, halfbeam. Mastre-bau, mid ship beam. Bau de celtis, cellar beam. Faux baux, reams.

BAUBI, s. m. sort of hunting dog (for nares, foxes, and boars.)

BAUD, s. m. sort of stag-hound.

*BAUDET, bo-de, s. m. ass; also stupid fellow; horse, block, trestle; hammock.

BAUDIR, v. a. to set dogs or hawks on with the horn and voice.

BAUDRIER, bo-dri-å, s. m. belt, long belt, shoulder-belt, baldrick.

BAUDRUCHE, bo-drush, s. m. gold-beater's

BAUGE, boz, s. f. soil of a wild boar; a

kind of mortar made of clay and straw. bauge, adv. plentifully, in plenty.
BAUME, bom, s. m. balsam; balm, balm

mint. Baume, s. f. Mar. spanker; ex. de baums or de brigantine, spanker boom.

BAUMIER, s. m. halm-tree.

BAUQUIÈRES, s. f. pl. Mar. clamps. BAUX, bo, s. m. (the plural of bail) leases; also (the plural of bail) beams, etc.

BAVARD, s. m. BAVARDE, bå-vår, vård, s. f. babbler, blab, idle prater, prattling silly fellow or woman; also boaster, cracker, bouncing or boasting fellow, romancer.

BAVARDAGE, s. m. the act of prating, blab-

BAVARDER, bå-vår-då, v. n. to boast, crack or bounce, romance.

BAVARDERIE, ba-vard-ri, s. f. bouncing,

cracking, boasting, idle prattling.
BAVAROISE, ba-va-rwaz, s. f. tea sweetened with syrup of capillaire.

BAVE, bav. s. f. foam, slaver, slabbering, drivel

BAVER, ba-va, v. n. to foam, slaver, slabber, drivel; to be salivated.

BAVETTE, ba-vet, s. f. bib, slabbering bib.

Tailler des bavettes, to chat, gossip.

BAVEU-X, SE, ba-veu, veuz, adj. & s. m. & f. slabbering, slabberer, slabber-chaps. Baveuse, sort of sea-fish. Chair baveuse. Baveuse, proud-flesh.

BAVIÈRE, s. f. Bavaria ; de bavière, of or from Bavaria, Bavarian.

BAVOCHE, E, adj. (in engraving) not cleanly

cut or stamped or printed. Epreuse bavochée, proof that wants neatness, foul proof.

BAVOCHURE, s. f. print not clearly cut or stamped.

BAVOLET, ba-vô-lê, s. m. kind of beaddress worn by country-women.

BAVOLETTE, s. f. (celle qui porte un ba-

volat) country-lass.

BAYER, be-ya, v. n. to gape, to look for a long time at a thing with one's mouth open. Bayer aux corneilles, to stand gaping or locking sillify at every trifling thing. Bayer après une chose, to gape or hanker after a thing.

BAYEU-R, SE, bå-yeur, yeuz, s. m. & f.

BAZAR, s. m. publick market (in the East)
or place where slaves are shut up.
BDELLIUM, s. m. Bdellium (sort of tree or

its aromatick gum.)

BE, ba, the bleating of sheep.

BEART, E, ba-en, ent, adj. open, wide open, gaping; bouche beaute, open mouth.

BEAT, E, ba-a, at, s. devout or holy per-

son, saint, bigot or hypocrite.

BEATIFICATION, ba-a-tl-fi-ka-slon, s. f.

beatification.

BÉATIFIER, v. a. to beatify or pronounce blessed.

BÉATIFIQUE, ba-a-ti-fik, adj. beatifical, beatifick.

BÉATILLES, bå-å-til, s.f. pl. tit-bits, dainty-bits (such as cocks combs, sweet-breads, etc.)
BEATITUDE, ba-a-d-tud, s. f. beatitude,

bliss, blessednes BEAU, bò, adj. Formerly several words ended in el, whose termination is now eau. In adjectives, however, the masculine termination el is preserved before substantives beginning with a vowel or h mute, and as an affix to certain names. The feminine of these adjectives is formed from the primitive termination el by doubling the l and adding an e mute. Thus beau m. becomes bel m. before a vowel or h mute, belle in the feminine, and in the phural beaux for the masc. and belles for the sem. Ex. Un beau garçon, a fine boy; un bel homme, a handsome man; un bel air, a sine air; une belle semme, a handsome woman, etc. de beaux garçons, fine boys; de benux hommes, handsome men; de beaux airs, fine airs; de belles femmes, handsome women; Philippe-le-Bel, Philip the fair. Ce que vous dites là est bel et bon, what

you are saying is pretty good or well enough.

Beau, belle, etc. fine, handsome, comely, pretty, beautiful, neat, fair; delicate; curious, pleasant, excellent; lucky, happy, favoura-ble; decent, seemly. Cela n'est pas du beau style, that is not elegant. Faire beau semblant à quelqu'un, to keep or carry it fair with one. Il l'a trahi, sous un beau semblant d'amitié bûse, bût : jêûne, mêute, bêurre : ênfânt, cênt, liên : vin : mon : brun.

betrayed him under the pretence of hip. Le beau monde, the beau monde, he fair sex, ladies, women, the fair. beau or grand jess, to play deep or Un beau mangeur, a great eater a beder. Beau joneur, one that plays id never frets at play. Avnir les armes to sence well. Donner beau jeu à, to fair play to. Payer à beaux deniers u, to pay ready money. Beau (ironi-.) Vollà qui est bean, vous lever à midi! we a fine man indeed, to rise at twelve th! Voilà une belle équipée! that is a plot indeed. It has arracka l'oreille à s dents, he bit his ear off cleverly! It l'a ppé belle, he escaped it very narrowly. nore earnestly than before. La bailler or mer belle à quelqu'um, to bamboozle or mer one. La manquer belle, to have a ther one. La monquer vanc, to have a row escape. Beau-père, father-in-law. Beau-file, son-ine. Belle-fille, daughter-in-law. Beau-frère, ther-in-law. Belle-saur, sinter-in-law. BLAU, s. m. excellence, beauty, etc. Joindre cuentile le beau et l'effroyable, to join together the fair and the foul. Le beau des images est de représenter la chose comme elle unages est de representer la chose comme cue viet passée, the excellency of images is to make true representations of things. Il fait beau, (il fait beau temps,) it is fine weather. Il fait beau se promener, it is fine walking or agrecable to walk. Il fait beau voir ce géndagreeante to walk. Il fait beau voir ce général à la tête de ses troupes, it gives one pleasare to see that general at the head of his troops. C'est sone cérémonie qu'il fera beau voir, it is a ceremony which it will be agreeable to see. See the obs. on falloir. Tout beau! interj. hold, hold there, fair and softly, not so fast! Tout beau! ne parler pas si hant, softly! do not speak no loud. Tout beau! ne rous on not speak no rous. I was been not energy factor-pas, peace, peace! be not energy. Meter was chose dans un beau jour, to explain clearly. Ry a beau temps or beau jour que je ne l'ai vu, it is a long time since a l'ai vu, it is a long time since l'asw him. R refusa bien et beau or bel et beau, he utterly refused. Peindre quelqu'un ca beau, to paint or set one off to the best advantage. Vous are: beau chasser le chagrin, il recies toufours; drive away sorrow ever so much, it will return; you may drive away torrow as much as it is in your power, still it will return; in vain you repeatedly drive away sorrow, it will return, etc. J'ai beau l'attendre, il ne rieratra pas; it is useless for me to wait for him, he will not come. Elle a beau faire, elle n'en riendra pas à bout, let her do what she can, she will not succeed or bring it about. Voss avez beas dire et beau faire, il rémira dem son entreprise, whatever you may my and do he will succeed in his enterprise; you may (let you) say and do whatever you please, he will succeed in his enterprise. Mes affaires auroient eu beau être pressantes (quelque pressantes qu'enssent été mes affaires) je naurois pas laisse de vous écrire, how press-ing soever my affairs had been, I would

ing soever my arrains man have written to you.

Beaucoup, bo-kôo, adv. much, many or great many, many a. Beaucoup d'argent, mach money; beaucoup de femmes, many women or many a woman. Il s'en fait beau-

coup que votre affaire soit achevée, your busi-ness is far from being ended. Il n'est pas à beaucoup près si beau que son frère, be is nothing near so handsome as his brother or he comes far short of being as handsome as his brother.

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BEAUPRÉ, bô-prå, s. m. Mar. bowsprit. Notre beaupre fut rompu par ce bâtiment, that ship carried away our bowsprit. L'escadre ennemie est en ligne beaugné sur poupe, the enemy's fleet is in a close line of battle ahead.

BEAUTÉ, bo-th, s. f. Beauty, fineness, handsomeness, prettiness, comeliness. Cela est de la dervière beauté, that is extremely fine or beautiful; beauty, pleasantness, fineness, curiousness, delicacy, excellency; beauty, beautiful or charming woman.

BEAUTURE, Mar. Etre en beauture de temps.

BEC, bek, s. m. bill, beak (of birds,) nose, sout (of certain fish,) gullet (of an ener.) nib (of a pen.) socket (of a lann,) mouth (of a man.) point (of land.) Coup de bec, wipe, nipping jest, taunt. Tour de bec, kins, buss. Elle ping jest, taum. Tour at oeer, kins, outs. Edit fail le petit ber, she minces. Bet de lièrre, bare-lip. Qu'il est heureux de beiser ce bet amou-reux! how happy is he to kins those amorous lips! Avoir du bet, avoir le bet bien affile, to be talkative, have one's tonque oiled or well hung. In n'a rien que le bec, he is all tongue, he does nothing but prate. Faire le bec à quelqu'un, to teach one belore-hand what he shall say. Passer à quelqu'un la plume par le bec, to make a fool of one, baffle or abuse him. On lui tient le ber dans or à l'ems, he is amused or played the fool withal; he is kept at bay. Ber de corbin, kind of halbert. Gentilhomme à ber de corbin, gentleman-pensioner. Une can à bec de corbin, a cane with a head in the form of a raven's bill. Bec corns, hornified or cornuted puppy. Bec, Mar. bill, beak, prow. Bec d'une tartane, etc. beak, or prow. of a tartan. Bec d'une ancre, bill of an anchor.

Bet de corbin, ripping-iron.

BÉCABRE, bà-khr, s. m. B sharp (in mu-sick), also am adj. sharped (note.)

BÉCASSE, bà-kh, s. f. woodcock.

Bécasse

de mer, sea-pie. Brider la bécasse, to cozen or catch one, trap a bubble.

BÉCASSEAU, s. m. a young woodcock. BÉCASSINE, ba-ka-sin, s. f. snipe.

BECCARD, s. m. female salmon.

BEC-FIGUE, bek-fig, s. m. becasico, figpecker.

BÉCHE, bèsh, s. f. spade.

BÉCHE, V. Becquée.

BÉCHEN, V. Ben.

BÉCHEN, bè-shà, v. a. to dig with a spade.

BÉCHEQUE, bè-shìk, adj. de s. m. for a cough, good for a cough, good to cure a cough, lozenge for a cough.

Recough and beaked (in heraldry)

BECQUE, E, adj. beaked (in heraldry.) BECQUEE, be-ka, s. f. bill-full.

BECQUENO, S. f. pratile-basket.
BECQUETER, bek-th, v. a. to peck.
BEDAINE, be-dbn, s. f. peunch, guts.
BEDEAU, be-do, s. m. verger, mace-bearer,

beadle.

*Bedon, s. m. (tambour) a tabret or drum;

(im gros hedon) fat thick man.

Bfr, adj. f. (only found in this sense with gueule.) Un tonneau à gueule bee, a crak with one end knocked out.

bar, bat, base : thère, ebb, over : field, fig : robe, rob lord : mood, good.

BEFFROI, ba-firwa, s. m. belfry, watch-tower, steeple; also alarm-bell.

"BEFLER, v. a. to baffle, mock, play the fool with, make a fool of, laugh at, banter.

BEGAIEMENT, ba-ge-men, s. m. stuttering, stammering.

BEGAYER, ba-ge-ya, v. n. to stutter, stam-

mer, lisp.

Brov, z, s. m. & f. horse or mare that has the mark in the mouth, not only till seven

years old but for life.

BEGUE, beg, adj. or s. m. & f. that stutters or stammers, stammerer or stutierer.

BÉGUEULE, bà-géul, s. f. conceited woman. BÉGUEULERIE, s. f. the airs of a conceited

Biguin, ba-gin, s. m. biggin, cap.

BEGUINAGE, ba-gl-naz, s. m. kind of nun-

BEGUINE, bli-glin, s. f. sort of nun; bigoted old maid.

Broun, s. f. Begum, princess of Indostan.

BEIGE, s. f. sort of serge. BEIGNET, be-goe, s. m. fritter.

BEJAUNE, be-zon, s. m. nias hawk; also foolish young man; blunder, ignorance, silliness, mistake.

REL, V. Beam

BELANDRE, bå-lendr, s. f. bilander.

BRLANT E, adj. bleating.
BRLANT E, adj. bleating.
BRLENNITE, s. f. belemnites (sort of fossil.)
BRLEN, be-la, v. n. to bleat.
BRLETTE, be-let, s. f. weasel.
BELIER, ba-lik, s. m. ram; battering ram;

BÉLIÈRE, bà-ll-èr, s. f. ring upon which the

bell-clapper hangs.
BELITRAILLE, s. f. gang of scoundrels. BELLE, V. Beau.

Belle-De-Nuit, s. f. great night shade, jalap. Belle-de-jour, s. f. day-lily.

BELLEMENT, adv. softly, gingerly. Il va bellement en tout ce qu'il fait, he goes on fair and softly, he acts with deliberation. Belligerant, E, bêl-ll-2å-rên, rênt, adj.

belligerent, at war. BELLIQUEU-X, BE, bêl-lî-keu, keuz, adj.

warlike, martial, valiant.

*Bellissime, adj. very fine, superfine. Bellone, s. f. Bellona.

BELLOT, TE, adj. pretty.

BELOEDER, s. m. fine green plant without flowers, called by some the toad-flax.

BELOUSE, V. Blouse. BELVEDER, bel-va-der, or Belvedere, s. m. belvedere, a plant. Belveder, sort of terrace; also, belvidere, turret, pavilion on the top of a house; and the plant described at Béloder. B£-not, bà-môl, s. m. B flat (in musick.)

BÉMOLISE, E, adj. marked with a flat.

BEN or BECHEN or BEHEN, s. m. behen or ben. A tree of Arabia, the nut of whose fruit yields an oil much used by perfumers. Ben-album, a. m. sort of lychnia. Binfidicité, bh-nh-di-si-th, s. m. grace

before dinner or supper.

BENEDICTE, s. m. benedict, electary BENEDICTIN, s. m. monk of the order of St. Benedict.

Binidictine, s. f. benedictine nun. BENEDICTION, ba-na-dk-slow, s. f. bless- brass-cannon.

ing, benediction; favour, grace; consecra-tion. Ce nom est en benediction à tout la monde, that name is blessed by every body.

Bénéfice, ba-na-ils, s. m. benefice, living, Bénéfice simple, sinecure. Bénéfice, benefit, privilege; benefit, profit, advantage, emolu-ment. Bénéfice de ventre, looseness, moderate looseness. Attendre le bénéfice du temps, to wait for an opportunity.

BÉNÉPICENCE, s. m. beneficence, bounty.

Benériciaire, ba-na-fl-dèr, adj. Ex. héritier beneficiaire, one who inherits without being obliged to pay the debts of the deceased. BENEFICIAL, E, bk-nk-fl-sikl, adj. belong-

ing or relating to a benefice

Binifficier, ba-na-fl-sia, a.m. beneficed man, one that has a benefice, an incumbent.
BENET, be-ne, adj. & s. m. sottish, silly,

doltish; sot, booby, simpleton, blockhead. BENEVOLE, ba-na-vol, adj. kind, friendly.

BENGALE, s. m. Bengal. BENI, E, adj. blessed, praised. V. Bénis. BÉNIGNE, V. Benin.

BENIGHEMENT, ba-nign-men, adv. kindly.

courteously.

BENIGHITÉ, bå-nl-gul-tå, s. f. benignity, goodness, bounty, humanity, kindness.

BÉN-IN, IGNE, adj. gentle, benign, kind, favourable, courteous, humane, good-natured.

BENJOIN, s. m. benzoin, Benjamin (a gum.) BENIR, ba-nir, v. a. to bless or praise, give solemn thanks; to consecrate; to wish good; to prosper. Bénir la table, to say grace, bless the table.

BÉNIT, E, adj. blessed. praised:

BÉNIT, E, adj. blessed, praised; consecrated, holy. East benite de cour, court boly-

water, fair empty words, mere promises.

Binitier, bi-ni-til, s. m. pot or vessel for

holy water.

*BÉNOIT, E, adj. blessed, holy, sanctified.
BÉNOITE, s. f. bennet, sort of plant.

BENOITEMENT, adv. with a sanctified look. BÉQUILLARD, s. m. one that walks on crutches, or with a stick.

BEQUILLE, ha-kil, s. f. walking-stick made crutch-like, a crutch

Béquilles, s. f. pl. Mar. legs or shoars (used to support sharp built vessels when laid aground.)

BÉQUILLER, v. n. to walk with a crutch or crutches

Bequiller, v. a. to dig weeds up with a trowel. Biquillon, s. m. little leaf ending in a point.

BERCAIL, ber-kal, s. m. sheep-fold. berrail de l'église, the pale of the church.

BERCE, s. m. a little bird that lives in woods; a sort of plant.

BERCEAU, berso, s. m. cradle; arbour, bower; vault. Des le berceau, from the cradle, from one's infancy or tender age, from a child. Etouffer l'hérésie dans son berceau, to stifle heresy in its birth.

BERCER, hêr-sh, v. a. to rock a cradle, to lull or amuse. Fai été bercé de cela, I have heard it over and over.

Se bercer, v. r. to feed or flatter, or kull one's self. Il se berce de ses propres chimères, he feeds himself with his own chimeras.

BERCHE, s. f. Mar. A small newly cast

bûse, bût : jêûne, mêute, bêurre : ênfânt, cênt, liên : vin : mon : brun.

BERGAME, ber-gam, s, f. ordinary sort of

BERGAMOTE, berga-môt, s. f. bergamot.
BERGE, s. f. high or steep beach, strand or bank of a river; barge.

BERGER, ber-zk, s. m. shepherd; lover, swain; the happy or critical moment, the

yielding moment.

Bergère, ber-zer, s. f. shepherdess; nymph, 25, a sort of arm chair. BERGERETTE, s. f. liquor made of wine

and honey, conomeli.

BERGERIE, berz-rl, s. f. sheep-fold. Ber-

geries, pastorals.

BERGERONNETTE, bêrz-rô-nêt, s. f. wagtail. Little shepherdess, country-lass.

BERLINE, ber-lin, a precious stone.

BERLINE, ber-lin, s. f. berlin (sort of

BERLINGOT, s. m. chariot after the berlin

BERLU-BERLU, s. m. blunder-buss or

air-brained fellow. BERLUE, ber-ld, s. f. dimness of sight, daz-zling. Asoir is berise, to be dim-sighted, see double. Donner is berise, to dazzie.

BERME, a. f. berm, covered way or way four feet wide between the foot of the ramet and the ditch.

BERNABLE, adj. that deserves to be tossed in a blanket or laughed at.

BERNACLE, s. f. a barnacle, shell-fish.

BERNARDIN, s. m. Bernardine monk.

Bernardine, s. f. Bernardine nun.

BERNE, bern, s. f. toss or tossing in a blanket. Berne, Mar. wast or west. Hisse le parties of the pa willon on burne, hoist the ensign in a west.
Matter le pavillon en burne, to hoist the ensign in a west (a signal of distress, or for absent boats or men to come on board.)

BERNEMENT, bern-men, s. m. tossing in a

BERNER, bêr-nê, v. a. to toss in a blanket; else, to laugh at, ridicule, make a fool of. BERNEUE, bêr-nêur, s. m. one that tosses another in a blanket.

BERNIESQUE, adj. & s. m. Berni, poète Italien, înt l'inventeur du Berniesque. Berni, an Ralian post, invented a style which approaches the burlesque, but is rather more elarale.

BERSIQUET, s. m. beggary. uclqu'un au berniquet, to beggar one. Aller berniquet, to be at an ill pass.

BERT, s. m. Mar. cradle.

BERTHELOT, s. m. Mar. prow (of lateen

BESACE, be-zhs, s. f. wallet, bag with two pouches to it. Mettre quelqu'un à la besace,

to beggar one, bring or reduce him to begga-ry. Etre à la beare, to be extremely poor. BESACIER, bê-zà-sh, s. m. one who car-

ries a wallet, beggar.

Busalenz, be-zegr, adj. sourish (said of wine which runs low or draws towards the dregs.)

BESAIGUE, be-ze-gù, s. f. twy-bill.

BESAIT, s. m. besant, sort of ancient money. (En heraldry) a round piece of gold or
silver.

Brsas or Brset, s. m. ambs-ace (at dice.)
Brst, s. m. Celtick and generical name of
several kinds of pears, to which the name of

the country is added from which they have been taken. Hence Besi d'Heri, Besi de Lamotte, Besi Chacemoutel, etc.

BESICLES, be-zikl, s. f. pl. barnacles, spectacles.

Besogne, bê-zôgn, s. f. piece of work, bu-siness, labour. Donner de la besogne à quelqu'un, lui tailler de la besogne, to cut out work for one, create him trouble.

"BESOGMER, v. n. to work.
BESOIM, be-zwim, s. m. need, want, lack, indigence, necessity. Apoir besoin de, to want, need, lack, stand in need of. Qu'est-il besoin d'es parler danantage? to what purpose so many words? Autant qu'il est besoin, as much as is needful. Il n'est pas besoin que come remiez, you need not come, it is not ne-cessary for you to come. Faire see besoins, to do one's needs.

*Besson, se, adj. twin.

BESTIACE or BESTIASSE, s. f. ninny, simpleton.

BESTIARE, bes-tier, s. m. one that was (et Rome) exposed to wild beasts or that fought with them.

BESTIAL, E, bes-tial, adj. bestial, beastly, brutish.

BESTIALEMENT, bes-dal-men, adv. beast-

ly, like a beast, brutishly.

BESTIALITÉ, bes-till-fi-th, s. f. bestiality, beastliness.

BESTIAUE, bes-tlo, s. m. pl. cattle. V. Bé-

BESTIOLE, bês-tjôl, s. f. little beast, living creature, insect: also little simpleton.

BESTIONS, bês-tlon, s. m. pl. wild-beasts. Tanisserie de bestions, tapestry of wild beasts. Bestion, Mar. beak (because it generally bears

the figure of some animal.) BÊTA, s. m. fool, simpleton, ninny.

gros béta, a great fool.

BETAIL, ba-tall, s. m. cattle. V. Bestiaux. BETE, bet, s. f. beast, brute: a game like loo; silly fellow, silly woman, blockhead; (bete fasse) deer; (bete noire) wild boar. Bete épaulée, disabled man or beast; also whore, crack. C'est une méchante bête, c'est une bonne ble, he is a cunning fellow or a notable blade, or she is a cunning gipsy. Faire la bete, to be loosed or beauter. BETEL, z. m. betel, a plant. BETEMENT, bet-men, adv. like a beast,

foolishly, stupidly.

BRTISE, be-tiz, s. f. folly, foolishness, dul-

ness, supplicity, blockishness.

Betoing, ba-twan, s. f. betony (a plant.)

Beton, s. m. kind of morter, which petrifies in the earth.

BETTE, bet, s. f. beet.

BETTERAVE, bet-rav, s. f. red beet. Un

nez de betterave, a great red nose.

BÉTYLE, s. m. kind of stone of which the most ancient idols were made.

BEUGLEMENT, beugl-men, s.m. bellowing,

BRUGÉER, beu-glà, v. n. to bellow, low. BRURRE, beur, s. m. butter. Jy suis pour mon beurre, it cost me sauce, I paid deer for it.

BEURRÉ, E, beu-rà, adj. buttered. BEURRÉ, beu-rà, s. m. butter-pear. BEURRÉR, s. f. slice of bread and butter. BEURRER, bou-ra, v. a. to butter.

bar, bat, base : thère, èbb, over field, fig : ròbe, rôb, lord : mòod, good.

BEURRIER, beu-rik, s. m. butter-man. Beurrière, beu-rièr, s. f. butter-woman. Des auteurs à beurrières, Grub-struct writers.

RIE

BEVUE, bå-vå, s. f. oversight, mistake, er-

ror, blunder.

BEY, ba, s. m. Bey (Turkish governor.) BEZESTAN, s. m. public market (in Tur-REZOARD, s. m. bezoar.

Biais, ble, s. m. slope, bias; way, manner, course. It s'y prend au bon biais, he goes the right way to work. Je ne me soucie pas de quel biais sous le prunes, take it how you will, I do not care. Jai bien de la joie de vous voir prendre si bon biais à votre dessein, I am very glad to see your design go on so successfully. De biais (de travers) adv. slanting, sloping, aslope, across.

BLAISEMENT, s. m. the moving in an ob-lique or sloping direction; also, shift, fetch,

BIAISER, ble-za, v. n. to go slanting or sloping, lean; to use shifts or evasions, shift, play fast and loose. C'est un homme qui biaise, he is a shuffler or shifting fellow.

BIAISEUR, bil-seur, s. m. shuffler.

BLASSE, blas, s. f. a sort of raw silk.

BIBERON, BE, bib-ros, ron, s. m. & f. toper, wine-bibber, tippler, guzzler; also lip or spout (of a cruet or any drinking vessel.) BIBLE, blbl, s. f. bible, holy writ, scripture. BIBLEOGRAPHE, bl-bllo-graf, s. m. biblio-

grapher; connoisseur in books and ancient eanuscripts.

BIBLIOGRAPHIE, bi-bilo-gra-fl, s. f. bibliography; knewledge of books and ancient

manuscripts.

BIBLIONANE, s. m. & f. one that is mad after books.

BIRLIOMANIE, s. f. bookishness; extravagant fondness for books.

BIBLIOTAPHE, s. m. he that shows his books to nobody.

BIBLIOTHECAIRE, bl-blid-te-ker, s. m. librarien.

BIBLIOTHÈQUE, bl-blid-têk, s. f. library. book-case, selection of pieces from various

authors. BIBUS, s. m. thing of no value, of no consequence. Un poete de bibus, a paltry or sorry poet, a poetaster. C'est une affaire de

bibus, it is an affair of no consequence. Biczys, s. m. bicipital muscle.

BIGETRE, s. m. roguish or unlucky boy; also, a house of correction in France.

BICHE, blah, s.f. hind, (female of the stag.)

BICHET, blahe, s. m. measure holding about two Parisian bushels.

Вісно, s. m. a sort of worm which is bred

ander the skin and causes great pain.
BICHON, NE, bl-shon, shon, s.m. & f. lapdog.
BICTOS, V. Bicho.

Bicoque, bl-kôk, s. f. little paltry town.
Bider, bl-dê, s. m. tit, little nag, pony,
galloway, post-horse; (meuble de garderobe)
biddy.

BIDON, bl-don, s. m. can, tin-pot.
BIDOT, s. m. Mar. Ex. A bidot, aback or to windward of the mast, speaking of a la-

teen sail, etc.
Bikn, blen; s. m. good, benefit, advantage, interest; pleasure, happiness, satisfaction, le-licity.bleising; benefit, kindness, favour, good

turn or office ; estate, means, substance, riches; virtue, goodness, probity. Les biens de la terre, the goods or fruits of the earth. Profeser le bien de Dien, to abuse God's creatures. Un homme de bien, a good or hopest man. Une femme de bien, a good or virtuous woman. Les gens de bien, good people. Qui bien fera bien trouvera, do well and have well. Dire du bien de quelqu'un, to speak well of one. Vouloir du bien à quelqu'un, to wish one well. Expliquer en bien une chose, to put a favourable construction upon a thing, give it a favourable sense. Cela ne me touche mi en bien ni en mal, it does not concern me either one way or another. Il sent son bien, he looks like a gentleman.

BIER, adv. well, right, very, very much; fain, willingly; quite, full; indeed. Parlerbier Français, to speak good French. Le serois bies sot de le crotre, I should be a great fool to believe it. It a été bien examiné, he was strictly examined. Je vois bien que je was strictly examined. So that here que ye perdrai ma peine, I clearly see I shall lose my labour. Voilà hien de quoi faire tant le brare! a great matter indeed to be so proud of! Ou bien, or else, otherwise. Out bien, well and cond. Bien him a great way off. Bien lois good. Bien loin, a great way off. Bien loin de me louer, il me blûme, he is so far from praising that he blames me. Si bien que, so that. Bien que, though, although.

Bien, with du, de la, de l', des, before a substantive, and de before an adjective, is ren-

dered by much or many, a great deal, etc. Ex. Bien du monde, many people; bien de la peine, much or a great deal of trouble; bien de l'argent, much money; bien des livres, many books; bien des femmes, many women or many a woman.

Bien with the verb Vouloir expresses com-Allez, je le veux bien, Go, I consent. sent. Veuillez bien noue envoyer, be good enough or

so good as to send us; etc.

Dies is often also redundant, and although it gives some additional force to the French expression, it is not rendered in English. Ex.

Je puis bien vous assurer, I can assure you. BIEN-AIMÉ, E, blè-nè-mà, adj. beloved, well beloved.

BIEN-DIRE, blen-dir, s. m. affected display

of eloquence or language.
BIEN-DISANT, E, blên-dî-zên, zênt, well spoken, eloquent; that speaks well of.
BIEN-ETRE, ble-netr, s. m. well being.

Tota le monde cherche son bien-être, every one endeavours to be in easy circumstances

BIRNFAICTEUR, BIRNFAICTRICE, V. Bienfaileur. BIENFAISANCE, blen-fe-zens, s. f. benevo-

lence, readiness or disposition to oblige.
BIERFAISART,E, blen-fe-zen, zent, adj. beneficent, obliging, gracious, kind, good, boun-tiful, benevolent,

BIENFAIT, blen-fe, s. m. benefit, favour, kindness, good turn or office, pleasure, courtesy.

BIEN-FAIT, E, adj. well made, handsome, beautiful.

BIENFAITEUR, blen-fê-teur, s.f.benefactor. BIENFAITRICE, blen-fe-tris, s. f. benefac-

BIENHEUREU-x, se, blê-nêu-rêu, adj. hap-py, blemed. Les bienheureux, s. m. pl. the blemed in heaven.

bûse, bût : jeûne, mêute, bêurre : ésthat, cêst, liês : vie : mos : brus.

Brenall, E, adj. biennial, continuing two

BIRESKANCE, blon-så-èus, s. f. decency, decorum, seemliness, propriety; conveniency or convenience. La Flandre est à la biense-aure du roi de France, Flanders stands very convenient for the king of France.

BIENSEANT, E. blen-sh-en, ent, adj. decent, comely, fitting, convenient, seemly, becoming

BIEN-TENANT, E, adj. & s. possessor, land-

BIEN-TOT, blen-to, adv. shortly, soon.
BIENVEILLANCE, blen-ve-lens, s. f. goodwill, love, kindness, benevolence, favour;

free gift, gratuity.

BIENVEILLANT, E, blên-vê-lên, lênt, adj.
well-wishing, benevolent.

BIENVERU, E, blên-vê-nû, nû, adj. wel-

BIENVENUE, s. f. welcome. Payer sa bien-

verme, to pay one's entrance or initiation. BENNESS, so pay one's entrance or initiation.
BENDESSE, garnish, garnish-money (required by prisoners of new-conters.)

BENNOULU, E, adj. well beloved, beloved.
BIRE, bler, s. f. beer; coffin.
BIRVEE, blev. s. m. beaver.

BIEZ, s. m. pipe or canal out of which the waters fall upon the wheel of a mill.

BIFFER, bl-fa, v. a. to cancel, scratch or

BEFURCATION, s. f. bifurcation, forking. BIGAME, bl-gam, adj. and s. m. & f. twice married, who has had two husbands or wives accessively; oftener who is married to two at

BIGAMIE, bl-ga-mi, s. f. bigamy or second marriage; oftener the being married to two at

BIGARADE, bl-gå-råd, s. f. Seville orange er kind of sour orange.

BIGARREAU, bl-ga-ro, s. m. red or white

hard cherry.

BIGARREAUTIER, bl-ga-ro-da, s. m. red or white hard cherry-tree.

BIGARRER, bl-ga-ra, v. a. to variegate,

speckle, checker.

BIGARBURE, bl-gà-rur, s. f. variety or di-

versity of colours, medley, motley piece.

Bigz, s. f. chariot drawn by two horses. Bigz, s. f. chariot drawn by two horses. Bigzz, bigle, s. m. beagle. Bigzz, adj. squint-eyed, that has a cast

BIGLE, May. The with his eyes.
BIGLER, bl-glå, v. n. to squint.
BIGNER, s. f. bump in the fore head.
BIGNER, V. Brignet.
BIGORNER, bl-gorn, s. f. bickern.
BIGORNERU, s. m. little sort of anvil.

BIGORNER, v. a. to round upon a sort of

anvil, called a bickern.

Bicor, E, bl-gô, gôt, adj. & s. m. & f.
bigot or bigoted person, hypocrite.

Bigot de

range, Mar. parrel-rib.
BIGOTERIE, bl-got-ri, s. f. bigotry, super-stition, hypocrisy. Domser dans la bigoterie, to turn bigot or devotee.

BIGOTISME, bl-go-thm, s. m. character of a bigot.

BIGUER, v. a. to chop, make an exchange, berter, swap, truck.
Hagus, s. f. pl. Mar. sheers.
Binouac, Y. Bioseac.
Bisou, bl-20, s. m. jewel, trinket, a little

pretty house or box. Bijou, jewel, any thing that is beautiful or excellent in its kind.

Bijoutenia, bl-kool-ri, s. f. toys, jewels,

jewelry, trinkets, trade or business of those who deal in jewels.

BIJOUTIER, bl-zôo-tla, s. m. jeweller; one fond of trinkets or toys.

BILAN, bi-lew, an. balance account.

Bilance in the bi-ke, s. m. cup and ball, stick hollowed at both ends, with a line in the middle, on which hangs a ball for children to

play with.

Bile, bil, s. f. bile, choler; passion, anger, wrath; gall. Bile noire, choler, adust melancholy. Faire bien de la bile, to void much

BILIAIRE, bl-lê-èr, adj. biliary, bilious, BILIEU-x, sE, bl-lê-èu, èus, adj. bilious, cholerick, full of choler, hippish, pasionate. BILL, s. m. bill (in the English Parliament.) BILLAED, bl-lêr, s. m. billiards; also bil-liand-stick, and billiard-table. Billard, Mar.

BILLARDER, bl-far-da, v. n. to strike a

beil twice, or to strike two bells together.

Bille, bl., s. f. billiard-ball, also marble, taw, and rolling pin. Faire was bille, to hazard a bell. Bille d'emballeur, packer's stick.

Billebaude, s. f. confusion, hurlyburly.

A la billchaude, confusedly.

Billen, bl-fa, v. a. to pack up close with a stick; also to prepare paste with a rolling-

pin. Biller les chevaux pour tirer un bateau. to set horses to tow a boat.

BILLET, bl-le, s. m. bill, note, ticket; note, billet or letter. Billet doux, short love-letter, billet-doux.

BILLETER, v. a. to ticket or label (goods.) BILLETTE, s. f. sign made barrel-like, and set up at a toll-gate.

BILLEVESEE, bl/we-za, s. f. idle story, trash, stuff.

Billion, s. m. a thousand million. Byllon, bi-lon, s. m. gold or silver below the standard; also base coin, and place where base coin is melted down.

BILLONNAGE, bi-10-nic, s.m. trade of circulating or putting off bad money.

BILLONNEMENT, s. m. the act of putting off bad money.

BILLONNER, bl-60-na, v. a. to circulate or

put off bad money.
Brllonneur, bi-10-neur, s. m. he that circulates or puts off bad money.

BILLOT, bi-lo, s. m. block, log; wedge; stick tied across a dog's neck.

BIMBELOT, s. m. play-thing, toy. BIMBELOTIER, s. m. toy-man, one that keeps a toy-shop.

BINAGE, s. m. saying mass twice in one day; second ploughing.
BINAIRE, bi-ner, adj. binary.

BINARD, s. m. a sort of great cart for tim-

BINEMENT, blo-men, s. m. the digging or delving or ploughing the ground over again.

Bunka, blink, v. a. to dig again, to turk up the ground a second time. To any massivice the ground a second time.

in one day.

Bin'er, bi-ne, s. m. a severall. Faire bine, to make use of a severall, stick the end of a candle on a save-all.

bar, bat, base: thère, ebb, over : field, fig : robe, rob, lord : mood, good.

BINI, s. m. a monk companion.

BINOCIE, hi-noki; s. m. kind of double pro-

spective glass, i. e. for both eyes at once

BIOGRAPHE, bl-b-gråf, s m biographer. BIOGRAPHIE, bl-b-grå-fl, s. f. biography. BIPÉDAL, z, adj. bipedal, that measures

BIPRDE, bl-ped, adj. & s. biped, that has two feet.

BIQUE, bik, s. f. she-goat. BIQUET, bi ke, s. m. kid, also sort of money

BIQUETER, bik-ta, v. n. to kid, bring forth kids.

BIRAMBROT, s. m. beverage made with

beer, sugar, and nutmeg.
Binkme, bi-rem, s. f. ancient vessel with

two banks of ours on each side. BIRETTE, s. f. kind of cap worn by Jesuits during their probation.

BIRIBI, s. m. sort of game of hazard. BIRLOIR, s. m. sort of screw to keep up the sash of a window.

Bis, E, bl, blz, adj. brown (speaking of bread and dough.) Une femme bise, a brown woman, a wainscot face.

Bis, bls, (latin) encore, again, repeat. Bisage, s. m. second dying of cloth.

BISATEUL, bl-zà-ycul, s. m. great grandfather.

Bisateule, s. f. great grand-mother. BISANNUEL, LE, adj. biennial (said of plants.)

BISBILLE, s. f. quarrel, dissension (for trifles.)

BISCAYE, s. f. Biscay

BISCAYEN, NE, adj. Biscayan, of Biscay. BISCAYENNE, S. f. Mar. Biscayan or a Biscay barcalonga.

BISCORNU, E, bls-kor-nu, nu, adj. crooked. odd, crabbed.

BISCOTIN, bls-ko-tin, s. m. sort of sweet biscuit.

BISE, s. f. or vent de bise, s. m. north wind. Bise, penny or half-penny loaf. Bis, adj. See also

BISEAU, bi-so, s. m. kissing-crust; slopingcut; stop (of an argan.) Bezel (of a ring.)
Biseaux (in printing.) the wedges which fasten the pages of a form.

BISER, v. a. & n. to dye a second time: to

grow brown, (as grain.)

BISET, bi-ze, s. m. stock-dove, wood-pigeon. BISETTE, bl-zet, s.f. footing, narrow lace of

small value, edging.

BISETTIÈRE, s. f. woman that makes foot-

ing or narrow lace.
Biseur, s. m. dyer.

BISMUTH, s. m. bismuth, (mineral.)

Bison, s. m. buffalo, wild ox.

BISQUAIN, s. m. sheep's-skin with the wool

Bisque, bisk, sort of rich soup; odds at tennis.

BISSAC, bi-sak, s. m. little wallet. Réduire as bissac, to beggar, bring to poverty.

Bissa, s. f. (in heraldry,) sort of serpent.

BISSEXTE, bl-sekst, s. m. additional day in

leap-year. Bissertil, E, bl-seks-th, adj. Ex. Pan bissextil or l'année bissextile, leap-year, bissexBISTOQUET, bls-tô-kê, s. m. large billiard-stick to prevent striking the ball twice. BISTORTE, s. f. bistort, snake-weed.

Bestours, bis-too-ri, s. m. bistoury.
Bestours, r., adj. ex. Un cheval bistourné, a horse whose genitals have twisted.

BISTOURNER, bls-toor-nk, v. a. to twist the genitals, so as to make them unfit for generaũon.

BISTRE, s. f. bistre.

BITORD, s. m. spun-yarn, small kind of cord. Faire du bitord, to spin spun-yarn. BITTER le cable, v. a. Mar. to bit or bitt the

cable. BITTES, s. f. pl. Mar. bits or bitts. Bittes

lattérales du vindas, carrick bits.

BITTONS, s. m. pl. Mar. top-sail sheet bits, knight-heads, kevel-heads. BITTURE, s. f. Mar. bitter or range (of the

cables, etc.) Prendre une bitture or faire bitture, to get up a range of the cable.
BITUME, bl-tum, s. m. bitumen.

BITUMINEU-X, SE, bl-tū-mi-neu, neuz, adj. bituminous.

BIVALVE, s. f. bivalve.

BIVIAIRE, s. m. meeting of two roads.
BIVOIR, s. f. place where two roads meet, parting of a road

BIVOUAC, bl-vak, s. m. extraordinary night-

guard for the security of a camp.
BIZARRE, bl-zar, adj. odd, fantastical, humorsome, extravagant, whimsical; strange. extraordinary.

BIZARRE, s. m. & f. whimsical or fantastical person.

BIZARREMENT, bl-zar-men, adv. oddly. fantastically.

BIZARRERIE, bi-zar-ri, s. f. fantasticalness, fantastical humour, caprice, extravagance, oddness, variety.

BIZERT, s. m. sort of bird of passage. BLAFARD, E, blå-får, fård, adj. pale, wan, bleak.

BLAICHE, adj. slothful.
BLAIREAU, ble-ro, s. m. badger.

BLAMABLE, blå-måbl, adj. blameable, reprehensible.

BLAME, blam, s. m. blame, imputation, re-proach. Jeter la blame sur un untre, to lay the fault upon another.

BLAMER, bla-ma, v. a. to blame, find fault

with; to reprimand. BLAN-C, CHE, blen, blensh, adj. white: ean. Unique blanc, a crown, a crown-piece. clean. Argent blanc, nonnoie blanche, ailver; che-veux blancs, grey hairs. Les fleurs blanches (de femmes) the whites (in women.) Cartes bunches, blank, any card except the court cards. Avoir cards blanches, to have none but small cards. V. Carte. Blanc-manger, white and dainty dish made of almonds, jelly, etc. Fer blanc, in. Billet blanc (of lottery.) blank. Gelée blanche, white hoar frost. Epce blanche, naked sword. Faire une chose à bis et à blanc, to do a thing by hook or by crook. Aroir les pieds Mancs, to be privileged, be much in favour; armes blanches, swords, halberds, etc. (in opposition to fire-arms.)
BLANC, s. m. white, white colour; blank,

mark to shoot at; old coin worth five deniers. Blanc or Blanc-signé or Blanc-seing, blank or blank-paper, a blank; break, blank, whitbone, bot: jeune, meute, beurre: enfant, cent, lien: vin: mon: brun.

Chapeau en blanc, hat not dyed. Livre lead.

BLANC-BEC, s. m. a novice, an inexperienced youth.

BLANCHAILLE, blen-shal, s. f. small white أنعام young fry.

BLANCHATRE, blen-shatr, adj. whitish,

mewhat white, inclining to white.

BLASCHE, blensh, s. f. minim in music. V. Blanc.

BLANCHENENT, blensh-men, adv. cleanly. BLANCHERIE, V. Blanchisserie.

BLANCHET, s. m. blanket of a printing

BRANCHEUR, blen-sheur, s. f. whiteness. BLASCHI, E, adj. whitened, whited, washed, made white or clean.

BLANCHIMENT, blen-shl-men, s. whitening of linen cloth; also wash (to whiten silver.)

BLANCHIR, blen-shir, v. a. to whiten, make white; to white-wash; to bleach; to blanch; to wash, make clean; to plane, to polish. Blanchir une personne, to clear the reputation of one. Blanchir, v. n. to whiten, to grow white; to grow grey headed, old or hoary; te form; to graze, touch lightly, make no im-pression, be ineffectual.

BLANCHISSAGE, blen-shi-she,s. m. washing. BLANCHISSANT, E, adj. growing white or grey. Jame Muschistont, whitish yellow.

BLANCHISSERIE, blen-shb-ri, s. f. whiten-

g yard or field.

ANCHISSEUR, blen-shl-seur, s. m. whitster. vasher-work

"BLAMPICES, s. f. pl. flattery.
BLAMPUR, blenk, a. f. sort of game with blanks and prizes; blank, nothing.
BLAMPURTTE, blenket, s. f. delicate sort

of white wine; also wort of small beer, white

fricasses, and a seet of pear called Blanket.

BLASER, v. a. (ppeaking of the effects of ardent spirits) to impair, consume, burn up: it is also found used in the sense of to surfeit, hence, blast sur, surfeited with. Se blaser, blazk.v.r. to rain one's constitution or impair

one's health by hard drinking.

BLASON, bla-zow, s. m. blazon, heraldry;
blazon arms, coat of arms, achievement;

blazos, praise.

BLASOWNEMENT, s. m. blazonry.
BLASOWNEM, bid-zò-nà, v. a. to blazon a
sat of arms. To blacken, defame, traduce. coat of arms. BLASONNEUR, s. m. one who writes on heraldry; blazoner.

BLASPHÉMATEUR, blis-få-må-teur, s. m.

binsphemer. Вилярийматовии, bins-fu-må-twar, adj. blasobemous.

BLASPHÉME, blås-fém, s. f. blasphemy. BLASPHEMER, blas-fa-ma, v. a. & n. to blaspheme, revile God or sacred things.

blasheme, revile toot or sacrea tungs.

BLATIER, blå-då, s. m. grain-merchant.

BLÉ or BLED, blå, s. m. grain, wheat.

Blé-fromelt, corn, wheat. Blé-seigle, rye.

Grands-blés, wheat and rye. Petits-blés, oats
and barley. Blé-méteil, mixed grain, (half
wheat and half rye.) Blé de Turquie or

Ende, Maize, Indian corn. Blé noir or sarrezin, buck whoat. Manger am blé en herbe,
to mand com's rents before they are due. to spend one's rents before they are due.

Bencum, adj. & s. weak, irresolute man.

BLEME, s. f. Bleyme, (a bruise in the foot.)
BLEME, blem, adj. pale, wan, bleak.
BLEMIR, ble-mir, v. n. to grow pale.

BLÉMISSEMENT, s. m. paleness, turning pale.

BLESSÉ, E, adj. hurt, wounded, etc. Blessé da cerveau, crack-brained. Blessé d'amour.

smitten in love. BLESSER, ble-sa, v. a. to hurt or wound; to damage; to offend; to wound or blemish: to hurt. Mes souliers me blessent, my shoes pinch me. Blesser le respect que l'on doit à quelqu'un, to break in upon the respect due to one. Ceci blesse la charité, this is repugnant

to charity. Se blesser, v. r. to hurt one's self, wound one's self, etc. S'entre-blesser, to wound one another, to miscarry, to be offended, take ill.

BLESSURE, ble-sar, s. f. hurt, wound, bruise, offence, injury.

BLET, TE, adj. half rotten.

BLETTE, s. f. blit or blits (a pot-herb.)

BLEU, E, blèu, adj. blue.

BLEU, s. m. blue, sky-colour. BLEUATER, bleu-atr, adj. bluish. BLEUET, V. Bluet.

BLEUIE, bleu-ir, v. a. to make blue.

BLINDE, s. f. blind (to cover trenches.) BLINDER, v. a. to cover trenches with

blinds or faggots.

Bloc,blok,s.m. block,unwrought piece of marble or stone; whole lump. marché en bloc et en tâche, to take by the lump.

BLOCACE, blo-ker, s. m. BLOCAILLE, s. f. rubbish, shards, rough, ragged stones, pieces of stones to fill up walls with. Mismille de blocage, rough wall; (with printers) one letter put for another.

BLOCUS, blô-kûs, s. m. blockade. Mettre le blocus devant une place, or faire la blocus d'une place, to blockade a place.
BLOND, E. blon, blond, adi, fair, light, flaxen.

BLOND, s. m. fair or light colour. Un beans lond, lively fair colour. Blond dore, flaxen, light yellowish colour.

BLONDE, s. f. fair woman; blond-lace. BLONDIN, s. m. flaxen baired young man;

also gallant, beau, spark.

BLONDINE, s. f. flaxen haired young wo-

man or girl.

BLOSDIR, blos-dir, v. n. to grow light or fair. BLOQUER, blo-ra, v. a. to block up : to fill with rubbish and morter; (at billiards) to drive hard into the hazard; (in printing) to use an inverted letter, when the letter required is not in the case

BLOT, s. m. Mar. instrument serving to measure the way a ship makes, log-line; (in falcoury) stick on which the bird rests.

BLOTTIR, (SE) se-blo-tir, v. r. to squat, lie squat, lie close to the ground.

BLOUSE, blooz, s. f. hazard in a billiard table.

BLOUSER, bloo-za, v. a. to throw into the hazard. Se blouser, v. r. to mistake, be in the wrong box.

BLOUSSE, s. f. short wool which can only be carded.

BLUET, bld-ë, s. m. blue-bottle.
BLUETTE, bld-ët, s. f. little spark (of fire.)
BLUTTAU, s. m. bolter or bolting-cloth, (for flour, etc.)

BLUTER, blu-th, v. a. to bolt, sift.

bar, bat, base : thère, ebb, over : field, fig : robe, rob, lord : amod, good.

BLUTERIE, blut-ri, s. f. bolting-room. BLUTOIR, s. m. V. Bluteau.

BOBECHE, bô-besh, s. f. socket (of a candlestick.)

BOBINE, bo-bln, s. f. bobbin, quill (to wind silk, ec.)

BOBINER, bô-bî-na, v. a. to wind upon a bobbin.

*Boro, bô-bô, s. m. a small ailment or hurt.

BOCAGER, B. bo-ka-za, zer, adj. frequenting or living in woods or groves, rural.

ymphes bocageres, wood-nymphs. Bocal, bockel, s. m. sort of jug or bottle with a short neck and large mouth; a sort of round crystal or white glass bottle which some artists fill with water and use as a help to the right; mouth-piece (of a musical instrument.)

BORUF, beuf, s. in. ox. Basif sawage, wild ox. Basif or chair de bosif, beef. Langue

wild ox. Boxel or chart a coxel, beet. Langue de boxel, near's tongue. Boxel, blockhead, booby, dull fellow.
Bohrms, Bohrmin, Bohrmin, Bohrmin, Bohrms, Bohrmin, Bohrmin, also

gipsy.

BOIRE, bwar, v. a. to drink; to drink spirits intemperately, love drinking; to suck in a simbiba: to put up with. Pre as fait la or imbibe; to put up with. Pu as fait la folie, c'est à toi à la boire, as you have brewed, so you must drink; thou hast played the fool, it is fit thou shouldst suffer for it. Faire botre une peau dans la rivière, to soak a skill in the river.

BOIRE, s. m. drink, drinking. BOIS, bwh, s. m. a wood, forest; wood; ahoot, young branch; (of deer) head or horns. Le sacré bois de la croix, le bois de la vraie croix, the tree or cross on which our Saviour suffered. Bois de charpente, timber. Bois táillis, copse or underwood. Bois de hit, bedstead. Bois de tourne-broche, wood-work of a turn-spit. Je sais de quel bois il se chausse, I know his way, I know his kidney. Il ne sait plus de quel bois faire flèche, he does not know which way to turn himself. Trouver visage de bois, to find the door shut. Bois, Mar. (in general) wood or timber. Bois de cèdre, cedar; bois de chêne, oak; bois de chêne vert, live-oak; bois de gayac, lignum vitæ; bois de hêtre, beech; pois d'orneau, elm; bois de sapin, fir; bois de construction, or bois de charpente, timber; bois droit or bois de haute futaie, straight timber; bois courbans, compass timber; bois d'arrimage, fathom-timber or fathom wood; bois de chauffage, fuel or fire-wood, furze, faggots; bois de remplissage, dead wood; bois de membrure, crooked timber; (fit for the floors or futtocks of a ship's frame;) bots de recette, wood or timber fit for service; bois de rebut, timber unfit for service; bois de démobition, timber of an old ship broken up; faire du bois, to take in wood. Boisage, bwa-zaz, s. m. timber, wainscot.

BOISAGE, bwa-zaz, s.m. timber, wainscot. BOISE, E, bwa-za, adj. wainscotted; also

woody, that has great woods.

Boiser, bwa-za, v. a. to wainscot.

Boiserie, bawz-ri, s. f. wainscot or wain-

scotting.
Boisev-x, sz, bwł-zeu, zeuz, adj. woody.

or bushel-full; also as much ground as will take up a bushel of seed to sow it.

Boisselier, bwas-lik, s. m. maker of bushels and other wooden utensils.

BOISSELERIE, s. f. the act of making bushels and wooden utensils.

Boisson, bwa-son, s. f. drink. Boite, bwat, s. f. box. Boite de montre, watch-case. Botte de presse, hose of a printer's press.

BOITE, s. f. (said of wine,) ripeness, maturity. Ce rin est en su boile, that wine is fit to drink.

BOITER, bwil-th, v. n. to go lame, limp, halt

BOITEU-I, SE, adj. & s. m. & f. lame. halt, cripple.

BOITIER, bwa-tla, s. m. surgeon's case (for salves or ointments.

Bor or Borus, bol, bo-los, s. m. bolus. Bol d'Arménie, Armenian bole.

Bombance, bon-bens, a. f. vain or extravagant expense, riot, lumny, feasing or banquetting.

BOMBARDE, bon-bard, a. f. bombard, a great gun.

BOMBARDEMENT, bon-bard-men, a. m. bombardment, bombardia

BOMBARDER, bon-bar-da, v. a. to bombard or bomb.

BOMBARDIER, bon-bar-da, s. m. bombardier.

Bombasin, bon-ba-zin, s. m. bombasin. BOMBE, bomb, s. f. bomb, shell. BOMBEMENT, bomb-mos, s. m. swelling,

bunching out, protuberance, convenity.

BONBER, v. a. to swell; make conver. BONERIE, bom-ri, a. f. Mar. hottomry. BON, NE, bon, bon, adj. good; medal, fit or proper; great, large, long; beneficent; favourable; advantageous, indulgent, humane, good-natured, easy. Cestem bon conse or c'est un bon cour d'homme, he is a true heart, he is a true-hearted man. C'est une bonne cite d'homme, he has a good head-piece. Le bon Dieu, God Almighty. Bon homme, good man. Bon homme, simple, innocent man or fellow.

Un bon (or grand) verre de vin, a good or great glass of wine. Bon jour et bon en, I wish you a happy new year. Un bon jour, a holyday. Faire son bon jour, to receive the sacra-ment. Bon an, mal an, one year with another. Je vous le dis une bonne fois, I tell you onte for all. De bonne heure, betimes, early. A la bonne heure, in good time, in the nick of time. A la bonne heure, well and good, let it be so, with all my heart. Il y to a laborne foi, he means no harm. Bon mot, jest, quibble. Dix stille no harm. Bon mot, jest, quibble. Dix stille bone hommes, ten thousand good or choice men. Les bons comptes font les bons auris, abort accounts make long friends. A bon four bonne couver, the better day the better deed. Bon temps, play-time, diversion, pleasure. Se don-ner du bon temps, to divert oue's self, take one's pleasure or diversion. Trouver bon, to like, approve, allow of. Trouver bon sate je BOISER, E., DWA-ZA, adj. Wainscotted; also oody, that has great woods.

BOISER, bwA-ZA, v. a. to wainscot.

BOISERIE, bwa-Zh, v. a. to wainscot or wainotting.

BOISERU-I, SE, bwk-Zèu, zèuz, adj. woody.

BOISERLE, S. f. bushel or bushel.

BOISERLE, S. f. bushel or bushel-measure.

BOISERLE, S. f. bushel or bushel-measure. bage, bat : jeane, meute, heurre : enfant, cent, lien : win : man : brun.

der pouse à quelqu'ers, to oure one a grudge, watch an opportunity for doing one a mis-chief. Ben cent, Mar. fair wind; bon mouillage, anchoring ground; box soilier, good

Bon, s. m. good, goodness, profit, advan-tage; guaranty. Se former use idée du bosse et du bon, to frause to one's self an idea of that hich is fair and good. It y a cent écus de bon, there are a hundred cowas clear. Si l'on a du don, if we get the better. Le bon du conte, the cream of the jest. C'est le bon de la médecise, it is the happiness of physick.

cise, it is the happiness of physick.

Illen, bonne, s. dear, honey. Ex. Venez ici,
nadones, come hither, any dear; also a woman
whose employment it is to amuse children.

Bour, after well, right, pahaw. Bon! nous
semme hore de danger, well, we are out of
danger. Bon! voild qui va bien, that is very
well. Bon! fe ne sous crains pas, pahaw, I
don't ther you. A quoi bon? to what purpose?

Tout de bon, seriously, in earnest, indeed.

Bonaon. bo-ule, a. d. calm, tranquility,

Tout de bon, seriously, in extrest, indeed.
Bonacz, be-sis, a. d. calm, tranquility, Bonace, boshs, e. d. calm, tranquility, calmness, stillness, quietness.

Bonace, 46-shs,adj. good, good-natured,

Sormanc, a. m. a sort of white stone

Bornoss, s. m. pies and similar dainties. Bon-connière, s.f. a box to put dainties in. Bon-connèrates, s. m. bon-corretion (pear.) BOND, bon, s. m. rebound; elso caper of capering, gambol. Faire un bond, to rebound. Aller pur bond, to skip about. Tant de bond ther pur bond, to skip about. Tent de bond as de soute, by book or by exack. Bosner, bond, s. f. dam, wear, sluice, flood

gate, hung, or bung-hole.
BONDIR, bos-dit, v. n. to rebound; to bound, caper, frisk, skip, jump about. Cette riande me fait bounds to come or le cover me hould emake free manage, this mean rises in my stomach.

Bosness near, bon-dh-mèn, s. m. skip-ping, frisking; (decesse) rising of the storageh. Enseros, bon-den, s. m. bung, stopple; also the bung-bule.

Corporation, bon-do-si, v. a. to stop with a burg or stopple. The snowyming, s. f. a cooper's suger. The snowyming, s. f. a cooper's suger.

ird of proy.

"Boszarun, bö-mur.s. m. good lack, good stane, presperity, happinen, felicity, good basing. "Farbonhar, adv. luckily, happily. Boszarun, bö-mlefel, v. a. to make bet-"Boszarun, bö-mlefel, v. a. to make bet-

BONIFICATION, a.f. making better, improv-

BORDER, a. f. sort of fish. Bonsova, e. m. good morrow, good morn-g. Bonner or souhaiter le bonjour à quel-

results, co-me, a.m. cap, bonnet. Prendre returnet de decteur, to ake a doctor's degree. Re cont deser ofter dense un bonnet, they pass usualt age of the dense de bonnet, to laugh 1 onte un the control und 1 onte un deserve de bonnet de la ohe's theses. Opiner du bamet, to vote ally or without reasoning. La question at the format/the question was carried una-

nimously. Apoir la tête près du bonnet, to be hasty, have a hot head of one's own, take fire presently. Triste comme un honnet de muit presently. Triste comme un normal in the same coiffe, very sad or melancholy; in the saide, sous coiffe, very sad or melancholy; in the dumps. Prendre le bonnet next, to step aside, break or turn bankrupt. Porter le bonnet BONNETADE, s. f. capping, cringing.

BONNETER, v. a. to cap, to cruige, pull

off one's hat.

BONNETERIE, bonderi, s. f. cap-makers, hosiers; also hosier's business.

Bonneteur, s. m. sharper. Bonnetier, bon-th, s. m. cap-maker;

also homer.

BONNETTE, s. f. Mar. studding sail. Bon sonnette de brigontine or de boune, ring-tail. Bon-nette de brigontine or de boune, ring-tail. Grande bonnette, or bonnette de grende voile, main studding-sail. Bonnette de hone or hu-rier, top-mast studding-sail. Bonnette besse, lower studding-sail. Bonnette maillée or lacée, bonnet, drabler. Matre les bonnettes, to set the studding-saile. Bonnette, bonnet, a picco of fortification. of fortification.

BONSES, s. m. & f. pl. Bonses (Chinese place, the strength of a place.

BONSES, m. good evening, good night.

BONSES, bon-14, s. f. goodness, excellence; merits, justness, kindness, good-nature, gentlences, the saveur, indulgence.

Lu konté d'une place, the strength of a place.

BONSES, s. m. & f. pl. Bonses (Chinese priests)

BOQUALLON, s. m. feller of wood.
BORAX, s. m. borax.
BORD, bor, s. m. edge, side, shore, brink
or brim; riband, galloon, for edging; border,
hem, skirt, lace. If let ur le bord de la fosse, il a la mort sur le bard des lècres, he has already one foot in the grave. Jui son now sur le bord des lèvres, I have his name at my tongue's end. Bord, Mar. side: board, tack, stretch; shore; (in astronomy) limb. Bards des voiles, leeches. Prendre une emburcation du bord, to take a boat belonging to the ship. Passe du monde sur le bord, man the side. Nous aroms fait un bon bord, we have made u good board or tack. Se tenir bord sur bord, to make short boards or tacks. Venir bord à quai, to come along side the wharf. Avoir al-ternativement le bord à terre et le bard au large, to keep standing on and off. A bord, abourd, on board. Fallar à son bord or à bord de son raisseau, I went on board his ship. V. Monde and Prendre. La rivière est bord à bord du quai, the river is even (level) with the quay.
Bord à bord, along side. Eire bord à bard, to
lie along side of aship. Acroste à bord, come
along side. Faire feu des deux bords, to fire on both sides.

BORDAGE, s. m. Mar. plank, side plank. Bordages des anguillères, limber-boards. Bordage à clin, clincher-work. Bordages du

noissam, skin of the ship.
BORDAYER, v. n. Mar. to traverse sail, make boards or tacks, stand off and on, stand alternately upon the starboard and larboard tacks.

Bonné, bor-da, s. m. galloon for edging : hem, edge, lace.

Bonnáz, bor-då, s. f. Mar. board or tack

or stretch; also broad-side (of cannons,)
BORDET, bor-del, s. m. brothel, baswdyhouse, stew.

bar, bat, base : thère, êbb, ovêr : field, fig : rôbe, rôb, lôrd : môod, gôod.

*BORDELAGE, s. m. whoring.

BORDELIER, s. m. whore-master. BORDER, bor-da, v. a. to edge, bind, bor-Border un lit, to tuck in the bedclothes. Les soldats bordent la côte, the soldiers line the coast or stand along the coast.

Border, Mar. Border un raisseau, to plank a ship. Border à clin, to plank with clincher work. Border en louvelle, to lay on the planks level. Border les basses voiles or les écontes des basses voiles, to tally the sheets or to tally aft the sheets. Border une voile or une écoute, to haul a sheet home or haul aft the sheet (of any sail.) Borde la misaine, haul aft the fore-sheet. Borde le perroquet de fouque, sheet home the mizen top-sail. Borde à joindre, sheet home.

BORDEREAU, bord-ro, s. m. account, note.

BORDIER, adj. Mar. lapsided.
BORDIER, adj. Mar. lapsided.
BORDIGUE, s. f. crawl (for taking fish.)
BORDIER, bor-dur, s. f. edge, border, (picture) frame: (in heraldry) bordure. Bordure,
Mar. breadth of the foot of a sail (measured from clue to clue in square sails, and from tack

to the clue in other sails.)

BOREAL, E, bo-ra-al, adj. northern, northerly.

Aurore boréale, aurora borealis.

Borfe, bo-ra, s. m. north-wind, boreas. BORGNE, borgn, adj. one-eyed, blind of one that has but one eye; dark, obscure.

BORGNE, s. m. man that has but one eye,

one-eyed man.

Borgnesse, bor-gnes, s. f. one-eyed woman. BORNAGE, bor-naz, s. m. settling of boun-

BORNE, born, s. f. boundary, limit; stone stud or post (to keep off carriages, etc.)

Borné, E, adj. bounded, limited. A qui a une rue bornée, house that has a narrow prospect. Un homme qui a des vues bornées, a man of narrow views or unaspiring. Un esprit fort borne, a shallow brain, a mean or narrow wit. Une fortune bornee, a mean or small or moderate fortune.

BORNER, bor-na, v. a. to bound, set bounds. limit; to end, put an end to. To confine, to, limit; to end, put an end to. To limit, stint, set bounds to; moderate.

Se borner, v. r. to keep within bounds or measure.

BORNOVER, bor-nwa-ya, v. a. to look with one eye (to see if a line be straight, etc.)

Bosan, s. m. a sort of drink made of millet boiled in water.

BOSPHORE, bos-for, s. m. bosphorus, straits, channel. Le bosphore Cimmérien, the Cim-

merian Bosphorus. Bosquet, bos-ke, s. m. grove or thicket. Bossage, s. m. (in architecture) bossage.
Bossg, bos, s. f. bunch, hump, lump or
swelling; bruise, dint; roughness, unevenness, ruggedness; knob, knot. Ourrage relevé en bosse, relieva, embossed piece of work. Ou-urage de bosse ronde or de plein relief, figure in relievo. Ouvrage de demi-bosse or demi-relief, figure in bass relief. Bosse, Mar. stop-Bosses de bout, stoppers of the anchor. Bosses de Bosses (pieces of ropes knotted at the end.) à fouet, stoppers for the rigging. Bosses à bosson, deck-stoppers. Mattresse bosse or qui boston, decl-stoppers. Mattresse bosse or qui prend dis grand mit, dog-stopper. Bosses qui prennent des ailes de la fosse aux chiles, wingstoppers. Chevilles à boucle pour les bosses du chile, stopper-holts. Bosses des chiles, stopper-holts. pers of the cables.

Bosselage, bos-laz, s. m. embossing (of plate.)

Bosselen, bos-la, v. a. to emboss (plate;) also to crimple (said of leaves.)

Bosselure, bos-lur, s.f. crimpling (of leaves.)
Bossenar, a.m. inferiour bostswain's mate,

quarter-master's mate. Bosser, v. a. Mar. to stopper. Les écutes des huniers sont-elles bossées partout? are the

top-sail sheets stoppered fore and aft?
Bossette, bo-set, s. f. (of a horse's bit,)

stud. (Of a buckler,) boss.

Bossoin, s. m. Mar. cut-bond.

Bosso, p. bö-sö, sö, adj. &r. s. creoked,
humped. Constière bosss, fat church-yard. humped. Consider bossu, fist church-yard.
Chemin-bossu, rugged or uneven way.
Bossuer, bo-sh-k, v. a. to bruise, dint, batter.
Bot, adj. m. ex. Pied bot, pik-be, stump or

club foot.

Bot, s. m. sert of Dutch boat. BOTANIQUE, bo-th-nik, s. f. botany.

BOTANIQUE, adj. botanical. BOTANISTE, bo-th-nist, s. m. botanist.

BOTHRIE, s. f. Bothnie BOTER, bôt, s. f. boot. Grosses better, jack-boots. Botte, bunch, bundle; (of hay) truss, bottle; (of wine) butt; (of silk) hank; (of a bottle; (of wine) butt; (of silk) hank; (of a carriage) step; (of mud or snow) clod; cange de fleuret, (in fencing) pass or thrust. If has a porté une vilaine or une terrible botte; he surved him a very scurvy or slippery trick. Portene botte à quelquisme, to strike one, make a pass at one, also borrow money of one.

Botte (en.) Mar. in frame. Basiment en botte, the frame of a vessel in pieces numbered for putting together. Futnille en botte, cask in frame. Botte, e., adj. booted.

Botte e., bot-far, s. m. bottling of hay, making of hay into bottles.

Botte e. e. Botte e. s. Botteler du fois, to make bottles of hay, bottle hay.

to make bottles of hay, bottle hay.
BOTTELEUR, bot-leur, s. m. maker of hay into bottles.

BOTTER, bô-th, v. a. to make boots; also to put or help one's boots on. Se botter, v. r. to put one's boots on; also to clog one's shoes with mud, etc.

BOTTIER, bo-th, s. f. buskin, small boot. BOTTIER, s. m. boot-maker, shoe-maker.

Bouc, book, s. m. ho-goet; also goet skin for wine or oil. Bouc emissaire, scape-goet.

Boucan, bookan, s. m. bawdy-house or stew, brothel; also utensil on which the wild

Indians smoke and dry their meat.

BOUCANER, boo-ka-na, v. a. to cook fish or flesh as the Indians do; also to bunt ocen for

Hesi akins; to go a whoring.

Boucanier, boo-ka-nin, s. m. hunter of oxen in the West-Indies, buccaneer.

BOUCASSIN, s. m. kind of fustian. BOUCASSIN f. r. adj. ex. Toile bes linen cloth made fustian-like. Toile boucassinde,

BOUCAUT, s. m. hogshead.

BOUCHE, book, s. f. mouth. Fermer la bouche à quelqu'un, to stop one's mouth, put him to si-lence, silence him. Il dit tout ce qui het went à la bouche, he speaks what comes next or what lies uppermost. Avoir boune bouche or bouche coussie, to keep counsel, be secret. Truster à bouche que veux-eu, to treat nobly, provide guod cheer. Nous étions là à bouche que veux-eu, wa lived there in clover. Faire la petile bouche de quelque chose, to mince the matter. Elle nien feit buse, bût : jeune, mêute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

point la petite bouche, she does not mince it, ane speaks openly or freely. Cheval qui n'a point de bouche or qui a la bouche manuaise, an cheval fort en bouche, hard mouthed horse. Cheval qui a une bonne bouche, hard feeding horse. Cheval qui n'a ni bouche ni éperon, horse. horse that obeys neither the bridle nor the spur. Assurer la bouche à un cheval, to bring a horse to a certainty of rein. Il n'a ni bouche si eperon, he is a man of no discourse or wit. Bouche à bouche, face to face. Selon ta bourse generate to bouche, you must cut your coat according to your cloth. Pai treate bouches a security, I have thirty mouths or people or beasts to feed. Bouche, (with princes) kitchen; also officers of the king's kitchen. Cela nous fera bonne bouche, that will leave a plea-sunt taste in your mouth. Laisser ses convinces er la bonne bouche, to serve the best things at the latter end of the entertainment. Je garde ces fruits pour la bonne bouche, I keep these fruits for the last bit. Cela me fait venir l'enu à la bouche, that makes my mouth water. L'em lui en vient à la bouche, his mouth waters

Bouche, z, adj. stopped, etc. Port bouche per les sables, harbour choked up with sand.

Hamme qui a l'esprit boucht, heavy, dull wit,
man of slow apprehension.

Boucuin, boo-sha, s. f. mouthful, morsel,

BOUCHER, boo-sha, v. a. (fermer) to stop or shut or dam up. Boucher une voie d'eau, to stop a leak.

BOUCHER, boo-she, s. m. butcher.

Bouchere, boo-sher, s. f. butcher's wife or widow; also woman who keeps a butcher's

shop.

BOUCHERIE, boosh-ri, s. f. shambles. à la boucherie, to go to the butcher's. Viande de boucherie, butcher's meat. Boucherie, butchery, slanghter, carnage, discomfiture, massacre.
BOUCERTURE, boosh-tur, s. f. fence, en-

chance.

BOUCHE-TROU, s. m. pin-basket.

BOUCHETROY, E. m. lid or door of an oven.
BOUCHOR, s. m. lid or door of an oven.
BOUCHOR, boo-show, s. m. stopple, cork;
(sign of a wine-seller) bush; (of straw) wisp;
any thing rumpled. Mon petit bouchon, my
little punch, my little honey.
BOUGHONNER, boo-sho my v.a. to rub with

wisp (a horse;) to rumple; to fondle (children.)
Boucl. s., booki, s. f. a buckle; ear-ring;
knocker (of a door;) curl (of hair.)
Boucle, Mar. (of a rope or block) eye.
Boucle in other cases may generally be ring. Educate in other cases may generally be ring.
Le capitaine l'a fait mettre sous boucle, the captain clapped him in irons. Tenir sous boucle,
to keep in irons.
BOUGLE, E, adj. curled, etc. Un port
boucle, a haven blocked up.
BOUGLEMENT, bookl-men, s. m. ringing (of

tre.) BOUCLER, boo-kia, v. a. to buckle; to curl or put in ringlets; to ring; to make an end
of; (an sacrehe) to bind, clench (a bargain;) to
block up, lay an embargo on the ships in port.
BOUCLIER, bôo-kil-k, s. m. buckler, shield,
dafence, protection. Leve de bouchers. much

nce, protection. Levée de bouchers, much ade about nothing.

BOSOON, a. m. poison, poisoned bit. On hei a desmé le houcon, he was poisoned. Avaler le houcon, to be poisoned; also to swallow a guidgeon.

BOUDELLE, s. f. first quill of a goose's wing, pinion.

BOUDER, boo-da, v. n. to pout, look gruff. Bouder, v. a. to glout at, pout at.

BOUDERIE, bood-ri, s. f. pouting, angry look. BOUDEU-R, SE, bood-deur, deuz, s. m. & f. one that pouts or looks gruff.

Boudin, blo-din, s. m. pudding. Boudin, Mar. middle rail of the head (in French ships of war.)

Boudinière, boo-di-nièr, s. f. little funnel used in making puddings.

BOUDOIR, boo-dwar, s. m. private room,

study.

Bouz, boo, s. f. dirt, mire, mud, low state Une âme or condition; matter, corruption. Une dime de boue, a dirty, base, pitiful, aneaking, ungenerous soul.

BOURE, s. f. buoy. V. Buoy.

BOURUR,boo-eur,s. m. dustman,scavenger. Bouru-x, sz, boo-èuz, èuz, adj. daty,

BOUFFART, S. adj. puffing.
BOUFFART, S. adj. puffing.
BOUFFART, S. f. chaps. Je te downeral sur la bouffe, I will give thee a slap on the chaps.
BOUFFER, boo-fa, S. f. puff, whiff, blast; little fit. S'adonner à une chose par bouffées, to do a thing by fits and starts. Boufée de

vent, puff of wind, gust of wind.

BOUFFER, booffs, v. a. to puff or blow up.

Bouffer, v. n. to puff, swell.

Bouffertz, boo-fet, s. f. car-knot (af horses.)

Bourri, E, adj. puffed up, swoln. Visage bouffi, bloated face. Style bouffi, turgid style.

BOUFFIR, boo-fir, v. a. to puff up, bloat, swell. Bouffir, v. n. Se bouffir, v. r. to puff. swell.

BOUFFISSURE, boo-fl-sur, s. f. puffing,

swelling up, turgescency, being bloated.
Bouffor, nr. bo-for, fon, adj. full of jests, pleasant, jocose, merry, jovial, droll, facetious.
Bouffor, s. m. buffoon, jester, droll, mer-

ry Andrew.

BOUFFORNER, boo-fo-nk, v. n. to play the buffoon or droll, be merry or full of jests.

BOUFFORNERIE, boo-fon-rl, s. f. buffoone-

BOUFFORKERIE, boo-fon-ri, s. f. buffoonery, scurrility, jesting, drollery.
Bouge, boox, s. m. lodge; little room or
closet. Bouge (de la futaille,) middle of a cask.
Bouge, Mar. rounding.
BOUEKOIR, s. m. candlestick for the hand
(i. e. without a foot.)
BOUEKER, boo-sk, v. u. to budge, stir.
BOUGER, boo-sk, v. u. to budge, stir.
BOUGER, boo-sk, s. f. wax-candle.
BOUGIER, v. s. is orrease the edge of cloth

BOUGIER, v. a. to grease the edge of cloth with a wax candle (to prevent its unravelling.)

BOUGONNER, v. n. to grumble, mumble. BOUGRAN, boo-gren, s. m. buckram. BOUGRAN, m. formerly Bulgare; it then signified heretick; it now signifies sodomite,

dog, etc.
BOUGRESSE, s. f. Jade, bitch, etc.

BOUILLART, E, adj. boiling hot, scalding hot; hot, hot-headed, petulant, hasty, fiery, fierce, eager.

Bouilli, boo-fi, s. m. boiled meat. Nous auons bouilli et rôti, we have roast and boiled meat.

BOUILLIE, s. f. thick-milk, pap. bouillir des nieds de boeuf jusqu'à ce qu'ils bar, bat, base : thère, ebb, over : field, fig : fébe, féb, lord : mood, good.

solent réduits en bouillie, to boil ment's seet to a

jelly.
Boutters, booffr, v. n. to boil, bubble up; to work, ferment. Faire bouillir de la vian to boil meat. La marmite bout, the pot boils. Le sang bouilloit dans mes reines, my blood boiled in my veins. La têteme bout, my head burns like fire.

BOUILLOIRE, boo-lwar, s. f. boiler, kettle. BOULLON, bôo-los, s. m. broth; boiling or bubbling up; gust or transport; paff, flounce. Lean sort de la roche à gros bondlong, the water spouts or comes gushing out one; ine water spout of comes guaring out of the rock. Bouillon blanc, pretty mullein, wood-blade,torch-weed, high taper, long-wort. BOULLONKEMENT, boo-fon-men, s. m. water boiling or bubbling up, speating or gusti-

ing out.
BOUILLONNER, böb-kö-nå, v. n. ve boil,

bubble up, spout or gush out.
Bours, V. Buis.

BOULANGER, boo-lest-zh, v. n. to knead and bake bread.

BOULANGER, s. m. baker. Boulingère, boo-lên-zêr, s. f. haker's Wife or widow; also a woman that bakes.

BOULANGERIE, boo-beard, s. f. baking, art of baking; also bake-house.
BOULE, bool, s. f. bowl, bull. Jen de boule, Jouer à lu boule, to play at bowling-green. Joser à la boule, to play at bowls. Jouer à la bouleuse, to play sure play, play upon sure ground. Faire une chose à bouleoue, to do a thing rashly, without consideration, at random. Tenir pied a soule, to stand fast or close to one's work.

BOULEAU, boo-lo, s. m. birch-tree. Bouler, boo-la, v. n. to pout or swell the

throat (as pigeons do.)
BOULET, bdo-le, s. m. bullet, ball. Countle
houlet, bullet shot. Boulet, (of a horse) fellock, bastern-joint. Boulet & deux têtes, chain-shot. BOULETTE, boo-let, s. f. little ball (of dough or hashed meat.)

BOULEVARD, bool-var, s. m. bulwark ; also

rampart, fortress.

Bouleversenent, bool-vers-men, s. m. overthrowing, overturning, intring topsy-turvy; also great confusion, disorder. BOULEVERSER, bool-versa, v. a. to over-

turn, overthrow, turn upside-down or topsy-

BOULEUX, s. m. short thick horse fit only Un bon bouleux, a plain for hard work. plockling man, a drudge.

BOULICHE, s. f. Mar. great earthen vase used in ships.

BOULIME, s. f. bulimy, great appetite.
BOULIM, boolin, s. m. pigeon's cave, pigeon-hole; (in building) scalfolding-hole; also

put-lock.

BOULINE, boo-lin, s. f. Mar. howline. Bon line de misaine, fore bowline. Bouline de petit hunier, fore top bowline. Bouline du petit per-roquet, fore top-gallant bowline. Bouline du petit perroquet volche, fore top-gallant royal petit perroquet voldut, tore top-gaiami rovai bowline. Bouline de la grande voile or grande bouline, main bowline. Bouline du grande husier, main top bowline. Bouline du grande perroquet, main top-gallant bowline. Bouline du grande perroquet volaut, main top-gallant voyal bowline. Bouline du perroquet de fongue, mizen top bowline. Bouline de la perruche, mizen

top-gallent bowline. Bouline du kakelote de perruche, misen top-gallant royal havring. Choquer la houtine da grand havrier, to chock the main top bowline. Vent de houline, scant wind, tack-wind.

BOULINER, v. a. to rob or thieve in

camp; to dodge, shift, play fast and ideae.

Bouldner, v. a. Mar. Ea. Bouldner le rest, to hand the wind.

Bouldner sere voils, to hand the hewline of a sail. Bouliner, v. a. to go near the wind, go with the side wind.

BOULINETTE, s. f. Mar. fore-top bowline. BOULINEUR, boo-il-pour, s. m. camp thief, thioving soldier.

theoring sounce.

BOULINERS, a. m. Mar. pier, ship that generate southers with a side-wind.

Monthly vessel.

Manuals desiminer, good plier, weathersty vessel. weatherly vessel. A plier, leewardly ship.

Bouron hõe-long, m. iron bolt*also* weight. Bouron, s. m. Mar. bolt, square bolt. Bouronner, bõe-lõ-nh, v. s. to fasten with

BOUQUE, s. f. Mar. narrow passage.
BOUQUEE, böo-då, v. a. to kiss surwillingly.
Bouquer, to suckle, submit, buckle to.
BOUQUEE, böo-dé, s. m. steegay; plusse
or bunch of feathers; (of cherries) bunch or
cluster; (of trees) champ, cluster; (bookbinder's)

cluster; (of trees) clump, cluster; (bookbinster's) tool; (of strue) wisp; (of scious) knoj; (of here) buck; (of gosts) knd. Fleur gist otest en beugeste, flower that grows in bunches. Bouquetter, book-tile, s. m. flower-pot. Bouquetter, block-tile, s. f. nesegny-westen. Bouquetter, block-tile, s. m. wild goat. Bouquet, blockin, s. m. wild goat. Bouquet, blockin, s. m. old-be-goat. Userieux bouques, an old lecher. An old worm-esten book. South-te-bouquis, to smell remarksh. Bouquettes, block-worm, go a book-hunting; to stuple (harder) to chuple (Autris.)

Bouquingers, s. f. heap of old, wormeaten books.

BOUQUINDUR, s. m. one fond of old books, book-worm.

Bouquissen, blo-d-ules, a. m. second-hand bookseller.

Buunneau, bòo-tà-khi, a. sa. bartscab. Buunneau, bòorb, a. f. mad, mire, dirt. Buunney-a, sa, bòor-beu, bèna, adj. mad-

dy, miry, full of mud.

Pownings, beer-bill, s. sh. mire, slough,

puddle, danger, turch, scrape. Rest dens te bourbier, he is in a hole. Βουννετιοπ, bour-bi-los, a. m. matter

from a stre, corruption. Bourcars, s. m. pl. Mar. to contract the sails. Bourcars, s. m. pl. Mar. hagger's largest

BOURCETTE, s. f. com-stiled. V. Mileke. BOURDALOU, böck-di-lõe, s. m. hesband with a buckle.

Bourder, blord, a. f. fib, he, sham. Bourder, blords, v. n. to sh, sham, bambootle, fan, sell a barge

Bounder-nise, boor-deur, desz, a. a. & f. Abber, shanmer.

Boundingson, s. m, deft weed to make casks, staves.

Boundon, bounden, e. en. drane; (printing) out, omission; (bf-a grigorie) ste

hase, but : johne, mëute, bourre : ënflut, cënt, liën : vin : mon : brup,

Planto le beardes, to pitch esse's camp, set-tle, set un esse's staff. Fishe beardes, a sort of charch musich.

BOURDONNEMENT, boor-don-mon, a. m. benzzing, humming; sinkling, humz, murmur.
Soundonnen, boor-do-mo, v. n. to buzz,

m; to mamble, matter. Nacunavver, s. m. doşel.

Bourg, boork, s. m. borough, market-

town, country house,

Boundaby, bear-gid, s. f. small berough.

Boundaby, a. m. burgage.

Morne note, hier-swa, a. p. citizen, burgh-er ar burges; communer; oit. Le burgeau, may mean all the citizens; as well us the mas-

Bounceois, s., ad. of or belonging to a cisings, citizen-like. Continuo-bourgeoise, city-security.

Hornemores, biler-mrits, a. f. citizen's wife; cites.

Haungnoussent, bhor-suite-mhe, adv. timadike, like a cit. Houng kolets, bhor-suit-ni, a. f. freedom,

moune colean, blor-such-al, a. f. freedom, recolom of citizens. Denger à quelqu'us le drait de haurgeoirie, to make one a freeman. Amair le drait de bourgeoirie, to be free (of a city;) the citizens or burghers (collectively.) Bourdezen, blow-son, e. m. bud, eye, button for plants:) pumple (an the face.)

Bourdezous x, x, adj. full of pimples.

Bourdezous x, z, adj. full of pimples.

Bourdezous x, both forth. Son viagge consument à bourgeouser, les face cornes out in pimples.

ponascusvau, bhorg-mistro, p. sq. bur-

Bornoosen, boor-gogn, s. f. Burgundy; ready syles

Bounguérine, s. f. buck-thorn.

Revnactoner, nz, edj. Begundin, of Begundy, bern in Bergundy. Bennaciostern.ber.gl-gret, s. f. burgan-unt, a Cremin parries.

M. a speams agreed.
BOURIQUET, s. m. pulley (used in mines.)
BOURIASSOTE, a. f. kied of fig.
BOURIAS, V. Baurete.
BOURIASE, bd. of she, s. f. boraga.
BOURIADE, bdo-rad, s. f. beating, thrash-

ing, blow; home-threat; mapping or hiting (of a gray-hound without catching the hare.) BOURRASQUE, s. f. Mar. sudden and vio-

lout agail, storm.

BOURE, bier, a. f. (of saddles, morter, etc.)

cow's heir, stc. . Alerre lenice, flocks of wool.

Bourse tenice, shear-wool. List de bourre,
Goobbled. Henrye (of a gus) wadding, wad.

Liste ob il y a hamsony de houre, book full of

BOURRE, S. edj. thrashed, mauled, beaten.

BOURREAS, Boo-ris, a. m. hangman, executioner, Jack-catch. Tormentor, cruel man, baseber. Bourreas d'argent, spend-thrift.

BOUREE, boo-ra, s. f. fagot of chatwood

or brash wood; (is descine) bores. Bounneur, v. s. to tormest, torture, rack. Bounneur, boords, Mar. puddening or

BOURELET or BOURELET, s. m. pad, roll staffed with flocks of wool or bair, etc. clee pad or padding for a young child's head; ensidend worn by graduates; (of horse) coltar; (in dropey) welling in the back; cuff,

sham or false sleeve. Bourrelet de cordage, Hess, m. Mar. puddening.
BOURRELIER, boor-lla, s. m. harness-

maker, collar-maker.

BOURBELLE, boor-rel, s. f. cruel woman; also hangman's wife.

"BOURRELLEMENT, s. m. sting of remorse, "BOURRELLERIE, s. f. torment, racking-pain. BOURRER, boo-ra, y. a. to ram, ram home

a charge or wad; to pad, stuff, wad; to beat, thrash, belabour; to pay off, run down; (of a hound) to be so near as to bite the hair of a

BOURBICHE, s. f. basket for or full of game

or poultry.

Boursique, boo-rik, s. f. be or she-sas.

Boursiquer, boo-rike, s. m. ess's cou; band-barrow, sort of turn-side.

nanci-partor, agric of unit-auto.

BOURROUR, s., blo-rd, r.h, adj. humorsome, capricious, hutsatical, paevish, cross, morose.

Via bourse, new and sweet white wine that has not worked. Moree bourse, bug-bear.

BOURSAUT, s. m. sort of willow.
BOURSE, beors, s. f. purse; (is the Lepust) sums of 600 crowns: fellowship, pension or maintenance for poor suidents; vesicle; hull, manusunce no poor suncents; vesacie; nua, peel, pod, skin, cost; the exchange; pursonet; bag (of the hair.) Bourse de secrétaire du roi, tees of a king's secretary. Coupeur de hourse, cut-purse, pick-pocket. Fuire bourse a part, to keep one's own money. C'est une bourse hourse, he is a monied man. bourse a part,
C'est une bourse bourse, no bourse en réseau, net purse. Perruque
Bourse en réseau, net purse. Perruque
bagwig. Bourse à berger (plant)

BOURSETTE, s. f. small purse.

BOURSIER, E, boor-di, sier, s. m. & f. purse-maker or sailer. Purser, bursar, treasurer; fellow or scholar that has a pension or maintenance in a college.
BOURSILLER, boor-si-la, v. n. to contribute

towards an expense.
Boursos, boorsos, s. m. fob, little leather pocket.

Boursourik, z, adj. bloated, blown up; saffed up. Un gros boursouft, big bloated body. Style boursouft, turgid style. Boursourik boorsourik, v. a. to bloat

or blow up, puff up.

Bousculer, was to overthrow, overturn, turn upside-down.

Bouse, booz, s. f. cow-dung.

Bousillage, boo-zl-laz, s. m. mud-wall or mud-walling; bungling piece of work.
BOUSILLER, boo-zl-la, v. n. to make a

mud-wall; also to bungle.
Bousilleur, boo-zi-leur, s. m. mud-wall-

er; also bungler.
Bousin, s. m. soft crust, (of stones when

taken out of the quarry.)

Boussone, beo-sol, s. f. compass, sea or mariner's compass; also guide, conductor. BOUSTROPHEDON, s. m. manner of writing

alternately from right to left and from left to right. •

BOUT, boo, s. m. end, extremity; (end of a scalbard kiape: (of a foil) button: (of the nose) tip: nipple: ferrule: patch (of a shoe;) mersel, hit, piece: (of silver to be made into wire) stick. Un petit bout Thomme, a little man, a dwarf, a shrimp. Un bout de plume,

bar, bat, base : there, ebb, over : field, fig : robe, rob, lord : mood, good.

stump of a-pen. Le bas bout, the lower end. Rire du bout des levres, to make a forced laugh. Etre assis on hand bout, to sit at the upper end. Tenir le hand bout, to get the upper end. Venir à bout de, to bring about, compass or attain to, accomplish, manage.

On me pest verif à bout de cet enfant, this child cannot be managed. Pousser à bout, or mettre à bout, to tire; also to put to a nonplus, strike home. Pousser une chose à bout, to bring a business to an issue. Cela he est de-seeme an bout de la phone, he has forgot to write it, he lest it in the inkhorn. Avoir un som ser le bout de la langue, to have a name at one's tongue's end. Savoir quelque chose sur le bout dis doigt, to have a thing at one's ingers' ends. Se tenir sur le bout des pieds, to stand on tip-toe. Tirer quelqu'un à bout portant or à bout touchant, to shoot one with a gun clapped to his breast. D'un bout à l'autre, from the beginning to the end, all over. Au bout du compte, when all is done, after all. A tout bout de champ, ever, ever and anon, at

Bout, Mar. end, butt, etc. Bout d'un cordage, rope's end. Bout de bemepré, bumpkin. Bout de bordage, butt of a plank. Bout de Bout de garant d'un palan, fall of a tackle.
Bout de garant d'un palan, fall of a tackle.
Bouts de câbles, junks. Avoir vent de bout, to
have the wind in one's teeth or right ahead. Au bout de, at the end of. Attraperons-nous le mouillage à bout de bordée? shall we fetch the anchoring-place this stretch ? Bout-pourbord, end for end. Changeons bout-pour-bord une partie de nos manoscores courantes, let us shift some of our running rigging end for end.

BOUTADE, boo-tad, s. f. spirit, start, fit, maggot, whim. Boutade de vers, poetic rap-

BOUTADEUX, SE, adj. maggoty, full of whims.

BOUTANT, adj. m. Ex. Arc-boutant, pillar that supports an arch; Pilier boutant, pillar that supports or strengthens a building.
BOUTAROUS, s. f. botargo.
BOUTE, bdot, s. f. Mar. large cask for fresh

water; also tub or bucket to put the drink in which is distributed to the crew.

BOUTE, R, adj. the legs lame from the knee to the cornet (said of a house.)
BOUTE-EN-TRAIN, S. m. bird that teaches

uthers to sing; also person that leads in a diversion.

BOUTE-FEU, s. m. lint-stock; gunner; incendiary, firebrand.

BOUTE-HORS, s. m. beat the knave out of doors, (kind of play.) Jouer au boute-hors, to endeavour to supplant one another. Boute-hors, to endeavour to supplant one another. hors, good utterance or delivery. Boute-hors, Mar. boom.

BOTTEILLAGE, s. m. butlerage.
BOTTEILLE, bőo-tél, s. f. bottle; bubble.
Comp de pied de bosteille, red pimple.
Bosteille, Mar. gallery, quarter-gallery.
Fausse

BOUTELLIER, V. Boutillier.
BOUTELLIER, V. Boutillier.
BOUTELOT, s. f. Mar. bumpkin, outlicker.

*Bouter, v. a. (metre) to put.
Bouterolle, boot-rôl, s. f. chape of a scabbard, tool of a lapidary, a steel punch, ward of a kev.

BOUTE-SELLE, s. m. signal for mounting. Somer le boule-selle, to sound to horse.

BOUTE-TOUT-CUIRE, s. m. glutton, spend all, spend-thrift.

BOUTILLIER, boo-tl-Mi, s. m. butler.

BOUTIQUE, boo-tik, s. f. shop; stall; pedlar's box; work-shop; tools, implements, trade; trunk (place in which fish are kept in a fishing-boat.)

BOUTIQUIER, s. m. shop-keeper. BOUTIS, boo-ti, s. m. rooting place of a wild boar.

BOUTISSE, boo-ds, s. f. Ex. Pierre en boutisse et en parement, stones laid crosswise and lengthwise alternately.

BOUTOIR, boo-tween, s. m. snout of a wild

boar; farrier's buttress.
Bouron, boo-ton, s. m. button; bud; pimple; knob; (of a musket) sight. Serve le bouton d quelqu'un, to keep a strict hand over one, he pressing or urgent with him.

Bouton, Mar. knot. Bouton d'un camon, button or cascabel or pomiglion of a cannon.
BOUTONNÉ, R. adj. buttoned. Nes kontome, noce full of red pimples.
BOUTONNER, boo-to-uk, v. a. to button.

Boutonner, v. n. to bud; to break out with

pimples.
Se boutonner, v. r. to button one's self. BOUTONNEAUR, boo-ton-ri, s. f. buttons,

button-ware. BOUTONNIER, boo-to-nik, s. m. button-

maker. BOUTORNIÈRE, boo-to-nièr, s. f. button-

Bouts-Rimes, boo-rl-ma, s. m. pl. rhymes given in order to be filled up and made into Verses

BOUT-RIMEUR, s. m. one that fills up given rhymes.

Bourunz, boo-tur, s. f. slip of a tree or

plant, sucker. BOUVARD, s. m. young bull; also hammer used in coining before the invention of dies or stamps.

BOUVERIE, boo-vri, s. f. stable for ozen, place where oxen are kept in public markets, cow-bouse.

Bouvier, s. m. Bouvière, boo-vil, vier, s. f. neat-herd, cow-herd; clown, churl; Boötes.

BOUVILLOR, bôc-vi-lon, s. m. bullock.
BOUVILLOR, bôc-vi-lon, s. m. bullock.
BOUVERUIL, s. m. bullinch.
BOUZE, BOUZER, V. Bouse, Bousin.
BOYAU, bwâ-yô, s. m. gut, bowel, intestine; hose (to convey worder.) Corde à boyan, catgut. Descente de boyanx, rupture, burst. Boyan, branch of a trench in fortification.

BOYAUDIER, bwk-yo-dlk, s. m. one that makes strings for musical instruments, gut

BOYER, s. m. kind of Flemish or Dutch sloop.

BRAGELET, bris-le, s. m. bracelet

BRACHIAL, adj. m. (pron. Brakial) brachial. Ex. Musole brachial, brachial muscle. It is also used substantively.

BRACONNER, bra-ko-ma, v. n. to poach. Braconnier, bra-ko-ma, s. m. poacher. Brague, s. f. Mar. span, Brague de

conon, breeching of a gun. Bragues de bûne, bût : jêûne, mênte, bêurre : ênfânt, cênt, liên : vin : mon : brun.

ang nashipped.)

BRAI, brê, s. m. Mar. pitch. Brai sec,
pitch. V. Braye.

BRAIR, bre, s. f. clout (of an infant.) messe braie, s. f. fausse-braie, or false bray.

Braye.

Braies, breeches, slops, trowsers.

braies braies nates, to save one Sortir

d'une affaire braies nettes, to save one's bacon, get off clear. BRAILLARD, brà-fàr, târd, V. Brailleur. Braillarde, V. Brailleuse. BRAILLER, brà-fà, v. n. to brawl, be

ry or obstreperous.

BRAILLEUR, brà-lèur, lèuz, s. m. brawier, sisy or ebstreperous fellow. Ebuilleuse, s. f. brawling woman, brawler, milleuse, s. f. brawling woman, brawler,

BRAINEST, s. m. braying.
BRAINE, brer, v. n. to bray as an ass.
BRAISE, bres, s. f. live coal, burning coal;
also beker's small coal.

BRANCHAEL, brèn-shèz, s. m. tord, sirever-ence; bran; (de Juda) frechle; saw-dust.

Bran (de Juda) frechle; saw-dust.

Bran; interj. a fart. Bran de vous et de vos services, a fart for you and your services.

BRANCAND, brèn-shèz, s. m. kind of litter; also shaft (of a coach or chaise.)

BRANCHAGE, brèn-shèz, s. m. branches,

BRANCHE, breach, s. f. branch, bough; branch; (of a moord hill) bow. Chandelier à branches, branch-candlestick.

BRANCHE-URSINE, s. f. Acanthus. BRANCHER, bres-sha, v. a. to hang on a tree.

Brencher, v. n. to perch, roost. BRANCHIER, s. m. brancher, young hawk.

BRANCHIES, s. f. pl. the gills of a fish. BRANCHU, z., bres-shu, shu, adj. full of

BRANDE, brend, s. f. heath; brandes, (in families) boughs of trees.
BRANDEBOURG, brend-boor, s. m. Brandesburg; also kind of button hole.

Brandstourg, s. f. campaign-cost, surtout. BRANDEVIN, brend-vin, s. m. brandy.

BRAFDEVINIER, E, brend-vi-nil, s m. &

BRANDI, E, adj. (from Brandir) brandished. Enlever un fardeau tout brandi, to take up a burden all at once or in the condition it

BRANDILLEMENT, bres-dil-men, s. m.

swinging, tossing.

BRANDILLER, brèn-di-fit, v. n. to swing, toss, shake to and fro. Se brandiller, v. r. to

swing, see-aw.
BRANDILLOIRE, brèn-di-lwar, s. f. swing.
BRANDIE, brèn-dir, v. a. to brandish.
Brandir un cheuron sur la panne, to fasten a

er on a beam. BRANDON, brên-don, s. m. wisp of straw issed; flake of fire. Le brandon de cupidon,

BRABLANT, TE, adj. shaking, wagging.
BRABLE, breal, s. m. motion, agitation, tossing, jogging; breal (sort of damc;) basere. suspense, doubt. Mener le branle, to lance, associate, doubt. Mener le braule, to mizen top-gallant braces. Faux bras, pre-lead the dance. Somer les cloches en braule, to venter braces. Bras d'un acte l'ancre, arms of the tering out the bells. Metre une cloche en lachor. Bras d'un action, loom of an oar. braule, to raise a bell. Donner le braule à une Bras du vent, weather-braces. Bras de des-

persoil, rudder stoppers (to prevent its be- | affaire, to influence or encourage a thing, to sot it a going. Faire danser un branle de sortie à quelqu'un, to turn one out, show one the door. C'est les qui a donné le branle aux autres, it is he that stirred up the rest or that set the rest to work.

Branle, Mar. hammock. Branle-bas, up all hammocks. Faire branle-bas, to lash up and take down all the hammocks from between deck. Faire branle-bas général, to clear for action. Faire brank-bas de propreté, to clear away for washing below. Etre en brank-bas, to be clearing ship. V. Passer.

BRANLEMENT, brênl-mên, s. m. motion,

agitation, tossing, jogging, shaking.
BRANLER,bren-la, v. a. to shake, jog, stir.

Branler, v. n. to shake, jog, stir, move, wag. Les dents lui branlent, his teeth are loose; to stagger, totter; to give ground; to be unsteady or wavering, stagger, waver, be in doubt, vacillate.

BRANLEU-R, SE, S. m. & f. shaker. BRANLOIRE, bren-lwar, s. f. see-saw. BRAQUE, brak, s. m. kind of short tailed setting-dog.

BRAQUEMART, s. m. short and broad sword, whiayard.

BRAQUEMENT, brak-men, s. m. levelling of a piece of ordnance.

BRAQUER, bra-ka, v. a. to turn, set or bend. Braquer un canon, to level or point a cannon.

Bras, bra, s. m. arm; elbow or arm (of a chair;) claws (of a lobster;) forceleg (of a horse;) handle, sconce; arm or power; courage. Demanter les brus croisés, to stand with one's arms across, be idle. Se jeter entre les one's arms acrus, be tale. Let feet er the bras de quelqu'un, to cast one's self upon another for protection. Vivre de ses bras, to live by one's labour. A force de bras, by main strength. U souit le bras retrouseé jusqu'au coude, he had his sleeve turned up to the elbow. Il a une grande famille sur les bras, ho has a great family to maintain. Apoir de grandes affaires sur les bras, to have great concerns in hand. Avoir beaucoup de créanciers sur les bras, to have many duns at one's heels. Statirer us puissant ememi sur les brus, to draw a powerful enemy upon one's back. J'ai sur les brus un puissant ennemi, I have to do with a powerful enemy. Il me jette toutes ses forces sur les bras, he turns all his forces agains me. Tendre les bras à quelqu'un, to be ready to help, relieve, assist or protect one; to offer one aid or protection. Preter son bras à quelqu'un, to lend one as-sistance or help. C'est mon bras droit, he is my right hand or the greatest help I have. Le veux avoir les bras cassés, si, I will be burned or hanged, if. Bras dessus, bras des-

Bras, Mar. brace. Grands bras or bras de la grande vergue, main braces. Bras de la vergue sèche, cross-jack braces. Bras de misaine, sore braces. Bras du petit perroquet, Bras de fore top-gallant braces. Bras du grand perroquet, main top-gallant braces. Bras du petit perroquet volunt, fore top-gallant royal braces. Bras du grand perroquet volunt, main top-gallant royal braces. Bras de la perruche,

bar, bai, blue: there, ebb, over: field, fig: robe, rob, lord: mood, good.

sous le vira, les-braces. Brus de met er de rivière, arm of the sea or of a tiver. Petit brus de mer, inlet of the sea. Faire bom brus, to round in the weather-braces (when the wind draws sft.) V. Bruster. BRASER, v. a. to braze, solder. BRASER, bra-zlk, s. m. brisk clear fire of

BRA

coals of wood; pan for coals, brasier; are, burning flame, great heat. BRASILLER, brit-2l-fl, v. a. to broil upon charcoal. Faire brasiller des pêches, to broil peaches.

BRASQUE, s. f. mixture of clay and pound-ad charcoal for the inside of furnaces.

Brassage, s. m. coining or mining of mo-

BRASSACE, S. m. coming or minusg or man-ney. Droit de brassage, comage.

BRASSARD, brā-skr, s. m. piece of armour for the arm; leather-coff or bracer.

BRASSE, brā-sk, f. fathom, six feet.

BRASSER, brā-sk, s. f. arm-full.

BRASSER, brā-sk, v. a. to brew; to mix stonether (mestale:) to braw. plot, hatch, con-tracether (mestale:) to braw. plot, hatch, contogether (metals;) to brew, plot, hack, con-trive, imagine or devise. Brasser, v. a. Mar. to brace. Brasser les voiles à culer, to back the sails. Brasse tout à culer, lay all flat aback. Brasser carre, to square the yards. Brasse carre derrière, square the after yards. Brasse à contre devant, bruce about the head yards. Brasse au vent, brace to, also haul in the weather braces. Brasse sous le rent le ground hussier, hatal in the lee main and main top sail braces. Brasse en pointe les tergues de perroquet, point the top-gallant yards to the wind. Brasse bibord, heall in the larboard braces. Brasse tribord, haul in the starboard

BRASSERIE, bras-ri, s. f. brew-house. BRASSEU-R, SE, bra-seur, seus, s. m. & f.

brewer. BRASSRYAGE, s. m. Mor. inner quarters of a yard (between the shrouds.)

BRASSIAGE, s. m. Mar. depth of water. BRASSIERRS, bra-sier, s. f. pl. tight waist for a child or a woman.

BRASSIN, brå-sin, s. m. brewer's copper. BRAVACHE, brå-väsh, s. m. bully, hector, braggadocio, swaggerer.

BRAVADE, bra-vad. s.f. bravado, hectoring. BRAVE, brav, adj. brave, stout, valiant, courageous; fine, spruce, gallant.

BRAVE, s. m. brave man, stout man, gallant man, man of courage, bully, bravo. Faire le brave, to carry it high.

BRAVEHENT, brav-men, adv. valiantly, bravely, stoutly; finely, adroitly.
BRAVER, bra-va, v. a. to brave, dare,

BRAVERIE, brav-ri, s. f. finences, fine

BRAVOURE, bra-voor, a. f. bravery, valour, courage; achievement.

BRAYE, s. f. Mar. coat of stuff, tarted canvass, coat of a mast, etc. Braye du gouvermail, rudder coat.

BRAYE, E, adj. pitched, done over with pitch and tar, etc.

BRAYEMENT, V. Braiment.

BRAYER, bre-ya, v. a. Mar. to pay or pitch, to pay with hot melted pitch (speaking of seems, planks,) etc.

BRAYER, bra-ya, s. m. truss; brail or pannel (of a hank.)

Brayers, s. m. pl. tackle-ropes.

BRAYETTE, brit-yet, s. f. foto-dap of a pain

of breeches. Cod-pieces.

BREAST, bro-bs, s. m. green fack or kind of little bird with a big short beak.

*BREBIAGE, s. m. tax on sheep. BREBIS, bre-bl, s. f. sheep, ewe. Brebis galeuse, a person of corrupted manners, scabb**y shee**p.

BRECHE, bresh, s. f. breach; notch, gap;

breach, prejudice, damage, diminution.

BRECHE-DENT, adj. that has lost one or more of the fore teeth, toothless.

BRECHET, s. m. brisket, breast.

BRECIN, s. m. iron-hook.

Brkdindin, s. m. Mar. gurnet, (small tackle affixed to the main stay in French

Bredouille, brê-dôol, s. f. lurch (at back-gammon.) Etre en bredouille, to be put to a nonphis, be beside one's self. Sortir bredouille d'un bies, to leave a place without having buen able to do what one had intended.

BREDOUILLEMENT, bri-diod-min, s. m.

stuttering, mumbling.
BREDOUILLER, bre-doo-d, v. n. to stam. mer, statter, mumble.

BREDOVILLEU-R, SE, bre-doc-leur, leus.

s. m. & f. stammerer, stuttefer.
BREF, BREVR, bref, brev, adj. brief, short.
En bref, adv. in a short time, shortly,
briefly. Bref, adv. in short, to cut or be short.
REFERENCE on briefly better the

BREF, s. m. brief or pope's letter; elso church-calendar for the order of divine ser-

BREGIN, s. m. Mar. kind of net with marrow meshes.

BREMAIGNE, brê-êgu, adj. f. Ex. Biche brehaigne, barren hind. Brehaigne, barren

BRELAN or BRELAND, bre-len, s. m. kind of fame it eards; gathing-house or ordinary; pair-royal (three cards of the same suit.) BRELANDER, brillen-di, v. s. to game, be

a gamester (of cards.)
Barlandin, s., brê-lên-dît, dîtr, s. tn.
& f. gamester, gambler (ot cards.)
Brillandinier, s., s. m. & f. dealer who sells in stalis

BRELIC-BRELOQUE OF BRELIQUE-BRE-LOQUE, adv. heedlessly, carelessly.

Brelle, s. f. rafi. Breloque, brê-lôk, s. f. toy, gewgaw. Breluche, s. f. threades and weested

Brenz, brem, s. f. brenm, a frosh-water

Bulken, V. Brast.

BRENEU-E, SE, bro-neu, neuz, adj. beshitten, beshit, befouled.

BRESIL, bre-till, s. m. Brazil; also Brazil-

BRESILLER, bre-zi-fa, v. a. to dye with Brazil; also to cut into small pieces.

BRESILLET, s. m. inferior sort of Brazilwood.

BRESSE, s. f. Bresse, now the department of Ain (in France;) also Brescia (a city of Italy.)

BRETAGNE, s. f. Britanny (in France.) Grande-Bretagne, Great Britain. Neveu à la mode de Bretagne, cousin once removed. Bretailler, bre-tà-là, v. n. to be quar-

reisome.

base, bas : jeane, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun,

e fellow.

HRETAUDER, brê-tô-da, v. a. to crop a

horse's ears, cut one's hair too short.

BRETELLE, bre-tel, s. f. strap, handle of a dorser or pannier. Bretelles, gallowses (of pantulous, etc.)
Barter, bret, s. f. rapier, long sword.
Barter, z, adj. notched, indented, jagged or toothed like a saw.

BESTTELER, v. a. to cut stones with a tooth-tool.

BRETTER, v. h. to be always quarrelling and fighting.

ERETTEUR, bre-teur, s. m. bully, hector, quarrelsome fellow.

BRETTURE, bre-thr, s. f. teeth or dents of

Some tools.

BRECILLER, v. s. Mar. to clue up the sails. BRRVE, s. f. (or syllabe breve) short syllable.

BREVENENT, V. Brievement. BREVET, bre-ve, a. m. writ, brief of the crown, commission or warrant of an officer; indenture; bill of lading; charm or spell.

BREVETE, V. Brievel.

BREVETAIRS, s. m. bearer of the king's warrant for a church preferment.

BREVETER, v. a. to grant a warrant. BREVIAIRE, bre-vier, s. m. breviary. Etre an bout de son bréntaire, to be at one's wit's end; brevier (type.)
BREUVAGE, breu-vaz, s. m. drink, beve-

rage, also mixture of equal parts of wine and water for the crew on board French ships to

drink during an action; potion; drench.
BRIEZ, brib, s. f. piece or hunch of bread;
Briez, scraps or broken victuals.
Bricolz, bri-köl, s. f. bricole, rebound of
a ball at tennis, back stroke at billiards; kind of net; strap or thong of leather. Donner des bricoles à quelqu'est, to impose upon one, sell him a bergain. De bricole, adv. (indirecte-ment) indirectly. Bricole, Mar. uneasy rolling of a shrip.

BRICOLER, bri-ko-ia, v. n. to pass a ball,

loss sideways; also to play that and loose. BRIDE, brid, s. f. bridle; string (of a cap, etc.) stay; lesp; ber. La main de la bride, the left hand. A bride abattue or à toute bride, full speed. Aller bride en main dans une affaire, to carry on a business prudently, act with deliberation. Transiller bride en main, to work with deliberation, make no more haste than good speed. Tenir la bride haute à quelquine, to becep one short or under, keep a strict hand over one. Tenir en bride, to brithe er curb, keep in or under. Towner bride, to turn back or short, wheel about. Licher is bride a quelqu'un or Mettre à quelqu'un la thinds not be con, to leave one to himself, let the take his own course. Lacher la bride à 22 passions, to indulge or gratify one's passions. The cheese fort on bride, a hard-mouthed home matte and any chairs, a calling a cilly Brisk & rees, sham, foolish or silly

Baths, R, adj. bridled. La bécause est bridle, he is caught, the bubble is trapped.

has bride, stilly creature.

Bathan, bride, v. a. to bridle, put on a or Mile ever the face.

BRETAILLEUR, brê-th-feur, s. m. quarrel- | point brider, that home will not be bridled, will not endure a bridle.

Brider, v. a. Mar. to snap, seize, swift in,

span in. Brider les houbans, to swift in the rigging. Brider les haubans pour en frapper le trélingage, to span in the rigging for seizing

on the cat harping legs.

Bridoir, bri-dowkr, a. m. bridle, chincloth.

Bridoir, bri-dowkr, a. m. smaffle or break.

Bridoir, bri-dow, s. m. smaffle or break.

Brief, Brieve, bri-de, ev, adj. brief, short. Une bome et brieve justice, a good and quick despatch of justice. Ajournement atrois briefs jours, three days adjournment.

BRIEVEMENT, bri-ev-men, adv. briefly, in a few words, in short, compendiously.

BRIEVENT, bri-ev-ta, s. f. brevity, shortness.

BRIEVENT, bri-ev-ta, s. f. brevity, shortness.

BRIFER, v. a. to cat greedily, devour, claw

off the victuals. BRIFEU-R, SE, S. M. & f. greedy eater, ravenous feeder.

PRIG V. Brig ordin.

BRIG V. Brig ordin.

BRIGADE, bri-gad, s. f. brigade; company or troop; gang (of robers.)

BRIGADIER, bri-gad-dik, s. m. brigadier.

Brigadier, Mar. bow-man (of a boat.)

BRIGAND, bal-gan, s. m. brigand, robber,

highwayman. BRIGANDAGE, bri-gan-daz, s. m. robbery,

highway-robbery, depredation.
BRIGANDER, bri-gan-da, v. n. to rob, go on the highway.

BRIGARDIN, s. m. brigandine.

BRIGANTIN, bri-gin-lin, s. m. brigantine. brig. V. Baume.
BRIGITTIN, E, S. m. & f. monk or nun of

St. Bridget.

St. Bridget.

Briggol, s. f. sort of plums.

Briggol, V. Briggol.

Briggol, brig, s. f. canvassing, soliciting, making interest; brigue, party, cabal, faction, Briggle, brigh, v. a. to put up or canvass or stand or make interest for.

Brigger to stand for an office, to me make une charge, to stand for an office, to sue, make interest for a place.

BRIGURUR, brl-gedr, s. m. candidate. BRILLAMMENT, brl-la-mes, adv. in a brilliant manner.

BRILLANT, R, adj. brilliant, shining, spark-ling, glittering, bright. Cheval brillant, fine Esprit brillant, sparklin or stately horse. Esprit brillant, sparkling wit. Humeur brillante et enjouée, brisk and lively humour.

BRILLANT, bri-lèn, s. m. brightness, spien-dour; a brilliant. Il n'a point de brillant, he is not smart, he is dull. Elle a ses brillant d'esprit qui enchante tout le monde, she has

sparkling wit that charms every body.

Brillanter, bri-len-th, v. a. to cut into

BRILLER, bri-di, v. n. to shine, sparkle, glitter or glister, be bright or sparkling, etc.

BRINGALE, brin-ball, s. f. Mar. brake or handle of a pump.

BRIMBALER, brin-ba-la, v. a. to swing. Brimbaler les cloches, to ring, set the belis a

BRIMBORION, brin-bo-rlon, s. f. bauble,

gewgaw, toy.

BRIN, brin, s. m. bit, piece; sprig, shoot; stip or blade; twist. Bois de brin, round wood. Cordon de trois brins de socia, bat-band bride: to rein in, curb, these under, keep in; stip or blade; twist. Hole de brin, round wood. Cordon de trois brins de soie, hat-band of thrite over the face. Ce cherul ne se laises of three silken twists. Un brin de publie, a

bar, bât, base : thère, ébb, ovêr : field, fig : rôbe, rôb, lôrd : môod, gôod.

Brin d'estoc, quarter staff, long stick. straw. Brin d'estoc, quarter man, 100g suca. Brin à brin, by little and little, piece-meal, bit by bit.

Brin, Mar. sample. Le premier brin, the ime of the hemp. Le second brin, the prime of the hemp.

combings of the hemp

BBINDE, brind, s. f. health, toast.
BRINDILLE, s. f. a little bough.
PRINGUEBALE, s. f. Mar. V. Brimbale. BRINGUEBALE, s. f. Mar. V. Brin BRIOCHE, bri-osh, s. f. sort of cake.

BRIGINE, s. f. Bryony, white-vine. BRIGE, bri-on, s. m. moss on trees. Brion, Mar. fore-foot.

BRIQUE, brik, s. f. brick. BRIQUET, bri-ke, s. m. steel (for a tinder-

BRIQUETAGE, brik-the, s. m. brick work;

BRIQUETER, brik-th, v. a. to imitate, make brick work.

BRIQUETERIE, brik-te-ri, s. f. brick-kiln,

also brick-making.

BRIQUETIER, brik-til, s. m. brick-maker.
BRIS, bris, s. m. breaking open. Bris de prison, breaking out of prison. Bris, Mar. wreck. Droit de bris, the admiralty of a seacoast.

BRISANT, bri-zėn, s. m. rock, shelf, brisans, breakers.

BRISCAMBILLE, s. f. a sort of game at cards.

BRISE, briz, s. f. Mar. breeze, gale of wind. Nous climes la brise des premiers, we had the sea-turn. Brise de terre, land-breeze, land-turn. Brise de terre, land-breeze, land-turn. Brise carabinée, stiff breeze or stiff gale.

turn. Brise carabinée, stiff breeze or stiff gale.
Brises folles, baffling winds. Brise swolle, light breeze. Brise réglée, steady breeze.
BRISÉ, E, ad]. broken, bruised, beaten in pieces, etc. V. Briser. Armes brisées, coat af arms rebated or diminished. Lit brisé, folding-bed. Chaise brisée, folding-chair. Porte brisée, folding-chair. Curroses brisé, landau. Vaisseau brisé, a ship wrecked.
BRISE-cou, briz-köo, s. m. steep stair-case, break-neek stair-case, break-neek stair-case.

break-neck stair-case.

BRISERS, bri-za, s. f. pl. boughs cast in the deer's way. Revenir sur les brisées or re-prendre les brisées, to resume one's former discourse. Suivre les brisées or marcher sur les brisées de quelqu'un, to follow one's steps, imi-tate one. Aller or marcher sur les brisées de quelqu'un, to interfere with one.

BRISE-GLACE, briz-glas, s. m. starlings (to break the ice at the piers of bridges.)

BRISE-IMAGE, s. m. & f. image breaker, iconoclast.

BRISEMENT, briz-men, s. m. breaking or dashing of the waves. Brisement de cœur, rending of the heart, repentance, contrition.

BRISER, bri-zh, v. a. to break, bruise or beat in pieces. Briser, v. n. to break or split. Its sont brise ensemble, they are fallen out. Brisons-là, let us break off there, no more of

Se briser, v. r. to break, be very brittle; also to fold up. Table qui se brise, folding-table. Se briser (parlant d'un vaisseau) to suffer wreck. BRISE-VENT, briz-ven, s. m. shelter (from

the wind.)

BRISEUR, bri-zeur, s. m. breaker. Briseus d'inages, image-breaker. Briseur de sel, kind of salt-officer.

BRISOIR, bri-zwar, s. m. brake for flax. BRISQUE, s. f. a sort of game (at cards.) BRISURE, bri-zur, s. f. fracture, separation;

rebatement (in heraldry.)
BRITANNIQUE, british, adj. British,

Britannick.

Broc, bro, s. m. great leathern jack, large tin or wooden pitcher iron-hooped; great jng. *Broc, spit. De broc en bouche, hot from the

BROCANTER, bro-kan-th, v. n. to deal in

pictures, medals, curiosities, etc.
BROCANTEU-R, SE, bro kan-teur, teuz. s
m. & f. seller of curiosities, etc.

BROCARD, bro-kar, s. m. nipping jest, taunt, scoff; a brocket.

BROCARDER, brö-kår-då, v. s. to jest upon, jeer, nip or taunt, scoff. BROCARDEU-R, sr, brö-kår-deur, deur, s. m. & f. one that gives dry rubs or wipes,

taunter. Brocart, s. m. brocade.

BROCATELLE, brô-kā-tēl, s. f. kind of stuff like brocade, also kind of variegated marble, kind of linsey-woolsey, made in Flanders. Broccoli, V. Brocoli.

BROCHANT, adj. 'm. (in heraldry) across the escutcheon, over-all. Brochant mer letout, more than all the rest. V. also Brocher.
BROCHE, brosh, s. f. spit; fancet, tap; (to hang candles on) stick; peg; needle to knit with; tusk or tush. Mettre la viande à la

broche, to spit the meat. Mettre une futaille en broche, to broach a vessel. Drap à double broche, drab.

BROCHEE, bro-shi, a. f. spit-full.

BROCKER, bro-sha, v. a. to work with gold, silk, etc.; to knit; to stitch (a book,) to peg, to fasten (aboes.) Brocker are closs, to strike a nail into a horse's foot. Brocher, to

do in a hurry or in a trice.

BROCHET, bro-she, s. m. pike, jack.

BROCHETER, v. n. Mar. to extend over plank a small line to which a number of small sticks are fastened at equal distances, in order to work it to a proper shape, so as to fay to the next plank, the necessary measures being marked on each of the sticks.

BROCHETON, brosh-ton, s. m. small pike, pickerel.

BROCHETTE, brô-shêt, s. f. wooden skower BROCHEU-R, SB, S. m. & f. stitcher (of books.)

Brochoir, bro-shwar, s. m. smith's shoe-

ing hammer. BROCHURE, bro-shor, s. f. pamphlet, stitched book.

Brocoli, bro-ko-il, s. m. brocoli; young

cabbage-sprouts. BRODE, adj. f. black, swarthy, sun-burnt,

BRODE, E, adj. embroidered, etc. Melon brode, streaked melon.

BRODEQUIN, brod-kin, s. m. buskin.

BRODEQUIN, brod-kin, s. in. buskin.

Brodequin, (sort of torture,) boots.

BRODER, bro-dk, v. a. to embroider; to spot (gauze) to embellish, set off. Vous broder comme il faut, you romance, you flourish.

BRODERIE, brod-rl, s. f. embroidery, embellishment (of a story.) Parterreen inderie or de broderie, parterre with knots or figures.

BRODEU-R, s. k. bro-deur, deux, s. m. &c. f. embroidere: (of aguze) system: symanoser.

embroiderer; (of gauze) spotter; romancer.

base, bat : jeane, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

BRONGS, s. f. a sort of plant. BRONGHADE, bron-shad, s. f. or BRONGHE-

BRONCHER, UNION-SIRIQ, S. I. OF BRONCHER-MEST, S. M. Stumbling, tripping, fishere.

BRONCHER, bron-shå, v. a. to stumble, trip; (menquer, hésiter en préchant, etc.) to hemitate, be put out. Cheval qui bronche, a stumbling-horse.

Broncher.

BROKCHES, s. f. pl. those vessels of the

ungs which receive the air. BROSCHIAL, B, adj. bronchial.

BRONCHOCKLE, s. m. bronchocele.

BRONCHOTOMIE, s. f. bronchotomy.

BRONZE, bronz, s. m. bronze; figure de Aronze, brazen-figure, bronze. Aronze, brazen-horse.

BRONZER, brost-za, v. a. to paint the colour of bronze, paint dark brown; to colour or dye black (leather.) Broquard, V. Brocard.

BROQUART, s. m. brocket. BROQUETTE, bro-ket, s. f. tack, small

BROSSAILLES, V. Broussailles. BROSSE, bros, s. f. brush, pencil. Brosse

gondron, tar-brush. BROSSER, bro-sh, v. a. to brush, rub with

a brush.

Brower, v. n. to run through woods or bushes, brush along.
BROSSIER, s. m. brush-maker.

BROUE, brooks, s. m. orum-maker.
BROUE, brooks, s. f. fog, mist, rime.
BROUET, brooks, s. f. fog, mist, rime.
BROUET, brooks, s. m. milk-porridge, gruel, this broth. Brouet d'andouille, broth of cisterlings. Le chose s'est en allée en brouet d'andouille, it is all come to nothing.
BROUETTE, brooks, s. f. wheel-barrow, releasement of stroy wheeled chair

altry coach; also sort of a two wheeled chair

drawa by one man.

BROUETTER, broo-è-tà, v. a. to carry in a wheel-barrow or paltry coach.
BROUETTEUR, broo-e-teur, s. m. one that

raws a two-wheeled chair. BROUETTIER, broo-e-tfa, s. m. wheel-bar-

BROUHAHA, bro-a-a, s. m. noise of clap-

ping, applease.

BROUILLAMINI, broo-di-mi-nl, s. m. disorder, confusion, that has neither head nor tail.

BROUILLAND, broo-day, s. m. mist, fog; day-book, waste-book.

BROUILLARD, adj. m. Ex. Papier brouil-

lard, blotting or sinking paper.

BROULLLE, s. f. quarrel, falling out.

BROULLEMENT, brook-men, s. m. mixing together or confounding. Browillement confounding of colours. Browillement de

BROULLER, broo-d, v. a. to jumble, buffle, blend, mix together; to put out, per-lex, confound, puzzle; to embroil, confuse, serder; to set at variance, cause a division, set together by the ears; to disturb or embroil, make a stir or cause an insurrection in (he state;) to turn, derange (the brain;) to blot (paper,) waste by scribbling. Brouiller

box (paper.) wase by scribning. Drosturle cartes, to create confusion, cause a misunderstanding.

Browiller, v. s. to shuffle. Se brouiller, v.

1. to confound or perplex one's self, be put

sul. Se browiller once quelqu'um, to fall out
will one. Le temps se browille, the sky begins to be overcast.

BROULLEBIE, brool-ri, s. f. broil, troubles,

disturbance, discontent; also falling out, quarrel: and small trinket.

BROULLON, s. m. foul copy; day-book, waste-book; busy-body, intermeddler, shuffling or pragmatical fellow.
BROULLON, RE, broo-lon, lon, adj. shuffling, busy-body.

Humeur browillonne, shuffling, busy-body.

fling-humour. BROUIR, broo-îr, v. a. to blast.

*BROUISSEMENT, s. m. rattling.

BROUISSURE, broo-i-sur, s. f. blast, mildew. BROUSSAILLES, s. f. pl. briars, thorns, brambles, bushes, thicket; also little loose sticks.

Broussin, s. m. excrescence on a maple tree.

BROUT, broo, s. m. browse-wood; (of nuts) green shell. Aller au brout, to go a browsing. . Cordage.

BROUTER, brôo-ta, v. a. to browse, bite or nibble off the sprigs, grass or leaves; also to feed on.

BROUTILLES, broo-tll,s. f. pl. sprigs, browsewood, brush-wood; also things of no value. BROYE or BROIE, s. f. brake (for hemp.)

BROYEMENT, brwdy-men, s. m. grinding, beating small, etc.

BROYEUR, brwd-yeur, s. m. grinder, pound-bray the ink.

BROYEUR, brwd-yeur, s. m. grinder, pound-

er, one who mixes colours for painting.

Broyeur d'ocre, post dauber. Broyon, brwa-yon, s. m. mullar.

BROYON, Drws-yon, s. m. naunes.
BRU, brd, s. f. son's wife, daughter-in-law.
BRUANT, brd-ens. m. yellow-hammer, ring.
BRUGNOLE, V. Brignolle.
BRUGNOLE, V. Brignolle.
BRUGNON, brd-gnon, s. m. nectarine.

BRUINE, bruin, s. f. rime, drizzling rain. BRUINE, z., adj. blasted by frost. BRUINER, brui-na, v. a. to drizzle.

BRUINER, brûl-na, v. a. to drizzie. BRUINE, brû-lr, v. n. to make a noise, rustle, rattle, roar.

BRUISSEMENT, brd-k-men, s. m. rustling

noise, roaring, rattling.
BRUIT, brut, s. m. noise; rattling; clashing; chattering or gnashing; jerk or snap-ping; screaking (of a file;) bouncing or bounce; cracking or crack; stamping; creaking (of shoes or a door;) roaring or raging; sound, resounding; noise, buzz, din; noise, name, eclat, fame, repute, reputation; bruit, rumour, news-report, common fame, common talk; uproar, sedition, insurrection; quarrel, dispute, variance. Aroir bruit ensemble, to fall out, be at variance. A grand bruit, adv. with great bustle. A petit bruit, adv. without ostentation, silently, softly. Le bruit court, it is said. BRULANT, TE, adj. burning, scorching; also hot, burning hot; (de désir or d'envie, ctc.)

eager, earnest, ardent.

BRULE, R, adj. burnt, burnt up, burnt down, etc. Avoir le teint brûle, to be tanned or sun-burnt. Cerveau brûlé, cervelle brûlée,

enthusiast, fanatick. BRULE, s. m. burning. Je sens le brûlé, le nell something burnt. Chose qui sent le smell something burnt. brûle, thing that smells as if it were burnt.

BRULEMENT, brul-men, s. m. burning or setting on fire.

BRULER, brù-là, v. a. to burn, consume by fire; to scald; to blast; to burn, scorch, parch; to set on fire. A brûle-pourpoint, adv. very close. Il l'a tiré à brûle-pourpoint. he shot bar, blit, blise : thère, dbb, over : field, fig : rôbe, rib, kind : moed, good.

him with a gun close to his breast. C'est un raisonnement à brûle-pourpoint, it is a home ergument, an invincible argument. Brûler semorces, Mar. to let, off powder in small quantities, as night-signals, in lieu of false-fires.

Brûler, v. n. to burn, be on fire or all in amos; be inflamed; to be impatient, to long with great impatience; to consume away by degrees, pine away. Se brûker, v. r. to burn one's self, be on fire or burning. Se brûker à àz chandelle, to throw one's self into danger,

BRULEUR, brd-lèur, s. m. incendiary.
BRULEUR, brd-lèur, s. m. short pipe.

BRULOT, bru-lo, s. m. fire-ship, also food ex-ceeding hot with salt or pepper, high seasoned dish, incendiary letter, incendiary fellow or firebrand, and the ancient machine, pyrobolus.

BRULURE, bru-lor, s. f. burn or burning, scald or scalding; also blast (of plants.)
BRUMAL, E, brû-mâl, adj. winterly, wintry,

hat comes in the winter.

BRUN, s. m. brown man; brown colour. Brune, s. f. brown maid or woman. la brune, in the dask of the evening.

BRUNKELLE, S. f. self-beat (plant.)
BRUNKET, brö-nö, s. m. brown or dark youth.
Brunette, brö-nöt, s. f. brown girl or woman; kind of dark brown stuff; love ballad.

BRUNIA, bril-nir, v. a. to burnish, polish or brighten; to make brown or dark. Brunir, Brunir, v. n. se brusir, v. r. to grow brown or dark. BRUNISSAGE,brû-nî-skz, s. m. burnishing,

polishing. Brunisseu-R, se, brd-nl-scur, scuz, s. m. & f. burnisher.

BRUNISSOIR, brd-nl-swar, a. m. burnisher, burnishing-stick.

BRUNISSURE, s. f. polish of the horns of

stags, etc.
Brusc, s. m. butcher's broom. Brusz, brůz, s. m. knee holly, a butcher's

BRUSQUE, brûsk, adj. blunt, harsh, rough, hare-brained, over-hasty, sudden.
BRUSQUEMENT, brüsk-men, adv. blumly,

harshly, roughly, hastily, suddenly.
BRUSQUER, bris-kå, v. a. to be short or bunt or sharp with, attack with violence, take by storm; also to do in haste or unexpectedly, affront.

BRUSQUERIE, brûsk-ri, s. f. bluntness, blunt action, roughness, rough way of proceeding.

BRUT, E, brût, adj. (the t is pronounced in the masculine,) rough, unpolished, unhewed; brute, void of reason. Bois brut, timber in

the rough. Du sucre brut, brown sugar.
BRUTAL, E, brd-tal, adj. brutish, beastly; also fierce, passionate, rude. Un brutal, une brutale, s. m. & f. a brutish person, a brute, person given over to brutish pleasures, a churl, a clown, a clownish woman, peasionate person, rash or blunt or hair-brained or inconsiderate person.

BRUTALEMENT, brû-tâl-mên, adv. brutishly, beastly, clownishly, passionately, rash-ly, inconsiderately, hand over head, blundy. BRUTALISER, brid-ti-li-di, v. a. to treat brutally, see roughly, abuse (by words only.)

*Brutaliser, v. p. to enjoy or take brutish

BRUTARITA, brû-m. Hen, a. f. bruselity, brutishnem, hearliness, elewnishness, man-ness, inconsideration, also abusive or out-

ragnous language.
BRUTE, s. f. brute, brute beast

BRUTIER, s. m. bird of prey that cannot be tamed.

BRUXELLES (presounced Brusciles) Brus-

BRUYART, z, brůl-yèn, yên, adj. (from Braire) blustering, roaring, thundering, obstreperous, neisy.

BRUYERE, bru-yer, a. f. sweet broom

heath. Compagne countrie de hrugere, heath. Bayelhe, a. f. bryony. Bu, n., adj. drunk, drunk out. V. Meine, Buandenie, bu-bad-si, a. f. place for wash-

ing (with lie.)
RUAPDIER, E, ba-èn-dik, dèr, a. m. & f. washer-man or washer-woman.

Bube, bab, s. f. pimple, pustul

BUBEROS, s. m. sucking-bottle; (of a cruet) spout.

Buson, bå-ben, s. m. bube, bletch, pertilenual sore.

BUBONOCELE, s. m. bubonocele.

Buccal, z,adj. of or belonging to the mouth.
Buccin, s. f. sort of plant.
Buccin, s. m. kind of shell like a hern or
paper roll in form of a cone.

BUCCINATEUR, a.m. trumpeter; else musele which laterally occupies the space between the two jaws.

Buccing, s. f. kind of trumpet.

BUCHITAURE, s. m. bucentour (great ship used by the Venetiaus in the surementy of marrying the sea.)

BUCHE, bush, a. f. billet, log; set, block-head, dull-pated follow. If no at runne non plus qu'une bûche, he moves no more than a post.

Bûche, Mar. buss, herring buss

Bucher, bû-shâ, s. m. wood-pile, frankel pile; aise wood-house

BUCHER, v. n. to fell wood, cut down trees. BUCHERON, bucheron, s. m. wood cleaver, feller of wood.

Buchette, bå-shët, s. f. small stick. Bucolique, bå-kö-lik, adj. bucalick, pasteral. Bucolique, s. f. bucalick, pasteral peem.

BUEE, s. f. lie for washing.
BUFFIT, bu-fe, s. m. buffet, cuphoard; also service of plate.

Buffet d'orgues, organ-case, also little organ.

BUFFER, bad, s. m. buffle, buffelo; also NUFFLE, buff, s. m. buffle, bufflel; also buff-skin and buff-coat. Un gres legite, are weil buffle, a great fool or blockhand.

BUFFLETIN, s. m. a young bufflel.

BUGALET, s. m. art of small vessel or bark.

BUGLOSE, s. f. (sort of plant) bugle.

BUILE, blir s. f. flooms of stackes herb.

BUILE, blir s. f. flooms or great set

Buine, bûle, s. f. flagen or greet pot. Buis, bûl, s. m. box-tree, box; we

menton de beis à prominent elsysted Donner le beis à quelque chose, to burni polish or finish a thing.

ponsa or name a using.

Bulsson, bulson, s. m. bush, tree that
grows with a bush head, bushy dwarf-tree,
bush, thicket or covert, and thicket or grove.

Bulssonneu-x, se, adj. fail of thickets.

bine, bit: jbine, mibne, bibure : duffert, cent, tien : vin : mon : brun.

Bounds street, 2, 16f-16-16ft, 16f-1 atj. Ex. Lapin intecomic rabbit that fives in a thicket. Paire I deale Sufficientelye, to play the trusht. Boung, both, s. f. bulb, bulbous rout, seed-

BULLAIRE, ball-beu, beaz, adj. bulboss. BULLAIRE, ball-ler, s. m. collection of the Pope's buils.

BULLE, bit, s.f. ball, letter from the Pope;

BULLE, but, e.v. Dun, correct from the Pope; but fiele (of univ or sutter.)

BULLETIN, bûl-tin due form, authentic.

BULLETIN, bûl-tin, s. m. vene, bellot; (to loige wildiors) billet; bulletin, daily report; conflicate (given to a Munch tentor).

BULTRAU, bûl-tô, s. m. tree, the top af which is cut in the form of a towl.

Boynestz, s. f. winged insect that has a

ing Hite due bue. Buralists, bû-râ-list, s.m. requiver of

BURAT, bû-râ, s.m.:coarse sort of woolien-

Bun 174, 2, to theth, adj. of a roans kind. Bors, bar, a. f. course woollen-club;

thaft of a mino.

Beniutt, the top, in scarce wooden staff; beard, sable; (table stor laquelle on compte de l'argent, sur laquelle on net des papiers; cannuer, desk; tolice; factory; court, jurisdiction; sudience, hearing of causes; court, tenth, judiges; committee; bureau, scruteire.

Bureau d'addresse, office of intelligence; also

Bureau d'addresse, office of intelligence; also

Paris as le grand havour des merveilles, Paris es le grand burens des merveilles, Paris is the place of wonders. Connettre es untoir lair du burens, so know w a cause is likely to be determined, to know how wanters stand. L'air du bureau west pas pour rous, the cause in likely to go against you. Presidre l'air du bereau, to in-

aire how matters stand.

Brunk 173, bû-rût, s. f. little flagon to put to wine and water in for the celebration of

m; Who little cruet for oil.

Dune Au, s. m. the frest port of mother of -

BURIE, bû-ris, s. m. burine, grawer.
Burie, Blar. sert of a large toggel.
Buries, phori-sh, v. a. to-engrave.
Buries, poundal.
Buriesque, sumical.
Buriesque, s. m. buriesque.
Buriesque, s. m. buriesque.
Buriesque, s. m. buriesque.
Buriesque, s. m. buriesque.

comically, in a jocose meaner.

BUREAL, a, bar-oll, adj. pecentary. Edits

crame, money edicts.

Busicart, s. m. a soft of bird of prey. Busic, busk, s. m. busk. Busic, busy, s. f. busicard; minny, goose, simpleton, ignoramus. On ne souvoit faire d'une bus de épéroir ; out cament maire a disson un able man.

Busquen, Markh, fartiste, to seek com's riume. Busquer, to put a busk in. Se mann, to wear a busk. Ble ne sort famais fortune. B walle to soft Susquie, she never goes out with-

out a bunk in her stays,

Busquenten, blu-dier,s. f. hole in the stays
to receive a bunk; one stay hook, and sto-

Burrs, bust, s. m. bust (head and shoul-

Do., Id, s. in. butt, a mark to about ut; sim, scope, end or design. Frapper au but,

toucher an but, to hit the sail on the head. But à but, even hands, without say odds. Etre but à but, to be even. De but en blanc, point blank; also roundly, plainly, openly, without any preamble, and blanky, abrupily. Butz, a. m. farrier's buttress.

BUTÉ, E, adj. hit, armed at, etc. also fixed,

resolved.

BUTER, v. a. to hit the mark; to aim. Se buter, v. r. to clash with one another. Se buter a, to be resolved or fixed upon.

BUTTN, bil-tist, s. m. booty; spoil, plantler,

BUTINER, bû-tî-nê, v. a. to get a busty, pdlage, plunder.

BUTIREU-E, SE, adj. buttery, like butter. BUTOR, bū-tör, s. m. bittem or bitteur.

Buron, DE, s. m. & f. great booby, lob. dall person.

BUTTE, but, s. f. butt, bank, small rising ground, shooting at a but; mound of carth (at the foot of a tree.) Etre en butte à, to be exposed to.

BUTTERS, bd-th, v. s. to raise a heap of earth round; also to prop with a butters. BUTTERS, s. f. kind of gun to shoot for

BUVABLE, bå-våbl, adj. fit to drink, drinkable.

BUVERU, s. m. bevel.
BUVERINR, buvell, s. m. master of a tavern or ale-house, publican.
BUVERTE, buvel, a. f. tavern or ale-house;

also a sort of tavern or victualling house in the court of judicature at Paris; drinking.

BUVEU-R, SE, bū-veur, veuz, s. m. & f.

drinker, toper, tippler.
Buvotten, bū-vô-tā, v. n. to sip, drink a little at a time and often, tipple.

BUYE. V. Buire. BUZE. V. Buse.

C.

C, m, s. m. 3d letter of the French alphan bet.

CA, ad, adv. hither, here. Ca et la, this CA, st, adv. hither, here. Cit et là, this way and that way, up and down. Qui ch, qui là, some one way, some another. De-ch, this side or on this side. De de-ch, of this side, of these parts. Bra-de-ch, su-de-ch, and Rhin, on this side. An-de-ch this side, on this side. An-de-ch the Rhine. En ch, (atyle de palaie) to this time. Depais dear case en ch, this time two years, two years ago.

Ca, interj. come on, come.

Cabale, kå-bål, s. f. (tradition among the few) cabal.

Cabal, party, combination, confederacy, faction; set, gang; olub, company, society.

Caballe, E, adj. got by caballing.

Caballes, ka-bi-la, v. n. to cabal, com-

bine, conspire together.

CABALEUR, kå-bå-leur, s. m. caballer.

CABALISTE, kå-bå-list, s. m. Jewish caba-

list; also (but only in Languedoc) partner in trade.

CABALISTIQUE, kå-bå-ile-tik, edj. cabalistick.

"CABAR, s. m. cort of clouk.

CARANN, hil-bim, a. f. vot, cottage, but, thatched house; also cage for birds to bound in. bar, bat, base: thère, bbb, over: field, fig: rôbe, rôb, lôrd: mộcd, gôcd.

and flat bottomed covered boat and hoops of a tilt; cabin (of a ressel.)
CABANER, kå-bå-nå, v. a. Mar. to turn

upside down (applied to a boat.)

CABARET, kā-ba-rē, s. m. tavern, publickhouse; tea-table; (plant) asarabacca. baret à bière, ale-house. Cabaret à cidre, cider-house.

CABARETIER, E, kå-bår-tiå, tlèr, s. m. & f. tavern-keeper, alchouse-keeper, publican. CABAS, kå-bå, s. m. frail, basket made of

*Cabasset, s. m. slight kind of helmet. Cabestan, ka-bes-ten, s. m. Mar. capstan Grand cabestan, cabestan de or capstern. l'arrière, main capetern, after capetern. Petit cabestan or cabestan d'avant, joer capstern. Cabestan volunt, crab.

monde an cabestan, to man the capstern.

Cabillaud, ka-bl-lo, s. m. a chub, had-

doek.

CABILLE, s. f. hord, clan, tribe.

CABILLOT, s. m. Mar. toggel; also wood-en-pin (for belaying ropes.) CABINEY, kk-bl-ne, s. m. closet, study; cabinet, cabinet council. Etre du cabinet, to be of the cabinet council; cabinet, chest of drawers; arbour, bower; summer-house; wardrobe; house of office. Un homme de cabinet, a studious or bookish-man.

CABLE, kahl, s. m. Mar. cab.e. Cables de retenue, two thick cables fastened to the forepart of a ship on the stocks when about to be launched, and which are cut at the moment she is to go off. V. Tour.

CABLEAU, kå-blo, s. m. little cable. V.

Cablot.

Cabler, kå-blå, v. a. to twist several threads into a cord, make cables. Cabler de la ficelle, to twist thread.

CABLOT, s. m. Mar. cablet, painter, warp. CABOCHE, ka-bosh, s. f. head; sort of hob-

nail; old useless nail.

Савоснов, ka-bô-shon, s. m. precious

stone polished but not cut.

CABOTAGE, ka-bô-taz, s. m. Mar. coast-

ing, art of coasting, coasting-trade.

CABOTER, ka-bô-ta, v. n. Mar. to sail along the coast and trade from port to port.

CABOTIER, ka-bo-tla, s. m. coasting ves-

CABRER, kå-brå, v. n. se cabrer, v. r. to prance, irritate, rise upon the two hind feet, rear up; to start, fall or fly into a passion, be transported with anger, take head. Ne hai dites pas cela, vous le ferez cabrer, do not say that to him, you will make him fly into a passion. Faire cabrer un cheval, to make a

horse rear up. CABRI, kå-brl, s.m. young kid. CABRIOLE, kå-brl-öl, s. f. capriole, caper; goat-leap.

CABRIOLER, kå-bri-ô-lå, v. n. to caper, cut capers. Faire la cabriole, to be hanged. Cabriolet, ka-bri-ò-le, s. m. one horsechaise.

Cabrioleur, kå-brl-ð-leur, s. m. caper-

er; one that cuts capers.

CABRIORS, s. m. pl. Mar. quoins or wedges to secure guns in bad weather. Mettre les enbrions à la batterie, to quoin the guns.

CABRON, kå-bron, s. m. kid, kid skin.

Carus, kk-bu, adj. m. headed. Ex. Chear cabus, headed cabbage.

CACA, kh-kh, s. m. nursery word for ex

crement of infants.

CACADE, kå-kåd, s. f. evacuation; also and balk, baffle. Ex. Faire une cacade, to be balked.

CACALIA, s. f. a sort of plant. CACAO, kh-kh-ò, s. m. cocoa-nut. CACAOVERE, kh-kh-ò-yh, s. m. cocoa-tree. CACAOVERE, kh-kh-ò-yèr, s. f. place planted with cocoe-trees.

CACATOU, CACATOUA. V. Kakators.
CACHE, khsh, s. f. lurking-hole, secret place, hidden corner.

CACHÉ, E, adj. hid or hidden. V. Cacher. Se tenir caché, to lie hid, to lurk or skulk.

CACHECTIQUE, adj. & s. cachectick, of a bad constitution.

CACHEMENT, s. m. hiding. Cachemens de visage, hidings of the face.
CACHER, kå-shå, v. a. to hide, conceal,

secrete, cover; keep close, private or secret, dissemble. Se cacher, v.r. to conceal or hide one's self, lurk, or skulk, abscord. Il ne e'en

cache point, he does it openly or barefaced.

Cachet, kå-shë, s. m. seal. Le cachet du
roi, the king's signet.

Cacheter, kå-shët, s. f. lurking-hole, secret or hiding-place. En cachette, adv. in secret, secretly, underhand. CACHERIE, kå-bek-si, s. f. cachery, bad

CACHOTTERIE, kå-shöt-ri, s. f. affected mysterious way of speaking or acting in or-

der to conceal trifles CACHOU, s. m. cashew or cashoo (nut.)

CACIQUE, s. m. Mexican prince

CACIS, s. m. black current, jelly made of its fruit, cordial made of its fruit and leaves. CACOCHYME, ka-kô-shlm, adj. cacochy-mick, ill-complexioned, full of ill humours. Esprit cacochyme, ill-humoured, cross, pecvish person.

CACOCHYMIE,kh-kd-shl-ml,s.f.cacochymy. CACOPHONIE, ka-ko-fo-ni, s. f. cacophony,

dissonance.

CACOTROPHIE, s. f. cacotrophy, depraved nutrition.

*CACOZELE, s. m. ill-affection, misguided zeal.

CADASTRE, kå-dåstr, s. m. register of lands, dooms-day book; terrier. CADAVEREU-X, SE, kā-dā-vē-reu, reuz,

adj. cadaverous. CADAVER, ka-davr, s. m. corpse, carcass,

dead body.

CADEAU, ka-do, s. m. flourish in writing; flourish, mere flourish; feast, banquet, treat (gioen to soomen;) gift, present.

CADENAS, kid-nå, s. m. padlock.

CADENASSER, kid-nå-så, v. a. to padlock.

CADENCE, kå-dèns, s. f. cadence; close; time; shake.

CADENCE, E, adj. well turned, harmonious. CADENCEE, ka-den-sa, v. a. to give a verse or period an agreeable cadence, to cadence,

quaver.
"Capane, ka-dea, s. f. chain (for galleyslaves.) Etre à la cadène, to be tied by the leg like a galley-slave.

base, but : jeane, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

CABENETTES, khd-net, s. f. pl. a cue. Cherous es cadenettes, hair dressed with a cue.

CADET, kå-de, s. m. younger son or brother; cadet or volunteer in the regiment of guards; junior; young fellow. Un cadet de

guards; junior; young fellow. Un cadet de hast espectit, a sharp set young fellow.

Cadette, kik-dêt, s. f. younger daughter; abo younger sister, and sort of free-stone

good for paving.

Cadl, s. m. justice of the peace among the Turks.

Cadis, ka-di, s. m. kind of serge.

Cadix, pronounced Cadisse. Cadiz.

CADRIE, S. C. composition that adheres to the sides of a furnace where metals are melted : cadmia.

CADOLE, kå-döl, s. m. latch. CADRAR, kå-drèn, s. m. dial, sundial. CADRE, kådr, s. m. frame (of pictures,

ct.)
Casire, Mar. cradle, bedframe. Nous arous 30 houses sur les cadres, we have 30 sen in the sick birth.

CADRER, kh-drh, v.n. to quadrate, to agree, agree or answer, suit, tally; v. a. to square. CADUC, CADUQUE, kh-duk, adj. decaying

or decayed, crazy; frail, brittle, perishable.
Legs cadac, succession cadaque, escheat. Mal

casher, falling sickness.

Capucar, ka-dô-sa, s. m. caduceus, Mercury's wand, also the tipsteff of the king at arms and beralds.

CADCCITÉ, kà-dà-sì-tà, s. f. weakness, decrepitude, craziness; also decay or falling to ruin of a house.

CAFARD, E, kil-far, furd, adj. & s. hypocritical, hypocrite or bigot, puritan. referd, sort of damask mixed with silk and ferret.

CAPARDERIE, s. f. hypocrisy. CAPÉ, kil-fè, s. m. coffee. Fèves de café, fee-berries. Coffee-house. coffee-berries.

CAFETAE, s. m. caftan, vest among the Turks.

CAPETIÈRE, kat-lier, s. f. coffee-pot. CAPIER, ka-fla, s. m. coffee-tree. CAPEZZIE, s. f.Caffraria.

CASE, khz, s. f. cage, bird-cage ; jail ; four walls of a house.

Cage, Mar. cage à poule, hen-coop. Cage drisse, sort of tab open on the sides, in which the main-topsail haliards are coiled on board French ships of war.

CAGER, s. f. cage-full. CAGERR, s. m. bird-seller.

CASHARD, E, kå-gnår, gnård, adj. & s. m. & f. lazy, slothful, idle person. Mar. weather cloth.

Cagnanden, kå-gnår-då, v. n. to live an idle, lazy life.

CAGNARDISE, kå-gnår-diz, s. f. laziness, slothfulness, idleness

CAGSE, s. f. bitch, whore, strumpet. CAGSEU-z, sz., kil-gueu, gneuz, adj. ba-ker-legged, the knees bending inward.

CAGOT, E, kh-go, got, adj. & s. hypocritical, hypocritic.

CASOTREE, kå-got-ri, s. f. hypocrisy. CASOTISME, s. m. hypocrisy, affected de-

Casou, kk-goo, s. m. one who, owl-like, hves retired and flies from company. Casuz, s. f. kind of Dutch sloop.

Cahier, ka-ye, s. m. loose sheet of a book, stitched book, copy-book; also bill or account.

CAHIE-CAHA, ka-in-ka-a, adv. against the

grain, untowardly, with much ado.

CAHOT, kå-ð, s. m. jolt; shock.
CAHOTAGE, kå-ð-tåz, s. m. jolting.
CAHOTER, kå-ð-tå, v. a. to jolt.
CAHUTTE, kå-ðt, s. f. cottage, but.

CAIEU, kā.yeu, s. m. sucker, offset.
CAILLE, kā., s. f. quail.
CAILLE, B., adj. curdled, etc. Sang caillé, blood coagulated, clotted blood.
CAILLE ha.d. and blood.

Calllé, kà-là, s. m. milk turned to curds. Calllebotte, kà/-bôt, s. f. curds of milk. Calllebotte, adj. curdled.

CAILLEBOTTIS, and, castled.

CAILLEBOTTIS, s. m. pl. Mar. gratings.

Ote les ossilebottis, unlay the gratings.

CAILLEBURNT, khi-mên, s. m. carding of women's milk in child-bed, also of litnores.

CAILLER, khi-fit, v. s. to curdle, congulate.

La morsure des serpens caille le song, the bite of serpents curdles the blood. Cailler, v. n. Se cailler, v. r. to curd, curdle or turn into curds, coagulate.

CAILLETEAU, kal-to, s. m. young quail.

CAILLETOT, s. m. young turbot.
CAILLETTE, kn-let, s. f. rennet bag of a calf, etc. also silly gossipping person.
CAILLOT, kn-lo, s. m. little clot of blood,

lump of clotted blood. Calllot-Rosat, s. m. rose-water pear. Calllou, ka-loo, s. m. flint, flint-stone. Callloutage, ka-loo-taz, s. m. flints.

CAIMACAN, s. m. officer among the Turks CAIMAND, E, kê-mên, mênd, s. m. & f.

beggar, lazy beggar, mumper.
CAIMANDER, &c-men-da, v. n. to beg or mump.

CAIMANDEU-R, SE, kê-mên-dêur, deuz, s. m. & f. beggar, mumper. CAIQUE, kå-lk, s. m. galley-boat.

CALRE, ker, s. m. gaitey-boat.
CALRE, ker, s. m. what wraps up the cocos-mut. Le Caire, le grand Caire, Cairo.
CAISSE, kes, s. f. box, chest, trunk; cash; ready money; drum. Caisse, s. f. Mar.
Caisse d'ame poulie, shell of a block. Caisse flottante, mooring-buoy. Caisse d'apputi, two large empty chests in the shape of floating

stages.
CAISSIER, ke-sih, s. m. cash-keeper er cashier.

CAISON, ke-son, s. m. covered wagon er carriage. Caison, s. m. Mar. locker.
CAJOLER, ka-zd-la, v. a. to cajole, flatter,

coax, court, fawn upon, wheedle. Cajoler la marce, Mar. to drive with the tide against the wind.

CAJOLERIE, kå-zôl-rl, s. f. cajoling, coax-ing, courting, fawning upon; or flattery, praise. CAJOLEU-R, se, kå-zô-lêur, lêuz, s. m. &c

f. cajoler, coaxer.

CAJUTE, s. f. bed (in a ship.)
CAL, kål, s. m. callosity; callous.
CALABRE, s. f. Calabria.

CALAISON, s. f. Mar. depth of a ship.

CALAMBOUR, s. m. a sort of India-wood. CALAMENT, s. m. CALAMENTE, s. f. calamint.

CALAMISE, s. f. calamine.
CALAMISTRER, kil-li-mis-tril, v. a. to dress
and powder the hair.

CALAMITE, s. f. magnet, load-stone, magnetick needle.

bar, bat, base: thère, ebb, over: field, fig: robe, rob, lord: mood, good.

CALAMITÉ, kå-lå-ml-tå, s. f. calamity, mis- |

ery, adversity, trouble, misfortune, distress. Calamiteu-x, se, kh-lk-mi-teu, teuz, adj. calamitous, miserable, wretched, hard. Calandre, ka-lendr, s. f. weevil; calen-

der; kind of lark.
CALANDRER, kå-lên-drå, v. s. to enlender

cloth. CALANDREUR, ka-len-dreur, s. m. one who

calenders cloth. CALCAIRE, kai-ker, adj. that may be re-

duced to chalk.

CALCEDOINE. s. f. calcedonious, clouded

CALCÉDOINEU-X, SE, adj. precious stones that have some white spots

CALCINATION, kat-al-na-slon, s. f. calcina-

tion, valcining.

CALVINER, Mil-si-na, v. a. to calcine or valcinate. Be calciner, v. r. to calcine, be valcined.

CALCUL, kal-kul, s. m. calculation, computation, reckoning, eccount; the stone in the kidneys or bladder.

CALOULABLE, kal-ku-labl, adj. that may be calculated.

CAECULATEUR, kål-ku-fa-feur, s. m. calculator, accountant.

CALCULER, kal-ku-la, v. a. to calculate, compute, cast up, reckon. Mar. to find. Calculer l'heure de la pleine mer, to find the time of high water. Calculer la longitude, to find the longitude, etc.

CALE, Idl, s. f. sort of woollen cap. Por-

Ter la tale, to wear a livery.

Cale, s. f. Mar. wedge, chock, hold; (in the Mediterranean) lee-shore, small creek between two rocks or cliffs; ducking. Cale prelimaire, common ducking. Grande cale, kecl-hauling. Cale à l'eau, main-hold. Cale au rin, etc. spirit-room. Cale de construcan rin, etc. spirit-room. Cale de construc-tion, stocks or slip for ship-building. Cale (de magazin, de quai, de mânere) slip. Avant-cule, that part of the slip which is a stern of n ship while building. Gens de la cale, holders. CALEBAS, s. m. Mar. V. Halebas.

CALEBASSE, Kal-bits, s. f. great gourd; also gourd bottle. Tromper or frauder la

calebasse, to cheat, gull.

CALEBASSIER, s. m. a tree of America that

is very much like the apple-tree.

CALEBOTIN, s. m. crown of an old hat used by shoemakers to put their thread and awls in. CALECHE, kā-lēsh, s. f. calash. CALEÇON, kād-son, s. m. drawers, pair of

thawen

CALEFACTION, kà-là-fàc-sion, s. f. calefac-

CALEMBOUR, CALEMBOURG, kh-lèn-lidor,

s. m. pun, quibble.

CALENDES, ka-lend, s. f. pl. calends. Mex calendes Grecques, when two Sundays come together, at latter lanunas, never.

Calendes, convocation of country persons. CALENDETER, ka-len-dria, s. m. calendar,

almanack.

CALENTONE, ka-len-tur, s. f. calenture.

CALERIN, s. m. book of extracts or notes. CALER, ka-fa, v. a. & n. Mar. to chock, Cale davantage le littiment, wedge up. bring the ship more down in the water. Caler les voiles, to suffice sail. Caler la voile, to submit, yield, buckle to. Caler les pieds

d'une table, to make a table stand lavel or

firm by means of a sort of wedge.

CALFAT, kål-få, s.m. celking; celler.

CALFATAOR, kål-få-tå, s.m. celking.

CALFATER, kål-få-tå, v.a. to celk.

CALFATEUR, s. m. calker

CALFATIN, s. m. calker's boy, oakum boy. CALFEUTRAGE, kall-feu-trale, s. m. stopping of chinks.

CALFEUTRER, kal-feu-tra, v. a. to stop the chinks (of a door,) etc. to keep out wind.

CALIBRE, kk-libr, s. m. bore (of a gun.) size (of a ball;) sort, kind, stamp, merit, rate, worth, parts (of a person;) size, bigness, bulk.
CALIBRER, kk-libra, v. a. to dispart (a piece of ordnance, etc.) to size (a ball.)

CALICE, ka-lls, s. m. chalice, communion cup; chalice or cup (of a flower,) cup of af-fliction.

CALIFAT, s. m. dignity of a Califf.

CALIFE, or CALIPHE, s. m. Calif.
CALIFOURCHON, s. m. Ex. à calif.
CALIFOURCHON, s. m. Ex. à califourchon,
adv. a-stradule. Aller à charai à califourchon. chon, to ride a-straddle.

Californeu-x, sz, adj. glosmy. Calin, e, kildin, in, e.m. & f. silly lazy person. CALINER, ku-ll-na, se coliner, v. c. to be

indolent or inactive GALIORNE, s. f. Mar. winding tackle, large two or three fold tackle. Caliorne de minime,

fore tackle. Grande caliorne, main-tackle. CALLEU-E, SE, kkl-leu, leuz, adj. callous,

CALLOSITÉ, kål-lô-zl-tå, s. f. callosity: bardness or thickness of the skin.

CALLOT, khi-lô, s. m. block of unbewnelste. CALMANDE, khi-mend, s. f. calimanco.

CALMANT, S. m. calmer, anodyne. CALMAR, kål-mår, s. m. cutile-fish, pen-CBSC

CALME, kalm, adj. calm, still, quiet. La mer est bien calme, the water is very smooth.

CALME, s. m. calmness, tranquillity, quietness, stillness. Mar. calm. Calme glat, flat or dead calm. Bire in calme, to be becalined.

CALMER, khl-mk, v. a. to caim, appease, quiet, pacify, still. Calmer, v. n. Mar. to fall caim. Se calmer, v. r. to grow caim. Al calme, the wind abutes.

CALMIE, s. f. Mar. lull. Nage à la calmie, give way in the hill.

Calomniat-eur, rice, in dimen de com, tris, s. m. & f. calumniator, slandezer, false accuser.

CALOMNIE, kå-idm-ni, s. f. onlumny, scandal, slander, false imputation, tablicious aspersion.

CALOMNIER, kå-lom-ni-å, v. a. to calumniate, slander, asperse or detract, accuse falsels.

CALOMNIEUSEMENT, & d. lom-nl-cus-men.

adv. falsely, slanderously, by false secusation.

CALOMNIEU-X, SE, kå-don-nichi, euz, adj. calmunious, faise, siantereus. CALONIÈRE, S. f. pop-gen. V. Communière. "CALOT, s., m. shelled nut, weinet.

CALOTINE, s. m. concomb, priest. CALOTINE, s. f. calotte, skull-comp. CALOTTIER, s. m. a maker or sellentil ca-lottes or shall-cape; color walnuts total.

CALOTER, s. m. caloger, (sort of monk.)

base, bat : jèane, mêute, beurre : ênfânt, cênt, liên : vin : mon : brun.

CALQUE, kålk, s. m. outlines of a design r print which has been chalked. CALQUER, kål-kå, v.a. to chalk-or mark

the outlines of.

Calumet, kā-lā-mē, s. m. calumet. Calus, kā-lās, s. m. callous; hardness, cal-

Josity.

CALVAIRE, kal-ver, s. m. Calvary. CALVILLE, kal-vil, s. m. kind of apple. CALVINISME, kal-vi-nism, s. m. Calvinism.

CALVINISTE, s. m. Calvinist. CALVITIE, kal-vl-d, s. f. baldness. CAMAIEU, kal-ma-yeu, s. m. camaieu; also picture painted all with one colour, brooch.

CAMAIL, ka-mal, a. m. camail (a bishop's

purple esnament,) à capuchin (worn in win-ter by other ecclesiasticks.)

CAMABADE, khamlerid, s. m. comrade, companion, fellow, friend. Camarade d'école, school-fellow. Camarade de voyage, fellowtraveller, etc.

CAMARD, E, kå-mår, mard, adj. & s. m.

& f. flat-nosed person.

Campistre, kas-blat, s. m. one who buys and sells bills of exchange.

Cambouts, kân-bwi, s. m. gome, black and eily grease of a cart-wheel, etc. Cambras, s. m. (city of Flanders) Cam-bray. Du Cambrai or de la toile de Cambrai,

cambrick.

CAMBRE, E, adj. vaulted, arched, came-rated, that lies cambering; warped; hollow. CAMBRER, kan-bra, v. a. to vault or arch, crook or bend. Se combrer, v. r. to warp.

CAMBRURE, kan-brur, s. f. bending or

crooking.

CAME, V. Chame.

CAMÉE. s. m. cameo (sort of stone.)
CAMÉLEON, kâ-mê-lê-on, s. m. chameleon; also a constellation in the southern hemisphere.

CAMÉLÉOPARD, s. m. cameleopard. Camelot, kam-lo, s. m. camelot, camelot. Camelot K., e., adj. woven like camelot. Camelot Inc. s. f. sort of camelot. Camelot Inc. s. f. sort of camelot.

of a Pope or cardinal

CAMERLINGAT, kil-mer-lin-ga, s. m. office of the Pope's great chamberlain.

CAMMENTATION, kilomer-ling, a. m. the cam's great chamberlain. Camon, kilomi-on, s. m. kind of little cart

ma by two men, cat's claw, small pin, minikin. CAMISADE, kil-ml-mld, s. f. camisado, as-

rult by might. CAMISAND, E, s. m. & f. camisard (fana-

ic in the Cevennes.)

Castisol.r, lel-ml-sol, s. f. under waistcoat.

CAMOUNLER, ich-mo-mit; s. f. camomile.
CAMOUNLER, ich-mo-mit; s. f. camomile.
CAMOUNLER, ich-mo-fie, s. m. smoke of burning paper blown up the nose of one asleep; also afficient.

Camp, khu, s. m. camp; the lists. Camp clost, flying-camp. Mestre de camp, colo-d of horse. Maréchal de camp, major general. Aide de camp, aid de camp. Lever le

CAMPAGNARD, K, kan-på-gnår, gnård, adj. & s. m. & f. of the country, rustic, country-main. Ar campagnard, adominables. Nablesse confingmente, country-main. by gentry.

CAMPAGNE, kan pagn, s.f. country; cham-paign; campaign (of an army.) Price se campagne, field-piece. Se mattre en co pagne, tenir la campagne, to have the field, keep the field. Commencer or ouvrir la cam pagne, to begin the campaign, open the field. Mar. voyage or cruise during a season or limited space of time. Campagne de croisière, cruise. Campagne de côte, cruise along shore (from port to port.) Campagne de long cours, long yoyage. Campagne de rade, time which ships of war, ready for sea, remain in a road-stead, and then return into harbour without sailing.
CAMPANE, kan pan, s. f. tuft, fringe.

CAMPANELLE, s. f. bell flower.

CAMPANETTE, s. f. blue bell flower, Camterbury bell.

CAMPANILLE, s. m. steeple, cupols, s. f. a. small dome.

Sman come.

Camps, s., adj. encamped, etc. Bien camps, in a good posture or position (speaking of a person or figure.)

Camps (chr., kān-pēsh, s. m. logwood.

Camps mem, kānp-mēsh, s. m. encamping,

encampment.

CAMPER, kan-pa, v. n. Se comper, v. r. to encamp, pitch a camp; to place one's self, pitch one's camp. Camper, v. a. to encamp; to place, give a position to (the body.) CAMPHRE, kanf. s. m. camphire. CAMPHRE, s. f. di. camphorated. CAMPINE, s. f. fine pullet.

CAMPO, s. m. Spanish wool.
CAMPO, s. m. Spanish wool.
CAMPO, s. m. play-day, holy-day.
CAMPO, s. kā-mà, maz, adj. és. m. kc. k.
filat-nosed, filat-nosed person. *Il est bien co-*mus, le voilà bien comus, he has been sadly balked.

CAMUSON, s. f. flat-nosed girl.

CANAILLE, ka-nal, s. f. mob, rabble. CANAL, ka-nal, s. m. channel, bed; channel, strait, narrows; canal; aqueduct, pipe, water-conduit; gutter; groove for the rammer of a gun: passage, canal (of the body:) way, means. Canal de l'épine du dos, cavity or hole of the back-bone. Faire canal, to put off to sea, keep the sea, cross a channel from one shore to the opposite shore.

Canal d'une poulie, Mar. sheave-hole of a

block.

Canapá, kå-bå-på, s. m. couch, sofs.

CANAPAA, s. m. knapsack. CANARD, ka-nar, s. m. duck or drake, male duck, mallard; also water-dog. Canard prive, decoy-duck; also (speaking of people,) decoy, one that takes another in. Donner des canards à quelqu'un, to put upon one. Canarder, ka-nar-da, v. a. to shoot from

a place of safety, to pelt.

CANARDIÈRE, ka-nar-dier, s. f. decoy to catch ducks; also loop-hole to shoot through.

CANARI, ka-na-ri, s. m. canary-bird. Canaric, s. f. sort of dance.

CANAHIN, s. m. canary-sparrow. CANASTRE ka-nastr, s. m. canister.

CANCEL, kan-sel, s. m. chancel. .

Cancellation, s. f. rescission CANCELLE, s. m. small crab-fish.

CANCELLER, kan-sel-la, v. a. to cancel. CANCER, kan-ser, s. m. a cancer; Cancer. CANCRE, kankr. s. m. crab fish ; wretch;

sordid fellow.

bar, bat, base: thère, ébb, over: fleld, flg: rôbe, rôb, lôrd: mòod, gôod.

CANDELABRE, kan-de-labr, s. m. great || branched candlestick, chandelier

CANDELETTE, s. f. Mar. fish (tackle em-

ployed for fishing the anchor.)
CARDEUR, kan-deur, s. f. candour, frank-

tess, openness, sincerity, integrity.

CANDI, E, adj. (from Candir) candy or candied. Du sucre candi, sugar-candy. CANDIDAT, kha-dl-då, s. m. candidate. CANDIDE, kha-dld, adj. candid, sincere,

frank, open, ingenuou CANDIDEMENT, kan-did-men, adv. can-

didly, sincerely, frankly, ingenuously. CANDIR, kan-dir, se condir, v. r. to candy.

. Faire candir, to candy. CANE, kan, s. f. (female of canard) duck; Paire la cane, to betray cowardice.

CANEPETIÈRE, s. f. bird the size of a pheasant.

CANEPIN, kan-pin, s. m. fine sheep-akin. CANETER, kan-ta, v. n. to waddle like a duck.

CANETON, kan-ton, s. m. CANETTE, s. f.

young duck, duckling.
CANEVAS, kin-va, s. m. canvass; rough

draught, sketch, ground work.
CARGRERE, V. Gangréne.
CANICHE, s. f. spaniel bitch.
CANICHLARE, kh. nl-kh-ler, adj. canicular. Les jours caniculaires, the canicular or

dog-days.
CANICULE, kh-nl-kul, s. f. dog-star; also the canicular or dog-days.

CANIF, ka-nif, s. m. pen-knife.

CANIN, E, ka-nin, nin, adj. canine. Faim mine, canine appetite, greedy worm. Dents CANNAGE, s. m. measuring by a stick of an ell and two thirds in length.

CANNAIR, s. f. field planted with rushes

and reeds.

CABBE, kan, s. f. cane or reed; cane, walking-stick; stick or measure of an ell and two thirds (of Paris.) Donner des coups de coups à quelqu'un, to cane one. Jeu des courses, cane-play, kind of tournament. Canne de sucre, sugar cane.

CANNEBERGE, s. f. plant which grows in marshes, and the berries of which are good

CANNELAS, kan-la, s. m. cinnamon sugar-

CANNELER, kån-lå,v. a. to flute (a column,) channel, chamfer.

CANNELIER, s. m. cinnamon-tree.
CANNELLE, kå-nël, s. f. cinnamon.
nelle sauvage, kind of gray cinnamon.
nelle, tap, brass-cock. Can-

CANNETILLE, kan-tdr, s. f. fluting, cham-fering, channelling (of a column.) CANNETILLE, kan-tdl, s. f. purl, gold or

silver purl.

CANNETILLER, v. a. to tie with purl, tie with gold or silver twist.

CANNIBALE, kā-nī-bāl, s. m. cannibal,

man-eater. man-eater.

Canon, kå-non, s. m. cannon, piece of ordnance; barrel (of fire-arms:) pipe; gutter; (in musick) nort of fuge; pad, roller; (in printing) a large sized type; canon, church-law. Le droit canon, the canon-law. Le canon des teritures, the canonical books of actipiture. Coup de canon, cannon-shot, re-

port of a cannon when fired. A la portée des canon, within cannon-shot.

Canon, s. m. Mar. gun, etc. Un canon de dix hast, an eighteen pounder. Canons de chasse, bow-chases. Canons de retraite, steru-chases. Les canons de cette frégate sont restrés, this frigate's guns are run in. batiment a ses canons aux sabords, that ship has her guns run out.

CANONIAL, E, ka-no-nial, adj. canonical. prebendal.

CANONICAT, ka-no-ni-ka, s. m. canoniy, prebend.

CANONICITÉ, a. f. canonicalness. CANONIQUE, kå-nô-nik, adj. canonical. CANONIQUEMENT, kå-nô-nik-mên, adv. canonically.

Canonisation, kå-nô-nì-zà-sion, s. f. canonization.

CANONISER, ka-no-ni-za, v. a. to canoniza or saint.

CANONISTE, kh-nô-nht, s. m. canonist, doctor of canon-law.

CANONNADE, kå-nô-nåd, s. f. cannonade, cannonading.

CARONRAGE, s. m. Mar. gunnery. CANONNER, kh-no-nh, v. s. to cannonade, itter with cannon. Canonner un bâtiment batter with cannon. dans son bois, to hull a ship, strike a ship with shot in the hull.

ith shot in the nui.

Canonnier, ka-no-nia, s. m. gunner.

Canonnier, Mar. Mattre canonnier; guner. Second canonnier, gunner's mate. ner.

Aide-conomier, quarter gunner.

CARONNIERE, kā-nō-nēr, s. f. loop-bole in a well to shoot through, casemate, embrasure: also draining hole in a wall, and pop-

gun, tent the sides of which are open.

Canor, ka-no, s. m. canoe, boat. Grand canot, barge. Petit canot, jolly boat. Canat de l'élat-major, pinnace

CANOTIER, S. m. Mar. rower. CANTAL, s. m. sort of cheese.

CANTATE, Ran-tat, s. f. (piece of musick)

CANTATILLE, kin-th-th, s. f. little contata. CANTATRICE, kas-th-tris, s. f. woman singer (generally Ralian.)
CARTHARIDE, kin-th-rid, s.f. cambarides.

CANTHUS, s. m. canthus, sort of sea-fish.

CANTINE, kan-tin, s. f. case for bottles;
place where drink is sold to soldiers.

CANTINIER, kan-tl-nl-i, s. m. centine-

keeper in an army.
CANTIQUE, kas-tik, s. m. canticle, spiritual song.

CANTON, kan-ton, s. m. canton; district or

part of a country; corner or part of a town.

CANTONADE, kan-to-nad, s. f. corner of the stage. Parter à la contonade, to speak to a person behind the scenes.

Cantonné, e, adj. stationed, ec. CANTONNEMENT, s. m. cantoning.

CANTONNER, kan-to-na, v. n. to get into stations or quarters. Se contonner, v. r. to withdraw to or station one's self in some an-

CANTONNIÈRE, kan-tô-nièr, s. f. sort of ad-

പ്പെ എം De pied en cap, Parter cap à cap, base, bût : jêûne, mêute, bêurre : ênfast, cêst, liês : vis : mos : brus.

Csp, Mar. head of a ship; head-land, cape, promontory, point. Cap d'ouvriers, quarier man or foreman among artificers in an arsemal. Le commondant a le cap au large, the commondore is standing off shore. Ou est le cap? How is he: head? Le cap en route, steer the course. Cap de mouten, dead eye. Cap de mouten ferre, iron-bound dead eye. Cap de mouton à croc, iron-bound dead eye with a hook. Cap de remorque d'un canot, guest

rope of a boat in lown.

CAPABLE, ka-pabl, adj. capable, able, apt, fit; able, learned, skilful. Capable de tenir or de contenir, capacique enough to hold or receive. Faire le capable, to pretend to great matters, take upon one's self, set up for a man of skill. Un homme capable de tout, a daring, resolute, or bold man; one that will do any

CAPABLEMENT, adv. learnedly, skilfully. learned. Below to capacite as were coping, coording to my apprehension. Capacité or Capacités, Mar. bulk, burden, tonnage, space Adissent manque de capacités, your ship has too sarrow a floor. Ce brig a de grandes capacités, that brig is very full built.

CAPARAÇON, kå-på-rå-son, s. m. caparison, accourrement (of a horse.)

CAPARAÇONNER, kå-på-rå-sò-nå, v. s. to

caparison, accoutre.

CAPE, kap, s. f. Spanish cape, a ridinghood. Rire sous cape, to laugh in one's sleeve. Navoir que l'épée et la cape, to have nothing but one's sword to trust to, to have little or nothing.

Cape, s. f. Mar. Etre à la cape, to be try-ing or lying to (in a storm) to try or lie to. Ce bâtiment est à la cape à la possilleuse, that ship is trying under her main stay-sail. cupe à la grande voile est très dangereuse dans les sants de vent, it is very dangerous to be ly-ing to under a main sail in sudden shifts of

CAPELAGE, s. m. Mar, the shrouds, rigging, etc. which go over the mast-head.

CAPELAS, kap-les, s. m. tattered crape,

poor priest; also sort of sea-fish.

CAPELER, v. a. Mar. to fix on the mastbead. Capeler some hume, to get a top over.

CAPELET, s. m. swelling in a horse's

leg.
CAPELINE, kap-lin, s. f. woman's cap set
off with feathers; also Mercury's cap; and a sort of bandage.

CAPENDU, or COURTPENDU, s. m. short start apple.

CAPETER, or CAPER, v. n. Mar. to try, to Tie to.

CAPILLAIRE, kå-pl-ler, s. m. capillaire, maiden-hair, ladies-hair.

CAPILLAIRE, adj. of maiden-hair; also of capillaire; and capillary. Fracture capillaire,

fracture not bigger than a hair. CAPILOTADE, ka-pl-ld-tad, s. f. sort of hash. Mettre quelqu'un en capilotade, to berate or

CAPION, s. m. Mar. upper part. Capion de prose, upper part of the stem. Capion de

poupe, upper part of the stern post. De capions à capion, irom stem to stern.

CAPITAINE, Rè-pl-ten, s. m. captain; also commander, general; and governor (of a castle.) Lorsqu'il est question de fuir, il est taujours le capitaine, in time of flight he is always foremost. Capitaine de vaisseau, postcaptain. Capitaine de pavillon, captain of a flag ship. Capitaine d'armes, master at arms. Capitaine de port, harbour-master; also sort

of master attendant (is a dock-yerd.)

CAPITAINERIE, ka-pl-ten-rl, s. f. captainry
or government of a castle; also office of ran-

ger; and house of the governour or ranger.

CAPITAL, E, ka-pl-tal, adj. capital, chief,
main, principal; (letters) large, capital; capi-

tal, worthy of death, mortal.

CAPITAL, kh-pl-thl, s. m. main point, chief stress; principal, capital; stock. Il fait un grand capital de votre amitié, he depends much upon your friendship.

Capitale, s. f. chief or capital city. Capitales, capitals, capital letters.

CAPITALEMENT, adv. capitally.

CAPITALISTE, ka-pl-ta-list, s.m. possessor
of a large property either in money or in bills, monied man.

CAPITAN, kå-pl-ten, s. m. braggadocio, swaggerer, huff, hector. Capitan-Bachs, Turkish admiral.

CAPITANE, kh-pl-tan, s. f. admiral-gal-

ley CAPITANIE, s. f. capitanry.

CAPITATION, kh-pi-th-slon, s. f. capitation, poll-tax, or poll-money

CAPITEL, s. m. extract of lie and lime for

CAPITEU-E, SE, kh-pl-teu, teuz, adj. heady. CAPITEU-E, SE, kh-pl-teu, teuz, adj. heady. CAPITOLE, kh-pl-tol, s. m. capitol.

CAPITOLIN, E, adj. capitoline. Jupiter Capitolin, Jupiter Capitoline. Capiton, kå-pl-ton, s. m. coarsest part of

silk, the welt.

CAPITOUL, kk-pl-tool, s. m. capitoul, sort of sheriff or alderman at Toulouse.

CAPITOULAT, s. m. capitoul's dignity.

CAPITULAIRE, kà-pl-th-lèr, adj. of or belonging to a chapter. Acte capitulaire, act or
decree of a chapter (of priests.)

CAPITULAIRE, s. m. capitular, body of the statutes of a chapter.

CAPITULAIREMENT, kå-pl-tu-ler-men, adv. chapterly, by the whole chapter. CAPITULANT, kå-pl-tå-len, s. m. member of a chapter, one who has a vote in a chapter. CAPITULATION, kå-pl-tå-lk-slon, capim-

lation, articles, agreement.
CAPITULER, kå-pl-td-lå, v.n. to capitulate,

parley, or treat.

CAPNOMANCIE, s. f. capnomancy, divination by smoke.

CAPIVERT, s. m. amphibious animal of Brazil.

CAPON, ka-pon, s. m. trickish fellow or sharper (at play.) Capon, s. m. Mar. cat. CAPONNER, ka-po-na, v. a. to trick or cheat

at play. Caponner, v. a. Mar. to cat.
CAPONNIERE, s. f. caponniere, sort of trench

or lodgement with loop-holes to fire through.

CAPORAL, kå-po-rål, s. m. corporal.

CAPOT, kå-po, s. m. (at piquet) capot.

Capot, ka-pb, s.m. (at piquet) capot. Faire quelqu'un capot, to capot one. Etre copot, to be capotted. Faire capot, Mar. to

bar, bat, base : there, cbb, over : field, fig : robe, rob, ford : mood, good.

verset. Demoirer capot to be balked, look very silly. Capot, a great coat. Capot a'e-chelle, Mar. companion, hood.

CAPOTE, ka-pot, s. f. riding-hood, sort of long cloak to cover a woman's dress from head to foot. Capote or capot, is also a little cape or cloak worn by the knights of the Holy

CAPRE, kapr, s. f. (fruit) caper. Capre, s. m. Mar. privateer.

CAPRICE, ka-pris, s. m. caprice, freak, frolick, whim, maggot, fancy, piece of mere fancy.

CAPRICIER, (SE) v. r. to take pet. CAPRICIEUSEMENT, kå-pri-sièuz-men, CAPRICIEUSEMENT, kå-pri-sièuz-men, sdv. capriciously, fantastically, whimsically. CAPRICIEU-I, 5E, kå-pri-sièu, sièuz, sdj. capricious, humoriome, fantastical, whimsically, status fable. cal; inconstant, fickle.

CAPRICÓRNE, kå-prl-körn, s. m. Capricorn.

CAPRIER, kå-prl-å, s. m. caper-tree.

CAPRIOLE, V. Cabriole.

CAPRIPEDE, s. m. satyr. CAPRISANT, ka-pri-zen, adj. (said of a CAPRISANT, ka-pri-zen, adj. (said of a pulse hard and irregular.)
CAPRON, ka-pron, s. m. large strawberry,

hautboy.

CAPSE, kaps, s. f. vote box. GAPSULE, kap-sul, s. f. case, capsule.

CAPTAL, s. m. chief. CAPTATEUR, kap-ta-teur, s. m. inveigler, he that flatters a man in hopes to be his beir.

CAPTATION, s. f. inveigling. CAPTER, kap-th, v. a. Ex. Capter la biensillance, to curry favour. Capter les suffrages,

to use cunning and deceit to obtain suffrages. "CAPTEUR, s. m. captor. CAPTIEUSEMENT, kap-aleuz-men, adv.

captiously. CAPTIEU-X, sz, klip-slèu, slèuz, adj. cap-

tious, deceitful, subtle,

CAPTI-F, VE, kap-iff, tiv, adj. & s. m. & f. captive, confined prisoner, slave.
CAPTIVER, kap-il-va, v. a. to captivate, or

custave, submit or bring under, master or confine, to gain, ruin. Se captiver, v. r. to confine, to gain, ruin. Se captiver, v. r. to captivate or confine one's self, endure confine-

CAPTIVITÉ, kap-tl-vl-ta, s. f. captivity, slavery, thraldom, bondage, confinement.

CAPTURE, kap-tur, s. f. seizure; arresting;

capture, prize, booty, prey, catching.

CAPTURER, v. a. to seize, arrest, catch.

CAPUCE, kå-på-shon, s. m. cowl, ridingcloak. Mar. hood, companion.

CAPUCIN, kå-på-sin, s. m. capuchin friar.

CAPUCINADE, ka-pd-si-nad, s. f. capuchin's discourse, paltry sermon.

CAPUCINE, kå-pù-sin, s. f. capuchin nun;

durtium.

CAQUAGE, ka-kaz, s. mf. the preparing of

herrings for selting.
CAQUE, kak, s. f. cask, keg, barrel. Laca-

gue sent toujours le hareng, what's bred in the bone will never be out of the flesh. Caquedenier, pinch-farthing.

CAQUER, kk-kk, v. a. Caquer le hareng, to get herrings in order to barrel them up.

CAQUEROLE, or CAQUEROLIÈRE, s. f. ewing-pan.

CAQUET, kå-kë, s. m. talk, talkativeness, prattling, babbling, tittle-tattle.

CAQUETAGE, s. m. the act of chatting, or twattling.

CAQUETE, kå-lêt, s. f. fish-tub. CAQUETER, kåk-lå, v. h. to praftle, talk, chat, twattle; ulso to cluck (as a hen.)

CAQUETERIR, kak-te-ri, s. f. bebbling, prattling, tittle-tattling. CAQUETEU-R, SE, kak-teur, teuz, s. m. & f.

prattler, a great talker, gossip, prattle-basket,

CAQUETOIRE, s. f. very low chair with a high back; also that part of the plough on which the plough-man sits when he talks to

CAQUEUR, kh-lêur, s. m. he that guts her-rings in order to barrel them up. CAR, khr, conj. lbr, forasmuch as, be-

cause.

CARABI, s. m. yellow amber. CARABIN, ka-ra-bin, s. m. carbinier; one who breaks off a game or conversation and-denly. Carabin de St. Côme, surgeon's preatice or mate.

CARABINADE, kā-rā-bī-nād, s. f. the trick of breaking off a game, etc. suddenly.

CARABINE, kā-rā-bīn, s. f. carabine.

CARABINÉ, E, adj. Mar. V. Bris. CARABINER, v. n. to fire a gun and then retreat; also to take part now and then in a

game. CARABINIER, Mari-bi-nid, s. m. carbi-

nier. CARACOL, ka-ra-kol, s. m. spiral. Escalier en caracol, spiral or winding stair-case.

CARACOLE, kå-rå-köl, s. f. caracole er wheeling about (as a horse.) CARACOLER, kå-rå-kö-lå, v. h. to caracole

or wheel about (as a horse.)

CARACOULER, v. n. to coo. CARACTERE, ka-rak-ter, s. m. character mark; letter, form of letters, type, hand, hand writing; style; charm or spell; character, dignity; distinguishing trait, character, way, humour, nature, genius

CARACTÉRISER, kå-fik-të-fi-zk, v. a. to characterise, describe. CARACTÉRISTIQUE, kk-fik-të-fis-fik, adj.

& s. f. characteristick. CARAFE, ka-raf, s. f. flagon or glass-bottle, decanter.

CARAFON, ka-ra-fon, s. m. bottle (to pin in

an ice-pail,) ice-pail.

CARAGNE, B. f. aromatick guin.

CARATES, B. m. pl. Carattes; (Sec. among the Jews who adhered to the letter of scripture, and rejected the traditions, Taimud,

de.) Carambole, ka-rèn-bôl, n. f. carambol, (at billiards.)

CARAMBOLER, ka-ren-bo-la, v. n. to carambol (at billiards.)

CARAMEL, Ka-ra-mel; s. m. kind of lozenge for a cold.

CARAMOUSSAL, or CARAMOUSSAT, s. m. cormosil [Turkish merchant-man.]

CARAQUAN, s. m. small carack. CARAQUE, ka-rak, s. f. carack; (a Portuguese Indiaman.) Porcelaine caraque, finant china.

CARAT, kå-rå, s. m. caract or carat. Un fou à vingt-quatre carats, an arch fool, a great fool.

CARAVANE, kå-rå-vån, s. f. caravan.

base, bat : jehne, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

OARAVABIER, s. m. leader of a caravan. [CARAVANISTE, s. m. one belonging to a

CRIZVAR.

CARAVANSERA OF CARAVANSERAL OF

CARAVELLE, kå-rå-vål, s. f. caravel or car-

vel (sort of Portuguese ressel.)
Cannatine, kur-ku-tin, s. f. skin of a beast newly flayed.

CARBUNCLE, kår-bonkl, s. m. carbunele,

cuby; carbuacle, large pimple. Carbonnade, kar-bo-nad, s. f. carbonado,

rasher on the coals.

CARCAN, kar-kan, s. m. iron-collar, wherewith a malefactor is tied to a post; also car-

CARGASER, kår-kås, s. f. carcass; lenn body, mere skeleton; (sort of homb) carcass. Mar. carcass (ribs of a ship before the planks are laid on, or after they are ripped off.)

CARCINOME, s. m. carcinoma, cancer.

CARCINOMATRU-X, az, adj. carcinomatous, cancerous.

CARDAMONE, s. m. cardamom.

CARDASSE, s. f. Indian fig. GARDE, klad, s. f. chard (of an artichoke, ste.) also card for wool, cotton, stc.

CARDEE, kar-da, s. f. as much wool, etc. as is carded at once with both the cards.

CARDER, kar-da, v. a. to card.

CARDED-R, SE, kar-deur, deuz, s. m. & f. eurder.

CARDIALGIE, s. f. cardialgy, heart-burn. CARDIALOGIE, s. f. cardialogy, what treats of the different parts of the heart.

CARDIAQUE, adj. cardiack, cordial; s. m.

contial.

CARDIER, kår-dik, s. m. maker of cards for

combing wool, etc.

GARBHEAL, R. adj. cardinal, principal.

GARDHEAL, kkr-dl-nkl, s. m. cardinal.

GARDHEALAT, kkr-dl-nk-lh, s. m. cardinal.

ate, cardinalship.

CARDINALZ, kis-di-nil, s. f. sort of plant,

CARDENALISER, v. s. to make cardinal, to aint red.

CARDON, kar-don, s. m. cardoon or cardous, thistle.

CARDONSETTE, V. Chardonnette. CAREME, kh-sem, s. m. lent; also series of ALBERGE, EN-PERS, 5. III. 1821; also series of lent sermons. Faire chrone, faire le caréme, cherrer le caréme, to keop lent. Caréme-prement, caraival; also strove-tuesday; and maske or masker in shrove-tide.

CARÉMAGE, kå-rå-nåz, s. 18. Mar. wharf ar place for carcening shipe, act of carcening shipe.

Ganhen, Marin, s. f. Mar. careen; also ship's bottom, outside of a vessel's bottom. Carbar estion, thorough careen. Deni-carine, smeat heel or boot topping. Donner cane à un misseur, le mettre en carène, or à la carène, to curann a ship. La carène de ce batiment est nette, mais la nêtre est très-sel, that hip's bottom is clean, but ours is very foul. Carimers, kil-ril-nil, v. a. to careen, grave,

boot-top. Notre senau est caréné de frais, our

new is just off the ground. Can zesant, P., ka-re-sen, sent, adj. caress-

ing, of a caressing temper, fawning.

Caresse, kh.rls, s. f. caress, caressing.

making much of, wheedling. Il m'a fait mille

careses, he caressed me very much, he made very much of me.

CARESSER, kå-rê-så, v. a. to caress or make much of use kindly, south, wheedle, fawn upon. Caresser un cheval, to stroke a home.

CARET, kå-re, s. m. kind of tortoise, tortoise-ell. V. Carret. Fil de caret, Mar. ropeshell.

CARGAISON, kar-ge-zon, s. f. Mar. pargo, lading of a ship. Quelle tet notre cargaison? what are you loaded with?

CAROUE, khrg, a. f. Mar. brail. Ce poieseau a sa misaine sur les cargues, that ship has her fore sail in the brails. When connected with another soord cargue becomes massulina.
Cargue à ous, stab line. Cargue houtisses or cargue à boulines, leach lines. Cargus points (des hamiers) clue lines. Cargus goints (des hamiers) clue lines. basses voiles) clue garacts. Cargue-fonds, bunt lines. Cargue d'artimon, mixen brails, etc. Cargue-bas, down-haul tackle of a top sail yard.

CARGUEHAUT, s. m. Mar. perrel haliards

to the main and fore yeards.

CARGURE, kir-gi, v. a. Mar. to chue up, brail up. Cargue les personness, clue up up top-gallant sails. Cargue l'artimon, brail up the mizen. Cargue la misaine, up fore sail.

*CARIAGE, s. m. stock or crew. cariage, all the family, all the stock or crew.

CARIATIDE, s. f. figure of a person support-

ing an entablature.
CARIBOU, s. m. wild brast of Canada. CARICATURE, ka-ri-ka-tur, s. f. caricature.

caricatura. CARIE, ka-ri, s. f. caries, rottenness. By a cariè en cette dent, this tooth is rotten.

CARIER, kå-rl-å, v. n. to rot. Se carier.

v. r. to rot, grow rotten. Carillon, ka-rl-lon, s. m. chime; jingling; noise, bawling, scolding; racket, clatter, riot.

Battre à double carillon, to beat soundly,

CARILLOSSER, ka-ri-lo na, v. n. to chima. CARILLOSSER, ka-ri-lo na, v. n. to chima. CARILLOSSEUR, ka-ri-lo-neur, s. m. chi-

CARISEL, s. m. sort of canvass.

CARISET, s. m. kersey, a sort of stuff. CARISTADE, ka-ris-tad, s. f. alms, charity. Demander la caristade, to beg, ask charity.

CARLINE, s. f. carline, carline thistle. CARLINGUE, kar-ling, s. f. Mar. (of a most)

step; keelson or kelson. Carme, karm, s. m. Carmelite, white friar. Carmes, two-fours

CARMELITE, kårm-lit, s. f. Carmelite nun. carmelite pear.

CARMIN, kar-min, s. m. cartaine

CARBINATI-F, VE, khr-mi-na-lif, ily. adj. carminative, that expels wind. CARBAGE, khr-mas, s. m. slaughter, masse-

cre, carnage. Carcass or carrion. CARMASSIER, E, kar-uk-sh, sicr, adj. devouring flesh, that lives upon flesh; also voracious, greedy, that eats much flesh; Carnos-

sière, bag or pouch (to put game in.)
CARNATION, kar-na-sien, s. f. carnation, flesh-colour.

CARNAVAL, kår-nå-vål, s. m. shrove-tide, carnival.

CARRE, Karn, s. f. corner (of a stone, table, årc.) CARNÉ, E, adj. carnation, of a flesh colour. bar, bat, base: thère, êbb, over: field, fig: rôbe, rôb, lôrd: môod, gôod.

Une anémone carnée, a carnation ane-

CARNET, kar-ne, s. m. debt-book.

CARRIVORE, adj. that lives upon flesh, Carnivorous.

CARNOSITÉ, khr-no-zl-th, s. f. carnosity,

ficehy excresce

CAROBE, s. f. carob, (weight 24th of a CAROGNE, kh-rogn, s. f. jade, baggage,

impudent slut.

CAROLINE, s. f. Carolina (in America.) Carolina (a plant.)

CAROLUS, s. m. Carolus (old Freach coin worth ten deniers.) Il a des carolus, he is well lined, he is rich, he is a monied man.

CARON, ka-ron, s. m. slice of fat bacon without lean.

CARONCULE, s. f. caruncle.

CAROTIDES, s. f. pl. the two carotid arteties

CAROTTQUE, s. m. hole which gives passage to the carotid artery.

CAROTTE, kh-rdt, s. f. carrot.

CAROTTER, ka-ro-ta, v. n. to play low, to

venture but little at play.

CAROTTIER, z., kk-rō-th, tlèr, s. m. & f.
one who plays low or ventures but little.

CAROURE, kk-rōob, or CAROUGE, s. f.

carob-bean. CAROUBIER, ka-roo-bia, s. m. carob-tree.

CARPE, karp, s. m. wrist.

Carpe, s. f. carp (a fish.)

CARPEAU, kār-pō, s. m. young carp. CARPETTES, s. L pl. pack cloth. CARPILLON, kār-pī-lon, s. m. very small

CARQUOIS, kar-kwa, s. m. quiver.
CARRE, kar, s. f. Ex. La carre d'un chathat part of the coat from the waist upwards. Les carres d'un soulier, the toe of a shoe. Homme d'une bonne carre, or qui a une bonne corre, square man, broad-shouldered man. Cette femme a la curre belle, that woman is well made about the shoulders.

CARRE, E, ka-ra, adj. square. Période carrée, full, well turned period. Homme carré, vell-set man. Homme carré des épaules, broad-shouldered man. Botaillon carré, aquare battalion. Partie carrée, party of two

men and two women.

Carré or quarré, Mar. square. Bâtiment carré or quarre, square-rigged vessel. CARRÉ, s. m. square, square figure. Carré

de jardin, a square bed in a garden. Carré de toilette, dressing-box. Carré de mouton, breast of mutton.

CARREAU, kå-rò, s. m. square, any thing that has four sides; goose or pressing-iron; custion; (at cards) diamond; bolt, dart, arrow, thunder-bolt; ground or spot, floor, struction; piece of metal prepared for coining. Carrams de vitre, pane or square of glass. Carrams de pierre, free-stone made reacty for building. Brochet carrams, great pike. Carrams de fatence, Dutch tile. Coucher sur le carrams de fatence, Dutch tile. Coucher or jeter qualqu'un sur le carrams, to hill one upon the CARREAU, ka-rô, s. m. square, any thing quelqu'un sur le carreau, to kill one upon the spot. Demeurer sur le carreau, to be killed upon the spot.

CARREFOUR, kar-foor, s. m. cross-way,

place where streets cross.

CARREGER, v. n. Mar. to beat about, ply or turn to windward.

CARRELAGE, kår-lår, a. m. paving with square tiles, bricks, etc.
CARRELER, kår-lår, v. a. to pave with square tiles, bricks, marbles, etc. to cobblo (shoes.)

CARRELET, kar-le, s. m. a flounder; also sort of fishing-net; shoemaker's angular needle.

CARRELETTE, s. f. sort of file. CARRELEUR, kar-leur, s. m. one that paves

with square tiles, bricks, stc. also cobbler.

CARRELURE, kar-lar, s. f. cobbling or
mending of shoes or boots.

Une source correhere de ventre, a full paunch, a belly-full.

CARRÉMENT, kà-rà-mên, adv. squarely. Une chose coupée corrément, a thing cut square.

Carrer, ka-ta, v. a. to square. Se carrer. v. r. to strut, set one's arms a-kimbo.

CARRIER, kh-rie, a. m. quarry-man. V. Fil.
CARRIER, kh-rie, a. m. quarry-man.
CARRIER, kh-rie, s. f. quarry: career,
list; course, race; term or space of life. Passer carrière, to do a thing against the grains.

Carrière, to do a thing against the grain. Donner carrière à un cheral, to run fail speed. Donner carrière à son esprit, to give one's wit its full scope, let one's fancy take its full attitude. Se donner carrière, to take a great deal of liberty; gratify one's fancy. Ce sujet est une belle carrière où l'on peut exercer son génie, that subject is a fine field to exercise one's exercise. cise one's genius

CARRIOLE, kh-riol, s. f. kind of kalash or

tilted cart.

CARRONNADE, s. f. Mar. carronade. CARROSSE, ka-ros, s. m. coach. Carrosse coupé, chariot. Cheval de carrosse, coachhorse; also stupid clownish fellow. coach or poop royal. CABROSSEE, s. f. coach-full.

CARROSSIER, ka-ro-sia, s. m. coach-ma-

ker. Cheval de carrosse, coach-horse. CARROUSEL, kk-rbo-sêl, s. m. sort of tilt or military game.

CARRURE, s. f. carousal.
CARRURE, ka-rur, s. f. shape of a coat from the waste upwards, or breadth of the ahoulders.

CARTAHEU, s. m. Mar. girtline, whip. CARTAYER, khr-th-yh, v. n. to quarter, (to put the wheels and horses on each side of a rut.)

CARTE, kart, s. f. paper, map, chart; table; card; pasteboard; bill. Carte blanche, blank paper. Donner carte blanche à quelqu'un, to give one full liberty or power to act as be pleases. Aroir carte blanche, to have fall power to do as one pleases. Sevoir la carte de la cour, to know how matters stand at court.

Donner or faire les cartes, to deal. Buttre les cartes, to shuffle the cards. Etre le premier en cartes, to be the eldest er elder hand, to have the leading hand. Savoir le dessous des cartes, to be in the secret. Brouiller les cartes, to sow dissension. Carte ma rine, chart, sea chart, nautical chart, draught. Carte plate or plane, plane chart. Carte ré-duite, Mercator's chart.

CARTEL, kar-tel, s. m. challenge. Cartel (erchange of prisoners.)

base, bat : jèane, mêute, beurre : ènfant, cênt, liên : vin : mon : brun.

Cartesian philosophy.
Camtásian, na, kar-tê-zlên, ziên, adj. & s. m. and f. Cartesian.

CARTIER, kar-til, s. m. card-maker. CARTILAGE, kar-ti-laz, s. m.\ cartilage,

gristle. CARTILAGINEU-X, SE, kār-ti-lā-zi-neu,

cartinatination, st., articles. Incl., mean, agi, cartilaginous, gristly.

Cartisane, kar-d-ran, s. f. ex. Dentelle a cartisane, vellum-lace.

Carton, kar-ton, s. m. paste-board; thick paper, cartoon; leaf reprinted in the room of case to be senocellate; bandlous. e to be cancelled; bandbox.

CARTONNIER, s. m. pasteboard maker or

CARTOUCHE, kar-toosh, s. f. cartridge;

charge for a gun. Cartouche, s. m. (in sculpture or painting) cartouse, also escutcheon on which a ship's

name is written. CARTULAIRE, kår-tå-ler, s. m. cartulary;

also keeper of the records (of a church.)

CARVI, s. m. caraway; caraway-seed. Cas, ka, s. m. case, exigency, exigence; chance, accident; thing, matter, business; fact, deed, crime; case of grammar, conscience, ct. account, value, esteem. En cas de, in case of, in point of, in matters of. Au cas que, en cas que, conj. in case that, if. En tout cus, however, whatever happens. Poses le cus, account the case must be case. power le oue, put the case, suppose. Par cas fostuit, by chance, accidentally. Cas, su, adj. broken, sounding as if broken. Cala source cas, that sounds as if broken. Voix

ause, hourse voice,

Casanier, z, kā-zā-nīk, nier, adj. & s. m. k f. close or retired, idle, constant and idle keeper in one's house

Casaque, kå-zak, s. f. campaign coat, priont. Tourner casaque, to turn cat in pan, be a turn-cost.

CASAQUIF, kā-zā-kin, s. m. short great cost. Donner à quelqu'un sur le casaquin, to line one's jacket, thresh one. CASCADE, kās-kād, s. f. cascade, water-fall.

CARCADE, Ra-Ead, S. I. Cascade, water-tail.

It a fait was rude cascade, he had a heavy fall, he got an unlucky tumble.

CASE, kkz, S. I. (maison) house; le patron de la case, the good man or master of the house; (at back-gammon) point or two men together; spunre (of a checker-board.) V. Case.

CASEMATE, kkz-må-tk, adj. defended by

a casemale.

CASERATER, v. a. to fortify.

CASER, bil-ch, v. n. to make a point (at back-ga

ck-gummon.) Caszasz, kå-sêra, s. f. barrack (for soldiers.)

CASERSER, kå zêr-nå, v. n. to be lodged erracks.

CASERSET, s. m. Mar. kind of log-book kept by the pilots on board French ships of war. CASERSE, se, kk-zèn, zèuz, adj. cheesy. CASELEUR, kk-z-lèu, adj. brittle (glass.) CASELEUR, kk-z-lèur, adj. cheet.

Cassast, z, kå-sèn, sènt, adj. brittle, soon

Cartístanisme, kår-të-zië-nism, s. m. | rogating, repealing; also dissolving (of the artesian philosophy.

Cartíssen, не, kår-të-ziën, ziën, adj. & | Case, kås, s. f. cassia, case for letters in a

printing-house; pen-case or penner; coppel; dismission; being broken or cashiered. Lettres de casse, the king's order for cashiering an officer. V. Cas.

Cassá, E, adj. broken, etc. Voix cassée,

hoarse, broken voice.

CASSE-COU, s. m. break-neck place.

CASSE-CUL, s. fn. falling upon one's breech.

Se domer am casse-cul, to fall upon one's breech.

CASSE-MUSEAU, s. m. knock on the nose, slap on the chaps, cuff or blow; also sort of.

puffed cake.

CASSE-NOIR or CASSE-NOISETTE, S. m. nut-cracker.

CASSER, ka-sa, v. a. to break; to cashier; to disband, discharge; to turn out of; to dissolve: to annul; make void; to weaken, debilitate. Casser un mât, Mar. to spend a mast.

Casser, v. n. to break. Se casser, v. r. to break; grow weak, faint, feeble, crazy, de-crepit. Ce bâtiment s'est casse par le poids de son artillerie, that ship's back is broken by the weight of her metal.

CASSEROLE, kas-roi, s. f. copper-pan.

Casseron, s. m. sleeve (a fish.)

CASSE-TETE, s. m. heady-wine; difficult science. Mar. overhead netting.

Cassetin, kas-lin, s. m. printer's case for

CASSETTE, kå-set, s. f. casket, box, strong

box; (du roi) privy purse.

Casseur, ka-seur, s. m. Ex. C'est un grand casseur de raquettes, he is a great

CASSEER, ki-di, s. m. cassia-iree. CASSINE, kh-sln, s. f. little country-house

or box.

Cassiop EE, s. f. a constellation of the

northern hemisphere. Cassolette, kå-so-let, s. f. perfuming-pan, or pot; also pleasant and fragrant smell or perfume.

CASSONADE, kå-sô-nåd, s. f. unrefined sugar. CASSURE, ka-sur, s. f. broken place (of any thing.)

CASTAGNETTES, kas-ta-gnet, s. f. pl. castanets.

CASTELOGNE, s. f. sort of blanket of fine wool.

Castr, kåst, s. f. tribe. Castillan, E, adj. & s. m. & f. of Cas-

tile, Castilian. CASTILLE, kas-til, s. f. Castile in Spain;

strife, altercation, contention.

CASTINE, s. f. a sort of whitish stone. CASTOR, kas-tor, s. m. castor, beaver. Castramátation, kas-tra-mê-ta-sion, s.

f. castrametation. CASTRAT, kas-tra, s. m. man who has been

castrated that his voice may remain like that of boys and women

Castration, kas-tra-sloz, s. f. castration. Casualité, ka-zd-à-ll-ta, s. f. perquisite;

casualty, accident. CASUEL, LE, ka-za-el, adj. casual, acciden-

tal, fortuitous. Chose casuelle, casualty, accident. Parties canuelles, escheats, places and Cassation, ka-sa-sion, s. f. annulling, ab- | offices which escheat to the king.

bar, bat, base : thère, ebb, over : field, fig : rôbe, rôb, lôrd : mòod, goed.

CASUEL, à. m. profits, perquisites.

CASUELLEMENT, kå-zd-el-men, adv. casu-

nily, secidentally, by chance.
Casutsta, kā-zō-ki, s. m. casuist.
Catacharse, kā-tā-krēz, s. f. catachresis.

CATACLYSME, s. m. great overflowing, de-

luge, cataclysm. Catacombes, kå-tå-komb, s. f. pl. catacombs.

CATACOUA, V. Kakutote.

CATADOUPE or CATADUPE, s. f. cataract,

water-fall.

CATAFALQUE, kå-tå-fålk, s. m. funeral de-coration on which the coffin is placed in a church.

CATAGNATIQUE, adj. & s. m. catagmatick, catagmatick medicine. CATAKOI, V. Kakatots.

CATALECTE or CATALECTIQUE, adj. catalectick.

CATALEPSIE, S. f. catalepsis.

CATALEPTIQUE, adj. struck with the catalepsis, cataleptick.

CATALOGNE, s. f. Catalonia in Spain. CATALOGUE, ka-ta-log, s. m. catalogue,

list, roll. Cataplasme, kå-tå-piåsm, s. m. cataplasm, poultice.

CATAPULTE, kå-tå-pålt, s. f. catapult. CATARACTE, kå-tå-råkt, s. f. cataract.

Catarrhal, E, adj. catarrhal. Catarrhe, kā-tār, s. m. catarrh. Catarrheu-x, se, kā-tā-reu, reus, adj.

catarrhal, catarrhous

CATASTROPHE, kå-tås-trôf, s. f. catastrophe. CATECHISER, kå-të-shl-zå, v. a. to cate-chise, instruct in the christian faith. To in-

chied beforehand, endeavour to persuade.

Cathchisme, kå-të-shism, s. m. catechism.

Cathchiste, kå-të-shist, s. m. catechist.

Cathchiste, kå-të-kù-mèn, s. m. or f.

catechumen.

CATEGORIE, ka-te-go-ri, s. f. category. CATEGORIOUE, ka-te-go-rik, adj. cate-gorical, formal, to the purpose. kå-tê-gô-rîk-mên, CATEGORIQUEMENT,

adv. categorically, to the purpose.

CATHARTIQUE, adj. & s. m. eathartick,

purging medicine.

CATHEDRALE, ka-te-dral, adj. f. & s. f.

cathedral, cathedral church. CATHEDRANT, kå-të-dren, s. m. lecturer,

professor in an university.

CATHETER, s. m. catheter.

CATHOLICISME, ka-to-il-sism, s. m. catholicism.

CATHOLICITÍ, kà-tò-lì-sì-tà, s. f. catholicism, catholick religion; also catholick countries.

CATHOLICON, ka-to-ll-kon, s. m. catholicon.

CATHOLIQUE, ka-to-lik, adj. & s. m. & f. catholick, universal, catholick person, pa-

CATHOLIQUEMENT, ka-to-lik-men, adv. like a catholick.

CATI, x, adj. pressed, mangled.
CATI, ka-d, s. m. preparation to give a lastre and stiffness to stuffs, etc.

CATIMINI, ka-tl-mi-nl, Ex. En catimini, secretly, in hugger-mugger.

CATINORAN, s. m. Mar. catamaran. CATIN, ka-tin, s. f. doll; lady of pleasure, whore; beain to receive melted metal.

CATIR, kh-tir, v. a. to dress, or put a gios upon cloth.

CATOPTRIQUE, s. f. catoptricks.

CAUCHEMAR, or COCHEMAR, s. m. nightmare *or* hag.

CAUCHOIS, E, ko-shwh, shwaz, adj. of or from Caux in Normandy. Pigeous cauchois, sort of pigeous larger than others.

CAUDATAIRE, ko-dh-ter, a. m. the train-

bearer (to the pope or a cardinal.)
CAUDEBEC, kod-bek, s. m. sort of French hat. CAURIS, s. m. little shell used as money in

several parts of Africa, cowry.

CAUSATI-F, VE, ko-zh-th, tiv, adj. causa-

tive (in grammar.)

CAUSE, kos, s. f. cause, principle; reason, occasion, motive ; interest ; side, party ; cause, case, suit at law. Etre en cause, to sue one at law. Cause d'appel, an action upon appeal. Ses héritiers ou ayans cause, his beirs or sesigns. A cause de, because of, for the sake of, on account of, for. A cause de quoi, where-A cause de que, conj. because.

CAUSER, kô-zh, v. a. to cause, occasion. Causer, v. n. to talk, converse, chat. To babble or blab.

CAUSERIE, koz-ri, s. f. chatting, gossipping. CAUSEU-R. SE. ko-zour, zeuz, s. m. & f. CAUSEU-R, SE, ko-zeur, zeuz, s. m. prattler, great talker; babbler or blab.

CAUSTICITÉ, kôs-tl-si-th, s. f. censorious-

ness, malignity; cutting satire.
CAUSTIQUE, kös-ük, adj. caustick, burning; censorious, snappish, waspish, satirical.
CAUSTIQUE, s. m. caustick.

CAUTÈLE, kô-têl, s. f. cautel : artfulness. cunning.

CAUTELEUSEMENT, kôt-lêuz-mên, adv. shiy, warily, craftily.
CAUTELEU-X, sx, kôt-lêu, lêuz, adj. cautelous, sly, cunning, wily.

CAUTELEUX, s. m. sly fellow. Franc con-

teleux, mere sophister. CAUTERE, ko-ter, s. m. cautery, issue.

CAUTERITIQUE, adj. that burns, sears the CAUTÉRISÉ, E, adj. cauterized, seared,

burnt. Conscience contérisée, seared or hardened conscience. CAUTÉRISER, kô-tà-rì-zà, v. a. to cauterize, sear or burn.

CAUTION, kò-slow, s. f. bail, security, surety. Etre caution or se rendre caution d'une chose, to warrant a thing, pass one's word for it.

Homme sijet à condion, man not to be trusted. Histoire nejette à caution, uncertain or doubtfal story. Caution bourgeoise, city security.

CAUTIONNEMENT, ko-slon-men, s. m. bail-

ing, giving security.

CAUTIONNER, kò-siò-nà, v. a. to bail, be bound for; to warrant, promise, pass one's word.

CAVAGROLE, s. m. a sort of game. CAVALCADE, ka-val-kad, s. f. cavalcade, a solemn riding; short journey, tour. CAVALCADOUR, ka-val-ka-door, s. m. gen-

tleman of the horse, equerry. CAVALE, ki-val, s. f. mare.

CAVALERIE, kå-vål-ri, s. f. borse, cavalry.

Cavalerie legère, light horse. CAVALLER, kå-vå-lik, s. m. trooper ; horseman : cavalier, gentlemán : cavalier, spark ; (at chese) knight : kind of platform to plant great guns upon.

base, bût : jeune, mêute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

CAVALIER, E, kh-và-fià, ilèr, adj. gentlemanlike, genteel, galfant, free, noble; blunt, imperious.

AVALIÈREMENT, kå-vå-lier-mên, adv. gallantly, gentlemanly, genteely; bluntly, ca-

CAVE, kåv, s. f. cellar; case of bottles; (of a church) vault; (at cards,) pool, stock, bank. Care de toilette, set of smelling bottles. Mettre la cave au grenier et le grenier & la cave, CAVE, kh.vå, s. f. hollow way or cave.

CAVER, ka-va, v. a. to hollow or make hollow, dig under; (at cards) to stock, put to the pool or bank.

CAVERNE, kh. vern, s. f. cavern, den, cave. CAVERNEU-x, se, kh. ver-neu, neue, adj. cavernous, full of holes or dens, hollow.

CAVESCON, or CAVECON, s. m. cavesson. Donner un coup de cavesson à un cheval, to check a horse:

CAVET, s. m. sort of moulding.

CAVILLATION, ka-vil-la-sion, s. f. cavil or sophistical reason; derision, mockery. CAVIN, s. m. hollow way.

CATITÉ, ka-vl-ta, s. f. cavity, hollow, hollowness.

CATENNE, s. f. Mar. bulk or receiving

CAYES, B. £ pl. keys or chains of rocks nearly even with the water's edge.

CATEG, s. m. sucker, off-set.

CE, CET, se, set, before a vowel or h mute,
CETTE, f. CES, set, pl. pron. this or that; these
or those, V. Ci. Ce qui, Ce que, what, which.
Ced, it is; also, he is, she is. Ce sont, they
are also it is. Cest que, it is that, it is because, the reason is that. Ce n'est pus que, not that, it is not that. C'est pourquoi, wherefore. C'est à servoir, to wit. Ce me semble, methinks. Cete meit, that night, this hight; also last night. A ce que, that, to the end that. V. A. Class, skeen, adv. here, herein, within, at

home. Il sort de céans, he is just gone hence. Le maître de céans, the master of this house. Cect, se et, this.

CÉCITÉ, Sa-si-la, s. f. cecity, blindness. CÉDANT, E, sa-dèn, dent, s. m. & f. a grantor, one that yields or gives up.

CÉDER, sa da, v. a. to yield, yield up, give over or up, part with, make over, resign. Coder Farantage du rent, Mar. to take (being

to windward) the lee-gage (of an enemy.)
Canber, v. n. to yield, submit, give way,
comply. Je ne lan céde en rien, I am not becomply. Je ne lai cède en rien, I am not be-hind him in any thing, I am as good a man as

he every way.

Ceder, v. n. Mar. to settle, etc. Les ponts de notre vieux bâtiment ont beaucoup cede, our old ship's decks have settled a great deal. Cider ou maurais temps, to bear up and put before it in a gale of wind.

Cadilla, sa-dl, s. f. cedilla, dash under a

c (thủa ¢.) CEDRAT, så-drå, s. m. kind of citron, and

CEDRE, sedr, s. m. cedar, cedar-tree, cedarword; also kind of citron. Aigre de cédre, port of lemonade.

CADRIE, s. f. gum of the ceder-tree. 14

CÉDRIUM, s. m. oil of cedar. CÉDULE, sã-důl, s. f. note (for money due) schedule; list of names, etc. V. Evocatoire.

CEINDRE, sindr, v. a. like femdre at eindre; to gird, gird about; to gird, compass about, surround, enclose.

CEINTRAGE, CEINTRE, CEINTRER, V.

Cintrage, etc.

CEINTURE, sin-tur, s. f. girdle or sash; also waist, and waistband; enclosure; cincture, girdle. Etre pendu à la ceinture de quelqu'un, to hang at one's elbow. Ceinture de la Reine,

sort of tax upon wine at Paris.

Ceinture, s. f. Mar. swifter, (rope which encircles a vessel or boat above the water-line.) Ceinture de la bouche d'un canon, musule mouldings of a cannon.

CEINTURIER, sin-tū-ria, s. m. girdlemaker, belt-maker.

CEINTURON, sin-td-ron, s. m. sword-belt. CELA, (demonstrative pronoun) that; such folks. Comment cela? how so?

folks. Comment cesar now so :
C.ELADON, sh-lh-don, s. m. sea-green.
C.ELEBRANT, sh-lh-brèn, s. m. officiating
priest. V. Célébrer.
C.ELEBRATION, sh-lh-brh-slon, s. f. celebra-

tion (of mass, etc.)
CELEBRE, sh-lebr, adj. celebrated, famous, renowned, eminent, celebrious, solemn.

CÉLÉBRÉ, E. adj. celebrated, ec. CÉLÉBRER, sh-là-brà, v. a. to celebrate, commend, set forth; to celebrate, solemnize.

CÉLÉRRITÉ, sà-là-brì-là, s. f. solemnity, pomp; also celebrity, fame.
CÉLER, sà-là, v. a. to hide, conceal, secrete, keep secret or close. Se faire oeler, to deny

one's self. CÉLERI, sèl-ri, s. m. celery

CELERIA, s. m. sort of pilchard.

CÉLÉRITÉ, sa-là-ri-tà, s. f. celerity, speed,

swiftness, haste, diligence.

Cźnzyrz, sh-lest, adj. celestial, heavenly, high, divine, great, excellent, perfect.

Bless celeste, sky-colour.

CÉLESTIN, så-les-tin, s. m. Celestine (monk.)

CELIAQUE, adj. celiack.
CÉLIBAT, sh. fl-bà, s. m. celibate, celibacy, single life. Viere dans le célibat, to live single per unmarried, to live a single life.

CÉLIBATAIRE, sà-ll-bà-tèr, s. m. & f. one

who lives in celibacy, bachelor.
Celle, el, V. Celui.
Celle, Rerie, s. f. office of cellarist.

CELLERIER, E, sê-là-ria, rier, s. m. & f. cellarist. CELLIER, se-lik, s. m. cellar; also store-

CELLULAIRE, adj. cellular. CELLULE, së-lûl, s. f. cell; partition, case. CELUL, së-lûl, m. CELLE, f. (demonstrative pronoun,) he, she, that; plural, ceux, m. celler, f. they, those. Celui-ci, m. celle-ci, f. this; plural, ceux-ci, m. celles-ci, f. these; celui là, m. celle là, f. that; plural, ceux-là, m. celles-la, f. those; celui de, celle de, that of; ceux de, celles de, those of; cehui qui, celle qui, he who, she who, a person who, that which, such as; ceux

qui, relles qui, they who, those who, such as. CFMENT, s. m. cement.

CÉMENTATION, s. f. cementation.

CÉMENTATOIRE, adj. cementatory. CÉMENTER, v. a. to cement, purify gold. CÉNACLE, sh-nakl, s m. room where ou

bar, bât, bâse : thère, êbb, ovêr : field, fig : rôbe, râh, lârd : mêad, gâad.

CHALCOGRAPHIK, s. f. chalcography.

CHALEUR, shà-leur, s. f. heat, warmth; animosity; fervency, eagerness, seal, ardent affection. Chaleur de fièrre, hot fit of an ague. Chaleur de foie, fit of anger, gust of passion. Il fait une grande chaleur, it is very hot weather. Chieme en chaleur, proud bitch. Carale qui entre en chaleur, mare ready to take the horse. Donner chaleur, to animate, encourage.

CHALEUREU-X, SE, shà-lòu-rèu, rèuz, adj.

that has much natural warmth.

CHALIBÉ, F, kå-li-bå, adj. chalyboate.

CHALIT, sha-li, s. m. bed-stead. CHALOIR, v. n. (Rarely used, except in) Il me m'en chaut, that concerns me not, I don't care for that; non pourtant qu'il m'en chaille, not, however, that I care a fig for that.

CHALON, 4: m. drag, draguet.

CHALOUPE, shà-lòop, s. f. Mar. long boat, launch, etc. Chalespe d'un cuisseau de guerre, tong boat er launch of a man of war. Chalowpe armée, launch manned and armed. Chaloupe à la traine, boat towing a-stern. Cha-toupe canonnière, gun boat. Chaloupe en botte, boat in the frame. Mettre la chaloupe à la mer, to launch the boat.

CHALUMEAU, shà-lù-mò, s. m. straw or stelk of grain; also reed or pipe. CHARADE, shà-màd, s. f. chamade, parley. Battre la chamade, to beat a parloy. CHAMAILLER, shà-mà-là, v. n. &

Be chamail• ler, v. r. to tilt or skirmish, fight hand to hand with weapons or tilts; elso to wrangle, bicker, contest.

CHAMAILLIS, shi ma-d, s. m. tilting, skirmish, fight; wrangling, bickering, contest, dispute.

CHAMARRER, shit-ma-ra, v. a. to daub, dock all over with gold and silver lace, etc.

CHAMARBURE, s. f. daubing or ornament-ing excessively with lace. CHAMBELLAGE, s. m. a sort of tax paid by

vassals to their lerds.

CHAMBELLAN, shên-bê-lên, s. m. chamber-

CHAMBOURIN, s. m. kind of stone used to make crystal glass.

CHAMBRANLE, shen-brenl, s. m. door-case, window-case, mantletree. Chambranie des

écoutilles, coverings of the hatches. CHAMBRE, shembr, s. f. chamber or room. Chambre à coucher ; bed-chamber. Chambre où l'on mange, dining-room. Valet de chambre, valet de chambre. Fille or femme de chambre, chamber-maid. Chambre de jussice, court of justice, or the room wherein it is kept. Robe de chambre, night or morning gown. Viere en chambre, to live privately in a lodging. Les deux chambres du parlement (d'Angleterre,) the two houses of parliament. La chambre house, the upper house or house of lords. La chambre base, the lower house or house of commons. Chambre des assur-auces, insurance office. Une chambre basse, ground-room. Chambre obscure, camera obcura. Faire la chambre, to sweep the room. Chamber, Mar. room, chamber, cabin, etc. Grande chamber, ward-room (in line of bat-tle ships;) great cabin (in smaller results) tle skipe :) great cabin (in smaller vessels.)
Chambre de conseil, admiral's cabin. captain's man, cabin. Chambre d'officier, cabin. Chambre d'ume embarcation. stern shoets of a boat.

Chambre de canon, chamber or charged cylinder of a cannon. Chambre de martier, chamber of a mortar. Chamber is also a flaw, crack or honey-comb (made in casting a bell, camon, dec.)

CHAMBRE, E, adj. Ex. pièce chambre, gun

that is honey-combed.
CHAMBREE, shes-bra, s. f. number of seldiers that lodge and eat together; room-full, house-full (at a theatre.)

CHAMBRELAN, shen-br-len, s. m. lodger; also one that works in a private chamber.
CHAMBRER, shen-brh, v. n. to lie or lodge

together; v. a. to discourse apart with one. CHAMBRETTE, shen-bret, a. f. a little cham-

ber *or* room, eabin. CHAMBRIER, shen-bri-h, s. m. chamberlain (in a monratery.) Grund chembrier, V.

Chambellan.

Chambrière, shen-bri-èr, s. f. house-maid; also borse-whip used in riding-schools. Chambrieres, s. f. pl. Mar. bockets (for the tacks and sheets.)

CHAMBRILLOW, s. f. little maid-servant.

CHAME, s. f. sort of shell-fish.

CHAMEAU, shā-mò, s. m. camel. Chameau,

Mar. camel, (sort of engine.) CHAMELIER, shim-lik, s. m. camel-dri-VCC.

CHAMELLE, s. f. she-camel. CHAMOIS, sha-mwa, s. m. chamois. Poss de chamois, chamois-leather.

CHAMOISERIE, s. f. place where is prepared the chamois-leather.

CHAMOISEUR, s. m. chamois-dresser.

CHAMP, shen, a. m. field or piece of ground; (of battle) field; (of painting) ground; (of a comb) bridge, middle; (in heraldry) field. Scope, subject, theme, matter. Champ dos, camp, lists. Combat en champ clos, tourney. Sur le champ, off hand, immediately. A test bout de champ, à chaque bout de champ, ever, ever and anon, at every turn. Champs, fields, country. A travers champs, across the fields, over hedge and ditch. Gagner les champs, to run or scamper away. Bettre aux champs, to beat the march, begin to march. So mettre aux champs, to fly into a passion. Domner la clef des champs à quelqu'un, to give one his liberty, let him go where he will. Roue de champ, horizontal wheel.

CHAMPAN, s. m. Mar. sampane.

CHAMPAGNE, s. f. champaign.

Champagne, s. m. champaign wine.

CHAMPART, shen-par, s. m. part of the produce taken by the lord as field-remt.
CHAMPARTER, shen-par-th, v. n. to collect

field-rents. CHAMPARTERESSE, S. f. Ex. grange champarteresse, barn where the field-rents are laid

CHAMPARTEUR, shen-par-teur, s. sp. fieldrent collector.

CHAMPEAUX, s. m. pl. fields, meadows.

CHAMPENOIS, E. S. m. & f. one born in Champagne.

CHAMPETRE, shen-petr, adj. rural, country-like. Maison champetre, country-house. Vie champetre, country-life. Homme champetre, one that lives a country-life, countryman, clown.

CHAMPI, s. m. sort of paper for window

base, bat : jeane, meure, baurre : enfant, cent, tien : vin : mon : brun.

CHAMPYGNON, shen-pl-gnon, s. m. a mushroom; star, thief or stranger (of a candle.)

CHAMPIGNONNIÈRE, S. L bed for mush-

CHAMPION, shèn-plon, s. m. champion.

CHANCE, shere, s. f. hazard, play at dice; chance of main; chance, luck, good fortune. Conter sa chance, to lay open one's case. Liever chance, (at dice) to throw a main.

Chancel, shen-sel, or Chanceau, s.m. chancel in a church.

CHANCELANT, E, shens-len, lent, adj. reel-

ing, staggering, wavering, insteady, fickle. UHANCELER, shens-là, v. n. to reel, stag-ger, waver, be unsteady or wavering, be at uncertainty.

CHANCELTER, shens-lik, s. m. lord chancellor; chancellor

Chancelière, shens-sièr, s. f. chancellor's

CHANCELLEMENT, shèn-sèl-mên, s. m.

reeling, staggering.

CHANCELLERIE, shen-sel-ri, s. f. chancery. CHANCEU-I, SE, shen-seu, seuz, adj. lucky, that has good luck.

CHARCI, E, adj. mouldy, (food of any sort.) CHARCIR, shen-dr. v. n. Se chancir, v. r. to grow mouldy, (speaking of eatables.) CHANCISSURE, shen-d-sar, s. f. mouldi-

CHANCHE, shënkr, s. tn. chancre; canker; also sore (in the mouth, etc. arising from a fever .) and filth (about the teeth.)

CHANCREU-X, SE, shèn-krèu, krèuz, adj. chancrous.

CHANDELEUR, shead-leur, s. m. candlemas. Fite or jour de la chandeleur, candlemas-day. CHANDELLER, shènd-Mà, s. m. candlestick.

Chandler or tallow-chandler.

Chandelier, s. m. Mar. stanchion, 'crotch. Chandeliers de lisses pour bastingage, stan-chions for the nettings. Chandeliers d'échelle hors le bord, stanchions of the entering ropes. Chandelier 'de chaloupe, crotch of a boat. Chandelier de pierrier, iron crotch of a swivel; also wooden stock in which it is shipped.

Chandelière, s. f. chandler's wife or widow. CHANDELLE, shèn-del, s. f. candle. Chandelle de cire, wax-candle. Chandelle de reille, rush light. Chandelle de glace, icicle. Le jeu ne vand pan la chandelle, it will not quit cost, it

is not worth one's while.

CHANTREIN, s. m. forehead (of a horse,) piece of black stuff (on the forehead of a mourning horse;) also set of feathers (for a

horse upon a solemn day.)

CHANGE, shenz, s. m. exchange or barter; a change; change; the exchange; exchange; banker's trade; premium of exchange; change; trade; premium of exchange; change, wrong scent. Perdre au change, to lose by the bargain. Gagner au change, to get by the change. Lettre or billet de change, bill of exchange. Faire le change, to be a banker. Donner le change à quelqu'un, to put une upon the wrong scent, delude one. Prendre le change, to mistake, be deluded. CHANOE, E, adj. changed, altered, turned,

converted, etc.

CHANGRANT, shên-zên, zênt, adj. inconnant, fickle, uncertain, changeable, variable. Couleur changeante, changeable colour.

CHANGEMENT, shênz-mên, s. m. change, changing, alteration, vicissitude. Sujet on

changement, changeable, mutable, inconstant, variable.

Changement, s. m. Mar. change, turn, etc. Changement de la marée, turn of the tide. Changement de la tune, change of the moon.

CHARGER, shên-zh, v. a. to change, make an exchange, barter. To turn, change, trans-form: to change (money;) alter, innovate.

Changer, v. n. to change. Changer de, to shift, alter. Changer d'habit, to change clothes. Changer de chemise, to shift, shift one's shirt. Changer de logis, to shift one's quarters, remove. Changer de note, to change

quarters, remove. Changer as now, to change or alter one's time, turn over a new leaf.

Changer, v. a. Mor. to change, alter, shift, turn, etc. Changer un hunier, etc. to shift a top-sail, etc. Changer un tunier, etc. to shift a top-sail, etc. Changer un turn the stowage, rummage the hold. Changer une voile, (comme la grante voile d'un cutter, etc.) to gybe.

Changer les voiles to shift the sails. Changer les voiles to shift the sails. Changer les voiles, to shift the sails. Changer l'artimon, to change the mizen. Changer la cargaison, to shift the cargo. Changer le quart, to set the watch. Changer un vaisses de place, to shift a ship. Notre frégute va chan ger de mouillage, our frigate is going to shift her birth. Le bâtiment chasse a change de route, the chase has altered her course. marée changera bientôt, the tide will soon turn. Les courans ont change de direction, the setting of the currents is changed. Change le tourne-vire, shift the messenger. Change devont, haul all, let go and haul. Change derrière, main-sail haul, mais-top sail haul. Change la barre, shift the bolm. Be changer, v. r. to change, turn or be turned.

CHANGEUR, shèn-zeur, s. m. banker.

money-changer.

CHANLATTE, shen-lat, s. f. lath.

CHANOINE, sha-nwan, s. m. canon, preben-

CHANSON, shen-son, s. f. song, idle story, stuff. Chanter or dire toujours to meme chanson, still to harp upon the same string. Tout ce que vous me dites sont des chansons, you tell me tales of a tub. Chancons que total cela, nonsense, that is all stuff.

CHANSONNER, shen-sô-na, v. a. to sing songs against, lampoon.

CHANSONNETTE, shen-sô-nêt, s. f. little song, lay.

CHANSONWIER, shen-so-nit, s. m. songster, ballad-maker.

CHANT, shen, s. m. singing; tune. Canto; song. Le chant du coq, cock-crowing. Le plain-chant, church musick.

CHANTANT, E, shen-ten, tent, selj. singing; easily set to musick, fit to be set to musick.

CHANTE, E, adj. sung. C'est bien chante, that is well sung or well said.

CHANTEAU, show-to, s. m. cantle or slice of

CHANTEPLEURE, shent-pieur, s. f. water-ing pot; also sort of funnel; and gully-hole (under a wall.)

CHATTER, shends, v. n. & n. to sing; to erow; to say; to sing, celebrate, praise. Pain à chanter, wafer. Chanter la palisodie, to recant, unsay what one has said. Je ha ai bien chantle sa game, I have rattled him to some tune. Faire chanter quelqu'un, to bring sme bar, bat, base : thère, ebb, over : field, fig : rôbe, rôb, lord : mood, good.

to reasonable terms; also to make one squeak | or confess. Chanter injures, chanter groguettes, or chanter pouilles à quelqu'un, to rail at or rattle one, revile or vilify. Chanter la même

chamson, to harp upon the same string.
CHARTERELLE, shent-rel, s. f. treble string

of a violin; also decoy-bird. CHANTEU-R, SE, shën-tëur, tëuz, s. m. & f.

CHANTIER, shen-th, s. m. place where lumber, wood or timber is piled; carpenter's yard; stand, frame, or horse (on sokich casks

grape placed.)

Chantier, s. m. Mar. stocks, etc. timbervard; ship builder's yard. Chantier de canot
or de chaloupe, chocks for a boat. Etre en
chantier, to be on the stocks or building.

Mettre un bâtiment sur le chantier, to lay a ship down on the stocks.

CHANTOURNÉ, shên-tôor-na, s. m. head-

piece (of a bed.)

CHARTER, sheatr, s. m. chanter, singing man, chief singer, (in a church) chorister.

CHARTERIE, shea-tre-ri, s. f. chanter's

place or dignity.

CHANVRE, shënvr, s. m. hemp.

CHANVRIER, s. m. hemp-dresser. CHAOS, kh-o, s. m. chaos.

CHAPE, shap, s. f. churchman's cope; (of an alembick) helm or head; (of a buckle) tongue. Cover. Disputer la chape de l'éque, to contend for things of no concern. Chape-chute. Ex. Trouver chape-chute, to find what one was not looking for. Chercher-chape-chaste, to try to take advantage of the negligence or misfortunes of one.

CHAFEAU, shâ-pò, s. m. hat; garland; (chapeau rouge), cardinalisp, cardinal's cap, cardinal's dignity. Coup de chapeau, cap or

pulling off one's hat. Chapeau, Mar. pri-

CHAPELAIN, shap-list, s. m. chaplain. CHAPELER, shap-la, v. c. to chip, rasp

(bread.)

CHAPELET, shāp-lē, s. m. chaplet, garland, beads, string of beads; (is architecture) chaplet, fillet; stirrup leather; chain-pump; pimples in the forehead.

CHAPELIER, E, shap-lia, fier, s. m. & f.

batter.

CHAPELLE, sha-pel, s. f. chapel; also liv-ing or benefice. Chapelle ardente, place where a dead person lies in state. Faire chapelle, Mar. to build a chapel, broach to. Chapelle, the plate of a chapel.

CHAPELLENIE, s. f. chaplain-ship. CHAPELURE, shap-lur, s. f. chippings (of a

crust of bread.)

CHAPERON, shap-ron, s. m. bood; bolster cap; (of a crutch) top; (of a soall) coping, top; piece of embroidery on the back of a churchman's cope ; a duenna.

CHAPERONNER, shap-ro-na, v. s. to cap. Chaperonner Poissan, to boodwink the hawk. Chaperonner une muraille, to cope a wall.

CHAPIER, shâ-pha, s. m. churchman with a

CODE, CODE-bearer. CHAPITEAU, sha-pl-to, s. m. chaptrel, capital or top of a pillar; also particular funnel to cover a still.

CHAPITRE, sha-pltr, s. m. chapter, sub-ject, matter; (of canons) chapter; chapter-house.

CHAPITRER, sha-pl-tra, v. a. to reprimend,

read a lecture, check, rebuke *or* reprove. Снарон, shå-pon, s. m. capon; *also* brewis. Снароннеаи, shå-pð-nò, s. m. young ca-

Снароннев, shâ-pô-nk, v. a. to capon. Снароннійви, shâ-pô-nkr, s. f. stew-рав,

(for capons.) CHAQUE, shik, adj. every, each. (E is of both genders, and has no phural.)
CHAE, shar, s. m. car, chariot.

CHARANÇON, shâ-rên-son, s. m. weevil. CHARBON, shâr-bos, s. m. coal; charcoal; coal, sea-coal, pit-coal; smut (in grain;) car-

buncle, plague, sore. CHARBONKÉ, E, shir-bò-ni, adj. blackened with coal. Bles charbonnes, smutted grain. CHARBONNER, s. f. short rib of beef; beef

or pork steak broiled. CHARBONNER, v. a. to daub; blacken

with coal.

CHARBONNIER, shår-bå-nfå, s. m. collier, coal-man; also a coal-hole. Båtiment charbonnier, collier. Charbonnière, shar-bô-nièr, s. f. coal-wo-

man, colliery, coal-pit, place where charcoal is made, coal-house.

CHARBOUILLER, v. a. to blast, mildew. CHARCUTER, shar-ku-th, v. a. to back,

mangle. CHARCUTERIE, s. f. pork seller

CHARCUTER, E, shar-ku-da, tier, s. m. &c. f. one that sells all manner of bog's flesh, with puddings, sausages, and hog's tongues. Chardon, shar-don, s.m. thistle; teasil.

CHARDONNER, shar-do-na, v. a. to nap (cloth.)

CHARDONNERRY, shar-don-re, s. m. gold-

CHARDONETTE, s. f. kind of wild artichoke

(the flower serves to curdle milk.)

CHARDONKIERE, s. f. plot of thistles. CHARGE, sharz, s. f. burden, load; charge, expense charge of a gun; place, office, employment, dignity; kind of poultice (for a horse:) charge, commission, command, order ; keeping, care ; charge, attack ; charge, accusation, indictment; exaggerated repre-sentation or caricature. Bénéfice à charge d'ames, benefice with cure of souls. Femme de charge, house-keeper. A charge d'antant, Fanne in expectation of the like. A la charge de, à la charge que, upon condition that. Etre a charge à quelqu'un, to be a burden to one. On ne trouve rien à sa charge, nothing is found to criminate him or to lay to his charge.

Charge, s. f. Mar. cargo, lading. Morte charge, overlading; utmost burden that a ship can carry. Charge en grappe, grape shot. Charge mitraille, case or canister shot. Charge de canon, shot; also quantity of powder used in loading a gun. Charge de salut, quantity of powder used for loading a gun for a salute. Charge de combat, quantity of powder necessary for loading a gun for action. Prendre charge d'un bâtiment, to take charge of a ship.

arge d'un bâtiment, to tano thangs. CHARGE, E, shâr-ra, adj. laden, loaded, etc. Couleur chargée, deep colour. Temps char overcast weather. Homme chargé de cuiss fat, thick-hended man. Charge d'années, full of years. Charge de lie, full of lees. Charge de dettes, doep in debt. Une terre chargée de dettes, an estate clogged with many debes.

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buse, but : jeune, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

Table chargée, table crowded with guests. Portrait chargé, caricature. Cheval chargé de tête or d'encohere, heavy-headed horse. Branche chargée d'un bouton à fleur, branch prince charge a un bouton a pieur, orano with a flower bad. R est charge de quatre petits enfans, he has four little children to keep. Vaissean chargé pour Amsterdam, ship bound ceeply laden. Chargé à couler bas, very deeply laden. Chargé en côte, hemmed in on a lee shore. Chargé par un grain, caught in a squall. Horizon chargé, cloudy horizon.

CHARGENET & sharefu chargé and i clou-

CHARGEANT, E, shår-zen, zent, adj. clog-ging, heavy, hard of digestion; burdensome, troublesome, tedious.

CHARGEMENT, sharz-men, s. m. cargo, lading. Etre en chargement, to be loading or taking in a cargo. Prendre un chargement,

to take in a cargo.

CHARGEOIR, s. m. charger for great guns. CHARGER, shar-za, v. a. to charge; load, lade, barden, lay a burden upon; to charge, over-load, clog; to charge, attack, fall upon; beat or maul; to load (a gum;) to charge, accuse; to charge, command; to trust with, give in charge; to fill; to caricature. Charger un registre de quelque chose, to enter a thing in a register. Charger quelqu'un d'injures, to rail at one, revile or vilify one. Charger quelqu'un de malédictions, to curse one, lay curses upon

Charger, v. a. Mar. to load, etc. Charger toutes les voiles. V. Charrier de la voile. Charger un bâtiment à cueillette, to load a ship with the property of several owners. Chargre d fret, to take in freight. Charger en gresser, to load in bulk. Charger la pompe, to fetch the pump. Se charger d'une chose, v. r. to take charge of a thing, to take a thing upon one's self. Se charger, (of trees) to bear. L'horizon se charge, Mar. the horizon is getting charde.

ting cloudy.
CHARGEUR, shar-zeur, s. m. loader, one that loads the cannon, wood-meter, also owner

of a vessel's cargo.

CHARIOT, sha-riò, s. m. cart with four wheels, wagon. Chariot (or char.) chariot.

CHARIOT, sha-ri-table, adj. charitable, merciful, boustiful.

CHARITABLEMENT, sha-ri-tabl-men, adv.

CHARITA, sha-ri-th, s. f. charity, love; alms. La charité, alms-house.

CHARITA, sha-ri-va-ri, s. m. noise or the shallong for income of the shallong for in mock musick of kettles, frying-pans, etc. by night at the door of widows that marry again; ut, dreadful noise, clatter. CHARLATAN, shar-la-ten, s. m. quack,

mountsbank; coaxing cheat, wheedler.

Charlatane, shâr-lâ-tân, s. f. cunning gipsy.

CHARLATANER, shâr-lâ-tâ-nâ, v. a. to ca-

jole, wheedle, gull.

CHARLATANERIE, shâr-là-tân-ri, s.f. quacking, quack's tricks, wheedle, cheating, fair

CHARLATABISME, s. m. quackery. CHARMANT, g. shir-mèn, mènt, adj. charm-ing, bewisching, pleasant, delightful. CHARME, sharm, s. m. charm, spell, en-

chantment, affurement, attraction, yoke-ohn. CHARRER, shar-ma, v. a. to charm, enchant, bewitch; to charm, please or delight; appeare, allay. Le via charme les chagress, wine dissipetes care.

CHARMEU-R, SE, S. m. & f. charmer, enchanter, conjurer, enchantress, bewitching woman.

CHARMILLE, shar-mil, s. f. hedge of yokeelm-trees.

CHARMOIE, shar-mwa, s. f. spot planted

with yoke-elm-trees. CHARNAGE, s. m. flesh-time (set Lest.)

CHARNEL, LE, shar-nel, adj. carnal, sensual.

CHARNELLEMENT, shir-nel-men, adv. car-

nally, sensually. CHARREU-X, SE, shår-nëu, nëuz, adj. fleshy.

carneous. CHARNIER, shar-nia, s. m. charnel-house; also larder. Charnier, Mar. scuttle butt.

Charnière, shâr-nlêr, s. f. hinge.
CHARNU, E, shâr-nlê, ad, adj. fleshy, plump,
brawny. Cerises charnues, large plump cher-

CHARNURE, shar-pur, s. f. human flesh.

CHARGENE, sha-rogn, s. f. carrion, carcass.
CHARFENTE, shar-pent, s. f. timber work,
carpenter's work. V. Bois.

CHARPENTER, shar-pen-ta, v. a. to cut and shape timber, hack and hew, mangle, butcher.

CHARPENTERIE, shar-pent-ri, s. f. carpentry, carpenter's trade or work.
CHARPENTIER, shar-pen-tia, s. m. carpen-

ter. Charpentier de navire, ship-wright. CHARPIE, shar-pl, s. f. lint (for a wound.)

Viande en charpie, meat boiled to rags. CHARRER, sha-ra, s. f. buck ashes.

CHARRETER, shar-th, s. f. cart-load. CHARRETIER, shar-tla, s. m. carman, cart-er; also ploughman. Il jure comme un charretier, he swears like a pirate. Il n'est si bon charretier qui ne verse, it is a good horse that never stumbles.

CHARRETTE, sha-ret, s. f. cart (with two wheels only.) Mangeur de charrettes ferress, bully, braggadocio, swaggerer, hoctor, hec-toring blade, huff. Ce betiment est la charrette du convoi, Mar. that vessel is the dullest sailer of the convoy.

CHARRIAGE, s. m. carriage. CHARRIER, sha-ria, v. a. to cart, or convey

in a cart; to carry, carry along.

Charrier, v. n. (of a river) to bear large pieces of ice.

Charrier droit, to behave properly. Charrier de la voile, Mar. to stretch, carry all the sails the masts can bear.

CHARRIER, s. m. bucking-cloth.

CHARROI, shà-rwa, s. m. carriage,

CHARRON, sha-ron, s. m. wheelwright. CHARRONAGE, sha-ro-nkz, s. m. wheelwright's work.

CHARROTER, v. a. to carry in a cart. CHARROTE, sha-ru, s. f. plough. Twer la charree, to toil hard for a livelihood. Matre la charrue devant les baufs, to put the cart before the horse. CHARTE, V. Chartre.

CHARTE-PARTIE, s. f. Mar. charter-party.

CHARTIER, V. Chartil.
CHARTIER, V. Charteler.
CHARTIER, V. Charteler.
CHARTIER, Shar-tl, s. m. great long cart; also pent-house for earts in a yard.

"CHARTON, s. m. carman.

CHARTER, shart, s. f. charter; prison,

jail; consumption. CHARTREUSE, shar-treuz, s. f. Carthusian mun; charter-house, Carthusian monastery. bar, bat, base : thère, ebb, over : field, fig : rôbe, rôb, lôrd : môod, gôod.

CHARTREUX, s. m. Carthusian friar.

CHARTRIER, shâr-trl-å, s. m. place where charters are kept, keeper of charters (in an abbey.)

CHARTULAIRE, s. m. collection of charters.

CHAS, sha, s. m. eye of a needle.

CHASERET, s. m. little sash frame to make cheese.

Chasse, shas, s. f. hunting, chasing, shooting, coursing; game, venison; huntsmen, sportsmen; chase, expulsion or pursuit; (at tennis) chase ; (aux oiseaux) fowling ; (huttres de chasse) oysters brought by land carriage.

Chasse, s. f. Mar chace or chase. Pointer en chasse, to point before the beam. Prendre chasse, to beer away, stand away, sheer off. Soutenir chasse or la chasse, to maintain a runsting fight. Etre en chasse, to be in chase.

CHASE, shas, coffer) (in which relicks are kept) shrine; (of spectacles) frame; cheeks;

CHASSE, R, adj. chased, hunted, etc. Le chased.

CHASSE-AVANT, S. m. foreman er overseer. CHASSE-CHIEN, or CHASSE-COQUIN, S. M.

beadle. Chasse-coquin, stiff foil. CHASSE-COUSIN, s. m. bad wine.

CHASSE-ENFUL, s. m. what drives away SOCTOW.

CHASSELAS, s. m. sort of grape.

CHASSE-MARKE, s. m. rippier, one that carries fish from the sea-coast inland; Mar. sort of decked boat employed for the conveyance of fish and in the coasting-trade.

CHASSE-MORTE, s. f. random-shot. CHASSE-MULET, s. m. mule-driver; also

miller's man.

CHASSE-PARTIE, s. f. charter-party. CHASSER, sha-sa, v. a. to chase, hunt; pursue; to drive before one; to put or turn or drive out. Chasser, v. n. to be hunting, etc. tin printing) to drive. Chasser, v. n. Mar. to chase, give chase, etc. Chasser la terre, to go shead and look out for the land. Chassons cette gorlette som le vent, let us chase that schooner to loeward. Chasser sur un bâtiment au monillage, to drive on beard of a ship at anchor. Chaseer an vent, to chase or be chasing to wind-ward. Chasser our son ancre, to bring the unchor home, to drive, to drag the anchor. V. Arer.

CHASSENESSE, shds-res, s. f. huntress.
CHASSEUR, (shd-sdur,) s. m. hunter, sportsman; (d'oiseanz,) fowler, bird-catcher. Chasser, Mar. chaser, ship in chase, vessel that chases another.

Omasseuse, sha-shuz, s. f. huntress. Chassee, sha-si, s. f. blearedness, rheum of the eyes.

ORASSIEU-X. SE. shâ-siêu, slêuz, adi. whose eyes run, blear-eyed.

CHASSIS, sha-si, s. m. frame or seah of a window; frame; strainer (of a painting;) (in printing) chase. Fenetre à chassis, sash

CHASSOIR, shâ-swir, s. m. cooper's driver. CHASSOIRE, s. f. wand (used by these who train up goshawks.)

CHASTE, shast, adj. chaste, homest, pure,

continent; exact, correct, neet, pure (style.) CHASTEMENT, shast-men, adv. chastely, honestly, purely.

CHASTETÉ, shas-tê-tà, s. f. chastity, honesty, continency, purity

CHASUBLE, sha-zabl, s. f. chasuble (kind of cope which the priest wears at mass.

CHASUBLIER, shà-zū-blīa, s. m. maker of chasubles and other ecclesiastical ornaments.

CHAT, sha, s. m. cat. Chat, Mar. cat, (sort of vessel peculiar to the north east coast of England.) A bon chat bon rat, they are well matched. Jeter lechat aux jambes de quelqu'un, to lay or cast the blame upon one. Acheter or rendre le chat en poche; to buy or sell a pig in a poke. Laisser aller le chat au fromage, to grant the last favour to a gallant. Emporter te chat de la maison, to go away without taking leave of any one. Chats or Chatons, cat-tails, catkins. Chat-huant, s. m. screech-owl.

CHATAIGNERAIE, sha-tegn-re, s. f. plot of chestmut-trees.

CHATAIGNE OF CHATEIGNE, sha-tegn, s. f_ chestnut.

CHATAIGNIER, s. m. chestmut-tree.

CHATAIN, sha-tin, adj. m. of a chestnutcolour.

CHATAIN, s. m. chestnut colour.

CHATEAU, shà-tò, s. m. castle, also seat, ansion. Faire des châteaux en Espagne, to mansion. build castles in the air.

Château, s. m. Mar. V. Gaillard.

CHATELAIN, shat-lin, s. m. lord of a manor, castellain, governor of a castle.

Châtelain, adj. m. Ex. Juge châtelain, judge of a castleward or chatellany.

CHATELÉ, E, adj. (in blazonry) castled. CHATELET, shat le, s. m. prison (at Paris.) CHATELLENIE, shatel-nl, s. f. chatellany; also extent of the jurisdiction of the lard of the manor.

CHAT-HUANT, shā-ā-ēn, V. Chat. CHATIŽ, adj. chastised, punished, corrected. Style chatić, correct style.

CHATIER, sha-tia, v. a. to chastise, punish,

correct. Châtier une prece us prom, to mend or correct a composition.

CHATIÈRE, shà-tlèr, s. l. cat-hole (in a door.)

CHATIMENT, shà-tl-mên, s. m. chastisement, punishment, correction. P. ment des rebelles, to punish rebels.

CHATON, sha-ton, s. m. beazle or collet (of a ring;) catkin or cat-tail; kitten. V. Chots at Chat.

CHATONNER, V. Chatter. CHATOUILLEMENT, sha-tool-men, s. m. a

tickling : pleasure, delight.

CHATOUILLER, sha-too-la, v. a. to tickle; please. Se chatouiller, to tickle one's self. please one's own fancy. Se chatouiller pour se fuire rire, to provoke one's self to laugh-

CHATOUILLEU-X, SR, sha-tho-leu, leuz, adj. ticklish: also touchy, exceptious; and slippery or delicate.
CHATE, adj. & s. m. gelt or gelded man, eunuch. V. Castrat.

CHATRER, shå-trå, v. a. to geld, castrate; to spay; to take the honey (from hives;) to castrate, cut something from (a book,) to take sticks (from a faggot,) to lop or prune; also to bore holes in; to cut or take off those shoots which spring at the bottom (of a vine.) Cha-ter use gargouse, Mar. to reduce (as the piece grows warm) the quantity of powder in a cartridge.

base, bat : jeune, meute, beurre : entant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

CRATREUR, sha-treur, s. m. gelder.

CHATTE, S. f. she-cat, puss.
CHATTE, shi-th, s. f. litter of a she-cat; also not of lighter at Rochefort.
CHATTENITE, shiat-mit, s. m. dissembler,

hypocrite, one that assumes a demure or simcring face.

CHATTER, sha-ta, or CHATONNER, v. n. to

kitten

CHAUD, E, shô, shôd, adj. hot, warm; ea-ger, violent, fierce. Hot, hasty, passionate, seen angry; hot spurred, justiful, lecherous; proud; ready to take horse, etc. V. Chaleur, violent fever. Tomber de fièvre en chaud mal, to fall out of the frying pan into the fire. Chand, s. m. hot, heat. Il fait chaud, it is hot. Brûler de chaud, to be burning hot. de

med s'abat, the heat abates.

CRAUD, adv. bot, warm.
CRAUDE, s. f. the besting of metal as soon as it is taken out of the fire. Battre la chaude, to best ingots (while hot) into thin plates. A is charde, adv. hotly, quickly, in haste, hastily. Chaudhau, sho-do, s. m. caudle.

CHAUDE-CHASSE, s. f. pursuit of a prisoner. CHAUDEMENT, shod-men, adv. warmly, otly, eagerly, briskly, fiercely, quickly, in e, bastily.

CHAUDE-PESSE, s. f. gonorrhoea.

CHAUDIER, v. n. (parlant des lices) to be

proud. CHAUDIÈRE, shò-dièr, s. f. copper, great

CHAUDRON, sho-dron, s. m. kettle, small kettle.

CHAUDROSSÉE, s. f. kettle-full.

CHAUDROFNERIE, sho-dron-ri, s. f. bra-zier's or tinker's work or ware.

CHAUDROFFIER, z, shò-drò-nfa, nièr, Chaudronnier de cams. m. & f. brazier.

CHAUFFAGE, sho-faz, s. m. fuel for a year. Chanfage, Mar. breaming (of a vessel.) CHAUFFE, s. f. furnace.

CHAUFFE-CIRE, s. m. chafewax, (an officer in chancery.)

CRAUFFE-LIT, V. Bassinoire.
CRAUFFE-LIT, V. Bassinoire.
CRAUFFE-LIT, S. m. foot stove.
CRAUFFER, sho fa, v. a. to heat, warm.

Changer, v. a. Mar. to bream, etc. Chauffer Militares, to bream a ship; also to annoy a up by a brisk well directed fire. Chauffer

here is nothing for you. Se chanfer, v. n. to grow warm, to be warming. Chanfer, v. n. to grow warm, to be warming. Ce n'est pas pour vous que le four chanffe, there is nothing for you. Se chanfer, v. r. to warm one's self. Se chanfer as soleil, to bask in

SER OBE SEEL SE CHARGET AN SPACE, IN DUSS IN SER. Je suis de quel bois il se charge, I know Se kichey, I know what he does or can do. CHAUFFERETTE, shôf-rêt, s. f. foot-stove. CHAUFFERETE, s. f. forge to make bar-iron. Service of a forge.

CHAUPPEUR, s. m. warmer of a forge. CHAUPPOIR, sho-fwar, s. m. warming-see; warm cloth.

CHAUPFOUR, sho-foor, s. m. lime-kiln. CHAUPFOURFIER, sho-foor-nia, s. m. lime-

CHAULAGE, s. m. the act of liming seed

Cmangen, sho la, v. a. to lime (speaking grain in which some lime is mixed before it

CHAUMAGE, s. m. time in which stubble is cut. CHAUME, shôm, s. m. stubble, thatch.

CHAUMER, sho-ma, v. a. & n. to cut stub-

CHAUMIÈRE, sho-mièr, or CHAUMINE,

s. f. thatched house, cottage. Chaussant, z, sho-sen, sent, adj. of stockings) easy to be put on, that comes on easily;

ings) easy to be put on, that comes on easily; also complying, easy.

CHAUSSE, shos, s. f. stocking, hose; straining-bag; hood. Chausses or hast de chausses, breeches. Three ses chausses, to samper away, to take to one's heels. Chausses, situation of page.

CHAUSSE, z., adj. shod.

CHAUSSE, sho-sh, s. f. causey, bank, highway. A res de chaussée, even with the ground.

CHAUSSE-PIED. s. m. hora or leather the

CHAUSSE-PIED, s. m. horn or leather (to

assist in putting on shoes.)
CHAUSSER, sho-sh, v. a. to put on shoes or stockings; to make shoes for one; to fit the leg or foot; to put dung to the root of (a tree.)
Chausser le cothurne, to write tragedies, act a part in a tragedy. Se chausser, v. r. to put on one's shoes or stockings. Se chausser une chose dans la tête, to beat a thing into one's bead. Se chausser as même point, to be of the same stamp with another.

CHAUSSETIER, shos-til, s. m. hosier.

CHAUSSE-TRAPE, s. f. caltrop.

CHAUSSETTE, sho-set, s. f. under stocking, stirrup stocking.
CHAUSSON, sho-son, s. m. sock. (Chaus-

sons) pumps.

CHAUSSURE, sho-sor, s. f. shoes and stockings; also slippers, boots, socks, &c. any thing that covers the leg and foot. Trouver chaussure a son pied, to meet with one's match or be well fitted.

CHAUVE, show, adj. baid, bald-pated.

CHAUVE-SOURIS, S. f. bat.

CHAUVETÉ, shoy-ta, s. f. baldness. CHAUVIR, sho-vir, v. n. only used in this

phrase: Chauvir des oreilles, to prick up the

CHAUX, shò, s. f. lime.

CHAVIRER, v. a. Mar. to overset,

CHEBEC, s. m. Mar. Xebeck.
CHEF, shef, s. m. head; chief, general, commander, leader, captain; also leading ship of mander, leader, captain; also leading saip to a face or division when drawn up in a line of battle; commodore; (of cloth) fag end; (in composition) head, article. Chef de justice, lord chief justice. Chef d'accusation, charge. Crime de lèse-najesté ou premier or au second chef, high treason. Chef d'aeuvre, master-piece. Chef de famille, house keeper. Goupiece. Che as familie, nouse accepts. verneur en chef, governour in chief or principal governour. Fief en chef, see held in capite. Il possède cette terre du chef de sa femme, ho enjoys that estate in right of his write. Faire quelque chose de son chef, to do a thing of one's own bead.

Chef, s. m. Mar. Chef de pièce, captain of a gun. Chef d'ouvrage, quarter man. Chef (de gamelle or de table) caterer (of an officer's

CHÉFECIER, V. Chévecier.

CHEF-LIEU, shef-lieu, s. m. chief manor house, lord's chief house.

CHEGROS, s. m. shoe-maker's thread. CHEIR, s. m. chief of a tribe among the Arabs.

bar, bat, base : there, ebb, over : field, fig : robe, rob, lord : mood, good.

CHÉLIDOINE, s. f. celandine.

CHELIE, s. m. shilling.
CHÉLONITE, s f. chelonites, (stone some-times found in the belly of a young swal-

CHÊMER, shê-ma, Ex. Se chêmer, v. r. to

CHEMER, she-ma, Ex. Se chemer, v. 1. waste, fall away, grow lean.
CHEMIN, she-min, s. m. way, road; way, means, course. Grand chemin, high-way. Le chemin qu'on fait en un jour, day's journey. A-wancer chemin, to go on or forward on one's way or journey. Chemin convert, covert way way or journey. Chemin convert, covert way or corridor. Rebrousser chemin, to go back. Se mettre en chemin, to set out on a journey, begin a journey. Comper chemin d quelque and chemin, to go openly to work. Chemin, s. m. Mar. way, head-way, etc.

Chemin de l'avant, headway. Chemin que fait par l'arrière un bâtiment qui cule, sternway. Chemin fait en longitude, longitude made. Le chemin sera considérable demain, si le vent se soutient, we shall make a good run by to-morrow if the wind holds. Faire du chemin, to go

fast through the water.

CHEMINEE, she-mi-na, s. f. chimney. Mariage fait sous la cheminée, a match made in

range fait sous to cheminee, a match made in hugger-mugger.

CHEMINER, she-ml-nk, v. n. to go or walk. CHEMISE, she-mlz, s. f. shirt, shift, smock, (of a fortification) lining with some. Envelope of papers. Etre en chemise, to be in cuerpo.

Metre en chemise, to ruin, undo, be the ruin of one, beggar. Chemise de maille. V. Cotte de maille.

Chemise, s. f. Mar. V. Serrer.

CHEMISETTE, she-mi-zet, s. f. under waistcoal.

CHENAL, she ne, s. f. grove of oaks. CHENAL, she nal, s. m. Mar. narrow channel; mill-stream; gutter (of a house roof.)

CHENALER, v. n. Mar. to sail through a channel.

CHENAPAN, shê-nâ-pên, s. m. vagabond,

CHENAPAN, she-me-pen, s. m. vagabond, good for nothing fellow, bandit.
CHENE, shen, s. m. oak. Chene-vert, s. m. bolm, evergreen oak. V. Bois.
CHENEAU, she-no, s. m. young oak; also pipe to convey rain water from the gutter to the spout.

CHENET, she-ne, s. m. dog, andiron. CHENEVIÈRE, shên-vier, s. f. hempfield. CHEREVIS, s. m. hemp-seed.

CHENEVOTTE, shen-vot, s.f. bullen, hempstalk peeled.

CHENEVOTTER, shen-vo-ta, v. n. to peel hemp-stalks; also to shoot branches as weak

nemp-stalks; also to shoot branches as weak as hemp-stalks, (said of vines.) CHENIL, she-nl, s. m. dog-kennel. CHENIL, she-nl, s. f. caterpillar. CHENIL, she-nl, s. f. caterpillar. CHEOIR, V. Choir. CHEOIR, V. Choir. CHER. E, sher, sher, adj. dear, beloved; costly; dear, that sells dear.

CHER, adv. dear.

CHERCHE, s. f. search, searching or fee for searching a register.

CHERCHER, sher-sha, v. a. to seek, look for, search, be in quest of. Aller chercher, to fetch, go for. Vesir chercher, to come for Chercher demonstrates the chercher of faire, to endeavour to do. Chercher l'escadre ennemie, to be looking out for the enemy's fleet.

Les navigateurs ont en vain cherché le passage du nord, navigators have in vain sought s north-west passage. Chercher ses propres intérets, or se chercher soi-même, to mind one's own interest, have one's own interest in view. Chercher des échappatoires, to use shifts, seek for a hole to creep out at. Chercher des détours, to go about the bush.

CHERCHEUR, sher-sheur, s. m. one that seeks or looks for, searcher. Cherchese de franches lippées, spunger, one that lives upon

the catch.

CHERE, sher, s. f. cheer, entertainment; treat, reception, welcome. CHERE, fem. of cher. V. Cher.

CHEREMENT, sher-men, adv. dear, dearly, tenderly.

CHERI, E, adj. cherished, dear. loved, beloved.

CHERIR, sha-rir, v. a. to cherish, love. CHÉRISSABLE, adj. worthy of being che-

CHERSONESE, s. f. Chersoness, penin-

CHERTÉ, shèr-th, s. f. dearness, high price. Cherte des vivres, dearth, scarcity, want of provisions

CHÉRUBIN, shi-rū-bin, s. m. cherubim. Rouge comme un chérubin, as red as a cherub.

CHERVIS, s. m. skirret (a plant.) CHÉTI-F, VE, shà-tif, tiv, adj. poor, pitiful,

mean, vile, sneaking. Charivement, sha-tiv-mes, adv. poorly,

pitifully, meanly.

CREVAL, she-val, s. m. horse. Cheral de bataille, charger. Petit cheval, ut, nag. Cheval hongre, gelding. Atter à cheval, to ride, ride on horse-back. Etre à cheval, to be on horseback, ride upon a horse. Etre à cheral sur une poutre, to sit a-straddle upon a beam.
Voyager a cheval, to travel on horse-back. Monter our ses grands cheraux, fly in a passion, rant. Etre mal à cheval, to be at an ill pass. Parler à cheval, to speak magisterially; écrire Parier à cheral, to speak magisterially; écrire une lettre à cheral, to write a haughty letter. Un gros cheval, un cheval de bât, un cheral de currosse, a great booby, a clown. Un petit cheval échappé, a wild youth, an unlucky boy. Cheval-marin, sea-horse. Cheval aile, winged horse. Cheval de bois, wooden horse. Cheval de bois, wooden horse. Cheval de bois, wooden horse. Cheval de bois pour cheval de company.

CHEVALER, v. a. to prop or bear up; also to ride up and down, walk or run about.

CHEVALERIE, she-val-ri, s. f. chivalry,

knighthood.

CHEVALERESQUE, adj. chivalrous.
CHEVALET, she-và-lè, s. m. wooden horse, instrument of torture made like a horse; (of a riolin) bridge; (of a pointer) easel; (in printing) gallows; (de scieur de bois) sawing-trestle or wood horse; (of a tasser) wooden leg: noon, buttesses

leg: prop, buttress.

CHEVALIER, she-vil-fik, s. m. knight; kind of water-fowl of the bigness of a stock-dove.

Chevalier d'honneur de la reine or de madame, first gentleman usher to the queen or the queen's sister-in-law. Chevalier de guet, cap-tain of a watch on horseback. Chevalier de l'arquebuse, one that is admitted into the company or society of arquebusiers. Checolier de la coupe, tavern-knight, stout toper. Checolier d'industrie, sharper, one that lives by his bûse, bût : jêûne, mêute, beurre : ênfânt, cênt, liên : vin : mon : brun

Chevalière, s. f. knight's lady.

CHEVALINE, she-va-lin, adj. Ex. Bete che-

e, horse or mare CHEVANCE, sho-vens, s. f. goods and chat-

tels, substance of a private man.
CHEVAUCHEE, she-vo-shk, s. f. judges'

circuit.

*CHEVAUCHER, she-vo-she, v. n. to ride. Cheusucher court, to ride with short stir-

CHEVAUCHONS, (A,) lah-vo-shon, adv.

astraddle.

CHEVAU-LÉGER, shê-vò-là-zà, s. m. lightorse, life guard-man. Chevau-kgers, light-

CHEVAUX, she-vo, plural of *Cheval*. CHEVECHEE, s. f. the office of a vestry-

CHÉVECIER, s. m. first dignity in some

collegiate churche CERVELU, E, shev-lû, lû, adj. hairy, long

haired. Plante chevelue, fibrous plant: co-mète chevelue, fiery tailed comet.

CHEVELU, s. m. fibres, strings or threads (of plants and roots of trees.) CHEVELURE, shev-lur, s. f. hair, head of

hair; (of plants) fibres, strings, threads; (of a comet) beams.

CHEVET, shê-vê, s. m. bolster. Epée de chezet, trusty friend. CMEV RTRE, shê-vêtr, s. m. halter; bandage.

CHEVEU, she veu, s. m. hair. Se peigner les cheveux, to comb one's hair or head. les chevens, to cut the hair. Se faire faire les cheveux, to get one's hair cut. Les cheveux blancs, a hoary head. Tirer par les cheveux une interprétation, un passage, une comparaison, to force in or wrest an interpretation, a passage, a comparison; to bring them in by bead and shoulders. If ne tint qu'à un che-cus, it was within a hair's breadth or within the turn of a die. Prendre l'occasion aux cherear, to take occasion by the fore-lock. *Che-

cear des plantes. V. Checche, s. m.
CHEVILLE, she-vil, s. f. peg or pin; word
put in verse merely for measure or rhyme; ancle bone; (of a stag) antier. Trouver à chaque trou une cheville, to find a cure for

every sore. Etre en cheville, to be in the middle (at ombre.)

Cheville, s. f. Mar. bolt, iron-bolt, trennel, etc. Cheville de hauben or de chaines de haubons, chain-bolt; cheville à boucle, ring bolt; cheville à fiche, rag bolt; cheville clavelée sur roile, clinch bolt; cheville à tête ronde or à bouton, fender bolt; cheville à gonjon, common bolt; cherille à œillet, eye-bolt; cheville à gonpille, fore-lock bolt; cheville à tête de diagaugule, tore-tock bott; chevitle a tere de sta-mant, square headed-bolt; cheville à croc, hook bolt; cheville à boucle et à croc, bott with a ring and a hook; cheville à pointe perdue, short drive bott; cheville de pompe, pump bolt. CHEVILLE, E. adj. pegged, pinned; bear-ing antlers; (of verse) abounding in useless wards. Abour l'ame chevillée dans le corps, to

avo nine lives.

CHEVILLER, she-vi-A, v. a. to pin, peg, sten with a pog. Cheviller un voisseau,

CHRYSLLETTE, s. f. book-binder's peg. CHEVILLEUB, s. m. Mar. mooter, trennel,

CHEVILLON, s. m. turner's peg.

CHEVILLOT, s. m. belaying pin. CHEVILLURE, she-vi-dir, s. f. antiers.

*CHEVIR, v. n. to master, overrule, re-

CHEVIE, v. n. to master, overrule, re-claim, manage.

CHÈVRE, shevr, s. f. goat, she-goat. (Ma-chine) crab. Chèvre sausage, wild goat, an-telope, gazelle. Enter en pied de chèvre, to graft slope-wise.

Chèvre, s. f. Mar. gin or triangle with pul-lies. Prendre la chèvre, to fly into a passion,

be in a pet.

CHEVREAU, she vro, s. m. kid.

CHEVRE-FEUILLE, s. m. honey-suckie. CHEVRE-PIED, adj. m. gout-footed. CHEVRETTE, abe-vret, s. f. roe; shrimp;

syrup pot; little dog or andiron.
CHEVREUIL, shō-vrēul, s. m. roe-buck.
CHEVRIER, shō-vrī-a, s. m. goat herd.

CHEVRILLARD, she-vri-tar, s. m. fawn of a roe.

CHEVRON, she-vron, s. m. rafter or joist; (in heraldry) chevron.

Chevron, s. m. Mar. scantling, (from 5 to 6

inches in thickness downwards.

CHEVRONNÉ, E, adj. who has a chevron

in his coat of arms.

CHEVROTER, she vro-th, v. to kid; to go along skipping like a kid. Chevroter, to fret, lose patience; to sing with starts and shakes. Sa roix chevrote, his or her voice trembles or shakes

CHEVROTIN, she-vro-tin, s. m. kid or kidleather, cheveril. CHEVROTINE, she-vro-tin, s. f. shot for

CHEZ, sha, prep. at or to the house or apartment of; among, amongst, with. De chez, from the house or apartment of, from among, etc. Chez moi, to or at my house. De chez hei, from his house. Chez les Romains, among or with the Romans. Avoir un chez soi, to have a house of one's own.

CHIAOUX, s. m. usher, (sort of Turkish officer.)

CHIASSE, shi-as, scum of metals; (of flies or worms) excrement. Chiasse de mouches, fly-dung.

CHICANE, shi-kin, s. f. chicanery, chicane,

quirk, cavil, trick, shift or fetch at law.
CHICANER, shi-ka-m, v. a. to chicane, perplex or split a cause, cavil, use quirks or shifts. Chicaner un écrit, to pick flaws in a writing. Pai un rhune qui me chicane depuis six semaines, I have been troubled these six weeks with a cold.

Chicaner le vent, Mar. to hug the wind too close. Sans chicaner le rent, don't hanker

her in the wind.

CHICANERIE, shi kan-ri, V. Chicane. CHICANEUR, shl-ka-neur, s. m. chicaner, splitter of causes, caviller or quarrelsome

knave at law, pettifogger, litigious man.

Chicaneuse, shl-kh-neuz, s. f. litigious or

troublesome woman.

CHICANIER, E, shi-kh-nik, nièr, s. m. & f. wrangler, chicaner. Also used adjectively.

CHICHE, shish, adj. too sparing or too saving, niggardly, penurious, stingy, close-fisted.

Pois chiches, chick-pease.

Un chiche, s. m.
a niggardly fellow.

CHICHEMENT, shish-men, adv. sparingly,

savingly, penturiously.

bar, bat, base: thère, êbb, ovêr: field, fig: rôbe, rôb, lord: mòod, good.

CHICHETÉ, s. f. niggardliness, penuriousness, covetousness.

CHICON, s. m. coss-lettuce.

CHICORACEE, adj. cicoraceous. CHICOREE, shi-ko-ra, s. f. succory, endive.

CHICOT, shl-ko, s. m. stump; splinter.

CHICOTER, shi-kô-ta, v. a. to wrangle, trifle, dispute about nothing.

CHICOTIN, shi-kô-tin, s. m. orpine.
CHIEN, shien, s. m. dog; (of a gun) cock.
Chien courant, hound, beagle. Chien basset
or de terre, ustrier. Faire le chien couchant. to creep and crouch, cringe. Entre chien et loup, in the dusk of the evening, at twilight. Chien-marin or de mer, sea-dog. Chien celeste; dog-star.

CHIEBDENT, s. m. dog-grass.
CHIENDER, shiden, s. f. bitch.
CHIENDER, shiden, v. n. to whelp, pup. CHIER, v. n. to shit. Il chie de peur, his heart is sunk into his breeches.

CHIFFE, shift, s. f. spitter.
CHIFFE, shift, s. f. poor cloth.
CHIFFES, shift, s. f. poor cloth.

tamble, ruffle.

CHIFFONNIER, E, s. m. & f. rag man or coman; also silly impertment newsmonger; trifler, wrangler.

CHIFFRE, shift, s. m. cipher; number, arithmetical figure

CHIFFRER, shif-fra, v. a. to munber, com-

pute; to cipher or write in ciphers.

CHIFFREUR, shi-freur, s. m. accountant.

CHIFFREUR, shi-freur, s. m. appe of the neck.

CHILIADE, s. f. thousand.

CHILIARQUE, s. f. chiliarch, colonel. CHILIASTE, s. m. chiliast, millenarian or **Eth** monarchy man.

CHIMÈRE, shì-mèr, s. f. chimera. Idle

CHIMERIQUE, shl-ma-rlk, adj. chimerical, fantastical, imaginary.

CHIMÉRIQUEMENT, adv. chimerically. CHIMIE, shl-ml, s. f. chymistry.

CHIMIQUE, adj. chymical

CHIMISTE, shl-mist, s. m. chymist. CHINCILLA, s. f. a sort of animal of Peru ot bigger than a squirrel and whose skin is

held in great estimation. CHINE, shìn, *La Chine*, s. f. China.

*CHINFRENEAU, s. m. great cut or slash or blow in the face.

CHINOIS, E, shi-nwa, nwaz, adj. Chinese. *CHINQUER, v. n. to tipple, fuddle. CHIQUEME, shi-dorm, s. f. whole crew of

slaves in a galley *CHIPOTER, shi-po-ta, v. n. to piddle, trifle

CHIPOTIER, E, shî-pô-tia, tièr, s. m. & f.

trifler, whiffler CHIQUE, s. f. a sort of flesh-worm.

CHIQUENAUDE, shik-nod, s. f. fillip. Donner une chiquenaude à quelqu'un, to fillip one.

CHIQUET, shì-kê, s. m. bit, small part.

mer chiquet à chiquet, to pay in driblets. CHIRAGER, kl-ragr, s. m. man who has the gout in his hand.

CHIROGRAPHAIRE, Al-ro-gra-fet, s. m. writing under the disposer's own hand.

CHIROLOGIE, s. f. the art of expressing thoughts with the fingers.
CHIROMANCIE, Al-ro-mes-si, s. f. chiro-

mancy, palmistry.

CHIROMANCIEN, NE, El-ro-men-alen, sien, s. m. & f. chiromancer or palmis

CHIRURGICAL, E, shì-rur-zi-kal, adj. chi-

rurgical.
CHIRURGIE, shl-rur-zl, s. m. surgery, chi-

rurgery.
CHIRURGIEN, shl-rdr-rlen, s. m. surgeon or chirurgeon. Chirurgien major d'un bâtiment de guerre, surgeon of a man of war. Second chirurgien, surgeon's first mate. CHIRURGIQUE, adj. chirurgical.

CHISTE, s. m. cyst or cystis.
CHITOME, s. f. chief or head of religion among negroes.

CHIURE, shl-ur, s. f. dung (of flies.) CHLAMYDE, s. f. patrician military cloak. CHLORIS, s. m. a sort of chaffinch

CHLOROSE, s. f. chlorosis, green-sick-

Снос, shok, s. m. shock; dasking, striking or clashing of one body against another; brunt, onset, encounter, engagement; blow, dinaster.

Choc, s. m. Mar. surge (by suddenly stacking a tight rope.) Le choc de deux vaisseaux, the running foul of two ships.

*CHOCAILLER, v. n. to tipple, fuddle.
*CHOCAILLON, s. m. fuddling-gossip.
CHOCOLAT, sho-ko-la, s. m. chocolate.

CHOCOLATIER, s. m. chocolate-maker or seller; also one that keeps a chocolate house.

Chocolatière, sho-ko-la-tler, s. f. chocolatepot; also a woman that keeps a chocolatehouse.

CHOEUR, keur, s. m. choir; chorus. En-

fant de chosur, singing boy.

"Choir, shwar, v. n. (used only in the infinitive, and part. Chu) to fall.

nmuve, and part. Chu) to fall.

Choisir, shwa-zir, v. a. to choose, make choice of, pick out, pitch upon, elect. Quand on emprunte on ne choisit pas, beggars must not be choosers. Choisit quelqu'us de l'acti, to mark one out. Soldate choisis, picked men.

Choix, shwa, s. m. choice, election, act of choosing; option. Faire choix des mots quand on fortit to nick out the choicest words.

on écrit, to pick out the choicest words.

CHOLAGOGUE, adj. (terme de médecine)
Qui fait couler la bile, cholagogue.
CHOLEDOLOGIE, s. f. choledology, treatise

on bile.

CHOMABLE, sho-mabl, adj. resting, that ought to be kept holy. Fite or jour chomable, holy-day.

Čно́маск, sho-måz, s. m. time a labourer is idle for want of work.

CHONER, sho-ma, v. n. to rest or cease from work; keep or celebrate a holy-day.

Chômer de besogne, to want work, stand still for want of work.

CHONDRILLE, s. f. sort of cicoraceous plant.

CHONDROLOGIE, s. f. chondrology, trea-

tise on cartilages.

Choping, sho-pin, s. f. half a pint. French or English pint. Boire chopine le matin, to drink one's morning draught. Mar. lower pump box.

CHOPINEB, sho-pl-ak, v. n. to timple.

base, bat : jeane, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

CHOPPER, sho-pa, v. n. to dash or strike ome's foot (against a thing in walking,) stumble, trip; also to mistake.

CHOQUANT, E, shô-kan, kant, adj. odious,

Choquer, v. a. de n. Mar. to surje, check.

Choquer, so, clash with reason.

Choquer la cue, to offend, abuse, give offence; displease; to be contrary, to be against.

Choquer la cue, to offend the eyes.

Choquer la cue, to offend the eyes.

Choquer la cue, to offend the eyes.

Choquer, v. a. de n. Mar. to surge, check.

Se chaquer, v. r. to strike, run or beat against one another; to clash or disagree, be contrary; to engage or encounter; to take offices, pet, soull, or exception at; to abuse one another, rail at one another.

CHOREGRAPHIE, s. f. choregraphy, art of noting the steps and figures of a dance. CHOREVEQUE, s. m. rural bishop.

CHORION, s. m. chorion.

CHORISTE, kô-rîst, s. m. chorister. CHOROGRAPHIE, kô-rô-grà-fl, s. f. chororaphy. Сиовоевариюция, kô-rô-grà-fik, adj.

chorographical.

CHOROIDE, s. f. choroides. CHORUS, ko-rus, s. m. chorus. Faire or

chanter charus, to sing in chorus.

CHORE, shos, s. f. thing. *Monsieur chose, master thingumbob.

CHOU, shoo, s. m. cabbage, cole-wort.

Chou, shoo, s. m. cabbage, cole-wort.

Chous créps, curled garden cole-wort.

Chouse choux, sprouts.

Chouse & Manois or de Milan, Sayov. Il en Chou de Suvoie or de Milan, Savoy. Il en fuit see choux gras, he gets well by it, he cathers his nest with it. Pour revenir à nos cheer, to return to the purpose. Je n'en donper some une purpose. Se N'en donmerois pas un trognon de chou, l would not
give a pin for it. Aller planter des choux, to
retire to one's country seat.

CHOUCAS, abookis, s. m. tame jack-daw.

CHOULEFTE ablocks of cond links and

CHOURTE, shoot, s. f. owi, little owi.
CHOUQUET, s. m. Mar. cap (of the mast-

CHOOQUET, R. M. MAR. Cap (or the mast-head.) Chooquet as fer or de fer, iron-cap. CHOYER, shwh-yh, v. a. to make much of, take care of, manage tenderly, foadle. Cust flux, krem, s. m. chrism. Cust flux, krem, s. m. chrism.

CHRETIEF, FE, kré-tiès, tiên, adj. & s. m.

& f. christian

CHRÉTIENNEMENT, krô-tiên-mên, adv. cinimaly, christian like, like a christian. Cuntitunta, kre-der-ta, s. f. christendom.

CHRISMATION, s. f. chrismation. CHRIST, s. m. Christ.

CHRISTIANISER, V. a. to christianize, make christian.

CHRISTIANISME, kris-tih-nism, s. m. chrisity, christian doctrine or profession.

CHROMATIQUE, adj. & s. f. chromatick; lessant and delightful musick. CHROMIQUE, kro-nik, adj. chronick, of a g duretion, involerate.

CHRONIQUE, s. f. chronicle or history. Chronique scandaleuse, scandalous reports. CHRONIQUEUR, s. m. chronicler, writer of

CHRONOGRAMME, s. m. chronogram (an exciption where letters give the date of any ctice.)

CHROSOLOGER, krd-ad-ld-el, s. f. chrono-

CHRONOLOGIQUE, krô-nô-lô-zîk, adj. chronological.

CHRONOLOGISTE, kro-no-lo-zist, or CHRO-NOLOGUE, s. m. chronologist, chronologer. CHRONOMETRE, s. m. chronometer

Chrysalide, krl-zā-līd, s. f. chrysalis, au-

relia. CHRYSOCOLLE, s. f. chrysocol or borax,

goldsmith's solder. CHRYSOLITE, s. f. chrysolite, a yellow pre-

cious stone tinged with green. CHRYSOPEE, s. m. art of making gold.

CHRYSOPRASE, s. f. green precious stone. CHU, E, adj. fallen, tumbled down. CHUCHOTER, shd-shd-th, or CHUCHETER,

v. n. to whisper in one's ear. Сниснотевия, shu-shot-ri, s. f. whispering.

CHUCHOTEU-R or CHUCHETEU-R, SE,

shù-shù-teur, teuz, s. m. whisperer.
CHUT, shùt, interj. hush, peace there.
CHUTE, shùt, s. f. fall, tumble; misfortune; the cadence of a period; (of a sonnet) end; (of an epigram) point, sting. La chiste des feuilles, the fall of the leaf, autumn. Mar. chute d'une voile, depth or drop of a sail. Les perroquets de ce bâtiment ont beaucoup de chute, that ship's top-gallant sails are very deep. Chute des courans, setting of tides or currents.

CHTLE, shill, s. m. chyle.

CHYLIFÈRE, adj. chyliferous. CHYLIFICATION, s. f. chylification.

Ci, si, (abbreviation of ici) here. Oet homme-ci, this man. Ces femmes-ci, these women. V. celui-ci, etc. at, celui. Ci-desnas, above, sforesaid. Ci-desnas, under, underneath. Ci-desnat, before, heretofore. Ci-desnat, before, heretofore. près, afterwards, hereafter. Entre ci et la Saint-Michel, between this and Michaelmas.

CIBOIRE, sl-bwar, s. m. pyx CIBOULE, sl-bool, s. f. scallion. CIBOULETTE, sl-boo-let, s. f. chives.

CICATRICE, sl-ka-tris, s. f. cicatrice, scar.

CICATRISE, E, adj. cicatrised, full of scars. Habit tout cicatrise, ragged suit, tattered coat. Cicatriser, E, sl-kh-tri-zà, v. a. to cicatrise.

Cicatriser, v. n. to skin over, turn to a scar. Se cicatriser, v. r. to heal up to a scar, to consolidate

Cicero, sl-se-ro, s. m. (in printing) pica. Cicero approché or à petit œil, small pica. Cicerole, sl-sè-rol, s. f. sort of chickpease.

CICLAMEN, s. m. sow bread (an herb.) CICOGNE, V. Cigogne. CICUTAIRE or CIGUE aquatique, s. f. ci-

cuta, a sort of water-hemlock.

Cidre, skir, s. m. cider. Ciel, skil, s. m. Cieux, plur. beaven & heavens; paradise. (Dieu, providence) heaven, God; air, sky. Country, climate; canopy; the tester or top (of a bed;) cope of heaven. Ouvrir les cieux à quelqu'un, to rejoice one to the heart, fill one with joy. Reuer ciel et terre, leave no stone unturned. Arc-en ciel, rain-bow. The the plural, ciels must be used instead of cieux, in ciels de lit, test-

ers; Ciels d'un tableau, skies in a picture. CIERGE, sièrz, s. m. wax-taper, wax-can-

CIERGIER, sier-zia, s. m. wax-chandler.

CIRUX, sleu, V. Ciel. CIGALE, sl-gal, s. m. kind of grasshopper or flying insect, the Cicada of the ancients.

bar, bat, base : thère, cbb, over : field, fig : robe, rob, lord : mood, good.

CIGNE, V. Cygne.

CIGOGAE, sl-gogu, s. f. stork. Conte de la cigogne, tale of a tub, old woman's story. CIGOGNEAU, s. m. young stork.

Cigur, si-gh, s. f. hemlock. Cit, sil, s. m. eye-lash. Citicz, sills, s. m. hair-cloth. Citiczentr, sil-men, s. m. winking of the

CILLER, sl-fk, v. a. to wink, twinkle. Ciller les yeux, to twinkle with the eyes. Ciller, v. n. to grow grey, (speaking of horses' eye-lashes.)

CIME, am, s. f. top, ridge or height, sum-it. La cime du bonheur, the height or pinnacle of happiness.

CIMENT, si-men, s. m. cement, mortar; cement, union, tie.

CIMENTER, d-men-th, v. a. to cement.

CIMENTIER, s. m. cement-maker. CIMETERRE, sim-ter, s. m. cimeter.

CIMETIÈRE, sim-tier, s. m. cemetery. CIMER, si-mia, s. m. crest, (in heraldry;) buttock of beef. Cimter de cerf, haunch of venison.

CINABRE, s. m. cinnabar, red lead.

CINERATION, s. f. cineration, reduction of any thing by fire to ashes.

CINGLAGE, sin-glaz, s. m. Mar. space a

ship cah sail in twenty-four hours.

CINGLER, sin-gill, v. n. Mar. to sail with a fair wind. Cingler, v. a. to lash or switch.

R fait was vest qui cingle le visage, there is a wind that cuts one's face

CIMNAMOME, sl-nå-mom, s. m. V. Canelle. Cinq, sink, adj. & s. m. five. Un cinq de chiffre, a figure of five. Un cinq de carte, five at cards. Un cinq aux dés, a five or cipque at dice.

CINQUANTAINE, sin-kan-ten, s. f. fifty, about fifty, the number of fifty.

CINQUANTE, sin-kant, adj. fifty.

CIRQUANTENIER, sin-kant-nik, s. m. cap-tain or commander of fifty men. CINQUANTIÈME, sin-kan-tièm, adj. fiftieth.

Un cinquantième, s. m. a fiftieth, the fiftieth part.

CINQUIÈME, sin-klèm, adj. fifth. Un cinquième, s. m. a fifth, a fifth part. La cinquième, s. f. the fifth form (in a college.)

Cinquièmement, sin-klem-men,

fifthly, in the fifth place. CINTRAGE, s. m. Mar. V. Ceinture, Mar. CINTER, sintr, s. m. arch, mould for an arch. CINTRE, E, adj. arched, made arch-wise. CINTRER, sin-tra, v. a. to arch. Mar. to

frap, (by encircling with a cable or cables.) Bire cintre par ses amarres, to be girt with que's cables.

CION, sl-on, V. Scion.

CIOUTAT, s. m. sort of grapes. CIRAGE, si-ras, s. m. waxing (of any thing.) CIRCONCIRE, sir-kon-sir, v. a. to circumrise.

Cinconcis, adj. circumcised.

CIRCONCIS, s. m. circumcised man.

CIRCONCISEUR, s. m. circumciser. CIRCONCISION, slr-kon-cl-zlon, s. f. circumcision.

Circonférence, sir-kon-fê-rêds, s. f. circumference, compass.

CIRCONFLEXE, sh-kon-flèks, adj. & s. m. circumflex.

CIRCONLOCUTION, str-kon-lo-kh-slon, s. f. circumlocution, periphranis

CIRCONSCRIPTION, sir-kons-krip-sion, s. £. circumscription.

CIRCONSCRIRE, str-kons-krif, v. a. (like

écrire at crire,) to circumscribe, enclose within a line : to limit, bound. CIRCONSCRIT, E, adj. circumscribed, etc. CIRCONSPECT, E, sir-kous-pêkt, adj. cir-cumspect, wary, wise, considerate, discreet, prudent.

CIRCONSPECTION, str-kons-pek-slon, s. f. circumspection, wariness, consideration, prudence, discretion. Avec circonspection, warily, circumspectly, prudently, discreetly, with consideration. consideration.

Circonstance, sir-kons-tèns, s. f. circumstance. Circonstances et dépendances, appurtepances.

CIRCONSTANCIER, shr-kons-ten-sih, v. a. to circumstantiate, describe with circumstances, tell the circumstances of.

CIRCONVALLATION, sir-kon-val-la-slon, s. circumvallation.

CIRCONVENIR, sh-konv-nir, v. a. like venir, to circumvent, cozen, deceive, over-reach.
CIRCONVENTION, sir-kon-ven-don, s. f. circumvention, deceit, fraud, cozenage.

CIRCONVENU, E, adj. circumvented, coz-

ened, deceived. Circonvoisin, z, sir-kon-vwa-zin, zin, adj. neighbouring, near; adjoining, adjacent, bordering upon.

CIRCONVOLUTION, s. f. circumvolution.

CIRCUNY, sir-kôl, s. m. compass, circuit, circumference. Long circuit de paroles, beating of or about the bush, great preamble.
CIRCULAIRE, sir-kôl-ler, adj. circular, round. Lettres circulaires, circular letters; writs or summons (for the calling of a Partiament in England.)

CIRCULAIREMENT, sh-ku-lèr-mèn, adv. circularly.

CIRCULATION, sir-ku-la-sion, s. f. circulation

CIRCULATOIRE, adj. circulatory. Circuler, dr-ku-la, v. n. to circulate, move round.

CIRE, sir, s. f. wax; seal. Cire d'Espagne, sealing-wax. Un homme de cire, a waxenman, a man susceptible of any impression. La cire des orcilles, ear-wax

CIRÉ, E, adj. waxed. Toile cirée, cere cloth, oil cloth. Toile cirée pour courrir un Toile cirte, cere chapeau, oil-case for a hat.

CIRRE, v. a. to wax.

CIRIER, sl-ria, s. m. wax-chandler.

CIRORNE, s. m. plaster for a bruise, searcloth.

CIRON, si-row, s. m. flesh-worm, little blister (made by the soorm.)
CIRQUE, sirk, s. m. circus, place for games

and publick exercises.

CIRSOCRLE, s. m. cirsocele. CIRURE, sl-rur, s. f. waxing or overlaying with wax.

CISAILLER, sl-za-da, v. a. to cut or clip (counterfeit money.)
CISAILLES, sl-zhl, s. f. pl. shears; also

shearings, clippings.

CISEAU, sl-zò, s. m. chisel, graver. Le ciseau de la parque, the scissors of fate. Ciseaux or une paire de ciseaux, scissors or

base, but : jeune, meute, beurre : enflat, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

guir el scissors. Gros ciseaux, shears. Mar. Ciseas du calfat double or cannelé, calker's

usarking-iron.
Ciselle, E, adj. chased, raised, carved.
Vaisselle ciselee, chased plate. Velours cisele,

flowered or uncut velvet.

Cisklen, sk-lk, v. a. to chase, raise, carve.

Cisklen, sk-lk, a. m. graver.

CIMELEUR, s. m. chaser.

CISELURE, siz-ldr, s. f. chasing, raising, carving; also chased work, carved work, chisel work, sculpture. Crsornes, V. Cisailles.

CISSOIDE, S. f. cissoid, curve-line. CISTE, S. m. cistus, rock-rose.

CISTRE, sist, s. m. cithern (sort of harp.) CITADERLE, si-th-dêl, s. f. citadel. CITADER, E, si-th-din, din, s. m. & f. citi-

CITATION, al-th-slow, s. f. citation.

Cité, d-th, a. f. city, town. Citer, d-th, v. a. to cite, summon to ap-

peer; to cine, quote, alledge. Citer son au-teur, to name one's author. CITERLEUR, E, si-th-rièur, rièur, adj. cite-riour, hither, hithermost. La Calabra cité-rioure, Calabra citerior or the hither Calabria. CIYERNE, si-tèrn, s. f. cistern.

CITERFEAU, s. m. little cistern.

CITOYER, NE, SI-twa-yin, yeu, s. m. & f. a citizen, inhabitant or person free of a city.
CTVRIN, E, SI-trin, trin, adj. chrine, of a

lemon-colous

CITROR, si-tros, s. m. citron, lemon; le-

un-colour.

CITROSEAT, si-trò-nà, s. m. candied lemon-peel. CITRORUE, E. si-trò-na, adi. that has the

taste or flavour of a lemon

CTRORELLE, al-tro-nel, s. f. balm-mint. CITROSNIER, sl-trò-nil, s. m. lemon-tree. citron-tree.

CITROUILLE, si-trool, s. f. great gourd,

cirul or pumpion.
CIVADE, si-vad, s. f. kind of beard fish. CIVADIÈRE, si-và-dier, s. f. sprit-sail.

Cave, siv, s. f. chives (species of small onion.)

Civer, sl-ve, s. m. sauce and ragout made of a hare or rabbit.

of a hare or rabbit.
Civeres, sl-vet, s. f. a civet-cat, civet, (Err) chives.
Civilar, d-vier, s. f. hand-barrow.
Civil, sl-vil, adj. civil, pertaining to the chiseas or city or state; not criminal. Civil, coursesse, kind, affable, well-bred. Juge civil, judge in civil causes. Une request civile, a bill of review.

CIVILEMENT, a-vil-men, adv. civilly, courteously, kindly; in a civil cause.

CIVILISATION, S. f. civilization.

CIVILISER, sl-vl-B-zh, v. a. to civilize, sake civil, soften, or polish manners. Civilization. liser une affaire, to turn a criminal into a civil

CIVILITÉ, s. v. l. l. tà, s. f. civility, courtesy, good breeding. Faire civilité à quelqu'un, to receive ar entertain one civilly. Recevoir quelqu'un ever besucoup de civilité, to receive one very handsomely or civilly, shew him a great deal of respect. Civilités, compliments, separate, commendations.

CIVIQUE, al-vik, adj. civick. Couranne

civique, civic crown, garland given to him who saved a citizen's life.

CIVISME, s. m. civism, love of one's country

CLABAUD, klå-bo, s. m. liar, hound that opens faise; booby, clown. Chapeau qui fait le clabaud, hat that flaps down.
CLABAUDAGE, klå-bo-dåz, s. m. barking

or baying of dogs. CLABAUDER, kia-bo-da, v. a. to open, bark or bay; to clamour or brawl, make a great deal of noise to no purpose.

CLABAUDERIE, klå-bod-ri, s. f. clamour,

brawling.

CLABAUDEU-R, SE, S. m. & f. clamourer, brawler.

CLAIR, kle, s. f. hurdle. Trafner un criminel sur la claie, to draw a malefactor upon a hurdle.

CLAIR, E, klèr, klèr, adj. clear; bright, luminous; lightsome; polished; serene, fair, without clouds; manifest, evident; discerning; without clouds; manitest, evident; discerning; thin; pure; shrill, loud; transparent. Rouge clair, light red. Clair bruss, light brown. Clairs deniers, argent clair, clear or pure money. Lait clair, whey. Des ritres claires, clean windows. Horizon clair, clear horizon. CLAIR, s. m. shine, light. Il commence à faire clair, it begins to be day-light. Clair de huse, moon-shine. Nuit où il fait clair de huse, moon-shiny night. Les clairs d'un tablesse, etc. the lights of a picture, etc. CLAIR, adv. clear or clearly, plain or plainly.

CLAIR, adv. clear or clearly, plain or plainly.

Voir clair, to see clear, be clear sighted, be sharp, have a sharp wit. Il voit clair dans cette affaire, he understands this affair thoroughly, he sees into the very bottom of it.

Entendre clair, to be quick of apprehension.

Parler clair, to speak with a clear or shrill voice : to speak loud or distinctly; speak plain or freely.

CLAIREMENT, klèr-mên, adv. clearly, plainly, distinctly; manifestly. CLAIRET, TE, klèr-è, rèt, adj. claret. Vin clairet, claret. Eau clairette, sort of cherrybrandy.

CLARETTE, s. f. mun of St. Claire.
CLARETOLE, kler-vwk, s. f. thin sowing.
Semer à claire-coie, to sow thin.
CLAIRIÈRE, kler-fèr, s. f. glade in a wood.
CLAIRON, kleron, s. m. clarion.
CLAIR-SEMÉ, E, adj. thin-sown, thin, scarce.
CLAIR-VOYANCE, kler-vwk-yèrs, s. f. quickmen of independant politics, popularion, sharping. ness of understanding, penetration, sharpness or acuteness of wit.

CLAIRVOYANT, E, kler-vwk-yen, yent, adj. clear-sighted, sharp, acute.

CLAMEUR, klå-meur, s. f. clamour, outcry;

(de haro) citation before the judge. CLAMP, or rather CLAM, s. m. sheave-hole.

CLAN, s. m. clan, tribe. CLANDESTIN, E, klèn-des-tin, tin, adj.

clandestine, secret, private. klèn-des-thu-men. CLANDESTINEMENT,

adv. clandestinely, privately.
CLANDESTINITÉ, klén-dés-d-nl-th, s. f.

clandestine or private manner.
CLAPET, s. m. clapper of a pump-box.
CLAPIER, klå-plå, s. m. burrow (for rabbits), tame rabbit; also rabbit butch.
CLAPIER, klå-plr, v. n. to squeak like a rab-

t. Se clapir, v. r. to squat, lie squat. CLAQUE, klak, s. m. slapper, snapper

bar, bat, base: thère, ébb, over: fleld, flg: robe, rob, ford: mood, good.

Claque, s. f. slap, blow. Des claques, clogs. *CLAQUEDENT, klak-den, s. m. beggar, paltry, pitiful wretch; also a brawler, boaster.

CLAQUEMENT, klåk-men, s. m. clapping; chattering; smacking, snapping (of a whip.)
CLAQUEMURER, klåk-mu-rå, v. a to put

CLAQUEMURER, klak-mu-ra, v.a to put in a stone-doublet (prison.) CLAQUER, klak-ka, v. a. to flap or slap or snap. Il claque des deuts, les deuts in claquent, his teeth chatter. Faire bien claquer son fouet, to make a noise or bustle in the world.

CLAQUET, klå-ke, s. m. clack of a mill, chat.

CLAQUETER, v. n. to clack.

CLARIFICATION, kla-ri-fi-ka-sion, s. f. cla-

rifying or making clear; clarification.

CLARIFIER, klå-rl-fl-å, v. a. to clarify or
make clear. Se clarifier, v. r. to clarify or grow clear.

CLARINE, s. f. bell (on the neck of cattle.)

CLARINETTE, kla-ri-net, s. f. clarionet. CLARTÉ, klar-ta, s. f. light, brightness,

splendour; clearness, perspicuity, plainness.
CLASSE, klas, s. f. class, rank, order; (of a college) form. Durant mes classes, when I was a school-boy. Classes, pl. Mar. divisions of seamen (in the French service.)

CLASSER, v. a. to class.

CLASSIQUE, kla-sik, adj. classick, classical, approved (speaking of an author.)

CLATIR, v. n. to bark with redoubled violence.

CLAUDE, s. & adj. fool, silly.

CLAUDICATION, s. f. claudication, limping. CLAUSE, kloz, s. f. clause, proviso, condition, article.

CLAUSTRAL, E, klos-tral, adj. claustral, monastic, monastical.

CLAVEAU, kla-vo, s. m. scab, rot; hanse (of a door, etc.)

CLAVECIN, s. m. harpsichord.

CLAVECIBISTE, s. m. player on the harpaichord.

CLAVELÉ, E, klav-la, adj. that has the rot

or scab; scabby.
CLAVELEE, klav-la, s. f. rot, scab.

CLAVETTE, klå-våt, s. f. pin or peg.
Clavette, s. f. Mar. forelock (of a bolt.)
CLAVICULE, klå-vå-kål, s. f. clavicle, collar-bone; also little key.

CLAVIER, klå-vlå, s. m. (of an organ,) keys; chain or ring (to keep keys on.)
CLAYON, kle-yon, s. m. little hurdle.
CLAYONNAGE, kle-yo-naz, s. m. fence

made with hurdles.

CLEF, klå, s. f. key-stone; (of a pistol) spanner; bed-screw; screw-key; (of a vice) spanner; bed-serew; serew-key; (of a vice) pin; (in musick) key or clef; (of a cross-bow) gaffle. Clef de forme de cordonnier, wedges of a bootmaker's last. Fermer à clef, to lock up. Etre enfermé sous la clef, to be under lock and key. Prendre la clef des champs, to run away. Donner la clef des champs, to let go. Jeter les clefs sur la fosse, to renounce the succession (said of a widow) the succession, (said of a widow.)

Cle or clef, s. f. Mar. hitch (sort of knot) fid, etc. Demi-clef, half-hitch. Deux demi-clefs, clove hitch. Clef des måts, fid, mast fid. Pais entrer la clef, enter the fid. V. En-La clef est-elle entrée? is the fid entered?

Cless, filling-pieces.
CLEMATITE, s. f. sort of plant.
CLEMATITE, s. f. sort of plant.
CLEMENCE, kill-mems, s. f. clemency.

CLÉMENT, E, klå-men, ment, adj. clement, gracious, merciful.

CLEMENTINES, s. f. pl. constitutions of pope Clement the fifth.

CLENCHE, s. f (loquet) latch or bott (of a

CLEPSYDRE, klep-sldr, s. f. clepsydra, water-hour-glass.

CLERC, kler, s. m. clerk, clergyman; scho-lar; clerk, writing-clerk. Clerc d'office, clerk of the kitchen. Il n'est pas grand clerk. no great scholar, he has no great skill. Faire pas de clerc, to make a gross mistake

CLERGE, klêr-za, s. m. clergy, ecclesiastics. CLERICAL, E, kla-ri-kall, adj. clerical, of a clerk or clergyman.

CLÉRICALEMENT, kla-rl-kal-men, adv.

like a clergyman.
CLERICATURE, klå-ri-kå-tår, s. f. clerk-ship, condition of a clergyman. Droit de cacricature, privilege of the clergy.

CLÉROMANCIE, s. f. cleromancy, divination by the casting of dice.

CLIENT, E, kli-en, ent, s. m. & f. client.

CLIENTELE, kli-en-tel, s. f. the clients of or dependents on a nobleman; also patronage, protection.

CLIFOTRE, a sort of syringe that children make with a switch of elder.
CLIGNEMENT, kilgn-men, s. m. winking of the eyes, (said only of the habit.)

CLIGNER, kil-guâ, les yeux, v. a. to wink or twinkle with the eyes. CLIGNOTEMENT, kil-guôt-mên, s.m. wink-

ing, twinkling.

CLIGNOTER, kil-gnô-tå, v. n. or CLIGNOTER des yeux, to wink and twinkle often with

CLIMAT, kli-ma, s. m. climate clime, coun-

try. CLIMATÉRIQUE, kli-må-tå-rik, adj. climacterick.

CLIN (d'œil,) klin-deul, s. m. twinkling, (of an eye.) Faire un clin d'œil à quelqu'an, to give the wink or to tip one the wink. etoient obeissans ou moindre clin d'œil, they were ready at call or at the least sign. A ch or à clins, Mar. clincher-work. Bâtiment bordé à clin, clincher built vessel. CLINCAILLE, s. f. iron-ware, hard-ware;

copper coin, base coin.
Clincaller, or Clincallier, s. m. iron-monger.

CLINCAILLERIE, s. f. dealing in hard wares.

CLINIQUE, adj. clinick, clinical. CLINQUANT, klin-kan, s. m. timel, plate, lace of gold or silver; tinsel, thing showy but of little value.

CLIQUART, s. m. a sort of stone good for building.

CLIQUE, kilk, s. f. party, gang. CLIQUET, V. Claquet.

Cliquets, s. m. pl. Mar. pauls or pawls; cliquets de fer, hanging pauls.
CLIQUETER, kilk-tå, v. n. to clack.
CLIQUETES, kilk-tå, s. m. clashing or clat-

tering of arms.

CLIQUETTES, kli-ket, s. f. pl. child's clacker. Cliquettes de ladre, a lazar's clicket or clapper.

Lisse, klis, s. f. little hurdle. CLISSER, kil-si, v. a. to cover or protect buse, but : jeune, meute, beurre : èrafant, cent, lièn : vin : mon : brun.

head; to get tipsy or drunk; d'une personne, to be overfond of an opinion or person. Se coiffer de feaux chevenex, to wear false hair.

Se leisser coufer, to build a chapel.

Coifer, v. a. Mar. to back, lay aback.

Coifer une voile, to lay a sail aback or to back a sail. Se coiffer, v. a. Mar. to be taken a sain. Se couper, v. a. mar. to te tases abock. Moss more sommes coiffée en chicamant le sent, we have been taken aback by hugging the wind too close. Se coiffer to broach to. COIFFURE, kwh-feur, s. m. hair-dresser. Onifesse, kwh-feuz, s. f. milliner. COIFFURE, kwh-fur, s. f. head-dress. Conswa seg. COIFEE etc. V.

Colenasse, Colenae, Colenae, etc. V. Cornesse, etc.
Colesies, s. m. quince-tree.

Coleson, s. m. coin or wedge used by pristers to lock up a form.

Com, kwin, s. m. corner; (of a wig) lock the; a punch; wedge, coin, quoin; (fruit) quince. Regarder du coin de l'avil, to cast mesp's eyes, leer upon. Il tient bien son coin, le keeps or maintains his ground. Marqué en hon coin, of the right stamp. Marqué au ranneis coid, not of the right stamp. V.

Coignoir.
Cois, s. m. Mar. coin, quoin, wedge, chock, dc. Cois à marche, horsing-iron. Cois à fendre, iron-wedge. Cois de sure, coin (or quois) of a gum. Cois d'arrimage, wedge or chock used in the stowage of a vessel's hold. Coiss de mate, wedges of a mast (by which it is confined in the partners.)
Collecterence, s. f. coincidence.

CONCIDENT, E, adj. coincident. Computer, v. n. to coincide.

Colug, s. m. quince. V. Coin, (the g is si-

kest.)
Cotos, a. m. coward, dastardly fellow.
Cotossen, v. n. to abuse, make a fool of,
use scarvily. Also v. n. Ex. Il ne fast que cot-

The New York of the Control of Somebody.

Colorwenie, s. f. cowardice, base cowards exists, seaking ses; also silliness, foolery, paids lide story, trifle.

Coff, &-b, s. m. cotton.

Coff, V. Cosette.

COL, köl, s. m. collar; defile, narrow pas-mage; meck (of the bladder;) stock (sort of cranst.) V. Con.

COLACHOS, s. m. sort of Italian instrument

COLARSE, s. m. frieze of a tuscan or doric

pital. COLATURE, s. f. colature; also what is

COLCELDE, s. f. Colchis (kingdom in Asia.)

Cole diso, Twe-Chieri, dog-bane. COLGOTAR, s. m. Colcothar, calcined vitriol.

COLERA-MORRUS, S. m. cholera-morbus.
COLERA, holder, s. f. anger, wrath, passion;
choler; rage. Etre en colere contre quelqu'un, be angry with one. Recent de sa colère, to come to one's self again. La colère des fats, the rage of the waves. Mer en colère,

ging or angry sea. Condum, adj. cholerick, passionate, hasty,

api to be angry, soon angry. Con ime que, ko-là-rik, adj. cholerick, pas-

COLIFICHET, kô-fl-fl-shê, s. m. cut paper; knack, trifle, gewgaw, toy. Machine to regu-late the weight of coin.

COLIMAÇON, V. Limaçon.

Colin-mailland, ko-lin-ma-dar, s. m. blind man's buff.

COLIQUE, kô-lik, s. f. colick, griping. COLISÉE, kô-li-za, s. m. Coliseum.

COLLABORAT-RUR, RICE, S. m. & f. who works jointly with another, who helps him. COLLATAIRE, s. m. he on whom has been

conferred an ecclesiastical benefice. COLLATÉRAL, E, kô-là-là-ràl, adj. collateral. Les collateraux, s. m. pl. collateral kindred.
COLLATEUR, kôl-là-têur, s. m. collator,

patron.

COLLATI-F, VE, kôl-là-df, thv, adj. Ex. Bénéfice collatif, benefice that is conferred.
COLLATION, kôl-là-don, s. f. collation, ad-

vowson, patronage; comparison of one thing with another; collation, light supper, afternoon's nunchion. Es the latter sense one L is silent.

COLLATIONNER, kôl-là-slô-nà, v. a. to compare, collate. Collationner, v. n. (the two L's as one) to eat a collation.

Colle, köl, s. f. glue, pasie, size; sham, lie. Colle forte, glue. Colle de poisson, isinglass. Colle de l'arine, paste.

Colle, E, adi, glued, pasted; (at billiards) close to the cushion. Je nuis colle or ma billé est collée, I have a close ball. Charbons collés, caked coal. Habit qui est collé or qui semble collé sur le corps, suit that fits very close. Etre collé sur les livres, to pore over books, study hard. Etre collé sur son cheval,

books, study hard. Extremels an energy to sit firm or straight on horseback. Avoir les yeux collées sur, to have one's eyes fastened on. COLLECTE, kô-lêkt, s. f. sort of prayer, collect; gathering or levying of taxes; collection of charities.

COLLECTEUR, kô-lêk-têur, s. m. collector, gatherer of taxes.

COLLECTI-F, VE, kô-lêk-tif, tiv, adj. collec-

tive. COLLECTION, kô-lêk-slon, s. f. collection, compilation.

Collectivement, ko-lek-tiv-men, adv. collectively, in a collective sense.

COLLEGATAIRE, kô-là-gà-tèr, s. m. & f. collegatory.

College, kô-làz, s. m. college. Collegial, E, kô-là-ziàl, adj. collegiate.

Colligiale, s. f. collegiate church. Colligue, kô-lêg, s. m. colleague, fellow

or co-partner in an office.

COLLER, kô-là, v. a. to glue or paste together; (une bille) to put close to the cushion; give a close ball. Se coller or être collé contre un mur, to tie close to a wall. Se coller, to cake (said of sea-coal.)

COLLERETTE, kôl-rêt, s. f. neckcloth or

kerchief (for women.)

kerchiei (for wonion.)

Collet, kô-lê, s. m. (of a waistcoat) collar: (of a coat) cape; (of a chemise) neck; neck-band; a gin; (of mutton) neck. Collet de buffle, buff jerkin. Prendre or saisir quelqu'un au collet, to nab one, take one primer apprehend one. soner, arrest, apprehend one. Prêter le col-let à quelqu'un, to cope with one, make head against one. Mar. Ex. Collet d'étai, eye of a stay. Collet d'une courbe, throat of a knee.

bar, bat, base : thère, êbb, ovêr : field, fig : robe, rob, lord : mood, good.

COLLETER, kôl-tâ, v. a. to take by the neck, to collar. Colleter, v. n. to set gins (for hares,

etc.) Se colleter, v. r. to wrestle or struggle. "COLLETIN, kôl-tin, s. m. jerkin. COLLEUR, s. m. glue; maker of paste-

board; house-paperer.
Collier, kolffi, s. m. necklace; (of a knight, horse, dog, etc.) collar. Cheval de coller, draught horse. Pigeon au collier, a ringdove.

Prendre le collier de misère, to take a dove. Prendre le couver au muere, su visée. Reprendre le collier de misère, to return to the plough. Mar. Collier d'étai, collar of a stay. Collier de defense, puddening of a boat's stem.

COLLIGER, ko-il-za, v. a. to collect remarkable passages, make collections; to gather or

infer or draw a consequence.

COLLINE, ko-fin, s. f. hill, knoll. COLLIQUATI-F, VE, adj. colliquative, melt-

ing. COLLIQUATION, s. f. colliquation, the act of melting.

COLLISION, kôl-ll-zlon, s. m. collision, dash-

ing together.
Collocation, köl-lö-kå-sion, s. f. collocation, placing in order or rank.

Colloque, kô-lôk, s. m. conference, col-

loquy, dialogue. Colloquen, köl-lö-kä, v. a. torank, place

in order. COLLUDER, kol-lå-då, v. a. to collude, juggle, plead by covin with intent to de-

COLLUSION, kôl-lå-slon, s. f. collusion, jug-

gling, deceit, covin used among lawye

COLLUSOIRE, kôl-lû-swar, adj. collusory, done by covin and collasion

COLLUSOIREMENT, kôl-lů-swár-mên, adv. collusively, done by covin and collusion.

COLLYRE, kö-lir, s. m. collyrium, eye-salve. COLMAR, s. m. (sort of pearl) colmar. COLOTANE, V. Colophane.

COLOMBAGE, s. m. row of joists. COLOMBE, ko-lond, s. f. dove, pigeon.

COLOMBERAU, s. m. male-pigeon.
COLOMBERA, kô-lon-bla, s. m. dove-bouse, pigeon-house. Colombiers, s. m. pl. Mar. blocking up of a ship's cradle.

COLOMBIN, s. m. lead ore; also columbine,

dove-colour.

Colonbin, E, kô-lon-bin, bin, adj. columbine, of a dove-colour.

COLOMBINE, s. f. (plant) columbine; pigeon's dung.

COLOMNADE, COLOMNE, V. Colonnade, Colonne.

COLON, kô-lon, s. m. (an intestine) colon; farmer, planter; inhabitant of one of the colonies.

COLONEL, kô-lô-nêl, s. m. colonel.

COLONEL, LE, kô-lô-nêl, adj. belonging to the colonel. La colonelle or la compagnie. colonelle, the colonel's company, the first company of a regiment.

COLONIAL, E, adj. colonial. COLONIE, ko-lo-ni, s. f. colony, plantation.

COLONIE, kö-lö-ni, s. t. coiony, prantation.
COLONNADE, kö-lö-nid, s. f. colounade.
COLONNE, kö-lön, s. f. column; pillar,
round pillar; supporter, prop; line (of battle.)
Les colonnes d'Hercule, Hercules's pillars.

Les colonnes d'an lit. the bed-posts.

Une es-Les colonnes d'un lit, the bed-posts. cadre sur trois colonnes, a fleet of men of war drawn up in three lines.

COLOPHANE, kô-lô-fan, s. f. coloph rosin for bows of musical instruments.

COLOQUINTE, kô-lô-kist, s. m. coloquin-

teda, bitter apple.
Colori, E, adj. coloured; apparent, pretended. Avoir le teint colore, to have a great colour.

COLORER, kô-lô-rà, v. a. to colour, dye, to colour, varnish over, palliste. Se colover, v. r. to colour. Le rôt commence à se colover, the

COLORIER, kô-lô-rià, v. a. to lay on the co-

lours with propriety.

COLORIS, kö-lö-ri, s. m. colouring (im a picture.) Un beau coloris, a fine lively complex-

ion.

COLORISTE, kô-lô-rîst, s. m. painter skilled in the right use of colours, colourist.

COLOSSAL, R. kô-lô-shl, adj. colossal, colossan, giant-like, gigantick.

COLOSSE khlis am colosses skille am colosses khlis am colosses

COLOSSE, kô-lôs, s. m. colossus; giant. COLOSTRE, kô-lôstr, s. m. beastings, first

milk after childbirth.

COLPORTAGE, kôl-pôr-the, s. m. hawker's

COLPORTER, kôl-pôr-tâ, v. a. to hawk about. COLPORTEUR, kôl-pôr-têur, s. m. COLPOR-TEUSE, s. f. bawker, pedler

COLTIS, s. m. Mar. beak-head, bulk-head. foremost frame of a ship.

COLURES, kö-lür, s. m. ps. commun. COLEA, s. m. a sort of wild cabbage.

Coma, s. m. coma, morbid dispo sleep.

COMATRU-X, SE, adj. cometose, lethargi COMBAT, kon-ba, s. m. combat, fight, fig ing, battle, action, conflict, straggling. Coming, outer, action, collect, strugging. Combat naval or de mer, sea-fight, engagement at sea. Combat à la barrière, tilting. Combat de coure cock-fighting. Combat singuitier, duel. Combat singuitier, duel. Combat de jeux. Olympiques, combats in the Olympiques. pick games.

COMBATTANT, kon-bil-ten, s. m. combet-

ant, fighting-man, champion.

Combattre, kow-batr, v. a. like battre, to combat, fight; to combat, wage or make war, withstand, oppose, resist, strive against. La goutte est une maladie ou'on a de la peine à combatire, the gout is difficult to deal with. combattre, v. n. to combat, fight, etc. to be in suspense, be uncertain or wavering. Com-battre contre une maladie, to struggle with a disease. Mar. to fight, etc. Că

deur bords, to engage on both sides.

COMBATTU, E, adj. fought, etc.

COMBIEN, kon-blên, how much, how m tombien de gena, how many souds?

Combien de gena, how many souds?

Combien cost cela, what is the price of that?

Combien de tena, how long, how long time?

Combien que, although. V. Quoque.

COMBINATSON, kon-bl-nd-son, s. £. combination.

nation or joining together.

COMBINER, kon-bl-nk, v. a. to combine, join together.

COMBLE, koshl, a. m. top. ridge; timber work and roof of a building; heaping of a measure, over-measure; highest pitch or degree, height. Pour comble de, in order to complete, in order to fill the measure of. De fond en comble, from top to bottom, duran to the ground, utterly, to all intents and pur-Doses.

base, but : jeums, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun

COMBLE, adj. heaped up, full to the top. Chevel qui a le pied comble, horse whose sole is higher than his hoof. ComBLE, E, adj. heaped up, filled. Un part comble, Mar. a harbour choked up.

COMBLEMENT, s. m. the act of filling up.
COMBLEM, kos-bik, v. a. to heap up, fill or
fill up: (quelqu'um de bienfaits) to load one
with favours or kindness: (quelqu'um de joie) to fill one with joy.

COMBLETE, a. f. slit in the middle of a

stag's foot. Commourgeois, V. Concitoyen.

COMBRIÈRE, s. f. net to catch large fish

COMBUGER, kon-bå-zå, v. a. to soak. Com-

buger une pièce or une futaille, to soak or e out a cask.

COMPUSTIBLE, kon-büs-tibl, adj. combustible.

Combustion, kon-bus-tion, s. f. combus-m, tumelt, confusion. time, manuelt, contuneon.

Conzone, kô-mh-dl, s. f. play; comedy; play-house, theatre; dissimulation, shamming, juggiling. Faire la comédie, to be a player. Donner la comédie, to make sport player. or others.

COMEDIEN, kô-mà-diễn, s. m. player, co-

COMEDIET, Ed-ma-diet, s. m. player, co-median, actor; dissembler or hypocrite.

Concidence, kd-md-dien, s. f. player, wo-ne player, actress; also dissembler, dissem-ling woman.

COMESTIBLE, adj. & s. eatable.

COMEST, kd-mdt, s. f. comet, blazing star.

COMESTS, kd-mdt, s. m. nl she comities.

Conscus, ko-mis, s. m. pl. the comitia or meanly of the people of Rome.

Commen, s. f. bomb of a considerable

COMEQUE, hô-mik, adj. comical, of or be-loging to a comedy. Poete comique, writer of comedies, comick writer.

CONIQUE, s. m. comical part.

COMIQUEMENT, ko-mik-men, adv. comically; pleasantly, like a comedy.

COMPTE, s. m. officer of a galley, who has particular command over the slaves.

Comma, kô-mì-th, s. m. committee. Comma, s. m. semicolon or colon. Commasdast, kô-mèn-dèn, adj. & s. m.

commanding, commander, commanding offi-cer. Commandant en chef, commander in chiel. Commandant d'une escadre or d'une division, Mar. commander in chief of a floet or squadron; also commodore or senior offi-cer of a detachment of ships. Commandant m port, commanding officer at a port. Com-

manual d'une prise prise master.

CONMANDE, kô-mend, adv. Ex. Besogne de commande, work that is besooken. Marchaelise de commande, goods that are bespoken. Bladite de commande, feigued sickness, et. V. Commander.

CORMANDEMENT, kô-mènd-mên, s. m. precapt, law. Government, conduct; (mili-iry arm) height, eminence, little hill or rising ground. Les commandement de l'exercice, the words of command. Faire commandement, to command. Apple tout & commandement, to have all things at command. Avoir le Lotin ment, to be master of Latin. Mar. der; also command of a ship. Commander kô-mên-dh, v. a. to com-

mand; order, charge or bid; to bespeak; to have the command, conduct, government or rule; to master, to keep under, have the mastery or command over; to lead. Mar. to command, etc. Commander la manaesavre avec le sifflet, to wind a call. Commander la route, to shape the course. Commande, holloa (answer made by French sailors, when a sort of preparatory whistle is given previous to any general order being signified.)

COMMANDERIE, kô-mênd-ri, s. f. comman-

derv.

COMMANDEUR, kô-men-deur, s. m. the commander (of an order of knights.)

COMMANDITE, s. f. agreement between two partners when one finds the money, the

other attends to the business.

COMME, kôm, adv. as, like, as it were, almost; as, seeing that; whereas; as, when.
Triste comme content, il vous faudra chanter, sad or merry you must sing. Il est comme cela, it is his way. Comme quoi, how? why? Comme aussi, as, so, likewise. Comme cela, so so. Comme aussi, and likewise. Comme si, as if.

COMMEMORATI-F, VE, adj. commemorative.

Commémoration, kô-mã-mô-rã-sion, s. f. commemoration, remembrance.

COMMENÇANT, E, kô-mên-sên, sênt, s. m. & f. beginner, novice.

COMMENCEMENT, kô-mèns-mên, s. m. beginning, commencement.

COMMENCER, kô-mên-sh, v. a. to begin or enter upon. Commencer un procès, to commence a suit at law, v. n. to begin or commence. Commencer le déchargement d'un vaisseau or à décharger un vaisseau, Mar. to break

COMMENDATAIRE, kô-men-dà-ter, s. m. commendatory, one who holds a living in commendam.

COMMENDE, kô-mend, s. f. commendam. En commende, Ex. Abbaye en commende, ab-

bey in commendam.

Commensal, n, kô-mên-sal, adj. that eats at the same table. Officier commensal, officer of the king's household.

COMMENSALITÉ, a. f. commensality, fellowship of table.

COMMENSURABILITÉ, kô-mèn-sû-râ-bî-lî-

th, s. f. commensurability.
COMMENSURABLE, kô-mên-sû-rabl, adj.

commensurable. COMMENT, kô-mên, adv. how, in what

manner; how! why?
COMMENTAIRE, kô-mên-têr, s. m. com-

ment, commentary, exposition.

Commentateur, kô-mên-tâ-têur, s. m.

commentator.
Commentator, kô-mên-tâ, v. a. to com-

ment, write comments upon. Commenter, v. n. to criticise; put an ill

construction upon; to exaggerate.

"Conner, ko-ma, v. n. to make compari-

COMMERÇABLE, kô-mèr-sabi, adj. commercial, negotiable, that belongs to trade. COMMERÇANT, kô-mèr-sèn, s. m. trader,

merchant. Commercant, E, adj. trading. Ex. Une

nation commercante, a trading nation.

Commerce, kô-mèrs, s. m. commerce; trade, trading or traffick; communication, in-

bar, bat, base : thère, êbb, over : field, fig : rôbe, rôb, lôrd : môod, gôod.

tercourse, converse, acquaintance, correspondence; amour, intrigue.

COMMERCER, kô-mêr-sa, v. n. to trade or

drive a trade, traffick.

Commère, kô-mèr, s. f. god-mother; gos-

sip or gossipping housewife.

Commettant, kô-mê-tên, s. m. constituent. Ex. Les députés ne feront rien de contraire aux intéréis de leurs commettans, the deputies will not act contrary to the interests of their constituents.

COMMETTRE, kô-mêtr, v. a. (like mettre) to commit, do, perpetrate; to assign, appoint, to commit, we propose. Commettre une chose au soin de quelqu'un, to commit a thing to mettre deux personnes entre elles, to make two persons quarrel and fall out, set two persons together by the ears. Commettre des cordages, Mar. to lay ropes. V. Cordage. Se commettre, v. r. to expose one's self. Se commettre avec quelqu'un, to expose one's self, to be drawn into a quarrel with one.

COMMINATION, s. f. commination, threat-

ening.

Comminatoire, kô-mì-nà-twar, adj. com-

minatory, threatening. COMMIS, E, adj. committed, etc. V. Commettre & Cordage.

Commis, kô-mi, s. m. deputy or clerk. Commis de la douane, commissioner of the custom-house; also custom-house officer.
Commis aux rivres, Mar. purser, steward (of a ship.)

Commise, kô-miz, s. f. forfeiture, confisca-

COMMISÉRATION, kô-mi-za-ra-sion, s. f.

commiseration, compassion, pity.

Commissaire, ko-mi-ser, s. m. commissioner; judge, delegate or commissary; overseer or sequestrator; overseer. Commissaire de police, justice of the peace. Commissaire des guerres, muster-master, commissary. Commissaire des vivres, commissioner of the victualling, Lords commissaires de l'amiranté, lords commissioners of the admiralty. Commissuires de la marine, commissioners of the navy. Commissaire résident, (dans un port) commissioner resident.

COMMISSION, kô-ml-slon, s. f. commission; message; errand; warrant, mandate; charge, order. Mettre un vaisseau de guerre en commission, to put a ship in commission. Vendre des vivres par commission, to sell books for another.

COMMISSIONNAIRE, kô-mì-siò-ner, s. m. commission-merchant, factor; an errand-boy.

COMMITTIMUS, s. m. Lettres de committis, special commission directed in the behalf of privileged persons to their peculiar judges.

COMMITTITUR, s. m. committitur.

COMMODAT, s. m. gratuitous lending of a

thing which is to be returned.

COMMODE, kô-môd, adj. convenient, easy, commodious, apt, fit, advantageous; easy, complaisant, good humoured, not trouble-some; too indulgent or condescending. Une morale commode, a lax morality.

COMMODE, s. f. commode; also set of draw-

ers, sort of bureau.

COMMODÉMENT, kô-mô-dà-mên, adv. conveniently, commodiously, comfortably.

COMMODITÉ, kô-mô-dî-th, s. f. convenience, conveniency, ease, commodity; convenient time, opportunity; conveyance, opportunity. Commodités, advantages or goods of fortune, riches; a necessary, privy.
Commotion, ko-mo-slos, s. f. commotion.

COMMURR, kô-mã-å, v. a. to commute or

change (a manishment.)

COMMUN, E, kô-mun, mun, adj. common, public, general, universal; usual, ordinary, familiar; ordinary, indifferent, plain; trivial. vulgar. Année commune, one year with another.

COMMUN, s. m. Les gens du commun, the common people, the vulgar, the mob; the under or ordinary servants; the generality. Commun, common. En commun, in common.

Du commun, common, ordinary.
COMMUNAL, E, adj. that which is common to the inhabitants of one or several villages.
Communauta, kô-mù-nò-tà, s. f. society.

community; corporation; community (of

COMMUNAUX, kô-mũ-nò, s. m. pl. a common.

COMMUNE, s. f. corporation. Commune or Communes, a common. Les communes d'un état, the commons of a state. Les communes, la chambre des communes, the commons, the house of commons, the lower house (of the English parliament.)
COMMUNEMENT, kd-md-na-men, adv. com-

monly, usually, generally, universally. Celu se dit communement, that is a common say-

ing. Communiant, kô-mô-nì-èn, s. m. commu-

COMMUNICABLE, kô-mũ-nì-kàbl, adj. communicable; also easy of acces

Communicati-p, ve, kô-mô-nî-kâ-tîf, tiv, adj. communicative, sociable, affable, fami-

liar, easy to be spoken with

church, to be excommunicated.

COMMUNICATION, kô-mů-nî-kå-slon, s. f. communication; imparting, converse, society, correspondence, intercourse, fellowship. Com-munication des prèces, exhibition of writings. Communier, kô-mû-nl-à, v. n. to commu-

nicate, receive the communion or Lord's Supper; v. a. to administer or give the communion. Communion, kô-mô-nlon, s. f. communion : ellowship. Etre retranché de la communion fellowship. des fidèles, to be turned out of the pale of the

COMMUNIQUER, kô-mů-ni-kå, v. a. to communicate or impart, tell, show, discover or re-veal. Communiquer les pièces d'un procès, to produce or exhibit the writings or papers. Communiquer, v. n. to confer, consult, dis-course, have a conference together; to have a correspondence. Votre chambre communique à celle-ci, your room has communication with this. Se communiquer, v. r. to be communi-cative, sociable, affable, free or open, to dis-close one's heart. Maladie qui se communique, infection or contagious disease. Ces deux chambres se communiquent par une gallerie, those two rooms have a communication with each other by means of a gallery.
COMMUTATI-F, VE, kô-mô-tà-tif, tiv, adj.

commutative.

COMMUTATION, ko-md-ta-slop, s. f. com-Faire commutation de peine, to mutation. commute the punishment.

base, bût : jeune, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun,

COMPACITÉ, s. f. compactness, closeness. COMPACTE, kon-pakt, adj. compact, close.

COMPAGNE, &con-pagn, s. f. companion, she-companion, consort, fellow maid servant. Compagne, kon-pa-gal, s. f. company; partnership, society, corporation; company,

partnership, society, corporation, company, corporation, company, corporation of france. Les compagnies souveraines du royaume de France, the parliaments of France. Le compagnie des Indes, the East India company. Aller de compagnie, to go together.

COMPAGNON, kon-ph-gnon, s. m. compa-mon; mate, fellow-partner; a journeyman. (Egal) fellow, equal; blade. Aller de pair à compagnon, to go cheek by jole, to be hail fellow well met.

COMPAGNONAGE, kon-på-gno-nåz, s. m. time that an apprentice is obliged to work as journeyman.

COMPARABLE, kon-på-rabl, adj. comparable, like.

COMPARAISON, kon-pà-ré-zon, s. f. com-parison, comparing, parallel. Par compa-raison, adv. by comparison, comparatively. En comparaison de, d comparaison de, to or in comparison of. COMPARABLE, E, kon-pà-rèn, rènt, adj.

that makes his or her appearance in court.

COMPARATI-F, VE, kon-ph-ra-th, tiv, adj. & s. m. & f. comparative.

Comparativement, kon-på-rå-tiv-men, adv. comparatively.

COMPARER, kon-pa-ra, v. a. to compare, et together, make comparison. Se comparer

d qualqu'an, to compare or vie with one.
Comparation, V. Comparation.
Comparation, kon-ph-rwar, v. n. (used only is the sufmitter,) to appear in a court of justice.

tice. Companoitre, kon-på-retr,v. n. (like pa-

roller at offre) to appear, make one's appearance before a judge.

COMPARTIMENT, kon-par-ti-men, s. m. compartment. Compartment de jardin, plot n a garden.

COMPARTIR, v. a. to compart, divide.

COMPARTITEUR, s. m. compartitor. COMPARU, E, adj. that has made his or her mearance before the court.

COMPARUTION, kon-på-rů-slon, s. f. ap-

COMPAS, kon-på, s. m. compass, pair of mpasses. Compas de proportion, sector. mpas de cordonnier, shoe-maker's size. Compas de cordonnier, shoe-maker's size.

Mac. Compas de mer, compass. Compas de renversé, banging compass. Compas de route,
steering compass. Quarts du compas, points
of the compass. Compas courbes, callipers,
calliper-compasses. Compas a pointes, or à
passite la carte, compasses, pair of compasses.

Compassa, pair of compasses.

Compassa, pair of compasses.

House extrêmement compassé, formal,
mercias. starched or affected man.

precise, starched or affected man.

COMPASSEMENT, s. m. the act of measur-

ing with companies.

Compassin, kon-på-så, v. a. to measure with companies; (is mèche) to try; to proportion, square, frame; to regulate properly; to tion, square, frame ; be formal or precise.

COMPASSION, kon-på-slon, s. f. compassion, pry. Paire compassion, to be pitiable.
COMPATERLITÉ, kon-på-sl-bl-sl-tå, s. f. compatibility. Ils n' ont ensemble aucune com-

patibilité d'humeur, their humours do not suit at all together.

COMPATIBLE, kon-på-tibl, adj. compatible, that can agree. Son human n'est pas compatible avec la mienne, his humour and mine cannot agree together, we cannot set our horses together. Un office or benefice com-patible, an office or benefice that may be held with another.

with another.

COMPATIR, kon-på-dr, v. n. to agree, suit, be compatible. Compatir d, to compassionate, commiserate, sympathize with, have a fellow feeling for; to bear with, be indulgent to.

COMPATISSANT, E, kon-på-d-sėn, sėnt, adj. compassionate, indulgent.

COMPATRIOTE, kon-på-tri-ot, s. m. & f.

COMPATRIOTE, kon-på-tri-ot, s. m. & f.

compatriot, one's country-man or countrywoman.

Compendium, kon-pen-dl-om, s. m. compendium, abridgment.

COMPENSATION, kon-pen-sh-sion, s. f. com-pensation, amends, satisfaction, recompense. COMPENSÉ, z. adj. compensated, etc. Les dépens étant compensés, without costs, each party being adjudged to bear his own costs and charges. and charges.

COMPENSER, kon-pen-sa, v. a. to compen-sate, make amends for, counterbalance, recompense.

COMPÉRAGE, kon-pà-raz, s. m. the relation of gossip or god-father.

COMPERE, kon-per, s. m. gossip, god-father; companion, fellow, blade; cunning, sly fellow.

COMPÉTANT or COMPÉTENT, E, kon-påten, tent, adj. competent, sufficient, due.

Juge competent, proper or competent judge.

Competent ent, adv. competently, suffi-

ciently, properly.

Comparance, kon-ph-tens, s. f. jurisdiction, cognizance, bounds of one's jurisdiction; competition. Cela n'est pas de rotre compétence, that is beyond your capacity, you are not a competent judge of that.

COMPATER, kon-på-tå, v. n. to belong to,

to appertain to, be cognizable by.

COMPÉTIT-EUR, RICE, kom-ph-ti-teur, tris, s. m. & f. competitor, candidate.

COMPILATEUR, kon-pi-la-teur, s. m. compiler.

COMPILATION, kon-pl-lå-slon, s. f. compilation.

Compiler, kon-pl-la, v. a. to compile or collect.

COMPITALES, s. f. pl. Roman feasts in honour of the domestic gods.
COMPLAIGNANT, E, kon-ple-guen, guent, s. m. & f. plaintiff, complainant,

*Complaindre, (se,) V. Se plaindre.
*Complainte, s. f. kon-plint, complaint at law. Complaintes, lamentations.

COMPLAIRE, kon-pler, v. n. (like plaire) to please or humour, comply with. Se plaire dans or en, v.r. to have a complacency in, delight in.

COMPLAISAMMENT, adv. complaisantly, complacently, obligingly.

COMPLAISANCE, kon-ple-zens, s. f. complaisance, compliance, condescension, oblig-ing carriage; complacency, complacence. Complaisances, love, affection. COMPLAISANT, E, kon-ple-zen, zent, adj.

complaisant, complacent, obliging. Also s. m. & f.

bar, bat, base : thère, êbb, ovêr : field, fig : rôbe, rôb, lôrd : môod, gôod.

COMPLANT, kon-plen, s. m. vineyard,

COMPLANTER, kon-plen-tå, v. a. to plant vines.

COMPLEMENT, kon-pla-men, s. m. com-plement, accomplishment, completion.

COMPLÉMENTAIRE, adj. complementary or for complement.

COMPLET, ETE, kon-plê, plêt, adj. com-

plete, perfect, entire, full. COMPLET, s. m. complement, full number of men, etc. Notre équipage est au complet, Mar. we have our full complement on board.

COMPLETEMENT, kon-plêt-mên, s. m. complement.

COMPLETEMENT, adv. completely. COMPLETER, kon-pla-ta, v. a. to complete. COMPLEXE, kon-pleks, adj. complex. COMPLEXION, kon-plek-slow, s.f. complexion,

stitution; humour, fancy, whim, whimsy.

COMPLEXIONNÉ, E. kon-pièk-siò-nà, adj. Ex. Bien complexionné, of a good constitution. Mal complexionné, of a bad constitution.

COMPLEXITÉ, s. f. complexness.

COMPLICATION, kon-pil-kå-slon, s. f. complication.

COMPLICE, kon-pils, s. m. & f. accomplice, accessary to a crime.

COMPLICITÉ, kon-pli-si-ta, s. f. the being an accomplice.

COMPLIES, kon-pli, s. f. pl. complines, last or closing prayers of the evening.

COMPLIMENT, kon-pli-men, s. m. a com-pliment, obliging words; ceremonies, complinonts. Sans complimens, freely, plainly, without ceremony.

COMPLIMENTAIRE, s. m. head or director of a trading company, in whose name all affairs are transacted.

COMPLIMENTER, v. n. to compliment. COMPLIMENTEU-R, SE, kon-pil-men-teur,

teuz, s. m. & f. complimenter. COMPLIQUE, E, kon-pfl-ka, adj. complicated. COMPLIQUER, v. a. to make complicated. COMPLOT, kon-plo, s. m. plot, combination,

conspiracy. COMPLOTER, kon-plo-ta, v. n. to plot, combine, conspire; v. a. to plot, hatch, or contrive.

Componention, kon-ponk-slon, s. f. compunction, contrition, remorse

COMPONÉ, E, adj. (in heraldry,) compound. COMPONENDE, s. f. composition with the church of Rome to obtain a dispensation or

benefice. *Comportement, V. Déportement.

COMPORTER, kon-por-th, v. a. to bear, let, suffer or allow of. Ce sont des plaisirs que comporte la fessuesse, these are pleasures for suitable to youth. Le temps le comporte, the time requires it. Cette frégate comporte une haute matture, that frigate requires to be taunt masted. Se comporter, v. r. to act, carry, demean, behave or comport one's self. Les vaisseaux à trois ponts se comportent en général bien à la mer, three deckers are in general good see boats or generally behave well at sea. V. Fatiguer. Compose, z, kon-pô-zh, adj. composed,

writ, or written; consisting or made up, composed; stiff, starched, of a reserved look or countenance. Mot composé, compound word.

Composit, s. m. compound, composition, mixture.

COMPOSER, kon-pô-zž, v.a. & a. to compose, make or write; (in printing) to compose or set; to set to musick; to compound, make or make up; frame or put together; to make up, adjust, compound or agree, capitulate. Com-poser sa mine, to put on a sober or serious face. Se composer, v. r. to compose one's self, to put on a sober or modest countenance.
Composeum, s. m. scribbler, paltry writer.

COMPOSITE, kon-po-zk, s. m. the compo-

site or compound order Composite, kon-pô-ch, adj. (in architec-

ture) composite, compound.

Compositeur, kon-pô-zl-têur, s. m. (in

printing) compositor; (in musics) composer; a composer of differences, arbitrator.

Composition, kom-po-el-don, s.f. composing, composition, making up, framing, frame, putting or setting together; composer, writing, piece, exercise; composition, mixture; accommodation, agreement, capitulation, articles.

Compostrur, kon-pôs-têur, s. m. composing-stick (in printing.)

*Comporation, s. f. compotation, drinking

bout, merry making.
Compore, kon-pot, s. f. sort of preserve made of fruit and a little sugar stewed together, stewed fruit. Compote de poires, etc. stewed pears, etc. Compote de pigeous, stewed pigeons. Accommoder le visage de quelqu'un à la or en compote, to beat ope to mummy or to a jelly. It has a mis la tête en compate, he has bruised his head sadly. Avoir les yeux en compôte, to have one's eyes black and blue. Cette riande est en compôte, that meat is boiled to pieces or to a jelly.

COMPRÉHENSIBLE, kon-pri en abl, adj. comprehensible, conceivable

COMPRÉHENSION, kon-prà-èn-sion, s. f. comprehension, apprehension or understanding, conception.

COMPRENDRE, kon-prendr, v. a. (like prendre) to apprehend, comprehend, conceive, understand or perceive; to greep, compress, include, contain, compass or take in.

Compresse, kon-pres, s. f. compress.

Compressibility, kon-pre-d-bi-li-ta, s.

f. compressibility, fitness to be pressed close.

Compressible, kon-pre-sibl, adj. compressible, that may be compressed.

Compression, kon-pre-sion, s. f. compression compression to the compression compression compression.

sion, compressure, pressing close, pressure.
Comprimer, kon-pri-ma, v. a. to squeeze

together; compress, suppress. Compris, E, adj. apprehended, conceived, understood, comprehended, comprised, included, contained or taken in. including. Non compris, not including.

Compromettre, kon-pro-metr, (like mettre) to compromise, make a compromise, put to arbitration, consent to a seference. v. a. to expose, bring into question. Se comprometire, v. r. to expose one's self, debase one's self by engaging in a querrel or entering into competition.

Compromis, E, adj. compromised, etc. Compromis, kon-pro-mi, s. m. carop mise. Mettre en compromis, to put to ambien-tion, consent to a reference, refer a difference (by mutual consent) to the judgment of an umpire; also to expose or hazard, bring into question.

bûse, bût : jêûne, mêute, bêurre : ênfânt, cênt, liên : vin : mon : brun,

ree, arbitrator, umpire.

COMPROTECTEUR, s. m. joint protector. COMPTABILITÉ, s. f. obligation to give an

count when required, accountability.

CONPTABLE, kon-tabl, adj. & s. accountable, person who is accountable.

COMPTANT, kon-ten, s. m. & adj. Ex. argest comptant, ready money, cash. Avoir du comptant, to be well in cash, have ready

COMPTE, kost, s. m. account; reckoning, competation; profit, advantage; esteem, va-lue. A notre compte, in your judgment or opinion. A se compte, so, if it be so. Au-sus du compte, after all, every thing duly considered. Rowe de compte, dial wheel, notch

COMPTER, kon-th, v. a. to count, reckon, tell or number; to cast accounts, sum up, compute: to esteem, value, set a value upon, consider. Compter sur, to depend or rely to account one's self, look upon one's self,

COMPTRUR, kon-teur, s. m. accountant,

Comptoin, kon-twar, s. m. counter or

counting-board; also counting-house, factory.
COMPULSER, kon-pûl-sk, v. a. to compel
or cause, (a register, notary or clerk) to show
or deliver up a writing.

COMPULSOIR, s. m. any high seasoned meat. COMPULSOIRE, kon-pol-swar, s. m. com-

mission enjoining (a register, notary or clerk) to exhibit the papers a suitor has need of.
COMPUT, kon-pht, s. m. computation.
COMPUTISTE, kon-ph-list, s. m. computation.
COMPUTISTE, kon-ph-list, s. m. computist.
COMPAL, E, kon-thl, adj. of or belonging

to an earl.

Course, kast, s. m. earl or count. Les Anglais me donnent le nom d'earl qu'aux comtes de leur nation, et appellent count tous les comtes के समुख र

Courté, hos-th, s. m. earldon, county. La Franche-Comté, the county of Burgundy. Courtesse, kon-the, s. t. countess.

CONCASSEN, kon-ka-sk, v. s. to pound, eak, or bruise small.

COSCATESATION, s. f. concatenation, linkg tagether.

CONCAVE, kon-kav, adj. concave, bollow. CONCAVE, s. m. concave, concavity, hol-

Concavité, kon-kh-vl-th, s. f. concavity,

CONCEDER, kon-så-då, v. a. to grant, yield. CONCENTRATION, s. f. concentration.

CONCENTRER, kon-sén-trà, v. a. to con-centrale. Se concentrer, v. r. to concenter, eet in one center.

CONCENTRIQUE, kon-cen-trik, adj. concentrick, having one common center.

CONCEPT, s. m. conception (of an idea.) CONCEPTION, hon-sep-slos, s. f. concep-m or breeding; conception, thought, notion; presension, judgment, understanding. CONCENSION, hon-ser-ness, prep. concern-

g, teaching. Codesaves, kon-sh-nk, v. a. to concern,

Conclusion, kon-kit-zion, s. f. conclusion; conserved; inference,
Compromissaire, kon-prò-mi-sèr, s. m. || good understanding. Faire une chose de co cert, agir de concert, to do a thing by consent, act unanimously.

CONCERTANT, E, adj. be or she who sings or plays in a concert

CONCERTÉ, z, adj. concerted, contrived;

CONCERTE, z, suj. concerted, controved, etc. affected, composed, studied, starched. CONCERTER, z, kon-efr-th, v. a. (is musick) to try or rehearse; to keep or make a concert of music; to concert or contrive, bring Il concerte mal ses desseins, he does to pass. Il concerte mal ses desse not lay his designs deep enough.

CONCERTO, s. in. concerto. Concession, kon-el-sion, s. f. concession,

CONCESSIONWAIRE, kon-sê-slo-nêr, s. m.

grantee. CONCETTI, s. m. witty conceits.

CONCEVABLE, kons-vabl, adj. conceiva-ble, to be conceived or understood. Un pro-cédé si peu concevable, so unaccountable a proceeding.

CONCEVOIR, koms-vwar, v. a. to conceive with young, to breed; apprehend, compre-hend or understand, frame an idea; to take or emertain an aversion for to word or set down in writing, express. Concessor de Fasdown in writing, express. Conceutr de l'esperance, to indulge a hope.

**CONCHE, s. f. state of garb or of equipage;
also second reservoir in salt marshes.

Conchome, s. L conchoid, a curve.

CONCHILIOLOGIE, s. f. that part of natural history which treats of shells.

CONCHTES, s. f. pl. petrified shells.
CONCHTES, s. f. pl. petrified shells.
CONCHERGE, kon-sièrz, s. m. & f. keeper'
(of a great house, prison, etc.)
CONCHERGERIE, kon-sièrz-ri, s. f. keeper's
place, keeper's lodgings; prison.
CONCHE, kon-sil, s. m. council, general

assembly of divines.

CONCILIABULE, kon-si-lik-bul, s. m. conventicle; assembly of divines not of the catholic church.

Conciliant, E, kon-al-il-èn, èst, adj. conciliating, reconciling.

CONCILIAT-EUR, RICE, kon-si-il-a-teur, tris, s. m. & f. reconciler.

CONCILIATION, kon-al-li-h-slon, s. f. con-

ciliation, reconciling.
CONCILIER, kon-al-fik, v. a. to conciliate, reconcile, accord, make to agree. Se concilier, v. v. to conciliate, win, procure or gain.

Concis, x, kon-sl, siz, adj. concise, short,

succinct, brief.

Concision, s. f. concision, conciseness. COBCITOYEN, NE, kon-si-twa-yen, yen, s. m. &. f. fellow citizen.

CONCLAVE, kon-klav, s. m. conclave. CONCLAVISTE, kon-kla-vist, s. m. conclavist.

CONCLUANTET, KON-KIR-VER, S. M. CONCLUANT, E. adj. concluded, etc.
CONCLUANT, E. adj. concluding, convincing.
CONCLUANT, E. adj. concluding, convincing.
CONCLUANT, E. adj. concluding, convincing.
Concluant, Kon-klur, v. a. see the table at
chare; to conclude; finish, end, close; to resolve upon, determine; infer, gather or draw
a consequence. Concluse criminellement conter catalogues to being one in smiles a final tre quelqu'un, to bring one in guilty, to find one guilty. Je conclus à votre depart, I am for your going away v. n. Ex. Un argument qui conclut bien, a concluding or convincing

bar, bat, base : thère, ebb, over : field, fig : rôbe, rôb, lôrd : môod, good.

Conclusions, (in law) demands. Conclusions des gens du roi, the opinion of the king's counsel and attorney-general. Conclusion, adv. to conclude, in short.

Concoction, kon-kok-slon, s. m. concoc-Conclusion,

tion, digestion.

CONCOMBRE, kon-konbr, s. f. cucumber. CONCOMITANCE, kon-kô-ml-tens, s. f. concomitancy.

CONCOMITANT, E, kon-ko-mi-ten, tent, adj.

concomitant, concurrent.

CONCORDANCE, kon-kor-dens, s. f. concordance; agreement, relation; (of the Bi-ble) a concordance. Concordant, kon-kôr-dâ, s. m. concordate,

agreement, compact.

CONCORDE, kon-kord, s. f. concord, union, cood understanding. Mettre la concorde en-

tre les ememis, to reconcile enemies.

CONCORDER, v. n. to agree, be agreed. CONCOURIR, kon-koo-rh, v. n. (like courir) to concur, conspire, help; to be a competitor, stand in competition, set up or put in; to meet (of lines.)

Concours, kon-koor, s. m. concurrence;

concourse, resort ; meeting.

CONCRET, E, adj. concrete, not abstract. CONCRETION, kon-kra-slon, s. f. concretion. CONCU, R, adj. conceived. V. Concensis. CONCUBINAGE, kon-ků-bi-nks, s. m. concubinage, fornication.

CONCUBINAIRE, kon-kû-bl-nêr, s. in. one hat keeps a concubine.

CONCUBINE, kon-ku-bin, s. f. concubine,

CONCUPISCENCE, kon-kû-pl-sêns, s. f. con-

cupiscence, lust.

CONCUPISCIBLE, kon-ku-pl-sibl, adj. concupiscible.

CONCURREMMENT, kon-ku-ra-men, adv. in competition; also jointly, together, hand in hand.

CONCURRENCE, kon-td-rens, s. f. competition; also concurrence, union, conjunction. Je te domerai jusqu'à la concurrence de mille écus, I shall give thee as much as comes to a thousand crowns.

CONCURRENT, E, kon-kû-rên, rênt, s. m. k f. competitor, rival.

Concussion, kon-kū-slon, s. f. extortion; vexation.

CONCUSSIONNAIRE, kon-ku-siò-ner, s. m. extortioner.

CONDAMNABLE, kon-da-nabl, adj. guilty, blameable, to blame.

CONDAMNATION, kon-då-nå-slon, s. f. condemnation. Je passe condamnation, I con-

fess I am in the wrong.
CONDAMNER, kon-da-na, v. a. to cast one at law, find guilty; to condemn, blame, disapprove; (in gaming) to give judgment. Condamner (une porte, une fenêtre,) to shut up or nail fast. Condamner quelqu'un à la mort, to condemn one to die, sentence him to death. Condamner par contumace, to outlaw. dammer à une amende, to fine. Condamner les sabords d'un vaisseau, to caulk up a ship's ports.

CONDENSATION, kon-dên-så-slon, s. f. con-

densation, making thick.

CONDENSER, kon-den-sh, v. a. to conden-sate, condense, thicken. Se condenser, v. r. to condensate or condense, get condensed.

Condescendance, kon-dê-sên-dêns, s. f. condescension, complaisance or compliance. CONDESCENDANT, E, kon-dè-sèn-dèn, dènt,

adi. condescending, complaisant, complying.
Condescendre, kon-de-sendr, v. a. to
condescend, comply, submit or yield. Il nous
faut condescendre à leur foiblesse, we must bear with their weaknes

CONDISCIPLE, kon-dl-slpl, s. m. condisci-

ple, fellow-student, class-mate.
CONDITION, kon-di-slon, s. f. condition, state, nature, circumstance; condition, sta-tion; quality, degree; place, employment, office, service; article, clause, proviso; terms; office, service; article, clause, proviso; terms; offer, proffer. A condition, upon condition, conditional. A condition gue, provided that.

CONDITIONES, R., kon-di-do-m, adj. conditional. Marchandise bien conditionate, good,

marketable, merchantable or sound commo

CONDITIONNEL, LE, kon-dl-sid-nel, adj. conditional. Le conditionnel, the conditional

Conditionnellement, kon-di-do-nelmen, adv. conditionally, upon condition, with a proviso.

CONDITIONNER, kon-dl-sid-na, v. a. to make a thing what it should be. V. Conditionne. (Opposer des conditions à un contrat, à am

marché,) to article, make a clause or proviso.

Condolkance, kon-do-la-èna, s. f. condolence, condoling, condolement. Faire am
compliment de condoléance à quelqu'un, to condole with one.

CONDOR, s. m. a large bird of Peru.

*CONDOULOIR, se condouloir, v. r. (only used in the infinit.) to condole. Je suis verus me condouloir arec vous de la perte que vous arez faite, I am come to condole your loss. CONDUCT-RUB, RICE, kon-duk-teur, tris,

s. m. & f. leader, guide, conductor. Com ducteur de la jeunesse, governor or tutor or

overseer of youth.

CONDUCTION, s. f. the act of taking on lease. CONDUIRS, kon-duk, v. a. (see the table at uire) to conduct, lead, guide, bring or carry; also to drive ; to convey (water ;) to manage or carry on (a business;) to be surveyor or overseer of, to lead, command, head, have the conduct or command of; to tutor, bring or train up; (the conscience) to direct; (the actions) to order; (the hand) to guide or hold; to wait on, to go along with. If me condustit de l'æil, he looked which way I went. Conduire, v. a. Mar. to carry, lead. Se conduire, v. r. to carry or behave one's self; also to find one's way. Cet areught se conduit fort bien hei-même aree son bâton, that blind man finds his way very well with his stick. Je vous apprendrai à vous mieux conduire, I shall teach you better manners.

CONDUIT, E, adj. conducted, etc.
CONDUIT, kon-důl, s. m. conduit, passage
or pipe. Sauf-conduit. V. Sauf.
CONDUITE, kon-důlt, s. f. conduct; management; command; care, in contract, the ment; command; care, tuition or government; behaviour, deportment, way; forecast, discretion, wisdom, prudence; (of a play) economy, order; aqueduct, set of pipes for conveying water from one place to snother; (argent que l'on donne à un matelot ou à uns soldat pour faire sa route) conduct money.

CONDILE, s. m. prominence of the joints.

bûse, bût : jêûne, mêute, bêurre : ênfânt, cênt, liên : vin : mon : brun.

CONDYLONE, s. m. sort of excrescence.

Cour, kon, s. m. cone.

COMPABULATION, kon-fa-bo-là-sion, s. f. Cabulation.

Coffabuler, kon-få-bå-lå, v. n. to con-

ibulate, talk together. CONFECTION, kon-fek-sion, s.f. confection; (of chyle) making; completing or finishing.
CONVEDERATION, VE, adj. relating to

confederation. CONFEDERATION, kon-få-då-rå-slon, s. f.

combderacy, confederation, league, alliance.
Convinues, E. adj. confederate. Les
confederate, the confederate or allies.
Convinues and confederate or allies.

to confederate, unite in a confederacy.

CONFERENCE, kon-fa-rens, s. f. confer-

eace, talking together, parley; conferring or

Cosvenus, kon-få-rå, v. n. to confer ; discourse or talk together. Conferer, v. a. to causer, collase, give or bestow; to confer or compare. Conferer les ordres à quelqu'un, to samut une into orders.

"Convessé, z, adj. that has confessed his rine.

CONTESSE, kon-les, s. f. confession. Aller à confesse, to go to cos

CONFESSER, kon-fe-sk, v. a. to confess, acknowledge, own or allow; hear one's confession. Be confesser, v. r. to confess one's

CONFESSION, kon-fe-stur, s. m. confessor. CONFESSION, kon-fe-ston, s. f. confession, arknowledgment.

CONFIGNORMAL, kon-fè-siò-shì, s. m. confessionati, confessionary, confession-chair. CONFIGNORM, kon-fième, s. f. confidence, relissace, trust, hope; bodiness, hardihood. CONFIGNT, s. kon-fième, fin, adj. & s. m. & f. confident, sanguine. Les défans et les confisses, the diffident and the confident or confidential kon-fl-dk-men, adv. in

confidence, confidently, boldly.

CONFIDENCE, kon-fl-dens, s. f. confidence, istimacy. Etre dans la confidence de quelqu'un, to be one's confident, be intimate with one. Dire en confidence, to tell as a secret.

Paire confidence d'une chose à quelqu'un, to trust a secret with one, to impart a secret to one.

Confidence d'un bénéfice, keeping of a benefice for another.

COMPIDENT, E, kon-fl-den, dent, s. m. & f. combdent, trusty friend.

CONFIDENTIALE, kon-fl-dên-sièr, s. m. keeper of a benefice for another.
CONFIDENTIEL, LE, adj. confidential.

CONFIDENTIALLEMENT, adv. confidenti**elly**. COSFIER, kon-fla, v. a. to intrust, commit to

he hands and charge of, put in trust with. Se confier, v. r. to trust, put or repose one's trust or confidence in, confide, rely or depend DOOR.

CONFIGURATION, bon-fl-gd-ra-slon, s. f. ignoation.

COFFEURER, v. a. to configure.

CONFINER, kon-fi-nk, d or arec, v. n. to busher upon. Confiner dans, v. a. to confine, to shut up in. Se confiner, v. r. to confine Se confiner, v. r. to confine one's self, shut one's self up.

CONEINS, kon-fin, s. m. pl. confines, frontiers, borders.

CONFIRMATION, kon-fir-ma-don, s. f. confirmation.

CONFIRMER, kon-fir-ma, v.a. to confirm. Se confirmer, v. r. to strengthen, gain strength. Cette nouvelle se confirme, that news is confirmed.

Confiscable, kon-fls-kabl, adj. forfeitable. CONFISCANT, E, adj. liable to confiscation or forfeiture.

CONFISCATION, kon-fls-kk-slon, s. f. con-fiscation, forfeiture, forfeited goods.

CONFISEU-R, SE, kon-fl-zeur, zeuz, s. m. & f. confectioner.

CONFISQUÉ, E, adj. confiscated, forfeited; seized upon. Hest confisqué, he is a dead man. CONFISQUER, kon-fis-kh, v. a. to confiscate, seize upon or take away as forfeited.

CONFIT, E, adj. preserved, seasoned, pick-led. Confit en dévotion, extremely devout.

CONFITEOR, s. m. a prayer among Roman Catholics beginning with the word confiteor. Dire son confittor, to make an acknowledgment of one's faults.

CONFITURE, kon-fl-tar, s. f. comfit, comfiture, sweetmeat.

Confiturier, E, kon-fl-tå-rik, rier, s. m. & f. confectioner.

CONPLAGRATION, kon-fil-gril-don, s. f. conflagration.

CONFLANS, V. Confluent.

CONFLIT, kon-fil, s. m. conflict, contest. CONFLUENT, kon-fil-en, s. m. confluence, influx or fall of one river into another. tite vérole confluente, sort of small pox which shows itself very thick.

CONFONDRE, kon-fondr, v. a. to confound; jumble, mix, blend, mingle or huddle together, perplex; confute, puzzle; abash, put out of countenance, dismay, make ashamed.

CONFORMATION, kon-for-ma-slon, s. f. CONFORMATION, kon conformation, disposition.

Conformed, kon-form, adj. conformed, conformable, agreeable, like, congruous, consentaneous.

CONFORMEMENT, kon-för-må-mån, adv. conformably, sgreeably, suitably. CONFORMER, kon-för-må, v. a. to conform, suit, frame, square or fashion, make like. Seconformer à, to conform one's self to, com-

ply with. Conformiste, kon-för-mist, s. m. & f. conformist.

Conformité, kon-för-mi-tå, s. f. conformity, agreeableness, resemblance, likeness; submission, compliance.

*Confort, s. m. comfort, aid, assistance. CONFORTATI-F, VE., kon-for-th-df, tiv, adj. strengthening, comforting.
CONFORTATION, kon-for-th-slon, s. f. cor-

roboration, strengthening.
Comfortal, kon-för-tå, v. a. to comfort,

strengthen, corroborate, cheer up.
COMPRATERNITÉ, kon-frà-tèr-ni-tà, s. f.

fraternity, society. CONFRÈRE, kon-frèr, s. m. fellow-member. brother

bar, bat, base : thère, ebb, over : field, fig : rôbe, reb, lord : mood, good.

CONFRERIE, kon-frà-ri, s. f. fraternity, brotherhood, society.

CONFRONTATION, kon-fron-th-sion, s. f. confrontation or confronting, comparing, conferring, collation.

CONFRONTER, kon-from-ta, v. a. to con-front; bring face to face with the prisoner; to

compare or confer.

Confus, E, kon-fd, fdz, adj. confounded, confused, etc. V. Confounded, confused, etc. V. Confounded, confused, dark. Mirroir qui fait voir lost confused, dark. Mirroir qui fait voir lost confuse, dull looking-glass that does not show the object clear.

CONFUSÉMENT, kon-fû-sk-mên, adv. con-

finedly, without order, higgledy-piggledy, in a jumble, indistinctly. Confusion, kon-fit-zion, s. f. confusion, disorder, mixture, jumble; trouble; shame, disorder, mixture, jumble; troul blushing, deal, store, abundance.

En confusion, adv. confusedly, without or der; also in abundance. Vous me donnez de la confusion, you make me ashamed or make me blush.

*Confutation, s. f. confutation. *Confutar, etc. V. Réfuter.

CONGE, s. m. that measure called by the

Romans congius,

Congr. kon-ra, s. m. leave, permission, sicence; discharge; furlough; play-day or holy-day; permit, licence; dismission. Presente congrete questions, to take leave of one, bid one furewell. Donner congret à son donestique, to dismiss a servant. Donner congrét à son locataire, to give a lodger warning to re-move. Mar. pass or pass-port. Come added, kon-al-dil, v. a. to dismiss,

discharge, send away. Congedier des truspus, to disband soldiers. Congedier queles un, to forbid one the bouse. Congedier Pesuipage d'un bâtiment, Mar. to pay off a ship's com-

ONGELATION, kon-zh-la-sion, s. f. con-

gealing or congelation

CONGELER, konz-lå, v. a. to congeal or freeze. Se congeler, v. r. to congesi, get frozen.

Congénère, adj. congénerous, of the same kind.

CONGESTION, kon-zes-tion, s. f. congestion, mass or gathering.

CONGLOBATION, kon-glo-ba-sion, a.f. con-globation, a multiplying of arguments and

CONGLOBÉ, E, adj. conglobate. CONGLOMÉRÉ, E, adj. conglomerate. CONGLOMÉRER, v. a. to conglomerate. CONGLOTINATION, kon-giù-tì-nà-don, a. f. rtination.

CONGLUTINER, kon-glà-tì-nà, v. a. to conglutinate or glue.

CONGRATULATION, kon-gra-to-la-slon, f. congratulation, wishing joy, rejoicing with another.

COFGRATULER, kon-grā-tū-lā, v. a. to mgratulate, wish joy.

COMERE, kongr, s. m. conger (sort of eel.) CONGREAGE, s. m. Mar. keckling, worming. COMGREER, v. a. to worm (a rope,) to keckle (a cable.)

CONGRÉGANISTE, s. m. & f. belonging to a congregation.

CONGREGATION, Kon-gra-ga-sloss, a. i-congregation, assembly.
CONGRES, kon-gre, s. m. congress,

CONGRU, E, kon-grů, grù, adj. competent, sufficient, apt, fit, congruous. Ornion con-grue, exact, regular, proper or coagruous speech. Portion congrue, compotent allowance.

*Congruent, r, adj. congruent. Congruité, s. f. congruity. Congruent, kongruent, adv. con-

graously, exactly, properly, regularly.
CONJECTURAL, E, ken-zek-ta-ral, adj. conjectural.

CONJECTURALEMENT, kon-rêk-th-rêl-mên, adv. by guess or conjecture. CONJECTURE, kon-zêk-tûr, s. f. conjecture,

guess, probable opinion, supposition.
Conjecturer, kon-sek-th-ra, v. a. to

conjecture, guess or suppose. CONIFERE, adj. conferens.

CONJOINDRE, kon-zwindr, v. a. (see the table at outdre) to conjoin, join together.
CONJOINT, E, adj. conjoined, joined to-

gether.

CONJOINTEMENT, kon-zwint-men, adv...

jointly, together. CONJONETI-F, VE, kon-sonk-lif, tiv, adj conjunctive. V. Subjenctif, for many, instead of Le mode subjenctif, say Le mode Conjonetif, CONJONETION, kon-rouk-sloss, s. f. com-

junction.

CONJONCTIVE, s. f. conjunction (in grammar;) also white of the eye

CONJONCTURE, kon-zonk-thr, s. f. june-

ture, conjuncture.

*Conjouir, (se) v. r. to rejeice with enc. wish one joy, congratulate o

"CONJOUISSANCE, s. f. wishing joy, con-ratulation. Lettre de conjouissance, congratulation. gratulatory letter.

CONIQUE, kô-nik, adj. conical.

CONJUGATION, kon-zū-ge-zon, s. f. conjugation. CORJUGAL, E, kon-zd-gål, adj. conjugal,

connubial. CONJUGALEMENT, kon-ch-gål-men, adv.

conjugally, in a conjugal man

CONJUGUER, kos-ed-ch, v. a. to conjugute.
CONJUGUER, kos-ed-rid-dur, s. m. conspirator, plotter; also conjurer.

CONJURATION, kon-zo-ra-sion, s. f. plot.

conspiracy; conjuration, charm; excres prayer, entreaty. CONJURE, kon-zū-ra, s. m. plotter, conspi-

rator. CONJURER, kon-ch-rh, v. m. & a. to plot,

conspire; to conjure, earnestly entreat or desire, to conjure, exorcise, cast out or lay spirits.
CONNETABLE, ko-na-tabl, s. m. high con-

stable of France : constable.

Connétable, s. f. Madame la connétable, high

constable's wife. CONNÉTABLIE, s. f. high constable's juris-

diction. CONNEXE, kô-nêks, adj. connected, joined,

tied, linked together, relating.

CONNEXION, kô-nêk-slon, or CONNEXITÉ,
s. f. connexion, coherence, relation.

CONNIL, s. m. cony, rabbit.

"CONNILLER, v. n. to shift, use shifts, dodge. "CONNILLIZAE, s. f. shift, subterfage. CONNIN. V. Connil

base, bat : jeane, meute, beurre : enflost, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

CONSTREMEN, hô-ni-vère, s. f. connivance,

CONFIVER, bo-mi-ve, v. n. to comive, to

ink at, take no notice of. Connected BLE, kd-nd-shbl, adj. that may be known. Il n'est pas connoissable, he is quite another man.

CONNOISSANCE, kô-nê-sêns, s. f. know-ledge, intelligence, notion; cagnizance; ac-quaintance; senses, wit, judgment; carnal knowledge, copulation; trial or hearing; (des colors) dresulter in hearing; (des côtes) draughts; (in hunting) marks, traces, tracks. Preside councissance d'une chose, to trachs. I main commissance d'une chore, to take notice of a timp. Prendre comoissance des actions de quelqu'un, to have an eye on one's actions, examine them. Prendre consultance d'un preche to hear a cause in order to determine it. Faire connoissance auec presignation to get acquainted or scrape an acquaintance with one. He ame grande communated or destableaux, des pierveries, etc. he is a great commoisseur in pictures, jewels, etc.

Perdre commoisseur, to lose one's senses. Connews, etc.

nelsonces, heller connvisances, knowledge, learning, light. Juger des choses par ses proprie connvisances, to judge of things by one's own light.

Osanoissance de temps, Mar. Ephemeris, nical almanack. Ce jour-là nous climes counsissance dis Cap-Verd, that day we discovered the Cape Verd. Prendre connoissence de terre, to make the land distinctly. A la voile que porte le général, il veut prendre connoissance de terre avant la nuit, by the suit the admired carries, he wishes to make the

land before night.

COSHOISSANT, E, adj. knowing. CORNOISSEMENT, ko-nes-men, s. m. Mar.

bill of lading.

COMMOISSEU-R, SE, kô-nê-edur, sêus, s. m. & f. comnoisseur, judge, skilful or knowing

person. Commofran, kö-netr, v. a. (see the table at offre) to know or understand; to know, be sed with; to know, have a carnal acquisiment wan; to anow, not a common team of the common team of the admit, own; to take cognisment a commottre, downer a commottre, to make known, give to understand, else to show, argue, prove or make appear. Be faire connotire, to make one's self known. Be connotire d.i., to have skill in, understand. Be connotire ou gold des viendes, to have a good palate for tasting meat. It a des subtilités on l'on ne connotir ries, he has such cunning fetches as are imcorner, B, adj. knowa, understood, &c.

CONSTINUE, R. adj. concided.
CONSTINUE, S. m. concid.
CONSTIN., Somether, S. f. conch, shell, sea-shell.
Les Tritons blew their conchs or marine trum-

Conquerant, E, kon-kh-rèn, rènt, s. m.

& f. conqueror, subduer.

Conquierror, sucquer.
Conquierra, kon-kā-rīr, v. a. (see the ta-ble at quérir) to conquier, subdue, bring under, gain er get. Romquit la Normandie sur les Angleis, he took er recovered Normandy from the English.

Compost, kon-lè, s. m. (is las) purchase and chring the community betwint the bus-and and write.

Conquête, kon-kèt, s. f. conquest. *Conquête, V. Conquête. Conqueri. Conquis, E, adj. conquered.

CONSACRANT, adj. & s. m. consecrating, ecrater

CORSACRÉ, E, adj. consecrated, etc. Mots

consecres, words consecrated or appropriated to some particular use or signification.

Consecren, kon-sl-krå, v. a. to consecrate or hallow, to dedicate or devote; to sacrifice between the property of the consecrate or hallow, to dedicate or devote; to sacrifice between the consecrate or hallow. crifice; bestow; to determine a proper and particular signification for (a soord.)

Consanguin, E, adj. consanguincous, by

the father's side.

CONSANGUIN, kon-cen-gin, s. m. half bro-ther by the father's side.

Consanguinita, kon-sen-gol-ni-ta, s. f. consunguinity, kindred by blood.

CONSCIENCE, kon-alèns, s. f. conscience; conscionaness. Faire conscience d'une chose, to make conscience or scruple of, to scruple. En conscience, in conscience, upon one's conscience, indeed.

Consciencieusement, kon-dên-slêuzmen, adv. conscientiously, conscionably, with

a good conscience. Consciencieu-z, sz, kon-sièn-sièu, sièuz, adj. conscientious, conscionable.

CONSCRIPTION, s. f. conscription .

CONSCRIT, s. m. conscript.

Consécrateur, kon-så-krå-teur, s. m. consecrator.

CONSECRATION, kon-sh-krh-slos, s. f. consecration.

Consecuti-P, vz, kon-sh-ku-tif, tiv, adj. consecutive, one after another.

Consécutivement, kon-sh-kû-tiv-mên,

adv. consecutively.

Consell, kon-sel, s. m. counsel or advice; resolution, course; counsel, (at law) counsellor; council; council-board. Conseil de guerre, council of war, court-martial.
Conseiller, kon-se-da, v. a. to advise,

give advice, counsel.

ConseilLer, E, kon-sê-la, lêr, s. m. & f. counsellor, adviser ; judge. Conseiller du roi dans son conseil privé, one of his majesty's most honourable privy council. Conseiller

des graces, looking-glass.
Consentant, E, kon-sèn-tèn, tènt, adj.
consenting, willing. Je suis consentant à tout,

I agree to it in all points.

CONSENTEMENT, kon-sent-men, s. m. consent; approbation, assent; accord, agreement.

D'un commun consentement, with one accord, unanimously.

CONSENTIR, kon-sen-tir, v. n. (like Sentir) to consent, yield, be willing, approve, agree.

Consentry Mar. to spring. Notre met de
beaupré a consenti, we have spring our bowsprit er our bowsprit is spring. Faire consentir un mit or une vergue, to spring a mast or yard.

Consequenment, kon-sh-ka-men, adv. consequently.

CONSÉQUENCE, kon-sh-khns, s. f. conte-quence ; also sequel. There are chose à conséquence, to make a precedent of a thing.

CONSÉQUENT, E, adj. who reasons or acts consequently.

Consequent, kon-så-kan, s. m. consequent (in logic.)

bar, bat, base : thère, ebb, over : field, fig : rôbe, rôb, lord : mood, good.

Par consequent, adv. consequently, there-

fore, by consequence. Conservat-eur, rice, kon-sêr-vâ-têur, tris, s. m. & f. conservator, defender, preser-

ver, maintainer, protector, protectress, keeper, mviour. CONSERVATION, kon-ser-va-slos, s. f. con-

servation, preservation, keeping, maintaining. CONSERVATOIRE, adj. conservatory.

COMSERVATOIRE, s. m. conservatory a

place where any thing is kept.

CONSERVE, kon-serv, s. f. conserve, comfit.

Conserves, sort of spectacles.

Conserve or vaisseau de conserve, Mar. consort; tender. Nous perdimes de une notre conserve pendant trois jours, we lost sight of our consort for three days. Vaisseau de conserve, convoy. Aller de conserve, to keep company together.

CONSERVER, kon-ser-va, v. a. to conserve, preserve, keep, defend or maintain. Se con-server, v. r. to keep; also to take care of one's self, mind one's health.

Conserver, v. a. Mar. to keep, etc. Conserver à vue un bâtiment, to keep sight of a Ce vaisseau-là conserve long-temps vesselson air, that ship holds her way a long time. En conservant le château au nord-nord-est, nous conserverons le même brassiage, keeping the castle at north-north-east, we shall keep the same depth of water.

CONSIDERACE, S. f. subsiding, sinking, CONSIDERABLE, kon-d-da-rabl, adj. con-siderable, remarkable, notable, noted, of note. Rest considérable à la reine pour les services qu'il ha a rendus, the queen values him for the services he has done her.

Considérablement, kon-si-dà-fàbl-mên,

adv. considerably, much, notably.

Considerant, adj. circumspect, regardful. CONSIDERANT, S. m. remark, reflection.
CONSIDERATION, kon-al-da-ra-slon, s. f.
consideration; viewing, etc. consideration, reflection, thought, meditation; ciscumspection, considerateness, prudence, discretion; regard, esteem, respect; note, merit, worth, account; consequence, importance, moment, weight;

account, sake, reason, motive.
Considerate, re, adj. looked upon, held in consideration, etc. Il est le plus considéré de

la cour, he is the chief man at court.
CONSIDER ÉNENT, kon-si-da-ra-men, adv. considerately, advisedly, discreetly, circum-

spectly, prudently.

Considerer, kon-si-da-ra, v. a. to consider; to view, behold, look or gaze upon; to take into consideration, mind, think of, meditate upon; to esteem, respect or regard, have an esteem or pespect for.

Consignataire, kon-si-guà-tèr, s. m.

trustee.

CONSIGNATION, kon-si-gnà-sion, s. f. depositing, committing of a thing to one's keeping, in trust ; also thing deposited, trust. Les consignations or le bureau des consignations, public office for receiving money deposited by legal authority.

Considers, kon-sign, s. f. the order given to a sentinel by the officer who stations him.

Consigner, kon-si-gna, v. a. to deposite. consign, leave in trust; also to give an order to a sentinel.

CONSISTANCE, kon-sis-tèus, s. f. consistenco ar thickness; continuance, firmness, stability, stableness, settled condition, steadiness; soli-dity; extent and nature and privileges (of an estate.) Bavez vous quelle fut la consistance de la monarchie sous François I? do you know how the monarchy stood under Francis I? Age de consistance, constant or middle age. Je n'étois pas alors en trop bonne consistance, I was not then very well.

CONSISTANT, E, adj. consisting. Consister, kon-ds-th, v. n. to consist. Consistoire, kon-ds-twar, s. m. consistory. CONSISTORIAL, E, kon-sla-to-rial, adj. comsistorial.

CONSISTORIALEMENT, kon-els-to-riki-men, adv. in a consistory, in a consistorial form or

CONSOLABLE, kon-sō-labi, adj. consolable, that may be comforted, capable of consolation or comfort.

CONSOLANT, E, kon-sô-lên, lênt, adj. consoling, comfortable, that comfort

CONSOLAT-RUR, RICE, kon-so-la-tour, tris, s. m. & f. comforter.

CONSOLATI-F, VE, adj. consolatory, tending to give comfort.

CONSOLATION, kon-so-lk-slow, s. f. comfort,

consolation.

Consolatoire, kon-sô-là-iwar, adj. con-

solatory, comforting.

Console, kon-oll, s: f. corbel, console, shouldering-piece (in masonry;) bracket (in timber-nork.)

Console v. adj. consoled conforted

Consolf, z, adj. consoled, comforted, that has received comfort. Pen suis tout comsolé, it troubles or affects me no more, I do not matter it.

CONSOLER, kon-so-la, v. a. to comfort, give comfort, console, ease the grief of. Qui ne se peut consoler, inconsolable, incapable of comfort. Il se console aisément de la mort de sa femme, he is not much troubled at the loss of his wife.

CONSOLIDANT, E, s. & adj. consolidant, that has the quality of uniting wounds.

Consolidation, kon-so-fi-da-sion, s. consolidation.

CONSOLIDER, kon-so-ll-da, v. a. to consolidate, heal or close up, strengthen. Consolidate frustfruit à la propriété, to consolidate or unite the profit with the property.

Consommateur, kon-som-må-teur, s. m. consumer, finisher.

Consonmation, kon-so-ma-sion, s. f. consummation, accomplishing, perfection, end;

consumption (of food, etc.)

Consonni, z, adj. consummated, consummate, perfected, accomplished; perfect, absolute, complete. Consommé dans les sciences, deeply fearned.

Consoumé, kon-sô-må, s. m. jelly broth. Consoumer, kon-sô-må, v. s. to consummate, make up or finish, accomplish or com-plete, make an end of ; to consume or waste ; to expend. Faire consommer de la viande, to boil meat to rags.

CONSOMPTI-F, VE, adj. consumptive. Consomption, kon-somp-sion, s. f. consumption, wasting; the consumption

CONSONNANCE, kon-sô-nens, s. f. consonance, harmony; also rhyme,

CONSONNANT, adj. consonant.

bûse, bût : jêûne, mêute, bêurre : ênfânt, cênt, liên : vin : mon : brun.

Cossosse, kon-sôn, s. f. & adj. consonant. Lettre consenne, consonant.

Coxsont, kon-sor, s. m. partner, associate. CONSOUDE, s. f. comfrey (an herb.) CONSPIRATEUR, kons-pi-ra-teur, s. m. plot-

ter, conspirator.

CONSPIRATION, kons-pi-ra-sion, s. f. plot, conspiracy, combination

CONSPIRER, kows-pl-ra, v. n. & a. to conspire, plot, agree together.

COMSPUER, kons-pû-à, v. a. to spit upon,

hold in the greatest contempt.

CONSTANDENT, kons-th-men, adv. constantly, with constancy, firmly, steadfastly, stoutly, resolutely, with resolution; certainly.

CONSTANCE, kome-têris, s. f. constancy, firmaces, steadfastness, steadfastness, steadfastness, persever-

CONSTANT, E, kons-ton, tent, adj. constant; firm, resolute; steadfast, persevering, steady; fixed, lasting; sure, certain.

CONSTATER, kom-th-th, v. a. to prove, verify, give undeniable proofs of.
CONSTELLATION, kons-tel-th-sion, s. f.

constellation.

CONSTRLLÉ, adj. made under a certain

matellation. Consten, kone-th, v.n. imp. to be certain

or plain. Il conste, it is evident.
Consternation, kons-ter-ak-sion, s. f. consternation.

CONSTERNER, kons-têr-nâ, v. a. to asto-nish, dismay, affright, dash, discourage, put into consternation.

CONSTIPATION, kon-sti-ph-sion, s. f. con-

per, mediars are binding.

CONSTITUANT, E, kons-tl-tů-èn, ent, adj. & a constituent, one that appoints another in his or her room.

Constituted, appointed, Etre bien constitué, avoir le corps bien titué, to be of a good constitution.

COESTITUER, kons-ti-th-t, v. a. to constitute, appoint, assign, establish or make; to put or make to consist; to make up. Constitute as dignite, to raise or prefer to honour. Constituer as dignite, to raise or prefer to honour. Constituer quelqu'um prisonnier, to make one a prisoner, commit one to prison. Constituer en frais, to put to expense. Constituer une or une pennion sur une terre, to settle an amusity (rent or pension) upon an estate.

Comstitution, vz, konstitutif, tiv, adj. constitutive.

CONSTITUTION, kons-ti-to-sion, s. f. constitution, form of government, law; composi-tion, making up; temperament; arrangement, order. Constitution de rente or bien à constituorder. Constitution de rente or men a consumition, animity. Emprenteur à constitution de rente, borrower upon annuities. Mêtire son argent en constitution de rente, to buy an annuity or animities. A quel denier de constitution aux-rouse prêté voire argent? How many years purchase have you given for your animity? Rentier à constitution, annuitant.

CONSTITUTIONNAIRE, kons-ti-to-sid-ner,

s. m. & f. annuitant.

CONSTITUTIONNEL, LE, adj. constitutional. CONSTRUCTEUR, s. m. constrictor. CONSTRUCTION, konstrik-slon, s. f. con-

striction, contraction, compression.

CONSTRINGENT, E, kons-trin-sen, sent, adj. constringent, binding.
CONSTRUCTEUR, s. m. builder, ship-builder.
CONSTRUCTION, kons-trik-sion, s. f. construction; building, framing. Mar. ship building, practical part of naval architecture.
Valuecaux en construction, new ships building.
La construction de Sant est fort estimés Sans. La construction de Bané est fort estimée is held in high repute as a ship builder.

CONSTRUIRE, kons-truir, v. a. (see the table at sire) to build, make, construct; to construe. Construire un poème, to frame or build a poem, to order its divers parts. Consubstantialité, kon-sibs-tèn-sib-fi-

CONSUBSTANTIEL, LE, kon-sobe-th-self, adj. consubstantial, of the same substance.
CONSUBSTANTIELLERMENT, kon-sobe-ten-self. siël-men, adv. consubstantially.

Consul, kon-sůl, s. m. consul.

CONSULAIRE, adj. consular, belonging to a consul. Famille consulaire, consul's family. CONSULAIRE, kon-su-ler, s. m. one that has been consul.

Consulairement, kon-så-ler-men, adv. in a consular manner.

Consulat, kon-så-lå, s. m. consulate.

Consulatant, z, kon-sål-ten, tent, adj. &z

s. one who asks counsel or advice; also one who is or may be consulted. Avocat consultant, chamber-counsel, chamber-counsellor.

CONSULTATION, kon-sul-th-sion, s. f. consultation, deliberation.

CONSULTATIVE, adj. Voix consultative. consultative voice.

CONSULTER, kon-sol-ta, v. a. to consult, advise with, take advice of. Consulter sur, v. n. to consult or deliberate upon.

CONSULTEUR, s. m. a doctor appointed by the pope to give advice on points of faith and discipline.

CONSUMENT, E, adj. consuming.

CONSUMER, kon-sū-mā, v. a. to consume, destroy, waste, spend, devour. Se consumer, v. r. to waste away, wear out, decay, dimin-

CONTACT, kon-takt, s. m. contact. CONTAGIRU-X, SE, kon-th-zieu, zieuz, adj. contagious, catching, pestilential.
CONTAGION, kon-th-zion, s. f. contagion,

infection; corruption (of manners.)
CONTAMINATION, S. f. contamination, pollution, defiling.

CONTAMINER, v. a. to contaminate, poliute, defile.

CONTE, kost, s. m. account, story, relation; tale, fable; idle story, sham, flam. Comte fait à plaint, beigned story. V. Compte.

CONTE, z, adj. told, reckoned, reputed.

V. Conter.

CONTEMPLATIEUR, RICE, kon-ten-plateur, tris, s. m. & f. contemplator.

CONTEMPLATI-F, VE, kon-tèn-pià-tif, tiv, adj. given to contemplation, contemplative.

CONTEMPLATION, kon-ten-pla-slow, s. f. contemplation, speculation, the contemplation of the c contemplation de, in consideration of.

CONTEMPLER, kon-ten-pla, v. a. to con-template, take a view of, meditate upon, gaze, muse.

Contemporain, e, kôn-tên-pô-rin, rên, adj. & s. cotemporary or contemporary.

bar, bat, base : thère, abb, over : field, fig : robe, rob, lord : mood, good.

CONTEMPORANÉITÉ, s. f. existence of two or several persons at the same time.

CONTEMPTEUR, kon-temp-teur, s. m. contemmer, despiser.

"CONTEMPTIBLE, adj. contemptible, despicable, base.

CONTENANCE, kost-ness, s. f. countenance, posture, looks; capacity, capaciousness, con-tents, largeness, extent. Bonne contenance d'une armée, good order and disposition of an army. Perdre contenance, to be out of countenance. Faire bonne contenance, to be reso-

CONTENANT, E, adj. that contains.

CONTENANT, s. m. container. Le contemant est plus grand que le contenu, the contain-er is greater than the contents.

CONTENDANT, E, kon-tèn-dèn, dènt, s. m. fe f. contending, competitor, rival or candidate. Les parties contendantes, the contend-

ing parties.
CONTENIR, kont-nir, v. a. like tenir, to contain; hold, comprehend or comprise, keep in or keep back, keep within bounds, bridle or rule. Se contenir, v. r. to forbear or refrain, contain one's self.

CONTENT, E. kon-ten, tent, adj. contented, satisfied, pleased; content, willing. Res content de lui-même, he has a great conceit of himself. Vivre content, to live contentedly.

CONTENTEMENT, kon-tent-men, s. m. con-ent, contentment, pleasure, satisfaction, joy, blessing, delight.

CONTENTER, kon-ten-th, v. a. to content; give content to; to please, satisfy, humour; pacify; to pay. Be contenter de, v. r. to be

contented or well pleased or satisfied with.

CONTENTIEU-X, EE, kon-tên-sièu, sièuz,
adj. contentious, litigious, quarrelsome; also
that may be contended for or disputed.

CONTENTIEUSEMENT, kon-ten-sieuz-men,

adv. contentiously.
CONTENTION, kon-ten-sion, s. f. contention; debate, strife, dispute, quarrel; heat, vehemence, eagerness; great attention, earnest CONTENU, X, adj. contained.
CONTENU, X, adj. contained.
CONTENU, kost-nil, s. m. contents.

CONTER, kon-th, v. a. to tell, relate or say. En conter, to tell stories, romance. Conter des sornettes, to tell idle stories. En conter à sone femme, or lui conter des douceurs or des flearettes, to cajole or wheedle a woman, entain a woman with amorous nonsense or with fine amorous expressions. S'en faire conter, to entertain a lover, give ear to his flattering addresses, love to be cajoled. V. Compter.

CONTESTABLE, kon-tes-tabl, adj. disputable, that may be controverted or contended for.
CONTESTANT, E, adj. contending, that is at law with another.

CONTESTATION, kon-tes-th-slon, s. f. con-

CONTESTATION, RON-tes-in-teon, S. I. CONTESTER, kon-test, debate, quarrel.

"CONTESTER, kon-test, s. f. V. Contestation.
CONTESTER, kon-test, v. a. to contest, contend, dispute or quarrel for, to controvert, debate, call or bring in question.
CONTESTER, kon-test, tour, teur, s. m., &c f. teller of stories. Contest de sornettes, teller of idle stories. Contest de feurettes, one that calidae as whendles women general layer. joles or wheedles women, general lover.

CONTEXTURE, kon-teks-tur, s. f. contexture.

CONTIGU, E, kon-ti-gå, gå, adj, contiguous,

adjoining or very near. Contiguitá, kon-ti-gu-l-th, s.f. contigui-

ty, contiguousness.

CONTINENCE, kon-tl-ness, s. f. continency, continence, chastity, abstinence from unlawful pleasure; extent, capacity.

CONTINENT, E, kon-tl-nen, nent, adi. continent, sober, chaste, virtugus.

CONTINENT, kon-tl-nen, s. m. a continent.

CONTINGENCE, kon-tin-zène, a. f. contingency, contingence, casualty, uncertainty of event.

CONTINGENT, E, kon-tin-zen, zent, contincent, accidental, casual. Portion contingente, share, dividend.

CONTINGENT, s. m. contingent, share or quota.

CONTINU, E, kon-ti-na, na, adj. continuous,

close; continual, continued, incessant, uninterrupted, without intermission.

CONTINU, s. m. close body, a whole. CONTINUATEUR, kon-d-nd-a-teur, s. sn.

continuator. CONTINUATION, s. f. continuation, continu-

ance, lastingnes

CONTINUE, kon-tl-na, s. f. continuance, A la continue, at length, in length of time. the long run, in time.

CONTINUEL, LE, kon-ti-nû-êl, adj. continu-

al, constant, without intermission, perpetual.
CONTINUELLEMENT, kon-tl-nd-el-men, or CONTINUMENT, adv. continually, perpetually, ever or ever and anon, always, without intermission, incessantly

CONTINUER, kon-U-nū-l, v. a. to continue; carry on, to go on with; prolong; persevere, go on. Continuer, v. n. to continue, hold on or out, last.

CONTINUITÉ, kon-il-nû-l-tå, s. f. continuity, closeness, continuance.

CONTONDANT, E, adj. name given to any

instrument that wounds without cutting.

CONTORSION, kon-tor-slon, s. f. contortion, distortion, wry face. Le démon les donnoit d'étranges contorsions, he was strangely dis-torted by the devil.

CONTOUR, kon-toor, s. m. contour, c pass, circumference, turning and windin CONTOURNER, kon-toor-nk, v. a. to d

l, v. a. to draw the contours of a picture or figure.
CONTRACT, V. Contrat.

Contractant, e, kon-trik-tèn, tènt, adi. & s. that covenants or contracts, contracting,

contractor, contracting party.

CONTRACTER, kon-trak-ta, v. n. to contract, covenant or bargain, make a contract, or covenant or bargain, article.

Contractor v. a. to contract to shorten

Contracter, v. a. to contract; to shorten, condense. Contracter des dettes, to run into debt, contract debts. Contracter alliance avec quelqu'um, to strike or make an alliance with one. Se contracter, v. r. to contract, shrink

up, grow shorter.
CONTRACTION, kon-trak-slow, s. f. con-

traction.

Contracture, LE, kon-trak-to-di, adj. stipulated, agreed upon.

CONTRACTURE, s. f. (in architecture) contracting of a column towards the top. CONTRADICTEUR, kon-trà-dik-teur, s. m.

contradictor, opposer.

base, bût : jeune, mêute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

CONTRADICTION, kon-tra-dik-slon, a. f. contradiction, inconsistence; also opposition, ob-stacle. Esprit de contradiction, contradicting

temper.
Convenductoire, kon-tra-dik-twar, adj. contradictory, that implies contradiction. Augument contradictoire, peremptory decree or jagkinent vakanen

COSTRADICTORREMENT, kon-trà-dik-twarmes, adv. contradictorily; also peremptorily.

COSTRAIGEABLE, kon-tre-gnabl, adj. that
may be constrained or compelled (to pay.)

CONTRAINDRE, kon-trindr, v. a. (see the table at anadre) to constrain, force, compel or chige by force; to constrain, put a constraint upon, to put out of one's bias; to squeeze or wriag, be tight upon, pinch. La rime conwriag, to put out of one's rotal; to squeeze or-twing, be tight upon, pinch. La rime con-traint an poete, rhyme constrains or ties up a post. L'étasée le contraint fort, he is averse iron study, study goes much against his grain CONTRAINT, B, kon-tris, trist, adj. con-strained, forced, compelled, etc.; forced, not free, stiff, uneasy: narrow.

CONTRAINTE, s. f. constraint, force, com-CONTRAINTS, S. I. COMBUSING, SUCC., COMPANION, violence. Fuire les choses sans contraint, to de things freely or with a great deal of freedom. Contrainte par corpe, order or writt or warrant to seize the body of a debtor. COSTRAIRE, kos-trer, adj. contrary, oppo-

site, repognant, cross or adverse; bad, hurtful. CONTRAIRE, s. m. contrary. Au contraire, adv. on the contrary, contrarily. Total au contraire, quite contrarily or quite contrary, contraire, quite contrarily or quite contrary, also rather. After on contraire d'une chose, to go er speak against a thing, contradict or gainasy it.

COMPRABIANT, E, kon-tra-ri-en, ent, adj. apt to contradict, of a contradicting temper.

CONTRARZER, kon-trà-ri-à, v. a. to con-

tradict or gainsny; to run counter to, oppose,

thwart or cross.

Contradicté, kon-trà-ri-à-tà, s. f. contraniety, opposition, disagreement; also contradiction, inconsistency. Contrariétés, difficulties, crosses or obstacles. Contrariétés, diffi-

CONTRASTE, kon-trast, s. m. contrast; also

ate or dispute.

CONTRASTER, kon-tras-ta, v. a. to contrast, nhe a contrast of figures.

Cosrat et agarca.
Cosrat et le contract, bargain,
greemant, covenant, deed or instrument, arclea. Contrat de mariage, articles of marriage or marriage settlement. Contrat de do-

COSTRAVESTION, kon-trà-vên-sion, s. f.

CONTRE, kontr, prop. against, contrary to;

CONTER, a. m. opposite side of a question.

moir le pour et le contre d'une affaire, to be

aroughly acquainted with a business. V. r, š. m.

Contre-allée, kon-trè-là, s.f. small walk

g side of a great one.

COPERE-AMIRAL, s. m. Mar. rear admiral. CONTRE-APPROCHES, s. f. pl. counter-ap-

CONTRE-BALABCER, v. a. to counter-ba-isme, countervail, counterpoise.

COSTREBASDE, kontr-bend, s. f. contra-tend commodities, prohibited goods. Faire is contrainate, to smuggle, run or sinuggle prohibited goods, be a saunggler.

CONTREBANDIER, E, kon-trè-bén-dil, dièr, s. m. & f. smuggier. V. Bâtiment. CONTRE-BAS, adv. upwards.

CONTRE-BASSE, s. f. counterbase. CONTRE-BATTERIE, s. f. counter-battery.

CONTRE-BRASSER, v. a. Mar. to brace about. V. Brasser.

CONTRECARBER, kontr-kå-rå, v. a. to thwart, cross or oppose, contradict, run coun-

CONTR'ÉCART, s. m. an escuicheon's be-

ing counter quartered.

Contr'écarteler, v.a. to counier quarter. CONTRE-CHARME, s. m. counter-charm.

CONTRE-CHASSIS, s. m. double casement. CONTRE-CIVADIÈRE, s. f. Mar. sprit-mil

top-sail.

CONTRE-CORUR, s. m. unwillingness. Ex.

A contre-come, adv. against one's will, against
de cheminée, iron the grain. Contre-cœur de cheminée, iron back for a fire-place.

CONTRE-CORNIÈRE, s. f. Mar. piece framed and bolted with the fushion piece afore it in French ships (not used in the building of English ships.)

CONTRE-COUP, s. m. counter-blow, rebound. CONTRE-COURANT, s. m. Mar. countercurrent.

CONTRE-DANSE, s. f. country-dance.

CONTREDIRE, kontr-dir, v. a. (like dire, except the second pers. plur. of the pres. vous contredises, and imperative, contredises) to contradict, gainesy or speak against, to confidence or server. fute or answer.

CONTREDISANT, kontr-dl-zen, adj. con-

tradicting, gainsaying.

CONTREDIT, kontr-di, s. m. contradiction, controversy, confutation, answer; objection, replication. Sans contradit, without contro-

versy, most certainly.
Contrain, kon-tra, s. f. country, region,

tract of land.

CONTRE-ÉCHARGE, s. m. mutual exchange, CONTRE-ENQUÊTE, s. f. inquest contrary

to that of the adverse party.

CONTRE-EPREUVE, s. f. counter-proof (of

a drawing or engraving.)

CONTRE-ÉPREUVER, v. a. todraw a consterproof.

CONTRE-ESPALIER, a. m. espalier facing another espalier with a walk between

CONTRE-ÉTAIS, s. m. pl. Mar. after back

stays. CONTRE-ÉTAMBORD or CONTRE-ÉTAN-BOT, s. m. Mar. stern-post. Contre-étambord

intérleur, inner stern-post. Contre-étambord extérieur, back of the stern-post.

CONTRE-ÉTRAVE, s. f. Mar. apron (in shipbuilding.)

CONTREFAÇOR, s. f. counterfeit or counter-

CONTREPACTEUR, s. m. he who is guilty of counterfeiting, counterfeiter, forger.

CONTREFAIRE, v. a. like faire, to counter contraraint, v. a. use faire, so codiner-ieit; imitate, mimick, ape: feign, dissemble or make as if; disguise. Se contrefaire, v. r. to feign or dissemble; disguise one's self. Contrarait, r, kontr-fê, fêt, adj. coun-terfeit, counterfeited, imitated, falsified; de-formed, ill-favoured.

CONTRE-FEBETRE, s. f. out-side shutter. CONTRE-FINESSE, s. f. trick for trick CONTRE-FORT, s. m. counter-fort.

bar, bat, base: thère, êbb, ovêr: fleld, fig: rôbe, rôb, lôrd: môod, gôod.

CONTRE-FUGUE, s. f. counterfugue (in musick.)

CONTRE-GARDE, s. f. counterguard. Contre-garde de monnoie, the deputy-warden of the mint.

· Contre-hacher, kon-trê-â-shâ, v. a. to counter-etch.

Contre-hatier, s. m. rack (a kitchen utensil.)

CONTRE-HAUT, adv. downwards.

CONTRE-HILDINES, s. f. pl. Mar. strakes or streaks of planks on the decks, close to the binding strakes.

CONTRE-JOUR, s. m. false light. A contre-

jour, in a false light.

CONTRE-INDICATION, s. f. counter-indication

CONTRE-188ANT, E, adj. counter-salient. CONTRE-LATTE, s. f. counter-lath.

CONTRE-LATTER, v. a. to counter-lath. CONTRE-LETTRE, s. f. defeasance.

CONTRE-MAITRE, s. m. Mar. boatswain's mate, quarter-man. Contre-maître charpen-tier, fore-man of the ship-wrights in a dockyard. Contre-maître de la cale, captain of the hold.

Contre-mandement, komp-mend-men,s.

m. countermand.

CONTRE-MANDER, kontr-men-dk, v. a. to countermand.

COSTRE-MARCHE, s. f. countermarch.

CONTRE-MARKE, s. f. Mar. countertide. CONTRE-MARQUE, s. f. countermark.

COSTRE-MARQUER, v. a. to countermark.

CONTRE-MINE, s. f. countermine.

CONTRE-MINER, v. s. to countermine. CONTRE-MINEUR, s. m. counterminer.

CONTRE-MONT, adv. upwards, bottom upwards. A contre-mont, up the river, against the stream.

CONTEX-MOUSSON, s. m. Mar. Ex. à contre-mousson, against the monsoon.

CONTRE-MUR, s. m. counter-mure.

CONTRE-MURER, v. a. to countermure. CONTRE-ORDRE, kon-trordr, s. m. coun-

ter-order, countermand. CONTRE-PARTIE, s. f. second part (in mu-

sick.)

CONTRE-PASSANT, adj. counter-passant. CONTRE-PESER, v. a. to counterpoise,

counterbalance, countervail. CONTRE-PIED, s. m. contrary sense; wrong

scent (in hunting.) CONTER-POIDS, s. m. counterpoise; poise or pole (of a rope-dancer.)

CONTRE-POIL, s. m. what is against the grain. A contre-poil, against the grain; the wrong way, in a wrong sense.

CONTRE-POINT, s. m. counterpoint (in mu-sick.) Contre-point d'une voile, double rope

and marline (attached to the clue of a sail.)
CONTRE-POINTE, V. Courte-pointe. CONTRE-POINTER, v. a. to quilt on both sides, to contradict, thwart, run counter. Contre-pointer du canon, to raise a battery against another.

CONTRE-POISON, s. m. counterpoison, an-

CONTRE-PORTE, s. f. double door or double

CONTREPORTER, v. a. to hawk or go a bawking.

CONTREPORTEUR, s. m. bawker or pedler.

CONTRE-PROMESSE, s. f. counter-bond. CONTREQUARRER, V. Contrecerver. CONTRE-QUEUE D'ARONDE, s. f. counter

swallow-tail (in fortification.)
CONTRE-QUILLE, s. f. Mar. keelson or

stemson.

CONTRE-ROLLE, etc. V. Contrôle, etc.

CONTRE-RONDE, s. f. counter-round. CONTRE-RUSE, s. f. stratagem opposed to another.

CONTER-SAISON, Mar. être à contre-saison, to be too late for making a passage with the favourable periodical winds.

CONTRE-SANGLON, s. m. girth leather. CONTRESCARPE, kon-tres-karp, s. f. coun-

terscurp. CONTRESCARPER, v. a. to make a coun-

terscarp.

CONTRE-SCEL, s. m. counter-seal. CONTRE-SCRLLER, v. a. to counter-scal, CONTRE-SEING, s. m. counter-sign (signa-

ture.)

CONTRE-SENS, S. m. contrary or wrong sense, wrong side, wrong way. A contre-sens, adv. the wrong or the contrary way. Vous prenex tout à contre-sens, you put a wrong construction on every thing.

CONTRE-SIGNER, v. a. to counter-sign.

CONTRE-TAILLE, s.f. counter-tally or coun-

ter-part of a tally.
CONTRE-TEMPS, s. m. unlucky or improper time; unlucky accident, disappointment, cross; counter-time or counter-pace. Tomber da un contre-temps or des contre-temps, to do a un contre-temps or aes constretemps, to do a thing unseasonably, ill time it, do it preposterously. Acontre-temps, adv. unseasonably, preposterous, unseasonable.

CONTRE-TIRER, v. a. to counterdraw.

CONTREVALLATION, kontr-val-la-sion, s. contravallation.

CONTREVENANT, E, kontr-vê-nên, nêst. adj. offender. Contrevenie, à, kostr-vê-sh, v. n. (like

venir) to contravene, infringe, act contrary to (law, etc.)

CONTRE-VENT, kontr-vên, s. m. outside sbutter.

CONTRE-VÉRITÉ, s. f. meaning contrary to the words.

CONTRE-VISITE, s. f. second search

CONTRIBUABLE, kon-tri-bū-abi, adj. liable or subject to contribution CONTRIBUANT, kon-url-bû-èn, s. m. con-

tributor. CONTRIBUER, kon-tri-bû-à, v. a. & a. to

contribute; to pay contributions.

CONTRIBUTION, kon-tri-bo-sion, s. f. con-

tribution. Mettre à contribution, to lay under contribution.

CONTRISTER, kon-tris-tà, v. a. to grieve,

vez, make sorry, give trouble.

CONTRIT, E, kon-tri, trit, adj. contrite, sorrowful, penitent; troubled, concerned.

CONTRITION, kon-tri-sloss, s. f. contrition,

hearty sorrow, trouble of mind

CONTRÔLE, kon-trol, s. m. book of register, control; office of controller; mark or stamp upon plate (to show it has paid the

chaty.)
CONTRÔLER, kon-trò-là, v. a. to control
control control control control or examine; to mark or stamp; censure, find. fault with, criticise upon.

bose, bût : jeune, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brus.

CONTRÔLEUR, kon-trò-lèur, s. m. controller, oversoer. Contrôleu-r., sr., s. m. & f. fault-finder,

critick.

CONTROVERSE, kos-trô-vêrs, s. f. controversy, dispute, debate.
CONTROVERSE, E., kos-trô-vêr-să, adj. controverted, debated, argued pro and con.
COSTROVERSISTE, kos-trô-vêr-sist, s. m.

trovertist.

CONTROUVER, kon-troo-va, v. a. to forge, rvent, feign or devise (a falsehood.)

CONTURACE, kon-tū-mās, s. f. contumacy, contempt of the court. Condamné par con-

nace, cast for non-appearance. CONTURACER, kon-th-ma-sa, v. a. to cast

for non-appearance, nonsuit, outlaw.

CONTUMAX, adj. accused person that does ot appear before the judge. "CONTUMELIE, s. f. contumely, outrage,

"CONTUMÉLIEUSEMENT, adv. contumeliously, outrageously.
"Contumelited-x, sx, adj. contumelious,

outrageous, abusive

Contus, E, kon-th, the, adj. bruised. Contusion, kon-th-elon, s. f. contusion. Convarueant, E, con-vin-kan, kant, adj.

CONVAINCANT, E, con-vin-kan, kant, adj. convincing, clear, evident, plain.

Convaincan, kon-vinkt, v. a. (like rain-cre.) to convict or convinced. convinced. Convainced. E, adj. convicted, convinced. Convainced. convainced. convainced. convainced. convainced. convainced. convainced. convainced. convainced. j. adj. convainced. j. a fair way of recovery, and the manufing hand.

he mending hand.

CONVENABLE, konv-nabl, adj. convenient, super, suitable, fit, agreeable, seasonable, comby, expedient, becoming. Punition con-comble, condign punishment.

CONVERABLEMENT, konv-nåbl-men, adv. conveniently, suitably, to the purpose, agreeably, fitly, in due season.

CONVENANCE, konvenienes, s. f. convenience,

mormity, affinity, agrecableness, agrec-est, suitableness, relation; decency, seem-sess. Raisons de convenance, probable or BCBS. able reasons.

CONVENANT, E, konv-nen, nent, adj. con-mient, agreeable, suitable, becoming.

CONVENANT, s. m. covenant.

CONVENIE, konv-nir, v. n. (like renir) to ecome, he proper or suitable, fit or suit; to gree or grant; to agree with, be agreeable. Aftermaison m'a convenu, et je suis convenu du on m'a convenu, et je suis convenu du prix, this house suited me, and I agreed to give the price. Il convient, v. imp. it is fit, e, expedient, convenient or meet.

CONVEST, V. Couvent.

CONVENTICULE, kon-ven-ti-kal, s. m. con-

enticle, private meeting.

CONVENTION, kon-ven-sion, s. f. conventime; articles agreed on, agreement, contract.
CONVENTIONNEL, LE, kon-ven-sio-nël,
adi, conventional, done under articles.
CONVENTIONNELLEMENT, adv. conven-

onally.

CONVENTUALITÉ, s. f. state of conventuals. CONVENTUEL, LE, kon-ven-tô-êl, adj.

Conventuellement, kon-vên-tâ-êl-mên, adv. conventually.

CONVENU, adj. agreed on. V. Convenir. CONVERGRNCE, S. f. convergence, tendency to a point.

CONVERGENT, E, adj. convergent, con-

verging.

Converger, v. n. to converge.

Convers, E, kon-ver, vers, adj. (with free or sœur) lay-brother or sister, drudge in a monastery or numery. Proposition comerae, inverted or converted proposition.

CONVERSABLE, kon-ver-sabl, adj. conversable, sociable, easy or free of access

CONVERSATION, kon-ver-sa-don, s.f. conversation; discourse; assembly, meeting, com-

CONVERSER, kon-ver-sh, v.n. to converse, to keep company and be familiar with.

Conversion, kon-ver-slos, s. f. converting, conversion, change. Quart de conversion, turning or wheeling about.

CONVERTI, E, adj. & s. converted, turned,

changed, etc. convert.

CONVERTIBLE, kon-ver-tibl, adj. conver-

tible. CONVERTIR, kon-ver-tir, v. a. to convert, turn or change, make a convert of. Convertir le temps en degrés de longitude, Mar. to turn time into longitude. Se convertir, v. r. to turn, to change; to be reclaimed, to amend;

to be made a convert, be converted. Convertissement, kon-ver-ds-men, s.

m. turning, changing, conversion.
Conventisseur, kon-ver-ti-seur, s. m. converter.

Convexe, kon-veks, adj. convex. Convexité, kon-vek-d-ta, s. f. convexity. CONVICTION, kon-vik-slow, s. f. conviction, full proof.

CONVIER, kon-vl-å, s. m. guest.
CONVIER, kon-vl-å, v. a. to invite.
CONVIER, kon-vl-å, v. a. to invite.
CONVIER, kon-vl-å, s. m. guest.
CONVOCATION, kon-vl-k-slon, s. f. conregion, convening or calling together.

vocation, convening or calling together.

Convol, kon-vwa, s. m. funeral pomp or procession. Mar. convoy; convoy of men of war, a convoy or company of merchanimen with their convoy, a convoy of provisions and ammunition.

*Convoitable, kon-vwa-tabl, adj. covetable, to be coveted or desired.

CONVOITER, kon-vwa-ta, v. a. to covet, lust after.

*Convoiteu-x, se, kon-vwh-teu, teuz,

adj. covetous, that covets.
Convoitism, kon-vwa-tiz, s. f. covetous-

ness, concupiscence, lust or eager desire, love. appetite.
Convolen, kon-vo-la, v. n. to marry again.
Convoler en secondes noces or à un second ma-

riage, to marry a second time. Convoler en troisièmes noces, to marry for the third time. CONVOQUER, kon-vo-ka, v. n. to convoke, call together, assemble.

CONVOYER, kon-vwa-yh, v. a. to convey, attend, accompany or guard.

CONVULSI-F, VE, kon-val-sif, siv, adj. con-

vulsive. CONVULSION, kon-vul-slon, s. f. convulsion.

convulsion fit. CONVULSIONNAIRE, adj. that is subject to convulsions.

Coorlige, m, kô-ô-bli-zā, adj. wintly bound with another in an obligation or contract. bar, bat, base : thère, ebb, over : field, fig : rôbe, rôb, lôrd : môod, gôod.

Coopérateu-r, trice, kô-ô-pà-rà-tèur, tris, s. m. & f. co-operator, fellow-worker. Cooperation, kd-d-pk-ra-slon, s. f. co-

operation, joint working or joint labour.
Cooperate, ko-o-pa-ra, v. a. to co-operate,

work together.

COOPTATION, a. f. co-optation, adoption. COOPTER, v. a. to admit out of course by dimensation.

COPAHU, s. m. copayva or copivi. COPAL, s.m. copal (sort of gum.) COPARTAGRANT, E, ko-par-ta-ren, rent,

adi. & s. copartner, coparcener. Coprato, kô-pô, s. m. chip, shaving.

COPENHAGUE, s. Copenhagen.

COPERMUTANT, s. m. said of each of those

COPERMUTANT, who enchange livings.
COPERT, a. m. Copht (Egyptian Christian.)
COPER, ko-pl, s. f. copy, transcript, imita-

tion, duplicate; also manuscript. Cest un ariginal saus copie, he has not his fellow. Cet enfant est la copie de son père, that child is his COPIEUS, kô-pl-à, v. a. to copy, transcribe; to imitate, mimick, spe. COPIEUSEMEST, kô-pl-èuz-mên, adv. co-

piously, plentifully, abundantly.
Copteu-x, sz, kô-pl-èu, èus, adj. copious,

plentiful, rich.

COPISTE, kô-plet, s. m. copyist, copyer, transcriber, one that copies. COPROPRIÉTAIRE, kô-prô-prî-â-têr, s. m.

k f. joint proprietor.

COPTER, v. a. to make the clapper of a bill

strike on one side only.
Copulati-f, vz, kô-på-lå-tif, tiv, adj. copulative. COPULATION, s. f. copulation.

COPULATIVE, s. f. conjunctive particle.

COPULATIVE, S. f. conjunctive particle.

COPULE, s. f. ccyula (in logick.)

COQ, kôk, s. m. cock;on male of the particidge; weather-cock; the part of a watch that covers the balance; chief, leading man.

Coq, Mar. cook (of a ship.) Chant as coq, cock's crowing, dawn of day. Coq de bruyere, heathoock. Coq de marais, moor-cock. Coq de bois or a fairen cook-nheaent. Coq de torion. coq faisan, cock-pheasant. Coq de jardin, sert ef odorous plant (said to be Aleppo mint.)
Un coq-à-l'âne, a cock and a bull story.

Coque, kok, s. f. shell (of eggs or mas;)
cod (of a silk worm and other insects.)

Coque. s. m. Mar. (kink in a rope,) hull (of a ship.) Prendre des coques, to kink. Defais les coques de cette manasuvre, take the kinks out of that rope.

COQUECIGRUE, s. f. silly thing, nonsense,

COQUEFREDOUILLE, s. m. ninny. drivel-

Coquelicot, kok-fi-ko, s. m. wild-poppy, COUR-FORM.

COQUELOURDE, s. f. a plant much like an

anemone, pasque-flower.

Coquelucite, kôk-lôsh, s. f. hoopingcough; cowl; one much in vogue. Hest la coque

luche des femmes ; he is the darling of the sex. "Coquetucnon, kok-ld-shon, s. m. cowl, monk's hood.

COQUENAR, ich-mar, s. m. boiler.

COQUERET, s. m. Alkekengi, winter-cherry. Coquereco, s. m. cock-crowing.

Coquer, TE, ko-ke. ket, adj. coquettish.

COQUET, s. m. beau, general lover, male coquette, also cock-boat. Coquette, s. f. coquette.

COQUETER, kok-th, v. n. to be a general

lover or coquette. COQUETIER, kôk-til, s. m. higgler, saller of eggs and positry, also thing to put as egg in when boiled in the shell.

COQUETTERIE, ko-kot-ri, s. f. coquetry. Coquillage, ko-ki-diz, s. m. mets, mellwork or shell-fish.

Coquille, ko-kl, s. f. shell, else ware of small value.

COQUILLIER, s. m. collection of shells, place where they are kept.

Coquin, s. m. regue, rascal, knave, pitiful

or beggarly fellow Coquis, E, ko-kin, kin, adj. idle, reguish.

COQUINE, E. CO-RIN, RM, BQI. RING, PERCHAN.
COQUINELLE, RO-KI-nkl, s. f. pack of regues or scoundrels.
CoqUINE, s. f. slut, jade, base woman.
CoQUINER, v. n. to lotter, idle, play the

rogue.
Coquinerie, kô-kh-ri, s.f. reguery, knavery, base trick.
Cor, kôr, s. m. hunter's or a post-boy's hora. A cor et à cri, adv. with might and main or with hue and cry. Corn (on the flost.) CORAIL, kô-rêl, s. m. coral; pl. Corenze. CORAILEE, s. f. coralline, also boat for

fishing coral.

*CORALLIN, E, ko-ra-lin, fin, adj. coralline, red as coral

CORALLOIDES, s. f. pl. seed of white coral. CORBEAU, kor bo, s. m. raven, corpse bearer or burier in plague time, also underta ker's man or mute at a funeral, and corbel in architecture.

CORREILLE, kor-bêl,s.f.basket, wide bask CORBEILLEE, kor-bêl-di, s. f. basket-full.

CORBILLARD, kor-bi-dar, s. m. corbeil-beat or boat which goes from Paris to Corbeil, also great country coach; vehicle to carry the dead ōn.

CORBILLAT, s. m. young raven.
CORBILLOH, kor-bl-loss, s. m. basket or box. Corbillon d'oublies, wafer-box.

CORBIN, V. Bec. CORDAGE, kor-daz, s. m. cordage, cords, ropes, measuring of wood by the cord. Mar. Cordage une fois commis or commis én hous-sière, hawser-laid cordage. Cordage deux fois commis, cable laid cordage. Cordage en trois or cordage commis en trois, rope of three strands or three strand rope. Cordage commis en quatre, four strand rope. Cordage commis, cordage. Cordage blanc, white or untarred rope. Cordage goustronse, tarred cordage. Cordage refait, twice laid stuff. Cordage de bros de coco, cordage made of the bark of the scoon-palm.

CORDE, kôrd, s. f. rope; cord, line, string; thread; cord (of wood;) hanging, gallows. Garwir un violon de cordes, to string a violin. Habit qui montre la corde, thread-bare cons. Mar. Corde de retenue, guy. Cordus de défense, fenders. Corde engagée or gênée or interpretation foil embarrassée, foul rope.

CORDÉ, É, adj. twisted. Cheval cordé, horse troubled with hard strings.

CORDEAU, kôr-dô, s. m. cord, line. CORDELER, kôrd-lâ, v. a. to twist. CORDELETTE, kôrd-lêt. s. f. small cord or

line.

base, but : jêune, mêute, beurre : ênfant, cênt, liệu : vin : mon : brun.

COMMELLER, kord-lik, a. m. cordelier, ranciscan friar or gray friar.

Cardelibre, kord-fler, s. f. Franciscan nun,

endelier's girdle, black and knotted silk neck-lace worm by some ladies.

CORDER, kördi, s. f. small rope, (obsolet in this primitive sense) party, side, gang.
CORDER, kördi, v. s. to work or twist

into cords or ropes; to measure (sood) by the cord; to cord or bind with a cord.

vder, v. r. to grow stringy. Commune, kord-ri, s. f. rope-yard, rope-

house, rope-walk.

CORDIAL, E, Rôr-di-âl, adj. cordial, good for the heart; cordial, hearty, free, open, sincere. CÓEDIAL, s. m. cordial.

Cordial ment, kör-dî-âl-mên, adv. cor-

daily, heartily, sincerely. CORDSALITE, hor-di-d-li-th, s.f. cordiality, cordial, sincere or hearty love.

Conning, kor-dil, s. m. rope-maker.

CORDILIAS, S. m. sort of kerney.

CORDILIAS, s. m. sort of kersey.
CORDOH, kör-don, s.m. twist, string, strand, hat-band; lace; riband; (of coin) rim; girdle; plinth, projecting row or edge of stone, et. around a building; cordon (of posts.) Le roi hai a dound te cordon bleu, the king has made him a knight of the Holy Ghost. Un cardon bleu, a knight of the Holy Ghost. Dr. cardon bleu, a knight of the Holy Ghost. Dr. cardon bleu, a knight of the Holy Ghost. Dr. cardon bleu, a knight of the Holy Ghost. order of St. Francis.
CORDORNER, kor-do-na, v.a. to twist, braid.

CORDONNERIE, kôr-dôn-ri, s. f. shoe-ma-

ker's-cow er street, shoo-maker's trade. Совронинт, kôr-dô-nê, am. lace or edging. Совронинка, kôr-dô-nê, am. shoo-maker, also hat-band maker.

CORDOUAN, s. m. Cordovan leather.

COREC, s. m. a foot in verse.

COREC, s. m. a foot in verse.

CORLACE, kô-ri-às, adj. as tough as leather, foid of mest, and a hard, close most.)

CORLACE, E, adj. coriaceous, of a substance resembling leather.

CORLAMBE, a. m. Coriamb (foot in verse.) Corlambre, ko-ri-endr, a. f. coriander;

also coriander seed. CORISTHIES, SE, adj. Corinthian.

CORLIEU. CORLIS, V. Courtieu. CORME, kôrm, a f. service or sorb (berry.) Comments, kôr-min, s. m. service-tree or

Conmenan, kor-mo-ren, s. m. cormorant. CORNAC, s. m. name given to the keeper of elephants

CORRALIRE, kor-na-lin, s.f. carnelian (stone.)

"CORMARD, s. m. cuckold CORNARDISE, s. f. cuckoldom.

Comma, lafen, s. f. horn; hoof; fleam; (of these sade) corner. Corne de cerf, hartshorn. Ourrage à corne, horn-work. Bête à corne, lafead heast. Corne ducale, sort of cap worn by the Doge of Venice. Fuire porter des cornes of planter des cornes à quelqu'un, to cuckold the Portor des corres a quesqui art, to juication the Portor des corres, avoir des corres, to be a cackold. Mar. Ex. Corne d'amorée, powder-hara. Corne d'artimon, gaff. Vergue a corre, gaff. Corne de corgue, jaws of a gaff to boson. or bones. Corne de gui, crutch of a boom.

Consis, kôr-nh, s. f. horny tunicle of the

CORRELLE, kôr-nôl, s. f. rook. Corneille comentelée, grey-rook or Royston crow.

CORNEMENT, korn-men, d'oreilles. Tintement.

Cornemuse, kôrn-màz, s. f. bag-pipe.

Joueur de cornemuse, bag-piper.

CORNER, kor-na, v. n. to sound or blow a horn, to blow or wind a horn; to use a speaking trumpet to speak to a deaf man; corner aux oreilles, to done or tire one with speaking of a thing; to stink or smell musty (said of tainted meat.) Les oreilles his cornent, his (or her) ears tingle. Corner, v. s. Corner quelque chast to his corrections

chose, to blab out or trumpet a thing.
CORNET, kor-ne, s. m. horn, speaking trumpet; rolled wafer; place in a desk for ink; cupping-glass. Cornet à bouquin, sort of cupping-glass. Cornet à bouquin; sort of small shalm. Cornet à jouer aux dés, dicebox. Cornet de papier, coffin of paper. Cornet de mât, Mar. case of a mast.

CORNETIER, s. m. born-dresser. CORNETTE, kor-net, s. f. standard of a troop of horse, troop of horse; mob (kind of wo-man's coif.) Mar. broad pendant (displayed at the mast head of a commodore's ship.)

CORNETTE, s. m. cornet of a troop of horse. CORNEUR, s. m. one who sounds a horn. CORNICHE, kôr-nish, s. f. cornice (in archi-

tecture ;) gig or kind of a top for boys to play

CORNICHON, kôr-ni-shon, s. m. a liule born;

also gherkin or small cucumber to pickle.
CORNIERE, s. f. sloping gutter (on the top of a roof.) Cornières, pl. Mar. fishion-pieces,
CORNILLAS, kôr-nl-làs, s. m. young rook.
CORNOUILLE, kôr-nbol, s. f. cornel berry

or cornelian cherry.
Corneuiller, kör-nöo-ä, s. m. cornel or

cornelian tree.

CORNU, E, kôr-nů, nů, adj. horned, cornuted; cornered; bad, sorry, insignificant, in-conclusive (reasons, ideas.) CORRUAU, s. m. kind of shad. CORRUE, kôr-nd, s. f. cucurbite, matrass,

retort.

COROLLAIRE, kô-rôl-lêr, s. m. corollary. CORONAIRE, adj. (in anatomy,) coronary.

CORONAIRE, s. m. coroner.

CORONAL, E, kô-rô-sal, adj. coronal. CORONILLE, s. f. a sort of tree that grows in Spain and warm countries.

CORPORAL, kör-pö-ral, s. m. a piece of linen on which the priest puts the chalice and host or consecrated wafer when he says mass.

CORPORALIER, kor-po-ra-lia, s. m. box to

contain the abovementioned linen.
CORPORATION, kor-po-ra-sion, s. f. corpo-

ration or English municipality.
Corror fir f. kbr-po-rel-l-k. f. corporaty.
Corror fir f. kbr-po-rel-adj. corporal
or corporal, bodily.

CORPORELLEMENT, kor-po-rel-men, adv. corporally, bodily. Punir corporellement, to inflict a corporal punishment.

CORPORIFICATION, kôr-pô-f-f-kk-sion, or Corporistation, s. f. (in chemistry) corporification, making into a body.

CORPORIFIER, kôr-pô-f-fik, v. a. to corpositive making the baddy.

porify, to make into a body.

Corrs, kor, s. m. body; shape; company, society; collection; selection from various authors; corps, regiment, legion; mbetance, thickness; strength, body. Hale corps bien fait, he is a well shaped man. R fait bon marché de son corps, he is free of his carcass.

bar, bat, base : thère, èbh, over : fleid, fig : rôbe, rôb, lord : mood, good.

Il se traite bien le corps, he pampers his body, he makes much of his carcass. On verra ce qu'il a dans le corps, we shall see what he can do. Elle abandanne son corps, or elle met son corps à l'abandon, or elle fait folie de son corps, sine prostitutes herself. Il a le diable au corps, the devil is in him. Corps de logis, something devil is in him. Corps de logis, something attached to the main building. Corps de jupe, stays or bodice. Vin qui a du corps, strong bodied wine. Etoffe qui a du corps, substantial stuff. Ce strop n'a pas auez de corps, that syrop is not thick enough. Couleur qui a du corps, thick colour. Couleur qui n'a point de corps, thin colour. Se battre corps à corps, to fight hand to hand. En or à son corps défendant, in his own desence. Elle est prude à son corps défendant, in his own desence. cert prude à son corps défendant, she is honest because ugly. C'est un malin corps, he is an unlucky blade. C'est un plaisant corps or un Corps drôle de corps, he is a comical blade. mort, dead body or carcass, corpse. A corp perdu, adv. head hand over head. s, adv. headlong, furiously, desperately,

Corps; s. m. Mar. shell, bull, etc. Corps d'un vaisseau, hull of a ship. Corps d'une poulie, shell of a block. Corps de pompe, chamber of a pump. Corps morts, porting buoys. Les quatre corps de voile, the courses and fore and main top sails.

Courses and were and main up sens. Coppede bataille, centre (of a fleet of men of war.)

Corpulerer, kor-pd-less, s. f. corpulence, bigness of body, bulkiness. Un homme de pebigness of body, bulkiness. tite corpulence, a thin, slender man.

CORPUSCULAIRE, kor-pas-ka-ler, adj. corpuscular, corpuscularian

CORPUSCULE, kôr-půs-kůl, s. m. corpuscle, little body, atom.

CORRECT, E, ko-rekt, adj. correct.

CORRECTEMENT, kô-rêkt-mên, adv. correct-

CORRECTEUR, kô-rêk-têur, s. m. corrector, reformer, reprover. Correcteur des comptes auditor, officer that examines the accounts of the receivers, under-treasurers, etc.

CORRECTIF, kô-rêc-tif, s. m. corrective; also lenitive, salvo.

CORRECTION, kô-rêk-slon, s. f. correction; punishment, reproof; correctness, amendment. La correction en est aisée, it is easily amended. C'est une faute qui mérite correction, that is such a fault as deserves to be punished. Some votre correction, under your favour. Sauf correction, sous correction, adv. under favour, with permission.

CORRECTRICE, ko-rek-tris, s. f. she that

corrects or amends.

CORRECTIONNEL, LE, adj. of or belonging to correction.

CORREGIDOR, kô-rà-zì-dôr, s. m. corregidor, Spanish judge.

CORRELATI-F, vr., kô-rà-là-th, tlv, adj. & s. correlative, having a mutual relation. CORRELATION, s. f. correlativeness

CORRESPONDANCE, kô-rès-pon-dens, s. f. correspondence, holding intelligence, agreement, sympathy.

CORRESPONDANT, kô-rês-pon-dên, s.m. correspondent, one that holds a correspondence.

CORRESPONDANT, E, kö-res-pon-den, dent, adj. correspondent, suitable, agreeable, sympathizing.

CORRESPONDRE, ko-res-pondr, v.n. to correspond or answer, make suitable returns to.

Corredor, ko-ri-dor, s. m. corridor. CORRIGER, kô-rì-sh, v. a. to correct amend, reform, reprove, check, chide, punish chastise, temper, soften. Se corriger, v.s. to

mend. Se corriger d'un vice, to forsake a vice, reclaim one's self from it.

CORRIGIBLE, ko-ri-zibi, adj. corrigible. CORROBORATI-F, VE, ko-ro-bo-ra-tif, th.,

adj. corroborative, strengthening. CORROBORATION, s. f. the act of strengthening, corroboration

CORROBORER, kô-rô-bô-râ, v. a. te cor-roborate, strengthen.

CORRODANT, E, adj. grawing, corroding. CORRODER, ko-ro-dk, v. a. to corrode, gnaw or fret.

CORROI, kô-rwa, s. m. currying or dre of leather; also bed of clay properly bestem and prepared to keep out water. Mar. stuff (for paying the ship's bettom,) coat, coat of stuff. Donner le corroi or la course à un bâti-

send, to grave or new grave a ship.
CORROMPRE, kô-rospe, v. a. to corrupt, taint, deprave, spoil, adulterate or man; to debauch; to corrupt, bribe; to falsity, change or alter. Se corrompre, v. r. to corrupt or be corrupted, etc.; to grow tainted; to defile one's self. Bois sujet à se correspre, wood apt to decay or be worm-eaten

CORROMPU, E, adj. corrupted, tainted, etc. Le français est du latin corrompu, franch is broken latin.

CORRONPU, s. m. debauches, libertime. CORROSI-F, VE, kô-rô-zh, ziv, adj. corrosive, gnawing, fretting.

CORROSIF, s. m. a corrosive.

CORROSION, kô-rô-zlon, a. f. corresion, gnawing, fretting.
CORROYER, kô-rwh-yh, v. a. to curry, dress leather; to plane or shave (wood.) to join together (woos.) to beat and mix well (the sand and lime of mortar;) to best and prepare clay so as to make it fit for keeping out water; (un canal, etc.) to case with clay.

CORROTEUR, ko-rwa-yeur, s. m. currier,

leather-dresser.

Corroyeuse, s. f. currier's wife or widow.

CORRUDE, s. f. wild asparagus.
CORRUPT-ZUR, RICE, kô-ròp-tôur, tris, s.
m. & f. corrupter, debaucher; falaifist, frager of writings.

CORRUPTIBILITE, ko-rup-d-bi-fi-ta, s. f. corruptibility.

CORRUPTIBLE, ko-rap-tibl, adj.corrupti-

ble, that may be corrupted or bribed.

CORRUPTION, ko-rup-don, s. f. corruption,

falsification, bribery. Cors, s. m. pl. horns. Cerf de dix cers or un cerf de dix core, middle aged stag, stag of seven years old. V. Gor.

CORSAGE, kor-sas, s. m. shape (from the

shoulders to the hips.)

CORSAIRE, kôr-sêr, s. m. corsair, pirate, privateer. Milier de corsaire, piracy.

CORSE, s. f. Corsica.

CORSELET, kors-le, s. m. corslet. Corset, kor-se, s. m. bodice, jamps, quik-

ed waist Cortége, kortikz, s. m. train or retinue

of attendants or followers.
CORTICAL, E, kor-il-kål, adj. resembling bark. CORTINE, s. f. brass tripod consecrated to Apollo.

bane, bat : joane, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

CORVECATION, kô-růs-kh-sion, s. f. corusehing.

Converse, kor-va-abl, adj. liable to an

average or to statute work. Conver, kor-va, s. f. average, day labour due from a vassal to his lord; ungrateful toil; cza job.

CONVETTE, kôr-vêt, s. f. Mar. sloop of war, any vessel under twenty guns. CONVEARTES, s. m. pl. Corybantes, Cy-

bele's priests.

Совумив, s. m. corymbus. Совумиг/как, adj. corymbiferous. Совумик, kð-ri-fa, s. m. Coryphæus,

isf or principal man, the worthiest. Convex, s. f. sharp humour from the head e ele nostrile.

COSAQUES, S. m. pl. Cossacks. CO-SECANTE, S. f. co-secunt. Co-seconeur, s. m. joint lord of a manor.

Co-sisus, s. m. co-sine Cosmárzque, kôs-må-tik, adj. cosmetick,

beautifying. Cosmogonia, s. f. cosmogony.

COSMOGRAPHE, kôs-mô-gràf, s. m. cosmo-

npuer. Cosmographir, kös-mö-grå-fl, s. f. cos-

pography. COSMOGRAPHIQUE, kos-mo-gra-fik, adj.

comographical. Cosmor.oser, s. f. knowledge of the general

laws by which the physical world is governed. "Cosmonograms, adj. relating to cosmology.

CosmoroLITE, s. m. cosmopolitan, cosmo-polite, citizen of the world.

Cossa, kos, s. f. cod, husk, shell (of peas, beans, etc.) Mar. Ex. Cosse de fer, thimble, iron-thimble. Cosse de bois, ball's eye. Cosse de bois fixées aux haubons, trucks of the shrouds, sering trucks.

Cossen, v. n. to butt as rams do. Cosson, kô-son, s. m. weevil; bud of the

Cossu, z, kô-sû, sû, adj. husky, shelly, cod-ded; homme cosse, rich, substantial man. Il en conte de bien cossues, he is a great roman-CET.

COSTAL, E, adj. costal, of the sides.
COSTAR, E, adj. wide of the mark. Arqueiner costière, gun that shoots wide. Son cosp
of costier, his shot is wide of the mark.
Costynes has the

COSTUME, kos-tim, s. m. costume (in inting and poetry.)

COSTUMER, v. a. to dress, clothe according to the age or nation.

CO-TANGENTE, s. f. co-tangent.

COTE, s. f. letter, figure, mark (used as labels to writings, etc.) Ces pièces sont sous la cate A, those papers are marked A. Cote mattaille, settlement by the lump.

Côre, kôt, a.f. rib; extraction, loins; (of mask meton) slice; (of purstain) stalk; side, brow, declivity, down hill. Côte de lath, piece of the body of a lute. Côte-d-côte,

Cite, s. f. Mar. shore, coast, sea-coast. Che basse, flat coast. Che saine, clear coast. Che malsaine, foul coast. Che de fer or à pir, steep shore. Che au vent du vaisseau, ir, steep shore. Côte au vent du vaissem reuther-shore. Côte sous le vent du vaissem lee-share. Côtes (d'un vaisseau,) ribs. Vais-seus qui a les côtes rondes, round sided ship. Paire cote, to run subore.

Côté, kô-th, s. m. side; way; party; parentage, line. Ils marchent à côté l'un de l'antre, they walk abreast. Il est toujours à mon côté, he is always by me. Du côté d'orient, eastwards. De mon côté, for my own part. On la décrie fort du côté de la tendresse, she is much blamed for being too tender. Chacuts magniful les alons du câté de la tendresse, cun regarde les choses du côté qui le touche, every one regards things as they affect him. every one regards things as they anect time. See mettre dis côté de quelqu'en, to side with one. De côté, adv. sideways. Mettre une chose de côté, to put a thing aside. A côté de, by the side of; also equal to, upon a level with. A côté, aside. Domner à côté, to miss the mark.

Côté, s. m. Mar. side. Côté d'un varsuus, side of a ship. Se coucher sur le côté, to heel over (speaking of a vessel aground.) Côté de vent, vecuher-side. Côté de dessous le vent, lec-side. Mêttre un bôtiment sur le côté or à la bande, to heel a ship. Vaisseus qui a le côté droit, wall sided ship. Vaisseus qui a le côté droit, wall sided ship. le côté droit, wall sided ship. Vaisseau qui a le côté foible, crank ship. Vaisseau qui a le côté fort, stiff ship. Vaisseau qui a un faux côté, lap-sided ship.

côté, lap-saded ship. Coteau, kô-tô, s. m. hill, little hill, hillock. Coteautre, kôt-lêt,s.f. Côtelette de mossom, mutton chop. Côtelette-de veau, veal cutlet. Cotea, kô-tâ, v. a. to set marks (figures or letters) on or in the margin of. V. Côter. Coteautre, kôt-rì, s. f. club, society, coterie. Coteautre kô-tôrne am, buskin. Cômuse.

COTHURNE, kô-tôrn, s. m. buskin. Chausser le cothurne, to write tragedies, talk in the heroick style.

COTI, E, adj. bruised (said of fruit only.) COTIER, ko-tia, adj. V. Pilote. COTIERE, ko-tier, s. f. range of coasts; also border (in a garden.)

Cotienac, kô-tỉ-gnà, s. m. marmalade of quinces. Le fromage est le cotignac de Bacchase, cheese relishes a glass of wine.

COTILION, kô-tl-lon, s. m. petticoat or un-der-petticoat; also cotilion (a French country-

COTIR, ko-tir, v. a. to bruise (said of fruit

bruised by hail, etc.)
Cotisation, ko-d-za-slon, s. f. rating, assessment.

Cotisen, ko-d-zh, v. a. to rate, assess COTISSURE, kô-tl-sûr, s. f. bruising of fruit by hail, etc. La cotissure empêche que les fruits ne soient de garde, fruit when bruised will not

COTON, kô-ton, s. m. cotton; (of fruit) down, mossiness; down or soft hair (of the

Toile de coton, calico.

COTONNER, ko-to-na, v. a. to stuff with cotton. Se cotonner, v. r. to be covered with down or soft hair; to wear nappy; and grow spongy. Cheveux cotome's, woolly hair. COTONNEU-X, SE, kô-tô-neu, neuz, adj.

soft like wool or cotton; also spongy.
COTONNIER, ko-to-nia, s. m. cotton-tree. COTONNINE, kô-tô-nh, s. f. coarse thick cotton cloth.

COTON COUNTY OF THE PROPERTY O

perte, to give a group gown. Cotte d'armes.

bar, bat, base : there, ebb, over : fleid, fig : robe, rob, lord : moud, good,

sort of cassock worn under the cuirass. Cotte de mailles, coat of mail. Cotte morte, money and moveables which a monk leaves at his death.

COTTER, Mar. V. Cutter.

COTTERON, kot-ron, s. m. short narrow petticoat.

COTULA, s. f. a sort of plant.

Cou, kôo, s. m. (formerly written col) neck. Monchoir de cou, neckerchief. Tour de cou, neckcloth. Sauter au cou, or se jeter au cou de quelqu'un, to hug or embrace one. Comper le cou, to behead. Rompre le cou à une affaire, to make a thing miscarry. Prendre ses jambes à son cou, to set out in haste, take to one's heels.

*Couard, E, s. m. & f. coward, dastard.

*COUARDISE, s. f. cowardice.

COUCHANT, koo-shen, adj. setting. Le cou-chant, the west. Chien couchant, setting dog or setter. Le soleil couchant, sunset. A so-leil couchant, at sunset. Faire le chien couchant, to creep and crouch, cringe to one,

fawn upou his

COUCHE, koosh, s. f. bed, bedstand; hot-bed; coat, lay, layer, laying on (said of paint, etc.) lay, stake; but-end; delivery; child-bed en; child-bed, lying in. Pendant sa couchier see couches, during her lying in. Faire see couches, during her lying in. Faire see couches, the en couche, to lie in. Elle est morte en couche, she died in child-bed. Henreuse couche, good delivery. Fausse couche, miscarriage. Faire une fausse couche, to miscarry. Semer sur couche, to sow in a hot-bed. Il faut donner trois couches de blanc à l'huile, it must have three coats of white paint.

COUCHÉ, E, adj. put to bed, etc. a-bed; also lying. A soleil couché, after sun-set. Etre couché, Mar. to lie along or over.

COUCHÉE, kôo-shà, s. f. place where one lodges on the road. Payer sa couchée, to pay

for a night's lodging.

COUCHER, kôo-shi, v. a. to put to bed; to lay down; to beat down (grain;) to lodge; to lay along; to lay; to lay on; to stake, bet; to set or write down. Coucher quelqu'un par terre or sur le curreau, to knock oue down, lay one dead upon the ground. Concher use bou-teille sur le côté, to empty a bottle. Concher en joue, to take one's aim at one. Concher en joue, to have in one's eye, have a design upon. *Il couche bien par écrit, he writes well or has a good style in writing.

Concher, v. n. to lie or lie down.

La porte a couché ouverte, the door has been left open all night. Se concher, v. r. to go to bed; to lie down; lay one's self down; to set, go down, tall helow the horizon; to sit (said of clothes.) Aller se concher or s'aller concher, to go to had. Il y a une heure que la hone est conchée, or s'est couchée, the moon has been down or

set this hour.

COUCHER, s. m. going to bed, bed-time: bed, bedding; setting (of the sun, etc.) Heat delical pour le concher, he is nice about his bedding. Prier Dieu à son coucher, to say one's prayers every night or before one goes to bed. Je me he vois qu'à son lever et à son coucher, I never see him but when he rises and goes to bed. Le coucher du roi, the king's couchee. Le petit coucher du roi, the time from the king's taking have of the com-

pany to his going to bed. Coucher de celeil.

COUCHETTE, koo-shot, s. f. couch, little bed. Un mignon de couchette, a spark, a gallant, a beau.

COUCHEU-R, SE, kôb-shêur, sheuz, s. m. & f. bed-fellow. Used only with bon or commode (nice,) mauvais or incommode (disa-

greeable, troublesome.)
Coughts, s. m. beams and sand which are

under the pavement of a bridge.

*Couci Couci, kôo-d-kôo-d, adv. so so,

indifferently.
Coucou, kôo-kôo, a. m. cuckee.
Couda, kôo-kôo, a. m. cuckee.
Couda, kôod, a. m.elbow. Hausser le coude,
to carouse, fuddie or drink hard, tope. Mileraille or rivière qui fait un coude, walt or river that makes an angle or elbow.

COUDEE, koo-da, s. f. cubit. Aroir ses con-

dees franches, to have elbow room, full liberty.

COUDE-PIED, kôod-più, s. m. instep. COUDER, kôo-dà, v. a. to bead like an elbow. Coudover, koo-dwa-ya, v. a. to elbow, thrust with the elbow.

COUDBAIE, koo-dre, s. f. grove or copse of hazel-trees.

COUDEE, koodr, s. m. nut-tree, hazel-tree. COUDRE, koodr, v. a. to sew or stitch. Coudre la pean du renard à celle du lion, to add stratagem to force

COUDRIER, koo-dria, s. m. hazel-tree. filbert-tree.

COUENNE, kwan, s. f. sward, skin of a hog. Couenneu-x, se, adj. that has the qualities of sward.

COURTE, s. f. feather-bed.

COUILLARDS, s. m. pl. Mar. bunt slablines. COULAGE, koo-laz, s. m. leakage. COULAMMENT, koo-la-men, adv. Suemiy,

readily, freely.
COULANT, koo-les, s. m. necklace of diamonds or other precious stone

COULANT, E, koo-len, lent, adj. flowing, etc. (style) flowing, fluent, smooth, that runs well. V. Couler. Navad coulant, running knot, slip-knot.

Coulk, E, adj. run, etc. Coulé à fond, sunk. La bouée est coulée, the buoy is gone

Cour £, s. m. sort of smooth step (in someing;) also sort of gliding from one note to another (in musick.)

Coulfe, s. f. a leaning mode of writing. Ecriture coulée, running hand.

COULEMENT, s. m. flux. Coulement de sang, bloody-flux.

COULER, koo-la, v. n. to flow, run, glide along: slip, pass away; slide away; to run out, leak; to melt; to glide; flow, he flucut; Just touch upon. Les larmes ini content des year, the tears trickle down from his eyes. Le nez hei coule, his nose runs or drops. La chan-La rigne delle coule, the candle swales. La rigne coule, the grapes drop or fall off. Ces melous ont coule, the fruit has dropt or fallen of from those moion plants. Les paroles lui content de la bouche, he speaks very fluently. Conter à fond or couler bas, Mar. to sink, founder. Couler (parlant des manaeurres,) to render. Ce vaisseau coule bas d'ean, that ship makes more water than the pumps can discharge

Couler, v. a. to strain (liquor;) to slip, convey slily or cumningly; to instructe; to

base, bat : jeune, mêute, beurre : éulist, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

ber. to sink.

k couler, v. r. to slip, creep.

Cour wa, koo-leur, s. f. colour; (of cards) suit; complexion; pretence, show; brown (of tout, mext, etc.) La couleur hei monte ou viange, he coloured up, the blood came in his face. Les piles couleurs, the green sichness.

Just de la couleur, to follow suit. Couleurs, forme me de la couleurs, to follow suit. livery. Gens qui portent les couleurs, livery servants. Donner des couleurs à une affaire, to colour a business.

COULEUVEE, koo-leuvr, s. f. adder. Acaler des confessives, to swallow a gudgeos. Ra bien and des confessives, he has gone through a great deal of sorrow, he has had many crosses.

COULEUVEEAU, s. m. young adder. COULEUVEEE, koo-len-vra, s. f. or COULE-

TRÉE; briony (a plant.) Courry vaine, koo-léu-vrin, s. f. culverin. Covers, koo-il, adj. m. Ex. Un vent coudis, a wind that comes through a hole or chink.

COULIS, s. m. cullis; also gravy.
COULISE, koods, s. f. gutter, groove;
wing of a scene. Coulisse d'arbaléte, chase or gutter of a crossbow. Coulisse de galée, tibre, a printer's galley.
Coulous, kod-lwar, s.m. strainer, colander.

Couloire, s. f. a colander.
"Coulpr, koolp, s. f. fault, misdeed, trespass, sin.

COULURE, koo-lor, s. f. drying up, or fall-ing off of grapes, also running waste (of medi-ed metal when powed into the would.)

Cour, koo, s. m. blow; stroke; stripe; dash; Cov. p. kão, s. m. blow; stroke; stripe; dash; rap, knock; (of a elock) striking; firing, discherge, shot; (of fire arms) report; (of a servers) thrust; (of a net) cast, casting, sweep; (of a class) scratch; gust, sudden gust, gale; (of thismder) clap; (at chequers) novo; (at chec) throw, cast; (in gaming) hit, cast, chance; accident; act, action, dead, attempt; (of soine) a glass; time, touch, bout, sweep; as coup, one time, once; char comes, twice; trois come, three times. denx coups, twice; trois coups, three times, thrice, etc. Il le tua d'un coup d'épée, he killed him with a sword. Il le tua à coups d'épée, he killed him with repeated thrusts Tépée, ha killed him with repeated thrusts of a sword. Il fut blessé d'un coup de pistode, he was wounded with a pistol shot. Coup de pied, kiek. Donner des coups de pied, to kiek. Il n'y a qu'un coup de pied jusque-là, it is but a step to that place. Donner un coup de pied jusque-là, it is but a step to that place. Donner des coups de poing, cuff, or fisty cuff. Donner des coups de poing, cuff, or fisty cuff. Donner des coups de poing, to cuff. Coups de bâton, cudgelling, bustimado. Donner des coups de bâton, to came or cudgel. Coup de deut, biting, bite. Un coup de prigue, once combing. Coup de sul, casting oue's eyes upon, glance, view. prespect, sight. Un coup de siflet, a whistle or whistling. Coup de fouet, lash or jerk. Coup mortel, mortal blow or wound. Coup de me, billow, surge or mighty sea; also shock de mer, billow, surge or mighty sea; also shock of a heavy sea. Coup de foudre, thunderbolt. Manquer son coup, to miss one's aim. ver un coup de corne à un cheval, to bloed a verse. Faire entrer un clou à coups de martens, to drive in a nail with a hammer. Coup fourt, (in fencing) interchanged thrust. Denner des coupe fourres, to interchange brusts or to run one another through. Aller sez comps, to go to loggerheads. Se fourrer

maick) to pass smoothly over; oux coups, to expose one's self at random,

Prendre une place d'un coup de main, to take a town without cannon. Il y aura bien des coups donnés, there will be hard fighting. Coup de hasard or de fortane, coup d'aven-ture, mere chance. Coup de tête, inconsider-ate action. Coup d'ami, friendly turn. Un coup du ciel or d'en-haut, a great providence. Un coup d'état, a stroke of policy. Coup d'éclat, remarkable action. Coup d'essai, first essay. Porter comp, to hit home. Il ne tire coup qui ne porte, he hits every time, he shoots true. La plus petite tolérance porte coup, the least toleration is of consequence. um coup de sa main, to steal or filch. C'est un coup de la main, it is thy own handy work. Se hatter de faire son coup, to hasten the execu-tion of one's design. Faire un coup de grille, to strike a ball into the hazard. Faire d'une pierre deux coups, to kill two birds with one stone. Coup perdu, random-shot. Tirer à coup perdu, to shoot at random. C'est ust coup perdu, that's nothing. C'est un grand coup, it is a great matter. Les plus grands coups sont rues, the storm is pretty well over, the worst is past. Avoir un coup de hache, to be a little crack-brained. Ne gagnerai-je pas un comp? shall I not win so much as once? shall I always be beaten? A ce comp, pour le comp, now. Tout à comp, all of a sudpour le coup, now. Tout à coup, all of a sud-den, suddenly. Tout d'un coup, at once, all at once, at one dash or bout. Du premier coup, presently, at the first. A tous coups, at every turn, ever and anon. Après coup, too late. Coup sur coup, one after another. A comsir, certainly, assuredly, surely. Encore un coup, once more.

Coup, s. m. Mar. Ex. Coup de barre or de gomernail, wild steering. Coup de rame, stroke (in rowing.) Coup de sonde, cast of the lead. Coup de routis, roll. Un coup de tangage, a pitch. Coup de vent, gale, stormy weather. Coup de vent force, stress of weather. Faire un coup de vent, to overblow; see Coup de vent before. Coup de canon, gun fired. Coup de canon de Diane, morning gun, or morning watch gun. Coup de canon de retraite, evening gun, or evening watch gun. Coup de conon de partence, gun fired as a signal for sailing. Coup de conon d'assistance, gun fired as a signal for assistance. Coup de canon d'assurance, gun fired by a ship when she shows her colours to affirm the truth of her being really of the nation whose colours she displays. Coup de canon à l'eau, shot received under water. Coup de canon en plein bois, shot received in the upper works of a ship.

COUPABLE, koo-pabl, adj. guilty, culpa-

ble, faulty, in fault.

Coupe, kdop, s. f. cup, cutting or cutting out; cutting down, felling; (at cards) cut;

(of a house, ship, &c.) view.
Coupe, s. f. Mar. Ex. A la coupe de ses voiles, je juge que le bâtiment chasse est un raisseau de guerre français, by the cut of her sails I think the chase is a French man of war.

Courfe, z, adj. cut, etc. (in heraldry) couped: (of style) broken, loose. Pays coupt, country intersected with canals, rivers, etc. Lait coupé, milk and water, or milk boiled

Courf, s. m. coupee (in dancing.)

bar, bat, base: thère, êbb, over: fleid, fig: rôbe, rôb, lôrd: môod, gôod.

COUPEAU, kôo-pò, s. m. cop or top of a hill. See also Copeau.

Cours-cu, s. m. Ex. Jouer un coupe-cu, to play or set a game without-revenge.
COUPE-GORGE, koop-gorz, s. m. place in-

fested with robbers or cut-throats.

COUPE-JARRET, s. m. villain, ruffian, cutthroat, assassin.

COUPELLE, kôo-pêl, s. f. coppel. Argent de coupelle, fine silver. Mettre, à la coupelle, to put to the test or trial. Passer à la coupelle, to stand the test.

COUPELLER, v. a. to try or assay gold or

silver by the coppel.

COUPER, koo-pk, v. a. to cut; to cut out; to cut out; to cut down, reap; to fell; to spay; to cut, geld; to carve, cut up; to cut off; to divide, intersect. Couper chemin à quelqu'un, to stop one's way. Couper chemin à un mal, to stop an evil, put a stop to it. Couper les vivres à sene ærmée, to out off an army's provisions. Couper la parole à quelqu'un, to interrupt one that speaks; also to cut one short, silence one. Couper court, to cut short, shorten. Pour couper court, to be short, in short. Couper cu, not to give a revenge (at games.) Sen carrosse nous coupa, his coach crossed us. Couper du vin, to mix wines together or with water.

Couper, v. a. Mar. to cut, cut away, break, cross. Couper la ligne, to break the line. Couper la ligne équinoxiale, to cross the line or the equator. Cette frégate coupa sa máture, that frigate cut away her masts. Cou-sons le câble pour éviter ce bâtiment en feu, let us cut our cable to keep clear of that ship on

Couper, v. n. to cut; also to play or be of the game (at lansquenet.) Se couper, v. r. to cut one's self; to cut, int one leg with the other (said of a horse;) to contradict one's self, falter; to cross, cross one another; to cut, fret, wear out.

COUPERET, koop-re, s. m. butcher's cleaver. Couperose, kôop-rôz, s.f. copperas. Couperose, e, kôop-rô-za, adj. red, full of

pimples.

COUPE-TÊTE, leap-frog.
COUPEU-R, SE, kôo-pêur, pêuz, s. m. & f.
cutter; also one who plays (at lansquenet.) Coupear de bourse, cut-purse. Coupeur de raisins, one that cuts or gathers grapes.

Couple, koopi, s. m. couple of persons. Couple, a. f. couple (of things, etc.) Une couple de bœufs, a couple of eggs. Une couple de bœufs, a yoko of oxen. Une couple de de bessis, a yoke of oxen. Une couple de lièvres or de perdris, a brace of hares or partridges. When two things necessarily consected are spoken of, as shoes or gloves, the soord paire is used.

soord paire is used.

Couple, s. f. Mar. frame, timber, etc. Mattresse couple, midship frame. Couples de l'anout, fore body. Couples de l'arrière, after body. Couples de remplissage, filling timbers. Couples de voyles, cant timbers. Couple de lof, loof frame or loof timbers. Couples perpendiculaires à la quille orplacées à l'équerre, square timbers. Couples de coltis, foremost frame or knuckle timbers. Couples de batteres timbers. lancement, balance timbers or frames. Couples de lenée, frames (of a ship, said of those frames only designed on the shipwright's plan and moulded.)

COUPLER, kôo-pli, v. a. to couple.
COUPLET, kôo-plē, s. m. staff or stanza;
also lampoon. Couplets, s. m. pl. Mar. hingea.
Couplets à queue d'hironde or d'aronde, dovetail hinges.

COUPLETER, v. a. to lampoon in verse.

COUPOLE, s. m. cutter, instrument for cut-ting or clipping (coins, metals, etc.) COUPOLE, koo-pol, s. f. interior part of a dome.

Couron, koo-pon, s. m. (of cloth) shred, remnant; also dividend, instalment.

COUPURE, koo-pur, s. f. cut, gash; also in-trenchment behind a breach.

Cour, koor, s. f. court; court yard. Basse-cour, barn-yard. Homme de cour, courtier. Faire sa cour à quelqu'un, to make one's court to one, pay attendance to one, wait on one. Faire la cour aux belles, to court the ladies.

COURADOUX, s. m. Mar. space between two decks; place where the soldiers sleep (ris-

a galley.) Courage, kôo-raz, s.m. courage, valour, stoutness, mettle, spirit, constancy, resolution, boldness, affection; passion, mind, heart, hardness of heart, cruelty. Lache courage, naruers of neart, cruenty. Lacité courage, occurage dus bassesse de courage, faint-heartedness, sneakingness, base-spirit. Prendre courage, to cheer up, pluck up a good heart. Manquer de courage, to be faint-hearted or discourage. Donner du courage à quelqu'un, to appearance on Caradan de la courage de paelqu'un, to encourage one. Grandeur de courage, magnanimity, greatness of soul or spirit. Courage! cheer up!

COURAGEUSEMENT, koo-ra-zeuz-men, adv. courageously, stoutly, valiantly, briskly, resolutely, boldly, fiercely. S'opposer couragensement aux ermemis, to make a stout resist-

ance against the enemy.

Courageu-x, se, kdo-ra-zeu, zeuz, adj. courageous, stout, valiant, brave, resolute, bold, daring, fierce.
COURAMMENT, koo-ra-men, adv. hastily,

in a hurry; currently, finently; rapidly, readily, easily.

COURANT, E, kdo-res, rest, adj. running.

L'onnée courante, the present year. Monnoe courante, current coin or money. Chien courant, beagle or hound. Le prix courant, the current price, the market price. Malatie courante, prevailing distemper. Tost courant, adv. readily, easily, fluently, without besitation. En courant, cursorily, in basic.

COURANT, s. m. (fil de l'emi) current, stream. Le courant, the usual rate; also the present or current month, instant; and the present quarter or year. Le courant du marché, the market price. Le courant des affaires, the course of affairs. Le courant de la meule d'un moulin, the runner, the upper millstone.

COURANTE, s. f. courant or courante (sort of dance;) also thorough go-nimble or loose-

COURBATONS, s. m. pl. Mar. small knees, knees, brackets. Courbatons des herpes or de l'éperon, brackets. Courbâtons de hune, knees of a top.

COURBATU, E, koor-ba-ta, ta, adj. foundered, exhausted with fatigue.

COURBATURE, koor-ba-tur, s. f. foundering (of a horse;) painful lassitude.

bar, bat, base : thère, ebb, over : field, fig : robe, rob, lord : mood, good.

COURBE, & S. f. crooked, curved; bent. COURBE, s. f. crook, crooked piece of timber, curb (swelling in a horse's legs.)

Courbe, a. f. Mar. knee, standard, supporter, etc. Courbes du pressier pont, deck transom knees or hanging knees of the lower deck (in a ship of two decks.) Courbes du second pont, hanging knees of the upper or main deck. Courbes verticales du pont, standards ards. Courbes verticales or obliques, hanging knees. Courbes horizontales, lodging knees. Courbe à équerre, square knee. Courbes d'arcasse, transom knees. Courbes d'arcasse de la sainte-barbe, wing-transom knees helm-port transom knees. Courbes de remplistage, dead wood. Courbes des bittes, standards of the bits. Courbe de capucine, standard which fastens the cut water to the stem. Courbe d'etambord, knee of the sternpost. Courbe de hossoir, supporter of the cat-brad. Courbes de jotteresux, cheeks of the head. Courbes de guillard, hanging knees of the quarter-deck and fore-castle. Courbes de

fer, iron knees. COURBEMENT, kdorb-men, s. m. bending. COURBER, koor-ba, v. a. to bend or bow, make crooked. Courber, v. n. Se courber, v. r. to bend, bow, stoop.

COURBETTE, koor-bet, s. f. curvet, curvet-

COURSETTER, koor-be-ta, v. n. to curvet. COURBURE, koor-bar, s. m. crookedness, bent or bending, curvity.

COURCAILLET, koor-ka-te, s. m. catcall, quailpipe.

Councive, s. f. Mar. sort of deck which

goes round the sides of an open boat. COURER, s. f. COURET, s. m. V. Corroi.

COUREUR, & L. COURET, S. m. V. COTTOL.
COUREUR, & Mo-reur, s. m. runner, rambler, idle boy, running footman, rover or sea
rever or pirate, rover or inconstant lover;
also (said of horses,) courser, racer. Couress; scouts. Courses de vin, officer that
carries provisions with him for the king when
he rides abroad, but especially when he rides

a hearing.
Coursese, s. f. gadder, rambling or gossip-ing woman; also prostitute, whore, street walker.

Counce, kôorz, s. f. gourd, calabash. Courten, kôo-rh. V. Courrier. Counten, kôo-rh, v. n. to run; to run up and down, ramble about, rove; flow, stream; and down, ramme mout, rove; now, succam-to run, glide, slip, go or pass away; to go on, run on; to be in vogue or in fashion, be cur-rent, prevail. Courir la poste, to ride post. Courir à sue charge, to be in a fair way of getting an office. Courir après quelque chose, to run after a thing, smabiliously to seek after it senset is La manuelle or le brait court qu'il it, court it. La nowelle or le bruit court qu'il est mort, it is said, it is given out or reported, there is a talk or report, that he is dead. Paire courir un bruit, to be the author of a report, spread a report or news. Courir sur-le marche de quelqu'un, to go to take a bar-gain out of one's hands; also to interfere with one. An temps qui court, as times go. Ma-ledie qui court, rise disease. Les santés cou-roient à la ronde, the healths or toasts went round. Faire courir les voix, to put the question to vote. Faire courir un manifeste, to publish a manifesto. Les manifestes qu'on felt course, the manifestos that are abroad.

Couris sus, to fall upon. Donner à courir à quelqu'un, to force one to stir about.

Courir, v. a. to pursue, hunt, course. Courir une charge, to hunt after a place; (sus binefice) to sue for; (sus chean) to gallop or run; (fortune, risque) to run the hazard. Courir une belle fortune, to be in a fair way of preferment. Courir le plat pays, to spoil, waste, harnes and ravage a country; to pillage and plunder or infest the country, to make inroads into it. Courir la mer or les mers, to rove on or up and down the sea, infest the seas. Courir le pays, courir le monde, to range the world, go up and down the world, travel about. Courir le bal, to go from Courir les ruelles, to one ball to another. pay frequent visits to ladies. Courie la bague, to run the ring or at the ring. After for a courir les rues or les champs, to be mad or stark, staring mad, to be out of one's wits. Courir les tables, to go a spunging, be a smell feast, or a trencher fly.

Courir, v. a. Mar. to run, sail, stand, etc. Courir tribord or courir à la bordée de tribord, to run or stand on the starboard tack. Courir babord amuré, to stand on the larboard tack. Courir à mâts et à cordes or courir à sec, to scud a hull or to scud under bare poles. Conscula mui or to scula under parte poies. Con-rir à toutes roiles, to trend, crowd all sail Courir au large, to stand for the offing, to stand off shore. Courir vent largue, to sail or go large. Courir vent arrière or decemt le rent, to scud, run er go befure the wind. Courir avec les basses voiles, to go under a pair of courses. Courir une contact de bor-dance over des basses de accumils toils to scul dages avec des bandes de nouvelle toile, to parcel a seam. Courir an plus près, to stand close upon the wind. Courir an nord, au sud, à l'est or à l'ouest, to stand to the northward, southward, eastward or westward. Courir de bout au corps sur un bâtiment, to run end on upon a ship. Courir bord à contre, to stand upon a different tack to a vessel in sight. Courir des bords, to ply to windward. Courir la bouline, to run the gauntlet. Courir le même bord, to stand upon the same tack (with a ship in sight.) Courir la grande bordee, to keep watch at sea. Courir en latitude or en longitude, to run down latitude or longitude. Courir les écoutes largues, to sail with a flowing sheet. Courir sur un danger, to stand for a shoal. Courir sur un parallèle, to keep in the same latitude. Courir sur sa panne, to shoot (when lying to) main or fore topsail to the mast. Faire courir un bâtiment mer sa panne, to shoot a ship's (when lying to) fore or main topsail to the mast. Faire courir une manaeurre, to pass along a rope. Courir sur son aucre, to go over the anchor. Courir sur son air, to hold one's way. COURLIEU or COURLIS, kôor-li, k. m.

curlew.

Couros, V. Courroi.

COURONNE, kôo-rôn, s. f. crown, diadem, sovereignty, monarchy, kingdom, garland, wreath, priest's shaven crown; halo; cornet (of horse:)coronet (of a duke, earl, marquis.) Owrage a couronne, a crown work (in fortificution.) Enter en couronne, to graft between the bark and the tree.

COURONNÉ, E, adj. crowned, rewarded, en-compassed, environed. Arbre couronné, a tree that ceases budding except at the exbar, bat, base : thère, ebb, over : field, fig : robe, rob, lord : mood, good.

tremity of the branches. Outrage couronné, Cheval cou crown work (in fortification.) rouse, a horse that has worn the hair off his knees by frequent stimbling.

COURONNEMENT, koo-ron-men, s. m. coro-

nation; finishing touch, perfection; crowning, top, coping (in architecture;) crown work (in fortification.) Mar. taffarel.

COURONNER, koo-ro-nh, v. a. to crown; to recompense or reward; to crown, make perfect, finish.

COURONNURE, koo-ro-nor, s. f. palmer or

branching horns of a stag. COURPENDE, V. Capende.

COURRE, koor, v. n. solich is conjugated the same as Courre, and solich signifies the same thing, is now seldom used for Courre except in such expressions as Courre le cerf, la bague, des chevaux, to hunt or course, to run; and laisser courre, to let the hounds loose; but in every instance Courir may be substituted, which see.

COURRE, s. m. suitable country for the chase. COURRIER, s. m. courier, express, messenger. Courrière, s. f. is sometimes used in poe-

COURROI, V. Corroi. Counnois, koo-rwa, s. f. strap, leather

string, latehet. Cournouce, E, adj. provoked, angered, angry, raging.
COURROUCER, keo-roo-sa, v. a. to anger,

provoke to anger. Se courroucer, v. r. to grow angry, fly in a passion; to rage.

Courroux, kdo-roo, s. m. anger, wrath,

passion, raging (of the sea.)
Cours, koor, s. m. course; stream, current; term or space; train; course, progress, current price of the market; run, currency; book which contains a complete system of science, study of all the parts of a science; extent, length; sort of publick place where people of quality resort to take the air in their coaches, as in England they do in Hyde-Park in summer. Cours de ventre, looseness. Faire son cours en philosophie, to study philosophy. Acheter un cours de philosophie, to buy a whole body of philosophy. Avoir cours, to be in vogue, take. Une chose qui n'a plus cours, a thing out of date, out of use, cried down, not current. Mar. strake or streak. Cours de vaigres, streak (of the planks of a ship's ceiting continued from stem to stern.) Cours de hordages, strakes or streaks (of the planks.) Voyage de long cours, long voyage.

COURAE, hoors, s. f. running or race; janns,

journey, course, inroad, incursion, irruption, dash. Mar. cruise. Etre en course, to be on a cruise, to cruise. Aller en course, to go

upon a cruise, to go a cruising.

Coursie, s. f. or Coursier, s. m. a gal-

ley between the rowers, coursey.

COURSIER, koor-sia, s. m. war horse cour-V. Coursie. Coursier, cannon planted in the coursey of a galley.

COURSIÈRE, s. f. draw-bridge on a man of

war to communicate from one part to another during an action.

Courson, s. m. bough of a tree five or six

inches long.

COURT, E, koor, koort, adj. short, brief. C'est le plus court, it is the best way or the

Il fut court d'argent, his mone best course. Il fut court d'argent, his money fell short. Il est courte de mémoire or il a la mémoire courte, he has a short memory. Avoir la rue courte, to be short-sighted. Ses vees sont courtes, he is short-sighted, he wants fore-cest. Vansseau court, Mar. short ship.

Court, adv. short. Pour vous le court, to be short, in short, to sum up all, not to hold you long. S'arrêter tout court, to stop short or suddenly or on a sudden. Je stop short or suddenly or on a sudden. Je me retiral tost court, I went away presently. Denester tost court, to be at a stand, not to know what to say, to be mum, to be put to the stand or noaplus. Tenir de court, to keep short, keep under, keep, keep a strict hand over. Prendre quelqu'un de court, to be hard with one prese court. with one, press one.

COURTAGE, koor-tae, s. m. brokerage.
COURTAUD, E, koor-to, tod, s. m. & f.
short thick-set person; short bassoon; also horse whose ears and tail are cropped. Chien courtand, cropped dog. Courtand or cour-tand de boutique, shop-boy.

COURTAUDER, koor-to-da, v. a. to crop a horse's tail.

COURT-BOUILLON, koor-boo-lon, s. m.

particular way of dressing fish. COURTE-BOULE, s. f. bowls, short bowls. COURTE-HALEINE, kor-tk-lên, s. f. asthma *Countement, koort-men, adv. briefly,

in a few words. COURTE-POINTE, koort-pwint, s. f. coun-

terpane or counterpoint.
COUNTEPOINTIER, E, s. m. & f. maker or

seller of counterpanes

COURTIER, koor-ilk, s. m. broker. Courtier de chevaux, jockey, jockey courser. Courtier de vin, wine-cooper. Courtier de lard, an in-spector of lard and bacon. Courtier de lettres de change, exchange broker. Courtier or courtière de mariage, match-maker.

COURTILIZER, s. f. a destructive insect

bred in a dunghill.

COURTINE, koor-tin, s. f. curtain (of a bed or fortification.)

COURTISAN, kôor-tl-zên, s. m. courtier; suitor.

Courtisane, koor-ti-zin, s. f. courtesan, prostitute. COURTISER, koor-d-zh, v. a. to court,

make one's court to. *Courtois, E, koor-twa, twaz, adj. courte-

ous, civil, affable, kind.

*Courtoisement koo-twaz-men, adv.
courteously, civilly, kindly.
Courtoises, koo-twa-d, s. f. courtesy,
civility, kindness or good turn.

COURU, E, adj. run after, pursued, chased,

hunted, etc. also much in vogue. Cousin, kôo-zim, s. m. cousin, crony, inti-

mate friend; kind of gnat, midge; kind of pastry toy.

Cousinage, koo-zi-nke, s. m. the being a cousin; also kindred, relation. COUSINE, koo-zin, s. f. cousin, she-cousin. Cousiner, koo-zi-ni, v. a. to cousin, call

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COUSIN IR. N. S. f. a sort of gause.

COUSIN, kôo-swar, s. m. sewing press.

COUSIN, kôo-sis, s. m. cushion, pillow.

Mar. pillow, bolster, etc. Coussin de four-wre
et pailler, bolster. Coussin de hempré, pillow
of the bowsprit. Coussin d'écubiers, bol-

base, bût : jêûne, mêute, bêurre : ênfânt, cênt, liên : vin : mon : brun.

ster of the hawse holes. Coussin des bittes, firlining or doubling of the bits. Coussin de

mire, bed of a gun. Coussingt, koo-si-net, s. m. bag; (of a

korse) pad; quilted stomacher. COUST, E, adj. sewed, stitched, etc. Il est tout coust de pistoles, he is well lined, he is full of gold. Mais bauche couste, but mum, but be sure you keep your tongue.

COUTANT, adj. Prix coltant, cost of a

thing.

Couteau, kôo-tô, s. m. knife ; short sword. Content de chasse, wood knife, hanger. Ils en sont à contemux tirés, they are at daggers drawing. Rose en coulous, cog wheel. Courelas, koot-la, s. m. cullass.

Coureté, E, Edj. slaughtered. Ex. Peau de monton toute coutelée, sheep's skin slaugh-

COUTELIER, koot-life, s. m. cutler. Contesière, s. f. case of knives; also cutler's

Couvellerer, koo-tel-ri, s. f. making of

knives ; cutler's shop.

COUTER, kho-th, v. n. to cost, stand one in, be dear, be chargeable, be painful or troubles, some. Cet coursage his a coate bien du tempe, that piece of work has cost him a great deal of time, he has been a long time about it. La gloire coûte à acquérir, glory is a dear purchase. Les hormeurs coûtent à qui une les possèles, much worship much cost. Il hai en coûte hersons d'amie ils about de la partie de la lance de coite beaucoup d'avoir été absent, he pays dear for his absence. Hen coute beaucoup pour faire bâtir, building runs away with a great deal of money. L'argent ne lui coûte guère, deal of money. L'argent ne ten conte guere, he throws his money away, he knows not the raine of money. Quand it fait l'amour rien ne hei coûte, when he is in love he cares not what he spends, or he thinks nothing dear. Quand it est question of obliger ses arms, rien e su coûte, he never thinks any thing difficult or troublesome to serve his friends. Tout hi coûte, he does every thing against the grain. Jamais résolution ne m'a tant coûté à prendy, I never was so long resolving about any thing.

Course-z, sz, adj. expensive.

COUTIER, s. m. ticking maker or seller. COUTIE, keo-ef, s. m. tent-cloth, ticking or

Courne, kôotr, s. m. coulter, ploughshare. COUTUME, koo-tom, s. f. custom; way, habit ; usage, use ; custom or common law ; comwon law-book; custom or toll. Avoir couts or de coutume, to be wont or accustomed, to use. Il en use comme de coutume, ha does just as he used to do. Plus que de coutume, more than ordinary. Pays de coutume, country where custom or common law takes place.
CONTUNIER, E, köo-tü-miä, mier, adj. cus-

tomary, accustomed, common, ordinary. Droit contumier, common law. Pays contumier. country governed by custom or common law.

COUTUMIER, s. m. common-law book. COUTURE, kho-tur, s. f. sewing, stitching; scar, seam; defait à plate couture, utterly de-

Courur £, z, adj. said of any thing that

has marks like a seam or scar.
COUTURIER, s. m. sewer, stitcher, also one of the ranscles of the leg.

Conturière, kôo-tů-rièr, s. f. seamatre manua-maker

Couvá, z. kôo-và, adj. fusty. V. Comer. Couváz, kôo-và, a.f. nest of eggs, brood, clan. Couvert, kôo-vès, s. m. couvent, monas-

tery.
Couver, kôo-và, v. a. to brood; sit on; hatch, brew (plots,) to breed (sickness.) Con-rer, v. n. to warm one's self, as Dutch women do, with a stove under their petticonts; to fie or be hid, lurk, lie lurking. Se comer, v. r.

to lie hid or hatching.

Couvercle à pot, pot-lid. Comercle des écou-

tilles, Mar. hatch

COUVERT, E, koo-ver, vert, adj. covered, etc. V. Courrir, clad, clothed; full, loaded, etc. V. Compar, clan, cionneo; nui, manene, covered all over; close, hid, hidden, secret; close, reserved, dissembling; cloudy, dark, overcast; ambiguous, dark, obscure. Paus connert, woody country. Lieu connert, shady place. Via connert, deep or high coloured wine. Il étoit couvert de sucir, he was all tions in a manet. Chamin canaret. Chemin convert, covered over in a sweat. way (in fortification.)

Cossers, s. m. table-cloth, cover, i. e. plate with its knife and fork, and sometimes its spoon and mapkin besides; cover-case, i. e. spoon and sapam oversee; cover-case, s. c. case with a spoon, fork, and knife: covert, shelter, roof, lodging; thicket, shady place; cover, envelope. A couvert, adv. under a covert, or shelter. Se mettre à couvert, to shelter or secure one's self. Mettre son bien à shelter or secure one's estate. Ere à con-couvert, to secure one's estate. Ere à cou-vert de quelque danger, to be sheltered or se-cure, or free from danger. Ere à convert (or en prison,) to be laid up in a prison. Couvente, s. f. (in the Leonat) deck;

also glazing (on earther ware,) enamel (on china spare.

COUVERTEMENT, koo-vert-mes, adv. co-vertly, closely, secretly, privately. COUVERTURE, koo-ver-thr, s. f. cover; co-

verlet, covering; (de laine) blanket; case; (de maison) roof, cover, cloak, protence, blind, colour. Converture velue, rug. Faire la converture, to turn the bed down. Converture des chemisée, Mar. caboose.

COUVERTURIER, koo-ver-tu-rik, s. m. maker or seller of bed coverings or blankets.

COUVET, koo-ve, s. m. stove (such as the Dutch women use under their petticoats.) Couveuse, koo-veuz, s. f. brooder, i. e.

that broods or sits on eggs.

Couvi, kôo-vî, adj. m. rotten or addle.

Couvre-cher, kôovr-shêf, s. m. kerchief. Couvre-reu, s. m. fire plate or curfew, i. e. piece of iron to cover the fire in the night; also curiew or curiew bell; and meat acre

COUVRE-PIED, s. m. small quilt or covering for the foot of the bed.

COUVRE-PLAT, s. m. cover for a dish. COUVREUR, koo-vreur, s. m. (de maisse or en trale) brick-layer, tiler; (en ardoise) slater; (en channe) thatcher; (de chaises) chairmaker.

COUPRIN, koe-vrir, v. a. (like omerir) to cover; hide, conceal, keep close or secret; colour, cloak, palliate, disonable or disguise, lead, charge, till; (la table) to spread or cover, (nue corale) to leap; (me chisme) to cover. Courrir une muraille de marive, etc. to line or do a wall over with marble, etc. Commir

har, bat, base : thère, êbb, over : field, fig : rôbe, rôb, lord : mood, good.

elqu'un, to drown one, to obscure his merits. One voix qui couvre les autres, a voice that drowns others. Couvrir d'or or d'argent, to overlay with gold or silver. Couvrir un habit d'or or d'argent, to daub or cover a suit de silver lesse Couvrir le vise ges or but d'or or d'argent, to daub or cover a suit with gold or silverlace. Couvrir le visage or la jone à quelqu'un, to give one a box on the ear or a slap on the face. Couvrir le débarquement des troupes, to cover the landing of the troops. Se couvrir, v. r. to put one's hat on, be covered; (d'un'bon habit) to put on, clothe one's self with. Se couvrir richement, to wear rich clothes. Le ciel or le temps de se couvrir de la constant de la couvrir de la constant de la couvrir d nence à se couvrir, the sky begins to be overcast. Cette frégate s'est converte de voiles pour nous rullier, that frigate has made all the sail she can to join us.

COYAU, s. m. piece of wood notched in the

wheel of a mill.

CRABE, krab, s. m. crab.

CRABIER, s. m. bird that feeds on crabs. CRAC, s. m. crack, cracking noise; also a

disease in birds of prey.

CRACHAT, cra-sha, s. m. spittle, spawl.

CRACHA, E, adj. spit. C'étoit lui tout craché, he was as like him as if he had been spit out of his mouth.

CRACHEMENT, kråsh-men, s. m. spitting

or spawling.

CRACHER, krå-shå, v. a. & n. to spit, spit out, spawl. Cracher au bassin, to contribute or club. Cracher au nez de quelqu'an, to spit in one's face. Cracher des injures, to rail or abuse, call names.

CRACHEU-R, SE, krå-sheur, sheuz, s. m. &

f. spitter, spitting person.
CRACHOIR, krå-shwar, s. m. spitting box.
CRACHOIR krå-shwar, s. m. spitting box.
CRACHOIR st. krå-shö-tabot-mes, s. m.
CRACHOIR krå-shö-ta, v. n. to sputter,

spit often.

CRAIR, kre, s. f. chalk.

CRAIRR, s. m. Mar. crayer, sort of small

Swedish vessel.

CRAINDRE, kriedr, v. a. (see the table at sindre) to fear, dread, apprehend, be afraid of, stand in awe or fear of. Se faire craindre, to make one's self feared. If est a craindre, it is or he is to be feared.

CRAINT, E, adj. feared.
CRAINTE, krint, s. f. fear, apprehension, awe. Crainte de or de crainte de, for fear of. De crainte que, for sear that, lest.

CRAINTI-F, VE, krist-tif, tiv, adj. fearful,

timorous.

CRAINTIVEMENT, adv. fearfully, timorously.

CRAMOISI, krd-mwd-zl, s. m. crimson, grain colour. Teint en cramoiri, died in grain. Un sot en cromoisi, fool in grain. Laid en cramoisi, superlatively ugly. CRAMP, Mar. V. Crampon.

CRAMPE, kresp, s. f. or GOUTTE CRAMPE,

cramp.

CRAMPON, kren-pon, s. m. cramp-iron-hook. Crampons de fer de cheval, frost-nails of a horne-shoe. Crampon or crampon de fer, Mar. staple, cramp-iron. CRAMPONNER, kren-pô-na, v. a. to fasten

with a cramp-iron. Se cramponner, v. r. to

ching at any thing.
CRAMPONNET, s. m. little cramp-iron. Cramponnet de targette, lock staple.

CRAH, krėn, s. m. notch. groove (is a type.) CRAHE, krėn, s. m. skull, brainpan. CRAPAUD, krå-pò, s. m. toad. Mar. goose-neck of the tiller.

CRAPAUDAILLE, s. f. thin crape.

CRAPAUDIRES, s. f. swampy place.
CRAPAUDINE, kra-po-din, s. f. toad-stone; iron-wort; the sole or square piece of iron, etc. wherein the pivot plays or turns in the bot-tom of a gate; mak-tong or mak-worm (a borse's disease.) Griller des pigeons à la crapasdise, to broil pigeons with salt, pepper, and vinegar.

CRAPOUSSIR, E, s. m. & f. short ill shaped person, dwarf, shrimp. CRAPULE, krå-pål, s. f. drunkenness, crapulence, gluttony.

CRAPULER, krå-pů-là, v. n. to fuddle or

drink hard, gormandize

CRAPULEU-I, SE, krå-pů-lèu, lèus, adj. crapulous, drunken, intemperate. CRAQUELIN, kråk-lis, s. m. cracknel, hard cake.

CRAQUEMENT, krak-men, s. m. crack or cracking noise.

CRAQUER, krå-ita, v. n. to crack, brackle; to crack, tell a story. Faire craquer ses doigts, to make one's lingers snap.

CRAQUERIE, s. f. lie.

CRAQUETER, krak-ta, v. n. to crackle. J'entends craquer le tonnerre, I heur cracks of thunder.

CRAQUEU-R, SE, krå-keur, keuz, s. m. &c f. cracker, boas

CRAQUETEMENT, 4. m. cracking.

CRASSANE, s. f. a sort of pear. CRASSE, kris, s. f. filth, nastiness, greese, rust ; dandruff ; scum or dross. La crasse du collège or de l'école, the rudeness, rusticity or clownishness of the school.

CRASSE, adj. gross, thick, coarse. CRASSES, s. f. pl. scales which fall from

metals when hammered.

CRASSEU-I, SE, krå-sèn, seuz, adj. & s.
nasty, fikhy, full of nastiness, greasy, rusy.
Un crasseux, nasty or greasy fellow, a niggardly fellow. Une crasseuse, ahu; a niggardly fellow. gardly woman.

CRATERE, s. m. crater; also drinking cup. CRATICULER, v. a. to square (an original picture or drawing) in order to take a reduced

CRAVAN, s. m. a sort of aquatick bird. CRAVATE, krå-våt, s. f. cravat or neckelotb. Mar. navelline

Cravate, s.m. Croat, sort of trooper of Croatia. CRAYON, kre-yos, s. m. pencil or crayon, picture in one colour or drawn with crayons, picture in crayons; picture or description of a person or thing, also chalking or first draught or delineation of a picture; and sketch, first or rough draught (of a composition.)
CRAYONNER, kre-yo-na, v. a. to chalk or

draw with crayons or with a pencil; to chalk

or sketch.

CRAYONNEU-R, SE, S. m. & f. a drawer with crayons.

CRAYONNEU-X, SE, adj. of the nature of crayons.

CREARCE, krd-ens, s. f. belief, faith; thought, opinion; trust, credit, confidence, debt, money owing. Lettres de créance, credential letters or credentials, also letters of credit. Chim base, båt : jeune, meute, beurre : enthat, cent, lièn : vin : mon : brun.

de home créance, dog that may be depended

CRÉANCIER, E, Erà-èn-sià, sièr, a. m. & f. creditor.

CREAT, s. m. usher to a riding-master. CRÉATRUR, krå-å-teur, s. m. creator, ma-

ker. Recessir son createur, to receive the sa-

CREATION, kra-4-slon, s. f. creation.

CRÉATRICE, adj. L puissance créatrice, Montesquies) creating power. CREATURE, kra-l-tur, s. f. creature, crea-

ted being, person, man or woman.

CREMEN, s. m. a sort of tree and its fruit. CRECKLE, krit-sel, s. f. rattle.

CRECERELLE, kris-rel, s. f. kestrel. CRECHE, kresh, s. f. manger, crib or cratch. CREDERCE, krå-dess, s. f. little cup-board near the altar, where the church plate is kept. CRÉDIBILITÉ, krá-dí-bi-li-tà, s. f. credi-

bility

Carott, kra-dl, s. m. credit; trust, name, esteem, reputation, power, influence, sway.

Prendre or acheter a credit, to buy or take
upon trust, take upon tick.

Vendre or donner upon trust take upon tick. Vendre or domer a crédit, faire crédit à quelqu'un, to trust one, give one credit. A crédit, to little or no purpue. Dire quelque chose à crédit, to speak without book, say a thing without ground or proof, speak at random.

CRÉDITEUR, s. m. creditor. .

CRÉDITER, v. a. to credit one in the day book.

Crádula, krá-důl, adj. credulous, easy of

CREOLITÉ, krá-dô-fi-th, s. f. credulity, lightness or reskuess of belief. CREER, krá-h, v. n. to create; to contract,

run into (debt.) to settle (a pension upon one.) CREMAILLERE, kra-ma-ler, s. f. pothook that may be lengthened or shortened, trammel. CRÉMAILLOS, kra-mà-los, s. m. small pot-

book.

CRÈME, krêm, s. f. cream. Crême, s. m. V. Chrême.

CREMEST, s. m. (in grammar) termination added in the inflections of a word.

CRÉMER, krå-må, v. n. to cream.

CRÉMIÈRE, s. f. woman that sells cream. CRÉMEAU, krá-no, s. m. battlement, in-

CREWELE, E, adj. embattled (in heraldry.)
CREWELE, E, adj. embattled (in heraldry.)
CREWELE, krān-la, v. a. to make notches
into bettlements; to indent, notch.
CREWELURE, krān-lur, s. f. the being

notched or indented. Cnfoln, kril-ol, s. m. & f. creole, descendant of an European born in America.

CREPACE, s. m. way of dressing crape. CREPE, krep, s. m. crape, mourning hat-

mad. Crépe, a. f. sort of pancake. Caferan, kré-pá, v. a. to crisp, frizzle or curl. Cafer, a. krá-pl, pl, adj. rough-cast, par-petted. Cafer crépi, leather worked into a getted.

CREPI, s. m. rough cast (of a wall.) CREPIN, (S. Crépin) S. Crispin, the shoemaker's smint. S. Crépin, all the tools of a travelling shoe-maker; also a poor person's whole substance. Perdre son S. Crépin, to lose one's all. Vous voyez tout son B. Crépin, you see all his riches.

CRÉPINE, krá-pln. s. f. fringe.

CRÉPIR, krá-ph, v. a. to rough cast or par-

CRÉPISSURE, krá-pl-súr, s. f. or CRÉPISSE-MENT, s. m. parget or rough cast of walls. CREPITATION, kra-pl-ta-slon, s. f. crepita

tion, crackling of fire.
Crafron, kra-pon, s. m. thick crape.
Crafro, k. kra-po, po, adj. curled, crisped, frizzled (said of hair.)

Crápusculz, krá-půs-kůl, s. m. crepuscule, twilight.

CRÉQUIER, s. m. wild plum-tree.

CRESSON, kro-son, s. m. cress, cresses. CRESSON, kro-son, s. m. cress, cresses. CRESSONNIÈRE, krō-sō-nlèr, s. f. place

where creases grow.

CRETE, kret, s. f. comb (of the cock:) tuft, cop: crest, top. Crete de morse, certain place on the back of the cod-fish. Crete marine, Calitá, z, kré-tå, adj. that has a comb or tuft, tufted.

CRETORNE, s. f. a sort of white linen.

CREUSENEHT, a. m. the act of digging. CREUSER, kreu-zh, v. r. to dig, bollow or make hollow. Cresser we affaire, (or cresser dens use affaire) to sift a business, go to the bottom of it, dive into it. Se cresser le cerveus, to rack one's brains. Creuser un port, to deepen a harbour.

CREUSET, kreu-sê, s. m. crucible. CREU-x, se, kreu, kreuz, adj. hollow; visionary, foolish, airy, extravagant, fantastical, chimerical. Fosse fort creax, very deep ditch, Ventre creax, empty belly. Viande crease, frothy, light, insignificant food; also visionary scheme.

CREUX, s. m. hole, pit, hollow, hollowness, cavity; sort of mould for plaster casts, etc. le ne puis arracher cels du creux de ma cervelle, I cannot get it out of my brains. Un bemiereux, un bon creux, base voice which can descend to very low notes. Mar. Creux, depth or height of the hold (of a ship.) Creux de

la mer, trough of the sea.

CREVAILLE, s. f. immoderate entertain-

CREVASSE, kre-vas, s. f. chap, chink, crevice, gap; scratches (disease in the legs of horses.)
CREVASSER, kre-vas-as, v. a. to chap. Se crevasser, v. r. to crack, split, chap, chink or

gape. CREVÉ, E, adj. & s. burst, etc. V. Crever.

Un gros crevé, une grosse crevée, fat swag-bellied man or woman, bursten-gutted person. CREVE-COEUR, krev-beur, s. m. grief of heart, great trouble, heart-breaking.

CREVER, kre-va, v. n. to burst; to die. Crever de chaud, to be extremely hot. Crever de graisse, to be extremely fat. Crever de biess, to abound in or with riches. Crever d'eswie, d'orgueil, de rage, etc. to be full of or borst with pride, eavy, rage, etc.

Crever, v. a. to burst, tear, rend or break. Orever les yeux à quelqu'un, to put out one's eyes. Crever un cheval, to jade a horse. Cela vous crève les yeux, that lies under your nose or before you, you cannot but see it. Les saletés crèvent les yeux, there is nothing but filth to be seen. Mar. to burst, stave, prick. Crever une embarcation, to stave a boat. Un de nos camons de 18 creva dans le combat, one of our 18 pounders burst in the bár, båt, båse: thère, čbb, ovêr: field, fig: robe, rob, lord: mood, good.

action. La gargousse est-elle crevée? is the cartridge pricked? Se crever, v. r. to crack, burst, etc. Se crever de boire, de manger, etc.

to burst with cramming, etc.

CRI, krl, s. m. cry, loud voice, clamour, shriek, squeak. Cri de joie, shout, shouting, acclamation, huzza, hallooing. Cri de guerre, battle-shout. Cri or cri d'armes, (in heraldry) motto. Faire or jeter or pousser des cris, to cry out. A cor et à cri, with hue and cry. CHIALLER, kri-à-da, v. n. to bawl, cla-mour, scold. Femme qui ne fait que criailler,

bawling or scolding woman, scold.

CRIAILLERIE, krl-4/-rl, s. f. clamour,

bawling, scolding or clamouring.

CRIAILLEU-R, SE, krl-a-leur, leuz, s. m. & f. bawler, bawling person.

CRIARD, E, kri-ar, ard, adj. & s. clamourous, noisy, bawling, scolding, bawler or squal-ler. Dettes criardes, dribbling debts.

CRIBLE, kribl, s. m. sieve. CRIBLER, kri-bla, v. a. to sift. Cribler de coups, to shoot or stab through and through in many places, to riddle. Mar. to damage by shot or pepper with shot. Levaissean animal Hollandais fut criblé de boulets, the Dutch admiral's ship was well peppered with shot. Cette corvette a sa voilure criblée, that sloop has her sails full of shot holes.

CRIBLEUR, kri-bleur, s. m. a sister.

CRIBLEUX, adj. m. Ex. Os cribleux, sieve-

like bone (in the upper part of the nose.)
CRIBLURE, kri-blor, s. f. pl. bran, chaff.
CRIBRATION, kri-bri-slow, s. f. sifting,

straining (in pharmacy.)

CRIC, krlk, s. m. engines used to lift up burdens. Petit cric, jack. Cric-crac, crash-ing, noise made in breaking or tearing any thing.

CRIÉE, krl-a. s. f. outery or port sale : auc-

tion

CRIER, kri-k, v. n. to cry, cry out, bawl; to shout, halloe; to squall, squeak or screak out, to creak; screak; to complain, clamour; to scold, bawl. Crier contre, to cry down, inveigh or exclaim against. Les boyoux hei crient, his guts or bowels grumble. meurire, to cry out murder.

Crier, v. a. to cry or proclaim. CRIERIE, kri-ri, s. f. cry, clamour, scold-

ing, bawling. CRIEU-R, SE, kri-eur, euz, s. m. & f. crier or bawler. Crieur public, crier (of publick

CRIM, krim, s. m. crime, foul deed, fault or offence, sin. Crime de lese-majesté, V.

CRIMINALISER, krl-ml-nå-ll-zå, une affaire, v. a. to make a cause or a case criminal or

CRIMINALISTE, s. m. a writer upon criminal matters.

CRIMINEL, LE, kri-mi-nel, adj. & s. crimi-

nal, guilty : malefactor, offender. Calminellemenz, krl-mi-nel-men, adv.

criminally. Pour suivre quelqu'un criminellement, to prosecute one capitally or as a male-factor. Expliquer criminellement quelque chose, en juger criminellement, to put an ill construction upon a thing.

CRIM, krim, s. m. horse hair; also hair. CRIMÉ, E, adj. hairy.

CRIBIER, s m. worker or dealer in hair.

CRINIÈRE, kri-nier, a. f. main; gleo ugiy

head of hair, paltry wig.
CRINON, s. m. a sort of little worm as thise as a hair bred under the skin.

CRIQUE, krik, s. f. creek, bight, cove. CRIQUET, kri-fe, s. m. tit, a little horse. CRISE, kriz, s. f. crisis.

CRISPATION, s. f. crispation.

CRISPER, v. a. to cause crispation, to crisp.
CRISSER, kri-sk, v. n. to grind or gnash
the teeth together. V. Grincer.
CRISTAL, kris-thi, s. m. crystal; crystal. glass; (in poetry) crystal stream, lucidity, transparency, limpidness.

CRISTALLIE, E, kris-th-lia, fin, adj. crys-

talline.

CRISTALLIN, s. m. crystalline humour; also with some philosophere crystalline sky.
CRISTALLISATION, kris-th-ll-zh-slon, s. f.

crystallization.
CRISTALLISER, kris-th-17-zh, v. a. to crystallize. Se cristalliser, v. r. to crystallize.

CRITERIUM, s. m. criterion. CRITIQUABLE, kri-ti-kabl, adj. that de-

serves censure or may be criticised.
CRITIQUE, kri-lik, adj. & s. critick, critical, censorious, fault-finder.

CRITIQUE, s. f. critics; criticism, critical

dissertation, censure CRITIQUER, kri-ti-kh, v. a. to criticise or

examine; to criticise upon, censure, find fault with.

*CRITIQUEUR, s. m. critick, fault-finder. CROASSEMENT, krô-ås-mên, s. m. cronk-

CROASSER, krô-å-så, v. n. to crosk.

CROATE, s. m. Croatian.

CROATIE, s. f. Croatia (in Hungary.) CROC, kro, s. m. hook, tenter; boat-book; bully, sharper: fang, tusk; (de moustache) curl. Cela fait croc sous la dent (pronounce the c final) that crackles under the teeth. Pendre l'épée, au croc, to leave off wearing a sword. Ce différent demeure pendu au croc, that difference remains undecided. Mar. Croc de candelette, hook of the fish pendant.

CROC-EN-JAMBE, krôk-en-zenb, s. m. trip, tripping up of one's heels. Downer le croc-n-jambe à quelqu'un, to trip up one's heels, give one a fall or Cornish hug; also to sup-

plant one.

CROCHE, krosh, s. f. crotchet or quaver (in musick.) Double croche, semiquaver.

CROCHE, adj. crooked, bent.
CROCHET, krô-shê, s. m. hook; brace, crotchet, parenthesis; (of diamonds) crotchet; picklock; steel-yard, Roman balance; lock of hair; tusk, fang. Clas à crochet, tenter-hook. Crochets d'arbres, the bearers of trees. Crochets de portefaix, the French porter's device to carry burdens with. Mar. Crochets, hooks or hasps (to fasten cross pieces to the bits.)

CHOCHETER, krosh-th, v. a. to pick or pick

open.

CROCHETEUR, krosh-teur, s. m. porter, a

street porter; (de servisres) picklock.
CROCHU, z, krö-shö, shi, adj. hooked,
crooked. Il a les mains crochues, he is lightfingered.

CROCHUER, v. a. to bend, make crooked, crook; (une note de musique) to make a crotchet.

base, bat : jeune, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

*Cnoconte.z., krô-kô-dîl, s. m. crocodile. Cnocos, krô-kôs, s. m. safiron-flower.

CROIRE, krwar, v. a. to believe; think, suppose or imagine. Croire quelqu'un, to believe, trust or credit one, be ruled by one. Croire conseil, to be ruled, follow another man's advice. Croire à to have faith in, believe in or balieve. In this same we sometimes use croire en or croire dlone.

Crossa. R. kraft. rid of conseils habit

CROSSABE, krwk-zhd, s. f. crusade, holy

Choisa, r. a. m. croisat (foreign coin.) Choisa, krwa-za, a. m. croise, crusader. Choisa, n., adj. cross, laid across. Serge

oiste, kersey. Onessan, krwd-sh, s. f. opening in a wall for a window; also window or casement. Croisée or fastère croisée, cross-bar window, transom-window. Croisée d'une aucre, Mar. crown of an anchor.

CROIDEMENT, s. m. crossing. CROIDEME, krwh-ph, v. a. to cross; lay across or cross-ways; to cross or strike out. Croiser la route d'un adtiment, Mar. to cross the track of a chip. Croiser, v. n. Mar. to cruise. Se creiser, v. r. to be cross or cross-wise, cross ther; to sit cross legged; to take upon one the cress for the holy war. Chemins or lignes qui se croisent, cross-ways or lines.

CROISETTE, S. f. n erosslet; also cross-wort. CROISEUR, krwh-seur, s. m. or vaisseau

oeur, Mar. ervio

CROISTERE, krwd-zler, a. f. Mar. cruise; en creinere, to be craising. CROINLLOW, krwa-al-lon, s. m. crossbar.

CHOISSANCE, krwh-sèss, s. f. growth. Age

de crossance, growing age.
CROSSANT, larwh-sen, s. m. crescent; mons in her increase; Empire du croisant, Turkish empire; (de sheminée) book (to hold the tongs and shovel.)

CROISURE, s. f. texture of a sort of cloth.

"Chofre, a sa, the increase of a flock.
Gaotran, krwain, v. n. to grow, grow up,
grow tall, wax, increase, multiply. Crotice,

v. a. to increese, enlarge. La phoie a crâ la violre, the rain has swelled the river. Casen, krwa, s. f. cross. Mettre une chose

Assir les familes en cross. A conse wise.
Assir les familes en cross, to sit cross legged.

If fant faire la croix à la cheminée, we must make a cross there. Prendre la croix, to go actuaching. Groix-dis-par-dieu, criss-cross-row, a, b, e, or alphabet. Groix dons les chies, him. cross in the hawse. Anoir ses per-squate se croix, to have one's top-gallant yarde across. V. Tour.

Case, s. m. sand or collection of small hells found deep in the earth.

ing.)
Choquany, u, krô-shu, shut, adj. crack-ng under one's teeth.

Cacquast, s. m. beggar, pitiful wretch

CROCUE-ASS-SEL, s. f. Ex. Manger use use à di croque-out-sel, to cet a . thing with stileg leut a tittle selt. Cusque-larmon, s. m. lick-split, lick-

i, spanger.

CREODE-HOTE, s. m. umkilful musician. but

CROQUER, krô-kh, v. n. & a. to crack or crackle, eat greedily, scranch, (un dessein) to sketch a design, make the first draught of a picture; to filch or pilfer away. Croquer le

narmot, to dance attendance, wait. CROQUET, kro-ke, s. m. thin and hard piece of gingerbread (that crackles between one's

teeth.)

CROQUEUR, kro-keur, s. m. catch-bit, greedy gut, devourer

CROQUIGNOLE, kro-ki-gaol, s. f. fillip.

CROQUIGNOLER, v. a. to fillip.

Croquis, kro-kl, s. m. sketch (in paint-

ing.)
CROSSE, krôs, s. f. bat, bandy, gaff-stick; but-end; crosser or crosser-staff. Jouer à la crosse. V. Crosser.

CROSSÉ, E, adj. Ex. Un abbé crossé et mitré, an abbot that has the crosier-staff and mitre.

CROSSER, krô-så, v. n. to play at gaff or cricket.

CROSSEUR, krd-seur, s. m. cricket or gaffplayer.

CROTTE, krôt, s. f. dirt; crotels, excre-

ment of rats, sheep, haves, etc.

CROTTE, E, adj. dirty, bedaggled. Poete crotte, paltry wretched poet. Il fait bien crotte dans les rues, it is very dirty in the

CROTTER, krô-th, v.a. to dirt, to bedaggle. CROTTER, krô-tin, s. m. crotels, dung, ec.

V. Crotte.

CROULANT, E, adj. that sinks or shakes. CROULEMENT, krool-men, S. m. sinking, sheking.

CROULER, krôo-là, v. n. to sink, crumble. Crouler un bâtiment, Mar. to launch a ship. CROULIER, E, krôo-lià, lièr, adj. boggy, sinking.

CROUPADE, kroo-pad, s. f. croupade, lean

(of a horse.) CROUPE, kroop, s. f. top, ridge; buttocks, croup. Mettre en croupe, to take one up be-hind one on horseback. Etre en croupe, monter en croupe, to ride behind another on the same horse. Cheval qui porte en croupe, horse that carries double.

CROUPI, E, adj. stagnated. De l'eau croupie, standing water.

CROUPLER, kroo-pla, s. m. partner (at play;) assistant to a banker at basset or faro.
CROUPLERE, kroo-pler, s. f. crupper. To-

iller des crosspières à quelqu'un, to cut out work for one. Mar. sternfast. CROUPION, krôo-plon, s. m. rump (of a

fowl.) CROUPIR, kroo-ph, v. n. to stand or stand still (said of tiquids, etc.) lie long (and thereby become filthy, said of the sick.)

CROUPISSANT, E, adj. standing, stagmant. CROUSTILLE, kroos-tl/, s. f. crust of bread. CROUSTILLER, krôce-ti-là, v. n. to cat a

*CROUSTILLEUSEMENT, adv. pleasantly, comically.

CROUSTILLEU-X, SE, krôos-ti-lèu, lèuz,

adj. plessant, comical.
CROUTE, kroot, s. f. crust; scurf or scab; piece of inlaid work.

CROUTELETTE, s. f. little crust, piece of

CROUTIER, s. m. bad, wretched painter.

bar. bat. base : thère, èbb, ovèr : fleid, fig : rôbe, rôb, lôrd : mòod, gôod.

CROUTON, kroo-ton, s. m. piece of crust of bread.

CROYABLE, krwa-yabi, adj. credible, to be believed or credited

CROYARCE, krwa-yèns, s. f. faith, belief, opinion, thought, trust, credit.
CROYART, krwa-yèn, s. m. believer, one

of the faithful.

CRU, E, krů, krů, adj. grown, increased, etc. V. Croitre.

CRU, kru, s. m. growth. Ex. De son cru, of one's own growth, of one's own inven-

CRU, adj. (from Croire,) believed, thought, etc. V. Croire.

CRU, E, adj. raw ; crude ; indigested; blunt, hard. A cru, on the bare skin. Botte à cre booted without stockings. Aller à cheval à cru, to ride on horseback without a saddle.

CRUAUTÉ, krů-ò-th, s. f. cruelty, barbarity, inhumanity, ill usage, rigour, hard-beartedness, inflexible temper, very hard or grievous

thing.
CRUCHE, krush, s. f. pitcher, water-pot;
stupid block-head, fool.

CRUCHÉE, krů-shå, s. f. pitcher full.

CRUCHOE, krū-shon, s. m. little pitcher.
CRUCIALE, krū-shl, adj. f. Ex. Incision
cruciale, crucial incision.

CRUCIFÈRE, adj. cruciferous. CRUCIFIEMENT, krû-sî-fl-mên, s. m. crucifixion.

CRUCIFIER, krd-al-fl-1, v. a. to crucify, to

hang.
CRUCIPIN, krd-d-ff, s. m. crucifix. Mon*geur de crucifix*, devourer of crucifixes, great bigot.
CRUDITÉ, krů-dl-th, s. f. crudity, rawness,

CRUE, krd, s. f. (from Crottre) increase; growing, growth, addition; (of a river) increase, swelling; (of the sea) surge; (of taxes) raising.

CRUEL, LE, krû-êl, adj. cruel, inhuman, fierce, hard, barbarous, grievous. painful. Elle n'est pas trop cruelle, she is kind enough.

Un cruel, s. m. Une cruelle, s. f. cruel or

hard-hearted man or person.

CRUELLEMENT, krd-el-men, adv. cruelly, rievously, barbarously, inhumanly, fiercely. Faire mourir cruellement, to put to a cruel death.

CRUMENT or CRUEMENT, krd-men, adv. bluntly, harshly, inconsiderately, crudely.

CRURAL, E, adj. crural. CRUSTACEE, adj. crustaceous. CRUSADE, s. f. crusade (a coin.)

CRYPTE, s. f. burying vanit. Cu, V. Cul.

Cunz, kub, s. m. cube. Cunz or Cunique, ku-bik, adj. cubick, cubical.

CUBITAL, E, adj. cubital, beloaging to the elbow.

CUCUBALE, s. f. a sort of plant.

CUCURBITACE, E, adj. cucurbitaceous.

CUCURBITAINS, s. m. pl. flat worms. CUCURBITE, kû-kûr-bh, s. f. cucurbite.

CUBILLE, s. f. Mar. one of the cloths of a sail.

CUEILLERET, s. m. rent-roll of a manor. CUEILLETTE, keu-let, s. f. harvest. Ga-thering, collection (for the poor.)

*Cueilleur, beu-leur, s. m. Ex. Cueilleur

de pommes, patherer of apples. Il est fait en cueilleur de pommes, he is wrotchedly dressed. CUEILLIR, lebu-fir, v. a. to gather, pick. Cueillir une manceuvre, Mar. to coil up a rope.

CURILLOIR, keu-lwar, s. m. fruit-basket *CUIDER, v. a. to think, intend, imagine.

CUILLER, kul-ler, a. f. spoon. Cuiller couverte, a mad-spoon. Cuiller à pot, pot-ladle. Mar. Cuiller à brai, pitch-ladle. Cuiller à canon, ladle for a gun. Cuiller de tarière, auger-bit. Cuiller de pompe, pump-borer.
Cuillen en kill-ra, s. f. spoonfal.

CUILLERON, AMIL-ron, s. m. bowl of a spoon.
CUILLERN, s. m. sort of beron, spoon-bill.
CUINE, s. f. vessel to distil aquafortis.
CUINE, s. f. vessel to distil aquafortis.
CUIR, AMI, s. m. leather, skin, hide. Cair
bosilli, that sort of leather with which buck-

ets, bottles, etc. are made. Visage de cuir bouilli, a wainscot face. Fuire du cuir d'autrui large courroie, to be free of another man's purse.

CUIRASSE, Mil-ris, s. f. cuirass.

CUIRASSE, E, koll-ra-el, adj. that has a cuirass on, well armed, well prepared.

CUIRASSER, v. a. to cover with a cuirass. CUIRASSIER, Aul-ra-da, s. m. cuirassier. CUIRE, kulr, v. a. to do or dress (victuals)

boil, bake, roast, cook, etc. to concoct, digest; to ripen; to burn (bricks.)
Cuire, v. n. to boil, to be baking, boiling.

roasting, etc. to smart or make smart.
CUISANT, E, kul-zen, zent, adj. violent,

burning, sharp, smart, smarting.
Cuising, full-sin, s. f. kitchen; also cookery; and Mar. galley, cook-room. Faire la cuisine, to dress meat, cook. Chargé de cuisine, fat, pot-bellied. Latin de cuisine, course Latin, low Latin.

CUISINER, kul-zi-na, v. n. to dress meat, to cook.

Cuisinier, s. m. cook, man cook.

Cuisinière, s. f. woman cook.

CUISINIÈRE, s. f. a sort of utensil to roast

CUISGART, Mil-skr, s. m. cuish. CUISGE, khis, s. f. thigh; (of poultry) leg. Cuisses de derrière d'un cheval, gascoins.

Cuisse-madame, jargonelle.
Cuisse-madame, jargonelle.
Cuisson, hil-on, s. f. boiling, baking, rossting, dressing, etc. smart. Pam de cuisson, bread baked at home.

CUISSOT, s. m. haunch of venison. CUISTRE, Adistr, s. m. a schoolmaster's

man, servant in a college; a pedant.
CUIT, E, adj. done, dressed, boiled, baked,
roasted, et. V. Cuire. Cela est trop seat, or
n'est pas asses cuit, that is too much done, or not done enough.

Curre, Ath, s. f. baking (of pipes,) burn-ing (of bricks, etc.) Curver, Ather, s. m. copper. Cuivre

jaune, brass.

Cul, kû, s. m. arse, breech, backside ; bottom; back-part; (of a hat) top of the crown; Cul-bas, kind of game (at cards.) Cul-blane, white-tail (a bird.) Cul de basse forse, changeon. Cul de jotte, cripple or lame man, who unable to walk goes with his backside in a bowl.) Cul de lampe (in printing) tail-piece. Tour faite en cul de lampe, tower winding downwards like a wreathed shell.

bûse, bût : jêune, mêute, bêurre : ênfant, cênt, liên : vin : mon : brun.

Cul de plomb, sedentary person. Faire le cul de plomb, to stick to one's work. Cul de soc, street or alley without a thoroughfare, turn-again alley. Avoir le cul sur la selle, to be on horseback. Etre à cul, to be at a loss, he at one's last shifts, be put to a nonplus. Donner du pied au cul à un valet, to turn a Donner du pied au cul à un valet, to turn a servant out of doors. A écorche-cul, against the grain. Arrêter quelqu'un sur cul, to stop one short. Cul par dessus tête, topsytury, upside-down. Jouer à cul levé, to play at levet coil. Jouer à coupe-cul, to play a single game. De cul et de tête, with might and main. Tirer le cul en arrière, to hang an

Cul, s. m. Mar. stern, etc. Votre bâtiment denande à tire sur cut, your ship likes to be by the stern. Cul d'une poulse, arse of a by the stern. Cul d'une poulúe, arse of a block. Cul carré, square-tack. Cul de lampe, lower finishing of the quarter gallery. Cul de port, wall-knot. Cul de port avec tête de more, crownknot. Cul de port avec tête d'alouette, double crown-knot. Cul de port avec tête d'alouette, double crown-knot. Cul de sac, bight which forms a sort of harbour (among the inhabitants of the Freach West-India-Islands.).
CULASSE, kû-lès, s. f. breech of a gun. Resforé sur or par la culasse, Dutch built or broad bottomed.

broad bottomed.

CULBUTE, kall-bat, s. f. flying top over tail; fall, tumble. Faire la culbute, to fly top over tail, fall.

CULBUTER, Mil-bû-tâ, v. a. to give a fall, make fall, turn upside-down; to overturn, ruin. v. n. to fall upside down, tumble; be knecked up or rained

CULBUTIS, s. m. heap of confused things turned upside down.

Culin, ku-la, s. f. butment, end or head of a bridge. Mar. stern-way.

CULER, v. n. Mar. to go a-stern, make tern way, have stern-way. Faire culer, to make a stern-board. Il faut faire beaucoup culer notre bâtiment avant d'abatire, we must gne our ship good stern-way before we cast.

Metre tost d culer, to lay all a-back.

Culier, &d-lia, adj. m. Ex. Le boyou cu-

lier, the colon (gut.)

CULIERE, S. f. crupper. CULMINATION, S. f. culmination.

CULMINER, v. n. to culminate. Color, 10-10, s. m. bottom of a churchamp, youngest or last member of a society, brood, family, etc. melted metal as opposed to the draw

CULOTIE, s. m. sort of close breeches. CULOTTE, kb-lot, s. f. breeches.

CULTE, Abk, s. m. worship. CULTIVABLE, adj. that may be cultivated. CULTIVATEUR, Adl-tl-va-teur, s. m. cultivator, tiller, husbandman.

CULTIVER, Adl-tl-va, v. a. to till, manure,

improve, caltivate, study.
CULTURE, All-thr, s. f. culture, husband-

77, dressing, tillage, improvement.
Cunin, kå-mis, s. m. curnin (a plant.)
Cunulati-f, vz., kå-må-lå-th, tiv, adj. accumulative, accumulated.

CUMULATIVEMENT, Ad-md-lå-tiv-men, adv. accumulativoly.

Cumuler, Ad-md-lå, v. a. to accumulate,

heap together.

CUNÉIFORME, adj. cuneiform, wedge-like.

CUPIDE, adj. desirous, eager, covetous.
CUPIDITE, kû-pl-dl-tâ, s. f. cupidity, concupiscence, lust, desire.

CURABLE, ku-rabl, adj. curable, that may be cured.

CURAGE, ku-raz, s. m. cleansing; also cul-

rage or arse-smart.
CURATELLE, kû-râ-têl, s. f. guardianship. CURAT-EUR, RICE, ku-ra-teur, tris, s. m. & f. guardian, trustee.

CURATI-F, VE, kû-râ-df, tiv, adj. healing. CURATION, kû-râ-slon, s. f. cure, curing. CURCUMA, s.m. a plant with a yellow root.

CURE, kur, s. f. cure: living or benefice; parsonage; trouble, care, concern. avoir cure, not to care about it. Bénéfice acus cure d'ames, sinecure. Cure d'oiseau, pellet of hemp to cleanse a hawk.

CURE, &O-ra, s. m. parson, rector, vicar. CURE, E, adj. cleansed, etc. V. Curer. CURE-DENT, Aur-den, s. m. tooth-pick.

CUREE, ku-ra, s. f. game given the hawk or hound. Faire curée chaude, to reward the hawk or dog immediately.

CURE-OREILLE, ku-ro-rel, s. m. ear-pick.

CURE-PIED, s. m. horse-picker. CURER, ku-ra, v. a. to cleanse or pick (the teeth;) to cleanse or make cast (a hanok.) CUREUR, ku-reur, s. m. cleanser (of wells,

CURIAL, E, ku-rial, adj. belonging to a

parson. CURIE, ku-rl, s. f. tenth part of a tribe of

ancient Rome. CURIEUSEMENT, ku-rlèuz-men, adv. cu-

riously, diligently, carefully.

CURIEU-X, SE, Ad-rieu, rieuz, adj. & s. curious, prying, inquisitive, rare, excellent, neat, fine, curious person, inquisitive or busy-body, virtuoso,

CURIOSITÉ, ků-rlô-zl-tå, s. f. curiosity, in-

quisitiveness; raree-show. CURLES, s. f. Mar. whirls. CUROIR, All-rwar, s. m. plough-staff. CURULE, adj. Ex. Chaire curule, curule

chair.

CURURES, s. f. pl. dregs of a well or sink. CURVILIONE, tdr-vl-lign, adj.curvilinear.

CURVITÉ, kôr-vî-tā, s. f. curvity.
CUSTODE, kôs-tôd, s. f. holster-cap; cloth
that covers the pyx; curtain (of the alter.)
Custode, s. m. warden (in a religious house,)

the provincial's deputy.
Custodinos, kos-to-di-nos, s. m. he that

keeps a benefice for another.

CUTANÉ, E, ků-tå-nů, adj. cutaneous.

CUTICULE, s. f. cuticle.

CUTTER, s. m. Mar. cutter.

CUVE, kuv, s. f. great tub. Fossé à fond de cure, flat-bottomed ditch.

CUVEAU, ku-vo, s. m. little tub. CUVEE, ku-vh, s. f. tub-full. Cest du via de la première cuvée, this is wine of the first pressing.

CUVELAGE, s. m. strengthening (with planks and cross-beams) the inside of wells leading into mines.

CUVELER, v. a. to strengthen the inside of

wells leading into mines.

CUVER, Ru-va, v. n. (said of wine) to remain or stand in the tub. Curer son vis, to sleep one's self sober.

bar, bat, base: thère, ebb, over: fleid, fig: robe, rob, lord: mood, god.

CUVETTE, kû-vêt, s. f. washing bason, lit-tle ditch in the middle of a great one.

Covern, ku-via, s.m. bucking tub. Curier de harangère, fish-ub.

CYCLAMEN, s. m. sow-bread.
CYCLE, sikl, s. m. cycle. Cycle solaire,
cycle of the sun.

CYCLOIDE, s. f. cycloid.

CYCLOPE, s. m. cyclop, (fabulous black-smith) one of Vulcan's workmen.

CYGNE, s. m. swan. Le cygne Mantouan, the Mantuan swan, Virgil. Le cygne Thébais, the Theban swan, Pindar.

CYLINDRE, sl-lindr, s. m. cylinder, a roller. CYLINDRIQUE, sl-lin-drlk, adj. cylindrical. CYMAISE, s. f. wave or ogee, (in architecture.)

CYMBALE, sin-ball, s. f. cymbal.

CYNIQUE, sl-nlk, adj. cynick, cynical, snarling, satirical.

CYNIQUE, s. m. cynic, snarler, rude man.

CYNOSURE, s. f. cynosure.

CYPRES, st-pre, s. m. cypress-tree CYPRES, s. m. shrub that bears leguminous flowers.

Czar, tzar, s. m. czar.

CZARIEN, NE, adj. Czarish, Czarian. CZARINZ, tza-rin, s. f. Czarina.

D, dk, s. m. 4th letter of the French alpha-

DA, da, (never found except in such com-nounds as) Out-da, si fait da, aye marry. Nenni-da, no indeed.

DAGE, s. f. duty, tax, (seldom used;) also that ancient country called Dacia. DACTILE, dak-til, s. m. dactyle.

DACTYLIOMANCE, or DACTYLIOMANCIE, s. f. dactyliomancy.

DADA, da-da, s. f. hobby-horse.

DADAIS, då-dė, s. m. booby.
DAGORNE, då-görn, s. f. cow that has lost a horn: also old ridiculous beldam.

DAGUE, dag, s. f. dagger. DAGUES, s. f. pl. horns of a brocket; tusks (of a wild boar.)

*DAGUER, dk-gk, v. a. to stab.

DAGUET, s. m. brocket, pricket.

Daigner, de-gna, v. n. to deign, vouch-safe, condescend, be pleased. Je ne daignerois pas vous en prier, I scorn to ask it of you. On ne daigne plus hei rien dire, he is not thought worth speaking to.

DAIM, din, s. m. deer, fallow deer. ale, buck. Daim femelle, doe.
DAIME, den, s. f. doe. Dring mûle, buck.

DAINTIERS, s. f. pl. testicles of deer.

DAIS, de, s. m. canopy.

DALE, dål, s. f. Mar. dale, trough. Dale de pompe, pump-dale. Dale de brûlot, trough, in which the train is laid in a fire-ship.

DALÍCARLIE, s. f. Dalecarlia. DALLE, s. f. slab. V. Darne.

DALMATIE, s. f. Dalmatia.

DALMATIQUE, dål-må-tik, s. f. dalmatick, (vestment worn by deacons.)

DALON, er rather DALOT, då-lot, s. m.

Mar. scupper, scupper-bole.

"DAM, den, s. m. cost, loss, damage, detri-ment. La peine du don, the punishment or torments of the damned.

Damas, dh-mh, s. m. damask; dameon, damascene, damask plum.

DAMASONIUM, s. m. a plant that grows in swampy places.

DAMASQUINER, dh-mhs-li-mh, v. a. to damask or damaskene, work damasklike. De-

masquiner une épée, etc. DAMASQUIRERIE, s. f. art of damaskening.

DAMASQUINEUR, s.m.one that damaskes DAMASQUINURE, då-mås-ti-mor, s. f. damask-work.

DAMASSÉ, E, adj. damasked. Linge de ta*ble damassé*, damasked table linen

DAMASSER, då-må-så, v. a. to damask. DAMASSURE, då-må-sår, s. f. damask-

work.

DAME, dkm, s. f. lady; woman of quality; dame, goody; (at chess and cards) queen; (at chequers) man. Dame damée, lady of quality. Dome damée (at chaquers) king. Aller à dame, to king a man (at draughts,) to make a queen (at chess.) Dame! (interjection) nay, forsooth, marry. Les dames, the ladies, the fair, the fair sex (at tesses) the mistress, the service; voilà pour les dames, voilà vos dames, here goes the service. Les dames or le jeu de dames, draughts. Jouer aux dames ar le jeu de dames, draughts. Jouer aux dames ar le play at draughts. Dame-jeume, sort of large bottle, as well as dame jane, goody jane. Damé, E, adj. crowned, etc. V. Dame &

Damer.

DAMER, da-ma, v. a. to crown or king a man at draughts; also to allow half a foot for sloping or declination. Damer le pion a quel-qu'un, to outdo one, give one a Rowland for his Oliver.

DAMERET, s. m. spark, beau, fop.
DAMIER, da-mil, s. m. draught-board, chess-board.

DAMNABLE, då-nåbl, adj. damnable. DAMNABLEMENT, da-nabl-men,

damnably. DAMNATION, divid-sion, s. f. demustion.

Ra fure our sa damnation, he swore by his

salvation or as he hoped to be saved,
DAMNE, E, adj. damned. Ame damnée,

DAMNIRA di-nh, v. a. to damn.

DAMNIRA di-nh, v. a. to damn.
fop; and anciently Lord. V. Beau.

"Danoiselle, s. f. damsel. V. Beau.

"Danoiselle, s. f. damsel. V. Demoiselle.

DANCHE, E, adj. indented, dancy, (in heraldry.)

*DANDIN, dên-din, s. m. noddy or ninny. DANDINEMENT, s. m. tossing of one's head or body like a ninny.

DANDINER, den di-na, v. n. to toss one's head or body like a ninny.

DANEMARCK, s. m. Denmark.
DANGER, den-zl, s. m. danger, peril, hazard, jeopardy; inconvenience. Mar. rock, bank, shelf or any thing that may bring a ship up. Etre en danger, to be in a perilous situa-

DANGEREUSEMENT, dénz-réuz-mên, adv. dangerously, desperately.

DANGEREU-R, SE, dénz-réu, réus, adj.

dangerous, hazardous, perilous.

Danois, z, adj. & s. Danish; Dans.

Dans, den, prep. in, within, sometimes etc. See En for the difference between en

DANSE, dêns, s. f. dance, dancing.

base, bat : jeane, meute, boure : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon . brun.

DAMERR, den d. v. a. & n. to dance. Maitre à danser, dancing-master. E ne sait sur quel pind danser, he does not know which way to turn himself.

Dawaru-n, sz, den ceur, seuz, s. m. & f. nacer. Dunaeur de corde, rope-dancer.

DARCE, V. Durse.

DARCE, V. Durse.

DARD, dir, a.m. dart, javelin; (in botany)
indje, pletil. Mar. harpoon. Dard à feu, TO SITOW.

*Dannamagan, s. m. monopolist, Dannam, dir-di, v. a. to dart, shoot, fling st, smike with a dart.

DARDEUR, dir-deur, s. m. darter, shooter,

dart flinger. DARDILLE, dir-dil, s. f. spindle of a pink

DARDILLER, v.n. to spindle (said of plants.)

Darroll, s. f. costard.

DARSOLETTE, A.f. carrier of love messages.

Danson, a. f. sort of Persian coin.
Danson, dhra, or Dalle, s. f. piece or slice,
or cut of fish. V. Dalle.

Danse, dars, s. f. Mar. wet dock. Danses, dart, s. f. tetter, ring-worm. Davor farmence, morphew.

DARTERU-E, SE, adj. of the nature of a DATARRE, dà-ter, s. m. datary, chancellor

DATE, dis., s. f. date of a writing.
DATER, dis.-th, v. a. to date.
DATERER, dis.-th, s. f. datary's office.
DATERER, dis.-tif, s. m. dative case.

DATESMER, s. m. tiresome repetition of sy-

DATIVE. adj. f. (tatelle) guardian appointed by the judge and not by will.

DATFER, dhi, af. date, fruit of the palm-tree.
DATFER, dh-dh, a. m. date-tree.
Dause, dob, a. f. kind of sauce.
"DAUSER, do-bh, v. h. to cuff, bang; also

to jour, bemier. DAUBEUR, s. m. railer, jeerer, sneerer,

DATFEIR, do-fin, s. m. dolphin (seafish;)

Minn, (closes son of the king of France.)

DAVASTAGE, dh-vèn-the, adv. more, more of it, more than that, over and above; also in the ; besides; and furthermore, moreover. DAVIED, or DAVIER, da-vil, s. m. Mar. Davit.

DAVIER, di-vil., s. m. pincers to draw out

Dz., de, prep. of, from, off, out of, in, among, en, upon, by, for, about, with, at, to, through, ec. In ender to be able to determine positive-It which of the preceding English preposi-tions should be used in preference, one ought to consider what same do is used in, and to know the read value of each English prepo-French language, that puzzles more an English person than this word de, the following remarks may be of service to the student.

I. When two nouns come together, one of high surves to perticularise the other, the parabosharising one will generally come in French with de aid in English with of, ex. Le royanme of displeterre, the kingdom of England. Un prince the aurg, a prince of the blood. Un hamme de minite. ne de mérite, a man of merit. . Un hou Now as the particularizing noun is the equi- is sometimes to be rendered by des see des;

valent of an adjective, it often happens that the English change the French particularizing noun into an adjective, ex. Une femme de vertu, a virtuous woman. Un homme de bien, a good man, a worthy man. Un carrosse de louage, a hired coach, etc.

DE

The English, for the sake of despatch, often place the particularizing noun before the par-ticularized one, which construction enables them to suppress the preposition (or an equi-valent) which otherwise must be expressed. That construction can take place especially when the particularizing noun denotes matter, use, quality, etc. ex. Une montre d'or, a gold watch. Une mine d'argent, a silver mine. Une thoudelle de cire, a wax candle, etc. Observe, that A bottle of wine, is in French, une bouteille de vin ; but A wine bottle is une bouteille à vin-the first English construction means the quantity of wine a bottle contains, the second the sort of bottle fit to put wine in. See also A, Observ. VII.

The French de, placed between two substantives, say Grammarians and Lexicographers, commonly causes in English the second to be in the possessive case; as la maison de mon père, my father's house; le fils d'Alexandre, Alexander's son; le livre de Pierre, Peter's book; but they ought to have warned the student that such a construction can take place only when the second French noun in actually the owner or possessor of what the first noun means: for the construction now alluded to could not be used in the circumstances which have been noticed before; and besides, that pretended possessive case, traced to its origin, is not what is commonly supposed. See Salmon's first Principles of English Grammar.

U. It is easy for an Englishman to render from by de, with pretty good accuracy when he is aware of those circumstances which have been noticed at A, Obs. I. These precluding the use of de; but it is not easy for a Frenchman to know when his de should be rendered by from. The French de can be rendered by from, only to announce the point from which a movement or change begins with an accessary idea of separation. See A, Obs. VI. VIII. Hence it is that after those expressions which denote privation, reception, extraction, separation, exemption, deliverance, derivation, emission, abstinence, derivation, wondering, distance, birth, origin, hinderance, dissuasion, banishment, or any equivalent, we generally find from (sometimes out of) in English (and de in French) with regard to the thing whence the separation arose, ex. Fai recu ce makin une lettre denote ancien ami, I received this morning a letter from our old friend; in, la récrption de cettre lettre w'a fait un plaisir infini, as de denotes no separation; as de cette lettre would become cette lettre in the accusative, if the ception, extraction, separation, exemption, debecome cette lettre in the accusative, if the verb recevoir were used instead of its verbal nown reception (for, we might say, j'ai repu cate lettre et elle m'a fait un plaitir infini) so, it must be rendered by of; and this distinction points out one grand principle, namely, A verbal mome arising from an active verb is to govern with de (of) whatever would be the accusative of the active verb. As from bar, bat, base : thère, ebb, over : field, fig : rôbe, rôb, lord : mood, good.

and as it is sometimes rendered by depuis, ||

see A, Obs. VI.

III. The French de is used for the English at to announce on whom falls raillery, mockery, murmuring or any other affection of the soul, such as astonishment, etc. or to announce what occasions raillery, etc. and consequently it may present itself at the head of the cause which makes one blush, repent, rejoice, smile, etc. Il se moque de son père, he laughs at his father. Pourquoi riex rous de ce que je dis? why do you laugh at what I say? As out the poet ce que means sometimes because, see the next

DE

observation.

IV. The French de is used to announce also that cause which in English comes with for (the real meaning of which for is elliptically cause,) or with from (the meaning of which is then elliptically original cause,) or with with (the meaning of which is then be, let it be, with crosse understood; that is to say, the full meaning of which is then and the cause, of this is, was or will be.) Hence it is that the French say, il mourra de chagrin, he will die for sorrow, with sorrow; when the English say, he will die for sorrow, they give to of the meaning of consequence elliptically for as the consequence of; that is to say, he will die of sorrow is equal to this, he will die, and this (his death) will be the consequence of sorrow. Hence it is that as expressions which denote some affection of the soul generally have de after them to introduce the cause of the affection, we often find de ce que when the cause is to be brought in with a verb, though generally introduced, in English, with that, elliptically equal to for this, that, or becouse; or the cause is this, that. 'Ie suis surpris de ce que vous êtes venu, I am surprised at your being come, I am surprised that you are come, I am surprised because you are

V. The de which is generally used after a passive expression, before what would be the agent of the verb if used actively, is in English generally by, sometimes of (but by is always right.) Now as the English by is most times rendered into French by par, it is proper to observe here that de may be used when no part of the body is necessarily to move, or when, after verbs, which suppose a motion of the body, this motion has only produced a passive condition or situation; hence or after a passive verb should hardly be used in French except before an active agent, I mean before an agent that has some design or particular views in what is done by him, ex. Il est estimé de tout le monde, he is esteemed by every body (instead of took le monde l'estime, every body esteems him.) Elle étoit entourée de gens incommodes, she was sur-Elle étoit rounded by troublesome people. Now elle étoit entourée par des gens incommodes, would be rendered by common translators in this same manner. she was surrounded by trouble-some people, whereas the true translation ought to be, she was surrounded by designing troubleome people, or something equivalent to it. However, when the passive verb, besides its natural government, is to be followed by de, we must use per before the agent, ex. Your work has been praised in a very delicate manété loué d'une manière fort délicate par un

grand académicien.

VI. The French du, m. de la f. (or de l before a vowel or h mute) and des plural, all of which generally become de when an adjec-tive is to be placed before a noun taken in a partitive sense, may be rendered into English by some (or any, according to circumstances,) when only a small portion or a small number is meant, especially with an emphasis: but when there is no emphasis to be laid upon the portion or number whether small or great, those partitive articles may be suppressed in English. Hence it is that we find if a dis via, expressed by he has some wine, and simply by he has wine; and il a de hon vin by he has some good wine, and simply by he has good

Whenever a noun used in the partitive sense is affected by an expression which of itself requires de before what it falls upon, then, for the sake of euphony, the English some (or its equivalent any) without emphasis may be suppressed, and de alone be used; but as some (or any) with emphasia may be rendered by quelque, quelques, un peu, un peu de, etc. so of some (of any) etc. with emphasis, may be de quelque, de quelques, d'un peu, d'un peu de. Hence it is that the French say: il nous a donné du rin, for he gave us wine or he gave us some wine, without emphasis as to the small quantity; and il nous a donné un peu de vin, for he gare us some wine in the sense of he gave us a little wine; il nous a donné un verre de vin, sor he gave us a glass of wine (wherein the quantity is determined by verre, glass;) il nous a montré du vin, for he showed us wine, or some wine; il nous a parlé de vin, for he spoke to us of some unine in the sense of he spoke to us of some unine or he spoke to us of wine (indeterminately as to the quantity or sort.)

After some English expressions of quantity or number susceptible of being used adjectively, the French particle de is suppressed, when the things or persons spoken of are to be introduced in an indefinite sense, but if the be introduced in an indefinite sense, but it the things or persons spoken of have a definite signification, the French particle de cannot be suppressed. Hence, il a beaucoup de l'asprit, he has much wit; il a beaucoup de l'asprit, dont vous parlez; he has much of the wit of which you speak; il a beaucoup de amis qui rous many friends; il a beaucoup des amis qui rous many friends; il a beaucoup des amis qui rous many friends; il a beaucoup des amis qui rous des amis qui rous many friends. manquent, he has many of those friends whom you have not.

VII. The French de may be commonly used to express in before any word which im-plies manner. Hence, de la manière dont il e comporte, in the manner in which he behaves; osez-vous me parler de cette manière, or de la sorte? dare you speak to me in that (or this) manner? De is often expressed by in when it comes in the sense of dans, pendant, durant. Hence, de notre temps, in our dant, thrant. Hence, de noire temps, in our time; de jour, in the day-time; de grand mattin, early in the morning. In speaking of dimensions, as in trois pieds de long or trais pieds de longueur, if the adjective of dimension be used in English, de disappears; if the noun of dimension be used, de is rendered by in; hence the English, three feet long or three feet in lanch. After a superfaire ex mer by a great academician, votre ouvrage a || three feet in length. After a superlative ex

base, bât : jèune, mêute, bêurre : èmant, cênt, liên : vin : mon : brun.

pression, sle, in the sense of dans, is generally to be in; in the sense of dentre, it may be among or of, ex. Elle est la plus belle femme de la province, she is the handsomest sooman is the country; elle est la plus belle des femmes, she is the handsomest of or among vones. We find that de may stand for on in speaking of sides, as in de mon côté, on my ade or on my part; de part et d'autre or des daux côtés, on both sides; du côté de l'orient, on the east, or the east aide, on the east parts, on the east parts de. We find also that de is generally used for the English on before an instrument of musick, when the verb jouer (to play) or some equivalent, comes along with it, as in jouer de la hays, du viadon, etc. to play on the harp, on the violin, etc.

VIII. Sometimes de is not expressed in

English. Some circumstances have already been made obvious, not only in the preceding observations on de, but also in the 8th observation on en, which see : the following may guide the student in regard to those phrases which may be similar to them. De, before an adjective belonging to a number of individu-als expressed just before, may stand for qua est, sai soit, etc. and then it is often found reppressed in English though it might be rendered by who or which is, etc. Dans ce comhat if y ent 3000 hommes de tues (qui furent tues,) in that action there were 3000 men killed. In ce sot d'officier, and similar phrases, if the noun be made an English adjective, de will disappear; if the noun be ex-pressed by an English noun, de will be rendered by of a or of an for the singular, and of for the plural: hence, that foolish officer and that fool of an officer. The reason is now obvious why mon coquin de valet may be my rescally servant. In il n'a mangé de tout le jour, il ne reviendra de dix ans, etc. de may disappear or be rendered by for, hence he has atten nothing this day or he has eaten nothing for this whole day, and he will not come back these ten years or he will not come have for the second of back for these ten years. Sometimes de is prefixed to a noun without an adjective, after a tense of eire, because this noun is somewhat count to an adjective, as in it est de votre in-lett de hai plaire (il est intéressent pour rous de lai plaire) it is your interest to please him. Sometimes a moun which has de thus prefined is attended with an adjective, and then both are somewhat equal to an adjective af-ected by an adverb: c'est de la dernière folie, it is the greatest folly, equal to, it is extremely foolish.

IX. Do is to be used before an infinitive in several circumstances which I shall comprise in three articles; and in the fourth I shall smoothen those verbs which may be followed by an infinitive without de, contrary to

the general rule.

Int. Whenever an infinitive is introduced intend of a noun of things which ought to intend of a noun of things which ought to take de before it on account of the preceding expression, this infinitive should also take de. Hence as infinitive governed by a praceding expression is generally to have de, not only when the preceding expression requires of in English before the thing it may fall upon, but in those circumstances (wherein it is to be introduced intended.

troduced instead of a noun) which I have no-

ticed in Obs. 2, 3, 4; ex. I have had the hanour of speaking to him, j'ai eu l'honneur de lui parler; see foreaurn you to take your measures, nous vous avertissons de prendre vos mesures; I do not hinder him from coming here, je ne l'empêche pas de venir ici; I laugh at seeing him rum in that manner, je ris de le voir courir de cette manière (the seeing of him run in that manner is the cause of my laughing). I am glad to find you here, je suis bien aise de vous trouver ici (the finding of you here is the cause of my being glad.)

2dly. Whenever an infinitive is made to stand where a noun of things governed in the accusative should stand, that infinitive is generally to have de before it, though the noun ought not to take de, since the accusative of a thing or person is to present itself without any preposition. Hence, though we say, to forget a thing, outlier we chose, yet I have forgotten to bring my books, should be rendered by fai outlié d'apporter mes livres (I have forgotten what? to bring my books is the answer, therefore to bring my books stands here for the thing which I have forgotten, that is to say to bring my books stands here for the thing which I have forgotten, that is to say to bring my books stands here for the accusative of I have forgotten, that is to say to bring my books stands here I must observe that a few verbs which govern the accusative of the thing, will hovever require à before the infinitive which they are made to govern in order to express a tendency towards doing or acquiring, etc. what the infinitive means: and though we say, ainer une chose, etc. we must say, ainer à faire, apprendre à faire, montrer à faire, a'ttudier à faire, chercher à faire, etc. See also hereafter, at 4thly.

ter, at 4thly.

3dly. Whenever an infinitive, which ought naturally to be the nominative of another verb, is placed after this other verb, because it or ce has been given to it as a borrowed nominative; it seems that this infinitive, thrust out of its place, is introduced as a sort of accusative case; and therefore it should take de according to what has been observed at the article 2dly. And yet if the same infinitive were actually used as the nominative of the othek verb, it ought to present itself without any preposition. Hence it is that, it is useless to speak to me about it, is in French, il est inutile de m'en parler: instead of m'en parler est inutile, the equivalent of to speak to me about it is useless. The first construction is that which saits best the French genius, which likes to make every thing appear in a sort of

likes to make every thing appear in a sort of accusative form. See A, Obs. II.

4thly. Certain French verbs which govern the thing in the accusative, will have the infinitive they govern (instead of that accusative) present itself barely without any preposition: such are, affirmer, aimer micux, aller, assurer, acomer, compter, confesser, croi e, daigner, déclarer, déposer, désirer, devoir, dire, entendre, envoyer, faire, falloir, s'imaginer, laisser, mener, suer, oser, outr, paroirer, pouvoir, prétendre, publier, rapporter, recomostre, sanoir, sembler, souhaiter, soutentir, valoir meeux, venir, voir : il affirme l'avoir vu, he afirms to have seen it, or he afirms that he has seen it, etc. Some of these will however be sometimes followed by de and

bar, bat, base : thère, ebb, over : field, fig : rôbe, rôb, tord : mad, good.

an infinitive, as désirer, venir, souhaiter, dire, etc. Il désire or souhaite de vous voir, he wishes to see you. Dites-teur de venir, bid them come. Je viens de tsi parler, I have just Il ne fait que d'arriver, he is spoken to him. but just arrived.

Dr, da, s. m. die; thimble; (in architect-

ure) middle of the pedestals.

Dé, s. m. Man coak or cog (of the block sheave.) Dé de fonte, brass cog. Piper le dé, to cog the dico. Tesir tenjours le dé dans la conversation, to engross all the talk to one's self. Le de en est jet, it is a thing resolved on. Sons fatter le de, roundly, plainly, without making things better than they are.

DEALBATION, s. f. dealbation, the act of

bleaching.

DÉBACLAGE, då-bå-klåz, s. m. clearing or

DEBACLE, da-bakl, s. f. Débâclement, s. m. breaking up of ice in a river that was frozen.

Debácle (d'un port.) clearing of a harbour (by removing the lightened vessels to make room for such as are laden.)

Débacler, dà-bà-klà, v. n. to break, as

ice does; also to clear, open (a harbour, win-

dow, etc.)
DEBACLEUR, då-bå-kleur, s. m. waterbailiff.

DÍBAGOULER, då-bå-göo-lå, v. a. to blurt or blab out, talk sillily.

DEBAGOULEUR, s. m. he that talks without

thinking.

DiBALLER, da-ba-la, v. a. to unpack; to

pack or go away.
DEBANDADE, dh-bèn-dhd, s. f. Fuir à la débandade, to fly helter-skelter. Aller à la débandade, to straggle or go a straggling. Virre à la débandade, to lead a loose, disorderly life. Mettre tout à la débandade, to leave all at random

DEBANDEMENT, då-bend-men, s. m. dis-

persion, relaxation, unbending.

DEBANDER, då-ben-då, v. a. to untie, un-

bind or loosen, unbend, uncock.

Se debander, v. r. to slacken, grow loose or unbent; (said of soldiers) to straggle or dis-band themselves; to unbend, recreate, refresh (the mind.)

DEANQUER, v. a. to get all the money the banker has before him, is genning.)
DEANTHERN, del-ha-d-ra, v. a. to unchristen. It se feroit débaptiser, he would renounce his baptism.

DEBARBOUILLER, dh-bar-boo-ta, v. a. to clean, wash or make clean (the face.)

DEBARCADERE, s. f. landing-place. DEBARCADOUR, s. m. place for landing a ship's cargo.

DEBARDAGE, da-bar-daz, s. m. unlading

(of pood.)
DEBARDER, dh-bàr-dh, v. a. to unlade (wood.) DEBARDRUR, då-bår-deur, s. m. lighterman, porter that assists in unlading (wood.)
DEBARQUEMENT, da-bark-men, s.m. Mar.

disembarking, debarcation, landing.

Disarquer, dh-bhr-kh, v. a. & n. Mar. to disembark, land, unlade or unload. Debarquer to officier, to discharge an officer. Debarquer ses poudres, to get out the powder. Debarquer des marchandises, to unload or land goods.
DEBARRAS, s. m. cessation or deliverance

from embarrassment, the being rid of.

DÉBARRAMENT, di-bi-ris-min, s. m.

clearing, disentangling, deliverance.

Disarrasser, di-bà-rà-ch, v. a. to clear or get clear, free or get out, disentangle or disurricate, rid of or from.

Disarrasser, di-bà-rà-ch, v. a. to clear or get clear, free or get out, disentangle or disurricate, rid of or from.

DÉBARRER, dà-bà-rà, v. a. to unber.
DÉBAT, dà-bà, s. m. debate, strife, quarrel, contest, dispute, controversy, altercation. DEBATER, da-ba-th, v. a. to take of the pack-saddle.

DÉBATTRE, dh-bàtr, v. n. (like sattre) to debate, discuss, or examine, dispute, strive, contend, fall out or quarrel. Se débattre, v. r. to struggle, strive.

DÉBAUCHE, dà-bosh, s. f. debauch, de-DÉBAUCHE, dà-bosh, s. f. debauch, de-bauchery, riotous banquetting and revelling. Faire délaunhe, to lead a lewd ifs, be a level et debauched man, be a whore-master. Une honnête débauché, an innocent mirth er merrymaking.

DÉBAUCHÉ, R, dà-bò-shà, adj. and s. debrie.

bauched, loose, lewd, debauches, pros DEBAUCHER, dh-bo-shi, v. a to di spoil or deprave; to corrupt, bribe. Di-baucher quelqu'un de son travail, to take one off from his work. Debaucher un valet, to g or entice away a servant. Viande qui dior entice away a servant. mach. Se débaucher, v. r. to debauch one's self, take a lewd course of life, follow ill courses; leave off one's work.

DÉBAUCHEU-R, SE, s. m. & f. debunchee. DÉBET, s. m. balance due in account. DÉBIFFÉ, z. dk-bl-fk, adj. disordered, sur-

feited, debilitated, quite out of sorts. débiffé, wan countenance, dejected look.

DÉBIFFER, v.a.to debilitate, disorder, spoil. DÉBILE, då-bil, adj. weak, heble, faint, infirm DÉBILEMENT, dà-bli-mon, adv. faintly,

weakly, feebly.

DEBILITATION, da-bi-li-th-don, a. f. debilitation, weakening, enfeebling.
Dźnilitz, da-bl-ll-ta, s. f. debility, feeblo-

ness, weakness, infirmity.

DÉBILITÉ, E, adj. debilitated, etc.

DÉBILITER, dh-bl-fl-th, v. n. to debilitate, weaken or enfecble. Se skibiliter, v. r. to

weaken, grow weak.

DEBILLER, v. a. to loosen the horner (that

draw a ship or boat in a river.)
Direct, dh-bl, a.m. utterance, markut, sale.
Marchandise de bon débu, commodity that sells well or goes off very well. It a un bons débit, he has a good utterance or delivery.

DÉBITANT, E, s. m. & f. he or she that

sells commodities.

DÉBITER, dh-bi-th, v. s. to sell, vand, ut-ter or put off; (un bruit) to aproud a seport. Il débite bien sa marchandise, or il débite bien, be converses well.

DESITEU-R, SE, dâ-bi-têur, s. m. & f. debt-or; (de nouvelles) spreader of news, gossip. DESITEICE, dâ-bi-très, s. f. female debtor

uply debtor.

Déntrer, v. a. Mar. to unbit or embit Déntrer, v. a. Mar. to unbit the best busse Dinlar, dh-blé, s. m. riddasse; removal (of thet, ec.)

Distatinen, v. a. to declaim against one with violence.

bûse, bût : jêûne, mêute, bêurre : ênfant, cênt, liên : vin : mon : brust.

DÉBLAYER, dh-blè-yh, v. a. to rid, free, clear of what is cumbersome.

DÉBOIRE, dh-bwar, s. m. ill after-taste or

tang, grief, sorrow, choke-pear.
Dimotrument, da-bwai-men, s. m. puttang out of joint, disjointing, dislocation.
Dimotrum, da-bwa-ta, v. a. to put out of

DÉBONDER, då-bon-då, v. a. to open the

dam, sluice, wear or floodgate.

Débonder, v. n. Se débonder, v. r. to sluice

out, break out, or open, burst forth.

DÉBONDONNER, dã-bon-dô-nã, v. a. to unbung or take out the stopple.
"DEBORNAIRE, dh-bō-ner, adj. debonair,

good, gracious, meek, gentle, kind. *Dissonmairement, då-bô-nèr-mên, adv.

graciously, kindly.
*DźBONNAIRETŹ, s. f. goodness, good na-

DEBORD s. m. (of bile) overflowing.

DEBORD s. m. (of bile) overflowing.

DEBORD s. m. (of bile) overflowing.

DEBORD s. m. (of bile) overflowed, etc.

DÉBORDEMENT, dà-bord-men, s. m. over-

flowing, inundation; breaking out; loose life, debanchery, lewdness, depravation; irruption. Dinorden, da-bor-da, v. a. to unborder la garness!) v. n. to jut out. Sedeborder, v. r. to overflow, break out of its banks. Deborder, v. s. Mar. to put off, sheeroff, quit boarding, Deborder, v. a. Mar. to rip off the planks of; (les hausers, etc.) to let go.

DEBOSSER un câble, etc. Mar. to take off

the stoppers from the cable, etc. Dinotti, z, adj. unbooted, whose boots

DÉBOTTER, da-bô-ta, v. a. to pull off ano-ther's boots. Se débotter, v. r. to pull off one's

boots.

Dźвочснź, к, adj. unstopped, open. Dźвочснź, då-bôo-shå, s. m. opening, way to escape, channel or opportunity for getting of or selling off (articles of trade;) defile.

DEBOUCHEMENT, då-bosh-men, s. m. opening, unstopping, clearing, channel or opportunity for getting off or selling off (articles of trade.) defile.

DÉBOUCHER, da-boo-sha, v. a. to unstop,

www.ciear DEBOUCLER, da-boo-kla, v. a. to un-backle; (ame cavale) to unring; to uncurl (hair.)

DEBOUILLI, s. m. trying of colours (in dy-

DEBOUTLLIR, v.a. to try colours (in dying.)
DEBOUTLLIR, v.a. to try colours (in dying.)
DEBOUTLLIR, v.a. to try colours (in dying.) disemboguing, sailing out of a narrow channel'er out from between islands.

DÉBOUQUER, dà-bôo-ka, v. n. Mar. to disembogue, sail out of a narrow channel or out from between islands. Nous avons débouqué par les tles Philippines, we sailed out from

between the Philippines.
DEBOURBER, da-boor-ba, v. a. to take out

of or cleanse from mud. DEBOURGEONNER, v. a. la vigne, to nip

of the young buds of a vine.

Disoureer, da-boo-ra, v. a. to polish or fashion. Se débourrer, v. r. to grow polite,

Dissours f., da-boor-sa, s. m. money laid

out, disbursement, charges.
Disbursement, da-boors-men, s. m. disbursement, disbursing or laying out. Faire am déboursement considérable, to lay out a con-siderable sum of money.

DEBOURSER, då-boor-så, v. a. to disburse, spend or lay out. Il vous faudra débourses

biende l'argent, you must lay out a great deal.
DEBOUT, de-boo, adv. up, standing on one's DEBOUT, 08-000, auv. up, manuing unions a legs or feet. Etre debout, to stand; to be up or stirring. Debout! up, get up, rise. Mar. Ex. debout an uest, head to wind. Debout a terre, head in for the land. Debout a lame, head to the sea. Debout au corps, end on. Debout au courant, end on to the tide. Metales an account of the tide. tre un aviron debout, to toss an oar up. Pren-

dre la lame debout, to bow the sea.

DEBOUTER, dk-boo-tk, v. a. to cast off or

reject (at law.)

Disoutouse, s. adj. unbuttoned, whose breast is open. Manger à neutre déboutouse, to cram one a sell with meat, eat to excess. DÉBOUTONNER, da-boo-tô-na, v.a. toun-

button. Se déboutonner, v. r. to unbutton one's coat, etc. To unbosom one's self.

Débraillé, E, dà-brà-là, adj. whose

breast is open.

DÉBRAILLER, (SE) v. r. to expose one's bosom.

Débredouiller, dabr-do-la, v. a. to

save the lurch (in gaming.)
DEBRIDER, da-bri-da, v. a. to unbridle. Sans debrider, without drawing bit; also with-

out intermission.

DÉBRIS, då-bri, s. m. wreck, ruins, rubbish, broken remains, pieces of wreck.

DÉBROUILLEMENT, då-broot-mên, s. m. clearing, disentangling, unfolding, disintricat-

DÉBROUILLER, då-brôo-få, v. a. to clear, disentangle, disintricate, unravel.

DEBRUTALISER, v. a. to cure of a rude, blunt, unpolite behaviour.

DEBRUTIR, då-brû-tir, v. a. to polish, make

DÉBUCHER, da-bū-shā, v. a. to dislodge, v. n. to leave the woods (said of wild beasts.) DEBUSQUEMENT, s. m. the act of forcing

one from an advantageous post.
DEBUSQUER, da-bûs-ka, v.a. to drive, beat out or force from (an advantageous post,) to oust, thrust or turn out, supplient or under-

DEBUTANT, E, s. m. & f. he or she who plays for the first cuts.

plays for the first time.

DÉBUTER, då-bå-tå, v. n. to lead or play first, to begin, v. a. to hit or knock away (a bowl, etc.)

Decà or De-cà, dê-sâ, V. cà. Décacheter, dà-kash-là, v. a. to unseal,

open or break open (what is sealed.)

DÉCADE, då-kåd, s. f. decade, rumber of
ten. V. Décadi.

DÉCADENCE, da-ka-dens, s. f. decay; de-DECADENCE, da-kā-dēns, s. f. decay; decadency, decline or declining, wreck, ruin, fall. Un empire qui va en décadence, a declining or falling empire, an empire that begins to fall. DÉCAGONE dà-kà-gòn, s.m.or adj. decagon. DÉCAISSER, dà-kō-sh. v. a. to uncase (goods.) to take out of a box or chest. DÉCALOGUE dà-kā-tār a m. decalogue.

DECALOGUE, da-kā-log, s. m. decalogue or ten commandments.

bar, bat, base : thère, êbb, ovêr : field, fig : rôbe, rôb, lord : mòod, good.

DÉCAMÉRON, s. m. Decameron (relation) of ten days' events or conversations.)

DECAMPEMENT, da-kanp-men, s. m. de-campment or marching off.

DECAMPER, då-kan-på, v. n. to march off, decamp, go from the camp, run away.

DECANAT, da-ka-na, s. m. deanery.

DÉCANISER, v. n. to supply the place of a dean in his absence.

DÉCANONISER, v. a. to uncanonize.

DECANTATION,s. f. decantation, decanting. DÉCANTER, v. n. to decant any liquor,

pour it gently from one vessel into another. DÉCAPELER, v. a. Mar. to take the rig-ging, etc. off the mast head. Décapeler une hune, to get a top off. Décapeler les haubans, to strip the masts.

DECAPER, v. a. to take off the verdigris of the copper, v. n. Mar. to weather a cape.

DÉCAPITATION, s. f. beheading.
DÉCAPITER, dà-kà-pl-tà, v. a. to behead.
DÉCARRELER, dà-kà-là, v. a. to unpave. DÉCASTYLE, s. m. decastyle (building with

ten columns in front.)
DECASTLLABE, då-kå-sl-låb, adj. verse

consisting of ten syllables.

Dickder, da-al-da, v. a. to decease, die.

Dickner, v. a. (see the table at emdre,) to ungird or undo a girdle.

DÉCEINT, E, adj. ungirded.
DÉCÉLÉ, E, adj. detected, disclosed, discovered, revealed.

DÉCÈLEMENT, dà-sél-mên, s. m. reveal-

ing, discovery, detection, disclosing.
Dicklin, das-la, v. a. to detect, disclose,

discover or reveal. DÉCELEU-R, SE, das-leur, leuz, s. m. & f. discoverer, informer

DÉCEMBRE, dà-séabr, s. m. December. DÉCEMBERT, dà-sà-mên, adv. decently,

handsomely.

DÉCEMVIR, dà-sèm-vîr, s. m. decemvir. DECEMVIRAL, E, adj. belonging to the decemviri.

DÉCEMVIRAT, dà-sêm-vî-rà, s. m. decem-

DÉCENCE, dh-sèrs, s. f. decency, decorum,

becomingness, seemliness, fitnes DÉCENSAL, R. da-sèn-nal, adj. decennial. DÉCENT, R. da-sèn, sént, adj. decent, handsome, befitting, seemly, becoming. DECEPTION, da-sèp-sion, s. f. deceit, de-

ception, cheat.
Dicernen, da-scr-na, v. a. to decree, or-

der, ordain or appoint.

Dicks, da-se, s. m. decease, death, demise.

DECEVABLE, adj. liable to be deceived. DECEVANT, e. das-ven, vent, adj. deceitful,

crafty, uncertain, false, vain, treacherous.

Dicevoir, das-vwar, v. a. (like concevoir)

Déchainement, da shèn-mèn, s. m. out-

rage or outrageous language, railing.

Dichainer, da-she-na, v. a. to unchain, break loose, to let loose, set up, incense, to break one's chains, get loose; also to inveight the contributions with the contributions of the contributions. most bitterly or with great impatience, rail.

DECHALANDER, v. a. to entice or get cus-

ers away from.

DECHANTER, da-shën-ta, v. n. to change one's note or sing another tune. Il y a bien a dechanter, things fall short of what was supposed or expected.

DÉCHAPERONNER l'oiseau, v. a. to un hood the hawk.

DÉCHARGE, då-shårz, s. f. unloading, discharge or purging; place of discharge, passage, outlet; ease; discharge, acquittal, acquittance; discharge (of cannon,) volley; warehouse or storehouse, storeroom, closet. audunt de décharge pour l'état, the state will be so much the more eased by it. La sentinelle sit sa décharge, the sentinel fired his piece. Décharge de coups de bâton, sound drubbing with a stick, bastinado.

Dichargie, E., adj. unloaded, etc. Taille déchargée, free easy shape. Cheral déchargée de taille, well made horse.

DECHARGEMENT, då-shårz-men, s. m. Mar. unloading or discharging of a vessel,

etc. V. Commencer

DÉCHARGER, dh-shàr-zà, v. a. to unload, disburden; to ease; to discharge, free, re-lease; clear, acquit; to discharge, shoot off; to unload or draw out a charge of; to lop (a tree;) to vent or wreak; to throw off or cast (care.) Il his décharges un grand cousp de bâton sur la tête, he gave him a heavy blow with his stick upon the head. Décharger sous cœur à un ami, to unbosom one's self to a friend. Décharger, v. a. Mar. to unload, etc. Décharger un bâliment, to unload a ship, discharge a ship. V. Commencer. Décharger une voile, to fill a sail (after it has lain aback.) Décharge devant, haul off all, let go and haul. Decharge derrière, main sail (or main-top sail) haul. Décharge la chaloupe, clear the launch. V. Changer, now more in use. decharger, v. r. (of rivers) to discharge, emp-ty, or disembogue itself; to fade, change. Se decharger d'une faute sur un autre, to lay a fault upon another.

DÉCHARGEUR, dà-shàr-scur, s. m. unia-

der, porter, dc.

DECHARMER, v. a. to uncharm, take off the charm or spell, unbewitch.

DÉCHARMER, x., adj. lean, thin, lank, that has nothing but skin and bones left on him.

DÉCHARNER, dh-shir-na, v. a. to pick the

flesh off, make lean, thin or lank. DECHAUMER, v. a. said of a piece of fal-

low ground that has never been cultivated. DECHAUSSÉ, E, adj. whose shoes and stock-

ings are off, bare-legged, bare-footed, etc.
DECHAUSSEMENT, da-shos-men, s. m.
making of trees and vines bare at the root;

pulling off shoes and stockings.

DECHAUSSER, da-sho-sh, v. a. to pull off the shoes and stockings; to open at the roots, dig about it, bare the roots of (a tree;) to se-

parate from the gum (a tooth.)
Dichaussoir, da-shô-swar, s. m. instrument to cut the gums from a tooth.

DÉCHÉANCE dk-shk-ens, s.f.loss, forseiture. DÉCHEOIR, V. Déchoir.

DÉCHET, dà-shè, s. m. waste, decay, di-

minution, lessening or abatement, loss.

Décheveler, da-shev-la, v. a. to dishe-

vel, put the hair in disorder

DÉCHEVÊTRER, dâsh-vê-tra, v. a. to un-halter, take off the halter. Se déchevêtrer d'une mauraise compagnie, to get rid of bad company. DÉCHIFFRABLE, dâ-chif-frabi, adj. that

may be deciphered.
DECHIFFRENENT, då-shifr-men, s. m. de

ciphering.

bûse, bût : jêûne, mêute, bêurre : ênfânt, cênt, liên : vin : mon : brun.

Dichtefren, då-shl-frå, v. a. to decipber, read though badly written, find out the mean ing of; to unravel, disentangle, clear, discover, unfold. Déchiffrer une personne, to set one out in his proper colours

Dichiffreun, da-shi-freur, s. m. deci-

pherer, expounder of ciphers.
DECHIQUETER, da-shik-th, v. a. to cut,

slash or mangle.

DECHIQUETURE, då-shik-tur, s. f. cut, catting.

DECHRAGE, chash-raz, s. m. breaking (of old boats or barges to get the timber.) Bois to the timber, but the timber from boats or barges. Decrate, s. chash-ra, adj. rent, torn, ora off, torn in pieces, etc. Etre tout déchiré,

to be all in rags or tatters.

Déchirement, di-shir-mên, s. m. tearing, tearing off or in pieces, rending. Dechire-

DECHIRER, da-shi-ra, v. a. to rend, tear or tear off, pull or tear in pieces, mangle; to rail at, bespatter, revile or defame. Dechire à coupe de fouet, to lash or jerk to pieces. Se élékirer, v. r. to rend, tear one's self, dc. DÉCHINURE, dh-shl-ror, s. f. rent. DÉCHOIR, dh-shwar, v. a. (see choir in the

table) to decay or fall, sink, decline, dwindle

DECHOUER, da-shoo-a, v. a. to get affoat or off the ground (into deep water) or get off (a ship that has run aground.)

DÉCHU, E, adj. decayed, wasted, fallen away, etc. Déchu de quetque droit, that has lost or forfeited a right or privilege.

DÉCIDÉ, E, da-al-da, adj. decided, deter-

DÉCIDÉMENT, da-sl-da-mên, adv. positively, resolutely.

DECIDER, da-si-da, v. a. to decide, determine or resolve, make an end of. Décider, v. a. to be dogmatical or peremptory. Décider la fortune de quelqu'un, to dispose of one's forune.

DECIMABLE, da-si-mabl, adj. liable to pay

the tenths, titheable.

DECIMAL, E, da-si-mal, adj. decimal. DECIMATEUR, da-si-ma-teur, s. m. tith-

mg-man. Decimation, då-si-må-sion, s. f. decima-

Décimen, da-si-ma, v. a. to decimate,

mish every tenth. Décimes, då-sim, s. f. pl. tenths.

DECIMPRER, v. a. to remove the mould of an arch.

DÉCISTREMENT, s. m. removing of the mond or cintres of an arch after it is built.

Dicisi-F, ve, di-si-zif, ziv, adj. decisive, percaptory. Titre decisif, clear title.
Dicision, di-si-zion, s. f. decision, reso-

lation, determination.

DÉCISIVEMENT, dà-sl-zlv-mèn, adv. decievely.

DECISOTRE, dh-sl-zwar, adj. decisory, deding, decisive. Dictamateur, då-klå-må-téur, s. m. de-

chamator, declaimer, orator.

Diclamation, da-kla-ma-slon, s. f. declamation, oration, bombast, abuse, invective, railing.

DÉCLAMATOIRE, dà-klà-mà-twar, adj, declassitory, pertaining to declaiming.

DÉCLAMER, dà-klā-mā, v. a. to declaim, make publick speeches. Déclamer contre, to inveigh or declaim against, rail at.

DÉCLARATI-F, VE, dà-klā-rà-df, tv, adj.

declarative, declaratory.

Diclaration, di-kla-ra-slos, s. f. declaration, edict or proclamation, also list, inven-

Diclaratoire, då-klå-rå-twår, adj. declaratory.

DÉCLARÉ, E, adj. declared, etc. Ennemi, déclaré, professed or open enemy.

DÉCLARER, da-kia-ra, v. a. to declare, show, manifest, or publish, make plain of where, manness, or publish, make pain of the known, signify, announce or proclaim. On a déclaré criminel, he was found guilty. Se déclarer, v. r. to explain one's self, tell or open one's mind or thoughts. Se déclarer pour, to declare for, side with. La maladie s'est déclarer pour, to declare for, side with. clarée ou bras, the distemper broke out in his

DÉCLENCHER, v. a. to list up the latch (of.

a door.)

DECLIC, s. m. engine to drive in stakes

battering ram.

DECLIN, da-klin, s. m. decline or declining, decay; (of the moon) wane. Sur le declin, declining. Le jour est sur son déclin, it draws towards night. L'hiver est sur son dé-Le jour est sur son déclin, it clin, winter is going away or growing to-wards an end. Le declin d'une maladie, a sickness past the crisis.

DECLINABLE, då-kli-nabl, adj. declinable.

DECLINAISON, da-kli-ne-zon, s. f. declension; declination (of the sun;) variation (of

the needle.

DÉCLINANT, E, da-kli-nen, nem, adj. declining, going off. Cadran déclinant, declin-

ing dial.

DECLIBATOIRE, då-kil-nå-twar, s. m. declinator or declinatory; exception against a judge or jurisdiction. Exceptions or fins declimatoires have the same meaning.

DÉCLINER, da-kli-na, v. a. to decline (a.

noun;) to except against a jurisdiction; to vary (as the needle.) v. n. to decline; decay or abate. Le jour décline, it begins to grow late, it draws towards night, the day wears apace.

apace.

DÉCLIVITÉ, s. f. declivity.
DÉCLOITRÉ, E, adj. uncloistered.
DÉCLORE, v. a. (like clore) but only used in the sing. of the pres. in the fut. sing. and plur. and the participle déclos, e, to unclose, open (a park, etc.)

DÉCLOUE:, da-kloo-a, v. a. to unnail. DÉCOCHEMENT, da-kosh-mên, s. m. shoot-

ing, letting fly (an arrow.)

Dicocнев, då-kò-shå, v.a. to shoot, let fly.
Dicocтion, då-kòk-slon, s. f. decoction.

DÉCOIFFÉ, E, adj. without head-dress. DÉCOIFFÉR, da-kwa-fa, v. a. to pull off a woman's head-dress, uncoif; (une bouteille) to open, crack (a bottle.)

DECOINCER, v. a. Mar. to knock up the

wedges of. DECOLLATION, da-kô-là-sion, s. f. decollation or beheading.

DÉCOLLEMENT, dh-kôl-mên, s. m. unglu-

ing, coming off.
Dicoller, da-kô-la, v. a. to unglue, make come off; to behead. Se décoller, v. r. to unglue, come off.

bar, bat, base: there, ebb, over: field, fig: robe, rob, lord: mood, good.

DECOLLETER, då-kôl-tå, v. a. to uncover the neck or shoulders.

DÉCOLORER, då-kô-lô-rå, v. a. to disco lour or tarnish, take away the colours. Sede-colorer, v. r. to grow discoloured, to lose or change its colour, fade.

DECOMBRER, da-kôn-bra, v. a. to carry

off the rubbish, clear from rubbish.

DÉCOMBRES, dà-kombr, s. m. pl. rubbish. DÉCOMPOSER, dh-kon-pô-zh, v. a. to dissolve or resolve (a mixt body;) analyze; to confound, disconcert.

DECOMPOSITION, da-kon-pô-zl-slon, s. f. dissolution or resolution, dissolving.

DÉCOMPTE, da-kost, a.m. money to be discounted or abated, discount.

DÉCOMPTER, da-kon-ta, v. a. to discount,

deduct, abate.

DÉCONCERTER, da-kon-ser-ta, v. a. to put out; make a discord in musick; to put into disorder; disconcert, abash; to disappoint, frustrate or confound, baffle, break the sures of. Se déconcerter, v. r. to be disordered, concerned, disturbed or disconcerted.

*DECONFIRE, da-kon-fir, v. a. (like confire) to discomfit, rout, defeat; also to puzzle, abash. *Diconfit, E, adj. routed, defeated or

discomfited.

*DECONFITURE, da-kon-fl-tur, s. f. discomfiture, rout, defeat, havock, ruin.

DECONFORT, s. m. despondency.

Déconforter, da-kon-för-tå, v. a. to discomfort, afflict or cast down. Se déconforter, v. r. to despond.

DÉCONSEILLER, dà-kon-sè-là, v. a. to dissuade, advise to the contrary.

DÉCONSTRUIRE, v. a. to separate the different parts (of a machine or discourse.)
DÉCONTENANCER, da-kont-nên-sa, v. a. to

DÉCONTENANCER, dâ-kont-nên-să, v. a. to put out of countenance, confound. Se décon-senancer, v. r. to be dashed or confounded, be put out of countenance.

*Déconvenue, dh-konv-nû, s. f. disaster,

misfortune.

DÉCORATEUR, dh-kô-rh-teur, s.m. decorator. DECORATION, da-ko-ra-sion, s. f. decora-tion, ornament, set off. Les décorations d'un theatre, the decoration of a stage, the scenes.

DÉCORDER, dà-kôr-dà, v. a. to untwist. DÉCORER, dà-kô-rà, v. a. to decorate, beautify, adorn, set off.

DÉCORTICATION, s. f. decortication, DÉCORUM, dâ-kô-rôm, s. m. decorum, de-

DÉCOUCHER, da-koo-sha, v.n. to lie abroad or from home, lie in another bed. Il ne decouche jamais d'avec sa femme, he never lies away from his wife. Découcher (quelqu'un) v. a. to put (one) out of his bed.

Discoude E, dh-koodr, v. a. (like coudre)

to unsew or unstitch, rip open or off. En découdre, to have a bout or brush together. De-coudre des bordages, Mar. to rip off planks from a ship's side. Se découdre, v. r. to rip,

get unsewed, get in a bad way.

*Dźcoulant, z, adj. flowing.
Dźcoulenent, då-kool-men, s. m. drop-

ping, flowing, flux or running.

Dicoulum, di-koo-la, v. a. to flow, run

down, drop, trickle

DÉCOUPER, da-kôc-pa, v. a. to cut or carve ; (of cloth, etc.) to pink, cut into flowers or figures.

DÉCOUPEU-R, SE, dâ-kôo-pêur, peuz, s. z & f. pinker, one that figures cleth or stuff.

DÉCOUPLÉ, E, da-koo-pla, adj. uncoupled ;

well-set or made.
Decouple, s. m. the act of letting dogs

loose upon game. DÉCOUPLER, dà-kôc-plà, v. a. to uncouple. Découpler quelqu'un après un autre, to

let one loose upon another, set on. DÉCOUPURE, dà-kôo-par, s. f. pinking, cut cloth, cut cloth-work, cut paper-work. DECOURAGEMENT, dà-kôo-raz-mên, s. m.

discouragement, faint-heartedness.

DECOURAGER, da-kôo-ra-za, v. a. to discourage, dishearten, dispirit, deter, put out of conceit. Se décourager, v. r. to grow discou-

raged or disheartened, lose courage, despond.
DECOURS, då-koor, s. m. wane or decrease (of the moon,) abatement (of a disease.)

DECOUSU, E, adj. unstitched, unsewed, ript; in a bad way; unconnected (atyle.)
DECOUSURE, de-kôe-zdr, s. f. thing unsewed or unstitched or ript; also gash (by a tusk of a wild boar.)

DÉCOUVERT, x, adj. uncovered, discovered, etc. open (country.) A découvert, adv. openly, in the open air, barefaced, in the face of all the people, clearly, plainly.

DÉCOUVERTE, s. f. discovery, finding out.

Emoyer à la découverte, to send out scouts for intelligence. Emoyer aux fronts à la découver sus fronts à la découver

Emoyer à la découverte, to send out scouis for intelligence. Emoyer une frégate à la découverte, flar to despatch a frigate on the look-out. Découverur, de la découver. Découverir, v. a. (like outrir) to uncover, discover, see, perceive, find out or detect, disclose, open, declare, reveal, get intelligence of. Se découvrir, v. r. to uncover oué's self, to pull off oué's hat, discover or make one's self known; play open (at tables,) lay one's self known; play open (at tables,) lay one's self emos, that will come out se découvira avec le temps, that will come out or will be known one time or other, time will bring that to light. Le temps se découvre, is clears up, the clouds break asunder.

Décrasser, da-kra-sa, v. a. to make clean, get the dirt, grease or rust off; also to polish. Se décrasser, v. r. to get off the dirt ;

also to grow polite. DÉCRÉDITÉ, E, adj. that has lost his credit, etc.

Décréditement, då-krå-dh-men, s. m.

discredit, discrediting, disrepute.

DECREDITER, da-kra-di-ta, v. a. to make (one) lose his credit; to discredit, sink the credit, authority or reputation of (one.) Se décréditer, v. r. to lose one's credit or re-putation, sink one's credit.

DECREPIT, E, da-kra-pl, plt, adj. decre-

pit, crazy.
Dicrepitation, s. f. decrepitation.
Dicrepiter, da.kra-pl-la, v. s. to dry (salt) by the fire till it crackles no longer.

Dickipitude, då-krå-pl-tåd, s. f. crasy

or decrepit old age, decrepitude.

DÉCRET, da-kre, s. m. decree, order, ordinance, statute, warrant, writ or judgment. Decretales, da-kra-tal, s. f. pl. decretale

DECRÉTER, da-kra-ta, v. a. to decree, order or ordain, award; (une terre) to order the sale of (an estate.)

DÉCRI, dà-kri, s. m. crying down or prohibition, disgrace, discredit.

DECRIER, dh-krl-h, to cry down or pro-

bûse, bût : jêûne, mêute, bêurre : ênfant, cêst, liês : vis : mos : brus.

hibit, disapprove, disparage, disgrace or dis-credit. Decrier quelqu'un dans l'esprit du pagre, to make one odious to the people.

DECRIBE, dil-krir, v. a. (like écrire, see the table at crire) to draw (a line, a circle, etc.) describe, make a description of.

Dickit, E, adj. drawn, ec.

DÉCROCHEMENT, s. m. unhooking.
DÉCROCHER, dà-krò-shà, v. a. to unhook,
take down or off a hook.

DÉCROCHETER dh.krosh-th,v.a.to unbook.
*Décroire, dh.krwar, v. a. (like croire) to disbelieve.

Dicroissement, då-krwas-men, s. m. de-

DECROTSSEMENT, OR-KWAS-Mens, S. m. decrease, dimination, obbing.

DECROTTER, di-krwatr, v. n. (like croites,) to decrease, grow less, ebb. Les jours decreases, grow shorter.

DECROTTER, di-krō-tā, v. a. to brush off

the dirt, rub clean (shoes, roat, etc.)
DECROTTEUR, då-krö-teur, s. m. shoe-boy, shoe-man, shoe-cleaner, shoe-black.
DECROTTOIRE, då-krö-twar, s. f. shoe or

clothes-brush.

Dicru, E, adj. decreased.

Décruen, v. a. to prepare and soak

(thread) previous to dying.

Dickument, s. m. preparing and soaking of thread previous to dying.

DECRUSEMENT, s. m. putting of the cods of sik-worms into boiling water, the more

easily to wind up the silk. DECRUSER, v. a. to put the cods of silk-worms into boiling water, the more easily to

wind up the silk. Dicu, n., adj. deceived, etc. Mes espérances ant été décues, my hopes have come to

DÉCUIRASSER, v. a. to take off one's cui-

DECUIRE, da-kulr, v. a. (see the table at vire) to make (succetments,) give. Décuire, v. a to give, or grow too moist. Se décuire, v. 7. to give, or grow too liquid.
Decupt. E., da. Lupi, s. m. tenfold.

DECUPLER, v. a. to increase tenfold.
DECURIE, dh.-ku-ri, s. f. committee of ten judges; band of ten troopers (amongst the

DECURION, då-kå-rlon, s. m. decurion.

DECUSSATION, s. f. decussation. DEDAIGNER, då-dè-guà, v. a. & n. to disdain, scorn *or* despise.

mpt.
Dimare, di-dil, s. m. meze, labyrinth. DEDAMER, v. n. to put a man out of place

(at dranghts.)
DEDARS, de-den, adv. or prop. in, within.
Metre les roiles dedons, to fur the sails. Metfre un cheval designs, to manage a horse. ne, inward or inwardly. Par dedans,

thorough or through. DEDARS, a. m. inside. Garnir par dedans, to line the inside.

DEDICACE, då-di-kås, s. f. dedication, address (of a book.) consecration (of a climich.)
DEDICATORE, dh-dl-kh-twhr, adj. Epitre d'directoire, dedication, epi-tle dedicatory.

DÉDIER, da-di-l, v. a. to dedicate, cons

crate to holy use, or address a book.

Didden, dadress, or address a book.

Didden, dadress, or address a book.

Didden, dadress, dedises, to disown.

Be dedire, v. r. to recent, retract, or unsay what one has said, not to be as good as one's word; to forsake, go contrary to. Il ne s'en peut dédire, he cannot go back.

Dinit, da-di, s. m. unsaying, forfeit (in a bargain.) Avoir son dit et son dédit, to say and unsay. Faire son marché au dédit de mille fcus, to make a bargain, with this condition, that he who goes from it shall forfeit a thousand crowns.

DÉDOMMAGÉ, E, adj. indemnified, saved

harmless.

DÉDONNAGEMENT, dh-dò-màz-mèn, s. m. indemnifying or saving harmless, indemnity, recompense or amends for a loss, satisfaction

or reparation.
DEDOMMAGER, då-dô-må-zå, v. a. to indemnify, save harmless, give a recompense

or make amends for a loss.
Denorge, da-do-ra, v. a. to ungild. Chose qui se dédore, thing the gilding of which wears off.

DÉDORMI, E, adj. lukewarm (said of soater.)
DÉDOUBLER, da do-bla, v. a. to unline,

take off the lining, divide (a regiment.)
DEDUCTION, då-dåk-slon, s. f. deduction, abatement, subtraction, recital, enumeration, relation, account.

DÉDUIRE, da-dur, v. a. (see the table at uire,) to deduct, abate, subtract; to deduce, draw or gather; to tell, relate. Deduire les raisons qu'on a de faire une chose, to urge the

reasons one has to do a thing.

Dipurr, r, adj. deducted, abated, etc. V.

Déduire.

*Diduit, s. m. sport, pastime, pleasure, comfort. D'duit de vénerie or de fauconnorie, train of hunters, falconers, dogs and hawks.

Dresse, da es, s. f. goddess. Dreacher, da fa sha, v. a. to pacify, appease, make pleased again (used only reflect-

DEFAILLANCE, da-fa-lens, s. f. swoon or swooning, qualm, fainting fit; weakness of nature, dissolution or death; also becoming liquid by dampness, (in chymistry.) Tomber en defaillance, to fall into a swoon, swoon or faint away.

DÉPAILLANT, E, da-sa-lèn, lènt, s. m. & f. he or she that contemns the court, or that does not appear.

DEFAILLIR, da-fa-lir, v. n. (like faillir) (seldom used but in the plural present) to fail, decay, grow faint and weak, swoon or faint away; also to be wanting or be scarce.

DEFAIRE, dh-fer, v. a. (like faire) to un-

do ; untie ; to unravel or unweave ; to free or deliver, rid; to defeat, rout, overthrow, beat; to puzzle, put out of countenance, confound or put into disorder; to make away with, kill or destroy; to obscure, eclipse (by superiority.)
Défaire, v. a. Mar. défaire les tours d'une

manceurre, to take the turns out of a rope. Défaire la croix des cables, to clear the hawse when there is a cross in it. Défaire l'amarre des surpentes des basses vergues, to unsling the lower vards.

bar, bat, base: thère, èbb, over: field, fig: robe, rob, lord: mood, good.

Se défaire de, v. r. to sell or put off; to rid or ease one's self of, to leave off; to dismiss; to part with; to make away with, despatch, murder. Se défaire, to fall to pieces, (soi-même) to make away with (one's self;) to be dismayed or puzzled, disconcerted, confound-ed. Same se défaire, unconcerned. DEFAIT, E. dê-fê, fêt, adj. undone, etc. V.

Défaire, lean, wasted, grown thin, wan, pale. DÉFAITE, dh-fêt, s. f. defeat, overthrow, slaughter; shift, evasion, excuse, pretence, come off, subterfuge, sham; sale, market, utterance. Une fille d'une belle défatte, a girl likely to go off very well.

DEFALCATION, s. f. defalcation.

DEFALQUER, da-fal-fa, v. a. to defalcate,

abate, deduct.

DÉFAUT, dh-fò, s. m. defect, want or lack, default, flaw, vice, fault, imperfection; non-appearance in court. Le défaut des côtes, the small of the back. Le défaut de la hune, the change of the moon. Le défaut de la cuirasse, the extremity of the armour, a man's weak side. Les chiens sont en défaut, the dogs are su fault. Mettre en défaut, to bassie. Au déat fault. Mettre en defant, to baffle. Au de-fant de, for want of, instead of. Au defant de la force il faut employer la ruse, where strength is wanting, cunning must be used.

DÉFAVEUR, då-få-veur, s. f. disfavour, disgrace, discredit, fall.

DÉFAVORABLE, adj. unfavourable.

DEFAVORABLEMENT, adv. unfavourably.
DEFECATION, s. f. defecation, purification (by the settling of the dregs.)
DEFECTI-F, vr. då-fek-tif, tiv, adj. defection

tive.

DÉFECTION, då-fêk-slon, s. f. defection. DÉFECTUEU-x, sE, då-fêk-tû-eû, euz, adj.

defective, imperfect, faulty.

DÉFECTUEUSEMENT, adv. imperfectly.

DÉFECTUOSITÉ, dh-fèk-tù-ô-zl-th, s. f. de-

fect, imperfection, fault.

DEFENDABLE, adj. defensible.

DEFENDANT, de-fen-den, Ex. A son corps défendant, in one's own desence

Dépend-eur, eresse, då-fèn-dèur, drès, s. m. & f. defendant.

Défendre, da-fendr, v. a. to defend, protect, maintain or support, uphold or bear out; to shelter, secure; to forbid or prohibit, to bar or keep from. Defendre le canot, Mar. to defend the boat. Se defendre, v. r. to defend one's self, etc. Se defendre de, to decline, excuse one's self from, deny, keep one's self from, keep off, clear ope's self from, for-bear, resist. Se defendre du prix, to beat down the price, haggle about the price. Place qui peut se defendre, defensible place, place of defence.

DEFENDS, s. m. Ex. En defends, forbidden, (said of wood not to be cut down or fields

where cattle must not graze.)
DEFENSE, da-fens, s. f. defence; protection, countenance, prop, support; vindication, apology, justification, prohibition; resistance; guard. Difenses, reply, answer, plea; fence, fortification; tusks (of a boar.) Mar. skids or skeeds, fenders

DÉFENSEUR, da-fén-seur, s. m. defender,

protector, assertor.

DÉFENSI-F, VE, dà-fèn-sif, siv, adj. de-

DÉFENSIVE, s. f. defensive. Ex. Etre or se || the aqueous part of a substance.

tenir sur la défensive, to act defensively or upon the defensive

DÉFÉQUER, dh-fa-kh, v. a. to defecate, to

refine or cleanse from dregs.

DÉFÉRANTE, de-fêr-tes, rest, adj. yielding, condescending, complying.

DÉFÉRENCE, de-fêr-tes, s. f. deference, respect, submission, regard, condescension, compliance.

Diring the state of the state o accuse, impeach; to decree, appoint or or-

der; to tender or administer (en osth.)

Déperler, da-fèr-it, v. a. Mar. to unfurl, loose, etc. Ce bâtiment a son petit humier déferlé, that ship has got her foretop-ail loose. La mer déferlois sur la câte avec boutcoup de violence, the surf broke with great violence upon the coast.

DEFERMER, v. a. to unlock.
DEFERMER, adj. unshod, that has lost one or more of his shoes (preaking of a horse)
DEFERRER, da-fè-rà, v. a. to unshoe (a

horse;) to nonplus, dash, confound. Se efferrer, v. r. to get unshod, come off (as the tag of a lace,) be dashed or confounded.

DEFET, a. m. waste sheets of a book (with

printers.)

DEFI, dd-fl, s. m. challenge. Faire an d/fl, to challenge, bid defiance, defy.

DEFIANCE, dd-fl-drus, s. f. distrust, mis-

trust, diffidence, suspicion, jealousy. Estrer

DÉFIANT, E, dà-fl-èn, ent, adj. diffident, mistrustiul, suspicious, jealous.

DÉFIANT, s. m. deficience, deficiency.

DÉFIER, dà-fl-èl, v. a. to challenge, defy, bid defiance to. Je rous défie de me dire, I bid denance to. Se trous agree de me tate, the you cannot tell me. Se défer de, v. r. to mistrust, distrust, suspect. Défer de mbardées, don't yaw the ship so. Défe de cent, you are quite in the wind. Défe le canot de l'amere, bear the boat off from the anchor.

DEFIGURER, da-fl-gu-ra, v. a. to disfi-

gure, deform or spoil.

DÉFILER, då-fi-lå, s. m. defile, narrow lane or passage. V. Défiler.
DÉFILER, då-fi-lå, v. a. & n. to unstring

or take off from the string; to file off (us sol-

Otiers.)

DÉFINI, E., dà-fl-nl, nl, adj. defined, etc.

(V. Définir) definite.

DÉFINI, S. m. thing defined.

Add-fl-nlr. v. a. to define: (un

DEFINIDE de finite v. a. to define : (un homme) give the definition or character of a

man: determine, appoint, decide.

DÉFINITEUR, de-11-nl-teur, s. m. definitor.
(counsellor or assistant of the general or pro-

vincial of a religious order.)

1) EFINITI-F, VE, då-fi-ni-lif, tiv, adj. defi-nitive, peremptory. En définitive. V. Défi-

Définition, da-fi-nl-slon, s. f. definition, decisjon.

Définitivement, da-fi-ni-tiv-men, adv.

definitively, peremptorily.

Définitoire, dd-fl-nl-twar, s. m. chapter (of a religious order.)

DEFLAGRATION, s. f. deflagration. DEFLEGMATION, s. f. the taking away of

base, bat : jêane, mêute, bêurre : èmant, cênt, liên : vin : mon : brun.

DEFLEGRER, v. a. to take off the aqueous part of a substance

DÉFLEURIR, dà-fièu-rir, v. n. to shed or

let fall blossoms (and of trees.)
DEFLERION, s. f. deflection, deflexure.

DÉFLORATION, dà-fiò-rà-sion, s. f. deflo-ration or deflowering, ravishing. DÉFLORER, dà-fiò-rà, v. a. to deflower,

DÉFLUXION, da-fink-sion, s. f. defluxion. DÉPONCEMENT, dà-fons-mên, s. m. stav-

ing (a cosk.)
Difference, dh-for-sh, v. a. to stave, shove in or out, knock out the head or bottom. Vo-tre grand hunier est d'foncé, Mar. your main top-sail is split.

DEFORMER, da-for-ma, v. a. to put out of form, make lose its form (said of a shoe or hat.)

DEPORMITÉ, V. Difformité.

DÉPOURNER, dh-foor-sk, v. a. to take out of the oven.

DÉFRAI, s. m. defraying.

DEFRAYE, E., adj. defrayed.
DEFRAYER, di-fre-yk, v. a. to defray, bear
the charges of. Il a defraye toute la compaguic, he has been the fool or laughing stock of the company. DEFESCHEMENT, dh-frish-men, s. m. grub-

bing or clearing up, preparing for cultivation.

Diffrights, da-fri-sha, v. a. to grub up (on mailled piece of ground), to clear.

Bifrights us, da-fri-shaur, s. m. that pre

pares waste land for cultivation.

Diffriser, da-frl-za, v. a. to put (hair) out of curl.

DÉFRONCER, dà-fron-sà, v. a. to undo-the rathers; take out the plaits; to smooth (the

DEFROQUE, s. f. goods or moveables, that an abbot, etc. leaves at his death.

DÉFROQUÉ, E, adj. stript of monkish garb:

else that has renounced his order.

DEFROQUER, då-frô-kå, v. a. to throw off

the monkish garb; strip or rob.

DEFUNER, da-fd-na, v. a. Mar. to unrig.

DEFUNE, CHARLES, V. A. Man to uning.
DEFUNE, C. A. Man, funt, adj. & s. deceased, late. Le roi défunt. La défunt reine.
DÉBAGÉ, E. da-gà-sh, adj. disengaged, ét. V. Dégager. Taile dégagée, free, easy stape. Chambre dégagée, room with a prie door to it.

Disagrunt, da-gaz-men, s. m. disengaging, freeing; secret communication, private door or staircase. Etre dans un entier digagement de toutes choses, to be free upon all accounts, to have no tie upon one. Dega ge-

Disagrament de au parole, recalling one's words.

Disagram, di-gl-ri, v. a. to disengage, fetch, get or take off; to relieve (a city;) to redeem (a pleage.) Cela se faisoit pour dégage doumning la place en dedans, this was done to est mont au partie. to get more room within. Degager sa parole, to call in one's word; also to make one's ward good, perform one's promise. Se dega-ger advoitement, to wind one's self out. Mar. to clear, relieve, rescue. Dégager un palan, to clear away a tackle sail. Deguger l'ancre, to clear the auchor. Degager un bâtiment, to relieve or rescue a ship from the possession or attack or pursuit of an enemy.

Digalog, dh-gen, s. f. Ex. D'une belle dégaine, in an awkward manuer.

DÉGAIRER, dà-gè-nà, v. a. to unsheath. DÉGARTER, dà-gèn-tà, v. a. to pull off the gloves. Se déganter, v. r. to pull off one's

gloves.

DÉGARNIR, dh-gàr-nìr, v. a. to disgaraish; to unfurnish; to take off the trimmings; to drain or strip of soldiers or ammunition, leave unprovided. Degarnir, v. a. Mar. to unrig, Degarnir un vaisseau, to unrig unship, etc. a ship. Dégarnir un bâtiment de monde, to strip a vessel of her hands. Dégarnir les avirons, to unship the oars. Dégarnir le cabestan, to unship the capstern bars. Degarnir

bestan, to unamp the captern barn. Degarnar less ridits; to strip the masts. Se dégarnar, v. r. to leave off one's warm clothing.

D'ÉGASCONNER, dh'gh's-kò-nh, to tehch a Gascon to speak true French.

D'ÉGAT, dh-gh, s. m. spoil, havock, desolation, pillage, pillaging or ransacking, waste.

Faire le dégat, to devastate.

DÉGAUCHIR, dà-go-shìr, v. a. to plane, le-

vel, smooth from inequality, straighten.
DEGAUCHISSEMENT, då-go-shis-men, s. m.
levelling, smoothing, straightening.

DEGEL, da-zel, s. m. thaw, thawing weather. Ce vest cause le dégel, this wind thaws. DEGELER, daz-la, v. a. to thaw.

DEGELER, v.n. Se degeler, v. r. to thaw.

Dégénération, s. f. degeneration. Degeneren, då-zå-nå-rå, v. n. to degenerate, grow worse. Dégénérer de ses ancê-tres. La querelle dégénéra en guerre civile.

Digingandi, E, da-zin-gan-da, adj. out of order, as if dislocated (said of one's gait.) DEGLUER, da-glu-a, v. a. to unglue, take off the bird-lime. Se degluer, v. r. to get unglued. Se dégluer les neux, to unglue one's eye-lids. Se dégluer d'une méchante affaire Se dégluer d'une méchante affaire,

bye-ins. So egaer a memerate again, to get rid of a scurvy business.

Digitation. s. f. deglutition.

*Digobiller, de-go-bl-fe, v. a. to bring

or spew up, or vomit.
"DEGOBILLIS, s. m. spewing, things spew-

Dégoisen, dà-gwà-sà, v. a. & n. to enirp,

blab, prattle. DÉGORGEMENT, dà-gorz-mên, s. m. over-

flowing; cleansing out. DÉGORGEOIR, s. m. engine to clear a gun,

DEGORGEOIR, s. m. engine to clear a gun, priming-wire, also spilling line, (Mar.)
DEGORGER, da-gòr-rà, v. a. to clear or cleanse a pipe; to scour cloth. Faire degorger du poisson, to purge, soak or water lish. Degorger la pompe, Mar. to clear the pump (when choked.) Dégorger la lumière d'un canon, to clear the vent of a gun. Se dégorger que ve de curson, et clience en mote discourse en la comment de ger, v.r. to overflow, to disgorge, empty, discharge, disembogue itself.

Digoter, v. a. to drive one away from

his employment.

DEGOURDI, E, adj. & s. quickened, revived, whose numbness or stiffness is removed, sharp lad or girl.

DEGOURDIR, da-goor-dr, v. a. to quicken, revive, remove a stiffness or numbness. Degourdir le vin, to damask wine. Se dégourdir, v. r. to grow supple; (se deniaiser) to learn wit, grow sharp.

DÉGOURDISSEMENT, da-goor-dis-men, s. m. quickening or reviving, removing of a stiffness or numbness (caused by cold, etc.)

Digour, da-goo, s. m. loathing of meat, satiety, bad stomach, surfeit; disgust, distaste, bar, bat, base: thère, ebb, over: field, fig: robe, rob, lard: mood, good.

dislike, aversion, weariness, loathsomeness; hitter draught, choke-pear. Cette viande me donne du dégoût, this meat goes against my stomach. La fièvre me cause un grand degolf, my fever makes me loathe meat. Il y en a qui ont du dégoût pour la soupe, there are some who nameate soup. Concevoir du dépoint who nauseate soup. Concerns as across so to be out of conceit with life, begin to be weary of life.

DESOUTANT, E, dk-gbo-tks, test, adj. loathsome, distasteful; unpleasant.

DESOUTA, E, dk-gbo-tk, adj. that loathes meat, that has a bed stomach, surfailed; out

of conceit with, weary of or surfeited with.

Discourt, s. m. squeamish fellow. Faire le dégoûté, to be nice and squeamish. Un bon dégoûté, a person fond of mirth or a good ta-

ble, a person who has a good appetite.

Discourse, di-gooth, v. a. to take away
the appetite, make to loathe; to put out of concert, disgust. Sedegoster, v. r. to be or grow out of conceit, grow weary, begin to loathe. DEGOUTTART, E, då-goo-lent, adj. trick-

ling, dropping.
DEGOUTTER, då-gåo-tå, v. n. to drop, trickle or drop down.

DÉGRADATION, då-grå-då-slon, s. f. de-grading or degradation, waste; distribution (of light and shade.)

(o) agai and snae.)
Digrade, Mar. vessel blown off a coest. Ces
vents de terre forces out dégrade les oiseaux qui
er reposent sur nos agrès, these stif land
broezes have blown off the coast the birds which settle on our rigging.
Digraden, di-gra-di, v. a. to degrade,

disqualify, incapacitate, waste; (une muraille, to beat down from the foundation. (V. Dé-

grade) to blend (colours) delicately.

DEGRAFER, da-gra-fa, v. a. to unclasp.

Digerals, s. m. oil extracted from fish.
Digeralssage, or Digeralssement, s.
m. scouring (of cloth.)

Digraisser, dh-grè-sh, v. a. to scour, im-overish, also to fisece; to take away the fat from (soup.) La poudre dégraisse les cheveux, powder cleans the hair. Terre à dégraisser, fuller's earth.

Digraisszur, då-grê-scur, s. m. scourer

(of cloth.) DÉGRAPINER, da-grà-pi-na, v. a. Mar. to

lift the grapple or small anchor.

Digraft, Mar. Faire degrat, to quit a sta-tion on a fishing bank in search of a spot where fish are more abundant.

DEGRAVOIMENT, da-gra-vwa-men, s. m. undermining of a wall by running water.

DEGRAVOYER, da-gra-vwh-ya, v. a. to mine or undermine or carry off the gravel from (a wall, as running water does.)
DEGRE, de-gra, s. m. degree, step, stair,

staircase, dignity.

Dioring ant, s. m. Mar. state of being

unrigged.
Digring, da-gre-a, v. a. Mar. to unrig, strip. Degreer les perroquels, to unbend the tap-gallant gear. Le général a ses perroquels dégréés, the admiral has his top-gallant yards down.

DEGRINGOLER, då-grin-gö-lå, v. a. & n. to run down, tumble down.

Digrossage, s. m. wiredrawing, making small or fine.

Digrosser, v.a. to wiredraw, make small

DEGROSSIR, da-gro-sir, v.a. to chip off the grosser parts (of marble, wood, etc.) clear up, unravel.

DEGUENILLE, E, dag-ni-la, adj. tattered,

in rags.
Discussive, da-ger-plr, v. a. & n. to quit, yield up, give over, go away through fear.

Deguerpir une maison.
Deguerpir une maison.
Deguerpissement, dh-ger-pis-men,

m. quitting, yielding up, giving over.

Diguruler, da-geu-la, v. a. to cast or

DEGUEDLER, Ungerm, v. u. DEGUESTER, v. pretence, vomit.

DEGUISEMENT, då-glz-men, s. m. disguise, pretence, colour, cloak. Avec deguisement, with a pretence only, dissemblingly, falsely.

Sans deguisement, plainly, openly, sincerely.

DEGUISER, då-gl-zå, v. a. to disguise, put on a counterfeit habit, counterfeit or alter, and dissemble cloak. Se dispuiser, v. r.

conceal, dissemble, cloak. Se déguiser, v. r. to disguise one's self.

DÉGUSTATION, s. f. degustation, tasting. DÉHALER, dh-à-là, v. a. to take off the tan or sun-burn. Se déhâler, v. r. to get off sunburning.

Dánanchá, á, dà-en-sha, adj. hipped,

hip shot.

DÉHARNACHEMENT, s. m. unharnessing. DÉHARNACHER, dà-àr-nà-shà, v. a. to uu-

DEHORS, de-or, adv. & prep. out, without, abroad, out of doors. En dehors, par dehors. without. Mar. Mettre dehors, to put to sea. Nous avons toutes nos voiles dehors, we have every sail set. Il vente grand frais dehors, it blows very fresh in the offing. Le grand canot est-il dehors? is the barge out?

Dehors, s. m. outside. Les dehors d'une place, the outworks of a place. Les denors d'une place, the outworks of a place. Les dehors, the outside appearance, show. Le desid n'est qu'au dehors, the mouraing is only outward. Discipin, dh-l-cld, s. m. deicide. Districation, dh-l-fl-kh-slon, s. f. deifi-

cation, apotheosi Driffer, da-l-fl-a, v. a. to deify, rank among the gods.

Drisne, da-lsm, s. m. deism. Drisne, da-lst, s. m. deist.

DEITE, da-l-ta, s. f. deity, god, goddess.

DÉJA, dà-zà, adj. already.

DÉJAUGER, v. n. Mar. to sew. Ce bâti-ment a déjaugé de quatre pieds, that ship has sewed four feet.

DÉJECTION, dh-zek-slon, s. f. excrements, stool; depression (of a planet.) DÉJETER, Se déjeter, sè-dé-set-th, v. r. to

warp, jet out (as green wood work.)
Dijeuni or dijeuner, da-zeu-na, s. m.

breakfast.

DÉJEUNEE, dh-zeu-nh, v. n. to breakfast or to break one's fast. Déjeuner d'une bonne

tranche de jambon, to est a good alice of gam-mon for one's breakfast.

Disjoindre, di-zwindr, v. a. (see the ta-ble at oindre) to disjoin, part asunder. Se de-

joindre, v. r. to disjoin, warp, not lie close.
DEJOINT, E, adj. disjointed, parted asunder.
DEJOUER, v. n. Mar. to flutter about (as a flag,) v. a. to cross one in his designs, schemes, etc.

*Diruc, s. m. time when birds come from

roost.

base, bût : jeune, mêute, beurre : entant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

DÉJUCHER, dà-zd-shà, v. n. to come out of or down from the roost, unroost, come down; v. a. to drive from the roost, bring down.
DELA or DE LA, de-la. V. La.

DÉLABRÉ, E, adj. tattered, all to pieces, etc. Ses affaires sont fort délabrées, his affairs are in a sad case. Réputation délabrée, crack-

ed reputation. Santé délabrée, battered con-

DÉLABREMENT, dà-labr-mên, s. m. the being in a tattered or ruined condition.

DELABRER, da-la-bra, v. a. to tatter, tear

or pull to pieces, read, ruin, impair.
Dizlaces, di-là-si, v. a. to unlace.
Dizlai, di-lè, s. m. delay or put off, adjournment. Bailler détai aux parties, to ad-

journ the parties concerned.

DELAISSE, E, adj. left, forsaken, abandoned, cast off.

DELAISSEMENT, dà-lès-mên, s. m. condi-tion of one forsaken or cast off, desertion or forsaking of an inheritance, also, Mar. instrumest or act by which the loss of a ship is ansousced by the master or owner to an insurer, summoning him to pay the stipulated in-SUFERCE.

DÉLAISER, dà-lès-sà, v. a. to leave, for-sake, abandon, cast off or put away. DÉLASSEMENT, dà-lès-mèn, s. m. ease, re-

freshment.

DÉLASSER, da-la-sa, v. a. to unweary, refresh, recreate, divert or relax. Se délusser, v. r. to refresh or divert one's self.

DÉLATEUR, dà-là-teur, s. m. accuser, informer, delator.

DELATTER, da-la-slow, s. f. accusation, information, delation.

DELATTER, da-la-ta, v. a. to unlath.

DÉLATABT, dà-lè-yèn, s. m. diluter. PÉLATEMENT, dà-lèy-mèn, s. m. act of

DÉLAYER, dà-lê-yà, v. a. to temper or di-

hie; to beat (eggz.)
DELECTABLE, da-lèk-tabl, adj. delectable, pleasant, delightful.
DELECTATION, da-lèk-ta-sion, s. f. de-

lectation, delight or pleasure.

Dilecten, dh-lek-th, v. a. to delight, re-Create, please. Se délecter, to take delight in. DÉLÉGATION, dh-lh-gh-sion, s. f. delega-

tion, commission. DÉLÉGATOIRE, då-là-gà-twar, adj. dele-

DELEGUE, E, dh.-là-gh, adj. delegated, appointed. Délégué, s. m. delegate.
DELEGUER, dh.-là-gh, v. a. to delegate, appoint. On l'a délegue pour cela, he has a commission for that.

DÉLESPAGE, dà lès-the, s. m. Mar. unbal-

lasting or discharging of ballast.
Dilizating, da-les-th, v. a. Mar. to unballast, get the ballast out of.

DELESTEUR, dh-lès-teur, s. m. one that takes the ballast out of a ship.

DELÉTERE, adj. deleterious, deletery, de-

structive, deadly, poisonous. Dillижилят, и, då-fl-bå-rèn, rènt, adj.

deliberating, unresolved. DELIBERATI-F, VE, då-li-bå-rå-tif, tiv,

DÉLIBÉRATION, dà-il-bà-rà-sion, s. f. deiberation, debate, consideration, consulta-tion, resolution, resolve, determination.

DÉLIBÉRÉ, E, da-li-ba-ra, adj. deliberated, etc.; bold, courageous, resolute. Cest suc chose delibére, that is a thing resolved on. De propos delibéré, on purpose, purposely.

DÉLIBÉRÉ, s. m. final determination.

DÉLIBÉRÉMENT, då-li-bå-rå-mên, adv. boldly, resolutely, deliberately.

DÉLIBÉRER, då-li-bå-rå, v. a. & n. to de-

liberate, consider, or take into consideration, consult or debate, purpose, resolve or deter-

DÉLICAT, E, da-li-ka, kat, adj. delicate, dainty, delicious; nice, dainty or curious; overnice, squeamish; fine; neat; subtile, ingenious; weak, tender; touchy, exceptious; scrupulous or tender; ticklish, dangerous. Délicat à manier, that ought to be tenderly handled.

DÉLICAT, E, s. m. & f. nice man, nice woman.

DÉLICATEMENT, da-Il-kat-mên, adv. delicately, daintily, deliciously, gently, softly, ten-derly, neatly, curiously, finely, ingeniously. Delicater, da-il-ka-ta, v. a. to cocker or

make much of, pamper. Se delicater, v. r. to make much of one's self.

DÉLICATESSE, dà Il-kà tes, s. f. delicateness, delicacy, exquisiteness, curiousness, fineness, neatness, niceness, subtilty, ingenuity, nicety; weakness or tenderness; daintiness, squeamishness; delicateness, niceness, effe-minacy, tenderness, softness. Les délicateses de la langue Anglaise, the niceties or delicacies of the English tongue.

Délices, da-ils, s. m. delight, pleasure.

DÉLICIEUSEMENT, dh-Il-slèuz-men, adv.

delicately, deliciously.

DÉLICIEU-X, SE, då-il-sièu, sièuz, adj. de-licious, delightful, voluptuous, sensual, given to pleasure, loose.

DÉLICOTER, (SE) se-dà-il-kô-tà, v. r. to get off one's halter (as a horse does.)

DÉLIÉ, E, dà-il-à, adj. fine, small, thin,

slender; acute, sharp, subtile, cunning; un-tied, loosed. Avoir la langue déliée, to have one's tongue well hung, have a great faci-

one's tongue well nung, nave a great somility of expression.

DELIÉ, s. m. Ex. Le délié de la plume, the small strokes of a pen.

DÉLIENNES, adj. f. pl. feasts celebrated at Athens in honour of Apollo.

DÉLIER, dâ-il-à, v. a. to untie, loosen or include la absolue to release (from an undo, to absolve; to release (from an outh.)

DÉLINÉATION, dà-Il-nà-à-slon, s. f. delineation; ichnography.

DÉLINQUANT, TE, då-lis-kån, kånt, s. & adj. delinquent, offender.
DÉLINQUER, då-lis-kå, v. a. to offend, do

amiss, do a fault, fail in one's duty.

DÉLIRE, da-lir, s. m. delirium, raving, be-

ing light-headed.
DELLT, dk-fl, s. m. fault, offence, crime. Etre trouvé or pris en flagrant délit, to be taken in the very act

DÉLIVRANCE, dà-sl-vrèns, s. s. deliver-ance; delivery; delivering, release, setting free, riddance.

DÉLIVEE, da-livr, s. m. after burden or after birth, secundine.

DÉLIVRER, dà-Il-vrà, v. a. to deliver, give or give up; to deliver or free, set free or at liberty, rid of, release. Délivrer une femme, bar, bat, base: thère, êbb, over: field, fig: robe, rob, lord: mood, good.

to deliver or put to bed a woman with child. Délirrer des bordages, Mar. to rip off planks.

DÉLIVREUR, s. m. deliverer. DÉLOGÉ, E, adj. gone, marched off, re-

DÉLOGENENT, dà-lôz-mên, s. m. remov-

ing or departure.

Drioger, da-lô-sa, v. n. to go away, decamp or march off, remove, remove one's e or lodging.

Deliger, v. a. to put or turn out of his house or lodgings, dislodge.

DÉLOYAL, da-lwa-yal, adj. disloyal, unfaithful.perfidious, treacherous, deceiful false. DÉLOYALEMENT, dh-lwh-yhl-mèn, adv. perfidiously, unfaithfully, treacherously. DÉLOYAUTE, dh-lwh-yò-th, s. f. disloyal-

ty, unfaithfulness, treachery, perfidiousness.
D£LUGE, då-luz, s. m. deluge, flood, inundation.

DÉLUTER, dà-lù-tà, v. a. to uniute.

DÉMAGOGIE, s. f. the ambition of domi-

neering in a popular assembly.

DEMAGOGUE, s. m. demagogue.

DEMAIGRIR, v. a. to thin or take off from the bulk (or size) of a piece of wood, of stones, etc.

DÉMAILLOTTER, da-ma-10-ta, v. a. to unswathe.

DEMAIN, de-min, s. m. to-morrow. Après demain, the day after to-morrow. Demain au

soir, to-morrow evening.

DEMANCHE, E, adj. having-its handle or haft off or loosened, walking as if out of joint.

DEMANCHEMENT, s.m. the act of unhalting. DÉMANCHER, dà-mèn-shà, v. a. to unhaft, loosen or take off the haft or handle. Se démancher, v. r. to get loose at the handle, be

in an unprosperous way, go wrong.

Demands, de-mend, s. f. suit, request, asking, petition, question, demand, action at law. Demunde, Mar. File à la demande du câble,

give her the cable as she chooses to take it.

Demander, de-men-da, v. a. to demand, ask, beg, desire or require, crave or request. sue for, inquire after. Que demandez-vous? what would you have? what do you want? On demande combien il y a de ribrations dans une demi-heure? the question is how many vi-brations there are in half an hour? Le bâtiment demande du câble, the ship must have more cable. Notre corrette demande que sa mature soit sur l'arrière, our sloop requires her masts to hang aft. Demander à boire, to ask for drink.

DEMANDEU-R, SE, de-men-deur, deuz, s. m. & f. dun, one importunate in his requests. DEMANDE-UR, RESSE, de-men-deur, dres, s.m. & f. plaintiff.

DÉMANGEAISON, dh-men-ze-zon, s. f. itch-

ing or itch; itch or itching desire.

DÉMANGER, da-men-za, v. n. to itch, have a longing desire. Les mains lui a his hands itch, he longs to be at it. Les mains lui démangent,

DÉMANTÈLEMENT, dh-mèn-tèl-mèn, s. m.

dismantling, dismantled state.

Dismantraler, da-ment-là, v. a. to dismantle, pull down the walls of (a city.)

DEMANTIBULER, då-men-ti-bu-lå, v. a. to break, put out of order

DÉMARCATION, s. f. limits, bounds.

DÉMARCHE, da-marsh, s. f. gait, manner of going, step, proceeding. Faire les premi- of halldings) to fail, rack or bunch out, and

ères démarches, to make the advances or firs

steps.
Démarier, dà-mà-ri-à, v. a. to unmarry. DÉMARQUER, v. a. to unmark.

DÉMARRAGE, da-ma-raz, s. m. Mar. unmooring.

DÉMARRER, ch-mà-rà, v. a. & n. to move, sur, remove. Demarrer, Mar. to unmoor, cast loose, etc. Nous anons démarré du port ce matin, we came out of harbour this morning. Demarrer les canons, to cast loose the

guns. Démarre les bosses, off stoppers.
Démasquer, chi-mas-la, v. a. to unmask, take or pull the mask off. Se démasquer, v. r.

to pull off one's mask.
DÉMATER, då-mà-th, v. a. & n. Mar. Ex. Démâter un voisseau, to take out a ship's lower masts. Démûter un navire à coups de canon, to shoot away a ship's masts, or to shoot a ship's masts by the board. Ge garmer coup de canon your avoit demate de vatre mât d'artimon, that first shot had carried away your mizen-mast. Démâte le canot, strike th boat's masts. Le grain nous démâta de notre in the squall. Ce bâtiment a été démâté de son petit mât de hune, we lost our main top-masst in the squall. Ce bâtiment a été démâté de son petit mât de hune, that ship has lost her fore top-mast. Voilà un vaisseau démâté de tous ses mats, there is a ship completely dismasted.

Dimilie, da-me-la, s. m. quarrel, differ-

ence, dispute, contest, debate.

DÉMÊLER, da-mê-là, v. a. to disentangle, part, separate, discover, find out or percerve, distinguish, discern, clear, unravel, disintricate, unfold; quarrel, debate, contest, scuffle.
Demêler un différend, to decide a différence.
Avoir quelque chose à démêler avec quelqu'un, to have something to do with one, to have a quarrel or controversy with him. Nous n'avons rien à démèler ensemble, we have nothing to scuffle for. Se demèler, v. r. to wind one's self out, get off or get clear.

DÉMEMBREMENT, dà-mènbr-mèn, s. m.

dismembering, pulling to pieces, dividing, cantling, thing dismembered or cantled.

DÉMEMBRER, dh-mèn-brh, v. a. to dis-member or pull in pieces, divide, cantle or parcel out.

DÉMÉNAGEMENT, dh-mh-nhe-mèn, s. m. removing of furniture from one house to another

DÉMÉNAGER, dà-mà-nà-zà, v.a. & n. to remove (one's furniture.) Il en coute de demenager, removing is expensive. Allows, de-menagez, come, pack off, go your ways. Dimence, da-mens, s. f. madness, folly.

Etre en démence, to be mad or deranged, be

out of one's senses or non compos mentis.

DÉMENER, (SE) se dam-na, v. r. to be in action, stir, toss, make a great bustle or struggle.

DEMENTI, did-mên-il, s. m. lie; balk, disappointment. Donner un démenti à quelqu'un, to give one the lie. Il ne veut pas en anoir le démenti, he will go through, whatever be the consequence of it

DEMENTIR, dh-men-tir, v. a. (like mentir,) to give the lie; also to belie or contradict; (sa naissance, son caractère) to do things unworthy of one's birth or character. mentir, v. r. to belie or contradict one's self; to degenerate; not be like one's self; (se

bàse, bût : jêûne, mêute, bêurre : énfant, cênt, liên : vin : mon : brun.

e ready to fall. Un homme qui ne se dement be ready to fall. always uniform.

DEMERITE, dh-mh-rit, s. m. ill desert, de-

DÉMÉRITER, dà-mà-rì-tà, v.n. to do a thing worthy of punishment, deserve punishment, do amiss.

Dimesuri, z, dam-zū-ra, adj. unmeasurable, huge, excessive, exceeding great,

immoderate.

Dimesuriment, dam-zd-ra-mên, adv. beyond measure, excessively, immoderately.
DÉMETTRE, da-mêtr, v. a. (like mettre,) to turn or put out, dismiss, discard, remove; to put out of joint. Se démettre de, v. r. to resign, surrender, abdicate or give over. Se démettre le coude, to put one's elbow out of

DÉMEUBLEMENT, dà-mèubl-mès, s. m. unfuraishing.

DÉMEUBLES, dà-méu-blà, v. a. to unfurth, take down or away the furniture.

DEMEURART, E, de-meu-ren, rent, adj.

dwelling, living, abiding.

*DEMEURANT, s. m. rest, remainder, resi-*An demenrant, adv. besides, as for the met.

DEMEURE, dê-mêur, s. f. dwelling or dwelling place, abode, habitation, mansion house. Faire as demeare en un lieu, to live or dwell in a place. Etre en demeure envers ses créanciers, to be in arrears with one's creditors. Mar. Mettre ses ancres à demeure, to stow the

V. Poste. anchors for sea.

DEERURER, dê-mêu-râ, v. z. to dwell, live, lodge, abide; to tarry, to be a long while be-hind; to stay, stand, stop, not to go, hesitate, to remain, be left : continue, rest, abide, enhare, persist. Demeurons-en là or à cela, let's pitch upon that. Demeurons-en la, let us break For stop there. Où en éles-rous demeure? where did you stop or leave off? S'il en fit dement (A), had he gone no farther or had he been contented with that. La victoire nous est demearle, we got the victory. La lie demeure an fond, the dregs stick at the bottom. Il y demoura dix mille hommes our la place, there were ten thousand men killed upon the spot. Boule quei demeure, short bowl, bowl that comes short. Demourer long-temps à faire quelque chose, to be long doing a thing. Demeurer en arrière or en reste, to be in arrears. J'en demarre à ce qui a élé stipulé, I abide or I stand by what has been stipulated. Demeurer sur

l'estomor, to lie heavy on the stomach.

DEMI, E, de-ml, ml, adj. half, demi, semi. This adjective is indeclinable when placed before the noon, and then a hyphen marks the before the noun, and then a nypnen marks the two words as a compound, sine demi-guinée, half a guinea. Un demi-quied, half a foot. Deux demi-guinées, two half guineas. Deux guinées et demie, two guineas and a half. Demi-dieux, demi-god. Les demi-dieux, the demi-gods. Demi-custor, demi-castor, half beaver. Demi-cercle, semi-circle. Demi-cercle, semi-circle. Demirer. Demi-cercle, semi-circle. Demi-cerine, demi-culverin. Une demi-lune, a half moon. Demi-metal, mineral substance best many properties of pure metals.

Deni-mort, half dead. Deni-mozat, pragmatical, smattered in any knowledge. Denistier, half a pint. Deni-ton, semi-tone. Denistier, half a pint. Deni-ton, semi-tone. Denister, side wind. A deni, half, almost by door or window that was walled up.

halves. Demi, Mar. Ex. Demi-bande, s. f. parliament, heel, boot-topping, boot hose top-ping (v. carène.) Une demi-clé, a half hitch. Deux demi-clés, a clove hitch. Un demi-tour dans les cables, an elbow in the hawse. Dente, s. f. a half-au-hour.

Démis, E, dà-mì, miz, adj. turned or put

out, removed; out of joint.

Distission, ds-mi-sion, s. f. resignation or resigning, laying down of one's commission.

Donner sa demission, to lay down one's commission.

DÉMISSIONNAIRE, s. m. he who has laid

down his commission.

DÉMOCRATE, s. f. dimity.
DÉMOCRATE, s. m. democrat.

DÉMOCRATIÉ, dà-mô-krà-si, s. f. democracy, popular government.
Démocratique, då-mô-krå-tik, adj. de-

mocratical, popular.

DÉMOCRATIQUEMENT, adv. democratic-

DEMOISELLE, dê-mwa-zêl, s. f. unmarried woman, young lady or gentlewoman; lady's woman, dragon fly, rammer (of paviers;) sort of warming-pan.

DÉMOLIR, da-mô-lir, v. a. to demolish, pull or cast or throw or take down (what is built.) Démolir un vaisseau, Mar. to break up a shio.

DÉMOLITION, dh-mò-ll-sion, s. f. demolishing, pulling or beating or throwing down. Demolitions, rains of a demolished building.

DÉMON, da-mon, s. m. devil, evil spirit, devilish spirit; genius, demon, spirit. Faire le démon, to be mad, tear, roar or bluster.

DÉMONIAQUE, dh-mò-nihk, adj. & s. demoniack.

DÉMONOGRAPHE, s. m. writer on demons. DEMONOMANIE, s. f. demonology; also de-

monolatry; and demonocracy.

Démonstrateur, s. m. demonstrator,
Démonstrati-f, ve, dà-mons-trà-tif, tiv,

adj. demonstrative.
Dimonstration, da-mons-tra-sion, s. f.

demonstration, clear proof.

Démonstrativement, da-mons-tra-tivmen, adv. demonstratively, demonstrably,

DÉMONTER, dà-mon-tà, v. a. to unhorse or dismount; to take to pieces (a machine;) to dash, puzzle or confound. Mar. (un canon) to dismount; (le gouvernail) to unhang; (lu barre du gouvernail) to unship; (un capitaine) to supersede. Se d'monter, v. r.-to be taken to pieces; be dashed or confounded, etc.

DÉMONTRABLE, dà-most-trabl, adj. de-

monstrable.

DÉMONTRER, dà-mon-trà, v. a. to demonstrate, prove evidently or unanswerably; also to describe.

DÉMORDRE, dà-môrdr, v. n. (like mordre) to let go one's bold (said of dogs;) to swerve, depart, desist; to abate.

Dinouvoin, dâ-môo-war, v. a. like mou-toir, (but used only in the infinitive, and in the participle désau) to take off, make one

desist. Se démouvoir, v. r. to desist.
Démunia, dà-mà-nir, v. a. to drain a place

DÉMURER, da-md-rh, v. a. une porte or une fenêtre qui étoit murée, to unwall or open a

bar, bat, base : thère, êbb, over : field, fig : rôbe, rôb, lôrd : môod, gôod.

DÉNAIRE, adj. relating to the number ten.

DÉNARTIR, v. a. to give up securities. DÉNATTER, da-na-ta, v. a. to unmat, un-

DÉNATURALISER, v. a. to denaturalize. DÉNATURÉ, E, dà-nà-tù-rà, adj. unnatu-

ral, cruel, inhuman, barbarous.

DENATURER, då-nå-tå-rå, son bien, v. a. to convert one's estate into effects that may be disposed of according to one's own liking;

DENDRITE, s. f. dendrite, stone with the accidental representation of trees on it.

Dinigation, da-na-ga-slos, s. f. denial. Dini, da-ni, s. m. denial, refusal, denying or refusing.

DÉNIAISÉ, E, adj. that has learned wit.

Un déniaisé, a cunning or sharp fellow. DÉNIAISEMENT, dà-nièz-mèn, s. m. sharper's trick.

DENIAISER, då-niè-zà, v. a. to teach wit, to cheat, trick. Se déniaiser, v. r. to learn wit,

grow cunning. DEFICIER, då-nl-shå, v. a. to unnestie, put out of the nest; dislodge, thrust or turn out, break up (a nest of robbers.) Denicher, v. n. to withdraw suddenly from a place.

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refus

DÉNIER, dà-ni-à, s. m. denier (brass coin worth the twelfth part of a French sou; weight of two grains; penny, money, sum of money. Denier d'octroi, toll or passage penny. Denier de fin or de loi, standard of the fineness of silver. Denier de poids or de marc, a penny weight. Denier d dieu, earnest penny. Les deniers du roi, the king's treasure, the exchequer. Les deniers publics, the publick treasure. Prêter de l'argent au denier vingt, to lend money at five per cent. Denier Saint Pierre, Peter's pence

DÉNIGREMENT, da-nigr-mên, s. m. aspersion, reviling, slander.

DÉNIGRER, da-ni-grà, v. a. to slander, rail

at, blacken, expose.

DÉNOMBREMENT, da-nonbr-mên, s. m. list, roll or catalogue; also enumeration, cen-sus. Denombrement de fief, a survey of land. Faire le dénombrement, to number.

DÉNOMBRER, v. a. to number, take a cen-

DÉNOMINATEUR, då-nô-mì-nà-têur, s. m. denominator.

DÉNOMINATI-F, VE, dà-nô-mì-nà-tìf, tiv, adj. denominative.

DÉNOMINATION, dh-nd-ml-nh-slon, s. f. denomination.

DÉNOMMER, dh-nd-md, v. a. to name, mention by name, set down one's name

DENONCER, de-nous of v. a. to denounce, signify, declare, publish or proclaim, impeach, e, accuse or inform against

DESOUCIATEUR, da-non-slà-teur, s. m. informer, accuser.

DÉNONCIATION, da-non-sia-sion, s. f. denunciation, declaration, proclamation, information, accusation.

DÉBOTATION, da-no-ta-sion, s. f. denotation, denoting.

Dénoter, då-nô-tå, v. a. to point out, describe, denote, indicate

DENOUEMENT, da-noo-men, s. m. developement, unravelling or discovery of the plot, unravelling or issue of an affair or intrigue.

Dinouer, da-noo-a, v. a. to undo or untie

a knot, make supple or pliant, remove the stiffness of; discover, develope, unravel or resolve. Se dénouer, v. r. to untie, discover inself, unravel, grow, supple or limber, lose its stiffness.

DERRÉE, den-rå, s. f. ware, commodity, provisione.

provisions. DENSE, dens, adj. thick, compact, close,

dense.

DENSITÉ, den-si-th, s. f. density, thickness. DENT, den, s. f. tooth; notch; gap. Dents machelières, cheek-teeth, grinders. Dents canines, dents œillères, eye-teeth, fangs. Dent de chien (plant) the dog's tooth. Dent de him, dandelion. Les dents his tombent, he sheds his teeth. Déchirer à belles dents, to teer to pieces. Chacun lui donne un coup de dent, every one has a fling at him. Avoir les dents bien longues, to be very sharp set or hungry; also to be poor and needy, want bread, starve.

Parier des grosses dents à quelqu'un, to talk big to one. Avoir une dent le lait contre quelqu'un, to have an old grudge against one. Etre sur les dents, to be tired out. Mettre quelqu'un sur les dents, to exhaust one. Aroir la mort entre les dents, to have one foot already in the grave. Prendre le mort aux dents, to turn dibertine, to cast off all restraint.

DENTAIRE, s. f. sort of plant the root of

which is jagged.

DENTAL, E, den-tal, adj. dental. DENTÉ, E, den-ta, adj. dented, notched,

jagged, toothed.

DENTEE, s. f. (in hunting) bite.

DENTELAIRE, s. f. plant (that relieves the tooth-ache.)

DENTELÉ, E, adj. indented, jagged, notched, dented.
DENTELER, dênt-lå, v. a. to dent or in-

dent, jag or notch. DENTELLE, den-tel, s. f. lace.

DENTELURE, dent-lar, s. f. denting, notching, jagging, denticulation.

DENTICULES, den-tl-kul, s. f. pl. dentelli,

modillons.

DENTIER, den-tia, s. m. set of teeth. DENTIFRICE, den-tl-fris, s. m. dentifrice, tooth-powder.

DENTISTE, den-tist, s. m. dentist.

DENTITION, s. f. dentition.
DENTURE, dentur, s. f. set of teets.
DENUGATION, s. f. denudation.
DENUÉ, E, adj. destitute, naked, stripped. DÉNÛMENT, dà-mà-mên, s. m. depriva-

tion DÉNUER, dà-nd-à, v. a. to bereave or strip,

leave destitute or unprovided.

DÉPAQUETER, dh-phk-th, v. a. to unpack, open or undo a bundle. Dépaqueter une voite, Mar. to unfurl a sail.

DÉPAREILLER, dh-ph-rè-th, v. a. to un-match. Ouvrage dépareillé, a sot (of books) made up from various editions.

DÉPARER, dà-pà-rà, v. a. to undecorate: to disfigure, take away the beauty, make ug-ly (said of unbecoming dress, etc.)

DÉPARIER, dà-pà-rì-à, v. a. to unmatch.

uppair

bose, bot : jeune, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon . brun.

DEPARLER, dh-par-là, v. a. only used negatively. Il ne déparle pas, he does not cease talkin

Dirant, di-par, s. m. departure. going away, parting. Eas de départ, liquid used in parting metals. Prendre son point de départ, Mar. to take one's departure. Notre départ fut retardé par un accident imprévu, Mar. our sailing was delayed by an unforceen accident.

DÉPARTAGER, dà-par-tà-sa, v. a. to give

the casting vote.

DÉPARTEMENT, dà-part-men, s. m. quarters, district, jurisdiction. office, department, repartition, assessment.

DÉPARTIE, s. f. departure, going away.
DÉPARTIE, dè-pàr-dr, v. a. (like partir) to
give, divide, distribute, share. Départir un
procès, to refer a cause to another court for dgment (the opinions in the first being divided.) Be departir de, v. r. to desist, leave off,

go from or give over.

DEFASSER, di-ph-sh, v. a. to pull out (the triag of a goun, etc.) Mar. Depasser une massore, to unreeve a rope. Depasser un mit de hune or de perroquet, to get a top-mast or a top-gallant-mast down upon the deck. Departer les tours des câbles, to clear hawse. Départer le tournevire, to take the messenger of the capstan. Dépasser un bâtiment, une île, etc. to run past, shoot shead of a ship, an is-land, str. Dépasser une latitude, to sail beyond a certain latitude.

DÉPAVER, dà-pà-và, v. a. to unpave.
DÉPAVER, dà-pè-l-zà, v. a. to bring, carry or send one into another country, to put one upon a matter with which he is not well acquainted or for which he is not prepared; die to put one upon a wrong scent.

Directmest, da-pes-men, s. m. cutting

in pieces, cutting up.

DEPECER, dep-sk, v. a. to cut or tear in pieces, cut up. Depecer un navire, Mar. to ieces, cut up. ceak up a ship.

DÉPECEUR, s. m. one who buys old boats

to break them up.
Dir kern z., då-pesh, s. f. despatch, letter.
C'et me belle dépêche! a good or happy riddance this.

Dirichen, di-pe-sha, v. a. to despatch, haven or speed, expedite, send away in haste; to despatch or kill. Se depether, v. r. to des-

mrh, make haste.
DEFEINDRE, da-pindr, v. a. (see the table at *prindre,*) to describe, répresent, express or

n in words.

DÉPERAILLE, E, dap-na-la, adj. ragged,

red with rage.

DEFENALLEMENT, adv. condition of one covered with rags. Direspannent, då-pen-då-men, adv.

pendently, with dependence.
DEPENDANCE, dik-pen-dens, s. f. depen-

dence or dependency, appendix.

DEPENDANT, E, då-pën-dën, dënt, adj. held of another, depending, dependent. Eve dépendent de quelqu'un, to be another man's, ppend upon one. Il rous fast arriver en prendent sur votre price, Mar. you must edge n to your pris

DEPENDRE, de, dh-pendr, v. n. to depend e, proceed from; follow, result from; to depend upon, be under, be subject to; to be held !!

from ar depend on. Il y a des bénéfices qu dépendent du roi, there are some livings in the king's gift. Cela dépend de moi, that lies with me. Dépendre was formerly used for Dé-

DÉPENDRE, v. a. to take down, unhang. DEPENDU, E, adj. taken down, unhung.

DÉPERS, da-pen, s. m. expense, cost, charge. Se faire sage aux dépens d'autrus, to grow wise by other men's follies. Se justifier aux dépens d'autrui, to clear one's self at the peril of others. S'enrichir au dépens de son homeur, to grow rich by the loss of one's honour.

DÉPENSE, dh-pèns, s. f. laying out, spending, expense, charge or disbursement; buttery or pantry. Dépense sourde. hidden or secret or private expense. Faire la dépense, to be the steward or caterer. Faire de la dépense, faire une belle or une grosse depense, to spend high, spend or live nobly.

DEPENSER, de-pen-sa, v. a. to spend, lay

out, consume.

DÉPERSIER, E, dà-pèn-sià, sièr, adj. & s. m. & f. caterer in a monastery or numery; great splendour or extravagance.

Dépendition, dh-per-di-slos, s. f. deper-

dition, loss.

DÉPÉRIR, da-pa-rir, v. n. to decay, fall to decay, weaken, fall to ruin.

Dépérissement, de-ph-ris-mên, s. m. de-

cay or falling to decay, ruin, waste.

DEPETRER, da-pe-tra, v. a. to disengage, get off or out. Se depetrer, v. r. to rid one's self. La pauvreté est si gluante qu'on a peine à s'en dépêtrer, poyerty does so stick by one that it is hard to shake it off.

DÉPEUPLEMENT, dà-peupl-men, s. m. de-

population, depopulating, unpeopling.

Direupler, då-peu-plå, v.a. to depopulate, unpeople or dispeople; (a fish-pond) to draw; (a pigeon house) to unstock. Depeupler un pays de gihier, to destroy the game of a country.

DEPHLEGMATION, s. f. dephlegmation.

DEPHLEGMÉ, E, adj. dephlegmated.

DÉPIÉCER, v. a. to cut in pieces. DÉPILATI-F, VE, dh-pl-là-df, tlv, adj. depilatory.

DÉPILATION, dà-pl-là-slon, s. f. depilation. DÉPILATOIRE, dà-pl-là-twar, s. m. depi-

DEPILER, då-pl-lå, v. a. to take away the hair. Se dépiler, v. r. to make one's hair come

DÉPIQUER, dà-pl-kà, v. a. to allay or soft-

en or drown the grief of.

DEPISTER, v. a. to find or trace out. Dirit, da-pl,s. m. pet, vexation, spite, indignation, passion, anger. Avoir du depti, to be vexed or angry, be in a pet. Downer du dépit or faire dépit à quelqu'un, to spite or vex one. Je veux bien oublier tous les dépits qu'elle one. Se cent ment under the condition and the ill usage I have received at her hands. Creeer de depit, to be ready to burst with vexation. En depit de, in spite of, in despite of.

DEPITE, z., adj. in spite or despite, vexad,

angry, fretting.

DEPITER, dh-pl-th, v. a. to fret, vex, anger or provoke. Se depiter, v. r. to fret, be vexed, be angry or fretful.

DÉPITEU-X, SE, adj. pettish, fretful, easily provoked or angry.

bar, bat, base : thère, ebb, over : field, fig : robe, rob, lord : mood, good.

DÉPLACÉ, E, adj. displaced, misplaced, ill-placed, mistimed, preposterous.

DÉPLACEMENT, da-plas-mên, s. m. dis-

placing.

DEPLACER, da-pla-sh, v, a. to displace, put out of his or its place, remove, mis-

place, place improperly, take the place of.
DEPLAIRE, da-pler, v. n. (like plaire) to
displease, be unacceptable or disagreeable; to displease or discontent, vex or trouble. Ne nous déplaise or ne nous en déplaise, by your leave, by your favour, under favour. La principale chose gas me deplait on elle, c'est as ferte, the chief thing that I dislike in her is her prids. Se deplaire, v. r. to be displeased with sne's self, be displeased with, be tired with

or weary of.

*Déplaisance, s. f. aversion, dislike.

Déplaisant, z, da-plé-zén, zént, adj. unpleasant, unacceptable, disagreeable, troublesome.

DEPLAISIR, da-ple-sir, s. m. displeasure, affront, ill turn: discontent, vexation, trouble, grief, sorrow, affliction. J'ai ressenti sm trèsessible deplaisir de sa mort. I have been extremely troubled or grieved at his death. J'en ai un grand déplaisir, I am very sorry or very much troubled for it.

DÉPLANTER, dà-plèn-tà, v. a. to displant, remoye a plant. Mar. to start the anchor.

DEPLANTOIR, da-plen-twar, s. m. instru-

ment used in displanting.
- DEPLATRER, da-pla-tra, v. a. to unplaster.

Diplies, da-pli-a, v. a. to unfold or open.
Diplies, da-pli-sa, v. a. to unplait, undo the plaits of. Se deplieser, v. r. to unplait,

come out of the plaits or gathers.

DEPLORABLE, da-plo-rabl, adj. deplorable, lamentable, pitiful.

DÉPLORABLEMENT, dà-plò-rabl-men, adv.

deplorably, miserably.

DÉPLORÉ, E, adj. deplored, lamented, bewailed, pitied.

Maladie déplorée, desperate illness. Affaire d'plorée, a gone case.

DEPLORER, dà-plò-rà, v. a. to deplore, la-

ment, bewail or pity.

DÉPLOYÉ, E, adj. open, displayed. Rire à corge déployée, to laugh out, break out into aughter. Nous sortimes tambour battant, enlaughter. seignes déployées, we came out drums beat-

seignes depurges, we came out trums ovar-ing, colours flying.

LÉPLOYEMENT, s.m. the act of displaying.

DÉPLOYER, då-plwå-yå, v. a. to display, set forth, muster. Elle a déployé tous set charme, she has displayed or mustered all her charms.

Deployer une voile, Mar. to loosen a sail.

Deployer les roiles, Mar. to set the sails.

DEPLUMER, da-pld-ma, v. a. to strip of its feathers, strip or fleece or bubble. Se déplu-mer, y. r. to lose one's feathers.

DEFOLIE, da-pô-lîr, v. a. to unpolish, take off the polish. Se Dépolir, v. r. to grow unpolished.

DEPONENT, dà-pô-nes, adj. deponent,

(said of verbs.)
Diropulation, dà-pò-pù-là-sion, s. f. depopulation.

DEFORT, s. m. first year's revenue of a living, (due to the lord-paramount after a va-cancy.) Somme payable sans déport, sum payable without delay.

DEPORTATION, dk-por-th-slon, s. f. transportation, banishment, exile.

DÉPORTEMENT, de-port-mèn, s. m. de-portment, carriage, behaviour, demeanour.

DÉPORTER, v. a. to transport, banish. Se déporter, v. r. to leave off, cease or forbear. give over, desist, recede. Se déporter de ses pretentions, to withdraw one's claim.

DÉPOSANT, E, adj. deposing.
DÉPOSANT, da-pô-zèn, s. m. deponent.
DÉPOSER, da-pô-zèn, v. a. to depose, remove, turn or put out of one's place; (sa commission) to lay down; resign; to deposit; to depose, swear to as a witness.

DEPOSITAIRE, da-po-zi-ter, s. m. & f. depositary, or trustee. Le depositaire des se-crets de quelqu'un, one's confidant. Déposition, da po-zi-alon, s. f. deposition,

evidence; deposing, degrading, degradation. Dźrosskoźn, dk-pô-sk-dk, v. a. to dispos-

sess or deprive, turn or put out of possession.
Depossession, da-po-ec-slose, s. f. dispossessing.

DEPOSTER, da-pos-ta, v. a. to force from a post, dislodge.

Diror, da-po, s. m. deposit, trust, charge; chest; settlings, sediment, collection of humours. Mettre en dépôt, to deposit, commit to one's keeping in trust, trust with. Mis ende-pot, deposited.

DÉPOTER, v. a. (in gardening) to take out

of a pot. D roudrer, dà-pôo-drà, v. a. to take the powder out of (hair.)

DEPOUILLE, da-pool, s. f. old clothes, cast off clothes; crop; booty, spoil; (of a rild beast) skin; (of a serpent) slough, cast skin. La dépouille mortelle de l'homme, the dead car-cass. Avoir la dépouille de quelqu'un, to suceed one.

DÉPOUILLEMENT, da-pool-men, s. m. deprivation; stripping one's self of any thing,

self denial. DÉPOUILLER, da-pôo-là, v. a. to strip, strip naked, put or pull off, peal off, take off the rind or skin or cover, etc. (a hare) to uncase: to strip, spoil, rob, bereave, deprive, dispossess; to pull off, cast off, leave off; to gather. Se depositiler, v. r. to pull off one's clothes, to strip one's self naked; (of serpests) to cast off the slough or skin. Se depositier de, to cast off.

Dipourvoir, da-poor-vwar, v. a. (like pourvoir, but only used in the infin. and perticiple depourvu) to unfurnish, leave unpre-

vided *or* destitute.

DEPOURVU, E, adj. unprovided, unfurnished, destitute. On homme depourus de sens, a man senseless or out of his wits. Au dépour

vu, adv. unawares, unprovided; napping. Depravation, då-prå-vå-don, s. i. depravation, corruption.

DEPRAVE, E. adj. depraved, etc. Aroir le goût dépravé, to have one's mouth out of taste. DÉPRAVER, dà-prà-và, v. a. to deprave,

corrupt, spoil, vitiate or mar. DEPRECATI-F, VE, da-pra-ka-tif, tiv, adj.

deprecative. DEPRÉCATION, da-pra-ka-sion, a. f. de-

precation,
Déprécien, v. a. to undervalue. DEPRÉDATEUR, s. m. depredator or rob-

DÉPRÉDATION, da-pra-da-sion, s. f. depredation, robbery.

base, bat : jeane, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

Direiben, da pra-da, v. a. to depredate. DIPREMORE, dh-prendr, v. a. (like prendre) to loose, part. Se deprendre, v. r. to get

loose Dirafoccupi, z, adj. unprejudiced, free

from preposession.

DEPRESSER, v. a. to take out of the press

(in hout-binding.)
DÉPRESSION, dà-prê-sion, s. f. depression.
Dépression de l'horizon, Mar. dip of the hori-

DÉPRÉVENIR, v. a. to unprepossess. Dirki, s. m. abatement of the fines of ali-

enation. DÉPRIER, da-pri-à, v. a. to disinvite.

DÍPRIMER, da-pri-ma, v. a. to depress, debase, vilify, despise, undervalue or disparage. DÉPRIS, E, adj. loose, etc.

DÉPRISER, da-pri-za, v. a. to undervalue,

disparage, despise or vilify.

Dépucalen, v. a. to deflower.

DÉPUCELLEMENT, s. m. defloration.

DEPUIS de-pol, prep. since, from, after, See A. Observ. VII. Depuis quand? how long since? Depuis peu, newly, and long since, a little while since or ago. Depais deux ans, these two years. Depuis long-temps, this great while. Depuis que, from the time that, since. Depuis cinq laures jusqu'a six, from five to six o'clock.

DEPUIS, adv. since, since that or since that

DÉPURATI-F, V.R., adj.fit to purify the blood. DÉPURATION, di-pô-râ-sion, s.f. depuration. DÉPURATOIRE, dà-pô-rà-twar, adj. depu-

DEPURER, dk-pd-rå, v. a. to depurate. DEPUTATION, da-pd-ta-slon, s.f. deputation.

Directi, a., adj. deputed, sent.
Directi, di-po-th, s. m. deputy, delegate. DEPUTER, da-pû-ta, v. a. to depute, send

delegate. Déracinement, dà-rà-sîn-mên, s. m.

DERACIFER, då-rå-si-nå, v. a. to root up or plack up by the root, root out or extiroate,

DÉRADER, v. n. Mar. to part, drive to sea from an anchorage. Six bâtiments furent dérades hier des annes, six vessels were driven to sea yesterday from the downs.

DÉRAISON, da-ré-zon, s. f. unreasonableness, bad reason, nonsense; opposition to rea-

DÉRAISONNABLE, dà-rê-zô-nabl, adj. unreasonable, void of reason, unjust

DERAISONNABLEMENT, da-re-zo-nablmės, adv. unreasonably. Džraisonuer, då-rė-zō-nā, v. n. to talk

DÉRALISQUER, v. a. (see voile) Mar. to carry away the bolt rope of (a sail.)
DÉRASOÉ, z., adj. disordered, disappointed, put out of order, confounded, in confusion, disorderly.

DÉRANGEMENT, dh-renz-mên, s. m. disor-

Dinaugur, disappointment.
Dinaugur, di-ren-za, v. a. to disorder, put out of order or place, put in confusion, con-mund embroil or perolex, disappoint. Se dewand, embroil or perplex, disappoint. Se dé-enger, v. r. to live a disorderly life, take to ad courses.

DERAFER, v. n. Mar. to trip the anchor,

loosen the anchor from the ground. est dérapée, the anchor is a-trip. Fuire déraper l'ancre, to trip the auchor.

DÉRATÉ, E, da-ra-ta, adj. cunning, sharp. Un dératé, s. m. a cunning or sharp blade, an arch wag.

DÉRAYER, (SE) v. r. Ex. Une roue qui se déraye, a wheel with loose spokes.

*DERECHEF, der-shet, adv. again, once,

more, over again, anew. DÉRÉGLÉ, E, adj. disordered, disorderly,

immoderate, unruly.

DÉRÉGLEMENT, da-ragl-men, s. m. irregularity, disorder, confusion, depravation (of manners.) Le déréglement de la langue, the licentiousness or misgovernment of the

DÉRÉGLEMENT, adv. immoderately, without measure or moderation, unruly, disorder-

ly, loosely, dissolutely.

Direct R. de-râ-glà, v. a. to disorder, or put out of order. Se dérégler, v. r. to get out of order, grow lewd, follow ill courses, begin to lond a disorderly life. Ser parties, begin to lead a disorderly life. Son pouls s'est dé-

regle, his pulse is out of order.

DÉRIDER, då-rl-då, v. r. to unwrinkle or take away the wrinkles. Dérider le front, to clear the brow, make one look cheerful. Se dérider, v. r. to look cheerful, clear one's brow. Son front ne se déride jamais, his brow is always cloudy, he never looks cheerful.

DERISION, da-ri-zlon, s. f. derision. Tourner en dérision, to laugh at, deride or turn in-

to ridicule.

DÉRIVATI-F, VE, då-ri-vå-tif, tiv, adj. derivative.

DÉRIVATION, da-ri-va-slon, s. f. derivation, origin.

DÉRIVE, då-riv, s. f. Mar. ke-way, drift. Belle dérire, sea-room. La dérive vaut la route, the drift is favourable to the course. En derive, a-drift. Le petit canot est en dérive, the jolly-hoat is adrift.

DÉRIVÉ, da-ri-va, s. f. derivative.

DERIVER, da-ri-va, v. a. to derive; to unrivet or unclinch (a nail.)

DÉRIVER, v. n. to be derived, come originally from; get clear of the shore (with barge-men.) Dériver, Mar. to drive or sag to leeward. Ce navire dérive comme de la fumée, that ship is as weatherly as a sand barge. Dériver sur un raisseau, to fall aboard a ship.

Vaisseau qui dérive beaucoup, leewardly ship.

DERNIER, E, dêr-nia, nièr, adj. last, utmost, greatest, highest, worst. Une action de la dernière cruande, a most barbarous action. Vos mains sont de la dernière beauté, your hands are extraordinarily fair. Je mis dans le dernier chagrin, I am extremely sorry or concerned. Je rous suis obligé de la dernière obligation, I am infinitely obliged to you. En dernier lieu, adv. lastly, last of

DERNIER, s. m. last. S'il ne tient qu'a cela, je ne serai pas des derniers, if that will do, I

shall not come short of any.
DERNIEREMENT, der-nier-men, adv. late-

ly, not long since, not long ago, newly.

DEROBE, E, da-rô-ba, adj. stolen, etc. Escalier dérobé, back stairs, private stair-case. A des heures dérobées, at spare hours. A la dérobée, adv. by stealth, privately. Se retirer à la dérobée, to steal away. Jeter des rebar, bat, base: thère, ebb, over: field, fig: rôbe, rôb, lôrd: môod, gôod.

gards à la dérobée, to cast sheep's eyes, play

DÉROBER, dù-rô-ba, v. a. to steal, rob or deprive, conceal, hide; to blauch (beans.) Derober un criminel à la justice, to convey or conceal an offender from justice. Dérober une chose à la connoissance de quelqu'un, to conceal a thing from one. Votre maison derobe la vue à la nôtre, your house intercepts our prospect. Se dérober, v. r. to steal or get away. Se dérober à la vue de quelqu'un, to fade from the Se dérober à la justice, to fly from justice. Cheval qui se dérobe de dessous l'homme, a horse that slips from under his rider. Se dérober aux coups de quelqu'un, to shun or avoid one's blows. Se dérober un repas, to pinch one's belly.

DÉROCHER, v. a. said of very large birds which flying after four-footed animals oblige them sometimes to precipitate themselves from the top of a rock.

DÉROGATION, da-rô-ga-slon, s. f. derogation

DÉROGATOIRE, då-rô-gå-twår, adv. dero-

gating, derogatory.

DÉROGEANCE, da-ro-zèzs, s. f. degrading action.

DÉROGEANT, E, da ro-zen, zent, adi. de-

rogating, derogatory.

Déroger, de ro-en, v. n. to derogate.

Déroger à sa noblesse, to degrade one's self. DÉROIDIE, da-re-dir, v. a. to unstiffen. Se

deroidir, v. a. to grow soft or supple.

DEROUGIR, da-roo-zir, v. a. to take off the redness of one's face. Dérougir, v. n. · Se

dérougir, v. r. to lose one's redness.

DÉROUILLER, dà-roo-là, v. a. to get or fatch the rust off, brighten, polish. Se dérouiller, v. r. to lose one's rust (in a proper and figurative sense.)

DÉROULER, da-roo-la, v. a. to unroll.

DEHOUTE, da-root, s. f. rout, defeat, overthrow; disorder, confusion. Mettre en de-route, to rout, deseat. Mettre quelqu'um en déroute, to run one down, put him to a nonplus

DEROUTE, E, adj. quite out of his or her way, astray, bewildered.

way, astray, bewnicered.

DÉROUTER, då-rôo-tå, v. a. to put out of the road, lead astray, disconcert.

DERRIÈRE, då-rlèr, prep. & adv. behind.

Par derrière, behind, backward. Elle est bossue par derrière, she has a crooked back.

Porte de derrière, back-door. Mettre une chose sens derunt derrière, to put a thing wrong end foremost, put the cart before the

DERRIÈRE, c. m. backside ; (d'une cuirasse) back; (d'une perruque) neck or hind lock; breech.

DERVICHE or DERVIS, s. m. dervis (Turkish priest.)

DES, de, (phural of du, de la, de l') of, of the, from the, some, etc. See the observation

Dis, prep. from, since, at. Des demain, to-morrow. Dès que, conj. as soon as, from the moment that; also as, since. Dès là que, when, as. Je le comois dès mon en fance, I have known him from my infancy. Je le ferai dès re soir, I shall do it this very evening. Je l'arois appris dès Orléans, I had not got further than Orleans when I heard of it.

Désabusement, dh-zh-bûz-mên, s. m. disabusing, undeceiving, state of being undeceived.

DESABUSER, dà-zà-bà-zà, v. a. to undeceive, disabuse.

DESACCORDER, då-zå-kor-då, v. a. to put

out of tune, untune.
Disaccoupler, dh-zh-kôo-pla, v. a. to un-

COUPLE.

DÉSACCOUTUMANCE, s. f. the wearing from a custom or habit.

DÉSACCOUTUMER, då-zå-kôo-tů-må, v. s. to break off or wean from a custom or habit, make one leave off. Se désaccoutumer, v.r. to break off or break one's self of a habit, dis-

use, leave off. DESACHALANDER, då-zå-abå-len-då. V. Déchalander.

DESAFFOURCHER, v. n. Mar. to unmoor.
DESAGENCER, da-za-za-sa, v. a. to disorder, put out of order or in confusion.

DESAGREABLE, da-za-gra-abl, adj. unpleasant, disagrecable.

DÉSAGRÉABLEMENT, dê-zê-grê âbi-mês, adv.unpleasantly.disagreeably. Viewe déagreablement en un fieu, to live uneasy in a place. DÉSAGRÉER, dê-de-grê-d, v. n. to displease, not to please, be disliked. Désagréerus de light de la contraction de la co

vaisseau, Mar. to take away a ship's rigging. DESAGRÉMENT, da-za-gra-men, s. m. lault, defect, any thing unpleasant or apt to create dislike, disgust, trouble, grievous or troublesome thing.

DESAJUSTER, då-zå-zůs-tå, v. a. to discompose or disorder.

DESALTÉRER, dà-zal-ta-ra, v. a. toquench the thirst. Se désaltérer, v. r. to quench one's thirst

DÉSANCRER, da-zen-kra, v. a. to weigh the anchor.

DESAPPAREILLER, v. a. to unmatch. DESAPP ÉTISER, v. a. to take away the appetite.

DÉSAPPLIQUER, v. a. to take off, divert from one's application.

*Dásappointer, då-zå-pwin-tå, v. a. 10 strike off the roll, put out of pay, cashier, supersede.

DÉSAPPRENDRE, da-za-préndr, v. a. (like prendre) to unlearn, forget.

DESAPPROBAT-EUR, RICE, adj. one who blames, disapproves, fault-finder.

DÉSAPPROBATION, s. f. disapprobation. DÉSAPPROPRIATION, da-za-pro-pri-a-sion.

s. f. renunciation or dereliction

DÉSAPPROPRIER, (SE) 88-dh-zh-prò-pri-4, de, v. r. to renounce, divest one's self of.
DÉSAPPROPRIER, dh-zh-prò-và, v. a. 10 disapprove, dislike, disallow, blame, find fault with

DÉSARCONNER, da-zar-so-na, v. a. to unhorse, throw off the saddle, dismount; also to

supplant or undermine, and to nonplus.

DÉBARGENTER, dà-zàr-zèn-tà, v. a. totake or scrape or wear off the silver: also to drain of money.

DESARMEMENT, då-zår-må-mån, s. m. disarming. Mar. paying off and laying up (of a ship.) Etre en desarmement, to be clearing the

ship for laying her up.

Dźsarmen, då-zår-må, v. a. to disam, pull off the armour, appease, allay one's passion or resentaent. Désarmer, v. a. to lay down

buse, but : jeune, mêute, beurre : entant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun,

to discharge or lay up a ship. Désarmer les socrets, to unship the oars.

DESARRIMER la cale, Mar. to unstow the hold

Disannos, dh-zh-rwh, s. m. disorder, con-Disassers, z, adj. ill-matched, unsuita-bisassers, di-zi-en-bli, v. a. to take down or asunder, take to pieces. Disassers, z, adj. ill-matched, unsuita-bisassers, z, adj. ill-matched, unsuita-

ble, jarring.
Disassonvin, di-si-sir-dr, v. n. (regularly conjugated) to remove or displace things which were matched.

Disastraz, dh-zhstr, s. m. disaster, mischance, misfortune.

Disastracsament, adv. disastrously. Disastracy-x, sa, da-zhs-trèu, trèuz, adj.

disastrous, unfortunate.

Disavantage, discretellar, s. m. disadvantage, prejudice, loss, damege. Parler en éturentege de quelqu'un, to speak ill of one. Il a en éts désarentege dans le combat, he had the worst of it in that fight, he was worsted.

Disavantagen, dà-zà-vèn-tà-zà, v. a. to

DESAVANTAGEUSEMENT, dh-zh-ven-lhriuz-men, adv. disadvantageously, with dis-advantage. Parler désarantageusement de quelque us, to speak ill of one, give an ill character of onc.

DESAVANTAGRU-X, SR, adj. disadvantageous, inconvenient. mustagescr, we had the worst of it in that fight.

Disaveu, da-zà-vèu, s. m. disavowing or

disclaiming, deniul. DÉSAVEUGLER, dA-zh-vêu-glà, v. a. toun-

bind, open the eyes of.

DESAVOUER, dh-zh-vôo-k, v. a. to disown

or disclaim, not to own, deny.

DESCELLER, v. a. to take off the seal. DESCENDANCE, de-sen-dens, s. f. extrac-

tion, descent. DESCRIBANT, x, adj. descending. DESCENDANT, de sen den, s.m. descendant.

DESCRIDENT, offspring, posterity, progeny.
DESCRIDENT, desendr, v. n. to descend, so or come or step or be carried down; to fall.
Descendre d'un belent, to come out of a boat, to land. Descendre de cheval, to light off one's house. Descendre de carrosse, to step out of a coach. Descendre de quelqu'am, to descend from one, draw one's original from one. La marée

decord, the tide goes out or it is elb tide. Desendred on ton, to sing a note lower.

Descendre, v. a. to take or let or bring or
throw down. Descendre la garde, to come off
the guard. Mar. Descendre use rivière, to fall
or drop down a river. None descendince la
the facility of the part of Gai chte de Grinée, we ran down the coast of Guisend down the swivels out of the main top.

DESCENDU, E, adj. descended, come or gone down. Descendu de bonne fumille, come

of a good family.

DESCENTE, de-sent, s. f. descent or going down, taking or letting down, fall or falling; a gutter; repture or burst; descent or steep side of a hill; irruption, invasion, descent, huding. Descente d'humeurs, defination of humeurs. Fière une descente sur les lieux, to visit the spot. Descente de croix, picture repre-

senting the manner in which our Saviour was taken down from the cross. Faire une descente; Mar. to make a landing or to land in an ene-

my's country.

DESCRIPTION, de-skrip-sion, s. f. descrip-

DÉSEMBALLAGE, s. m. unpacking, open-

ing of a bale.
DÉSEMBALLER, dà-zèn-bà-là, v. a. to unpack.

DESEMBARQUEMENT, dh-zèn-blik-mên, s. m. disembarking.

Désembarquer, da-zèn-bar-6a, v. a. to disembark, unlade.

DÉSEMBOURBER, dà-zen-boor-be, v. a. to take out of the mire

DESEMPARER, di-zes-ph-rk, v. a. & p. to go away, quit or abandon the place where one is. Mar. to disable.

Désempenné, z, adj. unplumed. Ex. Il va comme un trait désempenné, he is a rash, hairbrained fellow, he goes at random.

DÉSEMPRSÉR, v. a. to unstarch. DÉSEMPLIR, dà-zèn-plir, v. a. to empty till not too full.

DÉSEMPLIE, v. n. or se désemplir, v. r. to empty, grow empty.

DESEMPRISONNER, v. a. to take out of

DÉSENCHANTEMENT, dà-zen-shent-men,

s. m. disenchantment.

Disenchanten, da-zen-shen-ta, v. a. to disenchant *or* uncharm.

Désenctouer, dà zèn kido-à, v. a. un canon, to clear a piece of ordnance that was spiked. Desenctouer un cheval, to take out a nail that pricks a horse to the quick.

Disempler, E, adj. half awake.
Disempler, då-zen-fl-lå, v. a. to un-

thread a needle.

DÉSENFLER, ch-zên-fih, v. a. to take the swelling away. Désenfler, v. n. se désenfler, v. r. to have the swelling abate.

DÉSENFLURE, da-zen-fiar, s. f. cessation

of swelling.
Disenivren, dk-zen-nl-vrk, v. a. to sober, unfuddle, make sober again. Se désenierer, v. r. to grow sober again. Se désenivrer en dormant, to sleep one's self sober.

DÉSENLACER, v. a. to disentangle. Se dé-nlacer, v. r. to disentangle one's self, get seniacer, v. r. to disent clear of the net or spare.

DÉSENNUYER, da-zên-nûl-ya, v. a. to divert, recreate or refresh. Se désensayer, v. r. to divert or refresh one's self.

DÉSENRAYER, dà-zèn-rà-yà, une roue, v. a. to untrig a wheel.

DESERRHUMER, da-zen-rd-ma, v. a. to cure a cold or cough. Se desenrhumer, v. r. to get rid of a cold or cough.

Désenrôlement, s. m. discharge (of a

soldier.)

DÉSENROLER, v.a. to discharge (a soldiér.)
DÉSENROUER, dh-zèn-ròo-h, v. a. to cure
the hoarseness of. Se désenrouer, v. r. to get rid of a hoarseness.

Désensanten, då-zen-så-blå, v. a. to get off a boat that has run aground.

DÉSENSEIGNER, v. a. to unteach. DÉSENSEVELIR, dh-zèn-sèv-lir, v. a. to dig

out of the grave.

Disensonceler, dà-zen-sôrs-là, v. a. to unbewitch, disenchant.

bar, bat, base : thère, ebb, over : field, fig : rôbe, rôb, lord : môod, good.

Au-dessus de, above, over, beyond. De dessus, from, from upon, off. Il ne leva jamais les year de dessus elle, he never turned his eyes from her. from her. Les fruits tombent de dessus les arbres, the fruits fall off the trees.

DESSUS, s. m. top or upper part; (d'une lettre) superscription. Le dessus (in musick,) the treble or upper part. Bas dessus, second treble. Avoir le dessus, to be uppermost, get or have the advantage. Venir au deusus de ses entreprises, to bring one's designs about, compass them. Prendre le dessus de quelqu'un, to take place above one.

DESTIN, destin, s. m. destiny, fate. DESTINATION, destil-na-slen, s. f. destina-

tion, appointment.

DESTINÉ, E, adj. designed, devoted, destinated, set apart. Destine pour, Mar. bound

DESTINÉR, dès-d-nk, s. f. destiny, fate.
Finir sa destinée, to die.
DESTINER, dès-d-nk, v. a. to design, destine or destinate, devote or appoint. v. n. to design, propose.

DESTITUABLE, des-ti-to-abl, adj. that may be deposed, that may be deprived or turned out of his place or office.

DESTITUE, R. dês-d-tê-k, adj. destitute, deprived, bereft, deposed.
DESTITUER, dês-d-tê-k, v. a. te depose,

deprive or turn out of a place.
DESTITUTION, desti-ti-don, s. f. deposing

er depriving of a place.
*Dastrier, des-trl-k, s. m. led horse, char-

ger, war horse.

DESTRUCT-EUR, RICE, des-trak-teur, tris, s. m. & f. destroyer.

DESTRUCTIBILITE, s. f. quality of what can be destroyed.

DESTRUCTI-F, VE, adj. destructive. DESTRUCTION, des-truk-slow, s. f. destruc-

tion, ruin, overthrow.

Drsuftude, då-så-å-tůd, s. f. desuetude.

Disuni, E, disunited, divided, etc. Dásunion, dh-zd-nlon, s. f. disunion, divi-

sion, discord, separation.

DESURIR, da-zū-nīr, v. a. to disunite, di-

vide, set at variance, separate, disjoin. denuir, v. r. to come asunder; to fall out, be at variance, be divided, be at odds.

DÉTACHE, R, adj. untied, loose, etc. V. DÉTACHER. Pièces détachées, outworks (in

fortification.)

DETACHEMENT, då-tåsh-men, s. m. freedom, condition of one that is free or has no tie upon him. Ditachement de comer, disen-gagement of one's heart or affection. Ditachement de tout intérêt, impartiality. Détache-

ment (terme de guerre,) detachment. DETACHER, da-th-sha, v. a. to untie, undo DETACHER, dR-4A-shā, v. a. to untie, undo or lousen or louse; take off. (In painting) to relieve, throw out. Détacher le flegme auec un verre de vin, to carry off, wash down the phlegm with a glass of wine. Détacher une frégate, to detach soldiers. Détacher une frégate, to detach a frigate. Détacher une ruade, to kick up one's beeln, fling or jerk out with the heels. Détacher, (ôter les taches) to take est the stains. Détacher, v. r. to grow louse, come off; to rid or weam or break one's self ef, to leave off. of, to leave off.

DÉTACHEUR, da-ta-shéur. V. DÉGRAIS

SEUR.

DÉTAIL, da-tal, s. m. retail; particulars, exact account, account. V. Ensemble. Vendre or débiter en détail, to sell by retail; faire le détail d'une chose, to give, tell the particulars of a thing.

DETAILLER, dh-th-th, v. a. to cut in pieces, sell by retail: to tell the particulars of, give a

full account of.

DÉTAILLEUR, dh-th-lèur, s. m. retailer. DÉTALAGE, s. m. the act of taking in the

stall-commodities.

DETALER, da-ta-la, v. a. to take in the stall-commodities, shut up ene's shep.

Détaler, v. n. to scamper away, make off. Détalinguen, dh-th-lin-gh, an côble, v. a... Mar. to unbend a cable.

DETAPPER, v. a. Mar. to lake out the tompion from the mouth of (a gun.) Détappes les

cosons, take out your tompions.

DETEINDER, da-tindr, v. a. (see the table at cindre) to take away the colour, discolour.

Se deteindre, v. n. to lose its colour, fade. DETEINT, E, adj. that has lost its colour,

discoloured. DÉTELER, dat-là, v. a. to unteam, take the horse or horses from a cart, coach, etc.

DÉTENDRE, v. a. to take down, let down, slacken, unbend.

DÉTERDO, z., adj. taken down, etc. V. Dé-

tendre. DÉTENIA, dat-nir, v. a. like tenir, to de-

tain, keep or withhold.

DÉTENTE, di-tênt, s. f. trigger of a gun.
DÉTENT-EUR, TRICE, di-tén-têur, tris, s.

m. & f. one that bolds an estate. DETENTION, di-ten-slon, s. f. detaining, keeping, detention, imprisonment.

DÉTERU, E, adj. detained, kept, withheld. DÉTERGER, da-ter-ra, v. a. to purge,

cleans Détérioration, da-ta-ri-b-ra-slon, s. f.

waste, spoiling, deterioration. Drifesorer, då-tå-ri-ö-rå, v. a. to waste

or spoil.

Diterminant, E, adj. that determines, decides.

DÉTERMISATI-F, VE, adj. determinative. DÉTERMINATION, dh-têr-mì-nà-sion, s. f. determination, resolution, decision, appoint-

DÉTERMINÉ, E, dà-tèr-mì-nh, adj. determined, etc. V. Déterminer.
DÉTERMINÉ, s. m. bold or stout or reso-

lute fellow, also desperate fellow, desperado : and unlucky froward child.

DÉTERMINÉMENT dà ter-mi-uh-men, adv. absolutely, by all means; determinately, pre-cisely, boldly, resolutely. DETERMINER, da-ter-mi-na, v. a. to de-

termine, decide, settle, fix, resolve, prevail upon to take a resolution. Déterminer la lonupon to take a resolution. Determiner at the given et a latitude d'une ile, d'un cap, etc. to fix or lay down the latitude and longitude of an island, of a cape, etc. Se déterminer, v. r. to be resolved, come to or take a resolution. DÉTERRÉ, E, adj. digged or dug out of the ground. Avoir le viange d'un déterré, to lock as nels as desir

look as pale as death.

Difference, då-te-rk, v. a. to dig out of

the ground, to find out or discover.
*Deterredur, da de reur, s. m. discoverer.

DETERSI-F, VE, dh-ter-all, siv, adj. detersive.

bone, bot : jeune, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon brun.

DÉTESTABLE, da-tên-tâbl, adj. detestable, abominable, sad, wretched, pitiful.
DETESTABLEMENT, då-tes-tabl-men, adv.

abominably, wretchedly

DÉTESTATION, dh-ies-th-slon, s. f. detestation, abhorrence.

DETESTER, da-tes-ta, v. a. to detest, abo-

minate, abhor.
Diffibre, da-ti-ra, v. a. to pull out.

DETISER, da-ti-za, le feu, v. a. to take apart the fire.

DÉTONATION, da -tô-na-slon, s.f. detonation. DÉTONER, v. n. (in chymistry) to detonize. DÉTONER, ch-tô-nh, v. n. to get out of

DÉTORDRE, da tordr, v. a. to unwring or

untwist. Se détordre, v. r. to unwring or un-twist. Se détordre le pied, to sprain one's foot.

Détonques, dh-tôr-th, v. a. to wrest (a

passage or proposition.)
Drons, sz, adj. unwrung, untwisted, etc. V. Détordre.

DÉTORSE, s. f. sprain.
DÉTORTILLER, dà-dèt-d-dà, v. a. to unret. Se détorbiller, v. r. to untwist.

DEFOURER, v. a. to take out or force in the

ing or stopple.

DETOUPILLOENER, v. a. to lop off (the small, useless branches of an orange-tree.)

Diroun, di-toor, s. m. turning or winding: by-way, way about: going about the bush, compass of words, fetch about: by way, cuaning shift, excuse, hole to get out at, eva-sion, abteringe. J'aime sans détour, my love is downright and sincere.

Dirounni, E, adj. disturbed, etc.

endroits detournés, by-ways, by-paths.
Dérournement, da-tooru-mên, s. m. tarning aside.

DETOURNER, dh-toor-na, v. a. to disturb, hinder, take off, divert or interrupt, turn, mrn away, drive or keep back, dispel, avert, issuade, deter, convey away, convert to one's to put a traveller out of his way. Detourner we put a travetter out of the way. Detourner le seus d'un passage, to wrest the sense of a passage. Se détourner, v.r. to turn, turn aside or away, get out of one's way. Se détourner de son travail, to leave or go from one's work.

DETRACTER, dh-trâk-th, v. n. to detract, speak ill of, to stander, traduce, backbite.

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DETRACTEUR, då-tråk-teur, s. m. detract-

or, slanderer, backbiter.
Dfraction, di-trik-slon, s. f. detraction, slander: evil speaking, backbiting.
Dfractors, v. a. to drive away the animals that destroy plants in a garden.

DETRAPER, v. a. to untrap.

DETRAQUE, z, adj. out of order.
DETRAQUER, dà-trà-kà, v. a. to put out of order, disorder, lead astray. Détraquer un cheval, to spoil a horse's pace. Se détraquer,

to get out of order, be led astray, go astray.

DETREMPE, da-tremp, s. f. water-colours.

DETREMPER, da-tremph, v. a. to temper,

dilute, allay, soften tempered iron or steel. DETRESSE, dh-très, s. f. distress, sorrow,

trouble, anguish. DETRIBENT dh-trl-men, s. m. detriment, s, damage. Détrimens de regetaux, vegeta-He remains.

DETROIT, da-trwa, s. m. strait, frith, narrow passage, defile; also district, precinct, liberties or extent of jurisdiction. Le détroit du Sund, the Sound

DÉTROMPER, dà-tron-pa, v. a. to undeceive or disabuse.

DÉTRÔNEMENT, s. m. dethroning. DÉTRÔNER, då-trò-nå, v. a. to unthrone. DÉTROUSSER, dà-tròo-sà, v. a. to unpin*or* untuck, let down; also rob. Faire visite en robe détroussée, to make a ceremonious visit.
Détrousseur, da-troo-seur, s. m. robber.

highwayman or footpad.

DÉTRUIRE, dâ-trâir, v. a. (see the table at saire) to demolish or pull down (a building,) destroy, defeat, overthrow, ruin, spoil. Se detruire, v. r. to fall to ruin or decay.

DETTE, det, s. f. debt, money owed, duty, obligation. Dette active, debt due to one. Dette passive, debt one owes. Petites dettes, dettes criardes, dribbling debts, dribblets, petty suns. Avouer or confesser is dette, to acknowledge a debt; also to confess one's self in the wrong.

DEUIL, deul, s. m. mourning, grief, sorrow, affliction; any article of mourning, as clothes, etc. mourners. Grand desil, deep mourning. Petil desil, second mourning. Me-ner le desil, to be chief mourner.

DEUTÉRONOME, deu-th-ro-nom, s. m.

Deuteronomy.

DEUX, deu, adj. & s. m. two. Tous deux or tous les deux, both. Ils s'aiment tous deux, they love each other or one another. Regarder quelqu'un entre les deux yeux, to stare at one. Double deux, deuces (at dice.)

DEUXIÈME, deu-ziem, adj. & s. second. DECRIÈMEMENT, deu-zlem-men, adv. sc-

condly.

DÉVALER, dh-vh-lh, v. a. to let down, come or go down. Dźyalisza, da-va-fi-za, v. a. to rob, strip,

*DEVANCEMENT, s. m. out-running, arriv-

ing before another.

DEVANCER, de-ven-sa, v. a. to out-run, out-go, out-strip, come before, prevent; go before, take place before, precede, have the precedency, surpass, excel, go beyond. Democre quelqu'un en âge, to be older than another. another.

DEVANCIER, E, de-ven-slà, sier, s. m. & f. predecessor. Devanciers, ancestors.

DEVANT, de-ven, prep. & adv. before, against, over-against, in the presence of.
Otez-rous de devant moi, stand out of my sight
or avoid my presence. Les premiers ront derant, first come, first served. Ci-devant, adv. formerly, heretofore. Par-devant, prep. forward, before, in the presence of.

DEVANT, s. m. fore part, fore side; chemise) fore flap; (de cuirasse) breast; (de perruque) fore-top. Devant d'estomac, stomacher. Tenir les devans, to march first. Prendre le devant, to go or march before. Prendre les devans, to prevent, be before-hand (with one,) get the start (of one.) Je dois aroir le devant, I ought to have the precedency. Aller au-derunt de, to go to meet, go and meet, prevent, obviate. Depart is also the participle of the

verb Devoir, owing, etc.

DEVANTIER, de-ven-tia, s. m. coarse apron.

bar, bat, base: thère, èbb, over: field, fig: rôbe, rôb, lôrd: mood, gôod.

DEVANTIÈRE, de-ven-tier, s. f. sort of petticoat worn by women when they ride astride.

DÉVASTAT-EUR, RICE, s. m. & f. one who

devastates, lays waste.

DEVASTATION, da-vas-ta-slon, s. f. devas-

tation, desolation DÉVASTER, dà-vàs-tà, v. a. to ruin, de-

populate, lay waste.
Diveloppement, dav-lop-men, s. m. un-

folding, display.

DÉVELOPPER, dàv-lò-pà, v. a. to open, unwrap, unfold, display, lay open, clear, unravel. Se développer, v. r. to open or explain one's self.

DEVENIR, dev-nir, v. n. (like renir) to grow, become, be made. Faire devenir fou, to make mad. Devenir à rien, to come to

DÉVENTER, dà-vên-tà, v. n. Déventer une

DEVENU, E, adj. grown, become

DÉVERGONDÉ, E, dk-vêr-gon-dk, adj. or s. m. & f. brazen-faced, impudent, shameless.

DÉVEROURILLER, v. a. to unbolt. DEVERSORELLER, v. a. to another.
DEVERS, de-ver, prep, towards. Il a les
papiers par devers lui, he has the papers by
him. Se pourvoir par devers le juge, to apply
to the court. Devers Luon, towards or in
the direction of Lyons. Vers is now more

Divers, E, da-ver, vers, adj. warped,

crooked, not perpendicular.

Drvensen, da-ver-sa, v. n. to bend or

DEVERSOIR, s. m. that part at which the water runs off when the mill-dam is too full.

*Drvitin, da-ve-thr, v. a. (like vetir) to "DEVETIR, OR-Ve-ur, v. a. time cam, strip, pull or put off the clothes, undress. Deveter d'une charge, to deprive or turn out of a place. Se dévêtir, v. r. to leave où part of one's clothes, undress one's self. Se dévêtir de son bien, to strip one's self of fortune by transferring it.

DÉVETISSEMENT, s. m. transfer (of one's

fortune.)

DEVIATION, da-vi-a-slon, s. f. deviation. DEVIDER, da-vi-da, v. a. to wind (thread) into a skein or bottom; to discover or find out (a cheat.)

DÉVIDEU-R, SE, da-vi-deur, deux, s. m. & f. winder, man or woman that winds skeins or bottoms.

Dividoir, da-vi-dwar, s. m. reel.

DÉVIER, v. p. to deviate, go astray. DEVIE, de-vin, s. m. diviner, sooth-sayer,

Cunning man, conjurer.

DEVINER, de-vi-na, v. a. to divine, fore-

tell things to come, guess at, conjecture.

DEVINERESSE, de-vin-res, s. f. cunning woman *or* conjurer,

DEVINEUR, de-vi-neur, s. m. diviner, a **canning** man, conjurer.

DEVIRER, v. a. Mar. to heave back. De-

vire au cabeston, come up the capstan.

Dryis, de-yl, s. m. plan for a building;

talking or prattling together, dialogue. Devis. Mar. scheme containing the general dimen-sions of a ship, statement of the observations made by the captain on the qualities of a ship

during her navigation.

DEVISAGER, da-vl-zà-zà, v. a. to scratch

or disfigure the face of.

DEVISE, de-viz. s. f. device, motto, posy.

*DEVISER, de-vi-sa, v. n. to talk, speak or discourse together

DÉVOIEMENT, da-vwa-mên, a. m. lax, looseness. Mar. flaring. Dévoiement de l'étain,

flaring of the fashion-piece.
Divoilement, da-vwal-men, a. m. un-

DEVOILER, da-vwa-la, v.a. to unveil reveal. DEVOIR, de-vwar, v. a. to owe, to be in debt, be bound: to be, must, must needs, ought, should. Il doit venir asjourd'hai, he is to come to-day. Dût-il m'en coûter la vie, though I were to lose my life for it. Il est tout nu, il doit avoir bien froid, he is quite naked, he must (or must needs) be very cold. Tous les hommes doivent mourir, all men must die. Vous devriez faire cela, you ought to do that, or you should do that.

DEVOIR, s. m. duty, devoir, part; also task or exercise (for boys or girls at school.) Derniers devoirs, funeral rites, obsequies. Tessir quelqu'un dans le devoir, to keep one to his behaviour. J'irai vous rendre mes deroirs, 1 shall go and pay my respects to you or I shall wait upon you at your house. Se mettre en devoir de faire une chose, to endeavour a thing

or go about to do it.
DÉVOLE, då-vôl, s. f. the having no trick at cards.

DÉVOLU, z, dà-vô-lô, là, adj. devolved, escheated. Terre dévolue à la couronne, an es-

Divolu, da-vô-là, s. m. lapse; also devolution. Bénéfice tombé en dévolu, benefice fallen into lapse.

DÉVOLUTAIRE, da-vô-là-ter, s. m. he that has a benefice fallen into lapse.

DÉVOLUTION, da-vô-lô-slon, s.f. a devolv-

ing. Dévorant, e, dà-vò-rèn, rènt, adj. de-

vouring, ravenous.

DÉVORATEUR, s. m. devourer.

DÉVORER, dav-6-ra, v. a. to devour; to consume, spend, waste, squander away; to read over hastily and greedily; to brook, bear patiently. Le chagrin me devore, I am consumed with grief.

DÉVOT, E, dê-vô, vôt, adj. devout, godly, pious, religious. Air dévot, sanctified took.

DÉVOT, s, m. devout man, devotee, votary.

Faux devot, bigot, hypocrite.

Dévoteux, S. devout woman, votary.
Dévotement, da-vôt-mên, adv. devoutly, with zeal, with devotion, pously.
*Dévoteux, W. Dévot.
*Dévoteux, V. Dévot.
Dévoteux, V. Dévot.
Dévoteux, v. da-vô-slon, s. f. devotion, piety,
*Plizieux zeal groffiness: disposal-service.

religious zeal, godliness; disposal, service, command. Faire ses dévotions, to receive the sacrament. Avoir de la dévotion pour une pe some, to have a transcendant and respectful

love for one.

Drvour, E, adj. devoted, dedicated, consecrated, addicted

DEVOUEMENT, da-voo-men, s. m. devot-edness, devoting, dedicating, consecrating.

DEVOUER, v. a. to devote, dedicate, con-

DÉVOYÉ, E, adj. astray, misled, strayed, erroneous, crooked. Estomac dévoyé, stomach that digests badly and causes a locarness. Couples dévoyées, Mar. cant timbers. DÉVOYEMENT, V. Dévoiement.

base, bat : jéane, mêute, bêurre : énfant, cênt, lièn : vin : mon : brun.

DÉVOYER, dà-vwh-yà, v. a. to cause both a hoseness and vomiting; to mislead, bring out of the way, to turn from a right line. Se deof the way, to turn from a right line.

woper, v. r. to err, wander, go out of the way. DEXTÉRITÉ, dêks-th-ri-th, s. f. dexterity,

*DEXTRE, s. f. right band.
*DEXTREMENT, adv. dexterously.

Day, s. m. dey, supreme governour in some of the Barbary states.

DIA, (terme de charretier) gee-lio. Il n'entend ni à dia ni à hur-hau, he does not

Measure me a an me a mer-nas, no coes not know when to he or gee.

Diabètes, s. m. diabetes.

Diabetes, dibbl. s. m. devil, evil spirit, dence. Un méchant diable, a sharp, unucky blade. Un passere diable, a poor wretch. Un blade. Un prawer diable, a poor wretch. Un bon diable, a good fellow. Diable de mer, sea-cormarant. En diable, devilishly, like a devil, extremely. Cest ble diable, there's the devil of it, there lies the difficulty. Cest on diable d'homme, he is a devil of a fellow. C'est dadle e nomme, he is a devil in a renow. O come diable en procès, he is a desperate lawyer.

If fait le diable dequatre, he is deadly boistercos or nad; he tears, frets, and fumes at a deadly rate. Que diable ares-rous fait? what diable soil-il donné, the devil or deuce take him. Ft's au dhable, fie upon you, deuce take him. Ft's au dhable, fie upon you, deuce take you. Les diables sont dechains, hell is broken loose. R dit le diable de vous, he rails at you at a devilish or strange rate. Tirre le diable at a destrible or strange rate. Three le diable
pur la quene, to be hard put to it for a livelihood. E est pesent comme tous les diables, he
is extremely heavy or dull.

DIABLEMENT, diabl-mên, adv. devilishly,

DIABLERIE, dabi-ri, s. f. deviltry, devil-

inh trick, witcheraft, sorcery.

Diabless, dik-bles, s. f. she-devil, shrew.

Diabless, dik-bles, s. f. she-devil, shrew.

Diabless, diablesot, you think I should believe you, but I am not such a fool.

Diablotin, dik-bld-is, s. m. young devil.

indictin, Mar. mizen top-mast stay-sail. Dianolique,dia-bo-lik, adj. devilish, diabolical.

DIABOLIQUEMENT, dik-bô-lik-mên, adv. diabolically.

DIACARTHAME, s. m. purgative electuary.
DIACO, s. m. deacon (or chaplain) in the order of Maka.

DIACODE, or DIACODIUM, s. m. diacodium. DIACONAT, dl-à-kô-nà, s. m. deaconship,

DIACONESSE, di-à-kō-nès, s. f. deaconess.
DIACONES, di-à-kō-al, s. f. deaconry or seconship in the Greek church.

DIACONIQUE, s. m. vestry.

DIACONIQUE, edj. belonging to descons. DIACAR, dilat, s. m. descon. DIADÈURE, dila-dem, s. m. diadem. DIAGENSTIQUE, adj. & s. m. & f. diagmirk.

Diagonal-e, dl-à-gò-eàl, adj. or *ligne* egonale, diagonal, diagonal line. Diagonal-es, f. diagonal. Diagonal-enent, dl-à-gò-eàl-mès, adv.

Diabethalis, m. diagrediumordiagrediates.
Diabethe, di-d-lekt, s. m. dialect.
Dialecticies, di-d-lekt-d-sien, s. m. logi-

cias, disputant.

DIALECTIQUE, di-à-lek-dk, a. f. dialectick, logick.

Dialectiquement,dl-à-lèk-tik-mên,adv.

like a logician, logically.

DIALOGIQUE, adj. that has the form of a

DIALOGISME, s. m. art of writing dialogues, use of the dialogue form.
DIALOGISTE, s. m. dialoguet.
DIALOGUE, di-4-log, s. m. dialogue, collo-

quy. DIALOGUÉ, dl-à-lò-gà, adj. written in the

form of a dialogu

DIALOGUER, di-à-lò-gà, v. a. to compose dialogues. Oette acène est bien dialoguee, the dialogue is well supported in that scene.

DIAMANT, dl-1-mes, s. m. diamond, ada-

mant.

man.

DIAMANTAIRE, dil-men-ter, s. m. diamond-cutter, jeweller, lapidary.

DIAMETRAL, E, dil-ma-tral, adj. diametral, diametrical.

DIAMETRALEMENT, dil-ma-tral-men, adv.
diametrically.

Diametralement oppose, di-

rectly opposite. DIANETRE, di metr, s. m. diameter.

DIAMORUM, s. m. sirup of mulberries. DIAME, didn, s. f. Mar. beating of a drum

at the break of day, morning watch.

DIANTER, dieutr, s. m. devil, deuce. Au diantre soit le fou, the deuce take him for a fool. Comment diantre! how the deuce!

DIAPALME, s. m. diapalma.

Diapasme, s. m. diapasm.

DIAPASON, dl-à-pà-zon, s. m. diapason (an

octave in mosick.)
DIAPHAUE, di-din, adj. diaphanous, transparent.

DIAPHANÉITÉ, dl-à-fà-nà-l-tà, s. f. trans-

parency. DIAPHÉNIE, s. m. electuary chiefly made with dates.

Diaphonátique, adj. diaphoretick. Diaphnague, di-k-fràgm, s. m. dia-

phragm, midriff.

DIAPRÉ, E, di-k-prå, adj. diapered or va-

riegated.
DIAPRUN, s. m. electuary chiefly made with prunes.

*DIAPRURE, dl-a-prur, s. f. dispering or variety of colours

DIARRHÉE, dl-à-rà, s. f. diarrhœa, flux. DIASTOLE, s. f. diastole, the dilatation of

the heart. DIASTYLE, s. m. diastyle, an intercolum-

niation of three diameters. DIATESSARON, s. m. diatessaron (in musick;) also sort of remedy composed of four

ingredients. DIATORIQUE, adj. diatonick.

DIATORIQUEMENT, adv. according to the diatonick order.

DIATRAGACANTE, s. m. diatragacanth or electuary, the principal ingredient of which is the gum tragacanth.

Diatribe, di-a-trib, s. f. polemick dispu-

DICHOTOME, adj. Ex. La hane est dichotome,

one half of the moon is seen. DICHOTORIE, s. f. state of the meon when one half is seen.

DICTARE, s. m. dittany, garden giuger. DICTATEUR, dik-th-ffur, s. m. dictator

bår, båt, båse: thère, èbb, ovår: flejd, flg: rôbe, rôb, lôrd: môod, gôod.

DICTATURE, dik-th-tur, s. f. dictatorship,

DICTER, dik-th, s. f. what one dictates for others to write. Earing la dicte, to write what is dictated.

DICTER, dik-th, v. a. to dictate; prompt, suggest or tall; teach or show, inspire with; cribe.

DICTION, dik-slon, s. f. diction, word, expression, term, elocution, style, manner of speech; also proverb, saying, common saying.
DICTIONNAIRE, dlk-slo-ner, s. m. dictio-

DICTON, s. m. common saying, proverb. DICTUM, s. m. purview (of a sentence or

decree.) DIDACTIQUE, dl-dak-tlk, adj. didactic, in-

structive, doctrinal, preceptive.
DIDACTIQUE, s. f. srt of instructing.
DI farlet, di-bret, s. f. discresis.
DI farlet, di-bret, s. f. discresis.
Difare, di-br, or Difare, s. f. discresis, mark set before a note which raises it half a tone;

alse diesis or double dagger (among printers.)
Diffig, E, adj. marked with a diesis.
Diffig, diet. E. diet. Faire diete, to diet.
An assembly of the German states.

DIETETIQUE, adj. dietetick. DIETIEE, s. f. special diet or assembly.

DIEU, dleu, s. m. God. Les dieux patens, the heathen gods or deities. Elle jura ses grands dieux, she swore by all that's sacred. Dieu-donne, deo-datus.

DIFFAMANT, E, dl-få-men, ment, adj. de-

DIFFAMATRUR, di-fa-ma-teur, near, aqu. or-faming, defamatory, slanderous, abusive. DIFFAMATRUR, di-fa-ma-teur, s. m. de-famer, traducer, slanderer, calumniator. DIFFAMATION, di-fa-ma-tow, s. f. defa-mation, traducing, slandering, calumny. DIFFAMATOIRE, dl-fa-ma-iwar, adj. defa-

matory, defaming, slanderous, abusive.

DIFFAMER, di-fa-ma, v. a. to defame, traduce, slander.

DIFFERENMENT, di-fa-ra-men, adv. dif-

ferently, variously, severally, diversely.

DIFFÉRENCE, di-fà-rèm, s. f. difference, variety, diversity, distinction.

DIFFÉRENCIER, dl-få-ren-sl-å, v. a. to distinguish, difference.

DIFFÉRENT, better than différend. difference, dispute, controversy, quarrel. J'ai on different avec his, I am at variance with

him. Nous sommes en différent, we differ.
DIFFÉRENT, z., di-fa-rén, rênt, adj. dif-ferent, differing, unlike, diverse, various. Il at souvent différent de lui-même, he is often inconsistent with himself.

DIFFÉRER, dl-få-rå, v. n. to differ, be different or unlike, vary, also to defer; and to disagree. v. a. to defer, delay, put off. Saus differer, without further delay.

DIFFICILE, di-fi-sil, adj. hard, difficult, crabbed, uneasy, hard to please or to be

pleased.

DIFFICILEMENT, dl-fl-dl-men, adv. with difficulty, hardly, with much ado, with great pains: not easily, searcely.

DIFFICULTS, dl-fl-kdl-th, s. f. difficulty;

also doubt question difficult case or point objection rub cross obstacle, impediment. Difficulté de respiration, shortness of breath. Difficulté d'arine, strangury. Faire difficulté de, to make a scruple or conscience of. On a trossé plus de difficulté qu'on ne croyoit, the thing was found more difficult than was expected. Cela ne souffre point de difficulté, that admits of no question. Ils out quelque difficulté entreux, there is some difference between them.

Difficulturu-x, sr, dl-fl-kol-to-eu, euz, adj. that raises or starts difficulties in every

DIFFORME, dl-form, adj. deformed, ugty, ill favoured, disfigured, mis-shaped.

DIFFORMER, v. a. to deform, speil or alter the form and fashion of.

DIFFORMITE, di-for-mi-th, s. f. deformity, ugliness, ill-favouredne

DIFFUS, E. di-fù, fûz, adj. diffuse, diffused, long-winded, prolix, tedious.
DIFFUSEMENT, di-fü-zh-men, adv. diffusely, tediously.

Divrusion, dl-fu-zlon, s. f. diffusedness.

diffusion, spreading.
Diezon, a. m. Mar. triangular piece applied to fill up the knee of the angle of the head.
Diezens, died-ri, v. a. to digest or concoct (what one cats;) to bear or suffer, put up with, brook; discuss, examine, scan, sift or set in order.

DIGESTE, dl-zest, s. m. digest (of loses.) DIGESTRUR, s. m. machine or vessel ased

to cook meat expeditiously; digester.
Digesti-F, vz, di-se-ili, itv, adj. digestive, helping digestion, producing suppuration.
Digestion, di-se-ilon, s. f. digestion, concoction.
Cela est de dure digestion, one camnot digest or bear or brook such a thing.

DIGITALE, s. f. fox-glove.
DIGITE, B, adj. cut finger-like (in bottomy.) Digne, dign, adj. worthy, deserving. Digne de foi, digne de croyance, credible. Il a fait une action digne de hai, be has acted like himself. C'est une digne récompense de ses transux, that's a reward worthy of his toils.

DIGNEMENT, dign-men, adv. worthily.
DIGNITAIRE, di-gni-ter, s. m. dignitary,
man of high station in the cluvch.

Digsith, di-gul-th, s. f. dignity, worth. merit, importance, greatness, office, preferment, degree, honour.

DIGRESSION, di-grè-sion, s. f. digression.
DIGUE, dig, s. f. bank, dike, obstacle, pier.
La licence a rompu tostes les digues, licen-

tiousness has broken through all opposition.

Dison, V. Digeon. Dison is also a town in Burgundy.

DILACERATION, dl-la-sa-ra-slon, s. f. dilaceration. DILACÉRER, dl-là-sà-rà, v. a. to dilacerate.

*DILATEMENT, s.m.delay, put off, shuffling. DILAPIDATION, di-la-pi-da-slon, s. f.waste, destroying or letting of church buildings go to ruin for want of repairs, also injudicious

expenses, wasting of one's estate.

Dilaridam, di-la-pi-da, v. a. to dilapidate; also to spend inconsiderately, incur foolish

expenses.
DILATABILITÉ, dl-là-là-là-là-là, s. f. dilatability.

DILATABLE, di-là-tabl, adj. dilatable. DILATATION, di-là-ta-slon, s. f. dilatation. DILATATOIRE, s. m. dilator (surgical instrument.)

DILATER, dl-le-ta, v. a. Se dilater, v. r. to

bone, bot : jeune, meute, beurre : énfant, cent, lién : vin : mon . brun.

DILATOIRE, dl-là-twar, adj. dilatory, mak-

ing delays.
Dilayer, di-18-ya, v. a. to defer, put off, delay or use delay

DILECTION, di-lek-slow, s. f. dilection, love,

affection, charity.

Die en et di-lèm, s. m. dilemma.

Die en et di-lèm, s. m. dilemma.

Die en et di-lèm, s. di-lèm, adv. diligently.

DILIGENCE, dl-Il-zens, a.f. diligence, baste, speed, care, carefulness, swift carriage by land or water. Faire ses diligences contre quelqu'un faute de paiement, to prosecute one close for non-payment.

DILIGERT, E, dl-ll-zen, zent, adj. diligent, quick, laborious, pains-taking, careful, watch-

DILIGERTER, di-fi-zen-ta, v.a. to despatch. Dibgester, v. n. or se diligester, v. r. to make haste.

DILUVIES, KE, adj. diluvian, relating to the deluge.

DIMACHERE, s. m. gladiator who fought

with two swords. DIMANCHE, di-mensh, s. m. Sunday, the

Lord's day, the Sabbath or Sabbath-day.
Dime, dim, the tithe or tenth paid to the charch, ec.

DIMENSION, dl-men-slon, s. f. dimension.

DIMER, v. a. to tithe.

DIMEUR, s. m. tither, collector of tithes. Dimisure, dl-ml-nu-a, v. a. & v. n. to lessen, abate, diminish, decrease, sink, fall to decay, impair. Dimimier, v. n. Mar. Diminuer & rolles, to shorten sail, take in sail. Diminuer de fond, to shoal the water. Le vent a benucoup diminue, the wind is much abated.

Dimisori-F, ve, di-mi-nû-tif, tiv, adj. & s. diminutive.

DIMINUTION, dl-ml-nd-slon, s. f. diminution, diminishing, lessening, decrease, abatement. Diminution des figures, rebatement of

figures (in heraldry.)

Dimissoirm, di-mi-swar, s. m. dimissory letter from one bishop to another.

DINISSORIAL, E, adj. dimissory. DINAEDEBLE, di-nend-ri, s. i. brazier's ware.

DINANDIER, dl-nen-dla, s. m. brazier.

DIEDE, died, s. f. turkey-ben.

Diapon, dia-don, s. m. turkey-cock. DINDONNEAU, din-dô-nô,s.m. turkey pout,

little or young turkey.

DINDONNIER, din-dô-nla, s. m. turkey

Dindonnière, din-dô-nlèr, s. f. female tur-key-driver; also country girl (used reproach-fully.)
Din z, di-nh, s. m. dinner.
Din z, di-nh, s. f. dining place, dinner, charge for dinner. Notre dinée sera demain à charge for dinner. Notre dinée sera demain à Guildford, we shall dine to-morrow at Guild-

Disea, di-na, v. n. to dine or eat one's dinner. Allons diner, let us go to dinner. Faire un bon diner, to eat a good dinner.

Diner, s. m. dinner. Divide, dineur, s. m. one whose chief eat is his dinner. Un bon dineur, a great meal is his dinner.

eater, a high feeder. Diocksain, s. m. diocesan, bishop of a di-

Diocésain, E. di-o-sa-zin, zen, adj. be- pline.

longing to a diocese. L'évêque diocesais, the diocesan.

Diocese, di-ò-sez, s. m. diocese. Dioptrique, s. f. dioptricks.

DIPHTHONGUE, dif-tong, s. f. diphthong. DIPLOMATIE, s. f. knowledge of international concerns.

DIPLOMATIQUE, dÎ-plô-mâ-tîk, s. f. art of distinguishing true from fictitious diplomas. Le corps diplomatique, the foreign misisters at a court.

DIPLOME, di-plom, s. m. diploma, patent. DIPTIQUES, s. m. pl. diptick, a register

among the ancients.

DIRE, dir, v. a. to tell, say, recite, speak, talk, relate; to object, suggest; to mean, signify; to bid, desire; to offer or bid. C'est-a dire, that is, that is to say. Ce n'est pas à dire, it does not follow. Cela ne dit ries, that is nothing to the purpose. On dit, it is said, it is reported. Le caur me dit, my mind gives me. Dire à l'oreille, to whisper in one's ear. Dire la messe, to celebrate mass. Dire des injures à quelqu'un, to abuse one. Trourer à dire, to find fault with; to find wanting or to find missing. Il y a bien à dire du trai mu faux, there is a vast difference between truth and falsehood. Se dire, v. r. to entitle or call or profess or boast one's self, give one's self out for

DIRE, dk, s. m. saying, what one says, words. Le dire des témoins, the witnesses' depositions. A rotre dire, by what you say. Bien dire, eloquence, fine speech or words.

DIRECT, E, di-rekt, adj. direct, straight.

Par des voics directes ni indirectes, directly

nor indirectly.

DIRECTE, s. f. lordship, free tenure, freehold.

DIRECTEMENT, di-rekt-men, adv. directly, straightly.

DIRECT-KUR, RICE, dî-rêk-têur, tris, s. m. & f. director, overseer, manager. Directeur de conscience, ghostly father.

DIRECTION, di-rek-slon, s. f. directing, direction, conduct, overseeing, management. Direction d'un courant, Mar. setting of a current. Direction du vent, direction of the wind.

DIRECTOIRE, dî-rêk-twar, s. m. direc-

DIRIGER, dl-rl-zh, v. a. to direct, rule, steer, govern, guide, manage or frame. Diriger sa route rers, Mar. to shape one's course towards.

DIRIMART, dî-rî-men, adj. Ex. Un em-pechement dirimant, an impediment that in-

validates a marriage.

DISANT, E. di-zen, zent, adj. saying, etc.
Un homme bien-disant, a well spoken man.
Dexter, soi-disant Mi-Lord, Dexter, self-styled Lord.

DISCALE, S. f. tret.

DISCEPTATION, s. f. disputation.

DISCERNEMENT, di-sern-men, s. m. discernment, discerning or distinguishing, dis-cerning faculty, discretion, judgment.

Discenser, di-ser-na, v. a. to discera, distinguish.

Disciple, di-sipl, s. m. disciple, pupil.
Disciplinable, di-di-di-plinable, diciplinable, docile, tractable, capable of disciplinable.

bar, bat, base: there, ebb, over: field, fig: robe, rob, ford: mood, good.

DISCIPLINE, s. f. discipline. Donner la discipline à quelqu'un, to discipline or scourge

DISCIPLINER, di-si-pli-nk, v. n. to disci-pline, bring under a discipline, instruct, rule, order, scourge.

Discontinuation, dis-kon-ti-na-i-sion,

a. f. discontinuance, ceasing, intermission.

Discontinues, dis-kon-d-nd-d, v. a. to discontinue, intermit, or give over, leave off

for a time. v. n. to cease, give over.
DISCONVENANCE, dis-konv-nens, s. f. disproportion, inequality, difference.
Disconvenie, dis-konv-nir, v. n. (like ve-

mir) to disagree. DISCORD, E, adj. out of tune, discordant, dimonant.

Discordant, E, adj. dissonant, discordant, jarring, untunable, disagreeing.

DISCORDE, dis-kord, s. f. discord, division, isagreement, variance, strife, debate. Jeter mme de discorde, to set at variance, set

together by the ears.
Discorder, dis-kor-di, v. n. to jar, be out of tune.

DISCOUREU-R, SE, dis-kôo-rêur, rêuz, s. m. & f. talker, talking man or woman.

DISCOURIR, dis-koo-rir, v. n. (like courir,) to discourse, speak, talk or make a discourse,

DISCOURS, dis-koor, s. m. discourse or speech. Discours familier, familiar discourse or conversation. Discours oratoire, set speech, oration.

*Discourtois, E, adj. discourteous.

DISCOURTOISIE, s. f. discourtesy. DISCREDIT, dis-kra-dl, s. m. discredit.

Discripiti, z, adj. fallen into disgrace, out of favour.

DISCRET, E, dis-kre, kret, adj. discreet, wise, prudent, sober, considering or considerate, wary. Quantité discrète, discrete quan-

tity (in mathematicks.)
Discretement, dis-krêt-mên, adv. discreetly, wisely, prudently, with considera-

tion, warily.

DISORETION, dis-kra-slow, s. f. discretion, wisdom, prudence, consideration, wariness. Vivre à discrétion, to live at discretion, to have free quarters. Se rendre à discrétion, to surrender at discretion, yield without terms.

Disculpation, s. f. the act of exculpat-

DISCULPER, dis-kul-ph, v. a. to clear, excuse, exculpate or justify. Se disculper de, to clear one's self of, etc.

Discursi-F, vz, adj. discursory, argu-

mentative.

DISCUSSI-F, VE, adj. discussive (in medi-

Discussion, dis-ku-slon, s. f. discussion, strict examination or inquiry, diligent search or scrutiny; contest, dispute, wrangling. Discussion de biens, distraining and appraising of goods. On a fait la discussion de l'affaire en ma présence, the business was discussed before me.

DISCUTER, dis-kd-ta, v. a. to discuss, examine, scan or sift, search and inquire into. Discuter les biens d'un débiteur, to distrain, appraise and expose to sale the goods of a debtor.

DISERT, E, dî-zer, sert, adj well spoken, eloquent.

DISERTEMENT, dî-zêrt-mên, adv. eloquently, aptly, fluently, fully.
DISETTE, di-zet, s. f. want, scarcity, need;

dearth, penury.

*Disetteu-x, sr, di-sc-teu, teuz, adj. needy, in want.

DISEU-R, SE, di-zeur, zeus, s. m. & f. teller. Un diseur de bonne aventure, a fortune teller. Diseur de bons mots, jester, busion. Diseur de nouvelles, newsmonger. Diseur de riens, idle talker.

DISGRACE, dis-gras, s. f. disgrace, ill for-tune, misfortune, disfavour, losing of one's fa-vour, being out of favour; also awkwardnes.

Disgracif, E, adj. out of favour, disfi-gured, deformed. DISGRACIER, dis-gra-sia, v. a. to turn or

put out of favour. DISGRACIRUSEMENT, dis-gri-sièuz-men,

adv. disgracefully, disagreeably.
DISGRACIEU-X, SE, dis-gra-den, sieuz, adj. disagreeable, ungraceful, unpleasant.

DISGRÉGATION, s. f. separation, scatter-

ing.
DISJOINDRE, dis-zwindre, v. a. (like join-dre)to disjoin,part ordivide(immaterial things.) DISJOINT, E, adj. disjoined, parted, divid-

DISJONCTI-F, VE, dls-ronk-th, tv, adj. disjunctive.

DISJONCTION, dis-zonk-sion, s. f. disjunction, separation.

DISLOCATION, dis-lo-ka-slon, s. f. dislocation. Il y a dislocation, the bone is out of joint. Remettre une dislocation, to put a bone into joint again, to set a bone.

DisLoquen, dis-lo-ka, v. a. to put out of joint.

DISPARATE, dis-på-råt, s. f. extravagence or disconnexion (in conduct or conversation.) DISPARITÉ, dis-ph-ri-th, s. f. disparity, inequality, difference.

DISPARITION, s. f. disappearing. DISPAROITRE, dis-pa-reir, v. n. (see the table at oftre) to disappear, go out of sight, vanish away.

Dispindiru-I, se, dis-pen-dieu, dieuz,

adj. expensive.
DISPENSAIRE, s. m. dispensatory. DISPENSAT-EUR, RICE, dis-pen-ch-teur,

tris, s.m. & f. dispenser, disposer or distributer.

DISPENSATION, dis-pen-sa-sion, s. f. dispensation. distribution or distributing. DISPENSE, dis-pens, s. f. dispensation, license.

DISPERSER, dis-pen-sh, v. a. to dispense, bestow, dispose, distribute, administer, dispense with, excuse or exempt. Se dispense, v. r. to forbear, let alone, omit.

DISPERSER, dis-per-sa, v. a. to disperse or scatter.

scatter.

DISPERSION, dis-pèr-sion, s. f. dispersion.
DISPONIBLE, adj. to be disposed of.
DISPOS, dis-pò, adj. m. active, nimble.
DISPOSER, dis-pò-zà, v. a. to dispose, order or set in order, fit or prepare, make ready.
DISPOSER de, v. n. to dispose of. Se disposer à, v. r. to prepare one's self or make one's
self ready for. Re se disposent au trumile, they buckle themselves to the work. Se me they buckle themselves to the work. Je me dispose entierement. I am absolutely resolved or bent upon it. Dispositi-F, vz. dls-pô-zl-tif, tiv, adj. prebase, bât : jeunc, mêuto, beurre : énfant, cênt, lien : vin : mon : brun.

aratory. Jugement dispositif, precedent, ruled case.

DISPOSITIF, S. m. Ex. Le dispositif d'un acte de parlement, the enacting part of an act of parliament.

Disposition, dis-pô-z -slon, s. f. disposition, order, arrangement, situation, state, disposal, dispose or command, inclination, apt-ness, mind or resolution. Etre en bonne discition, to be in a good disposition of body, be well. Etre en mauvaise disposition, to be in an ill disposition of body, be ill or indis-Je ne más pas dans la disposition d'y aller, I have not a mind (I am not disposed) to go thinber.
Dispresention, dis-pre-per-don, s. f.

disproportion, inequality.
Disproportion ner, dis-pro-por-slo-na,

v. a. to disproportion, make unequal. DISPUTABLE, dis-po-tabl, adj. disputable. DISPUTE, dis-pot, s. f. disputation, dispute, debate, controversy, contest, quarrel or dif-

DISPUTER, dis-ph-th, v. a. to dispute, con-tend for, to quarrel about, oppose. Disputer is cent, Mar. to contend for the weathergage. Disputer, v. n. to dispute, contend, quarrel or wrangle, hold a disputation, debate. De quoi disputer-t-on? what is the matter in controversy? Si on vient à disputer làdesses, if the matter comes to a dispate or de-bate. Se disputer, v. r. to wrangle, quarrel

DISPUTEUR, dle-pū-teur, s. m. disputant. Disque, disk, s. m. disk; discus or quoit.

Disquisition, dis-thi-zi-slon, s. f. disquisi-

Dissoristios, descuisarion, a l'anquistion, discussion, inquiry or research (in science.)
Dissortium, di-sèk-tèur, s.m. anatomist.
Dissortium, di-sèk-sion, s. f. dissection.
Dissornatable, di-sèn-blabi, adj. unlike,

Serent, unresembling. Dissemblance, di-sen-blêns, s. f. unlike-

DISSEMBLER, v. a. to disseminate.
DISSEMBLON, di-sèn-don, s. f. dissension, dissons, variance, strife.
DISSÉQUEE, di-sà-fà, v. a. to dissect, ana-

tomise or cut up a body.
Diss zourun, di-sk-beur, s. m. anatomist. DISSERTATEUR, s. m. one who enters into dissertation (used reproachfully.)
DISSERTATION, di-ser-th-sion, s. f. disser-

DISSERTER, v. n. to treat upon.

Dissimilaine, adj. dissimilar.

Dissimulat-Eur, Rice, di-si-mû-lâ-têur, tris, s. m. & f. dissembler.

Discrizon of al-multi-slon, s. f. dis-tembling dissimulation, disguise, hypocrisy, constants.

DISSINULE, E, dl-d-mû-lâ, adj. dissembled, disguised, counterfeit, feigned, pretended, dissembling, cuaning, close. s m. & f. dismbler.

Disensuzzza, di-si-mū-la, v. a. to dissemble, feign, conceal, disguise, cloak or counterfeit, take notice of.

Dissipat-Run, Rice, di-d-ph-teur, tris, s. m. & f. waster, profuse or prodigal person, peachbrift.

DISSTATION, di-J-ph-sion, s. f. dissipa-tion, scattering, dispersing, waste or wasting, destruction, inattention, heedlessness.

Dissipé, E, adj. dissipated, etc. Un capril toujours dissipe, a mind always wandering or unwittled.

DISSIPER, dl-sl-på, v. a. to dissipate, remove, scatter, distract, disperse, dispel, waste or consume, spend or squander away, destroy, recreate. Se dissiper, v. r. to relax one's self, recreate one's self, dissipate

Dissolu, E, di-sò-là, là, adj. dissolute, lewd, loose, licentious, debauched, riotous. DISSOLVANT, E, dl-sôl-vên, vênt, adj. dis-

solvent.

DISSOLVANT, s. m. dissolvent, resolvent. DISSOLUBLE, di-sô-labl, adj. dissoluble. DISSOLUMENT, di-sô-la-mên, adv. disso-

httely, lewdly, licentiously, riotously.
Dissoluti-F, ve, di-sô-là-df, tiv, adj. dis-

DISSOLUTION, di-so-ld-slon, s. f. dissolution, separation, thing dissolved; dissoluteness, lewdness, licentiousness, riot, excess, depravation.

DISSONANCE, dl-sô-nens, s. f. dissonance,

disagreement in sound.

Dissonant, E, di-so-nen, nent, adj. dissoseat, discordant, disagreeing, jarring, untunable.

DISSOUDRE, df-soodr, v. a. (see the table at soudre,) to dissolve. part or separate, break up, melt or liquefy. Se dissoudre, v. r. to dissolve, melt, break up.

Dissout, E, adj. dissolved, etc. V. Dissou-

DISSUADER, dî-sû-à-dà, v. a. to dissuade,

advise to the contrary.
DISSUASION, dl-su-h-zlon, s. f. dissuasion.

Dissyllabe, dis-al-lab, adj. consisting of two syllables.

DISSYLLABE, s. m. dissyllable.

DISTANCE, distens, s. f. distance, space between, interval, difference. Prendre des distances, Mar. to take lunar observations.

DISTANT, E, dis-ten, tent, adj. distant, remote.

DISTENDRE, dis-tendr, v. a. to distend, stretch out.

DISTENSION, dls-ten-slon, s. f. distension. DISTILLATEUR, dls-tl-lh-teur, s.m. distiller. DISTILLATION, dis-ul-là-slon, s. f. distilling or distillation.

DISTILLATOIRE, adj. distillatory. DISTILLER, dis-ti-la, v. a. to distil. Distiller son esprit sur quelque chose, v. r. to beat or puzzle or spend onc's brains about a thing. v. n. to distil, to drop or run by little and little. Se distiller en lurmes, v. r. to melt into tears.

DISTILLERIE, s. f. distillery

DISTINCT, E, dls-tinkt, adj. distinct, different, clear, plain.

DISTINCTEMENT, dis-tinkt-men, adv. distinctly, clearly or plainly.

DISTINCTI-F, VE, dis-tink-tif, thv, adj. distinctive, distinguishing.

DISTINCTION, dis-tink-sion, s. f. distinetion; division, separation, difference, diversity, preference. Un homme de distinction, a man of note or above the common level. Distinctions d'écriture, stops used in writing. DISTINGUÉ, E, dis-tin-ga, adj. distinguish-

ed, etc. (Eminent) of note, eminent, considerable.

DISTINGUER, v. a. to distinguish; discern, note or mark, to raise above the common

bar, bat, base thère, ehb, over : field, fig : robe, rob, lord : mood, good.

level, to part or divide, make distinct. Se distinguer, v. r. to make one's self eminent, raise one's self above the common level.

DISTINGUO, s. m. logical distinction.

DISTIQUE, dis-tik, s. m. distich. DISTORSION, dis-tor-don, s. f. distortion. DISTRACTION, dis-trak-sion, s. f. absence of mind, inattention, heedlessness; separation.

DISTRAIRE, dis-trer, v. a. (like traire) to take off, divert from, distract, draw or pull asunder, separate, divide, dissuade. Se distraire de quelque dessein, v. r. to quit or forsake a design.

DISTRAIT, E, dis-trê, trêt, adj. taken off, etc. absent, inattentive, heedless.

DISTRIBUER, dis-tri-bû-k, v. a. to distribute, deal, part, share; divide, bestow, dispense, dispose, set in order. Se distribuer, v. r. to be distributed, etc.

DISTRIBUT-EUR, RICE, dis-tri-bå-têur, tris, s. m. & f. distributer or dispenser, divider.
DISTRIBUTI-F, VE, dis-tri-bû-tif, tiv, adj.

distributive.

DISTRIBUTION, dis-tri-ba-sion, s. f. distribution.

DISTRIBUTIVEMENT, dis-tri-bù-tiv-mên. adv. distributively, not collectively.

DISTRICT, dis-trik, s. m. district, extent of

jurisdiction, precinct.

DIT, E, adj. told, said, spoken, mentioned, etc. V. Dire. Le sermon est dit, the sermon is done. Guillaume premier, dit le conquérant, William the First, surnamed the conqueror. Il ne se le tint pas pour dit, he would not be said nay. It se le tint pour dit, he was or rested sa-tissied. Ce qui fut dit fut fait, he made his words good. Ledit homme, the said man. Ladite femme, the said woman. Susdit, before or above mentioned; and so with the other adverbs devant, apres, etc.

DIT, dl, s. m. saying, apophthegm. Avoir

son dit et son dédit, to say and unsay.

DITHYRAMBE, di-d-renb, s.m. dithyrambick. DITHYRAMBIQUE, dl-ti-ren-bik,adj. of the nature of or written like dithyrambicks.

DITOR, s. m. second, (in musick.)
DIVRETIQUE, dl-d-ra-dk, adj. & s. m. diuretick.

Diurnaire, s. m. diurnal officer.

DIURNAL, di-ur-nal, s. m. prayer-book for every day.

DIURNE, di-orn, adj. diurnal, daily. DIVAGUER, di-va-ga, v. a. to ramble or

have roving thoughts, wander from the subject. DIVAN, dl-ven, s. m. divan. Diranbegui,

lord chief justice among the Persians.

DIVERGENCE, di-ver-zens, s. f. divergency, (tending to various parts from one point.)
DIVERGENT, E, di-ver-zen, zent, adj. di-

vergent, tending various ways from one point. DIVERS, E, di-ver, vers, adj. diverse, dif-ferent, various, divers, several, many. DIVERSEMENT, di-vers-men, adv. diverse-

ly, severally, variously, differently.

Diversifier, di-ver-si-fl-a, v. a. to diversify, vary.

DIVERSION, dl-ver-sion, s. f. diversion or turning. Faire une diversion d'humeurs, to divert the humours.

DIVERSITÉ, di-ver-si-tà, s. f. diversity, dif-

ference, variety.
Divertir, di-ver-tir, v. a. to divert from, ortake off, embezzie, misapply, convey away, convert to one's use, divertise or divert, make merry, recreate. Se divertir, v. r. to divert one's self, take one's pleasure or diversion. make merry, make sport, laugh.
DIVERTISSANT, E, di-ver-ti-sen, sent, adj.

diverting, pleasant, entertaining

DIVERTISSEMENT, di-ver-di-men, s. m. divertisement, diversion, pastime, recreation. pleasure. Divertissement de deniers, diversion, pastime, recreation.

ing or misapplying, or emberring of money.
DIVIDENDE, di-vl-dend, s. m. dividend

DIVIN, E, dl-vin, vin, adj. divine.
*DIVINATEUR, s. m. diviner, conjurer.
DIVINATION, dl-vi-nk-don, s. f. divination.

DIVINATOIRE, adj. relating to divination. DIVINEMENT, df-vin-men, adv. divinely. DIVINISER, df-vf-nf-sh, v.a. to make divine. DIVINITÉ, di-vi-ni-tà, s. f. divinity or god-

bead; deity, god, goddess.
*Divis, adj. divided.
Diviser, di-vi-za, v. a. to divide, part, du tinguish or separate; disunite, set at variance.
Diviseur, di-vi-zeur, s. m. divider; die divisor (in arithmetick.)

DivisiBilité, di-vi-zl-bi-il-di, s. f. divisibility.

DIVISIBLE, di-vi-zibi, adj. divisible. Division, di-vi-zion, s. f. division or di-

viding separation: disunion discord variance, odds. Division, Mar. division or squadron. Divorce, di-vors, s. m. divorce, parting, variance, dissension, odds, quarret. Fair di vorce avec sa femme, to divorce one's wife, put her away. Faire divorce avec l'église, to lorsake the church.

Divulgation, di-vol-ga-slon, s.f. divulging.

DIVULGUER, df-vål-gå, v. a. to divulge, publish, speak abroad, blab out.
DIX, dfs. (The X before a voxel u pronounced like Z, before a consonant it is shed.) and when final sounds like 8) adj. ten. Dir. sept, seventeen. Le dix du mois, the tenh day of the month.

DIXAIN, V. Divain. DIXAINE, V. Divaine. DIXIÈME, di-zlèm, adj. & s. tenth, tenth

DIXIÈMEMENT, dî-zlêm-mên, adv. tent-

ly, in the tenth place. DIXME, s. f. V. Dime.

DIXMER, V. a. & n. V. Dimer.
DIXMEUR, S. m. V. Dimeur.
DIZAIN, di-zin, s. m. string of beads (containing ten pieces or courses;) stanza of ten

DIZAINE, dî-zên, s. f. ten or about ten,

number of ten, tithing. DIZRAU, di-zo, s. m. shock or heap of ten

sheaves of corn or bundles of hay. DIZENIER, diz-nia, s. m. leader of ten men.

DOCILE, dô-sîl, adj. docible, docile, trac-table, teachable, good natured.

DOCILEMENT, dô-sîl-mên, adv. with deci-

lity.

DoctLirk, do-sl-fl-th, s. f. docility, tracts-

DOCIMAISE OF DOCIMASTIQUE, s. f. the art of making experiments in mines to know the metals they contain.

DOCTE, dokt, adj. learned, erudite. La

doctes, the learned

DOCTEMENT, dokt-men, adv. learnedly. DOCTEUR, dok-teur, s. m. doctor. Decime

base, bat : jeune, meute, beurre : énfant, ciat, lieu : vis : mos : brus.

régent, professor. Docteur en Droit, en Théo-logie, etc.
DOCTORAL, R, dôk-tô-râl, adj. doctoral, of or belonging to a doctor.
DOCTORAT, dôk-tô-râ, s. m. doctorate,

doctor's degree.

DOCTORERIE, dok-tor-rl, s. f. exercise for the degree of a doctor of divinity.

DOCTRINAL, E, adj. doctrinal. DOCTRINE, dok-trin, s. f. doctrine, tenets,

maxims; knowledge, erudition.
*Document, do-kû-mên, s. m. document,

writen proof, instruction.

Doddcardens, s. m. dodecahedron.

Doddcardens, do-da-ka-gon, s. m. dode-

Cagou.
Dodreiner, dod-fl-nk, v. a. to rock. DODINER, (aE) se-dò-dì-nh, v. r. to cocker, pamper or make much of one's person; die to go well (acid of a roatch-veheel.)

Dono, dò-dò, s. m. (said of children) Ex.

Fire dodo, to go to sleep.

Donn, n, dô-dô, dà, adj. fat, plump.

Dogar, dô-gà, s. m. dignity or office of a

Doge, doz, s. m. Doge, (title of the chief magistrate of Venice and Genoa.)
DOGENATIOUS, dog-mâ-ilk, adj. & s. m. dogmatical, dogmatism. DOGENATIOUSMENT, dog-mâ-ilk-mên, adv.

dogmatically. Dogmatisen, dog-ma-tl-zh, v. n. to dogmatise.

DOGMATISEUR, dog-må-tl-zeur, s. m. dog-

DOGMATISTE, dog-ma-list, s. m. dogmatist. Doguz, digna, s. m. dogma, tenet, doc-

DOGRE, s. m. Mar. dogger.
DOGUE, dog, s. m. bull dog or mastiff.
Dogues d'amore, Mar. chestrees or holes of the chestroes.

Docume, (sz) dő-gá, v. r. to but (as rams

DOGUIN, E., do-gin, gh, s. m. & f. whelp.
DOIGT, dwh, s. m. finger, a finger's breadth,
nch: (as autronomy) digit. Doigt du pied, toe.
Doigts (σ birds) claus. Un doigt de vin.
a fille wine. Toucher a quelque chose du bout du daigt, to be very near a thing. Etre à quatre daigts de let mort, to be near one's grave. Vous wer mis le doigt dessus, you have hit the nail on the head. Toucher ou doigt, to see clearly or plandy. Faire toucher une chose au doigt, to decostrate a thing, make it perfectly clear. J'en

DOIGTER, v. n. to finger (an instrument of

musick), also s. m. fingering.

DoioTien, dwa-tik, s. m. cover for the thamb or finger; a rag about a sore finger. "Dot, doi, s. m. deceit, cheat, fraud.
Dot, 2, adj. planed.
Dot. 2, adj. planed.
Dot. 2, adj. planed.

plaint. Faire or conter ses doléances, to make

one's complaint, tell one's grievances.

Dollemment, do-la-men, adv. woefully, peofally.

DOLEN, R., dô-lên, lênt, adj. sorrowful, keful, wosful; moanful, grievous.
DOLERA, dô-lĥ, v. a. to plane.
DOLIMAN, s. s. a Turkish dress.
DOLORR, dê-lwâr, s. f. a plane; also kind كادف

of trues.

Dom, V. Don.

DOMAINE, do-men, s. m. domain, demain

or demesne, patrimony, inheritance.

DOMANIAL, E, dô-mâ-nl-âl, adj. of or belonging to a domain.

Dôme, dôm, s. m. dome or cupola.

DOMENGER, s. m. gentleman.
DOMERIE, s. f. title given to some abbeys.
DOMESTICITÉ, dô-mês-tl-sl-tâ, s. f. the be-

ing a servant.
Domestique, do-mes-tik, adj. domestick. of or belonging to the house. Animal domestique, tame creature.

Domestique, s. m. domestick, menial servant, one of the household; also family or household.

Donestiquement, do-mes-tik-men, adv.

servant-like, servilely; familiarly.

DOMICILE, dô-mi-sil, s. m. dwelling, abode, habitation, House.

Domicilif, I, do-mi-sl-lia, adj. seuled, that dwells in a place, domiciliated

DOMICILIER, (SE) sò-dò-mi-si-là, v. r. to seule or dwell in a place.

DOMIRART, E, dò-mi-nèn, nènt, adj. predominant, reiguing, ruling. Fief dominant, dominant, reiguing, ruling. Fief dominant, fee or manor belonging to a lord paramount.

DOMINATEUR, do-mi-na-teur, s. m. ruler,

lord.

*Dominatrice, do-ml-na-trls, s. f. woman that has the supreme authority.

Domination, do-mi-na-don, s. f. dominion, lordship, sovereignty, government, rule,

power, authority, empire.

Dominer, do-mi-na, v. n. & a. to domineer, rule, govern, bear rule or sway, be lord and master, have the mastery; to be predominant. Une montagne qui domine la ville, a hill that commands the town. Les pluies ont dominé pendant cet été, the rains have prevailed through the summer.

DOMINICAIN, s. m. Dominican, or white friar.

Dominicaine, s. f. Dominican nun. Dominical, E, do-mi-ni-kal, adj. domini-

cal. L'oraison dominicale, the Lord's prayer.

Dominicale, s. f. course of Sunday lectures or sermons. Précher la dominicale, or les dominicales, to preach the Sunday Ser-

*Dominicalier, dô-ml-nl-kl-lik, s. m.

Sunday preacher.
DOMING, dô-mi-nô, a. m. domino; (a capuchin, ball-dress and game.)

DOMINOTERIE, s. f. trade of marbled and coloured papers.

DOMINOTIER, s. m. paper-stainer or co-Dommage, dô-mâz, s. m. damage, preju-

dice, loss, hurt, detriment, disadvantage. Cest dommage, it is pity.

DOMMAGEABLE, do-mā-rābl, adj. hurtful, prejudicial, disadvantageous.

DOMPTABLE, dom-tābl, adj. that may betamed, governable.

DOMPTER, dom-th, v. a. to tame, sub-dne, vanquish; (us cheval) to break. Dompteur, dom-teur, s. m. tamer, van-

quisher, conqueror.

DOMPTE-VENIE, s. m. a sort of plant. Don, don, s. m. gift, present, endowment or advantage; also knack. Le Don (flesse de Russie,) the Don or Tanais. bar, bat, base: thère, êbb, ovêr: field, fig: rôbe, rôb, lôrd: môod, gôod.

DON or DON, don (a title in Spain.)
DONATAIRE, dô-nà-tèr, s. m. & f. donee.
DONAT-EUR, RICE, dò-nà-tèur, trìs, s. m. & f. doner or giver.
DONATION, dò-nà-slon, s. f. donation, gift,

free gift, deed of gift, grant. Faire donation de ses biens, to make over one's goods by deed

of gift.
Donc, *Doncquas, don, donk, conj. then, therefore.

DONDON, don-don, s. f. plump, jolly woman

or girl.
Donjon, don-zon, s. m. strongest and highon the top of a house.

DONNER, don, s. f. (at cards) deal, dealing. DONNER, do-na, v. a. to give; bestow, present with, make a present of: to cause, occa-sion, create; to instil, inspire, infuse, strike with; to deliver; pay; to grant; to ascribe, father upon; to sacrifice, lay down; (cards) to deal. Donner caution or repondant, to put in bail. Donner la fièvre, to put in a fever. Donner sa parole, to pass one's word, engage. Donner la mort à, to break the heart of. Donner de bons exemples à, to set good examples to or before. Donner une cassade (des cassades) or une baie (des baies) à, to put a sham upon. Donner jour, to appoint or name a day. Donner un moyen pour, to shew or suggest a way to. Donner son temps à l'étude, to bestow one's time upon books. Donner de main en main, to hand. Donner le honjour à quelqu'un, to bid or wish one good morrow. Je donne ma the à couper si, I will forfeit my head if. Je le donne au plus habile à mieux faire, I challenge or defy the best man to do better. Donner le nom à un enfant, to stand god-father to a child. Donner um livre au public, to print or put out or publish a book. Donner la terreur à quelqu'un, to strike one with terror. Donner du plaisir, to please, afford pleasure. Donner tout aux apparences, to go altogether by outward apnearances. Donner un bon sens à une chose, to put a good construction upon a thing. Donner un méchant tour à une action, to misrepresent an action. La vraie galanterie suit don-ner une vue agréable à des choses facheuses, true gallantry has a way of making sad things look pleasant. Donner entrée à l'air, to let in the air. Donner les chiens (in the chase) to cast or throw off or slip the dogs. Il faut donner quelque chase à son importunité, something must be yielded to his importunity. Après avoir tant donné à la civilité et à l'honnéteté, having done so much hitherto in point of kindmess and civility. Se donner du bon temps, to make much of one's self, pass away one's time merrily. It s'en donne le tort, he takes the blame upon himself.

Donner, v. a. Mar. Donner la route, to shape the course. Donner chasse, to give chase. Donner de l'air au bâtiment, to give the hip good way. Donner de ses vivres (de ses agrès, de ses roiles, etc.) à un vaisseau, to spare provisions, (rigging, sails, etc.) to a saip. Donner de son monde à un bâtiment, to turn over men to a ship. Donner du mou dans des amarres or des manaeuvres, to slack moorings or running ropes. Donner du tour à une reche, to give a good birth to a rock. Don-ner la calle, to keel haul. Donner l'escorte à

un navire, to convoy a ship. Donner u fête, to give an entertainment on board. Donner un cou de seine, to haul the seine. Don us coup de sonde, to get a cast of the lead.

Donner un coup de siffet, to pipe with a call.

Donner un coup de talon, to strike with the ship's heel. Donner un saif or un corro à us bâtiment, to pay a vessel's bottom. Donner rent devant, to beave in stays. Donner vent derant à un navire, to stay a ship. Donner fond, to cast anchor.

Donner, v. n. to strike, beat or hit; (of tree) to bear, yield. Donner du nez en terre, to fait into misfortunes. Le soleil donne à plomb sur leurs têtes, the sun shines perpendicularly upon their heads. En donner à garder, to put upon one, make one believe. Donner à con-notire, to let know, make or give to under-stand. Donner à penser à quelqu'un, to puz-zle one. Ne savoir ois donner de la tête, not to know which way to turn one's self, be put to one's last shift. Donner, to charge, engage or fall upon the enemy. Donner de l'epit dans le ventre à quelqu'uss, to run one through the guts. Donner des éperons à un cheral, or donner des deux, to clap spurs to one's horse. Donner on but, to hit the mark, hit the nailon the head. Donner dans une embuscude, to fall into an ambuscade. Donner dans le pière (dans le panneau, dans les toiles) to be cau is a snare, bite on the book, be trapped or caught. Donner dans le sens de quelqu'un. le be of the same mind with one; also to apprehend one's meaning. Donner dans le bons seu, to be in the right, act according to reason.

Donner dans les fariboles, to give credit to tales. Il n'est pas homme à donner là-dedans, he will never engage in that business. It donne à tout, he strikes at every thing. Si le vente donne, if the commodity sells well. Il or donne à tout le monde, he makes a foi of every body, he serves all people alike. Vis qui donne à la tête, wine that flies up into one's head, strong heady wine. Le blé a bien donné cette année, corn has been very plentiful this year.

Donner, v. n. Mar. donner fond (or better, jeter l'ancre) to cast anchor. Donner à traver quelque banc, to run aground. Donner à la grosse, to lend money on bottomry Domer grosse, to lend money on strait. Now don't dans un détroit, to enter a strait. Nous des nâmes dans le Fhamber pour nous mettre à l'abri, we ran for shelter into the Humber. Donner dans le port, to go into harbour. Donner dans acrus te port, to go into harbour. Homer acti um convoi, to run into the middle of a cou-voy. Donner à la lame, to touch the log-line occasionally when a following sea senti the log home. Donner de la voix, to sing out. (as when hoisting, hauling, etc.) Donner nor l'emnemi, to run down upon an enemy. Don-ner du beaumes sur la vousse d'um narire, to ner du beaupré sur la poupe d'un sarire, la poop a ship, run the bowsprit over the stern of a ship. Donner sur la barre d'une rinde, to take the bar of a river.

Se donner, v. r. à quelqu'es, to gire up one's self to one, put one's self under one's dominion, suhmit to one. Se donner gards or de garde, to beware, take heed, look about one's self. Se donner de garde de uelque chose, to take care not to do a thing. S'en donner, to drink briskly, take a large cup. Elle s'en fait donner, she has one that does her business for her. Se dosner de le base, bat : jeune, meute, beurre : enthat, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

the controle sour, to burt one's head against

Dosssun, dò-neur, s. m. giver. Un don-

ner de konjours, a man of words only. Donneuse, s.f. giver, woman apt jo give. C'est une grande donneuse de ce qui ne lui mite rien, she is very free of other people's par see

DONQUES, V. Donc.

DOST, don, pros. (used instead of de qui, august, de laquelle, desquels, desqueles, and quoi) whose, of whom, of which, whereof, by quii) whose, of whom, of which, whereof, by whom, by which, whereby, etc. (V. De.) L'homme dont je parle, the man of whom I peak. C'ast am homme dont les manières sont agréables, he is a man whose manners are plenning. Voilà l'ongle de cette femme dut come avez scheté la maison, there is the mache of that woman whose house you have bught. C'est l'homme du monde dont je fais to pius d'astime, that is the man whom I have the grantest entrem for. C'est la femme du manie dont je me sourie le moins, she is the woman that I heast care for. L'épée dont il s'et hatte, the sword he fought with. Ce would time a mouse care over. It spec some is over interest, the swoord he fought with. Ce dest fe mass on partie, what I told you of. Ce dest fe suggest, the business in hand. C'est ce dest if s'ageit menistensate enter sous, that is what we are now about. Tout ce dont if s'agit,

DORESLLE, don-zêl, s. f. damsel, gentle-cunan (in a slighting score.) Donane, dê-rêd, s. f. gold-ûsb.

Donas, z. adj. gik or gik over, etc. V. Do-rer, af a gold colour; golden.
Donassavant, do-rå-uk-vèn, (formerly Donassavant,) adv. hereaster, henceforth,

Donne, do-ra, v. a. to gild, gild over. Dow me paid, to wash a pie over with eggs. Donnus, do-reur, s. m. gilder. Doresse, s. f. gilder's wife or widow.

DORIEN, adj. m. a Greek dialect.
DORIGOE, adj. dorick, (order or sialect.)
DORIGOERA, dör-lö-lå, v. a. to pamper,
make much of, cocker. Se dorloter, v. r. pam-

per one's self, make much of one's carcase.
Donmany, m, dôr-mèn, mènt, adj. sleopng. Em dormante, still or standing or stagnant water. En dermant, in one's sleep. Le
dormant d'un cardage, Mar. the standing part

of a tackle or brace or other running rope.
Dozzezu-z, sz, dôr-mêur, mêuz, s. m. &

DORMED-E, SE, dôt-mêur, mêuz, s. m. & f. siesper, siespy person.

DORMEUSE, S. f. a sort of travelling chaise custivesed so as to form a sort of bed.

DORMEE, dôt-mêr, v. n. to siesp, be fallen siesp, rapose; to be still or standing, (said of seater.) Dormer d'un hon comme, to sumber. Dormer l'après dinée, to take a nap after inner. Paire des coutes à dormer debout, to tell idle tales or old women's stories. Laisser dermer su respectiones to less saids coutes redermir ses ressentimens, to lay aside one's retentment. Le chat dort tent qu'enfin il as re-ceile, the sloopy cat at length awakes. Donusti-r, vz., dòr-mi-ili, ilv, adj. &c a. toporifich.

Donosn, do-rwar, s. m. pestry-cook's or paker's be

Donormasz, s. m. & f. one greedy of pre-

Donnar., E, adj. that relates to the back. Donnera, die-twir, s. m. dormitory.

DORURE, do-rur, s. f. gilding. Dorure de patisserie, wash of eggs with which pastry-cooks glaze over their pies, etc.

Dos, do, s. m. back; (d'une montagne) ridge. Battre quelqu'un dos et ventre, to beat one soundly, maul one, rib-roast one. Tourner le dos, to be gone; also, to run away, betake one's self to flight or to one's heels. La fortune lui a towne le dos, fortune has left him in the lurch. Monter in cheval à dos, to ride a horse without a saddle. Peigne à dos, comb cut on one side only. Bateau fait à dos d'âne, sharp bottomed boat. Voite à dos d'âne, sharp raised vault.

Doser, doz, s. f. dose. Doser, do-za, v. a. to dose, prescribe the exact quantity.

Dossa, s. f. flitch of wood.

Dossier, do-sh, s. m. back (of a chair or form or couch.) Dossier de lit, head-board of a bed. Dossier, file or bundle (of papers.) Dossier d'un canot, Mar. back-board of a boat. Dossière, dò-sièr, s. f. ridge band.

Dor, dot, s. f. dowry or portion.

DOTAL, z, do-tal, adj. of or pertaining to a dowry or portion. DOTATION, s. f. endowment of a church.

DOTER, dô-tà, v. a. to endow; give a portion, to portion. D'ou, V. Où

DOUAIRE, doo-èr, s. m. jointure, settlement. Il hai a assigné dix mille écus de douaire, ho has settled ten thousand crowns upon her.

DOUAIRER, s. m. child who renounces the paternal estate and keeps to the mother's join-

DOUAIRIÈRE, doo-d-ri-er, s. f. dowager. DOUANE, doo-an, s. f. custom-bouse, cus-

toen, daty. DOUAINIER, doo-4-nla, s. m. officer of the custom-house.

DOUBLAGE, a. m. Mar. sheathing. Doublage de la quille, sheathing of the keel. Dou-blage du gouvernail, back of the rudder. Dou-blage d'un pouce, one inch stuff.

DOUBLE, doobl, adj. double; also deceitful, treacherous. Acte double, double, dupli-cate writing. Double fripon, great or arrant

knave.

DOUBLE, s. m. double, double part, two-fold, twice the value; duplicate or copy; French coin worth two deniers. Jouer à quitte ou double, to double or quit. Mettre en double, to double, fold in two. Double d'un menceurre, Mar. bight of a rope.

DOUBLEAU, s. m. Ex. Doublemex de volte. great or chief arches of a vault.

Breas or cases are need of a value.

DOUBLE-FEUILLE, s. f. a sort of plant.

DOUBLE-MENT, dôobl-mên, adv. doubly.

DOUBLEE, dôo-blà, v. a. to double; also to line (a garnest.) Doubler le pas, to mend one's pace, go inner.

DOUBLER, v. a. Mar. to sheath, furr, dou-ble upon, weather, etc. Doubler un bâtiment en cusave, to sheath a ship with copper. Doubler (un cap, une pointe,) to double or weather (a cape, a point.) Doubler l'arrière-garde en-nemie, to double upon the enemy's rear. Doubler le sillage d'un vaisseau, to sail as fast again as a ship. Doubler les écarts, to leave a shift between the scarfs of two picces payed together.

bar, bat, base : thère, êbb, over : field, fig : rôbe, rôb, lôrd : mood, good.

also imitation of precious stones.

Doublon, doo-blon, s. m. Spanish coin; also mistake in printing twice the same word.

DOUBLURE, doo-blur, s. f. lining (of garments.)

Douçain, dos-sin, s. m. kind of apple-tree.

Douce, the feminine of Doux.
Douceatre, doo-satr, adj. sweetish.

DOUCEMENT, dos-mên, adv. softly, gently, quietly, peaceably; calmly, delicately, mildly, lovingly, kindly, meekly, patiently, tenderly, agreeably, pleasantly; slowly, tolerably, so so. Gagner sa vie tout doucement, to pick up a livelihood, make a shift to live.

DOUGEREU-E, SE, adj. sweet, luscious, whining, affected, precise. Un doucereux, a

whining lover, an affected beau.

Dougar, rg, do-se, set, adj. counterfeit piece of modesty, one that looks demure, as if butter could not melt in his or her mouth.

DOUCETTE, s. f. corn sallad.

DOUCETTEMENT, adv. softly, gently. DOUCEUR, doo-seur, s. f. sweetness; softnoss; lenity, indulgence, gentleness, mildness; sweets, comfort, pleasure, delight; emolument. Aimer les douceurs, to love sweet things. Douceur de langage, sweetness or smeothness of expression, sweet or pleasant language. Douceur de naturel, sweetness, gentleness, softness; mildness, easiness of temper or nature, good nature, sweet temper. Aroir time trop grande douceur pour see esfans, to be too indulgent to one's children. Douceurs, sweet or flattering or coaxing expressions. Dire or conter des douceurs. V. Conter. Endouceurs, Mar. handsomely. Ex. Vire en douceurs. cor, heave handsomely.

DOUCHE, doosh, s. f. pumping (as they do at the bath.) Dormer une douche à quelqu'un,

to pump one.

DOUCHER, doo-sha, v. a. to pump (upon a diseased part, as they do at the baths.)

Doucing, s. f. cymatium, gola, ogee or

wave (in architecture.) Doug, k, adj. jointured, that has a jointure settled; also endowed, enriched.

DOUER, doo-k, v. a. to jointure, to make a settlement or jointure; to enrich, endow, bestow upon.

DOUILLAGE, s. m. stuff badly woven.
DOUILLE, dool, s. f. socket (of a pike, of a halberd, etc.)

DOUILLET, TE, do-le, let, adj. tender, nice, that cannot bear with the least inconvemiency; soft, tender.

DOUILLETTEMENT, doo-lêt-mên, adv. at case, softly, tenderly.

DOULEUR, doo-leur, s. f. pain, ache, soreness, stitch; grief, sorrow, affliction, torment, anguish. Les douleurs de l'enfantement, the throes or pains in childbirth.

*Douloir (SE). V. Se plaindre.

DOULOUREUSEMENT, doo-loo-reuz-men, adv. heavily, woefully, grievously, cruelly, sadly.

DOULOUREU-X, SE, doo-loo-reu, reuz, adj. painful; smarting; dolorous, sorrowful, griev-ous, sad, wooful, tender.

DOUTE, doot, s. m. doubt, question, doubtful thing, uncertainty, irresolution, suspense, DRAGUER, v. n. to drog, fish for something scruple, fear, apprehension, misgiving, suspint the see. v. a. Mar. to drag. Draguer me

DOUBLET, doo-ble, s. m. doublet (at dice ;) || cien. Sans douts, adv. undoubtedly, without doubt, doubtless, questionless

DOUTER, doo-ta, v. n. to doubt or question. On ne doute pas qu'il x'arrive, he will surely come. Se douter de, v. r. to have an inkling of, conjecture or suspect, think, suspect, mistrust or fear.

DOUTEUSEMENT, doo-teuz-men, adv. doubtfully, in a doubtful manner, uncertainly,

ambiguously, obscurely.
DOUTEU-E, SE, doo-teu, teuz, adj. doubt-ful, dubous, uncertain, ambiguous, obscure.
Piece d'argent douteuse, piece of money that looks suspicious.

Douvain, doo-vin, s. m. wood fit to make staves for casks.

DOUVE, doov, s. f. staff or stave, (Phr. staves) to make casks; also a sort of plant pernicious to sheep.

pernicionas to sincep.

Dout-x, cz, doo, doos, adj. sweet, soft.
easy, mild, gentle, quiet, meek, sweet-named,
of a sweet temper, tractable, affable, pleasant,
agreeable, charming, comfortable. Eas donc,
fresh water. Potage qui est trop douz, pottage that is not salted enough. Faire les year
doux à sur frame, to be sweet unon a woman, doux à une femme, to be sweet upon a woman, make love to her. Faire les doux yeux à quelqu'un, to look sweetly or amorously upon one. Un style doux, a free easy style, a soft way of writing. Medecin wean douce, young, unexperienced physician, rain water doctor.

Doux, adv. softly, gently. Tost doux, gently, softly. Cheval qui va fort doux, horse that goes very easy. Filer doux, to suffer an injury from a superiour patiently.

Douzain, doo-zin, s. m. a base old French coin, worth twelve deniers or a pensy.

ar Imelie. Douzaine, doo-zên, s. f. doz Demi-douxaine, half a dozen. Un porte à l'

donzaine, a poetaster, a paitry poet.

Douzk, dooz, adj. twelve; (twelfth, in dates.)

Douzigur, doo-ziem, adj. & s. twelfth. DOUZIÈMEMENT, adv. twelfthly, in the tweifth place.

DOXOLOGIE, s. f. dosology. DOYEN, dwa-yen, s. m. dean; eldest in a

Corporation or society; senior.

DOYENEE, dwk-ye-na, s. m. desaship or

deanery; also sort of pear. DRACHME, dragm, s. f. drachm, dram. DRACUNCULE, s.m. little worm, dracunculus.

DRAGAN, s. m. Mar. wing-transom of a galley

DRAGÉE, dra-za, s. f. sugar-plums; medin; small shot. Ecarter la dragée, to sputter in speaking.
DRAGEOIR, s. m. comfit-box.

DRAGEON, dra-zon, s. m. shoot, sucker. DRAGEONNER, dra-zo-na, v. n. to shoot forth suckers.

DRAGIER, s. m. sugar-plum box. DRAGME, V. Drachme. DRAGON, dra-gon, s. m. dragon; dragoon: cataract (on the eye.)

DRAGONNEAU, s. m. draeumcal worm between the skin and the flesh.)

DRAGORNADE, s. f. dragonaing. DRAGUE, s. f. grains or husks of makes. hausted in brewing; also drag. Dragut, Mar. drag.

bose, bût : jêûne, mêute, bêurre : ênskat, cênt, liên : vin : mon : brust.

see, to drag av sweep for an anchor, sweep []

DRAILLE, s. f. Mar. stay.
DRAMATIQUE, dra-ma-ik, adj. dramatick, shuging to plays. Le dramatique, dramat-

DRAMATISTE, s. m. dramatist.

DRAME, drâm, a. m. dramaisst.
DRAME, drâm, a. m. drama, play.
DRAME, drâm, a. m. cloth, woollen cloth. Gross drap, coarse cloth. Drap fas, superfine cloth. Drap fas bit shoot (for a bod.) Drap mortunire, pall. Mattre une personne en de benuc draps blancs, to set one in his proper colours, meak ill of one. speak ill of one.

DRAPE, E, adj. hung with black or moura-ing. etc. V. Druger.
DRAPEAN, dra-po, s. m. rag, clout, colours

and of col

DRAPER, dra-pa, v. a. to make cloth; to mill (steckings;) to put on black, cover or hang with meuraing; (in painting) to make the drapery of, clothe; to jour or banter, con-

DRAFERIE, drap-ri, s. f. cloth trade, dra-

BRAPHER, drå-plå, s. m. cloth-maker; also draper or woolken-draper. DRASTIQUE, adj. drastick. Dråcene, dråch, s. f. malt.

DRELLE, drè-lin, tinkle, sound of a small

DRESE, dres, s. f. piece of leather to underlay a shoe that goes awry. Mettre une

drane a use soulier, to underlay a shoe.

Drasses, drd-sk, v. a. to snake straight, raise, set up, erect; to irain up, bring up, instruct, discipline, (use chead) to broak or tanange; (use state; etc.) to erect, raise; (us his) to put up; (use tente) to pitch; (use derit) to draw, draw up; (us livre) to heat: the raises of the cheat; the raises to dress; then extreet to (une derm) to ciraw, ciraw up; (une store; un beat; (de vigne) to dress; (une arrive) to trin; (de padage) to dish up; (du linge) to pul out; (note embliche, un priege) to lay. Dresser ann intention, to direct one's inten-tion. Thusawa on marche, in direct or store. tins. Dresser sa starche, to direct or steer e's cars.

Dresser, v. a. Mar. to trim, etc. Dresser une internation, to trim a boat. Dresse le canot, trim the boat. Dresser les vergues, to square the yards by the braces and lifts. Dresse les orgues partout, square the yards fore and a. Dresse la barre, right the helm.

Dresser, v. n. to stand, rise on end, stare. Ser chemes her dressent, his hair stands up or rises on end, his hair stares. Cela me fit dresser les chemess, that made my hair stand es end. Se dresser, v. r. to stand or stand

up, rise.

DRILLE, dre-swar, s. m. sideboard.

DRILLE, dress, s. m. fellow; also sort of oak; and old rag to make paper with. Un bon chi; end old rag to make paper with. Un hon drille, a poor fellow, Un possers drille, a poor fellow, a poor wretch.

"DRILLER, dri-ft, v. n. to post or scour street and the first hand.

sway, march off in hasto.
DRISSE, s. f. Mar. Drisses des huniers et tres wiles espérieures, baliards. Drisses du hause sorgues, joern. Drisse d'un pic or d'une vorgue à corne, gasf-haliard. Drisses du units suriques, throat-haliards. DROGHAS, drog-min, a. m. interpreter.

DROGUE, drog, s. f. drug; also stery cotamodity, stn

DROGUER, dro-gh, v. a. to physick. Se droguer, v. r. to take a great deal of physick or many slops.

DROGUERIE, s. f. generick name for all

sorts of drugs.

DROGUET, dro-ge, s. m. drugget.
DROGUER, dro-ge, s. m. chest of drawers or cabinet where drugs are kept.
DROGUETE, dro-gest, s. m. druggist.

DROIT, E, drwa, drwat, adj. right; straight, direct; honest, unright; sincere, righteons, just; good, sound or clear; up, upright, standing. Le chemin d'ici là est tout droit, the way leads directly thither. Chemin qui est droit, horse that is not lame. Le mein droite, the right hand.

DROIT, adv. straight, straight on, straight along, straight way, right on, directly. Aller droit, to have a frank, upright, honest or plain way of dealing. Je was ferni been surcheduct I will been was to made helpesing.

way or ceaning. Je tous jerm buts marche-droit, I will keep you to good behaviour. Droit comme ca. Mar. thus, thus. Droit is burre, put the heim amidships.

DROIT, s. m. right; reason, equity, jus-tice; law; power, authority; right, preroga-tive, privilege; right, claim, title; see; duty, tax, custom. A box droit, not without a cause, justly, descreedly. A test or A droit right on justly, deservedly. A tout or à droit, right or wrong. Droit d'aucrage, Mar. anchorage ar anchorage duty. Droit de fret, lastage. Droit de halage, towage. Droits de pilote, pilotage. Droits de quai, wharfage. Droit de tomage, tonnage.

DROITIER, E, drwk-til, tier, adj. righthanded.

DROITURE, drwk-tdr, s. f. rectitude, equity, uprightness, integrity, honesty. Droiline d'esprit, soundness or clearness of reason. En droiture, directly, straight. Ce bâtiment uses droiture à la Chine, Mar. that ship is going to China direct.

*DROITURIER, E, adj. righteous.

DROLE, dròl, adl. pleasant, merry, joece, jocund, comical, facetious, queer.
DROLE, a. m. brisk or merry fellow, good companion, droll. Un drôle de corpe, a pleasant merry fellow, a wag.
DROLEMENT, dròl-mēs, adv. pleasantly,

comically.

DROLERIE, drol-ri, s. f. drollery, buffoon-

ory, jest.

Drôlesse, drô-lês, s. f. bold, impudent woman, weach, prositite.

Drohadaire, drô-mà-dèr, s. m. drome-

DECME, s. f. Mar. raft (of masts, spars, etc.) DROPAX, s. m. sort of plaster made of ail and resin

DROSSE, s. f. Mar. truss, dc. Drosse d'artimon, mison truss. Grandes dresses or dresses de la grande vergue, main trusses. Drosse de missime, foro-trusses. Drosse de raosge, par-rel. Drosse de gouvernail, tillor-rope. Drosse de comon, gun inckle.

bår, båt, båse : there, ebb, over : field, fig : robe, reb, lård : mood, good.

DROSSER, v. a. Mar. to drive. Etant drossés par les courans, nous nous trosvésmes à la pointe du jour à la noue de Malaga, being driv-en by the currents, we found ourselves at day-break in sight of Malaga. DROUINE, droo-in, s. f. tinker's bag. DROUINEUR, droo-ineur, s. m. tinker.

DRU, E, dru, u, adj. planted thick or close; brisk, pert; fledged. DRU, adv. thick, thickly.

DRU, sav. unck, threkly.

DRUDE, dru-ld, s. m. druid.

DRYADE, drl-ld, s. f. dryad.

DU, dû, (prep. and article) of the, from the, some, acc. V. De. Du commencement, in the beginning. Du moins, at least, at the least.

Du tout, at all, in the least. Point du tout, not at all.

Du, s, adj. due, owing. Du, du, s. m. due, what is owed, what is owing; duty. Je ne demande que mon da, I ask no more than my due. C'est le dû de ma charge, it is the duty of my office. Pour le du

de ma conscience, to satisfy my conscience.

DUBITATI-F, VE, dû-bl-tk-tif, tiv, adj. du-

bitative.

DUBITATION, s. f. dubitation. Duc, duk, s. m. duke; horned owl.

DUCAL, E, du-kal, adj. ducal, of or belong-

ing to a duke.

DUCALE, s. f. patent of the Venetian senate.

DUCAT, dù-kh, s. m. ducat.

DUCAT, adj. Ex. Or ducat, gold ducat. DUCATON, dd-kd-ton, s. m. ducatoon (coin worth about 5s. 6d.)

Duch £, då-shå, s. m. & f. dukedom,duchy. Duchzssz, då-shès, s. f. duchess. Ductilz, dåk-til, adj. ductile, easy to be

hammered or beaten into thin plates.

DUCTILITE, dak-d-ll-th, s. f. ductility.

DURGER, S. f. duenna.
DURL, duel, s. m. duel, single fight; dual number (of Greek nouns.)

DUELLISTE, du-é-list, s. m. duellist. DUIRE, v.n. duisont, duit, to suit or please.

*Duit, z, adj. trained up or used to a thing. DULCIFICATION, s.f. dulcification, the act

of sweetening or tempering mineral acids.

Dulcifier, dul-d-fl-k, v. a. to dulcify or sweeten.

Dulie, s. f. worship of saints, dulia. Dungny, du-men, adv. duly.

Dune,dan, s. f. down. Dunes, Mar. downs (sand banks bordering on the sea coast.)
DUNETTE, dû-nêt, s. f. Mar. poop.

Dvo, dù-o, s. m. duet, duetto.

DUPE, dup, s. f. dupe, also a game at cards. DUPER, du-pa, v. a. to dupe, deceive, cheat, gull.

DUPLEIE, dûp-rl, s. f. cheat.
DUPLICATA, dû-plî-ka-ta, s. m. duplicate
or copy (of a writing.)

DUPLICATION, s. f. duplication.

DUPLICATURE, s. f. duplicature, fold. DUPLICITE, dd-pli-si-ta, s. f. duplicity or

being double; duplicity, double dealing, knavery.

DUPLIQUE, då-plik, s. f. rejoinder.

DUPLIQUER, dù-pli-kk, v. a. to rejoin, put in a rejoinder.

DUQUEL, dû-kêl. (pour de lequel) of whom, of which, whereof. etc. V. De.

DUR, E, dur, dur, adj. hard; firm, tough grievous, sad; difficult; hard-hearted, cruel: harsh, dull, heavy; (style) stiff, rough, rug ged. Pain dur, stale bread. Vismie dure, tough meat. Avoir Poreille dure, the dur d'oreille, or entendre dur, to be hard or thick or dull of hearing. Un livre dur à la vente, a slow or heavy book, a book that does not go off well. Dur à la desserve, close-fisted. Dur à la cerim hardment to thirm. Dur à se à la fatique, hardened to fatique. Dur et set (in painting) hard and dry or stiff (the contra-ry of mellow and soft.) Le vis est dur, the wine is pricked.

DURABLE, du-rabl, adj. darable, lasting.

DURACINE, s. f. a sort of peach. DURANT, du-ren, prep. during. tout l'hiver, all winter long. "Durant que, whilst, when.

Durcer, dür-chr, v. a. to harden, make hard or stiff. v. n. Se charcir, v. r. to harden or grow hard. Le vin fait charcir la viande, wine

DURE, our life is so very short.

DURE, s. f. ground, bare ground.

DURE, s. f. ground, bare ground.

DURE, s. f. duration, continuance.

Etre de durée or de longue durée, to be durable, lasting or permanent. Notre vie est de si peu de durée, our life is so very short.

DUREMENT, dur-mên, adv. hard, stif, radely monthly

rudely, roughly.

DURER, dd-rh, v. n. to last, endure, hold out, continue, stand or abide. Ne possed durer dans an peas, to be ready to losp out of one's skin. Je ne pass durer de chass, I am so bot I know not what to do with myself. Le temps list dure, time hangs heavy upon him. On ne souroit durer over list, nobody can live with him.

*DURET, TE, då-rë, rët, adj. rether frm, somewhat hard or tough. DURETÉ, dùr-th, s. f. hardness ; firmness, toughness; harshness, hard-heartedness, intougness; harshoes, hard-heartedness, li-fexibility, ruggedness, cruelty, rigour, bar-barity, callosity, hard skin; (ef style) rough-ness, ruggedness. Duretés, hard words. Du-reté d'orcille, thickness or duliness of hearing. Dureté de pincess, stiffness of one's pencil, stiff way of painting. Si vosse étes encore dans la dureté de ces sentimens, if you still entertain those hard thoughts. Ils se dirent quelques duretés, there passed annue hard warnie ha duretés, there passed some hard words between them.

DURILLON, dù-rl-lon, s. m. callosity, hard skin.

DURILLOWER, (SE) v. r. to grow callous into corns.

DURIUSCULE, dù-ri-às-kùi, adj. somewhat

Dusil, s. m. tap or fancet. DUTROA, s. m. a sort of plant that grows in America.

DUUNTIRAT, s. m. magistracy among the Romans.

Duumvirs, s. m. pl. duumviri.

DUVET, då-vê, s. m. down; soft feathers; first beard, soft hair. Coucher sur le dans, to lie upon a down bed.

DUVETEU-X, SE, adj. downy. DYNAMIQUE, S.f. science of moving powers. DYNASTE, s. m. little sovereign.

DYNASTIE, df-nks-ti, s. f. dynasty.
Dyscour, dks-kôl, adj. who departs from
an established opinion or with whom it is difficult to live.

Dyspersen, dis-pip-al, s. f. dyspersy. DYSPRÉE, s. m. dyspacea.

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bûse, bût : jêûne, mêute, bêurre : ênfânt, cênt, liên : vin : mon : brun.

DYSSEFFERIE, dl-scot-ri, s. f. dysentery, | bloody flux.

Dyssentérique, adj. of or belonging to

Dysumie, di-zd-ri, s. f. dysury.

E.

E, å, s. m. 5th letter of the French alphabet. EAU, 0, s. f. water; rain-water, rain; water, gloss, lustre; river, lake, pond, etc.; urine; tests; juice. East rose, rose water. East-detems; junce. East rose, rose water. East-ac-ric, brandy. East-régale, aqua regalis. East forte, aqua fortis. East de accomage, soap sods. Couleur d'east, blue or blue coloured. Porter de l'east à la sur, to carry coals to Newcastle. Il tombe de l'eau, it rains. Faire de l'esse, to make water. A fleur d'esse, on a level with the water. Il semble qu'il ne soit s troubler l'ess, he looks as démure as if etter would not melt in his mouth. Mettre it l'ess dans son vin, to cool or allay one's possion. Tout s'en est alle à vau l'ean, all is gone to wreck. Etre tout en eau, to be in a great sweat, be wet all over. Fondre en eau, to melt or dissolve in tears. Battre l'eau, to take soil (as a deer does.) Battre l'eau, to reat the air. Eau marine. V. Beril. Eaux a forets, a. f. pl. jurisdiction over the forests and rivers, etc. Maître des caux et forets, chief justice in eyre.

East, s. f. Mar. water, etc. East changée, water the colpur of which is altered by approaching the shore or otherwise. East douce, iresh water. Courant d'eau douce à l'em-bouchure d'un fleuve, fresh shot. Eau corrompue, stinking water. East salée, salt water. East summâtre or saumache, brackish water. East mortes, neap tides. East rious, spring tides. East peu profonde, shoal water. Les easts d'un bâtiment, the wake of a ship. Venir dans les caux d'un bâtiment, to come into a ship's wake. Mettre un bâti wo come tand a smp's wake. Mettre un distinct à l'esus, to leamch a ship. Faire de l'em, to water. Faire eau, to leak, make water. Faire une voie d'em, to spring a loak. Navire qui fait eau, ship that leaks, leaking ship. Eaux qui se trouvent en dessous du vongrage d'un bâtiment, et qui ont leur écoulement vers l'archi-pompe, bilge water. Il y a beaucoup d'eau dans cette passe, the water is very deep in this channel. Combien y 04-th d'em à la pompe? what water is there in the well? Nous faisions 36 pouces d'em par heure. We were making 3 feet water an bour. Un bould entre deux eaux, a shot between wind and water. V. Avoir.

EBAHI, E, adj. aghast, surprised, astonished, amazed.

EBAHISSEMENT, &-bà-le-mên, s. m. surprise, astonishment, amazement.
"EBAHIR, (s') så-bå-ir, v. a. to admire, be

amazed, surprised, astonished.
EBARBER, å-bår-bå, v. a. to shave, strip (quils,) take off the rough edge of paper, to strape smooth the strokes of the graver. EBARBOIR, s. m. tool to take off the rough

edre of paper; scraper (of engravers.)
EBAROUI-E, adj. Mar. desiccated.
EBARS, 3-bs, s. m. pl. pleasure, sport, di-

Trion, pastime.
**Enarrement, s. m. V. Ebuts, play or room to move.

EBATTRE, (s') så-båtr, v. r. (like åettre) to take pleasure

EBAUBI, E, &-bô-bi, bi, adj. astonished. amazed.

EBAUCHE, &-bosh, s. f. first draught or rough beginning (of any work,) sketch. EBAUCHER, a-bo-sha, v. a. to begin or make

the first draught of, to sketch or rough-hew. EBAUCHOIR, a-bo-shwar, s. m. gree

hatchel (used by rope-makers,) great chisal (used by statuaries.)

"EBAUDIR, v. a. to cheer, make merty: *S'ébaudir, v. r. to be full of mirth, leup for

EBRUDISSEMENT, s. m. sport and mirth. EBR, s. f. Mar. ebb, ebb-tide, ebbing wa-

ter, low water. Erikur, å-bën, s. f. ebony, eben, ebon. Ericura, å-bë-në, v. a. to stain wood like

ebony.
Enguier, à-bà-nià, s. m. ebony-tree.
Enguier, à-bà-nià, s. m. ecoinet-maker.
Enguierente, s. f. ebonis's trade or work.

hhlo-ir, v. s. to dazzie.

EBLOUIR, a-bloodr, v. a. to dazzle. EBLOUISSANT, E, a-blood-sen, sent, adj. dazzling.

ERLOUISSEMENT, &-bloo-is-men, s. m. dazzling; dimness of sight.
ERORGNER, &-bor-gra, v. s. to make

blind of one eye, put out one eye.

*EBOUFFER, (s') de rire, v. r. to break out into laughter, split one's sides with laughter. EBOUILLIR, &-boo-fir, v. a. (like bouillir)

to over boil, boil to raga.

EROULEMENT, &-bool-men, a. m. falling, tumbling or sinking down.

EROULEN, &-boo-lh, v. n. S'ésouler, v. r. to fall, tumble or sink down, fall to ruin.

EROULES, &-boo-lh, s. m. rubbish.

EBOURGEONNEMENT, &-bôor-sôn-mês, s.
m. pruning of superfluous buds.
EBOURGEONNER, &-bôor-sô-nâ, v. a. to nip,
prune or take off the uncless buds of vines, etc. EROURGEONNEUR, A-boor-20-neur, s. m.

nipper or pruner.

EBOURIFFE, E, &-bôo-rì-fà, adj. dishevel-led or put out of order by the wind.

EBOUSINER or EBOUZINER, v. a. to take off the soft crust of stones when fresh from the quarry.

EBRANCHEMENT, & brensh-men, s. m. lopping, cutting off, pruning.
EBRANCHER, a-bren-shi, v. a. to lop,

prune, cut the branches off

EBRANLENENT, & brend-men, s. m. shak-ing, shock; trouble, fear. EBRANLER, & brendh, v.a. to shake, move,

stagger; deter, bribe or corrupt. Bebranler,

v. r. to shake, stagger, make a motion, move; to give way (acid of troops.)
EBRECHER, a-bork-sha, v. a. to break a piece (of a kmie, etc.) make a notch or gap in.
EBRECHER, abr-nh, v. a. to cleanse a child

om excrement.

ERRIETS, s. f. ebriety, druskenness.

ERRILLADE, s. f. jerk with the bridle.

ERROUBENT, s. m. morting of a horse.

ERROUBER, (s') v. r. to mort (as a horse.)

Francuer v. a. to wash a piece of cloth from excrement ERROUER, v. a. to wash a piece of c ERRUITER, å-brůl-tå, v. a. to divulge. S'ebruiter, v. r. to be divulged, to get air. EBUARD, s. m. very bard wooden wedge

bar, bat, base : there, ebb, over : field, fig : robe, rob, lord : mood, goed.

EDULLITION, &-bd-li-sion, s. f. ebullition, boiling up, breaking out (on the skin.) Ebul-

poling up, breaking out the brains.

Ecaché, e, à-kâ-shâ, adj. pashed, squash-ed, beaten or bruised flat.

Ecachement, s. m. bruising, bruise.

Ecachement, a. m. bruising, bruise.

best or bruise, flat, crush.

EGACHEUR, å-kå-shëur, d'or, s. m. gold beater.

Ecaille, å-kål, s. f. scale; shell (of fish.) Ecailler, e, å-kå-tå, ter, s. m. & f. oys-

man, oyster-woman. ECAILLER, v. a. to scale (fish, etc.) S'écailler, v. r. to peel off, scale. ECALLEU-K, SE, adj scaly.
ECALE, a-kal, s. f. shell (of muts.)
ECALER, a-kalla, v. a. to shell (muts.)

ECARBOUILLER, v.a. to squash, dash, crush. ECARLATE, &-kar-lat, s. m. scarlet. Ecarlate cramoirie, scarlet dyed in grain.

ECARLATIN, s. m. scarlet cider. ECARLATINE, &-kar-la-tin, adj. f. fieure écarlotine, scarlet fever.

EGARQUILLE, E, adj. spread, op

ECARQUILLEMENT, &-kar-kl/-men, s. m. spreading, opening, staring.
ECARQUILLER, A-khr.kl-th, v. a. to spread

or open (one's legs.) Ecarquiller les yeux, to open one's eyes wide, stare.

ECARTR, V. Equarrir.

ECART, å-kår, s. m. ramble, stepping or going aside or out of the way; cards laid or thrown out. Faire un écart dans un discusses rown out. Faire un écart dans un discours, to ramble, make digression in a speech. Faire de écarts, to spend extravagantly, be extra-vagant. Faire son écart, to lay out one's cards, discard. A l'écart, out of the way, aside, apart, by one's self, in a by-place. Ecart, s. m. Mar. scarf. Ecart simple or carré, but and but or junction of the but-ends of two planks. Ecart double, scarf or two ends of timber laid over each other. Ecorts de l'étrave, scarfs of the stem. Ecarts de la quille, scarfs of the keel.

quante, scarps of une Koot.

ECARTE, E, &-kår-tå, adj. removed, disparsed, etc. Chemin écarté, by-way. V. Écarter.

ECARTELÉ, E, adj. quartered. Il porte
écartelé d'argent et sable, he bears quarterly

away, disperse, scatter; to discard or lay out one's cards. Ecarter dis droit chemin, to put from or out of the right way, mislead. Sécurter de son chemin, v. r. to go out of or lose one's way. S'écurter de son sujet, to wander from the subject, ramble. S'écarter du hon sens, to swerve from reason. S'écarter du sentiment des autres, to be singular in one's opinions.

Есск-номо, s. m. ecce-homo, (a picture in which J. C. is represented such as he was when Pilate presented him to the Jews.) R a l'air d'un ecce-homo, il fait comme un ecce-homo, he is in a deplorable condition. Есснумова, s. f. Ecchymosis, red spot.

ECOL SSIASTE, & klå zlåst, s. m. Ecclesiastes. ECCL SSIASTEQUE, & klå-zlås-tik, adj. eccle-siastical, ecclesiastick, belonging to the church.

Ecclésiastique, s. m. occlesiastick, clergy man, churchman; also Ecclesiasticus (an apocryphal book.)

ECCLESIASTIQUEMENT, 8-klh-sik-dk-men, adv. ecclesiastically, churchmanlike. Eccoprotique, adj. & s.m. & f. eccopro-

tick.

ECCRINOLOGIE, s. f. part of medicine that treats of excretions.

ECRYCHAS.

ECRYCHAS.

A. &-Serv-M. adj. &c. s. m. &c.

f. hair-brained, rash, giddy, rash fool.

ECHAFAUD, &-shā-fb, s. f. scaffold; stage.

ECHAFAUDAGE, &-shà-fb-fb-dk, s. m. making of scaffolds, or the scaffolds, scaffolding.

ECHAFAUDER, &-shà-fb-dk, v. a. to make

angfolds. scaffolds.

ECHALAS, &-shā-là, s. m. vine-prop. ECHALASSEMENT a.m.propping (of a vine.) ECHALASSER, &-shā-là-sh, v. a. to prop (a

ECHALIER, å-shå-lik, s. m. fence. ECHALOTE, å-shå-löt, s. f. shalet or scallios. ECHANCRER, &-shèn-krå, v. a. to hollow, to cut of make hollow, cut sloping. ECHANCRURE, &-shèn-kràr, s. f. semi-cir-

cular cut, slope.

ECHANGE, &-shenz, s. m. exchange, chop-

ping, bartering. Еснанови, å-shèn-så, v. a. to exchange, chop, swop, barter.

ECHANGEABLE, adj. that can be exchanged. ECHANSON, a shen-son, s. m. cup-bearer. ECHARSONNERIE, &-shen-son-ri, s. f. king's

wino-celler, the king's butters.

ECHANTILLON, & shen-tl-lon, s. m. patters, sample. Echantillon, Mar. scanting, thickness of timber. Vaisseaus foible d'échantillon, ship of slight timbers.

Vaisseaus fort d'échantillon, ship of slight timbers. tillon, ship of thick timbers.

ECHANTILLONNER, & shen-tl-tb-nk, v. a-to examine a weight or measure by the standard; cut out petterns

ECHAPPADE, s. f. (in wood engraving) the

ECHAPPADIR, 8. 1. (se soom engrumag) as score made when the graver alips.

ECHAPPATOIRE, 8.-shâ-pâ, s.f. prank; also vista, cin a landscape.) Faire use chose par chappée, to do a thing at odd times. Echappée, Mar. run. Ce vaissease the a use belle chappée, that ship has a clean run.

ECHAPPER, & sha-pa, v. n. & a. to escape, ECHAPPER, \$\frac{a}{a}\$. \$\frac{a}{a the truth. Un esclave me donna un avia que je ne laissai point échapper, a slave gave me information which shall not be thrown away. Laise

échapper un cheral, to give a horse the head.
S'échapper, v. r. to escape, go away, get
loose; to commit one's self. Le moi m'est échappé, I spoke it inconsiderately. Le set m'a échappé, I did not understand, or hear it. ECHARDE, à shàrd, a. f. prick of a thiste;

also splinter. ECHARDONNER, &-shar-do-na, v. a. to cut

or pluck up thistles.

bûse, bût : jêûne, mêute, bêurre : ênfânt, cênt, liên : vin : mon : brus.

ECHARGER, v. a. to take from a hide the sh that bas been left on it.

ECHARNURE, s. f. remains of flesh taken

from a hide about to be cured.

ECHARPE, &-sharp, s. f. scarf, sash. Porer le brus en écharpe, to carry or have one's ern in a sling. Avoir l'esprit en écharpe, to arm in a sling. be brain sick.

ECHARPER, & shar-pa, v. a. to slash.

ECHARS, E, adj. niggardly.

Echars, a-shir, adj. m. Mar. Vent échars, shing wind, wind that veers often.

ECHARSEMENT, adv. niggardly. ECHARSER, &-shar-sa, v. n. Mar. to veer,

change often.

Еснавань, å-shås, s. f. pl. stilts. Еснапнопиль, z., å-shò-bòo-lå, adj. full of

ECHAUBOULURE, & cho-booldr.s.f.pimple. ECHAUDE, & cho-dk, s.f. kind of pastry. ECHAUDER, & cho-dk, v. a. to scald. S'e-

chaster, v. r. to burn one's fingers, smart. Chat échandé craint l'ens froide, the burnt child drends the fire.

ECHAUDOIR, & sho dwar, s. m. scalding

place or vessel.

ECHAUFFAISOF, a cho-fe-zon, s. f. over-caling of one's self.

ECHAUFFRMENT, &-shof-men, s. m. heat-

g, over-heating. ECHAUPPER, a sho-fa,v. a.to heat or warm. Cels hat échange le song, that provokes him or stirs up his passions; v.n. to grow hot. S'échanger, v.r. to overheat one's self, grow hot , be angry.

Еснаингинка, а. f. rash enterprise. Еснаингинк, å sho-für, a. f. red pimple. Вснаингинка, å sho-gët, s.f. watch tower.

ECHE, s. L bait.

ECHEARCE, & she ens, s. f. expiration.
Paper & Pecheance, to pay when the time is

Ecurec, a shek, a. m. check, loss, fatal blow, minfortune. Echecs, b-she, or feat déchees, chess, game of chess. Donnes achec as roi, le tenier en échec, ho check the king (at chess.) Echec et sust, check mate. Tenir en

cher, to keep in awe, keep at bay.

ECHRERTER, a. f. little ladder.

ECHRERTER, a. shell, a. f. ladder; scale (of a map;) sea-port or sea-port town. Echelle de rassus, a stomacher of ribands. Après cela il fact time Palable.

st tirer l'échelle, nothing can be better. Echelle, s. f. Mar. Echelle de commande est, accommodation ladder. Grande échelle quarter dock ladder. Echelle de la dunette, peop ladder. Echelles de poupe or de corde Carrière, stera or quarter ladders. Echelle here he bord, gang-way, steps (nailed to the ship's side) or side ladder. ECHELOUS, hab-long, m. round of a ladder. ECHESTILLER, hab-sil-di, v. a. to rid of ca-

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ECHEVELU, åsb-vô, a. m. skein. ECHEVELE, E, å-sbèv-lå, edj. dishevelled,

whose hair hangs loose.

ECHRYIN, Sab-vin, s. m. sort of magistrate
(like an English sheriff or alderman.)

ECHRYINAGE, Ssb-vl-nks, s. m. sort of

eriffelty or dignity and functions of an al-

ECHINER, a-shi-na, s. f. chine (of pork.) ECHINER, &-shi-na, v. a. to chine, to break the back; to kill, knock down, beat to death

Есні Queré, e, å-shik-tå, adj. checked o

ECHIQUER, a.sh.-th., s. m. chess-board; exchequer. Ownage fait en échiquier, chequer-work. Arbres plantés en échiquier plantés en échiquier. trees planted chequer-wise. L'escaire ente-mie court en échiquier, Mar. the enemy's fleet is standing on in a bow and quarter line.

ECHO, \$\(^1\)-k\(^1\), s. m. echo, rebounding sound.

ECHOIR, \$\(^1\)-shwar, v. n. (see the table at choir) to expire or be out; to fall or fall out, chance or happen. Si le cas y échoit, if there be occasion

ECHOMÉTRIE, s. f. echometry, art of mak

ing echoes.

ECHOPPE, å-shôp, s. f. stall; engraver's tool.

ECHOULSE, 't. m. Mar. getting aground or being stranded, place where vessels may be not being stranded, place where vessels may be not be not being stranded. be run aground with a probability of greater

Echouf, E, adj. Mar. aground, on shore, stranded. V. Echouer.

ECHOUER, &-shoo-k, v. n. & a. to run aground or on shore or against a rock, be stranded; put aground; also, to miscarry, be baffled or disappointed. Il echone dans tour ses desseins, all his designs miscarry or prove abortive. Faire echoner un vaissens, to drive a ship ashore. Le vaisseau resta six heures échoué sur le banc, the ship remained six hours ashore upon the bank.

ECHU, E, a sho, sho, adj. (from Echoir) expired, out. Céla lui est échu par sort, that

fell to him by lot.

ECIMER, A-d-ma, v. a. to cut off the top (of a tree.)

ECLABOUSSER, &-kik-boo-sk, v. a. to splesh or dash mud about.

or dash mud about.

ECLABOUSSURF, å-klå-böo-sår, s. f. dirt
or water one is splashed or spattered with.

Eclaboussure, Mar. spray.

ECLAIR, å-kler, s. m. lightning, flash of
lightning, Il fait des éclairs, it lightens.

ECLAIRAGE, s. m. lighting of a town. ECLAIRCIE, a-kler-sl, s. f. Mar. clear, clear spot (in a cloudy sky,) clear interval. Cette éclaircie au nord-ouest amonce une saute de vent, that clear in the north-west forbodes a shift of wind.

ECLAIRCIR, &-kler-sir, v. a. to clear, brighten, clarify; thin or make thin; instruct, inform or give information; clear, make out or plain, explain, unfold, resolve. S'écluireir, v. r. to clear, clear up, become clear. S'écluireir, claireir d'une chose, to inquire into a business, inform one's self about it.

ECLAIRCISSEMENT, å-kler-de-men, s. m. clearing or making clear, explication or un-folding: light, insight, hint, eclaircissement, elucidation. I reax avoir un eclaircissement avec hat, I will argue the case with him, I will call him to account. Un homme à éclaircissement, an exceptions or quarrelsome

ECLAIRE, s. f. celandine, swallow-wort, tetter-wort. La petité échaire, the little celandine, pile-wort, fig. wort.

ECLAIRÉ, z., h-klê-rh, adj. lighted, etc.;

ECLAIRÉ, E, & klé-rå, adj. lighted, etc.;

ECHIFE, a-skin, a. f. chine, backbone, ridge lightsome or full of light; knowing, understand-

bar, bat, base: thère, abb, over ! field, fig : robe, rob, lord : mead, geod.

ECUELLE, &-tûêl, s. f. porringer. Ecuelle de cabestan, Mar. saucer of a capstern.

ECUELLEE, &-tûê-lâ, s. f. porringer-full.

Ecuissen, v. a. to make a tree crash in felling it.

ECULER, A-kh-la, v. a. to tread down at the heel. Beculer, v. r. to run down at the heel (shoes.)

ECUME, &-kum, s. f. froth, foam; scum or dross. Jeter de l'écume, to froth or foam.
ECUMENIQUE, &-kd-mâ-nlk. V. OEcumé-

Sique. ECUNER, & kh-ma, v. a. to skim or scum; to infest (the seas.) v. n. to froth or foam. ECUMEUR, &-ku-meur, de mer, s. m. pirate.

Un écumeur de marmite, a spunger, potlicker.

ECUMEU-X, SE, &-kû-mêu, mêuz, adj.foamy. ECUMOIRE, &-kû-mwar, s. f. skimmer. ECURER, L-kd-rk; v. a. to scour, cleanse. Ecureuit, a-ka-reul, s. m. squirrel.

ECURBUR, de putts, s. m. a cleanser of wells, etc. Ecureur, night-man. Ecureuse, s. f. char-woman, cleanser of kitchen ware.

Ecuriz, &-kd-ri, s. f. stable, stabling; equipage.

ECUSSON, &-kū-son, s. m. escutcheon or scutcheon, shield of a cost of arms, brass of a key-hole; small bag of stomachick powder; a key-core; summer deg of summer dects. Ecusion classe, plaster of clay or wax to lay on a graft. Enter en écusion, to ingraft. Ecusson nen, à.-kd.-sd.-d., v. a. to ingraft. Ecusson nen, à.-kd.-sd.-uwår, a. m. graft.

ECUSEURIUM, a. m. equerry, master of the horse (to a prince;) equerry; riding-master; esquire or squire; gentleman usher, Ecuyer transhart, carver. Ecuyer de cussime, the head or first cook.

EDENTÉ, E, à -dê-th, adj. toothless, that

EDERTER, &-den-th, v. a. to break out the

teeth of (a see, etc.)
EDIFIANT, E, 4-dl-fl-èn, ènt, adj. edifying.
EDIFICATEUR, 4-dl-fl-ck-teur, a. m. build-

EDIFICATION, &-dl-fl-ka-slos, s. f. edification, building, improvement, edifying. Jai lu ce chapitre avec beaucoup d'édification, I was very much edified by reading that chapter. Donner de l'édification, to edify, set a good ex-

EDIFICE, &-di-fw, s. m. edifice, building. EDIFIER, &-di-fk, v. a. to build; to edify, build up in faith, improve in knowledge or

good manners; to please, give satisfaction.
EDILE, &-dll, s. m. edile (inspector of buildings and games amongst the ancient Romans.
EDILITÉ, à-di-là-tà, s. f. office of an edile,
EDIT, à-di, s. m. edict, proclamation.
EDITEUR, à-di-deur, s. m. editor.
EDITEUR, à-di-deur, s. m. editor.

EDITION, &-di-slon, s. f. edition, impression,

publication or putting out of a book.

EDREDON, adr-don, s. m. down of certain northern birds, eider-down.

EDUCATION, &-du-ka-sion, s. f. education. EDULCORATION, s. f. edulcoration, sweet-

EDULCORER, v. a. to sweeten. EDUQUER, i.-dū-ki, v. a. to educate (new mond.)

EFAUFILER, &-fô-f1-lå, v. a. to pull out threads at the end of cloth, etc. to make wad-

ding. EFFAÇABLE, &-få-såbl, adj. that may be effaced.

EFFACE, E, &-fa-a, adj. blotted, scratch-ed, razed or put out, defaced. Un ecrit tout efface, a blind writing. EFFACER, &-fa-a, v. a. to deface, blot,

raze, put or scratch out, wash away; disfigure; to eclipse or obscure, surpass; to blot out, pardon.

EFFACURE, è-fà-sòr, s. f. blot, cross, dash

or erasure (through any writing.)
EFFARER, v. a. to strip off leaves (of plants.)

EFFARE, E, add. bewildered, scared, aghast, that has a wild look with him.

EFFARER, 6-6a-fat, v. a. to scare. Sefarer, v. r. to be scared, look wild.

EFFROUGHER, & 18-10-sha, v. a. to scare, fright away, startle, make wild. Sefaroucher, v. r. to grow wild, startle.

EFFECTI-F, v. B. & 16k-tif, tiv, adj. effective, real, effectual. Homme effectif, punctual man, man of his word.

EFFECTIVEMENT, è-fèk-dv-mên, adv. really, in effect.

EFFECTUER, è-fek-thà, v. a. to effect, per-

form, bring to pass, put in execution.

EFFEMINE, E, c-fa-ml-na, adj. effeminate, effeminated, womanish.

Un effemine, s. m. an effeminate man.

EFFÉMINER, e-fh-ml-nh, v. a. to effeminate, enervate, soften.

EFFERDI, s. m. a lawyer among the Turks. EFFERVESCENCE, è-fèr-vè-sèns, a. f. effer-

EFFET, & fe, s. m. effect, performance, deed, execution, intent, purpose, design, also article of property (as a note of hand, draught, etc.) Remonter del'effet à la couse; to trace up etc.) Remonser det eget at cause; to trace up effects to their causes. Les bombes font plus de bruit que d'effet, bombs make more moise than execution. C'est un pur effet de notre own fancy. Mettre en effet, to effect, do or perform, bring to pass. Ces paroles curent un puissant effet, these words prevailed very much or proved very effectual. Ceci fora un much or proved very effectual. Ceri fera un grand effet sur lei, this will go a great way with him. Ces tableaux fasoient un fort bel effet, these pictures made a very fine sight or looked very well. Ces maisons font un très-bel effet, these houses yield a fine prospect. Cette ficite fit un très-maurais effet, that hight proved of dangerous consequence. Ces choses là font un vilain effet, those things look very ill. C'est par un effet particulier de la providence qu'il n'est pas noyé, it is a great providence that he was not drowned. Les effets d'un marchand, the effects, guods, ar moveables of a merchant. En effet, in effect, therefore, to that end, to that purpose.

EFFRUILLER, 6-feu-fa, v. a. to unleave;

strip of leaves.

Efficace, &-fl-kas, adj. efficacious, effectual, powerful, forcible, prevailing.

EFFICACE, s. f. efficacy, efficaciousness, strength, operation, virtue, force. EFFICACEMENT, \$-fl-kis-men, adv. effi-cacious, effectually, with effect, forcibly.

bone, bot : jeune, meute, beurre : exfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brus.

EFFICACITÉ, è-fl-kà-al-tà, s. f. efficacy, force, virtue, influence.

EFFICIENT, E. 6-ff-sike, aleut, adj. efficient. EFFICIENT, 6-ff-zil, s. f. effigy, likeness. EFFIGIEN, 6-ff-zil, v.a. to execute in effigy. EFFILE, E. 6-ff-ik, adj.unravelled, unwoven.

Une taille effilée, a long, thin, slender shape.

EFFILE, s. m. fringe. EFFILER, e-fl-lk, v. a. S'effiler, v. r. to

unravel or unweave

EFFILOQUER, v. a. to unweave a piece of silken stuff to make wadding.

EFFILURE, s. f. threads of cloth unravelled.

EFFILURE, s. f. threads of cloth unravelled.

EFFILORUER, s. f. the stank (axid of horses.)

EFFLARQUER, c. den-th, v. a. to make lean or thin flanked; to make smaller or thin.

FFFLARQUER, d. d. d. d. s. to close the stank of the stanks of the stanks of the stanks.

lean or thin flanked; to make smaller or thun.

EFFLEURER, & flêtera, v. a. to glance at
or upon, touch but slightly or graze upon;
run sightly over; to pluck off the flowers
(of plants.)

EFFLURECE, s. f. effluence, that which iscase from some other runningly.

EFFURET, E, adj. effluent, emanating.
EFFURET, E, adj. effluent, emanating.
EFFURET, effordr-men, s. m. act of

digging the ground and mixing manure with it. EFFORDEER, e-fon-dra, v. a. to dig or break open, and at the same time manure; also to swag down, sink; (une porte) to break open; (une volaille) to gut or draw. S'effon-

EFFORCER, (s') se-for-sa, v. r. to strain, deavour, strive, attempt or labour to compen. S'eforcer à parler, to endeavour to speak. Reforcer de cacher, to strive to conceal.

Erront, etor, s. m. straining, endeavour, mempt, effort. Il vous faut faire un effort peur cala, you must use your endeavour; you the state of the s

EFFRAYANT, E, ê-frê-yên, yênt, adj. EFFRAYANT, E, frightful, dreadful.

EFFRAYER, &-fre-ya, v. a. to fright, scare,

surle or terrify.

EFFRENE, z, 8-frå-nk, adj. unbridled, unraly, losse, immoderate.

Errnor, e-frwh, s. m. fright, great fear,

EFFROI, C-ILWE, S. M. ING. B. D. STOR, CONSTENATION.

EFFRONTÉ, E, & fron-th, adj. & s. brazen face.

EFFRONTÉMENT, & fron-t-mên, adv. impadently, saucily, with a brazen face.

EFFRONTEMENT, & front-ri, s. f. effroniery, brazen face impandence. Sauciness. Apoir brazen face, impudence, sauciness. Apoir de l'effronterie, to be seucy, or impudent or brazen faced.

EFFROYABLE, & frwå-yabl, adj. frightful, readful, terrible, hideous, horrible, extremely ugly, prodigious, extraordinary, huge. Paire une effroyable dépense, to spend extravageatly.

EFFROYABLEMENT A frwh. yhbl-men, adv. barribly, extremely, frightfully, prodigiously.
EFFUSION, & fit. slow, s. t. effusion or shedding or pouring out. Effusion de bile, over-fawing of the gall. Effusion de cœur, frank opening of one's heart. Effusion d'esprits, westing of spirits.

EFOURCHAU, s. m. a machine consisting of two wheels, an axle-tree and beam (used in carrying timber.)

EGAL, E, & gal, adj. equal, alike, even, level, proportioned. Cela m'est egal, that is equal, indifferent, or all one to me.

EGAL, s. m. equal, one of equal rank. A l'égal de, in comparison of, as much as, like.

EGALEMENT, a-gal-men, adv. equally alike, impartially. a-gai-men, adv. equally,

EGALER, a-ga-la, v. a. to equal, make equal, match or make even, to be equal to or alike with, come up to; compare, put in competition with. S'egaler à, v. r. to compare one's self, enter into competition with.

EGALISATION, h-gh-ll-sh-slon, s. f. equal-ling or making shares equal. EGALISER, h-gh-ll-sh, v. a. to equalise,

make the shares equal.

EGALITE, 1-g1-11-11, s. f. equality, fike-

ness, conformity, evenness.

EGALURES, s. f. pl. white spots on the back

of a bird.

EGARD, &-gar, s. m. regard, consideration, respect, account. Avoir égard à quelque chose, to mind, regard or consider a thing. A mon egard, for my sake, upon my account. En égard à, ayant égard à, considering. A l'égard de, for what concerns, as for, as to, in comparison with.

EGARÉ, E, a-ga-ra, adj. strayed, wandering, out of the way, etc. Esprit egene, wan-dering or rambling or unsettled mind. Des yeux egarés, wild looks. Ecarement, e-ghr-mên, s. m. straying, wandering or going out of the way; ill con-

duct, error, mistake.

EGARER, a-ga-ra, v. a. to put out of the way; to mislay; to lead astray, bring into an error. S'egarer, v. r. to lose one's way, wander or straggle, go from one's subject, not to know where one is (in a discourse;) to

EGARROTÉ, E, adj. hurt in the withers.
EGAYÉ, E, adj. rejoiced, brisk, merry, etc.
EGAYÉ, E, adj. rejoiced, brisk, merry, etc.
EGAYÉR, å-gê-yå, v. a. to rejoice, make merry or brisk, divert, quicken; to quicken or brisk up, enliven; to top off so that the tree be not choked by its branches. Eguyer du linge, V. Aigayer. S'éguyer, v. r. to grow brisk, make one's self brisk, divert one's self,

Drisk, make one's self brisk, divert one's self, sport. Un auteur qui s'egaye, an author that launches out into pleasant digressions.

EGIDE, à-zid, s. f. Ægis, shield of Jupiter and Minerva.

EGLANTIER, à-glèn-dìà, s. m. egiantineshrub or sweet briar, wild rose-tree.

EGLANTIER, à-glèn-dìa, s. f. wild rose.

EGLISE, à-glèz, s. f. church. Homme d'église, churchman or clergyman, ecclesiastick. Cour d'église, ecclesiastical court.

EGLOGE, à-glòg, s. f. ecloque.

EGLOGUE, 1-glog, s. f. eclogue. EGOGER, v. a. to take off the ears and tail

of sheep-skins

EGOHNE, A-gô-la, s. f. hand-saw.
EGOISER, A-gô-lad, v. n. to egotize.
EGOISER, A-gô-lan, s. m. egotism.
EGOISER, A-gô-lai, a. m. & f. egotist.
EGOISER, A-gò-lai, a. m. & f. egotist.

EGORGER, A-gor-zk, v. a. to cut the throat of, kill, ruin.

EGOSILLER, (s') så-gå-zl-få, v. r. to make one's throat sore with speaking aloud or crying out.

bar, bat, base: thère; ebb, over: field, fig: rôbe, rôb, lord: môod, good.

EGOUT, è-goo, s. m. sink or common sewer; running down or falling of waters; house

EGOUTTER, h-gôo-th, v. a. s'égoutter, v. r. to drain, drain dry. Egoutter des fauberts, Mar. to wring swabe. Matelots du gaillard d'agant tenus à égoutter les fauberts, swab-

ringers. Escuttoir, a-goo-twar, s. m. drainer. EGRAPPER, v. a. to take off the grapes from the bunch.

EGRATIGHER, å-grå-ti-gnå, v. a. to scratch. EGRATIGHEU-R, SR, s. m. & f. scratch-

EGRATIGNURE, &-gra-d-gnor, s. f. scretch. EGRAVILLONNER, v. a. to loosen the dirt

(at the root of trees.)
EGRENER, &-gra-na, v. a. to shake or take

continents, segra-na, v. a. to shake or take out the grain (from the ear, dpc.)

Eonzinoine, s. f. a small cage.

EORILLARD, z., å-grl-dar, fard, adj. dt. s. part, sprightly, mettlesome, wanton, buxom, bery; mettlesome spark, sprightly lass.

Exp.; mettlesome spark, sprightly lass. ECRILLOIR, a. m. grate (to keep fish in ude.)

EGREER, L-gri-sh, v.a. to grind (diamonds.) EGRISOIR, s. m. box for grinding diamonds. EGRUGEOIR, a-grd-swar, s. m. grater. EGRUGER, a-grd-sh, v. a. to grate, scrape,

pound.

DORDORURE, s. f. grating.

EGUGULER, å-gêu-lå, v. a. to break the
guillet or neck of a bottle or pot, etc. S'éguester, v. r. to cry out, bawl, squalt.

EGUILLETAGE, s. m. Mar, seizing, racking.

EGUILLETER, v. a. Mar. to seize, rack. Eguilleter un croc de palan, to mouse a hook. Les rides de nos haubans sont-elles éguilletées partout? are the laniards of our rigging racked fore and aft ?

EGUILLETTES, s. f. pl. Mar. knittles, etc.
Eguillettes des bosees, laniards of the stoppers. Eguillettes de carine, careening gear.
V. Aiguillettes.

EGUILLOTS, s. m. Mar. pintles.

EGYPTE, a. f. Egypt.
EGYPTER, RE, h-slp-slèn, slèn, adj.
Egyptian, gipsy. V. Bohémien.
EH, é, interj. ah! Eh bien ? well, what of him or it ? what then?

Енавсий, и, adj. hipped, hipshot. Еноити, и, a-os-th, adj. shameless, brazen faced.

EHOUPER, v. a. to cut off the top of (a tree.) EJACULATION, &-zà-kù-là-don, s. f. ejacu-

lation.

EFACULATOIRE, adj. ejaculatory. ELABORATION, S. f. elaboration. "ELABORE, E. & lå-lå-bo-rå, adj. finished with great art and diligence.

ELABORER, v. a. to elaborate.

ELAGAGE, s. m the act of pruning. ELAGUER, &-ik-gh, v. a. to prune, lop, top (trees.)

ELAGUEUR, s. m. one who lops or prunes

ELAN, \$-len, s. m. elk. V. Elans. ELANCE, E, adj. shot. V. S'élancer. Cheval élancé, horse sprung in the flank. C'est thin emaciated body. Avant fort élancé, Mar. flaring bow.

ELANGEMENT, &-lèns-mên, s. m. shooting, twitch, pricking or pungency of a sudden pain. Elancement de dévation, pious ejacula-tion, devout rapture. Elancement de l'étrace, Mar. rake of the stern. Vaisseau qui à ben

coup d'élancement, ship with a raking stern. ELANCER, v. n. to shoot. Le doigt m't. lance, my finger aboots. S'élancer, sh. èland, v. r. to aboot, fling forward, give a jerk, kap,

run or rush violently.

ELANS, s. m. jerk, sudden motion, thrust or leap ; also ejaculation, transport, violent mo-

tion, rapture. ELARGIR, å-lår-alr, v. a. to widen, make wider, enlarge, extend, open, release or set at liberty. Sélargir, v. r. to widen, grow wider; enlarge one's ground.

ELARGISSEMENT, &-làr-zlo-mên, s. m. enlarging, widening; release or enlargement.

ELARGISSUER, &-làr-zlo-dr, s. f. widening

piece. ELASTICITÉ, à-làs-tì-sì-tà, s. f. elasticity.

ELASTICITE, a-tas-traval, a l. vanaday-ELASTICUS, å-lèk-tlur, a m. elector. ELECTI-F, v. E. å-lèk-tlif, tiv, adj. elective. Election, å-lèk-slon, s. f. election, choice. Jurisdiction of an assessor of taxes. or chambre d'élection or des élus, office or court of the assessors of taxes (in France.) ELECTORAL, E, à lèk-tò-ràl, adj. electoral,

of or belonging to an elector.

ELECTORAT, å-lek-tô-rå, s. m. electer-

ship, electorate, elector's territories.
ELECTRICE, à lèk-trìs, s. f. electores.
ELECTRICITÉ, à lèk-trì-sl-tà, s. f. electores.

city. Electrique, å-lek-trik, adj. electrick, electrical.

ELECTRISER, &-lek-tri-zh, v. a. to electrify.

ELECTROMÈTRE, s. m. electrometer. ELECTUAIRE, à-lèk-th-èr, a. m. electuary. El-koamment, à-là-gà-mèn, adv. elegant-

ly, finely, neatly.

ELEGANCE, A-lh-gans, s. f. elegance, elegancy, neatness or politeness (of lea-

guage, dress.)
ELEGANT, E, å-lå-gån, gånt, adj. elegant, fine, neat, polite.
ELEGIAQUE, å-lå-zlåk, adj. elegiack, of

or belonging to elegy.
ELEGIE, å-lå-zi, s. f. elegy.
ELEMENT, å-lå-men, s. m. element. mens, elements, rudiments, grounds, or first principles.
ELEMENTAIRE, &-là-mèn-tèr, adj. ele-

mentary.

ELEMI, s. m. rosin.

ELEOSACCHARUM, s. m. oil incorporated with sygar.

ELÉPHANT, à-là-fèn, s. m. elephant. ELÉPHANTIASIS, s. f. elephantians. ELÉPHANTIN-E, adj. Livres éléphantiss, ivory tablets of Roman laws. Leprous; relating to the elephant.

ELEPHANTIQUE, adj. elephantine.
ELEPHANTIQUE, adj. elephantine.
ELEVATION, 8-18-v4-dos, s. f. elevation, lifting up, raising, exaltation, height; rise, preferment, advancement; loftiness, sublumination, advancement, advancement. ty of style, nobleness of expression; elevation of spirit, eminence, greatness of soul, elevated mind; front view of a building, elevation. Cette ile a 50 degrés d'élévation, in this island the pole is elevated 50 degrees.

bûse, bût : jêûne, mêute, bêurre : ênfânt, cênt, liên : vin : mon : brun.

ELEVATOIRE, s. m. (surgical instrument)

ELEVE, &-lev, s. m. disciple, apprentice,

scholar, pupil.

ELEVÍ, E, Ål-vå, adj. raised, bred, educated, stc. lofty, high, excellent, great, eminent or sublime. Un arbre peu élecé de terre, a tree

or sublime. Un arbre peu éleué de terre, a tree a little above ground. Des joues un peu éleuées, chocks a little pussed up.
ELEVER, âl-vâ, v. a. to elevate, raise, raise up, exalt er lift up; to advance, prefer; to bring, raise or rear up; exect, build, set up; to educate; to puss up, make proud. Elmer. Mar., to raise, heave, etc. Elever l'ar-Elever, Mar. to raise, heave, etc. Elever l'arcase, to raise the stern frame. Elever quelgainst jungui caux succe or jungui cied, to extol one to the akies, cry one up. S'elever, v. r. to rise, arise, stand up, rebel, grow proud, be passed up; to blister, rise in blisters; to ele-passed up; to blister, rise in blisters; to elese one's style. S'élever, v. r. Mar. vale or rai S'clever as mord, to get to the northward. S'clever dans le vent, to get to windward. Ce cutter rélève bien à la lame, that cutter tops the sea أأمح

ELEVURE, &l-vir, s. f. pimple or blister. ELEDER, &-fl-dh, v. a. to make an elision;

ELICIBELITÉ, 4-11-21-bl-11-th, s. f. eligibi-

ELIMER, (s') shilima, v. r. to we

ELIMER, (s') sh-li-mh, v. r. to wear out. ELIMINER, v. a. to drive away, turn out. ELIMEUR, s. f. Mar. slings. Elingues à ELIBEUR, s. f. Mar. slings, pates, can-books. V. Hélingue.

ELEGUER, v. a. Mar. to sling.

ELINGUETS, a. m. pl. Mar. pauls or pawls.

Edinguets, a. m. pl. Mar. pauls or pawls.

Elinguets vertionux or perpendiculaires, hangng pawls. Cadre de charpente en potence

tablic vers le milieu du vindas, et ob se fixent les élinguets, peul bitts. Mettre les élinguets au

thestan, to pawl the capstern.

ELIRE, &-lir, v. a. (like lire) to elect, choose.

ELIRED, &-lir, v. a. (like lire) to elect, choose.

ELIRED, &-lir, a. f. choice. Faire l'élite, to ick out, choose.

ELIKATION, S. f. elikation.
ELIKATION, S. f. elikation.
ELIKE, å-fik-dr, s. m. elikir.
ELLE, å-l, pros. f. (feminine of il) she, her,
Elles, (in the plaral) they, them.
ELLIFORE, å-låps, s. f. ellipsis.

ELER, V. For St. Elme.
ELOCUTION, A-ld-std-ston, s. f. elocution,

pression, style.

ELOSE, &-lör, s. m. enlogy, praise, encosum, commendation, panegyrick.

ELOSEEE, &-lwh-gul, adj. removed, etc.

remote, far.

ELOIGERMENT, &-lwagn-mes, s. m. removal or removing; distance or remoteness; absence, separation; estrangement, aversion;

absence, separation; estrangement, aversion; (ef a picture) distant prospect, the distance.

ELOGUEZ, &-lwk-guk, v. a. to remove or put away, send a great way off; drive away, swert or dispel; to put off, delay, retard; to alienate, estrange. Séloigner, v. r. to remove, go away, go from; to forsake; to be wasting in, fail in; to rumble, make a digrension. If me ééloigne pas de cela, he seems willing to do it, he does not seem to be backward in it.

ELOGUEATION a felorogation

ELONGATION, s. f. elongation.

ELONGER, v. a. Mer. to lay along side of, come abreast of.

ELOQUENMENT, 4-10-kh-mên, adv. eloquently.

ELOQUENCE, &-lo-kens, s. f. eloquence.

ELU, E, adj. elected, chosen. Un els, s. m. an elect; a general assessor of certain taxes; élue, assessor's wife.

ELUCIDATION, s. f. elucidation.

ELUCUBRATION, s. f. lucubration. ELUDER, å-lu-dk, v. a. to elude, shift off, frustrate or disappoint.

ELYSEE, A. H. Z., s. m. Les Champo-Elysées, les Champo-Elysiens, Elysium, the elysian

fields. EMAIL, A-mal, s. m. enamel. Peindre en émail, to enamel. Peinture en émail, enamelling or enamelled picture. Peintre en

émail, enameller.

EMAILLER, à-mà-fà, v. a. to enamel. EMAILLEUR, à-mà-fèur, s. m. enameller. EMAILLURE, à-mà-fòr, s. f. enamelling. EMANATION, à-mà-sìon, s.f. cuassation, illapse, efflux.

EMARCIPATION, &-men-sl-ph-slom, s. f emancipation, setting free.

EMARCIPER, &-men-sl-ph, v. a. to emancipate, set at liberty. S'émanciper, v. r. to grow licentions, take too much liberty or tea great a latitude.

EMANER, a-ma-na, v. n. to emanate, flow,

me, proceed or come from.

EMARGEMENT, s. m. the making of notes on the margin,

EMARGER, &-mar-za, v. a. to carry or state on the margin, make a note on the margin.

EMASCULATION, s. f. emasculation. EMASCULER, v. a. to emasculate.

EMAUX, colours. Emaux, is also the plural

EMBABOUINER, èn-bà-bwi-nà, v. a. to in-

veigle, draw in, deceive, wheedle or decoy with fair words. EMBALLAGE, en-ba-laz, s. m. packing up,

packer's fee. EMBALLER, èn-bå-lå, v. a. to pack up ; to

banter, romance, tell stor

EMBALLEUR, en-bå-leur, s. m. packer; liar, romancer.

EMBANQUER, (s') v. r. Mar. to come upon a fishing bank.

EMBARCADERE, s. m. Mar. small bight on the coast, (commodious for the landing and

shipping of goods.)
EMBARCATION, s. f. Mar. boat, small craft.
Les embarcations à la mer, hoist the boats out.
EMBARDÉE, s. f. Mar. yaw. Faire une con-

bardée, to give a yaw.

EMBARDER, v.n. to yaw, meer wide. Em-

barbe sur bábord, yaw her to port. Eнвандо, èn-bargo, s. m. Mar. embargo. Mettre un embargo, to lay on an embargo. Енвандиенент, èn-bark-mên, s. m. em-

barcation, embarking or shipping; also undertaking or engagement. Prendre un em-

rquement, Mar. to take shipping. EMBARQUER, en-bar-ka, v. a. Mar. to canbark, ship, put on shipboard; also to drawin, engage. Embarquer des troupes, to ship engage. troops. Embarquer ses poudres, to take in one's powder. Embarquer un coup de mer, to ship a sea. Embarque les thaloupiers,

EMB

bar, bat, base : thère, ebb, over : fleid, fig : rôbe, rôb, lêrd : môod, gôod.

man the launch. Embarquer les canots, to hoist the boats in. Embarque du pompeé, pompeys away, (general warning given by the cock-awain, etc. of a French boat, when on shore, to signify to the officers and crew of the ship, that the boat is about to put off.) Rembarquer, v. r. to embark, take ship or shipping; also to engage, undertake. Je w'embarques à Nontes, I took shipping at Nants. L'em qui s'embarquest par notre bat-terie basse mous força d'en cesser le fes, the wa-ter that came in below obliged us to leave off firing our lower deck game

EMBARRAS, èn-bà-rà, s. m. stop, crowd in a way or passage; confusion, disorder, intricacy, way or passage; comusion, disorder, intricacy, embarrasment, crowd; trouble, incumbrance; puszle, perplexity; impediment, hinderance.

EMBARRASSANT, z., ėn-bā-rā-sėn, sėnt, adj. troublesome, cumbersome, perplexing,

puzzling.

EMBARRASSÉ, E, adj. cumbered, etc. Etre embarrassé de sa personne, not to know what to do with one's self.

EMBARRASSER, èn-bà-rà-sà, v. a. to em-barras, cumber, stop; to perplex, intricate, confound; to clog, hinder, trouble, pester, en-cumber; to puzzle, confound, put to a nonplus or to ustand. S'embarrasser, v.r. to be puzaled or perplezed; to confound one's self, be at a stand; to entangle one's self, engage. Su the s'embarrasse, he begins to be light-head-

EMBARRER, (*) v. r. to get one's foot engaged in the pole that separates two horses.

EMBATAGE, s. m. covering of the felloes of

a wheel with bands of iron.

EHRATER, èn-bà-tà, v. a. to put a pack saddle on, saddle (with something troublesome.)

EMBATONHER, v. a. to arm with a cudgel. EMBATRE, v. a. (like battre but only with one t,) to cover the felloes of a wheel with bands of iron.

EMBATTES, s. m. pl. regular winds which blow in the Mediterranean after dogdays are

EMBOUCHAGE, s. m. the decoying of a man to enlist him as a soldier.

EMBAUCHER, èn-bò-sha, v. a. to engage a workman; also to entice (a man) to enlist as a soldier.

EMBAUCHEU-R, SE, en-bò-sheur, sheuz, s. m. & f. one that employs journeymen or decoys men to enlist as soldiers; also setter g charpers.

Embaumement, èn-bôm-mên, s. m. embelming.

balming.

EMBAUMER, èn-bò-mà, v. a. to embalm.

EMBAUMER, E, èn-bà-gì-mà, adj. muffled
up; also taken or infatuated or bewitched
(with a thing or person.)

EMBEGUINER, v. a. to wrap or muffle up
the head of, to infatuate or bewitch. S'embéguiner, to be taken or infatuated or bewitched, (with a person, an opinion, etc.)

EMBELLIE, èn-bè-lit, v. a. to set off or set
eut, adorn, embellish, beautify, grace. Embaltir, v. n. and S'embellir, to grew handsome or handsomer. some or handsomer.

EMBELLISSEMENT, én-bé-lle-mên, s. m. shellishment, ornament, set off or setting off, shellishing, beautifying. *EMBERLOQUER, (s') v. r. to muffle one's

eelf up.

*EMBERLUCQUER, (s') v. r. to be ford of an opinion. Empirocut, z, adj. busy.

EMBLAVER, en-bla-va, v. a. to sow with

EMBLAVURE, en-bid-vor, s. f. piece of land sown with wheat.

EMBLER, (D') d'èn-bill, adv. Ex. Prendre une ville d'emblée, to take a town at the first brunt or onset or without any opposition. Emporter une affaire d'emblée, to bring a thing about quickly or in a trice.

EMBLEMATIQUE, en-bit-mit-tik, adv. em-

blematick, emblematical.

EMBLÉME, és-blém, s. m. emblem.
"EMBLÉR, v. n. to steal, purioin, take away.
EMBOIRE, v. n. (like boire) to imbibe, soak in.

Emboisen, en-bwh-zh, v. a. to gull, in-veigle, draw in, decoy, deceive by fair words. Emboiseu-r, se, ès-bwh-zeur, zeuz, s. m. & f. inveigler.

EMBOITÉ, E, adj. put up in a bex, jointed,

Emboltement, èn-bwat-mên s.m. joining. Embolten, èn-bwa-ta, v. a. to put mabor; also to joint a thing into another, set or put in. S'embolter, v. r. to be jointed, set in. Emboltung, èn-bwh-tùr, s. f. joint. Emboltung, s. m. embolson, intercalation.

EMBOLISMIQUE, adj. intercalary.

Embonpoint, to fall away.

EMBORDURE, E, adj. framed. Un tableau

embordure, a picture in a frame. Embonduran, èn-bor-dù-ra, v. a. to put in a frame.

EMBOSSER and prisseems, Mar. to bring the broadside of a ship to bear upon a fort or another ship, by clapping a spring upon the ca-ble. E'embosser, v. r. to clap a spring on one's cable.

EMBOSSURE, s. f. Mar. spring.

EMBOSSURE, s. f. Mar. spring. Fusive debossure, to clap a spring on the cable.

EMBOUCHEREFY, én-bôosh-men, s. m.
mouthing, putting a bit into a horse's mouth.

EMBOUCHER, én-bôo-shâ, v. s. to put into the mouth, bit, put the bit into a sorse's
mouth (a usisal subrument) to set to one's
mouth. Emboucher quelqu'en, to instruct or
prepare one beforehand, give one his cue,
put words into one's mouth. Emboucher,
v. r. to fall, emptv. discharge or disembogue v. r. to fall, empty, discharge or disembogue itself (as a river does.)

Енвоисноги, èn-boo-shwar,s. m. boot-last. boot-tree; the small end of a trumpet or h

EMBOUCHURE, en-boo-shor, a. f. mouth or entrance (of a river;) muzzle, mouth, dt.;
(of a wind instrument) mouth-piece or method
of blowing. of blowing ; (of a condestick) socket; bit (of a bridle.)

EMBOUDINURE, s. f. Mar. puddening (of an anchor.)

Emboura, v. a. to dirty with mud. EMBOUQUER, v. n. Mar. to enter into a strait or passage between several islands, cs.

EMBOURBER, es-boo-bl, v. e. to mire, put in the mire or mud. Sembourber, v. r. to be mired, stick or sink in the mire or mud. to engage in a dirty affair; to siak (in vice;)
(dans la philosophie de l'école) to posser one's self (with school philosophy)

bûse, bût : jêtne, mêute, bêurre : ênfânt, cênt, liên : vin : mon : brus.

Empounana, ên-bêo-rê, v. a. to stuff (a air, **ak**.)

EMBOURBURE, s. f. stuffing of a chair, etc. EMBOURSEMENT, en-boots-men, s. m. pocketing, putting into the purse or pocket.

EMBOURSER, en-boor-sa, v. a. to purse or

pocket up, put or lay up in a purse or pocket.
ERBOUTIR, en-bdo-th, v. a. to work upon

EMBRAQUER, v. a. Mar. to haul taught. Embraque le mou du câble, heave in the slack of the cable. Embraque l'amure de revers de ne, shorten in the lee fore tack.

EMBRASEMENT, en-brêz-mên, s. m. groat fire, configration, violent burning;

fiames; combustion, disorder (in a state.)

EMBRASER, en-brit-zi, v. a. to fire, set on fire; infiames or burn. Sembraser, v. r. to take fire, burn, be on fire, be inflamed.
EMBRASSADE, en-brd-skd, s. m. embrace,

ing. Embrassement, ên-brâs-mên, s. m. em-

brace or embracing.
EMBRASSER, en-bra-sh, v. a. to fold in one's arms, embrace or hug; to encompassor environ; to comprehend, contain, include; (sme efaire) to undertake or take upon one's self; district to dissect take or man upon the composes; (see episson) to embrace or favour an opinion. Embrasser le parti de quelqu'un, to take one's part, side with one. Embrasser la profession de parti de quelqu'un, and profession de party turn solo on des ermes, to choose the army, turn sol-

ENBRASURE, ès-brà-sur, s. f. port-hole, embrasus, battlement; (de porte or de fenê-tre) chamfering.

ring.

EMBRENER, v. a. to befoul with excre-EMBROCATION, s. f. embrocation, fomen-

Emanocuma, ės-bro-shi, v. a. to spit or put spon the spit; to ren through the body. EMBRONER, v. a. Mar. te mari.

EMBROUSLLEMENT, ès-brôoi-mès, s. m. sion, perplexity, intricacy.

EMBROULLER, en-brot-di, v. a. to em-broil, perplex, estangle, confound. S'em-brouller, v. r. to be embarrassed or perplexed.

Emmunen, és-brôl-ad, v. r. to biast. Emmune, e, és-brôl-ad, adj. m. & f. fog-

B'embrumer, v. s. Mar. Ex. L'horizon s'em-

brune, the horizon is getting foggy.

EREMENN, en-brion, s. m. embryo. Petit

embryon, dwarf, skripp. Exau, z, adj. (from Emboire) imbibed,

EMBUCHE, es-bush, s. f. ambush.

EMBUSCADE, en-bûs-kâd, s. f. ambuscade. EMBUSCOER, (s') sên-bûs-kâ, v. r. to lie in ambush or in wait.

AMDUMO OF HE WAIL.

EMERDER, v. a. (Ime ferm) to amend.

EMERGENT, & metod, s. f. emerald.

EMERGENT, & merren, adj. emergent.

EMERI OF EMERIT, Ameri, s. m. emery

EMERICLOS, im-ri-lon, s. m. mertin (a bird,) also large fishing hook.
Emmara.comme, n, adj. brisk, sprightly,

jovial, gay. Serry,

vice to enjoy the honours and rewards due to

EMERSION, &-mér-don, s. f. emersion.

EMERVEILLER, &-mer-ve-A, v. a. to astonish, surprise, amaze. S'emerveiller, v. r. to wonder, to marvel.

EMÉTIQUE, à-mà-tik, adj. & s. m. emetick. EMETISER, v. a. to mix emetick in some drink, also to administer an emetick.

EMETTRE, v. a. to utter (an opinion, mo-

ney, etc.)
EMEUT, s. m. mute or muting (excrement of hawks.)

EMEUTE, &-meut, s. f. commotion, rising, insurrection, uproar,
EMEUTIR, v. n. to mute or dung as a hawk

does; to ask preferment (in the order of Mal-

ta.) Emier, 4-ml-4, v. a. S'émier, v. r. to cram-

EMIRTTER, å-mic-tå, v. a. S'émietter, v. r. to crumble (bread.)

EMIGRANT, R, &-mi-gren, grent, adj. de. s.

ENIGRATION, &-ml-gra-don, s. f. emigra-

Ensení, z, adj. & s. emigrated, person

who has emigrated. EMIGRER, h-ml-gra, v. a. to emigrate. Emince de poularde, s. m. a minced fowl.

EMINCER, v. a. to mince. Du vezu éminol, minced veal.

EMINEMMENT, 4-ml-nd-men, adv. eminently.

ENIENCE, h.ml-nens, s. f. eminence, hil-lock, hill, rising ground. Son eminence, vo-tre éminence, his eminence, your eminence, (a title.)

EMINENT, E, &-ml-nėn, nėnt, adj. eminent, high, lofty, excellent, over tepping. Péril éminent, imminent or apparent threatening danger.

EMINENTISSINE, &-ml-nen-tl-slm, adj. most eminent, (title of cardinals.)

Emir, s. m. emir.

Emissaire, &-ml-ser, s. m. emissary, spy.

Bouc émissaire, scape-goat. Emission, à-mi-sion, a. f. emission, ejec-

tion : solemn taking (of a com.)
EMMAGASINER, en-ma-ga-zi-na, v. a. to put in a warehouse.

it in a waresouse. Emmaigrie, V. *Amaigrie*, etc. Parai i cotten, én må-lô-th, v.a. to wrap Emmaillotter, es-m

in swaddling clothes, swathe, swaddle.

EMMARCHER, co-men-shi, v. a. to belve, haft, to set on a haft or handle. Emmoncher, v. n. Mar. S'emmoncher, v. r. Mar. to arrive in the British channel. D'après la sonde, nous decons être emmonchés, by our avandings we should be in the Channel

EMMARCHEUR, en-man-sheur, s. m. hafter. EMMANTELE, E, èn-ment-lè, adj. covered with a cloak. Corneille emmentele, water-

Ennarist, z, ès-mà-rì-nà, adj. hardened in sea service.

EHMARISER, en-ma-ri-na, v. a. to man a ship.

EMMERAGEMENT, s. m. furnishing of a house, getting of household-goods or setting of them in order.

Emménagemens, a. m. pl. Mar. accommoda-tions, convaniences, stc. Ce papulot a per d'emménagemens pour des passagers, that packet-boat has few accommodations for passengers.

bar, bât, base : thère, èbb, ovêr : field, fig : rôbe, rôb, lôrd : môod, gôed.

EMMÉNAGER, èn-mà-nà-sà, v. a. to furnish a house, get household goods, place furniture in order. S'emménager, v. r. to furnish one's house, get household goods, set one's goods in order.

EMMENER, en-mnå, v. a. to carry, drive

or lead away.

EMMENOTTER, com-no-th, v. a. to manacle, hand-cuff.

Emmi, prep. in the middle of, amidst.

ENMIELLE, E, adj. honied, sweet, Paroles emmielles, sweet or fair words. E, adj. honied, sweet, soft.

EMMIELLER, en-milk-la, v. a. to do over

or sweeten with honey.

EMMIELLURE, s. f. kind of ointment for

EMMITOUFLER, da-ml-tdo-fil, v. a. to mussie up, mob up. S'emmitouster, v. r. to mussie one's self up.

EMMITRER, v. a. to consecrate (a bishop.)

Emmortaiser, en-mor-te-za, v. a. to put into a mortise.

EMMOTTÉ, E, adj. Arbre emmotté, tree the roots of which are still in clods of earth.

Emmuselen, èn-mûz-lå, v. a. to muzzle.

*Emol, s. m. care, anxiety, emotion. Emollient, 4-mo-lien, ent, adj. emol-

lient, softening, mollifying.

EMOLUMENT, å-mô-là-mên, s. m. emolument, profit, advantage; perquisite.

EMOLUMENTER, v. n. to gain.

EMONCTOIRES, s. m. pl. emunctories.

EMONDER, &-mon-da, v. a. to prune or lop (a_tree.)

EMONDES, a-mosd, s. f. pl. branches lopped from a tree.

EMOTION, 8-mô-slon, s. f. stirring or mo-tion; commotion, sedition, rising or insurrection; emotion, trouble, perturbation.

EMOTTER, v. a. to break clods of earth in a field with a mallet

EMOUCHER, å-moo-sha,v.a. to drive flies away (from a horse, etc.)

EMOUCHET, s. m. male hawk, tarsel. EMOUCHETTE, å-moo-shet, s. f. sort of EMOUCERTTE, a-moo-shet, s. f. sort of cloth or net work laid on horses to keep flies from them.

*Emoucheur, s. m. one that drives flies

Emouchoir, a-moo-shwar, s. m. fly-flap. EMOUDRE, &-moodr, v. a. (like moudre) to

grind, to sharpen on a grind-stone.
EMOULEUR, A-moo-leur, s. m. grinder (of tools, etc.)

EMOULU, E, å-môo-lå, lå, adj. ground.
EMOULU, E, å-môo-så, v. a. to blunt, dull,
make blunt or dull, take off the edge, also to take off the moss of trees. S'émousser, v. r. to blunt, grow dull or blunt.

EMOUVOIR, A-môo-vwar, v. a. (like mouvoir) to stir up, move, to raise, excite, to move or cause trouble or disorder; to move, soften, cause concern, affect, touch; (see question) to move or start; (une dispute) to start, be gin. S'émouroir, v. r. to be moved, troubled, concerned or affected; to be stirred up or

femme, to relent at a woman's toars.

EMPAILLER, èn-ph-fi, v. a. to cover or pack up or stuff with straw, to bottom chairs

with straw.

EMPAILLEU-R, SE, S. m. & f. ope that makes straw-bottoms for chairs, or stuffs with straw. emphatically, with an emphasis.

EMPALEMENT, èn-pàl-mêns. m. empeling. EMPALER, én-pà-là, v. a. to empele. EMPAN, én-pèn, s. m. span with the thumb

and little finger.

EMPANACHER, en-ph-nh-shh, v. a. to adorn with a plume of feathers; also to hornify.

EMPAQUETER, ès-pik-ti, v. a. to packup, make up inte a bundle, wrap up.

EMPARER, (s') sèn-pi-ri, v. r. to seize, take, invade, make one's self master of, pos-

sess or master, subject. EMPASME, s. m. empasm, (perfumed powder.)

EMPASTELER, v. a. to dye blue with pastel. EMPATEMENT, s. m. foot or base or wall or foundation of a wall or crane; the being clammy.

CHAMMY.

EMPATER, ès-pà-tà, v.a. to make clammy or gluish, to cover with clay, to baste.

EMPATURE, s. f. Mar. scarf; also spread of the lower rigging. La Ville de Paris a beaucoasp d'empâture, the Ville de Paris

beaucoup d'empâture, the Ville de Paris spreads her rigging well.

EMPAUMER, ès-pò-mà, v. a. to strike with the palm of the hand or a battle-door. To grasp (with the hand;) to inveigle, draw is, wheedle, decoy, trepan. Empanner (la parole) to engross the conversation; (see affaire) to conduct it well; (quelqu'um) to gain ascendency over any one.

EMPAUMURE, s. f. the part of the glove which covers the palm of the hand.

EMPRCHE, E, adj. hindered, busy, full of business, taken up with business. Faire l'espéché, to protend business, be a busy body. Etre empêché de sa personne, not to know what to do with one's self.

EMPECHEMENT, en-pesh-men, s. m. hin-derance, disturbance, let, opposition, obstacle,

impediment, rub, stop.

EMPECHER, en-pe-sha, v. a. to hinder or keep from, stop, let or prevent; to embarras, disturb. Ce grand vent empêche la respiration, this great wind takes away one's breath. EMPEIGNE, co-pegn, s. f. upper leather of

EMPERRELLE, s. f. Mar. little anchor.

EMPERHELLER, v. a. Mar. to back (sa aschor.) EMPENNER, en-pen-na, v. a. to feather (an

arrow.)

EMPEREUR, esp-rèur, s. m. emperor. EMPESAGE, èsp-rèur, s. m. starching. EMPESÉ, E, adj. starched; stiff, formal, af-

fected.

EMPESER, enp-zå, v. a. to starch. Empeseu-n, se, enp-zeur, seus, a. m. & f. starcher.

EMPESTE, E, adj. infected, corrupted, stinking, infectious.

EMPESTER, èn-plath, v. a. to infect with the plague; to infect, poison (axid of fatid

ENPETRER, èn-pè-trè, v. a. to entangle the feet; to, engage. S'empétrer, v. r. to get entangled on engage.

entangled or engaged.
EMPHASE, èn-fas, s. f. emphasis, energy, significancy; inflation of style.

EMPHATIQUE, de-få-lk, adj. bombesick; emphatical, significant, forcible. EMPHATIQUEMENT, de-få-dk-mås- adv.

base, bût : jêûne, mêute, bêurre : ênfûnt, cênt, liên : vin : mon : brun.

Емриттиони, èn-fi-th-òz, s. f. long lesse, || lease from ten to a hundred years or thereabonts.

EMPHYTÉOTE, s. m. & f. he or she who

enjoys a long lease. Emphythotique, èn-fl-th-ò-tik, adj. Ex. Paire un hail emphytéotique, to make a long lease of a hundred years or thereabouts. Re-decence emphytéotique, ground rent. Empirran, en-pl-a-ta, v. a. dc. n. to en-

croach or entrench upon, invade.
EMPIFFRER, en-pi-fra, v. n. to cram, eat to excess, to fatten, make fat. S'empifrer, v.r. to cram or stuff one's self, to grow fat. EMPIFFRERIE, s. f. cramming, stuffing

(with food.)

EMPILEMENT, s. m. piling up (shot.) EMPILER, èn-pî-là, v. a. to pile up (shot,

EMPIRANCE, s. f. adulteration (of coin.)

Euring, en-phr, s. m. empire; (of an em perer) reign; government, lordship, dominion, rule, sway; command, government, power, influence, authority. Avec empire, importunity, stately, surilly. L'empire des lettres, the learned, the commonwealth of letters. Bus-Empire, the eastern division of the Roman empire.

Enriana, en-pl-ra, v. a. to make worse. v. z. to grow worse and worse, decay.

Empiricum, èn-pl-rik, adj. empirical. Un

empirique, s. m. empirick, quack.

EMPIRISHE, én-pl-rism, s. m. empiricism. EMPLACEMENT, én-plès-mên, s. m. place,

sie; destined or proper place.

EMPLATER, en-plate, s. m. plaster. Mattre m emplaire à une affaire, to pateb up a busi-son. Un emplaire de mari, a mere drone of a husband.

EMPLETTE, èn-plèt, s. f. bargain, purchase.
EMPLIE, èn-plèr, v. a. to fill, to fill up.
Scapter, v. r. to fill. V. Rempter.

Employ, employ, s. m. employ, employ-

EMPLOI, en-piwa, a. m. employ, employment, work, business; employ, employment, place or office; use, using or employing; laying out (money;) part (in a theatre.)

EMPLOYER, èn-plwa-yh, v. a. to employ, use, make use of, bestow, lay out, spend; (mutiga'us') to employ, set at work or set upon some business. Employer to pert et le sec, to ne business. Employer le vert et le sec, to tura every stone, leave no stone unturned.

Employer stal, to misuse, make an ill use of,
misusploy. B'employer, v. r. to bestow one's
self, spand or bestow one's time, apply one's self; (pour quelqu'um) to use one's interest

Emplomen, emplo-ma, v. a. to feather. S'emphaner, v. r. to grow rich, feather one's

Eurochun, èn-pô-sha, v. a. to pocket

ERPOIGNER, èn-pwh-guh, v. a. to take or lay hold of, seize, gripe or grasp, catch. Picches empoignées, arrows tied in the mid-

Empose, èn-pwa, a. m. starch.

Euroisonné, E, adj. poisoned. Donner à identim des louanges empoisonnées, to mock with pro-see.

Емроионивинт, сприд-воп-шел, в.

EMPREINT, E. EMPREINT, E. EMPREINTE, con . Empreinte, co

quelqu'un, to put an ill construction upon one's actions or words, to misrepresent them.

Empoisonmeu-n,sm, èn-pwa-zò-ndur, neuz,

s. m. & f. poisoner; many poisonous cook. Empoissen, v. a. to pitch over or do over with pitch.

EMPOISSONREMENT, èn-pwa-sôn-mên, s. m. stocking of a pond with fish.

EMPOISSONNER, en-pwa-so-na, v. a. to

stock with fish.

EMPORTE, E, én-pôr-th, adj. carried, led, driven, gone, taken away. etc. V. Emporter, hot, hasty, passionate; (de passion) transport-

ed (with passion.)
EMPORTS, E, s. m. & f. hot, hasty or passionate person.

EMPORTEMENT, és-pôrt-mên, s. m. pas-sion, transport, raving, anger. EMPORTE-PIÈCE, és-pôrt-plès, s. m. nip-ping tool of a shoe-maker. Home jest, cut-

taunt, home argument.

EMPORTER, en-por-ta, v. a. to carry of or away, take or snatch away; to force, drive, cast; get, obtain; to carry, take, make one's self master of; to heal, remove (disease;) to take off, fetch out, get out (spots;) to carry, transport, convey; to lop off, cut away (branches;) to import, show, prove. L'emporter, to carry it, prevail, get the better, have the advantage, excel, exceed. L'emporter sur, to outweigh, prevail over, get the better of, etc. Il emporte tous les esprits par son éloquence, he masters all minds by his eloquence. Ils ne l'emporteront pas de la sorte, they shall not go away with it so. Il emporte la pièce, he has a nipping, abusive way of jesting. Emporter of Enlever are often expressed in English by such words as these, steal off or steal away, sweep of or soveep away, break off, knock off, blow off or blow away, shoot off or shoot away, etc. Un porter, to carry it, prevail, get the better, blow croay, shoot off or shoot away, etc." Un coup de canon ini emporta la tête, a cannon ball shot off his head.

Emporter, Mar. Le gouvernail fut em-porté au troisiéme coup de talon, the rudder was knocked off at the third thump she gave with her keel. Un grain emporta natre perroquet de fougue, a squall blow away our mizen top sail. La bouteille de tribord de ce matter est emportée, that ship's starbor de ce matter gallery is carried away. Toutes not embarcations furent emportées, all our boats were washed overboard.

S'emporter, v. r. to fly or fall out into a passion, be angry or transported with anger. Un jeane homme qui ne s'emporte point, a sober young man. Il s'emporte facilement, a little matter raises his passion. S'emporter en des cris, to broak out in cries, fall a crying. ing. Se laisser emporter à la flatterie, to give

way to flattery.

EMPOTER, v. a. to put in a pot.

EMPOUILLE, s. f. hanging fruit, standing

EMPOURPRÉ, E, en-poor-pra, adj. bloody,

imbued with blood or purple.

EXPOURTREE, v. a. to imbue with blood or

purple.

EMPREINDRE, én-prindr, v. a. (see the table at éndre) to imprint, engrave.

EMPREINT, E. adj. imprinted, engraved.

EMPREINTE, én-print, s. f. impress, print,

bar, bat, base: thère; êbb, over: fleid, fig: rôbe, rôb, têrd: môod, gêed.

business, in haste, eager, forward.

EMPRESSEMENT, en-près-mên, s. m. haste, eagerness, forwardness. Il témoigne assex d'empressement pour ces choses, he seems to be forward enough in those things. Avoir des empressemens pour quelqu'un, to be ar-dently officious to one.

EMPRESSER, (s') sen-pré-sa, v. r. to be busy, eager, earnest or forward; be a busy body or an intermeddler.

Emprisonnement, èn-pri-20n-mên, s. m. imprisonment.

EMPRISONNER, en-pri-zô-na, v. a. to imprison, put in prison or in a jail, lay up, lay by the heels.

EMPRUNT, en-prun, s. m. borrowing, loan.
Faire un emprunt or des enprunts, to borrow. Cheval d'emprunt, borrowed horse.
Viore d'emprunt, bivo upon irust or upon tick.

EMPRUNTÉ, E, en-prus-tà, adj. borrowed. Avoir l'air emprunté, to have an awkward or constrained look. Nom emprunté, a fictitious Bame.

EMPRUNTER, èn-prun-tà, v. a. to borrow. EMPRUNTEU-R, SE, en-prun-teur, teuz, s. m. & f. barrower,

EHPUANTIR, en-pd-en-thr, v. a. to stink, infect, to poison. Shempuantir, v. r. to begin to stink.

EMPUANTISSEMENT, en-pil-en-tis-men, s. m. stench.

EMPTREE, s. m. empyema. EMPTREE, èn-pi-ra, adj. empyrean or em-pyreal. Le ciel empyrée or l'empyrée, s. m. the empyreal or highest heaven.

EMPTREUME, s. m. empyreuma. EMPTREUMATIQUE, adj. empyreumatical. EMU, E, a-ma, mu, adj. (from Emouvoir) soved, etc. Je ne l'ai jamais vu si ému, l never saw him in such a passion. Populace dance, enraged, angry or seditious multitude. Il a le pouls ému, his pulse beats high, his pulse is out of order.

EMULATEUR, à-mû-là-teur, s. m. emulator. EMULATION, &-mo-la-sion, s. f. emulation. EMULE, &-mul, s. m. rival, competitor, an-

tagonist. Emulguat, u, d-mal-sch, schu, adj. veine emulgente, vein that carries the blood to the

Emulsion, a-mal-sion, s. f. emulsion.

En, en, is sometimes a preposition and conclumes a pronoun. When a preposition, t chiefly means in, into, to, etc. When a sometimes a pronoun. The series a pronounce, it chiefly means in, into, to, etc. When a pronoun, it chiefly means of him, of her, of it, of them, from him, etc. As the proper use of the word on has been but indifferently pointed out, the following observations will be of rvice to the student. The pronoun en shall

be explained in the last.

I. To express those progressive successions which is English are presented with from and then to, we are to use en for to, provided we repeat the word; but à if autre is to be Hence, de temps en temps or de temps à au-tre or d'un temps à l'autre, from time to time. De ville en ville or d'une ville à l'autre, from town to town. De deux en deux jours, every

EMPRESSÉ, E, èn-prè-el, adj. busy, full of take up, and done expresses the time after sinces, in haste, eager, forward.

EMPRESSEMENT, en-près-mên, s. m. or to take place. R na à Windsor en deux take piece. It has a remainer of dear heures, he is two hours going to Windsor. If na h Windsor dans deax heures, two hours hence he is to go to Windsor. Islamy a good writer is not sufficiently assure of this distinction. tion

En is also used for persons when we speak in an indeterminate sense. En hice, in winter or in winter time, etc. Es the spring may however be an printemps or dans to pri temps; and in the beginning of may be est an commencement de or dans le commences de.

III. With respect to countries and pre-vinces introduced each barely with its name, es will do if we speak indeterminately of somewhere its or into; but done should be used if we mean the schole, as well as if the word be determined and particularized by some other word. Etre en France, to be in France. Aller en France, to go into France or to go to France. Instead of en Angistare, we may say dans la Grande-Breingne, to ex-press in or into in the sense of within.

When the name of a country or island proves to be one of those which have been discovered by Christopher Columbus, and other adventurers, we generally use an, à la, aux, instead of en, as we use du, de la, de, instead of de. He has been in Mexico and Jamaica, il a eté au Mexique et à la Jamaique.

IV. As to a city, town, village, etc. is is used instead of en if we speak indeterminately of living in or being in some part of it; but dans if we mean the whole or wish to represent the place as containing. Il deneare à Paris, he lives at or in Paris. It y a plus ere are d'un million d'ames dans Paris, th above a million of people in Paris. Mon pire est en ville, means my father is not at home (but gone somewhere in town;) whereas, Mon pare est à la ville, means my father is in town (not in the country.) We say as hant, above; en bas, below, down; en dedans, whihin side; en dehors, without side, etc.; d'en hant, of or from above, etc.

V. After an expression which denotes change, es (into) is to be used instead of dans, even though the noun should be made defined. Elle fut métamorphosée es la rivière que vous voyez couler, she was meta-morphosed into the river which you see flow

After any verb which means to consist, we use on with the nouns taken indeterminately, dans before nouns properly defined, and a before infinitives; whether the preposition be in English is or of.

VI. En or dans are almost indifferently used before tout, pronouns, adjection of number (followed by any noun not of time); see-fessite articles, demonstrative and possessive ad-jectives; yet when we speak of a place wherein we put something, dame is better. Metter cet arrend dama rates marks, and this Metter cet argent dans votre pache, put this money into your pocket. We say en mon money into your pocket. We say en mon particulier, for my part. En tout, in all, et. VII. In most other circumstances, en, de-

noting an indeterminate sense, is proper when the noun is not particularized or has not been other day.

II. In speaking of time, en denotes that the noun is not particularized or has not been length of time which the doing of a thing will so; and done must be used to denote that the buse, bût : jeune, mêute, beurre : ênfant, cênt, liên : vin : mon : brunt.

nous to which it is prefixed is employed in a precise and determinate sense or represented as something which contains. Il est en prison, he is in jail or in a jail (which jail he is in is matter of indifference or left out of the question.) Rest dans la prison, would imply that the kind of jail is sufficiently known. Hence He is in Clerkenwell jail, il est dans

We say, En vertu de for by virtue of, and en robe de chambre, etc. for in a night gourn, etc.

En is often equal to like, like a, like an, ofter the matuner of, etc.; hence, agir en roi, to act like a king. Ils se comportent en gens d'aprit, they behave like people of sense.

VIII. En is the only French preposition

which can be used before a participle present (it is even suppressed when the participle present is compound,) to express, in, hy, with, on, spon, etc. and even white he, etc. when he, etc.; as he, etc. This preposition serves then to form a detached or uncidental phrase, that is to say, to express interjectively or explanatorily the circumstances of an action, etc. pointing out either the time when it happened or the manner in which it took place or the means used to make it happen. L'homme vertueux ne cesse de faire du bien qu'en mourant, a virtuous man leaves off doing good only when he dies. Parlez-lui en passant, speak to him as you go by; (en passant is also used to express by the by.) Il me dit en partant, que, etc. he told me, as he set out, that, etc. On a guéri un prince de cette maludie en lui faisant préndre tous les jours deux cuillerées de vin d'Espagne, a prince was cared of that disorder by making him drak every day two spoonfuls of Spanish wine.

N. B. En prefixed to a participle present may generally serve to express those actions which are introduced in the sense of at the which are introduced in the sense of at the same time that I, (thou, he, she, it, ve, you, they,) or of and mean while, I, etc. Bland-ford suriched himself in doing his day while he did, at the same time that he did, and at the same time he did, his day.) Blandford

cerichit en faisant son devoir.

IX. The pronoun en is the representative of any noun which (if expressed instead of a) would have de, prefixed to it, or some other word equivalent to de, as touchant, etc. and here it is proper to refer the student to the observations made on de. He will then understand that en may mean not only of him, of her, of it, of them, of the action, etc. from him, from her, from it, from them, thence, hence, from the action, etc. of or from the action etc. was, of or from thee, of or from us, of or from yes: but also speaking of instruments not mu-sers with them, of musical instru-ments on it, on them; and to express the cause at it, at them, at the action, etc. for it, for them, for the action, etc. and even at me, etc. He will be able to understand that en with a passive expression may stand for hy him, by her, by it, by them, and even by me, etc. and that with regard to quantity or number, it may be for some or any to denote an inde-terminate portion of what has already been mentioned; and in this place I shall observe that on may serve to avoid repeating a noun (which indeed is often left understood in English) after a numerical adjective; as in

N'a-t-il pas quatre frères? Il en avoit qua-tre; mais il n'en a plus que deux, has he not four brothers ! he had four (brothers is understood;) but he has now only two (still, bro-

hers is understood.)

Sometimes en is an energetick pronoun, the force of which seems to be lost in English; for instance, in such comparative phrases as this. Il en est des héros comme des autres hommes, it is with heroes as with other men. En rouloir à quelqu'un, to have a grudge against one, owe one a spite. Pen suis là, that is my case, that is my temper, as well as I left of there. J'en tiens, I am caught.

ENALLAGE, s. f. enallage.

*Enamourk, s, adj. enamoured, is leve, mitten.

*Enarrhement, s. m. empest, pledge. ENARRHER, v. n. to give earner

ENARTHROSE, S. f. enarthrosis.

ENCABLURE, S. f. Mar. cable's length.

Nous sommes mouillés à une encâblure de terre, we lie within a cable's length of the shore.

ENCADREMENT, èn-kadr-men, s. m. put-

ing in a frame, framing. ENCADRER, en-ka-dra, v. a. to frame or

put in a frame. Encager, en-kå-zk, v. a. to cage, put or

shut in a cage; to imprison. Encaissement, en-kes-men, s m. pack-

ing up in cases.

Encaissen, èn-kè-sà, v. a. to pack up, put in a case: (de l'argent) to lay up.

Encan. en-kan, s. m. publick sale, auction. Encanailler, (s') sen-kā-nā-lā, v. r. to

keep ill or mean company.

ENCAPUCHONNER, (s') sėn-kā-pū-shō-nā, v. r. to cover one's head with a sort of hood. Encaquer, ėn-kā-kā, v. a. to barrel up. Encastela, s. ail. hoof-bound or barrowheeled.

ENCASTELER, (s') v. r. to get hoof-bound or narrow-heeled, (suid of horses.)

ENCASTELURE, s. f. being hoof-bound or narrow-beeled.

ENCASTILLAGE, V. Accastillage.

ENCASTREMENT, s. m. setting into a

ENCASTRER, en-kas-tra, v. a. to set into a

ENCAVEMENT, èn-khy-mèn, s. m. laying in a cellar.

Encaver, en-kå-vå, v. a. to lay in, to place or lay in a cellar

ENCAVEUR, èn-kh-veur, s. m. wine porter.

ENCAUSTIQUE, adj. Ex. printing encountique, picture, the colours of which are prepared with wax.

ENCEINDRE, en-shidr, v. a. (see the table

at eindre) to encompass, surround or enclose. ENCENTE, e. adj. encompassed, etc. ENCENTE, essent, adj. f. with child or big with child. Elle est enceinte de sons premier fruit, she goes with her first child.

ENCEINTE, s. f. compass, circumference,

enclosure. ENCENIES, s. f. pl. feasts among the Jews. ENCENS, en-sen, s. m. incense, frankincense; praise, flattery, commendation. Don-

render de l'enceus à, to praiso.

Encensement, ensèmemen, a.m. consing or perfuming with inceuse, etc.

Encensem, en-sèn-sà, v. a.to ceme or per-

bar, bat, base : there, ebb, over : field, fig : robe, rob, lord : mood, ghod.

fume with frankincense; to praise or com-

Encenseur, èn-sen-seur, s. m. flatterer, adulator.

ENCENSOIR, en-sen-swar, s.m. censer, per-fuming pan. Mettre la main à l'encensoir, to encroach upon the authority of the church. Donner de l'encensoir par le nez, to be a fulsome flatterer.

ENCHAINE, E, adj. chained, bound in chains, etc. V. Enchainer. Des choses qui sont enchainces, things that are linked or join-

ed together.

Enchainement, en shèn-mèn, s.m. concu-

tenation, connexion or connexity, train, series. Enchainer, en-she-na, v. a. to chain, bind up in chains, put in irons; to captivate or enslave; to unite, link, connect, concetenate.

ENCHAINURE, en-she-nur, s. f. chaining, binding or fastening with chains; linking together.

ENCHANTÉ, E, adj. enchanted, etc. V. Enchanter; enchanting, charming, bewitching, pleasant, delightful.

ENCHANTELER, v. a. to set hogsbeads of

wine on the stilling or gauntree.

Enchantement, en-shent-men, s. m. enchantment, charm, witchcraft; wonder, won-drous, thing; charm, charming quality, delight.

ENCHANTER, en-shen-ta, v. a. to enchant,

charm or bewitch; to delight or ravish. ENCHANTERESSE, en-shent-res, s. & adj. f. enchantress, sorceress, witch; beauty, charm-

ing beauty, enchanting.
ENCHANTERIE, s.f. delusion, deceit, jug-

gling trick.

ENCHANTEUR, en-shên-têur, s. & adj. m. enchanter, sorcerer, charmer, conjurer, jug-gler, subtle or deceitful man; enchanting.

ENCHAPERONNER, v. a. to bood (a hawk,) to put on a bood (at a funeral.)
ENCHASSER, èn-shà-sà, v. a. to enchase,

set in, put in.

ENCHASSURE, en-sha-sur, s. f. enchasing, setting in.

ENCHAUSSER, v. a. to cover (a plant) with

straw or dung, etc. Enchere, en-sher, s. f. bid, out-bidding or enhancing of the price; port-sale, auction.

Mettre à l'enchère, to sell by auction. Mettre
une enchère, to out-bid, bid more than another. Vous en paierez la folle enchère, you shall pay dear for your rashness.

ENCHERIR, en-sha-rir, v. a. to raise the price of, sell dearer, out-bid or bid more, enhance the price. Enchérir, v. n. to rise, grow dearer. Enchérir sur, to outdo, excel or exceed, improve upon.

Enchérissement. en-sha-ris-men, s. m.

raising of the price, growing dearer.
ENCHERISSEUR, èn-shà-ri-seur, s. m. outbidder or one that enhances the price. Le

dernier enterrissen; the highest bidder.

ENCHEVETRER. èrsh-vè-trà, v. a. to put
on a halter, halter. S'encherêtrer, v. r. to entangle one's self in an affair; get a foot entangle one's self in an affair; get a foot entangled in the halter (acid of a horse.)

ENCHEVETRURE, èrsh-vè-tràr, s. f. exco-

riation in the pastern of a horse.

ECHIFRENE, z, adj. who has got a stop-

page in the head or nose. ENCHIFRENEMENT, en-shl-fren-men, s. m. nose or rheum stopping the nose

ENCHIFRENER, en-shift-na, v. a. to cause a pose, to stop one's nose with a rheam.

ENCHYMOSE, s. f. sudden flush of the blood

in the face (caused by shame, anger, etc.)

ENCLAVE, E, adj. mortised, set within one another, wedged in.

Une principant endaove dans un clat, a principality enclosed or lying within the bounds of another state. ENCLAVE, èn-klav, s. f. bound, boundary, limit, what is enclosed in another.

ENCLAVEMENT, s. m. the act of enclosing,

state of being wedged in.

ERCLAVER, én-klå-vå, v. a. to mortise or set within another, enchose, wedge in.

ERCLIN, E, én-klin, klin, adj. inclined, in-

clinable, bent, prone, given to, apt, ready, willing.

ERCLITIQUE, en-kil-tik, s. f. enchitick. ERCLOFFRER, v. a. to cloister up, comine in a monastery, immure, imprison. ERCLORE, en-kilor, v. a. (like olare) to en-

close, encompass with an enclosure.

ENCLOS, E, en-klo, kloz, adj. enclosedENCLOS, s. m. enclosure.

ENCLOUER, en-kloo-l, v. a. to spike (a piece of ordnance.) Encloser un cheval, to prick or nail a horse in the shoeing. Senclouer, v. r. to run a nail into the foot (speaking of a horse.)

Enchouure, en-kloo-ar, s. f. prick in a horse's foot; obstacle. J'ai décourert où est l'enclouure, I have found out where the mischief lay. Cr n'est pas là l'enclouure, that is not the difficulty. C'est là où est l'enclouure, there the shoe pinches, there lies the mis-

ENCLUME, en-klum, s. f. anvil; small bone in the ear. Souche d'enclume, anvil stock.

ENCLUMEAU or ENCLUMOT, s. m. liule

ENCOCHEMENT en-kosh-men,s.m.notching. ENCOCHER, en-ko-sha, v. a. to notch. Encocher une flèche, to put the bow-string into the notch of an arrow.

ENCOFFRER, v. a. to lay up in a chest or trunk.

Encognure or Encoignure, s. f. corner,

angle (of a wall.)
ENCOLURE, en-ko-lur, s. f. chest (of a man or horse;) looks, mien. Je le reconnois à l'ex-colure, I know him by his air.

*Encombra, s. m. encumbrance, cross accident.

Encombrement, en-konbremen, cumber, encumbering. Encombrement, Mar.

humber, incumbrance, space which light and embarrassing goods occupy in the bold.

Encombrer, en-kon-bra, v. a. to encumber, obstruct. Encombrer, Mar. to lumber, etc. La rivière est encombrée de bâtimens, the river is crowded with shipping. Votre frégate doit être très-encombrée, your frigate must be much lumbered.

*Encontre, en-kontr, s. f. luck, chance fortune. Bonne encontre, good luck. Molecular descontre, ill fortune. A l'encontre, against it. Aller à l'encontre d'une chose, to run counter with a thing, be against or contradict a thing.

ENCOR, poetical term for Encore, which see. ENCORE, en-kor, adv. yet, as yet, still; again, anew, still, more or once more; also too, evan; besides, over and above, moreover;

bàsé, bắt: ièune, mêute, bêurre; ènfant, cênt, liên; vin; mon; brun,

at least. i, it would not be so bad if, etc.

ENCORNÉ, adj. m. borned.

ENCOURAGEANT, E, adj. encouraging. ENCOURAGEMENT, èn-kôo-raz-mêz, s. m.

encouragement. ESCOURAGER, èn-kôo-rà-zh, v. a. to en-

courage, incite, stir up, animate.

Escourin, en-koo-rîr, v. n. (like courir) to incur, run one's self into, fall under, draw upon one's self.

Escouru, E, adj. incurred.

ESCOURTINER, v. a. to close with curtains. ESCRASSER, en-krå-så, v. a. to make nas-damb, soil. S'encrasser, v. r. to rust (the ty, damb, soil.

f, GERD, BOLL. S CENTURER, V. 1. 10 1001 (orning), ind.) marry beneath one.
EECRIER, eakr, s. f. ink.
EECRIER, en-kri-l, s. m. ink-stand.
EECROUE, adj. Ex. un arbre encroue, a tree entangled in the branches of another (in felling.)

ESCULRASSER, (s') sen-kûl-rk-sk, v. r. to grow suff with assumess, grow rusty.

ENCUVEMENT, s. m. putting into a tub. ENCUVER, èn-tô-và, v. a. to put into a tub. ENCYCLOVE, adj. encyclical, circular. ENCYCLOPEDIE, én-d-klô-pà-di, s. f. en-

cyclopedia. ENCYCLOPEDIQUE, adj. of or belonging to

an eacyclopedia.

EXCYCLOP EDISTE, s. m. one that has worked or that works for the encyclopedia.

ENDÉCAGONE, s. m. endécagon.

ENDECASTLLABE, s. m. endecasyllable, verse of eleven syllables.

Endémique, adj. endemial, endemical,

ENDENTE, R, adj. indented; also that has teeth.

ENDENTER, v. a. to put teeth to the wheel of a machine.

ENDETTE, E, adj. in debt, indebted.
ENDETTER, en de ta, v. a. to make (one) run into debt. B'endetter, v. r. to run into ENDRYER, ea-de-va, v. n. to be mad.

ENDLABLE, E, en-dia-bla, adj. devilish, mischievous, mad. Paire endever quelqu'un, to make one mad.

ERDIMANCHER, (s') sèn-dì-mèn-shà, v. r. to put on one's Sunday clothes, make one's self fine.

ENDIVE, s. f. endive.

ENDOCTRINER, en-dôk-trì-nh, v. a. to teach or instruct.

ESDOMMAGEMENT, s. m. deterioration.

ESTOMMAGER, en do mà-zh, v. a. to da-mage, hurt. Notre mature a été très-endom-magée dans la dernière affaire, our masts re very much wounded in the last action. Ce cuisseau en touchant sur la barre a eu ses fonds cudousnagés, that ship has damaged her bottom by striking on the bar. ENDORMEUR, én-dor-mêur, s. m. whee-

dler, flatterer, coaxer, cajoler.

EMDORMI, E, adj. sleepy, drowsy, heavy with sleep; asleep, lulled asleep; drowsy,

asleep; to decoy, wheedle, amuse or deceive by fair words; to benumb. S'endormir, v.r. to fall asleep; (dans le péché) to be luiled asleep, abide (in sin.) Il s'endort as plus fort de ses affaires, he neglects his business strangely.

Endormissement, s. m. sled drowsiness, numbness, stiffness. Endosse, èn-dos, s. f. trouble, toil. s. m. sleepiness,

Endossement, en-dos-men, s. m. endorsement.

Endossen, en-dò-sa, v. a. to endorse, write on the back; also to put on the back.

ENDOSSEUR, èn-do-seur, a. m. eudorser. ENDOSSEUR, èn-drwà, s. m. place; (of a book) passage; (d'une étofie) right side; (d'une pièce de vizzade) bit; action, actions, deed, habevious par et one's life. Vizza par compace ae vizzate! Dit; action, actions, deed, behaviour, part of one's life. Vous ne comnoissez cet homme que pur ses manavis endroits, you only know him by his dark side. Je ne le connois que par cet endroit-là, I know him no other way. Montrer quelque chose par le bel endroit, to show a thing to the best advantage. C'est le plus bel endroit de au vie, that is the best thins he acur did de sa vie, that is the best thing he ever did in his life. *En mon endroit, by me, towards

ENDUIRE, èn-dûir, v. a. (see the table at uire) to do over, lay on with. Enduire de phâire, to plaster, to do over with plaster. Enduire de poix, to pitch over, do over with

ENDUIT, E, adj. done over, laid on, payed. ENDUIT, en-dul, s. m. plaster or plastering. Endurant, E, en-du-ren, rent, adj. pa-

tient, passive.

ENDURCIR, ès-dùr-sir, v. a. to harden; to make strong; to imme. S'endurcir, v. r. to harden or grow hard, inure one's self, become unfeeling.

Endurcissement, en-dor-sis-men, s. m.

hardness of heart, obduracy.
ENDURER, en-dû-râ, v. a. to endure, suf-

fer, bear, bear with; suffer or permit.

ENERGIE, a-ner-zl, s. f. energy, efficacy, force.

Energique, a-ner-zik, adj. energetical,

full of energy, forcible, emphatical.
ENERGIQUEMENT, &-ner-zik-men, adv.

forcibly, with energy.

ENERGUMENE, å-nër-gå-mën, s. m. & f.
one possessed with a devil.

ENERVER, å-nër-vä, v. a. to enervate, weaken, enfeeble, abate

Enfaité, E, adj. roofed, covered. Enfaiteau, en-sê-tô, s. m. ridge tile, gut-

ter tile.

ENFAITEMENT, en-fêt-men, s. m. ridge of lead on the tops of houses.

ENFANTER, en-se-ta, v. a. to cover the

ridge of a house with tile, lead, etc.
ENFANCE, èn-fèns, s. f. infancy, childhood;

childishness; puerility; first beginning. ENFANT, enfan, s. m. & f. child, infant, little boy or girl, babe, son or daughter. Faire l'enfant, to play like a child. Enfant trouvé, foundling. Enfant de Londres, enfant de Paris, one born in London or in Paris. C'est heavy, dull.

Exporant, s. m. sleeper. Les sept endormis, the seven sleepers.

Exporant, en-dôr-mir, v. a. (like dormir)
to make sleep, cost into a sleep, lay or lull

femme, to get a woman with child. Faire un bar, bat, blue: there, ebb, over: fleid, fig: robe, rob, lord: mood, good

enfant, to be brought to bed or delivered. Les enfans perdus (of an army,) the forlorn hope, the perdues. Courage, mes enfans, hope, the perdues. cheer up, my lads.

Enfantement, en-fent-men, s. m. delivery, bringing forth of a child. Les douleurs de Penfantement, the pains of a woman in labour.

ENFANTER, en-sen-ta, v. a. to bring forth a child, to be delivered or brought to bed of a

ENFANTILLAGE, en-fen-ti-laz, s. m. childish talk or behaviour.

un iele or veinaviou. Enfantin, E, èn-sentin, iln, adj. childish. Enfantine, E, èn-sa-ria, adj. white all over with meal. Avoir la sete enfarinée, to be over-much powdered. Il s'en est venu la gueule en farinée, he came big with expecta-tion. Enfariné (d'une science,) superficially acquainted, etc. (d'une opinion) prepossessed,

ENFARINER, v. a. to make white with

meal or with powder.

ENFER, en-fer, s. m. hell. Il a l'enfer chez lest, there is a hellish noise at his house. Les enfers, hell, the infernal regions (of the poets.)
ENFERME, E, adj. locked or shut in, etc.

Prisonnier qu'on tient étroitement enfermé, close prisoner.

ENFERMÉ, s. m. Ex. Sentir l'enfermé, to

smell musty, to have a musty smell.

Enfermen, en-fer-ma, v. a. to lock or shut in, lock up; enclose; hem in, pen up; also to contain, comprehend. Enfermer de murailles were ville, to wall a town about.

ENFERRER, en-fe-ra, v. a. to run through. S'enferrer, v. r. to run one's self through or run upon an adversary's sword. And figuratively, to stand in one's own light, burn one's own fingers.

ENFICELER, v. a. to tie close with a string.
ENFILADE, en-fl-lad, s. f. range of rooms or doors, etc.; train. Une longue enflade de discours, a long train of speech. Enflade de discours, a long train of speech.

feu, ill-run at play (in backgammon.)
Enfiler, en-[l-la, v. a. to thread; to string (beads, etc.) to run through (the body.) Enfiler un discours, to enter upon or begin a long story. Le rent enfile cette rue, the wind comes directly into that street. Enfiler une rue, to go through a street. Enfiler la venelle, to betake one's self to one's beels, run away. Une pyramide qui enfile un globe, a pyramid with a globe upon it. Enfiler un vaisseau, Mar. to rake a ship. S'enfiler, to

rush upon the sword of an enemy.

Enrin, en-fin, adv. in fine, after all, at length, finally, in short, at last, in a word, to conclude.

Enflammé, E, adj. on fire, all in a flame,

Enflammen, ên-fiâ-mâ, v. a. to set all in a flame, set on fire; to inflame, heat, set on fire the heart of; incense, enrage or animate, put in a passion, provoke. S'enflammer, v. r. to be inflamed, be kindled, catch fire, fall into a passion.

Enflé, E, adj. swelled, blown; puffed or lifted up; proud, high minded, conceited, puffed up, elate, elated. Un style enflé, a bombastic or tumid style.

ENFLÉGUURES, én-fik-shûr, s. f. pl. Marratdings or radines. Mettre des enfléchures

aux haubens, to rattle down the shrouds.

ENFLER, en-fil, v. a. to swell, make swell, blow up; to elate, pull up, make proud. Enfler le cour à quelqu'un or le courage de quelqu'un, to animate or encourage one, finsh one's courage. Enfler son style, to write bombast. Enfler le cahier, to swell up the volume. Enfler, v. n. S'enfler, v. r. to swell, be puffed or blown up, be elated, grow proud.

ENFILURE, en-fiur, s. f. swelling. * Enfare de style, bombast, bombastick or tumid or swelling style. Enflure de cœur, pride, vanity. Enfoncé, r, adj. sunk, broke open, et. hollow. V. Enfoncer.

Enforcement, enfons-men, s. m. nisking, forcing down, etc. breaking open, etc. bottom hole or hollow place; nook or corner; also back ground (in perspective or painting;) and Mar. Dans l'enfoncement de la baie, in the

bight of the bay.

ENFONCER, en-fon-sh, v. a. to sink, thrust, push, drive down or in ; to hollow. Enfoncer une futaille, to chap on a bottom to a cask.

Enfoncer un bataillon or un escadron, to rout or break through a battalion or squadron. Enfoncer une porte, to break open a door. Enfoncer une matière, to dive into a subject, examine it thoroughly. Ce bâtiment ent deux de ses baux enfoncés, Mar. that vessel had two of her beams stove in.

Enfoncer, v. n. to sink. L'oiseau enfonce, the hawk flies the bird to the mark. Senfoncer, v. r. to sink; to go deep or a great

way into or penetrate.

ENFONCEUR, en-fon-seur, a. m. one that breaks open a door. Enfonceur de portes ouvertes, one who brags of things which have no difficulty in them.

ENFONCURE, enfon-sur, s. f. boarded bottom of a bedstead. Enfoncures d'une fidaile, pieces belonging to the bottom of a cask.

ENFONDRE, v. a. to break open.

ENFONCIR, èn-för-sir, v. a. to strengthen.
v. n. & S'enforcir, v. r. to grow strenger, gather strength.

ENFOUIR, en-foo-ir, v. a. to hide or bury in the ground. Enfourr ses talens, to bury or hide one's talents.

Enfourcher, en-foor-sha, v. a. to stride, bestride, straddle (a horse.)

ENFOURCHURE, s. f. the straddle; fork of a stag's horn.

ENFOURNER, en-foor-na, v. a. to put into the oven. Il n'a qu'à bien enfourner d'abord, the main business is to begin well.

ENFREINDRE, en-firmer, v. a. (see the ta-ble at sindre) to infringe, break or transgress. ENFREINT, E, adj. infringed, broken,

transgressed. Enracque, adj. turned monk or friar.

ENFROQUER quelqu'um, v. a. to make one turn monk or friar. S'enfroquer, v. r. to turn monk or friar.

ENFUIR, (s') sen-fûlr, v. r. (like fuir) to fly, to run away; (said of liquor) to run.
ENFUME, z., adj. besmoked, smoked.
Jame enfisme, smoky yellow.

ENFUMER, en-fü-må, v. a. to besmoin, smoke, fill or trouble with smoke, smoke

out. ENGAGÉ, E. adj. engaged, etc. La elef est engagée dans la serrure, the key is faut est-tangled in the lock. Navire engagé, waterlogged ship. Manassore engage, foul repe. bane, bat : jêtme, mêute, bêutre : ênfant, cênt, liên : vin : mon : brun.

ESCACEAST, E, ès-gà-zèn, zènt, adj. en-gaging, alluring, charming. Escacement, ès-gèz-mês, s. m. pawn-

ing or mortgaging; engagement, promise, obligation, tie; enlisting, bounty money.

ENGAGER, enga-za, v. a. to pawn, give

in pawn, mortgage, pledge, engage, draw in, permade or oblige; (un soldat) to enlist. Engager le combad, to engage, fight, oblige to fight, bring on an action. Engager la clef lock. Je rome engage ma parole que cela sera, I promise you, or i engage, or pass my word that it shall be so. Engager son cour, to engage one's heart, to love. Nous engagedmes a beaupre du caisseau ememi dans nos grande haubone, we got the enemy's howsprit as compre au causeau entents dans nos grande haudens, we got the enemy's howsprit estangled in our main rigging. Nos poudres furent engagées au point d'interrompre le feu de natre accounte batterie, we were so bady supplied with powder as to be prevented fir-ing our upper deck guns for some time. S'en-tager v. s. he energy promise take progger, v. s. to engage, promise, take upon one's self, peas one's word, run in debt, enlist one's self, hire one's self; to penetrate too deep (into moods.) Sengager pour un ami, to stand bound for a friend. Notre navire rengages dans un lies plein de rochers, our tip ran in amongst the rocks.

Excacista, en-git-zist, s. m. mortgagee

of the king's demes

ENGLIER, enge-na, v. a. to sheathe. ENGLIER, en-zens, s. f. offspring, generation, breed, brood.

Escravere, v. s. to embarrass. ESCHEBER, v. a. to trepan.
ESCHEBER, v. a. to trepan.
ESCHEBER, E, adj. got, begot, etc.
ESCHEBER, E, adj. got, begot, etc.
ESCHEBER, es-ch-dra, v. a. to get, be-

get, engender, or procreate; to breed, cause or create. S'engendrer, v. r. to be bred or esgendered, to grow, spring, rise or pro-

*Escumen, v. a. to encumber.
Escumen, ès-sèr-bà, v. a. to sheaf.

destry; set, sare. Miesz vost engin que stre, policy goes beyond strength.

Excloser, engil-bh, v. a. to join to-

r, wait

BSSLOUTIR, es-glo-th, v. a. to swallow p. devour; also to infect, poison, knock own (opening of the breath;) to absorb, because, dissipate.

ESCLUER, english, v. a. to daub with ird-lime.

Encoucum, en-gon-sh, v. a. to cramp, con-ne, (speaking of strait clothes.)

Secono E. E. adj. choked up with filth and natiness. La powpe est engorgée, Mar. the tump is choked.

Escongement, en-gorz-men, s. m. be-

ing choked up.
Enconome, èn-gor-za, v. a. to choke up. Sengorger, v. r. to be choked up, want a

S'engorger, v. 1. we dear passage.

ERGOUER, the good, v. a. to choke. S'enguer, v. n. to choke one's self with greeness.

B'angouer de quelque chose, to be diame. B'angouer de quelque chose, to be diame.

ENGOUFFRER, èn-gdo-fit, v. a. to swal-low up, absorb. Sengouffier, v. r. to get in-to, run into, get ingulfed. ENGOULER, èn-gdo-fit, v. a. to swallow

down, gobble.

ENGOURDI, E. adj. benumbed, stiff.
ENGOURDIE, bugoor-dir, v. a. to benumb,
make stiff, also to dull, stupity. Sengourdir,
v. r. to get benumbed, grow stiff.

Engoundissement, engoor-dis-men, s. m. numbness, stiffness, dulness.

Engoundissement, engoor-dis-men, s. m. numbness, stiffness, dulness.

Engoundissement, engoor-dis-men, s. m. fattening or cramming, putting up of beasts and fowls to feed; meat wherewith any thing is fattened; dung, muck, manure, compost. Etre à l'engrais, to be fattening.

ENGRAISSEMENT, s. m. fattening, grow-

ing fat.

ENGRAISSER, en-gre-sk, v. a. to fatten, or make fat; to cram, make rich with manure, muck, dung, compost; to grease or spot with grease. Engraisser avec de la marne, to grease. Engraisser avec de la marne, to marl. Engraisser, v. n. S'engraisser, v. r. to fatten or grow fat; also to grow greasy. S'en-graisser des misères publiques, to fatten on publick distress.

Engranger, en-gren-2a, v. a. to inn, get in, put into the barn (grain.)
ENGRAVEMENT, s. m. state of a boat run aground.

ENGRAVER, en-gra-va, v. a. to run aground (speaking of boats or barges.) Engraver les pièces d'acrimage, Mar. to bury the casks in the ballast.

ENGRÊLÉ, E, adj. engrailed, indented.

ENGRELER, v. a. to purl, deck with em-

broidery.
ENGRELURE, en-grè-lur, s. f. purl or edg-

ing of lace.

Engrenage, s. m. wheels whose teeth catch and turn others.

Engrener, engr-nh, v. a. to put in the mill-hopper; to feed with good corn. Engremm-nopper; to seed wing good corn. Engrener, v. n. to begin; to catch (said of the teeth,
of a wheel.) Sengrener, v. r. to catch. Il a
bien engrene, he has begun well. Engrener
la nompe, Mar. to fetch the pump.
ENGRENUEE, engr-nor, s. f. catching,
(speaking of wheels that catch into one ano-

ther;) sort of articulation.

Engri, s. m. sort of tiger.

Engrossen, en-gro-så, v. a. to get with child.

Engrumené, e, adj. clotted, curdled. Engrumeler, (s') sen-gram-la, v. r. to

clot, clod, congulate.

Enhardir, en-ar-dir, v. a. to embolden, encourage. S'enhardir, v. r. to grow bold, to take courage.

ENHARNACHEMENT, s. m. harnessing, harness, trappings.

ENHARNACHER, en-år-nå-shå, v. a. to barness, set out with trappings.

*Enhazí, E, adj. busy to little purpose.

ENHERBER, v. a. to lay down to grass

(land;) to poison with herbs.

Enfuché, e, adj. Mar. moon-sheered. Enigmatique, a-nig-ma-tik, adj. enigmatical, dark, obscure, mystical.

å-nig-må-tik-m**å**r, ENIGNATIQUEMENT, adv. enigmatically, mystically.

ENIGHE, a-nigm, s. f. riddle, enigma, dark saying.

bắr, bắt, bằse : thère ; ẽbb, ovễr : field, fig : ròbe, rồb, lord : mòod, gôod.

Estvrant, E, adj. inebriating, etc.

Enivre, z, adj. made drunk, drunk, fud-dled, inebriated, intoxicated, infatuated, conceited.

Enivrement, èn-nivr-mên, s. m. being drunk, getting drunk, intoxication, infatuation.

ENIVERR, en-ni-vra, v. a. to fuddle, make drunk; to infatuate, intoxicate, inebriate, make proud or conceited. Senwer, v. r. to make one's self drunk, fuddle one's self.

ENJALER une ancre, Mar. to stock an an-

Enjambée, en-zen-ba, s. f. stride.

Enjambement, en-zenb-men, s. m. the running of a verse into another to complete

the sense. Enjamber, èn-sèn-bà, y. m. & a. to stride

or stride over; to encroach upon, usurp; to jut, project. Vers qui enjambe sur le suivant, verse that runs into the next line to complete the sense.

Enjaveler, ên-zêv-lâ, v. a. to bind into sheaves.

Enjeu, èn-zèu, s. m. stake at play.

ENJOINDRE, en-zwindr, v. a. (see the table at oindre) to enjoin, bid, order, charge or command.

Enjoint, E, adj. enjoined, etc. Enjoier, en-zo-la, v. a. to wheedle, decoy or cajolé.

Enjolev-n, se, èn-zò-lèur, lèuz, s. m. & f. ENJOLEVER, SEJENTALIEUT, ROLLS. III. GET. Wheedler, cajoler; also sweetener or setter (among sharpers.)

ENJOLIVEMENT, èn-zò-llv-mên, s. m. set off, ornament, embellishment.

ENJOLIVEM, èn-zò-ll-vh, v. a. to set off, rolls for the set off, ornament of the set off, ornament of the set off, ornament of the set of the se

make fine, beautify or adorn, embellish.

Enjoliveur, en-zd-il-veur, s. m. setter off; braid-makers, button-makers, and some other tradesmen call themselves enjoliveurs.

ENJOLIVURE, en-zô-fl-vůr, s. m. V. Enjolivement.

Enjour, E, en-zôo-a, adj. gay, graceful, genteel, agreeable, merry, jovial, airy, good-humoured, pleasant, sprightly. Un air en-joué, a good grace, a genteel look, a merry countenance.

Enjouement, en-co-men, s. m. sprightliness, gaiety, gracefulness, good grace, pleasant carriage, pleasantry, pleasantness, good or jovial humour. Enjourn, v. a. to make merry.

ENERGIDION, s. m. a little book containing secret remarks, precepts, and principles; manual.

ENLACEMENT, en-las-men,s.m. entangling. ERLACER, èn-là-sà, v. a. to entangle, twist. ERLAIDIR, èn-lè-dir, v. a. to make ugly or homely; v. n. to grow ugly or homely.

ENLAIDISSEMENT, s. m. making or grow-

ing ugly. Enlèvement. ėn-lėv-mėn, s. m. rape,

carrying off forcibly.

ENLEVER, enl-va, v. a. to lift; raise or heave up; to run away with, take or carry away by force; to carry off (by death;) to buy up, engross, forestal; to charm. Enlever (sine place) à l'ennemi, to take (a town) from the enomy. Enlever légèrement, to whip up. Enlever un bitiment à l'abordage, Mar. to carry a vessel by boarding her. Enlever des tonneaux vides (à l'aide d'un cartaheu passé

casks. Enlever la pega, to make the skin come off, take off the skin. La mine a enlevé es bastion, the mine blew up that bastion. DUMINON, the mime blow up that bastion. En-lever um quartier, to beat up quarters. Stenk-ver, v. r. to rise in pimples. ENLEWURE, s. f. blister, pimple. ENLUMINE, e. adj. coloured. Nes enlu-miné, nose full of red pimples, red nose. ENLUMINER, en-lô-ml-nh, v. s. to colour (a print;) make (the face) red. ENLUMINEU-R, s. E. de-lô-ml-neur, neuz, s. m. & f. colourer (of mann ac prints)

m. & f. colourer (of maps or prints.)

ENLUMINURE, en-ld-mi-ndr, s. f. colouring, coloured print, etc. far fetched ornament (of style.)
ENMANCHER, V. Emmancher.

Ennéagone, s. m. empeagon, figure of nine sides.

Ennemi, R, en-mi, mi, s. m. & f. enemy, foo. Je suis ennemi du mensonge, I hate a lie.

ERNEMI, E, adj. unfriendly, hostile, adverse, of or belonging to an enemy. Le pays ennemi, the enemy's country. Forume en

mie, cross or adverse fortune. Ennoblir, en-nd-blir, v. a. to ennoble.

V. Anoblir.

ENNOIE, s. f. sort of serpent whose tall is round and almost as big as his head, whence it is also called serpent à deux têtes.

ENNUI, èn-nul, s. m. dulness, weariness, heaviness, tiresomeness, vexation, trouble, sorrow, disquiet. Donner de l'ensui à quelqu'un, to trouble, vex or disquiet one, make one dull, etc. This word is one of those which cannot be fully expressed in English; hence it is that emen is sometimes found in English authors. Besides a sort of lassitude, of pain, of trouble, and of vapourish condition, it denotes a disgust with or impatience at the continuance of a thing. V. S'emmayer.

*Ennuiter, (s') v. r. to be benighted. V.

S'anuiter.

Ennuyant, z, en-ndi-yen, yent, adj. tire-

some, tedious. See the observ. on Emmi.
ENNUYER, en-nul-ya, v. a. to weary, tire, be wearisome or tiresome to, be tedious to, to dull or make dull, be an opiate to, make impatient of the continuance of something. As enmayer is equal to donner or causer & Pennui, a..., see the obs. on Ennui. Senai. yer, v. r. to be weary or tired, grow impa-tient of the continuance of a thing, grow vapourish and dull. Sans s'ensuyer or some ennui, without finding the hours heavy, without being dull, etc. Il m'ennuie, v. imp. I am weary or tired. Il ensuie à qui attend, he that waits has a weary time of it. ENNUYEUSEMENT, en-noll-yeuz-mên, adv.

tediously, in a tedious manner Ennureu-x, se, èn-ndi-yèn, yèuz, adj-tedious, wearisome, troublesome, tiresome, dull.

ENONCÉ, E, à-non-sà, adj. expressed, de-clared. Un faux énoncé, a faise declaration. ENONCER, à-non-sà, v. a. to express, declare or utter. S'enoncer, v. r. to express one's self.

Enonciati-f, ve, adj. expressive. Enonciation, a-non-sia-sion, s. carry a vessel by boarding her. Enlever des tonneaux vides (à l'aide d'un cartaheu passé dans une poulie simple) Mar. to whip up empty proud, puff up. S'enorgueillir, v. r. to grow

base, bât : jéane, mêute, beurre : ènfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brust.

proud, be proud or puffed up. Il s'enorgueillit de peu de chose, a little matter makes him proud. ENGREE, a-norm, adj. namoderate, vast,

excessive, huge, enormous, great, heinous, grievous.

ENORMEMENT, &-nor-ma-men, adv. un-measurably, greatly, grievously. ENORMITE, &-nor-ma-ta, s. f. hugeness,

wastness; also enormity, heinousness, atrocity. Enquerant, z, en-ka-ren, rent, adj. in-

ENQUERIR, (s') sen-kh-rir, v. r. (see the table at querir) to inquire or make an inqui-

ry, ask.

ENQUEERE, v. a. (obsolete) to inquire,

search for; s. m. inquiry, research.
Esquirz, en-ket, s. f. inquest, inquiry, search.

"Enquêtran, (s') sèn-leè-tà, v.r. to inquire or ask. Je ne m'enquête point de cela, I do no trouble myself about that.

ENQUETEUR, èn-kê-têur, s. m. inquisitor,

examiner.

Esquis, E, en-ki, kiz, adj. asked, interro-

gated.

ERRACIFÉ, E, adj. rooted, that has taken root. Mal envariné, inveterate or old disease.

ERRACIFÉ, E, adj. rooted, that has taken root. Mal envariné, inveterate or old disease.

7. r. to take root; also to grow inveterate. EBRAGE, E. èn-rà-rà, adj. mad, enraged. EBRAGEANT, E. èn-rà-rèn, zènt, adj. apt

to make one mad, vexing, provoking.

ENRAGEMENT, s. f. being mad or enraged. ESRAGER, en-ra-za, v. n. to enrage, to be mad. Faire enrager quelqu'un, to make one mad, provoke one.

ERRAYER, en-ra-ya, v. a. to put the spokes to a wheel, to trig or skid (a wheel;) to make

the first farrow; to stop.

ERRAYOIR, s. m. trigger.
ENRAYURE, èn-rè-yur, s. f. first furrow.
ENRAGURERTER, èn-rè-ri-mèn-th, v. a. to embody, form into a regiment; to enrol.

EMREGISTRÉ, E, adj. entered into a re-gister, registered, recorded.

Enregistrement, enr-zistr-men, or En-Regitrement, enr-zitr-men, s. m. entering in a register, registering or recording. Faire l'enregistrement des causes, to register

Esragistrar, enr-zis-trà, v. a. to enter

into a register, register, record.

EHRHUMER, en-rd-ma, v. a. to cause or take a cold. S'enriumer, v. r. to catch cold. Enrichet, x, adj. enriched, made rich, etc. Une mentre enriche de diamans, a watch set

with diamonds.

ERRICHIE, en-right, v. a. to enrich or make rich. Senrichir, v.r. to grow rich, thrive. ERRICHISEMENT, en-ri-shis-men, s. m. nest, set off, embellishment.

ERROLEMENT, en-rol-men, s. m. enrol-

Encluse, elections, v. a. to enlist or enrol.

Benotics, v. r. to enlist or enrol one's self, turn soldier.

Du homme en-

Esnous, z, adj. hoarse. Un homme enhe speaks hourse.

ESROURN, en-rood, v. a. to make hoarse. Serrous, v. r. to grow hoarse, make one's self hoarse.

ENROUILLER, en-roo-da, v.a. to make rusty. S'enrouiller, v. r. to grow rusty.

ENROULEMENT, s. m. rolling.

ENROULER, v. á. to roll or wrap up.

Ensant.ement, en-sabl-men, s. m. heap of sand, sand-bank.

Ensabler, en-sa-bla, v. a. to drive or force into the sand. S'ensabler, v. r. to stick in or run upon the sand; run aground. Ensacher, en-ad-sha, v. a. to put into a

sack or bag.

Ensaisinrment, èn-sè-zin-mên, s. m. seisin or investiture.

Ensaisiner, en-se-zi-na, v. a. to invest.

ERSANGLANTER, en-sen-glen-th, v. a. to make bloody, imbrue with blood.

Enskigne, èn-sègn, s. f. sign, sign post, mark or token; also banner, ensign's com-mission. A telles enseignes, by such a token. Elle ne vouloit rien éprouver de l'amour qu'à bonnes enseignes, she was resolved not to have any thing to do with love but upon honourable terms. Enseigne de pierreries, crotchet

of precious stones.

ENSEIGNE, s. m. ensign. Enseigne de vaisseau, officer (in the French navy) next in
rank to a lieutenant. Bâton d'enseigne, flag staff.

Enseignement, èn-sègn-mên, s. m. in-

struction, precept. Ensuignen, en et gna, v. a. to teach, in-

struct; to learn or show ENSELLÉ, E, adj. saddle-backed.

Ensemble, ensembl, adv. together, one with another, all at once.

ENSEMBLE, s. m. whole, whole piece, all the parts taken together. Les beautés de détail or d'ensemble de cette pièce de théâtre, the particular or collective beauties of this play.

Ensemencer, èns-mên-så, v. a. to sow (seed.)

ENSERRER, en-se-rh, v. a. to shut up, contain or comprehend; also to put into a green

Ensevelin, en-sev-lir, v. a. to bury or inter. B'ensevelir dans la solitude, to to live in seclusion.

Ensevelissement, èn-sev-ils-men, s. m. burying.

Ensoncelen, en-sors-là, v. a. to bewitch *e*r charm.

*Ensorceleur, èn-sôrs-lêur, s. m. bewitcher.

Ensorcellement, en-sor-sel-men, s. m. bewitching, witchcraft, charm.

Ensouran, en-soo-fra, v. a. to dip in or mix with brimstone.

Ensouple, s. f. weaver's beam.
Ensuite, en-sult, adv. afterwards, then. Ensuite de, aster.

*Ensurvant, E, adj. following, next. Ensurvant, (s') sen-sûlvt, v. r. (like sui-

vre) to follow, come after or next, ensue, proceed or spring. Il s'enneit, it follows. ENTABLEMENT, en-tabl-men, s. m. enta-

blature.

ENTACHER, en-ta-sha, v. a. to taint or

ENTAILLE, en-tal, s. f. jag or notch. ENTAILLER, conta-la, v. a. to jag or notch. ENTAILLURE, conta-lur, s. f. jag, notch. ENTAME, s. f. first cut (of a loaf.)

ENTANTE, èn-tà-mà, v. a. to cut, make a small incision in, make the first cut; to begin, enter upon. Entamer la réputation de quel-qu'un, to bespatter one's reputation. Se luisfor entaner, to suffer an encoachment, suffer one's self to be prevailed upon.

ESTANURE, enta-mur, s. f. cut, small in-

cision, first cut.

En Tant que, adv. as, inasmuch as. Entassement, én-its-mén, s. m. beap. Entassem, èn-là-sà, v. a. to heap, heap up. Ente, èm, s. f. graft, scion grafted, grafted tree; handle of a pencil; sort of pilaster.

ENTE, E, adj. grafted, etc.

ETTEMENT, s. m. grafting. ETTENDEMENT, de-tend-men, s. m. un-derstanding, intellect, intellectuals, judgment, mind, head or brain.

*ENTENDEUR, en-ten-deur, s. m. under-stander, apprehender.

ENTENDRE, en-tendr, v.a. to hear; to understand or apprehend; have skill, be skilful in; to mean; to expect, intend. Donner d entendre, to give to understand, insinuate, give a hint of. Donner bien à entendre, to explain well, make very plain. Faites comme rous l'entendrez, de as you think fit or best. Vous l'entendez mal, you are mistaken, you are in the wrong box. Pentends que vous fassiez cels, I expect you to do that. Faire entendre, to represent, to set forth. S'entendre à or en, v. r. to understand, have skill, or be skilful in. S'entendre avec, to understand one another, have secret intelligence with. Cela s'entend, cela s'entend bien, that is to be supposed or understood.

ENTENDU, z, en-ten-du, du, adj, heard, understood, etc.; skilful, understanding, that has skill, that understands; contrived, ordered. Faire l'entendu, to be proud, carry it high, take too much upon one's self. Bien entendu que, upon condition or provided that. Bien entendu, well contrived, regular. Bien entendu, by all means, to be sure; also I mean (je veux dire.) On déchira tous les vivans, bien entendu tous les vivans qui n'étoient pas de ce diner, they tore in pieces all the living, I mean all the living who were not at this dinner. Un mal-entendu, s. m. a mistake. a misunderstanding.

ESTENTE, caserin, Paroles à douvre carts) skill, judgment. Paroles à douvre cartente, double entendre, ambignous words.

Annhle meaning. Parler à double entendre de ENTENTE, en-tent, s. f. meaning , (in the ts) skill, judgment. Paroles à double entente, to speak with a double meaning or entendre, speak ambiguously, equivocate.

ESTER, èn-tà, v. a. to graft, graff, or in-raft, to unite in a joint two pieces of wood. en ceillet or en bouton, to inoculate.

"Enterinement, èn-ta-rin-men, s. m.

TABLE BEATT, CA-TA-TH-MCR, S. M. Grant, passing of a pardon or grant.

"Entérible, én-tâ-rî-hâ, v. a. to grant, pass or confirm (on act.) to finish, complete.

Entérocèle, s. f. enterocele, tumour formed by the prolapsion of the intestines into the exceptum. into the scrotum.

ENTÉROLOGIE, s. f. enterology.

ENTERREMENT, ém-tér-mên, s. m. bury-ing, burial or funeral, interment. ENTERRER, én-té-ra, v. a. to inter, bury,

lay or put in the ground; to hide.

ERTETE, E, en-tè-th, adj. fond, possessed, prepossessed, infatuated, conceited.

ESTÎTE, E, s. m. & f. obstinate or opinionative person, one wedded to his or her own

ENTETMENT, èn-têt-mên, s. m. infatuation, strong prejudice, conceited opinion, fondness. Revenir de ses entétemens, to come to one's

self again.

ENTRIER, en-te-ta, v. a. to disturb the head; cause the head-ache, make one's head ache; to possess or prepossem, infatuate. Vin qui entete, heady wine. Les louanges en-S'entêter d'une tetent, praises puff one up. chose, v. r. to take a strong funcy to a thing, be prepossessed or infatuated or fond of a S'entéter de son saroir, to be proud or conceited of one's learning.

ENTHOUSIASME, èn-tôo-zi-asm, s. m. enthusiasm, rapture, ecstacy; fanaticism. Enthousiasmé, E, adj. ecstasied, in rap-

tures, in orstasies.

Enthousiasmer, èn-tôo-zi-as-mà, v.a. to put in rapture. S'enthousiasmer, v. r. to be in a rapture.

ENTHOUSIASTE, en-too-zi-ast, s. m. & f. enthusiast.

ENTHUMBME, en-ti-mem, s. m. enthymeme. ENTICHER, en-ti-sha, v. a. to begin to spoil (as fruit.) Entiché d'une opinion, opinionated.

ENTIER, E, èn-là, tèr, adj. whole, entire, complete, full, absolute; obstinate, opinionative, wedded to his own opinion. Un chemi

entier, a stone-horse.

ESTIER, s. m. whole. Remettre la chose en son entier, to restore a thing to its first state. La chose est en son entier, the thing is entire.

ENTIÈREMENT, én-tièr-men, adv. wholly, entirely, altogether, totally, absolutely. It m'a entirement satisfait, he has paid me all.

ENTITE, s. f. entity.

ENTOILAGE, en-twa-laz, s. m. lawn or muslin to which lace or edging is sewed.

ENTOILER, en-twh-la, une cranate, to put

linen to a lace cravat. Entoiler, to paste upon canvass (a print.)

ENTONNEMENT, s. m. putting (biquor) into a cask.

ENTONNER, en-to-na, v. a. to put into a cask; to tune or sing. Entonner la trompette, to sound or blow the trumpet. S'estouner, v. r. to blow down, rush in (said of sound.) ENTONNOIR, en-to-nwar, s. m. tunnel, fun-

Entorse, en-tors, s. m. sprain. Se donn or prendre une entorse à quelque partie du corps, to sprain some part of the body.

, s. m. ENTORTILLEMENT, ca-tor-th-me

winding about, twining or twisting, etc.
ENTORTILLER, en-torthe, v. a. to wrap, wind, twine, twist or roll about, to estangle, perplex or confound. Sentortiller, v. r. to wrap itself up, twine itself, to be perplexed and confounded.

ENTOUR, s. m. environs, compass, what surrounds any thing ; intimacy. A l'entour.

V. Alentour.

ENTOURAGE, en-too-raz, s. m. whatever surrounds, ornamental work around a jewel. ENTOURER, en-too-ra, v. a. to surround, environ, encompass or compass about-

ENTOURNURE, en-idor-ner, s. f. coff, were

ing up of the sleeve.

bine, bit : jetne, meute, beurre : énfant, cent, lien : vin : men : brun.

ESTR'ACTE, és-trakt, s. m. interlude.

ESTR'ACCUSER, (s') sen-tri-kû-zi, v. rec. to accuse one another.

ENTR'AIDER, (s') sen-trè-dh, v. rec. to

help one another.

ENTRAILLES, en-tril, s. f. pl. entrails, intestines, bowels; heart. Avoir de bonnes entrailles, to be tender-hearted or compassion-ate. Les entrailles de la miséricorde de Dieu, the tender mercy of God.

EXTR'AIMER, (5') sea-tre-ma, v. rec. to

love one another.

ENTRAINEMENT, s. m. the act of drag-

ging along.

Extraclmer, v. a. to drag or draw along, hale, hurry or drag carry or earry away, hale, hurry or drag Ces vaisseaux sont entraines pur le away. force des courants, those ships are carried away by strength of the currents.

ENTRANT, E, adj. forward, that puts him-self forward, insunuating, engaging. ENTR'APPELER,(2') sch-trap-la, v. roc. to

call one another.

ENTRAVER, en-tra-va, v. a. to shackle or letter.

Estr'avertir, (s') sèn-trà-vêr-têr, v. roc.

to give one another notice.

ESTRAVES, én-trav, s. f. pl. shackles or fetters for a horse's legs; shackles, fetters,

ciag.

ESTRE, entr, prep. among, amongst; between, betwist; in, into. Je some flore cel homme entre les mains, I deliver this man I set entre cina et six heures, into your hands. Il est entre cinq et six heures, it is between five and six o'clock.

ENTRÉ, E, adj. (from Entrer) gone in, got

ESTRE-BAILLE, E, entr-ba-da, adj. half open, a-jar, (said of doors and windows.)

ESTRE-BAILLER, v. a. to stand a little open.

ESTRE-BAISER, (s') sentr-bê-zh, v. roc. to some amother.

ESTRE-BATTRE, (s') sentr-batr, v. rec. to

best one another. ESTRE-BLESSER, (s') sentr-blê-sa, v. rec.

to wound one another ESTRE-CHANGER de postes dans la ligne,

Mar. to interchange stations in the line.

ENTRECHAT, cutr-sha, s. m. sort of step

(in dencing.)

ESTRE-CHOQUES, (s') sentr-shô-kh, v. rec. to hit against one another; to thwart. ESTRE-COLONNE, s. f. or ENTRE-CO-

LOYNEMEST, s. m. intercolumniation or space betwire two pillars.

ESTRE-COUPER, entr-koo-ph, v. a. to in-terrupt, break off. S'entrecouper, v. r. to cross estr-koo-pa, v. a. to inor cut one another; also to contradict one's self; to cut or interfere (speaking of a horse.)
ESTRE-DÉKAIBE, (s') sentr-dé-fer, v. rec.

to defeat one another.

ESTRE-DÉTRUIRE, (s') v. rec, to destroy each other.

ESTRE-DEUE, a. m. space or intermedium.

Batro-deue, Mar. Entre-deux des lames,

trugh of the sea, hollow of the sea. Entredeux des môte, distance between the masts. Ce navire au vent à nous a beaucoup d'entredoux de mats, that ship to windward of us has a great distance between her masts.
ESTRE-DEUX, adv. so, so; indifferently.

ESTRE-DIRE, (s') v. rec. to say something

to one another.

Entre-donner, (s') sentr-do-m, v. sec.

to give each other.
ENTRÉE, èn-trà, s. f. entry; entrance, coming in; entrance money; avenue; solema reception; entrance upon, beginning; importation; also custom; course of dishes; introduction, insight, hint; access, admittance. Droits d'entrée, duties on imports. D'entrée, at first. Entrée de bullet, dancing. L'entrée de ma maison n'est fermée à personne, my door is shut to nobody, my house is free for all men. Il m'a défendu l'entrée de ce lieus, he has forbidden me to come into this place. On en a défendu l'entrée, there is an order to let nobody in. L'entrée de ce chapeau est trop petite pour moi, the crown of this hat is too narrow for me.

Entrée, Mar. entrance, etc. L'entrée de e port est hérissée de canons, the entrance of that harbour is defended by a numerous artillery. L'entrée de la Manche, the chops of the Channel. Entrée (term of quarautine,) pratique. Avoir l'entrée, to have pratique.

Prendre l'entrée, to get pratique.

ENTR'EMPRCHER, (s') v. rec. to clash, jar, be contrary.

ENTREFACHER, (s') v. rec. to quarrel together.

ENTREVAITES, entr-fêt, s. f. pl. Ex. Dans or sur ces entrefaites, in the mean while, during these transactions, while these things were doing.

ENTREFOURTER, (s') v. rec. to whip one another.

ENTRE-FRAPPER, (2') v. rec. to strike each other.

Entregent, entr-sen, s. m. adroit and centeel way of pushing one's self forward in the world. Anour de l'entregent, to know how to behave with every body.

ENTR'EGORGER, (s') v. rec. to cut one another's throat.

ENTRE-HEURTER, (s') v. rec. to knock

one against another. ENTRELACEMENT, entr-iks-men, s. m.

mixture, twisting together, twist.

ENTRELACER, entr-la-sh, v. a. to intermingle, interlace, interweave, wind or twist

with one another.

ENTRELACS, m. pl. loveknot.
ENTRELARDE, E, adj. interlarded, etc.
Viande entrelardee, marbled meat, streaked. with fat and lean.

Entrelander, entrièred, v. a. to interlard, mix lean with fat; to interlard, intermix, insert, interweave.

ENTRE-LIGNE, entr-lign, s. f. interlineation.

ENTRELIRE, v. a. to read cursorily.

ENTRELOUER, (s') v. rec. to praise one another.

ENTRELUIRE, v. n. to glimmer.

Entre-manger, (s') sentr-mên-ea, v. roc. to eat together.

ENTREMELER, entremella, v. a. to intermingle, intermix or insert. S'entremèter, v. r. to mix together.

ENTREMETS, estr-me, s. m. dainty dish, olates served at great men's tables just before the fruit.

ENTREMETTEU-R, SR, s. m. & f. media-tor, mediatrix, manager between two parties, go-between

bar, bat, base : thère, ebb, over : field, fig : robe, rob, lord : mood, good.

ENTREMETTRE, (s') sênt-mêtr, v. r. (like || mettre) to intermeddle, interpose

ENTREMISE, entr-miz, s. f. interposition, mediation, procurement, means, help, assist-

Entremises, s. f. pl. Mar. straight and square pieces fayed to the timbers over the clamps from beam to beam in French men of war, in the same place where English ship-builders put a horizontal or lodging knee.

ENTREMORDRE, (s') v. rec. to bite one another.

Entre-nuire, (s') sentr-nuir, v. rec. to hurt each other.

Entreparler, (s') v. rec. to talk toge-

ENTREPARLEUR, s. m. interlocutor. ENTREPAS, s. m. broken amble.

ESTRE-PERCER, (s') v. rec. to run each other through.

ENTREPONT, s. m. Mar. between-decks or interval between-decks. Les bâbordais à nettoyer l'entrepont, the larboard watch to clean the between-decks.

ENTREPOSER, v. a. to place goods (that are to be carried elsewhere) in an entrepot.

ENTRE-POSEUR, s. m. person appointed

for selling goods in entrepot.

ENTREPOT, entr-po, s. m. staple, mart, emporium. Ville d'entrepôt, mart-town.

ENTRE-POUSSER, (s') v. rec. to push one another.

ERTREPRENANT, E, entr-pre-nen, nent, adj. bold, venturesome, forward, rash.

ERTREPRENDRE, entr-prendr, v. a. (like

prendre) to undertake, take in hand, attempt or enterprise, take upon one's self; to set upon, attack, jeer. Entreprendre un bâtiment à prix fait, to undertake a building by the job. Entreprendre sur quelque chose, to encroach or intrench upon a thing, invade it. Entreprendre sur la vie de quelqu'un, to make an attempt upon one's life.

ENTREPRENEUR, èntr-prè-neur, s. m. un-dertaker, undertaker of work by the job,

Entrepreneuse, entr-pre-neuz, s. m. under-taker, woman that undertakes work and gets it done by others.

ENTREPRIS, E, entr-pri, priz, adj. underaken, etc.; impotent, that has lost the use of his limbs; awkward.

ENTREPRISE, s. f. undertaking, enterprise, attempt or design, contract or contractors ; also attempt, encroachment. Etre dans les entreprises, to be in the contracting way or line; to be a contractor.

Entre-Quereller, (s') sentr-kê-rê-lâ, v. rec. to quarrel together.

ENTRER, en-tra, v. n. to enter, go in, come in, get or step in; to engage in, to begin, to sit; to fall (in love, etc.) Entrer à table, to sit down at table. Il entre trois verges de drap à mon justaucorps, it takes three yards of cloth for my close coat. Ce porte entre bien dans les passions, that poet expresses the passions very well. Ce comédien entre bien dans le caractère de son personnage, that stage-player humours his part very well. Entrer dans sa vingtième année, to enter upon the twentieth year of one's age. Entrer dans le détail des choses, to come or descend to particulars. Entrer en possession to take |

Entrer dans les intérêts de que possession. qu'un, to side with one, espouse his interest. Entrer dans son sens or dans son sentiment, to embrace or follow or be of his opinion. Que vous entrez mal dans mes sentimens! how grossly you mistake my meaning! Enterer dans la pensée d'un andeur, to understand an author's meaning. Entere dans les secrets de quelqu'un, to be admitted into one's secrets, be his confidant. Des médicamens où il entre de l'or et des pierreries, medicaments made (amongst other things) of gold and precious discourse, to begin it. Entrer en proces, to begin a law-suit. Nous ne planes entrer dous le port qu'aux trois quarts du flot, Mar. we could not come (or get) into the harbour till the last quarter flood. Faire entrer un bitiment dans le bassin, to take a vessel into dock. Fair entrer la clef dans un mût de hune or de perroquet, to enter the fid of a topmast or

top-gallant mast. Entre-regarder, (5') scatt-re-garda,

v. rec. to stare at one another. Entre-right, V. Interregne.

ENTRE-RÉPONDRE, (8') sentr-ré-pondr, v. rec. to answer one another.

ENTRE-SABORDS, s. m. pl. Mar. intervals between the ports of a ship's side.

ENTRE-SALUER, (S') v. rec. to salute one another.

Entre-secourir, (s') semr-se-koo-rir, v. rec. to help each other. ENTRE-SOL, entr-sol, s. m. room upon the

ground floor. Entre-sourcil, s. m. space between the

eye-brows. ENTRE-SUIVRE, (s') sentr-sdivr, v. rec. (like suirre) to follow successively, to follow each other,

ENTRE-TAILLER, (s') v. r. to interfere, knock the legs one against the other (as 2 horse does.)

ENTRE-TAILLURE, s. f. galling of the legs by their interfering

ENTRE-TEMPS, entr-ten, s. m. mean while, mean time. Un heureux entre-temps, a favourable opportunity.

ENTRETENEMENT, entr-tên-mên, s. m. maintenance, keeping. V. Entretien. ENTRETENIR, êntr-tê-nîr, v. a. (like tenir)

to keep, preserve, maintain, continue; to keep up, keep in repair; to hold fast or together; to converse with, to entertain, anuse. Establishment of the converse with the con tretenir sa douleur, to indulge one's grief. Pour nous entretenir, as a matter of conversation. S'entretenir, v. r. to discourse or converse, to keep, continue or hold, keep one's self, etc. S'entretenir, Mar. to keep in the same position by manoeuvring. Nous nous entretinmes bord sur bord, en attendant la maree, we held our own, making short tacks, waiting for the tide.

ENTRETENU, E, adj. kept, maintained.

Entretenu. Un regiment entretenu sur

pied, a standing regiment. ENTRETIEN, entr-tien, s. m. maintenance or keeping ; conversation, discourse, talk : also company. Entretien de bouche et d'halits, charge of victuals and clothes. Les prairies sont de moindre entretien et de plus grand reverse, meadows are less chargeable and more productive. Entretiens spirituels, pious exbuse, but : jèune, mêute, beurre : ènfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

Fournir à l'entretien de quelqu'am, to find one in all his necessaries, to upport or maintain or keep one.

ENTRETOILE, s. f. ornament of lace-work

between two pieces of linen.

ESTRETOISE, s. f. a cross piece of wood.

Entretoise d'affit, Mar. transom of a gun
carriage. Entretoise du mât de beaupré, sort of partners to the bowsprit placed vertically (in French ships of war) at a small distance there its stop, on the lower deck.
ESTRE-TOUCHER, (s') v. rec. to be conti-

ENTRETRAVERSER, (s') v. r. Mar. to bring the broadside to bear upon some adjacent

ESTRETUER, (s') sentr-tû-û, v. rec. to kill

each other.

ESTREVOIR, entr-vwar, v. a. (like voir) to see or discover a little, have but a glimpse of Sentrecoir, v. rec. to see one another, visit one another, have an interview.

ESTREVUE, entr-va, s.f. interview, meet-

ing, conference.

ENTR'OUIR, en-troo-ir, v. a. (like outr) to overhear, or hear in an imperfect or indisinci manner.

ESTR'OUVERT, E, adj. opened half-way, kalf-open, but a little open, gaping, a-jar.

ERTR'OUVRIR, en-troo-vrir, v. a. (like Sent open but a little, open half-way.
Sent open, v. r. to open, gape.
ENTURY, es-tur, s.f. place where the graft sponed to the tree; pl. steps of a kind of ladder.

EFULA-CAMPANA, s. f. elecampane.

ENUMÉRATI-F, E, adj. that enumerates. ENUMÉRATION, è-nû-mà-rà-sìon, s. f. enumeration, account.

Escuerer, v. a. to enumerate.

Esvanir, én-vå-ir, v. a. to invade, usurp, take by force.

Envahissement, èn-và-ls-mên, s. m. inon, usurpation.

ENVANER, (s) v.r. Mar. to stick in the mod. Voila une galiote qui s'est envasée, there is a galliot stuck fast in the mud.

ENVELOPPE, env-lop, s. f. cover, envelope. ENVELOPPE, r., adj. wrapped up, cover-ed, cc. dark, mysterious, reserved. Se trouver oudoppé dans de manaises affaires, to be entagled or involved or engaged in a scurvy business. Discours enveloppé, perplexed, dark, intricate or confused discourse.

ENVELOPPEMENT, env-lop-men, s. m.

wrapping or folding up.

ENVELOPPER, env-lô-på, v. a. to wrap up, cover or envelop, fold up; hem in, beset; to involve; to disguise.

Envelopper un conte, to dress a smutty story in clean language. S'enrelopper, v. r. to wrap one's self up, muffle one's self up.

ESVENIMER, env-ni-ma, v. a. to envenom, poison; (see plaie) make angry; (un dis-cours) to poison, relate in an odious manner; (l'esprit de quelqu'un) to irritate, provoke, meense, exasperate one. S'envenimer, v. r. to fester or rankle.

ENVERGUER, en-ver-ga, une voile, Mar. to bend a sail (to its yard.) Ce brig emergue en rolles, that brig is bending her sails.

ENVERGURE, s. f. Mar. length of the yards of a ship and the extent or spread of the sails upon them. Cette frégate a peu d'envergure, that frigate is by no means square rigged; also, extent of a bird's wings when flying.

ENVERS, en-ver, prep. to or towards. Envers, s. m. the wrong side. A l'envers, adv. the wrong side outward. Un homme qui à l'esprit à l'envers, a cross-grained genius. Etre couché à l'envers, to lie upon one's back.

Env1, en-vi, s. m. vie (at cards.) A l'envi, adv. Etudier à l'envi, to study with omula-tion. Ils travaillent à l'envi l'un de l'autre, they strive who shall work most or best. font à l'envi qui sera le plus diligent, they strive who shall be most diligent.

Envie, en-vl, s. f. envy; odium, hatred, blame: mind, desire, longing, fancy, humour; longing (of scomen;) mark (on children.)
Anoir enrie de faire, to have a mind or an inclination to do. Avoir envie d'éternuer et ne pouvoir le faire, to try in vain to sneeze. S'il lui prenoit envie de le faire, if he should take it into his head to do it. Si l'envie m'en prend, if the humour takes me. Je meurs d'ennie de le voir, I die with impatience to see him. On lui a donné l'envie de ce tableau, they have set him agog about that picture. L'envie lui prit d'aller à Rome, the fancy or humour took him to go to Rome. Gela fait envie, that makes one's mouth water. Il m'en a ôté l'envie, he has put me out of conceit with it. J'ai quelque envie d'aller à la selle, I have a kind of motion to stool.

Envit, E, adj. envied. Une charge enviée de tout le monde, an office courted or desired

by every body.

*Envirill, E, adj. old, inveterate, of long standing.

Enviellin, v. a. to appear old. Envier, en-vl-a, v. a. to envy; to desire, like, wish for. Envier le point, to vie at the ruff (at cards.)

Envieu-x, se, ên-vî-êu, êuz, adj. & s. envious, jealous, that envies, envious person. Son mérite lui a fait des envieux, his merit has brought envy upon him.

Environ, en-vi-ron, prep. about, therea-

Environner, en-vi-ro-na, v. a. to environ, encompass, surround or stand about, encompass about.

Environs, s. m. pl. environs, adjacent parts, neighboring places.

Envisager, en-vi-zà-zà, v. a. to look or

stare in the face; to look upon, consider. Envoi, en-wa, s. m. sending; thing sent;

couplet at the conclusion of a hallad or song. Envoising, z, en-vwa-zl-na, adj. that has neighbours.
Envoler, en-vô-là, v. n. Semoler, v. r.

to fly away, wing it away, pass rapidly. Envoye, E, en-vaw-ya, adj. sent.

Envoyé, s. m. envoy.

ENVOYER, en-wwa-yb, v. a. to send. En-royer querir, to send for. Mar. to send. Envoie des hommes en vigie, send hands to the mast-head. Enroyez, down with the helm.
EOLIFYLE, s. m. colipyle.
EPACTE, å-påkt, s. f. epact.
EPACNEUL, E, å-på-gnëul, s. m. & f. spa-

niel, spaniel dog or bitch.

EFAIS, SE, a-pè, pès, adj. thick. Esprit épais, dull heavy wit, blockhead.

bar, bat, base: thère; ebb, over: field, fig: rôbe, reb, lêrd: môed, gêod.

TIPAIS, s. m. thickness, thick. Pierre qui a daux pieds d'épais, a stone two feet thick. Il donna le premier dans le plus épais de la cavalerie, he was the first that fell amongst the thickest of the cavalry.

EPAIS, adv. thick. Semer épais, to sow thick. Eraisseur, à pé-seur, s. f. thickness. Il y a trois doigts d'épaisseur, it is three inches thick. Entrer dans l'épaisseur d'un bois, to fail into the thick of a forest.

EPAISSER, & pè-dir, v. a. to thicken or make thick; v. n. S'epaissir, v. r. to thicken, grow or become thick.

EPAISSISSEMENT, A-pe-sis-men, s. m.

EPAMPREMENT, &-penpr-men, s. m. stripping of the vine (of its leaves.)

EPAMPHER, &-pen-pra, v. a. to strip off the useless leaves (said of the vine.)

BEARCHEMENT, &-pensis-men, s. m. effu-sion, shedding or pouring out. Epanchement do bile overflowing of the gall. Epanchement

Expanentes of the control of the con

EPASTORS, &-pendr, v. a. to shed or pour out, scatter, spread, disperse, sow, throw here and there. Sepandre, v. r. to be shed out, spread itself, be scattered or dispersed.

EPANDU, E, adj. shed, poured out, etc. V.

Bpandre.
EPANOUI, E, adj. blown

EPANGUIR, (1') sh-ph-ndo-ir, v. r. to blow or blossom (as a flower.) Faire epanonir, to cause to bloom. Epanouir la rate, to make merry, cheer up.

EPANOUISSEMENT, &-pa-noo-is-men, s. m. blowing (of flowers.) E Epanoraissement de

EPARCET, s. m. sort of hay, the grain of which supplies the place of oats and barley. EPARER, (s') v. r. to throw or jerk out with the beels, fling the heels out (as herses do.)

EPARGHAHT, B. A-phr-gaben, gubent, adj. sparing, saving, good husband or housewife. EPARGHE, A-phrgn, s. f. savingness, husbandry, way of saving, parsimony; public treasury, exchequer. Arteorier de l'épargne, sucr d'éliment de la constant de la c margue, to be saving, be a good husband, be close. Faire de l'épargne, to save or lay up. Boargne du temps, husbandry or economy or management of one; a time.

EPARGNER, å-pår-gnå, v. a. to spare or humband, be saving or a good husband; to save or lay up; to spare, save or exempt. If n'éragne personne, be spares nobody, he rails at every body. S'épargner, v. r. to spare one's self, avoid.

EPARPILLEMENT, A-phr-ph-men, s. m.

scattering or dispersing.

BPARFILLER, &-per-pl-&, v. a. to scatter, souther about, spread, throw here and there.

Béparpiller la rate, to be merry.

EPARS, R. b-par, pars, adj. scattered, dispersed.

Elle marchoit les choeux épars, she went with her hair dishevelled or loose.

EPARVIR, å-pår-vin, s. m. spavin. EPATE, å-på-tå, seij. m. Ex. Verre épaté glass with the foot broken. Nez épaté, broad, flat nose. EPATER, &-pa-ta, v. a. to break the foot of

(a glass.) EPAULARD, s. m. large fish like the dolphin.

EPAULE, &-pol, s.f. shoulder; (of a bastion) flank. Regarder quelqu'un par-dessus l'épouls, to look down upon one with contempt. Préter l'épaule à quelqu'un, to back, belp or countenance one. Pousser le temps avec l'éponde, to make a shift to keep life and soul

reponce, we introduce the control of
EPAULEMENT, å-pòl-men, s. m. epaulment, shouldering piece or covert (in fortification;) demi-bastion.

demi-bastion.

Erauler, å-pò-là, v. a. to break or distocate the shoulder; to shoulder up, prop; to help, back or countenance; (terme de garre, or faire um épaulement) to cover with an epaulment. Sépauler, v. r. to put one's shoulder. der out of joint.

EPAULETTE, &-po-let, s. f. epaulet, shoul-

der strap, shoulder piece.

EPAULIERE, s. f. shoulder piece (of armour.)

EPAVE, a-pav, adj. strayed. Bete epace, strayed beast; also drifted. EPAVE, s. f. strayed beast. Epaces, s. f. pl.

Mar. wreck or whatever is thrown by the sea upon the coast and has no owner.

EPEAUTRE, &-potr, s. m. kind of grain. EPER, R-ph, s. f. sword. Officir deper, military officer. Eper romaine, feathers (frizzled horse hair.) Passer l'épée au travers du corps de quelqu'un, to run one through. Passer au fil de l'épée, to put to the sword. Le put to the sword. Prendre l'épée, prendre l'epée, prendre l'épée, put to the sword. Presare vepe, member to part or la profession des arms, to turn soldier. N'avoir que l'épée et la cape, to have little or nothing. La main de l'épée, houseman's right hand. Metter quelque chose du côté de l'épée, to take a thing to one's self, sink it. Ils sont aux épées et aux content, there are a decomparé drawing. Enée de me, they are at daggers drawing. Epée de mer, sword-fish.

EPELER, ap-la, v. a. to spell.

EPELLATION, s. f. the art of spelling.

EPERDU, E, &-per-dů, dů, adf. dismayed, astonished, in a maze, frighted.

EPERDUMENT, &-per-dů-měn, adv. desperately, passidnately, violently, extreme-

EPERLAN, h-pêr-lên, s. m. smelt.
EPERON, h-pron, s. m. spur; buttress or starling. Donner un coup d'éperon à un cheval, to clap spurs to a horse, spur a horse, cheval, to clap spurs to a horse, spur a horse, spur a la coupe d'éperon d'annue de la coupe de la Donnons un coup d'éperon jusques là, let us gallop thither. Il a besoin d'éperon, il fud but doner un coup d'eperon, he wants to be spurred. N'avoir ni bouche ni éperon, to have neither wit nor courage. Mar. head of a ship. beak; or more properly, cut water or knee of the head.

EPERONNÉ, E, adj. spurred. EPERONNER, å-prò-nå, v. a. to spur, pet

EPERORNIER, E, å-pro-nik, ièr, s. m. &f. spurrier, spur-maker or seller.

base, but : joune, meute, bourre : émint, cênt, liên : vin : mon : bruss

EPERVIER, &-per-via, s. m. sparrow hawk, elso sweep-net; and bandage for fractures of

EPERVIN, s. m. spavin.

EPHREE, s. m. a youth just come to the age of puberty.

EPHEDRE, s. f. a sort of shrub; ancient

EPHÉLIDES, s. f. pl. a certain cuticular

EPHENERR, &-fa-mer, adj. ephemoral, of one day, or that lasts but one day. Fieure chimere, ephemera, day ague, ague of one day. Cet ounrage ne peut avoir qu'un succis epidenere, the success of that performance cannot be of long duration.

EPHÉMÉRIDES, à-fà-mà-rid, s. f. pl. ephe-

meris, astronomical tables.

EPHATES, s. m. pl. Athenian magistrates who took cognizance of accidental murders.

EPHALE, adj. Ex. Fière épiale, fover in high paiseir four de role de la control de la which the patient feels hot and cold at the mne iime

EFIAW, a. m. the yaws.

EFIAW, a. m. the yaws.

EFICE, &-pls, s. f. spice. Pain d'épice, gingatorand. Epices, the judges' fees in a cause.

EFICE, z, adj. spiced, seasoned with spices.

EFICE, a. m. Ex. Il n'oime n'adé n'epicé.

he loves nothing that is either salted or spiced. EPICEPE, adj. epicene, of the common

Erican, a-pl-sa, v. a. to spice or season

with spices, also to charge exorbitant fees.

Ericknastique, ad, epicerastick.

Ericknastique, ad, spices, groceries.

EFICIAR, a-pi-sh, s. m. grocer.
EFICRANE, s. m. skin surrounding the skull. EPICURIEN, NE, à-pl-td-riès, rièn, epi-

EPICURIES, s. m. epicure.

Reicurisme, s. m. epicurism.

EFICYCLE, s. m. an epicycle. EPICTCLOIDE, s. m. epicycloid.

EPI-D'EAU, s. m. sort of plant that grows

in marshy places.

EPID ZMIE, \$-pi-dk-mi, s. f. epidemical

EPIDERIQUE, adj. epidemick, epidemical, generally prevailing.

EPIDERME, a. m. epidermis.

EPIDENTH, a. m. epiddynaia. EPIE, E, adj. eared, grown to an ear; spied, watched, dogged, narrowly observed. EPIEE, 5-pl-4, v. a. to ear, grow to an ear, spire. Epier, v. a. to spy, watch, dog or ob-

EPIERRER, h-ple-ra, v. a. to take away

e stones (from a garden.) Ertev, a-pleu, a. m. kind of javelin or

EPIGASTRE, s. m. (terme de médecine) epi-

EPIGASTRIQUE, adj. epigastrick.

ESIGSOFFER, v. a. to work with thick laster.

EPIGLOTTE, à pl-glot, s. f. epiglottis. Efferancatique, à pi-grà-mà-lik, s. epigrammetical.

EPIGRAMMATISTE, &-pl-grâ-mâ-dst, a.m. epigrammatist or writer of epigrams.
EPIGRAMME, a. f. epigrams.
EPIGRAPHE, &-pl-grâf, s. f. epigraph, motto.
EPILATOIRE, adj. tool that serves to pull out the hair, pluck off.

ETILEPSIE, à pl-lèp-si, s. f. epilepsy.
EPILETTIQUE, à pl-lèp-tik, adj. epilepsic.
s. m. & f. one troubled with the epilepsy.

EPILER, v. a. to pluck off the hair.
EPILOGUE, a-pl-log, s. m. epilogue or conclusion.

EPILOGUER, à-pl-lò-gà, v. a. & n. to find fault with, criticise upon, censure. EPILOGUER, å-pl-lô-geur, s. m. fault-find-

er, critic.
EPINAEDS, å-pl-når, s. m. pl. spinage.
EPINE, å-pln, s. f. thorn; prickle, rab, obstacle. Epine blanche, noble épine or ambépine, white-thorn or haw-thorn. Epine noire, black-thorn. Epine-vinette, barberry-tree, or barberry-bush. Episee du der, backbose, spine. Episees, pl. difficult points, intricacies, quiddities, subtilijes : crosses, troubles. Erre

sur les épones, to be uneasy.

EPINETTE, à-pl-net, s. f. spinnet er virginals, pair of virginals.

EPINEU-X, SE, &-pl-neu, neus, adj. thoray, prickly; crabbed, hard, difficult, full of difficulties.

EPINGARE, s. m. piece of ordnance for a

ball not above a pound weight.

EPINGLE, &-pingl, s. f. pin. Epingles, a present. Pour les épingles de, as a present to.
Pour ses épingles, by way of present. Tirer son épingle du jeu, to slip one's nock out of the collar.

EPINGLETTE, a. f. priming-wires EPINGLIER, E, a-pin-gil-a, er, s. m. & f. pin-maker, one that sells pins.

EPINIERE, adj. relating to the back-bone. EPINIERS, s. m. thicket or grove of therns. EPINGGHE, s. m. best sort of coffee, sort of

EPINYCTIDES, s. f. pl. wheals which rise

in the night on the skin.
EPIPHANIE, à-pl-fà-ni, s. f. epiphany er twelfth day.

Ергриоными, s. m. epiphonema.

EPIPHONENE, s. m. epiphonema.
EPIPHONE, s. f. epiphone.
EPIPHONE, s. f. epiphone.
EPIGUE, å-pik, adj. epick, heroick.
EPISCOPAL, n. å-pis-kö-pål, adj. episcopal, of or belonging to a bishop. La maison episcopale, the bishop's house or palace.
EPISCOPAL, ä. pis-kö-på, s. m. episcopala.
EPISCOPAL, ä. pis-kö-på, a. m. pl. episcopalians or churchmen (in opposition to press) vieriana.) presbyterians.)

EPISODE, a-pl-zode, s. m. episode.

EPISODIER, v. n. to make episodes EPISODIQUE, a-pl-so-dik, adj. episodick.

EPISPASTIQUE, adj. epispastick.
EPISPASTIQUE, adj. epispastick.
EPISSER, å-pl-sk, v. a. Mar. to splice.
EPISSOTR, å-pl-skr, s. m. Mar. marling spike, fid, splicing fid.
EPISSUTR, å-pl-skr, s. f. splice.
EPISTOLIER, s. m. epistler, scribbler of letters; also one appointed to read the epistein a cathecteri tle in a cathedral.

EPISTOLAIRE, &-pls-tô-lèr, adj. episto-

lary. Егитарив, å-pl-tåf, s. f. epitaph.

bar, bat, base : thère, ebb, over : field, fig : robe, rob, lord : mood, good.

EPITASE, s. m. epitasis, developement of

EPITHALAME, &-pl-ta-lam, s. m. epithala-

mium, wedding song or poem.

EPITHEME, s. m. epithem, outward appli-

cation.

EPITHÈTE, &-pl-têt, s. f. epithet. EPITHYME, s. m. dodder (sort of herb.) EPITOME, &-pl-tôm, s. m. epitome, abridgment.

EPITOMER, v. a. to epitomize or abridge. EPITRE, a-pltr, s. f. epistle.

EPITROPE, s. m. arbitrator among the modern Greeks; point conceded.

EPLORE, z, a-plo-ra, adj. dissolved or

bathed in tears, crying, all in tears. EPLOYE, E, adj. spread, displayed (said of an eagle's wings, in heraldry.)

EPLUCHEMENT, å-plåsh-men, s. m. picking or taking off of any thing superfluous, ma-

licious prying into.

EPLUCHER, a-plu-sha, v. a. to pick or cull; to prune or lop or cut the dead branches off; to scan, sift or examine; to cut off or pare the ends. S'éplucher, v. r. to free oue's self from lice.

EPLUCHEU-R, SE, L-pld-sheur, sheuz, s. m.

& f. picker, etc.

EPLUCHOIR, s. m. basket-maker's knife, (such as he makes use of to pare his work.) EPLUCHURES, &-pld-shar, s. f. pl. pickings.

EPODE, s. f. epode. EPOINTER, a-pwin-ta, v. a. to take off the

point, blunt.

Erois, a-pwa, s. m. pl. trochings of deer. Eronge, a-pone, s. f. spunge. Passer l'éponge sur quelque chose de peint or d'écrit, to blot out a thing. Passons l'éponge là-dessus, let us wave that, let us not mind it. Presser l'éponge, to squeeze the spunge, make one refund.

EPONGER, v. a. to spunge.

EPONGIER, s. m. spunge bearer; loaded with spunges.

EPONTILLE, s. f. Mar. stanchion, shore. pontille des écoutilles, Samson's post. Epon-

tille de la cale, pillars of the hold. EPONTILLER, v. a. Mar. to prop or shore

Eroraz, a-po-pa, s. f. epopee.

EPOQUE, a-pok, s. f. epoch, era, period

EPOUDRER, a-poo-dra, v.a. to beat or brush or wipe the dust off or from, clear from dust. EPOUFFER (s') v. r. to run away, steal

away, scamper away, scour off.

EPOULLER, å-poo-lå, v. a. to louse, rid
of lice. S'éposiller, v. r. to louse one self.

EPOUMONNER, a-poo-mo-na, v. a. S'épou-monner, v. r. to tire the lungs. EPOUSAILLES, à-pôo-zal, s. f. pl. espou-

sals, wedding or marriage, nuptials.

EPOUSE, a-pdoz, s. f. bride, spouse, wife.

Le roi et la reine son épouse, the king and his

royal consort.

Erousé, E., å-pôo-zå, adj. married, wedded. Une épousé, s. f. a bride.

Erouser, å-pôo-zå, v. a. to marry, wed or take in marriage; to espouse, embrace, take upon one's self. Epouser un parti, to side with a party. Epouser, v. n. to marry, wed. Seponser, to marry each other. Erousyu-R. sv. a-poo-zour, zouz, s. m.

& f. one that has a mind to marry, one that makes love with a design to marry

makes love with a design to marry.

EFOUSSETER, &-pôos-tà, v. a. to brush or
wipe off the dust; to bang, beat.

EFOUSSETTER, &-pôo-set, s. f. brush.

EFOUVARTABLE, &-pôo-vên-tábl, adj.
dreadful, horrid, frightful. terrible, ghostly,
horrible, marvellous, strange, incredible, ex-

EPOUVANTABLEMENT, å-pôo-vès-tâblmen, adv. dreadfully, horribly, frightfully, excessively.

EPOUVANTAIL, å-pôo-vèn-tål, s. m. scare-crow, bugbear. pl. Epouvantails. EPOUVANTE, å-pôo-vènt, s. f. fright, terror, sear. Donner de l'épouvante, to fright. Prendre l'époupante, to be frightened, take the alarm.

EPOUVANTÉ, E, adj. frighted, scared, ter-

rified, in a great fright.

EPOUVANTEMENT, 8. m. fright, terror. EPOUVANTER, a-poo-ven-th, v. a. to fright, scare, terrify, put in fear or in a fright. Sc. pouranter, v. r. to be frighted or scared, take

the alarm.

EPOUX, 1-poo, s. m. bridegroom, new-married man, spouse, husband. Epoux. couple, man and wife. L'Hymen fit de cer amans les époux les plus fortunés, Hymen made these lovers the most happy couple. Il consentit que ces amans fussent époux, he consented that these lovers should be man and wife.

EPREINDRE, &-prindr, v. a. (see the table at eindre) to strain, wring, express, squeeze

out, (juice, etc.)

EPREINT, E, adj. strained, wrung, squeezed out.

EPREINTE, &-print, s. f. griping pain caused by a tenesmus; dung of the otter.

EPRENDRE, (s') sh-prendr, v. r. (like prendre) seldom used except in the infinitive. past participle, and compound tenses. Ex. Il est epris de sa beanté, he is taken or smitten

Il est épris de sa beauté, he is taken or smuch with her beauty. V. Epris.

Fereuve, à-préuv, s. f. trial, proof, experiment, experience; trial, affliction, tempetation; (with printere) proof, revise. Allepreuve de, proof against, beyond the reach of or above. A l'epreuve de la plaie, proof against the rain. A l'epreuve du mousput, musket proof. Il est à l'épreuve de tout, il est à l'opreuve, he is proof, against all tempetations whatsoever. Sa pertu est à l'épreuve. tations whatsoever. Sa vertu est à l'épreur (or au-dessus) de la médisance, his virtue is above slander or above the reach of slander. Il n'est point à l'épreuve de la raillerie, le cannot bear a jest. Je suis à toute épresse votre très-humble serviteur, I am upon all occasions your most humble servant.

EPRIS, F. å-pri, priz. adj. taken, posses-ed, inflamed, smitten. V. Eprendre. EPROUVER, å-proo-vå, v. a. to try, expe-

rience, prove; to make the trial or experi-ment of, find by experience. Il a epropre l'une et l'autre fortune, he has gone through good and bad fortune.

EPROUVETTE, &-proo-vet, s. f. surgeon's

probe: machine to prove guarowder.

EFTACORDE, s. f. lyre with seven strings.

EFTAGONE, &p-ta-gon, s. m. heptagon.

FPUCER, &-pd-sa, v. s. to flea, clean from fleas. Structure v. v. to look for and catch fleas. S'spucer, v. r. to look for, and catch bûse, bût : jêune, mêute, bêurre : ênfant, cênt, liên : vin : mon : brun.

EPUISABLE, à-pôi-zabl, adj. that may be !! exhausted.

Erusz, E, adj. exhausted, drained, emped, ec. Terre épuisée, piece of ground out tied. etc. of beaut.

EPUISMENT, A-pollz-mên, s. m. exhaust-ing or wasting (of one's strength) weakness, faunces, draining, wasting. L'épuisement de fancee, the exhausting of the king's treasure. Je sens un tel épuisement, que je ne and comment réparer mes forces, I find my sel so exhausted, so weak or so faint that I know not how to recover my strength.

EPUISER, &-pdl-za, v. a. to drain, empty ; to waste, exhaust, spend or consume, drain; to exhaust (a subject;) to tire, wear out. Essiser Chommes tout un pays, to exhaust a country of men, to depopulate a country.

EFULOUS, s. m. pl. sort of Roman priests.
EFULOTIQUE, adj. epulotick.
EFURE, s. f. large plan of a building.
EFURE, p. a-pd.-rd, adj. refined, clear, ETURÉ, E, à-pù-rà, adj. refined, clear, purged. Raison épurée, clear or sound reason, refined judgment. Apoir une vue trèsquate, to be clear sighted.

EPURER, a-pu-ra, v. a. to refine, clear, purge: (un auteur) to clear from smutty exresions. S'spurer, v. r. to become finer,

refined or purified.

EPURGE, S. f. spurge (a plant.)
EQUARRIE, n-ka-rir, v. a. to square.

EQUARRISSAGE, å-kå-rl-såz, s. m. squaretess, squaring. Mar. square of a piece of timber. Cette pièce de bois a 18 pouces d'épurrisage, that piece of timber is 18 inches spare.

EQUARRISSEMENT, 9. m. squaring.
EQUARRISSOIR, a-ka-rl-swar, s. m. small
square instrument, for drilling metals.

EQUATEUR, å-kwå-teur, s. m. equator,

equinoctial line.

Equation, å-kwå-slon, s. f. equation. EQUERRAGE, s. m. Mar, bevil of a ship's LAURENAGE, S. M. Jan, bevil a sinps chars. Angle déquerrage, bevil. Tra-riller une plèce de bois d'après son équer-ng, to bevil a piece of timber. LQUERE, à lêtr, s. f. rule, square, car-puer's rule. Pièce à l'équerre, square piece

d'unher. Pièce à fausse équerre, piece out

of square.

EQUESTRE, A-kûestr, adj. on horseback, pestrian. Statue equestre, figure on horsecountrian.

vark. Ordre équetre, order of knighthood. Equiangle A-kül-éngl, adj. equiangular. Equidistant, E. 4-kül-distèn, tènt, adj.

equidistant, parallel. Equilatical, Z, å-kůl-lå-tå-rål.

EQUILATERAL, E, a-kul-la-ta-tal, or EQUILATERAL, ali equilateral.
EQUILIBRE, a-kl-libr, s. m. equilibrium requal balance. Mattre en équilibre, tenir eau l'équilibre, to put or hold in balance, exp the balance even betwixt parties. Faire l'equilibre, to balance.

Equinoxial, 2, 3-kl-nôk-siàl, adj. equisocial. Ligne equinoxiale, equinoctial line,
equator, line.
Equivoxial, s. m. equator.

EQUINOXE, à-13-noks, s. m. equinox.

EQUIPAGE, à-kl-paz, s. m. equipage, at-ire. furniture, attendance, servants; tools, implements, gear; (d'artillerie) train; (d'un russeau) crew, men. company; (habille-

l'équipage, Mar. to let the ship's company go to breakfast or dinner. Etre en maurais, pauvre, en triste equipage, to be at an ill pass,

be in a sorry condition.

EQUIPÉR, à-kl-pà, s. f. foolish enterprise.

EQUIPERENT, à-kl-p-mên, s. m. Mar. fitting out or out-fit (provisions and stores of a

ship) equipment.

EQUIPER, &-ki-pa, v. a. to equip, furnish, accourre, set forth or set out, provide with necessaries. Equiper un vaisseau, Mar. to fit out a ship, man and provide a ship with whatever is necessary. Equiper une flotte, to fit out a fleet.

EQUIPET, s. m. Mar. locker, small open locker.

EQUIPOLLENCE, &-kl-pôl-lèns, s. f. equipollence. Equipolient, a-kl-pol-len, adj. equipol-

lent, equivalent, of like value, that balances another.

EQUIPOLLENT, s. m. of equal value, equivalent. A l'équipollent, adv. proportionably,

in proportion. EQUIPOLLER, &-kl-pôl-la, v. a. to be of the like value, be equivalent, balance or

counterbalance.

Equi pro quo, s. m. V. Quiproquo. Equitable, a-ki-tabl, adj. equitable, just, righteous.

Equitablement, å-kl-tåbl-men, adv. equitably, justly.

EQUITATION, s. f. riding, horsemanship. EQUITE, &-kd-ta, s. f. equity, justice, right and reason.

Equivalement, adv. in an equivalent manner.

EQUIVALENT, E, &-kî-vâ-lên, lênt, adj. equivalent, of equal value.

EQUIVALENT, s. m. equivalent. EQUIVALOIR, a-kl-và-lwar, (à,) v. n. (like valour) to be of equal value.

Equivoque, a-ki-vok, adj. equivocal, ambiguous, doubtful, that has a double mean-

ing; allusive.
Equivoque, s. f. equivocation, double meaning, errour or mistake. Faire des équi-

roques, user d'équivoque, to equivocate. Equivoquer, & Al-vô-kh, v. n. to equivo-cate, speak ambiguously. S'équivoquer, v. r. to use one word instead of another which would be the proper.

ERABLE, å-rabl, s. m. maple or maple-tree.

ERADICATION, S. f. eradication.
ERADICATI-F, VE. adj. eradicative.
ERAFLER, &-ra-fla, v. a. to scratch slight-

ly, graze upon. ERAFLURE, å-rå-fiur, s. f. slight scratch

ERAILLE, E, adj. frayed. Œil éraillé, bloodshot eye.

ERAILLER, A-ra-la, v. n. & a. S'érailler, v. r. to fray or fret. Mar. to gall, chafe, grow thin. Le perroquet de fouque commence à s'érailler, the mizen-topsail begins to grow thin; cette manauvre est beaucoup éruillée, that

rope is very much chafed.

ERAILLURE, &-ra-tur, s. f. fraying or be

ing frayed, thing frayed.

ERATE, E. adj. whose milt or spleen has been taken out; brisk, merry, jovial, sprightly. ERATER, a-ra-ta, v. a. to take away or out the milt or spleen of.

ERE, cr, s. f. sera, epoch.

bar, bat, base: thère, ebb, over: field, fig: rôbe, rôb, lôrd: môod, gôod.

ERECTEUR, s. m. (in anatomy) erector. ERECTION, å-rek-slon, s. f. erection, ere ing or raising; institution, establishing or establishinent.

EREINTER, å-rin-tå, v. a. & v. r. to break the back; to fatigue one's self.

ERGOT, e. ad. or spell.

ERGOT, e. d. d. eremitical.

ERESTELLE, a. d. e. emitical.

ERGO, e. g. d. s. m. ergo, therefore, wherefore. ERGO atu, Quid tum? Where is the consequence? What of all that?

ERGOT, e. g. d. s. m. spur. Se lever sur ses ergots, to stand upon one's pantofies.

ERGOTE ERGOT

Ergoté, e., adj. spurred. Ergoter, er-gd-iå, v. n. towrangle, cavil. Ergoteur, er-gd-ieur, s. m. wrangler,

caviller, sophister, pert disputant.

ERIGER, å-ri-zå, v. a. to set up, erect, raise; consecrate, establish. S'eriger en, v. r. to set up for, take upon one or pretend to be.

ERMIN, s. m. custom or duty (in the Levant) on imports and exports.

ERMITAGE, er-ml-thz, s. m. hermitage, solitude, desert

ERMITE, er-mh, s. m. hermit, eremite. EROSION, a-rô-zlon, s. f. erosion.

EROTIQUE, a-ro-tik, adj. erotick. érotique, love melancholy. Ecrits érotiques, romances, love tales

ERRANT, E, er-ren, rent, adj. wandering, vagrant, going up and down; erroneous. Chevalier erront, knight-errant. Chevalerie erronte, night-erranty. Etoile erronte, planet. ERRATA, êr-râ-tâ, s. m. errata.

ERRATIQUE, adj. wandering, wild. Feux erratiques, wandering or wild fires. Etoiles

erratiques, planets.

"EBRE, er, s. f. rate (of walking, riding, sailing.)

Aller grande erre, to go at a great rate, go very fast. Mar. slow or quick sailing of a ship.

*Erremens, er-men, s. m. pl. reprendre bes derniers erremens or erres d'une affaire, to

resume an affair. V. Erres.

ERRER, er-ra, v. n. to wander, ramble, rove or go about; to err, be in an errour, be out, misiake.

ÉRRES, s. f. pl. steps, traces, tracks. ERREUR, er-reur, s. f. errour or mistake; fault, folly, misconduct. Les erreurs d'Ulysse, the wanderings and travels of Ulysses. ERRONÉ, E, er-rô-na, adj. erroneous, false.

ERRONÉMENT, adv. erroneously. Ers, er, s. m. the bitter vetch or fitch.

ERTE, ex. Coucher à l'erte (or à l'air,) to in the open air. A l'erte, V. Alerte. lie in the open air. A l'erte,

ERUCTATION, S. f. eructation.
ERUDITA-10-dl, adj. learned.
ERUDITION, 4-r0-dl, adj. learned.

ERUGINEU-X, SE, adj. eruginous. ERUPTION, a-rup-slon, s. f. eruption.

ERYNGE, s. m. eringo (a plant.) ERYSIPELATEU-X, sE, adj. of or belonging

to the crysipelas.

ERYSIPÈLE, s. m. erysipelas, St. Antho-

ny's fire. Es, &z, a contraction of en and les, signifying in the. It is only used in the phrase Matter es arts, Master of arts, and a few law

ESCABRAU, s. m. čs-kå-bò, ESCABRLLE, čs-kå-bèl, s. f. joint stool.

ESCABELLON, ès-kh-bè-lon, s. m. pedestal.

ESCACHE, s. f. scatch (sort of bit.) ESCADER, & kadr, s. f. Mar. squadron, fleet. Escadre légère, flying squadron. Escadre d'observation, fleet of observation. Escadre d'observation. dre d'évolution, fleet fitted out for the express purpose of exercising and practising naval evolutions.

ESCADRILLE, s. f. Mar. little squadron. ESCADRON, es-ka-dron, s. m. squadron (ef

horse.) Escadronner, es-kå-drô-nå, v. n. to form

into squadrous

ESCAFIGNON, s. m. stink of one's feet. ESCALADE, eschelled, s. f. escalade, scaling

or scalade. ESCALADER, es-ka-la-da, v. a. to scale,

storm, carry by escalade.

Escalz, s. f. Mar. faire escale, to anchor.

Escalzz, es-kå-lla, s. m. stairs or stair-

Escalin, es-kā-lin, s. m. shilling, (a Lowcountry coin, worth about eleven or

ESCAMOTE, es-ka-mot, s. f. juggler's cork ball.

ESCANOTER, v. a. to palm, secrete a die or card by slight of hand, to filch or pilfer

ESCAMOTEU-R, SE, Es-kh-mo-teur, teuz, s. m. & f. sharper, filcher or pilferer.

ESCAMPETTE, ès-kan-pèi, s. f. Frendre de la poudre d'escampette, to scamper away. Escapade, ès-kà-pad, s. f. escapade, fiing of a horse. Faire une escapade, to fiing. Mad

prank (of a boy, etc.)
ESCAPE, s. f. shaft of a column next the base.

ESCARBALLE, s. f. elephant's tooth weighing twenty pounds or under.

ESCARBILLARD, E, es-kar-bl-tar, fard, add, burish, sprightly, merry, jovial, gay,

good-humoured ESCARBOT, es-kar-bo, s. m. a beetle, may-

bug, chafer. Escarbouche, ês-kar-bookl, s. f. carbun-

*Escarbouiller, v. a. to squash, bruise or crush flat.

"Escarcelle, es-kar-sel, s. f. purse. Escargot, es-kar-go, s.m. snail, shell-snail.

Escargotoire, s. f. escargotoire.
Escargotoire, V. Caringue.
Escarmoucher, ès-kir-moss, s.f. skirmish.
Escarmoucher, ès-kir-mossh. v. n.
S'escarmoucher, v. r. to skirmish.

ESCARMOUCHEUR, ČS-khr-moo-sheur, s. m. skirmisher.

ESCAROTIQUE, V. Escharotique. ESCARPE, És-karp, s. f. scarp (ef a disch.) ESCARPE, E, és-karpa, adj. steep.

ESCARPENENT, s. m. declivity.
ESCARPER, es-kar-pa, v. a. to cut steep

down. ESCARPIN, es-kar-pin, s. m. pump, (sort of shoe;) in pl. sort of torture.

ESCARPINER, v. n. to run swiftly.
ESCARPOLETTE, es-kar-po-let, s. f. swing

or flying chair.

ESCARRE, es-kar, s. f. escher; also, gap (made by artillery in the enemy's ranks;) and sort of polypus.

ESCAVESSADE, s. f. check to a horse, jerk with the cavesson.

ESCAUT, s. m. (the river) Scheld.

bose, bût : jeane, mêute, bêurre : énfant, cênt, liên : vin : mon : brus.

EscHAROTIQUE, adj. & s. m. escharotick, canstick.

*Escient, è-sièn, s. m. Ex. à bon escient, in good earnest, seriously. A son escient,

Esclander, de-klendr, s. m. disaster, misfortuge.

Esclavage, es-klà-vaz, s. m. slavery, boodage, servitude

Eschave, és-klav, s. m. & f. slave. Etre

ESCLAVOBIE, s. f. Sclavonia.

*Escoppion, s. m. a woman's head gear. Escognippe, es-kô-grif, s. m. shark or spanger, one that is ever upon the catch. Un great escogriffe, a tall, shabby, ill-looking fellow.

Escompte, es-kort, s. m. discount or defaction.

Escompten, ds-kon-ta, v. a. to discount er dedact.

ESCOP, & ESCOUPE, s. m. Mar. Escop è mest, scoop, wooden shovel, boat's scoop.

Escope a misseau or grand escop, skeet. Escoperche, s. f. machine to raise burdens, etc.

Escopette, es-kô-pet, s.f. sort of carabine. EscopETTERIE, s. f. volley or discharge

Esconte, es-kort, s. f. a guard or convoy, escort. Les bâtimens sous notre escorte mardest très-mal, the vessels under our convoy szil very badly.

Esconten, es-kôr-ta, v. a. to guard, escon. convoy.

Escor, s. m. lower angle of a latteen sail;

piece of state attached to a bench. Escouade, es-kwad, s. f. third part of a company of foot.

Escoupe, s. f. miner's shovel.

Escourge, es-koo-zh, s. f. whip, scourge, cat-o'-mine tails.

Escourgeon, es-koor-zon, s. m. sort of early barley; strap of leather.

Escousse, de-koos, a. f. spring or run before a leap. Faire une escousse, to take a

Spring or run. Escrius, &-krim, s. f. fencing, tilting.

ESCRIMER, es-kel-ma, v. n. to fence, tilt.
Estrimer l'un contre l'autre, sur quelque matière d'érudition, to dispute or debate upon a point of learning, to engage in a trial of learning with another. Secrimer de quelque those, v. r. to dabble in a thing or have a little notion of. Faites-nous des vers? Je m'en exrime quelque fois, do you make verses 1 yes, sometimes. Jour 4-il du bath ? Il s'en escrime as peu, does he play upon the lute? yes, a little.

Escrimeur, es-cri-meur, s. m. fencer. Escroc, es-kro, s. m. shark or sharper,

spunger, one that is upon the catch.
Escroquer, ès-krô-kh, v. a. to shark,
sharp or spunge, trick or chouse out of.

Eschoquenin, es-krok-ri, s. f. sharking,

punging. Escaoquaun, sz, és-krô-kéur, kéuz, s. m.

Espans, espans, s. m. space or distance,

(sither of time or place.)

Espace, z, adj. distanced, set at a comvenient distance, spaced (in printing.)
ESPACEMENT, es-pas-men, s. m. space,

distance.

ESPACER, es-pa-sa, v. a. to distance, set at a convenient distance; to space (in printing.)
ESPADE, s. m. brake (for dressing flax.)

ESPADER le chancre, to tew or beat (hem

Espanon, es-pa-don, s. m. two-handed, sword, French back-sword; also sword-fish. Espadonner, es-på-dô-nå, v. n. to fight with the back-sword.

ESPAGRE, s. f. Spain.
ESPAGROL, & på-god), s. m. Spaniard.
ESPAGROL, E, adj. Spanish ! language.
gnole, Spanish, Spanish language.
ESPAGROLETTE, &-på-gnd-let, s. f. sert of

rateen, also a sort of iron work for windows. ESPALE, s. f. space between the poop and first seat of rowers in a galley.

ESPALIER, es-ph-lik, s. m. espalier, hedge-

row of fruit-trees set close together against a sence or wall, etc., he that rows with the first oar in a galley.

ESPALIER, v. a. un arbre, to spread a tree in a hedge-row.

ESPALMER, es-pal-ma, v. a. Mar. Es-coloner un bâtiment or un bateau, to pay a ship's or boat's bottom; to careen.

Espargoutte, s. f. a sort of lily of the

valley.

Esparres, s. f. pl. Mar. spars. Esparre, s. f. V. Spartan. Esparule, es-pa-tol, s. f. spatula or slice;

sort of flag (an aquatic plant.)

ESPECE, es-pes, s. f. species, kind, sort;
(in law.) case or cause. Especes, pl. forms or images (of sensible objects;) goods, commodities; specie, money, coin.
ESPERANCE, es-ph-rens, s. f. hope, expecta-

tion, trust. Un enfant de grande esperance, a very hopeful child.

Esparan, es-pa-ra, v. a. to hope, hope for, trust, expect, promise one's self.

ESPERLUCAT, E, adj. & s. brisk, jovial,

merry, pert.
Esprische, és-plégi, adj. & s. m. & f. wag, waggish, lively, roguish.
Epikelerie, és-plégi-ri, s. f. waggish

trick, roguish prank, waggery, roguery.
Espion, ĉs-plon, s. m. spy, informer.
Espionnage, ĉs-plo-naz, s. m. the being a

spy, informing. Espionne, es-plon, s. f. spy.

ESPIONNER, es-plo-na, v. n. to be a spy,

to spy. Esplanade, és-pià-nàd, s. f. esplanade or glacis.

ESPOIR, es-pwar, s. m. hope (more used in the elevated than familiar style.) ESPONTON, es-pon-ton, s. m. kind of balf

pike.

ESPRINGALE, s. f. a sort of sling used in

former times. ESPRIT, es-pri, s. m. spirit; ghost, soul, mind; wit, imagination, fancy; sense, judgment, discretion; genius, talent; person, man or woman; spirit, principle, motive, way, character or sense (of an author;) genius, humour, temper; (and in pleasontry) kidney; the mark of aspiration (in Greek.)
Un bel esprit, a wit, a genius. Un esprit fort, a free-thinker. Le St. Esprit, tha bar, bat, base : thère, èbb, over : field, fig : rôbe, rôb, lôrd : môod, gôod.

Holy Ghost. Un homme d'esprit, a witty or ingenious man, a man of parts. Avoir l'es-prit malin or malicieux, to be mischievous or unlucky. Avoir l'esprit mal fait or de travers, to be an ill-contrived or a cross grained genius or man. Etre bien dans l'esprit de quelqu'un, to be in one's favour. Il craist que je ne le détruise dans votre esprit, he fears I should ruin him in your esteem. L'impiété perd les jeunes esprits, irreligion is the ruin of youth. Esprits vitaux et animaux, vital and animal spirits. Reprendre ses es prits, to recover one's self, come to one's self again.

ESPURGE, s. f. spurge (a plant.) Esquif, ès-kîf, s. m. Mar. skiff, yawl. Esquille, ès-kîl, s. f. splinter of a broken

Esquinancia, ès-kl-nen-si, s. f. squinan-

cy or ouinsy, sore throat. Esquing, s. f. back (of a horse, etc.;) sort

of plant. Esquipor, ës-kl-pë, s. m. barber's moneybox.

Esquissz, es-kis, s. f. sketch, rough draught.

ESQUISSER, es-kl-sh, v. a. to sketch.
Esquiver, es-kl-vh, v. a. to eschew, shun,
avoid. Sesquiver, v. r. to run, steal away, give one the slip. Faire esquiver quelqu'un,

Essan, e-se, s. m. essay, proof, trial, experiment, attempt; taste, sample; taste, little tasting cup; essay, specimen. Faire l'essai de (l'or or de l'argent,) to assay or try (gold or silver.) Faire l'essai d'un canon, to prove a cannon.

ESSAIR, s. f. root made use of in India to dye scarlet.

Essaim, e-sin, s. m. swarm.

ESSAIMER, è-sè-mà, v. n. to swarm. Cette ruche a essaim, that hive has swarmed.

Essanger, è-sèn-zà, v.a. to wet foul linen

before washing. ESSARTER, e-sar-ta, v. a. to assart or grub

ESSAYER, 6-s6-ya, v. a. to try, essay or assay, experiment; to taste. Essayer d'une chose, to try a thing. Essayer de faire, to try or endeavour or attempt to do. Essayer

try or enceavour or animp w. Sessayer, v.r. to try to medeavour, to try one's strength or ability. S'essayer arec us vaisseau, Mar. to try a ship's sailing against another.

ESSATERIE, s. f. assaying place (in the

mint.)

Essaveur, ê-sê-yêur, s. m. assayer (an

officer of the mint.)
Esse, es, s. f. the letter S; piece of iron like an S (used to hold together decayed buildings;) iron to hold stones in raising them. Esses d'affût, fore locks of gun carriage

wheels or trucks, linch pin.

Esseau, s. m. small, curved hatchet; board to cover roofs.

ESSENCE, è-sèns, s. f. essence, nature, substance, being; aromatick oil extracted from flowers, etc.

Essential, LE, & sen-siel, adj. essential, natural; real, particular; necessary

ESSENTIEL, s. m. main point or chance, essential part.

Essentiellement, & sen-siel-men, adv.

essentially, naturally, of itself, of its own na-

ture, particularly, entirely.
*Esseula, z. e-seula, adj. lonesome, left alone.

Essizu, s. m. axle-tree, second vertebra of the neck. Essieu de poulie, Mar. pin of a block. Essieu d'affit, axie-tree of a guncarriage.

Essimer, v. a. to make a bird grow lean that it may fly better.

Esson, é-sor, a. m. flight or soaring up (of a bird of prey.) Downer l'essor à l'ossau, to let a hawk soar or fly. Essor d'imagination flight of fames. tion, flight of fancy. Donner l'essor & son imagination, to let one's fancy ramble. Prendre l'essor, to soar up, fly high; to fly or wing it away; to take wing or throw of subjection.

Essoren, e-so-ra, v. a. to air; s'essorer,

to soar up or aloft.

Essoriller, e-so-ri-th, v. a. to crop the

ears; to crop the bair.
Essourfile, E, adj. out of breath.
Essourfiles, e-so-file, v. a. to put out of

breath. Essui, &sol, s. m. drying place or weather.

ESSUIZ-MAIN, ê-sûl-min, s. m. towel. ESSUYER, ê-sûl-yâ, v. a. to wipe, wipe off, wipe away; to dry, dry up; to bear, undergo, endure or go through, meet with, be exposed to. Le vent essuie les chemins, the wind dries up the ways. Essuyer un refus, to be repulsed or denied; take the foil. On essuic souvent de très-fortes rafales en entrant dans

student de tres-jortes rajues en chimicans False-Baie, very heavy squalls are often met with in going into False-Bay.

Est, est, s. m. east. D'est, easterly, eastern. De l'est, à l'est, eastern. Le plus a l'est, easternnost. Vers l'est, eastward. Est (il est, elle est, etc.) V. Etre.

Estacade, es-tà-kàd, s. f. staccado or rallicade.

palisade.

ESTAFFE, s. f. contribution-money paid at

faro or other games.

ESTAFETTE, &-th-fet,s. f. express, courier. ESTAFIER, de-th-file, s. m. footman in livery.

ESTAFILADE, ès-tà-fì-làd, s. f. alash, cut. ESTAFILADER, ès-tà-fì-là-dà, v. a. to slash. ESTAIN, s. m. Mar. fashion piece, lower part of the fashion pieces of the stern. Estain dévoyé, cant fashion piece.

ESTAME, estam, s. f. worsted. Bas d'estame, worsted stockings.

ESTAMINET, s. m. ale-house; club or so-ciety of people who meet for drinking and

smoking. ESTAMPE, es-temp, s. f. cut or print, stamp,

ESTAMPER, es-ten-pa, v. a. to stamp; to

emboss. ESTAMPILLE, s. f. excise stamp or any mark or cipher, stamped on commissions,

patents, paper, étc. ESTAMPILLER, v. a. to mark with a stamp or cipher.

ESTER à droit, to make one's appearance before the judge. Ester à jugement, to plead in one's own name.

ESTÈRE, s. f. rush mat.

ESTERLET, s. m. aquatick bird.

ESTERLIN, s. m. weight of 28 1-2 grains. ESTEUBLE or ESTEULE, s f stubble.

bone, bût : jêune, mêute, bêurre : énfant, cênt, liên : vin : mon : brun.

ESTIMABLE, és-ti-mabl, adj. of great value, much to be valued, estimable.
ESTIMATRUR, és-ti-mà-téur, s. m. prizer,

esteemer, valuer, rater.

ESTIMATION, és-d-mà-sion, s. f. estimate, estimation, rating, prizing, valuation.

ESTIMATIVE, s. f. discerning faculty, or

judgment.
Esvinu, es-tim, s. f. esteem, value, ac-

count, regard; reckoning (of a ship.)
Esting, z, adj. esteemed, etc. Il n'est
pu estiné, he is a man of no esteem. Route
éstiné, Mar. dead reckoning.

Estimen, de-ti-ma, v. a. to estimate, value, prize, rate; to esteem or value, have an esteem or value for, make an account of; to eve, think or look upon, suppose or reckon. Estimer, v.a. & Sestimer, v.r. Mar. to value, reckon; à combien vous estimez-vous de la terre? how far do you reckon yourself from the land ?

Estionene, adj. any thing that gnaws,

corrocive.

Estive, es-tiv, s. f. Mar. trimming (of a hip, etc.) Mettre son bateau en estive, to trim a bout

Estivum le chargement d'un navire, v. a. Mar. to screw down a vessel's cargo.

Estoc, es-tok, s. m. stock, pedigree, destent: long rapier, point of a sword, trunk of a tree. Brin d'estec, quarter-staff, pole. Cda n'est pas de son estec, that does not come from him, he is not the author or inventor of that. Frapper d'estoc et de taille, to thrust with the point and strike with the edge. Cou-per un arbre à blanc estoc, to cut a tree even

with the ground.

"ExTOCADE, es-tô-khd, s. f. rapier, also

"ExTOCADE, es-tô-khd, s. f. rapier, also thrust, pass. Allonger une estocade, to borlow money without an intent to pay.

ESTOCADER, es-to-ka-da, quelqu'un, v. a. to dun one. v. n. & S'estocader, v. r. to tilt or

trus, make passes at one another, fight. Езтонас, ёs-tô-mà, s. m. stomach; breast. Езтонация, (s') sës-tô-mà-kà, v. r. to Romach ; resent.

ESTRADE, ès-trad, s. f. estrade, alcove. Batte l'estrade, to go about to get intelli-gence, scout. Batteurs d'estrade, scouts.

ESTRAGON, És-trà-gon,s. f. tarragon (herb.)
ESTRAMAÇON, és-trà-mà-son, s. m. backswad or quarter-staff, also edge of a sword.

ESTRANADONNER, és-trà-mà-sò-nà, v. n. to play or fight at quarter-staff or back-sword. ESTRANADE, és-trà-pàd, s. f. strappado. Se donner festrapade à son ciprà, to put one's brains upon the rack or track are all and the strains to be the staff of the strains to be the staff or track or trac stretch; puzzle one's brains

ESTRAPADER, es-tra-pa-da, v. a. to give

the strappado. ESTRAPASSER, v. a. to tire out, harass a

ESTRAPER, v. a. to mow the stubble.

ESTRAPOIRE, s. m. instrument to mow stubble.

ESTRAPONTIN, s. m. cricket or loose scat, (to be put in the fore part of a coach on occaoa ;) bammock or sea-bed.

ESTROP, s. m. Mar. strop, etc. Estrop de poulie, block strop. Estrop de corduge, rope strop. Estrop de conon, strop applied to the breach of a gun. Estrop d'affit, strop in the train of a gun carriage (to which the train-

tackles are booked in French ships of war.) Estrop de rame, grommet of an oar. Estrop (servant à rider les haubans, etc.) selvages used in setting up the rigging, etc.)

Estroper, v. a. Mar. to strop.

Estropiat, s. m. lame beggar.

Estropia, s., adj. maimed, tamed, crippled, etc.; bungled, done bunglingly. Une façon de parler or une periode estropiée, un seus estropie, a lame expression or period or sense. Etre estropie de la bourse, to want money, be broken. Etre estropié de la cervelle, to want brains, be crack-brained.

ESTROPIE, s. m. lame or maimed body.
ESTROPIER, ds-trd-pid, v. a. to main, lame or cripple. Estropier une besogne, to bungle a work, do it bunglingly. Estropier un passage de quelque mateur, to lame a passage. ESTURGEON, es-tur-zon, s. m. sturgeon.

ESULE, s. f. spurge.

ET, a, conj. and. Je veux du bien et à mes amis et à mes ennemis, I wish well to both my friends and foes. Et catera, et catera,

my invents and notes. As table, and so forth.

ETABLAGE, Å-tÅ-blåz, s. m. stabling.

ETABLE, Å-tåbl, s. f. stable. Etable à bœufs, ox-stall. Etable à cochons, hog-sty.

Etable pour les chèvres, goat shed.

ETABLER, a-ta-bla, v. a. to stable, put in the stable, to house.

ETABLI, E, adj. settled, fixed, etc. V. Elablir.

ETABLI, å-tå-bli, s. m. tailor's shop-board; bench for a joiner, bank of a printing-press.

Etabli de boutique, counter in a shop.

ETABLIR, a-ta-blir, v. a. to establish, set-

tle, fix: to establish, set, appoint, ordain or make: to state: to advance, aver, assert, affirm, lay down as matter of fact: (des impôts) to lay or impose taxes; (de nouvelles opinions) to broach new opinions; (use expression) to bring into use, make current, On a sion) to bring into use, make current. On a établi que, it is agreed or confessed that. Etablir par des exemples ce que l'on vient de dire, to make good by instances what one has discoursed of. Etablir l'état de la question, to state the question, Mar. to fix, etc. Etablir la marguerite, to clap a purchase on the cable. Etablir un levier pour mouvoir (un fardeau,) to pry. Etablir de fanses drisses aux vergues, etc. pour le combat, to sling the yards for action. Ce port est établi nord-est et sud-ouest, this harbour lies north-east and south-west. S'établir, v. r. to settle or set up; to procure or get or raise; to get into use.

ETABLISSEMENT, &-ta-bils-men, s. m. settlement or settling, establishment or estab-lishing; foundation; institution. Etablissement d'un fait, d'une question, stating of a matter of fact or question. Faire l'établissement de quelque droit nouveau, to lay a new duty. Etablissement d'un port, Mar. situation of a harbour and the time of high-water in it at full and change days. V. Etablis. Etablissement de la marée, time of high-water (at many place) en the days of the nour and full many place) on the days of the new and full moon, the hours being designated by the point of the compass.

ETAGE, à daz, s. m. story, floor; rank, de-gree. Le plus bas étage de la maison, the ground floor. Menton à double étage. double chin.

bar, bat, base: thère; èbb, over: field, fig: rôbe, rôb, lord: moed, good.

ETAIR, &-te, s. f. prop, stay, support or sup-

ETAIM, &-tim, s. m. carded-wool.

ETAIN, &-tin, s. m. pewter. Etain fen, tin, fine pewter.

ETAL, A-tal, s. m. butcher's or fish-monger's stall.

ger's stall.

ETALAGE, &-th-laz, s. m. laying out of goods upon a stall or exposing of them to sale, show; sample, specimen; stallage; show, finery. Faire étalage é sa science, to make a show or display of one's learning.

ETALE, acij. Mar. slack. Mer étale, slack water (at which time the title apparance la sair.

water (at which time the tide apparently seither flows nor ebbs.) Le naviré est étale, the ship is at a stand or has lost her way. La

mer est étale, it is slack water. ETALER, à tà-là, v. a. to lay out upon a stall, hang out or expose to sale, open a shop; to show, set forth, display, make a show or parade of. Mar. Etaler la marée, to tide it (to pursue a ship's course by means of the tide, with a foul wind, anchoring during the intervals of the contrary tide.) Etaler un coup de vent à l'ancre, to ride out a gale at anchor. Etaler un coup de vent à la voile, to weather out a storm. Vous étalez les meilleurs roitiers de l'éscadre, you sail as well as the best sailing ships of the fleet. V. Voilier.

ETALEUR, &-th-leur, s. m. stall vender. ETALIER, å-tå-liå, s. m. stall butcher. ETALINGUER, å-tå-lin-gå, v. a. Mar. to

clinch or bend (a cable.)

ETALINGURE, s. f. Mar. clinch (of a cable.)

ETALON, å-tå-lon, s. m. stallion; standard (of weights and measures.)

ETALONNAGE, & ETALONNEMENT, &-thlon-men, s. m. sealing (of weights and measures.)

ETALONNER, å-tå-lô-nå, v. a. to stamp with the public mark (as being full measure or full weight;) to cover (a mare.)

ETALONNEUR, s. m. officer appointed to seal measures and weights.

ETAMAGE, s. m. tinning or covering over with tin.

ETAMBORD OF ETAMBOT, s. m. Mar. stern post.

ETAMBRAIR, s. in. Mar. partners.

ETAMER, v. a. to tin.

ETAMEUR, s. m. tin-man.

ETAMINE, a-ta-mln, s. f. light sert of
French stuff, bolting cloth. Il a passé par l'étamine, he has been put to the test, he has been strictly examined. Etamines, stamina (of flowers.) Mar. buntine.

ETAMINIER, s. m. maker of bolting cloth. ETAMPE, s. f. mould on which pieces of coin are stamped, blacksmith's tool for rivet-

ing.

ETAMPER un fer de cheval, to punch the holes of a horse-shoe.

ETANCHE, adj. Mar. stanch; bâtiment étanche, tight ship. V. Super.
ETANCHEMENT, å-tènsh-mên, s. f. stanch-

ing, stopping. ETANCHER, å-ten-shå, v. a. to stanch or stop; (see larmes) to dry up; (la soif) to quench. Etancher un navire, to free a ship of water, pump a ship out dry. Etancher

ETAI, s. m. Mar. stay. Grande etai, main || une voie d'eau, to stop a loak. S'élencher, v. r. to stanch or stop.

ETANCON, a-ten-son, s. m. prop, stay, sup-Etançons, Mar. port, shore. stanchions, shore.

ETANÇONNER, å-tèn-sô-nå, v. a. to prop,

stay or support, shore up.

ETANFICHE, s. f. height of several strata of stones which make a solid mass together.

ETANG, a-ten, s. m. pond. ETANT, (participle of the verb être) being. Des arbres en étant, standing trees

ETAPE, & tap, s. f. staple or publick storehouse; staple town; magazine for soldiers upon the march; place where there is such a magazine; daily allowance for soldiers upon the march.

ETAPIER, &-tå-pik. s. m. officer appointed to give the soldiers their allowance on the march.

ETARQUER une roile, Mar. to hoist a sail taught up by the leech. Etarque, clarque

bien, hoist and a taught leech.

ETAT, &-th, s. m. state; condition, case, posture, way; account, design, purpose, resolution; establishment, list, régister, account; office; government; state, dominion. Les Etats or les Trois Etats du royaume, the Estates or the Three Estates of the kingdom. Les Etats or l'assemblée des Etats, the Es-tates or the assembly of the Three Estats Pays d'états, countries where the estats are held. Les Etats or les Etats Généraux des Provinces Unics, the States or the States of Holland. Les Etats-Unis de l'Amérique Septentrionale, the United States of N. America. Une raison d'état, a reason of state. Un comp d'état, a master-piece of state policy, a decisive blow. Régler l'état, to seule the government of the nation. Un missistre d'état, a minister of state. Etal-Major d'une armée, staff or superiour officers of an army or the list of the generals, etc. Etas-Major a m regiment, staff or chief officers of a regiment or the list of them. Etas-Major a me place de guerre, chief officers belonging to a forified place or the list of them. L'état de la sarine, the establishment of the navy. L'état de officiers de la maison d'un prince, the establishment of the officers de la maison d'un prince, the establishment of the officers de la maison d'un prince le control le la maison d'un prince le la maison d'un prince le control le la maison d'un prince le la maison d'un lishment of the officers of a prince's household. Un état de recette et de dépense, an ac-count of receipt and expense. Etat de situation d'un vaisseau, state and condition of a ship or weekly account. Etat des malades, Etat des tués et blessés, rourn of killed and wounded. Etre en état de faire, to be in a way to do or make, to have a fine prospect of doing or making. Erre en état de faire, to have it in one's power to do, be able to do. Etre en état, to be ready or in readiness. Faire état, to presume, think or believe, supor depend upon a thing. Faire état de verir to purpose or design to come. Faire état to estoem, have a value for, care for. Se mettre en état de, to put one's self in a posture or prepare one's self for. Se metter or prepare one's self for. Se metter en état, to surrender one's self a prisoner. Mettre une chose en état, to make a thing fit, bring a thing to a proper state. Tentr set chose en état, to hold a thing fast, to keep it in the fits of the f up; to keep a thing ready or in readiness. Tenir les choses en état, to keep things bose, bot : jêune, mêute, bourre : énflut, cent, lien : vin : mon : brus.

they are, to leave them as they are. En quel tot out votre sant!? how is your health! how do you do? Je suis en très mauvais Hat, I am ill. Elle porte assesi grand état qu'une me de qualité, she carries as much state very ill. er she goes as fine as a lady of quality.

BTAU, &-to, s. m. vice (a screic.)

ETAYEMENT, s. m. propping, supporting. ETAYER, &-ta-ya, v. a. to stay, shore, prop

bear up, support. Erf., a-ta, s. m. summer. Un jour d'été, a manur's day. L'été de la St. Martin, the tter part of autumn, from All-saints day to

ET 1, 1-th, (participle of stre.) V. Etre. ETRIOSOR, 1-th grown, s. m. extinguish-

ETRIBURE, 8-tindr, v. a. (see the table at cindre) to put out, extinguish or quench; smaller, appears; to extinguish, root out, shelish, destroy or exterminate. Eteindre, (in soif) to quench; (in chaux) to kill. Beindre at amortir une rente, to redeem or bay out a rent charge. Eteindre les feux, Mar. to pust out the fire and lights. S'étendre. er. to put out the fire and lights. S'éleindre, v. r. to go out, be extinguished.

ETESET, E, adj. out, extinguished, quench-ed, etc. V. Eleisabre. Des yeux éteints, duli or dying or languishing eyes. Cette famille est éteinte, that family is extinct.

ETERDACE, s. m. (in printing) lines on which printed sheets are hung to dry. Ce sepier on se piquer, il fant le mettre sur l'éten-lage, those sheets will mildew unless hung up.

ETENDAND, &-ten-dar, s.m. standard, ban-

ner, colours.

ETERDEUR, s. m. (terme d'anatomie) extensor.

Erzspora, & ten-dwar, s. m. printer's peel. ETERDRE, a-tendr, v. a. to spread, stretch or stretch out, open, extend, enlarge; (un homme sur le carrent) to kill a man upon the spot. Elemére un arrêt, to explain a sontence ut large. Elemére les termes d'une lei, to strotch the sense et a law. S'élendre, v. r. to spread or stretch one's self, lay one's v.r. to spread or stretch one's self, lay one's self down; to stretch, extend, reach, go; last, continue. S'étendre en bétillant, to stretch and gape. S'étendre sur quelque mijet, to enlarge or dwell upon a subject. Cette chaine de rachers s'étend beaucoup dans le sud, this ledge of rocks stretches out a great way to the southward. Tant que la voix se peut étendre, as high as one's voice can reach. Tant que cet argent pourra s'étendre, as far as that ry can go.

money can go.

ETERDU, E., h-tèn-dů, dů, adj. spread,
Speiched, stretched forth, stretched out, spacious, ac. V. Etendre. Large, long, prolix,
tedison, long winded. Il est étendu sur son
lè, he lies upon his bed. Il étoit étendu tout
de son long, he tay sprawling along. Une ville
étendue dans une belle plaine, a town scated
in a fair plain.

in a fair plain.

ETERDUE, s. f. extent, extension. grande étendue de chemin, a groat way. ute étendue de pays, a vast tract of land. Due plaine qui a quatre lieues d'étendue, a plaine extended four leagues in length. Don-sur à se passion une libre étendue, to indulge me's passion, give it full liberty. Arour me grande étendue d'esprit, to be a groat wit, here a great deal er abundance of wit.

ETERNEL, LE, &-ter-nel, adj. eternal, everlasting, endless; immortal, continual. L'Ete-nel, s. m. the Everlasting (God.)

*ÉTERNELLE, s. f. kind of plant that bears

yellow flowers in the form of a nosegay. Eternellement, a-ter-nel-men, a eternally, everlastingly, for ever, evermore, always, to eternity, continually, incessantly, ever and anon.

ETERNISER, &-ter-ni-zh, v. a. to eternize,

immortalize, perpetuate. ETERNITÉ, à-tèr-nl-tà, a. f. eternity, ever-lastingness, future state, long while. De toute eternite, time out of mind.

ETERNUER, å-ter-nå-å, v. n. to sneeze.

ETERNUER, s. m. sneezer

ETERNUMENT A-ter-md-men, a.m. sneezing. Etzsien, adj. m. Etesian (periodical winds.)

ETESIES, s. m. pl. Etesian winds (in the Mediterranean.)

ETETEMENT, s. m. cutting off of the top,

lopping. ETETER, a-te-ta, v. a. to top, strike or cut

off the top.

ETEUF, a-teuf, s. m. tennis-ball. Courir après son éteuf, to try to recover a lost good. ETRULE, å-têul, s. f. stubble.

Етник, s. m. ether. Етники, и, i-ti-ra, adj. ethereal, subtie, penetrating, formed of ether.

ETHIOPS, s. m. mixture of mercury and sulphur.

ETHIQUE, s. f. ethicks.

Етниции, adj. & s. m. & f. ethnick, hea-

ETHOLOGIE, s. f. ethology.

ETHOPER, s. f. Ethopoeia (picture of manmers.)

ETIER, s. m. ditch either that runs into the sea or that conveys sea-water to the salt ETINCELANT, E, a-tins-len, lent, adj. spark-

ling, bright.
ETINCELER, å-tims-lå, v. n. to sparkle.

ETINCELLE, s. f. spark.

ETINCELLEMENT, s. m. sparkling.

ETIOLER, (s') v. r. said of plants deprived of light and thereby rendered inodorous, etc. ETIOLEMENT, s. in. alteration in plants deprived of light.

ETIQUE, a. f. etiology. ETIQUE, a.tik, adj. hectick, consumptive;

lean, lank, fallen away. ETIQUETER, å-tik-tå, v. a. to title, write

or put a ticket, note, title or label to.
ETIQUETTE, s. f. ticket, note, title, label. Juger sur l'étiquette du sac, or sur l'étiquette, to judge slightly or without a perfect knowledge of the matter; also, etiquette, ceremonials.

ETISIE, s. f. phthisis, consumption.

ETOFFE, a-tof, s. f. stuff, cloth; stock (of any manufacture.) Des artisans et autres gens de telle étoffe, tradesmen and such like people. Homme de basse étoffe, man of low condition.

ETOFFER, &-to-få, v. a. to furnish, stuff, put stuff in.

ETOLLE, å-twål, s.f. a star; fate, destiny; star-fish; star-wort; asterisk. L'étoile du berger, Venus, the morning or evening star.

bar, bat, base : thère, êbb, ovêr : field, fig : rôbe, rôb, lôrd : môod, gôod.

ETOILÉ, E, å-twå-lå, adj. starry, full of stars. Bouteille étoilée, cracked bottle.

ETOILER, (s') v. r. to crack (a bottle.) ETOLE, &-tol, s. f. stole (a garment.)

ETONNAMMENT, 8-16-n8-n6n, adv. astonishingly, amazingly, surprisingly.
ETONNANT, E, 8-16-nen, nent, adj. wonderful, amazing, marvellous, surprising, strange.

ETONNÉ, E, adj. astonished, amazed, surprised, that wonders, in a maze, etc.

ETONNEMENT, a-ton-men, s. m. astonishment, surprise, amazement; wonder, admi-ration; stanning or shaking. Tout le monde est dans l'étonnement, every body wonders.

ETONNER, &-tô-na, v. a. to astonish, surprise or amaze; (le cerveau) to stun, (une muraille) to shake. S'étonner, v. r. to wonder, admire, marvel, be surprised; to be concerned or frighted.

Етоυ, s. m. butcher's trestle.

ETOUBLE, &-toobl, s. m. stubble.

ETOUDEAU, s. m. young capon. ETOUFFART, E, &-tôo-fèn, fènt, adj. sul-Temps étouffant, close sultry weather.

ETOUFFEMENT, &-toof-men, s. m. stifling, suffocation or stopping of the breath. Il me prend quelquefois des étouffemens qui me font peur, my breath is sometimes so stopped that I am frighted at it.

ETOUFFER, a-too-fa, v. a. to stifle, smother, choke or suffocate; suppress; to stop or put a stop to, v. n. to be stifled or choked. Elouffer de rire, to split one's sides with laughing.

ETOUFFOIR, s. m. extinguisher (for coals.)

ETOUPADE, s. f. certain quantity of tow. ETOUPE, a-toop, s. f. hards of hemp and flax, tow. Mettre le feu caux étoupes, to throw oil into the fire, to blow the coals.

Etoupe, s. f. Mar. oakum. Etoupe noire or

goudronnée, black or tarred oakum. Etoupe blanche, white oakum.

ETOUPER, & too-pa, v. a. to stop.
ETOUPILLORS, s. m. pl. Mar. toppings.
ETOURDERIE, & toord-ri, s. f. blunder, giddiness, heedlessness.

ETOURDI, E, & toor-di, adj. stunned, etc. Viande qui n'est qu'étourdie, meat half raw.

ETOURDI, E, s. m. & f. heedless, rash, botheaded, giddy-headed, hair-brained man or woman; blunderbuss. A l'étourdie, adv. rashly, heedlessly, inconsiderately.

ETOURDIMENT, adv. heedlessly, inconsiderately.

ETOURDIR, å-toor-dir, v. a. to stun; surprise; to break one's head; amaze. Etourdir la douleur, to allay or appease the pain. Etourdir la viande, to half cook meat. Etourdir l'eau to make water luke warm. Etourdir ke grosse faim, to take off the edge of one's appetite, stay one's stomach. S'étourdir sur quelque chose, v. r. to shake off the thought of a thing.

ETOURDISSANT, E, &-toor-di-sen, sent, adj.

stunning.

ETOURDISSEMENT, &-toor-dh-men, s. m. stunning, numbers of the senses.

ETOURNEAU, &-toor-no, s. m. starling (a bird.) Poil d'étourneau, flea-bitten.

ETOUTEAU, s. m. sort of peg. ETRANGE, å-trènz, adj. strange; unusual, uncommon, extraordinary; silly, impertment; Arcign, out-landish, remote.

ETRANGEMENT, k-trènz-mên, strangely, after a strange manner, extremely.

ETRANGER, E, å-tres--å, zer, adj. strange, foreign, outlandish; of a foreigner; foreign Corps étranger (in medicine,) extraneous body.

ETRANGER, E, s. m. & f. stranger; foreigner, outlandish man or woman.

ETRANGER, &-trên-zh, v. a. to estrange or drive away. S'étranger, v. r. to be estran-

ETRANGLÉ, E, å-trèn-glà, adj. strangled, etc. V. Etrangler. too scanty, too narrow.
ETRANGLEMENT, å-trèngl-mên, s. m.

obstruction. Un étranglement de boyau, a contraction or ringing of the intestines, small ligament connecting the two parts of the body of some insects.

ETRANGLER, &-très-già, v. a. to strangle, throttle, choke or stifle; to make too tight. at; (une affaire) to murder. Etrangler l'artimon, Mar. to balance the mizen. gler, v. n. to be stifled or choked. *Fetrangle de soif, I am almost choked with thirst. I am very dry.

ETRANGUILLON, &-uen-gl-lon, s. m. (in horses) strangles. Poire d'étranguillon. choke-pear.

ETRAPE, à-trap, s. f. little sickle. ETRAPE, s. m. Mar. stem (of a vessel.) ETRE, ètr, v. n. to be; to belong; signify. mean; to lie, consist; to go; to endure; to come, happen, follow, prove; (in the com-pound tenses of reflective or reciprocal rerb, and of neuter verbs announcing a change of condition, être is expressed by) to have. Or livre est-il à votre frère? oui, c'est à lai. is this book your brother's? yes, it is his. Car la tante qui me l'a dit, it was the sunt who told me so. Ce sont les dragons qui commencèrent l'attaque, it was the dragoons who began the attack. Ce n'est pas que, not that. Cela est, that is true. Cela n'est pas, that is not true. Il n'est pas en rous de le faire, il is not or it lies not in your power to do it. Dieu sait ce qu'il en sera, God knows what will follow or come of it. Où en sommes nous? what is this we are come to? where did we leave off? what part are we now upon? Etre à une lieue d'un endroit, to be within a league of a place. Etre à faire, être après à faire, to be doing. Etre d'une affaire, d'un traité, etc. to be concerned in a business, in a treaty, etc. Cela est bien de hei or de son génie, that is like him. Etre bien aux quelqu'un, to keep a good correspondence with one, to be even with him. Etre sul arec quelqu'un, to be out with one. Ere bien augrès de lui, to be in great favour with him. Etre de moitié, to go halves. Py mis pour un tiers, I go a third part. Ere de garde, to keep. Cela n'est pas de mon goid, it does not agree with my palate. La fili-cité est (or consiste) dans le groit et non par dans les choses, happiness lies not in the things themselves, but in the relish we have for them. Etre dans l'oisineté, to live in idleness. Vous y êtes, you have hit the sail on the head, or you have hit it, you are in the right. Il est d'une ame forte de mépriser la morte, it is the part of a great soul, de. ETRE, s.m. being. Le bien-être, the con-

bone, bot : jeune, meute, beurre : entent, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

veniences of a house. Savoir les êtres d'un is, to be acquainted with a house.

ETRECIE, a-tra-sir, v. a. to straiten or narrower. make straiter, make narrow or narrower. Secrecis, v. n. to grow strait or narrow, grow mraiter or narrower, shrink.
Evrácissement, a-tra-els-mên, s. m.

straitening, making straiter or narrower. ETRECISSURE, a-tra-si-sur, a.f. straitness,

state of being straiter.

Execuse, k-tris, s. m. litter (for a horse.) ETREERDRE, &-trindr, v a. (see the table at cindre) to tie, bind, wring hard or close. Qui trop embrasse mal étreint, all grasp all

ETREIST, E, adj. tied, bound, wrung hard

*ETREBUTE, &-trist, s. f. tying, binding,

wringing hard or close.
ETREBER, a-tren, s. f. handsel. A bon jour, e etreune, the better day, the better deed. Arcir l'étreune d'une chose, to handsel a thing, use it first. Etreune or Etreune, new year's

see it first. Errome or Afrenne, new year's git, present.

EFRENNER, å-trè-nå, v. a. to make a present, give a new year's git; to handsel.

Erromer suc chees, to handsel a thing; v. n. to take handsel.

ETREMILLON, s. m. a prop.

ETREMILLON, s. m. a prop up.

ETREMILLON, s. m. stirrup, bandage used in bleating in the foot; a borne of the new

ETRIER, a-tra, s. m. surrup, concage used in bleading in the foot; a bone of the ear. Faire perdre les étriers à quelqu'un, to put one to a masphus, puzzle him. Vin de l'étrier sirrupe app. Mar. Etrier de marchepied, sirrupe se f a horse or of the yards. Étriers des chafases de heudous, lower links of the chainmans of the chainmans of the chain-eves. (which are bolted in plates of the dead-eyes, (which are bolted to

ETRIBUX, s. m. pl. Mar. iron stirrups, or by corruption, iron strops. Etrieux de porte-handess, iron stirrups of the channel. Etrieux de generated, iron stirrup or strop placed at that end of the tiller which ships in the rudder (as a means to take out the butt of it, in case it should be broken short off in the rud-

der-bead.)

*ETRELLE, à m. strife, scuffle, struggle.

ETRELLE, à srif, s. f. horse comb, a curry comb. Etre logé à l'étrille, to inn in a spun-ETRILLER, &-trl-da, v. a. to curry; being,

manul or thrash.

ETRIPER, å-trl-på, v. a. to unbowel, uarip. ETRIQUÉ, E, adj. Mar. navire étriqué, nar-

row-floored vesse

ETRIVIÈRE, &-tri-vièr, s.f. stirrup leather. Donner les étrivières à quelqu'un, to lash one

ETROIT, E, &-trwe, trwet, adj. strait, nartow, close; strict, close, intimate; rigorous, exact. Etre dens une étroite amité avec quelqu'en, to be intimate with one. Une troile familiarité, an intimate familiarity. croite familiarité, an intimate familiarity. De droit étroit, according to the strictness or rigour of the law. Avoir une étroite obligatim à quelqu'un, to be very much obliged to one. A l'étroit, adv. straitly, narrowly, in a narrow compass. Réduit à l'étroit, pinched, reduced to straits, hard put to it, strait-ened. Viere à l'étroit, to live sparingly. Etre logé fort à l'étroit, to be very much straiten-

ETROITEMENT, å-trwåt-men, adv. straitly, narrowly, in a narrow compass; strictly straitly, particularly. Etroitement uni, strictly or closely united. Un prisonnier qu'on tient étroitement enfermé, a close prisoner.

ETRON, s. m. meces of animals. ETRONCONNER, &-tron-sô-na, v. a. to cut off the branches of (a tree.)

ETROUSSER, v. a. to adjudge, decree.

ETRUFFURE, s. f. lameness of a dog. ETUDE, 1-10d, s. f. study; learning, scho-larship; study, closet. Un homme d'étude, a learned man or scholar. Un homme sans étude,

an illiterate man. ETUDIANT, a-tu-di-en, s. m. student, scholar.

ETUDIÉ, z, å-tů-díå, adj. studied, elabo-

rate: studied, affected, composed. ETUDIER, &-td-dl-k, v. a. to study; meditate or compose; mind, observe, have an eye

upon. S'étudier, v. r. to study, labour, endea-vour, give one's mind to. S'étudier à plaire, to study to please.

ETUDIOLE, à-tû-dî-dì, s. m. scrutoire.

ETUL à-tûl, s. m. case, box. Etui de
poche à plusieurs instrumens, case of instruments. Case over the wings of some insects.

ETUVE, &-tav, s. f. stove, hot-house, sweat-

ing room. ETUVÉE, å-tů-vå, s. f. stewing; also stewed meat, stew. Curpe à l'étuvée, stewed carp. Mettre à l'étuvée, to stew.

ETUVEMENT, &-tav-men, s. m. bathing, fomenting.

ETUVER, a-td-va, v. a. to foment or bathe (speaking of a wound.)

ETUVISTE, a-td-vist, s. m. bagnio or bath-

ETYMOLOGIE A-tl-mô-lô-zl,s. f. etymology. ETYMOLOGIQUE, adj. etymological. ETYMOLOGISTE, å-tl-mô-lô-zlst, s. m. ety-

mologist. EUCHARISTIE, eu-ka-ris-ti, s. f. eucharist. Eucharistique, eu-ka-ris-tik, adj. eucharistical.

EUCRASIE, s. f. eucrasy. EUFRAISK, êu-frèz, s. f. (herb) eye-bright. EUNUQUE, êd-adk, s. m. eunuch.

EUPATOIRE, s. f. sweet maudlin (an herb.)

EUPHONIE, s. f. euphony.

EUPHONIQUE, adj. euphonical.

Eupнoвых, в. m. euphorbium.

EUROPÉEN, NE, s. m. & f. Europeau. EURYTHMIE, s. f. eurythmy.

EUX, èu, (plural of kii) they, them. EVACUANT, E, å-và-kū-ėn, ėnt, or EVA-CUATI-F, VE, adj. evacuating.

Evacuatif, å-vå-kū-å-ulf, s. m. evacuant. EVACUATION, a-va-ku-a-sion, s. f. eva **c**uation.

EVACUER, a-va-to-a, v. a. to evacuate,

void or empty. Sévacuer, v. r. to evacuate. EVADER, (s') sa-và-dà, v.r. to make one's escape, get away, steal away. Faire évader

quelqu'ss, to favour one's escape.
EVAGATION, à và-gà-son, s. f. evagation.
EVALTONNER, (s') sà-vàl-tò-nà, v. r. to be
too free, give one's self airs.

EVALUATION, &-va-la-a-sion, s. f. prizing,

estimate, estimation, valuing, rating.

EVALUER, a-va-ld-a, v. a. to prize, estimate, value or rate.

bar, bat, base : thère, ëbb, ovër : field, fig : robe, rôb, lôrd : meod, gôod.

Evangelique, &-ven-za-lik, adj. evan-

EVANGÉLIQUES,/s. m. pl. those that reject the Old Testament and receive the New.

EVANGELIQUEMENT, & vèn-zà-llk-mèn, adv. evangelically, according to the Gospel.

EVANGELISER, à-vèn-zà-ll-zà, v. a. &. n.

to preach the Gospel, evangelize. EVANGELISTE, a-ven-za-list, s. m. evan-

gelist. Nouvel évangéliste, broacher of new opinions.

EVARGILE, a-ven-ell, s. m. Gospel. L'é-

vangile du jour, the current news.

EVANOUI, R, adj. vanished away, gone out of sight; swooned away, in a swoon.

Evanouir,(s')sa-va-noo-r, or Evanouir,

v. n. to faint or swoon away, fall into a swoon;

V. h. to faillt or swoon away, intrince awoon, to vanish away, disappear, go out of sight.

EVANOUISSEMENT, å-vå-nöo-h-mėn, s. m. fainting fit, swoon, or swooning away. Il hei a pris un evanouissement en se leuuri, as he got up, he swooned away or fell into a swoon.

EVAPORATION Å-vå-pö-rå-sion, s.f. evaporation; rashness, inconsideration, foolishness.

EVAPORE E. adi. evanorated.

EVAPORE, E, adj. evaporated.

EVAPORE, s. m. giddy brained, rash or inconsiderate man, fool.

EVAPORER, a-va-po-ra, v. a. Ex. Evaporer son chagrin or sa bile, to vent one's grief or passion. S'évaporer, v. r. to evaporate. B'evaporer en vaines ides, en chimères, en imagnations, to fill one's head with airy, empty or chimerical notions; to be full of whims and crotchets.

EVASEMENT, s. m. widening, opening. EVASER, å-vå-zå, v. a. to widen or open. EVASI-F, v.E. adj. serving to escape. EVASION, å-vå-zlon, s. f. flight, escape.

EVASURE, s. f. widening, opening. Evecue, a-ve-sha, s. m. bishoprick;

bishop's house or palace: episcopate.

EVELL, k-vel, a. m. awaking, warning, rousing.

Donner à quelqu'un l'éveil d'une

chose, to rouse one upon a thing.

EVELLE, E, a-ve-la, adj. awake; airy, brisk, lively, sprightly; watchful, careful, stirring, vigilant, diligent. Eveillé sur ses interests, alive to one's interest.

EVEILLE, E. s. m. & f. brisk, sprightly per-

EVEILLER, a-ve-A, v. a. to wake or awake, rouse, break the sleep of; to quicken, brisk up. S'éveiller, v. r. to wake or awake.

EVÉNEMENT, à-van-men, s. m. event, is-sue, success, end; adventure. A tout événe-

s, adv. at all events.

EVENT, a-ven, s. m. a bad smack ortang : open air ; vent hole. Donner de l'évent à un maid de vin, to give vent to a hogehead of wine. Mettre des hardes à l'évent, to air cluthes.

EVENTAIL, à-vèn-tàl, s. m. fan.

EVENTAILLISTE, &-ven-th-fist, s. m. fanmaker or seller. Boutique d'éventailliste, fan-

EVERTAIRE, s. m. sort of flat basket. EVENTE, & vent, s. f. tallow-chandler's box.

EVERTÉ, E, adj. fanned, etc. V. Erenter, iddy-headed, harebrained, rash, foolish, light-headed.

EVERTÉ, E, &-ven-tà, s. m. & f. harebrained, or giddy-headed or volatile young man or Woman.

EVENTEMENT, s. m. airing.

Eventer, a-ven-ta, v. a. to far; to sir; (le grain) to winnow; (une mine) to give vent to, counterwork or countermine; battle, disappoint; to make take vent, divulge, discover, publish, spread abroad. Eventer la reine, to breathe the vein, let blood. Mar. éventer une voile, to fill a sail. Ecente le perroque de fouque, fill the minen top-sail. Ecente la quille d'un bâtiment, to heave down a vessel (so as to discover her keel.) La punpe est éventée, the pump blows. S'écenter, v. r. to take wind, die or evaporate, pall or lose its princit de contrat de la spirit; (of a secret) to take vent or wind, be discovered; to fan one's self.

EVENTILLER, (s') v. r. to flutter (at a

bird.)

Eventoir, à-vèn-twar, s. m. firefan. EVENTRER, h-ven-tra, v. a. to embowel or open, to take out the entrails (of an animal.)

EVENTUEL, LE, &-ven-tû-êi, adj. eventual. EVENTUELLEMENT, adv. eventually.

Evique, &-vek, s. m. bishop.

EVERRER, v. a. to worm a dog. EVERSION, a-ver-slos, s. f. eversion, min. EVERTUER, (s') sh-ver-tuk, v.r. to labour, strive, study or endeavour, take pains, exert one's self.

EVICTION, a-vik-sion, s. f. recovery by law, evidence, eviction. V. Evinor.

TEVIDENCE, EVICTOR. V. LEMOT.

EVIDENCE, & vi-dens, adv. etidently, clearly, manifestly, plainly, apparently.

EVIDENCE, & vi-dens, s. f. evidence, demonstration, plainness, perspicitly. Metre en évidence, to make plain or clear or evident, demonstrate.

EVIDENT, E, å-vi-dèn, dent, adj. evident, clear, plain, manifest, apparent.

EVIDER, v. a. to unstarch (times;) to hollow, cut hollow, cut aloping (in tailoring;) to hollow, groove, make a groove, to cut hol-

low (in iron work, etc.)
EVIER, å-viå, s. m. sink (of a kitchen.) EVINCER, a-vin-sa, v. a. to evict, recover possession by law

EVITABLE, &-vl-tabl, adj. avoidable.

EVITÉ, E, adj. avoided, etc.

EVITÉE, s. f. Mar. swing of a ship round her anchor at the length of her cable, breadh the channel of a river must have to be navigable, birth of sufficient space wherein a ship may swing round at the length of her mon ings. A son évitée, when tending or swinging, as she tends or swings. Faire son trace,

to swing or tend, be swinging or tending.

EVITER, å-vi-tå, v. a. to avoid, shua or echew; keep clear of. Mar. to avoid, keep clear of, swing or tend. Eviter l'abordage, to avoid being boarded. Eviter le combat, to avoid coming to action. Eviler an eral, to swing head to wind. Eviler à la marie, to tend to the tide. Eviter dis maurois cht, to swing or tend the wrong way. Le raissen n'évitera pas arunt midi, the ship will not tend till noon.

EVOCABLE, &-vo-kabi, adj. that may be

brought before a higher court.
EVOCATION, &-vo-kk-slon, s. f. conjuration or conjuning up, raising up; (d'une cause) bringing of a cause before a higher court, (by order of the judges thereof.)

EVOCATOIRE, adj. Ex. Cédule évocatoire, suppose a higher court.

summons to appear before a higher court.

base, but : jeune, meute, beurre : énfant, cent, lién : vin : mon : brun.

EVOLUER, v. n. Mar. to manœuvre or werk or perform the several evolutions prac-sed at sea. Vaisseau qui évolue bien, ship that works well.

EVOLUTION, 1-vô-là-sion, s. f. evolution, military motion or movement. Mar. evolution, sevement of a squadron or of a single ship is a particular manœuvre.

Evolute, v. a. to conjure or raiseup apirits; to bring before a higher court. Evulute, V. Evider.

Ex, before a noun of dignity signifies that he person mentioned has once held the office.

Ex-President, the president that was.

Exact, z, eg-zakt, adj. exact, punctual, strict, careful, diligent; accurate.

EXACTEMENT, eg-takt-men, adv. exactly, punctually, duly, diligently.

EXACTEUR, eg-zak-teur, s. m. exacter, extortioner.

Exaction, eg-zak-sion, s. f. exaction, extertion.

EXACTITUDE, èg-zak-il-tid, s. f. exact-nen, care, carefalnen, accuracy, precision, difiguree. Aroir de l'exactitude, to be exact,

metani, careful or diligent. Exacérateur, êg-zh-zh-rà-tèur, s. m. one that exaggerates or aggravates, ampli-for.

ERAGÉRATI-F, VE, êg-zâ-:å-râ-tîf, tlv,

adj. aggravating, exaggerating. Exaggration, eg-zh-: h-rà-slon,

exaggeration, aggravation or amplifying. Exagerer, eg-za-za-ra, v. a. to exaggerate, aggravate or amplity. Exagone.

ERALTATION, eg-zal-ta-sion, s. f. advancement, or raising up to the papal digni-ty; exaltation; exaggeration.

Exaltum, eg-sal-ta, v. a. to exalt, praise,

extel or cry up; to exalt or refine, bring to ater parity

gresser purity.

Examen, ég-så-min, s. m. examining or examinion, diligent search or trial.

Examinateur, ég-så-mi-nà-téur, s. m.

eraminer.

Examiner, Ag-za-ml-na, v. a. to search or haquire into, to weigh, consider, discuss or sift. Bexaminer, v. r. to examine, wear out. Lingue examine, worn out huen.

Exast Hime, s. m. exanthemata, eruptions. ERARCHAT or EXARQUAT, eg-zar-ka, s. m. exarchate or exarchy, country subject to

m. exarchic or exarch, county, county, angerto an exarch; dignity of an exarch.

Exargue, de-zurk, s. m. exarch.

Exargue, de-zurk, s. m. exarch.

Exargue exar

(a prayer.)
EXCALCEATION, s. f. action of pulling off

Excavation, êks-kâ-vâ-alon, s. f. excava-

EXCAVER, čks-kå-vå, v. a. to excavate.

Excedent, s. m. overplus.

Excedent, ek-sk-dk, v. a. to exceed or go beyond; to abuse, beat excessively, importune. S'excéder de débauches, to fall into excrasive debauchery.

Excellemment, êk-sê-lâ-mên, adv. excellendy, notably, rerely, well, extraordinarily.

EXCELLENCE, &k-&-lèns, s. f. excellence or excellency. Par excellence, supreme, su-

premely, excellently. La vertu par excellence, the virtue of virtues

EXCELLENT, L, ek-se-len, lent, adj. excellent, notable, singular, extraordinary, choice, rare, good.
*Excellentissine, êk-sê-lên-û-sîm, adj.

most excellent, rare, good. Exceller, ek-se-la, v. n. to excel, surpass, out-do or go beyond, be the best.

Excentricité, ek-sen-trl-sl-ta, s. f. eccentricity.

Excentrique, ek-sen-trik, s. m. eocentrick.

Excepté, ék-sép-ià, prep. excepted, except, but, save.

Excepter, ek-sep-th, v. a. to except EXCEPTION, ek-sep-sion, s. f. exception; difference or distinction. A Fexception d'un seul, one only excepted, or except one. Same exception d'age m de condition, without regard either to age or condition.

Exces, ek-se, s. m. excess, immoderation, superfluity, too much; riot, debauchery, looseness of manners, intemperance; (law term) abuse, outrage. L'excès de votre bonté term) abuse, outrage. L'excès de votre bonté pour moi, the great kindness you have for

Excessi-F, ve, êk-sê-sîf, siv, adj. exceeding, excessive, immoderate, extravagant

EXCESSIVEMENT, ék-sé-siv-mén, adv. ex-ceedingly, excessively, immoderately, extra-vagantly. Exciper, v. a. to allege an exception.

Excise, s. f. excise.

EXCITATI-F, VE, adj. strong, violent, exciting, stirring.

EXCITATION, ek-sl-th-sion, s. f. stirring, provoking, setting affont.

Excite, ek-si-ta, v. a. to excite, incite,

provoke, stir up, cause, quicken or encourage. Exclamation, êks-klâ-mâ-slon, s. f. ex-

clamation, crying out. Point d'exclamation (!). Exclu, E, adj. excluded, debarred, shut out, kept from

EXCLURE, eks-klur, v. a. (see the table at chure) to exclude, debar, shut out or keep from.

Exclus, R, V. Exclu.

Exclusi-f, ve, eks-klu-zif, ziv, adj. ex-

Exclusion, êks-kiû-zlon, s. f. exclusion. A l'exclusion d'un tel, such a one being excluded.

Exclusivement, êks-kid-slv-mên, adv. exclusively.

Excommunication, eks-ko-mo-ni-kaslon, s. f. excommunication.

Excommunité, E, adj. excommunicated. Excommunit, u, s. m. & f. person excom-unicated. Visuge d'excommunit, ill look.

municated. Visuge d'excomma Excommunier, eks-kô-mô-nia, v. a. to excommunicate.

EXCORIATION, eks-ko-ria-sion, s. f. excoriation, fretting of the skin.

Excorier, êks-kô-rlâ, v. a. to excoriate. Excrément, êks-krâ-mên, s. m. excrement, dregs, scum.

Exchementeu-x, sr, adj. excrementous or excrementitious.

EXCRESCENCE, s. f. excrescence or excrescency.

Excrétion, cks-krå-slon, s. f. excretion. Excrétoire, adj. excretory, excretive.

bar, bat, base : there, ebb, over : field, fig : robe, rob, lord : mood, good.

Exchoissance, eks-krwh-sens, s. f. V. Er-

EXCURSION, eks-kor-slon, s. f. incursion,

inroad, irruption; digression.

Excusable, êks-aŭ-zabl, adj. excusable.

EXCUSATION, eks-kd-zd-slow, s. f. excusution, plea.

Excuse, eks-kuz, s. f. excuse, reason, cloak. pretence. Faire des excuses, to apologize.

Fraire mille excuses, to ask a thousand pardons.

Excuser, eks-kd-zh, v. a. to excuse or justify, exculpate; admit one's excuse; bear with, pardon. Excuser quelqu'un de faire quelque chose, to excuse one or dispense with one for not doing a thing. S'excuser, v.r. to desire to be excused or dispensed with, de-

Exeat, eg-zà-àt, s. m. pass or leave to go

out Exacable, eg-zh-krabl, adj. execrable, ahominable, detestable, cursed, odious, bateful; wretched, pitiful.

Execrabilment, eg-zh-krabl-men, adv.

execrably, abominably, cursedly, Execration, abborrence, detestation, execration, imprecation, curse.

Executer, eg-za-kû-ta, v. a. to execute; ut in execution, perform; to execute, put to death by authority; to distrain the goods of.

Executeur, or l'exécuteur de la haute justice, the hangman or executioner.

Executive, vg. adj. executive.
Executive, eg. 24.-4d-sion, s. f. execution, performance: distress or distraining of goods.
Un homme d'acceution, a man fit for action. Execution d'un criminel, execution of a malefactor

Exécutoire, eg-zà-kū-twar, s. m. writ

of execution.

Executoral, adj. by virtue of which goods may be distrained

Executrice, ég-zå-kû-trîs, s. f. executrix. Exemplaire, ég-zên-plèr, adj. exemplary. EXEMPLAIRE, s. m. copy of a book; exemplar, pattern, model.

Exemplairement, eg-zen-pler-men, adv. exemplarity.

EXEMPLE, eg-zenpl, s. m. example; pattern, model, copy: instance, precedent. Par exemple, adv. as for example, for instance. Exemple, s. f. copy (for writing.) EXEMPT, E, èg-zèn, zènt, adj. exempt or

free EXEMPT, S. m. Exempt des gardes, or exempt des gardes du corps, exempt, officer in the life guards. Sort of ecclesiasticks.

Exempter, eg-zen-ta, v. a. to exempt, free or discharge

Exemption, eg-zèn-sion, s. f. exemption, privilege, immunity, freedom.

Exect, E, adj. exercised, practised. Exerct dans l'art militaire, trained up in war-

like discipline.

Exercise;

Exercise; train up; use or employ; practise; tire, harass; to bear. Exercer son corps, to exercise one's body, use exercise. B'exercer, v. r. to exercise one's self. S'exercer à, to use

the exercise of, exercise one's self in.
Exercise, eg-zer-als, s. m. exercise; practice; trade; trouble, vexation. Donner de

l'exercice à quelqu'un, to exercise one, vex one. Faire de l'exercice, to une exercise. Faire faire l'exercice à des soldats, to exercise soldiers. Faire l'exercice du conon et de la mousqueterie, to exercise great guns and small arms. Mar. Faire l'exercice des voiles, to exercise sails. Exercices, exercises; (dancing, riding, fencing, etc.)
*Exercitation, s. f. exercitation, critical

comment.

Exercis.

Exergue, eg-zerg, s. m. exergue (of a medal.) Exfoliati-F, ve, adj. exfoliative.

EXPOLIATION, eks-fo-fl-a-don, s. f. exfoliation.

EXFOLIER, (s') seks-fo-li-a, v. r. to exfoliate (as a bone does.)

EXHALAISON, eg-zå-lå-zon, s. f. exhalation.

EXHALATION, s. f. exhalation. EXHALER, eg-zå-là, v. a. to exhale or cast forth; (ac colere) to wreak or breathe forth; sa douleur) to vent, give a vent to.

haler, v. r. to exhale, evaporate.

EXHAUSSEMENT, er sos-men, s. m. raising higher, height, being high. Ce plancher of a par assez d'exhaussement, that floor is not high

enough. EXHAUSSER, eg-zò-sh, v. a. to raise, raise

higher.
EXHEREDATION, eg-sh-rh-dh-slow, s. f. disinheriting, state of one disinherited.

Exhéréder, èg-zh-rh-dh, v. a. to disinberit.

EXHIBER, eg-zl-ba, v. a. to exhibit or pro-

EXHIBITION, eg-zl-bl-slon, s. m. exhibiting or exhibition, producing.
EXHORTATION, eg-zôr-th-slon, s. f. exhor-

tation, encouraging or encouragement EXHORTER, èg-zôr-th, v. a. to exhort, en-courage, stir up or persuade. Exhorter à la

mort, to fit or prepare for death. EXHUMATION, eg-zd-ma-slon, s. f. exhu-

mation. Exhumen, eg-zû-må, v. a. to dig (a corpse)

out of the ground. EXIGENCE, èg-zl-zèns, s. f. exigence e-exi-gency, necessity, occasion. Selon l'exigence de la chose, as the case requires, as occasion shall serve.

Exiger, eg-zl-za, v. a. to claim, exact, demand, require.

Exigible, eg-zl-zibl, adj. demandable, that may be demanded or exacted.

*Exigu. E. eg-zl-gû, gû, adj. exiguous, little, small, slender, scanty. *Exiguită, eg-zl-gû-l-tk, s. f. exiguity,

smalines

Exil, eg-zil, s. m. exile, banishment. Es-

Exil £, E, adj. exiled, banished.

Exil £, E, adj. exiled, banished.

Exil £, êg-zl-lh, s. m. exile, one that is exiled or banished.

Exiler, eg-zl-là, v. a. to exile or banish. S'exiler, v. r. to withdraw, retire.

Existant, E, eg-zh-ten, tent, adj. existent, that is. Existence, èg-zis-tèns, s. f. existence,

being. Existen, eg-zis-ta, v. n. to exist, be, be

in being. Exode, eg-zod, s. m. exodus. buse, bût : jeune, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

EXOINE, s. f. essoine (law term.)

EXOINER, v. a. to essoine, excuse absence. EXOMOLOGESE, s. f. publick confession.

EXOMPHALE, s. m. & f. exomphalos.

EXORABLE, eg-zô-rabl, adj. exorable, that

may be entreated.

Exorbitamment, eg-zôr-bl-tà-mên, adv. exorbitantly, extravagantly, immoderately, excessively.

Exorbitant, E, eg-zor-bl-ten, tent, adj. exorbitant, excessive, extravagant, immoderate. Faire une dépense exorbitante, to spend extravagantly.

Exorcisen, èg-zèr-d-zà, v. a. to exorcise, adjure, cast out evil spirits.
Exorcisen s, èg-zòr-alsm, s. m. exorcism.
Exorcista, èg-zòr-sist, s. m. exorcist.

Exonoz, eg-zord, s. m. exordium, beginning of a discourse.

Exoterique, adj. exoterick.

Exotique, èg.-zò-tk, adj. exotick, foreign. Expansibilité, s. f. expansibility. Expansible, èks-pèn-sibl, or Expansi-f,

v z, adj. expansive.

EPANSION, eks-pen-sion, s. f. expansion. EXPATRIATION, s. f. the act of leaving

one's own country.

EXPATRIER, eks-på-trl-å, v. a. to oblige r force one to leave his country, drive one from his country. S'expatrier, v. r. to quit one's own country

Expectant, êks-pêk-tên, s. m. expectant. Expectati-r, ve, êks-pêk-tâ-tlf, tlv, adj. to be expected. Ex. Grace expectative, favour in expectance. V. Expectative.
"Expectation, êks-pêk-tâ-slon, s. f. expec-

EXPECTATIVE, s.f. reversion, survivorship; expectation, hope; certain bulls, wherein the Pope grants mandates for church livings be-fere they become void; publick theological disputation.

EXPECTORANT, E, adj. expectorative. Expectoration, eks-pek-10-ra-slon, s. f.

expectoration.
Expectorer, êks-pêk-tô-ra, v. a. to expectorate.

Exp forunt, eks-på-dl-en, adj. expedient,

fit or necessary. Expédient, s. m. expedient, way, device or means. En être aux expédiens, be put to

one's last shifts or expedients.

EXPEDIER, cks-pa-dl-a, v. a. to despetch, expedite, send; to despatch, put an end to, kill; to draw up or write out (law term.) v. n. to be expeditious.

Expension ve, eks-ph-di-df, thy, adj. ex-

Expedition, eks-pa-di-slon, s. f. expedition; despatch; copy, duplicate; military enterprise or adventure. Expéditions, spatches orders, instructions; warrant, patent, or commission. L'escadre de Rochefort est partie pour une expédition secrète, the Roche-fort squadron has sailed upon a secret expe-

Expéditionnaire, eks-på-di-sid-ner, s. m. officer at the Pope's court for despatches; one who takes official copies.

EXPÉRIENCE, Éks-pà-rì-èns, s. f. experi-ent, trial, proof; experience, knowledge. ExPÉRIMENTAL, E, êks-pà-rì-mèn-tàl adj.

experimental.

Expérimenté, e, éks-ph-ri-men-th, adj. experienced, experimented, tried; experi-enced, skilful.

Expérimenter, êks-på-rl-mên-tå, v. a.

to experience or experiment, try.

Expert, E, eks-per, pert, adj. expert, skilful of much experience. Experts, s. m. pl. viewers, jury of artists, most skilful or able men in any art or science appointed to make their report about any thing.

EXPERTISE, s. f. report made about any thing by a jury of artists.

Explation, eks-pl-a-slos, s. f. expiation,

atonement. Explatoire, eks-pl-a-twar, adj. expiato-

ry, that makes an atonement.

EXPIRE, eks-pl-1, v. a. to expiate or atone.

Expiration, s. f. expilation. Expiration, eks-pl-ra-sion, s.f. expiration.

Expirer, êks-pî-rê, v. n. to expire; die or breathe one's last; be out, end. v. a. to expire, exhale, breathe out.

Explati-r, vz, eks-pla-tif, tiv, adj. expletive

EXPLICABLE, êks-pll-kabl, adj. explica-ble, that may be explained.

EXPLICATION, VE, eks-pli-ka-tif, tiv, adj.

explicative.

EXPLICATION, &ks-pil-kâ-sion, s. f. explication, explanation, exposition, interpretation. Failes-nous-en l'explication, explain or expound it to us.

Explicite, eks-pli-sk, adj. explicit, plain. Explicitement, eks-pil-sh-mes, adv. ex-

plicitly, plainly, expressly.

Expliquer, eks-pil-kh, v. a. to explicate, explain, expound, interpret, unfold or open; to teach; to declare, signify. S'expliquer, v. r. to explain or signify one's thoughts, speak plain. Expliquez-vous mirux, car on ne vous entend pas, speak plainer, for you are not understood.

Exploit, eks-plwa, s. m. exploit, achievement, feat, great act, great deed. Exploit d'assignation, summons or subpoens. Exploit de saisie, execution upon a judgment. EXPLOITABLE, êks-pluk-tabl, adj. that may be distrained; fit for sale; manurable.

Exploitant, eks-plwa-ten, adj. m. serving warrants or summonses.

Exploitation, eks-plwd-ta-son, s. f. exe-

cution of some works in agriculture.

Exploiter, eks-plwa-ta, v. n. to serve

warrants or the like; to do some exploit or achievement, do feats; (une forêt) to fell; (une terre) to manure and manage (a piece of ground or an estate:)
EXPLORATEUR, s. m. explorator, exami-

ner, searcher, discoverer.
EXPLORER, v. a. Mar. to explore. Pérouse a exploré l'archipel des îles des Navi-galeurs, La Perouse explored the archipelago of the Navigators' islands.

EXPLOSION, eks-pld-zlon, s. f. explosion. EXPOLITION, s. f. expolition, (the explaining of the same thing by synonymous expressions.)

Exportation, eks-por-th-slos, s. f. exportation.

EXPORTER, v. a. to transport goods out of

Exposant, E, êks-pô-zen, zent, s. m. & f. petitioner, patentee; elso, a term in algebra. bår, båt, båse: thère, ëbb, ovër: field, fig: rôbe, rôb, lôrd: mòod, gôod.

Exposé, èks-pô-zh, s. m. suggestion or exposition in a petition; preamble. Finix exposé, false pretence.

Exposen, eks-pô-sk, v. a. to expose; show or lay out; to expound, explain or unfold, set forth; to declare, show forth, open, represent, make known or signify, to show; to expose or turn; bring into danger, hazard or ven-ture; (un en/ant) to expose. Exposer en vente, to put to sale. Un homme qui s'expose à la risée de tout le monde, a man that makes himself a laughing-stock to every body.

*Exposit-EUR, RICE, s. m. & f. expounder, explainer or interpreter; also who puts of counterfeit money.

Exposition, eks-pô-zl-slon, s. f. exposi-tion; showing, laying out; explanation; declaration, account, laying open; (d'un enfant) exposing; (d'un bâtiment) aspect or situation (east, west, north or south.) Un arbre planté à une manurise exposition, a tree set in an ill place.

EXPRÈS, SE, êks-prè, près, adj. express,

plain, clear, manifest, positive.

Express, s. m. express, courier.

Express and purposely, designedly.

Express ament, eks-pre-sa-men, adv. expressly, plainly, in plain terms, positively, explicitly.

EXPRESSI-F, VE, čks-pre-sif, siv, adj. ex-pressive, significant.

EXPRESSION, êks-prê-slon, s. f. straining, wringing or squeezing out; expression; way of expressing one's thoughts, elocution, phrase; representation.

EXPRIMABLE, cks-pri-mabl, adj. that may

be expressed.

EXPRIMER, eks-pri-ma, v. a. to wring,

strain or squeeze out; to express, represent.

EXPULSER, cks-poll-sa, v. a. to expel, to thrust or turn out; (terme de médecine) to expel, expulse, reject, purge. Expulsi-r, vr., eks-pul-sif, siv, adj. ex-

pulsive.

Expulsion, eks-pal-sion, s. f. expulsion, expelling, thrusting or turning or driving out.

EXPULTRICE, adj. expalsive. La faculté expultrice, the expulsive faculty.

EXPURGATION, s. f. expurgation.

EXPURGATOIRE, adj. expurgatory. L'in-dice expurgatoire, the expurgatory index. Exquis, E, èks-kl, klz, adj. exquisite, rare,

dainty, fine, curious, choice, excellent, precious. EXSUDATION, s. f. exudation, sweating.

EXSUDER, v. n. to sweat, exude, exudate. *Extant, z, čks-ten, tent, adj. extant. EXTASE, eks-taz, s. f. ecstasy, trance, rap-

inre Extrasif, r, adj. in ecstasy, in a trance,

in a sapture. EXTASIER, (s') seks-ta-zfa, v. r. to fall into an ecstasy or trance or rapture.

EXTATIQUE, eks-tå-tik, adj. ecstatick or ecatatical.

EXTENSEUR, adj. extensor, the muscle by which any limb is extended.

EXTENSIBLITÉ, s. f. extensibility.

EXTENSIBLE, adj. extensible.

EXTENSION, éks-tén-slon, s. f. extension or stretching, extent.

EXTÉRUATION, cks-th-no-t-ston, s. f. ex- vagant things.

tenuation or lessening; growing thin or lean, falling away, gradual decay.

Extenue, E, adj. extenuated; lessened;

thin or lean, fallen away EXTENUER, eks-th-nd-h, v. a. to extenuate or lessen; to make thin or lean.

Extérieur, E, eks-th-rieur, adj. exteriour,

outward, external. Extérieur, s. m. outside, outward ap-

pearance or show, exteriour.

Extérieurement, êks-tâ-rieur-mên,adv. outwardly, on the outside, by the outward appearance.

EXTERMINATEUR, êks-têr-ml-nê-têur,adj. or s. m. destroying, destroyer, exterminator. EXTERMINATION, s. f. extermination, ex-

tinction, extirpation.

Exterminer, eks-ter-mi-na, v. a. to exterminate, destroy, cut off or extirpate.
Externe, eks-tern, adj. external, outward.

EXTERNE, s. m. day-scholar. EXTINCTION, eks-tink-slon, s. f. extinction, extinguishing, quenching or putting out. Adjuger à l'extinction de la chandelle, to sell by inch of candle. Extinction d'une rente, ex-

tinguishment of a rent.

Extirpateur, êks-tir-pâ-teur, s. m. ex-

tirpator. Extirpation, eks-tir-på-slos, s. f. extirpation. Extirper, eks-tir-pa, v. a. to extirpate,

root out.

EXTORQUER, êks-tôr-kh, v. a. to extort, wrest or get by force or violence.

EXTORSION, s. f. extortion, exaction. Extraction, s. f. extraction, drawing out,

taking out; descent, pedigree EXTRADITION, s. f. the giving up of a

prisoner to his legitimate prince.

EXTRAIRE, eks-trer, v. a. (like traire) to extract, draw or take out; (un livre) to abstract or abridge

EXTRAIT, E, eks-tre, tret, adj. extracted, drawn or taken out.

EXTRAIT, s. m. extract; copy; abstract or abridgment. Extrait de proces, brevial. EXTRAJUDICIAIRE, adj. extrajudicial.

Extrajudiciairement, adv. extrajudicially.

Extraordinaire, êks-trâ-ôr-dî-nêr, adj. extraordinary, unusual, uncommon, singular. Procedure extraordinaire, criminal process.

EXTRAORDINAIRE, s. m. extraordinary or uncommon thing; supplement to a gazette. Extruordinaire des guerres, extraordinary treasury or fund appointed in time of war for the payment of the forces. Trésorier de l'estraordinaire, pay-master-general of the ar-

EXTRAORDINAIREMENT, chatra-or-dinarily, in an extraor-Eks-trå-ör-didinary or unusual manner, extremely. Procéder extraordinairement contre quelqu'un, 10 prosecute one criminally.

EXTRATEMPORA, s. m. leave from the

pope to take orders at any time. EXTRAVAGAMMENT, eks-trk-vi-gl-men, adv. extravagantly, strangely, idly, sillily, foolishly, impertinently.

*Extravagance, êks-irâ-vâ-gâns, s. f. extravagance, extravagancy, impertinence, folly. Faire des extravagances, to de extrabase, but : jeune, meute, beurre : entant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

Estravagant, e, éks-trà-và-gàn, gànt, adj. & s. extravagant, foolish, silly, impertineut, idle.

EXTRAVAGANTES, s. f. decrees of the popes

added to the canon law. Extravaguer, eks-trå-vå-gå, v. n. to talk foolishly or sillily or idly, dote, rave. Extravasation, cks-tra-va-sa-slon, s. f.

extravasation.

EXTRAV ASER, (8') seks-trâ-vâ-zâ, v. r. to extravasate (as blood and humours do.)

Extrême, eks-trêm, adj. extreme, great,

very great, excessive.

Extrans, s. m. extreme, contrary. froid et le chaud sont les deux extrêmes, cold and heat are the two extremes. EXTRÊMEMENT, êks-trêm-mên, adv. ex-

tremely, extreme, very much, mightily, extraordinarity. Il a extrêmement d'esprit, he

has a great deal of wit.

Extrême-onction, eks-trem-onk-slon, s.

f. extreme unction.

Extransité, èks-trà-mî-tà, s. f. extremity; extreme, utmost part, end; extreme state, strait, misery, necessity, worst or lowest con-dition, last or utmost; last or last moment, point of death; extreme, excess; utmost vio-lence. Las Laponie est à l'extrémité du golfe Bottaique, Lapland borders upon the gulf of Bothnia. A toute extrémité, when the worst comes to the worst. Il est reduct à l'exité, he is reduced to straits. Us sont résolus à soute extrémité, they are resolved to stand it to the last. Dans cette dure extrémilé, in this severe necessity. Etre à l'ex-trémité, to be dying. Malade à l'extrémité, dangerously sick.

Extrematque, čkadria-sčk, adj. extrin-

siek, extrinsical.

EXUBERANCE, eg-zù-bê-rens, s. f. exuberance, super-abundance, luxuriance.
EXULCERATION, cg-zul-na-ra-alon, s. f.

emiceration.

EXULCERER, èg-zùl-sà-rà, v. a. to exulce-EXULTATION, èg-zůi-tå-sloz, s. f. exulta-tion, leaping for joy, rejoicing.

EXPLIER, v. n. to leap for joy, exult.
Ex-voro, s. m. votive picture (in a church.)

P, &f, s. f. 6th letter of the French Alphabet.

FARLE, fabl, s. f. fable, apologue, fiction, mythology, tale, story, romance. Servir de fable et de risée à tout le monde, to make one's self a common talk and a laughing stock.

FABLIAU, s. m. sort of story in verse very common in the beginning of French poetry.

FABRICANT, s. m. manufacturer. FABRICATEUR, få-brl-kå-teur; s. m. (de monacie) coiner; (de foux actes) falsifier or forger of writings; (de faux témoins) falsifier of witnesses; (de nouvelles) forger of nows or news-monger.

FABRICATION, få-bri-kå-slon, s. f. (de la romesic) coining. Fabrication d'un faux acte, fabifying or forging of a writing.

PARRICIEN, fa-bri-den, s. m. church-

PARRIQUE, få-brik, s. f. fabrick or building, frame; manufacture, make, making, fashion. Fabrique d'une église, fabric-lands, revenue of a church, plate and holy ornaments belonging to a church. La fabrique des

monnoies, the coinnge or coining of money.

FABRIQUER, fa-brl-ka, v. a. to manufacture or make; (des vaisseaux) to build; (de la mounoie) to coin or mint; to forge or in-vent. Fabriquer un faux testament, to forge a will.

*FABULATEUR, s. m. story-teller.

FABULEUSEMENT, få-bå-lèuz-mên, adv. fabulously.

FABULEU-K, SE, få-bå-lèu, lèuz, adj. fabulous, feigned, fictitious, romantick.

FABULISTE, få-bå-list, s. m. fabulist, writer

of fables.

FACADE, fa-sad, s. f. front (of an edifice.) FACE, fas, s. f. face ; visage ; front or forefront, surface, superficies; state or condition (of affairs;) pass (luings are at;) (terme dus jeu de bassette) sass. En face, to one's saco or besore one's sace. Epouser en face de l'éclise, to marry in publick. Ce château a une belle avenue en face, that castle has a fine avenue before it. A la face de, to the face or in the presence of, before. Faire face, to face. Ma maison fait face à la rivière, my house faces the river. Faire face à l'ememi, to face the enemy. Faire volle-face, to face about.

about.

*FACE, E, adj. Un homme bien face, a jolly, full-faced man.

FACER, få-så, v. a. (in heraldry,) to fass.

FACETIE, få-så-si, s. f. merry conceit or humour

FACÉTIEUSEMENT, fâ-sâ-slèuz-mên, adv.

facetiously, pleasantly, comically.
FACÉTIEU-X, SE, fa-sa-sièu, sièuz, adj. facetious, merry, jovial, pleasant, comical.
FACETTE, fa-sèt, s. f. little face, facet. Dia-

mant taillé en facéttes, diamond out facet-wise. FACETTER, få-sê-tå, v. a. to eut with facets. FACHÉ, E, få-shå, adj. sorry; angry, vex-

ed, displeased.

FAGETRE, få-shå, v. a. to vex, anger, displease or teaze; to grieve. Il lui fache, he is sorry. Se facher, v. r. to be angry, fall into

a passion.

Facherie, s. f. grief, trouble, vexation.

Causer, donner de la fâcherie, to trouble, vex

FACHEU-X, SE, fa-sheu, sheuz, adj. sad, grievous; troublesome, burdensome; hard, rugged, difficult, uneasy, troublesome, froward, peevish, cross, humoursome.

FACHEU-X, SE, S. m. & f. troublesome per son, impertinent.

FACIENDE, S. f. club, gang, cabal.
FACIEN, fà-sll, adj. easy; facile; condescending; ready, quick. Style facile, free, easy, natural style.

FACILEMENT, få-sil-men, adv. easily, with eas

FACILITÉ, få-si-li-tå, s. f. easiness; quickness, facility, readiness; easy temper, conde-scension. Anoir une facilité d'esprit admira-ble, to have a wonderful ready wit. Une grande facilité d'expression, a great ensiness of expression, ready tongue, fuent discourse. FACILITÉ, E, adj. facilitated, made easy

or facile. FACILITER, få-så-lå-tå, v. a. to facilitate,

make easy or facile.

bar, bat, base : thère, ébb, over : field, fig : rôbe, rôb, lôrd : môod, gôod.

FACON, fa-son, s. f. fashion; form, make; (travail de l'artisan) making ; manner, way ; mien or presence; compliment, ceremony, formality; ado; affectation; tillage, dressing. Elle fit quelques petites façons sur son incommodité, she made some faint excuses on account of her indisposition. Un homme sans facon, a plain man, a man without ceremony.

On vit sans facon entre amis, friends live freely together. Facon de parler, way of speaking, phrase. De quelque facon que cela soit, however or howsoever it be. Pourquoi faitesvous tant de façons? A quoi bon tant de façons? why do you make such ado? Donner à la rigne lu première, seconde et troisième façon, to dig the vineyard three several times. aucune façon, en mulle façon, en aucune façon du monde, en façon quelconque, en quelque fa-con que ce soit, in no manner, in no wise, by no means, not at all. De façon que, so that, insomuch that.

Façon, Mar. Façons d'un bâtiment, rising of a ship's floor afore and abast.

FACONDE, s. f. obsolete word that means

eloguence.

FACONNER, få-sô-nå, v. a. to fashion; figure, polish or finish; to use, mould. Facorner, v. n. to compliment, be ceremonious or formal. Vous façonnez trop, you compliment too much, you are too ceremonious.

FACONNIER, E, fâ-sô-nià, nièr, s. m. & f. ceremonious or complimental or formal permo. Façonnier, artificer, manufacturer of stuffs.

FACTEUR, fak-teur, s. m. factor; postman, or penny-post. Facteur d'orgue, organmaker.

FACTICE, fak-tis, adj. (mot) made, coined; factitious.

FACTIEU-X, SE, fak-sleu, sleuz, adj. & s.

factious, seditious, mutinous, factious person.
Faction, fak-slos, s. f. faction, cabal, party; duty (as sentinel.) Etre en faction, to

be upon duty, stand sentry.

FACTIONNAIRE, fak-slo-ner, adj. Ex. Soldat factionnaire, private sentinel. Mettre un fuctionnaire, Mar. to put on a sentry.

FACTORERIE, fak-tor-ri, s. f. factory.

FACTOTUM, fak-to-ton, or FACTOTON, s. m. factotum.

FACTUM, fak-ton, s. m. case, one's case drawn in the form of a plea.

FACTURE, fak-tur, s. f. invoice (particulars of the goods sent to a merchant by his factor or correspondent.)

FACULE, s. f. luminous spot seen sometimes on the sun.

FACULTATIF, adj. m. Ex. Bref facultatif, pope's license or dispensation.
FACULTE, fa-kul-ta, s. f. faculty; power,

virtue; facility, talent; power, right. . La fa-Facultés, talents, fortune, property; (law term) de-

FADAISE, fa-dez, s. f. trifles, fiddle-faddle,

foolish or silly thing, silliness or foolery.

FADE, fad, adj. insipid, that has no taste; silly, witless, nauseous. Se sentir le coeur fade, to have a bad or squeamish stomach, have

one's stomach cloyed.

FADEUR, fl.-deur, s. f. insipidness, unsavouriness, insipidity, nauscousness, silliness; also loathsome praise.

FAGOT, få-gð, s. m. fagot; bundle. Co ter des fagots, to tell stories, talk idly.

FAGOTAGE, s. m. making of fagots FAGOTAILLE, s. f. sort of hedge made with

fagots.

FAGOTÉ, E, adj. tied or made into fagots; huddled in a confused or disordered trim

(said of clothes.)

FAGOTER, fA-go-th, v. a. to tie or make

into fagots: to jumble together.
FAGOTEUR, få-gö-teur, s. m. fagot-maker
FAGOTIN, få-gö-teur, s. m. & adj. mounte-

bank's merry-andrew or jack pudding.

FAGOUE, s. f. kernel (in beasts, like the sweetbread in yeal.)

FAGUENAS, fåg-nå, s. m. rank smell, funk. FAIENCE, få-yens, s. f. Duich ware, Delft

ware, fine crockery. FATENCERIE, s. f. Dutch ware or crockery

manufactory.

FATERCIER, E, få-yèn-slå, slèr, s. m. & f. Dutch ware potter, one that sells fine crock-

ery, or keeps a china shop.

*FAILLI, E, adj. failed, misled. R est arrive à jour failli, he came at the close of the evening.

FAILLE, s. m. bankrupt.
FAILLEBILITÉ, fà-fl-bl-ll-tà, s. f. fallibility.
FAILLIBLE, fà-fibl, adj. fallible.

FAILLIR, fa-fr, v. n. irr. to fail; sin, do amiss, offend or transgress, mistake or be out; be extinct; be bankrupt, break. Faillir à De EXINCI; DE DEMARUPI, INCAM.

faire or faillir de faire, to be very near doing. Ex. Je faillis à tomber or je faillis de tomber, I was like to fall, I was very near falling. Il a failli à vous nommer, he was very near naming you. As this verb is il faut in the 3d novem songular of the present indicain the 3d person singular of the present indica-tive, and il faut is also the 3d person singular of the present indicative of falloir, which likewise denotes want, many have thought that in such expressions as these, il lui faut deux paires de bas, he or she sounts two pairs of stockings, il faut should be considered as from faillir: but as in the imperfect we say, il hui falloit deux paires de bas, and not il lui failloit deux paires de bas, it is evident that il faut in the above phrase must be from falloir. It is the same with peu s'en faut, il s'en faut bien or beaucoup; tant s'en faut, etc. since the imperfect is pen s'en falloit, etc. Le cœur me faut, my heart fails me, I faint. Le jour commence à faillir, the day is almost spent, it draws to-wards night. J'irai là sans faillir, I shall go wards night. J's

FAILLITE (A.d., s. f. breaking, bankruptcy. FAIM, fla, s. f. hunger, appetite, stomach. Aroir foim, to be hungry. Mourir de faim, to die with hunger or be almost starved; also to starve or want bread. Be laisser mourir de faim, to starve one's self. Faire mourir de faim, to starve. La faim inschiable des richesses et des honneurs, the insatiable desire of riches and honours.

FAIM-VALLE, s. f. sort of epilepsy which attacks horses.

FAINE, fen, s. f. beech-mast or fruit. FAINEANT, z., fe-nk-en, ent, adj. & s. idle,

lazy, slothful, sługgish, lazybones.
FAINEANTER, fe-nk-en-th, v. n. to be idle,

loiter, sit still, do nothing.
FAINEANTISE, fe-na-en-tlz, s. f. idleness, laziness, sloth, slothfulness, sluggishness.

buse, but : jeune, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

FAIRE, fer, v. a. to do or make; to make, cause or be the occasion of; to bid, command or order; to do, observe or obey; to fashion, use, accustom, inure or train up; to busy or employ one's self about; to personate, play, act like; to set up for; to tell, relate; to finish, complete; to exercise, practise, profess; to see, endeavour, take care; to give out, publish; report, to bring, cause, get, raise; (des soldats) to make or raise; to do, commit or be guilty of. Combien faites-vous ce drap? how such do you ask for that cloth? what will you sell it for? Je n'en reux pas faire pour si peu, I will not sell solittle of it. Je n'y saurois que faire, I cannot help it. Faire, to be. Cela fait tous mes délices, that is all my de-Ceta farm tones men uriners, unan is an introducing to the fait rien a notre propos, that is nothing or signifies nothing to our purpose. On le fessoit mort, it was reported that he was dead. It tache de vous faire quelque argent, dead. It tache se vous faure quesque argem, be endenvours to get or raise some money for von. C'est à faire à moi d'y aller, it is my basiness to go thither. C'est à faire à un pottrons de faire, it is for cowardly people to ran away. C'est bien à vous à faire? does a course de faire de la company de la compa it become you? cela n'y fait rien, it is no matter. Le n'ei que faire de cela, I have no need of that. Acoir à faire à quelqu'un have business with one, have to do with him. J'em ai à faire, I have need of or occasion for it, I want it. On on accer ous à faire? What is that to you? Il a à faire à moi or acce moi, I have done with him or I am out with him. Je vais où tu n'as que faire, I am going where thou hast no business. Etre à tout faire, to be for any thing. Faire, to go, walk, ride, etc. Fai dejà fuit trois lieues, I have already walked three leagues. Faire d'un prêtre un général, to turn a priest into a gene-ral. Faire d'une mouche un éléphant, to turn a fly into an elephant, that is to say, to make a trifle appear important. Faire before an infinitive is sometimes suppressed in English.

Ex. Il fait bâtir une maison superbe, he builds or is building a most elegant house, equivalent to, he causes a most elegant house to be built. be other cases faire before an infinitive is rendered by to cause or make. Faire chanter was, to make one sing. Faire chanter wate hymne à quelqu'un, to make one sing a hymn, to cause a hymn to be sung by one. V. A. Obs. 1, & Reflechi. We say besides faire faire, to bespeak, get made, cause to be made. Faire saroir, to let know, send word of, give an account of, give to understand. ire dire, to send word of, cause to be told. Faire senie, to send word or, cause to be well.

Faire senier, to call or send for, bring, cause to come. Faire entrer, to call in, let in, introduce, drive into. Faire sortir, to call out, drive out, take out. Faire sortir par force, to force or drive out. ricing in, to tender the oath to one, put one to his oath. Faire voir, to show, cause to be nea. Paire observer, to cause to be observed. Me faire que before an infinitive signifies to do nothing but: and ne faire que de signifies to have but funt or to be but funt. Ex. Elle ne fait que rire, she does nothing but laugh. Il ne fait que de sortir, he is but just gone out. e fait que de commencer, he has but just be-

Paire, v. n. to look, fit; (faire les cartes) to deal. Speaking of the temperature of the

air, its effect on us, the roads, etc. the French often employ this verb. Ex. Il fuit manvais or maurais temps, it is bad weather. It fast crotte, it is dirty. It fast propre dans les rues, the streets are clean. It fast chaud, it is warm weather. Il fait jour, it is day-light. Il se fait jour, it draws towards day-light, day-light comes on. Il fait muit, it is night. Il se fait nuit. it draws towards night, night comes on. Il fait noir or obscur, sombre or triste, it is dark or gloomy weather. Il fait browillard, it is foggy weather. Il fait clair de bane, the moon shines. Il fait du tonnerre, it thunders. Il fait des éclairs, it lightens. Il fait du vent, the wind blows. Il fait des horribles tempêtes sur ces côtes-là, there are dreadful storms upon those coasts. Fait-il jour chez M. A.? Mr. A. up? Il ne fait pas encore jour chez Madame B. Mrs. B. is not yet up or to be seen. Speaking of the nature, condition or disposition, as well as of the qualities of certain places, in regard to dearness of provisions, personal safety, etc. this verb is used. Ex. Il fait ther rivre dans cet endroit, d'ailleurs il n'y fait pas shr—Ne fait-il pas meilleur en Hollande!—Il y fait bon, mais pas si bon qu'ici, it is dear living in that place; besides, one is not safe there.—Is not Holland better? —It is a good country, but not so good as this part of the world. Il faisoit chaud dans ce combat, that was a warm fight. For the same reason we say, il fait dangereux de se jouer de son maître, it is dangerous to meddle with one's master, etc. Faire, used to avoid the repetition of a verb is rendered by to do, to be, etc. Ex. Il étudie mieux qu'il ne faisoit, he studies better than he did or used to do. fait plus froid qu'il ne faisoit hier, it is colder than it was yesterday. Se faire, v. r. to be doing, be making, be growing, be improving, be getting, etc. also to be used, to be done, etc. to become, turn; to grow used or accus-tomed, make one's self used or accustomed, inure one's self. Se faire des amis, to get friends. Se faire des affaires, to bring one's self into trouble. Se faire les ongles, to pare one's nails. Se faire voir, to show one's self. Se fuire sentir, to work upon, make an impression upon, touch; also to be felt and to make to smart. Powooir se faire, to be possible. Il peut se faire que, it is possible that. Se peut-il faire? is it possible? I se men suit fait pour deux guintes, I got myself in for two guineas, or it cost me two guineas. In two gamess, by it cost use two gamess. In section, and per readered by to get, the other faire being passive; thus as faire to barbe is to share, at se faire to barbe is to share one's self, then se faire faire to barbe may be rendered to get one's self

Faire, Mar. le nord, le sud, l'est or l'ouest, to make northing, southing, easing or west-ing. Faire parillon blane, to put out a white-flag. Faire voile sur un vaisseau, to run down upon a ship, bear upon a ship. Faire dis bois, to take in a provision of wood. Le courant fait sept masses pur heave, the tide runs seven knots an hour. Le jusant se fait, the ebb is making. La brise de terre se fait, the landbreeze is springing up. La brise du large se fait the sea brosses in Course in C fait, the sea-breeze is coming in. Ce vent s'est fait depuis le lever du soleil, this wind has

got up since sun-rise.

bar, bat, base: there, ebb, over: field, fig: robe, rob, lord: mood, good.

FAISABLE, fe-zabl, adj. feasible, that may | **be** done, lawful.

Faisan or Faisand, fe-zen, s. m. phen**m**nt, cock pheasant.

Faisande or Faisanne, fe-zan, s. f. henpheasant.

FAISANDRAU, fê-zen-dô, s. m. young pheasant, pheasant-poult.

FAISANDER, fê-zen-da, v. a. Ex. Faisander la riande, to keep meat till it gets a taste of venison. Se faisander, v. r. to get a taste of venison.

FAISANDERIE, fc-zend-rl, s. f. place where pheasants are bred

FAISANDIER, fe-zen-dik, s. m. one who breeds or sells pheasants.

FAISART, the pressants.

FAISART, the pressent participle of faire.

FAISCEAU, 68-80, s. m. bundle; pl. fasces.

FAISEU-R, se, fe-zeur, zeuz, s. m. &c f.

maker. Faiseur de livres, scribbler or paltry
author. Les grands diseurs ne font pas les grands faiseurs, great talkers are not always

great doers.

FAIT, E, se, set, adj. done, made, etc. V. e verb Faire. Cest un homme fait, he is a the verb Faire. man, he is of full age. C'est une fille faite, she is a great girl. Tenez celu pour fait, you may depend upon that. Cela vant fait, that is as good as done. C'est le père tout fait, he is the very picture of his father. Un homme bien fait, a comely, handsome, or well-made man; a comery, ancasome, or wear-mouse
man; a genteel or accomplished man. Une
demoiselle bien faite, a handsome young lady.
Fait à plaisir, fait à peindre, extraordinarily
handsome. Jai la lête mal faite, my head
aches. Atoir la lête mal faite, to be crackbrained. Je suis tout mal fait, I am quite unwell. Paris n'a pas été fait tout en un jour.
Rome was not built in a day. Le suis fait à Rome was not built in a day. Je suis fait à cela, I am used to it. Je suis ainsi fait, I am of that temper, that is my humour. Un prix fait, a set rate or price. De compte fait, upon computation. Comme vous voilà fuit, how ill you look! what a pickle you are in! C'en est fail, it is done. C'est fail de moi, I am gone, I am undone. C'est fail, it is done, there is no remedy, the thing is past recovery. Il vient d'expirer, c'en est fait, he just now gave up the ghost, he is gone.

Fait, Mar. Ce vent de nord-est est fait, this
mortheaster is set in. C'est un temps fait, the

reather is settled.

FAIT, fe, s. m. fact, act, deed, action : feat, exploit, achievement ; fact, or matter of fact, concern, case, matter, business, point. tre or poser en fait, to take for granted. Prendre le foit et cause de quelqu'un, or faire son propre fait des intérêts de quelqu'un, to take one's part, espouse one's quarrel or interest. Etre sur de son fait, to go upon sure grounds; be cocksure. Voie de fait, violent, forcible, and unlawful means. Cet homme sera bien worke fait, that man will fit you very well.

Cette charge seroit hien votre fait, that place would do very well for you. La poésie est son rrat fait, poetry is his element. Il nia les fatts qu'on lui impatoit, he denied the charge or fact. Donner le fait à quelqu'un, lui donner son fait, to give one his own, pay him off. R leur donna à chacun son fait, he gave every one his share. Pai besoin de mon fuit, I want my own. En fait de littérature, in point of

point or business. En venir en fait et au prendre, to come to the push. Etre as fait d'une chose, to be fully apprized or informed a thing, be master of a thing. Mettre quelqu an fait d'une chose, to apprize oue of a thi give one a true notion of a thing, let one into a thing. Vous voilà au fast, now you are informed, now you understand the thing, etc. Informed, now you understand the tung, et. Tout-d-fait, altogether, wholly, totally, estirely. De fait, indeed. Si fait (an answer to a negative expression or its equivalent, by way of contradiction) but I do, but I did, etc. but I am, but I was, etc. but it is, but it was, etc. I beg your pardon, yes indeed.

FAITAGE, s. m. roof or top of a house roof timber, ridge-piece of timber, ridge-lead that covers the ridge-piece of timber. *FAITARDISE, s. f. idlemess, sluggishness.

FAITE, fet, s. m. (d'un édifice) top or ridge;

FAITERE, 18-tier, s. f. ridge-tile, gutter-tile; also pole (at the top of a tent.)
FAITERE, 18-tiler, s. f. ridge-tile, gutter-tile; also pole (at the top of a tent.)
FAITE, 18-tiler, s. f. ridge-tile, gutter-tile; also pole (at the top of a tent.) qui a pris son faix, building that has settled or sunk as much as it should. Faix de post, Mar. part of the deck where it supports some great weight or strain (as the place where the capstan stands) and which requires to be strengthened and supported underscath by stanchions, etc.

FARIR, s. m. Mahometan friar.

FALAISE, få-lez, s. f. steep beach or shore, hill by the sea-side.

FALAISER, fa-le-za, v. n. Ex. La mer folaise, the sea breaks upon the coast.

FALARIQUE, s. f. a sort of beam or dart used among the ancients.

FALBALA, fal-ba-la, s. m. furbelow.

*FALLACE, s. f. fallacy, fraud.

*FALLACIEUSEMENT, adv. fallaciously. *FALLACIEU-X, SE, fal-la-sicu, sicuz, soj.

fallacious, captious

FALLOIR, få-lwår, v. n. to be requisite or necessary or needful or wanting. can be used only with the nominative il, which so often proves that the French language has an antipathy to whatever is either neuter or passive. Now il faut, il falloit, il fallot, il fallot, il faudra, etc. are proper to express what we are obliged to do, be or have, through complaisance or custom, as well as what personal interest bids us do, be or have, and what we should be right in doing, as also what, from circumstances, we conjecture must be or take place. See the observations hereafter. Come il fant, as it should be, as it ought to be, as you ought, etc. and sometimes soundly, hand-somely. Vous faites ce qu'il fant, you do what should be done, you do what is right. Combien vous fast-il, (or que vous fast-il) pour cela? what must you have (what do you ask) for that? Il ne fast que cela pour or il ne fast pas davantage pour, that is enough (or sufficient, etc.) for. Plus qu'il ne fant, more than is required (sufficient, needful, wanting, etc.) C'est im faire le fant, there is an absolute ne cessity for it, that is a forced put. Si faut-il que, yet it is necessary that. Combin s'en faut-il? how much is wanting? what is the deficiency? Il s'en faut de trois pouces, there learning. En venis au fait, to come to the are three inches wanting; on pen s'en fait.

bûse, bût : jetine, mêute, bêurre : ênfant, cênt, liên : vin : mon : brun.

Bee Obs. VI.; see near the matter. elso Failhr. The following observations may prove useful.

I. In speaking fudeterminately as to the serion or persons who, and even thing or hings which, must do or be or have, if faut, il falloit, Il fallut, etc. may be used before the thing wanted (without any verb to express have) as well as before an infinitive. One (people) must have money to go to law, il fam de l'argeut pour plaider. Money must be had to curry on this war, il fam de l'argent pour continuer cette guerre. One (people) must study in order to learn a language, il faut etu-

dier pour apprendre une langue.

Il. When, wishing to speak in a particular and determined sense, we choose to name or point out the person or persons who, or the thing or things which, must do, or be, or have, then we may use il faut, il falloit, etc. before that thing wanted (without any verb to express have), observing that the person or persons, etc. should then be considered as affected by to (h:) but if a verb is to be expressed to point out what is wanted, we should me il flad que, il falloit que, etc. making the nominative of must become the nominative of the other verb to be in the subjunctive; hence it is obvious that any sentence which conveys an idea of something wanted should be so turned as to introduce must. Your brother uses (or must have) a horse, il faut un cheval i votre frère; he muset also have a saddle, il lei saut sassi une selle. The garden must have more soidth, il saut plus de largeur su lardin. She must write a letter to them, il faut qu'elle leur écrive une lettre. The garden must be wider, il faut que le jardin soit plus large. Il, when speaking indetermiplus large. If, when speaking indeterminately as to the person or persons, we choose to use the indefinite pronoun on, as a nomina-ire to the verb affected by suist or any equi-ralent, it is obvious that if faut que, etc. may be introduced, as in R faut qu'on soit jou pur agir autrement, it faut qu'on raude pour ffrendre une langue. See the examples above in Obs. L

III. Sometimes, although the person or cross be determined in English, if faut may be used with the infinitive instead of il faut fre with the subjunctive; but then the person or persons should appear fully determined either before or after, as in you must not give yourself so much trouble, il ne faut pas vous domer tant de peine. If I refuse to see him loday, I must receire him to-morrow, si je restate de le voir aujetrd'hui, il faudra le recevoir demain. You are a child, said Blanford to her, you should have confessed to me the whole vous here we enfant in tit Blanford. whole, your etes une enfant, his dit Blanford,

IV. Sometimes, instead of il find que je, etc. with the subjunctive, we use il fand with the infinitive, and consider the person or person as affected by to $(\lambda :)$ but this construction can take place only when a pronoun is to stand instead of the person or persons. They have been obliged to confess the whole, if leur a fallu tout avouer

V. Il faut (il fallolt, etc.) before coir, enthe state of first beau (il faitheau (il fai

pleasure, etc. Il ne m'échappoit pas un mot qu'ils ne le relecassent comme un trait admira-ble ; et il falloit voir l'attention qu'ils avoient tous deux à me présenter de tous les mets, I did not drop one word bilt they took it up as an admirable stroke, and it was entertaining to see how attentive they were both of them in offering me of every dish.

VI. S'en falloir requires also particular attention. As it intimates of itself a deficiency, so on account of his negative signification, it requires the subjunctive in the verb of the action or situation which does not take place on account of that deficiency. Now if set fat-lors be presented with a full negative, or in a manner equivalent to a negative form, as with pen or with an interrogation, the deficiency is removed or partly removed or becomes doubtful, and therefore ne should be prefixed to the subjunctive in order to bring back an allirmation or an approximation to it. From this explanation and the phrases mentioned before the observations, it is presumed that the full force of a'en follow will easily be recognised in the following pitrases. Tant s'en fait que je le cherisse, qu'au contraire je le hais mor-tellement, so far from loving him, I mortally hate him. Il s'en faut bien (beautoup or de beaucoup) qu'il me plaise, he is far from pleasing me, he does not please me hy a great deal.

Peu s'en fallut (il s'en fallut heu, il ne s'en fullut guère, il ne s'en fullut de rien) que je ne tombasse, I was very niear falling, a little more
and I had falley.

FALOT, fA-To, s. ss. cresset, sort of large

lantern ; also jack-pudding or Jackanapes.
FALOT, E, 78-10, 10t, adj. ridiculous, plta-

sant, merry, comical.
FALOTEMENT, fa-lbt-men, adv. ridicu-

lously, pleasantly, Faltorier, Ra-lo-ta, s. m. light-man, he that set up or lights the lamps or lanterns. Valuumuk, faltoord, s. f. great fagot,

fagot of large sticks.

FALOUSE, fa-looz, s. f. (plant) harts-fod-

FALQUES, s. f. pl. Mar. wash-bourds (of a

FALSIFICATEUR, 191-4-17-ka-teur, s. m. falsifler.

FALSIFICATION, fai-al-fl-ka-son, s. f. falsifying, falsification, counterfeiting, or forging,

counterfeit, forgery.

FALSIFIER, filest file, v. a. to fastly, forge or counterfeit: (k vin) to adulterate or sophisticate: (ka momoie) to embase, counterfeit. terfeit.

FALTRANK, s. m. a general name for the vulnerary herbs of Switzerland.

FAME, s. f. fame, reputation.

FAME, E. fa-ma, adj. Ex. Crt homme est bien fame, mal fame, that man bears a good

or had character. FAMÉLIQUE, få-må-lik, ndj. hungry, arved. Visage famelique, starved countestarved. nance.

FAMEU-X, SE, få-meu, meuz, adj. famous, renowned, celebrated.

FAMILIARISÉ, E, adj. familiarized, grown familiar.

FAMILIARISER, (SE) se-fa-mi-fi-a-fi-zā, v. r. to familiarize one's self, make one's self. familiar, grow familiar, contract a familiarity.

bar, bat, base: there, ebb, over: field, fig: robe, rob, lord: mood, good.

Pamiliarité, få-mi-U-à-ri-tå, s. f. familiarity, familiar way, converse, intimacy. Prendre un peu trop de familiarité, to make one's self too familiar.

FAMILIER, E, få-mi-lik, lier, adj. familiar, intimate, free, easy, useful. Esprit familier, familiar, familiar spirit.

Familièrement, få-mi-lièr-men, adv. fa-

miliarly, freely

FAMILLE, fà-mll, s. f. family, household, race, kindred; house, stock. Affaires de fassille, family or domestick concerns. Chef de famille, house-keeper.

FAMINE, fa-min, s. f. famine, dearth,

scarcity.

FANAGE, få-nåz, s. m. foliage, leaved branches; hay-making, hay-maker's wages. FANAISON, fa-ne-2011, s. f. hay-making,

hay-time.

FANAL, få-nål, s. m. light, lantern, watch-light. Tour où il y a un fanal, light-house. Mar. lantern. Fanal de hune, top-lantern. Fanal de poupe, poop-lantern. Fanal de soute, store-room-lantern. Fanal de la soute aux poudres, powder-room-lantern. Fanaux pour les signaux, signal-lanterns. Fanaux lateraux de la pouse, quarter-lanterns. Fa-naux de combat, fighting-lanterns. FANATIQUE, fâ-na-ilk, adj. & s. fanatick.

FANATISER, v. n. to play the fanatick. FANATISME, få-nå-tism, s. m. fanaticism.

FANE, s. f. leaf (of a plant.)
FANER, fa-na, v. a. to make hay, dry up, cause to fade away or wither or decay. famer, v. r. to fade away, wither or decay, to

dry (as hay does.)
FANEU-R, SE, få-neur, neuz, s. m. & f.

hay-maker. FANFAN, Sen-Sen, s. m. & f. child, dear child, honey.

FANFARE, sen-sar, s. f. flourish of a trum-

pet, etc. ostentation, vain show or parade.
FANFARER, v. n. to make a flourish or a concert with trumpets or French horns.

FANFARON, NE, Én-fà-ron, rôn, adj. & s. m. swaggering, boasting, vain-glorious, bragging, braggadocio, swaggerer or swaggering fellow, bully or hectoring blade; great boaster, pretender to great matters.

FANFARONNADE, fên-fâ-rô-nêd, s. f. swag-

rering, ostentation, rodomontade, boasting,

bragging.

FANFARONNERIE, s. f. habit of bragging. FANFRELUCHE, fenfr-losh, s. f. riff-raff, mean set off, bawble.

FANGE, fenz, s. f. dirt, mud, mire.

FANGEU-X, SE, fen-zeu, zeuz, adj. dirty,

muddy, miry.
Fanton, få-nlon, s. m. kind of banner.

FANON, fâ-non, s. m. dew-lap (of an ox, cono, etc.) beard or whiskers (of a whale:) (of horses) fetlock; (of priests) fannel or maniple. Les fanons d'une mitre, the pendants of a bishop's mitre. Fanons, s. m. pl. the dressings of a broken leg or thigh.

FANTAISEE, fen-tê-zl, s. f. fantasy, fancy,

imagination; mind, thoughts; humour, desire; maggot, frolick, caprice, crotchet, whim, whimsey; fancy work; (de musicien) voluntary.
*Fantasien, v. a. to vex, teaze.

FANTASQUE, sen-task, adj. & s. santasti-cal, humoursome, capricious, whimsical, odd, humoursome or fantastical person.

Fantasquement, sên-lâsk-mên, adv. fantastically, capriciously, whimsically, oddly.

FANTASSIN, fen-ta-sin, s. m. foot-soldie FANTASTIQUE, adj. fantastical, chimerical,

FARTOME, fen-tom, s. m. a phantom, visios, spirit, ghost, sprite, apparition, spectre; chimera, fancy, bug-bear. Cest sea creat feat-time de roi, he is but the shadow of a king. Fantômes, images of sensible things.

FANUM, s. m. a pagan temple. FAON, fan, s. m. fawn, young deer.

FAORER, fa-na, v. a. to fawn, bring forth a fawn.

FAQUIN, fa-kin, s. m. wooden-head or satue to run a-tilt; sneaking fellow, sordid fel-Un riche faquin, a rich milow, scoundrel. ser, a penny-father.

Faquine, fa-kin, s. f. meaking, pitiful, sor-

did woman.

Faquir, see Fakir. FAQUINERIE, s. f. meanness.

FARAIL!: ON, s. m. light-house, watch-house; also small sand-bank separated from a larger one by a narrow channel.

FARCE, fars, s. f. farce, droll; force-meat,

stuffing (in meat.)

*FARCER, v. n. to play the fool, droll, jest. FARCEUR, far-seur, s. m. farce-player, bul-

foon, droll, merry-andrew.

FARCI, E, adj. crammed, stuffed, etc.

FARCIS, far-sin, s. m. farcy, (a horse disease.)

FARCINEU-X, SE, får-sl-neu, neuz, adj. that has got the farcy. FARCIR, far-sir, v. a. to stuff, cram. Se

farcir l'estomac, to fill one's guis, cram or

stuff one's self (with meat.)

FARD, far, s. m. paint, rouge; figures or flourishes of rhetorick; disguise, pretence, dissimulation.

FARDAGE, s. m. Mar. dunnage.

FARDS, E, adj. psinted, etc.
FARDRAU, far-do, s. m. burden, load, weight; dirt or rocks (in snines) ready to fall FARDER, far-da, v. a. to paint. Farder

son discours or son langage, to flourish one's discourse, use flourishes. Farder les marchandises, to trim up commodities, put a gloss upon them. Se farder, v. r. to paint, put on rouge.

ARE, V. Phare. FARFADET, far-fa-de, s. m. familiar spirit, or hobgoblin; also silly or trifling fellow.

FARFOUILLER, far-foo-fa, v. a. to rum-

mage, fumble about, poke, grope.

FARGUES, (des sabords) s. f. pl. Mar. side-

boards (of the ports.)
FARIBOLES, fa-ri-bol, s. f. pl. idle dis-

course, tale of a tub, trifles. FARINE, fâ-rin, s. f. meal, flour. Folle trine, mill-dust. Gens de même farine, peofarine, mill-dust. ple of the same stamp.

FARINER, v. a. to flour.

FARINEU-X, SE, få-rl-neu, neuz, adj. farinaceous, white with meal. Dartre fariness, white tetter.

FARINIER, få-ri-nik, s. m. meal-man.

FARLOUSE, s. f. species of lark.
FAROUCHE, fa-roosh, adj. wild, herce, sa-

vage, austere, severe, unsociable, intractable Fascz, s. f. (in heroldry) fesse. Fascz, z., adj. fessy

bûse, bût : jêûne, mêute, bêurre : ênfânt, cênt, liên : vin : mon : brust.

PASCINAGE, fil-el-mas, s. m. work made with facines.

PASCINATION, s. f. fascination, bewitching. PASCINE, s. f. fascine.

PASCISER, få-sl-så, v. n. to fascinate, be-

witch; daszle, deceive.

FASSOLE, 12-zh-01, s. f. kidney-bean or

French-bean.

FASTYER or FASIER, v. n. Mar. to shiver (speaking of the sails.) Le bâtiment a tout à faséger, the ship is all in the wind. Nos iles sout prêtes à faséyer, our sails are liting.

FASTE, fast, s. m. pageantry, estentation, vain show, pomp; stateliness, pride, vain

FASTES, s. m. pl. calendar of the ancient Romans; also publick registers (of great and memorable events.)

FASTIDIEUSEMENT, fås-tl-dl-cos-men,adv.

midiously, nauseously. FASTIDIEU-X, SE, fils-d-dl-èu, èuz, adj. dious, nauseous, tedious

PASTURUSEMENT, fås-tå-duz-men, adv. **sucly**, proudly.

FASTURU-X, SE, fås-tů-bu, cuz, adj. proud, stately, vain, foppish, impertinent.

FATAL, s. m. coxcomb, silly fop.
FATAL, s., fk-tal, adj. fatal or fated, ordered or appointed by fate; unlucky, unhappy.

FATALEMENT, fa-tal-men, adv. fatally.
FATALISME, s. m. doctrine of those who
sentain that all things happen by an invincible necessity.

FATALISTE, s. m. fatalist.
FATALITÉ, få-tå-il-tå, s. f. fatality, fate,
stiny; misfortune, mischance; judgment.
FATDIQUE, adj. fatidical, fore-telling,

prophetick.

PATIGART, R, få-ti-gån, gånt, adj. tire-sume, toilsome, troublesome.

FATIGUE, få-tig, s. f. fatigue, toil, hardship; weariness, lessitude, being tired. Fatigue der soldets, fatigue daty. Un homme de fa-tigue, a hardy man. Un chapeau de fatigue, tique, a hardy man. a hat fit for service.

Patieuzz, A-tl-gl, v. a. to tire, weary, fatigue, harass; tease, trouble or importune.

Pariguer ses soldats, to put soldiers to hard daty. Fatiguer, Mar. to strain, work, labour. Cette frégate a une mature qui la fatigue beaucoun that frigate's masts strain her all to pieces. Vaisseau qui fatigue à la mer, bad sea-boat, ship that strains and labours very machous, sup that strains and labours very much at sea. Fatiguer, v. n. to take pains, work hard, be laborious. Le bâton de foc fatigue considérablement, Mar. the jib-boom complains very much. Bous volle noire bâtiment se comporte bien, mais as mosillage il fatigue banacous, our ship is a good sea-boat, but a bad roadster.

PATRAS, fa-tra, s. m. trifles, trash, paltry of, things insignificant; confused mass (of 73, dt.)

PATRASSER, v. n. to trifle.

PATRASSEUR, s. m. trife

PATUAIRE, s. m. enthusiast who thinking melf happired forebodes future events.

FATURE 8, 18-48-1-48, s. f. foolishness, fop-

ey, silliness, impertinence, simplicity. FAU, fo, s. m. beech-tree.

PAURENT, s. m. Mar. swab.

PATBERTER, v. a. Mar. to swab.

FAUBOURG, s. m. suburb.

FAUCHAGE, fo-shile, s. m. mowing. FAUCHAISON, fo-shile-zon, s. f. mowing time.

FAUCHE, fosh, s. m. mowing. FAUCHEE, s. f. day's-work of a mower.

FAUCHER, So-shi, v. a. to mow. FAUCHET, So-she, s. m. rake. FAUCHEUR, So-sheur, s. m. mower; sort of

FAUCHBUR or FAUCHBUX, s. m. spinner (aort of spider.)

FAUCHON, 80-shon, a. m. falchion.

FAUCILLE, 60-sll, s. f. sickle.

FAUCILLON, a. m. little sickle.

FAUCON, 60-son, s. m. hawk, falcon; falcon-

FAUCONNEAU, 10-kô-nô, a. m. falconet; young falcon.

FAUCONFERIE, 18-kôn-ri, s. f. hawking, falconry, place where hawks are trained.
FAUCONFIER, 18-kô-sile, s. m. falconer.
FINECONFIER, 18-kô-sile, s. f. hawking bag.
FAUDRA & FAUDROIT, V. Falloir & Faillir.
FAUFILER, 50-f1-ile, v. a. (with tailors) to hasts. S. Guidler, keep community with beste. Se faufiler, to keep company (with,) to consort (with,) intrude one's self into a company.

FAULDES, s. f. pl. charcoal ovens.

FAUNE, 80n, s. m. fawn. FAUSSAIRE, 80-ser, s. m. forger (of writ-

ings.)

FAUSSE, (feminine of faux.) V. Faux.

FAUSSEMENT, for-men, adv. falsely, wrongfully. FAUSSER, fb-sh, v. a. to bend; (une servure,)

to spoil; (sa foi, sa parole) to break, violate, or go from. Fausser compagnie, to flinch or

or go from. Fausser compagnes, to much or turn fincher. Se fausser, v. r. to bend. FAUSSET, 50-e8, s. m. faucet (for a cask;) faint troble (in susrick.) FAUSSET, 50-e1k, s. f. falsehood, untruh, lie, tale, imposture, cheat, forgery, duplicity,

hypocrisy.
FAUT, V. Falloir & Faillir.
fault. errour FAUTE, fbt, S.f. fault, errour, mistake, im-perfection, defect: want, need, penury. Saus faute, without fail. Flute de, for want of.

FAUTEUIL, fo-teul, s. m. great chair, elbow or arm-chair.

FAUTEU-R, TRICE, fo-teur, tris, s. m. & f. favourer, fautor, cherisher, maintainer or abettor.

FAUTI-F, VB, fö-fif, the, adj. faulty.
FAUVE, fov, s. f. (bete fame) deer, fallow-

FAUVE, adj. fallow.

FAUVET, s. m. cock-linnet

Fasoete, fb-vêt, s. f. tom-tit, hen-linnet. FAU-x, ssz, fb, f ôs, adj. false; not true, un-true; forged, counterfeited, falsified; feigned, counterfeit, ahan; treacherous, unfaithful; mischievous, malicious; jarring, disagreeing. Fausse-porte, back door. Faux brare, bully. Faux bourdon, church munick. Faux frais, Faux semblant, deceitful ap idle expenses. pearance. Fausse pointe, fausse raillerie, chillest. Un faux galant, an awkward boau. Faux brillant, tinsel. Cheval faux or qui galope faux, horse that does not gallop true. Fourses manches, false sleeves, shams or co-vershits. Faire four bond à quelqu'un, to dis-appoint one, deal falsely with one. Faire fours bond à son happeur, to dishappur one's self.

bar, bat, base: tabre, dab, over: flaid, fig: cobe, nab, lord: meed, good.

Faux, adj. Mer. Foux obte, list. Faux beau, orlop-beam. Faux bras, preventer braces. Faux étai, apring stay or preventer stay. Faux collier, coller of a spring stay. Faux foe, middle jib. Faux pont, orlop or orlop deck or spare deck. Faux haulans, preventer shrouds. Faux gabarits, slab tim-bers. Faux subords, half ports or dead lights. Faux mantelets, dead lights. Fause stague, false eye. Fausse quille, false keef. Fausse roile d'étai, middle stay-sail. Fausses lances, wooden guns. Fausses cargue-boulines, quarter slab-lines.

FAUN, s. m. falsehood. Le faux, the weist or middle. A faux, falsely, undeservedly, wrongfully. Imprime à faux, false princed FFAUN, adv false. Chanter faux, to sing

out of tune. Dater faur, to put a wrong date. B'inscrire en faux contre un acte, to undertake to prove that a writing is false.
FAUX-FUYART, s. m. shift, evasion.

FAUX, s. f. sithe or scythe. PAVEUR, få-veur, s. f. favour, kindnes, benefit, good office, couriesy; benevolence: favour, interest; a lady's favour or small present. Les dernières faveurs d'use enstresse, the last favours or eujoyment of a mistress. Le procès a été jugé en ma faveur, the case went on my side. Il a testé en faveur du cadet, he has left his estate to a younger son. Lettres de faueur, recommendatory letters or letters of recommendation. Avoir la faveur du peuple, so be popular. A la faveur de, by the favour or means or help of.

FAVORABLE, fâ-vê-râbl, adj. favourable, propitious, gracious, kind. Blessure favorable (or légère,) favourable or light wound. Le

ciel vous soit faverable, heaven befriend or

Prosper you.

FAVORABLEMENT, få-vo-rabl-men, adv. favourably, graciously, kindly, lovingly.

Favori, TE, fa-vô-ri, rit, adj. favourite,

darling, dearly beloved.

FAVORI, s. m. Favorite, s. f. favourite, migion.

FAVORISER, få-vô-ri-zh, v. a. to favour, countenance, help, back, assist or befriend.
F£AGE, s. m. reoffment; also freebold, free

temure "FEAL, få-ål, adj. (kne term) trusty, pl.

FEAL, s. m. liege, vassal, subject.
FEBRICITANT, E, fa-bri-si-ten, test, adj.
that has the ague, troubled with the ague.

FEBRIFUGE, fa-bri-foz, adj. & s. m. febrifuge, ague-powder.

Fibrile, adj. febrile, constituting a fever.

FECALE, få-kål, adj. Ex. Matiere fécale,

human excrements.

Figers, s. f. pl. faces, dregs, loss.

Figers, p. fa-kon, kond, adj. fertile, fruit-

ful, copious, teeming.

Figure DATION, s. f. fecundation.

Figure 1. The state of the stat

FECULENCE, fa-kd-less, s. f. feculency.

FEGULERT, få-kå-len, adj. feculent. FEDERALISME, s. m. federalism, lengue. FEDERALISTE, s. m. federalist.

FÉDÉRATI-F, VE, adj. federative. FÉDÉRATION, S. f. confederation.

Fire fax, adj. & s. confederate, leagued. Fire, fa, s. f. fairy.

*FEER, v. a. to enchant.

FEERIE, fa-ri, fairy art or land. FENDRE, findr, v. a. (see the table at cindre) to feign or dissemble, pretend, make as if, counterfeit; to feign or make actions, devise, contrive, forge: v. n. to stand or stick, scruple; to go lame.

FEINT, E, adj. feigned, counterfeited, etc.;

dimembling.

FERNTE, first, s. f. disamulation, dissembling, disguise, feint; (in fencing) feint; (in seasoch) flat or diesis. User de feinte, to use dissimulation, to dissemble. Faire feiste de, to pretend to, make as if.
*FERTISE, s. f. dissembling.

FÉLÉ, E. BOJ. cracked. FÉLER, fê-lá, v. a. to crack. FÉLICITATION, fâ-fi-si-tà-sion, s. f. cor-

gratulation, wishing joy: FELICITE, [1-1]-sl-th, s. f. felicity, happi-

ness, blessedness.

FÉLICITER, få-li-d-tå, v. a. to congratilate or wish joy

FELON, NE, få-lon, lön, adj. felonisus, re-bellious; also cruel, ferocious, inhuman.

FÉLONIE, fà-lò-nì, s. f. felony, rebellion.

Filouque, få-löck, s. f. Mar. felucca. Filuer, få-lür, s. f. crack. Femelle, få-mål, a. f. female; she (of

animals.) FEMELLE, adj. (of birds) hen. Un mor-

neau femelle, hen-sparrow.

FEMELOTS, (du gouvernail) s. m. pl. Mar.
googings (of the rudder.)

FEMILOTS, (at gouvernail) s. m. pl. Mar.
googings (of the rudder.) belonging to the woman; womaneh, wents-like or effeminate.

PRHINISER, få-mi-nl-ch, v. a. to make feminine or of the feminine gender (in green-

mar.) FEMME, fam, s. f. woman; wife. Heure FREME, fam, s. f. woman; wife. It sure très-belle femme pour aou épause, he has a vay handsome woman for his wife. Prendre femme, to marry. Une femmes, women, wives. Freme elle et le femmes, women, wives. Freme elle et le femmes, et le femm

chafery, finery, place where bars are cat.
FENDEUR, fendeur, s. m. cleaver, splitter.

Un fendeur de nascaux, a broggadocio, s

bully, a hectoring blade.

FENDOIR, s. m. cleaving instrument.

FENDRE, fendr, v. a. to cleave, sit, spits CASE PROOF, V. A. to clearly the superior court; (ic centre) to rip up; to crack; to break, get, go or squeeze through; (is the) to break. Il gele à pierre fendre, it freezes very hard L'ardeur du soleil fait fendre le trout d'Arbre, the parching heat of the sun caues the trunk of the tree to chap.

Fendre, v. n. to spitt. La the see feed, sy head is ready to gritt in two Lieues voletil.

head is ready to split in two, I have a volent head-ache. Le cour me foud de doular, we heart is ready to break for grief. He family, v. r. to cleave, break anomer, split, Milcrack, chap; gape, chink:

base, bat: jeune, meute, beurre: enfant, cent, lien: vin: mon: brun.

Purnu, n, adj. elect, slit, etc. V. Fendre & Se fendre. Des yeux bien fendus, harge well est eyes. Homme bien fendus, long-logged man. Qui a la bouche or la gueule fen-due jusqu'aux oreilles, or qui est bien fenda de runic, wide-monthed, sparrow-mouthed.
FES ET RAGE, [Inc. triz, s. m. windows.

FERETRE, fonetr, s. f. window or case-

Fanil, 18-18, a. m. hay-loft. Fanouil, 18-10ol, s. m. fennel; (graine de formuit) feamel-seed.

FENOUELLETTE, fanto-let, s. f. fennelwater; also sort of apple.

FENUS, flow, s. I. slit, chap, cleft or rift; (dum ports) chink; (dum murville) crack or chink; (dum chemise) bosom. Feste, s. f. Mar. shatte.

FESUGREC, S. M. a legaminous plant. FEODAL, M. FR. d. dil. adj. feodal. FEODALEMENT, fR. d. dil. men, adv.

Szirir féodalement, to seize for the lord of the

PRODALITE, s. f. faith and homage.

FROALITE, S. T. INITE BRO BOTHING:
FER, Str., S. UR. 1990; SWOOd, dagger, etc.
suctor; (d'une hunce, d'une fêche) head; (de
loct or d'aignillette) tag; (d'une conne, d'un
idum) ferude. Fere, chems, irons, iron chains,
tesen, slavary. Corps de fer, body of iron,
strong robest body. Une tête de fer, a strong
iran lisee. Fen sallet de fer, hu iron ave. seud rooms Dody. One tete us jer, a strong sead piece. Un siècle de fer, an tron age. Se surre à fer émondes, to fight in good earus. Monre a fer emonum, to ugir in good out the us. Monre le fer, to wear the sword. Battre le fer, to sence, tilt. If y a long-temps qu'il hat le fer, he base been a long time at it. Fer à repasser le lirage, smoothing iron. Fer à chead, tor simply fer) horse-shoe. Un fer durgat, a giver horse-shoe. Fer à chead, ant of fortification) horse-shoe. Fer-blanc, in or white iron timed over. Mettre les fere a fex, to fall stoutly to work.

For s. m. Mar. iron, etc. Fer de calfat or aculfut, calking iron. Fer de calfut double, calker's marking iron. Fer de gérouette, iron sindle of a vana, or spindle of a vane. For a base hore, studding sail boom-iron. For it character de pierrier, iron socket let into a swivel stock, in which the swivel rests and when he was a was a survey and a fire-tracense. Fer de gaft, book of a boat-hook saff. Fers (de prisonniers,) letters, bilboes. Mare un homme aux fers, to just a man in

FERAROIS, S. m. Ferarese

PERBLANTINA, fer-blen-tia, s. tn. tin-man. FERIABLE, adj. that may be kept as a day of rest. Jour fériable, holy-day.

FERTAL, B. FR-rail, adj. belonging to the

Figure, fli-ri, s. f. (terme d'église) feria, any day of the week between Sunday and berday.

Trains, fil-rir, v. a. to strike. Ex. Sons cap ferir, wahout striking a blow.
FERLAGE, s. m. Mar. furling.
FERLER les voilles, Mar. to furl or hand the

France, fêr-màz, s. m. ront (of a farm.) France, fêr-màl, s. m. clasp. France, fêrm, adj. firm: fast, steady: hard, compact; constant, durable; sure, steadfast, Perier d'un ten ferme, to talk big. Je vous

attendrai de pied ferme, I shaft not sur lieuco till you come. Combattre de pied ferme, to fight obstinately, stand one's ground, make a stout resistance. Terre ferme, firm land or continent.

FERME, adv. hard, fast. Faire forme, to hold out stoutly, lose no ground. Fort et

ferme, stoutly.

ferme, stoutly.

Ferme, s. f. letting to farm, letting of a lease; farm. Bailler à ferme, to let to farm, lease or let a lease, let. Prendre à ferme, to farm, let to farm or take a lease. Buil à ferme, losse. V. Fermes.

Fermes, a, adj. ffrom Fermer; shut or shut up, etc. Un bone fermé, a pew.

Fermement, rêr-mê-mên, adv. firmly, steadially, stoutly; firmly, resolutely, constantly, steadially.

steadfastly.

PERMENT, fermen, s. m. ferment, leavon. FERMENTATI-F, ve, adj. fermentative. FERMENTATION, fer-men-th-sion, s. f. fer-

menting or fermentation.

FERMENTER, fer-men-ta, v. z. to fer-

FERMER, fer-ma, v. a. to shut, or shut up; ! to stop up; (la veine, une plaie) to close; (une lettre) to make and scal up; to enclose, encompass; (les year) to close or shut. Fer-mer les yeux à quelque chose, to take no notice of or wink at a thing. Fermer à la clef, to lock or lock up. Fermer la main or le poing, to clutch or clinch one's fist. Fermer de murailles une ville, to wall a town in. Fermer de palissades, to rail in or pale in, palisade. Fermer de haies, to hedge in or about. Fer-mer la porte à quelqu'un, to shut one out. Fermer la porte sur quelqu'un, to shut the door upon one. Fermer la porte au nez de quelqu'un, to thrust one out. Fermer or faire fermer sa porte à quelqu'un, to refuse seeing one. Fermer, Mar. to shut, etc. Fermer les ports, to lay an embargo upon shipping. Fermer les sabords, to lower the ports down. Fermer l'écontille de la soute aux poudres, to cover the magazine scuttle. Fermer les hubbots, to shut the port scuttles. Le port est ferme par les glaces, the harbour is choked up with the ice. La pointe est fermée par le fort, the point is shut in with the fort. Fermer, v. n. to shut. Se fermer, v. r. to shut; to close or close up. Se fermer à la clef, to lock one's self in.

FERMES, s. f. pl. girders. FERMETÉ, fêrm-tà, s. f. firmness, solidity, hardness; firmness, steadiness, constancy,

rourage, resolution, steadfastness.
FERMETURE, ferm-tur, s. f. fastening.
Fermeture d'une boutique, shutters and fas-

teoing of a shop.
FERMIRE, fêr-mlêr, s. m. farmer.
FERMIRE, fêr-mlêr, s. f. farmer's wife.
FERMORE, fêr-mwar, s. m. clasp; chisel.
FÉROCE, fâ-rôs, adj. fierce, wild, savage, cruel

FÉROCITÉ, fê-rô-sl-th, s. f. fierceness. FERRAILLE, fê-rh!, s. f. old iron.

FERRAILLER, fe-ra-fa, v. n. to fence, tilt, also to wrangle.

FERRAILLEUR, fe-ra-leur, s. m. bully; fighting fellow. FERRANDINE, s. f. ferrandine (silk and

nonollen cloth.) FERRANDINIER, s. m. ferrandine weaver.

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bar, bat, base : thère, êbb, over : field, fig : rôbe, rôb, lôrd : mòod, gôod.

Perrant, fe-rèn, adj. m. Ez. Maréchal

ferront, farrier.
FERRÉ, E, Érk, adj. shod, etc. V. Ferrer. Eau serrée, chalybeate-water. Style ferré, Rent a glace, frost-nailed. Il est ferré à glace là-dessus, he is strong enough there. Un cabinet ferré d'argent, cabinet done with eilless mont about it silver work about it.

FERREMENT, fermén, s. m. tool or instru-ment of iron. Mar. iron-work (of a vessel.)
FERREM, ferk, v. a. to bind about with
FERREM, fun cheval) to shoe; (un lacet or
some algorillatte) to tag; (un bâton, une caune)
to tip. Ferrer la mule, to cheat one, make
one pay dearer for a thing than it cost, make

the market penny.
FERRET, fe-re, s. m. tag.
FERRETIER, fer-th, s. m. farrier's hammer. FERREUR, s. m. Ex. Ferreur d'aignallettes, tagger of laces.

ERRIÈRE, s. f. farrier's pouch.

FERRON, fe-ron, s. m. iron-monger. FERRONNERIE, fe-ron-ri, s. f. iron-mon-

ger's shop or warehouse

FERROSSIER, E. Rerd-nik, nièr, a. m. & f. fron-monger.

FERRUGINEU-X, SE, fo-ra-el-neu, neuz,

adj. ferruginous. FERRURE, fè-rur, s. f. iron-work; (de cheval) shoeing. Ferrures du gouvernail, ironwork of the rudder.

FERS, V. Fer. FERTILE, (ër-til, adj. fertile, fruitful, plentiful. Fertile en, abounding with or full of.
FERTILEMENT, fer-til-men, adv. fruitfully, abundantly, plentifully.
FERTILISER, fer-ti-li-re, v. a. to fertilize,

make fruitful or plentiful.
FERTILITE, fer-d-fl-th, s. f. fertility, fruit-

fulness, plenty, plentifulness.
*Fire, z, fi-ra, a, adj. smitten, in love,

FERULE, få-růl, s. f. ferula, palmer, handclapper. Etre sous la férule de, to be under the correction of.

FERVENERT, fer-va-men, adv. fervently, ardently, with zeal.

FERVENT, E, fer-ven, vent, adj. fervent, full of fervour or zeal.

FERVEUR, fer-veur, s. f. fervency, fervour,

great zeal. FERZE, s. f. Mar. breadth of a sail.

FESABLE, fesant, fescur, from fuire. V. Faisable, etc.

FESSE, fes, s. f. buttock, breech.
Fesses, s. f. Mar. buttocks of a ship, tuck.
Vous n'y alles que d'une fesse, you go slackly
to it, you hang an arse, you do things but by
halves. See Fesser.

FESSER, 8. f. whipping (on the breech.)
FESSER, fe-sh, v. a. to whip. Fesser bien
con vin, to be a good toper. Fesser le cahier, to whip over a writing, to be a scribbling drudge. Un fesse cahier, a writing or scribbling drudge. Un fesse-cul, a whip-arse. Un fesse-brindire, a priest that mumbles over his breviary. Un fesse-mathieu, a miser or penny father.

FESSEU-R, SE, fê-seur, seuz, s. m. & f.

whipster, flogger.
FESSIER, fe-sh, s. m. breech or buttocks.

FESTIN, fes-tim, s. m. feast, banquet, entertainment.

FESTIMER, fes-ti-ni, v. a. to feast or entertain

FESTON, festoon (in architeture;) also scollop, and wreath of flowers and fruits and leaves twisted together.

FESTONNER, (cs-to-na, v. a. to work in fertoon, scollop.

FESTOYER, v. a. to feast, entertain, make welcome.

FRTE, fet, s. f. holy-day, feast or festival day: Seast, merry-making, entertainment; birth-day: (jour de la fêle du acist dont en porte le nom) name day or sestival of the Saint whose name one bears. Il west per toujours whose name one dears. It west pas toyour fits, every day is not Sunday. Ask bosses fits, bons coups, the better day, the better deed. La fêts des Morts, All Souls day. La fêts fless, Corpus Christi day. La pette fle Dies, the octave of Corpus Christi day. Les fêts du palais, days wherein no causes are heard, washing it ma. Transler le fle. 10. heard, vacation time. Troubler la fêt, 10 spoil the sport. Un trouble-fête, a trouble seast, a troublesome guest. Faire fête à que! qu'un, to make one welcome, make one kind-ly welcome, give one a kind entertainment. Se faire de fête, to make one's self necessary, be a busy body or an intermeddler or an offcious coxcomb.

FRTER, fê-th, v. a. to keep holy. Fiter nucleurem, to make one welcome, give one a kind reception.

FETFA, s. m. an order from the multi. FÉTICHE, s. f. the name of idols among the

negroes.
FÉTIDE, få-tid, adj. fetid, stinking.
FÉTOYER, få-twå-yå, V. Festoyer.
FÉTU, få-tå, s. m. straw, mote; iron bar wherewith the hangman breaks limbs upon the wheel. Je n'en donnerois pas un fêts, I would not give a rush or pin for it. Tire on court fétu, to draw cuts

FATU-RR-CU, s. m. a tropical bird.
FAU, feu, s. m. fire; burning, heat, inflammation; (de Pamour) flames; sparking or brightness; combustion; mettle, brightness; combustion; brightness; combustion; mettle, briskness, liveliness, life; passion, anger; caustick; firshot; chimney; family, house; grate and other things belonging to a fire-place. Fea de joie, bonfire. Fea d'artifice, fire-work. Un fea de paille, a sudden blaze or fissh. Le feu du ciel, thunder and lightning. Le feux de la mist, the stars. Fea St. Elme, or fea follet, Saint Elmo's fire, jack with the lantern, will-with-a-whisp, ignis fatus, corposant or corposanto. Armes à feu, fire-arms. Mettre le feu à une chose, to sot a thing on fire. Prendre fea, to catch or take fire. Jeter feu et flammes, to firet and fume. Jeter Jeter feu et flammes, to firet and fume. Jeter son feu, to wreak or vent one's passion; also to sow one's wild outs. Condamner on feu, to condemn to be burnt. Jeter de Plasile es we concern to be Durnt. Jeter de l'anne es feu, to throw oil into the fire, blow the coals. Mettre le feu à un canon, to fire a great gun. Faire un grand feu sur l'enneuni, to fire brailly upon the enemy. Faire faux feu, to fish in the pan or miss fire. Village de coal feux, village containing one hundred houses. Donner le feu à un cheval, to cauterise à horse. horse.

Feu, Mar. fire, etc. light or light-house (on the sea-coast.) Feu (or faites feu) fire. buse, but : jeune, mêute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

Bas le fen partout, leave off firing fore and aft. Fen bien nourri, fire well kept up. Fen resident, constant fire. Fix vif, brisk fire. Faire taire le feu d'une botterie, to silence a bettery. Le feu d'Ouesant se voit bien ce soir, Ushant light shows itself very plain to night. Voild un bâtiment qui a le feu à bord, there is a vessel on fire. Enter sous le feu d'un fort, to remain expressed to the fire of a fort. Fut to remain expressed to the fire of a fort. by the first of the first of a fort. Fees, bytes (whether within board or without, or made use of as signals.) L'escadre ennemie a ses fees, the enemy's fleet have their lights aboard. Les feux sont éteints, the fire and lights are out.

FIU, E, (Eu, Eu, adj. (declinable only when the article procedes the adjective) late, doceased. Le fau ros, the late king. La feue reine, the date quaem. Fau mon père, my deceased fa-ther. Fau ma mère, my deceased mother.

pl. Four.

FEUDATAIRE, fêu-dâ-têr, s. m. feudatory.

PRUDISTE, a. m. feudist.
FEUILLAGE, feu-fix, s. m. leaves or leaved tranches; foliage or branched work.
FEUILLAWE, feu-fen, s. m. begging friar of the order of St. Bernard.

FEUILLANTINE, feu-len-tin, s. f. a sort of ary made of puff-paste; also nun of the

order of St. Bernard.

order of St. Hernard.
FRUILLE, feal, s. f. leaf; (de papier) shoot; (de matel) foil; (bout dis manche) top; (d'un hanne en place) minute, list; (d'or, d'argent, etc.) loaf; (d'un mattre d'hôtel) bill; (d'un parament) leaf; (in surgery) exfoliation; (fuille volante) loose sheet, pamphlet. Feu-ille lanament of architecture) foliage. Met-(Jankt volume) 10000 snoon, pumpused. Lea-illes (ornament of architecture) foliage. Met-tre aer la fessille, to minute, minute down, put-on the list. Vin de deux os trois fessilles, wine two or three years old. Fessilles bretonnes, Mer. spirketting.

PRUILLER, Fead, leafy.
PRUILLER, Fead, s. f. green arbour.
PRUILLER, Fead, s. f. green arbour.
PRUILLER, Fead, v. n. (in printing) to draw the leaves of trees.

FEUILLET, few-le, s. m. leaf of a book. FEUILLETAGE, feul-the, s. m. puff-paste.

PRUILLETT, E, adj. turned over, read.

Pâte bien femilietée, good puff-paste.

FRUILLETER, fêu-tà, v. a. to turn over, read or paruns.

Familieter la pâte, to make

PRULLETTE, feu-let, s.f. measure of wine containing half a hogshead or only a pint Ragina.

FEUILLU, E, fee-la, la, adj. leafy, full of

FEUILLURE, feu-tur, s. f. groove (into which windows or doors are inse

PEURRE, s. m. straw (of any kind.)
PEURS, s. m. pl. money expended for the calcivation of lands.

FEUTRAGE, s. m. the act of stuffing with

PRUTRE, feutr, s. m. felt; also scurvy hat.
PRUTREE, feu-trå, v. a. to stuff with felt.
FRUE, the plural of Fes.
Free, fev, s. m. bean. Feres de haricot,
Presch-beans. Feres de café, coffee-berries. Transer la seve ou getteau, to hit the nail on the i

FÉVEROLE, fav-rôl, s. f. little round

bena.

FEVRIER, få-vrå, s. m. February.

FI, fl, interj. fy, fy upon, out upon it. FIAGRE, flakr, s. m. hackney-coach. FIAMETTE, flak-met, adj. f. couleur fiamette, reddish colour.

FIANCALLES, fibrach!, s. f. pl. betrothing.

FIANCE, E. fibrach, adj. betrothed, promised or made sure. Le fiance, the bridegroom. La fiance, the bride.

FIANCER, fibrach, v. a. to betroth, make

FIANCER, flèn-sh, v. a. to sure or promise in marriage.

FIAT, s. m. stress, dependance, interj. so be it.

FIBRE, fibr, s. f. fibre, filament or string. FIBRE, E, or FIBREU-E, SE, fl-breu, breuz,

adj. fibrous.
FIBRILLE, ff-bril, s. f. fibril, small fibre. Fig. fik, s. m. fig (a horse disease;) also fieshy excrescence about the anus.

Figeler, fis-la, v. a. to bind or tie with

packthread.

FIGELLIER, s. m. roller for packthread,

FICELLE, fl-sel, s. f. packthread.
FICHE, fish, s. f. hook; counter (at cards, etc.) Mar. rag-bolt. Anneau à fiche, ringboli ragged.

FIGHER, fl-shk, v. a. to pitch, drive or thrust in, stick, fix, fasten.

FICHOIR, s. m. slit stick to fasten ballads and pictures on a string.
Fichu, E, fl-shù, shù, adj. sorry, pitiful,

silly.

Fichu, s. m. neck-kerchief. *FIGHTUMENT, adv. sorrily, pitifully, poorly. FIGTI-F, VE, fik-tif, tiv, adj. fictions. FIGTION, fik-sion, s. f. fiction, invention,

e, story, device, cheat. Finkicommis, fl-de-l-kô-ml, s. m. feoffment of trust.

FIDELE, fl-del, adj. faithful, loyal, trusty, true, honest; faithful, true; sincere. Les faithful, the believers, God's

FIDELEMENT, fl-del-men, adv. faithfully, loyally, honestly, truly, exactly.

FIDELITE, fl-de-ll-th, s. f. fidelity, faith-

fulness, loyalty, honesty, integrity, truth, exactness, sincerity.

FIDUCIAIRE, s. m. fiduciary.
FIEF, flef, s. m. fee or fief, feedal tenure; fief manor. Hommes de fief, free-holders. Tenir en fief, to hold in fee.

Firpf, c, flb-fl, adj. arrant, downright, meer, very. Un ivrogne fieffe, a very drunkard. Un fripm fieffe, arrant knave.
Firpf x, x, adj. enfectied.
Firpf x, flb-fl, v. a. to enfect.
Firpf x, flb-fl, v. a. to enfect, mallies animative enders

Figures, i.e., s. in. gan; speeds, naured, malice, animosity, grudge.

Figures, flent, s. f. dung.

Figures, flent, v. n. (of animals) to dung; (of birds) to mute.

Fire, fi-a, v. a. to trust (one) with. Se fier à, en, sur, v. a. to trust to, rely, depend upon. Se fier à quelque chose, to believe a

Fien, z, sièr, sièr, adj. proud, haughty; stout, high spirited; stately, noble, lotty, ferce, cruel, barbarous. Us fier à bras, s. m. a bully, a hector, a huff. Faire le fier, to look big.

bar, bat, base: there, chb, over: fleld, fig : robe, rob, lord: mond, good.

FIRREMENT, PFT-men, adv. stoutly, holdly, haughtily, surgantly, surely, necessapptuously. FIRREM, tier-ta, a. f. pride, haughtiness, statoliness, holdiness, nobleness, fierceness, cruelty. Un cheval qui a de la fierté, a proud or statoly house.

FIRREM, fièrt, s. f. shriue (of a saint.)

FIRREM, fièrt, s. f. fover; ague. Avoir la fièrre, to be in a fover or have an ague. Donner la fièrre, to put in a fright. Avoir une fièrre de voau, to ahake after meat. Fièure intermittente, intermitting fever. intermittente, intermitting fever.

FIÉVREU-X, SE, fla-vreu, vreuz, adj. a-

guish, feverish.

FIRTROTTE, s. f. little fever.

FIFRE, flir, s. m. fife; also fifer.
Fief, E, adj. congealed, thickened, con-

FIGEMENT, fix-men, s. m. congenling,

thickening, congulating.

FIGER, fl-ra, v. a. to congeal, congulate or thicken. Se figur, v. r. to blicken, congeal or congulate. La graizse fondue se fige en peu de temps, molted fat is soon cold.

FIGUE, flg., s. f. fig. Faire la figue à quelqu'um, to laugh at one, make a foot of or scorp one.

scorn one.

FIGURALE, fig-ri, s. f. plot of ground for fig-trees.

FIGULES, V. Enfléchages.

FIGURATI-F, VE, Il-gd-rd-uf, uv, adj. figurative, typical.

FIGURATIVEMENT, El-gu-ra-tiv-mon, aciv.

figuratively.

figurativery.

FIGURE, fl-gire, a. f. figures; shape, fashion, form; representation; person, figure. C'est sine plaisante figure d'homme, he is an odd kind of a man. Figure de rhetorique, rhetorical figure or flourish. Faire figure, to live

expensively.

Figural, E. fl-gb-rk, adj. figured, etc.

Dance figures, a figured dance. Sens figures, figurative or metaphorical sense. Lie figure, s. m. figurative sense. Ce style est tout dans le figuré, this style runs all upon metaphore. Figuré ment, fi-gui-rh-men, adv. figura-

tively, in a figurative sense.

Figurer, fl-gu-ri, v. a. to figure or pepresent, express, flower or draw figures upon, be a figure of: v. n. to look well, match or suit. Je ne reux pas figurer avec ces faquins, I will not rank with those scoundrels. Se figurer, v. r. to fancy, imagine. Frourings, s. f. pl. (in painting) very lit-

tle and faint figures.

FIL, fil, s. m. thread; (des métaux) wire; edge; (de l'eau) stream, current; thread; (du bois) grain. Quitter le fil de son discours, to break off the thread of one's discourse. Donbronk off. the thread of one's ansource. Even-ner du fil à retordre à quelqu'un, to cut out work for one. Mar. fil à roile, sail twine. Fil de caret, rope-yara. Fil blane, white rope-yaru. Fil goudronné, taured rope-yaru. Mettre les huniers sur le fil de caret, to stop the top-sails with rope-yam.

FILAGE, (I-laz, & m. spinning.

FILAMENT, fi-la-men, s. m. filament, thread-string.

FILAMENTEU-X, SE, fl-lk-men-teu, teuz,

adj. that has filaments.

FILANDIÈRE, fi-lèn-thèr, s. f. spinster.

Les Sœus filandières, the Fates.

FILANDRES, stilendr, a. f. pl. filanders (a disease in hands,) white threads or motes. flying in the air; sea-weeds that stick under a ship and make her sail heavy.

Filandrzu-z, sz, filika drèn, drènz, adj.
full of filanders, filaceous.

FILARDEU-X, SE, adj. (parlant des pierres. ou des marbres) full of filaments.

FILARETS, s. m. pl. Mar. rails (used to extend the netting on the ship's waist, etc.)
Filarets de bastingage, quarter-rails.
Filasse, fl-lås, s. f. flax or homp (ready

to be spun.)

FILASSIER, E, S. m. flax or hemp-dresser. FILE, (il), s. f. row: (de personnes, surfout de soldate) file. Files de bordages, Mar.

streaks or strakes, ranges,

FILER, fl-la, v. a. to spin: (de l'or, de l'argent, etc.) to wiredraw. Filer, v. a. (of liquors) to rope, be ropy; (of a cat) to purr; to file off; filer down, to give fair words, become submissive. Filer, Mar. filer du charrre, to spin hemp. Filer un cible ou autre cordage, to pay out (or pay away) a cable or other rope. Filer (us chile, etc.) par le bout, to slip (a cable, etc.) Filer du chile, to weer the cable, veer away the cable. File de la hausrière, pay out the hawser. File us pass de la grande éconte, ease off a little of the main. shoot. File le grand canot de l'arrière, veer the barge astern. Filer un ou plusieurs nameds, to run or sail-one or more knots. Vaisseau qui file sur ses ancres par la tempéte, ship driven from her anchors by the storm. Glène.

FILERIE, s. f. the place where hemp or

flax is spun.

flax is spun.

Filet, fi-lè, s. m. small thread, string; fibre, filament, thread; not: (de quelques assiman; fillet, chine; (ornament of architecture) fillet; (d'une colonne, etc.) ridge; sandle; (d'une viel thread; (of gold leaf) fillet; (de la langue) ligament; (d'une pièce de manuscie) ring; (de vineigre) stream, drop or small quantity. Je n'as plus qu'une pièce de massacie; ney voice is almost gone. Il n'a pas le fist, his tongue in well oiled. Tenir au filet, to hece at bay, amune, drill on. Un hou camp de filet, a good catch. Filets or Filets de bustingage, Mar. nestings.

Fileur, fi-lèur, s. m. spinner; saring-

FILEUR, fl-leur, s. m. spinner; mringmaker (for musical instruments;) he that draws the silk out of the silk-worms; wiredrawer.

the sik out of the six-weens; wherever.

Filesse, fi-less, a.f. spinster, wire-drawer.

Filial, g. fi-fi-âl, adj. filial.

Filial, g. fi-fi-âl-adn, a.f. spinster,

Filial, g. fi-fi-âl-adn, s. f. filiation, descent; also dependency (spensing of the church which depends on another.)

Filian, fi-less, s. windrawing iron;

refler for following commons.

rafter; (in falcoury) creance.
FILIGRAME or FILIGRAME, filegran,

s. m. filigrane. FILIPENDULE, s. f. filipendula, dropwort. red saxifrage.

FILLATER, s. m. son-in-law.

FILLE, fll, s f. girl; daughter; maid: lass. Filles d'honneur, maids of honour. Patie-fille, grand-daughter, as well as little girl. Fille de joie, prostitute.

FILLETE, f1-lèu, s. f. little girl, young lass. FILLEUL. f1-lèul, s. m. god-som. Fillcule, f1-lèul, s. f. god-daughter.

hose, bot : joung, mêute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brum,

Files, s. m. vein of metal.

FILOSELLE, f1-10-zel, s. f. ferret-silk.
FILOSE, f1-180, s. m. thief, cut-purse or pick-

pocket; sharper; swindler.
Filewren, G-loe-th, v. a. to cheat, bub-

ble, to pick one's pocket.

FILOUTERIE, fi-loot-ri, a. f. sharping,

cheat, or cheating trick.

Files, fl. s. m. (pron. fla at the end of throses and before a vowel) som, boy. Un petit-file, a grand-child. Faire le boam file, to set up for a boan. V. Bonn. Filtration, fil-tra-don, a. f. filtration or

FILTER, filte, s. m. (terme de chimie) filtre; philtre, charm, allurement. See also

FILTRER, v. a. to filter.
FILERE, A-lar, a. f. spinning or wire-draw-

Far, B, fan, flu, acij. fino; thiu, not coarse; pure, good; right, true; acute, ingenious; sly, cunning, ambtile, sharp. Jouer an plus in, to be upon the sharp, vio in cunning. Fin, Mar. Inc., sharp, prime. Fin rodier, prime saler. Herison in, clear horizon. Frigute ine desse see fonds, sharp hottomed frigate.

Fin, a. m. Ext. Faire le fin d'une chose, en

Fig. a. m. Ex. Faire le fin d'une chose, en faire le fin, to carry it cunningly. A quoi bon faire tent le fin? to what purpose all this cuning. Le fin d'une affaire, the main or chief point of a business. Prendre le fin des choses, to come to the nicest point of things. C'estit le fin de l'affaire, that is the cream of the jest. Tirer le fin du fin, to extract the quintessence of things. Il s'en est allé tout fin seul, he went quite alone. Du fit fond de l'Ecose, from the farthest part of Scotland.

Fig. s. f. end; conclusion, termination, less

Fig., s. f. end; conclusion, termination, last thing, last part, latter part, close; event; scope, aim, design, intention; death. La fin drawie, the latter part of his life. Les quatre fins de l'homme, la mort, le jugement, le para-dis, l'enfer, the four last things, death, judg-ment, houven and hell. Sur la fin de ses jours, in his old age. Prendre fin, to end.

A la fin (sufin,) an last, at length. Pour fin de tentes pursies, in full of all demands. Fin de non recreoir, esception (in law.) Fin, Mar. end, etc. Fin d'un voyage, end of a voyage. Fin d'un coubst, close of an action. Fin de la mante, last of the tide. Fin d'un coup de rent, mil of a gale of wind. FINAGE, finaks, s. m. liberties er extent of

a jurisdiction.

FINAL, E. (1-sal, adj. final, last. FINALEMENT, final-men, adv. finally, at

FINANCE, finens, s. f. finance, fine (a certain sum of money, paid to the French king, for the enjoyment of some privilege.) Finance, ready-money, cash. Lettre de fractice, round hand. Finances, finances, publick treasure or revenue, the exchequer. La cour des

FINANCER, fl-nen-sa, v. a. to pay a fine to government. Financer, v. n. to find or pay

FIRANCIER, flores-sh, s. m. financier, re-ceiver of the king's revenue; sort of type. Financia, floresh, v. n. to use cusning.

FIRASSERIE, fluks-ri, e. f. craft, cunning, slyness.

Finasseu-r, se, fl-rà-sòur, sèuz, s. m. & f. artful, sly perso

FINAUD, E, fl-no, nod, adj. crafty, sly, cunning.

FINEMENT, fla-men, adv. cunningly, crafti-

ly, slyly; finely, wittily, ingeniously.
Finassa, fl-nds, a. f. fineness; fines ning or cunning trick, guile, craftiness, wite, subtlety, slyness; wit or delicacy of wit, in-genuity. Ceux qui n'y entendoient point de inesse, they who were unacquainted with the jest, they who meant no harm. Les finesses d'une langue, the nicoties or delicacies of a language. Les finesses du migace, the mysteries of trade.

*Finesaur, V. Finasur. Finet, Te, fl-ne, net, adj. & s. sly, subtle,

cunning, sly person.

Fini, z, fil-ni, ni, adj. ended, finished, etc.; finite, limited; complete, accomplished.
FLEIMENT, s. m. faishing (of a picture.)

Finir, fl-nir, v. a. to end, make an end of, finish; v. n. to end or make an end, have an end; to end one's life, die.

nd; to care one sus, use.
Finissement, a. in. finishing.
Finissement, fi-nl-seur, s. in. watch-finisher.
Ficle, fi-ol, s. f. phial.
Firmament, fir-nd-men, s. in. sky, firma-Il n'est rien de si beau sous le firmament. ment, that is the finest thing under the cope of heaven

Fisc, fisk, s. m. the publick tressure, revenue or exchequer.

FISCAL, F, fis-kal, adj. fiscal. Procureur fiscal, attorney, who presecutes within his jurisdiction all causes wherein the lord paramount or the publick are interested.

Fissiphon, adj. fissipede, having the foot divided into several toes or claws.

Fissure, s. f. fissure.

FISTULE, fis-tal, s. f. fistula (a kind of ulcer.

Fistuleu-x, se, fib-tů-ièu, ièuz, adj. fistu-

lous, fistular. FINATION, illustion, e. f. fination (in ymistry.) La fixation du prix des charges, chymistry.) the set rates for offices.

FIXE, fiks, adj. fixed, steady, settled. Un

prix fixe, a set price. Fixement, fiks-men, adv. carnestly, steadfastly. On ne peut regarder fixement le soleil ni la mort, one cannot look the sun or death in the face.

FIXER, fik-så, v. a. to fix, settle, set or appoint. Se firer, v. v. to settle, fix, be fixed.
Fixit f, fix-sl-ta, s. f. fixity or fixidity.

FLACHE, Mish, s. f. hole worn in the pavement by wheels; also that place in a piece of

wood where it still appears the bark was.

FLACHEU-X, SE, adj. wood that shows the several parts where the bark was.

FLACON, flå-kon, s. m. flagon or decanter. FLAGELIANS, s. m. pl. the name of fana-ticks who whipped themselves in publick. FLAGELLATION, fla - rel-la-slon, s. f. flagel-

lation, whipping, scourging.

*FLAGELLER, fla-zel-la, v. a. to whip or

scourge. FLAGROLET, flà-zô-lê, s. m. flageolet.

FLAGORHER, Må-gör-nå, v. n. to be a pick-

FLAGOREERIE, fill-gom-ri, s. f. ways or language of a pick-thank.

bar. bat, base: thère, èbb, over: field, fig: rôbe, rôb, lôrd: môod, gêod.

*FLAGORNEU-R, SE, flå-gör-neur, neuz, s. m. & f. pick-thank, whisperer, tale-bearer. FLAGRANT, flå-gren, adj Ex. En flagrant delit, in the fact, in the very act.

FLAIR, s. m. smelling. Flair des chiens

de chasse, soent, smelling.

FLAIRER, flè-ra, v. a. to smell; (said of hounds) to hunt upon scent; to smell, fore-

FLAIRER, v. n. to smell.

FLAIREUR, Mê-rêur, s. m. Asireur de cui-sine, smell feast, parante. FLAMAND, E. adj. Flemish. FLAMANT, E., têre-bên, bênt, adj. in a

flame, blazing. FLAMER, flenb, s. f. flag, a blue kind of

FLAMBE, E, flèn-bl., adj. singed, etc. V. Flamber. Je seis flambe, I am undone. Mon

argent est fambé, my money is gone or lost.
FLAMBEAU, fien-bo, s. m. flambeau, taper, light or link : a candle-stick ; candle or light. C'est lui qui est le flambeau de la guerre, it is he that has kindled the war. Un flambeau de addition, a fire-brand of sedition, incendi-

FLAMBER, flen-bl., v. a. to singe. Flamber on the haste a capon. Flamber on ess chapon, to baste a capon. Flamber un bâtiment, Mar. to make a ship's signal for being out of her station, or to denote that some prior signal is not properly understood. On some a fambles, the signal is made for us to keep bur station. Flamber, v. n. to blaze or flash, be in a flame.

*FLAMBERGE, fless-berg, s. f. sword, rapier.

FLANBOYANT, E. flèn-bwa-yèn, yènt, adj. bright, glistering. Comète flamboyante, blazing

FLAMBOYER, fien-bwa-ya, v. n. to glister,

shine, be bright.

FLAMINE, s. m. priest among the Romans. FLAMME, flam, s. f. flame; amorous flame, love passion; fleam. Mar. pendant; (flammer d'ordre) pendant displayed by a senior officer to call officers of other ships, etc. on beard for orders.

FLAMMECHE, filt-mesh, s. f. spark. FLAMMEROLE, film-rol, s. f. ignis-fatuus. FLAMMULE, s. f. trinity or heart's-case (an herb.)

FLAR, fien, s. m. custard; piece of metal ready to be stamped or coined

FLANC, flen, s. m. flank, side; flank (in fortification.) also side of a ship.

FLARCHET, s. m. part of the sirloin of beef

next to the thigh. FLANCOHADE, fièn-kô-nåd, s. f. pass, or

thrust in the flank. FLANDRE, s. f. (province des Pays-Bas)

Flanders.

FLANDRIN, flèn-drin, s. m. Ex. Un grand Flandrin, lath back, slim long-back, great he fellow.

FLANELIE, få-nel, s. f. flannel.

FLANQUER, fièn-th, v. a. to flank or de-fend. Il lui a flanqué un soufflet, he gave him a box on the ear or slap on the chops. Je lui a dot to the ear of said on the choice. Je the of fampué cela par le sez, I gave him that bone to pick.

FLAQUE, flak, s. f. or FLAQUE, (d'eau) morrass plash, feany ground.

FLAQUE, flak, s. f. dash of water or

other liquor.

Flaquer, file-kil, v. a. to dash (water, etc.) against.

FLASQUE, fiksk, adj. washy, faint, weak. flabby, feeble.

FLASQUE, s. f. flask (for gun-powder;) lazy rilagur, s. t. nass (norgan-power;) sary pones, drone. Mar. Plasques d'affet, sides or cheeks of a gun carriage. Flasques de cabestan, whelps of a capstan. Flasques de mât, cheeks of the mast, hounds. Flasques de mât, cheeks of the mast, hounds. Flasques de cartisique, particular pieces inserted in the step of a mast, on board Franch ships, in order to give it additional strength. der to give it additional strength.

FLATIE, v. a. to flat (coins before stamping.)

FLATOIR, s. m. flatting hammer.
FLATRER, filt-tri, v. a. to burn a dog in the fore-head (after he has been bitten by a mad one.)

FLATTER, fil-th, v. a. to flatter, praise or commend; tickle or please; cajole, coax or wheedle, fawn upon; to cares; to flatter, conceal the truth from, keep in the dark; (see concean the truin from, acep in the energy (see douleur, som deplainir) to sooth, indulge; (le de) to slide; (see mal, see plaie) to fa-vour. Flatter quelqu'un de qualque chose, to flatter one with a thing, entertain one with the hopes of a thing. Se flatter de qualque chose, to flatter one's solf with or hope for a

FLATTERIE, flat-ri, s. f. flattery, fawning, adulation. Aimer la flatterie, to love to bo

flattered or fawned upon.

FLATTEU-R, SE, fill-four, teuz, edj. flattering, deceitful, fawning.

Esperance flattenge, deceitful hope.

FLATTEU-R, SE, S. m. & f. flatterer, fawner, fawning person.
FLATTEUSEMENT, fil-teuz-men, adv. fint-

teringly.

FLATURU-X, SE, filk-th-èu, eus, adj. fistu-ous, flatulent, windy. FLATUOSITÉ, filk-th-ò-sl-th, s. f. fistuosity,

wind. FLEAU, filk-o, s.m. fiail; scourge or plague; (de la balance) beam; iron bar (to fasten fold-

(de la Balance) Deam; H'OR Dear (un manurament gates behind.)

FLECHE, fichs, s. f. an arrow; spire; (de carrosse) beam; (de lard) flitch; (de jeu de carrosse) beam; (de lard) flitch; (de jeu de larictrac) point; (terme de fortification) boannet.

Faire de tout bous flèche, to make any shift.

Il ne sait plus de quel bois faire flèche, he is put to his last shifts, he does not know which was to turn himself. Mar. forestaff, pole (of put to his last shifts, he does not know where way to turn himself. Mar. forestaff, pole (of a mast,) upper part of the knee of the head (in ships of war:) long boom projecting from the prow (in lateen vessels.) Notre saft de perroquet de fougue a beaucoup de flèche, our mizen top-mas has a very long pole. Flèche, our mizen top-mas has a very long pole. Flèche-en-cul, s. m. Mar. gaff top-sail.

FLKCHIR, fli-shir, v. a. to band, bow; to mishine content to recently with negatively a

subdue, soften; to prevail with, persuade; v. n. to bend; to submit, truckle under, buckle

to: to relent. Se fléchir, v. r. to bend.
FLÉCHISSABLE, adj. flexible, pliant.
FLÉCHISSEMENT. file-shis-mên, a. m. bend-

FLÉCHISSEUR, s. m. flexor (a muscle.)

FLEGMATIQUE, fleg-mà-ilk, adj. bes. phlegmaggue.
FLEGMATIQUE, fleg-mà-ilk, adj. phlegmatick; also heavy, dull, melancholy.
FLEGME, flegm, s. m. phlegm; patience,
moderation; heaviness. Il a besuccesp de

flegme, he is dull or heavy.

base, bât : jêûne, mêute, bêurre : ênfant, cênt, liên : vip : mon : brun.

FLESMON, s. m. phlegmon (a swelling with glammation.)

FLEGMONEU-X, SE, adj. phlegmonous FLETRIE, file-trir, v. a. to tarnish; dry up, fade, dull; to stain, blemish, brand, disgrace or dishonour. Un opprobre si scandaleux les Merit, so scandalous a reproach is a great blur to them; v. n. se fletrir, v. r. to wither, fade sway, decay.

FLETRISSURE, filt-tri-sur, s. f. blemish,

FLETHISSURE, IM-tri-sur, S. I. Diemish, withering, decaying, fading away; brand; blemish, blur, stain, spot, blot, diagrace.
FLEUR, fibur, s. f. flower, bloom or blossus; hostre, brightness, liveliness; flower, choice, best; (of fruit) bloom; first sight, first wear, (de aon âge) flower, prime; (du teint) bloom; (de rhétorique) flower, flourish. Pous-des flacts of the on flour, to blossom. Flour ser des fleurs or être en fleur, to blossom. Fleur de farme, flour, best of meal. Fleur de nirgimile, maidenhead, virginity. A fleur de terre, close to or even with the ground. A fleur fezz, level with the water, near the edge of

the water, even with the water's edge.

Fleurs, fleur, s. f. pl. flowers, monthly courses. Fleurs blanches, whites. Fleurs (d'un unisseaus) Mar. floor-bends, rung-heads. PLEURAISON, Mu-re-zon, s. f. shooting of

the bnds, senson when flowers are in bloom.
FLEURDELISÉ, E, adj. adorned with one flower-de-luce or more. Il porte d'azur à la Sower-de-Ince or more. Il porte d'azur à la croix d'or fleurdelisée, (in heraldry) he bears

EXECUTED ELISER, fièur-dil-zà, v. a. to flourish, set thick with flower-de-luces, brand or mark with a flower-de-luce.

FLEURER, Ben-ret, s. m. to smell.
FLEURER, Ben-ret, s. m. foil (to fence with :)
ferret, coarse silk. Ruban de soie grossière, ferret ribbon.

PLEURETTE, flèu-rêt, s. f. floret. Fleurettes, amorous discourses, sweet things, flatg expressions

FLEURI, E. ficuri, firit adj. blossomed, blown. Style fears, florid style, style full of flourishes. Teim fears, fresh and lively com-

bown. Teint fleuri, fresh and lively com-plexion. Barbe fleurie, a white or hoary beard. Plaques fleuries, Palm Sunday. FLEURIE, fleurier, v. n. to blossom, bloom or blow; to grow hoary or grey; to flourish, be in reputie, voque or esteem. In the last sense the pres. part. is florissant instead of florissant, and then the imperf. in the same sense should be florissoit, florissoient, etc.

FLEURISME, s. m. fondness of or taste for

FLEURISSANT, E, flèu-ri-sèn, sènt, adj.

PLEURISSANT, E., MENTITON, SERVI, MIJ.
blossoming, blooming.
FLEURISTE, fidu-rist, s. m. florist.
PLEURON, fidu-ron, s. m. flower work, (on ar in boats, clothes, etc.) C'est le plus beau.
Searon de sa couronne, it is the brightest gem m his crown.

FLEUVE, Seuv. s. m. river.

FLEXIBILITÉ, filk-si-bi-li-tà, s. f. flexibili-ty, pliableness, pliantness. FLEXIBLE, filk-sibi, adj. pliable, flexible,

tender, supple, easy.

FLEXION, fick-slow, s. f. flexion, bend-

ing.
PLIBOT, fil-bo, s. m. fly-boat.

FLIBUSTIER, #1-bds-tfk, s. m. freebooter,

PLIC-FLAC, thwick-thwack.

FLOC, or FLOCON, flok, flo-kon, s. m. tuft (of hair;) flock (of wool;) flake (of snow.)
FLORAISON, s. f. blossoming-time.

FLORAL, E, adj. floral. Jeux floraux, floral games or games of Flora.

FLORE, s. f. treatise on flowers.

FLOREAL, second month of spring in the French calendar.

Florits, flores. Faire flores, to spend high, make a show, flourish. FLORIN, flo-rin, s. m. florin

FLORISSANT, florissoit. V. Fleurir, flourishing.

FLOT, flo, s. m. wave or surge; flood, tide, flood-tide. Les larmes lui tombent des yeux à Bood-doe. Les termes us connern use year in grands flots, the tears trickle or run down his face in abundance. Y a-t-il encore flot? Mar. is it flood yet? Quart de flot, first quarter flood. Demi-flot or mi-flot, half flood. Trois quarts de flot, last quarter flood. Etre à flot, to be afloat. Metre un bâtiment à flot, and the flot of the flot. to bring a vessel affoat (after having lain aground.) Mettre un vaisseau à flot, to set a ship floating or affoat.

FLOTTABLE, adj. said of rivers that can carry a float of wood.

FLOTTAGE, flo-taz, s. m. carrying of a float of wood down a river.

FLOTTAISON, s. f. that part of a ship's bottom which lies near the water-line.

FLOTTANT, E, flo-ten, tent, adj. floating, uncertain, wavering, irresolute.
FLOTTE, flot, s. f. (de vaisseaux) floet.

FLOTTE, E, adj. Ex. Bois flotté, float wood; wood sent down the river upon, a floatboat.

FLOTTER, fid-ta, v. n. to float, be affoat, hull; to be wavering, be at an uncertainty, fluctuate in one's mind. Faire flotter du bois, to carry a float of wood down a river.

FLOTTILLE, s. f. flotilla.

FLUCTUATION, fluk-tu-a-sion, s. f. fluctuation.

FLUCTUEU-x, sz, adj. fluctuant, unquiet, boisterous.

FLUER, fldå, v. n. to flow or run.

Fluer et refluer, to ebb and flow. FLUET, TE, flu-e, et, adj. weakly, tender, washy.

FLUIDE, flû-ld, adj. fluid. Style fluide, fluent or easy or natural style.

FLUIDE, s. m. fluid. FLUIDITE, flu-l-dl-ta, s. f. fluidity, aptness to run. Fluidité de paroles, fluentness of expression, fluency of speech, nimbleness of iongue.

FLUORS, s. m. pl. crystals of different colours.

FIUTE, flut, s. f. flute or pipe. Flute douce or flute à bec, flute with a lip. Flute allemande or flute traversière, German flute. Comment accorder-rous ces flutes? how do you reconcile these things? how shall these things agree? Ils ne sauroient accorder leurs flittes or leurs flutes ne s'accordent pas ensemble, they cannot set their horses together. Ce qui ment cannot set usen norses organier. Comparing filte s'en retourne par le tambour, lightly come, lightly go. Enter en filte, to inoculate. Mar. store ship. Vaisseau armé en filte, store ship or ship armed en flute. Flile Hollanding de la laterature de laterature de la laterature de daise, fly-boat.

FLUTER, fld-ta, adj. f Ex. Voix flate.

soft sweet voice.

bar, bat, base : mare, abb, over : fleid, fig : rebe, reb, ford : mood, good.

FLUTER, fin-ta, v. n. to pipe, play on the te; tipple, guzzle. Se faire fluter an derflute ; tipple, guzzle. rière, to take a glister.

FLUTEUR, ità-teur, s. m. piper.

FLUNIATILE, adj. of fresh water.
FLUE, flu, a. m. flood, tide, flood-tide; (in medicine) flux; (at loo) flush. Flux et reflux, flux and reflux of the tide, flowing and ebbing. Flux de samg, bloody flux. Flux de restre, looseness, lax. Flux d'urine, diabetes. Ma bourse a le flux, my money melts like butter against the sun. Flux de bouche, flux or sali-running upon wheels.

FLUXION, flok-slon, s. f. fluxion or defluxion. Fluxion de poitrine, inflammation of the

lungs.

FLUXIONNAIRE, adj. apt to be inflamed.

*FOARRE, a. f. straw.
*FOARRE, a. f. straw.
Foc, s. m. Mar. jib, stay sail. Grand foc, jib, standing jib. Second foc or fence foc, middle jib, fore top stay-sail. Ctin foc, flying jib. Petit foc, fore stay-sail or fore top mast stay-sail. Foc d'artimon, mizen stay-sail. Foc clux, for sl. s. focile. Le grand et la moti forile the focile hones.

le petit focile, the focile bones. FOENE, s. f. Mar. fish-gig.

*FOERRE, s. m. straw.

FORTUS, s. m. foetus, embryo.

For, fiva, s. f. faith; doctrine, religion or persuasion; credit or belief; promise, word, persuasion; credit or beief; promise, word, parole; fealty; assurance, proof, testimony. Bonne foi, good faith, honesty, sincerity, fidelity, plain dealing. Manazise foi, dishonesty, kanvary, treachery, perfidiousness. De bonne foi, bond fide; also faith, indeed, truly. A la bonne foi, en bonne foi, truly, sincerely, honestly, candidly. Ma foi, sur ma foi, faith, upon my faith. Un homme de ma foi, faith, upon my faith. Un homme de bonne foi, an honest man. Un homme de manuaise foi, a knave, cheat. Laisser quelqu'un sur sa foi, to leave one to himself or to his own conduct, let him be his own mas-ter. Voilà qui en fait foi, that proves the matter. Un homme digne de foi, a credible

FOIRLE, feble, adj. weak, feeble, faint. L'âge foible, tender age, infancy. Le sexe foible, the weaker sex, women. Courage foible, weakness of courage, faint-heartedness.
Its étoient foibles d'infanterie, they wanted foot. Foible de poids, too light, that wants

weight.

FOIRER, s. m. weak part or side, weak-ness; defect; feeble, weak side or blind side. Le foible, the weak. Le foible de l'epse, the feeble or small of a sword. La justice ne regarde ni le fort ni le foible, justice has no respert of persons. Du fort an foible, le fort portant le foible, one with another.

FOIBLEMENT, fêbl-mên, adj. weakly,

faintly, slightly.

FOIRLESSE, fe-bles, s. f. weakness, feebleness, faintness; fainting fit, swoon; imbecili-ty. Foiblesse de courage, faint-heartedness.

FOLBLIM, fê-biir, v. n. to give way, yield,

slacken, fail. Foie, fwa, s. m. liver.

FORER, fivin, a. m. hay; (d'un artichest) FORER, fon-så, v. n. to fall upon; to p choke. Les foins sont beaux, there is a fine find or supply with. Foncer à l'appointement

show of hay. Foir Carrière sation, aftermath or latter math.

Form, interj. deuce.

FORE, fwar, s. f. fair or great market; fairing; looseness or laz.

FOIRER, v. n. to have a diarrhoes.

Forreu-x, se, adj. & s. loose, troubled with a looseness, dirty boy or girl, brat. Mine for euse, dirty face.

Fois, fwa, s. f. time, bout. Une fois, once. Data fois, twice. Trois fois, thrier of three times. Quatre fois, four times, etc. Une autre fois, another time, again. Une bonne pus même, nor servie fors, no mot so much as once. Une fois autant, as much again, as meany again. Parfois, sometimes, now and then. A la fois, tout à la fois, altogether, at once, at one bout. De fois à autre, from time to time, now and them. Cest ausse pour cette fois, that is enough for this bout. Toutes les fois que, autant de fois que, us often as. Toutes fois. V. Toute fois.

"Foss, s. m. Le fois du corpe, the waist or

middle of the body.

Forson, fwh-zon, s. f. plenty. A forson, in abundance, plentifully

FOISONNER, fwa-zo-na, v. n. to abound.

For, fol. V. Fon.

FOLATRE, fo-lair, adj. & s. gamesome, wanton, full of play, waggish, wanton boy.

wanton girl.
FOLATREMENT, edv. wantomly.
FOLATREME, föld-trå, v. n. to toy, play wanton tricks, to play the wag or fool.
FOLATRERIE, föld-trå-ri, s. f. wantou

Trick, waggishness, toying.
FOLICHON, NR, 10-11-show, siden, adj. & s. waggish, wag, gamesome or wanton boy or gwi.

FOLIE, fo-ll, s. f. folly; madness; piece of folly; foolishness, simplicity; extravagant passion or fondness; folly of youth, debanches. ry, mad prenk, frolick; merry or wanton discourse, agreeable nonsense. Faire folie de son corps, to prostitute one's self. Faire une folie, to play the fool with one's self, do fool-ishly. Les portraits sont as folie, he is an extravagant lover of pictures

Folio, fo-filo, s. m. folio. Un in-folio or un livre in-folio, a folio, a folio book. Fullo recto, first page of the leaf. Polio cero, back of the leaf. Number of each page.

FOLLE, V. Fou

FOLLEMENT, followen, adv. foolishly, ex-

Travagantly, simply, unwisely.
FOLLET, TR, 16-18, let, adj. foolish, wanton. Poil follet, down, downy beard, soft hair, soft feathers. Un esprit follet, s. m. a familiar spirit or hobgoblin. Feu follet. V. Feu St. Eline. FOLLICULAIRE, s. m. he who publishes

POLLICULE, s. f. follicle (the bladder or purse of the gall;) also follicle, seed vessel.
FOMENTATION, 18-men-th-slop, s. f. fo-

mentation. FOMENTER, fo-men-th, v. a. to fomen;

also to cherish, nourish.

FORCE, B. for-sk, adj. monied; skilled deep (cotour.)
FORCER, for-sk, v. n. to fall upon; to pay,

bine, bit : jehne, meute, beurre : entimt, cent, lien : vin : man : brun.

FOSCIER, E, fon-sh, sler, adj. belonging to the manor; also skilled, learned. Seigneur foncier, lard of the manor. Rente fontière, ground-runt. Cost fancière, court-baron. Serf foncier, villain. Théologien fancier, learned divine.

FORCIÈREMENT, fon-sièr-môn, adv. thoroughly, at the battom.
FORCEION, fonk-sion, s. f. function, duty or

discharge of one's office, duty, str.
FORCTIONEAIRE, a. m. & f. he or she who

has a public charge.

POED, feet, s. m. bottom, ground; ground (of cloth;) further end, stunost part, remotest part, extremity; (of the heart) bottom, redepth; (de miroir, de carrosse) back, back part; (d'une futaille) head; (de lit) wooden bottom or sacking bottom. A fond, to the bottom or sacking bottom. A fond, to the bottom, perfectly, exactly, fully. Au fond or days le fond, at the bottom, when all is done or said, in the main. De fond en comble, from top to bottom, utterly, wholly, to all intents and purposes, to the very ground. Force is fond de cure, duch broader and broader from the top to the bottom. Plat-fond, V. Plofond. Faire fond sur, to depend or rely

mon, hay much or great stress upon.

Fond, Mar. ground, bottom, number of fathoms between the surface of the water and the bottom, anchorage, etc. Find dur, hard bottom. Find mou, soft bottom or soft ground. Find de boune tenné, good auchoring ground. Find de house tenne, good suchoring ground. Fond de manuaise tenne, had holding ground. Ben fond, good nachorage. Manuais fond, bad anchoring ground. Fond de nese, cosy ground. Bas fond or hant fond, shoul, water. Il y a fond, there is ground. Il n'y a point de fond, there is deep water. Le fond diminute, the water shouls. Le fond cammante, the water decumes. Fond di deengmaste, the water deepens. Fond qui de-grade or se perd, shelving bottom. Quel étoit le fond an dermier coup de sonde? what water d you the last cost? Fond d'un misseau, tons or floor of a ship. Petit fond d'un wiscesses, bilgro. Fond d'une hune, platform viscoring of a top. Fond de cule, table of a hip. A fond de cule, at the bottom of the und. Fund d'une coile, foot of a sail. Les yours a une votte, the bunt of a sail. Batesus à fend plat, flat-bottomed boat. Vaisseeus qui a les fonds fins, sharp bottomed ship. Vaisseeus qui a les fonds larges, flat floored ship. V. Fin.

FOURAMENTAL, E, fou-dâ-mén-sal, adj. fundamental. Pierre fondamentale, founda-

POPPAMENTALEMENT, fon-då-men-tåle, adv. fundamentally, upon a good foun-

FOSDART, Z, fon-dên, dênt, adj. melting;

FORDATEUR, for-di-teur, s. m. founder.
FORDATEUR, for-di-teur, s. m. founder.
FORDATEUR, for-di-elon, s. f. foundation,
basis, endowmenst. Unseglise qui a de hormes
fundations, a church well endowed.
FORDATEUR, for-di-tris, s. f. foundress.
FORDE, z., adj. that has a foundation, ste.
Fundi en drois, that has a just cause, that has

to pay the expenses, find money for the expenses.

Justice on his side. Now sommes austi bien fondes l'un que l'autre, we are both equally in the right. Etre fondé à, to have a right or cause to.

FONDEMENT, fond-men, s. m. foundation; basis; ground, cause, reason; principle, he-

ginning, root; fundament.

FUNDER, fon-da, v. a. to lay the foundation or groundwork of; to ground or establish; to found, build ar institute; to endow. Il fant arant toutes choses fonder la cuisine, the kitchen must be settled first. Se fonder, v. r. to be grounded.

FONDERSE, fond-ri, s. f. foundery, castinghouse; art of casting.

FONDRUE, fon-deur, s. m. founder.

FONDIQUE, s. m. hall (for a company of uradesmen.)

FUNDAS, s. m. sinking (of the ground under a building.)

FORDOIR, s. m. melting-house, place where the butchers melt the fat of beasts for tallow.

FORDRE, fondr, v. a. to melt, cast, dissolve or liquefy. Fondre la cloche, to wind up, come to a final resolution, make an end of the business. Fondre, v. n. to melt, or be dis-solved, liquefy; to melt away; to sink, fall in. Fondre en larmes, to melt or dissolve in lears. Fondre sur l'ememi, to fall or rush upon the enemy. Fondre mr. (and of birds of prey) to stoop down, make a stoop at. Fondre, v. n. or Se fondre, v. r. to melt. Cette familie s'est fondre, that family is extinct or gone.

FORDRERE, fon-drier, s. f. bog or quag-

FONDRILLES, fon-dell, s. f. pl. grounds.

settlings of liquors.

FONDS, fon, s. m. ground, land, soil; fund; stack. Mettre de l'argent à fonds perdu, to buy er purchase an annuity. Un grand buy or purchase an annuity. Un grand funds d'esprit, de savoir, etc. a great stock er

deal of wit, learning, etc.
FORDU, E, adj. (from Fondre) melted, etc.
FORGUELE, adj. said of articles of consump-

Fongeu-x, se, fon-zeu, zeuz, adj. spungy, of the nature of mushrooms. Fongus, s. m. excrescence.

FONTAINE, fon-ten, s. f. spring or fountain; fountain with water-spouts; cistern; cock of cistern or any other vessel. FONTANGE, fon-tenz, s. f. top-knot.

FORTH, fost, s. f. casting or melting; cast or fost. Fer de fonte, cast-iron. Marmite de fonte, great cast-iron pot. Un cason de fonte, a brass gun.

FONTENIER, fost-alà, s. m. conduitemaker; also water bailiff.

FONTICULE, s. m. fontanel; issue.

FORTS, forst, s. m. pl. (of barptism) forst.

Tentr un enfant sur les forst, to stand godfather or god-mother to a child.

For, for, s. m. Ex. For ecclesiastique, oc-

clesiastical court.

FORAGE, s. m. duty on wine. FORAIN, E, fö-rin, ren, adj. foreign, out-landish, alien. Traite foreige, custom er im-position upon certain commodities imported or exported. Rade foreine, Mar. open roadstead.

FORAIN, E, s. m. & f. mlien, foreigner

FORMAS, S. m. Mar. balks. FORMAS, for-ben, s. m. Mar. pirate, rover.

bar, bat, base: thère, êbb, ovêr: fleid, fig: rôbe, rôb, lôrd: môod, gêod.

FORÇAT, for-så, s. m. galley-slave. FORCE, fors, s. f. force; strength; fortitude; constancy, resolution, magnanimity; constraint, violence; force or necessity; might, power; energy, strength. Forces, forces, troops; (grands ciseaux) shears. A force, by force. A force owerte, de vive force, with open strength or force. A toute force, by all means. A force de, by strength of, by dist of, by frequent repetition of, etc.

De force, against one's will. De la première force, of the first rate. Corriger un enfant à force de le battre, to beat a child into better manners. La force de la verile, the force or forcibleness of truth. Une raison qui a basscoup de force, a forcible or strong reason or argument. Toutes ses oesseres se sont pas de la même force, all his works are not uniformly nervous, his works flag here and there. Je ne suis pas de sa force, l'am not so strong as he, I do not come near him, I am not his match. Bil gèle plus long-temps de cette force, if this hard frost continue any longer. Prendre une ville de force, to storm a town, take it by there are force, if you will not do it by the means, I shall make you do it by foul. Force, Mar. faire force de rames, to ply one's cars amain. Faire force de voiles, to crowd sail, crowd all sails, carry a press of sail. Faire force de voiles au plus près du vent, to

stretch. FORCE, (indeclinable adjective) store of, plenty of, a great deal of, abundance of, much many. Force argent, store or a great deal of money. Force anis, many friends. Force ble, plenty of corn.

Force, E, for-sa, adj. forced, etc.; affected, unnatural. Donner un sens force à un passage, to wrest the sense of a passage. Force, Mar. tempe force, stress of weather. Coup de vent force, storm.

FORCEMENT, for-sh-men, adv. forcibly, by force or constraint, being under a force.

FORCENÉ, E, fors-na, adj. mad, furious, in a fury, out of his senses.

*FORCENER, v. n. to be mad.

FORCEPS, s. m. pincers.
FURCER, for-sa, v. a. to force; compel or constrain; take by storm; (une fille) to force or ravish, (une porte) to break open; (un cheval) to over-ride, ride too hard, (une bête faure, or un lièvre) to hunt down; (un bataillon, un escadron) to break through; (une clef) to bend. Forcer, v. n. Mar. to force, etc. Le grain nous force à tout carguer, the squall obliged us to clue all up. Nous fames forces d'amener, we were forced to strike.

Forcer l'ennemi au combat de près, to bring
the enemy to close action. Forcer un bâtiment à faire côte, to drive a vessel on ahore. Forcer use passe defendue, to force through a channel defended by artillery. Forcer use used, to wring a mast, (by setting up the rig-

ging too taught.)

Farcer, v. n. Mar. Le vent force, the wind freshens. Forcer à travers les glaces, to force through the ice. Forcer de voiles, to carry a , freshens, press of sail. Forcer de rames, to ply one's

oars amain.

Se forcer, v. r. to strain or to strain one's

Forces, s. f. pl. shears.

*Forctorr, v. a. used only in the infin. and part. forclos, to forejudge or debar, preclude.

FORCLUSION, s. f. forejudging.

FOREIRS, s. m. pl. Mar. bunt lines.

FORER, fo-ra, v. a. to drill or hore.

FORESTIER, s. m. forester, ranger.
FORESTIERE, adj. f. Ex. Les villes fores-

tières, the forest-towns (in Germany.)
FORET, fô-rê, s. m. piercer, gimblet, tap borer.

FORET, fore, s. f. forest.

FORETHER, forefor, v. n. (used only in the infinit. and part. Forfait) to trespass, fail.

Fille que a forfait è son homes, a meid that has forfaited or lost her honour.

Forfaire, v. a. to forfeit.

FORFAIT, for-fe, s. m. from Forfaire; of fence, trespass, transgression, crime; undertaking by great or by contract.

FORFAITURE, for-fe-tor, s. f. forfeiture, forfeit.

FORFANTE, s. m. romancer, quack, charla-

FORFANTERIE, for-fest-ri, s. f. romancing, quackery, charlatanry.

FORGE, forz, s. f. forge.

FORGEABLE, adj. that may be forged. FORGER, for-sh, v. a. to forge or hammer; to forge, contrive, frame, invent, make or devise, coin (words.) Forger, v. a. to overreach (as some horses do.)

FORGERON, forz-ron, s. m. smith or blacksmith.

FORGEUR, for-sour, s. m. forger, bammerer; forger, contriver, inventor.

FORHUIR, v. n. (in handing) to blow (a

horn to call the hounds.)

FORJETER, v. n. to jut out.

FORLANCER, v. a. to unharbour, dislodge (a beart.)

FORLARE, s. f. a sort of dance.

*FORLIGHER, for-fl-gnk, v.n. to degenerate. FORLIGHER, (SE) v. r. (and of the stag in hunting) to distance the hounds; to linger, spin out.

FORMALISER, (SE) so-for-må-fi-zå, v. r. to take offence or exception, take ill, find fault

with.

FORMALISTE, for-må-list, adj. or s. m. & f. formal, complimental person.
FORMALITÉ, for-ma-li-th, s. f. form in law,

formality; form, ceremony.

FOR-MARIAGE, s. m. clandestine marriage. marriage without the licence of the lord of the manor.

FORMAT, for-ma, s. m. size of a book. FORMATION, for-ma-slon, s. f. forming. formation.

FORME, förm, s. f. form; shape, figure, fashion; manner, way; form or formelity: a last; (de chapsen) a block; (figure a me chapsen) crown; (bois qu'on met dans les bes) leg. Forme, lay of grave! bone-spavin (of horse;) form (of horse and printers;) dry-dock; basin of a dock; stuffed form or seat; (du chazar d'une église) seat. Motre un argument en forme, to make or form a syllogism. Pour la forme, for fashion's sake, for form sake. En la forme qui suit, as follows. Sans autre forme de procès, without any further formality. Rachercher une fille dans las formes, to court a girl in the usual forms FORME, form, s. f. form; shape, figure,

bone, bot : jeane, meute, beurre : enflat, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

Prendre un lièure en sorme, to take a hare in !!

FORMÉ, E, adj. formed, framed, made, fashioned, shaped.

FORMEL, LE, for-mel, adj. formal; plain, express, explicit.

FORMELLEMENT, for-mel-men, adv. for-

mally, plainly, expressly, explicitly. Il ment formellement, he tells a downright lie. FORMER, för-må, v. a. to form, frame or make; to fashion or mould; to inform, train make; to lasmon or mond; to mount, and more more or bring up; (les temps d'un verbe) to form, canjugate; (un dessein) to frame or conceive; (une difficulte) to raise or start; (une plainte to put up; (un siège) to lay. Former le prote à quelqu'un, to draw an indictment against one. Former, v. a. Mar. to form. Former la ligne de bataille dans l'ordre renversé, Mar. to invert the line of battle.

Se former, v. r. to be made or formed; to be bred; to arise; to come to some shape; (en partient d'un jeune homme) to grow a man. Se former une idée de quelque chose, to frame an idea of a thing, conceive a thing in one's

FORMERET, s. m. arch of a vault.

FORMER, s. m. a generical name that fal-coars give to hen-birds of prey.

FORMICA-LEO, S. m. V. FOurmi-lion.

FORMICA-LEO, S. m. V. M. V. Fourmi-lion.

FORMICA-LEO, S. m. V.
FORMIER, för-miå, s. m. last-maker.

FOREULAIRE, för-mu-ler, s. m. formulary. FORMULE, for-mal, s. f. set form.

FORRICATEUR, for-ni-ka-teur, s. m. for-

FORNICATION, for-al-ka-slon, s. f. fornica-

FOREIQUER, v.n. to be guilty of fornication.

Fons, prep. save, except, but.
Fonr, s., får, fårt, adj. strong; stout, vigrous; thick; hard, tough, difficult, painful;
strong, rank; powerful; great, violent, valiant,
able, skilled. Ce gigot de monton est trop fort, that leg of mutton is too big. Un ordinarie fort, copious commons, a plentiful table. Expression forte, hard expression; also em-phatical or significant expression. Une railbrie forte, a tart, biting, nipping, sharp, close or dry jest. Chevel fort en bride, unruly brie forte, a unr., ouus, appropriate fort en bride, unruly horse. Cherel fort en bride, unruly horse. Ville forte d'assiste, town strongly sessed. Terre forte, strong tough soil. Que sauroid-on dire de plus fort! what can be said more to the purpose! A plus forte raison, such more. Il a l'esprit fort, or c'est une tête forte, he has a strong or good head-piece. Un esprit fort, a free-thinker. Faire l'esprit fort a free-thinker. Fort de fort, to set up for a free-thinker. Fort de poids, that has over-weight. Se faire fort one's self. ne's self. Be faire fort de son crédit, to rely nucle upon one's credit.

FORT, s. m. strongest part; strength, vi-FORT, a. m. strongest part; strength, vigour, heat; akill; (d'un bois) covert, thicket;
(d'un anglier, etc.) hold, fort, strong-hold;
(d'une absole) hims; (d'une affaire) main point.
Dans le fort de sa colère, in the height of his
passion. Dans le fort du combat, in the heat
of the action or of the fight. Dans le fort de
la dispute, in the heat of the dispute. Dans
le fort de l'inter in the middle of the mister le fort de l'hiver, in the middle of the winter.

C'est-là son fort, that is his chief excellence, it is in that he excels. Fort, s. m. Mar. extreme breadth (of a ship,) etc. Ce vaisseous a le fort hand, that ship's bearings are high. Le fort de notre vaisseau est très-bas, our ship's bearings are very low.

bearings are very low.

FORT, for, adv. very much, extremely; hard, very hard. Forte et ferme, hard, very hard, stoutly. Je désire fort que cela soit, I have a great or strong desire it should be so. Jestime fort les gens de mérite, I have a great esteem for deserving persons.

FORTEMENT, fort-mên, adv. with force, stoutly, vigorously. Etre fortement persuade, to be a terrorely necessaded have a strong ballet.

to be strongly persuaded, have a strong belief.

FORTERESSE, fort-res, s. f. fortress. FORTIFIANT, E, adj. strengthening, forti-

fying, corroborative. FORTIFICATION, for-tl-fl-ka-ston, s. f. for-

tification or fortifying.

FORTIFIER, for-ti-fi-k, v. a. to fortify,

make strong, strengthen, corroborate. Se for iffer, v. r. to gather strength or grow strong.
FORTIN, for-tin, s. m. fortlet, little fort.
*FORTRAIRE, for-trer, v. a. (like traire)
to convey away, divest, steal.
FORTRAIT, FORTRAITURE, V. Fourbu,

Fourbure.

FORTUIT, E, för-tå-l, k, adj. fortuitous, casual, accidental. Cus fortuit, mere chance.
FORTUITEMENT, för-tå-k-men, adv. casu-

ally, accidentally, by chance.

FORTURE, for-ton, s. f. fortune; chance, luck; hazard; destiny; advancement, preferment, greatness; condition. De fortune, as fortune or luck or chance would have it.

Officier de fortune, soldier of merit raised to
the rank of officer. Avoir moins de fortune
que de mérite, to be less fortunate than deserving. Déchoir d'une haute fortune, to have a great downfall. Pousser sa fortune auprès d'une belle, to put one's self forward to obtain a fair lady. Bonne fortune, amorous intrigue, kind mistress, last favours of a woman. Heuri III. faisoit part de ses bonnes fortunes à ses favoris, Henry III. was so kind as to sbare

his mistresses among his favourites.

Fortune de mer, Mar. unfortunate accident or disaster (to a vessel, when not occusioned by

inullention or neglect.)
FORTURE, E, for-th-na, adj. fortunate,

happy.
FORT-VETU, för-ve-tå, s. m. scoundrel er beggarly fellow richly dressed.

ORUM, s. m. forum.

FORUM, S. m. forum.

FORUME, fö-rår, s. f. hore, hole, key-hole.
FOSSE, föe, a. f. grave; hole, ditch, pit;
melting-kettle; (de l'estomac) pit; (or bassefosse) dungeon. Mar. Fosse au lion, fore cockpit. Fosse aux måts, mast pond. Fosse aux cåbles, cable tier. Fosse pour le carénage, ponton
hulk or vessel by which ships are hove down.

Fosse eux un hore, pit or well upon a hank

Fosse sur un banc, pit or well upon a bank.
Fosse, fo-sh, a. m. ditch, moat.
FosseTTE, fo-set, s. f. dimple; cherry-pit
or chuck-hole. Jouer à la fossette, to play at

chuck-farthing.
Fossile, fö-sil, adj. & s. m. fossil, that is or may be dug out of the ground.

FOSSOYAGE, s. m. the act of digging.
FOSSOYER, fo-swa-ya, v. a. to dig a ditch
or trench, enclose with ditches, to ditch or moat about.

bar, bat, base : thère, ebb, over : field, fig : rôbe, rôb, tôrd : môod, gôod.

Fossoveur, fô-swâ-yêur, s. m. ditcher, |

curravagant; silly, foolish, credulous, fond; very fond, that doats upon; wanton, waggish. Pevenir fou, to grow mad, become deranged. Faire devenir fou, to make mad. Fou, s. m. Folle, s. f. fool, mad man or

woman; buffoon, jester; (at chess) bishop. FOUACE, s. f. cake or bun.

FOUAGE, s. m. chimney-money, hearth-money (paid to the lord of the manor.) FOUAILLE, s. f. V. Curée.

FOURTE, fwa-fa, v. a. to whip or lash. FOURTE, foodr, s. f. thunder-bolt, lightuing; thunder-bolt, wrath. Fondre, s. m. the symbol of ancient sculptors attributed to Jupiter, Jupiter's thunder-bolt. Le foudre ven-geur, the avenging thunder. Un foudre de geur, the avenging thunder. Un foudre de guerre, a thunder-bolt of war, a great conqueror. Un foudre d'éloquence, a powerful orator. Un foudre de rin, a large vessel (used in Germany) containing several hogsheads of wine. We say the frappe de la foudre rather than the frappe de foudre. Foudaoisment, foodirwa-men, s. m.

striking with a thunder-bolt.

FOUDROYANT, E, foo-drwh-yen, yent, adj.

thundering, terrible or dreadful.

FOUDROYER, foo-drwk-ya, v. a. to strike with a thunder-bolt, thunder strike, to thunder against, batter with cannon-shois; to ful-minate or thunder out an excommunication against, to anathematize, condemn.

agains, to anamematze, concerning routerer, routerer, to a to storm, keep a heavy clutter. FOURT, sweep, as m. whip, scourge; whip, mah, jerk, rod. Donner le fouet, to whip. Avoir le fouet, to be whipped. Elle fait blen claquer son fouet, she makes a great noise in the world. Du fouet whipped.

ranger son jones, she makes a great noise in the world. Du fout, whip-cord.

FOURTTE, R, adj. whipt, lashed, scourged, jerked; thin streaked (fruits, etc.) De la erfme fouettée, whipt cream; also empty, frothy or flashy discourse.

FOURTER, fwe-th, v. a. to whip, lash, scourge or jerk; (de la crème) to whip; (un livre) to bind with pack-thread: v. n. Mar. to flap (said of the sails in a calm;) to cut, drive, blow, sweep (said of hail, snow, wind, cannon, etc.)

Fourtteu-R, se, fwe-teur, teuz, s. m. & f. whipper, lasher, flogger, whipping man or

FOUGADE OF FOUGASSE, s. f. fougade, small mine in the shape of a well.

FOUGERAIE, fooz-re, s. f. fern-plot, ferny

ground. Foughte, foo-ser, s. f. fern. Le vin rit dans la fougère, the wine smiles in the glass

Fougon, s. m. Mar. camboose, (of small vessels in the dialect of Provence.)

Fouguz, foog, s. f. fury, heat, passion, transport; fermentation of humours. Fougues de la feunesse, wildness or impetuosity of youth. Fougue d'un cheval, mettle of a youth. house. Retenir la fongue d'un cheval, etc. to keep a house in, curb him. Un arbre qui a poussé sa fougue, a tree that has shot forth its full.

Forever, se, foo-gen, genz, tidj. fiery, hot, hasty, passionate, mettlesome, unruly.

FOULLE, fool, s. f. trenching. V. Fouller.
FOUILLE, fool, s. f. trenching. V. Fouller.
FOUILLER, fools, v. a. to rake up, trench:
(quelqu'un) to search: v. n. to rake into search or search into, rummage. Fouiller

dans l'avenir, to dive into futurity. Fouing, fwin, s. f. pole-cat.

FOULE, fwir, v. a. to dig (the greend.) FOULAGE, s. m. the pressing of herrings;

the act of pressing.

the act of pressing.
FOULE, fool, s. f. crowd, throng, press, multitude; oppression; fulling (of clothe, etc.)
Se tiver de la foule, to distinguish one's selffrom the crowd or vulgar. Use foule d'affaires, a crowd or multitude of affairs. Venir en foule, to flock or throng together. Entre à la foule, to crowd in. Fortir a la foule, to crowd out. Foulers, foo-la, s. f. pl. foiling of dear.

FOULER, foo-la, v. a. to treat, stamp or trample upon; (un.chapass) to work; (du drap) to full or mill; (un.cheval) to surbate or over-ride; (parlant de la selle, etc.) to nurt'or gall; (un nerf) to sprain; to crowd or squeeze; to grind, oppress, overcharge. Se fouler les uns les autres, to be hard upou one another. Fouler aux pleds, to trample upon, trample or tread under foot, scorn, contemn.

FOULERIE, fool-ri, s. f. hatter's or faller's ware-house; also place where grapes are

pressed.

Fouleur, foo-leur, s. m. presser bi

grapes.
Fouloir, foo-lwar, s. m. or Foutourr. s. f. hatter's working-board, trough of a winepress.

FOULON, 180-lon, s. m. fuller of cloth.
Terre à foulon, fuller's earth. Four Que, foolk, s. m. coot or moor-hen.

FOULURE, foo-lor, s. f. surbating of a horse ; sprain *or* bruise. Four, foor, s. m. oven; bake-house, crimp-

ing house, kind of secret prison to conceul men forced into service. Pière de four, calse or tart. Faire cuire au four, to bible. Four à chaux, lime-kilu. Four à brique, brick-

FOURER, foorb, adj. deceitful, crafty, elicat-

Pouran, s. m. cheat, describit man, impostor, crafty knave.

Fourbe, s. f. cheat or cheating trick, imposturé. FOURBER, foor-ba, v. s. to theat, gull or

bubble.

FOURBERTE, footb-ri, s. f. V. Foode, s. f. FOURBIR, foor-bir, v. a. to farbish.
FOURBISSEUR, foor-bl-scur, s. m. farbish-

er, cutler or sword-cutler.
FOURBISSURE, (Sort-M-shr. s. f. forbishing:
FOURBU, E. / Rort-Di, bh, adj. foundered.
FOURBURE, (Sort-bhr, s. fl foundering of a

FOURCAT, s. m. pl. Man erotele, door timber (placed in the fore or after part of a ship.) Fourest d'ouverture or fourth horisonts lower transon (generally firited.)

de porques, crotches of the riders. Dem fourcat, cross checks of the timbers.

bine, bit : je ine, mênte, bêurre : êntînt, cênt, liên : vin : mon : brun.

FOURCER, foorsh, s. f. fork or pitchfork; im arbre) forked shoot. Fourches patibu-(d'um arbre) forked shoot. es, gibbét. V. Máté.

FOURCHÉ, E, adj. forked, split. Pieds fourchés, cloven feet. Pied fourché, tax upon

cloves-footed animals.

Fourcezz, four-sha, v. n. to split, grow forked. La langue hei a fourche, he has tript with his tengue. Ces arbres fourcheront, those trees will spread. Se fourcher, v. r. so split, grow forked.

FOURCHETTE, foor-shet, s. f. fork, table-

fort; (de pied du cheud) frueh or frog; (pour appayer en monaquet) rest for a municet. FOUNCHON, foor-shon, s. m. prong. Founchete à trois fourchous, three-pronged fork. FOUNCHU, n., flor-shi, d., adj. forked. Pied-fourchu, cloven-foot. V. Fourché. Che-

min-fourchu, cross-way.

FOURCHURE, s. & place split, splitting. FOURGON, foor-gon, s. m. coal-rake, ovenrate, sort of carriage or wagon, covered wagon, poker.

FOUR CONNER, foor-go-uh, v. n. to poke, to sir the fire with a fork or poker, poke or

famble about.

FOURMI, foor-mi, s. f. ant, pismire or emmet. Fourmi-lion, s. m. Formica-leo.

FOURMILLER, s. m. a sort of four-footed animal who lives on ants.

FOORMILLEMENT, foor-mil-men, s. m. pricking (like the running of ants on the skin.)
FOURMILLER, foor-mil-da, v. n. to swarm ar abound with, crawl with or be full of. La nain me four mille, I feel a pricking in my

hand like the stinging of ants.
FOURSILLERE, foor-mi-lier, s. f. anthillock or ant-hole, ant's nest; swarm, great

throng or crowd.

Poursage, foor-nar, s. m. fee that the lord takes of his yessals and tenants bound to bake in his counties oven.

Fournaise, foor-noz, s. f. furnace or kiln. FOURERAU, fdor-no, s. m. stove; mine (of

neder;) (d'une pipe à fumer) bowl. Pount in, foor-ah, a. s. a whole baking, oven fall.

Founse, z, adj. furnished, provided, sup-ied, stocked, stc. full, thick. POUREIER, E, foor-all, nier, s. m. & f. one that keeps a public oven or an oven-ten-der; sort of bird.

FOURNIL, (dor-nl, s. m. bake-house.

Poursenent, foor-ni-men, s. m. powder-

FOURSIR, foor-nir, v. a. to faraish, find, provide, stock or supply with, give or afford to make up, complete: (a carrière, la carrie) to run, run out. Fournir un caisseau de mende, to man a ship. Fournir, v. n. to serve the turn, to hold out. Foursir à tout, to answer all demands. Je ne saurois fournir à tant de dépenses, I am not able to bear so wach charge.

FOURWISSEMENT, s. m. stock in trade,

POURMESSEUR, foor-mi-seur, s.m. contractor. FOURSITURE, foor-al-tur, s. f. furnishing, providing, provision; (d'use salade) sweet herbs, (d'use habit) trimming; (d'use robe d'enfant) furniture.
FOURAGE, foo-raz, s. m. fodder, forage.

Aler as fouringe, to go a foraging.

FOURRAGER, foo-ra-za, v. n. to forage,

v. a. to waste, ruin or ravage.
FOURRAGEUR, foo-ra-seur, a. m. forages.
FOURRAGEUR, foo-ra, adj. (from Fourrer)
furred, et. Un comp fourre, an interchanged
thrust or blow. He se sont donné des comps fourrés, they ran one another through. bois bien fourre, wood full of thickets. paix fourrée, a peace suddenly made and not likely to last long. Faire une paix fourrée, to clap up a peace. Pièce d'or or d'argent

to clap up a peace. From a or ur a urgem-fourrée, piece of money plated. Bottes de foin fourrées, trusses of hay mixed with good and bad. Langues fourrées, neats' tongues. FOURREAU, foord, s. m. case; (de clusie) cover; (d'épée) scabhard; (du membre d'un cheud) shouth; (de robe d'enfant) frock; (de pitalet) hoister. Four fourreux de pitalet, nistal har L'arre est en fourreux, the barley pistol bag. L'orge est en fourreau, the barley is not yet eared. Coucher dans son fourreau,

to lie or sleep in one's clothes.

FOURRELIER, s. m. scabbard-maker. FOURBER, foo-ra, v. a. to put or thrust in, foist in, to cram or stuff with; to fur, or line with fur. Fourter quelque chose dans l'esprit, to beat a thing into one's brains. Fourrer un cable, etc. Mar. to serve a cable, etc. rer un câble avec de vieux cordages, to kecklo a cable. Be fourrer, v. r. to introduce or intrude one's self, get or creep into, enter bold-ly; to clothe one's self well. Se fourrer dans

re affaire, to engage in a business.
FOURREUR, 100-reur, s. m. furrier, skinner, FOURRIER, foo-rib, s. m. officer who marks

out the lodgings of troops,

FOURRIERE, s. f. wood-yard. Mettre une vache, etc. en fourrière, to pound a cow, etc. FOURBURE, foor-rur, s. f. fur; fur-lining. Four-ure, Mar. service (of plat, mat, hide, partling, etc.) (once de vieux cordages) keckling, plat; (terme d'architecture navale) fur,

*Fourvoirment, foor-vwa-men, s. m.

wandering or going astray, error, mistake.
FOURVOYER, foor-wayk, v. a. to lead or put out of the way. Se foursoyer, v. r. to go astray or out of the way, miss or mistake one's way; also, to err, be in an error, mistake.
FOUTEAU, 160-to, s. m. beech-tree.

FOUTELAIR, s. f. a grove of beech-trees.

FOYER, twa-ya, s. n. hearth; heat or fire; focus; tiring-room (in theatres.) Foyer, house, habitation, dwelling place. Combattre pour ses propres fouers, to fight for one's home. Facas, tra-ka, s. m. great crash or crack or noise, clutter, havock, hurly-burly. Faire

un grand fracas dans le monde, to make a at noise or figure in the world.

FRACASSER, frå-kå-så, v. a. to destroy, break in pieces, split in pieces, shatter. Fraction, frak-slon, s. f. fraction.

tion du pain, breaking of bread.
FRACTIONNAIRE, frak-slo-ner, adj. fractional.

FRACTURE, frak-tar, s. f. fracture, break-

FRACTURÉ, E, frâk-tô-râ, adj. brokes. FRAGILE, fra-zil, adj. fragile, brittle, apt to break; brittle, frail or weak; uncertain, unstable.

FRAGILITÉ, frå-el-H-tå, a. f. bristleness, fragility, frailty or weakness, uncertainty. in stability

bar, bat, base : thère, êbb, ovêr : fleid, fig : rôbe, rôb, lôrd : môod, gôod.

FRAGMENT, fråg-men, s. m. fragment.

FRAI, fre, s. m. spawning of fishes, spawn of fishes, young fish; alteration of money by

FRAICHE, the feminine of Frais.

FRAICHEMENT, fresh-men, adv. freshly, newly, just or just now; also coolly. Nous sommes ici asses fraichement (or au frais) we are cool enough here. Le nent nous conduira fraichement chez nous, the wind will keep us cool in our way home.

FRAICHEUR, fre-sheur, s. f. cool, coolness; freshness, bloom. Fratcheur, Mar. light breeze of wind. Cette fratcheur vient du sud, this light air comes from the southward.

FRAIRIE, frê-shr, z. n. Mar. to freshen.

Le vent fruichit, the wind freshens.

FRAIRIE, frê-ri, s. f. merry-making, mer-

Fy-bout.
FRAIS, FRAICHE, fre, fresh, adj. fresh; cool; cold; fresh, new; fresh and clear; fresh and clear; fresh and clear; fresh and clear; fresh and fresh new not salted. Du pain or du beurre frais, new broad or butter. Plaie toute fraiche, green er raw wound. Des œufs frais, new-laid eggs. Vin frais, wine newly tapped. Chempton beauth and beauth page. val qui a la bouche fraicke, horse that has a moist mouth

FRAIS, FRAICHE, adv. fresh, newly. Des herbes toutes fraiches cueillies, herbs fresh ga-

thered. Frais venu, newly come.

FRAIS, s. m. cool, cool air, fresh air; charges, expenses, costs. Il est de grands frais, he is very chargeable or expensive.

Recommencer sur nonneaux frais, to begin

new. A grands frais, very expensively. A peu de frais, cheap, with little expense. FRAIS, irè, s. m. Mar. petit frais, light breeze. Bon frais or vent frais, fresh breeze, gale of wind. Petit frais or petit vent frais, loom gale. Grand frais, stiff breeze. Il vente bon frais du nord-nord-est, there is a good breeze from the north-north-east. Les rents sont au sud-ouest grand frais, it blows a stiff breeze from the south-west.

FRAISE, frèz, s. f. (friei) strawberry; (for the neck) ruff; lamb or call's caul or chawdron; drill (a blacksmith stock). Fraises, (term in fortification) fraises, pointed stakes.

FRAISER, frèza, v. a. to plait; strengthen with fait calls.

with fraises or pointed stakes; to drill. Fraiser des sèves, to ship beans out of their skin. Franser la pûte, to best or order the paste well.

FRAISETTE, s. f. a little ruff.

FRAISIER, fre-zlà, s. m. strawberry plant. FRAISIL, frê-zî, s. m. cinders. FRAIX, V. Frais.

FRAMBOISE, fren-bwaz, s. f. raspberry. FRAMBOISE, E, adj. Ex. Hypocras framboise, raspberry hypocras.

FRAMBOISER, frèn-bwa-za, v. a. to give a

taste of raspberry to.
FRAMBOISIER, fren-bwa-2la, s. m. raspberry-bush.

berry-bush.

FRANC, HE, frèn, frènsh, adj. free; exempted, frank; very, arrant, mere; frank. downright, candid, sincere, open, plain; cultivated; (tree) graffed, not wild. J'y ai resté deux jours francs, I staid there two whole days. Dire la franche vérité, to tell the naked truth. Franc-onier, osier, withy. Franc du collier, ready, forward. Franc-salt, yearly provision or allowance of salt. Un chercheur de lippées

franches, spunger, trencher fly, trencher

Franc, Mar. bâtiment franc d'eau, ship pumped out dry. Franc borst d'un bâtiment, planks of a ship's bottom. Etre sur son franc bord, to be without any sort of sheathing. Frunc-fusin, white or untarred rope of (a large size usually roved on board French ships for winding tackle falls, etc.) Franctillac, lowermost deck.

FRANC, s. m. (French coin worth about 18 or 19 cents) livre, franc; (name given to christians in Turkey) Frank. Francs, Francs or Franks (the ancient inhabitants of France.)

FRANC, adv. frankly, freely, plainty, without dissimulation, flatly; clearly, entirely.

FRANCATU, s. m. kind of russetia ap-

FRANCHEMENT, fremsh-men, adv. frankly,

freely, openly, boldly, plainly, flatly.

FRANCHIR, fren-shir, v. a. to leap or get or go over; to go beyond; (des disfeults) to overcome or surmount. Franchir le moi, to speak plainly, not to mince the matter. Franchir, Mar. to free the ship, etc. Franchir l'eau d'un bâtiment, to free a ship by the pumps. Franchir la lame, to top the sca. Franchir un bunc en forçant de voiles, to force over a hall by carrying a press of sail. over a bank by carrying a press of sail. Le bâtiment franchissoit de cinq pieds à basse-sner, the ship sewed five feet at low water.

FRANCHISE, fren-shiz, s. f. franchise, freedom, immunity, exemption; privileged place; freedom, plainness, candour, sincerity, openness; freedom, liberty. Un caser plein de franchise, a person of a free temper, an honest soul.

soul.

Franciscair, s. m. Franciscan friar.
Francisca, frên-sl-zh, v. s. to frenchity,
make French (foreign words.)
Francisca, s. frên-sê, sêz, adj. French.
Le françois, la langue françoise, the French,
the French tongue or language. Un François, a French-man. Une Françoise, a Frenchwoman. A la Françoise, after the French
fashion. (François, Françoise, when christian names, are to be pronounced Françoise tian names, are to be pronounced Frangens and Frangenous; and they then mean Francis, Frances.)

FRANCOLIN, fren-ko-lin, s. m. a heathcock *or* rail.

FRAN-RÉAL, s. m. a sort of pear. FRANGE, frenz, s. f. fringe. Des gants à

frange, fringed gloves.
FRANGER, fren-za, v. a. to fringe.

FRANGER, E, s. m. & f. fringe-maker FRANGIPANE, frée-zi-pan, s. f. kind of perfume; also kind of pastry, made with cream, pounded almonds, and pistachios.

FRANQUE, frènk, adj. Ex. La langue Franque, language used in the Levant, lingua França, (mixture of the French, Italian, and Spanish.)

FRANQUETTE, frèn-kêt. Ex. A la franquette, adv. frankly, freely, plainly, openly.

FRANQUIÈME, s. m. immunity. FRAPPANT, E, fra-pen, pent, adj. striking,

that strikes, affecting.
FRAPPE, fish, s. f. stamping.
FRAPPE, R. adj. struck, smitten.
Frappe de tonnerre, thunderstruck. Frappe d'eque-

bûne, bût : jêûne, mêute, bêurre : ênfânt, cênt, liên : vin : mon : brun.

remort, amazed, astonished. Aroir l'esprit frappe d'une opinion, to be obstinate or stiff a an opinion, get wedded to it. Un'drap bien frappe, close, well wrought cloth.

FRAPPE-MAIN, s. m. hotcockles (a game.) FRAPPEMENT, frap-men, s. m. Ex. Frappe-

ment de mains, ciapping of bands.
FRAPPER, frè-pà, v. a. to strike; smite or beat; (d. a. porte) to knock; (de la monnoie) to stamp. Frapper dans la main, to shake Frapper des mains, to clap. Frapper d'étonnement, to strike with wonder or amazement, amaze or astonish. Frapper, v. a. Mar. to lash, seize, turn in, etc. Frapper une poulie sur une vergue, etc. to lash a Mock upon a yard, etc. Frapper un cordage, to seize. Les grands haubans sont frappes sur leurs caps de mouton, the dead eyes of the main rigging are turned in. Frappe us pa-ian sur l'écoute du vent du petit hunier, clap a tackie on the weather fore top-sail sheet. Frapper le tourne-vire nur le chile, to bring to the messenger. Frapper doubles garcettes nur le tourne-cire, to clap on thick and dry. FRAPPEU-R, SE fra-peur, peuz, adj. beater.

FRASE, fraz, s. f. drill. FRASER, fra-za, v. a. to drill or thrill; to

put flour to paste

FRASQUE, frask, s. f. a trick. Ex. Il m'a fait sue frasque, he has played me a trick. FRATER, fra-ter, s. m. young barber or Surgeon.
FRATERNEL, LE, fra-ter-nel, adj. brother-

FRATERFELLEMENT, frå-ter-nel-men, adv. brotherly, fraternally, lovingly, kindly.
FRATERNIER, frk-tër-nl-zh, v. n. to live together like two brothers, fraternize.
FRATERNIER, frk-tër-nl-th, s. f. fraternity,

brotherhood, brotherly love, society.

PRATRICIDE, fre-tri-sid, s. m. fratricide. murdering of one's own brother, killer of his brother.

FRAUDE, frod, s. f. fraud, cheat, deceit,

cozenage. FRAUDER, fro-da, v. a. to cheat; to de-frand, cheat, or deprive by a trick.

FRAUDEU-R, SE, S. m. & f. defrander,

Frauduleusement, frò-dù-lèuz-mên, adv. fraudalently, deceitfully, by a trick.
Fraupuleu-1, se, fro-dd-leu, leuz, adj.
fraudalent, fraudful, crafty.

FRANKELLE, s. f. bestard dittany (a plant.)

FRAYAUT, E, adj. expensive. FRAYÉ, E, adj. beaten. Ex. Chemin frayé,

beaten way. FRAYER, frå-yå, v. n. to show, open, clear (a road;) to rub; to graze, touch lightly; to

spawn; to agree.

FRAFER, frè-yèur, s. f. fright, dread, fear, mror. Denner de la frayeur, to fright. Etre sisi de frayeur, to be frighted. FREDASSE, frè-den, s. l. prank, mad prank,

FREDOM, fre-dom, s. m. three cards of the same kind; (de voix) trilling, shake or quavering. Faire des fredons, to run a division,

trill, quaver. FREDORNER, fre-dô-nk, v. n. to trill, shake

quaver. FREGATE, fre-gat, s. f. frigate; a sort of telicao.

FREGATÉ, E, adj. Mar. frigate built.
FREGATON, S. f. Venetian frigate.
FREIN, frins, s. m. curb, bit, horse-bit; restrain, bridle, check, curb. Mettre un frein à sa langue, to bridle one's tongue. Il faut donner un frein à sa cruauté, his cruelty must be curbed. Prendre le frein aux dents, to be carnest in a businest, nursus a resolution earnest in a business, pursue a resolution. Ronger son frein, to fret within one's self.

FRELAMPIER, s. m. mere scrub, good for

nothing fellow.

FRELATER fre-la-ta, v. a. to sophisticate or adulterate (wine.)

"FRELATERIE, fre-lat-ri, s. f. sophistica-

tion, adulteration (of liquors.)
FRELE, frel, adj. brittle, frail, faint, weak. (In some countries) damsel.

FRELON, fre-lon, s. m. drone, wasp.

FRELUCHE, s. f. tuft. Boutons à freluche. tufled buttons.

FRELUQUET, fre-ld-ke, s. m. prig, spark, frivolous man.

FREMER, fri-mir, v. n. to quake or tremble; to simmer; (de rage, de colère). to chase, fret or fume. Son nom seul fait frémir, his name alone strikes terror. Je ne acurois y penser sans fremir, I cannot think on it without hor-La mer commence à frémir, the sea begins to roar.

FRÉMISSEMENT, frà-mès, s. m. qua-king or trembling; (des cloches après qu'elles

amg or trembing; (ass cookes apres qu'ettes out some) din or humming; (de la mer) roaring. FRÈNE, frèn, s. m. ash-tree. FRÈNESIE, frèndezi, s. f. frenzy, madness. FRÈNESIE, qu'et hand die, adj. frantick, mad. Ardeur frénétique, adj. violent or ve-hemant nession. hement passion.

FRENETIQUE, s. m. & f. frantick or mad person.

FREQUENMENT, frå-kå-men, adv. frequently, often, oftentimes.

FREQUENCE, s. f. frequency. La fréquence de ses visites importane, his frequent visits are troublesome.

FRÉQUENT, E, frå-kån, kånt, adj. frequent, usual, common, ordinary. Pouls fréquent, quick pulse.

FREQUENTATIF, fra-kan-ta-tif, adj. or s.

. (in grammar) frequentative.
FRÉQUENTATION, frà-kan-tà-slon, s. f. haunting, frequenting, conversing, keeping company; frequent use.

FREQUENTE, E, adj. frequented, resorted to.
FREQUENTER, fra-kan-ta, v. a. (un lieu) to frequent or haunt, to go or resort often to; (amer) to use; (quelqu'un) to frequent or heep company or society with: v. n. to use a place, to go or be often there

Frère, frèr, s. m. brother; friar, monk. Bon frère, frère de la fubilation, good com-panion. Bâtimens or vaisseaux frères, Mar. panion. sister ships.

FRESAIR, s. f. screech-owl.

FRESQUE, frêsk, s. fresco (a painting on a wall newly plastered.) Peindre à fresque, to paint in fresco.

FRESSURE. fre-sur, s. f. pluck (of an animal.) Fressure de cochon, a hog's harslet.
FRET, fre, s. m. Mar. freight, hire of a ship.

Prendre un fret, to take a freight. FRETERENT, fret-men. s. m. Mar. hiring

or freighting.

bår, båi, båse: thère, čbb, ovåt: flakt, flg: rébe, söb, kird: méed, gêed.

FRÉTER, AL-th, v. a. Mar. to freight or hire or take up.
Frarreun, fra-teur, s. m. Mar. owner of a

ship, that lets her to hire.
FRÉTILLANT, E, frå-ti-lèn, lènt, adj. wagging, stirring, fluttering, frisking.

RETILEE, s. f. straw. Coucher sur la fretille, to lie upon the straw.

FRETILLEMENT, fra-til-men, s. m. frisk-

ing, fluttering about.
FRETIELER, frå-tl-lå, v. n. to flutter, frisk or leap about.

FRETIN, fre-tin, a. m. fry, young fish; trash, rubbish.

FRETTE, s. f. vertil, ferrule.
FRETTÉ, z., adj. frettou (in heraldry.)

FREUX, s. m. a sort of rook.

FRIABILITÉ, fri-à-bi-il-tà, s. f. friability. FRIABLE, fri-àbi, adj. friable, apt to crum-

FRIARD, E, frien, end, adj. dainty mouthed, that loves tit-bits, lickerish, dainty or deliéate. Golt friand, nice taste or palate. Friand de louanges, greedy of praise. Rasoir friand, sharp razor.

FRIAND, R. s. m. & f. dainty-mouthed or

lickerish person, sweet-tooth.

FRIANDISS, fil-èn-diz, s. f. daintiness, li-ékerishness. Friandise de louanges, greedi-ness of praise. Friandise, (or viandes-fris-sades) daimies, kickshaws, tit-bits, delicacies. FRICANDZAU, fil-ken-do, s. m. scotch-

FRICASSÉ, E, adj. made into a fricassee. Tout est fricance, all is gone or squandered

FRICASSER, frl-ka-sa, s. f. fricassee.

FRICASSER, fri-ka-sa, v. a. to make into a fricassee; to spend or squander away, waste notously in eating and drinking.

FRICASSEUR, s. m. paltry cook.
FRICHE, frish, s. f. fallow ground, land un-filled or over-grown with weeds. Laisser une terre en friche, to leave a piece of ground untilled, let it lie fallow.

PRICTION, filk-slow, s. f. friction or rub-

bing. Farespirit, fil-zl-dl-th, s. f. frigidity, impotency.

FRIGORIFIQUE, fri-go-ri-fik, adj. frigorišck.

FRILEU-E, SE, fri-leu, leuz, adj. chilly.
FRIEAIRE, S. m. third month in the new
French calendar.

FRIMAS, fri-ma, s. m. boar frost, rime. FRIME, s. f. show, pretence. Il n'en fit que la frime, he only made a show of it, he only pretended or made as if.

FRINGART, E, frin-gan, gant, adj. mettlesome, full of mettle, brisk, airy, gamesome.

If fait le fringant, he takes too much latitude.

FRINGUER, frin-ga, v. a. to wash, rinse:

v. n. to skip, frisk.

v. n. to skip, Irisk.

FRIPE, E, adj. fumbled, etc. Tout est
fript, all is gone or squandered away.

FRIPER, fri-ph, v. a. to fumble, rumple, or
ruffic; (sm tipre) to spoil or abuse; (um habit)
to wear out to rags; to gobble down, eat
greedily, devour; to spend, consume or waste
riotously. Friper les classes, to play the truant. Friper um discours or use pende d'um
anderes to vlav the planiarist, to steal a discuteur, to play the plagiarist, to steal a disFRIPERIE, friperi, a. f. brôker's areas, trade, brocage, broker's rag-fair; frippers, old clothes. Achter un habit à la friperie, in buy à suit at the broker's. Se jeter un la friperie de quelqu'um, to fall upon one's benes or jacket, belabour one's bones; else jeer one, fall foul upon one. e, fall loui upou o..... FRIPE-SAUCE, S. m. greedy gut. waster. Grand friper

d'habits, great waster of clothes.

d'habit, great waster of ciethes.

FRIPIER, E, fri-pile, pile, a. m. & f. dealer in old clothes. Fripper d'érrits, plagiaty.

FRIPON, EE, fri-pon, pdm, adj. & s. roguish, wanton; (son fripons) a kneve, a cheat; a rogue; (sone friponse) a knavish woman, a cheat, ecquette; an idle girl; a rugue, a dour rogue. Un petit fripon, an idle boy. Use action de fripons, a knavish or cheating trick.

FRIPONNEAU. s. m. little rosma.

FRIPONNEAU, s. m. little rogue.

FRIPONNER, fil-pô-nh, v. a. to chost, coses or steal away, trick out of; v. n. to play knavish tricks, also to play the treast.

FRIPONNERIE, fil-pôn-ri, s. f. knavish trick, mourev.

trick, roguery, cheat.
FRIQUET, fri-ke, s. m. kind of sparrow;

prig; kitchen slice. FRIRE, frir, v. a. to fry. FRIRE, frir, v. a. to fry. Massir par de quoi frire, to have little or nothing to depend upon. It n'y a par de quoi frire, il n'y a rien de frire hame is manifestation.

d frive, there is nothing to be gut by it.

FRISE, fris. s. f. friene; cheemes de frie, chevaux de frise. Mar. kersey or baise, sund for lining the gun ports and covering the scarts of the keel. Frise de l'éperon or frier entre les jottereaux, trail-board.

FRISER, fri-za, v. a. to curt, frizzle, crisp; to touch lightly, graze, glames upon; (see serviette) to ruffle; (du drap) to nap. Le test frise l'ess, the wind ruffles the water. La

or farie, Mar. (on dit plants in weise farye or farie) the sail shivers in the wind.
FRISOIR, 2t-swar, s. m. bodkin (to part the hair with, etc.) tool for putting a nap to cloth. FRISON, s. m. under-petticeat.

FRISOTTER, v. a. to crisp or curl.

FRISQUETTE, s. f. frisket (of a printing press.)

FRISSON, frl-son, s. m. shivering, cold fit; shivering, quaking. FRISSONNEMENT, friedu-min, a. m. shi-

vering, quaking or trembling.
FRISSONERS, fri-co-nh, v. n. to shiver,

quake or tremble.

FRISURE, fil-sair, a. f. curl or cutting.
FRIT, z., adj. (from Frire) fried. Fost et
frit, all is goue to pot, there is nothing left.

FRITILLAIRE, s. f. a sort of fily.
FRITORR, s. f. shything that serves to fry
with; frying: Sried lish.
FRIVOLE, fil-vôl, adj. frivolena, vain, digit.

sorry, triffing.

FRIZE, S. f. Prienland.

PROC, frok, s. m. a monk's habit. Quiter le froc, to abandon the life of a monk. le froc oux orties, to run away from the convent, apostatize.

FROID, E, frwh, frwhd, adj. cold, frigid; rave, close or reserved; slack, russis, indiferent, backward, unwiffing; bald, silly, poor, weak, dull. East froide, cold water. But froide, frigid zone. Faire or better froid quelqu'un, le recevoir d'une manière froist

bine, bût : jêlme, mêute, bêurre : ênfânt, cênt, liên : vin : mon : beun.

to menive one coldly. Un homme froid dans ses discours, a man that speaks but little. Il dit ode d'ame manière si froide, he speaks it so rery coldly.

Faceb, a.m. cold; reservedness, gravity.

Jai froid, I am cold. Mowir de froid, geler
de froid, to be starved with cold. Souffier te de froid, to be starved with cold. Southend et to fooid, to blow hot and cold.

FROIDEMENT, frwad-men, adv. in a cold place or condition; weakly, faintly; coldly,

FREIDEUR, frendeur, s. f. coldness; frigidity; cold reception, indifferency. Receiver quelqu'un exec froideur, to give one a cold reception, receive one coldly. Purler d'une passence exec froideur, to give a cold receive one coldly. midereney.

PROIDIR, fred-cit, v. n. Se froidir, v. r.

grow cold. FROIDURE, Twk-dur, s. f. cold or cold

FROSDUBEU-E, SE, frwê-dû-rêu, rêuz, adj. chilly.

FROISEMENT, frwds-men, s. m. bruising,

dashing against, collision.

FROMSER, frwil-sil, v. a. to bruise, to fumble, rumple or ruffle, to break, tear or dash

FROMEGUAE, frwd-sûr, s. f. bruise.

FROLEMENT, frol-men, s. m. grazing or mehing lightly.

FROLER, frolk, v. a. to graze, touch

ghtly. FRUMAGE, 60-ma:, s. m. choose. la poire et le fromage, in the midst of their jelling, at the end of the feast.

FROMAGER, E, fro-mi-zi, str, a. m. & f.

cese-monger

FROMAGERIE, frô-mêz-rî, a. C. choose-arket, place where choose is made er kept. Fromzer, frô-mên, a. m. whoat. Pain de nest, wheaten-bread. Un pain de fro-

nt, a wheaten-loaf. Processives, s. f. framenty or furmenty. FROMCHERT, from men, s. m. frowning,

kniting or contracting of the brows.
FRONCER, from all, v. a. to gather, packer; to bend or knit.
Francer le sourcil, to froma, knit one's brow.

FRONCIS, from el, s. m. gather or gathering,

PROPULE, s. m. bile, furuncle.

FROMOR, s. f. gather, pucker. FROMOR, Sond, s. f. sling; also party that opposes the administration.

PROSES, from th, v. a. to sling or fling; o explode, turn into ridicule, rail at, have a log at; to exclaim against the administra-

FROSDESSE, fron-dêur, s. m. slinger; a indistr (against the government.)

FRONT, fron, s. m. forehead; front; face, boldness, confidence, impudence. Front d'airain, brazen-face. He faire un front d'airain, rain, brazzan-aso. Be joure un from a arram, to pus on a brazen-countenance. De quel front aso-t-il s'opposer à ce que je reux? how dures he be so bold as to oppose my will? Us obrend qui a le front plat, a mare-faced horse. Raire front de tous côtés, to face every way. De front, a-breast, in the front. De front, a-breast, in the front. De front de tous course un a func-of battle, a-breast at half a cable's leach distance. length distance.

FRONTAL, from-tal, s. sn. frontlet, also kind of rack tied hard about a man's forehead to make him confess something.

FRONTAL, E. adj. of or belonging to the

forebead.

FROFTEAU, from-to, a. m. fromtet, front-stall of a bridle. Mar. breast-work. Fron-teau de la danette, breast-work of the poup.

FRONTIÈRE, from tier, s. f. frontiers, borders.

FRONTIÈRE, adj. frontier. Ville frontière. a frontier town.

FRONTIGNAC, fron-ti-guak, s. m. frontignac (sort of toine.)

FROSTISPICE, from the pls, s. m. front, frontispiece.

FRONTON, fron-ton, s. m. pediment. FROTTAGE, fro-da, s. m. rubbing.

FROTTEMENT, frot-men, s. m. robbing ar

friction.

FROTTER, fro-ta, v. a. to rub; to rub with, anoint, do over; to bang or beat. Mar. to chafe. Se frotter à, v. r. to meddle with. Ne rous y frotter pas, do not meddle with it. Me s'y frast pas frotter, it is not good med-dling with it. Se frotter à quelqu'un, to keep company with one

FROTTEU-R, SE, fro-teur, teuz, s. m. & f. rubber, man or woman employed in rubbing

rooms, etc.

FROTTOIR, fro-twar, s. m. rubbing cloth.

Frattoir de velours, rubber.

FRUCTIFICATION, s. f. fructification. FRUCTIFIER, fruk-ul-(ia, v. n. to bring forth

fruit, be fruitful, fructify, thrive or prosper.
FRUCTURUSEMENT, frak-th-eiz-men, adv.

profitably, successfully.

FRUCTUEU-X, SE, frůk-tů-èu, -èuz, adj. profitable, advantageous, of some advantage. FRUCAL, E, frů-gůl, adj. frugal, thrifty, sober, temperate.

FRUGALEMENT, fru-gal-men, adv. frugally, thriftily, soberly, temperately.
FRUGALITE, frd-ga-il-th, s. f., frugality,

thriftiness, soberness, temperance.

FRUIT, froit, s. m. fruit; fruit of the womb, child; dessert, last course; benefit, advan-tage, improvement, effect. Fruits, fruits, tage, improvement, effect. Fruits, fruits, profits, rent, revenue. Il fuit beaucoup de fruit par ses sermons, he does a great deal of good by his sermons. Ce sont pour moi des fruits nourcaux, these are rarities to me.

FRUITAGE, s. m. fruitage.

FRUITERIE, frålt-ri, s. f. fruitery or fruit-

FRUITIER, &, frul-tla, tler, adj. fruit-bearing. Ex. Un arbre fruitier, a fruit-bearingtree, a fruit-tree. Jardin fruitier or un frui-

tier, s. m. an orchard, a fruit-garden. FRUITIER, E, s. m. & f. fruiterer, fruit man

*FRUSQUEN, frus-kin, s. m. property. Il a dipense tout son frusquin, he has spent his

FRUSTE, adj. (with antiquaries) defaced. FRUSTRATOIRE, adj. frustratory.

FRUSTRER, frus-tra, v. a. to frustrate, balk,

disappoint, deprive of (one's due.)
FUGITI-F, VE, fd-:1-tif,tlv, adj. & s. fugitive. FUGUE, fug, a. m. fugue or chace (m mu-

Fur, r. adj. fied. gone, mn away.

bar, bat, base: thère, êbb, over: fleid, fig: rôbe, rôb, lord: mood, good.

FULE, s. f. coop (for pigeons.)

Fuzz, for, v. n. to fly or flee, run or run away; to delay, put off, shuffle, shift; to fail. Cette succession ne peut lui fuir, that reversion can never fail him. Empêcher quelqu'un de fuir, to hinder a man's flight. Mar. to run, Fuir vent arrière, to scud. La côte fuit dans le nord-ouest, the coast runs to the northwest. Fuir devant le temps, to bear up and Fuir à la lame, to run before the sea. scud. Fisir, v. a. to shun, avoid or eachew, fly or flee from. Un cheval qui fuit les talons, a horse

that fears or minds the spur.

FUITE, fût, s. f. flight, escape, running away, shunning or avoiding; evasion, shift, subterfuge, shuffling. Prendre la fisite, to fly

or run away. FULGURATION, full-gu-ra-sion, s. f. (in chemistry) fulguration.

FULIGINEU-x, sz, fd-ll-zl-neu, neuz, adj. fuliginous, sooty.

FULBINART, B, fûl-ml-nen, nent, adj. storming, mad. Or fulminant (or calcine par l'eas forte,) aurum fulminans.

FULMINATION, fdi-mi-na-slon, s. f. fulmination. Faire la fulmination d'une sentence d'excommunication, to fulminate an excommunication.

FULMINER, full-mi-na, v. a. to fulminate: v. n. to storm, be mad or desperately angry, chase, fret and fume.

FUMANT, E. fd-men, ment, ad. smoking. Flument de colère, fuming, in a passion.
FUMEE, fd-ma, s. f, smoke; steam; smoke, air, wind, vain hope. Funces, fumes, vapours; dung, excrement. S'en aller en fumée, to come to nothing. Se repattre de funde, to feed one's self with vain expectations.

Funen, få-må, v. a. to smoke; to dung or muck; v. n. to smoke. Funer de colère, to

fret and fume, chafe.
FUMERON, fum-ron, s. m. piece of charcoal not burnt enough, and which smokes a great deal.

Fumer, få-me, s. m. flavour, fumette. Fumererre, fam-ter, s. f. fumitory (a plant.)

FUMEU-R, SE, fd-meur, meuz, s. m. & f.

smoker (of tobacco.)
FUMEU-X, SE, fit-meu, meuz, adj. fumy, that sends fumes into one's head, heady.

FUNIER, fd-mil, s. m. dung or muck, dunghill. Mourir sur un fumier, to die in a ditch.

FUNIGATION, fd-ml-gd-slon, s. f. fumigation.

FUNICER, fd-ml-zh, v. a. to fumigate. FUMISTE, s. m. one whose particular busi-

ness is to prevent chimneys from smoking.
FUNAMBULE, fd-nen-bdl, s. m. & f. rope

dancer.

FUNEBRE, få-nebr, adj. funeral, funereal dark, dismal. Une orgison funebre, a funeral sermon.

*Funen, få-nå, v. a. Mar. to rig. Funer

les mats, to rig the masts.
FUNERAILLES, fû-na-ral, s. f. pl. funeral

obsequies.
FUNERAIRE, fü-nä-rer, adj. funeral. Frais funéraires, funeral expenses.

FUNESTE, fönest, adj. fatal, unlucky.
FUNESTEMENT, fönest-men, adv. fatally,
in fatal manner. Cela arriva le plus funesteor lofty trees.

ment du monde, that happened by the greatest fatality in the world.

*Funin, få-nin, s. m. rigging (of a ship.) FUR, für, Ex. A fur et à messure, or out fur et à messure, gradually. A fur et à messure que, or ou fur et à messure que, gradually as, as soon as, as fast as.

FURET, fd-re, s. f. ferret. Un wrai furet, a ferreter.

FURETER, får-tå, v. n. to catch with a ferret. Fureter, v. a. to ferret, search.

FURETEUR, fur-teur, s. m. catcher of rabbits with a ferret; also busy inquirer. Fareteur de nouvelles, news-hunter.

FUREUR, fû-reur, s. f. fury; rage, madness, frenzy; passion, rage; heat, transport, rapture; eager desire, eagerness; holy zeal. FURIBORD, E, fd-ri-bon, bond, adj. furious,

raging mad.

FURIE, fd-rl, s. f. fury; passion; fierceness, heat; a fury; violent or raging woman.

FURIEUSEMENT, fü-rleuz-men, adv. ex-

tremely, mightily, very much, deadly, pro-digiously.
FURIEU-X, SE, fü-rièu, rièuz, adj. furious, raging, mad, frantick, fierce, great, exceed-

ing, extravagant, prodigious.
FUROLLES, s. f. pl. fiery exhalations.

FURONCLE, fu-ronki, s. m. furuncie. FURTI-F, VE, for-uf, uv, adj. done by stealth, stolen, secret.

FURTIVEMENT, adv. by stealth, secretiv. in hugger-mugger.

Fusain, s. m. spindle-tree or prick-wood (a shrub.)

FUSEAU, fû-sô, s. m. spindle. Jambes de succux, spindle shanks. Fuscaux à destelle

fuseaux, spindle sname.

bobbings to make lace.

Fuser, fd-zh, s. f. spindle full; squib; fusee; (d'une montre) fusee; (d'une tourne-broche) barrel; (en architecture) fillet; (terme de blason) fusil; (terme de marine) mouse.

Eliste volunte, rocket, sky-rocket.

Ma fusée Fusée volante, rocket, sky-rocket. Ma fusée est achevée, my life is spent or come to an end. Démêler une fusée (or une intrigue,) to clear an intricate business.

FUSER, adj. f. slaked (said of line.)

Fuself, adj. fusile (in heraldry.) Fuser, v. a. to slake; spread. Fusibilita, s. f. fusibility.

FUSIBLE fû-zîbi, adj. fusible, fissile.
FUSIL, fû-zî, s. m. (of a tinder-box) steel;
fusil or fusee, gun or light gun, musket; firelock. Fusil de bord, Mar. ship's musket. Pierre à fusil, flint.

Fusile, adj. fusil or fusible, that may be melted.

FUSILIER, få-zl-llå, s. m. fusilier, musketeer.

FUSILLER,fd-zl-la, v. a. to shoot (a soldier.) FUSION, fu-zlon, s. f. fusion or melting. TUSTE, s. f. kind of galley.

FUSTET, s. m. a sort of tree

FUSTIGATION, fus-ti-ga-elon, s. f. whip-

ping, flogging.
FUSTIGER, fus-ti-zh, v. a. to whip or lash.

Fûr, fût, s. m. stock of a gun or pistol; cask; (d'un tambo a) barrel; (d'une halle-barde) staff; (d'une colonne) shaft or shank. Fût de girouette, Mar. vane-stock. V. Eve FUTAIR, fo-ie, s. f. wood or forest of high

base, bat : jeune, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

FUTAILLE, fû-tal, s. f. cask. Futailles, Mar. water and provision casks (of a ship.)
Futaille qua coule, leaky cask.
FUTAINE, fb-ten, s. f. fustian, dimity.

FUTAIRIER, s. m. fustian or dimity-weaver.

FUTILE, fb-th, adj. crafty, cunning.
FUTILE, fb-th, adj. futile, frivolous, vain, triding, whiffling.
FUTILITÉ, fb-th-th, s. f. futility, vanity.

FUTUR, E, fu-tur, tur, adj. future, to that is to be.

FUTUR, s. m. (in grammar) future or future tense. Contingent futur, future contin-

FUTURITION, s. f. futurition.

PUTART, E, adj. (from fair) flying, etc. Condeur fuyante, light thing colour. Un faux fuyant, a shift ne evision.

FUYARD, E. adj. apr to run away, toarre FUYARD, ful-yar, a merusaway, cowan adj. apt to run away, fearfu

G, za, s. m. the seventh letter of the French alphabet. GARAN, s. m. gabardina, a felt-clo k (formerly used in rainy weather. GARARE, gå-bar bottomed barge; also hip *or* venel of burden.

GARABER some embarcation. Mar. to scull

a boat GABARIER, gå-bå-riå, s. m. lighter-man.

lumner. GABARIER une pièce de bois, Mar. to mould

a piece of timber.

GABARIT or GABARI, gå-bå-ri, s. m. Mar. mould. Maitre gabarit, mould of the mid-Tracer les guburits d'un vaisship frame. sen, to lay down the moulds of a vessel.

GABATINE, s. f. Ex. Donner de la gabatine, to give one the bag, to sell one a bargain,

put upon him.

GABELAGE, s. m. drying of the salt in the magazine; also mark to distinguish maga-

zine salt from the smuggled.

GABELER, gab-la, v. a. to let salt dry in the magazine.

GABELEUR, gab-leur, s.m. gabel-man.
GABELLE, ga-bel, s. f. gabel, excise upon
mit; the king's magazine of salt; excise,

duty, tax.

"GABER, v. a. to banter, jeer, flout.

GABET, s. m. Mar. vane (of a quadrant, dr.)

GABIER, s. m. Mar. top-man. la hune de misaine, fore-top-men. Gabiera de Gabiers de la grande hame, main-top-men. Gabiers de la kame d'artimon, mizen-top-men. Gabion, gà-blon, a. m. gabion.

"Gabion made, s. f. gabionade.
Gabion made, gà-blò-nà, v. a. to stop or

cover with gabions.

GABORD, s. m. Mar. garboard streak. GABUROOS, s. m. pl. Mar. clamps. GACHE, gash, s. f. staple; wall-hook (to support a famuel, etc.) GACHER, ga-sha, v. a. to wet and mix mor-

tar; (du linge) to rinse. GACHEU-X, SE, ga-sheu, sheuz, adj. slab-

GADELLE, s. f. sort of currant.

GADELLIER, s. m. sort of currant bush GADOUARD, s. m. night-man, who empties

privies.

GADOUE, s. f. filth that comes out of a house of office.

GAFFE, gåf, s. f. Mar. boat-hook.

GAPFE, gal, s. 1. mar. noat-nook.
GAPFER, v. a. Mar. to hook.
GAGE, gaz, s. m. pawn, pledge, badge, token, mark, proof, testimony. Gages, wages, salary. Erre case aux gages, to be turned out of place, be disgraced, have lost one's favour.

GAGER, ga-2a, v. a. to lay, bet; to give wages, hire.

Mageu-R, se, gå-zeur, zeuz, s.m. & f.

GEURE, gå-zur, s. f. wages, bet, lay. tre une gageure, to lay a wager, to bet or

GAGISTE, gå-zist, s. m. under-strapper, supernumerary or hired man in a play-house; one hired but not a servant.

GAGNAGE, gå-gnåz, s.m. place where cattle and deer are wont to feed.

GAGNAGES, s. m. pl. crop.

(IAGNANT, R., gå-guèn, guènt, s. m. & f. adf. winner (at play.)

Gaon f. z., adj. gotten, etc. Donner gagné, to own one's sell worsted; cross the cudgels, yield.

GAGNE-DENIER, gagn-de-nia, s. m. wharfporter, labourer.

GAGNE-PAIN, gagn-pin, s. m. livelihood, that by which one gets his livelihood.

GAGNE-PETIT, gagn-pe-tl, s. m. travelling grinder (of knives, etc.)

GAGNER, ga-gna, v. a. & n. to get or gain; win, obtain or carry; to carry or make one's self master of; to get or reach, arrive at, come to; to get or catch; to deserve; to earn or get; to prevail upon or with, make yield; to win, draw in; to practise upon, bribe; to prevail; to get, reach, spread. Gugner quelqu'un, to beat or overcome one, get the better of one. Gagner son proces, to carry the cause, have judgment given on one's side, cast one's adversary. Gagner pays, gagner chemin, to get ground, advance, to go forward. Gagner pays, gagner au pred, gagner la guerite, la colline, les champs, le haut, to run or scamper away, betake one's self to one's heels. Gagner de la main, to get the start of, be before-hand with, prevent. Gagner, v. a. Mar. gugner pour la marche, to be improved in sailing. Gagner le vent d'un vaissens, to get the weathergage or wind of a ship. Gagner an vent, to get to windward. Gagner les vents alisés, to get into the tradewinds. Gagner la brise, to catch the breeze. Gagner un bitiment, to gain upon or foreach a ship. Gagner un port, to reach a harbour. Gagner un mouillage, to reach au anchorage. Gagner la terre, to get close in with the land. Gagner de l'avant, to gain ground. Gagner d'un or de plusieurs quarts, to come up one or more points. dans l'est or dans l'ouest, to get to the cast-ward or to the westward. L'eau nous gagne à ne pouvoir franchir, the water gains upon us so that we cannot free the ship. Se gaby, sloppy, plashy, miry.

Gachis, ga-shl, s. m. slab or slop, plash.

Faire une gachis, to make a slab, wet a room.

Gachis, to make a slab, wet a room.

bar, bat, base : thère, ebb, over : field, fig : robe, rob, lord : mood, good.

gagne, the plague is catching, the plague is an infectious disease.

*GAGNEUR, gh-gneur, s. m. Ex. Ce ga-gneur de tant de batailles, that great conqueror, winner.

GAGUI, gå-gl, s. f. jolly plump girl or woman

GAI, E, gè, gè, adj. gay, merry, cheerful, pleasant, frolicksome. Condeur gaie, gay or lively colour. Chambre gaie, light and pleasant room. Temps gai, clear and serene weather.

GA1, adv. merrily. Allons gai, come, let us be merry.

GATAC, s. m. or bois de gatac, guaiacum, lignum-vitte.

GAIEMENT, ge-men, adv. merrily, cheer-

fully, wilingly.

GAIETE, gett, s. f. gaiety, mirth, cheerfulness, good humour, pleasanness; frolick.

De gaieté de cosur, on purpose, wantonly, in

wanton sport, for the nonce.

Wanton sport, for the nonce.

Galllard, E., gl-lar, lard, adj. brisk, merry, blithe, jolly, pleasant, light-hearted or cheeriul; brisk, jolly; merry, tipsy, half drunk; gallant, bold; wanton, amorous, drunk; gallant, bold; wanton, amorous, roguish. Il s'est battu contre deux, le coup est gaillarde, he fought against two, that is a bold action. Le tour est guillard, it is a pleasant trick. Vest gaillard (or frais) cool wind.

GAILLARD, s. m. jolly fellow, jolly com-

panion.

Gaillard, s. m. Mar. Gaillard d'avant, fore-castle. Gaillard d'arrière, quarter-deck. Les guillards, the fore-castle and quarterdeck

Gaillarde, s. f. brisk gay woman; also sort

of dance.

GAILLARDENENT, gå-fård-men, adv. merrily, briskly, boldly, rashly. GAILLARDISE, gå-får-dle, s. f. gaiety,

frolick.

GAIN, gin, s. m. gain, profit, lucre; win-ming or gain (at play), (de bataille) gaining, winning or carrying of the day. Re faire caucus gain, to get nothing. Avoir gain de cause, to carry one's cause, cast one's adver-, sary

GAINE, gen, s. f. sheath.

Gaine, B. f. Mar. gaine de flamme or de parillon, etc. tabling or canvass edging of a pendant, ensign, etc.

GAINIER, ge-nia, s. m. sheath or casemaker, a tree that grows in warm countries.

GALA, gà-la, s. m. feast, entertainment. GALACTITE, s. f. kind of jasper.

GALAMMENT, gh-là-mên, adv. with a good grace, gracefully, handsomely; elegantly,

grace, graceulty, nandsomety; eleganty, meatly, genteelly, sprucely; gallantly, like a man of honour; skilfully, cunningly, wisely.
GALANGA, s. m. sort of medicinal root.
GALANT. R, galen, lent, adj. (before homme) honest, brave, polite, sociable, accomplished, clever, or the like; (after homme) of gallantry, complaisant to the ladies; (after homme) of gallantry, wanton; (after any wanton) femme) of gallantry, wanton : (after any noun, or relating to any noun but homme and femme) genteel, pleasing lively, done with taste, elegant, nice. or the like. Un billet galant, a love-letter, a billet-doux.

GALANT, s. m. gallant, spark, sweet-heart; also cunning, dangerous fellow, cheating fellow, favour, knot of ribands. Ur vert galant,

a brisk spark. Faire le galant augres des dames, to court the ladies.

GALANTERIE, gå-lent-ri, s. f. civility, civil behaviour, genteelness; genteel or countly way, gallantry, courtship, piece of gallantry, intrigue or amour. Avoir quelque galanterie, to have an intrigue.

GALANTIN,s.m. a man ridiculously gallam. "GALANTISER, gå-len-d-zå, v. a. to court,

admire, be ridiculously gallant

GALAXIE, s. f. Galaxy, milky-way GALBANUM, gal-ba-non, s. m. galbanum ort of gum.) Donner du galbanum, to put (sort of cum.) Donner du galbanum, to put a sham upon one, lead one into a fool's para-

GALE, gal, s. f. scab, itch. Gale de chien, mange

GALÉACE or GALÉASSE, gh-là-lis, s. f. Mar. galeas or Venetian galley.
GALÉE, s. f. galley (printer's total) *GALEFRETIPE, s. m. idle vagabond, poor shabby rogue, scoundrel.

GALEGA, s. m. leguminous plant.

GALEGA, s. m. leguminous plant.

GALEGA, (s.E.) v. r. to scratch or rub.

GALEGA, galega, s.c. Mar. galega. Order a rames, row-gallega. Demi-gallera, buff galleys. Temir galera, to arm, s. galega, at one's own expense.

Vogue la salera, han what may, let the world go how it will. go how it will.

GALERIE, gall-ri, s. f. gallery.
Galerie, s. f. Mar. stern gallery.
Galerie de fan: de poupe, gallery, balcony. pont, gangway. Clavecins de la gulere, quarter gallery. GALERIEN, gà lè-rièn, s. m. gallev-slave.

GALERNE, gh-lern, s. f. or vent de Galern,

s. m. northwesterly wind.

GALET, ga-le, s. m. shuffle board, also pebble.

GALETAS, gal-ta, s. m. room at the top of a house, garret.

GALETTE, gå-lêt, s. f. broad thin cake. Mar. round and flat sea-biscuit. GALEU-X, SE, gå-lêu, lêuž, sefj. & s. scab-

by, scabby person. GALHAUBANS, s. m. pl. Mar. back-stays

or breast back-stays. Galhaubane voiese, preventer back-stays, shifting back-stays. Galimar-fra, s. f. gullimau-

GALIMATIAS, gå-il-må-ilà, s. m. galima-tia, nonsense, fustian, balderdash. GALIOR, gå-ilön, s. m. galleon. GALIOTE, gå-ilöt, s. f. Mar. galliot. Ga-liote à bombes. bomb-ketch. Galiste baderesque, quarter-gallery

GALLES, S. f. (noir de galle) unt-gall.
GALLES, S. f. (Noir de galle) unt-gall.
GALLES, S. f. (Noire)

GALLICIAN, E. gal-Il-kan, tha. adj. Gullican. L'église Gallicane, the Gallican church. GALLICISME, gal-Il-sian, s. m. gadicion. GALLICO, (NE.) briskly, usespectedly. GALLICIS, E, adj. & s. Welsh, Welsh per-

SOD.

GALOCHE, gå-losh, s. f. galoche. Galoche. Mar. cleat, belaying cleat, shoe-black. Guloches de fer, hanging clamps.

Galon, gallon, s'm. galloon, lace, a gro-.

cer's box.

GALONNER, gå-lô-nk, v. a. to lace. to bind or ornament with galloon.

bine, bût : jêûne, mêute, bêurre : ênflort, cênt, liên : vin : mon : brun.

Gazor, gå-ib, s. m. gallop. Grand galop, fall gallop. Petit galop, hand gallop. Alter grand galop à l'hápital, so run full speed to e's rain.

GALOPADE, gå-lò-påd, af. gallop, galloping. Galopan, gå-lò-på, v.n. & a. to gallop, go u a gallop. Galoper quelqu'un, to hunt or at a gallop. ome.

GALEPES, gå-lô-pis, a. m. a cook's boy, eculion; errand bo

GALVAUDER, gål-vô-då, v. a. to scold at, check, reprimend.

GAMACHES, s. m. pl. gambade or spatter-

GAMBADE, gha-bad, a. f. gambel; drollery

or jest. Gambaden, gån-bå-då, v. n. 40 gambol,

play or show gambols.
Games as, s. m. sort of excise or malt tax.
Games de hone, s. f. Mar. futick shrouds, foot book shronds.

forthest strongs.

GAMMLLER, gla-bl-ft, v. n. to wag one's leg, high.

GAMMLLER, gla-mêl, s. f. wooden bowl or partiager or platter. Faire gamelle, to mess together.

Gamme, glan, a. f. gamet (in smeick.)

On has a bien chantle as gamen, he was soundly child or repristanted. C'est du latin qui use ratre gamme, that is past your skill or over your reach. Changer de gamme, to above your reach. eker one's conduct.

GANACHE, gh-nash, s. f. nether jaw (of a horse) thick-skulled fellow.

GANCHE, s. f. sort of gallows (in Turkey.)
GAND, Ghent.

Gamelion, s. m. gaugtich.
Gamelium, him-grim, s. f. gaugrene.
Gamerium, kingr-ui, se guagrener, v.r.
is gaugrene, become mortified, turu to a mor-tification.

CASCRESEC-X, SE, kangr-nen, neuz, adj. rrenous.

GASIVET, s. m. an instrument used in chirurgery.

GANSE, gans, e. f. loop.

GANT, gun, s. m. glove. Souple comme un unt, he sphant as a willow, accommodating. A n'en enera pas les gants, he is not the first. GASTÉ, E, edj. that has gloves on.

GANTELEE, s. f. fox-glove.

GANTELET, gantle, s. m. gaundot.
GANTER, gan-th, v. a. to holp one on with
his gloves. Gants qui ganten bien, gloves
that it very well. Se ganter, v. r. to put on ree's glove

Ganguage, glost-ri, s. f. glove making or

Gastina, z,gen-tih,der, s. m. & f. glover. GARAMASTITE, s. f. a precious stone.
GARAMOE, gå-rèns, s. f. medder (an herb.)
GARAMOER, gå-rèn-så, v. a. to dye with

Gamant, gåren, s. m. gaarantee, surety; that eited. Jes suis gurant, I warrant you, I pune uty wurd or d enswer for it. Mar. fall of a tackle. Girzan de capon, cat-rope, cat-fall. Garant de palan, ackle-fall, tackle-rope. Cut-fall. Garant de palanquite de tackle-fall. Garant des palanquites de actord, laniards of the gunde

Sanatur, z, edj. warrented, etc. 34

GARANTIR, gá-rèn-ti, s. f. guarantee er warranty, contract to make good.

GARANTIR, ga-ren-tir, v. a. to warrant, engage, make good; to make good, make amends, indemnify, save harmless; to warrant, vouch, assure or maintain; to keep, de fend or secure.

*GARBE, s. f. garb, looks, countenance. Garbe, s. m. make and rigging (of a vessel.) Ils recommurent au garbe du vaisseau qu'il their Turc et de Salle, they perceived by the make and rigging of the ship, that she was a Turk and a Sallee rover.

GARBIN, s. m. south-west wind.

GARBURE, s. f. sort of pottage.

"GARCAILLER, v. n. to whore, weach. "GARCE, s. f. weach or whore.

GARCETTE, a. f. Mar. garnet, gasket, knit-ile, etc. Mattresse garcette or garcette de fond, bunt gasket. Garcettes de bonts de vergues, yard-arm gaskets. Garcettes de ris, points, pointings, reef lines. Garcettes de tournevire,

nippers; nipper-men. Garçon, går-sen, a. m. boy, lad, or yenth; bachelor; (de café) waiter; (d'auderge) waiter, boy, man; man, journeyman. Garcon de bord, Mar. younker, youngster. Les garçons de la chambre or de la garde-role (chez le ros.) pages of the back-stairs. Faire le manureix gerrons to bector haff.

le manrais garçon, to hector, buff.
GARÇONNIÈRE, går-sò-nièr, s. f. tomboy,

romp, rig or com-rig.
GARDE, gard, s. f. guard; guards; watch; attendants; defence, protection; keeping, custody, charge; (in fencing) guard: (d'une epie) hit; nurse; wards of a lock; (un final de garde) fruit that keeps or will keep; de garde) winter-pear, (chien de loome garde) winter-pear, (chien de bonne garde) good house-deg; (côrps de garde du guet) the round house or watch-house; (doine le garde) to be upon the guard; (doiner en garde) to give to keep, commit to one's beautier de garde) to have in one's keeping; (anoir en garde) to have in one's keeping or custody; (prendre garde) to regard, observe, mind, have an eye upon, notice; (prendre garde de faire or à ne pas faire) to take care not to do; (prendre garde que quelqu'un ne fasse) to take care one does not do, or shall not do; (n'exoir garde) to take care not, be far from being inclined to a thing; (n'aroir gurde de fuire) to take care not to do, not to be able to do, be far from wishing or being inclined to do; (se donner de garde d'une personne or d'une chose) to be aware of a person or thing; (se donner de garde qu'une chose ne se fasse) to take heed or care that a thing shall not be done; (prenez garde or donner-rous de garde) take care; (prenez-y garde) be upon your guard against that; (être or se tenir en garde contre une chose) to guard or be upon one's guard against a thing; (prenez garde qu'elle ne rous échappe) take heed or care she does not run away from you; (tout cela se passa sans qu'il y prit garde) all that came to pass, and he never the wiser; (il m'offense sans y prendre garde) he offends me when he does not mean it. Je n'ai garde de commettre décormais cette faute, I shall take care never to commit such a fault again. Il n'a garde de courir, il a une jambe de rompue, be caunot run or how can he run when one of his legs is broken. Je n'ai garde d'y aller (je ne sais pas si sol bar, bat, base : thère, ebb, over : field, fig : robe, rob, lord ; mood, good.

e d'y aller) I am not such a fool as to go thither. It n'a gurde d'être aussi savant que son frère, he is far enough from being so good a scholar as his brother. Three compound words in which garde comes first are feminine. Garde-bourgeoise, guardianship of a freeman's children. Garde-noble, guardianship of a nobleman's children. Garde-robe. ward-robe; house of office, close-stool, closet. For the other compounds see Garde, s. m.

Garde, s. m. keeper, warden; one of the Garde du corps, life-guard-man, life-guard. Garde des sceaux, keeper of the seals, lord keeper. Garde des monnoies or juge garde, warden of the mint. Garde d'un metier, warden of a company of tradesmen. Garde des coffres, cofferer. Garde-bois, s. m. forest-keeper. Garde-boutique, s. m. mere drug, commodity that sticks by one or will not go off. Garde chusse, s. m. game-keeper. Garde-côte, s. m. cruiser. Garde-feu, s. m. iron-bars before a fire to keep young children from falling into it, fender. V. Garde, Mar. Garde-fou, s. m. rails on the outside of bridges, etc. to keep people from falling. Gardemagasin, s. m. keeper of a store-house. V. Garde, Mar. Garde-manger, s. m. buttery. Garde-meuble, s. m. ward-robe; yenman of the ward-robe. Garde-nappe, s. m. wickerstand. Garde-note, s. m. notary. Garde-role, master of the rolls. Garde-vaisselle, gentleman of the ewry, also yeoman of the scullery. Garde, Mar. watch. La garde, the anchor watch. Prendre la garde, to take charge of the deck in harbour. Garde de la marine, midshipman. Garde-côte, sort of militia employed to defend the coasts. Bâtiment garde-côte, vessel of war employed to cruise on the coast to protect it from an enemy and to seize smuggling vessels. Garde-corps,man-rope. Garde-corps du beaupré, manropes of the bowsprit. Gurde-feu, cartridgebox. Garde-magasin, store-keeper.

GARDER, går-då, v. a. to keep or preserve, to keep or lay up; to guard, keep, defend, look to or after; (un malade) to nurse; observe, fulfil; (son rang) to keep, maintain; (son lavement) to keep, hold. Garder la (un lavement) to keep, hold. Garder la chambre or le lit, to keep ouc's chamber or bed. Garder bien le change en suivant la bête, to avoid the change in hunting. Dieu nous en garde, God forbid, God keep us from it. Il a gardé la fierre quarte deux ans, he has had a quartan ague two years together. Vous ne savez pas ce que Dieu vous garde. you know not what God has got in store for you. En garder une à quelqu'un, or la lui garder bonne, to owe one a spite. En donner a garder a quelqu'un, to put or impose upon one. Se garder, v. r. to have a care or take beed. Se bien garder de faire une chose, to be sure not to do a thing, sorbear doing a thing, keep or abstain from doing a thing, take care not to do a thing. Il s'en gardera bien, he will take care not to do it.

GARDEUR, SE, gar-deur, deuz, s. m. & f. keeper. Gardeur de cochons, swine-herd.

Gardense de vaches, cow-herd.

GARDIES, gar-dien, s. m. keeper, guar-dian; sequestree; (d'un couvent) guardian or superiour. Ange gardien, guardisu-angel. Gardien, Mar. Gardien d'un quai, wharfinger. Gardien de la sainte-barbe, lady of the

gun-room (in English men of war;) gunners' yeoman (on board French ships.) Gardien de la fosse au lian, boatswain's yeoman Gardien des rechanges du maître-charpentier, the carpenter's yeoman. Gardieus, men em-ployed to take care of ships of war laid up in ordinary.

Gardienne, går-dien, s. f. guardian, keeper. Gardon, går-don, s. m. sort of roach, freshwater mullet. Sain comme un gardon, as

sound as a roach.

GARE, gar, (imperative of garer) have a care, make way, stand out of the way; die take care of, be aware of. Gare an chile, Mar. stand clear of the cable. Gare dessour, Mar. stand from under.

GARENE, gå-ren, s. f. warren.

GARRARIER, garden, a. m. warrener.
GARRARIER, garden, v. a. to moor (a boat;)
formerly, to take care. V. Gare. Se gare,
v.r. to stand out of the way, take care of.
GARGARISER, garga-ti-za, v. a. to gurgle or wash (the throat.) Se gargariser, v.r.

to gargarize, gargle.
GARGARISME, går-gå-rism, s. m. gar-

gling, gargarism, gargie.
GARGOTAGE, gar-gò-taz, s. m.a nasty meal.
GARGOTE, gar-gòt, s. f. eating-house for the common sort of people, six-penny ordina-

ry, blind tippling bouse.

GARGOTER, gar-go-ta, v. n. to fuddle or tipple in a nasty tavern or ale-house, sot, sit sotting.

GARGOTIER, E, går-gå-tiå, tier, s. m. & f. one that keeps a six-penny ordinary; also uppler, sot.

GARGOUILLADE, s. f. sort of step in dancing.

GARGOUILLE gar-good, s. f. spout of a gutter. GARGOUILLER, s. f. spouting. GARGOUILLEMENT, gar-good-mes, s. m. noise of water falling from a spout; also noise in the throat or stomach or bowels (occasioned by wind.)

GARGOUILLER, gar-goo-A, v. n. to paddle, dabble (in soater.)

GARGOUILLIS, s. m. noise of water falling from a spout.

GARGOUSSE, gar-goos, s. f. powder to charge a cannon, cartridge of a cannon. La gargousse dans le canon, load with cartridge. GARGOUSSIÈRE, s. f. a pouch for car-

tridges. GARNEMENT, garn-men, s. m. rake, wick-

ed lewd fellow. GARNI, s. m. middle or filling up of ma-

sonry work in the middle. GARNI, E, adj. furnished, trimmed, et. Maconuerie garnie, masonry, filled up in the middle. Une perruque bien garnie, a very full peruke. Chambre garnie, ready furnished

full peruke. Chambre garnie, ready mused room or lodging.
GARNIR, garnir, v. a. to furnish, provide; (des gants or un chapeau) to trim; (une boutique) to furnish, store or stock: (un endroit foible) to strengthen or fortify; to garnish, adorn, set off or enrich. Garnis les poches d'un gallon. to bind or edge the pocket with galloon. Garnir, v. s. Mar. to rig, etc. Garnis les controls d'un galloon. nir le cabestan, to rig the capstan. Garnir un mat or une vergue, to rig a mast or a yard. Garnir une voile d'étai, to bend a stay-sail. Garnir les avirons, to ship the oars. Garnir le plonth, to arm the lead. Se garnir de, v. t

base, but : jeune, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

to seize upon; to furnish or arm one's self Se garnir contre le froid, to guard or provide against the cold.

GARNISON, gar-nl-zon, s. f. garrison; baihills quartered on a debtor till he pays. Une ville où il y a bonne garnison, a town well garrisoned.

GARRISSEU-R, SE, S. m. & f. haberdasher,

GARRITURE, går-al-tur, s. f. furniture, trimming; set. Garniture de toilette, set of things belonging to a toilet. Blocks that sepurabe the pages of a form (in printing.) Gar-miner, s. f. Mar. rigging (of a ship.) Garniture de passepe, pump genr. Garniture de la boue, slings of the buoy. Garniture des ancres, ground tackle.

GAROU, s. m. Ex. Courir le garou, to haunt bawdy-houses. V. Loup. Also, a small evergroes tree.

GAROUAGE, gå-rôo-åz, s. m. stews, baw-dy-house, brothel.

GARROT. ga-ro, s. m. the withers of a horse; packing stick. Garrot de Varçon, saddle bow. GARROTTER, ga-ro-ta, v. a. to tie fast, or

bind with cords.

*GARS, s. m. lad, boy, youth, or stripling, fellow, blade, spark. GARUS, s. m. elixir good for the stomach. GASCON, NE, gås-kon, kon, s. m. & f. Gas-con; also great boaster, cracker, pretender to great matters.

GASCONIENE, gås-ko-nism,s.m. gasconism. GASCONNADE, gas-ko-nad, s. f. gasconade, beasting or cracking, bravado or estentation. Faire des gasconades, to gasconade, brag, erack, or boast.

GASCONNER, v. n. to brag, boast.

GASPILLAGE, gås-pl-fåz, s. m. wasting, spullag, squamdering.
GasPILLER, gås-pl-få, v. a. to lavish or squamder away, waste or consume, spoil, put out of order.

GASPILLEU-R, SE, gås-på-lèur, lèuz, s. m. & f. lavisher, spendthrift.

GASTADOUR, s. m. pioneer.

GASTER, s. m. belly, sometimes stomach.
GASTRIQUE, adj. & s. f. gastrick. La gastriew, the gastrick vein.
GASTRIQUE, S. f. daintiness, or fondness

for one's belly. GASTROMAPHIE, s. f. gastroraphy.

GASTROTOMIE, S. f. gastrotomy.
GATÉ, E., adj. spoiled, etc. V. Gáter. Voilà
lies de papier gáté, there is a good deal of
paper wasted to no purpose.
Garant de la paper paper (Gátera de

GATEAU, gh-to, s, m. cake. Gitteau de miel, honey-comb. Trouver la fève au gh-teau, to hit the nail on the head. Aroir part au gleene, to have a hand in the business. Por-

lager le gateau, to share the profit, go snacks.
GATER, ga-th, v. a. to spoil, waste; indulge too much; to spoil, soil, spot; to spoil, mar. corrupt, deprave or debauch. Gater le setier, to undervell one's goods or undervalue one's labour; hence

GATE-MÉTIER, ght-mà-tlà, s. m. one that undersells his goods or undervalues his labour.

Be gitter, v. r. (and of ment) to taint: (of size) to be spoiled. Se gitter dans le monde, to get an ill name in the world.

GATEUR, s. m. waster, spoiler. Gateur te pepier, waster of paper.

GATTE, s. f. Mar. manger.

GAUCHE, gosh, adj. left; untoward, ill contrived; silly, ridiculous.

Gauche, s. f. lest hand or lest side. A

gauche, on the left.

GAUCHEMENT, adv. awkwardly.

GAUCHER, E, go sha, sher, s. m. & f. left-handed, left-handed person. GAUCHERIE, gosh-rl, s.f. piece of stupidi-

ty, blunder, silly or ridiculous action.

GAUCHIR, go-shir, v. n. to shrink back or turn aside; (*dans une affaire*) to double, use shifts, dodge, play fast and loose. Gauchir aux dificultes, to shun or decline or wave difficulties.

GAUCHISSEMENT, s. m. shrinking back. GAUDE, god, s. f. wood.

*GAUDEAMUS, S. m. (Latin word) merry making, merry bout, drinking bout GAUDER, go-da, v. a. to dye with woad; lay the foundation of a colour.

GAUDERON, GAUDRON, V. Goudron et Godron.

GAUDERONNER, V. Godronner.

"GAUDIR, v. a. to solace, cheer. Gaudir le nana, to live in clover. Se gaudir, v. r. to be merry.

GAUFRE, goff, s. f. honey-comb; wafer (sort of thin pastry.)
GAUFRER, go frå, v. a. to figure sinffs.

GAUFREUR, go-freur, s. m. one that figures stuffs.

GAUFRIER, go-fri-a, s. m. wafer iron.

GAUFRURE, go-frure, s. f. figuring (stuffs.)
GAULE, gol, s. f. switch; great rod, long
pole; also Gaul or France.
GAULER, gold, v. a. to beat down (fruit)

with a long pole or rod.

GAULIS, s. m. long sprig or small branch.
GAULOIS, E, go-lwa, lwaz, adj. & s. Gaul
or Gallic. La nation Gauloise, the Gauls, the ancient Gauls. La langue Gauloise, old French. Façon de parler Gauloise, old, ob-solete expression. C'est un bon Gaulois or un vieux Gaulois, he is a plain honest man, he means no harm. C'est du Gaulois, that is old French.

GAUPE, s. f. slut, trollop. *GAUSSER, go-sa, v. a. to banter, jeer. # fut guussé de tout le monde, he was jeered or bantered by every body. Il se fit gausser de ing stock of all the company.

"Gausserie, s.f. jeering, jest, banter, rail-

GAUSSEU-R, SE, go-seur, seuz, s. m. & f. jeerer, banterer.

GAVACHE, s. m. pitiful fellow, scoundrel. *GAVION, gh-vlon, s. m. throat.

GAYOTTE, gal-vôt, s. m. throat.
GAYOTTE, gal-vôt, s. f. [dance] gavot.
GAZ, gaz, s. m. gas, aromatick volatile
part of a plant.

GAZE, gåz, s. f. gauze.
GAZELLE, gå-zēl, s. f. antelope.
GAZER, gå-zā, v. a. to cover with gauze. GAZETIER, gåz-tiå, s. m. gazetteer; haw-ker or crier of gazettes, news-man.

GAZETIN, gaz-tin, s. m. little gazette, intelligence extraordinary.
GAZETTE, gå-zêt, s. f. gazette, newspaper,

news-monger. GAZEU-X, SE, adj. of or belonging to the substance of gas.

GAZIER, gå-zik, s. m. gauze-maker.

GENER, se-na, v. s. to constrain, confine, put under restraint, put out of one's bias; to

clog, trouble, he troublesome to. Be Giner,

bar, bat, base : there, dbb, over : field, fig : robe, rob, lord : mood, good.

GAZON, gh-zon, s. m. turf, green turf. Parterre de gazon, green plot.

GAZONNEMENT, gå-zôn-men, s. m. cover-

ing with turf.
GAZONNER, gå-zô-nå, v. a. to line or cover with turf.

GAZOUILLEMENT, gå-zdol-men, s. m. chirping, warbling, singing or chattering,

ag, gurgling or soft murmur. GAZOUILLER, gh-zoo-fh, v.n. (des oiseaux) to chirp, warble, sing or chatter; (d'un ruis-

GAZOUILLIS, gh-200-fl. V. Gazouillement.

GEAI, ze, s. m. jack or jackdaw. GEANT, zh-en, s. m. giant.

GEANTE, zå-ent, s. f. giantem. GEBENNE, V. Gene.

GEINDRE, v. n. (See the table at emdre) to whine, whimper, pule, gruntle, complain, be ailing something.

GELEDRE, zindr, s. m. baker's foreman. GÉLATINEU-X, SE, adj. gelatinous, viscous,

formed into a jelly.

GELÉ, E, adj. frozen. Aveir le bec gelé,

to be tongue-tied.

GELEE, ze-la, s. f. frost, frosty weather; jelly.

GELEE, ze-la, v. a. to freeze. Geler, v. n.

to freeze; to be starving with cold, be extremely cold. Il gele, it freezes. Se geler, V. r. to freeze or be frozen.

*GELINE, s. f. hen.

GELINE, B. I. nen.
GELINOTTE, eë-H-sôt, s. f. wood-hen; good
dat pullet. Geinotte d'esp, water-queil.
GENELUE, s. f. pl. Mar. clamps.
GENELLES, s. f. pl. Mar. clamps.

GENER, zh-mir, v. n. to groan er lament; to coo (as dores.)

GÉMISSANT, E, zh-mi-sèn, sènt, adj. groon-

ung, lamenting. Géмізекмент, zh-mb-mèn, s. m. groan.

or groaning, lamentation; cooing. GEMME, zem, adj. m. Ex. Sel gemme (or fossile,) mineral salt.

Gimonies, s. f. pl. place of execution among the Romans

GÉNAL, E, adj. of or belonging to the cheek. GÉNANT, E, zè-nèn, nènt, adj. troublesome,

GENCIVE, zen-stv, s. f. gum (wherein the teeth are set.)

GENDARME, zèn-darm, s. m. horseman in complete armour. Gendurmen, soldiers; sparks of fire; (d'un diamant) flaws. Cette femme est un vrai gendarme, she is a virago er termagant.

GENDARMER, (SE) se-zen-dar-ma, v. to bluster, take pet, fall into a passion; also to disquiet one's self.

GENDARMERIE, zen-darm-ri, s. f. horse of the king's household.

GENDRE, zendr, s. m. son-in-law. GENE, zen, s. f. rack, torture; torment, pain; constraint.

Gana, E, adj. constrained, etc. V. Géner. Gine per le terrain, straitened for want of

GENEALOGIE, al-al-l-10-zl, s. f. pedigree,

genealogy. Gintariosique, zi-nk-k-lò-zik, adj. genealogical. Arbre genealogique, tree of con-

ngumny. Généalogiste, zá-nà-à-lò-aht, **s. m. go** nealogist.

v. r. to constrain one's self. GENERAL, E, zh-ah-rhi, adj. general, universal. GENERAL, s. m. general or chief. Eng-

néral, in general, generally. La people or général, the generality of the people. Le général, the generality. Général d'une a-mée navale, admiral or commander in chief of a fleet of men of war. Officier général, Mar.

flag officer.

GENERALAT, ch-nh-rh-lh, s. m. general-ship, chief command; time during which the general continues in office.

GÉNÉRALE, ch-mh-ral, s. f. general (best ing of drums to warn an army to be ready.)
GENERALEMENT, zā-nā-rāl-nāda, sēv.
generally, universally, in general. Généralement, generally, commonly, ordinarily.
GENERALISATION, s. f. the act of generally.

ralizin

GÉNÉRALISER, ch-nh-rh-li-sh, v. s. to generalize.

GÉNÉRALISSIME, zh-mi-ri-d-dm, s.m.gneralissimo.

GÉNÉRALITÉ, 24-må-rh-17-th, s. f. generality; also district or precinct (of the public office of the treasurers of France.) Generalite, general (not direct or particular) discourses.

GÉNÉRAT-EUR, RICE, zh-nh-rh-lèur, trk, adj. (in geometry) generating. GÉNÉRATI-F, VE, zh-nh-rh-lèt, tv, adj.

generative.

GÉNÉRATION, 24-ph-ra-don, s. f. generation; propagation, production; progeny; deacent

GÉRÉREUSEMENT, zh-nh-rèus-mên, adv. generously, nobly; valiantly, stoutly, bravely. GÉRÉREU-E, SE, zh-nh-rèu, rèus, adj. gènerous, noble; valiant, stout, brave; liberal,

Générique, zh-uh-rik, adj. generical. Générosité, zh-uh-rò-zh-ih, a. f. gen rosity, greatness of soul; generous act, piece

of generosity.
Great Strate Genoa.
General Strate Genoa.
General Strate Genoal General neux, furze.

GENET, s. m. Spanish genet (sort of horse.)

GÉRÉTHLIAQUE, adj. genethliacal.

Génethiaques, s. m. pl. genethiaticks. Génetin, s. m. sort of French sweet wise. Genetite, zonet, s. f. (de cheest) kind of bit or snaffle. Aller à cheval à la genette, to ride short; sort of cat.

GENEVRE OF GENTEVRE, s. m. juniper-

GENÉVRIER, 28-ml-vrl-1, er GESIÈVEE. juniper-tree.

GÉRIE, zh-al, s. m. genius, familier spirit; humour; temper; talent, parts; fortification.

enginery. GENIÈVRE, el-alève, V. Genèvre & Gené-

GÉNISSE, 28-nh, s. f. heifer. GÉNITAL, E, 28-nl-tal, adj. genitel, pasrative, serving to generation.
Generation.

tive case.

ben, bet : jedne, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

Gerrornes, d-al-twer, s. m. genitals, Privy parts.
GENETURE, s. f. child, offspring.

GÉNOIS, E, adj. Genoese. GÉNOPE, s. f. Mar. temporary racking.

GENOU, zè-nde, (anciently Genouil) a. m. kase. Eve à genoux, to be on one's knees. Re mattre à genoux, to kneel, kneel down. Genou, a. m. Mar. lower futtock (of a timber.) Geneux de fond, lower futtocks (of the tim-bers) amidships. Genoux de porques, lower futochs of the riders or riders futtocks. Geour de revers, lower fattocks of the timbers fore and aft.

ORNOUSLERE, rè-ndo-tèr, s. f. (de botte)
top ef a boot; (de l'armure) pulloy-piece (an
armour for the knee.)

GENOGILLEU-X, SE, adj. kneed, knotty.

GEFEE, zeer, s. m. kind or genus; species, sen; (in grounder) gender; style, way or man-mer of writing, strain; kind, way, course, man-DIT.

GEES, sen, s. m. men, people, folks ; men servants, attendants, domesticks. Les gens è infres, the learned or scholars. Les gens ès manule, the king's council. Gens d'épée, sward-anns. Gens d'église, church-men, cler-

reces uses. Gens d'egine, church-men, cler-grann. Gens d'affaires, people of business. Gens de guerre, sodiers. Gens de mer, sen-faring people. V. Gens. R. B. Though gens be masculine of itself, yes the adjective belonging to it, if not end-ing with a mate in the masculine, is to be made business, when no he nlaced immediatals. ine, when to be placed immediately before game; observe however with regard to test, that, if placed before les gens simply, it is to be some ; and also when an adjective ending with e mute in the masculine is to be between her and gone; but that as any other adjective immediately before gene must be made immining, so fourier must also be used before by instead of tous. A following relative proarm or adjective is notwithstanding to be in the masculine. Hence, tous les gens, all peo-ple, every body. Tous les hountes gens, all ment people, every honest person. Trutes les homes gens, all good people, every good person. De telles gens, such people. Diverses con, several people, several persons. Ne tous familiarisez pas arer les petites gens, ils sons insultercient bientôt, do not get femiliar with the low sort of people, they would soon must you. La piupart des rieilles gens que tous auez consues étoient soupçonneux, the generality of those old people whom you have known were suspicious. When the adjective is to be placed after gene, it must of course we be praced stury gens, a must or control to manufacture. Ce sent des gens fort dangerenz, they are very dangerous people.

GENT, s. f. (terme poètique) people or nation. Le droit des gense, the law of nations, the industry of manifacture.

the rights of aution

GEST, E, she, schet, adj. neat, spruce,

GENTIASE, s. f. gentlan, fellwort.

GEFFIL, sen-ti, adj. & s. m. gentile, heathen, pagan. Les gentils, s. m. pl. the gen-tiles or pagans or heathens.

GESTIL, LE, zen-tl, tll, adj. pretty, gen-el, neat, handsome, fine. Fascon gentil, tercel gentle.

GRETHAROMER, zen-tl-lom, s. m. gentle-

man (either by noble descent or by place;) (gentilshommes) gentlemen.

"GENTILHOMMERIE, 16n-tl-/0m-rl, s. f. gentility.

GENTILHOMMIÈRE, zen-il-lo-mler, s. f. small country-house of a gentleman.

GENTILITE, zen-ul-ll-th, s. f. gentiles, heathens.

GENTILLATRE, zen-ti-latr, s. m. poor geutleman, laird.

GENTILLESSE, zen-ul-les, s. f. pretty way, genteel carriage, grace, legerdemain, pretty trick; pretty toy or knack; witty or merry conceit.

GENTIMENT, zèn-tl-mên, adv. prettily, neatly, handsomely, cleverly.
GENUFLEXION, zh-nu-flek-slon, z. f. genu-

flection, kneeling.

GEOCENTRIQUE, adj. geocentrick. GEODÉSIE, a. f. geodesia, art of measuring land.

land.

GÉODÉSIQUE, adj. geodesical.

GÉOGRAPHE, sh-ò-gràf, s. m. geographer.

GÉOGRAPHIES, sh-ò-gràf-fi, s.f. geography.

GÉOGRAPHIQUE, sh-ò-gràf-fik, adj. geo-graphical. Carte géographique, map.

GEÒLAGE, zò-lix, s. m. jailer's fees, carce-

lage.
GEÓLE, zôl, s. f. gaol, prison.
GEÓLIEE, zô-lià, s. m. gaoler.
Geòlièr, zô-lièr, s. f. gaoler's wife.
GEOMANCE or GEOMANCIE, zô-ô-mènsi, s. f. geomancy. Geomancien, ne, zâ-ô-mên-siên, siên,

s. m. & f. geomancer.

GÉOMANTIQUE, adj. geomantiek. GEOMÉTRAL, ch-ò-mà-tràl, adj. Ex. Plan

géométral, geometrical plan or draught, ground-plot. GEOMETRE, 28-0-metr, s.m. geometrician

or geometer.
GEOMETRIB, ch-b-ma-trl, s. m. geometry.

GEOMÉTRIQUE, ch-ô-mà-trik, adj. geometrical. GEOMÉTRIQUEMENT, så-d-må-trik-men,

adv. geometrically. Géometeurs, zh-òr-zh, s. f. pl. Georgicks (Virgil's books of husbandry.)

GERANIUM, zh-ra-nlon, s. m. geranium, stork-bill

GERBE, zerb, s. f. sheaf. GERBEE, s. f. bundle of straw (whereig

some grain remains.)
GERBER, zer-ba, v. a. to make up into sbeaves.

GERCER, zers, s. f. wood-louse. GERCER, zer-sa. v. a. to chap. Le froid gerce les lèvres, cold weather chaps the lips. Gercer, v. n. Se gercer, v. r. to chap, chink, crack or flaw.

GERCURE, zer-sur, s. f. chap, cleft, chink, crack, flaw or crevice. Mar. shake, flaw

GERRE, zh-rh, v. a. (in low) to manage. Gerer le bien d'un mineur, to manage the estate of one under age.

GERFAUT, zer-fo, s. m. gerfalcon. GERMAIN, E, zer-min, men, adj. german. Cousin germain, cousin german, first cousin Cousin iesu de germain, second cousin. GERMANDRÉE, zer-men-dré, s. f. Ger

mander.

GERMANIQUE, adj. bf or belonging to the Germans.

bar, bat, base : there, ebb, over : field, fig vobe, rob, tord : mood, good.

GERMANISME, s. m. particular way of speaking belonging to the German tongue.

GERME, zerm, s. m. germ, germin, young bud or shoot; seed, cause. Germe d'œuf, sperm of an egg. Un œuf sans germe, an ad-dle egg. Germe de fère, mark in a horse's mouth. Faux germe, false conception, moon Faux germe, false conception, moon calf.

GERMER, zer-må, v. n. to come or shoot up, spring out. bud.

GERMINAL, s. m. 7th month of the French calendar.

GERMINATION, zer-ml-nA-sion, s. f. germination.

GÉRONDIF, zå-ron-dif, s. m. gerund. GERZEAU, s. m. weed that grows amongst

grain in May.

GÉSIER, za-zla, s. m. gizzard.

GESINE, s. f. lying in.

*Gistr, v. n. only used in the following tenses, git, gisons, gisont, gisoit, and gisoient, to lie. Ci-git here lies. Tout git en cela, the whole business lies in that point or depends upon it. La côle git nord-nord-ouest et sud-sud-est, the coast lies north-north-west and south-south-east.

GESSES, zes, s. f. pl. chick-peas. GESTATION, s. f. gestation. GESTE, zest, s. m. action, gesture. de tête, nod. Gestes, gests, exploits, achieve-

GESTICULATEUR, zes-til-ko-la-teur, s. m. man too full of action, when he speaks.

GESTICULATION, s. f. gesticulation, too much action.

GESTICULER, ses-ti-ku-la, v. n. to use too much gesture, be too full of action.

GESTION, 26s-tion, s. f. (from Gérer) ma-

nagement, administration, conduct. Géum, s.m. a sort of healing plant. GIBBEU-X, SE, zî-beu, beuz, adj. gibbous,

banching out GIBBOSITÉ, zl-bô-zl-ta, s. f. gibbosity or

gibbousness.

GIBECIÈRE. 2fb-sièr, s. f. pouch, bag, poke or scrip. Faire des tours de gibecière, to show uggling tricks, play tricks by virtue of hocus pocus, play tricks of legerdemain.

GIBRLET, s. m. gimblet.

GIBELINS, S. m. pl. (partizans of the popes in Italy, during the 12th, 13th & 14th centuries) Gibelins.

GIBELOTTE, s. f. kind of fricassee of chick-

ens, hares, etc.

Giberne, zl-bern, s. f. cartridge-box.

Giber, zl-be, s. m. gallows, gibbet.

GIBER, 21-blå, s.m. game. Gibier à pre-obt, gibier de potence. Newgate-bird, vil-iain. Cela west pas de rotre gibier, that is none of your business, that is above your skill.

GIBOULEE, 21-boo-la, s. f. shower. Temps à giboulées, showery weather.
"GIBOYER, 21-bwd-yd, v. n. to go a fowl-

ing or hawking. Arquebuse à giboyer, sowling-piece. Epée à giboyer, long rapier. "GIBOYEUR, 2l-bwh-yeur, s. m. fowler.

GIBOYEU-x, SE, adj. abounding in game. GIGARTESQUE, 21-gan-tesk, adj. gigantick.

Gioor, 2-go, s. m. leg of mutton; also hind leg of a horse. Elendre ses gigots, to stretch one's legs. Gioorre, E. ad, trussed. Un cheral hien gigotté, a horse well trussed, strongly built.

GIGOTTER, 21-go-th, v.m. to kick (as a bare does in dying;) shake one's legs, jump about.
"GIGUE, zig, s. f. romp, tall frisky girl.

also jig.

*Giguer, v. n. to jump or romp, play was-

ton tricks; play gambols, frisk about. GILET, el-le, s. m. under-waisscon. "GILLE, ell, s. m. Ex. Il a fait gille, be is gone, he is run away, he has scampered away.

GIMBLETTE, zin-blêt, s. f. kind of pestry

in the form of a ring. GINGEMBRE, zin-zenbr, s. m. ginger.

GINGLYME, s. m. ginglymus.

GINGUET, TE, zin-ge, get, adj. of line value, poor, insignificant. Habit ginguet, scarty suit of clothes; also s. m. week sort of wise. GINSENG, s. m. ginseng.

GIRAFE, s. f. four footed animal found in Africa.

GIRANDOLE, 21-ren-dol, s. f. girandole; branch or branched candlestick, chandelier.

set of diamonds and precious stones.

GIRASOL, 21-ra-sol, s. m. girasol (kind of opal.)

GIROFLE, 21-roff, s. m. cloves. Un dou de girofle, a clove.

GIROFLER, 21-ro-file, s. f. stock-gilliflower or July flower.

21-rd-fffk, s. m. stock-gilli-GIROFLIER, flower, stock-gilliflower plant ; also clove-free. GIRON, 21-ron, s. m. lap ; (in heraldry)

giron. Le giron de l'église, the bosom or pale of the church.

GIRONNÉ, E, adj. rounded; (in heraldry) gironnee.

GIRONNER, v. a. to round.

GIROUETTE, 21-rwet, s. f. vane or weathercock.

GISANT, E, adj. (from Gésis) lying, extended. GISANT, zì-zèn, s. m. Ex. Le giant de la meule d'un moulin, the bed or nether milstone.

GISEMENT, zlz-men, s. m. Mar. direction of a coast.

Git, V. Gesir.

GITE, s. m. form of a hare, also lodging, habitation; and place where one lies at m upon a journey. Payer son gite, to pay for one's night's lodging.

Giter, zi-u, v. n. to lie.

GIVRE, zlvr, s. m. hoar-frost, er rime; (# heraldry) snake or serpent.
GLAÇANT, E, adj. freezing.

GLACE, glas, s. f. ice; glass; flaw (in a diamond.)

GLACE, R., edj. frozen, frozen up, cong-lated, etc. V. Glacer; glazed. Les boisses glaces tuent beaucoup de gens, drinking with ice kills a world of people. Un amost glore, a cold lover.

GLACER, glà-sà, v. a. to freeze, congest or turn into ice; (des constitues) to ice; (um doublese) to stitch down; (le ang, Pespri) to chill or damp. Cet anteur la me glace, that author does not affect me in the least. Glacer, v. n. Se glacer, v. r. to freeze or be frozen, chill.

GLACEU-X, SE, adj. that has a flaw or flaws (said of precious stones.) GLACIAL, E, gla-sial, adj. frozen. La mer

glaciale, the frozen sea, the northern ocean.
GLACIERE, gla-ser, s. f. ice-house.

GLACIFRS, s. m. pl. heaps of ice.glaciers.

bure, but : jeune, meute, beurre : énfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

GLACIS, glà-sì, s. m. glacis, slope. Le glacis d'une contrescarpe, the glacis of a coun-

GLAÇON, glà-sôn, s. m. ice, piece of ice. Un gros glaçon, a flake of ice.

GLADIATEUR, gla-dia-teur, s. m. gladiator, sword player or prize fighter (among the Remane,) duellist or bully.

GLAIRUL, glà-yèul, s. m. corn-flag. GLAIRE, glèr, s. f. glaire, white of an egg, simp or ropy matter.

GLAIRER, v. s. to glaire, to smear with the white of an egg (with book-binders.)

GLAIREU-X, SE, glê-rêu, rêus, adj. slimy er ropy, full of slimy matter.

GLAIS, s. m. knell.

GLAISE, giez, s. f. or terre glaise, potter's earth, clay.

GLAISER, glè-zà, v. a. to do over with clay.

GLAISEU-X, SE, adj. clayey. GLAISERRE, s. f. place where potter's

earth is found.

GLAIVE, glev, s. m. (in poetry) sword. Le puissance du glaire, the power of life and death.

GLAMA, s. m. four footed animal of Peru.

GLAMA, S. m. four nover anima.

GLAMAGE, gib.nkz, s. m. gleaning.

GLAMAGE, gib.nkz, s. m. gleaning.

(ds hêbre, etc.) mast; (de mouchoir) button;

(de crassate) tassel. Gland de colet, hand
string. Gland de mer, sort of shell.

GLANDE, glend, s. f. gland or kernel. Glandes au cou, mumps or tonsils (an inflam-

mention about the jaws.)
GLAFDÉ, E, adj. that has the glanders (speaking of a horse or more.)
GLAFDÉE, glén-dà, s. f. crop of mast.
Use homes glandée, a good store of mast, a good year for mast.
GLAFDEE DE STATE DE STAT

GLANDULE, glen-dol, s. f. glandule or little kernelt.

GLANDULEU-X, SE, glên-dû-lêu, lêuz, adj. glandakous, kernelly, full of kernels. GLAME, glan, s. f. gleaning, ears of corn gleaned; (d'ognom) rope; (de poires) cluster. Aure glane, to glean.
GLAMER, gla-nh, v. a. to glean or lease.

GLANEU-R, SE, glà-neur, neuz, s. m. & f.

rleaner.

GLANURE, s. f. gleaning.
GLAPIR, gill-phr, v. n. to yelp, bark or
howl; to squeak.

GLAPISSANT, E, gla-pl-sen, sent, adj. squeaking, shrill.

GLAPISSEMENT, s. m. yelping, squeaking.

GLAS, gla, s. m. knell. GLATTERON, V. Gratteron.

GLAUCOME, s. m. glaucoma.

GLAYEUL, s. m. corn-flag. GLEBE, gibb, s. f. glebe, land, ground; ore; clod.

GLEER, s. f. (in anatomy) sort of small wity. Mar. coil. Filer sa glène, to drop cavity. Mar. coil. Fit the coil from one's hand.

GLENER, v. a. (une manasure) Mar. to cail up (a rope.) V. Glane & Glaner.
GLISADE, gll-såd, s. f. slip or slipping, skiding. Faire une glissade, to slip or slide. Faire une glissade axe la pique, to move the pike forward or backward.

GLISSANT, E, gill-sen, sent, adj. slippery. GLISSÉ, s. f. a step in dancing.

GLISSEMENT, s. m. the act of sliding.

GLISSER, v. n. to slip or slide. avez-vous laissé glisser cette méprise? how came you to oversee that mistake? how did that mistake escape you ? Glisser Ugerement sur quelque chose, to glance upon a thing, touch it lightly.

uch n ngnuy.
GLISSER, gil-så, v. a. to slip, convey; to sinuate. Il glissa sa main dans ma poche, slint his hand into my pocket. Glisser in**sinuate**. he slipt his hand into my pocket. nuelque chose dans un discours, to bring in a thing in a discourse. Se glisser, v. r. to slip or creep in or into, insinuate one's self. Des fautes qui se sont glissées dans l'impression,

errors that have escaped the press.
GLISSEUR, gli-seur, s. m. slider.

GLISSOIRE, gil-swar, s. f. alide.
GLOSE, gibb, s. m. globe.
GLOSULAIRE, s. f. (plant) globularia.
GLOBULE, gib-bil, s. m. globule.
GLOBULE, gib-bil, s. m. globule.

GLOBULEU-X, SE, glo-ba-leu, leuz, adj.

globulous, globular.

GLOIRE, glwar, s. f. glory; honour, esteem, name, fame, reputation; pride, vanity. vain-glory; ornament; glory or heaven. Vaine gloire, vain-glory, conceit, conceitedness. La gloire du paradis, the blessedness of heaven. Faire gloire de quelque chose, to glory in a thing, take pride in it, value one's self upon it. Aimer la vaine gloire, to be vain-glorious or conceited. Il est la gloire de notre société, he is the ornament or honour of our society.

GLORIEUSEMENT, glò-ri-èuz-men, adv. gloriously, honourably; with honour. GLORIEU-X, SE, glò-ri-èu, èuz, adj. glorious, illustrious, famous, honourable: proud, haughty,vain-glorious, conceited; blessed, glorified. GLORIEU-X, SE, s. m. & f. vain-glorious

or conceited or proud person,

GLORIFICATION, glo-ri-fl-ka-slon, s. f. glorification.

GLORIFIER, glo-ri-file, v. a. to glorify, put among the blessed. Se glorifier de, v. r. to be proud of, take a pride or glory in, boast or brag of.

GLORIOLE, s. f. vanity, pride (in trifles.)

GLOSATEUR, V. Glossateur.

GLOSE, gloz, s. f. gloss, comment, exposi-

GLOSE, groz, s. r. groze, tion, interpretation; sort of parody.
GLOSER, glò-zh, v. a. to gloss or comment upon expound or interpret. Gloser sur, v. n. to carp at, censure or criticise, find fault with.

GLOSEU-R, SE, S. m. & f. censurer, carper. GLOSSAIRE, glo-ser, s. m. glossary, dictionary for hard or obscure words.

GLOSSATEUR, s. m. glossographer. GLOSSOPETRE, s. m. tooth of petrified fish; precious stone in the form of a tongue.

GLOTTE, s. f. glottis.
GLOUGLOU, gloo-gloo, s. m. gurgling of a narrow-mouthed pot or straight-necked bottle when it is emptying.

GLOUGLOUTER, v. n. to gobble (said of the cry of turkies.)

GLOUSSEMENT, gloo-men, s. m. clucking. GLOUSSER, gloo-sa, v. n. to cluck. Pouls qui glousse, clucking hen.

GLOUTERON, V. Gratteron.

GLOUTON, NE, gloo-ton, ton adj. & s. greedy, glutton, great eater, greedy gut.
GLOUTONNEMENT, gloo-ton-men, adv.

greedily. GLOUTONNERIE, gloo-ton-ri, s. f. gluttony,

greedy feeding.

bår, båt, båse : thère, êbb, ovêr : field, fig : rôbe, rôb, lård : mêad, gåed.

GLU, gla, s. f. bird-lime.

GLUANT, E, gibles, est, adj. chammy, gluey, viscous, glutinous.
GLUAU, gible, s. m. limed twig.

GLUER, gra-a, v. a. to do over with bird lime, glue, maké clammy.

GLC1, s. m. thatch.

GLUTINATI-F, VE, adj. agglutinative.
GLUTINEU-I, SE, gib-U-neu, neuz, adj.
glutinous, gluey, clammy, viscous.
GRIOLE, s. f. dent made by the peg of a top.

GROME, gnom, s. m. gnome. GROMIDE, s. f. the female of a gnome.

GNOMIQUE, adj. sententious. GNOMON, s. m. gnomon, hand of a dial.

GNOMONIQUE, S. f. gnomonicks, dialing. Go, Ex. Il est entré tout de go, he went in

at once freely or without ceremony.

at once recely or without ceremony.

GOBEL S. f. poisoned gobbet.

"GOBEL S. m. dainty bit.

GOBELET, gôb-lê, s. m. goblet or cup, drinking cup; juggler's box; the king's buttery. Joneur de gobelets, juggler.

GOBELINS, s. m. pl. (nom d'une célèbre manufacture de teinture et de tapisseries à Paris) Gobelins. Gobelins, sing. hobgoblin.

GOBELOTER, gôb-lô-th, v. n. to guzzle et tipole.

or tipple.

GOBE-MOUCHE, s. m. lizard very dexteto be read of the control of the con

to banter, make game.

GOBERGES, go-berz, s. f. pl. boarded bottom of a bedstead. In sing, sort of cod-fish.

GOBET, go-be, s. m. morsel swallowed up eedily. Prendre un homme au gobet, to reedily. take one napping: pl. sort of cherry.

Goberen, v. n. to plaster the joints of a

wall.

GOBEU-R, SE, S. m. & f. one who gulps down or swallows eagerly or believes too

Gonin, go-bin, s. m. hump-back.

GOBLIN, s. m. hobgoblin. GODAILLE, go-dat, s. f. small, thin, paltry

GODAILLER, go-da-da, v. n. to guzzle, tipple. GODELUREAU, god-lo-ro, s. m. beau, sperk,

GODENOT, s. m. juggler's puppet, jack in a box, ill shaped little fellow.

GODER, v. a. to fold, plait. GODERON, V. Godron, and its derivatives accordingly.

GODET, go-de, s. m. cup or mug. Godet

de fiture, cup of a flower.

Gudivan, go-di-vo, s. m. sort of meat-pie.
Gudivan, go-di-vo, s. m. sort of meat-p

GORLETTE, S. f. Mar. schoener. Gornon, s. m. Mar. scu-wood. Gorne, gdf, adj. awkward, ill-shaped, illcontrived.

GOFFEHERT, adv. awkwardly.
GOGALLLE, gö-göl, s. f. merry-making.
Faire gogaille, to be or make merry, drink merrily.

Goeo, gd-gd. Ex. Viere à gege, to live in clover.

GOGUENARD, E, gôg-nar, nard, adj. & a bantering, banterer, buffoon.

GOGUENARDER, gog-nar-ch, v. n. to bunter, amuse a company with low jest

GOGUENARDERIE, s. f. lowje GOGUER, (SE) v. r. to be or make merry. GOGUES, s. f. pl. merry mood.

GOGUETTES, go-get, s. m. pl. merry mood or merry humour.

GOINFRE, gwinfr, s. m. gutler.

GOINFRER, gwin-frk, v. a. to make mer-

ry, guttle.
Goinfrerie, gwin-frè-ri, s. f. many-

making, guzzling.

Golfran, gwair, s. m. great swelling or wen (like a bag under the throat or the her-

nia guturis.)
Goltragu-z, sz, gwh-trèu, wèsz, adj. of
the nature of the goitre.

GOLFE, golf, s. m. gulf. GONNE, gom, s. f. gum.

GOMMER, go-sak, v. a. to gum, stiffes with gum. GOMMEU-x, su, go-meu, meus, adj. gum-

my, full of gum; gummed, stiff with gum. Gommier, s. m. gum-tree.

GOND, gon, s. m. hinge. Faire sertir of mettre quelqu'un hors des gonds, to unhinge anger one. Gonde de sabord, Mar. port-hooks.

GONDOLE, gon-dôl, s. f. gondols; kind of

drinking cup.

GONDOLÉ, E, ROJ. Mar. round-sheered.

GONDOLIER, gon-do-lik, s. m. gondolier.

GONDOLIER, gon-do-lik, s. m. gondolier. GONPALON OF GONPANON, s. m. genfalon

or gonfanon, banner of the church.
GONFALONIER or GONFANONIER, S. EL. holy standard-bearer; chief of some indian republics.

GONPLEMENT, gondlender, s. m. swelling. GONPLER, gondle, v. a. to swell or pull, fill with wind. Se gonfler, v. r. to swell or puff, be puffed up.

GONIN, go-nin, Ex. Un mettre gonin, a.m. cunning fox, a sly dog. Un tour de mattre gowin, a scurvy trick.

GONIOMÉTRIE, s. f. the art of measuring

angles.

GONNE, s. f. (sea term) cask, sea cask. GONORHÉE, go-no-rà, s. f. genorrioss. GORE, a. f. a sow,

GORET, go-re, s. m. pig, young hog; also shoe-maker's head journeyman. Goret, s. m. Mar. hog or large brush (for scrubbing a vessel's bottom under water.) GORETER un bâtiment, Mar. to hog a vour!

GORGE, görs, s. f. neck or throat: gorge, or guilet; (d'une femme) neck or breast; (d'montagne) straits or narrow passages; (de pot) mouth and neck; (de bassion) the gorge pot) month and neck; (de bastien) the gorge or breast; (de colonne) gorge, guite or neck. Tour de gorge, tucker. Gerge de pigeon, changing colour. Gorge chande hawk's fee. Faire une gorge chande de qui-que chose, to regale one's self with a time, make a thing the subject of one's minh. Rendre gorge, to east up, spow, vensit; also to refund. Cette affeire un'a coupé ta gorge, that business broke my neck or has been the ruin of me. Il coupe ta gorge à bien des gen qui ne hei out point fait de mul, he doss à bûse, bût : jêûne, mêute, bêure : ênfast, cêst, liês : vin : mon : brun.

world of injury to a great many people that never did him any. Il ha tient le pied our la gorge, he has the whiphand of him. Il nous met le pied sur la gorge, he tramples upon us, he uses us as his slaves. Son ris ne passe Bon ris ne passe pas le narud de la gorge, he laughs but from the teeth outward. Il a dit des paroles offensentes, mais on les hei fera rentrer dans la garge, he has been abusive, but we shall make him eat his words.

Goze far, gêr-sh, a. f. gulp, mouthful, swal-low (of say layer.) Goze far, gêr-sh, v. a. to gorge, cram or smal. Gorger de richesses, to fill with riches. Se gorger, v. r. to glut one's self, fill or stuff, or cram ome's belly. Se gorger d'or et d'ar-gest, to heap up gold and silver. Gononne, s. f. Mar. knee bolted close to

the outer part of the stern in French ships, which forms what the English call the upper and inner part of the knee of the head.

GORGERETTE, gore-ret, or GORGETTE, s. f. surt of neck-cloth or coller for women.

GORGERMS, gorz-rim, s. m. gorget, neck-

Gosina, go zh, s. m. throat, gullet or wea-sand, also pipe or windpipe. Elle a un char-ment govier, she has a sweet voice. Charter à plein gosier, to sing at full stretch.

GOSSAMPIN, s. m. great tree, resembling

the pine-tree.

GOTHIQUE, go-tik, adj. gothic. Lettre go-thique, black letter. GOUACHE, s.f. a painting in water colours.

GOUDBON, goodron, s. m. Mar. tar. GOUDBONNER, goodronk, v. a. Mar. to tar, pay or do over with tar. Goudronner

GOUNTHON, to pay a seam.
GOUNTHON, V. Golmon.
GOUNTHON, V. Golmon.
GOUNTHON, Body, so me galph, whiripool, pit, abyme or swallow; bottomless pit. La guerre est am goulfre d'argent, war consumes ense treasures.

Gouge, goos, s. f. (a tool) gouge. franche gouge, trollop, common whore, camp

Gouck, z, Mar. V. Pomme.

GOULEE, s. f. whore, crack, flirt, trull, wench.

GOUJAT, gdo-zh, s. m. waiter in an army, black-guard. Goujat de maçon, a mason's or brick-layer's hod-man.

Goujos, goo-am, s. m. gudgeon; also iron or wooden pin.
Goujunz, s. f. Mar. score.

GOULER, s. f. gulp, a large monthful. GOULET, goode, s. m. Mar. straight, en-trance (of a karbour.) V. Goulot.

GOULIAFRE, goo-Mair, adj. & s. greedy, greedy gut, gluiton.
Goulot, goolò, s. m. gullet, nock (of any

terred, etc.)

Goulu, E, gôc-lô, là, adj. & s. greedy, that eats greedily; glutton, greedy gut. Goulu, shark. Pois goulus, sugar peas. Goulument, gôc-là-men, adv. greedily.

"GOUPIL, s. m. young fox.
GOUPILLE, gdo-pil, s. f. pin or peg, bolt.
impille, Mar. fore-lock.

GOUPILLER use cherille, Mar. to fore-lock

GOUPILLOR, gdo-pl-lon, s. m. bottle-brush; holy-water sprinkle.

*GOUPILLONNER, v. a. to cleanse or a clean with a bottle-brush.

GOURD, g. adj. namb, stiff with cold.
GOURDE, goord, a. f. gourd bottle; a lie.
GOURDER, goord, a. m. cudgel.
GOURDER, goord, a. m. cudgel.

GOURDINEE, v. a. to cudgel

GOUREUR, s. f. any sophisticated drug.
GOUREUR, s. m. one who sophisticates drugs, deceiver.

Gourganding, goor-gan-din, s. f. fire,

trull, quean, crack

GOURGANE, s. f. sort of little wild bean. GOURMADE, goor-mad, s.f. cuff, or fisticuff. GOURNAND, E, goor-men, mend, adj. & s.

greedy, ravenous, greedy gut, glution. GOURMANDER, gior-men-di, v. GOURMANDER, goor-mes-da, v. a. to abuse, check, rattle, scold at, saub, snap up; (le vice) to reprove or check: (see passions) to master, curb, keep under. Se laisser gourmander, to suffer one's self to be abused, truckle under.

GOURNANDISE, goor-men-diz, s. f. glusony, gormandizing, immoderate eating and drink-

ing.
GOURME, goorm, s. f. strangles (a disease in horses.) Cet enfant jette an gourme (or a la in horses.) Cet enfant jette sa gourne (or a la gale,) that child has the scab or itch. Jeter sa gourme, to sow one's wild oats.
Gourn's, z, adj. curbed, etc.; proud, af-

fected.

GOURMER, goor-ma, v. a. to curb ; to cuff or box.

GOURMET, goor-me, s. m. wine-connoisseur.

GOURMETTE, goor-met, s. n. curb.
GOURMETTE, goor-met, s. f. curb.
GOURSE, goos, s. f. cod, busk or shell; (d'ail) clove.

GOUSSET, goo-se, s. m. fob; (d'une chemise) gusset; bracket; arm-pit or arm-hole.
Sentir le gousset, to smell rank under the arm-pit.

Goor, goo, s. m. taste; palate; taste, dis-cerning faculty, judgment, parts, akill; re-lish, liking; manner, way, fancy, contrivance, genius. Viande de hant goût, meat high sea-soned. Viande qui a bon or manuss goût, savoury or unsavoury meat. Anoir le gold déprané, to have one's mouth out of taste. Avoir le golt bon, to love good things, love that which is good. Il n'a point de golt pour la musique, he does not relish musick, he is not affected with musick. Trouver use chose d son gold, to relish a thing, like or fancy it.

Je ne crois pas que cela soit de votre gold, I de
not think that will please you or fit your palate. Se faire le gold à quelque chose, to bring
one's humour to a thing. Donner du gold à un ouvrage, to finish a piece of work, improve it to the best advantage. Occurage de grand goût, (in pointing) noble design. GOUTER, goo-th, s. m. afternoon's nun-

chion, collation

GOUTER, gbo-th, v. a. to taste or reliah, to try or have a taste of; to reliah, like or approve; delight or take delight in, please one's self with.

Golter, v. n. to make collation or est one's

afternoon's nunchion.

Goutte GOUTTE, gôot, s. f. gout; drop. Goutle à goutte, by drops, drop by drop. Dans tant son discours il n'y a pas une goutte de bon sens. in all his discourse there is not a jot or whit of bar, bat, base : there, ebb, over : field, fig : robe, rob, lord : mood, good.

good sense. Du vin de la première goutte, or de la mère-goutte, unpressed wine (that which comes first of itself from the grapes without pressing.) Je n'entends goutte, I do not hear at all, I am quite deaf. Je ne nois goutte, I see nothing, I do not see at all. Je ne nois goutte en tout cela, it is all a mystery to me.

GOUTTELETTE, s. f. small or little drop.
GOUTTEU-X, SE, goo-teu, teuz, adj. & s.
gouty, troubled with or subject to the gout; gouty person.

gouty person.

Goutrières, goo-tèr, s. f. gutter, rainspott, spout; (de carrosse) cornice.

Goutrières, s. f. pl. Mar. water-ways (of the decks.) Goutrières resversées, straight and long pieces of timber placed on the sides (in some French ships of war) to support the beams in the wardroom, instead of hanging knees

GOUVERNAIL, goo-ver-nal, s. m. Mar. rudder, and (when speaking in general terms) helm. Tenir le gouvernail, to sit at the helm. GOUVERNANCE, s. f. a sort of jurisdiction

established in some towns of the low-coun-

GOUVERNANTE, goo-vêr-nênt, s. f. governor's lady; also house-keeper; governess, governant; (des filles d'honneur) mother.
Gouvernes, e, adj. ruled, guided, govern-

ed, etc.

GOUVERHEMENT, gho-vern-men, s. m. go-vernment; (d'un vaissau) steerage. Avoir

vernment; (d'un vausseut) steerage. Avoir quelque chose en son gouvernement, to have the management of a thing, have it in charge, GOUVERNER, gÖO-ver-nå, v. a. to govern, or-rule; manage, look to or take care of; to husband; (quelqu'un) to govern or manage, to do what one pleases with. Se gouverner, v. r. to carry or govern or behave one's self. Mar. to steer. Faire gouverner, to can. Gouverner are no marce, to sheer (a ship) to her verner sur son ancre, to sheer (a ship) to her anchor. Gouverner à la voile, to sieer with the sails (when the rudder is unshipped or lost and no substitute provided.) Gouverner à la lame, to steer by the sea (when it runs high.) Gouverne là, steady. Gouverne sans donner beaucoup de barre, sever small. Gouverne au plus près, keep her close to the wind. Gouverne où est le cap, steer as you go. Vaisseau qui gouverne bien, ship that answers her helm quickly. Vaisseau qui gouverne met ship that the trees the state of the s mal, ship that steers badly.
Gouverneur, goo-ver-neur, s. m. go-

vernor; tutor.

GRABAT, grà-bà, s. m. little bed or couch. truckle bed.

GRABATAIRE, adj. one babitually sick,

one who defers baptism till death.
GRABUGE, gra-buz, s. m. quarrel, debate,

squabble, wrangling.

GRACE, gras, s. f. grace; favour, kindness, courtesy; agreeableness; pardon; thanks, acknowledgement. Coup de grâce, coup de grace (the blow which the execution-er gives to dispatch a criminal.). Graces, or gives to unpacen a criminal.). Graces, (grayer after meal) grace; (d'une langue) beauties; (grâces infuses,) infused gifts or parts. Les Grâces, the Graces. Bonnes grâces, favour, benevolence. Bonne grâce (du lit) head curfain; (dans les manières, etc.) good grace, gracefulness, corneliness, handsome or mutes luya. Mossinies arrâce unpactatel monte de la contracte de la contra

genteel way. Mauraise grace, ungenteel way,

awkwardness, awkward way. L'on de grâce 1825; the year of our Lord 1825. Dire grâces, rendere grâces, to say grace. Grâce à Dies, grâces à Dies, thank God, God be thanked. Grace à votre bonté, graces à cette dane, tranks to your goodness, thanks to that lady. Faire grace a quelqu'un, to favour one. Etre en grace ausprès de quelqu'un, to favour one. Etre en grace ausprès de quelqu'un, to be in favour with one. De grace, dutes moi, ce que c'est, pray, be so kind as to tell me what it is. de pray, be so kind as to tell me want it is. to coust fais grace de la moisié des dépens, I forgive you half the charges. Dies m'en fase la grace, God grant I may. Shabiller de bonne grace, to dress genteelly. Vous avis no reason for you to complain of that. Vraiment, yous avez bonne grace de croire que to entitle consentier trails upon a positium. je venille consentir, truly, you are a pretty man to think I would consent to it. Nanovi-je pas bonne grace de le dire? would it not become me well to say it? Un discours on a de la grace, a neat, handsome or graceful discourse. L'action donne de la grace au discours, action sets off a discourse.

GRACIABLE, gra-si-abl, adj. pardonable. GRACIEUSEMENT, grà-slènz-mên, adv. graciously, kindly.

GRACIEUSER, gra-sleu-sh, v. a. to show a great kindness to.

GRACIEUSETÉ, s. f. gratification, gift, pre-

sent ; kindness, civility. GRACIEU-X, SE, gra-sieu, sieuz, adj. gracefine, delicate, genteel, pleasant, kind,

civil, courteous.

GRACILITÉ, grà-sl-li-tà, s. f. shrilness or slenderness (of voice.)
GRADATION, grà-dà-slon, s. m. gradation, climax.

GRADE, grad, s. m. degree.

GRADIN, gra-din, s. m. steps of the alter on which the candlestick stands. Gradins,

steps; seats raised one over another. GRADUATION, gra-dù-a-sion, s. f. gradustion.

GRADUÉ, E, gra-du-a, adj. that has taken a degree in the university. Carte gradue map on which the degrees of longitude and latinde are marked. Fas gradus, gradual fre-

GRADUÉ, s. m. graduate. GRADUEL, LE, adj. gradual. Paumes graduels, gradual pealing.

GRADUEL, s. m. gradual (part of the man sung between the epistle and gospel;) choirbook.

GRADUELLEMENT, adv. gradually.
GRADUER, gra-dù-a, v. s. to graduate,
mark the degrees on, dignify with a degree.

GRAFIGNER, V. a. to scratch (as cals do.) GRAILLEMENT, s. m. hourse sound.

GRAILLER, v. n. to sound the horn to call back the dogs.

GRAILLON, gra-lon, s. m. remains, scraps (of a feast.)

(of a feast.)

GRAIN, grin, s. m. grain or corn: grain, berry, kernel, bead, stone: (poids) grain; (parlant des étofies ou du cuir) grain, nap. Grain de sel, grain, or corn of salt. Grain de grenade, kernel of a pomegranate. Grain de lierre, ivy berry. Grains de sanstarde, grain of mustard-seed. Grain de cerail, bead fo coral. Grain de roisin, berry of a grape. Grain de petite rérole, pumple of the small pox. Grain de grelle, hail-stone. Fetaine à

bûse, bût : jêûne, mêute, bêurre : ênfânt, cênt, hên : vin : mon : brun.

grain d'orge, napped fustian. Futaine à gros grais, big napped fustian. Asoir un petit grais de folie, to be a little foolish or crack-brained. Il n'a pas un grain de bon sens, he has not a grain of sense.

Grain, s. m. Mar. squall. Tempe à grains, squally weather. Le bâtiment chassé n'a pas amené un pouce de voile dans le grain, the chase has carried through the squall. Un grain nous vient de l'avant, a squall is coming a-head. Il y a dis cont dans ce grain-là, there

GRAINER, V. Grener.

GRAINER, gren, s. f. seed, plant seed. Grainer de cor à soie, eggs of a silk-worm.

GRAINER, V. Grener.

GRAINER, V. Grener.

GRAINIER, E, s. m. & f. one who retails all sorts of grains.
GRAIRIE, V. Gruerie.

GRAISSAGE, S. m. the act of greasing.
GRAISSE, gres, S. f. fat. Graisse fondue,
grease. Tuché de graisse, greasy. Graisse
de réti, drapping of roast moat.
Ch., act is a sti graced lignand de

GRAISSE, E, adj. greased, liquored, etc. GRAISSER, gre-sh, v. a. to grease; (des souliers) to liquor. Graisser la pate à quelqu'un, to grense one in the fist, danb one, tamper with one, tip one's hand. Graisser it martens, to fee the porter in order to get admittance. Graisser les mâts de hune, to grease the top-masts.

GRAISSET, s. m. ruddock (kind of frog.) GRAISSEU-X, SE, gro-seu, seuz, adj. greasy. GRAMEN, gra-men, s. m. cow-grass, quick-

gram, dog-grass. Grammaire, gra-mer, s. f. grammar. GRAMMAIRIEN, gra-me-rien, s. m. gram-

mariae. GRAMMATICAL, E, grå-må-ti-kål, adj.

grammatical: grå-må-ti-kål-GRAMMATICALEMENT,

ofn, adv. grammatically.

Grammatiste, s. m. one who teaches

GRABD, B, gren, grend, adj. (The d is only sounded before a vowel, and then sounds life t.) grent; big, vast, huge or large; long; tall or high; noble, generous; grand, chief,

main, extraordinary; excellent, eminent.

Grand four, broad day-light. Le grand
assure, the philosopher's stone. Grand-croix,
a. m. one of the chief dignities of the knights
of Malta. Grand-matter, grand master,
Led Shararard of the kind by probabild. General Lord Steward of the king's household. Grand-mattre (de cérémonies) chief master (of the curemonies). Grand-mattre (de la grade-robe de l'artillerie de Malte) great master (of the ward-robe, of the ordinance of Malta.) Grand-mactire (de collège) head master (of a college.) Grand-merci, s. m. thanks. Absolutely, I thank you. Le grand ressort, the main spring, the master spring. Les grands jours (cour extraordinaire) a general and extraordinairy seasion. Before several nouns feminine which begin with a consonant grand is swritten instead of grande. Ex. Grand-mare, grand-mother. Grand-tante, great aunt. Grand-mare, high mass. Faire grand-chère, to live well or sumptuousty. C'est Lord Steward of the king's household. Grandchere, to live well or sumptuously. C'est grand pitie, it is a great pity. Grand peine,

th much ado, etc. Grund, Mar. (parlant de cabestans, de mâts, de roiles, etc.) main. La grande flotte, the

gracel Regt

Grand, s. m. great man; great things; sublimity. Faire quelque chose en grand, us do a thing in great. Peindre en grand, to paint at full leagth. Faire le grand, to carry thigh or stately. Il y a de grand done lous see écrits, there is a sublimity in all his writings. Les grands d'un royamme, the grandees or great men of a kingdom. Les grands d'Espagne, the grandees of Spain. Monsieur le grand (le grand écuyer du roi) the master of the horse to his majesty.

*GRAEDAT, s. m. V. Grandesse.

GRANDELET, TE, gren-ic, ict, adj. pretty

big.
GRANDEMENT, grend-men, adv. greatly,
very much, extremely.
GRANDESSE, s. f. quality of a grandee of

Spain.

GRANDEUR, grên-dêur, s. f. hugeness, big-TRADUCUS, greatest, a.t. nuguents, press, size, taliness; greatness, grandess, crecllency, dignity, nobleness, sublimity; ensermity; importance; lordship; grace (a title.) GRANDIR, grea-dir, v. n. to grow big. or tall.

"GRANDISSIME, grea-di-sim, adj. very

GRANGE, grenz, s. f. barn. GRANGIER or GRANGER, s. m. farmer. Grangière, s. f. farmer's wife.

GRANIT, grå-nit, s. m. granite. GRANITELLE, adj. marble that resembles granite.

GRANULATION, s. f. granulation.
GRANULER, gra-nd-la, v. a. to granulate.
GRAPHIE, s. f. description.

GRAPHIQUE, adj. graphick.
GRAPHIQUEMENT, adv. graphically.
GRAPPE, grap, s. f. bunch or cluster; (aux pieds de cherous) kind of scab. Mordre à la grappe, to bite at the book.

GRAPPILLER, grà-pl-là, v. n. to glean after vintage. Grappiller, v. a. to scrape up, get (some little thing.)
GRAPPILLEU-R, SE, gra-pl-leur, leuz,

s. m. & f. grape-gleaner. GRAPPILLON, grid-pl-lon, s. m. little clus-

ter or bunch.

ter or buncu.
GRAPPIN, grà-pis, s. m. grapple or grappling iron. Grappin, s. m. Mar. grapnel, grappling. Grappin à sais, hand grappel. Grappin d'abordage, fire-grapnel. Grappins de chalospe, boat grapnel. Grappins de boat de vergue, grapnel irons (such as are fixed to the yard arms of a fire-ship.) Grappin de vaisseau de bas bord, a sort of anchor for small

vessels.
GRAS, SR, grå, grås, adj. fat, full of fat; greasy; oily, thick; fertile, fruitful; bawdy, obscene, smutty. Terre grasse, clay or fuller's earth. Du son gras, fine bran that has some meal among it. Mortier trop gras, mortar that has too much lime in it. Anoir la langue grasse, to lisp or speak thick. Parler gras, to lisp, speak thick; also to speak bawdy or smutty. Les joints de estle pièce de bois sont trop grus, the joints of pièce de bois sont trop gras, the joints of that piece of wood are too thick. Encre grasse, thick ink. Jour gras, flost-day. Cheval gras fonds, horse that has got the molten grease. Dormir la grasse matinie, to sleep very late, over-sleep one's self. Ц en fail ses choux gras, he gets well paid for it. Vous en êtes bien plus gras d'avoir fait cela ? what have you got by doing that? what are bar, bat, base : thère, êbb, over : field, fig : rôbe, rôb, lôrd : môod, gôod.

you the better for it? Horizon gras, Mar. hazy weather, hazy horizon.

Faire gras, to GRAS, s. m. fat, fat piece. eat flesh or meat (against the church- and orcan mean or mean (against the church and or-dinance.) Le gras de la jambe, the cali of the leg. Gras-double, tripe. Gras fondu, s. m. & adj. Gras-fondure, s. f. molten grease (a horse disease. V. Gras, adj.) GRASSE, the feminine of Gras.

GRASSEMENT, grae-mên, adv. plentifully; largely. Vivre grassement, to live plentifully, to live in clover. Recompenser grassement, to give large or ample rewards.
GRASSET, TE, gra-se, set, adj. pretty fat,

pretty plump.

GRASSETTE, s. f. a sort of plant.

GRASSETEMENT, grå-sey-men, s. m. lisp-

ing.
GRASSEYER, grå-se-yå, v. n. to lisp, to speak thick.

GRASSOUILLET, TE, gra-edo-ie, iet, adj.

plump.

GRAT, s. m. scraping place. Envoyer quel-qu'en au grat, to send one a grazing, turn one away, adj. grateful. GRATERON, s. m. bur-dock, clotbur.

GRATICULER, v. a. to square (an original drawing or picture in order to take a copy.)
GRATIFICATION, gra-ti-fl-kk-slon, s. f. gratification or gratuity, bounty, liberality,

present. GRATIFIER, gra-d-fl-a, v. a. to gratify.
GRATIF, gra-tis, a. m. that which sticks to the bottom of a skillet, etc.; in which any

thing was boiled.

GRATIS, gra-ils, adv. gratis, for nothing. GRATITUDE, gra-il-tud, s. f. gratitude, thankfulness, gratefulness, acknowledgment. Avoir de la gratitude, to be thankful or grateful. Je vous témoignerai ma gratitude, I shall show myself grateful or thankful to you.

GRATTE, s. f. Mar. scraper.

GRATTE-CUL, grat-ku, s. m. hip or fruit of the briar.

GRATTELLE, gril-tel, s. f. itch.

GRATTELEU-X, SE, grai-leu, leuz, adj. that has got the itch.

GRATTER, gra-ta, v. a. to scratch, scrab or claw; to scrape or rake off; (& paper) to scrawl, write fast and ill; (use rentrainere) to smooth down with the nail; to pilfer, cabbage. Du monde à gratter l'entrepont, Mar. some hands to scrape the between decks. GRATTOIR, gra-twar, s. m. scratching

knife, scraper.

GRATUIT, E, grà-tôl, tôlt, adj. gratuitous, free or freely given. Un don gratuit, a free gifL

GRATUITÉ, grà-tôl-tà, s. f. mercy, good-

ness; free gift, gramity.
GRATUITEMENT, gra-tult-men, adv. freely, frankly, gratia, for nothing.

GRAVE, grav, adj. heavy; grave, serious, sober; weighty, of weight or importance. L'accent grave, the grave accent, the grave.

GRAVE, s. m. gravity. Je mis dégoûté du

GRAVE, 5. m. gravity. Se sais acgoins an growe of du scricus, I am weary of gravity.

GRAVÉ, E, adj. engraved or engraven, imprinted, etc: Avoir le nez gravé de la petite tévole, to have one's nose pitted with the small-pox, to have pock holes in one's nose.

GRAVELÉE, grav-la, a. f. tartar, old less

GRAVELEU-X, SE, grav-ku, kuz, adj. troubled with the gravel. Fruit graveleur, stony fruit. Urine graveleuse, urine full of gravel, sandy urine.

GRAVELLE, gra-vel, s. f. gravel or stone. GRAVELURE, grav-lor, s. f. obscenity,

smuttipess

GRAVEMENT, grav-men, adv. gravely, seriously.

GRAVER, gra-va, v. a. to engrave or grave. Graver à l'em-forte, to etch. Graver qui-que chose dans l'esprit, to imprint a thing on one's mind.

GRAVEUR, grå-veur, s. m. engrever.

GRAVIER, grd-vil, s. m. gravel. Commir de gravier une allée, to gravel a walk. Urine où il y a beaucoup de gravier, sandy urine.

GRAVIR, grå-vir, v. n. to climb or clamber up. Ex. Gravir an hant d'une montagne, to climb up a hill.

GRAVITATION, gra-vi-ta-slon, s. f. gravi-

GRAVITÉ, gra-vl-ta, s. f. gravity ; heaviness; seberness, seriousness, importance. Gravité de son, despuess of sound.

GRAVITER, v. n. to gravitate. GRAVOIS, gra-vwa, s. m. ruins, rubbish,

shards : coarse gravel.

shards; coarse graves.

GRAVORE, graves.

Graves.

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GRAVORE, graves.

GRAVORE, graves amiably.

GREC, GRECQUE, grêk, adj. Greck, Grecian. La langue Grecque, the Greck tongue, Greck. Il est Grec la-dessue, he has a gress

talent that way.

GREC, a. m. A Greek or Grecian. Le Grec, Greek, the Greek tongue. Un house amost en Grec, a great or able Grecian. Cest of Gree pour mei, this is Hebrew to me, I know not what to make of it.

GRECE, gres, s. f. Greece (an ancient republick.)

GRECQUES, s. f. Mar. aky-scrapers.
GREDIN, E. gra-dis, din, adj. & s. beggar-ly, shabby; beggarly or shabby person; small shaggy dog.

GREDINERIE, grå-din-ri, s. f. beggariness, shabbiness.

GRÉEMENT, s. m. Mar. rigging. Ce coisseau a un greement bien lourd, that ship is very heavily rigged.

base, bût : jêûne, mêute, baurre : ênfant, cênt, liên : vin : mon : brun.

Gráza, v. a. Mar. to rig. Gréer une pompe, to rig a pump. Grée les avirons, got your ours to pans. Ho de la hune de minime: grée la bounette de pervaguat à hébord, for-top there, set the top-gallant studding-sail on the larboard side

GREFFE, gref, s. m. registry, place where registers are kept, the rolls. Greffe, s. f. graft or graff.

GREFFER, gre-fa, v. a. tograff or graft. V. Enter.

GREFFIER, grd-fil, s. m. register or keep-

er of a register.

GREFFOIR, grd-fwar, s. m. grafting-knife. GREGEOIS, grd-swh, adj. m. Ex. Feu gr/-geris, wild-fire, greek-fire that burnt in wa-

GRÉGORIER, NE, adj. Gregorian. Année Grégorianne, reformed in 1882 by Grego-ry XIII.

*GREGUEN, v. a. to pecket.
*GREGUES, s. f. pi. breeches. Tirer ses

grigues, to run or scamper away.
Guille, grèl, a. f. hail. Une grêle de fisches, a shower of arrows.
Guille, adj. sim, thin, slender, lank.
Voix grêle, shrill, squeaking voice.
Guille, a, adj. spoited with or by the hail.
Il a ke single grêle, he has pock-holes in his face. Il est un pen grêle, he is low in the world

GRELER, grell, v. n. to hail: v. a. to spoil

or rain by or with the hail.

GRELIN, s. m. Mar. cablet (cable from 2 to 5 inches in circumference,) warp, tow-rope.
Guilow, gridon, a. m. large hail-stone.
Guilow, gridon, a. m. little bell.
Guilotter, gridold, v. m. to shiver,
quake (with cold.)

GRELUCHON, s. m. a secret gallant.

GRÉMIAL, s. m. gremini. GRÉMIL, s. m. (plant) grummel or stone-

GRENADE, grè-nad, s. f. pomegranate;

GRENADIER, gré-så-då, s. m. pomegra-

ante-tree; grenadier. Grenadiere, gre-al-dier, s. f. grenade-

GRENATLE, grê-nh/, s. m. small shot.

GREBALLIER, gro-mi-fig.v.a. to granulate. GREBALSON, s. f. plants forming into seeds. GREBASSER, s. f. Mar. little showery squall (of wind.)

GRENAT, grb-nh, s. m. gramite; sort of small bird; lemon peel.

GRENAUT, s. m. chub, guraard or garnet. GRENELER, v. a. to make (a shin) rough like shagreen.

GRENER, grb-ni, v. n. to seed; to gramulate, pound.

GRENTERIE, grên-tri, s. f. corn-trade. GRENTIER, z., grên-tia, tièr, s. m. grain desier; controller of the king's magazine of

GREERITS, gren-ti, s. m. ingrailed ring (reend a coin.)

GRENIER, grd-olk, s. m. granary, corn-loft or corn-house; garret. Grenier à foin, hay-loft. Grenier à sel, magazine of salt. En grenier, uppactéed (in sects.) En grenier, Mar. in bulk. Chargé en gre-

wier, laden in bulk. Nous chargedmes du

pointe en grenier à Bencoolen, we loaded with pepper in bulk at Bencoolen. GRENOUILLE, grê-pâol, s. f. frog.

GRENOUILLER, gre-noo-A, v. n. to guzzle or tipple.

GRENOUILLERE, gre-noo-ter, s. place full of frogs; damp unwholesome spot.

Grenovillet, s. m. solomon's seal (a plant.) GRENU, E, gre-na, na, adj. full of grain. Marbre grens, granite marble. Cuir grens, leather that has a good grain. Huile grense, clotted oil.

Gaits, grè, s. m. sort of brown free-stone.

Bosseille de grès, stone bottle.

Gaits:, grà-sit, s. m. sort of rime er boarfrost that blasts vines, fine sort of hail.

GRÉSILLEMENT, gré-zl-mên, s. m. shrivelling, wrinkling; faffing of fine bail.
GRÉSILLER, gré-zl-d, v. n. Il grésille, there is a rime, it is rimy weather, it is a hoarfrost. Es grésiller, v. r. to wrinkle, shrivel.
GRESSERIE, s. f., brown free-stone; stone-

ware, stone-bottles.

GREVE, grev, s. f. sandy shore; place of execution (at Paris.) Envoyer en Grève, to send to Tybura or to the gallows. "Grèves,

GRÉVER, gra-va, v. a. to oppress, ag-

grieve, wrong.

GRIANNEAU, s. m. a young moor cock. GRIBANE, s. f. kind of small vessel.

GRIBLETTE, s. f. slice of pork broiled.

GRIBOUILLAGE, s. m. scrawl, doub.

GRIBOUILLETTE, gri-boo-let, s. f. scramble oracrambling (the throwing of a thing among several people to make them scramble for it.) GRIEGH, gridesh, adj. speckled. Ex. Pie grieche, speckled magpie; vixen. Ortic

grieche, male or Roman or Greek nettle. GRIE-F, VE, grl-ef, ev, adj. grievous, enor-

GRIEF, s. m. grievance, wrong, injury. GRIEVEMENT, grl-èv-mên, adv. grievously, extremely.

GRIÈVETÉ, grl-èv-th, s. f. grievousness, enormity.

GRIFFE, grif, s. f. claw or clutch. Se tirer des griffes des sergens, to get out of the bai-liff's clutches.

GRIFFOR, grl-fon, s. m. griffin.
GRIFFORNAGE, grl-fo-naz, s. m. scribbling or scrawling, scrawl.
GRIFFORNÉ, z. adj. scrawled, writ fast

and ill.

GRIFFONNEMENT, s. m. rough drawing. GRIFFONNER, gri-fo-na, v. a. to scribble

or scrawl; draw roughly, sketch. GRIGNON, gri-gnon, a. m. piece of crust.

GRIGNOTER, gri-gnô-th, v. a. to nibble. GRIGOU, gri-gôo, s. m. shabby or beggar-ly fellow; sordid miser.

GRIL, gri, s. m. gridiron. Etre sur le gril,

to be upon thorns.

GRILLADE, gri-fad, s. f. broiled meat, grillade. Faire une grillade d'une cuisse de chapm, to broil the leg of a capon. Grillade de châtaignes, roasted chesnuts.

GRILLE, gril, s. f. grate; (de tripot) grill or hazard. Faire un coup de grille, to strike a ball into the grill.

GRILLER, gri-la, v. a. to grill, broil, burn or roast; to grate up; (d'impatience) to burn, fry. La chaleur du soleil a grille toutes les bar, bat, base : thère, ebb, over : field, fig : robe, rob, lord : mood, good.

herbes, the heat of the sun has parched or

burnt up all the grass.

GRILLON, grl-lon, a. m. cricket (insect.)
GRIBACK, grl-mbs, a. f. grimace, face or
wry mouth or crabbed look; grimace, dissimulation, show; box pincushion-like. Kaire la grimace à quelqu'un, to look sour or grim upon one. Cet habit fait la grimace, that coat puckers.

GRIMACER, gri-ma-sa, v. n. to make faces, make wry faces, wry the mouth, grin; to

pucker.

GRIMACIER, E, gri-mà-sià, sièr, s. m. & f. one that makes mouths or grimaces, prim or precise person; also hypocrite.

GRINAUD, grl-mò, s. m. young school-boy,

raw scholar, ignorant.

TAW scholar, ignorant.

GRIME, s. m. dirty, low school-boy, brat.

GRIMELIN, grim-lin, s. m. dirty boy, young
boy; gamester that plays for trifles only.

GRIMELINACE, grim-ll-nks, s. m. playing
for a trifle, trifling play; small trifling gains.

GRIMELINER, grim-ll-nk, v. n. to play for
a trifle. Grimeliner, v. a. & n. to make some
small gains or stand upon trifles.

GRIMOIRE, gri-mwkr, s. m. conjuring
book, obscure sayings, illegible scrawls.

book, obscure sayings, illegible scrawls.

GRIMPER, grin-ph, v. a. to climb or clamber up, swarm up.

GRIMPERBAU, s. m. wood pecker.

GRIMPEU-R, SE, grin-peur, peuz, s. m. & f. climber.

GRIFCEMENT, griss-men, (de dents) s. m. grinding or guashing (of teeth.) GRINGER, griss-th, v. a. Ex. Griscer les dents, to grind or gnash the teeth.

GRINGOTTER, grin-gö-th, v. n. to chatter, to warble (as birds do.) Gringotter un air, to quaver or hum a tune.

GRINGUENAUDE, s. f. fartleberry, ex-

GRIOTTE, gri-ôt, s. f. kind of black cherry; sort of marble, GRIOTTIER, gri-o-th, s. m. kind of black-

cherry-tree.

GRIPPE, grip, s. f. whim. Se prendre en grippe contre quelqu'un, to be prejudiced against one without any cause.

GRIPPER, grl-på, v. a. to gripe, catch, lay hold of. Se gripper, to grow or be whimsical: also to shrivel, shrink.

GRIFFE-SOU, S. m. penny sharper.
GRIF, E, gri, griz, adj. gray. Cassonade
grise, brown sugar. Lettre grise, flourished
letter. Temps gris, cold gloomy weather,
raw weather. Etre gris or am peu gris, to be tipsy or a little flustered,

upsy or a nulle flustered,
GRIS, a. m. gray, gray colour. Etre habillé de gris, to wear gray clothes. Gris de fer, iron gray. Gris de lin, gridelin. Vert de gris, verdigrise. Gris tanné or enfumé, puke colour.

GRISAILLE, gri-zal, s. f. picture done in black and white, mixture of dark and white bair (for wigs.)

GRISAILLER, gri-za-la, v. a. to daub with black and white.

also tradesman's daughter or wife; plain gil, or wench. Une joice grisette, a pretty, plain gill GRISON, NE, gri-zon, zon, adj. & s. gray,

gray-haired, hoary, gray-haired person. Grison, spy; grizzle i

GRISONNER, grl-zd-na, v. n. to grow grayhaired or boary, begin to have gray hairs.
GRIVE, griv, s. f. thrush (sord.)
GRIVELE, E, adj. dappled, speckled, griz-

zled. GRIVELÉE, griv-là, s. f. secret robbing or cheating, extortion.

GRIVELER, v. a. & n. to embezzle, rob ar cheat the public.

GRIVELERIE, grl-vol-ri, s. f. embezzir-ment, extortion, plunder.

GRIVELEUR, griv-leur, s. m. robber of the

public, extortioner.
GRIVOIS, grl-vwa, s. m. merry blade, good

companion, rake.

GRIVOISE, gri-vwaz, a. f. tobacco grater; also free bold wench, soldier's trull.

GROGNARD, E, S. m. & f. grumbler.
GROG, S. m. Mar. grog. Boire du grog, to
splice the main brace. Retrencher è un me-

telot sa portion de grog, to stop a sailor's grog. GROGNE, grogn, s. f. grumbling. Faire la grogne, to grumble, look gruff.

GROGNEMENT, grogn-men, s. m. grunting. grumbling.

GROGNER, gro-gmh, v. n. to grunt or grun-

tle; to growl, grumble.

GROGNEU-R, SE, gro-gratur, gnèus, a m. éc f. grumbler, grumbling person.

GROGN, gro-in, a. m. snout (of a hog.) R
lai a donné sur le groin, he gave him a sisp

on the chaps. GROLLE, s. m. rook.

GROMMELER, grom-lå, v. n. to grumble or mutter.

GRONDEMENT, s. m. grumbling or rum. bling noise.

GRONDER, gron-då, v. n. to grumble, matter or growi. L'orage gronde, the wind roars. Le tonnerre gronde, the thunder roars or rumbles. Gronder, v. a. to chide, scold st, reprimand, snub or rattle.

GRONDERIE, grond-ri, a. f. scolding, chid-

ing, reprimand.
GRONDEU-R, SE, gron-deur, deuz, scj. &

GRONDEU-R, SE, gros-dèur, deuz, adj. & s. grumbling, peevish, morose; grumbler, scold, scolding person.
GROS, SE, grò, grès, adj. big, great, buge; thick, coarse; large, great, high. Parier des grosses deuts à quedqu'uns, to. rattle one. Avoir le course gros de quedque unjure, to stomach or resent an injury. Grosse vande, to stomach or resent an injury. Grosse re coarse meat, butcher's meat. Grosse soie, coarse or stitching silk. Une femme grosse (or enceinte,) a woman big or great with child. Une grosse femme, a big bellied woman. Grosse de trois mois, that has gone three months with child. Elle est grosse d'un tel. such a one has got her with child. Entre de that has gone three frame grosse, a woman's longing. Elte et grosse de deux enfans, she goes with twins. Elte grosse de savoir (de dire, de faire) quelque chose, to long mightily to know (say or do) any thing. Un gros animal, une grosse tête, un gros lourdant, a blockhead, a dunce, a dull nated or awkward fellow. Es ex GRISER, gri-zhir, adj. grayish.
GRISER, gri-zhir, adj. grayish.
GRISER, gri-zh, v. n. to turn gray. Griser,
v. a. to make tipsy, fuddle. Se griser, v. r.
to get fuddled or tipsy.
GRISER, s. m. young gold-finch.
LIRIER, T. E. M. young gold-finch. base, bat : jèune, mêute, beurre : énfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

hard words betwirt them. La grosse faim, the edge of one's stomach. Gros temps the edge of one's stomach. Gros temps, Mar. blowing weather, sormy weather, foul weather. Gros cosp de ser, Mar. heavy sea. Grosse sventure, Mar. bottomry.

Unos, s. m. biggest part; drachm, eighth part of an oance; (d'un arbre) trusk or body; (de canderie) body. En groe, by wholesale, by the great; also in general, in general terms. Tout en groe, in all, only. Le groe du monde, the generality of men. Le groe d'une affaire, the general, principal, main or chief point of a business. Gros de Naples, grogram.

Gros, adv. much. Il grêle fort groe, it hails very big. GROS, s. m. biggest part; drachm, eighth

hails very big.

GROSEILLE, gro-zel, s. f. gooseberry. Gronilles rouges, currants or red currants. Gro-nilles blanches, white currants. Groseilles mires, black currents.

GROSEILLIER, gro-zè-ff, s. m. goose-berry-tree, currant-tree.

GROSSE, s. f. gross or twelve dozen; engrossed copy of a publick deed or instrument. Emprunter de l'argent à la grosse, Mar. to take somey on bottomry. V. Gros.

GROSSERIE, s. f. iron-ware; also whole-

sale dealing.

Gnossesse, gro-ses, s. f. great belly, being with child. Achever sa grossesse, to go out her time.

GROSSEUR, gro-sour, s. f. bigness, size; swelling. Prendre la grosseur d'un homme, to take measure of one (said by tailors.)

GROSSI, E, adj. grown bigger, etc.
GROSSI, E, adj. grown bigger, etc.
GROSSIER, E, gro-till, sier, adj. coarse,
thick: coarse, rough, homely, unwrought;
coarse, clownish, rustical, raw, unpolished,
not polite, rude: gross, pelpable. Marchand
grossier, wholesale-dealer.
GROSSIERD WEETER and Allegard.

GROSSIÈREMENT, grò-dèr-mên, adv.

Grossilker, and coarse or gross manner: clowmishly: also summarily, in general.
Grossilkerf, gro-ale-th, s. f. coarses: radeness, cownishness, want of manners; also rude thing, ill language, unmanner-

GROSSIR, gro-sir, v. a. to enlarge or swell; make greater, thicker, or bigger; magnify, increase. Se grossiv, v. r. Grossiv, v. n. to grow big or thick; swell, increase. Grossoven, gro-swe-ya, v. a. (law term)

to engross.
GEOTESQUE, gro-tesk, adj. comical, plea-

smt, apt to make one laugh, ridiculous.
GROTESQUES, s. f. pl. or Figures grotesques grotesque figures, grotesque works.
GROTESQUELERT. gro-lesk-mėn, adv.
pleasantly, comically, ridiculously, oddly.
GROTES, grot, s. f. grot or grotto, cave.
GROUNTEST-S. s. edi. story, gravelly.

GROULLERENT, s. m. the grumbling of GROULLERENT, s. m. the grumbling of

GROUILLER, groo-ta, v. n. to turn or stir about. Le veure lui grouille, his belly grumbles. La tête lui grouille, his head shakes again. Grouiller de vers or de fourmis, to crawl with worms or ants.

GROUPE, groop, s. m. (in painting or sculp-ture) group or knot of figures. Groupe d'iles, Mar. group or cluster of islands.

GROUPER, groo-pà, v. a. to group, make a group of, make a complication (of figures.) Grouper, v. n. Ces figures groupest bien ensemble, those figures look well in a group. GRUAU, grao, s. m. cat-meal; gruel or water-gruel; coarse or brown bread; young crane; (machine) crane.

GRUE, gra, s. f. (bird) crane, (machine) crane; fool, bubble. Un cou de grue, a long meck. Faire le mied de grue, to dance attend-

neck. Faire le pied de grue, to dance attendance, wait. Le monde n'est pas grue, the world is cunning world is cunning now-a-days.
GRUERIE, gru-ri, s. f. court of justice in

eyre of the forest.

GRUGER, grd-zk, v. a. to crack or craunch : Gruger quelqu'un, to live upon also to eat.

GRUME, s. f. bark. Vendre les b grume, to sell timber with the bark on. Vendre les bois en

grame, to sell timber with the bark on.
GRUMELER, gro-mo, s. m. lump, clotgrume. Se metire en grumeaux, to clot.
GRUMELER, (SE) se-grom-la, v. r. to clot:
v. n. to grunt (as a wild boar.)
GRUMELEU-X, sa, grom-leu, leuz, adj.
rugged, that feels rugged; grumous, clotted.
GRUYER, E, adj. belonging to a crane.
Faucon gruyer, hawk made for the crane.
Faucon gruyer, pheasant like a crane.
Gruyer, s. m. chief forester or warden of a forest, justice in eyre.
GRUYERE, gro-yer, s. m. sort of cheese from Gruyere in Switzerland.
GUAHEUX, gh-d-du, s. m. wild-ox.

GUAHEUX, gu-à-eu, s. m. wild-ox. Gua, gu, s. m. ford. Passer la rivière à gué, to ford the river. Sonder le gué, to sound a business, see whether a thing be seasible.

GUEABLE, gå-abl, adj. fordable. GUEDE, s. f. (pastel) woad, dyer's woad. GUEDER, v. n. to woad. Gueder, v. a. to cram or stuff with victuals.

GUEER, gh-A, v. a. to ford; (un cheval, du

linge) to wash.
GUENILLE, ge-ull, s. f. rag or tatter. Refaire see gueniles, to patch up one's clothes.
GUENILLON, ge-ul-on, s. m. little rag.
GUENIPE, ge-ulp, s. f. slut, trollop; crack
or wench, prostitute.

GUERON, ge-non, s. f. ape, monkey; homely puss; prostitute, whore.
GUERUCHE, ge-nush, s. f. young ape or

monkey.

Gurre, gep, s. f. wasp. Gurrer, ge pla, s. m. wasp's nest or hole; midwall (a bird.)

GUIPIERE, s. f. wasp's nest.
"GUERDON, s. m. guerdon; reward.

*GUERDONNER, v. a. to reward. Guère, or Guères, gèr, adv. As this word is only used with ne, and is equivalent to pus beaucoup it may be rendered not much, but little, when the noun is sing. not many, but few, when plural, and not very before an adverb or adjective. Navoir guère d'argent, not to have much money, to have but little money, to have hardly any money. Na-voir guere d'amis, not to have many friends, to have but few friends, to have hardly eny friends. Je ne me porte guère bien, I am not very well. Il u'est guere sarant, he is not very learned. Je ne sors guère, I do not go out very often, I seldom or hardly ever go out. Il ne demeurera guère à venir, it will

bår, båt, båse : thère, ëbb, ovër : fleld, flg : rôbe, röb, lörd : môod, göod.

not be long before he comes. Il n'y a guèra que les rois qui puissent, etc. there are few but kings, there are hardly any but kings, that may, etc.

Gužagr, gå-rē, s. m. fallow ground. Gwerëts, (en poesie) fielded Gužag, s. adj. healed, cured, etc. Gužagnon, gå-ri-don, s. m. stand (sort of

GUERIR, ga-rir, v. a. to cure or heal; reclaim from; case or soften. Guerir d'une erreur or d'une opinion, to free from an error, rectify a mistaken opinion, undeceive or disabuse. Guérir, v. n. Se guérir, v. r. to be cured or healed, heal, amend, recover one's

Guárison, ga-ri-son, s. f. cure, recovery,

o GUERISSABLE, ga-ri-shbi, adj. curable, that may be cured or healed. Qui n'est pas guerissable, incurable.

GUÉRITE, gh-rk, s. f. sentry-box; also

immet.

GUERRE, ger, s. f. war; war or warfare. Des geus de guerre, soldiers, military men. Déclarer la guerre, to declare war. Aller à arer la guerre, to declare war. Aller à la petite guerre, to go upon a party, go plun-dering about. It y a guerre perpetuelle entre les sens et la raison, there is a continual war or conflict betwirt the senses and reason. Faire la guerre, to wage or make war. Faire la guerre à ses passions, to struggle with one's passions. Faire la guerre au vice, to declare one's self an enemy to vice. Les auteurs se font une guerre d'esprit, authors contend for wit. Faire la guerre à l'azil, to take one's measures according to the emergency of affairs. Faire la guerre à quelqu'un d'une chose, to teaze, rally or banter one about a thing. De house guerre, fairly, by fair play. Place de guerre, strong place or hold, fortified town. Vaisseau de guerre, Mar. ship of war, man of war.

GUERRIER,E, gè-rih, rièr, adj. & s. warlike or martial, warfaring, warriour, warlike

person. *GUERROYER, ge-rwi-yi, v. n. to war, to

make war.

*Guerroyeur, gê-rwk-yêur, s.m. warrior. GUET, ge, s. m. watch. Apoir l'azil au guet, to watch, to look about, look every way. La maison du guet, the round house. Passer des marchandises à faux guet, to smuggle goods or commodities. Guet-apens, s. m. ambush or ambuscade. Deguet-apens, on set purpose wifells. pose, wilfully. Meurtre commis de guet-apens, wilful murder. Mot du guet, watchword.

GULTRES, getr, s. f. spatterdashes. Tirer

ass guiders, to march off, scamper away.
Gultas, s, adj, that has spatterdashes on.
Juge guiders, country justice of the peace.
Gultarra, getth, v. a. to put spatters

dashes on. GUETTER, ge-th, v. a. to watch, wait for,

dog, waylay, "GUETTEUR, s. m. footpad that lies in wait.

GUEULARD, a. m. bawler, loud talker.
GUEULARD, a. m. bawler, loud talker.
GUEULE, geul, s. f. mouth; belly, gluttony.
Avoir la gueule morte, to be down in the
nouth. If n'a que la gueule, be has nothing
but talk. Une femme trop forte en gueule, a
woman that has an ill tongue. Mots de gucule, bawdy expressions, bawdry. Gucule

droite, (in architecture) casement. Gueules, (in heraldry) gules. Guesie de raie, Mar. cat's paw (made in a rope.) GUEULEE, gèu-là, s. f. large mouthful.

Gueulees, smutty or bawdy expressions, baw-

GUEULER, geu-ià, v. n. to bawl.
GUEUSAILLE, geu-zhl, s. f. company of beggars, scoundrels.
GUEUSAILLER, geu-zh-da, v. n. to beg, be a lazy beggar, mump.
GUEUSANT, E, adj. Ex. Un gueux gueusant, une gueuse gueusante, a stroet beggar, a mumper.

GUEUSE, s. f. beggar, poor woman; strum-pet, whore, crack; (terme de forgeron) sow, great lump of melted iron.

great nump or mented iron.

GURUSER, gêu-ch, v. n. to beg, mump.

GURUSERIE, gêus-rl, s. f. beggary, poverty, misery: sorry pitiful stuff, trash, riff-raff.

GURU-x, sz., gêu, gêux, adj. beggarly,
poor. Un gueux, s. m. a beggar, a poor
man. Un gueux revêtu, an upstart, beggar
grown rich. V. Gueuse.

GUR d. m. mistates (sort of plant grown.

Gui, gl, s. m. mistletoe (sort of plant grow-ing on some trees.) Gui, Mar. main-boom (of a cutter, brig, etc.) Gui de bassae or de brigantis, spanker-boom. V. Mettre.

GUIBRE, s. f. Mar. knee of the head, cut-

GUICHET, gi-she, s.m. wicket ; (de fenêtre)

shutter. Armoire a six guichets, cup-board with six doors.

GUICHETIER, glab-til, s. m. turn-key or door-keeper of a prison.

GUIDE, gld, s. m. a guide, or leader; tu-tor. Un guide-dne, a directory (of feasts in the church;) without s in the plural. See the next.

Guide, s. f. rein. La guide des péchaurs, the guide of sinners. La guide des chemins, the traveller's guide.

Guide, E, adj. guided, led, conducted. Guider, gl-då, v. a. to guide, bring, lead

or conduct. GUIDON, gl-don, s. m. standard; the standard-bearer; ensigncy, sight (of a gum.) Guidon, Mar. broad pendant, triangular seg; see also Guiton.

GUIGNARD, s. f. kind of plover.

GUIGNE, glgn, s. f. large black cherry. GUIGNER, v. a. & n. to leer, peep or peep

at; to have an eye or design upon. GUIGHIER, gl-gul-k, s. m. large black

cherry-tree. GUIONON, gl-gnon, s. m. ili luck.

Guildive, s. f. rum.

Guilan, s. f. shower. Une petite guilée, a small shower.

GUILLAGE, s. m. fermentation of newly brewed beer.

GUILLAUME, s. m. kind of plane; William. GUILLEDIN, gil-din, s. m. English gelding or nag, pacer, ambler.

or nag, pacer, amoser.

GUNLLEDOU, gli-doo, s. m. stew. Ex. Courie
le guilledou, to haunt bawdy-houses or stews.

GUILLEMETS, gli-me, s. m. pl. commass
turned in a margin thus, "" (to show that
the thing said is of another author.)

GUILLERET, TE, gil-re, ret, adj. sprightly,

gay, merry.
Guilleri, s. m. sparrow's singing.
Guilleries, s. f. pl. Mar. V. Guiliettes.

buse, but : jêune, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lièn : vin : mon : brun.

Guillocher, gl-10-sha, v. a. to wave or

Guillochis, gl-lo-shl, s. m. waved work, curved work.

GUILLOT, gl-10, s. m. cheese maggot.

GUIMAUVE, gl-mov, s. f. sort of mallows. GUIMPE, ginp, s. f. nun's neckerchief, stomacher.

GUIMPER, v. n. to turn nun.

Guimper, v. a. to make (one) a nun.

GUINDAGE, gin-daz, s. m. hoisting up. and even loading of a ship.
GUNDANT, s. m. Mar. hoist; windlass.

GUINDÉ, E, gin-dh, adj. hoisted, hoisted up; starched, affected, over-strained. Style

guindé, high strain, fustian or bombastic style. GUINDER, gin-dh, v.a. to hoist or hoist up; (en parlant de l'esprit or des choses d'esprit) to strain high or too high, over-strain. Guiss-der, v. a. Mar. to sway up, hoist. Les midts de perroquet sont ils guindes? are the top-gal-lant masts on end? Se guinder, v. r. to soar

up.

*GUINDERIE, s. f. bombast, too high a strain.

GUINDERESSE, s. f. Mar. top rope (used to seay up or strike the top-masts.)

Guinan, s. f. (pays d'Afrique or monnoie d'or d'Angleterre) Guinea.

GUINGOIS, gin-gwa, s.m. crookedness or over-thwartness. Il y a un guingois dans son esprit, he is a cross-grained man. De graingois, all awry, crookedly, over-thwartly, cross-iy. Marcher tout de guangois, to waddle, aidle, go sidling. Avoir l'espru de guingois, to be

cross-grained. Cette éloffe est coupée de guin-gou, this stuff is cut awry. GUINGUETTE, gin-get, s. f. sort of ale-house near a city, public-garden, tea-garden,

sang country-box. GUIPER, gl-ph, v. whip about with silk. v. a. to gimp, cover or

GUIPURE, gl-pur, s. f. gump or vellum lace. GUIRURE, gl-pur, s. f. gump or vellum lace. GUIRLANDE, gl-lènd, s. f. garland. Guirlande, s. f. Mar. fore-book, breast-book, etc. Guirlande du premier pont, lower deck breast-hook. Guirlande des écubiers, breast-hook nearest the hawse-holes. Guirlande du faux pont, the orlop deck-hook. Guirlande d'amarrage, snaking of a seizing.

Guisk, glz, s. f. way; humour, fancy. En

GUITOR or GUIDON, s. m. Mar. dog-watch.

GULPES, s. m. golpes (in heraldry.) GUSES, s. f. guses (in heraldry.)

GUSTATION, s. f. gustation.

GUTTURAL, E. gû-tû-râl, adj. guttural. Une lettre gutturale, a guttural letter, a letter pronounced in the throat.

GTHEASE, zim-naz, s. m. gymnasium. GTHEASIARQUE, s. m. chief of the gym-

*Gymsastique, zlm-mis-tik, adj. gymnas-

tick, GTHEASTIQUE, s. f. gymnasticks. GTHEAQUE, adj. gymnick.

GTHEGOPHISTE, s. m. gymnosophist (sort of Indian philosophers that used to go maked.)
GTHEGE, s. m. apartment of the ladies among the Greeks. 36

GYNÉCOCRATIE, s.f. gypecocracy, petticoat government.

GYNÉCOCRATIQUE, adj. relating to gynecocracy.

GYPSE, zips, s. m. parget stone.

GYPSEU-X, SE, Sdj. Stony, chalky.
GYROMANCE or GYROMANCE, zi-rô-mènsl, s.f.gyromancy, divination by walking round. GYROVAGUE, s. m. monk-errant.

H.

H, ash, s. f. eighth letter of the Franch al-

When this mark (') is prefixed to words, it is a sign that the initial H is to be aspirated.

HA, a, interj. oh! ah! 'Ha! je te tiens,

fripon, now I hold thee fast, regue.
HABILE, a-bil, adj. fit, able; nimble, active, quick; clever, akilful, ingenious, excellent, learned.

HABILEMENT, &-bil-men, adv. cunningly. ingeniously, cleverly; nimbly, quickly.

HABILETE, A-bill-th, s. f. ability, address,

cunning, art, skill, ingenuity, parts.

*Habilisime, adj. very able or skilful.

Habilité, e, à-bi-li-tà, adj. capacitated.

Habiliter, à-bi-li-tà, v. a. to capacitate

or qualify.

HABILLE, E, adj. dressed; clad or clothed. Il est habille tout de neuf de pied en cap, he

has got new clothes on from top to toe.

HABILLEMENT, &-bl/-men, s. m. apparel, clothes, clothing, raiment, garb, attire. Habillement de tête, head-piece.

HABILLER, a.bl-la, v. a. to clothe; to dress to put on the clothes of; to work or make clothes for; to clothe or find clothes for; (des chancre) to dress or hatchel; (la volaille) to draw; (un veau) to skin or flay. Souvent draw; (un veau) to skin or flay. Souvent j'habille en vers une prose maligne, I often make a biting piece of prose into verses. Cette étoffe habille fort bien, that stuff sits very well. S'habiller, v.r. to dress one's self, put on one's clothes; to clothe one's self, get one's clothes. S'habiller bien, to dress to the best advan-

lage.
HABILLEUR, å-bl-leur, s. m. skin-worker, Habit, a-bl, s. m. suit, clothes or suit of clothes; habit, garb, dress, attire, garment, weeds. Prendre l'habit, to take the religious habit, go in a monastery, L'habit ne fait pas le moine, a tattered cloak may cover a hard drinker, men are not to be judged of by outward appearance

HABITABLE, à-bl-tabl, adj. habitable or inhabitable, that may be inhabited. La terre habitable, the land of the living, the world.

HABITACLE, &-bl-taki, s. m. Mar. binnacle, bittacle; poor habitation or dwelling.

HABITANT, E, å-bi-ten, tent, adj. & s. in-

babiting, living, dwelling, inhabitant, dweller.
HABITATION, 4-bi-ta-slow, s. f. habitation, abode, house, dwelling, dwelling-place, lodging; colony, settlement; plantation; co-habitation.

HABITER, &-bl-ta, v. a. & n. to inhabit. live or dwell in. Habiter avec une femme, to cohabit with a woman.

HABITUDE, å-bl-tod, s. f. habit, use, custom; habit, temper or constitution; acquaintance, fellowship, correspondence, commerce, bắr, bắt, bắse : thère, ềbb, ovêr+ field, fig : rôbe, rồb, lỗrd : môod, gôod.

society. Un prêtre qui a une habitude dans sa paroisse, a priest that has leave of the incumbent to officiate with him.

HABITUÉ, E, adj. used, accustomed, etc.; habituated, settled. Un habitué, un prêtre habitué, a priest that has leave of the incum-

bent to officiate with him.

HABITUEL, LE, å-bl-tåel, adj. habitual.

HABITUELLEMENT, å-bl-tå-el-men, adv.

habitually, by habit.

HABITURE, à-bi-tû-à, v. a. to use, accustom or inure. S'habituer, v. r. to use or accustom one's self, get a habit. S'habituer en quelque lieu, to setule or settle one's self in a

'HABLER, ba-bla, v. n. to romance, tell

lies or stories.

HABLEUR, s. f. romancing lies. HABLEUR, sz, ha-bleur, bleuz, s. m. & f.

romancer, liar.

HACHE, bash, s. f. axe or hatchet. coup de hache, to be a little crack-brained. Hache d'armes, a battle-axe. Hache, Mar. hatches. Hache d'armes, pole-axe. Grande hache, axe. Petite hache or hache à main, small hatchet.

'HACHER, hå-shå, v. a. to hash, mince; (in drawing, etc.) to hatch; to hack and hew, cut. Toutes nos manasseres furent haches, all our rigging was cut to pieces.

'HACHERRAU, hash-ro, s. m. little axe or batchet.

'HACHETTE, ha-shet, s.f. small axe, hatchet. 'HACHIS, ha-shi, s. m. minced meat, dish

of minced meat, hash.
'HACHOIR, ha-shwar, s. m. chopping board,

large knife.
'HACHURE, bk-shur, s. f. hatching, (shading

produced by cross lines.)

HAGARD, E, ha-gar, gard, adj. fierce, wild or haggard. Unesprit hagard, a wild unsociable man. Paucon hagard, haggard hawk. HAGIOGRAPHE, adj. hagiographick.

HAGIOGRAPHE, s. m. hagiographer.

'HAHA, s. m. opening prospect. V. Saut de loup at Saut. HAI! interj. boy.

HAI, E. adj. (from hair) hated, odious.
Digne d'être hat, hateful.

'HAIE, hè, s. f. hedge. Se mettre or se ranger en haie, to stand in a line, make a line.

'HAIR, (with waggoners) geeho. Haie au Mr, something over and above.
'HAILLON, ha-lon, s. m. rag, tatter, tatter-

ed clothes HAIRE, hen, s. f. hatred, grudge, spleen,

ill-will, spite; aversion. Avoir de la haine pour or avoir en haine, to hate. En haine de, out of spite.

HAINEU-E, SE, hè-nèu, nèuz, adj. full of hatred, malicious.

'HAIR, ha-ir, v. a. to hate, have a spite or ill-will against; to hate or abbor, detest, not to be able to endure. Se faire hatr de tout le monde, to make one's self hated by every body.

HAIRE, ber, s. f. bair-cloth, hair-shirt, pe-

nitential shirt.

'HAMSABLE, ha-i-sabl, adj. hateful, odious,

deserving to be hated.

'HALAGE, ha-laz, s. m. Mar. tracking or towing (of a ship or boat along the banks of a river, etc.)

Chemin du halage, road used for tracking boats, etc.

'HALBRAN, hål-bren, s. m. young wild

'HALBRENÉ, E, adj. that has the feathers or wings shattered, fatigued, in a sad pickle.
'HALBRENER, v. a. to shoot at wild ducks.

'HALE, hall, s. m. drying wind or hot weather. It fait um grand hale, or le hale est fort grand, the weather is extremely hot. Elle ne *ort point à cause du hâle,* she does not stir out for fear of being sun-burnt.

'Half, E, adj. tanned, sun-burst, of a swarthy or tawny complexion.

Half, Mar. hauled, etc. V. Hiller.

'Halk-Bas, s. m. Mar. down-haul.

'HALE-BOULINE, s. m. raw seaman. HALEINE, a-len, s. f. breath. Courte haleine, shortness of breath, asthma. Courr's perte d'haleine, to run one's self out of breath. Tout d'une haleine, at a stretch, at one bout, without intermission. Faire or tenir des discours à perte d'haleine, to make long-winded or tedious speeches. Oppression d'haleine, or tedious speeches. Oppression d'haleire, stoppage (such as hinders the respiration.) Ouvrage de longue haleine, long winded piece of work. Tenir en haleine, to keep in extension of the land of the cise, to inure; also to keep in play or at bay. Haleine de vent, breath of wind, gentle gale,

HALENÉE, al-na, s. f. unpleasant breath, breathing. Jeter une halenée de vin à que to breathe upon one a strong smell of w

'HALENER, hal-na, v. a. to smell one's breath. Halener quelqu'un, to smell one, dis-

cover or find out his weak side. 'HALER, ha-la, v. n. (from Hale) to tan, make tawny or of a swarthy complexion. Se

hâler, v. a. to be sun-burnt.

'Haler, v. a. des chiens après quelqu'un, to

breeze.

set dogs at or upon one.

'Haler, v. a. Mar. to haul, pull upon any rope, track, warp. Se haler, to han or be warping. Haler um bettiment, to track or warp a vessel. Se haler dans le vent, to hand the wind. Les vents se halent de l'avant, the wind hauls forward. Une fregate se hale dess le port, a frigate is warping into harbour. saine, haul taught the fore bow-line. Hale les boulines d'avant, haul the head bow-lines. Hale bas la famese voile d'étai et la voile d'étai de perroquet, haul down the middle and top-gallant stay sails. Hale le grand canat à l'échelle, haul the barge to the gang-way, Hale la chaloupe le long du bord, haul the launch un along side launch up along side.

'HALETANT, E, hal-ten, tent, adj. out of

breath, panting, HALETER, hall-th, v. n. to pant, fetch ove's breath short and fast, breathe short.

'HALRUR, s. m. one that hales.

'HALLAGE, s. m. market-duty. 'HALLE, hall, s. f. market. Langage des

halles, Billingsgate rhetorick.

'HALLEBARDE, hål-bård, s. f. halberd.

'HALLEBARDIER, hål-bår-dlå, s. m. balberdier.

'HALLEBREDA, s. m. & f. lubberly fellow,

ungainly wench.
HALLECRET, s. m. sort of corslet.
'HALLER, billing, s.m. thicket, thick bush; keeper of a market; kind of net.

HALO, s. m. balo. 'HALOIR, s. m. place for drying hemp. bone, bot : jeane, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon . brun.

'HALOT, s. m. rabbit's hole or burrow. 'HALOTECHNIE, s. f. that part of chemis-

try relating to salts.

HALTE, balt, s. f. halt; refreshment (during a halt.) Five halte, to halt. Halte-in, halte ladeaus, hold, stop there.

'HALURGIR, s. f. V. Halotechnie.
'HAMAC, bå-måk, s. m. hammock. Hamac
à l'Anglaise, cot. En bas les hamacs, down
all hammocks.

HAMADEYADE, s. f. bamadryad.
HAMADEYADE, s. m. hamlej.
HAMEÇON, âm-son, s. m. hook, fish-hook.
'HAMEE, benp, s. f. staff or shaft of a halberd or javelin, etc. breast of the stag. HAN, s. m. a sort of caravansary.

'HAMAP, s. m. sort of a drinking cup, bowl,

Hanche, bensh, s. f. haunch, hip. Hanche, Mar. quarter. Nous canon dans la hanche, we le raissesse ennemi dans la hanche, we played upon the enemy's quarter. L'ennemi nous aborda per la hanche, the enemy boarded us upon the urter. Cette voile par la hanche est un bâtient corre, that sail on the weather-quarter is a square rigged vessel. Le peu de vent qu'il y a vient de la hanche de babord, what little wind a square ri there is, is on the larboard quarter.

HANGAR, hen-gar, s. m. cart-house, coach-house, shed. Mar. boat-house.

HABUETON, han-ton, s. m. May-bug. HAROVER, (électorat et ville) Hanover. HABOVEREN, SE, adj. & s. Hanoverian,

of Hanover.

HASSCRIT, s. m. Sanscrit, language in which the religious books of the East-Indians are written.

HANSE, hem, s. f. Ex. La hanse teutonique.

the teutonic hanse, hanseatic league.

'HAESKATIQUE, hen-sh-d-tik, adj. hanse. HASSIERE, ben sier, V. Haussiere.

HARTER, ben-th, v. a. & n. to haunt, frequent, converse or keep company with. Hanter on hies, to haunt or frequent a place, go or resort often to it.

'HANTISE, s. f. keeping company, fellow-

io. seciety.

HAPPE, s. f. piece of iron at the end of the axie-tree of a coach; kind of cramp iron.

"HAPPE-CHAIR, s. m. catchpole, bailiff, bum-bailiff.

'HAPPELOPIS, s. m. catchbit ; glutton.

'HAPPE-LOURDE, bap-loord, s. f. false stone, considerfeit jewel; empty fop, silly fellow; showy horse worth nothing.

'HAPPER, ba-pa, v. a. to snap at, catch un-

expectedly. In hik-nh, s. f. pacing-horse or mare pad; Spanish genet. Haquenee de go-belet, sumpter-horse or mare that carries provisions for the king upon a journey: Haquenée des cordeliers, stick or staff. Il est venu sur la HAQUET, ha-ke, s. m. dray, open-cart;

band-cart.

'HAQUETIER, bak-tia, s. m. dray-man;

band-cart-mai

HARAHGUE, ha-reng, s. f. speech, oration, barangue; long, tedious speech or story, preaching.

HARANGUER, ba-ren-ga, v. a. & D. to harangue, make a speech; to preach, be tedions in remonstrances

'HARANGUEUR, hå-ren-geur, s. m. speechmaker, preacher, or tedious, long-winded

HARAS, ha-ra, s. m. stud, race or breed of horses; sort of large parrot.

'HARASSER, hå-rå-så, v. a. to harass, tire or

fatigue.

"HARCELER, hars-là, v. a. to tire or harass; to tease, provoke or vex; annoy "HARDE, hard, s. f. herd of fallow-deer, to

that holds dogs together six and six. V. Har-

'HARDER, v. a. to tie dogs together six and six; also to swop or change.

'HARDES, S. f. pl. clothes, apparel, goods, furniture. Il y a de belles hardes dans cette sacison, there is very fine furniture in that house. Hardes (des matelots) Mar. slops, slopclothes.

'HARDI, E, har-di, di, adj. bold; courageous, daring, stout; confident, impudent; noble, high, elevated, free. V. Saillir, Mar.

'HARDIESSE, har-di-es, s.f. boldness; courage, assurance, daringness, confidence, impudence. J'ai pris la hardiesse de vous écrire, I made bold to write to you. Hardiesse d'uss dessein, boldness or nobeleness of a design. "HARDIEST, hird-men, adv. boldly, stoutly, courageously, confidently, plainly,

roundly, freely.

'HARENG, ha-ren, s. m. herring. Hareng blanc, fresh herring. Hareng saur, red her-

ring.
HARENGEAISON, harren-ze-zon, s. f. herring-season, herring-fishery.
'HARENGERE,ha-ren-zer, s.f. fish-woman;

also scold or billingsgate.

'HARENGERIE, s. f. berring-market. 'HARGNEU-E, aE, hår-gnèu, gnèuz, adj.

peevish, morose, cross. 'Напісот, ha-ri-ko, s. m. French bean,

kidney-bean; also sort of French regout of mutton and turnips.

'HARIDELLE, hå-ri-del, s. f. jade, sorry

horse or mare.

'HARLEQUIN, s. m. harlequin, buffoon HARLEQUINADE, s. f. harlequin's trick or joke.

HARMALE, s. f. kind of wild rue (herb.)
HARMONIE, år-mo-nl, s. f. harmony, agree ment of sounds, melody, due proportion, consonance.

HARMONIEUSEMENT, år-mô-nì-èuz-mên, adv. harmoniously.

HARMONIEU-X, SE, år-må-ni-èu, èuz, adj. harmonious, melodious, musical.

HARMORIQUE, adj.harmonick.harmonical. HARMONIQUEMENT, år-mô-nik-mên, adv.

harmoniously. 'HARVACHEMENT, bar-nash-men, s. m.

harness or harnessing.

'HARNACHER, har-na-sba, v. a. to harness. 'HARNACHEUR, har-na-sheur, s. m. harness maker.

'HARNOIS, har-ne, s. m. harness, horsetrappings; dray; (d'an homme d'armes) har-ness, armour. Il s'échauffe en son harnois; he falls into a passion. Blanchir sous le harnois, to grow grey in the service. Endosser le har nois, to turn a soldier, to go to the army; also

to put on one's gown or uniform, etc.
'HARO, ha-ro, s. m. hue and cry. Crier or faire hure sur, to raise a line and cry after.

bar, bat, base : thère, ebb, over : field, fig : rôbe, rôb, lord : mood, good.

'HARPAILLER, har-pa-ca, v. n. Se harpailler, v. r. to grapple, seize each other, wrangle, scuffle.

HARPE, harp, s. f. harp; Jouer de la karpe, to play on the harp; also to pilfer, steal; also stone left to join walls.

'HARPÉ, E, adj. Ex. Un lèvrier bien harpé, a well-shaped hound.

'HARPEAU, bar-pò, s. m. grappling-iron.

'HARPER, her-pa, v. n. to harp, or play upon the harp; v. a. to gripe or grapple.
'HARPES, harp, s. f. pl. (pierres d'attente.)

♥. Attente.

'HARPIE, bar-pl, s. f. harpy; scold, shrew. HARPIGNER, V. Harpailler. HARPISTE, s. m. & f. a player on the barp,

harper. 'HARPON, bar-post, s. m. Mar. barpoon;

cramp-iron.

HARPONNER, hår-på-nå, v. a. to harpoon. HARPONNEUR, hår-på-neur, s. m. har-

'HART, hart, s. f. band of fagots; also rope

or halter (for hanging.)
'HASARD, ha-zar, s. m. hazard, chance, fortune, peril, danger. Par hasard, by chance. A tout hasard, let the worst come to the worst. Jeu de hasard, game of chance. Au hasard de passer pour téméraire, running the chance of being accounted a rash man.

HASARDÉ, E, adj. ventured, hazarded. Expression hasardée, bold expression. Viande un peu hasardée, meat a little touched or

'HASARDER, hà-zàr-dà, v. a. to venture hazard, run the hazard of, lay at stake. Se hasarder, v. r. to venture.

'HASARDEUSEMEST, hå-zår-déuz-mên,

adj. hazardously, by chance.
'Hasardeu-z, sz, hà-zàr-deu, deuz, adj. venturesome, bold; also dangerous, hazardous, perilous.

'HASE, haz, s. f. doe hare or doe coney. Une vieille hase, an old woman who has many children.

'Hast, s. m. spear, hafted weapon.

HATE, hat, s. f. haste, speed, hurry. Avoir hate, to be in haste. A la hate, hastily, in

baste.

'HATER, ha-ta, v. a. to hasten or quicken, press or push on; to hasten or forward; (les fruits) to force. Hater le pas, to mend one's pace, go fast or make haste. Se håter, v. r. to haste, make haste. Se hâter de faire son coup, to hasten the execution of one's design.

'HATEUR, ha-teur, s. m. overseer of the roast meat in the king's household.

'HATIER, ha-tik, s. m. rack (to turn the

spit on.)

'HATI-F, VE, ha-flf, tlv, adj. hasty, forward, untimely. Fruits hatifs, hasty or forward fruits, hastings. Esprit hatif, forward wit.

'HATIVEAU, ha-ti-vo, s m, sort of forward or hasty pear.

'HATIVEMENT, ha-tiv-men, adv. before the season, forwardly.

HATIVETÉ, ha-tiv-ta, s. f. forwardness. 'HAUBANS, ho-ben, s. m. pl. Mar. shrouds, rigging. Grands houbans or haubans du rand mit, main shrouds. Hanbans du grand will de hune, main-top-mast shrouds or main-

roquet or haubans du grand perroquet, maintop-gallant shrouds. Haubane du petit perroquet, fore-top-gallant shrouds. Hankens du perroquet de fougue, mizen-top-mast shrouds. Hankens du petit mât de hane, fore-Hanhous top-mast or fore-top shrouds. Hauba missine, fore-shrouds. Haubans de la perruche, mi-zen-top shrouds. Haubans de la perruche, mi-zen-top shrouds. Haubans du mât de perruquet de fougue, mizen-top-gallant shrouds. Haubans de bemoré, bowsprit shrouds. Haubans de bétion de foc, jib guys. Haubans de minois, bump-kin shrouds. Haubans de minois, bump-kin shrouds. fortune or faux haubans, preventer-shrouds, swifters. Haubans impairs, swifters. Hau-bans de revers, futtock shrouds. Haubans à colonne, shrouds that set up with a runner and tackle; (chiefly used in xebecs, tartans, and other lateen vessels.)

'HAUBERGENIER, s. m. habergeon maker. 'HAUBERGEON, s. m. small hauberk, ha-

bergeon.
'HAUBERT, s. m. hanberk. Fief de hanbert,

tenure by knight's service.
'HAUBOIS, ho-bwa, V. Hauthois.
'HAUSE, hos, s. m. piece of leather that underlays the shoe; what serves to elevate or

'HAUSSÉ, E, adj. (from hausser) raised, lifted up, etc.

HAUSSE-COL, hos-kol, or HAUSSE-COU, s.

m. neck-piece or gorget. No s in the pl. HAUSSEMENT, hos-men, s. m. raising, lifting up, etc. (de la voix) elevation, raising;

ing up, etc. (de la voix) elevation, raising. (des épaules) shrug or shrugging.

'HAUSSER, hó-sh, v. a. to raise; lift or heave up; increase, heighten, enhance; (am soulier) to underlay; (les épaules) to shrug up. Hausser le coude, hausser le temps, to drink hard. Hausser le coser, to raise or heighten one's spirits, animate. Hausser le coeser, to flush make proud. Nous haussons cette frequent de la comment de la comme one's spirit, animate. Prasisor is cette fre-fush, make proud. Nous haussons cette fre-gate à coup d'asil, Mar. we raise that frigate very fast. Se hausser, v. r. to stand on tiptoe, stand upon one's toes; to clear up (said of weather.)

'HAUSSER, v. n. to raise, be raised. Cela hausse trop, that is too high. La rivière a bien hausse, the river is swelled very high. Le prix du blé a hausse, corn is risen. Les actions haussent, the stocks rise.

'HAUSSIÈRE, s. f. Mar. hawser, hawserlaid rope, warp; and in general, any rope made of two or four strands, and only once

HAUT, E, ho, bot, adj. high, tall; deep; (des sons) loud; (des pays) higher, upper; great, excellent, eminent, sublime, loft; (de haut mal) the falling sickness. Tener la bride hante à quelqu'un, to keep one short, keep a strict hand over one. Chien de haut mer, well-scented dog. Etre haut en couleur, to have a great colour, be high coloured. Tapisserie de haute lice, suit of tapestry hangings. Haut à la main, hasty, with whost there is but a word and a blow. Haute-contre, counter-tenor, he that sings the countertenor. Haute-taille (in musick), treble. Haute-paye, high pay, extraordinary pay. Em-porter quelque chose de la haute lutte, to carry a thing by main force or by authority. Un hand-le-corps, a bound or skip. Ce chew top shrouds. Hardens du mit du grand per- I fait des haut-le-corps, that borse bounds and bûse, bût : jêûne, mêste, bêurre : êstênt, cêst, liês : vis : mos : brus.

skipe. C'est un mer hant de cent pieds, or c'est un mur de cent pieds de haut, or ce mur est hant de cent prieds, or ce marr est de cent pieds de hant, or ce mur a cent pieds de hant, it is a wall a hundred feet high, that wall is a hundred feet high. 'Haut, Mar. high, lofty, Hante-somme, contingent money expended for extraordinary charges in commerce by sea. Hand-pendu, small cloud charged with a heavy squall. Hand mid or hande midture, tunis mast. Qui a sone hande midture, tunis tenst mast. Uses a some house matter, taunt masted. It may a que les noiles hautes qui partent, nome but the small seils draw. La marée est haute, it is high water. Hautes marées, spring tides. Valseems de haut bord, large ship (not low bottomed.) Vaisseau haut sur l'eau, ship that sits high upon the

'HAUT, s. m. beight, elevation ; top; (d'une rivière) head. An hant de la rivière, up the river. Tomber de son hand, to be in amaze, be much surprised. If y a dis heat et du bus dons la cie, there are ups and downs in this life. Un hous-de-chausse or un hout-de-chausses, hose, breeches. Un hout-d-bas, a pedlar. Sur le hout du jour, towards noon. En hout, up, above. Traiter quelqu'un de hout de hout de hout de hout de la company. en has, to use one with contempt. Regarder ruelen une de hand en bas, to look down upon one with contempt. Haud, Mar. les hauds (d'un nest) the upper works (of a vessel.) Le serire fatigue par ses hauts, the ship strains a good deal in her upper works. Haut de la bastelle, quarter gallery. La terre se voit d'en haut, land is seen from alost. En haut un homme en vigie, a hand to look out at the mast head. En haut tout le monde, all hands a hoy. En heat à larguer les perroquets, away up,

'Hant, adv. high. Parler hant, to speak lond, to speak big. La dépense monte hant, e expenses come to a great deal of money. Paire hand le pied, gagner le hand, to run away, betake one's self to one's heels. Hast le mous-Faire une chose hand la main, to do a thing with a high hand; also to do a thing readily or out of hand.

"HAUTAIN, E, hô-tin, tên, adj. proud, high-fown, hanghty, stately. "HAUTAINEMENT, hô-tên-mên, adv.haugh-

tily, proudly.
'HAUTBOIS, s. m. hautboy

HAUTEMENT, hot-men, adv. boldly, plainly, openly; bravely, stoutly; with open force, briskly, openly.

'HAUTERSE, ho-tes, s. f. Ex. Sa hauterse (le grand seigneur,) his highness (the grand

seignior.) HAUTEUR, ho-teur, s. f. height; depth; hill or rising ground; (du pôle) height or ele-vation; (d'un bataillon) depth; boldness, assurance, confidence; open or main force, su-thority; pride, haughtiness, loftiness, stateliness; portos, naugement; greatness, nessen-ness; acores, contempt; greatness, perfection, excellency, sublimity. Une statue de or qui est de or qui a 20 pieds de hauteur, a matue 20 feet high. We often use de hauteur (in height) for de haut, in speaking of dimension, (V. Haut.) Un pertruit du roi de sa hauteur, a contemplation of the him EV. full length picture of the king. Elle se mo-que de la hauteur de leurs sp-culations, she lroghe at their high speculations.

'Hauteur, s. f. Mar. height, depth, rising, etc. also observation (of the sun's meridian a titude ;) à la hauteur de, off. A la hauteur de cette ile nous estmes connoissance de deux bâ-timens croiseurs, oss that island we saw two cruisers. Husteur de l'entrepont sous les bancs, height between decks under the beams. Handeur des sabords, depth of the gun ports. Hindeer des sabords, depth of the gun ports.
Hindeer des la quille, depth of the keel. Hinter des fezillets, depth of the port sells (from the deck immediately beneath them.) Hinter des façons de l'avons, rising of the floor forward. Hinter des façons de l'arrière, rising of the floor abalt. Prendre hasteur, to take an observation of the sun's meridian altitude. tude. Nous n'aurons pas de hauteur ausjour-d'hui, we shall get no observation to-day.

'HAUTURIER, V. Pilote.

'HAVE, hav, pale, wan; ghastly, dismal,

dreadful.

HAVEROS, s. m. wild oats. Le trop grand fess havit la viande, too grent a fire burns the mest. Havir, v. a. Se havir,

v. r. to get scorched or burnt.

'HAVRE, havr, s. m. Mar. harbour, haven, port. Have de toudes maries, port accessible at any time of tide. Have brit, harbour formed entirely by nature. Le Have-de-Grace, Havre or Havre-de-Grace.

'HAVRE-SAC, havr-sak, s. m. soldier's knapsack. Piural, havr-sace. 'H£! interj. eh! o! alas! ho; hola, soho. H£ bien! well!

HEAUNE, hôm, s. m. helm er helmet. HEAUMERIE, s. f. place where beknets are

made or sold.

'HEAURIER, hô-mia, s. m. helmet-maker. HEBDOMADAIRE, êb-dô-mâ-dêr, adj. week-

ly. Nouvelles hebdomadaires, weekly news. HEBDOMADIER, E. &b-do-mà-dh, dlèr, adj. & s. whose week it is to officiate. HÉBIRGER, à-bèr-sh, v. a. to lodge or

harbour

HÉBÉTÉ, E, å-bà-tà, adj. & s. besotted, rown dull or heavy, dunce, block-head. HÉBÉTER, å-bà-tà, v. a. to besot, dull,

make duli, heavy or stupid.

HEBRAIQUE, a-bra-ik, adj. Hebrew. La langue Hibratque, Hebrew or Hebrew tongue. HEBRAISANT, a-bra-1-ses, s. m. Hebraist,

hebrician. HÉBRAISME, R-bra-lem, s. m. Hebraism HEBREU, a-breu, adj. Hebrew. Le peuple

Hébreu, the Hebrews, the Jews.

Hébreu, (L') s. m. Hebrew or the Hebrew tongue. Les Hébreux, the Hebrews, the

Hесатомве, å-kå-tomb, s. f. becatomb. HECATOMPHONIE, s. f. sacrifico in which

a hundred men were immolated. HEGIRE, &-ch, s. f. begirs (Mahametan epoch) A. D. 622.

Higonane, s. m. chief, loader. Helduc or Helducte, s. m. Hungarian foot soldier; also kind of footman. HELAS, k-las! interj. slas.

HÉLAS! s. m. alas! sigh, complaint. Un

hélas bien passionné, a very pathetick alsa.
'Hélán, há-là, un vaisseau, v. a. Mar. to hail a ship.

HELIAQUE, &-Ilak adj. (terme d'astronomie) beliacal.

bar, bat, base . thère, êbb, ovêr : fleid, fig : rôbe, rôb, lôrd : môod, gôod.

HALICE, s. f. belix, also sort of sea shell. HÉLIOCENTRIQUE, adj. heliocentrick. HÉLINGUE, s. f. strop.

HÉLIOSCOPE, S. f. helioscope.
HÉLIOTROPE, à-llò-tròp, S. f. kind of jaser. Héliotrope, S. m. sun-flower.
HELLENISHE, è-là-nlsm, S. m. Hellenism.

'HEM, hem, interj. hem.

HÉMATITE, s. f. a sort of precious stone. HÉMICRASIE, s. f. megrim.

HÉMÉROCALE, s. f. day-lily. HÉMICVELE, a-mi-sikl, s. m. hemicycle, semi-circle or balf-circle.

HÉRINE, s. f. hemina (a Roman measure.) HÉRIPLÉGIE OF HÉRIPLEXIE, s. f. hemi-

plegy.

Hamisprinka, å-mlo-fer, s. m. hemisphers. HÉMISPHÉRIQUE, å-mb-få-rik, adj. be-

ispherick. Himistiche, 1-mls-tlah, s. m. bemistick. HÉMORRAGIE, &-mo-rà-zi, s. f. hemor-rhage, bleeding at the nose. HÉMORROIDAL, E, adj. hemorrhoidal.

HÉMORROIDALE, s. f. pilewort. HÉMORROIDES, à-mò-rò-ld, s. f. pl. be-

morrhoids, piles.

'HÉNORROISSE, hà-mò-rò-is, s. f. woman troubled with the bloody flux.

HENDÉCASVILLARE, adj. endecasyllable. 'HENNIR, hê-nîr, v. a. to neigh. 'HENNISSEMENT, hê-nîs-mên, s. m. neigh-

HEPATIQUE, &-pâ-tîk, adj. hepatical or he-

patick, belonging to the liver. HEPATIQUE, s. f. liver-wort.

HÉPTARCHIE, S. f. heptarchy. HÉRALDIQUE, Edj. Ex. L'art heraldique (or de blason) heraldry or the art of blazon-HERBAUT, s. m. herald.
HERBACEE, adj. herbaceous.
HERBACE, er-bas, s. m. herbage, grass,

HERBE, etc., s. f. grass, herb. Herbes ma-rines, son-woods. Mauvaises herbes, herbes samages, woods. Ce cheval oura quatre ans our herbes, that horse will be four years old in the major. in the spring. Etre come in herbe, to be cut out for a cuckold. Marger son blé en herbe, to spend one's revenue before it comes in. to spend one's revenue percent.

Couper l'herbe sous le pied à quelqu'un, to trip
un cue's heels, supplant one. Il a marché sur up one's heels, supplant one. Il a marché sur quelque manuaise herbe, he has pissed upon a nettle.

HERBEILLER, v. a. to graze (said of the

ild boar.)

HERBER, v. n. to lay on the grass (linen cloth in order to bleach it.)

HERBETTE, er-bet, s. f. tender grass, herb-

let, green. HERBEU-E, SE, er-beu, beuz, adj. grassy, herbous.

HERBIER, er-bla, s. m. herbal.

HERBIÈRE, er-bler, s. f. herb-woman, green-woman.

HERBORISATION, s. f. the act of going

about gathering physical herbs.

HERBORISER, er-bo-ri-za, v. a. to go a npling, go about gathering physical herbs. HERBORISEUR, s.m. he who goes a simpling. HERBORISTE, er-bo-rist, s. m. herbalist or

botanist.

HERCO-TECTONIQUE, s. f. art of fortifying

places or of entrenching a camp, a post, de. 'HERE, her, s. m. Ex. Un pasore here, a poor wretch, a poor silly fellow.

HERBU, E, er-ba, ba, adj. grassy, full of

HEREDITAIRE, &-ra-di-ter, adj. beredita-

ry, of inheritance. HEREDITAIREMENT, 1-r1-dl-ter-mes, adv

hereditarily, by inheritance or succession.

Hiniporti, h-rh-di-th, s. f. inheritance,

heritage, succession. neruage, succession.

Hir starque, a-ra-zark, a. m. herei-arch, arch-heretick, broacher of heresy. Hir status, a-ra-zi, s. f. heresy. Hir status, a. f. heretical meaning. His status, a. f. heretical meaning.

beretick.

"HERGNE, V. Hernie.

'HERISE, R. ha-ri-sa, adj. whose hair or bristles stand up on end or stare, bristing. Cheval hérissé or qui a le poil hérissé, a rough-coated horse. Un pédant hérised de Gree de Latin, a pedant bristling with Greek and Latin. Un port hérissé de mêts de sacire, a port hiele set with the meate of simple and the sacire. a port thick set with the masts of shipping. Une côte hérissé de rochers, a coast guarded by rocks.
'Hinssen, hi-ri-si, v. n. Se herisor, v. t.

to stand on end, stare.

'Hirisson, ha-ri-son, s. m. hedge-beg or urchin, drainer, turning-ber with iron-pices, canting-wheel.

HÉRITAGE, &-ri-taz, s. m. inheritance or heritage, patrimony, estate, piece of ground.

HERITER, a-ri-ta, v.a. & n. to inherit, get

HERITER, A-f-th, v.a. & n. to inherit, get by inheritance or succession, be the heir of. HERITER, A-f-th, s. m. heir or inheritor. Héritière, A-f-ther, a. f. heiress or inheritris, heiress or fortuna heiress or fortune.

HERMAPHRODITE, &r-må-fro-dh, adj. & s. hermaphrodite.

HERMÉTIQUE, er-må-tik, adj. hermetick, hermetical. La science hermétique, the bermetical science, chymistry.
HERNETIQUENENT, er-mh-tik-men, adv.

hermetically, chymically.

Hermine, èr-min, s. f. ermine.

Hermine, e, adj. ermine (in herelst

Hermitage, Hermite, V. Brown

HERMINETTE, s. f. Mar. adze, Herminette courbe, hollow adze.

'HERWIAIRE, adj. Chirargien hamiere, surgeon who is skilled in or applies to the cure of hernias.

'HERNIE, hêr-nî, s. f. hermin, rupture. 'HERNIEU-x, se, hêr-nî-êu, êuz, adj. burst-

en, that has a rupture.

HERRIOLE, s. f. rupture-wort.

HÉROTOE, S. f. heroid. HÉROTOE, S. f. heroid. HÉROTOE, Š-rð-In, S. f. heroine, heroical

woman.

HÉROIQUE, adj. heroick, heroical. HÉROIQUE, h-rò-lk, s. m. sublime, lotty er

heroic style.

HÉROTQUEMENT, à-ro-lk-men, adv. heroicall-

HÉROBME, à rô-ism, s. m. heroism. 'HERON, ha ron. s. m. hern or beron. HERONNEAU, ha-rô-no, s. m. young hern.

HEROXSIÈRE, s. f. hern-shaw.

base, bat : jeane, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

'HÉROSKIÈRE, bà-rô-nlèr, adj. Ex. Pem || or croisse héronnière, dry, lean skin or thigh. Hános, bh-ro, s. m. hero.

HERPES de l'éperon, s. f. pl. Mar. rails of the head. Herpes marines, the natural treasures of the Ra

HERSAGE, hêr-skr, s. m. harrowing.
'HERSAGE, hêrs, s. f. harrow; (in fortifica-tion) portculfis; rails; (dans les églises) sort o candlestick.

Herse, Mar. sort of hoop or salvage; also traveller. Herses de fer, iron-cringles or timbles of a larger fort.

'HERSEAU, s. m. Mar. cringle in the holtmpe of a sail.

HERSER, hêr-sê, v. a. to harrow. HERSEUR, hêr-sêur, a. m. barrower. Histration, â-zl-tâ-slon, s. f. hesitation,

hesitancy. Hisarun, a-zi-ta, v. n. to hesitate, falter,

be at a stand, stop; to waver, be in suspense. Same hésiter, readily, freely, without any more ado.

HÉVÉROCLIVE, å-tå-rô-kik, adj. (in gram nar) heteroclitical, irregular. Etre un peu galar in one's way.

HÍYÉRODOXE, à-tà-rô-dôks, adj. heterodox.

HÉTÉRODOXIE, s. f. heterodoxy. HÉTÉROSÈNE, å-tå-rô-zên, adj. heteroge-

Híréroc éráité, s. f. heterogeneity. Hárérosciens, a-ta-rò-sl-in, s. m. pl. he-

HÉTRE, hetr, s. m. beech, beech-tree. Bois

ie hetre, beech. "HEU, s. m. Mar. sort of hoy or coasting remel. V. Mild.

HEU! Int. good lack!

HEUR, s. m. luck, happiness, good fortune.

HEUR, Eur, S. f. hour, time. Quelle heure est-il? what is it o'clock? Il est sept heures, it is seven o'clock. A quelle heure serez vous is? at what hour or time will you be there? Domière heure, heure dernière, last hour, dying hour. A cette heure, adv. at this hour or time, at this present time, at present, now. Tout à l'heure, tout à cette heure, forthwith, by and by, presently, just now, in a moment. D'haure en henre, hourly, every hour. A l'heure mine, at that very instant. Bur l'heure, tout m'hee, forthwith, incontinently, immediately. De bonne heure, betimes. Il est de bonne heure, it is outly, it is not late. A l'heure qu'il falloit, in the very nick of time. De meilleure heure, sooner or earlier. De trop bonne heure, tout l'all heure heure. heure, too soon, too early. A la bonne heure, in good time, well and good, in God's name, in the name of God; also fortunately, in a good hour or time. [See the last phrase of this article.] Sen est il allé? à la bonne have, is he gone? God speed him well. Sile est riche, à la boune heure, if he be rich, I am glad of it. Sa femme est accouchée d'un file, of a son, I wish him joy of it or much good may it do him. A la bonne heure pour lui, so much the better for him. A la mal heure, minckily, unfortunately. A la mal heure, with a vengoance. Citer un auteur à toute heure, to quote an author at every turn. A l'aboune heure, Mar. aye,/aye; (French sailors make that reply to general orders deliver-

ed verbally, by the boatswain and his mates, after having answered Commande, to the first wind of their call.)

HEURES, S. f. pl. primer, prayer-book. HEUREUSEMENT, eu-reuz-men, adv. hap-pily, luckily, fortunately, by good luck or chance or fortune. Il est arrive heureusement, he is come home safe. Tout lui réussit heuremement, every thing succeeds or prospers with him. Il imagine heureusement les choses, he has a happy fancy. Rimer heureusement, to be happy in one's rhymes.

HEUREU-X, SE, cu-reu, reuz, adj. happy,

lucky, blessed, fortunate, favourable, kind, advantageous, excellent. Vivre henre content, to live happily and contentedly. Vivre heureux et Reine Marie d'heureuse mémoire, Quoen Mary

of blessed memory.

'HEURLER, etc. V. Hurler, etc.
'HEURT, heurt, s. m. knock, knocking or dashing one against the other, also anciently mischance, mishap.

HEURTER, beur-ta, v. a. & n. to knock, hit; dash or run against; (à la porte) to knock. Les boucs se heurtent de leurs têtes, the goats butt one another. Cela heurte le pens con that is contrary to common sense, that clashes with or shocks reason. Vous ne sauriez faire cela sans hearter force gens, you can never do that without offending or disobliging a great many people. Se hearter, or s'enfrehearter, v. r. to hit, knock or dash one against another. On se hearte toujours oh l'on a sad, that part is most apt to be hurt which is sore glready.

'HEURTOIR, heur-twar, s. m. knocker.

HEUSE DE POMPE, s. f. Mar. lower box of a pump, pump box.

HEXAGONE, eg-za-gon, s. m. hexagon.

HEXAGONE, adj. hexagonal.

HEXAMÈTRE, eg-zà-metr, adj. & s. m. hexameter. HIATUS, 1-à-tus, s. m. hiatus.

Hibou, hi-boo, s. m. owl. Hibride, adj. hybridous.

HIC, s. m. knot or principal difficulty (of a transaction.)

'HIDEUSEMENT, hi-deuz-mên, adv. hideously, dreadfully, frightfully.
'HIDEU-x, se, hi-deu, deuz, adj. hideous,

dreadful, ghastly, frightful.

'Hig, hi, s. f. rammer, paviour's beetle.

Highe, l-bbl, s. f. wall-wort, dane-wort
or dwarf eider.

HIENE, 1-en, s. m. byena.
HIER, hl-a, v. a. (from Hie) to ram in, beat or drive in with a rammer.

HIER, yer, adv. yesterday. Hier on soir, yesternight, yesterday night, last night.
'HIERARCHIE, hl-a-rar-shl, s. f. hierar-

chy, church government.

'H!ÉRARCHIQUE, bl-å-rår-shik, adj. hie-

rarchical.

HIERABCHIQUEMENT, hi-a-rar-shik-men, adv. hierarchically.
HIEROGLYPHE, la-ro-glif, s. m. hierogly-

phick. HIÉROGLYPHIQUE, là-ro-gli-fik, adj. bie-

roglyphick or hieroglyphical. HIEROGLYPHIQUEMENT, M-rd-gil-fik-

mēa, adv. hieroglyphically. Нійкорнанти, s. m. hierophant. Нідавіти, s. f. joy, gayetv.

HON

bar, bat, base : there, ebb, over : field, fig : robe, rob, lord : mood, good.

HILOTRES, s. f. pl. Mar. binding streaks of a deck or oak-planks of the deck (by the sides of the coamings of the hatches, through which the ring bolts are fixed.) Hiloires renversees, fore and aft tarlings under the beams.

' HIPPIATRIQUE, s. f. art of knowing and curing the diseases of animals.

Hippocentaure, 1-po-sen-tor, s. m. hip-

pocentaur.

PRECEDENT.

HIPPOCRAS, 1-pô-krās, s. m. hippocras.

HIPPODROME, s. m. a place for horseraces, riding-house, hippodrome.

HIPPOGRIFFE, 1-pô-grif, s. m. hippogriff.

HIPPOFOTAME, 1-pô-pô-tâm, s. m. hippopotamus, river-horse.

HIRONDE, V. Aronde.

HIRONDELLE, I-ron-del, s. f. swallow.

Hisser les bases vergues, to sway up the low-er yards. Hisse la brigastine, hoist the spanker. Hisse la voile d'étai de hame, hoist away the main top-mast stay-sail. Hisse le perromet de fougue, hoist away the mizen top-sail.

Hissed course, a run, a run.

Histoire, la-twar, s. f. history, story.

Voilà bien des histoires, what a world of com-

pliments or ceremonies you make.
HISTORIEL, E, adj. historical.
HISTORIE, E, bs-to-t-k, adj. ambellished or set out with small figures.
HISTORIEN, b-to-rien, s. m. historian.

HISTORIER, v. a. to embellish or set out with figures.

HISTORIETTE, Is-to-ri-et, s. f. pretty story, novel.

HISTORIOGRAPHE, h-to-ri-o-graf, s. m. historiographer.

HISTORIQUE, Is-to-rik, adj. historical. Cela est historique, that is matter of fact, it is certainly so.

HISTORIQUEMENT, Is-to-rik-men, adv. historically.

HISTRION, is-tri-on, s. m. stage player,

stroller, buffoon. HIVER, I-ver, s. m. winter. Nos derniers

hivers, our latter years or old age. HIVERNAGE, s. m. Mar. winter-time, win-

ter season; also wintering place.
HIVERNAL, E, adj. hibernal, belonging to

the winter. Fleur hivernale, a winter-flower.

HIVERNER, I-ver-na, v. n. to winter. Hiverner, Mar. to winter, lie up (in a port) during the winter season. S'hiverner, v. r. to grow hardy, inure one's self to cold.

Ho! interj. ho! hoa! hoay! halloo! Ho du bâtiment, Mar. ho, the ship a hoay (manner of hailing a ship.)

'HOBEREAU, hob-ro, s. m. (sort of hand) a hobby; country gentleman, country squire,

'Hoc, hok, s. m. sort of game at cards. Cela m'est hoc, I am sure of that, that is as sure as a gun.

'HOCA, s. m. sort of game of chance.

HOCHE, hosh, s. f. notch, tally.
HOCHEMENT, hosh-men, s. m. shaking,
Jogging or wagging (of the head.)
HOCHEFOT, s. m. bodgepodge, mingle-

mangie.

'HOCHEQUEUE, s. m. wagtail.

'HOCHER, ho-shi, v. a. to shake, jog, wag or toss.

'HOCHET, hô-shê, s. m. child's coral.

HOGRER, v. n. to grumble, mutter. Horr, wer, s. m. Heritier, heir (loss term.)

HOIRIE, we-rl, s. f. inheritance.

'HOLA, hō-là, interj. adv. & s. bo there!
holla! also hold, no more, enough. Mettre le holà, to part the fray. Holà, Mar. holloa

'HOLLANDE, hồ-lènd, s. f. Holland. A fler the name of a production we say d'Hollande, without aspirating the H. Toile d'Hollande, hollands. Promage d'Hollande, Dutch cheese. Parcelaine d'Hollande, fine Dutch ware, etc. We say also without aspirating the H. Demi-Hollande, (sort of cloth) Isingham Holland, Gulic Holland.

'HOLLANDE, E, adj. Ex. Phone Hollandie,

Dutch quill.

'HOLLANDER, hô-lên-dâ, une plume, v. a. to pass a quill through hot ashes, to make a Dutch quill.

'HOLLANDOIS, E, hô-lên-dê, dêz, adj. &c s. Dutch, Dutch person. Le hollandois, la langue hollandoise, Dutch, the Dutch lan-

guage.

HOLOCAUSTE, Ö-lö-köst, s. m. & f. burntsacrifice, burnt-offerings.

HOLOGRAPHE, adj. & s. V. Olographe.
HOMARD, ho-mar, s. m. great lobster.
HOMARE, onbr, s. m. ombre.
HOMALIE, b-ma-ll, s. f. homily.

Homicide, ô-mî-sîd, s. m. bomicide, murder; also murderer. Homicide involontaire, manslaughter.

Homicides, adj. homicideus, murderous, bloody. Des yeux homicides, killing eyes.

"Homicider, v. n. to murder. Hommage, ô-māz, s. m. homage. Hommager, ô-mā-sā, adj. & s. m. held by

bomage, homager.

HOMMASSE, ô-mås, adj. (said of women.)
masculine or manly. Elle est hommasse, she is a masculine woman, she is a virago.

HOMME, ôm, s. m. man. Un homme de guerre, a soldier, a martialist. Un combat d'homme à homme, a single fight. D'homme d'hommes, upon my honour. Les bons hommes, gnod men; also the Minims (sort of moaks.) Mar. man, hand. Un homme à la mer, there s a man overboard. Encore un homme à la barre, another hand to the helm. Un homme à chaque bras des huniers, attend the top-sail braces.

"Hommeau, s. m. little man.

Hommen, s. f. as much ground as a vine dresser can dress or a mower mow in one

Homoghuz, ô-mô-zên, adj. homogeneal, homogeneous

Honoginisti, s.f. homogeneity, homonealness.

HOMOLOGATION, d-mo-ld-ga-don, (lana term) allowance, approbation, confirma-

Homologue, adj. homologous. Homologuen, ô-mô-lô-ga, v. n. to allow, approve of, confirm, authorize. Homonyme, ô-mô-nim, adj. homonymous.

HOMOPHONIE, s. f. concert of several persons who sing together.

'Hon! interj. hum! 'HONGRE, bongr, adj. & s.m. gelt. Cherol hongre, gelding.

bone, bût : jêtine, mêute, bêurre ; ênfant, cênt, liên : vm : mon : brun.

HORGRELLEE, s. f. woman's dress now out || chose qui doit donner de la honte, a thing to be of use.

HONGRER, hos-grà, v. a. to geld (a horse.)
HONGRIE, s. f. Hungary.
HONGRIE, s. adj. & a. Hungarian.
HONRETE, d-net, adj. honest, good, virtuous; decent, handsome, fane; honourable or creditable, handsome; specious; ciyil, or creditable, nanosume, apoctous, carminate, moderate or reasonable price. Un hon-nite, moderate or reasonable price. Un hon-nite homme, an honest or good man, a man of honour : also a genteel man, a gentleman. Un house housele, a decent, polite, genteel man; a man who observes every social decorum and custom. En housele house, genteelly, in a genteel manner. Une femme housele, an housele, an housele, and housele, housele, housele, housele, housele, housele, hou est, modest, virtuous or chaste woman. Une honnête débauche, an innocent merry-making

HONNETE, s. m. honest. Joindre l'utile avec l'honnéte, to join what is profitable and ho-

nest together.

HOBERTEMENT, ô-net-men, adv. honestly, is an honest way, like a man of honour; hand-somely, decently, finely, well; pretty well, sufficiently; civilly, genteelly, kindly. HONNETERS, 6-net-th, s. f. honesty, ho-

nour; chastity, modesty, civility, civil or hand-some carriage, courtesy, kindness. Faire une homelieté à quelqu'un, to make one a present.

HONNEUR, 5-neur, s. m. honour; respect, worship, reverence; reputation, glory, fame, rredit, esteem; ornament; honesty, virtue; chastity, modesty. Faire les choses avec hon-Agir en homme d'honneur, to act like an ho-nest man. Une femme d'honneur, an honost woman. Je me donnerai l'honneur de vous aller wir, I shall do myself the honour to wait on you. Se faire honneur d'une chose, to make a pride of a thing, to pride or glory in it. Sauf-sotre homeur, under correction. Fuire hon-near à une lettre de change, to honour a bill of enchange (pay it when it becomes due.)

Honneurs, regalia; honours, dignities. Hon-curs functions, funeral solemnities. Faire les neurs de la maison, to receive and enter-

HONNI, E, adj. confounded, abashed, despised. Hown soft qui mal y pense, evil to him who evil thinks.

HOWHER, ho-nir, v. a. to bring to disgrace. HOEGRABLE, ô-nô-rabl, adj. honourable, creditable, noble, magnificent, sumptuous, splendid.

HONOBABLEMENT, d-nd-rabl-men,

bosourably, with honour, nobly, magnificently, samptuously, splendidly.
HONOBAIRE, ô-nô-rèr, adj. honorary, titu-

Hoforer, s. m. lawyer's fee. Honorer, s-no-ra, v. a. to honour, respect reverence; to value or esteem; to do credit to, be the honour or ornament of; to favour. Honoris. Ex. Ad honores, honorary.

HOSORIFIQUE, &-no-rl-fik, adj. honorary,

HONTE, bont, s. f. shame; confusion; motours, nous, s. i. sname, common leave; diagrace, infamy, reproach, ignominy. Acour house, to be ashamed. Rough de toute, to blush. Faire house à quelqu'un, to thame or diagrace one. Témoigner de la thans or disgrace one. Témoigner de la house, to show that one is ashamed. Une

ashamed of.

HONTEUSEMENT, hon-tecz-mes, adv. shamefully, disgracefully, ignominiously.

HONTEU-X, SE, hon-teu, teuz, adj. bashful, shamefaced, ashamed; shameful, to be ashamed of, disgraceful, ignominious, infamous. Les parties honteuses, the privy or secret parts. Le morceau honteux, manners (last piece in the dish.)

HOPITAL, Ö-pi-tal, s. m. hospital, alms-

'Hoquer, ho-ke, s. m. hiccough.

HOQUETON, bok-ton, s. m. particular sort of coat; also the guard who wears it.
HORDER, bord, s. f. (de Tartares) horde.

HORION, s. m. great blow or stroke. HORIZON, 0-rl-zon, s. m. horizon.

HORIZONTAL, E, 8-ri-zon-tal, adj. hori zontal.

8-rl-zon-tal-men HORIZONTALEMENT,

adv. horisontally.

Horloge, or-loz, s. f. clock, horologe, time-piece. Horloge solaire or an soleil, dial or, sundial. Horloge de sable, hour-glass. Horloge de sable, Mar. sand-glass, glass, watch-glass. Horloge marme, time keeper, sea time-piece. Horloge astronomique, astronomical time-piece

Horloger, dr-ld-zå, s. m. clock-maker,

watch-maker.

Horlogère, s. f. or-lo-zèr, clock maker's or watch-maker's wife.

HORLOGERIE, ôr-lôz-ri, s. f. clock-making or watch making.
HORMIS, or-ml, (i.e. mis hors) but, saving.

except, excepting.

HOROGRAPHIE, s. f. horography, art of making dials.

Horoscope, ô-rôs-kôp, s. m. horoscope, nativity.

HORREUR, ô-reur, s. f. horror, dread or trembling for fear, fright, awe; detestation, aversion, hatred, antipathy; confusion, desolation; grievousness, enormity, heinousness. Fai horreur de le dire, I dread to speak it. Fai horreur d'y penser, I hate to think of it. Avoir

en horreur, to abominate, detest, abhor, hate. HORRIBLE, Ö-ffbl, adj. horrid; borrible, fearful, ghastly, dreadful, hideous, frightful; exceeding great, extreme; atrocious, griev-

ous, heinous.

HORRIBLEMENT, &-ribl-men, adv. horri-

bly, fearfully; extremely.

'Hons, prep. out; but, saving or save; except or excepting. Hors de la ville, out of town. Hors de saison, out of season. Hors de doute, without question. Hors de raison, unreasonable. Hors de blâme et de soupçon, free from blame and suspicion. Hors d'heure,

beyond the hour, late, unseasonable.
HORS, hor, Mar. Ex. Hors les perroquets, let fall the top gallant sails. Hors la bonnette basse à tribord, set the lower studding sail on the starboard side.

Hospice, ds-pls, s. m. sort of hospital for monks.

HOSPITALIER, E, Os-pl-th-lia, fièr, adj. hospitable, using hospitality.

HOSPITALIER, E, s. m. & f. (religieux or religieuse qui fait voeu d'assister les pourres, les passans, etc.) hospitaller.

bar, bat, base: thère, êbb, ovêr: field, fig: rôbe, rôb, lôrd: môod, gôod.

HOSPITALITÉ, s. f. hospitality, kind enter-

tainment of strangers.
HOSTIE, ôs-ti, s. f. victim; host.
HOSTILEMENT, ôs-til-mên, adv. in a hostile manner, like an enemy.

Hostilite, os-d-ll-la, s. f. hostility.

Hôtz, ôt, s. m. landlord; bost, innkeeper; guest or lodger. Compter sans son hôte, to reckon without one's bost.

HÔTEL, Ô-têl, s. m. hotel, great man's house, palace. L'Hôtel-Dieu, L'Hôtel-de-Ville, town-house, guild-hall. Un maître l'hôtel, a steward.

HOTELIER, Öt-flå, s. m. inn-keeper, host. Hötelière, Öt-flèr, s. f. an inn-keeper's wife

or widow, hostess.

Widow, nostess.

Hôtellerie, ô-têl-ri, s. f. inn, hostelry.

Hôtesse, ô-tês, s. f. landlady, hostess.

Hotte, hôt, s. f. scuttle, dosser.

Hotte, hôtå, s. f. dosser-full.

HOTTER, v. n. to carry the dosser.

'HOTTEU-R, sr, ho-teur, teuz, s. m. & f.
he or she that carries a dosser upon his back. "HOUACHE or HOUAGE, hoo-az, s. m.Mar.

run or wake (of a ship.)
'Houari, s. m. Mar. wherry (sort of two-masted vessel rigged somewhat like a schoo-

Houston, hoo-blon, s. m. hops. 'HOUBLONNER, hoo-blo-na, v. a. to put

hops in (beer.)
HOUBLONNIÈRE, boo-blo-nièr, s. f. hopfield, hop-ground.

'HOUGRE, s. m. Mar. howker.
'HOUR, hoo, s. f. hoe. Houe plate, setting stick or dibble.

'Hourr, v. a. to boe.
'Hourr, hool, s. f. sort of coal.
'Hourr, hool, s. f. Mar. swell of the sea. La houle est forte, there is a heavy swell.

HOULETTE, hoo-let, s. f. crook, sheep hook, shepherd's crook; (de jardinier) setting or planting stick, dibble.

HOULEU-X, SE, hoo-leu, leuz, adj. Mar. swollen, agitated, rolling. Mer houleuse, swelling sea.

'Houlle, s. f. pot, skillet. V. Houle and Houleux.

'Houppe, hoop, s. f. tuft, cop; puff.

'HOUPPELANDE, hoop-lend, s. f. great coat. "HOUPPER, v. n. to tuft; (de la laine) to comb.

HOURAILLER, v. n. to go a hunting with a good-for-nothing pack of hounds.

'HOURAILLIS, s. m. pack of mangy hounds. 'HOURDAGE, hoor-daz, s. m. rough wall or

'Hourdé, 2, adj. Mur hourdé, rough wall.
'Hourden, hoor-da, v. a. & n. to make a rough wall.

HOURET, boo-re, s. m. poor kind of hunt-

ing dog.

'Houri, s. f. woman who is to contribute, in paradise, to the pleasures of the elect Musselmans.

'HOURQUE, s. f. V. Houcre.

'HOURVARI, s. m. cry made by huntsmen to call back the dogs; disappointment, uproar.

Housard, V. Houssard.

House, R, adj. bedaggled, dirty.

"HouseAux, hoo-zo, s. m. spatterdash.

"Il y a laissé ses houseaux, he is dead.

HOUSETTES, s. f. pl. Mar. trowsers.

'Houspiller, v. a. to touse, tug, pull or worry; berate.
'Houspillon, s.m. the liquor which is

filled to one to mend his draught.
'Houssage, a. m. the act of sweeping with a hair broom.

'Houssair, hôo-se, s. f. holy oak or holm grove.

'Housard, hoo-zar, s. m. hussar. 'Houser, hoos, s. f. (de meubles, de chaise, de lit, etc.) a casé; (pour couvrir une selle) leather-case; (pour un cheval) housing, horse-cloth; (pour un cheval de harnois) sheep or goat's akin; (pour l'impériale du carrosse d'un prince) stately cover. Lit à housse, angel bed.
'Houssen, hoo-sa, v. a. to sweep with a

hair broom.

'Housseu-R, se, s. m. & f. sweeper. 'Houssière. boo-sièr, s. f. plantation or

nursery of young trees.

HOUSSINE, hoo-sin, s. f. switch.

HOUSSINER, v. s. to switch (a horse, etc.)

HOUSSOIR, hoo-swar, s. m. hair broom, whisk.

'Houx, hòo, s. m. holy oak, holm. Le petit

hour, the knee holm or petty whin.

HOYAU, hwa-yo, s. m. mattock. HUARD, s. m. V. Orfraie.

'HUBLOTS, s. m. pl. Mar. scuttles (in the ports.)

HUCHE, hash, s.f. trough, kneading trough, hunting hutch; butch or bin. Huche de moulin, meal-tub; also a mill-hopper

'HUCHER, v. a. to whoop or halloo, call to. 'HUCHER, s. m. horn, buntaman's or post-

boy's horn.
'Hux, hd, interj. gee-ho!
'Hu £e, s. f. halloo or shouting, hooting.
Huen, hd. å, v. a. to halloo, shout; case to boot at.

HUGUENOT, hog-no, s. m. Huguenot.

'HUGUENOT, hog-no, s. m. Huguenot.

'HUGUENOT, TE, hog-no, not; adj. of or belonging to a Huguenot. Un sentiment insgraenot, an opinion entertained by the Huguenots.

HUGUENOTTE, s. f. female Huguenot; a kind of kettle for a stove, earthen stove for a pot to boil in.

HUGUENOTISME, s. f. Huguenotism, the

Huguenot's religion.

"Hu, s. m. present time. Assignard'han, today, this day, now-a-days. Ce jourd'hui, (law

tay, mis day.

Huller, dil, s. f. oil. V. Cotset.

Huller, dil-la, v. a. to oil.

Huller, di-la, v. a. to oil.

Huller, di-la, s. m. oil-man; also oil-

"Huis, s. m. door. Plaider à huis clos, to have a private hearing or trial. Course plaidee à huis clos, cause tried with closed doors.

Huisserie, dis-ri, s. f. door case. Huissier, dis-sia, s. m. usher or door keep-

er ; tipstaff, summoner ; bailiff; (d'église) ver-

HUIT, tilt, adj. eight. Ils sont huit, there are eight of them. Cest aujourd has te hasit du mois, this is the eighth day of the mounts. The T is pronounced before vowels or unhen huit is a substantive.

HULTAIN, fil-tin, s. m. stanza of eight

verses.

buse, but : jeune, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

HUITAINE, Mi-ten, s. f. eight days. A la hantaine, eight days hence, within eight days. HUITIEME, Mi-tem, adj. eighth. En hui-

tiene lieu, eighthly.

HUITLEME, s. m. (huitième jour du mois) eighth, eighth day; (huitième partie) eighth part. La lettre est du huitième, the letter is dated the eighth. Il n'avoit qu'un huitième, he had but the eighth part. Payer le huitième, to pay the eighth penny (duty on wine.) Huitième, s. f. sequence of eight cards (at simet). piquet.) Huitièmement, ûl-tlêm-mên, adv. eighth-

ly. Holtne, dir, s. f. oyster. Ecaille d'hustre, oyster-shell.

HULOTTE, &-lot, s. f. madge howlet (sort

of large out.

HUMAIN, E, û-min, mên, adj. human, be-longing to man; humane, mild, kind, courteous, genule, free, obliging. Genre humain, mankind. Les humains, men, mankind.

HUMAINEMENT, û-mên-mên, adv. human-ly; humanely, kindly, gently. Humainement parlant, humanly speaking. HUMANISÉ, E, adj. civilized, tamed, grown

gentle, etc.

Humaniser, d-mà-nl-zà, v. a. to tame, civilize, make gentle, or civil or tractable. Shamaniser, v. r. to grow gentle, civil, tractable or sociable; civilize one's self.

Humaniste, d-mà-nl-tà, s. f. humanist, Humanisture: humanive cortesy mild-

human nature; humanity, courtesy, mildness, kindness, good nature, civility, friendliness. Traiter quelqu'un avec humanité, to use one humanely or kindly. Il est allé égayer son hamanité, he is gone to be merry. Les hamanités, human learning, liberal know-

ledge.
HUMBLE, uzbl, adj. humble; modest, lowly. lowly-minded, submissive, respectful; low,

lowly, mean.

HUMBLEMENT, unbl-men, adv. humbly.

HUMECTART, É, adj. moistening. HUMECTATION, d-mek-ta-slon, s. f. hu-

mectation or moistening.
HUMECTER, û-mêk-tâ, v. a. to humect,

humectate, moisten, wet.

'Humer, hu-ma, v. a. to suck up; (l'air or le nemet) to suck in

HUMBUR, d-meur, s. f. humour, moisture; humour, temper, mood; fancy, whim or whimmour, merry pin or mood. Etre en humeur de faire, to be inclined or ready or willing to do; to be in a humour to do; to be disposed to be. Etre d'humeur à faire, to be (habitu-ally or naturally) inclined to do. HUMIDE, d'-mid, adj. moist, wet, damp,

humid.

HUMIDE, s. m. moisture. L'humide radical, the radical moisture.

HUMIDEMENT, 0-mid-men, adv. in a damp place. Vous serez ici trop humidement, this

s too damp a place for you to be in.
HUMIDITÉ, û-mi-di-ta, s. f. moistness, dampness, humidity, moisture.

HUMILIANT, E, d-ml-ll-èn, ènt, adj. mor-

tifying, humbling.

HUMILIATION, d-mi-li-a-sion, s. f. humbling or humiliation. Etre dans l'humiliation, to be in a state of humiliation, be humbled.

Humilier, d-mi-li-à, v. a. to humble, cast down, depress, abase, bring low, mortify. S'humilier, v. r. to humble or abase one's self. Humilité, û-mi-li-la, s. f. humility, low-

liness; submission, respect. Avoir beaucoup

d'humilité, to be very humble.

HUMORAL, E, d-mô-râl, adj. humoral.

HUMORISTE, d-mô-rîst, adj. & s. humorist.

HUNE, hun, s. f. Mar. top. La hune d'artimon, the mizen-top. La hune de misaine, the fore-top. La grande hune, the main-top. 'Hune is also that piece of wood to which a bell is suspended.

'Howser, ho-nk, s. m. Mar. top-sail.
Grand humer, main-top sail. Petit humer, fore-top sail. V. Perroquet.

HUPPE, hup, s. f. whoop, lapwing, puet;

"HUPPE, nup. s. f. whoop, lapwing, puet; tuft, top or crest (on the head of some birds.)
"HUPPE, E, hô-ph, adj. tufted, crested, copped; topping; cunning.
"HURE, thur, s. f. head (of a wild boar or of a bear or wolf, etc. and of a great pike; (d'unt sammon) jole; (tête mal peignée) clotted, matted hair, nasty head of hair.
"HUBHAUT meah (town of any matted)

'HURHAUT, gee-ho (term of car-men.)
"'HURLADE, s. f. great howling or crying

'HURLEMENT, harl-men, s. m. howling : roaring.

' Hurtzr, hår-lå, v. n. to howl *or* roar. HURLUBERLU, adv. inconsiderately, bluntly. HURLUBERLU, adj. & s. hair-brained, hair-

brained fellow.

HUSSARD, V. Houssard. HUTTE, hôt, s. f. hut. HUTTER, (sz.) sê-hû-tê, v. r. to lodge in a hut, make a hut.

HYACINTHE, 1-4-sint, s. f. hyacinth.

HYADES, I-ad, s. f. pl. (in astronomy) hyades. HYDATIDE, s. f. hydatid.

HYDRAGOGUE, adj. & s. m. hydragogue, medicine for the discharge of watery humours. HYDRARGYRE, s. m. V. Mercure. Hydrargyre, s. m.

HYDRAULIQUE, i-dro-lik, adj. hydraulick.

Machine hydraulique, water engine. HYDRAULIQUE, s. f. hydraulick.

HYDRE, kire, s. f. hydra; water-serpent. Hydrockle, i-dro-sel, s. f. hydrocele, watery rupture

Hydrocephale, s. f. hydrocephalus, dropsy in the head.

HYDROGÈNE, s. m. hydrogen.

HYDROGRAPHE, 1-drd-graf, s. m. hydro-

grapher.
HYDROGRAPHIE, I-drd-gra-fl, s. f. bydrography, description of the watery parts of the terraqueous globe.

HYDROGRAPHIQUE, I-dro-gra-fik, adj. hydrographical.

HYDROMANCIE, s. f. hydromancy, divination by water.

HYDROMEL, I-dro-mel, s. m. hydromel, mead or metheglin.

HYDROPHOBE, s. m. & f. oue who dreads water or any liquid.

HYDROPHOBIE, s. f. hydrophobia.

HYDROPHTHALMIE, s. f. hydrophthalmis,

dropsy in the eye.

HYDROPIPER, s. m. water pepper.

HYDROPIQUE, i-dro-pik, adj. & s. hydropick, dropsical, that has the dropsy, dropsical bår, båt, båse : thère, ëbb, ovër : field, fig : rôbe, rôb, lêrd : môod, gôod.

HYDROPISIE, i-dro-pi-zi, s. f. dropsy. HYDROPOTE, s. m. & f. hydropotist, drink-

er of water.

HYDROSTATIQUE, s. f. hydrostaticks. HYDROTIQUE, adj. & s. hydrotick. HYGROMÈTRE or HYGROSCOPE, 1-grô-

metr, i-gras-kop,s.m. hygrometer, hygroscope. Hymen or Hymenes, i-men, i-ma-na, s.

m. Hymen or Hymenæus, marriage, wedlock,

matrimony, hymen.

Hymn, imn, s. m. & f. hymn, spiritual

HYPALLAGE, s. f. hypaliage. HYPERBOLE, 1-per-bol, s. f. hyperbole.

HYPERBOLIQUE, 1-per-bo-lik, adj. hyperbolical.

Hyperboliquement, 1-per-bo-lik-men, adv. hyperbolically.

Hyperborge, 1-per-bo-ra, or Hyperbo-RÉEN, NE, adj. hyperborean.

HYPERCRITIQUE. I-per-kri-tik, s. m. bypercritick, mighty critick.

HYPERDULIE, s. f. worship of the holy virgin. HYPNOTIQUE, adj. hypnotick.

HYPOROLE, s. f. hypobole.

HYPOCAUSTE, s. m. stove.

HYPOCHIME, s. m. HYPOCHISE, s. f. hypochyma, hypochyses

HYPOCONDER, 1-pô-kondr, s. m. hypochondres.

HYPOCONDRE or HYPOCONDRIAQUE, 1-pokon-dri-ak, adj. & s. hypochondriack, troubled with the spleen or melancholy, hippish, splenetic, peevish, half mad or distracted

HYPOGRAS, s. m. hypocras, medicated wine. HYPOGRISIE, l-pô-krl-zl, s. f. hypocrisy. HYPOGRITE, l-pô-krlt, s. m. & f. hypocrite,

dissembler, counterfeit, religious cheat.
HYPOCRITE, adj. hypocritical, counterfeit.
Il est extremement hypocrite, he is a great hy-

pocrite. HYPOGASTRE, s. m. hypogastrium, lower

part of the belly. HYPOGASTRIQUE, adj. hypogastrick.

HYPOGEE, s. m. hypogeum.

HYPOGLOTTIDE, s. f. hypoglottis. HYPOSTASE, l-pos-taz, s. f. hypostasis, per-

sonality or personal substance; sediment (in wrine.)

HYPOSTATIQUE, î-pôs-tâ-tîk, adj. hypos-

Hypostatiquement, 1-pos-ta-tik-men, adv. hypostatically.

HYPOTHÉNUSE, s. f. hypotenuse or hypo-

tennsal line. HYPOTHÉCAIRE, 1-pô-tà-kèr, adj. belong-

ing to a mortgage. Hypothécairement, l-pô-th-tèr-mên,

Av. by an action of mortgage.

Hypothèque, 1-pô-lêk, s. f. mortgage.

Hypothèquen, 1-pô-lêk, s. f. to mortgage, dip. Cehui qui hypothèque, the mort-gager. Cehui à qui l'on hypothèque, the mort-

gagee. Hypothesis, i-po-tez, s. f. hypothesis, supposition.

HYPOTHÍTIQUE, 1-pô-tâ-tîk, adj. hypothetical, conditional.

Hypothátiquement, 1-ро-tå-tik-men, adv. hypothetically.

HYPOTYPOSE, I-po-ti-poz, s. f. hypotyposis. Hysors, 1-20p, s. f. hyssop.

HYSTÉRIQUE, Is-te-rik, adj. hysterical. Passions or affections hystériques, hystericks.

I, I, s. m. ninth letter of the French alpha-

IACHT, V. Yucht.
IAMBE, 1-ènb, adj. &z s. m. Iambick.
IB19, 1-bis, s. m. kind of stock.
*ICELUI, 1s-lål, pr. m. he, him.
*ICELUI, 1-bil.

*ICELLE, I-sel, pr. f. she, her. ICENEUMON, ik-neu-mon, s. m. ichneumon. ICHNOGRAPHIE, îk-nô-grâ-fi, s. f. ichnography.

ICHNOGRAPHIQUE, adj. of or belonging to ichnography.

ICHOREU-X,SE, l-kô-rèu,rèuz,adj. ichorous. ICHTYOLITES, S. m. pl. petrified fishes. ICHTYOLOGIE, îk-tl-ò-lò-zi, s. f. ichthyo-

logy, natural history of fishes.

ICHTYOPHAGE, s. m. that lives upon fish. Ici, 1-d, adv. here, hither, in this place; at this time. D'ici, hence, from this place. D'ici en awat, henceforward, henceforth. Qui est le maître d'ici? who is master bere? Je suis d'ici (je suis né d'ici) I was born bere. this is my birth place. Je viens d'ici près, I was bred hard by. D'ici là, thither. Jusqu'ici, hitherto, to this place, to this time. Instead of cet homme ici, we usually say cet homme-ci. V. Ci.

ICONOCLASTE, Î-kô-nô-klâst, s. m. icono-

clast, image breaker.

ICONOGRAPHIE, s. f. iconography.

ICONOGRAPHIQUE, adj. of or belonging to iconography.

ICONOLATRE, s. m. name given by the iconoclasts to the catholicks whom they accused of worshipping images.

ICONOLOGIE, 1-kd-ud-ld-zl, s. f. iconology.

ICONOMAQUE, adj. that opposes the worship of images.

ICTÈRE, s. m. jaundice.

LUTERE, s. m. juundte edj. icterical.
LUTEREQUE, Rt-tā-rīk, adj. icterical.
IDEAL, E. I-dā-āl, adj. ideal, imaginary.
IDEE, I-dā, s. f. idea, notion, opinion, thought, hint; design, project; airy notion, conceit, fancy. Jen ai perdu l'ide, I have forgot it, 'tis quite out of my mind.

IDEM, I-dem, (a Latin word) ditto, the same. IDENTIFIER, I-den-d-fl-a, v. a. to imply or comprehend two things under the same idea.
IDENTIQUE, I-den-tik, adj. identical, the

same. IDENTIQUEMENT, I-den-tik-men, adv. iden-

tically. IDENTITÉ, I-den-ti-tà, s. f. identity, same-

IDÉOLOGIE, s. f. the science of ideas; alse a metaphysical reverie.

IDES, ld, s. f. pl. ides. IDIOME, l-dlom, s. m. idiom, dialect.

IDIOPATHIE, s. f. idiopathy; particular inclination for.

IDIOPATHIQUE, adj. Ex. Maladie idiopathique, idiopathy

IDIOT, E, 1-dl-d, dt, adj. & s. m. & f. idiet, silly, simple, foolish, natural fool, ninny, sim

pleton. IDIOTISME, I-dl-d-tism, s. m. idiotism, peculiar phraseology of a language.

bane, bat : jeane, meute, beurre : entant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

*IDOLNE, adj. fit (loss term.)
IDOLATRE, I-do-latr, adj. idolatrous; extrainely foud.

IDOLATRE, s. m. & f. idolater, worshipper of idols.

IDOLATRER, I-dô-là-trà, v. n. to worship idols. Idolâtrer, v. a. to idolize, be extremely fond of, dote upon

IDOLATRIE, 1-dô-là-tri, s. f. idolatry, worshipping of idols, also extreme fondness, ado-

IDOLATRIQUE, adj. of or belonging to idolatry.

IDOLE, I-dol, s. f. idol. Pourquoi vous teneztous-là comme une idole? what makes you stand there like a statue or like a post?

IDVILE, I-dil, a. m. &c f. idyl.
ir, if, s. m., yew, yew-tree.
ISWARE, I-gnar, adj. ignorant, illiterate.
ISWARE, R. ig-ah, adj. ignocos, flery. Les
matteres ignes, the fiery meteors.

lenicole, adj. an adorer of fire.
leniton, ig-al-slon, s. f. ignition.
lenoble, l-gubbl, adj. ignoble, base, vile.
lenoblement, l-gubbl-mån, adv. ignobly, ignominiously.

ignominie, l-gno-ml-nl, s. f. ignominy, disgrace, dishonour, infamy, shame, reproach, discredit.

IGNOMINIEUSEMENT, l-goð-ml-nl-èuz-mên. adv. ignominiously, disgracefully, dishonour-ably, shamefully.

IGNOMINIEU-X, SE, l-gnô-mi-nl-cu, cuz, adj. ignominious, disgraceful, shameful, disourable, infamous

IGBORAMMENT, l-guò-rà-mèn, adv. igno-

lesoran meent, legol-ne-men, act. ignorancy, unwittingly, by oversight.
Is for anck, 1-gno-rèns, s. f. ignorance, want of knowledge. Par ignorance, ignorancy, through ignorance. Prétendre cause dignorance, to plead or pretend ignorance.
Is for anti-new meeting ignorance. Is for anti-new meeting in the light in the property of the pr

of, unacquainted with.

IGNORANT, E, s. m. & f. ignorant person, ignoramus. Un ignorant fieffe, a perfect mce, a mere ignoramus

"IGNORANTISSINE, adj. most ignorant.
IGNORÉ, E. l-guô-ra, adj. not known.
lGNORER, l-guô-ra, v. a. to be ignorant of, not to know, be usacquainted with, be a stranger to. Ne pas ignorer, to know, be stranger to. Ne paracquainted with, etc.

IL, fl. pronoun pers. he, it. See what has been said at Fallor: see also what is said at the words Impersonnel and Reflechs.

ILE, il, s. f. island, isle. Les fles du vent, the windward islands. Les tles sous le vent, the leeward islands. Ele de glace, bank of ice, island of ice. V. Eles.

ILEON or ILEUM, a. m. (in anatomy) ileum i**n**testinum.

ILES, S. m. pl. (in anatomy) ilia. ILIAQUE, I-I-Ak, adj. Iliac. Ex. La pason iliague, the iliac passion, wind in the small

ILLOH, s. m. (in anatomy) os ilium. wful; illegitimate, bastardly; unjust, unreasonable.

Illegitimement, îl-îâ-zî-tîm-mên, adv. illegally, unlawfully, against the law, unjustillegitimately.

ly, illegitimately. ILLEGITIMITÉ, Îl-lâ-zî-lâ-mâ-tâ, s. f. unlaw-

fulness; illegiumacy

ILLIBERAL, E, adj. servile, mechanical.
ILLICITE, il-il-sit, adj. illicit, unlawful, not allowed of, unwarrantable.

ILLICITEMENT, Il-Il-sk-men, adv. unlawfully, illegally.

ILLIMITÉ, E, Il-Il-ml-th, adj. unlimited. illimited, unbounded.

ILLISIBLE, adj. that cannot be read Illuminati-p, ve, il-lå-ml-aå-tif, tiv, adj,

illuminative. ILLUMINATION, Il-ld-ml-nk-slon, s. f. illu-

mination. ILLUMISÉ, E, Îl-lû-mî-na, adj. enlightened, illuminated. Avoir l'esprit extremement illu-miné, to have a clear mind, be quick sighted.

ILLUMINE, E, s. m. & f. a fanatick. ILLUMINER, Il-ld-ml-nå, v. a. to illuminate,

enlighten, give light to.
ILLUSION, Il-ld-zlon, s. f. illusion, fancy;

fallacy, cheat. ILLUSOIRE, li-là-zwar, adj. illusory, fallacious, deceitful.

ILLUSOIREMENT, Îl-lû-zwâr-mên, adv. de-

ceitfully, fraudulently. ILLUSTRATION, Il-lds-trå-slon, s. f. illustration, explanation. vine illustration. Illustration divine, di-

ILLUSTRE, adj. illustrious, eminent, noble, famous, noted, great, considerable.

ILLUSTRE, s. m. & f. an illustrious, or fa-

mous, or noted person,
ILLUSTRER, il-lus-tra, v. a. to illustrate or explain, to make famous or illustrious, adorn, set off.

ILLUSTRISSIME, Îl-lâs-trî-sîm, adj. most illustrious.

ILOT, I-lô, s. m. small island, islot, ait.
ILS, the plural of il, they.

IMAGE, 1-maz, s. f. picture, image, representation, description; cut, print; blance, likeness; form, appearance. description; cut, print; resem-

IMAGER, E, Î-mâ-zh, zer, s. m. & f. image-maker; also, print-seller. Boutique d'imager, print-shop.

IMAGINABLE, 1-ma-21-nable, adj. imagina-

ble, that can be imagined.

IMAGINAIRE, I-ma-zl-ner, adj. imaginary, fantastical.

IMAGINATI-P, VE, I-ma-el-uk-tif, tiv, adj. that has a good imagination, full of invention or device.

IMAGINATIVE, s. f. fancy, imagination. IMAGINATION, i-ma-zl-na-sion, s. f. ima-gination; fancy, apprehension; invention; conceit or thought; belief, opinion; whim, crotchet.

IMAGINER, I-ma-2l-ma, v. a. to fancy, imagine, conceive; to imagine, devise, invent, contrive, or find out. B'imaginer, v. r. to imagine, fancy, think, believe, conceive.

IMAN, s. m. priest among the Turks.

INARET, s. m. hospital among the Turks. IMBECILE, in-bh-sil, adj. feeble, weak, faint, crazy, decayed; also silly, simple.

IMBÉCILE, s. m. idiot, silly or simple man, ninny, simpleton, natural fool.

IMBÉCILEMENT, adv. with imbecility.

bắr, bắt, bắse: thère, ềbb, over: field, fig: rôbe, rỗb, lồnd: mòod, gảod.

IMPORTANCE, in-pôr-têns, s. f. importance, consequence, moment, concernment, concern. Un homme d'importance, a man of note, an eminent man. Faire l'homme d'importance, to pretend to great matters, take state upon one's self, carry it high.

IMPORTANT, E, in-por-ten, tent, adj. important, material, main, of great consequence,

considerable.

IMPORTANT, E. s. m. & f. man or woman of consequence. Ex. Faire l'important, to be a busy body, pretend to great matters, take much upon one's self, be impertinent.

IMPORTATION, in-por-ta-slon, s. f. impor-

IMPORTER, in-por-th, v. a. to import (merchandise.) Importer, v. n. to concern, imcharacter.) Importer, v. n. to concern, importer, protein signify. Il importe pour la săreté publique, it concerns the public safety. Il m'importe de la vie, my life is concerned or at stake. Qu'importe? what matters it? what of that? what signifies that? what does it signify? One his importer tot? what the it signify? Que lui importe-t-il? what's that to him? N'importe, that's nothing, 'tis no matter.

IMPORTUN, E, in-pôr-tun, tôn, adj. troublesome, grievous, sad; also importunate, im-Un demandeur importun, a dunpertinent.

IMPORTUN, E, s. m. & f. troublesome man

or woman, impertment person.
IMPORTUNÉ, E, adj. troubled, importuned.
IMPORTUNÉMENT, in-pôr-tô-nh-inên, adv. importunately, in a troublesome manner. me presse importunément de le payer, he dans me for his money.

IMPORTUNER, in-pôr-tà-nà, v. a. to trouble, be troublesome, to importune, tease, vex.

nportuner ses débileurs, to dun one's debtors. IMPORTUNITÉ, in-por-tà-ni-tà, s. f. impor-

tunity, trouble, dunning.

IMPOSABLE, in-po-zabl, adj. liable to be taxed.

IMPOSANT, E, in-pô-zèn, zènt, adj. imposing, etc. (V. Imposer,) commanding, commanding respect, awful, important, solemn,

stern, brow-beating

IMPOSER, in-pô-za, v. a. to impose or lay on; (in printing) to impose; (un nom, le nom) to give. Imposer un crime à quelqu'un, to lay a crime to one, charge one with a crime. Imposer une taxe sur, to impose or lay a tax upon. Imposer quelqu'unt à la taille, to make one liable to the land tax. En imposer, v. n. to impose, lie, romance. En imposer à quelqu'un, to impose, or put upon one, deceive or cheat one; also to abuse or brow-beat one; to impose, lay, enjoin, prescribe, bid.
IMPOSITION, in-po-zi-sion, s. f. imposition,

laying on; impost, duty or tax. L'imposition d'un nom, the giving of a name.

IMPOSSIBILITE, in-po-si-bi-li-ta, s. f. impossibility.

IMPOSSIBLE, in-pô-sibl, adj. impossible. IMPOSSIBLE, s. m. impossibility.

IMPOSTE. 4. f. (in architecture) impost.
IMPOSTEUR, in-pos-teur, s. m. impostor. cheat, false pretender, calumniator, slauder-

er; also deceitful. IMPOSTURE, in-pos-tur, s. f. imposture, cheat, illusion; calumny, slander.

IMPOT, in-po, s. m. impost, imposition, tax, duty, custom. Impût sur chaque tête, pollmoney, poll-tax, capitation. feu, chimney-money, bearth brott our cheau IMPOTENT, E, in-po-ten, tent, adj. impe-

tent, infirm, maimed, lame. IMPOURVU. Ex. A l'impourus, unawares,

on a sudden.

IMPRATICABLE, in-pri-d-kabl, adj. impracticable, that cannot be used. Chemin impraticable, impassable way or road. Mains impraticable, bouse that nobody can live Un homme impraticable, an unsociable or unconversable man.

IMPRÉCATION, in-pré-kh-don, a f. imprecation, curse or cursing. Faire des imprications contre quelqu'un to imprecate er curse que.

IMPRÉGNATION, s. f. impregnation.
IMPRÉGNAE, (s') six-prà-gnà, v. r. to im-pregnate or imbibe.

IMPRENABLE, in-pre-nabl, adj. impregna-ble, not to be taken (and of batteries, etc.) IMPRESCRIPTIBILITÉ, s. f. imprescripti-

bility. IMPRESCRIPTIBLE, in-pres-krip-tibl, adj.

imprescriptible.

IMPRESSION, in-pre-slow, s. f. impression:
character, stamp; printing; print; edition; character,

opinion; influence, persuasion, suggestion.
"IMPREVOYANCE, s. f. improvidence, want of forecast.

of forecast.

*IMPRÉVOYANT, E, adj. improvident.

IMPRÉVOY, E, is-prà-và, và, adj. unforeseen, unexpected, unthought of, unlocked for.

IMPRIMÉ, is-pri-mà, s. m. pamphlet.

IMPRIMÉR, is-pri-mà, v. a. to print, or

imprint; to impress, stamp; to imprint, en
grave; (de la terreur) to strike, strike with;

imprime une toil, to prime a cloth or can-(imprimer une toile) to prime a cloth or can-vass. Imprimer quelqu'un, to put one in print. Se faire imprimer, to appear in print, set up for an author. Imprimer le mouvement à un corps, to give motion to a body, move it. Impriner cachet sur la cire, to set the seal to the war.

IMPRIMERIE, in-prim-ri, s. f. printing, printing-house.

IMPRIMEUR, in-pri-meur, s. m. primer, press-man.

IMPRIMURE, in-pri-mor, a. f. priming or ground of a picture-cloth.

IMPROBABLE, in-pro-babl, adj. improbeble, unlikely.

IMPROBAT-BUR, RICE, s. m. & f. one who disapproves.

IMPROBATION, in-pro-ba-sion, s. f. improbation, disproving, dislike.
IMPROBITÉ, s. f. improbity.

IMPROMPTU, s. m. imprompts, extemporary production.

IMPROPRE, in-propr, adj. improper. IMPROPREMENT, in-propr-men, adv. improperly.

IMPROPRIÉTÉ, in-prò-pri-à-tà, a. f. impropriety.

IMPROUVÉ, E, adj. disapproved, disallowed, disliked.

IMPROUVER, in-proo-va, v. a. to disspprove, disallow, dislike, not to approve of. IMPROVISAT-EUR, RICE, & m. & f. one

who makes extemporary verses. IMPROVISER, v. n. to make extemperary

verses. IMPROVISTE, in-pro-vist. Ex. A Pimpro-

viste, unawares, on a sudden.

base, bût : jêune, mêute, bêurre : ênflost, cêst, liên : vin : mon : brus.

MPRODEMMENT, in-prů-dà-mên, adv. improdestly, unwisely, indiscreetly, foolishly, unadvisedly, unwittingly. lupnubence, in-pro-deus, s. f. impru-

dence; foolishness, indiscretion, unadvised-ness; imprudence, ignorance, inadvertency,

IMPRUDENT, E, in-prû-den, dent, adj. & s. imprudent, unwise, foolish, indiscreet, inconsiderate, unadvised, improvident; fool, foolish person.

IMPUBÈRE, in-på-ber, adj. & s. not adult,

under the age of puberty.
INPUDEMMENT, in-pû-dâ-mên, adv. im-

padently, saucily, malapertly.

IMPUDENCE, in-pd-dens, s. f. impudence, sauciness, shamelessness, malapertness; im-

pudent or saucy word or action.

INFUDENT, E, in-pû-dên, dênt, adj. & s.
impudent, saucy, shameless, brazen-saced,
malapert, bawdy, lewd, impudent person.

INPUDEUR, s. f. want of modesty. IMPUDICITÉ, in-pû-dî-sî-tâ, s. f. lasciviousss, wantonness, unchasteness, lewdness, ob-

scenity, immodesty.

Impubique, in-på-dik, adj. & s. lascivious, wanton, unchaste, immodest, lewd, dis-solute, loose, impure, obscene; lewd or lasci-Vious person.

IMPUDIQUEMENT, in-på-dik-men, adv. lasciviously, wantonly, unchastely, obscenely,

kwdly, immodestly.

INPUSER, v. a. to impuga, or oppose.

INPUSERCE, in-polisers, s. f. impotency,
takense, inability. Il est dans l'impuissance reakness, inability.

de payer, he is unable to pay.

IMPUISSANT, E, in-pul-sen, sent, adj. impotent, weak, unable, vain, fruitless

IMPULSI-F, VE, in-pul-sif, siv, adj. impul-sive, driving, or thrusting forward.

Insulation, in-phi-sion, s. f. impulsion, driving or thrusting forward, impulse, per-

n, instigation.

IMPUNEMENT, in-pd-nd-men, adv. with impunity, without punishment, unpunished; diso to no purpose, without fearing the conse-quences. Fera-t-il toujours ces désordres imfront? shall he cause these troubles, and always go unpunished?

INPURI, E, in-pd-ul, nl, adj. unpunished, free from punishment.

IMPUNETE, in-po-ni-ta, s. f. impunity, in-

dalgence, pardon IMPUR, E, is-pur, pur, adj. impure, foul,

Sithy: lewd, obscene, immodest.

INPURENENT, in-pur-men, adv. impurely, uncleanly, filthily.

IMPURETE, in-pur-ta, s. f. impurity, filthi-

ness; impurity, obscenity, lewdness, lascivioumen, uncleanne IMPUTATION, in-pd-th-slow, s. f. imputa-

tion, charge: (in theology) imputation.

https://doi.org/10.1000/10.1000/10.1000/10.1000/10.1000/10.1000/10 ter à bien or à mérite, to ascribe or attribute the merit to one, to commend one for a thing. Imputer les usures au principal, to dedeat the usures from the principal. Elle est greate, at your impute le fait, she is with child, and fathers it upon you.

In, a Latin preposition that enters into the composition of words, sometimes in a negative 38

sense, as in biaction, and sometimes in the sense of within, as in Incorporer. Before B M. P. it is changed into In, before L into II. and before R into Ir.

INABURDABLE, I-na-bor-dabl, adj. inaccessible, not to be come at.

Inaccessible, I-nak-se-sibl, adj. inaccessible, unapproachable.

INACCOMMODABLE, î-nâ-kô-mô-dabl. adi. that cannot be made up.
INACCORDABLE, adj. that cannot be uned,

agreed, etc.

INACCOSTABLE, I-na-kôs-tabi, adj. unsociable, that will admit of no company

INACCOUTUMÉ, E. l-ma-kôo-tô-ma. adi. unaccustomed, unusual, uncommon.

INACTI-F, VE, adj. inactive.
INACTION, I-nak-slon, s. f. inaction. INACTIVITE, s. f. inactivity

INADMISSIBLE, l-uad-ml-sibl, adj. inadmissible.

INADVERTANCE, I-nad-ver-tens, s. f. inadvertence, or inadvertency, oversight, heed-

INALIENABILITÉ, s. f. state of a thing that cannot be alienated.

INALIÉNABLE, 1-nå-ll-å-nåbl, adj. unalienable.

INALLIABLE, i-na-fi-abl, adj. that cannot

be allayed or mixed (said of metals.)
INALTERABLE, i-nal-ta-rabl, adj. unaherable.

INAMISSIBILITÉ, s. f. inadmissibility. INAMISSIBLE, I-na-mi-sibl, adj. inadmissible. INAMOVIBILITÉ, s. f. unremoveableness. INAMOVIBLE, adj. unremoveable.

INANIMÉ, E, adj. inanimate, without life or soul.

INANITION, I-nk-nl-slow, s. f. inanition. INAPERÇU, E, adj. that is not perceived.

INAPPLICABLE, adj. that cannot be applied. INAPPLICATION, l-nd-pll-kd-slon, s. f. inapplication, heedlessner INAPPLIQUÉ, E, l-så-pll-kå, adj. unmind-

ful, careless, beedless, inattentive.

INAPPRÉCIABLE, adj. invaluable. INAPTITUDE, 1-nap-ú-tůd, s. f. unitnes INARTICULÉ, E, l-mar-ti-ta-la, adj. inarticulate.

INATTAQUABLE, I-nå-tå-kabl, adj. that cannot be attacked.

INATTENDU, E, l-nå-tèn-då, dà, adj. unexpected.

INATTERTI-F, VE, 1-na-ten-tif, tiv, adj. inattentive. INATTENTION, I-na-ten-sion, s. f. inatten-

tion, heedlessness. INAUGURAL, E, adj. of or relating to in-

auguration. INAUGURATION, 1-no-go-ra-sion, s. f. inau-

guration. luaugunen, f-nô-gû-ra, v. a. to initiate, inaugurate.

INCAGUER, v. a. to dare, defy, challenge. INCANDESCRECE, s. f. whiteness produced by heat.

INCANDESCENT, E, adj. whitened by heat. INCANTATION,s. f. incentation, charm, spell. INCAPABLE, in-kå-pabl, adj. incapable,

unfit, not able, not capable.

INCAPACITÉ, in-kh-ph-sl-th, s. f. incapaci-

ty, inability, disability.
INCARCÉRATION, s. f. incarceration.

bar, bat, base: thère, ebb, over: fleid, fig: rôbe, rôb, lôrd: môod, gôod.

Luca referen, v. a. to incarcerate, imprison. Incarnadin, e, in-kar-ua-din, din, adj. & s. faint carnation, of a faint carnation colour.

INCARNAT, s. m. carnation, flesh colour.

Un teint mélé de blinc et d'incarnat, a face coloured with white and red.

INCARNAT, E, in-kar-na, nat, adj. of the carnation or flesh colour. INCARNATI-F, VE, adj. incarnative.

Incarnation, in-kar-na-sion, s. f. inear-

nation or assuming of flesh.

INCARNÉ, E., in-kar-na, adj. incarnate, made Un diable incarné, a devil incarnate, a devil in the shape of a man, a devilish man. S'incarner, sin-kar-na, v. r. to take flesh,

assume the human nature

INCARTADE, in-kār-tād, s. f. inconsiderate quarrel or insult; also foolish or silly action.
INCENDIAIRE, in-sèn-dièr, s. m. incendi-

ary.
INCERDIE, in-sch-dl, s. f. great fire, conflagration or burning of houses, combustion,

INCENDIER, in-sen-di-l, v. a. to burn, burn

down, destroy by fire.

Incération, s. f. inceration.

INCERTAIN, NR, in-ser-tin, ten, adj. un-certain, doubtful; inconstant, changeable; irresolute, wavering, in suspense; undeter-mined, indefinite. Cheval incertain, restiff mined, indefinite. horse.

INCERTAIN, s. m. uncertainty.

INCERTAINEMENT, in-sêr-iên-mên, adv.

uncertainly, doubtfully.
INCERTITUDE, in-ser-tl-tud, s. f. uncertainty, doubtfulness; quandary, wavering condition, suspense; perplexity, loss.

INCESSAMMENT, in-sé-sé-mén, adv. con-tinually, incessantly, without intermission; presently, forthwith, out of hand, immediately. INCESSIBLE, adj. (law term) that cannot be given up or yiekled, unalienable.

INCESTE, in-sest, s. m. incest.

INCESTUEUSEMENT, in-ses-ta-euz-men, adv. incestuously, in an incestuous manner.

Incesturu-x, se, in-ses-ta-eu, euz, adj. incestuous.

*Incharitable, adj. uncharitable. Incharite, ve. adj. incharite.

Incidenment, in-sl-då-men. adv. inci-

dently, or incidentally, occasionally.

INCIDENCE, in-sl-dens, s. f. incidency, incidence.

INCIDENT, s. m. incident, accident, adventure, event; incident, new difficulty which perplexes a cause. Faire nattre des incidens dans un proces, to split a cause.

INCIDENT, E, in-si-den, dent, adj. incident, accessary.

INCIDENTAIRE, s. m. caviller or one who introduces incidents.

Incidenter, in-si-den-da, v. n. to introduce incidents.

Incineration, in-sl-ph-ra-slon, s. f. in-

cineration, reducing to ashes.

INCIRCONCIS, E, in-sir-kon-si, siz, adj. & s.
m. & f. uncircumcised, man uncircumcised.

INCIRCONCISION, s. f. uncircumcision. INCISER, in-sl-za, v. a. to cut, make an incision in; to separate (said of food in the stomach.)

INCISI-F, VE, in-sl-zlf, zlv, adj. incisive, cutting. Dents incisives, the fore teeth or cutters.

Incision, in-al-zlon, s.f. incision or cuttin Incisoire, adj. incisory, incisive. Une dent incisoire, an incisory or incisive tooth, a butter tooth.

INCITATION, in-si-th-sion, s. f. incitation, enticement, motion, instigation, persuasion.

INCITER; in-si-ta, v. a. to incite, entice, encourage, set or spur on, persuade, stir up, move or induce.

INCIVIL, E, in-sl-vil, adj. uncivil, clowaish, rude, ill bred, unmannerly. Demonde incivile, unreasonable demand.

INCIVIL, E, s. m. & f. uncivil (ill bred, rude, clownish) or unmannerly person.
INCIVILEMENT, in-sl-vil-men, adj. unci-

villy, clownishly, rudely, unmannerly.

Incivilist, E, adj. one who is not civilized. Incivilite, in-si-vi-li-th, a. f. incivility, clownishness, rudeness, unmannerliness; piece of rudeness or incivility.

INCIVISME, s. m. incivism, disaffection to the welfare of the country.

INCIVIQUE, adj. inimical to the country. INCLÉMENCE, in-kla-mens, s. f. inclemency, sharpness.
INCLEMENT, adj. inclement; stern, severe,

rigorous.
Inclination, in-kli-ne-zon, s. f. (in geometry) inclination. Inclination de l'aiguille aimantée, Mar. dip of the magnetic needle.

INCLINANT, E, adj. inclining, inclined.
INCLINATION, in-kil-na-sion, s. f. inclination; bowing or bending downwards; proneness, disposition: affection, love: mistress, object of love. A ros inclinations, to your best affections. Verser par inclination, to pour

INCLINER, in-kli-nk, v. a. to bow or bow down, incline or bend. S'incliner denant une personne, to bow down to one. Incliner, v. m. to incline or bend to, lean, have a propension.

INCLUS, E, in-klû, klûz, adj. inclosed.

INCLUSE, s. f. inclosed or inclosed letter.

*Incrusi-F, vz, adj. inclusive

INCLUSIVEMENT, in-klå-dv-men, adv. inclusively.

INCOERCIBLE, adj. that is not coercible. Incognito, in-ko-gnl-to, adv. incognito. incog.

Incognito, s. m. Ex. Garder l'incognito,

to remain or keep incog.
INCOHERENCE, s. f. incoherence. INCOHÉRENT, adj. incoherent.

INCOMBUSTIBILITÉ, s. f. incombustibility. INCOMBUSTIBLE, in-kon-bus-tibl, adj. in-

combustible, not to be burnt. INCOMMENSURABILITE, s. f. incommensu-

rability. Incommensurable, in-ko-men-su-rabi,

adj. incommensurable, not to be measured with one common measure (in mathematicks.) INCOMMODANT, E, adj. troublesome, incommodious.

Incommone, in-kô-môd, adj. troublesome, inconvenient, burdensome, incommodious, uneasy, grievous, impertinent.

INCOMMODE, s. m. de f. troublesome or

impertinent person.
INCOMMODÉ, E, in-kô-mô-dh, adj. troubled, disturbed, etc. sick; out of order, indisposed, troubled with some disorder or other; low, poor, hard put to it, in want, at a pinch. Bâtiment incommodé, Mar. disabled ship. base, bat : jeane, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

INCOMMODÉMENT, adv. inconveniently, incommodiously, uneasily.

INCOMMODER, v. a. to trouble, hinder, disturb; to incommode, trouble, be troublesome to, time, fatigue, to injure, annoy, hurt, do harm to; to make poor, put to hard shifts, reduce to straits. Ce soutier m'incommode, this shoe pinches me.

ISCOMMODITÉ, s. f. inconvenience, incommodity; poverty, strait, pinch, want; ailment, indisposition. Mar. distress. Faire le signal d'incommodité, to make the signal of distress. Le serre-file a fait signal d'incommodité, the rear ship in the line has made the signal of distress.

Incommunicable, in-kô-mô-nî-kabl, adj.

Iscommutable, not to be communicated.

Iscommutable, not to be communicated.

Is commutable incommutable.

IFCOMMUTABLE, in-kô-mû-tabl, adj. incommutable.

ISCOMMUTABLEMENT, in-kô-mũ-tåbl-mên, adv. incommutably, so as to have a legal title.

ISCOMPARABLE. in-kon-på-råbl, adi. in-

ISCOMPARABLE, in-kon-pa-rabl, adj. incomparable, not to be compared, matchless, poerless.

INCOMPARABLEMENT, in-kon-på-råbl-men, adv. incomparably, without comparison.

INCOMPATIBILITÉ, in-kon-på-il-bi-il-tå, s. f. incompatibility, antipathy, inconsistency.

INCOMPATIBLE, in-kon-på-ilbl, adv. incompatible.

ISCOMPÉTEMMENT, in-kon-på-tå-mên, adv.

incompetently.
Incompétence, in-kon-på-tens, s. f. in-

INCOMPÉTENT, E, in-kon-på-ten, tent, adj.

mcompetent.

Incomplete, E, in-kon-ple, plet, adj. incomplete, imperfect.

Incomplexe, adj. that is not complex.

INCOMPRÉHENSIBILITÉ, in-kon-pra-én-si-

bi-fi-th, s. f. incomprehensibility.

INCOMPREHENSIBLE, in-kon-pra-en-sibl,

adj. incomprehensible, that cannot be comprehended or conceived, inconceivable. C'est un homme incomprehensible, he is a strange man. INCOMPRESSIBLE, adj. incompressible.

INCONCEYABLE, in-kons-vabl, adj. inconceivable, not to be imagined or conceived, incomprehensible.

INCONCEVABLEMENT, adv. inconceivably. INCONCELLIABLE, in-kon-sl-li-abl, adj. that cannot agree, irreconcilable.

ISCOSDUITE, in-kon-ddh, s. f. want of con-

INCONGRU, E, in-kon-gra, gra, adj. incongruous; apt to trespass against the rules of decorum.

INCOMERUMENT, in-kon-grà-mên, adv. inongraously.

Incommunity, in-kon-grail-ità, s. f. incongruity of spaceh, impropriety; incongruity, indecency, unsuitableness, unseemliness, irregularity, effence against decorum.

INCONNU, E, in-kô-nh, nh, adj. unknown, chacure, of no reputation; also unusual, to which one is not used or accustomed. Il est tout-à-fait inconnue en ce pays, he is a perfect aranger in this country. Cette voile inconnue n'a son grand hanier qu'à mi-mât, Mar. that trange sail has a main-top-sail only half mast high.

Incommu, s. m. unknown person. Inconséquence, in-kon-så-kéns, s. f. inconsequence, inconclusiveness, incongruity,

inconsistency.

Inconsequent, E, in-kon-sk-kan, kant, adj. inconsequent, inconsistent, inconsequent, inconsistent, inconsequent,
INCONSIDERATION, in-kon-si-da-ra-slon, s. f. inconsideration, imprudence, rashness, unadvisedness.

Inconsideré, e, in-kon-si-då-rå, adj. inconsiderate, rash, foolish, unadvised, unwise, indiscreet, imprudent.

INCONSIDEREMENT, in-kon-sl-da-ra-men, adv. inconsiderately, rashly, foolishly, indiscreetly, unadvisedly imprudently.

INCONSOLABLE, in-kon-so-labl, adj. incon-solable, not to be comforted.

INCONSOLABLEMENT, adv. inconsolably. INCONSTAMMENT, in-kons-th-men, adv. inconstantly, lightly.

INCONSTANCE, in-kons-tens, s. f. inconstancy, fickleness, levity, changeableness, lightness; inconstancy, uncertainty, instability.

Inconstant, E, in-kons-ten, tent, adj. inconstant, fickle, light, changeable; unstable, uncertain.

Inconstitutionnel, LE, adj. not constitutional.

Inconstitutionnellement, adv. against the constitution.

INCONTESTABLE, in-kon-tes-tabl, adj. indisputable, incontestable, undoubted, unquestionable, not to be questioned, most certain.

Incontestablement, in-kon-tes-tablmen, adv. undoubtedly, unquestionably, most certainly.

Incontesté, E, in-kon-tês-tâ, adj. not contested.

INCONTINEMMENT, adv. incontinently.
INCONTINENCE, in-kon-tl-nens, s. f. incontinence, incontinency, lust, lustful affection.

Incontinent, E, in-kon-ti-nen, nent, adj. incontinent, unchaste.

Incontinent, adv. presently, by and by, immediately, straightway.

INCONVENIENT, in-kon-va-ni-èn, s. m. inconvenience, cross accident or disappointment, trouble, difficulty, absurdity, inconsistency.

INCORPORALITÉ, in-kôr-pô-ra-lî-ta, s. f. incorporality.

INCORPORATION, in-kôr-pô-rà-slon, s. f. incorporation.

INCORPOREL, LE, in-kôr-pô-rêl, adj. incorporeal, bodiless, without a body.

INCORPORER, in-kôr-pô-ra, v. a. to incorporate; imbody, mix together; receive or admit into a society; to incorporate, annex or unite. S'incorporer, v. r. to incorporate, get incorporated.

INCORRECT, adj. that is not correct.

INCORRECTION, in-kô-rêk-slon, s. f. want of correction.

INCORRIGIBILITÉ, in-kô-rl-gl-bl-ll-th, s. f. incorrigibleness.

INCORREGIBLE, in-kô-rl-zlbi, adj. incorrigible, that cannot be mended.

INCORRUPTIBILITÉ, in-kô-rūp-tl-bl-tl-tå,

s. f. incorruptibility, integrity.

INCORRUPTIBLE, adj. incorruptible, not subject to corruption, not to be bribed.

INCORRUPTION, s.f. that cannot grow rotten. INCRASSANT, z, adj. that incrassates or thickens the blood. bar, bat, base . thère, êbb, over : field, fig : robe, rob, tord : mood, good.

INCRÉDIBILITÉ, in-krå-dí-bl-ll-tå, s. f. in-

INCREDULE, in-krå-dål, adj. & s. incredulous, hard of belief, unfaithful, unbelieving, incredulous person, unbeliever.

INCRÉDULITÉ, in-krå-då-ll-tå, s. f. incredulity, hardness of belief, unbelief.

Increse, E, in-kra-a, adj. uncreated. Incrovable, in-krwa-yabl, adj. incredible, past all belief, not to be believed, vast, huge, excessive.

INCROYABLEMENT, adv. in an incredible

manner.

INCRUSTATION, in-krus-th-slon, s. f. incrustation.

INCRUSTER, in-krůs-tå, v. a. to incrustate, line (with marble, jasper, etc.)

INCUBATION, s. f. incubation.

INCUBE, s. m. Incubus, night mare, devil that under a man's shape has carnal knowledge of a woman (a popular error.)
Inculration, in-kul-pa-slon, s. f. laying

of a fault to one's charge.

INCULPER, in-kul-pa, v. a. to charge one with a fault.

Inculquen, in-kål-kå, v. a. to inculcate, beat into one's head or brains.

INCULTE, in-kalt, adj. uncultivated, untilled, unmanured, waste, also coarse, home-

ly, unpolished, wild.
INCULTURE, s. f. state of land not cultivated. INCURABILITÉ, in-ků-rà-bî-li-tà, s. f. in-

curableness. INCURABLE, in-kå-rabl, adj. incurable.

INCURABLES, (LES) s. m. pl. hospital for people desperately sick. INCURIE, in-kū-ri, s. f. want of care, negli-

gence. Incurrositá, s. f. neglect of learning what

one is ignorant of. Incursion, in-kar-slon, s. f. incursion, in-

road.

INDAGATEUR, s. m. indagator. INDE, ind, s. f. India. Coq d'I Coq d' Inde, turkey, turkey-cock. Poule d'Inde, turkey-hen. Les Les Grandes Indes or les Indes Indes, Indies. orientales, the East Indies. Les bides occidentales, the West Indies.

INDÉBROUILLABLE, adj. that cannot be

disentangled.

INDÉCEMMENT, in-dà-sà-mên, adv. indecently, unhandsomely, unseemly, misbecomingly. INDÉCENCE, in-da-sens, s. f. indecency, in-

decorum, unbecomingness. Indécent, e, in-dà-sen, sent, adj. inde-

cent, unhandsome, unbecoming or misbeco-

ming, unseemly, ugly. INDECHIFFRABLE, in-da-shl-frabl, adj. that cannot be deciphered, not legible, ob-

scure, intricate. INDECIS, E, in-då-si, siz, adj. undecided, undetermined, irresolute, fluctuating.

Indecision, s. f. indecision

Indectinable, in-da-kli-nabl, adj. indeclinable, that cannot be declined

INDÉCROTTABLE, in-då-krå-tabl, adj. unpolite, clownish, rude, unpolishable; also dark, obscure, inexplicable. Un animal indécrottable, an unpolished, clownish fellow

INDÉFECTIBILITÉ, in-då-fêk-d-bî-lî-tâ, s. f. indefectibility.

INDÉFECTIBLE, in-då-fêk-tîbl, adj. inde-

fectible.

INDÉFENDU, E, adj. defenceloss, helpless, unprotected, undefended.

INDEFINI, n., in-da-fi-ni, ni, adj. indefinite, undetermined, unlimited, unbounded.
INDEFINIMENT, in-da-fl-nl-men, adv. in-

definitely, undeterminately

Indirinissable, in-då-ff-nl-såbl, sdj. not to be or that cannot be defined.

INDÉLÉBILE, in-då-lå-bil, adj. indelible, that cannot be blotted out.

INDÉLIBÉRÉ, E, in-då-ll-bå-rå, adj. inde-

liberate, sudden. INDEMNE, adj. that is indemnified.

INDEMNIFICATION, S. f. indemnification Indemniser, in-dêm-nî-zh, v. a. to mve harmless, indemnify, make amends for.
INDEMNITÉ, in-dêm-nî-th, s. f. indemnity,

indemnification, saving harmless

INDEPENDAMMENT, in-dh-pen-dh-men, adv. independently, without any dependence or regard or relation. Viere independenment, to depend upon nobody, be one's own

INDÉPENDANCE, in-da-pen-dens, s. f. in-

dependence, liberty, full liberty.

INDÉPENDANT, E, in-dà-pèn-dèn, dèn, adj. independent, free, that has no dependence upon any one. Les indépendans (la set de indépendans en Angleterre,) the independens or congregationalists.

INDEPENDANTISME, s. m. sect of the inde-

pendents.

INDESTRUCTIBILITÉ, in des trak-d-bl-fltà, s. f. indestructibility.

Industructible, in-des-trak-tal, adj. inaestructible.

INDÉTERMINATION, in-dà-lèr-mì-là-dos,

s. f. irresolution, uncertainty, suspense.
INDETERMINE, E, in-da-ter-mi-mi, adj. isdetermined or indeterminate, indefinite, us-

limited, undecided, uncertain, irresolute. INDETERMINEMENT, in-dl. ter-ml-ml-mes,

adv. indeterminately, in general.

INDÉVOT, E, in-dà-vô, vôt, adj. indevout, irreligious.

IND EVOTEMENT, in-di-vol-men, adv. inligiously, in an indevout manner.

INDEVOTION, in-da-vo-sion, s. f. indevotion, irreligion.

INDEX, in-deks, s. m. index, table of a book; fore finger.

INDICATEUR, s. & adj. one who shows. points out; sort of bird that discovers wild bees. Indicati-f, ve, in-di-ka-tif, tiv, adj. indicative, showing.

INDICATIF, s. m. indicative or indicative mood. V. Subjonctif.
INDICATION, in-dl-ka-don, s. f. indication.

sign, symptoin.

INDICE, in-dis, s. m. index, table of a book, sign, token, mark, probable evidence, noire. Ces goernous sont de très-incertains indices de terre, these sea-weeds are very uncertain signs of land.

INDICIBLE, is-di-sibl, adj. unspeakable, unexpressible, not to be expressed.

Indication, in-dik-slon, a. f. proclaiming or calling of a council; indiction, space of fifteen years.

Indicute, s. m. that which shows, asnounces.

INDIEN, NE, in-dien, nien, adj. & s. Indias. Indienne, printed calico.

bone, bot : jeune, meute, beurre : entint, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

Indifféremment, in-dl-få-rå-men, adv. () indifferently, coldly, carelessly, without caring much for it, without distinction. Vivre indifseremment or dans l'indifférence, to live unconcerned or without concern.

INDIFFERENCE, in-dl-fa-rens, s. f. indiffereace, carelesaness, unconcernedness. V. In-

differenment.

INDIFFÉREST, E, in-di-fà-rès, rèst, adj. & . indifferent, indifferent man or woman. INDIGENCE, in-di-rens, s. f. indigence, po-

verty, need, want, penury.
lwpre kwz, in-di-zen, adj. indigenous.

Indigent, E, in-di-zen, zem, adj. & s. in-

dgent, poor, needy, indigent person.
INDIGESTE, in-di-sest, adj. undigested, raw, hard to be digested, confused, disordered. Estomac indigeste, weak or bad stomach

LEDIGESTION, in-di-ses-tion, s. f. indigestion, surfeit.

INDIGNATION, s. f. indignation, anger. ISDIGRE, iz-dign, adj. unworthy, ill, base,

Indigné, e, in-di-gnà, adj. very angry,

full of indignation.

Інрисивит, in-dign-men, adv. unworthily, basely, shamefully

INDIGNER, in-dl-gua, v. a. to irritate, exesperate, provoke. Similgner, v. r. to grow agry, fret, fume or chafe.

Is DIESTIA, in-di-gul-ta, s. f. unworthiness,

indignity; heinousness, enormity, grievous-

ss, baseness; unworthy usage, outrage. Indigo, in-di-go, s. m. indigo.

INDIGOTERIE, s. f. particular place where

indigo is made or prepared.

INDIQUEE, in-dl-ka, v. a. to show, teach, drect to: to call, summon, appoint to meet.

INDIRECT, B, in-dl-rekt, adj. indirect.

INDIRECTEMENT, in-dl-rekt-men, adv. in-

directly.

INDISCERNABLE, adj. indiscernible.

INDISCIPLINABLE, in-di-si-pli-nabl, adj. undisciplinable, unruly, untoward; that will not bear with good discipline, indocible.

indiscipling, n, in-di-si-pli-na, adj. not disciplined.

INDISCIPLINE, s. f. want of discipline.

INDISCRET, E, adj. & s. indiscreet, unwise, unthinking, rash, foolish, inconsiderate, unad-vised, unguarded, indiscreet man or woman.

LEDISCRETEMENT, adv. indiscreetly, unadvisedly, foolishly, inconsiderately rashly. INDISCRETION, a. f. indiscretion, foolish-

ness, unadvisedness, piece of indiscretion, extravagance, folly.

INDISPENSABLE, adj. indispensable, not to

be dispensed with, necessary INDISPENSABILEMENT, adv. indispensably,

unavoidably, necessarily.
Is Disposible, adj. said of an estate that

cannot be disposed of by will. Lypsposs, R, adj. indisposed, distempered, out of order; disaffected, estranged, alienated, averse, disagelined.

INDISPOSER, in-dis-pô-za, v. a. to disaffect,

trango, alienate. INDISPOSITION, in-dls-pô-2l-slon, s. f. indisposition; illness, distemper; disinclination, averseness, disaffection, estrangement.

INDISPUTABLE, adj. indisputable, not to

be disputed.

INDISPUTABLEMENT, adv. indisputably.

Indissolubilité, in-dï-sò-là-bì-lì-tà, s. f. indissolubility.

INDISSOLUBLE, in-dî-sô-lûbl, adj. indissoluble, not to be dissolved.

Indissolublement, in-di-so-labi-men, adv. indissolubly.

Indistinct, E, in-dis-tinkt, adj. indistinct, confused, disorderly.

INDISTINCTEMENT, in-dls-tinkt-men, adv. indistinctly, confusedly; indifferently, without any distinction.

Individual, in-di-vi-da, s. m. individual, singular, or particular thing or person. Avoir soin de or conserver son individu, to take care of one's carcass or of number one.

INDIVIDUEL, LE, in-dî-vî-dû-êl, adj. indi-vidual, inseparable, singular.

Individuellement, in-di-vi-da-el-men.

adv. individually. INDIVIS, E, in-di-vi, viz, adj. unparted, unseparated, undivided. Par indivis, jointly,

in coparceny. LNDIVISIBILITE, in-dl-vl-zl-bl-ll-th, s. f. in-

divisibility, indivisiblenes INDIVISIBLE, in-di-vi-sibl, adj. indivisible.

not to be divided. INDIVISIBLEMENT, in-di-vi-sibi-men, adv.

indivisibly. INDOCILE, in-do-sil, adj. indocible or in-

docile, untoward. INDOCILITÉ, in-dô-sì-lî-tà, s. f. indocility,

untowardness

*INDOCTE, adj. unlearned, ignorant.

INDOCTEMENT, adv.unlearnedly, ignorantly. INDOLEMMENT, adv. indolently

INDOLENCE, in-dô-lêns, s. f. indolence, in-sensibility, indifference, carelessness, supine-

INDOLENT, E, in-dô-lên, lênt, adj. indolent, insensible, careless, supine.
INDOMPTABLE, in-dôm-tabl, adj. invinci-

ble, untameable, unruly, not to be tamed or curbed, ungovernable

INDOMPTÉ, E, in-dôm-th, adv. not tamed, not curbed. V. Indomptable.

In-DOUZE, in-douz, s. m. duodecimo or twelves.

INDU, z., in-dû, dû, adj. undue, unlawful. Heure indue, undue or unseasonable hour. Se retirer à heure indue, to come home at undue hours or unseasonably, to keep bad or ill

INDUBITABLE, in-dô-bì-tabl, adj. indubi-table, not to be doubted, undoubted, unquestionable, not to be questioned, most certain.
Industrablement, in-du-bi-tabl-men,

adv. indubitably, undoubtedly, unquestionably, most certainly.

INDUCTION, in-dik-sion, s. f. induction, inducement, persuasion, enticing, drawing on; inference or conclusion, consequence.

Induire, in-dair, v. a. (see the table at uire) to induce, lead, entice, persuade, draw on; to infer or conclude, draw a consequence. INDUIT, R, adj. induced, led, persuaded,

etc. V. Induire. INDULGENMENT, adv. indulgently, mildly, tenderly, gently, kindly.

Inducation, in-dal-zeno, s. f. indulgence, toleration, gentleness, pardon, remission of

INDULGERT, E, in-ddl-zen, zent, adj. indulgent, gentle, kind, mild, tander hearted.

bar, bat, base: thère, êbb, ovêr: field, fig: rôbe, rôb, lord: moof, good.

INDULT, in-dalt, s. m. indult (special grant from the pope for conferring benchees;) (ce que les intéressés payent au roi d'Espagne de tout l'argent d'Amerique qu'on reçoit à Cadix) indulió.

INDULTAIRE, in-dul-ter, s. m. one that has

obtained an indult.

INDUMENT, in-dû-mên, adv. unduly, unlawfully.

INDUSTRIE, in-dustry, inge-User d'industrie, to use cunning. nuity. Vivre d'industrie, to live by or upon one's

INDUSTRIEUSEMENT, in-dus-tri-cuz-men, adv. industriously, ingeniously.

INDUSTRIEU-X, SE, in-dus-trl-èu, euz, adj.

industrious, ingenious.

InfBRANLABLE, I-na-bren-labl, adj. unmoveable, unshaken, not to be shaken, steady, firm, resolute, constant.

ÎN ÉBRANLABLEMENT,Î-DÂ-brên-lâbl-mên,

adv. steadily, constantly, resolutely.

INEFFABILITÉ, l-nê-fâ-bl-ll-tâ, s. f. ineffability, unspeakableness

INEFFABLE, i-ne-fabl, adj. ineffable, un-

speakable, not to be expressed.

INEFFAÇABLE, î-nê-fâ-sabl, adj. indelible,

that cannot be blotted out. INEFFICACE, 1-ne-11-kas, adj. inefficacious,

ineffectual, vain, fruitless

INEFFICACITÉ, Î-nê-fî-kâ-sî-ță, s. f. inefficaciousness; want of force or virtue or strength.

INEGAL, z, î-nă-găl, adj. unequal, uneven. Le vent est inegal, Mar. the wind comes in

INEGALEMENT, I-na-gal-men, adv. une-qually, in an unequal manner. V. Egalement.

INÉGALITÉ, î-nă-gă-sî-tă, s. f. inequality, unevenness. V. Egalité.

INÉLÉGAMMENT, adv. without elegance. INÉLÉGANCE, s. f. want of elegance.

INÉLÉGANT, E, adj. one who has no elegance. Infligible, î-na-lî-zîbi, adj. not eligible. Infnarrable, î-na-na-rabi, adj. unspeak-

able, inexpressible, not to be expressed described or related.

IMEPTE, I-nept, adj. inept, unapt, unfit, foolish, simple, silly, nonsensical, impertinent.
IMEPTIE, I-nep-sl, s. f. folly, silliness, fool-

ery, impertinence. INÉPUISABLE, î-nâ-půl-zábl, adj. inexhaustible, unexhausted, not to be exhausted.

INERTE, &f. induess, sluggish.

INERTE, &f. dulness, sluggishness.

INERTIE, &f. dulness, sluggishness.

INERUDIT, adj. without learning or erudition.

INESPERÉ, E, l-uês-pà-rà. adj. unexpected, unhoped or unlooked for.

INESPERÉMENT, l-uês-pà-rà-mên, adv. un-

expectedly, beyond all hope, beyond all ex-

pectation. INESTIMABLE, 1-nes-tl-mabl, adj. inestima-

ble, of an infinite value.

INSTERDU, E, adj. unextended.

INSTERDU, E, adj. unclear, not evident.

INSTERDU, E, adj. ont clear, not evident.

INSTERDU, E, adj. ont clear, not evident.

unavoidable, not to be avoided or shunned.

INÉVITABLEMENT, l-nå-vl-tåbl-men, adv. inevitably, unavoidably

INEXACT, E, I-neg-zakt, adj. inaccurate:

not exact, careless, negligent.
INEXACTITUDE, l-nèg-zàk-tl-tôd, s. f. carelessness, negligence, inaccuracy.

INEXCUSABLE, I-neks-ku-sabi, adj. inexcusable, not to be excused, unpardonable.

INEXECUTABLE, adj. that cannot be executed. INEXECUTION, 1-neg-zh-ku-sion, s. f. non-

performance, want of performance.

INEXERCE, E, adj. that is not exercised.

INEXORABLE, l-neg-zo-rabl, adj. inexora-

ble, inflexible.
INEXORABLEMENT, I adv. inexorably, inflexibly. i-neg-zo-rabi-men,

INEXPÉRIENCE, l-nèks-pà-rl-èus, s. f. in-experience, want of experience. INEXPÉRIMENTÉ, E, l-nèks-pà-rl-mès-ti,

adj. inexperienced, raw. INEXPIABLE, 1-neks-pl-abl, adj. inexpisble, not to be expiated or atoned for

INEXPLICABLE, I-neks-pil-kabl, adj. intxplicable, that cannot be explained or unfolded. INEXPLICABLEMENT, adv. in a manner

not to be explained.

INEXPRIMABLE, 1-neks-pri-mabl, adj. in-expressible, not to be expressed. INEXPUGNABLE, 1-neks-pag-nabl, adj. in-

expugnable, impregnable. INEXTINGUIBILITE, s. f. quality of being

inextinguishable. INEXTINGUIBLE, I-neks-tin-gulbl, adj. in-

extinguishable, unquenchable

INEXTRICABLE, î-nêks-trl-kabl, adj. inextricable.

INFAILLIBILITÉ, in-fà-fl-bl-ll-ti, a f. infallibility.

INFAILLIBLE, in-fa-fibl, adj. infallible.
INFAILLIBLEMENT, in-fa-fibl-mes, adv.
infallibly, certainly, without fail.
INFAISABLE, adj. unfeasible, not to be

done, impossible.

INFAMANT, E, in-fa-mèn, mènt, adj. infamous, disgraceful, ignomifious.
INFAMATION, in-fa-mà-slos, s. f. mark of infamy.

INFAME, in-fam, adj. infamous, defamed, noted or branded with infamy; of no credit, lost to his reputation; base, disgraceful, unworthy, shameful, villanous, sordid; nasty, fithy. INFAME, s. m. & f. infamous man or wo-

man, one noted with infamy. INFAMIE, in-få-mi, s. f. infamy, disgrace, discredit, dishonour, shame, reproach, base or shameful or unworthy or villanous action.

abusive language. Il lui a dit mille infames, he has called him a thousand names. INFANT, in-fen, s. m. infant (son of the king of Spain or Portugal.)
Infante, in-fent, s. f. infanta (daughter of

the king of Spain or Portugal.)

INFANTERIE, in-fent-ri, s. f. infantry, foot INFANTICIDE, s. m. infanticide.

INFATIGABLE, in-fa-ti-gabl, adj. indefa-tigable, unwearied, not to be wearied.

INFATIGABLEMENT, in-fa-ti-gibi-min, adv. indefatigably.
INFATUATION, in-fa-td-a-slow, s.f. infatuation,

strong prejudice, conceited opinion, budnes.
INFATUE, E, adj. infatuated, intoxicated;
prepossessed, fond, bewitched.

INFATUER, in-fa-th-A, v. a. to infatuate, intoxicate, preposess, bewitch.
INFÉCOND, E, in-fa-kon, kond, adj. bar-

ren, unfertile, unfruitful, sterile.
INFÉCONDITÉ, in-fà-kon-dì-tà, s. f. infecundity, barrenness, unfertileness, infertility, unfruitfulness, sterility.

base, bût > jèune, mêute, beurre : enfant, cênt, liên : vin : mon : brun,

INVECT, E, in-fekt, adj. tainted, stinking, infections, contagious.

INFECTER, in-fek-th, v. a. to infect or taint;

(les esprits) to infect, corrupt, taint, poison.
INFECTION, in-fek-slow, s. f. infection, con-

tagions stink or corruption, taint.

INFELICITE, s. f. infelicity, unhappiness,

misery, calamity.
LEFEODATION, in-få-ô-då-slon, s. f. enfeoffing, enfeoffment.

INFRODE, E, adj. enfeoffed, settled in a fee.

Reste infeodée, rent charge, rent with which and is charged for ever. Dimes inféodées, propriations of tithes; s. m. impropriator.

INFADER, in-fk-d-dk, v. a. to enfeoff.
INFADER, in-fk-d-dk, v. a. to enfeoff.
INFADER, in-fk-d-k, v. a. to infer gather or coacheds. Que peut-on inférer de là? what cas be inferred from that?

IMPÉRIEUR, E, in-fâ-rî-cur, adj. & s. lower, inferiour, of a lower degree or merit ISFÉRIZUREMENT, in-få-rl-èur-mên, adv. below.

INFÉRIORITÉ, in-fà-rì-ò-rì-tà, s. f. infericrity, lower degree.

INFERNAL, E, in-fer-nal, adj. hellish, in-fernal, devilish.

INFERTILE, in-fer-til, adj. infertile, bar-

ren unfruitful, sterile.

IFFERTSESTÉ, in-fer-ti-li-tà, s.f. infertility, barrenness, unfruitfulness, sterility.

INFESTER, in-fes-th, v. a. to infest or trou-

ble; devastate by inroads.

ISPIDELITE, in-Il-da-li-th, s. f. infidelity, manathfulness, disloyalty, treachery, piece of infidelity or unfaithfulness, treachery of treacherous act; also unbelief. Il lui a fait une grande infidelité, he has been very false or unfaithful to him

instantant to mm.

INFIDÈLE, in-fi-dèl, adj. unfaithful, treatherous, faithless, false, disloyal, peridious,
unbelieving, that believes not. Mémoire infiéte, treacherous memory.

ISFIDÈLE, s. m. & f. false or unfaithful ma or woman; infidel, unheliever.

INFIDÈLEMENT, in-fi-del-men, adv. unfaithfully, treacherously, falsely, perfidiously.

INFIME, adj. last, lowest degree.
INFIME, p. in-fl-nl, nl, adj. infinite, bound-

es, unbounded, endless, innumerable. Avoir des obligations infinies à quelqu'un, to be infi-nitely obliged to one.

ISFINI, s. m. infinite being. A l'infini, in-

finitely, without end.

INFINIMENT, in-f1-n1-men, adv. infinitely, without end or measure, exceeding, ex-

Invinte, in-fl-al-ta, s. f. infiniteness, infinity, endlessness; infinite or vast number, vast deal.

INFIBITIF, in-fl-nl-tif, s. m. infinitive, infinitive mood. De In order to know when the infinitive is to be preceded by à, de, pour, see A, De, Pour; and in order to know when an infinitive is to come in without any prefix, see the articles 3 and 4 of Obs. ix. on De.

ISFIRMATI-F, VE, in-fir-ma-th, the, adj.

LEFIRME, in-firm, adj. & s. infirm, weak, crazy, feeble, sickly, faint, frail; infirm or nickly person.

INFIRMER, in-ffr-ma, v. a. to weaken, infeeble or invalidate, annul, repeal.

INFIRMERIE, in-firm-ri, s. f. infirmary.

Infirmier, E, in-fir-mid, mier, s. m. & f. overseer of the infirmary (in a monastery.)
INFIRMITE, in-firmita, s. f. infirmity,

weakness, sickliness, feebleness, frailty, defect, imperfection.

INFLAMMABILITÉ, s. f. inflammability

INFLAMMABLE, in-fla-mabl, adj. inflammable, combustible.

INFLAMMATION, in-fla-ma-slon, s. f. inflammation.

INFLAMMATOIRE, in-flà-mà-twar, adj. inflammatory.

INPLEXIBILITÉ, in-flèk-sl-bl-ll-th, s. f. in-

flexibility, unrelenting spirit.

INFLEXIBLE, in-flek-slbl, adj. inflexible, inexorable, unrelenting, stiff, not to be prevailed upon.

INFLEXIBLEMENT, in-flek-sibl-men, adv. inflexibly, stiffly, obstinately, stubbornly.

INFLEXION, in-flek-slow, s. f. inflexion,

bending, turning, winding; (de la voix) modulation.

INFLICTION, in-filk-sion, s. f. infliction.

INVLIGER, in-fil-zh, v. a. (une peine) to inflict or lay (a punishment) upon.

INFLUENCE, in-fluence.

INFLUENCER, v. a. to influence.

Influence, in-fid-a, v. a. & n. to influence, ave an influence. La bonne ou manaise have an influence. education influe sur toute la vie, a good or bad education has an influence upon the whole life.

INFORMATION, in-for-ma-slon, s. f. (law

term) inquest, information.

INFORME, in-form, adj. unformed, without fashion, shapeless.

INFORMER, in-for-ma, v. a. to inform, ani-

mate; to inform, tell, acquaint, give information to. Informer, v. n. to inform, inquire or exa-

mine into, make an inquest. S'informer d'une chose, v.r. to inquire about, or make an inquiry after a thing.
INFORTUNE, in-for-tun, s. f. misfortune,

mischance, disaster, infelicity, adversity.

INFORTUNÉ, E, in-fôr-tô-na, adj. & s.
unfortunate, unhappy, unlucky; unfortunate

INFRACTEUR, in-fråk-teur, s. m. infringer,

breaker, transgressor INFRACTION, in-frak-sion, s. f. infraction,

infringement, breach, violation. INFRUCTUEUSEMENT, in-frak-ta-èuz-mên.

adv. unprofitably, in vain, to no purpose. INFRUCTUEU-X, SE, in-frak-ta-eu, euz, adj.

unfruitful, barren; unfruitful, fruitless, unprofitable, vain.

INFUS, E, in-fû, fûz, adj. infused, inspired. INFUSER, in-fd-za, v. a. to infuse, or steep. INFUSIBLE, adj. not to be melled, infusible. INFUSION, in-fà-zion, s. f. infusion. INGAME, in-gành, adj. nimble, light. INGAME, in-gành, adj. nimble, light. INGENIER, (S') sin-rà-nià, v. r. to set one's

mind about finding the means of succeeding

in a business. INGENIEUR, in-zh-nl-èur, s. m. engineer. Ingénieur-constructeur, Mar. naval architect,

ship-builder, builder. INGÉRIEUSEMENT, adv. ingeniously, wit-

tily. Ingkniku-x, sk, in-ch-ni-èu, èuz, adj. ingenious, witty, full of wit, industrious.

bar, bat, base : there, ebb, over : field, fig : robe, rob, lord : mood, gred.

Ingénu, z, in-zà-nà, nà, adj. ingenuous,

INI

free, open, frank, sincere, plain.
INO ENUITE, in-24-nol-ta, s. f. ingenuity or ingenuousness, frankness, freedom, plainness.

INGÉNUMENT, in-zh-ud-mên, adv. ingenuously, freely, plainly, frankly.

INGÉNER, (s') sin-zh-rh, de, v. r. to meddle or intermeddle with, undertake, intrude into (other people's concerns,) he a busy hody or an officious coxcomb. take upon one's self.

INGRAT, E, in-grå, gråt, adj. & s. ungrateful or ingrate, unthankful, unmindful; ingrate, ungrateful person; ungrateful, unprofitable, unfruitful.

INGRATEMENT, adv. ungratefully, unthankfully.

INGRATITUDE, in-gra-ti-tud, s. f. ingratitude, ungratefulness, unthankfulness, piece of ingratitude, etc.

INGRÉDIENT, in-grà-dièn, s. m. ingredient. INGUÉRISSABLE, in-gà-ri-sabl, adj. incu-

rable.

INGUINAL, E, adj. of or belonging to the INHABILE, I-ni-bil, adj. (law term) inca-

pable, unable, unfit.

INHABILETÉ, s. f. want of ability.
INHABILITÉ, I-nh-bl-il-th, s. f. (law term)

incapacity, inability.
INHABITABLE, i-na-bl-tabl, adj. uninha-

bitable, or that cannot be inhabited

INHABITÉ, E, Î-nă-bl-th, adj. uninhabited. INHABITUDE, s. f. want of habitude, of custom.

INHÉRENCE, 1-na-rèns, s. f. inherency. Innéaent, E. I-na-ren, rent, adj. inberent.

INHIBER, I-pl-ba, v. s. (law term) to inhibit, forbid, prohibit

INHIBITION, I-nI-bl-slon, s. f. inhibition, prohibition, forbidding.

INHOSPITALIER, E, adj. inhospitable. INHOSPITALITÉ, l-nos-pl-tà-ll-tà, s. f. in-

hospitality.

INHUMAIN, E, î-nû-min, mên, adj. & s. inhuman, cruel, void of humanity, barbarous, savage; cruel man or woman.

INHUMAINEMENT, I-md-men-men, adv. inhumanly, cruelly, barbarously, after an inhuman or cruel or barbarous manner.

IMPUMANITÉ, Î-nû-mâ-nî-tâ, s. f. inhu-manity, cruelty, barbarity; piece of cruelty or inhumanity.

INHUMATION, I-na-ma-slon, s. f. inhumation, burying or putting into the ground, in-

INHUMER, î-nû-mâ, v. a. to inhume, bury or inter.

INIMAGINABLE, î-nî-mă-zî-nabi, adj. unimaginable, incomprehensible, not to be ima-

INIMITABLE, 1-nl-ml-tabl, adj. inimitable, incomparable, not to be imitated or paralleled. "INIMITABLEMENT, adv. inimitably

INIMITIE, I-nl-ml-tla, s. f. enmity, hatred, grudge, aversion, antipathy.
ININTELLIGIBLE, f-nin-te-li-zibl, adj. un-

intelligible, not to be understood.

*ININTELLIGIBLEMENT, adv. unintelligi-

In 1QUE, i-nik, adj. unjust, unrighteous, partial, wicked. INIQUEMENT, ?-nik-men, adv. unjustly.

partially.

INIQUITÉ, î-nî-kî-th, s. f. iniquity. injustice, unrighteousness, partiality, corruption, wickedness.

INITIAL, E, I-ni-sial, adj. initial, that begins a word.

INITIATION, I-ul-sik-sion, s. f. initiation. INITIAR, I-ul-si-k, v. a. to initiate, enteror admit.

INJECTER, v. a. to inject.

INJACTION, in-jèk-slon, s. f. injection.
INJONCTION, in-zonk-slon, s. f. injunction
or command. Faire injonction de la part du

roi, to command in the king's name.
INJURE, in-zdr, s. f. injury, wrong, outrage, offence, abuse, base or ill or abusive language, reproach; (du temps, de la saisen) inclemency.

INJURIER, in-20-ri-k, v. a. to abuse, rail at, revile or vilify, offend, call name:

Injurizusement, in-en-ri-cuz-men, adv. injuriously, basely, outrageously, represchfully.

INJURIEU-X, SE, 19-20-ri-bu, euz, adj. injurious, outrageous, abusive, offensive, unjust, wrongful, hurtful.

INJUSTE, in-zůst, adj. unjust, wrongfal. unreasonable.

INJUSTEMENT, in-zůst-měn, adj. unjustiv. wrongfully, unreasonably.

INJUSTICE, in-zds-tls, s. f. injustice, unjust act, piece of injustice, wrong, hard dealing, ill usage.

INLISIBLE, adj. that cannot be read.

INNAVIGABLE, adj. innavigable.
INNÉ, E, în-na, adj. innate. Ex. Les idees innee, innate ideas. INNOCEMBERT, 1-no-sh-men, adv. imo-

cently, harmlessly. INNOCENCE, S. f. innocence, innocency, guiltlessness, integrity, harmlessness, simpli-

city, silliness. INNOCENT, E. I-no-sen, sent, adj. innocent, guiltless, inoffensive, harmless, simple, silly.

INNOCENT, E, s. m. & f. innocent, simp silly or half-witted person. Les inneces fête des Innocens, Childermas-day.

"INNOCENTER, I-nd-ses-th, v. a. to acquit, declare innocent.

INNOMBRABLE, I-non-brabl, adj. insuracrable, not to be numbered, numberless, infinite.

INNOMERABLEMENT, adv. immmerably. Innomé, z, adj. that has not yet received a name.

INNOVATEUR, în-nô-và-têur. V. Nova-

INNOVATION, In-mô-và-slos, s. f. innovation, change, alteration.

INNOVER, în-nô-và, v. a. & n. to innovate or make innovations, change old customs and bring up new ones.

INOBBERVATION, î-nôb-sêr-vâ-slos, s. f. infringing or not observing.

INOCCUPÉ, E, adj. one that has no occupation.

INOCULATEUR, 1-nô-kô-lâ-têur, s. m. inoculator.

INOCULATION, 1-no-ka-la-don, s. f. inoculation.

INOCULER, I-nô-kh-là, v. a. to inoculate. INOCULISTE, I-no-ku-list, a. m. partism of inoculation.

INODORE, adj. inodorous.

base, bât : jeune, mênte, beurre : èssisst, cent, liès : vis : mon : brus.

Inoppicieu-x, se, f-nô-fl-slèn, slèuz, adj. (law torm) that sets aside the heir at law without cause

INOTYMICEOSITÉ, s. f. caveat to a will which sets aside the heir at law without cause.

INOUDATION, 1-non-dik-don, s. f. inundaties, fined, over-flowing; also great multitude. Ce miracle figuroit les inondutions de la grâce de Jesus-Christ crucifié, that miracle was a gure of the over-flowing grace of our crucid Saviour.

INONDER, I-son-da, v. a. to overflow, put under water; to overrun, come pouring on, pour en, everspread. S'inonder (dans le vis, etc.) to drown one's self (in wine, etc.)

інорині, к., і-во рі-ві, adj. unitought of, unexpected, unlooked for, sudden. ізоринімикит, і-во-рі-ві-вен, adv. una-

wares, unexpectedly, suddenly, incur, z, i-noo-i, i, adj. unboard of,

srange, uncommon.

In-QUARTO, S. m. a hook in quarto.

IN-QUARTO, S. m. a hook in quarto.

IN-QUIET, E, in-Ald, kidt, adj. unquiet, resticu, uneasy, inconstant, troublemone, peevish.

Mainde inquiet, sick person that can never be at rest, that is very uneasy. Sommeil inquiet, broken sleep.

Inquistrant, s. adj. that causes uncasiness.
Inquistrant, in-ldi-th, v. a. to disquist,
trouble, vex, perplex, disturb, make uneasy,
put in pain. Notre division inquists l'arrièreput in pain. Notre division inquieta carriere-nurle esmemie toute la nuit, Mar. our division sed the enemy's rear all night. S'inneter, v. r. to be vexed or disquieted, dis-

quiet one's self, frot, be uneasy.

Is qui strup z, in-klh-tad, s. f. unquietness, disquiet, restlessness, trouble, auguish of mind,

messiness, wearisoms pain or weariness.
Inquisiteur, in-kl-zl-teur, s. m. inquisi-

ter, judge of the inquisition.

Inquisition, in-kl-xl-slow, s. f. inquisition, strict search or inquiry; inquisition (ecclesiastical tribunal.)

ISSAISISSABLE, adj. that cannot be seized. INSALUBRE. adj. unwholesome, insalubrians.

INSALUBRITÉ, s. f. unwholesomeness

INSATIABILITÉ, in-sà-sì-à-bì-lì-tà, s. f. insatiableness, greediness

INSATIABLE, in-sh-d-abl, adj. insatiable, that cannot be satisfied, insatiate.

ISSATIABLEMENT, in-sh-sl-abl-men, adv.

insatiably, greedily.
Inscrement, adv. unwittingly, ignorant-

ly, without knowing.

INSCRIPTION, instrip-slon, s. f. inscription.

Inscription on fanx, (in law) act by which a paper is maintained to be a forgery.

IRSCRERE, ista-krir, v. a. (like écrire,) to inscribe, enter a person's name. S'inscrire contre quelqu'un, v. r. to undertake a charge egains on

wscriw, z, adj. inscratable, unscarchable.

Isseu, in-ed, s. m. Ex. A Pinecu de, witht the knowledge of or unknown to. A mon wee, without my knowledge or unknown to

MCTLPER, v. a. to engrave, carve or cut, izeczłp.

INSECTE, in sekt, s. m. insect, little living

IN-SEIZE, s. m. a book in sixteens.

INEXESE, E, in senseless or foolish or mad person, poor fool or silly creatur

INSENSIBILITE, in-con-al-bl-H-th.s. f. insensiblanem.

INSERSIBLE, is observed, adj. & s. imeasible, not sensible, that has no sense, imperceptible, not felt, unfeeling for, deaf to; insensible person.

INSENSIBLEMENT, in sen albi-men, miv. insensibly, imperceptibly, by degrees, by lit-tle and little.

łeśźpanance, in ch-ph-rabl, adj. inseparable.

Insáparablement, in sk-på-rabi-men. adv. inseparably.

Insuran, in sara, v. a. to insert, put or bring in, join or add to.

INSERTION, in-ser-sion, s. f. insertion; (de la petite vérole) inoculation. Donner la petite vérole pur insertion, to inoculate the small pox.

Insidicusement, in-d-dl-cuz-men, adv. insidiously, treacherously

INSIDIRU-X, SE, in-sl-dl-èu, èux, adj. insidious, treacherous, deceitful, ensuaring.

Insigne, in-sign, adj. signal, great, fa-mous, egregious, remarkable, notable, noto-rious, noted, arrant.

*Insignement, adv. egregiously, notably. Insignificance, s. f. inagnificancy, in-

significance.

"Insignificant, r, adj. insignificant.

Insignificant, limitation, ent, adj. insignificant.

Insignificant response in the significant response in the sign

ing, insinuative, engaging, winning, pleasing.
INSINUATION, in-d-no-a-sion, s. f. insiinstruction, in-d-no-a-sion, s. f. insi-nuation; also registering or entering into a register book.

Instruce, in of add, v. a. to insinuate, infuse, instil, hint or give a hint, import, intimate, give to understand; also to register or enter in the register book, set down upon record. Sinvinuer, v. r. to creep or wriggle or steal in, wind or screw or insinuate one's self in or into.

Instripe, in-d-pld, adj. insipid, unsavoury tasteless, that has no taste or relish; insipid. flat, witless.

Instribement, adv. insipidly.
Instribert, in-sl-pl-dl-th, s. f. insipidity. unsavouriness

Insister, in sis-ta, v. n. to insist, dwell or stand much upon; urge or press hard, be in-stant, persist in one's demands.

Insociabilité, in-sò-sì-à-bì-lì-tà, s. f. want of sociableness, inconsistency (of one

thing with another.)
INSOCIABLE, in-so-si-abl, adj. insociable, unconversable; also inconsistent, incompatible.

INSOLATION, s. f. insolation. INSOLEMMENT, in-so-là-men, adv. insolently,

saucily, malapertly; also hanghtily, proudly.

INSOLEMEN, in-so-lème, a. f. insolence, sauciness, impudence, arrogance, pride. haughtiness.

INSOLENT, E, in-so-len, lent, adj. & s.insolent, saucy, impudent, malapert, proud, haughty,

presumptuous, arrogant; insolest person, etc.
"Insolute, in-solit, adj. unusual.
Insolutilité, s. f. quality of being insolu-

INSOLUBLE, in-so-lubl. adj. insoluble, that cannot be solved.

bar, bat, base : thère, êbb, ovêr : field, fig : rôbe, rôb, lôrd : môod, gôod.

ÎNSOLVABILITÉ, in-sôl-vâ-bî-lî-tâ, s. f. in-

INSOLVABLE, in-sôl-vabl, adj. insolvent.

INSOMNIE, in-som-ni, s. f. inability to sleep, distemper that keeps one constantly awake.

lusounable, in-son-dabl, adj. unfathom-

INSOUCIANCE, in-soc-d-ène, a. f. indifference, carelessnes

Insouciant, E, in-soo-al-en, ent, adj. careless, indifferent.

Insoumis, E, adj. not submitted. Insoutenable, in-soot-nabl, adj. unwarrantable.

INSPECTER, v. a. to inspect. INSPECTEUR, ins-pek-teur, s. m. inspector, overseer, comptroller. Inspecteur des con-structions, Mar. surveyor of the navy. INSPECTION, ins-pek-slon, s. f. inspection,

overseeing, narrow and close survey, superintendence, looking narrowly into.

INSPIRATEUR, S. m. one who inspires. INSPIRATION, ins-pl-ra-slow, s. f. inspira-

tion.

INSPIRER, iss-pl-rk, v. a. to inspire with, suggest, put into one's head; to breathe into. INSTABILITÉ, ins-tà-bì-lì-tà, s. f. instabili-

ty, uncertainty, inconstancy.

*Isstable, adj. unstable, inconstant, un-

certain, changeable.

INSTALLATION, ins-th-là-sìon, s. f. installation or instalment.

INSTALLER, ins-th-la, v. a. to instal.

INSTABLENT, ins-th-men, adv. instantly, ernestly.

INSTANCE, ins-tens, s. f. instance, entreaty, motion, solicitation, importunity, eager suit, carnesiness; demand or suit, or cause de-pending at law. Jugement en première instance, judgment upon the first demand or point in controversy. INSTANT, E, instend, tent, adj. instant, ear-

nest, urging, pressing.

INSTART, ins-ten, s. m. instant, minute, moment. Un instant, un seul instant de fausseté, any the least falsehood. A l'instant, at the very moment, presently, in a moment, forth-with, immediately, straight. Au même instant

que, as soon as, at the very moment when.
INSTANTANÉ, E, ins-tên-tâ-nâ, adj. instan-

taneous.

Instantantité, s. f. instantaneousness INSTANTANÉMENT, instên-th-ph-mên, adv.

instantaneously.
"INSTAR, ins-tar, s. m. Ex. A l'instar de,

like, or in the same manner as.

INSTAURATION, ins-tô-rà-slos, s. f. instauration or restauration.

INSTIGAT-EUR, RICE, ins-ti-gå-teur, s. m. & f. instigator, abettor, encourager, enticer,

Instigation, instigation, s. f. instigation, solicitation, encouragement.

Instiguen, ins-tl-ga, v. a. to instigate, entice, spur, egg, set on, encourage.
INSTILLATION, s. f. instillation.

IFSTILLER, ins-ti-la, v. a. to instil, pour in gently or by drops.

INSTINCT, instinct, inspiration. Institute, E, adj. instituted, appointed, ordered, made, ordained. Un enfunt bien institue, a child well trained up or instructed or informed.

Instituer, ins-tl-th-a, v. a. to institute, appoint, order, make, ordain, found; to instruct, teach, inform, train, bring up.

Institut, institute, order, rule of life; literary or scientific academy. INSTITUTAIRE, s. m. reader of the institutes,

he that teaches the institutes of the civil law. INSTITUTES, s. f. pl. institutes, (abridg-

ment of the Roman laws.)
INSTITUT-EUR, RICE, ins-tl-td-teur, trls, s. m. & f. founder.

INSTITUTION, ins-ti-to-clon, s. f. institution, establishment, appointing, founding, etc. V. Instituer. Instruction, teaching, bringing or training up, education.
"Instructeur, s. m. instructer, teacher.
Instructeur de procés, solicitor.

Instructi-r, vz, instrok-tf, tiv, adj. instructive.

INSTRUCTION, ins-trûk-sion, s. f. instruc-tion, education, bringing or training up, breed-ing, precept or document, order, knowledge, (instruction d'un procès) the preparing things for the trial or hearing of a cause; the counsel's instruction, breviat of the case. Instructions pour naviguer sur une côte, etc. Mar. sailing directions for a coast, etc. Le capitaine a reçu ses instructions, the captain has received his sailing orders.

INSTRUIRE, ins-truir, v. a. (See the table at wire) to instruct or teach, train or bring up, educate; to instruct or give instructions; to inform, give notice, tell, apprize. Instructions in process, to make a case ready, prepare things for a hearing or trial.

INSTRUISANT, E, adj. instructive, full of instruction.

INSTRUIT, E, adj. instructed, taught, trained up, etc. V. Instructe.

INSTRUMENT, ins-trd-men, s. m. instrument; tool, implement; contract, instrument, deed; (de paix) treaty; means, help.
INSTRUMENTAL, E, ins-trd-men-tal, adj.

instrumental. INSTRUMENTER, ins-tru-men-ta, v. n. to

make deeds, instruments, indentures, etc. lnsu, V. biscu. Insubordination, in-sh-bor-di-uk-sion,

s. f. insubordination. Insubordonné, z, adj. not subordinate.

INSUFFISAMMENT, adv. insufficiently. INSUFFISANCE, in-su-fl-zens, s. f. insuffi-

ciency, incapacity. INSUFFISANT, E, in-sû-fl-zên, zênt, adj.

insufficient. Insulaire, in-sû-lêr, adj. & s. m. & f. m-

sular, belonging to an island, islander. INSULTABLE, adj. assailable.

INSULTANT, E, in-sûl-tên, tênt, adj. in-

INSULTANT, E, 10-2003.
sulting, abusive, outrageous.
INSULTE, in-all, s. f. insult, abuse, affront, outrage. Faire insulte à quelqu'un, to insult outrage. Faire insulte à quelqu'un, to insult outrage. Faire insulte à quelqu'un, to insult outrage. one, abuse or affront one. En cas d'insulte de la part de l'ennemi, if the enemy should offer any insult or should attack.

INSULTER, in-still-th, v. a. & n. to insult, abuse, affront, be outrageous. Insulter une contrescurpe, to storm or attack a counterscurp openly and smartly. Insulter à quelqu'un, to insult, or crow over one.

Insupportable, in-su-por-tabl, adj. insupportable or insufferable, intolerable, grievous, not to be suffered or borne.

base, bat : jeune, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

INSUPPORTABLEMENT, in-sû-pôr-tabl- |

en, adv. insupportably, insufferably. Insurgens, in-sur-zens, s. m. pl. insur-

gents; Hungarian troops hastily levied.

INSURMONTABLE, in-sur-mon-tabl, adj. insuperable, invincible, unconquerable, not to

INSURRECTION, in-su-rek-slon, s. f. insurrection.

INTACT, E, adj. full, entire, untouched.
INTACTILE, adj. intactible, not perceptible

to the touch.

INTARISSABLE, in-th-ri-sabl, adj. that never dries up, inexhaustible. INTEGRAL, E, in-th-gral, adj. integral.

INTEGRALE, s. f. integral.

ISTÉGRANT, E, adj. Ex. Parties intégrantes, integral parts.

INTÉGRATION, s. f. (in mathematicks) in-

tegration, finding of the whole.

1.TEGRE, in-tegr, adj. upright, honest, just, incorrupt, not to be bribed.

INTEGRER, v. a. to find the integral of.
INTEGRITÉ, in-th-gri-th, s. f. integrity;

Monesty, innocence, uprightness; chastity; soundness, wholeness; (de l'action épique) entireness.

INTELLECT, in-tê-lêkt, s. m. intellect, understanding.

INTELLECTI-F, VE, in-tel-lec-tif, tiv, adj. intellectual.

INTELLECTION, s. f. intellection.

INTELLECTUALITY, s. f. faculty of understanding.

INTELLECTUEL, LE, in-tê-lêk-tû-êl, adj. intellectual; also spiritual.

ISTELLIGEMMENT, in-tê-lî-zà-mên, adv. knowingly.

INTELLIGENCE, in-te-li-rens, s. f. intelligence; understanding; knowledge; judgment, skill; correspondence; familiarity, union, concord, good understanding; spirit, spiritual substance. Ils cont d'intelligence, ils s'extendent, they act in concert and unanimity, they harp on the same string, they juggle, they play booty together.

ISTELLIGENT, E, in-tê-fl-zên, zênt, adj. in-telligent, understanding, knowing, skilled, skilful.

ISTELLIGIBILITÉ, s. f. intelligibility. ble, plain, easy to be understood; audible, loud; spiritual, immaterial, intellectual.

INTELLIGIBLEMENT, in-tê-li-zîbi-mên, adv.

intelligibly. Intemperament, in-ten-pa-ra-mên, adv.

intemperately, immoderately.

INTEMPERANCE, in-ten-pa-rens, s. f. intemperance, immoderation, excess. Intemperance de langue, too great freedom of speech, being too free with one's tongue.

INTEMPERANT, E, in-ten-pa-ren, rent, adj. intemperate, not master of his own appetites,

disorderly.

INTEMPÉRÉ, E, in-ten-pa-ra, adj. intemperate, immoderate.

INTEMPÉRIE, in-ten-pa-ri, s. f. intemperature; (des humeurs) intemperateness

INTENDANCE, in-ten-dens, s. f. direction, administration, management; place or office or district of an intendant. Il a l'intendance de sa maison, he is the steward or comptroller of his house.

INTENDANT, in-tèn-dèn, s. m. intendant or provincial overseer, lord lieutenant; commissioner, overseer, comptroller or surveyor; steward or comptroller of a great man's house. Intendant de la marine, commissioner, resident of one of the dock-yards. Intendant des armées navales, officer appointed to regulate the expenses, police, etc. of naval armaments.

Intendante, in-ten-dent, s. f. an intendant's lady.

INTENSE, adj. intense.

INTENSION, s. f. intension.

INTENSITÉ, in-tèn-sì-th, s. f. intenseness.

Intensivement, adv. intonsoly. Intenter, in-ten-th, v. a. Intenter une action contre quelqu'um, to enter an action against one, sue one at law. Intenter use accusation contre, to bring an accusation

INTENTION, in-ten-slon, s. f. intention, intent, purpose, drift, design, mind, meaning. Je le disois à bonne intention, I meant well when I spoke it. Porter son intention as gain, to aim at profit, have profit in one's eye or in prospect. It l'a fait à votre intention, he has done it upon your account.

INTENTIONNÉ, E, adj. affected. Mal intentionné, disaffected. Ils étoient mal intentionnés pour la paix, they were averse to peace.

INTENTIONNEL, LE, adj. intentional.

INTERCADENCE, s. f. unevenness of the beating of the pulse.

INTERCADENT, adj. m. irregular (pulse.) INTERCALAIRE, in-ter-ka-ler, adj. intercalary. Jour intercalaire, the intercalary or odd day in February (in leap-year.) Vers intercalaires, the burden of a song or balhal.

Intercalation, in-ter-ka-la-slon, s. f. intercalation.

INTERCALER, in-têr-kâ-lâ, v. a. to intercalate.

Intercéder, in-ter-sh-dà, v. a. to inter-

cede, make intercession, pray for.
INTERCEPTER, in-ter-sep-th, v. a. to intercept. Nous interceptames une corvette chargée de dépêches, we intercepted a corvette with despatches on board.

INTERCEPTION, in-ter-sep-sion, s. f. inter-

ception or intercepting.
INTERCESSEUR, in-ter-se-seur, s. m. intercessor, mediator.

Intercession, in-ter-se-sion, s. f. intercession, mediation.

INTERCOSTAL, E, adj. intercostal.
INTERDICTION, in-ter-dik-sion, s. f. interdiction, prohibition, suspension.

INTERDIRE, in-ter-dir, v. a. (like dire, except the 2d per. of the phir. of the pres. indic. and imperat. interdisez) to interdict, prohibit or forbid; to put to a stand, stun, strike speechless, disconcert, astonish, amaze, strike with amazement. On a interdit nos églises, our churches are shut up. Interdire la chaire à un prédicateur, to suspend one from preach-

ing.
INTERDIT, z, in-ter-di, dit, adj. forbidden,
prohibited, interdicted; struck speechless, at a loss, put to a stand, stunned, amazed.

INTERDIT, s. m. interdiction or suspension

(church censure.)

bar, bât, base: thère, èbb, over: fleid, flg: rôbe, rôb, lôrd: môod, gôod.

INTÉRESSANT, E, in-th-rè-sen, sent, adj. interesting, moving, affecting, engaging of

great concern, material, remarkable.

INTERESSÉ, E, in-tà-rè-sà, adj. interested. concerned, or engraged, etc.; covetous, selfish, self-interested. Et e intereste à une chose, to be interested in or derive advantage from a

INTÉRESSÉ, s. m. party concerned, one of

the proprietors.

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INTÉRESSER, in-th-rè-sh, v. a. to interest, concern, engage; to prejudice; to give concern, hurt, move, affect, interest. S'intéresser, v. r. to interest or concern one's self, be concerned, have a concern; be moved or affected. Mon' comer s'intéresse pour lui, my heart is concerned for him.

INTERET, in-th-re, s. m. concern, incitement, allurement, pleasure; interest, good, benefit, advantage; profit, gain; usury, interest, use of money. Fai interest en cette perte, I am concerned in that loss. Prendre interêt à l'afficcion de quelqu'un, to be concerned for one's grief. Il y va de mon intérêt, it con-cerns me. Je le ferai si j'y trouce mon in-térêt, I will do it it I find it beneficial to me. Entrer dans les intérêts de quelqu'un, to side with one, be for one. Gagner l'intérêt de quelqu'un, to get one's self in favour with one. ple strongly in one's favour.

INTERJECTION, in-ter-edk-don, s. f. inter-ection. Interjection d'appel, lodging of an icetion.

eppel) to bring in or lodge an appeal, to appeal. INTERJETER, in-têre-th, v. a. (appel or un

INTÉRIEUR, E, in-th-ri-bur, eur, adj. in-ternal, inward, inner, interiour, intrinsick.

INTÉRIEUR, s. m. inward, or inner part (d'une maison) inner rooms. Dieu seul connoît l'intérieur, God alone knows the heart.

INTÉRIEUREMENT, in-th-ri-èur-mên, adv. internally, inwardly

IFTERIM, in-th-rim, s. m. interim, mean

INTERLIGNE, in-ter-lign, s. f. interline.

INTERLINEAIRE, in-ter-II-na-er, adj. in-

terlined. INTERLINEATION, s. f. interlineation.

INTERLOCUTEUR, in-têr-lô-kô-têur, s. m. interlocutor.

INTERLOCUTION, in-ter-lo-ka-slon, s. f. interlocution, interlocutory order.

INTERLOCUTOIRE, in-ter-lo-ku-twar, adj. s. m. interlocutory order, interlocution, emparlance.

INTERLOPE, in-ter-lop, s. m. & adj. Mar. smuggler, contraband trader. Le commerce interlope, the smuggling trade. Faire un com-merce interlope, to smuggle.

INTERLOQUER, in-ter-lo-kh, v. a. (law term) to grant an emperlance, determine some small matter in a cause till such time as the principal cause be fully discussed.

INTERMEDE, in-ter-med, s. m. interlude

(in a play.)

INTERMEDIAIRE, in-ter-ma-dier, adi. inermedial.

Internaturat, e. in-ter-må-dil, diat, adj. intermediate.

INTERMINABLE, in-têr-inf-nabl, adj. interminable.

Intermission, in-ier-mi-slon, s. f. intermission, pause, discontinuance, interruption. INTERMITTENCE, in-ter-mi-tone, a. f. in-terruption (of the pulse.)

INTERMITTENT, E, in-ter-mi-ten, tent. adi.

intermittent or intermitting.

Interne, in-tern, adj. inward, internal.

Internouses, in-ter-none, s. m. internumcio.

INTERPELLATION, in-ter-pel-là-sion, a. C. summons, demand.

INTERPELLER, in-ter-pol-la, v. a. (in low)

to summon, challenge, require. INTERPOLATEUR, m-ter-po-là-teur, s. m. interpolator.

Interpolation, in-tor-po-la-clos, s. f. in-

terpolation. INTERPOLER, in-ter-po-la, v. a. to inter-

INTERPOSÉ, E, adj. interposed. Personnes interposées, mediators, arbitrators.

Interposer, in-ter-po-ra, v. a. to interpose or put between. Interposer son jugament, to give in one's verdict among the rest. Interposer un acheteur, to buy under another person's name. S'interposer, v. r. to interpose or intermeddle.

INTERPOSITION, in-ter-po-al-slon, a. f. in-

terposition.

INTERPRÉTATI-F, VE, in-têr-prà-tà-th, th, adj. interpretative. Interpretation, in-ter-pra-th-slon, s. f.

interpretation, explanation, explication.
INTERPRETATIVEMENT, adv. interpreta-

INTERPRÈTE, in-têr-prêt, s. m. interpreter,

expounder, expositor, explainer, translator.

IFTERPRETE, adj. interpreted, expounded, explained.

INTERPRÉTER, in-ter-prà-tà, v. a. to interpret, expound, explain, tell the meaning of. part, to interpret a thing well or ill, take a thing in good or bad part, take well or ill, put a good or bad construction upon a thing. Vous interpretes mal ce que je dis, you misi-terpret what I say, or my words; you mistake me.

Internègne, in-ter-règn, s. m. interreien.

interregnum

INTERROGANT, adj. m. Ex. Point interrogant, s. m. point or note of interrogation (?).

INTERROGAT, S. m. interrogation, quest INTERROGATEUR, in to ro ga tour, s. m. interrogator.

INTERROGATI-F, VE, in-te-ro-ga-uf, th, adj. interrogative. INTERROGATION, in-tê-rô-gà-don, s. f. in-

terrogation, question, deman

INTERROGATORE, in-to-ro-gà-twar, s. m. interrogatory, examination.
INTERROGER, in-te-ro-sa, v. a. to interro-

gate, examine, ask a question.

INTERROMPRE, in-te-rompr, v. a. to interrupt, disturb, take off, break off, leave off. Interrompre le cours d'une rivière, to interrupt or stop or divert the course of a river. Free qui interrompt une allée, ditch that interrupts or crusses a walk.

INTERROMPU, z., adj. interrupted, dis-

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bass, but : jéans, moute, bourre : émins, cost, lièn : vin : mon : brus.

INTERRUPTION, in-te-rup-sion, s. f. interruption, breaking off, discontinuance.

ISTERSECTION, in-ter-sek-sion, s. f. intersection.

INTERSTICE, in-ters-th, s. m. interval or space of time, interstice.

INTERVALLE, in-ter-val, a. f. interval, space or distance. Un fou qui a de bons intervalles, a madman who has lucid intervals.

INTERVENANT, E, in-terv-nen, nent, adj. intervenior.

INTERVENIE, in-terv-pir, v. n. (like nemir) to intervene or come betwirt, mediate, inter-

INTERVENTION, in-ter-vén-alon, s. f. intervention, mediation, interposition.

ISTERVENO, E, adj. intervened. INTERVERSION, in-ter-ver-slos, s. f. disor-

der, derangement.

INTERVERTIR, in-têr-vêr-tîr, v. a. to disorder, overtura, derange.

INTERVERTISSEMENT, s. m. the act of de-

ranging or putting into disorder.
INTESTAT, in-testa, adj. (law term.) Ex.
Hiritier ab intestat, heir of one that dies intestate. Mourir intestat, to die intestate.

INTESTIN, R, in-testin, tin, adj. intestine, that is in the intestines or entrails. Une guerre

intestine, an intestine or civil war.

INTESTINAL, E, in-tes-ti-nal, adj. intestinal. INTESTIES, s. m. pl. intestines, entrails,

INTIMATION, in-th-ma-slow, s. f. intimation, EDITORIS.

INTIME, in-tim, adj. intimate, hearty.

INTIME, s. m. intimate friend, great crony. INTIME, E, adj. & s. summoned; defendant. INTIMEMENT, in-tim-men, adv. intimately,

with intimacy.
INTIMER, is-tl-ma, v. a. to signify, give potice, summon.

ISTIMIDATION, in-tl-ml-da-slon, s. f. intimidsting, frightening, threatening; frightening or fright; threatening, awe.

ing or fright; threatening, awe.
INTIMIDER, in-tl-nd-da, v. a. to intimidate, fright, scare, terrify, discourage.

INTIMITÉ, in-ti-mi-tà, s. f. intimacy, close connexion.

INTITULATION, in-tl-th-shon, s. f. title of a book.

ISTITULER, in-ti-th-la, v. a. to entitle, give a title to. Stintituler, v. r. to entitle or call one's self.

INTOLÉRABLE, in-10-lk-rabl, adj. intolerable, unsufferable, not to be suffered or borne.

INTOLÉRABLEMENT, adv. intolerably. INTOLÉRANCE, in-tô-là-rèns, s.f. intolerance. INTOLÉRANT, E, in-tô-là-rèn, rènt, adj. one who opposes toleration.

INTOLIRANTISME, in-tô-là-rèn-tism, s. m. sentiment of those who will not tolerate any religion but their own.

INTONATION, in-tô-nh-don, s. f. intonation. INTRADOS, s. m. the concave part of a vault. INTRADUISIBLE, adj. that cannot be translated.

INTRAITABLE, in-tre-tabl, adj. untractable, harsh.

Intransitier, vr., adj. intransitive. ISTREPIDE, in-trk-pld, adj. intrepid, stout, bold, fearless, dauntless, undaunted.

INTRÉPIDEMENT, in-trà-pid-mên, adv. intrepidiv.

Intrépidité, in-trè-pl-dl-tè, s. f. intrepidity, fearlessness, stoutness, great courage. greatness of courage, resolution

INTRIGANT, E. in-trigues, gant, adj. & s. intriguing, cunning, fit for business, that pats himself forward; intriguer.

INTRIGUR, in-trig, s. f. intrigue; plot; plunge, scrape, difficulty; amour, love affair or affair with a lady. Femme d'intrigue, to get haved, procuress. Se tirer d'intrigue, to get hawd, procuress. out of the scrape.

INTRIGUER, in-tri-ga, v. a. to embroil or confound, puzzle. Intriguer, v. n. to intrigue, plot or cabal. S'intriguer, v. r. to puzzle one's self, engage in some intrigue; also to put one's self forward, thrust one's self into business, serew one's self into profitable acquaintance.

Intrigueu-n, se, s. m. & f. intriguer; also pimp or procurer, and bawd or procuress.

INTRINS QUE, in-trin-sek, adj. intrinsick.

Intrinsequement, in-trin-cck-men, adv. intrinsically.

INTRODUCTEUR, in-tro-dak-teur, s. m. in-troductor. L'introducteur des ambassadeurs. the introductor of ambassadors or master of the ceremonies.

INTRODUCTI-P, VE, adj. introductive INTRODUCTION, in-tro-dak-slon, s. f. introduction.

INTRODUCTRICE, s. f. woman that introduces a person.

INTRODUIRE, in-tro-dûlr, v. a. (See the table at mire,) to introduce, bring or bring in, broach or set a-broach. B'introduire, v. r. to introduce one's self, be introduced.

INTRODUIT, B, adj. introduced, brought

in, etc.
INTROPT, in-tro-k, s. m. entry, or beginning (of mass.)

INTROMISSION, in-tro-mi-slon, s. f. intromission.

Intronisation, in-tro-ni-zh-sion, s. f. enthroning (a bishop.)

Introniser, in-tro-ni-za, un évêque, v. a.

to enthrone or install a hishop.

INTROUVABLE, in-troo-vabl, adj. not to be found.

INTRUS, E, in-tril, trile, adj. &c s. intruded, intruder. Il s'est intrus là-dedans, he intruded himself there. Un pape intrus contre

toutes sortes de formes, a pope illegally chosen.
INTRUSION, in-trû-zion, s. f. intrusion.
INTUITI-F, VE, in tû-l-tif, tiv, adj. intuitive.

INTUITION, in-th-l-slon, s. f. intuition. INTUITIVEMENT, in-th-l-tlv-men, adv. inwitively.

INTUMESCENCE, in-to-me-sens, s. f. intu-

INTUS-SUSCEPTION, s. f. (introduction d'im suc or d'une matière quelconque deus un corps organise) intus-susception (mamer in which

living bodies increase or grow.)
"INVAINCU, E, in-vin-ko, ko, adj. unvanquished.

INVALIDE, in-vå-lid, adj. invalid, void, of no force, that does not stand good in law; invalid, infirm. Les invalides or hôpital des to-

natides, hospital for disabled soldiers.
INVALIDEMENT, in-va-lid-men, adv. without force.

INVALIDER, in-vå-ff-då, v. a. to invalidate or make void.

bar, bat, base : thère, ebb, over : fleid, fig : robe, rob, lord : mood, good.

INVALIDITÉ, in-vå-ll-di-tå, s. f. invalidity,

Invariabilité, in-vå-rì-d-bì-lì-tå, s. f. invariableness, constanc

INVARIABLE, in-vå-rl-abl, adj. invariable,

immutable, unchangeable, constant.
INVARIABLEMENT, in-vå-rl-åbl-men, adv. invariably, firmly, steadfastly, constantly.

INVASION, in-va-zlon, s. f. invasion.

INVECTIVE, in-vek-tly, s. f. invective, rail-

ing expression, opprobrious language.
INVECTIVER, in-vek-tl-va, contre, v. n. to inveigh or rail at.

INVENDABLE, adj. that cannot be sold.

INVENDU, E, adj. unsold.

INVENTAIRE, in-vên-têr, s. m. inventory; also sale of goods set down in an inventory; and sort of flat basket.

INVENTER, v. a. to invent, devise, find out, contrive, forge, or feign.

Invent-eub, Rice, in-vên-têur, trîs, s. m. & f. inventor, author or contriver, forger.

INVENTI-F, VE, in-ven-tif, tiv, adj. inven-

tive, ingenious.

INVENTION, in-ven-sion, s. f. invention, ontrivance. device, trick, way. Viere d'incontrivance, device, trick, way. Vivre d'in-rention, to live upon one's wit. L'invention de la Sainte-Croix, the invention of the holy cross.

INVENTORIER, in-ven-to-ria, v. a. to inventory.

INVERSABLE, in-ver-sabl, adj. that cannot be overturned.

Inverse, in-vers, adj. inverse, inverted. Inversion, in-ver-sion, s. m. inversion, transposition.

INVESTIGATEUR, in-ves-ti-gi-teur, s. m. one who investigates.

INVESTIGATION, s. f. investigation. INVESTIR, in-ves-tir, v. a. to investor vest, put in possession of; to invest, surround (with troops.) Investir, v. n. Mar. to run aground.

INVESTISSEMENT, in-ves-tls-men, a. m. (terme de guerre) investing.
INVESTITURE, in-ves-ti-tur, s. f. investi-

ture or vesting.

Invétéré, E, adj. inveterate. Invétérer, in-va-ta-ra, v. n. or s'incéterer, v. r. to grow inveterate or old.

INVINCIBLE, in-vin-sibl, adj. invincible, unconquerable, not to be vanquished.

INVINCIBLEMENT, in-vin-albl-men, adv. vincibly. Il le prouve inrinciblement, he navincibly. gives invincible proofs of it.

INVIOLABILITÉ, s. f. quality of being inviolable.

INVIOLABLE, in-vî-ô-labl, adj. inviolable, not to be broken, not to be violated, inviolate. INVIOLABLEMENT, in-vî-ô-labl-mên, adv.

inviolably, entirely, absolutely.
Inviolae, E, adj. unviolated.
Invisibilité, in-vl-zl-bl-ll-th, s. f. invisioility.

INVISIBLE, in-vi-zibl, adj. invisible, not to be seen. Devenir invisible, to disappear, vanish out of sight.

Invisiblement, in-vi-zibl-men, adv. invisibly.

INVITATION, in-vi-ta-sion, s. f. invitation. INVITATOIRE, in-vi-ta-twar, adj. & s. m. invitatory.

INVITER, in-vi-ta, v. a. to invite, allure, incite.

INVOCATION, in-vo-ka-sion, s. f. invocation or calling upon.

INVOLONTAIRE, in-vo-lon-ter, adj. invo-luntary, done against one's will, forced, natu-ral (though involuntarily.)

INVOLONTAIREMENT, in-vô-lon-tèr-mên.
adv. involuntarily, against one's will.
INVOLUTION, s. f. involution.

Invoquen, in-vô-ka, v. a. to call upon, in-

voke. Inusité, z, l-nd-zl-th, adj. unusual, un-

wonted; not in use, not used. INUTILEMENT, I-na-di, adj. useless, nendless, unnecessary, of no use, unprofitable, unserviceable, idle, silly, frivolous, impertment, without business, not employed.

INUTILEMENT, I-na-di-mess, adv. need-lessly, to no purpose it maintains.

lessly, to no purpose, in vain.

INUTILITÉ, i-nô-il-il-th, s. f. inutility, uselessness, unprofitableness, vainness, idleness, unserviceableness, idle or impertment things, impertinence.

INVRAISEMBLABLE, adj. unlikely

Invraisemblance, s. f. unlikelihood.

INVULNÉRABILITÉ, s. f. invulnerability. INVULNERABLE, in-vul-na-rabl, adj. in-vulnerable, not to be wounded or hurt.

lonien, nr., 1-ò-nlèn, nlèn, adj. lonian, lonick, of lonia.

IONIQUE, 1-0-nik, adj. Ionick.
Ionique, the Ionick order.

Iota, lo-ta, s. m. iota; (a Greek letter.) When used negatively, it means, with the negative, not a jot, not a tittle, etc. Je n'y retrancherai pas un iota, I will not bate a tittle

IPÉCAGUANHA, s. m. ipecacuanha. IRASCIBLE, i-ra-sibl, adj. irascible.

IRASCIBLE, s. m. irascible appetite.
*IRE, ir, s. f. wrath, anger.
IRIS, I-ris, s. f. (of the eye, flower, etc.) iris; rainbow.

IRLANDE, Ir-lend, s. f. Ireland.

IRLANDAIS, E, adj. & s. Irish, Irish man, Irish woman.

IRONIE, I-ro-ni, s. f. irony.

IRONIQUE, î-rô-nîk, adj. ironical. IRONIQUEMENT, î-rô-nîk-mên, adv. ironi-

cally.

IRRADIATION, Ir-ra-dl-a-sloss, s. f. irradiation. IRRAISONNABLE, Îr-rê-zô-nabl, adj. irra-

tional. "Irraisonnablement,îr-rê-zô-nâbi-mêr,

adv. irrationally, without any reason IRRATIONNEL, LE, adj. that has no ratio

or proportion.
IRRÉCONCILIABLE, îr-râ-kon-sî-il-abl, adj.

irreconcileable.

IRRÉCONCILIABLEMENT, Îr-rh-kon-sî-liabl-men, adv. irreconcileably.

IRRÉCUSABLE, adj. that cannot be objected against.

IRREDUCTIBLE, I-ra-duk-tibl, adj. irreducible.

IRRÉDUCTIBILITÉ, s. f. quality of being irreducible.

IRRÉFORMABLE, adj. not to be reformed. IRREFRAGABLE, ir-ra-fra-gabl, adj. irre-

fragable, invincible, undeniable.
IRRÉGULARITÉ, Îr-râ-gû-lâ-rî-tâ, s. f. irregularity. Un ouvrage où il y a bennoup d'irrigularités, a piece of work very irregular.

bûse, bût : jeune, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

IRREGULIER, E, ir-ra-go-lia, fler, adj. irregular, not according to rule, out of rule.

IRREGULIER, s. m. irregular man, one that by reason of some misdemeanour cannot be admitted into orders or officiate if he be in arders.

inecoulièmement, ir-rà-gà-lièr-mên, adv. irregularly.

lertugieusement, fr-rå-ll-zièuz-mên,

adv. irreligiously, profanely.
languistu-x, se, ir-rå-il-zleu, zleuz,adj. ireligious, contrary to religion, that has little or no religion; profane, impious, ungodly, atheistical.

IRRELIGION, Ir-ra-II-zlon, s. f. irreligion, want of religion, profaneness, ungodliness,

lanimin la BLE, le-ra-ma-dl-abl, adj. irrenediable.remediless,desperate, irrecoverable. larentolablement,hr-ra-ma-diabl-men,

ah. irremediably, desperately, irrecoverably. lantaissible, lr-ra-mi-sibl, adj. irremissible, unpardonable, not to be forgiven.
lerinissiblement, ir-ra-mi-sibl-men,

ah. inemissibly, without any pardon.

IRRIPARABLE, Ir-ra-pa-rabl, adj. irreparable, irrecoverable.

IRRÉPARABLEMENT, ît-ra-pa-rabl-mên,

edv. irreparably, irrecoverably. laripa én ensibi. E, ir-rà-prà-èn-sibl, adj. irreprehensible, unblameable, unreprovable, faddless, blameless, without blame or blem-

ish. of an unspotted life. largerementiel.ement, ir-ra-pra-èn-sibl-mèn, adv. irreprehensibly, blamelessly, îr-ră-pră-èn-

without fault.

IRRÍPROCHABLE, ir-rà-prò-shabl, adj. irreprozehable, blameless. Témoins irréprochabir unexceptionable witnesses (against whom Lating can be objected.)
IREPROCHABLEMENT,

îr-ra-pro-shabi-

m¹n, alv. irreproachably, blamclessly.
larksstibility.
larksistibility.
larksistibility.

lr-rh-zls-tlbl-men. IRRESISTIBLEMENT.

ah. irresistibly.

IRESOLU, E.Ir-rà-zô-lô, lò, adj.unresolved,
irresolute, fickle, uncertain, wavering, in suspense, undecided, not decided or determined. IRRÉSOLUBLE, adj. irresoluble, unanswer-

laresolument, h-rå-zô-lô-mên, adv. irresolutely.

IRRESOLUTION, Ir-rà-zô-lû-slon, s. f. irre-

solution, uncertainty, suspense. Innévérement, ir-rà-và-rà-mên, adv.

irreverently, rudely.

lerévérence, ir-rà-và-rèns, s. f. irrevercuce, want of respect or reverence, rudeness. IRRÉVÉRENT, E, h-rà-và-rèn, rènt, adj. irreverent, rade.

IRRÉVOCABILITÉ, îr-rà-vô-kà-bì-lì-tà, s.

f. quality of being irrevocable.

IRREVOCABLE , irrevocable.

And irrevocable. ble, unrepealable, not to be revoked or called

LERÉVOCABLEMENT, ir-rà-vò-kàbl-mèn, adv. irrevocably. Juger irrévocablement, to give an irrevocable judgment.

LERIGATION, s. f. irrigation (of lands.)

LERIGATION, s. f. irrision, scorn, contempt.

Change quelqu'ant auec (trision, to laugh one out of a place.

IRRITABILITÉ, s. f. quality of being irritable.

IRRITABLE, adj. irritable.

IBRITANT, adj. (law term) annulling.

IRRITATION, Ir-rl-th-slow, s. f. irritation,

exasperation.
IRRITÉ, E, adj. irritated, etc. Une mer irritée, an angry sea. Les flots irrités, the boisterous waves

IRRITER, Ir-ri-th, v. a. to irritate, incense, urge, provoke, exasperate, anger. Irriter les humeurs, to irritate or provoke or stir up the humours. Irriter l'appétit, to sharpen the

appetite.
IRRORATION, s. f. irrigation (in chemistry.) IRRUPTION, fr-rap-slon, s. f. irruption, inroad.

ISABELLE, 1-zā-bēl, s. m. isabella (sort of colour which partakes of the white, the yellow, and the carnation.)

ISABELLE, adj. of an isabella colour. Ru-ban isabelle, isabella riband. Cheval isabelle, yellow dun horse.

Ischurftique, adj. ischuretick.

ISCHURIE, s. f. ischury. ISLANDE, is-lend, Iceland. ISLE, V. Ile.

Isockle, adj. that has two sides equal.

ISOCHRONE, adj. isochronal, isochronous. ISOLE, E, 1-zô-la, adj. that stands by itself independent, free from all attachment

ISOLER, v. a. to stand by itself, to be independent.

ISRAÉLITE, s. m. C'est un bon Israélite, he is a man without guile.

ISSANT,E, adj. issant or issuent (in herald-

ry.)
*Issir, v. n. to issue, come from. Issu, z, ls-û, û, adj. come, born, sprung, descended, extracted. Les rois dont il est issu, his royal predecessors or progenitors.

Issuz, I-sa, s. f. issue; passage, outlet or going out; end, success, event; way, means, expedient. Issues d'une rille, avenues of a town. Issue d'agneau, lamb's pluck or purteuunce. A l'issue de, at the going or coming out of. ISTHME, Istm, s. m. isthmus, neck of land.

ITAGUE, s. m. Mar. runner, tye or pendant. liague (de palan, etc.) runner. liague de drisse, Mague (de patan, etc.) runner. Mague a uruse, tye. Mague de drisse de hunier, tup-sail tye. Mague de drisse du grand hunier, main topsail tye. Hague de drisse de perroquet, top-galant tye. Hague de palan de ris, reef-tackle pendant or reef-tackle tye.

ITALIE, 1-tå-ll, s. f. Italy.

ITALIEN, N. I. 1-tå-llen, llen, adj. de s. Italian. L'Balien, la langue halienne, Italian, the Italian toppue.

Italian tongue. ITALIQUE, î-th-lîk, adj. Italick.

ITALIQUE, s. f. or lettre Italique, Italick er Italick letter.

ITEM, I-tem, adv. item, morsover.
ITEM, s. m. item, article. Voild l'item, that is the main point.

ITÉRATI-F, vs., Må-rå-tif, tiv, adj. iterated, repeated. ITÉRATIVENENT, l-th-ra-tiv-mên, adv. re-

peatedly. ITINERAIRE, 1-tl-na-rer, s. m. itinerary,

book of roads.

ITYPHALE, s. f. a sort of amulet. IVOIRE, I-vwar, s. m. ivory. IVRAIE, I-vre, V. Ivroie.

bar, bat, base : thère, ebb, over : field, fig : rôbe, rôb, lôrd : môod, good.

IVRE, Ivr. adj. drunk, drunken, fuddled, intoxicated with liquor. Ivre mort, dead drank. Ivre de joie, intoxicated with joy. Ivre d'ambition or d'orgueil, preyed upon by ambition or pride.

IVRESSE s. f. drunkenness.

JAL

Ivrogne, i-vrogn, adj. & s. drunken, giv-

en to drink, drunken sot, drunkard.

IVROGNER, 1-vro-gna, v. n. to fuddle, bib, swill, tipple.

IVROGRERIE, I-vrogn-ri, s. f. drunkenness, ebriety.

IVROGNESSE, I-vro-gnes, s. f. drunken woman, fuddling gossip.

IN HOUSING GOSSP.

IN HOLE, Iv-rwa, s. f. darnel, tare or tares.

IN IA, s. f. sort of bulbous plant.

INODE, s. m. the same as Tique, which see.

J, zl, s. m. tenth letter of the French alphabet.

**JA, zh, adv. (déjà) already. Jà n'avienne

(à Dieu ne plaise,) God forbid.

JABLE, 2abl, s. m. notch of a cask (where the head-pieces fit in.)

JABLER, zā-blā, v. a. to make notches or score in the inside of a cask for the reception

of the head-pieces. JABLOIR, za-blwar, s. m. or JABLOIRE, s.

f. notcher, notching-tool. JAEOT, 22-bo, s. m. crop or craw (of a

bird;) bosom (of a shirt.) JABOTER, za-bô-ta, v. n. to prattle, chat-

ter; also to mutter, grumble.

JAC, s. m. Mar. jack or union flag.

JACERT, s. f. herb trinity, hearts-ease. JACERT, E, za sen, sent, adj. (d'une succession) in abeyance, without a master, va-

cant (law term.)

JACHERE, sh-sher, s. f. fallow-ground, land laid up.

JACINTHE, 24-sint, V. Hycacinthe.

JACOBÉE, S. f. rag-wort.

JACOBÍE, 28-kô-bin, s. m. white friar, Dominican; also Jacobin (member of the club of French patriots, who at the beginning of the revolution assembled at Paris, in a convent of monks called Jacobins.)

Jacobine, za-kô-bln, s. f. Dominican nun. Jacobite, za-kô-blt, s. m. & f. Jacobite.

Jacobus, s. m. Jacobus or broad piece.

Jactance, zāk-tèns, s. f. boasting. Jaculatoine, zā-kū-lā-twar, adj. ejaculatory. Fontaine jaculatoire, water-spout.

JADE, s. m. sort of green precious stone. JADEs, za-dis, adv. of old time, in former

JAILLISSAMENT, za-ils-men, s. m. spout-JAILLISSAMENT, z. adj. spouting out. JAILLISSAMENT, za-ils-men, s. m. spout-

ing out.
JAIS, 2c, s. m. jet (black shining fossil.)

Jalap, za-lap, s. m. jalap. JALE, s. f. a sort of large tub.

"JALET, s. m. pebble. Arbalete à jalet, stone-bow.

JALON, så-lon, s. m. pole or stake (stuck in the ground to draw or square out by a line and level.)

JALONNER, 21-10-112, v. 11. to stick poles or stakes in the ground.

JALOUSÉ, E, adj. latticed.

JALOUSER, 21-100-21, v. a. to lattice; also to be jealous of

JALOUSIE, zâ-lôo-zi, a. f. jealeusy: awe, fear; lattice or gate. Tenir (une place, un ètat) en jalousie, to keep (a town or state) in awe or at bay.

JALOU-X, SE, zh-loo, looz, adj. jealous; envious. Un bâtiment jaloux, rolling ship.

JALOUX, s. m. jealous man.

Jalouse, s. f. jealous woman.

Jamatoue, zh-mà-lk, (LA) s. f. Jamaica.

Jamais, zà-mè, adj. & s. m. never, ever.

Si jamais je deviens riche, if ever I grow rich. A janais, pour janais, forever, always. Paus us janais, forever, over. When the phrase inegative, we say nere instead of not crerbut after nor or netther we use ever. When after a negative phrase or its equivalent, jamais is used, as cet homme n'est famais content,

mais is used, as cet homme n'est jamans comean, it is rendered by never.

JANBAGE, sch-baz, s. m. pier, jamb, sidepost (in architecture:) also door-post; straight lines (of the m, n and n.)

JANBE, schb, s. f. leg, shank. L'os de la jambe, the shin-bone. La jambe d'un compas, the foot of a pair of compasses. Donner le croc en jambe à quelqu'un, to trip up one's beels, give one a fall. Jambes de force in architecture) corbel or pier. Jambe de chien mar. sheen-shank. Faire une jambe de chien a Mar, sheep-shank. Faire une jambe de chien à une manauvre, to sheep-shank a rope.

JAMBETTE, zen-bet, s. f. clasp-knite or folding knife. Donner la jambette à quelqu'un, to trip up one's heels. Jambettes, (in architecture) jambs.

JAMBIÈRE, zènbièr, s. m. greave or leg-

piece, armour for the leg. JAMBON, zen-bon, s. m. ham, gammon of bacon. Jambon de Westphalie, Westphalian ham.

JAMBONNEAU, zèn-bồ-hò, s. m. small ham

or gammon.
"Janin, s. m. cuckold.

Janissaire, zh-nl-sèr, s. m. janissary. JANSENISME, zen-sh-ulsm, s. m. Jamenism

JANSÍNISTE, zen-så-nist, s. m. Jansenist. JANTE, zent, s. f. felloe (of a wheel.)

JANVIER, zen-vih, s. m. January. Japon, s. m. Japan.

Japonois, E, s. m. & f. Japanese.

JAPPEMENT, zap-men, s. m. barking.

JAPPER, za-pa, v. n. to bark, yelp. Japper contre, to bark at, scold at.

"JAQUE, s. m. jacket. Jaque de mailles, coat of mail.

JAQUEMART, s. m. figure of a man (that strikes the hour.)

JAQUETTE, zå-kët, s. f. child's coat ; jacket.

JAQUETIE, RE-REI, S. I. CHIMI'S CORE; JACKEL.

Laftont d la jaquette, child in coats.

JAR, Atr., V. Jars.

JARDIN, zhr-din, s. m. garden.

Jeter des
pierres dans le jardin de quelqu'en, to give one
a wipe by the by, give one a dry bob.

"JARDINAGE, zhr-di-nhz, s. m. gardening;
cardening:

gardens.

JARDINER, zār-dî-nā, v. n. to dress a garden. Jardiner l'oiseau (in falcoury) to weather a bawk.

JARDINET, zår-di-ne, s. m. little garden. JARDINIER, B, ser-di-nik, nier, a. m. & f.

JARDINIÈRE, a. f. embroidered ruffic.

buse, but : jeune, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun,

JARGON, zår-gon, s. m. jargon, gibberish, broken language; also cant or canting language, a precious stone.

JARGONNELLE, s. f. jargonelle, (sort of

Jaegonwer, :år-gð-nå, v. n. & a. to talk

gibberish, jabber

JARNAC, mail dagger. Donner un coup de james, to give one an irrecoverable blow. which the bran falls; (pour les huiles, etc.) jur.

Jore, Mar. jar, large jar for water.

JARRET, zå-rë, s. m. ham or hough;

Jarret de banıf, s, something uneven. hin of beef. Jarret de veau, knuckle of veal. By a des farrets dans cette voute, this vault is at uniform

JARREYE, E, adj. whose hams are turned isward (said of horses.)

JARRETIERE, zar-tler, s. f. garter. Donner des jarretières à quelqu'un, to lash one's legs. JARRON, s. m. Mar. small jar for oil.

JARS, S. m. gander. Il entend le fars, he is a cumning fox.

JASER, zázá, v. n. to prate, prattle, gab-ble or babble, chatter, blab (a secret.) JASERIE, záz-ri, s. f. prating, prattling,

twittle-twaitle. JASEU-R, SE, za-zeur, zeuz, s. m. & f. prat-

tler, blabber, blab.

JASMIN, zas-min, s. m. jasmine.

JASPE, zasp, s. m. jasper; green and vermilion (to sprinkle a book.)

JASPE, E, adj. Ex. Livre jaspe, book sprin-

kled. Marker jaspe, green marble.

JASPER, classes, v. a. to sprinkle with green
and vermition (as book-binders do books.) Jasper un manteau de cheminée, to vein a mantie-tree.

JASPURE, sås-pår, s. f. sprinkling, mar-

Jat, s. m. Mar. stock. Jat d'ancre, anchor-

JATTE, sat, s. f. howl.

Jattés, zá-tá, s. f. bowl-full.

JAVART, 28-var, s. m. swelling in the hollow of a horse's pastern.

JAVELER, 24v-là, v. a. to guther grain in

bundles to dry.

JAVELEUR, zāv-lēur, s. m. one who ga-thers grain in bundles to dry. JAVELINE, zāv-līn. s. f. javelin. JAVELLE, zā-vēl, s. f. little bundles of grain.

Javelle de sarmens, fagot of vine-branches. JAVELET, s. m. (from javeline) dart, jave-lin; (from javelle) arm-full or truss of grain newly cut down.

JAVRLOT, s. m. sort of dart.

JAUGE, 202, s. f. gauge to measure casks with ; gauging; standard cask for gauging.

JAUGRAGE, 20-24z, s. m. gauging. grage, Mar. tonnage or burden of a ship by admeasurement; also act and manner of casuring (a ship) for tonnage.

JAUGER, 20-24, v. a. to gauge. Jauger un-Attiment, to gauge a ship, measure a vessel (in order to ascertain her burden.)

JAUGEUR, zò-ceur, s. m. gauger. JAURITER, zò-matr, adj. yellowish.

JAUNE, zon, adj. & s. m. yellow. Un jaune

d'enf, the yolk of an egg.

JAUBET, s. m. piss-a-bed; (pièce d'or) yellow-boy.

JAUNIR, zò-nîr, v. a. to make or dye yellow; v. n. to grow yellow, take a yellow hue.

JAUNISSE, 20-nk, s. f. jaundice or yellow
jaundice; also green sickness.

JAYET, s. m. V. Jess.

JE, 20, (pronoun of the first person) I. Pai, I have. At je? have I?

JEAN, 2en, John. La St. Jean, Midsummerday.

JEANNE, (a woman's name) Jane.

JEHOVAH. Jehovah.

JEREMIADE, zh-ra-mlad, s. f. frequent and sorrowful complaint.

JÉSUITE, zh-zůlt, s. m. Jesnit.

JEUN, zê-zů, Jesus.
JET, zê, s. m. throw or cast; shoot or sprig; cane; (terme de fondeur) cast; swarm (of bees; (in falcoury) jess; casting up, compu-tation. Let d'eau, jet, water-spout, fountain. Let de filet, casting of a net.

Jet, Mar. any part of the cargo of a merchantman thrown overboard for the vessel's Faire le jet, to lighten a ship in a

storm.

JETÉ, E, adj. thrown, cast, etc. Le de or le ort en est jete, the thing is resolved or put to the bazard.

JETÉE, ze-th, s. f. bank, mole, causeway.

Mar. pier, mole, jetty.

Jeter, ze-ta, v. a. to throw, fling, shoot, cast, huri; (of water) to spoot. Jeter quel-qu'um hors de la maison, to put or turn one out of the house. Jeter de profondes racines, to take deep root. Jeter des ceillades, to cast sheep's eyes. Jeter des larmes, to shed tears. Jeter par terre um bâtiment, to pull down or demolish a building. Jeter dans un moule or en moule, to cast in a mould. Jeter des troupes or des munitions dans sow place, to throw a supply of men or ammunition into a place. Jeter le fancon, to cast the hawk. Jeter les soupris. to sigh, to the best former place and fume. Jeter des soupris. to sigh, which with the letter and soupris fetch sighs. Jeter les yeux sur quelqu'un pour un emploi, to choose or design one for a place. Se jeter, v. r. to cast or throw one's self, run, fall, rush. Il se jeta sur moi, he fell or rushed upon me. Se jeter sur un discours, to fall upon a discourse. Se jeter dons un lieu, to get into a place. Cap or point qui se jette hien avant en mer, a cape that shoots a great way into the sea. Jeter, v. n. to suppurate, run with matter; (said of bees) to swarm. Purlant des arbres, to shoot. Jeter au sort, to cast loss.

Jeter, Mar. to cast, throw, heave, etc. Jeter l'oncre, to cast anchor. Jeter la sonde or le plomb, to heave the lead. Jeter le loch, to heave the log. Jeter l'artillerie à la mer, to heave the guns overboard. Jeter à terre or à la cole, to drive on shore. Ce navire a eu son grand mật jeté à bas par le tonnerre, that ship has had her main mast carried away by light-ning. Jette la bouée, stream the buoy. Jette à l'em la bouée de sauvetage, cut away the life buoy. Jette dehors le fond du hunier, soot the ouey. Jette aenors to fona an interer, not the top sail out of the top. Jette l'eau du canot, bale the boat out. Jette une amarre au canot, throw a rope to the boat. V. Plage.

JETON, 2ê-ton, s. m. counter (to play with.)

JEU, 2êu, s. m. game, play, sport, diversion, pastime; play, game or gaming; place where one plays; what one plays with; part

bar, bat, base: thère, ebb, over: field, fig: rôbe, rôb, lord: mòod, good.

of a side or set; play-house; booth, show; jest or jesting; manner of playing on musical instruments; action, performance, acting, play, game or gaming. Un jeu de mail, mail. Un jeu d'echecs, chess-men. Un jeu de paume, Un jeu d'ecnez, chess-men. Un jeu de paume, a tennis-court. Un jeu de lidard, a billiard-table. Un jeu de boule, a bowling-green. Un jeu de quilles, a set of pins. Jeu d'orgue, the row of pipes in an organ. Jeu de cartes, pack of cards. Tenir jeu, to play on : also to keep a gaming-house or ordinary.

Jouer le jeu, to play fair or right. De bon jeu, fairly, by fair play. Mettre au jeu (mettre son enjeu) to stake, lay down one's stake. Jouer beau, grand or gros jeu, to play high. Jouer à jeu sur, to go upon sure grounds. Etc. à deux de jeu, to be upon even terms. Je sais son jeu, I know his way. Avoir beau jeu, to have good cards; also to have a fair game at play. Avoir mauvais jeu, to have bad cards; also to have a hard game at play. Jeu d'esprit, witty conceit, piece of wit, witticism. Jeu de paroles, jeu de mots, quibble, pun, clinch. Jeu de théttre, dumb-show, attitude, gesture. Jeux, games, public games; plays. Les jeux, les ris, et les graces, the sports, the smiles, and the graces.

Jeu, Mar. play; also complete suit. Jeu de voiles, complete suit of sails. En donnant du jen à notre grand mât, nous gagnerons de la marche, by giving our main-mast some play, we shall sail the faster.

JEUDI, zeu-dl, s. m. Thursday. Jeudi-Saint, Maundy Thursday. La semaine des trois jeudis, when two Sundays come together.

JEUN, zun, Ex. A jeun, fasting. Etre à jeun, to be fasting. Prendre quelque chose à jeun,

to take a thing fasting.

JEUNE, zeun, adj. young, youthful, brisk; vigorous; vounger, junior; young, not mature. It y a des gens plus long-temps jeunes que d'autres, some ripen later than others.

JEUNE, zeun, s. m. fast, fasting.

JEUNEMENT, adv. (terme de chasse) new-JEUNER, zeu-na, v. n. to fast. Jelmer au

pain et a l'eau, to keep one's fast with bread and water.

JEUNESSE, zeu-nes, s. f. youth, youthful days, youth, young man or young people; folly of youth, mad prank, gayety, frolick.

JEUNET, TE, zeu-ne, net, adj. very young. JEUNEU-R, SE, zeu-neur, neuz, s. m. & f.

Ex. Un grand jeineur, a great faster.

JOAILLERIE, zwal-ri, s. m. jeweller's trade, jeweller's ware, jewels.

Joaillier, zwa-/la, s. m. jeweller.

"JOBELIN, s. m. fool, cuckold. "JOCRISSE, 20-krls, s. m. simpleton, cot, cot-quean.

*Jodelet, 20d-le, s. m. buffoon, fool, mer-

ry andrew.

Joir, zwa, s. m. joy, mirth, delight, pleasure, content, gladness. Il est à la joie de san cons, he has his heart's delight or desire. Donreflet a foie à quelqu'un, to make one glad, rejoice one. Sentir or recevoir de la joie, to be joyful or well pleased or glad. Comblé de joie, overjoyed. Fille or femme de joie, woman or lady of pleasure.

JOIGNANT, prep. next or next to, by, hard by, near, bordering upon.

JOIGNANT, E, zwil-gnên, gnêm, adj. ad-

joining, next.

JOINDRE, ewindr, v. a. (See the table at oindre) to join; put together, close; add to, put to; unite, ally or reconcile; to overtake; to meet. Joindre un homme, to accost a man, come up to a man. Joindre, v. n. to close, shut close, lie close. Il ne veut pas joindre (or con-descendre) he will not buckle to or condescend. Se joindre, v. r. to join or close; to join or meet, come together; to associate side or combine. Se joindre au parti contraire, to take the contrary side.

Joindre, Mar. to join, etc. Deux veissems de ligne ont joint notre escadre ce matin, two ships of the line have joined our squadron this morning. Nous joindrons les premiers le blitment chaese, we shall be the first up with the chase. Les écoutes du petit hunier sont à join-

dre, the fore-top-sail sheets are home.

Joint, E, adj. joined, etc. Joint que, conj.
besides, besides that, to which add (or you may add) that.

JOINT, zwin, s. m. joint or article; (in architecture) joint or seam.

JOINTÉ, E, zwin-ta, adj. jointed.

JOINTÉE, s. f. two handfuls. JOINTURE, zwiss-tar, s. f. joint.

JOLI. E, 20-11, 11, adj. pretty, fine, agreeable, genteel.
Joli, s. m. prettiness.

JOLIET, TE, 20-11-c, et, adj. pretty. JOLIMENT, 20-11-men, adv. prettiy, handsomely, neatly.

JOLIVETES, 20-liv-th, s. f. pl. pretty thing knacks, trifles, toys, gewgaws. Un estat qui dit cent jolivetes, a child that says a hundred pretty things.

Jonc, zon, s. m. rush, bulrush; ring without a bezel. Jonc marin, sea-rush.
Jonché, E, adj. strewed, covered, spread

JONCHEE, zon-sha, s. f. strewing flowers, herbs or branches strewed. Jonchée de crème, kind of cream-cheese made in a frail of rushes. JONCHER, zon-sha, v. a. to strew, cover, to spread over (with flowers.)

JONCHETS, 2011-she, s. m. pl. set of small

JONCHETS, ZONESIC, S. a. p. JONCHETS, S. SICKS to play with.

JONCTION, ZONE-SION, S. f. joining, conjunction, coming together. La jonction des deux escadres s'est effectute, the two fleets have effected a junction

JONGLERIE, s. f. trick, chest. JONGLEUR, zon-gleur, s. m. juggler, moun-

tebank.

JONQUE, s. f. Mar. Chinese junk.

JONQUILLE, 20n-kll, s. f. jonquille.

JOTTEREAU, s. m. Mar. hound, cheek.

Jottcreaux des mâts, cheeks of the mass, hounds. Courbes de jottereaux, cheeks of the head.

JOUAILLER, 200-4-14, v. n. (diminutive of the verb jouer) to play for trifles or for diver-

JOUBARBE, 200-barb, s. f. house-leek. Joue, 200, s. f. cheek. Donner sur la joue à quelqu'un, lui conorir la joue, to give one a box on the ear or a slap over the face. Jours (d'une poulie) Mar. cheeks.

Louer Jouen, 200-a, v. a. to play or act. quelqu'un, to play upon one, jeer or ridicule one, make sport with one; also to make s buse, bût : jêûne, mêute, beurre : ènfant, cênt, lièn : vin : mon : brun.

fool of one, mock one, play the fool with one, amuse or cheat one. Jouer une piece or un tour à quelqu'un, en jouer d'un à une persome, to play or serve, or show one a trick, put a trick upon one. Jouer les deux, to play the ambidexter. Jouer deux or trois parties, to play two or three games. Faire jouer une piece d'artillerie, to fire or discharge a piece of ordnance. Faire jouer une fougade, to spring a mine.

lover, v. n. to play, play the fool or the wag, sport, game. Jouer, to game, be a gamester. Jouer d'un instrument de musique, to play upon a musical instrument. to venture or hazard, run the hazard of. Jouer a tout perdre, to venture all, stake all at once. Rjone à se faire tuer, he hazards or ventures his life. Joner aux cartes, auz dés, etc. to play at cards, at dice, etc Jouer des gobelets, to show tricks of legerdemain, play juggler's tricks. Donner à jouer, to keep a gaming-Jouer à la fausse compagnie, to leave in the hurch, also to turn flincher, steal away. Jouer à quatte or à double, to run all ha-zards, win the horse or lose the saddle. Jouer or son reste, to use one's last shifts, make one's last push, be at one's last stake. des contemen, to fight with swords. Jouer au pour fin ever quelqu'un, to vie in cunning plus has exec quelqu'un, to vie in cunning with one. Jouer (or se jouer) sur des mots, to play upon words, pun. Se jouer, v. r. to play, sport. Se jouer de quelqu'un, to play the fool with one, make sport with one, jeer re banter one. Se jouer de l'écriture sainte, to play with or droll upon the scripture, abuse it. Se jouer, to be in jest. Il se joue des choses les plus difficiles, the most difficult things are play to him, he makes nothing of things are play to him, he makes nothing of them. We some jouez pas à cela, ne vous y jouez pas, do not fool with that, do not meddle with it, let that alone. Ne vous jouez pas à la, do not meddle with him, take care of him.

lover, v. n. Mar. to play, etc. Les vents no font que jouer, the wind is continually flying about. Il nous fallut faire jouer toutes les rompes, we were obliged to keep all the pumps going. Le bâtiment joue de partout, the ship rorks from stem to stern. Les muits jouent benicoup dans leurs étambrais, the masts have good deal of play in the partners.

JOUREZAU, 200-ro, s. m. sorry gamester or player, bungler at play; one that plays for a small matter or for a trifle.

Joret, zoo-e, s. m. play-thing, toy, sport; laughing stock, sport or make-game. Etre le joud de la fortune, to be fortune's foot ball. Joues, Mar. plates of iron used to prevent the bolt heads from cutting the timber into which

they are driven.

Joueu-n, se, zoo-dur, euz, s. m. & f. gamester or player. Joueur d'instrumens, player spon musical instruments, musician. Joueur de gobetes, juggler. C'est un rude joueur, he is a dangerous man to meddle with. Un rude joueuse en critique, a very critical wo-

Jourriu, E, zoo-fiù, ù, adj. bloated, chub-

cheeked.

Jove, zoog, a.m. yoke, subjection, slavery, salage. Subir ke joug, to yield or submit. Jourou, zoo-zoo, s. m. play-thing. Jorin, zoo-r, de. v. n. to enjoy, possess.

Jourssance, zoo-l-sens, s. f. enjoying, enjoyment, possessing or possession.

Jourssant, E, adj. enjoying, in possession, in full possession.

Jour, zoor, s. m. day, day-light, light; way, means, insight; life; aperture through which light enters; light (in painting;) space, clear space; a day. Bon jour (jour de fête) holy-day. Faire son bon jour, to receive the sacrament. Bon jour, good-morrow. Un donneur de bons jours, one that gives nothing but fair words. Si je vois jour à cela, if I find the thing feasible. Perdre le jour, to lose one's life, die. Se faire jour, to make way, break through. Percé à jour, bored through. Mettre au jour, to publish, set forth or put out. Metre une chose dans un beau jour, to set off a thing, put the best gloss upon it, show it to the best advantage. En plens jour, derent tout to monde, at noon-day, in the face of the whole world. Etre de jour, to be upon duty twentyfour hours as a general officer. Est-il jour ici? Is such a one up or stirring? Au premier jour, with the first opportunity, as soon as possible. Virre au jour la journée, to live from hand to mouth.

JOURD'HUI, V. Hui.
JOURNAL, 200r-nal, s. m. journal, diary, day-book; acre of land. Mar. Ex. Journal de navigation or journal nautique, journal, log-book. Journal du loch, traverse-table. JOURNALIER, E, 2001-na-lla, lier, adj.

daily, diurnal; uncertain, fickle, inconstant.

Journalier, s. m. journey-man. JOURNALISTE, 20or-na-list, s. m. journal-

Journée, zoor-na, s. f. day; day's work, day's journey; day (of battle) fight, battle. JOURNELLEMENT, zoor-nel-men, adv. dai-

ly, day by day, every day.

JOUTE, 2001, s. f. just or joust, tilting. Joute

de coqs, cock-fighting.

JOUTER, 200-ta, v. n. to just or joust, run a tilt; (de coqs) to fight. JOUTEUR, 200-teur, s. m. juster or jouster,

one that runs a tilt.

*JOUVENCE, : do-vens, s. f. youth. La fontaine de jouvence, the mill that grinds old people young.
*JOUVENCEAU, 200-ven-so, s. m. youth or

lad; young man, stripling.

*Jouvercelle, 200-ver sel, s. f. young maid, young virgin, lass.

*JOUNTE, prep. Ex. Jounte la copie impri-

mée à Paris, according to the copy printed at Paris. Jourte le pulaus, near the palace. Jovial, E. zò-vi-al, adj. jovial, merry, pleasant, joeund.

Joyau, zwa-yo, s. m. jewel.

JOYEUSEMENT, zwa-yeuz-men, adv. joy-fully, gladly, cheerfully.

*JOYEUSETÉ, zwa-yèuz-ta, s. f. jest, joke,

numour.

JOYEU-X, SE, zwa-yeu, yeuz, adj. merry,
cheerful, glad. joyful, joyous.

JUBE, xd-ba, s. m. lobby or gallery (in
a great church between the choir and the body
of the church.) Venir à jube, to buckle to, come to reasonable terms

JUBILATION, zů-bi-lå-sion, t. f. jubilation,

rejoicing, merry-making, feasting.

JUBILE, 2d-bl-la, s. m. jubilee, plenary indulgence.

bar, bât, hàse thère, êbb, ovêr : field, fig : rôbe, rôb, lôrd : môod, gôod.

JUBIL É, adj. s. m. jubilate (ecclesiostick who

has served 50 years.)
Juc, V. Juchoir.
JUCHS, R. adj. roosted. Elle étoit juchée
comme une poule ou haut du bagage, sue sat roosting like a hen upon the goods.

JUCHER, zu-sha, v. n. se jucher, v. r. to roost. .

Juснова, zû-shwar, s. m. roost.

JUDA, s. m. (in a floor) hole, opening.

JUDAIQUE, 20-då-lk, adj. Jewish, judaical or judaick. or judaick. A la judatque, according to the Jews, after the Jewish manner.

JUDAISER, zů-då-l-zå, v. n. to judaise. JUDAISME, 20-da-lsm, s. m. Judaism, the

Jews' religion or doctrine.

JUDELLE, s. f. sort of aquatick bird. JUDICATURE, 20-di-kå-tur, s. f. judicature, law, knowledge of the law. Office or charge

JUDICIAIRE, s. f. judgment.

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JUDICIAIRENENT, 20-df-sf-er-men, adv. judicially, in a judicial way, according to the

due course of law.

JUDICIEUSEMENT, zů-dl-sl-euz-men, adv. judiciously, wisely, rationally, with judgment. JUDICIEU-X, SE, zū-dl-sl-eu, euz, adj. ju-

dicious, rational, wise, prudent.

Juge, zuz, s. m. judge; umpire, arbitrator. Etre juge d'une chose, to be judge of or

have skill in a thing.

JUGEMENT, zûz-mên, s. m. s. judgment, sentence, decree, order; judgment, reason, understanding; opinion, mind. Le jour du

uncerstanding; opinion, ming. 12 your au jugement, the day of judgment, doomsday. JUGKR, 20-20, v. a. to judge, decide, de-termine; try, be a judge of; to give or pass sentence, judgment or verdict; to judge, guess, conjecture; think, believe, suppose; conceive, imagine.

JUGIOLINE, S. f. sesame (a plant.)
JUGULAIRE, zū-gū-lėr, adj. jugular. La
ezine jugulaire, the jugular vein.
JUI-F, VE, rūlf, zulv, adj. & s. Jewish, of
the Jews; Jew, Jewess, (à la juive) Jew-like,
after the Jewish manner.

JUILLET, zå-le, s. m. July.

Juin, zuin, s. m. June.

JUJUBER, s. f. (sort of fruit) jujube.
JUJUBIER, s. m. jumbe-tree.

Juiverie, zulv-ri, s. f. part of a town where Jews live.

JULE, s. m. an insect; Italian five-pence.

JULEP, zů-lêp, s. m. julap. JULIEN, s. m. St. Julian plum. JULIENNE, zů-lièn, s. m. gilliflower.

JULIENNE, adj. f. Ex. La période Julienne, the Julian period.

JOMART, s. m. Jumart.

Jun-eau, elle, zů-mò, měl, adj. twin. Deux frères jumeaux, twin brothers. Sa sœur umelle, his twin sister. Cerise jumelle, twin or double cherry.

JUMBAU, s. m. twin. Les gémeaux, Gemi-

JUMELLE, s. f. female twin. Les deux jumelles d'une presse, the cheeks or side-beams of a press. Mar. fish (of a mast or yard,) side-piece (in making a mast.) Jumelles de rechange, spare fishes.

JUMELLER, v. a. Mar. to fish (a mast or yard.)

JUMENT, 20-men, s. f. mare; mould to make money.

JUNTE, s. f. name given to several courcils in Spain.

JUPE, zup, s. f. petticoat. *JUPIN, s. m. Jove.

JUPITER, zů-pl-ter, s. m. Jupiter (one of the planets.)

JUPON, zdi-poon, s. m. under or short petticoat.

JURADE, s. f. court of aldermen or sherifs. JURANDE, s. f. wardenship, being a warden in a company of tradesmen; wardens in a company of tradesmen.

JURAT, zu-ra, s. m. jurat, an alderman or sheriff.

JURATOIRE, zû-râ-twar, adj. jarator, swearing or to be sworn.

JURÉ, E, 20-ra, adj. sworn or sworn to etc. V. Jurer. Un ememi juré, a sworn, open, declared or professed enemy. Mairon juré, sworn matron. Lingère jurée, sworn seanstress.

Juné, s. m. a tradesman sworn by the master of a company, warden or livery man in a

company of tradesmen; juryman JUREMENT, zor-men, s. m. profane swear-

ing, oath, blasphemy. JURER, 20-ra, v. n. & a. to swear or swear

to, take an oath; to make a vow; to swear. curse, blaspheme; to clash; to jar.

JUREU-R, SE, 2ti-reur, reuz, s. m. & f. swearer, swearing man or woman.

JURI or V, s.m. jury. JURIDICTION, zñ-ri-dik-sion, s. f. jurisdic-

tion. JURIDIQUE, zů-rì-dîk, adj. juridical, lawful, legal, according to law

JURIDIQUEMENT, 20-1-dik-men, adv. ju-

ridically, legally, according to law.

JURISCONSULTE, 2d-ris-kon-sult, lawyer, a man learned in the law, civilian, counsellor.

JURISDICTION, V. Juridiction JURISPRUDENCE, zå-rh-prå-den, s. f. ju-

risprudence, science of the law.

JURISTE, zu-rist, s. m. jurist, writer on

"JURON, zu-ron, s. m. affected oath

Jus, 2d, s. m. juice; (of ment) gravy.
Jusant, 2d. sen, s. m. Mar. ebb-tide. ebb.

Le juscut est à sa fin, the ebb is almos sent.

Jusqu'à, zùs-kà, or Jusqu's, zhs.

prep. to, even to, as far as, till, until. Paris jusqu'à Rome, from Paris to Rome.

(See Observ. 6 on A.) Jusqu'à re pois or jusquea de noises to that neith to that heirbi. jusques à ce point, to that point, to that height, to that degree. Jusqu'à présent, till now, mill now, hitherto. Sa libéralité s'est fende jusqu'à moi, his liberality extended eves to me. Crier jusqu'à s'enrouer, to bew one's self hourse. Briller du cin jusqu'aux deutiers, to burn two thirds of wine away. Ha'y avoit pas jusques aux plus abjects des hommes qui ne criassent contre lui, even the worst or the very worst of men did cry out upon him-Il a vendu jusqu'à sa chemise, he has seld the very shirt off his back. Jusques à quand? Hor long? Jusques-là, to that place; so far, thither S'il ra jusques là que de cure, if he be so held as to save as to sav.

buse, but : jeuge, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

JUSQUIAME, 20s-klam, s. f. (plant) henbane, hog's bane.

JUSSANT, V. Juscent.

JUSSION, rd-slon, s. f. (in chancery) com-

JUSTAUCORPS, zůs-tô-kôr, s. m. close coat ; jacket.

JUSTE, zůst, adj, just, right, equitable, reamable; righteons, upright; fit, fitting; exact, trae, even; close, strait. Juste Dieu! good God

JUSTE, s. m. just. Au juste, justly, precise-

by exactly. A country-woman's dress.

JOSTE, adv. Ex. Parler juste, to speak proper; also to speak to the point. Chanter juste, to sing correctly. Il est chause trop juste, his shoes pinch him.

JUSTEMENT, zůst-měn, adv. justly, rightfully: just, exactly; justement, vous avez ren-court, right, you have hit the nail on the head.

JUSTESSE, sus-tes, s. f. exactness, regulari-

ry, due proportion.

JUSTICE, zus-tis, s. f. a justice; justice, moral virtue; right, equity, reasonableness, justice, law; jurisdiction, court; rghteousness, uprightness; gallows. dre justice à quelqu'un, au mérite, etc. to do justice to one, to merit, etc. or to give one his positive to come, to meeting ear, or to give one any due, de. Se foure justice, to be one's pury judge. Administrer la justice, to administer justice. Appeler quelqu'un en justice, to sue one at law, go to law with one, take the law of one. La justice videra notre différent, the court shall decide our controversy. Un four qui de ses revenus engraisse la justice, a fool who with his income fattens the lawyers. Foire fustice d'un criminal, to execute a malefactor.

JUSTICIABLE, zůs-úl-sl-àbl, adj. cogniza-ble, ander one's jurisdiction.
JUSTICIER, s. m. that does justice, severe; that has a jurisdiction, justice or judge.
JUSTICIER, zůs-úl-al-à, v. a. to punish cor-

JUSTIFIABLE, adj. justifiable.
JUSTIFIABLE, adj. justifiable.
JUSTIFIABT, 2, zás-tl-fl-èn, ènt, adj. justi-

JUSTIFICATI-F. VE. 203-4-fi-ka-df. tly. adj. justifying, seeming to justify or prove.

JUSTIFICATION, S. f. justification, defence; justification, action and effect of justifying

JUSTIFIER. 20s-tl-fl-a, v. a. to justify or clear: to justify, verify, show or prove, make good; to justify or bring into a state of grace. susing less ligners, (is printing) to make the inner even. Se justifier, v. r. to justify or clear one's solf.

JUTEU-X, SE, adj. juicy.

JURTA-POSITION, zuka-th-pô-zi-sion, s. f. justa-position.

K.

K. kå, kå, s. m. 11th letter of the French bet, seldom found except in foreign words.

KABAR, s. m. public house (in Russia.) KARIN, s. m. marriage for a limited time. KARY, s. m. tree of which negro-men make canoes.

KAKATORS, s. m. Mar. royal. Le petit kakators, the fore top gallant royal. Le grand kakatoes, the main top gallant royal.

KAHOUANNE, s. f. a sort of tortoise.

Kalı, kā-il, s. m. kali.

KAN, kan, s. m. Kan (commander among the Tartars.)

KARMESSE, kar-mes, s. f. annual fair (in Holland and the Low-Countries.)

KAROTA, s. m. a sort of aloes

KASINE, s. f. the Grand Seignior's treasury.

KERMES, s. m. kermes.

KETCH, s. m. Mar. ketch.

KIBLA, s. m. kibla (the place which the Mahometans turn to when they pray.)

KINANCIE, s. f. ulcerated quinsey. KIOSQUE, kl-osk, s. m. Mar. sort of turret elevated on the poop of a Turkish caravelle.

A pavilion in a garden.

Koff, s. m. Mar. sort of Dutch vessel of burden.

Kyrié-éléison, s. m. Lord have pity on me (part of the mass.)

KYRIELLE, kl-ri-el, s. f. litany; legend or

long tedious story.

KYSTE, klst, s. m. cyst or cystis.

L, el, la, s. f. 12th letter of the French alphabet.

LA, la, (article of feminine nouns) the. La femme, la maison, the woman, the house. When the noun is used in a general sense, la is not expressed in English. Aimer la vertu, to love virtue.

La, (Relative pronoun, the feminine of le) her, it. Je la cherche, I look for her. La voici,

here she is, here it is.

Là, adv. there, yonder, in that place. When this particle follows a noun which is preceded by ce, cct, cette, ces, it is not express-ed in English. Cet homme-là, that man. Ces femmes-la, those women. See also Celui-là, etc. at the word Celui. Là même, in that very place. Là où, where; or when? Là hant, above, up there. La-bas, down, down there, below. Là-dessus, on or up there; sur cela, upon that, thereupon. Là-dessus, under there. Delà, off, thence, from that, from that place. De-la, means also beyond, over that side or on the other side; and de de-là, of or from beyond. Passer de-là l'eau, to go over the water, to go on the other side the water. Ceci vient de de-là les Alpes, this comes from beyond the Alps. Aude-là, pur de-là, en de-là, that side, on that side, on the other side, also above or over. Au de-là, as well as par de-là de hevond on the other side. De-sà et là de, beyond, on the other side. De-sà et de-là, up and down, this side and the other. Aller à chesal jambe de ca jambe de la, to ride astraddle. De là où, from or of that place, where. Que failes vous là? what are you doing 1 Jen suis là, c'est mon humeur, I am just so, that is just my humour. La, la, so so, pretty well, indifferent. La, la, nous nous trouverous ailleurs, come, come, we will meet elsewhere. La, la, ne faites point tant de bruit, peace there, do not make so much noise.

La, s. m. (note of musick) la. LABARUM, s. m. Constantine's imperial standard.

LABDANUM, V. Ladanum.

bar, bât, bâse: thère, êbb, over: field, fig: rôbe, rôb, lord: mood, good.

Terre en [LABEUR. lå-beur. s. m. labour. labeur, ploughed and sown land.

"LABEURER, v. n. to labour, operate. LABIAL, E, la-bi-al, adj. labial.

LABILE, la-bil, adj. Ex. Mémoire labile, weak, bad or treacherous memory.

LABIRINTHE, V. Labyrinthe.

LABORATOIRE, la-bo-ra-twar, s. m. laboratory.

Laborieusement, lå-bő-rî-èuz-mên, adv.

laboriously, painfully, hardly.
LABORIEU-x, se, la-bô-rl-èu, euz, adj. laborious, that works hard, that takes a great

deal of pains, painful, hard, toilsome.

LABOUR, là-bòor, s. m. tillage, ploughing.

Terre en labour, ploughed land ready for sowing. V. Labeur. Donner un premier labour à la terre, to break up the ground, alouet a fold the first time.

Despute an laplough a field the first time. Donner un labour à la rigne, to dress a vine.

LABOURABLE, là-bôo-rabl, adv. arable, to

be ploughed or tilled.

LABOURAGE, lå-boo-råz, s.m. husbandry,

tillage, agriculture, ploughing.

LABOURER, lå-boo-rå, v. a. to till, plough or break up the ground; to dig. Labourer la vigne, to dress or cultivate the vine.

Labourer, v. a. Mar. Ex. Labourer avec son concre, to drag. L'ancre laboure, the au-chor comes home. Labourer le fond avec la quille, to touch the ground with the keel (so as not to hang.)

LABOUREUR, la-boo-reur, s. m. husband-

man, tiller, ploughman

LABYRINTHE, la.bl-rint, s. m. labyrinth, maze; perplexity, trouble; intricate or perplexed business.

LAC, lak, s. m. lake.

LACER, la-sa, v. a. to lace, tie with a lace. Lacer un ruban, to run a ribbon round the skirt of a garment.

LACERATION, là-sà-rà-sion, s. f. laceration. Lacerer, là-sè-rà, v. a. to lacerate, rend,

tear or tear in pieces.

LACERON, V. Laiteron.

LACET, la-se, s. m. cord to lace with,

snare, gin, spring, noose.

Lache, lash, adj. slack, loose, soft, unbent;

shothful, sluggish, lazy, slow, dull; remiss, easy, soft; cowardly, faint or faint-hearted unmanly; base, shameful, unworthy, ungenerous. Avoir le ventre lache, to be relaxed, have a looseness. Le temps est lache, it is faint. close or sultry weather. Le tâtiment est lâche, Mar. the ship carries a slack-helm.

LACHE, s. m. coward, cowardly man, pol-troon; a base, sordid, sneaking, pitiful fellow. LACHÉ, E, adj. (V. låcher) let out, loose or

loosened, etc.

LACHIMENT, lash-men, adv. cowardly, shamefully; slackly, remissly, faintly, faintheartedly; sluggishly, slowly.

LACHER, la-sha, v. a. to slack or slacken, loosen, make loose, unbind or let out; to release, let loose, let go. Lâcher prise, to let go one's hold. Lâcher la main à quelqu'un, to give one more liberty. Lâcher des chiens après quelqu'un, to let dogs after one. Madade qui lâche tout sous lui, one unable to re-tain his excrements. Lâcher de l'eau, to make water, piss. Viande qui lâche le rentre, loosening meat. Lâcher un vent, to break

wind, fart. Lâcher le pied, to lose ground; also to scamper or run away. Lâcher me bordée à un bâtiment, Mar. to pour a broadside into a ship.

Lâcher, v. n. to go off (as a gun or pistol does;) (at cards) to revoke, let go. & li-cher, v. r. to slacken, grow loose, unbend. Lachets, lash-ta, s. m. cowardines,

cowardice, faint-heartedness, baseness, base or unworthy action; slackness, sluggislaess, slothfulness, duliness.

LACINIÉ, E, adj. lacinated (in botany.) Lacis, la-si, s. m. net-work.

LACONIQUE, la-kô-nik, adj. laconick, short, concise, brief. Un style laconique, a laconick or concise style.

LACONIQUEMENT, lå-kô-nik-mên, adv. laconically, after a laconick way, concisely. LACONISME, la-ko-nlsm, s. m. laconism. short and pithy way of expressing one's

LACRYMAL, E. lå-kri-mål, adj. lachrymal.

Fistule lacrymale, weeping fistula.

LACRYMATOIRE, la-kri-ma-twar, s. m.

lachrymatory. LACS, la, s. m. string; net, gin, mare,

Lucs d'amour, love-knot.

Lactée, lak-ta, adj. lacteal, miky. Lo

veines latties, the lacteal veins.

LACUNE, la-kūn, s. f. gap, blank place in a book, something left out that is lost. Lacunes, Mar. too great openings or spaces be-tween ships in a line of battle.

LADANUM, s. m. labdanum, a soft resin.

LADI, s. f. lady, woman of rank.
LADRE, ladr, adj. leprous; insensible, that
has no feeling; sordid, base, stingy, covetous.

Un cochon ladre, a measled hog.
LADRE, s. m. LADRESSE, ladr, ladres, s. f. leper, leprous man or woman, lazar; also miser or sordid person. Maison de ladres, lazar house, lazaretto.

LADRERIE, la-dre-ri, s. f. leprosy, sting ness, sordid avarice; lazaretto, lazar-house.

LADRESSE, s. f. V. Ladre.

LAGUE, lag, s. f. Mar. track or wake of a

ship. LAGUNE, la-gun, s. f. a pond caused by

marshy ground. LAI, E, le, le, adj. & s. lay, secular, ten-poral; lay-man. Moine lai, disabled soldier maintained in an abbey. Complaint, dok, sorrow, a plaintive song or lay.

LAICHE, s. f. weed that blisters a hore:

tongue.

LAID, E, lê, lêd, adj. & s. ugly, ill-favoured, homely, not handsome, deformed, disgreeable, base, unseemly.

LAIDERON, led-ron, s. f. homely young

LAIDEUR, le-daur, s. f. ugliness, ill-favour-

edness, deformity, baseness.

LAIR, le, s. f. wild sow; riding or lane (through a forest.)

LAINAGE, le-naz, s. m. woollen goods.

LAINE, icn, s. f. wool. LAINEU-X, SX, le-neu, neuz, adj. woolly,

full of wool. LAINIER, le-nia, s. m. dealer in wool. Lainiere, s. f. wife or widow of a dealer in

wool. Luque, la-ik, adj. lav, secular, temporal. bûse, bût : jêûne, mêute, bêurre : ênfânt, cênt, liên : vin : mon : brun.

LAIQUE, s. m. lay or secular man. Les Larques, the laity, the people.

Lais, le, s. f. standard-tree.

Lais, le, s. f. standard-tree.

Laisse, les, s. f. hat-band; leash to bind lounds.

Laisses de la mer, Mar. see-wreck, whatever the sea casts upon the beach.

Lassaks, le-sa, s. f. pl. the dung of a wolf, bear or wild boar.

Lassak, le-sa, v. a. to leave; forsake or abandon; to leave, trust, deposit, commit; yield, give way; to permit, suffer, allow; be-queath; to leave off, forbear. It a laisse une feasure et quatre enfant, he has left a wife and four children. Laissez-moi, let me alone, be quiet. Laissez, laissez, sorbear, sorbear, enough, enough. Laisser une chose à certain prix, to let a thing go or to part with a thing at a certain price. Laisser la vio, to lose or lay down one's life. Laissez-le dire, let him talk. Je vous laisse (or donne) à penser, I leave you to imagine. Laisser tomber, to let fall, drop down. Se laisser tomber, to fall, get a fall or tumble. Se laisser battre, to saffer one's self to be beaten. Se luisser aller, to vield. Se laisser aller à, to give way or yield to give one's self up to. Se laisser entendre sur quelque affaire, to intimate, give to understand. Je me suis laissé dire, I have heard, I was told. Bien qu'il soit fort pauere, il ne laisse pas d'être heureux, although be is very poor yet he is happy. Quelque bien traite qu'il soit, il ne laissera pas de se plaindre, though he is very well used he will complain for all that. V. the observation on Bean

Laisser, v. a. Mar. Ex. Laisser un hâti-ment de l'arrière, to drop a vessel. Laisser une bouée sur un câble, to leave a ship-buoy upon a cable. L'ancre a-t-elle laissé? Is the anchor weighed? Laisse arriver, let her go off. Laisse abattre, let her fall off. Laisse eller, launch, ho. Laisse aller partout, let go fore and aft. Laisse venir en route, bring her to the course lainse venir en route, bring go not and att. Lause venir en route, oring her to the course. Lause venir au vent, bring her to the wind. Lause venir sur triberd, give her the port helm. Lause venir sur triberd, give her the starboard helm. Lauses courir sa bâtiment sur au panne, to right the helm (so as to let the ship fore-reach) with the main or fore top-sail to the mast. Laisser tomber l'ancre, to drop the anchor. Laisser tomber une ancre à pic, to let go an anchor under foot. Laisser tomber we besse roile, to drop a course (when going large.) Laisse tomber la misaine, down fore-sail. Laisse tomber le point de dessous le vent de grande voile, let run the lee main cluearnet. Se laisser coiffer, to be taken aback (through inattention or neglect.)

LAISSEE-COURRE, s. m. time or place

where the hounds are let loose. LAISSE-TOUT-FAIRE, s. m. a woman's

breast-knot.

Larr, &, s. m. milk. Du petit lait, du lait clair, whey. Frère de lait, a foster-brother. Saur de lait, a foster-sister. La voie de lait or le voie lactée, the milky way. Lait de cheux, whiting or size. Cochon de lait, sucking pig. Dents de lait, the first teeth. have a gradge or spleen against one, owe one a spile.

LAITAGE, le-taz, s. m. milk or milk food; butter, cheese, whatever is made of milk.
LAITANCE, le-tens, s. f. whiting, white

lime; also soft roe (of a fish.)

LAITE, let, s. f. soft roe (of a fish.) LAITE, E, le-ta, adj. that has a soft roe. Hareng laste, soft-roed herring.

LAITERIE, let-ri, s. f. dairy.

LAITERON, s. m. sow-thistle. LAITEU-x, se, le-teu, teuz, adj. milky (juice of plants.)

LAITIERE, le-tler, s. f. milk-woman, milk-

maid.

LAITON, le-ton, s. m. latten, brass.

LAITUE. letu, s. f. lettuce. LAIZE, s. f. breadth of cloth between the two lists.

LAMA, s. m. priest among the Tartars. LAMANAGE, lå-må-uåz, s. m. coasting, pilotage or the piloting of a vessel into or out

of any harbour or river, LAMANEUR, là-mà-neur, s. m. barbour or

river-pilot.

LAMANTIN, s. m. lamentine or sea cow. LAMBDOIDE, adj. formed like the Greek letter Lambda.

LAMBEAU, lên-bò, s. m. rag, shred, tatter; label: ragged coat of a deer.

LAMBEL, len-bel, s. m. label (in heraldry.) LAMBIN, E, lèn-bin, bln, s. m. & f. slow-

belly. LAMBINER, len-bi-na, v. n. to move slowly. LAMBIS, s. m. large sea-shell fish found in

the West-Indies. LAMBOURDE, S. f. a joist. A sort of stone. LAMBREQUIN, S. m. label. Lambrequins,

mantles (in heruldry.)
LAMBRIS, lên-brl, s. m. ceiling; wainscot.
LAMBRISSAGE, lên-brl-sâz, s. m. ceiling;

wainscot or wainscotting.

Lambrisser, lên-bri-sa, v. a. to ceil, make the ceiling; to wainscot.

LAMBRUCHE or LAMBRUSQUE, len-brüsk, s. f. wild vine.

LAME, lâm, s. f. a blade (of a sword or kmife,) thin plate of metal; trendle of a loom. Métal mis en lame, plated metal. Une fausse lame, une bonne lame, une fine lame, a cunning or sharp blade. Mar. wave, surge, etc. Lame de fond, ground swell. Les grosses lames, the high seas. Cette lame courte fatigue le bâtiment, this short sea strains the ship. La lame nous prend par la hanche, the sea takes us on the quarter. La lame vient de l'avant, there is a head sea. Il y a une longue lame du sud-ouest, there is a long swell from the south-west. Présenter à la lame, to bow the

LAMENTABLE, lå-men-tabl, adj. lamentable, doleful, moanful, mournful, woeful, pi-tiful, deplorable.

lå-men-tabl-men. LAMENTABLEMENT,

adv. lamentably, dolefully, mournfully.

LAMENTATION, la-men-th-sion, s. f. lamentation, bemoaning, bewailing, mournful complaint.

LAMENTER, v. a. to lament, bemoan, bewail, mourn for, deplore. Se lamenter, v. r. to lament, bewail, bemoan one's self.

LAMIE, s. f. sea-monster of an extraordinary bigness.

LAMINAGE, la-mi-naz, s. m. plating of metal.

bar, bat, base : thère, êbb, over : field, fig : robe, rob; lord : mood, good.

LAMINER, lá-mì-na, v. a. to flatten metals. LAMINOIR, ia-mi-nwar, s. m. machine to flatten metals.

LAMPADAIRE, s. m. name of an officer who bore lamps, or flambeaus, before the emperor, empress, and some other personages.

LAMPAS, len-pas, s. m. lampass, hump in the mouth of horses.

the moun or norses.

LAMPASSÉ, E., adj. langued, having the tongue out (in heraddry.)

LAMPE, lenp, s. f. lamp.

*LAMPER, len-på, s. f. bumper of wine.

*LAMPER, len-på, v. n. to guzzle wine.

LAMPERON, lenp-ron, s. m. the tube of a lamp that holds the wick.

L'AMPION, len-plon, s. m. crystal vase or lamp-glass, small lamp for illuminations.

LAMPON, s. m. hat hook; drunken song. LAMPROIE, len-prwa, s. f. lamproy.

LAMPROYON, len-prwk-yon, s. m. young lamprey.

LANC, s. m. Mar. yaw.

LANCE, lens, s. f. lance or spear; lancer, horsemen that bears a lance. Lance fournie, man of arms furnished at all points. Lance à feu, squib. Lance à botte or courtoise or mount or frétée or mornée, lance with a blunt head. Main de la lance, a horseman's right hand. Coucher la lance, to couch or rest the lance. Baisser la lance, to buckle to, submit. Rompre une lance avec quelqu'un, to enter the lists with one.

LANCER, len-så, v. a. to hurl, dart, fling, throw, shoot; to unharbour, rouse, dislodge (a deer.) Lancer des ceillades or des regurds, io cast sheep's eyes, ogle. Se lancer sur, v. r. to shoot or fly at, rush upon. Lancer, v. a. Mar. to launch, yaw, etc. Lancer un bâtiment, to launch a vessel. Lance sur tribord, yaw her to starboard. Sans lancer sur aucum bord, bring her to a small helm.

LANCETTE, lèn-set, s. f. lancet.

LANCIER, len-sit, s. m. borseman bearing

LANCIÈRE, lên-sièr, s. f. sluice to let the water out of a mill-dam.

LANÇOIR, lên-swar, s. m. mill-dam. LANDE, lênd, s. f. a heath. Landes de lame,

Mar. futtock plates or foot-hook plates

LANDGRAVE, s. m. Landgrave (German count or prince.)

LANDGRAVIAT, s. m. territory of a Landgrave.

LANDIER, len-dla, s. m. great andiron. *LANDREU-X, SE, adj. puling, peaking, lin-

LANERET, lan-re, s. m. male lanner (a hawk.)

LANGAGE, len-glz, s. m. tongue, lanruage; style, manner of expression. Il a bien changé de langage, he now sings to another tune. Ils tiennent tous le même langage. they all harp on the same string, they all tell the same story. Il n'a que du langage, he has nothing but talk.

LANGE, lenz, s. m. swaddling-elothes or clouts for children; child's blanket; blanket used by printers.

LANGOUREUSEMENT, len-goo-reuz-men,

adv. languishingly, droopingly.

Langoureu-x, se, lên-gôo-rêu. rêuz, adj. languishing, drooping, pining, lingering.
LANGOUSTE, len-grost, s. f. kind of lobster.

LANGOUSTIN, s. m. prawa (a shell fish.)
LANGUE, leng, s. f. the tongue; tongue, language, speech; nation. Langue de tore, cape, narrow piece of land (running into the sea.) Coup de langue, jest, reflection. Une manaraise or méchante lungue, une langue de serpent or de vipère, an ill tongue, a malicious or venomous or slanderous tongue. Prendre langue, to inquire, learn news, get intelligence, discover. Avoir beaucoup de langue, avoir la langue bien longue, ne savoir tenir u langue, to be a blab, have too much tongue, parler n'écorche langue, good words cost noting. Donner du plat de la langue, to cajole, coax, flatter.

LANGUEDOCIEN, NE, adj. & s. of Langue-

doc, one born in Languedoc.

LANGUETTE, ken-get, s. f. tongue (of several things.) Languettes, Mar. thin sort of wedges.

LANGUEUR, lèn-geur, s. f. languor, consumption, faintness, weakness, want of strength; languishment, pining away.

LANGUEYER, v. a. un cochon, to examine a hog's tongue to see if it be measly. LANGUEYEUR, s. m. examiner of hog's

tongues for the measles.

LANGUIER, s. m. smoked hog's tongue. LANGUIE, len-gir, v. n. to languish, hipger, faint, pine, consume away, droop, drag heavily. Un discours qui languit, a discourse that flags.

LANGUISSAMMENT, lèn-gi-ch-mèn, adr.

languishingly.

LANGUISSANT, R, lèn-glach, sènt, adjlanguishing, faint, weak, feeble; amorous; flagging, poor, weak (style.)

LANICE, là-nls. V. Bourre.

LANIER, lå-ulå, s. m. lanner (a hack.) LANIERE, là-nièr, s. f. long strap of lea-ther; hawk's lure; lash (to whip a top.)

LANIFÈRE, lâ-nî-fèr, adj. bearing wool LANISTE, s. m. name of him who bought or sold gladiators.

LANQUERRE, s. f. engine to bear a man upon the water.

LANSQUENET, lènsk-nê, s. m. German foot-

soldier ; game at cards. LANTERNE, len-tern, s. f. lantern, (of c mill) trundle-bead; (in architecture) lantern, little dome, cupola, turret. Lanterne sourde. dark lantern. Lanternes, trifles, fiddle-faddle, fooleries, silly stories, nonsense, suff.

Lauterner des undts de hune, bounds of the
top-masts. V. Fanal. Il veut faire acrore que ressies sont lanternes, he would make one

believe the moon is made of green cheese. LANTERNER, len-ter-na, v. a. to bamboozle, talk nonsense to, tire or plague with non

Lanterner, v. n. to dally, trifle, play the fool. Lanternerie, len-tern-ri, s. f. irrendution, nonsense, impertinence.

LANTERNIER, E, lên-têr-nîl, nêr, a. n. & f. lanter-maker; lamp-lighter; irresolute man, trifler, one that puts off a thing purpe. tually; fool, impertinent coxeomb.

*LANTIPONNAGE, len-ul-po-ule, s. m. teazing.

*Lantiponner, lên-tî-pô-nă, v. s. 10 *LANTURLU, s. m. scornful denial. Rhi bose, bot : jeune, meute, beurre : émilant, cent, lièn : vin : mon : brun.

réponde lambarle, he answered him in a con- || mens prennent le large, those vessels are eutaous mann

LANUGISEU-X, SE, adj. lannginous, wool-

LAPURING-R., S., Sq., Lamngmons, wool-ly; downy (in hotamy.) LAPER, là-pà, v. n. to lap or lick up. LAPERAU, là-pì-dèr, s. m. lapidary. LAPIDAIRE, sd). Ex. Style lapidaire, style peculiar to inscriptions on marble, etc. LAPIDATION, là-pì-dà-don, s. m. stoning

LAPIDER, là-pl-dà, v. a. to stone, stone to death, lapidate.

LAPIDIPICATION, là-pi-di-fi-kà-sion, s. f. formation of stone

LAPIDIFIER, M.-pl-dl-flh, v. a. to turn into

LAPIDIFIQUE, adj. proper to form stones. LAPIR, th-pin, s. m. rabbit, buck-rabbit. Lopine, th-pin, s. f. doe-rabbit.

LAPIS, or LAPIS LAZULI, or LAPIS AZU-

LI, s. m. lapis lazuli, lazuli.

LAPMUNE, s. f. a deer-skin gown. Lapon, la-pon, s. m. Laplander. Laponie, la-pô-ni, s. f. Laplaud.

LAPRKAU, s. m. a young rabbit. LAPS, z., adj. lapsed, fallen off. LAPS, laps, s. m. Ex. Laps de temps, lapse

Lags, s. m. V. Lacs.
Lags, s. m. V. Lacs.
Laguats, lik-ke, s. m. lackey, foot-boy.
Laguats, s. lac, kind of gum.
Lague, s. m. lacker (kind of varnish.)
LagueLis, lik-ke, (the feminine of Lague!) that, which, who, whom.

LARAIRE, s. m. chapel where the lares were placed

LARCIN, lkr-sin, s. m. theft, robbery; pla-giarism. Quand les larrons s'entrebatient, les larcins se découcrent, when thieves fall out, homest men come by their own.

LARD, lår, 2 m. bacon; lard. Petit lard, streaked bacon. Quartier de lard, flitch of

LARDER, lâr-dâ, v. a. to lard; to prick (a card.) Larder de coups d'épée, to stick or run through with a sword. Mar. to thrum. Larder une baderne, to thrum a mat. Une baderne lardée, a thrummed mat.

LARDOIRE, lar-dwar, s. f. a larding-pir. Landon, lar-don, s. m. small slice of lard or bacon; a wipe, dry knock; supplement to a newspaper. Donner un lardon à quelqu'un, to give one a clean wipe or dry knock, rub

one up, wipe one down, give one a rub. LARK, lar, s. m. a domestic god.

LARGE, Mrz, adj. broad, wide, large; free, liberal, bountiful. Un consiste large, a casust too easy, remiss or indulgent. Cheval qui va large, horse that goes wide.

LARGE, s. m. breadth, wideness. Ce drap a sme assee de large, this cloth is an ell wide. V. Hast, adj.—Au large, Ex. Etre logé au-large, to have a great deal of room. Se ma-ter as large, to get more room. Etre au large, to have elbow-room, be at ease. Au

long et au large, far and wide.

Large, a. w. Mar. offing, main sea. Le cité du large, the offing. Au large, in the offing.

Courir au large, anoir le bord au large, to stand for the offing. Au large de, without.

V. Moutller. Prendre du large, to gain an offing, stand out to sea, sheer off. Ces bâti-

standing away. If y a très-grosse mer au large, the sea runs very high in the offing. La mer au large est très-belle, there is no sea in the offing. Des neuts d'est mous jelèrent au large, easterly winds blew us off the coast. Le ressac nous jeta au large de la roche, the surf rebounding from the rock set us clear of

LARGEMENT, làrz-mên, adv. folly, entire-ly; largely, well, plostifully, abundantly. LARGESSE, làr-rès, s. f. largess, liberality, gift, dole, present, donation. Pièces de largesse, doles.

LARGEUR, Mr-zeur, s. f. breadth, width, wideness, largeness. V. Hast, adj. Largeur des sabords, Mar. width of the ports. Largeur d'un bâtiment, extreme breadth of a

ship.
LARGO, adv. (ist musick) very slowly.
LARGOUE, larg, adj. & s. Mar. Vent largue,
banding wind. Vent grand largue, wind on the quarter or quartering wind. Aller or courir vent largue, to sail large. Le bâtiment chassé a du largue dans

ses roiles, the chase is going free.

LARGUER, v. a. & n. to cast off, let go, let out, loose or loosen, strain and open, etc. Larguer une manqueve, to let go a rope.

Larguer une voile, to louse a sail. Larguer les ris, to let the reefs out. Largue un ris les ris, to let the rects out. Largue am ris dans chaque hanier, shake a seef out of the fore and main top-sails. Largue la remonque; cast off the tow-rope. Largue les galhaubaus de dessous le vent, let go the lee back stay falls. Largue la bouline du grond hunter, let go the main top bowline. Largue les haniers, loose the top-sails. Largue la voile d'étai de hune, cleur away the main top-mast avant la largue les des cases de la second for stay-sail. Largue le hale-bas du grand foc, let go the jib dows-haul. Largue le bras du grand hunier et le grand bras sous le vent, let go the lee main and main top-sail braces. Largue tout, let go behind. Largue en dou-ceur le lof de missine, case off the fore tack. Largue en douceur le raban de pointure du vent, ease down the weather earing handsomely. Notre navire largue de partout, our ship strains and opens fore and aft. Voilà un bordage qui a largué, there is a butt that is sprung.

LARIGOT, id-rl-go, s. m. kind of flute, pipe. Boire à tire-larigot, to quaff briskly.

LARIX, S. m. larynx, windpipe.

LARIX, R.-riks, s. m. larch-tree.

LARME, larm, s. f. tear; drop. Larmes (in architecture) drops. Pleurer à chaudes larmes or à grosses larmes, to weep bitterly, shed bitter tears.

LARMIER. Mr-mil, s. m. cave or gutter (of a house;) brow or coping (of a scall;) the eye vein (of a horse;) head of the shaft (of a chimney.)

*Larmovant, e, lar-mwa-yèn, yènt, adj.

weeping, crying, in tears.
"LARMOTER, lar-mwa-ya, v. n. to weep,

cry, shed tears.
*LARMOYEU-R, SE, S. m. & f. weeper.

LARRON, la-ron, s. m. thief, stealer, rogue; pith of a quill; leaf (of a book) turned down which has not been cut with the rest.

LARRONNEAU, s. m. little or young thief.

bar, bat, base : thère, êbb, over : field, fig : rôbe, rôb, lôrd : môod, gôod.

LARRONNESSE, là-rô-nes, s. f. thief, thiev-

ILARROWRESS, is-ro-nes, s. I. taker, intering or piffering woman.

LARVES, Hav, s. m. pl. hobgoblins.

LAS, sx. lk, lks, adj. wearied, tired, fatigued, with walking, etc.

"LAS, interj. V. Atless.

"LAS, interj. V. Atless.

cherous, wanton, goatish, hustful.

LASCIVENERY, lk-slv-men, adv. in a lasciming or haborous manner wantonly.

vious or lecherous manner, wantonly.

Lasciverz, lk-siv-th, s. f. lesciviousness,

lechery, wantonness, lust, smuttiness.
Lassart, z., in-eeu, sent, adj. wearisome, tedious, tiresome, unpleasant.

LASSER, M.-sh.v. a. to weary, tire, fatigue. Se lasser, v. r. to grow or be weary or tired. LASSITUDE, M.-sl-tild, s. f. weariness, faintness, lassitude.

LASTE, last, s. m. last (generally two tons or 4000 lb weight.)

LATANIER, s. m. a sort of palm-tree.

*LATENT, E, adj. latent, hidden, conceal-

ed, secret.
LATERAL, E, là-th-rài, edj. lateral, belonging to the side. Les parties latérales d'un cha-pileau de colonne, the sides of a pillar's capital.

LATÉRALEMENT, là-th-ràl-mèn, adj. ob-liquely, laterally, side-ways.

LATICLAVE, s. m. a tunick worn by the Roman senators.

LATIN, E, İk-tin, tîn, adj. Latin. Le pays Latin, the university, the school. Voile latine, Mar. lateen-sail. Bâtiment latin, lateen ves-

LATIR, s. m. Latin or the latin tongue. Les Latine, up Limite. Amin in Committee bad latin. Il y a perdu test son latin, he has lost his labour, he can make nothing of it. Je sees au bost de mon latin, I am past my latin, I am at my wit's end. Piquer en latin, to ride like a novice.

LATIFEUR, a. m. pedentic latinist. LATIFIERR, M.-tl-nf-zh, v. a. to latinize. Latiniser, v. n. to speak latin at every turn.

LATINISME, M-il-nism, s. m. latinism. LATINISTE, M-d-nist, s. m. latinist. LATINISTE, M-d-nist, s. f. latinity, the

latin tongue.

LATITUDE, in-d-tod, s. f. latitude. tudes croissantes, meridional parts. Etre en latitude nord or sud, to be in north or south latitude. Be mettre en latitude d'un cep, etc.

to get into the latitude of a cape, etc.
LATITUDINAIRE, la-tl-tu-dl-ner, s. m. la-

titudinarian.

LATRIE, la-tri, s. f. latria. Culte de latrie, service or worship due to God alone.

LATRINES, là-trin, s. f. pl. privy, jakes, house of office.

LATTE, Mt, s. f. lath. Lattes, s. f. pl. Mar. broad but thin beams (placed alternately, between the larger deck beams in French ships.) Lattes de la dunette, beams of the poop. Lattes de caillebotis, or des écontilles, battens of the hatches.

LATTER, lå-tå, v. a. to lath.
LATTIS, lå-tl, s. m. covering of laths.
LAUDANUM, lå-då-nos, s. f. laudanum.
LAUDEs, låd, s. f. pl. lauds, praises.

LAUREAT, s. m. laureate. LAUREOLE, lò-ra-òl, s. f. spurge-laurel.

LAURIER, lo-ria, s. m. laurel or bay-tree. Feuilles de laurier, laurel or bay leaves. Laurier mâle, laurel. Laurier femelle, bay-tree. Lauriers, (of sourriours) laurels, (of poets) bays.

LAVAGE, lå-våz, a. m. washing; puddle, slop, hog-wash.

LAVANCHE, s. f. drifts of snow that fall suddenly from the mountains.

LAVARDER, là-vèrd, s. f. lavender. Le-cande aspic, lavender-spike.

LAVARDER, là-vèn-dià, s. m. yeoman of the laundry to the king of France.

Lavandière, là-vèn-dièr, s. f. laundres,

washer-woman.

LAVARET, s. m. a whitish trout (in the

LAVARE, is and lakes of Savoy.)

LAVASE, is vas, s. f. great shower.

LAVE, s. f. lava.

LAVE, E. adj. washed, etc. V. Laver. Couleur larée, faint colour. Cheval de peil bai lave, light bay horse.

LAVE-MAIN, lav-min, s. m. standing-ewer (with a cock to it, to wash one's hands.) LAVEMENT, lav-men, s. m. washing:

clyster.

LAVER, in-va, v. a. to wash, scoar, clean, etc.; to lather. Laver la têle à quelqu'un, to chide or reprimand one. Laver les hamers, Mar. to scrub the hammocks. Le laver, v. r. to wash one's self. Se lover d'un crime, to clear or justify one's self from a crime. m'en lave les mains, I wash my hands of it, I will not be concerned in it.

LAVETON, s. m. short wool. LAVETTE, là-vêt, s. f. dish-clout. LAVEU-R, sE, là-vêur, vêuz, s. m. & f.

washer, scourer.
LAVIS, M-vl, s. m. wash (in drawing.)
LAVOIR, M-vwhr, s. m. wash-house; also sink, and great dish-water kettle; laver. LAVURE, la-var, s. f. dish-water; also wash.

Lauure de gantier, a glover's wash. Laxati-r, vx, lak-sa-tif, tiv, adj. laxative,

loosening, opening.

LAYE, V. Laie, etc.

LAYER, lè-yà, v. a. to cut a lane through (a forest.)

LAYETERIE, s. f. box-making husiness.

LAYETIER, ley-tla, s. m. box-maker.
LAYETTE, leyet, s. f. box; drawer; childbed clothes or linen

LAZARET, là-zà-rê, s. m. a Lazaretto, pest-house.

LAZZZ, s. m. dumb-show, pantomine.
LE, 16, (article of mascutine nouns) the.
Le file, the son. When the noun is used in

a general sense le is not expressed in English. Je hais le vice, I hate vice

Le, (relative pronoun) him, it. Je le voir, I see him. Ne le voyez-vous pas? do you not see it? Le voiri, here he is, here it is de ne le pasis, I cannot (I cannot do it.) Je veux pien, I will, the le being suppressed.

Lé, lh, s. m. broadth, width (of cloth or stuff.)

stuff.) LEANS, adv. within, in there. LÉBRCHE, s. m. Mar. southwest wind (in the dialect of Provence.) LECHE, lêsh, s. f. slice or collop. V. Li-

Lксий, z, adj. licked, licked up-I.LCHEPRITE, lesh-fit, s. f. dripping pan buse, but : jeune, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

LECHER, thesis, v. a. to lick, lick up. A seche doigts, sparingly, in small quantity. If nous a dounc Cases bonnes choses, mais if 'y es scoit qu'à lèche doigts, he gave us sierably good things, but we had only a taste

of them.

LEGON, 18-son, s. f. lesson, locture, instruction, precept. Paire legon, to read or explain a subject in hand.

LECTRUE, 18th-18ur, s. m. reader; professor, reader of loctures. Lecteurs, one of the four

mor orders in the church.

LECTISTERMES, s. m. pl. feasts to which the Romans invited the gods whose statues vere placed on beds around the table.

Lectrice, lek-tris, s. f. nun whose turn it is

to read in the refectory.
LECTURE, like-thr, s. f. reading; study.
LEGAL, m, hk-gll, adj. legal; justifiable
by hw; homest, just, faithful, upright.
LEGALERIEST, lå-gål-mån, adv. legally,

ły.

Ligat, it-gå, s. m. legate, pope's legate. Ligatatric, it-gå-tèr, s. m. & f. legatec. Ligation, it-gå-slon, s. f. office of legate,

LEGATOIRE, adj. governed by a lieute-nant under the Roman emperors.

Lings, adj. Mar. light or in ballast. Un bâtiment lège, a light vessel or a vessel in bal-

LEGESDAIRE, M-zen-der, s. m. writer of

legends.
Licenson, M-zend, a.f. legend; long tedious narrative or list. Inscription on coins

Lionn, E, Mash, ser, adj. light, of small weight; light, not of full weight; easy to bear; weight; light, not of full weight; easy to bear; easy to be dispated; swift, aimble; slight, small, inconsiderable, trifling; fickle, uncertain; adveit, small, superficial. Legère teisture or comsessence, smattering. Cheval leger à la main, light-borne horse. V. Cheval le Cheons-liger. De léger, adv. lightly, casily. R croit de léger, he is light of belief. A la légère, adv. lightly, rashly, foolishly. Léger, and Mar. small, light. Bâtiment léger, small vessel. Voiles légères, small vessel. Lésères, small vessel. Lésères, small visit boat.

Lésèrement, là-sèr-mèn, adv. lightly; sightly, superficially; rashly, foolishly, unwarity, easily, smilly, swiftly.

Lésèresté, là-sèr-th, s. f. lightness, levity, ficklesses; imprudence, foolery, folly, piece of folly; nimbleness, swiftness; small-see; delioney.

a. m. & f. law-giver, law-maker, legislator. Ligislati-p, ve, là-els-là-tif, tiv, adj. dative.

legislative. Législation, là-zh-là-don, s. f. legisla-

LEGISLATURE, s. f. logislature.
LEGISLATURE, M.-slst. s. m. lawyer, civilian.
LEGITIMATION, là-zl-d-mà-slon, s. f. act
by which a natural child is mado logitimate.

LEGITIME, là-zi-tim, adj. lawful, just, reasonable.

LEGITIME, s. f. portion, part or share that

a child has by law in his parent's estate. LEGITIMEMENT, lk-xl-tlm-men, adv. lawfully, justly, reasonably.

LEGITIMER, la-zi-ti-ma, v. a. to render

legiumate. Authenticate (a commission.)
LEGITIMITE, lh-el-tl-ml-th, a. f. legiumacy.
LEGS, le, a. m. legacy, gift by will.

Ligurer, v. a. to bequeath, leave by will.
Ligure, la-gim, s. m. legume, pulso
grames, pot herbs, greens, vegetables.

Legumes, pot herds, ground, vos.
Legumineus, se, adj. leguminous.

LEMME, lêm, s. m. lemma (in geometry ;) an aquatick plant.

LEMURES, s. m. pl. hobgoblins. LENDEMAIN, lend-min, s. m. next day,

day following.
LENDORE, lèn-dôr, a.m. & f. hum-drum.
LÉNIFIER, là-nl-ffà, v. a. to lenify, soften.
LÉNITIF, là-nl-ff, a.m. lenitive, allay.

LENITI-F, VE, adj. lenitive, soothing, emollient

LERT, E, lèn, lènt, adj. slow, slack, back-ward, dull, lazy, dilatory, lingering. Pas lent, a slow or soft pace. Fièvre lente, hectick fever.

LERTE, lênt, s. f. nit, egg of a louse.

LERTEMENT, lènt-ter, a.f. slowpass, heavily.

LERTEMENT, lènt-ter, s. f. slowpass, heaviless.

LENTEUR, lèn-teur, s. f. slowness, heaviness, duliness, slackness, taziness. Voyez avec welle lenteur il s'applique à son travail, see how dull be is at his work.

LENTICULAIRE, lên-d-kû-lêr, adj. lenticu-

lar.

LENTILLE, lên-tl/, s.f. lentil; freckles; lens: LENTILLEU-x, s.e., adj. freckly. LENTISQUE, lên-tlak, s. m. lentisk, mas-

tick tree.

LÉONIN, E, là-ô-nin, nin, adj. leonine. Ex. Vers léonins, leonine verses. Société léonine, unequal society in which the strongest have

the advantage LÉOPARD, là-ô-par, s. m. leopard. LÉOPARDÉ, adj. Ex. Lion léopardé, lion

passant, guardant (in heraldry.) LEPRE, lepr, s. f. leprosy

LÉPREU-x, se, là-prèu, preuz, adj. leprous, troubled with a leprosy.

Inducted with a teprosy.

LÉPREUX, s. m. leper, lazar.

LÉPROSERIE, là-prôz-rl, s. f. lazaretto.

LEQUEL, lè-kèl, LAQUELLE, (pronom relatif or interrogatif) that, which, who, whom.

LES, lè, (article of pharal nouns) the. Je consois les frères et les sœurs, I know the brothers and the sisters. When the noun is used in a general seuse les is not expressed in English. Etudies les houseuses study man in English. Etudiez les hommes, study men.

N. Le. Les. (pronous relative) them.
LESE, lez, adj. (qui lèse.) Ex. Crime de lèse-majesté, high-treason.
LÉSER, là-zà, v. a. to wrong, aggrieve.
LÉSIRE, là-zh, s. f. sordid parsimony,

sparingness.
LESINER, lå-zi-nå, v. a. to be sordid or

niggardly or sparing.

Lisinerie, s.f. sparingness, niggardliness.
Lision, ik-zlon, s. f. (in laso) wrong, damage, grievance. LESQUELS, LESQUELLES, lè-kêl, (plural

of laquel, laquelle) that, which, who, whom. LESSE, V. Laisse.

bắr, bắt, bắse: thère, ềbb, ovêr: field, fig: rôbe, rôb, lôrd: mòod, gôod.

LESSIVE, ic-siv, s. f. lie (to wash or bleach with.)

LESSIVER, 18-al-va, v. a. to wash in lie, to bleach linen.

LEST, lest, s. m. Mar. ballast; lest de or en pierre, shingle ballast. Lest en gravier, grave ballast. Lest en fer, iron ballast. Lest grave bulest. Less of yet, that bulest. Less or gulet, pebble ballast (ballast consisting of small pebbles, picked off the sea-beach. Lest volont, shifting ballast. Prendre du lest, to take in ballast. Etre sur son lest, to be in ballast. Aller en lest, to go in ballast. Le lest roule, the ballast shoots. Penier à lest, ballast basket.

Dallast basket.

LESTROR, les-diz, s. m. lastage, ballast.

LESTR, lest, adj. spruce, fine, meat; in a neat or rich dress; adroit, ready, aimble.

LESTRURENT, lest-mer, adv. neatly, fine-ly, richly, lightly, nimbly, quickly.

LESTER, les-ta, v. a. Mar. to ballast.

LESTEUR, les-teur, s. m. Mar. Ex. Lesteur, ballast lighter.

LÉTHARGIE, la-tar-al, s. f. lethargy, insensibility.

Láтнапецеце, lå-tår-zīk, adj. & s. m.

& f. lethargick, one that has a lethargy. Litton, V. Laiton. LETTRE, letr, a. f. letter; hand-writing; letter, epistle, despatch. Lettre, literal sense. letter, epissie, despision. Letter change, Vous ou-rez souvent de mes lettres, you will hear fre-quently from me. Ct sont lettres closes, that is a secret. Rendre à la lettre, to render word for word. Aider à la lettre, to supply what is obscure or defective. Belles lettres, polite literature. Lettres (in changem) letters. obecure or desecuve. Beues seures, posses literature. Lettres, (in chancery) letters. Let saintes lettres, the holy scriptures. Lettres patentes, letters patent, a patent. Lettres royaux, letters patent. Lettres de recréance, recredentials. Lettre de recréance, or make void a contract. Lettres de professom a nun's vows (in writing under her hand.) Avoir lettres de quelque chose, to be sure of a thing. Lettre, s. f. Mar. Ex. Lettre de mer, sea-brief, pass, passport. Lettre de réprésailles, letter of marque.

LETTRÉ, E, lè-trà, adj. lettered, of letters, learned. Les personnes lettrées, scholars, the learned, men of literature.

the learned, men of literature.

LEUR, leur, adj. m. & f. their. Leurs, (pl.) their. Le leur, la leur, les leurs, theirs, their own.

Leur, (relative pronoun) for deux, delles, to them, them. On leur fait tort, they are

LEURRE, lour, s. m. lure (for a hawk;) lure er decoy.

LEURRÍ, z, leu-ra, adj. lured, decoyed, etc. Il n'est pas encore fort learré, he has not yet learned wit enough.

LEURRER, leu-ra, v. a. to lure (a hawk,) decoy, trepan, teach wit.

LEVAIR, le-vin, s. m. leaven, ferment; yest or yeast; (of sickness) relicks, remains, predisposition; spite, old grudge. Pain sans levain, unleavened bread.

LEVANT, le-ven, adj. m. rising. Le soleil lecont, the rising sun.

LEVANT, s. m. cast, Levant. Le Levant, Mar. the Levant; also the east wind. Grecolevant, north-east wind (in the Mediterranean dialect.)

LEVANTIN, E, le-ven-tin, tin, adj. & s. m. & f. Levantine, employed upon the Mediter ranean, one born in the Levant; Turk, Greek, etc.

LEVARTIS, s. m. mans given to the sol-diers on board Turkish galleys. LEVE, lev, s. f. hollow mallet (to play at

mall.)

mall.)

LEVÉ, E. le-vå, adj. lifted, heaved up, risen, etc. V. Lever. Main levé, replevy (a law term.) Pais levé, leavened bread. Marcher la tête levée, to go bare-faced.

LEVÉE, là-vå, a. f. bank, camey er mole; rising or breaking up; rocess; raising, gathering; crop, harvest; (at eards) lift or trick. Levée des gens de guerre, levying or levy or raising of soldiers. Faire des levées de soldats, to leve or raise additor. Faire des levées de soldats, to levy or raise soldiers. Faire des levées sur le peuple, to raise taxes upon the people. Faire une levée de boucliers, to make much ado about nothing.

Levée, s. f. Mar. swell of the sea (mostly applied to a harbour or road-stead.) It y a ordinairment de la levie dans la rade de Yarmouth, there is generally a swell in Yarmouth road. Levie de matelots, levy of seamen.

LEVER, le-va, v. a. to lift, lift up, heave, hold, raise up; to take up, hold or lift up; note, raise up; so take up, some or ise up; to take of, pull of; to remove, take up, take away; to take, draw; to gather; raise (fruit;) to raise, levy (taxes or sodiers;) (at cords) to take a trick, get; to take (a copy;) to take up, (clother) buy or cut them; to take or help up, help to dress one's self; to relieve guard ;) to set up (shop ;) to prick up (ears ;) to hold up (hands ;) to lift up (eyes ;) to raise (a siege.) Lever dea gribeties, to cut off slices of bacon. Lever one paire d'empeignes, suces or Dacon. Lever une paire d'empeignus, to cut out the upper leather of a pair of shees. to cut out the upper seamer of a pair, or smeet.

Lever l'étendart contre quelqu'un, to proclaim
war against one. Lever le comp, to break
up, to decamp. Lever le piquet, to break up,
go away. Lever le mention à quelqu'un,
to back or countenance one. Je n'oserois y lever les yeux, I dare not aim or aspire so high.

Lever, v. a. Mar. Lever l'ancre, to weig anchor. Lever les épontilles, to unship th stanchions. Lever chasse, to give up or over chase. Lever te plan a'un port, to draw the plan of a harbour. Leve tee caillebotis, take off the gratings. Leve le of a mission, raise the fore tack. Leve les left, raise tacks and sheets. Lève rames, row off all.

Lever, v. n. to rise, grow or grow up; (as ante) to rise, ferment. Faire lever une per-Lever, v. n. to rise, grow or grow up; (as plants) to rise, ferment. Fixire lever same perdrice, to spring a partridge. Fixire lever same perdrice, to start a hare. Fixire lever to gate, to leaven the dough. Fixire lever sam sidge, to cause a siege to be raised. Sie lever, v. r. to rise from bed, get up, be stirring; to rise, get up, stand; broak up (or assembly;) to rise, be up, begin to appear (as stare;) to rise, arise, begin to blow (as soind, etc.)
LEVER, a. m. rising. levee.

LEVER, s. m. rising, levee. LEVEUR, le-veur, s. m. tax-gatherer. LEVIER, le-vik, s. m. lever. *Levier de bois*, Mar. beaver.

LEVIGATION, s. f. levigation.

LÉVIGER, v. a. to levigate. LEVIS, lè-vi, adj. m. Ex. Un pont levis, a draw-bridge.

buse, but : jeune, meute, bourre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brusi.

LÉVITE, là-vh, s. m. Levite.

LÉVITIQUE, là-vi-tik, s. m. Leviticus. LEVRAUT, lè-vrès. m. leveret, young hare. Lèvre, lèvr, a f. lip.

LÉVRETTER, v. n. to kindle (as a hare does.)

LEVRETTE, le-vrêt, s. f. grey-hound bitch.

LÉVRICHE, s. f. little grey-bound bitch. LÉVRIER, là-vrl-à, s. m. grey-hound. LEVRON, le-vron, s. m. young or hitle

grey-bound. Un jeune levron, a young harebrained fellow.

LEVURE, lè-vor, s. f. yest or yeast.
LERICOGRAPHE, lèk-sl-kô-graf, s. m. composer of lexicons er dictionaries, lexicographer.

LEXIQUE, lek-sik, s. m. lexicon.

*LEZ, prep. near. Le Plessis-lez-Tours, le Plessis near Tours.

LEZARD, H.-zar, s. m. lizard.

LÉZARDE, s. f. crevice in a wall.

LEZARDÉ, E, adj. cleft (speaking of walls.) LEZE, V. Lèse.

Ltais, lie, s. m. very hard free-stone whereof stair steps and tomb-stones are com-

monly made.

LIAISON, He-zon, s. f. binding, fastening, linking joining together: connexion; conti-mity of scenes, etc. bond, band, tie; stroke of the pen that joins the perts of letters; connexion, coherence, affinity, congruity, rela-tion; correspondence or intelligence; union, love, amity, friendship, familiarity, acquain-tance. Mocomerie en liaison, bound masonry. Cela donne de la liaison aux ingrédiens, that thickens the ingredients or makes the ingredients incorporate well together.

Liaisons, s. f. pl. Mar. strengthening pieces (such as knees, breast-hooks, etc.) Pieces de liaisons, sleepers or strengthening piece l'aisseau qui manque de tiaisme, weak-built

LIAISONSER, v. a. to bind stones.
LIART, R, adj. mild, affable, supple.
LIARD, B-dr, s. m. French farthing. Narow pas emillant us tiand, to be worth little or

nothing, not to be worth a groat.

LEASE, R-As, s. f. bundle (of papers;)

string (to tie papers together.)
LIBAGE, s. m. nahewn pieces of stone made use of in the foundations of an edifice.
LIBATION, Il-bi-sion, s. f. libation.

LIBELLE, fi-bel, s. m. bill, original declaration upon any action; elso libel; infamous

or abusive writing.
Liberter, B-be-la, v. a. to declare upon an action of trespess, debt, covenant, etc.

LIBELLISTE, s. m. libeller. LIBÉRAL, E. fl-bà-râl, adj. liberal, free, enerous, bountiful. Les arts liberaux, the liberal arts.

Libéralement, fi-ba-ral-mên, adv. libe-

rally, freely, bountifully, generously.
Liberalite, H-bd-rd-fl-th, s. f. liberality,

bounty, generosity.
LIBERAT-EUR, RICE, ll-ba-ra-teur, tris,

a. m. & f. deliverer, saviour, liberator. Liberation, Il-ba-rà-sion, s. f. discharge. Liberate, Il-ba-rà, v. a. to liberate, free, exempt, rid one, clear. Se libérer, v. r. to free one's self, get free. Se libérer, to clear or pay off one's debt. S. Liberté, fl-bêr-th. s. f. liberty, free will;

freedom; leave, free leave; free or easy way, easiness, facility of writing, speaking, etc. boldness, latitude, licentiousness. Prendre, se donner la liberté de faire une chose, to take upon one's self or presume or make bold to do a thing. Il prend trop de theret, he takes too great a latitude. Liberté de ventre, looseness, the having one's body onen. V. Libre. Libertés, liberties, privileges, exemptions.

LIBERTIN,E. E-ber-tin, the, adj. &c. s. lewd,

icentious, debauched ; libertine, lewd person.
LIBERTINAGE, Il-ber-ti-naz, s. m. libertinism; lewdness, licentiousness, debauchery. LIBERTINER, A-ber-ti-na, v. n. to be a

libertine. Labidineu-x, se, il-bl-dl-neu, neuz, adj.

lewd, libidinous, voluptuous.

LIBOURET, s. m. rod to catch mackerel. LIBRAIRE, li-brer, s. m. bookseller, sta-tioner. La compagnie des libraires, the company of stationers

LIBRAIRIE, Il-brê-ri, s. f. book-trade, bookselling; library.

LIBRATION, s. f. libration. LIBRE, libr, adj. free, that has his free will; free, independent; at leisure; free, loose, easy, natural, unaffected; clear, unobstructed; at liberty; plain, downright, open, frank; loose, licentious, rash. Il vous est libre de faire ce qu'il vous plaira, you may do what you please. Se tenir le rentre libre, to keep one's body

LIBREMENT, libr-men, adv. freely, plain-

ly, frankly, openly, easily.

Licz, Ist, s. f. lists; hound bitch. Tupisserie de haute lios, tapestry-hangings.

LICENCE, Il-sens, s. f. licence, leave, permission, power (seldom used in this first sense;) licence, liberty, latitude; licenticusness, lewdness; a licentiate's degree; time after a master of arts is licentiate before he takes the degree of doctor. Licences or lettres de licence, a licentiate's diploma.

Liczneiń, z, il-sen-si-a, adj. disbanded. LICENCIE, s. m. licentiate, one that has permission to practise (in any profession.)
LICENCIEMENT, Il-sèn-si-mên, s. m. dis-

banding (troops.)
LICENCIER, Il-sen-sl-a, v. a. to disband. Se licencier, v. r. to grow licentious, take too nsuch liberty or too great a latitude, be bold. LICENSIZUSEMENT, B-sèn-slèuz-mên, adv. licentiously, lewdly, dissolutely.

LICENCIEU-X, SE, Il-sen-sleu, sleuz, adj.

licentious, lewd, loose, dissolute, disorderly.

LICET, s. m. leave, permission. LICITATION, Il-sl-ta-slor, s. f. auction. LICITE, ll-slt, adj. lawful, allowed or al-lowable.

LICITEMENT, il-at-men, adv. lawfully. LICITER, W-sl-ta, v. a. to sell by auction. LICOL, V. *Licou*.

LICORNE, H-korn, s. f. unicorn. Licou, If-koo, s. m. halter. Il traine son licou, he will come to the gallows, he will come to be hanged.

LICTEUR, lik-teur, s. m. lictor.

LIE, li, s. m. dregs or grounds; lees. Ti-

*LIE, adj. Ex. Faire chère lie, to feast, live

merrily, live away.

Li£, E, adj. tied, bound fast, etc. V. Lier.
Un discours bien lié, a coherent discourse,

bar, bat, base : thère, êbb, over : field, fig : rôhe, rôb, lôrd : môod, gôod.

a discourse that hangs well together. Vaisseau bien lie, Mar. strong-built ship.

Lifge, like, s. m. cork-tree; cork. Bou-chon de liége, cork (stopple.) Lifger, lik-zk, v. a. to cork. Ex. Liéger

LIG

un filet, y metire le liège, to cork a net.

Lien, lièn, a. m. string, tie, band, bond; string place of a hat; tie, band, knot. Liens, bonds, chains, irons; bondage, servitude. Séchant chien, court bien, a curst cur must be tied short.

LIERTERIE, s. f. lientery; vomiting, loose-

LIER, Il-a, v. a. to tie, bind, knit, fasten, make fast; to tie or make a knot; to join or put together; unite; to thicken or make thick; to tie up, bind, oblige, lay an obligation upon; to join in, engage in. Lier bien un discours, to make a coherent or connected discourse. Lier we partie de chasse, to make a hunting-match. Lier, v. a. Mar. to lash. Se lier, v. r. (faire une ligne) to form a connexion; to thicken or grow thick.

LIERRE, [l-èr, s. m. ivy.

*LIESSE, Il-es, s. f. (in the scriptures) glad-

ness, joy, exceeding joy.
LIEU, Ileu, s. m. place or room; place, rank; time; cause, reason, matter; way, occasion; family, birth, extraction; place; passage (of a book;) room, stead. Au lieu de, instead of, in lieu of. Au lieu que, whereas, whereas on the other hand, instead of which. En tout lieu, every where, in any place. En En tou iteu, every where, in my place, not any where. En quelque lieu que, wherever, wheresoever, whithersoever. Tenir lieu de père à quelqu'un, to be or behave as a father to one. Tenir lieu de récompense, to serve instead of a reward. La vertu het tient lieu de tout, virtue stands him in lieu of every thing, virtue is every thing to nim, virtue supplies the place of every thing with him. Ces bas lieus, the earth. Lieu de plaisance, house seat (in the country.) Un vilain or un maurais lieu, a stew, a bawdy-house. Il vient de bon lieu, he comes of a good family. Aimer or faire l'amour en bon lieu, to fix one's love upon a deserving person. Je tieus or fe said thing, virtue is every thing to him, virtue sup upon a deserving person. Je tiens or je acris cela de bon lieu, I have that from very good hands. Les lieux, house of office, conve-nient or necessary-house. LIEUE, lièu, s. f. league.

LIEUR, s. m. he that ties up the sheaves in harvest.

LIEUTENANCE, Mut-neus, s. f. lieutenan-

cy, lieutenant's place.

LIEUTENANT, lieut-nen, s. m. lieutenant. Lieutenant de roi dans une province, lord lieutenant of a county. Lieutenant, Mar. lieutenant. Lieutenant de vaisseau, lieutenant of a man of war. Lieutenant en pied, first lieu-tenant (of a ship of war.) Lieutenant d'us usisseau marchand, mate of a merchant-ship. Lieutenante, llèut-nènt, s. f. lieutenan's

lady.

LIEVRE, lievr, s. m. hare. Mémoire de lièvre, short or bad memory. Lever le lièvre, to broach a subject.

LIGAMENT Il-ga-men, s. m. ligament. LIGAMENTEU-E, SE, adj. full of ligaments, stringy.

LIGATURE, Il-ga-tur, s. f. ligature or band; binding, bandage.

LIGE, ilz, s. m. duty paid by the tenant to the lord or landlord.

Liez, adj. liege, subject, vassal. Hom-

mage lige, full homage, allegiance.
LIGEMENT, adv. upon the conditions of vassalage.

LIGENCE, s. f. allegiance, the vassal's duty. *LIGNAGE, B-guaz, s. f. family, lineage, race.

LIGNAGER, R-gul-zh, s. m. one of the

same lineage. LIGHAGER, adj. Ex. Retrait lignager, right or power of redemption.
LIGHE, ling, s. f. line. Mattre or tirer en

hors ligne, to set a sum on the margin.
Ligne, s. f. Mar. line, etc. Veisseau de ligne, ship of the line or line of battle-ship. Ligne d'aximètre, spurling line. Ligne noire of goudronnée, terred line. Ligne d'aximètre, seizing or lashing stuff. Ligne d'amarrage, lashing. Ligne de loch, log line. Ligne d'edite vater line. Ligne de desse charge or ligne de flottaison, load water-line. Ligne de poèche, lead line or deep sea-line. Petite ligne de sonde, hand line. Ligne de péche, lishing-line. Mettre des lignes dehors, to put fishing lines overboard. Cette frégute a de belles lignes deux, that firgulo has a very landsome bottom. Ligne de front, line of battle abresst. bottom. Ligne de front, line of battle abreast. Ligne du plus pres, line a-head, close-hauled. Ligne de vitesse, line formed without regard to station. Ligne d'anciennée, line formed according to the seniority or rank of the captains of the different ships. V. Former, and Tenir.

LIGHER, Il-gua, s. f. stock, family, of spring. issue, race.

LIGNETTE, s. f. small packthread to make

LIGNEUL, Il-gueul, s. m. shoe-maker's tbread.

LIGERU-X, SE, adj. ligueous, woody. LIGUR, flg, a. f. league, confederacy, com-bination, faction, club, party.

Liguer, v. n. to unite or join in a league. Se liguer, v. r. to confederate, combine.
Ligueu-R, se, B-geur, geur, s. m. & f.

LILAS, Il-la, s. m. lilach, Arabian bean, pipe-tree.

LILIUM, s.m. a sort of cordial. LIMACE, Il-mas, s. m. slug, alug-snail, dewsnail.

LIMAÇON, fl-mà-son, s. m. smail. Limaçon de mer, periwinkle. Escalier en dimeçon, winding-stair-case

LIMAILLE, B-mhl, s. f. file-dust, filings. LIMAILLE, B-mend, s. f. burt or bret-fish. LIMAS, s. m. V. Limace. LIMBE, s. m. limb, border.

Limers, limb, s. m. pl. kimbo.
Limer, lim, s. f. file. Passer la lime sur un
ouvrage, to polish or finish a piece of work.
Lime, lime, sort of lemon. Lime de marée, sea-froth.

LIMER, Il-ma, v. a. to file, file off, to polish, finish.

LIMEUR, s. f. filer. LIMIER, fi-mia, s. m. blood-hound or limehound.

buse, bût : jêûne, mêute, bêurre : ênfant, cênt, liên : vin : mon : brun.

LIMINAIRE, adj. f. Ex. Epitre liminaire, epistle dedicatory, dedication.
Liwitation, il-mi-th-slon, s.f. limitation,

restriction, modification.

LIMITATI-F, VE, adj. that confines, re-

LIMITER, Il-mi-th, v. a. to limit, set bounds. to stint, confine

LIMITES, di-mit, s. f. pl. limits, bounds, boundaries, borders.

LIMITROPHE, Il-mi-trof, adj. neighbouring, bordering upon, adjacent, contiguous, conterminous.

LIMON, R-mon, s. m. lemon or pome-ci-tron; mnd, slime; shall (of a chaise or cart;) string-board (of a staircase.)

LINONADE, Il-mô-nàd, s. f. lemonade. LINONADIER, Il-mô-nà-dà, s. m. maker or seller of lemonade or liquors.

Limongu-n, sz, li-mô-neu, neuz, adj. alimy, muddy; oozy, marshy.
Limonika, il-ind-nik, s. m. lemon or ci-

tron-tree; thiller, thill-horse

AMOBIÈRE, s. f. a sort of litter.

Limousin, fi-moo-zin, a. m. Limosin; ma-son or brick-layer, rough-waller. LINOUSINAGE, s. m. laying a wall of

rough stones. LINOUSINER, v. a. to lay bricks or rough stones.

LIMPIDE, lin-pld, adj. limpid, clear. LIMPIDITE, lin-pl-df-th, s. f. limpidness,

clearness.

Linux, fl-mar, s. f. filing. Lin, lin, s. m. lint, flax, linseed. Toile claire de lin or toile de fra lin, lawn.

LINAIRE, s. f. wild linesed. LINCEUL, lin-seul, s. m. winding-sheet.

LINEAIRE, Il-na-èr, adj. linear.

LINEAL, E. adj. lineal. Succession lineale, succession in a lineal or direct descent.

Linkament, Il-na-a-mên, s. m. lineament, feature.

Linux, linz, s. m. linen, linen clothes, rag, linen-rag, cloth. Linge à burbe, shaving-

Lingur, z, lis-zh, zèr, s. m. & f. maker or seller of linen, seamstress, she that has the care of the linen in a numbery.

LINGERIE, line-ri, s. f. linen-trade; place

in a numery where the linen is kept. Lineot, linego, a. m. ingot, wedge; alag. Lineottran, linego-tler, s. f. ingot-mould, wedge-mould.

Lingual, z, lin-gwâl, adj. lingual. Linguats, Mar. V. *Elinguets*. Linuxzz, f. flax-weman; flax-plat or plot. LINIMENT, Il-nl-men, s. m. liniment, oint-

lawn, H-non, s. m. lawn.

LINOT, s. m. cock-linnet.

LINOTTE, H-mot, s. f. linnet, ben-linnet. LINTEAU, lim-to, s. m. liutel, head-piece

er a door or window

Lion, il-on, s. m. lion; Leo. Mar. prop med instead of knee) for the stanchious of the hold.

LIONCEAU, Il-on-so, s. m. lion's whelp, young lion.

LIONNE, 11-dm, s. f. lioness.

LIPOTHYMIE, a. f. lipothymy, fainting, Liepz, fip. s. f. great or ponting under-lip. LIPPER, Il-ph, s. f. mouthful. Chercheur de

fronches imples, spunger or smell-feest.
LIPPITUDE, a. f. lippitude, blearedness.
LIPPITUDE, a. f. lippitude, blearedness.
LIPPU, E. fl-på, på, adj. blubber lipped.
**LiQUATION, S. f. liquation.
LiQUERACTION, fl-kåå-fåk-son, s. f. li-

quefaction, melting. Liquifier,v. a. to liquefy, melt, dissolve, make liquid. Se liquifier, v.r. to liquefy, grow or become liquid, melt.

LIQUET, s. m. a sort of pear. LIQUEUR, il-keur, s. f. liquor, drink. Vin qui a de la liqueur, luscious wine.

LIQUIDAMBAR, s. m. a sort of liquid and reddish resin.

LIQUIDATEUR, s. m. one who is to settle an account.

LIQUIDATION, Il-kl-dh-slon, a. f. settling or clearing up (accounts.)
Liquid, clear.

Liquident, adv. clearly. Liquiden. fl.d-dh, v.a. to clear up, aettle. Liquiders, fl.d-d-d, s. f. liquidity. Liquoreu-x, se, fl-do-reu, reuz, adj. lus-

LIRE, lir, v. a. to read. Lire dans l'avenir, to foresse future events. Lire dans le caur de

quelqu'un, to read one's heart. Linon, s. m. dormouse.

Lis, II, a. m. lily. Fleur de lis, flower-de-luce, mark wherewith malefactors are brand-ed (in France.)

Listrage, s. m. embroidery. Listrer, B-zi-ri, v. s. to embroider. Listron, s. m. bind-weed, rope-weed,

withy-weed.

withy-weed.

Libut, fl-ze, s. m. (insect) vine-fretter.

Libut, s. s. sl-zeur, zeuz, s. m. de f. reader.

Libut, fl-zeh, adj. legible, easy to read.

Libut, fl-zeh, adj. legible, easy to read.

Libut, fl-zeh, s. f. list of cloth or of stuff; selvage; leading-strings; limits, borders. De grandes kineres de montagnes, a long chain or ridge of hills.

Libut, s. f. lar. riband or ribbon, line, rail, etc. Libute des comples, ribands. Libute

rail, etc. Lisses des couples, ribands. Lisses des convres mortes, top timber ribands or ribands of the upper works. Lisse des fores, floor riband or rising line. Lisse du fond, riband between the floor riband and Jones, Franci Detween the Boot illustration the keel. Lisses du fort, extreme breadth line. Lisses d'accastillage, rails. Lisses de herpes, rails of the heads. Lisses de bois, rough troe-rails. Lisses de vibord, waist rails or waist troe-rails. Lisses de plat bord, drift rails. Lisses d'hourdi, wing transoms.

LISSER, Il-så, v. a. to sleek, smooth or make smooth.

LISSOIR, Il-swar, s. m. or LISSOIRE, s. f.

stone to smooth linen, paper, etc. Lissure, ll-sur, s. f. sleeking. Liste, list, s. f. list, roll, cutalogue.

LISTEAU or LISTEL, Be-tel, s. m. cincture, fillet, small square. Listeau de hane, Mar.

top brim, or top rim.

LISTON, s. m. (in heraldry) the band on which the device is written.

Lir, II, s. m. bed; bedstead; bed or channel; hed or layer of sand or clay. Faire le lit, to make the bed. Un enfant du premier or du second fit, a child by the first or second wife. bar, bat, base: there, ebb, over: field, fig: robe, rob, lord: mood, good.

Lit, Mar. bed, etc. Bois de lit, bed-stead. Lit et convertures, bedding. Lit d'une ri-vière, bed of a river. Lit d'un courant, bed of a current or part of the sea. where a current runs with great velocity. Lit de marée, tide way. Le lit du vent, the wind's eye.
LITANIE, ll-th-nl, s. f. litany. Faire une longue litanie de ses exploits, to give a long-

winded story of one's achievements.

LITEAU, s. m. haunt of a wolf.

LITHARGE, N-tarz, s. f. litharge. Lathocolle, s. f. cement for fastening precious stones.

LITHOGRAPHIE, s. f. lithography.

LITHOLOGIE, s. f. that part of natural history which treats of stones

LITHOLOGUE, s. m. author who has written on stones.

LITHORTRIPTIQUE, adj. & s. lithoutriptick.

LITHOPHAGE, s. m. little worm in slate. LITHOTOME, s. m. instrument for extract-

ing the stone.
LITHOTOMIE, s. f. lithotomy

LITHOTOMISTE, s. m. & adj. lithotomist. LITIERE, fi-tier, s. f. litter; litter of straw. Cheval sur la littère, sick or lame horse. Il est sur la litière, he is sick a-bed. Faire littère de quelque chose, to throw a thing about like dirt, lavish a thing.

LITIGART, E, adj. & s. litigant, one that is

at law.

LITIGE, Il-Ce, s. m. litigation, strife, lawsuit.

Litigizu-x, sz, ll-d-zlèu, zlèuz, adj. litigious.

LITISPENDANCE, s. f. time during which a lawsuit is pending.

LITORNE, s. f. a sort of thrush.

LITEE, litr, s. m. black girdle (with coats of arms, round the upper part of a church.) LITRON, If-tron, a. m. wooden measure, (containing somewhat more than a pint.)

LITTÉRAIRE, Il-tà-rèr, adj. literary. LITTÉRAL, E, Il-tà-ràl, adj. literal. LITTÉRALEMENT, Il-tà-ràl-mên, adv. lite-

rally.

LITTERALITE, s. f. literality. Littérateur, li-th-rh-tèur, s. m. man of

letters.

LITTÉRATURE, Il-th-rh-tur, s. f. literature, learning, erudition.

LITURGIE, Il-tur-zl, s. f. liturgy.

LITURGIQUE, or adj. relating to the litur-

E. LIURR, s. f. binding. Liures, Mar. seizings.
Liures de besspré, lashings, gammoning of the bowsprit.

LIVARDE, s. f. Mar. sprit. Voile à livarde, sprit sail.

LIVARDER une voile, v. a. Mar. to sprit a

Liveche, s. f. lovage

LIVIDE, li-vid, adj. black and blue, livid. LIVIDITE, li-vi-di-th, s. f. lividity. LIVOURNE, Il-voorn, s. f. Leghorn

LIVRAISON, Il-vre-zon, s. f. delivery of goods purchased at vendue; part of a work printed in numbers; a number.

LIVRE, s. m. book. Livre de loch. Mar.

log-book.
LIVRE, flvr, s. f. adj. pound; livre. Livre sterling, pound sterling, twenty shillings.

LIVRÉ, E, adj. (V. livrer) delivered, delivered up, a

Livakis, li-vrk, s. f. livery; (gens de bi-vrée) livery-men, also servants in livery; foot-men; board wages or allowance. Licrée de la noce, a wedding-favour.

LIVEER, Il-vra, v. a. to deliver or deliver up; to give up, abandon, devote; to discover, betray ; to warrant. Livrer bataille, to engage or join battle. Livrer un assaut à une place, to storm a place. Se livrer, v. r. to give one's self up or over, surrender or abandon one's self; to betray one's self.

LIVRET, Il-vre, s. m. little book.

LIXIVIATION, s. f. lixivium LIXIVIEL, adj. lixivial. Sel lixiviel, lixivi-

LLAMA, s. m. animal of Peru resembling

a small camel. LOBE, lob, s. m. lobe; cod or shell (of pulse and seeds.)

LOBULE, s. m. small lobe.

Local, E, lô-kål, adj. local.

LOCAL, s. m. every part or the different parts belonging to a place. LOCALITÉ, s. f. locality.

LOCANDE or LOCANTE, adj. s. Ex. Chambre locande, room to be let, hired lodgings.

LOCATAIRE, lo-ka-ter, s. m. & f. tenant, or lodger; lessee.

LOCATI-F, VE, ld-ka-tif, tiv, adj. of or belonging to the tenant

uging to the tennit.
LOCATION, lô-kh-slos, s. f. letting-out.
LOCATIS, lô-kh-tls, s. m. hired horse, back.
LOCH, s. m. Mar. log.
LOCHE, lô-sh s. f. loch (a fish.)
LOCHER, lô-sh a, v. n. to be loose and ready

to fall (said of a horse-shoe.)

LOCMAN, s. m. Mar. V. Lamaneur. Locution, 10-kd-slon, s. f. locution, ex-

pression, phrase, manner of speaking, LODIER, 10-dlk, s. m. quilted counterpane. Lops, 10, s. m. pl. Ex. Lods et ventes, fines of alienation.

Lor, lof, s. m. Mar. loof, weather side, luff, weather tack, etc. Le grand lof, the main tack. Couples de lof, loof frame or loof timbers. Le lof du bâtiment, the weather side of the ship. Le lof d'une busse voile, the luff or weather tack of a course. Aller or venir an lof, bouter de lof, to luff, spring the luff, sail near the wind. Etre an lof, to be to the windward, have the weather gage. Tenir de lof, to keep the luff, keep the ship close to the wind. Faire lef pour lof, to tack about. (Words of command) loof, luff or luff boy. luff. As lof, spring your luff, luff up. Lof tout, luff round or hard a lee. Lof a la rise, luff when it blows. Lof un peu, luff a little. LOFER, v. n. Mar. to luff or loof.

LOGARITHME, 18-g8-ritm, s. m. logarithm. LOGARITHMEQUE, adj. &c. f. logarithmick, art or science of logarithms. LOGE, 18r, s. f. shed, lodge, hut, cabin;

box; booth; cell.

Logit, z, adj. lodged. J'en suis logé là, I am of that mind, that is my mind, that is my humour or temper. Vous voyez où nous en sommes logés, you see how our case stands.

LOGEABLE, lo-sabl, adj. convenient (for lodging.)

LOGENENT, s. m. lodging or apartment; lodgment in a siege. Logement d'un vaissenu, base, bat : jeune, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, liën : vin : mon : brun.

Mar. accommodations or rooms in a ship.

Logement (des matelots.) the steerage. LOGER, 10-12, v. a. to lodge, harbour, give a lodging; to quarter (soldiers.) Loger, v. n. to lodge, lie, live or dwell. Se loger, v. r. to build a bouse for one's own use; to take a lodging; make a lodgment (in a siege.)

LOGETTE, 10-zet, s. f. little lodge or cabin.
LOGETTE, 10-zet, s. f. little lodge or cabin.
LOGICIEN, 10-zet, s. m. logician.
LOGICUE, 10-zet, s. f. logick.

LOGIQUEMENT, adv. logically.
LOGIS, 18-zl, s. m. house, home, habitation, lodging: inn. Corps de logis, main-house; detached part of a house, apartment.

*Logistique, s. f. art of calculating with

letters, algebra.

LOGOGRIPHE, lo-go-grif, s. m. kind of symbol in enigmatical words.

LOGOMACHIE, s. f. logomachy.

Los, lwa, s. f. law, statute, ordinance, decree, precept, command, power, dominion. Gens de loi, lawyers. Ranger un état sous ses lois, to subdue a state, bring it under one's dominion. Les lois du devoir m'y obligent,

my duty binds me to it.

Loui, lwin, adv. far, far off, afar, a great way, a great way off, at a distance or great distance. De loin, from afar, from a great distance. Loin à loin or de loin à loin, at a he at. Aller loin, to go far, go a great way. Cela va plus loin que vous ne pensez, that is if greater consequence than you imagine. Agens de lois, very distant relations. Il ne portera pas loin, he shall not go long unpunished, I will soon be even with him. Bien loin qu'il ait été pussi, far from his having been l'unished. Lois d'ici, loin de nous, awny, avannt, be gone. Qui est loin des yeux est bin du coner. Out of sight out of mind. Ils Amt encore tous deux loin du compte, or bien A'm du compte, they two still differ very much. LOINTAIN, E, lwin-tin, tên, adj. far, re-

LOINTAIN, s. m. remote part or parts ; (in Mining) deepening, what appears to be most distant. Les lointains, s. m. pl. the distances

distant. Les lointains, s. m. pi. uro accura-e remotest views of a picture. Lois, lwar, s. m. dormouse. Loisielle, lwa-zibl, adj. permissible. Loisie, lwa-zir, s. m. leisure, spare time; sufficient time. A loisir, leisurely, at leisure. Lox, lok, s. m. an anodyne potion. Lowering logaber, adl. pertaining to the LONBAIRE, lon-ber, adj. pertaining to the

LONBARD, lon-bar, s. m. Lombard (a man Num in Lombardy;) a pawnbroker's office.
LOMBES, lomb, s. m. pl. the loins.
L'on, V. On.

LONG, UE, lon, long, adj. long; great; tedhous, slow. Long temps, great or long while. Hall a longues années, long lease. Assignathus a longue amnes, song sense. Assegna-tions a longs jours, summons to a long day. Je me l'ai pas sus depuis long-temps or il y a lang-temps que je ne l'ai cu, I have not seen him this great while. Assez long-temps, a pretty while. V. Haut.

Long, s. m. length. Au long, tout au long, large. Tout du long, all at length. Le ng de, along. Tout le long de la nuit, all e night kong. Une chambre qui a 20 prieds at large. long de, along. the night long. de long, a room 20 feet in length or 20 feet long. V. Haut. A la longue, in the long run. in time or in length of time. Je le connois de longue main, I have known him long or long ago, or a long while since, he is an old ac-quaintance of mine. Tirer de longue, to go a Savoir le court et le long d'une affaire, to know the short and the long of a business. Un cheval long jointle, a long jointed horse.

LONGANIMITE, lon-ga-nl-ml-ta, s.f. long-

suffering, forbearance, patience.

Longe, lonz, s. f. loin (of meat;) strap or thong of leather. Une longe de venu, a loin of veal.

Longer, lon 2h, v. a. to go or walk along (a river, wood, etc.) Longer, v. a. Mar. to coast along.

LONGEVITÉ, s. f. longevity.

LONGIMÉTRIE, s. f. longimetry.

Longis, s. m. lounging or long-winded or slow man, slow-belly, drowsy or dreaming fellow, lingerer, lounger

LONGITUDE, lon-zel-tidd, s. f. longitude. Etre en longitude Est or Ouest, Mar. to be in East or West longitude. Par quelle longitude ever-rous coupé la ligne? in what longitude did un perce his list? tude did you cross the line?

LONGITUDINAL, E, adj. longitudinal.

LONGITUDINALEMENT, adv. in length.

LONGUE, the feminine of Long.

LONGUENERT, long-men, adv. long, a long time, a great while.

LONGUET, TE, lon-ge, get, adj. pretty long. LONGUEUR, lon-geur, s. f. length, delay. Tirer en longueur, to lengthen, put off, pro-long, delay, spin out. V. Hud longueur, Mar. length. Longueur de la quille portunt sur terre, tread or length of the keel upon a right line.

LOPIN, 18-pin, s. m. lunch, bit, morsel. LOQUACITÉ, 18-kwa-si-ta, s. f. loquacity

LOQUE, lok, s. f. rag tatter.
LOQUET, lo-ke, s. m. latch (of a door.)
LOQUETEAU, lok-to, s. m. little latch.

LOQUETEU-E, SE, adj. ragged, beggarly. LOQUETTE, S. f. little piece. LORD, lor, s. m. Lord (a title.)

LORGNER, v. a. to ogle, leer.

LORGNERIE, s. f. ogling, loering. LORGNETTE, s. f. opera glass. LORGNEU-R, sE, lor-gneur, gneuz, s. m.

& f. ogler. LORIOT, lo-rio, s. m. sort of bird.

LORMIER, s. m. lorimer or loriner.

Lors, lor, (used only is composition. V. Alors) time. Des-lors, from that very time, ever since. Pour lors, at that time, then. Lors de, at the time of. Lorsque, when, at the time that, at the time when. Lors même

que, even when.

*Los, s. m. praise.
Losange, lò-zèze, s. f. lozenge, rhomb.
Losange, z, adj. lozenged.

Lot, lo, s. m. lot, portion, share; prize. Lote, V. Motelle.

LOTERIE, lot-rl, s. f. lottery. LOTI, E, adj. shared. Le voilà bien loti! he has made a fine choice of it truly!

bar, bat, base : there, ëbb, over : field, fig : rôbe, rôb, lôrd : môod, gôod.

LOTIER, s. m. herb melilot. LOTION, lo-slon, s. f. lotion, washing. LOTIE, lo-tlr, v. a. to share, divide into

lots.

LOTISSEMENT, 18-tis-men, s. m. sharing, dividing into shares.

LOTISSEUR, s. m. distributor.

LOTO, s. m. sort of game. Lette, lot, s. f. col-pout (sort of fish.)

LOTUS or LOTUS, s. m. an Egyptian plant. LOUABLE, Ido-abl, adj. commendable, to be commended, laudable, praiseworthy, wor-

thy of praise; approved, good (medicine.)
LOUABLEMENT, loo-abl-men, adv. lauda-

bly, commendably.

LOUAGE, 100-az, s. m. letting out, hiring; hire; rent. Carrosse or cheval de louage, a backney coach, or horse.

LOUANGE, loo-enz, s. f. praise, commendation. Digne de lonange, praiseworthy.
"LOUANGER, loo-en-za, v. a. to praise or

commend.

*Louangeu-r, sk, loo-ên-zêur, zêuz, s. m. & f. praiser, flatterer.

LOUCHE, Mosh, adj. squint-eyed; ambiguous, dubious; roiled (wine.)
LOUCHER, Mosha, v. n. to squint, look

askew.

LOUCHET, s. m. a sort of mattock.

Lough, E, adj. bired, let or let out, praised, commended, etc. V. Louer.

LOUER, 100-3, v. a. to hire; to let or let

out; to praise or commend; to praise or thank God. Se louer, v. r. to praise or commend one's self. Se louer de, to be well satisfied with.

Loueu-R, se, loo-eur, euz, s. m. & f. praiser or flatterer; also one who lets out.

LOUGRE, s. m. Mar. lugger.

Louis, lwl, or Louis D'on, s. m. a French coin.

Lour, ido, s. m. wolf; eating-ulcer; velvet-mask. Loup-marin, sea-wolf. Un loupgarou, lycanthropist, also an owl or unsocia-ble man. Quand on parle du loup on en voit la queue, talk of the devil and he will appear.

Qui se fait brebis, le loup le mange, daub yourself with honey, and you will never want flies. LOUP-CERVIER, s. m. lynx. Loupe, loop, s. f. a wen; knob; magnify-

ing-glass, glass convex on both sides. Loupeu-x, se, adj. that has knobs.

Lourd, E, loor, loord, adj. heavy, clouter-ly, unwieldy; stupid, dull, blockish; (diffi-cile) difficult, hard. Lourde faute, gross or great fault.

LOURDAUD, R, loer-do, dod, s. m. & f. awkward fellow or wench, loggerhead, dunce, blockhead.

LOURDEMENT, loord-men, adv. heavily,

blockishly, grossly; awkwardly.
LOURDERIE, loord-ri, s. f. blunder.

LOURDEUR, s. f. beaviness, weightiness. *Lourdisz, s. f. blockishness, dulness,

awkwardness. LOUTRE, lootr, s. f. otter. Un loutre, s. m. hat made of otter's hair.

LOUVE, loov, s. f. she-wolf; lascivious woman, common whore, punk; slings or iron pincers.

Louven, v. a. to make a hole in a stone to heave it up.

LOUVET, loo-ve, s. m. wolf of a moderate size; horse hair colour of a wolf's.

LOUVETEAU, loov-to, s. m. young wolf: wedge of iron.

LOUVETER, Mov-th, v. n. to whelp (as a she-wolf.)

LOUVETERIE, MOV-tri, s. f. wolf-hunting LOUVETIER, MOV-til, s. m. master of the wolf-hunters, officer appointed for wolf-hunt-

POOL-MEMBERS, S. f. (insect) tick.
LOUVETTE, S. f. (insect) tick.
LOUVETE, IOO-VIN-, S. f. haunts of a wolf.
LOUVOYER, IOO-VIN-, V. n. Mar. to best, best about, ply or turn to windward, laver.
LOUVER, IOOV, S. m. (palace of the kurgs of France) Louver.
LOVER, set, adj. Mar. coiled.
LOVER set child, Mar. to coil a cable.
LOVER set child, Mar. loxodromy.

LOVODROMIE, S. f. Mar. loxodromy.

12 Mar. Ex. Tulica

LOXODROMIE, s. f. Mar. loxodromy. LOXODROMIQUE, adj. Mar. Ex. Tables loxodromiques, tables of difference of latitude and departure

LOYAL, R, lwh-ll, adj. loyal, faithful, trusty, honest. Vin loyal et marchand, marketable wine. Cheral loyal, gentle borse that gives exact obedience to the rider.

LOYALEMENT, Iwa-yal-men, adv. loyally,

faithfully, honestly.

LOYAUTE, Iwa-yo-th. a. f. loyalty, adelity, honesty.

LOYER, lwa-ya, s. m. rent; hire; salary, wages ; reward, recompense.

LUBIE, la-bl, s. f. maggot or crotchet, ridiculous fancy, whim.

LUBIRU-X, SR, adj. maggot-headed, maggoty, full of crotchets, whimsical.

LUBRICITÉ, là-bri-si-tà, s. f. lubricity, le-

chery, lasciviousness, wantonness, incontinen-

cy.
I.UBRIFIER, v. a. to lubricate.
LUBRIQUE, lu-brik, adj. lecherous, was-

LUBRIQUEMENT, lå-brik-men, adv. wan-

tonly, lasciviously.
LUCARNE, lu-karn, s. f. dormer-window, a loover.

LUCIDE, lå-sid, adj. lucid, bright, light. LUCEATI-F, vE, lå-krå-iff, tiv, adj. lucrative, profitable.

LUCRE, blkr, s. m. lucre, gain, profit.
LUCATE, lû-êt, s. f. palate or uvula.
LUCATE, lû-êt, s. f. palate or uvula.
LULUR, lû-êur, s. f. light or glimmering, glimmering light, glimpse, hint, information,

also brightness

LUGUERE, the gdbe, adj. mournful, doleful, moanful, sad, melancholy.
LUGUERENERT, ld-gdbe-mên, adv. mournfully, dolefully, moanfully.
LUI, ldl, he, him, to him, to her. Lui averous parlé? did you speak to him or her!
(It is always macculine except before a verb, and after the immerative) and after the imperative.)

LUIRE, ldir, v. n. (See the table at uic) to shine, glister, give light.
LUISANT, E, ldl-zên, zênt, adj. shining, glittering, bright, light. Ver hissant, glowworm.

LUISANT, s. m. gloss (of cloths.)
LUITES, s. f. pl. testicles of a wild boar.
LUMITER, ld-miler, s. f. light; brightness, rays, brilliancy; candle, lamp; understanding, intelligence, parts, segacity, knowledge, experience, insight, hint, instruction; eminent or base, but : jeune, moute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon: brun.

illustrious man; touch-hole of a gun. Mettre un livre en hanière, to publish a book. Comnencer à voir la hunière or la hunière du jour, to ba born. Les lumières de Dieu découvrent nos défants jusque dans les replis de nos àmes, the most secret recesses of our souls lie open to God's all-seeing eye. Lamière d'un comon, Mar. vent of a canon. Lamière d'une pompe, hole in the side of a pump for the pump nose

Lumienon, ld-ml-gnon, s.m. smuff (of a condle or lamp.)

LUMINAIRE, 10-mi-ner, s. m. luminary or light; (of a church) lights; eyes, eye-sight. LUMINEU-X, sr. 10-mi-neu, neuz, adj. lu-misous, tocid, bright, clear, full of light. LUMAIRE, 10-ner, adj. lunar. Ex. Mois or

née hmaire, lunar month or year. LUBAIRE, s. f. moon-wort, honesty (a

plant.)

LUNAISON, Id-ne-zon, s. f. lunation. LUNATIQUE, lunatick, made

frantick, sick at certain times of the moon. Chevol lumatique, a moon-eyed horse. LUBATIQUE, s. m. lunatick or mad man;

LUNDI, lun-di. s. m. Monday.

LUNDI, lun-di. s. f. moon. Vouloir prendre la me succ les dents, to attempt impossibilities. Tenir de la lane, to be a little crack-brained. Aroir des lunes, to be full of whims or crotch-

Lubetier, s. m. speciacle-maker. Lubette, lu-net, s. f. glass. Lunette d'approche, or de longue vue, prospective glass, telescope. Lesette à facettes, multiplying-glass, Lesette à puce, microscope, magnifying-glass; seat (of a privy; forked bone in the breast of a fowl; case (of a soatch.) Lut nette de toit, little dormer-window. Lunettes, speciacles.

Lancte, breeches (at draughts.) Mar. spying-glass. Lanctte de mait, night-glass.
LUNULE, s. f. crescent or small half-

MOOD.

LUPERCALES, s. f. pl. Lupercalia. LUPIR, ld-pis, s. m. lupine (sort of pulse.) LUSIF, s. m. Mar. bousing. LUSTRALE, lds-trål, adj. f. Ex. Ecus bus-

trale, lustral or holy water.
LUSTRATION, listration.

LUSTRE, Nostr, s. m. lustre, gloss, splendour, brightness; branched candlestick, chandelier; lustre (space of five years.)
LUSTRE, z., adj. that has a gloss upon it.
LUSTRE, h. m. lustring or lutestring.
LUSTRER, liberta, v. s. to set a gloss upon. LUSTREUR, s. m. glosser, polisher.
LUSTREUR, s. f. a sort of stuff, lustring.
LUT, låt, s. m. lute or chymists' clay.

LUTE, E, adj. kuted.

LUTER, v. a. to lute or close with clay.

Luth, s. m. a lute. Luthéranisme, id-tà-rà-nism, s. m. Lutheranism

Luthérien, se, là-là-rièn, rièn, adj. & s. Lutheran. LUTHIER, M. da, s. m. maker of lutes and

other stringed instruments.

LUTIN, lil-tim, s. m. hobgoblin; also cross-

graised, noisy child.
LUTINER, la-tl-na, v. n. to townent or disturb one like a hobgoblin.

LUTRIN, ld-uin, s. m. reading-desk, chorister's desk

LUTTE, lat, s. f. wrestling. Lieu de combat à la lutte, wrestling-place. De haute lutte, by main force.

LUTTER, id-th, v. n. to wrestle, be wrest-ling. Latter contre, to struggle with. LUTTEUR, id-teur, s. m. wrestler.

LUXATION, lak-sk-slon, s. f. luxation or be

ing out of joint.

Luxz, lûks, s. m. luxury, pomp, sump
tuoussess, profuseness, greatest plenty, affa

ence, riot, extravagance.

Luxer, låk-så, v. a. to luxate, disjoint.

Luxure, låk-sår, s.f. lechery, wantonness,

lust, lasciviousness.

LUXURIEU-X, SE, låk-så-rièu, rièuz, adj. lecherous, wanton, lascivious, lustful.

LUZERNE, lû-zern, s. f. clover, Spanish trefoil.

LUZERNIÈRE, s. f. field sown with clover. Ly, s. m. measure (of distance) in China. Lycanthrope, ll-kan-trop, s. m. lycan-

thropist. LYCANTHROPIE, s. f. lycanthropy.

Lycke, s. m. lyceum.

LYCIUM, s. m. a sort of thorny shrub. LYMPHATIQUE, liz-fh-llk, adj. lymphatick. LYMPHE, lizf, s. f. lymph, watery humour. LYNX, lizks, s. m. lynx. Avoir des yeux de

lynx, to be lynx-eyed or keen-sighted.
Lynz, lir, s. f. lyre, viol, harp.
Lynzque, ll-rik, adj. lyrick.

M, em, me, s. f. thirteenth letter of the French alphabet.

MA, ma, adj. (feminine of mon) my.
MACARON, ma-ka-ron, s. m. macaroon.
MACARONEE, s. f. macaronick composition, sort of mock poetry.
MACARONI, ma-ka-ro-nl, s. m. macaroni.

MACARONIQUE, må-kå-rô-nik, adj. macaronick.

MACARONISME, s. m. macaronick composition.

MACÉRATION, mã-sa-ra-slon, s. f. macera-

tion; also soaking or steeping. MACÉRER, mã-sã-rã, v. a. to macerate or

make lear; to soak or steep.

Mache, mash, s. f. sort of herb for salad.
Mache, z, adj. chewed, bruised; prepared, made ready.

Machecoults, s. f. part of ancient fortifi-

cations.

MACHEFER, mash-fèr, s. m. dross of iron. MACHELIERE, mash-Ber, adj. f. Les dents

machelières, the hind teeth, grinders.

MACHEMORE or MACHEMOURE, s. f. Mar. broken pieces of ship-bread.

MACHER, ma-sha, v. a. to chaw or chew; to eat much or with avidity; to prepare business, make it ready. Cheval qui mache son

frein, horse that champs the bit. MACHEU-R, SR, ma-sheur, sheuz, s. m. &

f. great eater; chewer. MACHICATOIRE, må-shi-kå-twar, s. m.

Ex. Prendre du tabac en machicatoire, to chew tobacco. MACHICOT, s. m. chanter (in a church,)

chorister. MACHICOULIS, V. Machecoulis. bar, bat, base: thère, êbb, over: field, fig: rôbe, rôb, lord: mood, good.

MACHINAL, E, ma-shl-nal, adj. machinal, involuntary.

MACHINALEMENT, må-sbì-nål-mên, adv. mechanically.

MACHINATEUR, må-shl-nå-teur, s. m. contriver, plotter.

Machination, ma-shl-na-sion, s. f. ma-

chination, device, plot, plotting, contriving.
MACHINE, ma-shin, s. f. machine, engine; sly-trick, crafty device, plot; the human body.

La machine ronde, the earthly ball, the world.

Machine de cordonnier, paint for shoes.

Machine, s. f. Mar. Ex. Machine de cornette,
gin. Machine de purifier l'eeu, machine for
sweetening water. Machine de mêture or de
Administration of the control mater, machine for masting ships (they are, in France, mostly erected on shore.) Machine à mâter flottante, sheer-hulk or vessel fitted with shears. Machine à curer, ponton or lighter furnished with large forked ladles and machinery to work them (to raise mud or gravel.)

MACHINER, må-shî-nå, v. a. to plot, hatch, devise. Muchiner les points d'un soulier, to

paint a shoe.

MACHINISTE, må-shl-nlst, s. m. machinist. MACHOIRE, ma-shwar, s. f. jaw, jaw-bone, chaps. Branler la machoire or jouer de la machoire, to set one's chaps agoing, to eat. Machoires d'étau, chaps of a vice.

MACHONNER, ma-sho-na, v. a. to chew with difficulty or negligence

MACHURER, ma-shu-ra, v. a. to daub black. MACIS, ma-sl, s. m. mace.

MACLE, s. f. water-chesnut; (in heraldry)

mascle. Maçon, ma-son, s. m. mason, brick-layer. MACONNAGE, må-sô-nåz, s. m. mason's

avork. MAÇONNER, må-so-nå, v. n. to work or build with stone, brick, etc.; wall up; to bun-

gle, botch. MAÇONNERIE, mâ-sôn-rl. s. f. masonry, mason's work, muring or walling, stone or

brick-work. MACQUE, mak, s. f. instrument to break

hemp.

MACQUER, ma-kh, v. a. to break hemp. MACREUSE, ma-kreuz, s. f. sca-duck.

MACULATURE, må-kû-lå-tur, s. f. bad sheet

of printed paper; very coarse brown paper.

*Macur.E., ma-kul, s. f. macula, spot, blemish, blot, stain. Sans macule, unspotted.
MACULER, må-kù-lå, v. a. & n. to spot or

blot (printed paper.)

MADAME, ma-dam, s. f. my lady, madem, ladyship, mistress. Monsicur rand bien madame, he is as good as she. pl. Misdames.

MADEMOISELLE, mad-mwa-zel, s. f. miss. MADRÉ, E, mà-drà, adj. speckled, spotted; cunning, sharp. Un fin madré, a cunning man, sharp blade.

MADRIER, må-drik, s. m. thick plank or board.

MADRIGAL, må-drl-gål, s. m. madrigal, kind of amorous song.

MADRIGALET, s. m. short madrigal.

MADRIGALIER, s. m. writer of madrigals. MADRURE, s. f. speck or spot.

*MARSTRAL, s. m. north-west wind (in the Mediterranean.)

*MAESTRÉLISER, v. n. to incline to the west.

MAFFLÉ, E, ma-fla, adj. chub-checked. bloated.

MAGASIN, må-gå-zin, s. m. magazine, a ware-house, store-house. Marchand en m gasin, wholesale-dealer or merchant. Maga sin général, naval store-house in a dock yard. Magasin particulier, store-house containing the rigging, ec.; of a particular ship or class of ships.

MAGASINER, v. a. to store up, lay up in a store house.

MAGASINIER, må-gå-si-nlå, s. m. warehouse-keeper.

MAGE, maz, s. m. wise man (among the Persians.) Juge mage, chief-justice.
MAGICIEN, NE. ma-zl-slen, sien, s. m. &c f.

magician, wizard, conjurer, sorcerer, witch, sorceress.

MAGIE, må-zi, s. f. magick, black-art, sorcery, witchcraft.

Magique, adj. magical, magick, conjur-

MAGISME, s. m. religion of the Magi. MAGISTER, må-zis-ter, s. m. country

school-master. MAGISTERE, må-zis-ter, s. m. magistery ; also grand-mastership of Malta.

MAGISTRAL, F., må-zås-trål, adj. magiste-rial, imperious, belonging to a master. MAGISTRALEMENT, må-zås-trål-mën, adv.

magisterially, imperiously.

Magistrat, må-zis-trå, s. m. magistrate.

Magistrature, må-zis-trå-tur, s. f. ma-

gistracy. MAGNANIME, må-gnå-nim, adj. magnani-

mous, generous, brave, of great soul.

MAGNANIMEMENT, adv. magnanimously. Magnanimité, må -gnå-ni-mi-tå, s. f. mag nanimity, courage, generosity, greatness of

MAGNÉTIQUE, måg-nå-tik, adj. magneticel. MAGNÉTISME, mag-na-tism, s. m. magnet-

MAGNIFICAT, s. m. magnificat.

Magnificence, ma-gnl-fl-sens, s. f. magnificence, state, greatness, generosity, gallantry, stateliness

MAGNIFIER, må-gni-fià, v. a. to magnify,

exelt, praise highly, extol.

MAGNIFIQUE, magnif-flk, adj. magnificent, stately, noble, great, that lives is great state, sumptuous, splendid. Style magnificent,

lofty or high strain, lofty or sublime style.

MAGNIFIQUEMENT, ma-gni-fik-men, adv. magnificently, stately, nobly, royally, splendidly, sumptiously.

MAGOT, ma-go, s. m. baboon; booby, ill favoured coxcomb, nasty fellow, puppy; hoard of money, hidden treasure.

MAHEUTRE, s. m. (used in the time of the league, and now out of use) soldier

MAROMÉTAN, E, mã-ô-mã-tên, tân, adj. & s. m. & f. Mahometan.

MAHOMÉTISME, må-ô-må-tism, s. m. Mahometism.

MAHONNE, s.f. Mar. mahone Turkish ship. Mai, mê, s. m. May; may-pole.

MAIDAN, s. m. a market place in the east. MAIGRE, megr, adj. lean, meager, poor (in flesh.) thin, scraggy; hungry; dry, barren; jejune, slender; that gapes open, does not join close; sorry, pitiful. Faire maigre chère. to make pitiful cheer, fare very hard or sadiv

base, bût : jeane, meute, beurre : entant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

or pitifully. Jour maigre, fish-day. (Mar. banyan day.)

MAIGRE, a. m. lean (meat;) any food which is not meat. Manger maigre, faire maigre, to eat no flesh, keep Lent, forbear

MAIGRELET, TE, megr-le, let, adj. lean, poor, out of case, thin.
MAIGREMENT, adv. poorly, slenderly, pi-

tifully.

MAIGRET, TE, mê-grê, grêt, adj. rather lean, poor, thin, out of case. MAIGREUR, mê-grêur, s. f. leanness. Elle

est d'une grande maigreur, she is very lean or poor. MAIGRIR, me-grir, v. n. to grow lean or

thin, fall away.

MAIL, may, s. m. mallet; (gume) mail.

Mail. md., s. m. mallet; (gume) mall.

Mail. m., md., s. f. ancient base coin of

France; a stitch (in knitting or sewing;)

mesh (in net work;) mail (steel net-work;)

web (spot on the eye;) haw (on the eye of cattie;) eye (of a hook;) speck (on the feathers of
a young partridge.) Pince-maille, pinch-fist,
pinch-penny, stingy-fellow.

Mailles, s. f. Mar. intervals or space left

between a ship's timbers. Vaisseau qui a beaucoup de mailles, ship the timbers of which stand very wide.

MAILLE, E, adj. (of partridges) speckled.

Mailler, mach, v. a. to arm with a coat of mail; also to make the meshes of.

Mailler, v. n. or se mailler, v. r. to grow

speckled (as young partridges.)
MAILLET, må-le, s. m. mallet, wooden hammer. Maillet, Mar. mallet. Maillet de bois. wooden mailet. Maillet à fourrer, serving mallet. Maillet à épiser, driving mallet. Maillet de or à calfat, caulking mallet or reeming beetle.

MATLLETAGE, s. m. Mar. sheathing or filling of a ship's bottom with scupper nails or

broad-hended nails.

MAILLETER, v. s. Mar. to fill or sheath a seel's bottom with scupper nails or broadbeaded nails.

MAILLOCHE, må-losh, s. f. large wooden

MAILLOT, ma-63, s. m. swaddle, swathing or swaddling clothes. Enfant au maillot, infant. Il est encore au maillot, he is still at unrec.

MAILLURE, s. f. spot on the feathers of a

bird of prey (in falconry.)
MAIN, min, s. f. hand; hand-writing; powet, virtue, quire (of paper;) trick (at cards;) a sort of shorel (for money;) hook (on which hangs the bucket;) tassel (in a coach;) paw (of a bear.) Main de fer, grapple. Main de morue, two salt-cods. Main-d'expre, workmanship. Main forte, help, succour, aid, assistance. Main-lerée, replevy. Main-morte, mortmain ; (hence adj. main-mortable, in mortmain.) A pleines mains, plentifully, liberally, largely. A toutes mains, every way. De longue main, long since, of a long or of an old standing. De main en main, from hand to hand, from one to another. Some main, under-hand, privately, secretly. En un tour de main, in a trice, in the turn of a hand. Ils sont amis de langue main, they are old friends or old cronies. Donner de main en main, to hand about, hand down. Prendre à toutes mains, to take

every way. Coup de nuan, bold action. Coup. Coup de mains, handy blows. Combat de main à main, close action. Homme de main, active or stirring man, man fit for action. Cheval de main, led horse. Cheval qui est sous la main, off horse. Sous la main, under one's nose. Elle est sous ma main, she is under me, she depends upon me. Avoir la main rompue à quelque chose, to be used or inured to a thing. Tendre la main, to beg : also to lend a helping hand, assist, come to the assistance of. Donner or prêter la main à quelqu'un, to favour one, support or countenance one. J'en mettrois la main au feu, I would take my oath on it, I would swear to it. Tout ce qui rient de votre main, all that comes from your hands or from you. Faire crédit de la main à la bourse, to trust no farther than one can see. En venir aux mains avec l'ennemi, to fight with the enemy. Donner les mains a quelque chose, to consent to a thing.

Mettre la main sur quelqu'un, to lay hands
upon one, to beat or bang one. Mettre la main sur le collet à quelqu'un, to apprehend or arrest one. Mettre la main sur une chose, to lay one's hand upon or seize a thing. Tenir la main haute, to keep a strict hand over one. ll est haut à la main, he is a proud, surly man. Donner les mains, to yield, to cross the cudgels. Acheter de la viande à la main, to buy meat by the hand or by guess. Prendre en main la cause de quelqu'un, to take one's part, espouse one's cause or quarrel. Ils nous Stent le pain de la main, they take the bread out of our mouths. Il a été formé or élevé pur une telle main, he was brought up under such a one. Jouir d'une terre par ses mains, to improve or occupy one's estate. Il part de la main et va trouver son maître, he goes off hand or presently to his master. Donner la main à un cheval, to give a horse the bridle. Main arant or main sur main, Mar. hand over hand. Hisse main sur main, hoist away hand over hand. V. Route.

*MAINT, E, mis, mist, adj. many, several.

Mainte fois, many a time, often.

MAINTENANT, mint-nen, adv. now, at this time, now-a-days. Des maintenant, from this time forth or forward, henceforth, hereafter.

MAINTENIR, mint-nir, v. a. (like tenir) to maintain, uphold, bear up, keep up, countenance, support; to hold or affirm. Se mainte-nir, v. r. to keep up or together.

MAINTENU, E, adj. maintained, kept up, upheld, borne up, countenanced, supported,

MAINTENU, mint-nu, s. f. a possession adjudged upon a full trial. Demander la maintenue, to demand possession.

MAINTIEN, min-tlen, s. m. maintenance. maintaining, countenance.preservation; coun-

tenance, face, looks, carriage. MAIRE, mer, s. m. mayor.

MAIRIE, me-rl, s. f. mayoralty.

MAIR, me, conj. adv. and sometimes used substantively. But (sig-ifying contrariety, exception, difference.) Elle n'est pus si belle exception, difference.) Elle n'est pas si belle que sa sour, mais elle à plus d'esprit, sho is not so handsome as her sister, but she is more sensible. Je suis fâché qu'il vous ait insult, mais aussi pour quoi rechercher su compagnie? I am sorry he has insulted you, but then why seek his company? Vous verbar, bat, base : thère, ebb, over : field, fig : rôbe, rôb, lord : mood, good.

rons-nous demain! Mais, je ne sais, shall we see you tomorrow? why, I do not know. Je n'en puis mais, I cannot help it. Y puis-je mais? can I help it? Il ne loue guère sans quelque mais, he seldom praises without a but.

Mais, s. m. maize.

Marson, mê-zon, s. f. house, home, habitation; house, family; parentage, extraction. Maison de ville, town-house. Maison de force, house of correction, bridewell. La maison du roi, the king's household or servants, or troops. Les petites maisons, bedlam. Faire sa maison, to begin house-keeping, to go to housekeeping. Faire une bonne maison, to establish s family.

MAISONNÉE, mê-zô whole house or family. mê-zô-nā, s. f. house, the

MAISONNETTE, mé-zô-net, s. f. small house. MAITRE, metr, s. m. master, teacher; lord, landlord; trooper. Petit maître, beau, fribble, fop, coxcomb. Grand maître d'Angleterre, high steward of England. Mattre des ponts, he that takes the toll for bridges. Il a trouvé son maître, he has met with his match. Il est maitre de sa matière, he has a perfect com-mand of his subject. Parler en maître, to speak magisterially or imperiously.

Maître, s. m. Mar. Ex. Maître or maître d'équipage, boatswain of a man of war. Mai-tre d'un bâtiment marchand, master of a mer-

chantman.

MATTRE, adj. m. head, chief, principal, main, arch, arrant, master. Mattre antel, high altar. Mattre aliboron, a busy body. Mattre, Mar. head, master, chief, main, etc. ter calker. Maitre mâteur, master mastmaker. Mastre voilier, master sail-maker. Maître charpentier, master carpenter. Mastre cordier, master rope-maker. Maître valet, steward's mate or purser's steward. Maitre bow, mid-ship beam. Montre couple, midship frame. Maître gabarit, bevel or mould of the mid-ship frame. Maitre cable, sheet-

Maitresse, mè-très, s. f. mistress.

MAITRESSE, adj. f. principal, chief. C'est e maltresse femme, she is a notable woman. Maîtresse ancre, Mar. sheet anchor.

MAITRISE, mè-trîz, s. f. mastership, quali-

ty of master.

Maltrisen, me-trl-za, v. a. to domineer or have the dominion over; to command; to master, conquer, subdue, have the command of (one's pussions.)
MAJE, V. Mage

MAJESTÉ, mã-zês-tà, s. f. majesty; stateliness, greatness, nobleness, loftiness, sublimity.

Majestueusement, mā-zēs-tā-ēuz-mēn, adv.majestically,stately, in great state, nobly.

MAJESTUEU-X, SE, må-rés-tå-eu, euz, adj.
majestick, majestical, full of majesty; noble,

stately, great, lofty, sublime.

MAJEUR, E. 1. 1-zeur, zeur, adj. of legalage; senior. Nos majeurs, our forefathers or ancestors or predecessors. L'excommunica-tion majeure, the greater excommunication. Force majeure, greater force, superiour power. Tierce majeure, quatrième majeure, cinquième majeure, sixième majeure, septième majeure (au piquet,) sequence of 3, 4, 5, 6, 7

cards of the same suit which begins from the

MAJEURE, s. f. major proposition of a syllogism. Majeure ordinaire, act at the univer-

MAJOR, må-: or, s. m. major. V. Etc. Major, Mar. Ex. Major d'une escadre, first captain of a fleet or squadron. Major de vaisseau, commander.

Major, adj. major.

MAJORAT, s. m. birth-right.

MAJORDOME, må-zör-döm, s. m. majordomo or steward (in Italy and Spain.)
MAJORITÉ, må-zö-ri-ta, s. f. majority er

being of age; major's place. Etre es majorité, to be of age.

MAJUSCULE, mà-ràs-kàl, adj. Ex. Lette

majuscule, capital letter, capital.

MAKI, s. m. animal resembling a mon-

MAL, mal, s. m. (the opposite of bien) ill, wal, mai, s. m. (the opposite of one) in, evil, harm, vice; pain, ache; sickness, disease, distemper; pox, foul disease; contagion, plague; misfortune, inconvenience; hardship, ado, difficulty; hurt, prejudice, damage. Mal d'enfant, travail. Mal d'austare, little mis-chance; also whitlow. Le mal des yeux, sore eyes. Le mal cadue, le hant mal, le sel, less the Colling signers. Mal de mal de St. Jean, the falling sickness. Mal de mer, sea-sickness. Avoir le mal de mer, to be sea-sick. Vous me faites mal, you but me. La tête me fait mal, my head aches. Fei mul à la tête, I have a pain in my head. Espliquer une chose en mal, to put an ill contrac-tion upon a thing. Metre une fille à mal, to debauch a virgin. Dire du mal de quelqu'un, to speak ill of one. Cela ne me touche ni m bien ni en mal, that does not concern me, either one way or another.

MAL, adv. ill, not well, badly, wrong. De mal en pis, worse and worse. Mal a propos, improperly, unseed and worse. Made a project,
Vous cous y prenez mal, you go the wring
way to work. Vous entrez mal done was unitmens, you grossly mistake my meaning. Erre mal auprès de quelqu'un, to be out of favour with one. Faire mal ses affaires or thre mal dans ses affaires, to go down the wind. Il est mal à cheval, he is at an ill pass. Cet habit rous sied mal, that dress does not become you

MALACHITE, s. f. malachite (a precious stone.)

MALACIE, ma-la-si, s. f. woman's craving desire for some food or longing.

MALADE, ma-lad, adj. sick, ill, sickly, diseased, disordered, distempered, affected MALADE, s. m. & f. sick body, sick per-

son, patient. Les malades, the sick. MALADIE, ma-la-di, s. f. disease, disten-per, sickness, fit of sickness, malady, indis-

postion; pestilence, plague; fondaes, detage or doting.

MALADI-Y, VE, må-lå-dif, div, adj. sickly, crazy, weakly, infirm.

MALADRERIE, må-lå-drè-ri, s.f. a lara-

retto, hospital for lepers.

MALADRESSE, ma-la-dres, s. f. awkward-

ness, unskilfulness. MALADROIT, E, mã-là-drwå, drwåt, zdj. & s. unhandy, awkward, ungainly, an awkward person, fumbler.

må-lå-drwåt-mån, MALADROITEMENT.

adv. awkwardly.

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bose, bot : jeupe, meute, beurre : énfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

MALAGME, s. m. emollient, cataplasm or

Mal-agréable, adj. unpleasant, unacceptable.
MALAGUETTE, s. f. clove-pepper.

MALAI, s. m. name of the purest language in the East-Indies

MALAISE, må-lèz, s. m. trouble, sad case, sad condition, misery, uneasiness.

Malaisa, z, må-le-za, adj. hard, difficult.

troublesome, uneasy, inconvenient; poor, that has little to depend upon.

MALAISÉMENT, må-lê-zå-mên, adv. hard-

ly, with much ado.

MALANDRE, s. f. melanders; also rot (in nood.)

MALANDREU-X, SE, adj. rotten, unsound (1000d.)

*MALANDRIN, må-len-drin, s. m. leper.

MALARD or MALART, s. m. wild he-duck. MALAVENART, E, adj. ungainly, ungenteel, clownish.

MALAVENTURE, S. mischance, misfortune.
MALAVENTURE, S. må-lå-vi-zå, adj. ill-advised, unwise, silly, foolish, imprudent.
MALAXER, v. a. to malazate, soften (dragz.)

MALBATI, E, mal-ba-tl, tl, adj. ill-shaped, awaward, ill-contrived.

awkward, ill-contrived.

MALCONTENT, z., mål-kon-tèn, tènt, adj.
discontented, displeased, dissatisfied.

MALE, mål, adj. & s. male; manly, mascaline, stout, strong; vigorous; (of birds,etc.)
he, eck. Vaisseus qui a l'air måle, Mar. ship
that has a very warlike appearance. Un bon
måle, a stout champion in love-business.

MALERICTION, mål-bét, s. f. foul fiend.

MALERICTION, må-là-dik-slon, s. f. malediction, curse, impreesation.

diction, curse, imprecation MALEPAIM, s. f. hunger.

MALEFICE, md. 16-ffs, s. m. witchcraft, en-chantment, fascination; ill-deed, wicked action. MALEFICE, s. md-18-ff-68, adj. bewitch-ed, languishing, pining, sickly, ill-treated, shamed, scratched. MALEFIQUE, md-18-ffk, adj. malignant

(sters.)

MALEHEURE, (à la) adv. unfortunately. MALEMORT, a. f. fatal death.

*MALESCONTRE, må-lên-kontr, s. f. mis-

chief, ill-luck.
MALESCOSTREUSEMENT, må-lèn-kon-

treuz-mes, adv. unfortunately.

MALENCONTREU-x, sz, må-lên-kon-trèu, treux, adj. unincky, ominous, fatal, unfortu-

"MALENGIN, s. m. deceit.

MAL-ER-POINT, adj. in bad condition.
MALENTENDU, må-lên-tên-dů, s. m. erreur, mistake; misunderstanding.

MALE-RUIT, s. f. ill-night.

MALE-ESTE, mål-pest, mterj.ods-boddikins.

MALERAGE, s. f. violent desire, rage. MALES-SEMAISES, s. f. pl. a woman's

thly courses or flowers.

*Malevole, må-lå-vol, adj. malevolent. MALFACON, s. f. defect, defect in a piece of work; also trick; under-hand dealing, cheat.
MALFAICTEUR, mal-fe-teur, V. Malfaiteur. MALFAIRE, mal-fer, v. n. (like fuire) to do

MALPAISANCE, s. f. inclination to do mis-

chief, mischievousness.

MALFAISANT, E, mal-fe-zen, zent, adj.

mischievous, unlucky, malicious; burtful, unwholesome, bad, api to make sick.

MALFAIT, E, adj. ill-made, ill-done, ill-contrived, ill-shaped, ugly.

MALFAITEUR, s. m. malefactor, offender. Malfamé, E, mal-fa-ma, adj. ill-famed.

MALGRACIEUSEMENT, adv. uncivilly, rude-

ly, clownishly.

MALGRACIEU-X, SE, mål-grå-sleu, sleuz, adj. uncivil, ungenteel, unmannerly, rude,

clownish.

MAIGRÉ, mål-grå, prep. in spite of, mangre, against one's will, notwithstanting. V. Gré.
MALMABILE, må-lå-bll, adj. silly, ignorant, incapable of a thing, unfit for it, awkward.

MALHABILEMENT, adv. awkwardly, ig-

norantly.

MALHABILETÉ, må-lå-bil-tå, s. f. unskil-

fulness, inability, awkwardness.

MALHEUR, ma-leur, s. m. misfortune, mis-MALHEUR, ma-léur, s. m. misfortune, mischance, ill-fortune, disaster, mischief, woe, misery, trouble, calamity, ill-luck, ill-fortune; woe. A quelque chose malheur est bon, it is an ill wind that blows nobody good. Par malheur, adv. unhappily, unluckily, unfortunately. Malheur aux impies, woe to the wicked. MALHEUREUSEMENT, mal-léu-rèuz-mên, adj. unhappily, unfuckily, unfortunately, wretchedly, poorly, miserably. MALHEUREUS, SE, må-léu-rèu, rèuz. adv.

MALHEUREU-E, SE, må-lèu-rèu, rèuz, adv. unhappy, unfortunate, unlucky, that has or brings ill-luck; wicked; unlucky, untoward, MALHEUREU-X, SE, S. m. & f. unhappy person, wretch, wicked person. MALHEUREU-X, SE, S. m. & f. unhappy person, wretch, wicked person. MALHEUREU-X, må-lo-net, adj. dishonest,

ungenteel, indecent, unseemly, uncivil, rude.
Malhonnetement, ma-lo-net-men, adv. dishonest, not honestly; uncivilly, rudely.

MALHONETETÉ, må-lö-net-tå, s. f. incivi-

lity, rudeness, indecency, unseemliness.

MALICE, ma-lls, s. f. malice, malignity,

mischief, mischievousness, wickedness, roguery, roguish trick.
MALICIEUSEMENT, må-li-sleuz-men, adv.

maliciously, with malice, with a malicious or mischievous design.

MALICIEU-E, SE, ma-ll-slèu, slèuz, adj. malicious, mischievous, delighting in mischief, unlucky.

MALIGNE, the feminine of Malin.
MALIGNEMENT, må-lign-men, adv. maliciously, with a malicious design

MALIGHITÉ, mà-ll-gul-tà, s. f. malice, mischievousness; malignity.
MAL-IN, IGNE, ma-lin, lign, adj. malicious,

mischievous, arch, unlucky; malignant, hurt-ful, bad, mischievous. Le malin esprit, the evil spirit, the devil.

MALIN, s. m. the evil one, the devil.

MALINE, s. f. Flanders lace, Mechlin lace. Maline, s. f. Mar. spring-tide.

MALINGRE, adj. peaked, puling, sickly, poor looking.

MALINTENTIONNÉ, E, må-lin-ten-sio-na, adj. ill-affected.

Malitorne, må-li-torn, adj. & s. m. awk-

ward, ungainly, awkward booby.

Mal-Jug £, mal-zū-zā, s. m. illegal decree

or judgment, errour in a sentence.

MALLE, mal, s. f. mail, trunk or box. Faire sa malle, to pack up one's goods for a jourbar, bat, base . thère, ébb, over : field, fig : robe, rôb, lord : mood, good.

MALI. ÉABILITÉ, mal-là-à-bi-li-ia, s. f. malleability.

MALLÉABLE, mål-lå-abl, adj. malleable, that may be wrought with a hammer.

MALLETIER, s. m. trunk-maker. MALLETTE, ma-let, s. f. little trunk.

MALLIER, må-liå, s. m. sumpter-horse, pack-horse, shaft-horse, horse that carries the mail.

MALMERÍ, E. adj. abused, ill or scurvily used.

MALMENER, mål-må-nå, v. a. to abuse, use ill or scurvily, reprimand.

MALOTRU, z, ma-lo-tra, tra, adj. & s. awkward, wretched, sad, pitiful, sorry, pitiful wretch, sad soul.

MALPLAISANT, E, mai-ple-zen, zent, adj. unpleasant, disagreeable, cross.

MALPROPRE, mål-propr, adj. unfit, slo-

venly, sluttish. MALPROPREMENT, mal-propr-men, adv.

slovenly. MALPROPRETÉ, mål-propr-in, s. f. slovenliness.

Malsain, E, mal-sin, sen, adj. unwholesome, unhealthful; unhealthy, sickly. Côte

malsaine, Mar. dangerous coast.

Malsiant, E, adj. unseemly, unbecoming.

Malsonnant, E, malso-nen, nent, adj. ill-

sounding, shocking, repugnant.

MALT, s. m. mult (barley prepared for beer.)

MALTALENT, s. m. grudge, spite, ill-will,

spleen. MALTOTE, mal-tôt, s. f. tax, impost; an illegal exaction from the people.

MALTOTIER, mål-to-ilå, s. m. tax-gatherer, exciseman.

MALTRAITÉ, E, adj. ill-used, abused, etc. Maltraité par le mauvais temps, Mar. weatherbeaten.

MALTRAITER, mal-tre-ta, v. a. to use ill, abuse, wrong.

MALVEILLANCE, mål-vê-lens, s. f. malevolence, hatred, ill-will, odium.

MALVEILLANT, mål-vê-lên, s. m. enemy,

adversary, one that bears ill-will. MALVERSATION, mal-ver-sa-slon, s. f. mis-demeanour, misconduct in office.

MALVERSER, mål-ver-så, v. n. to be guilty of a misdemeanour in office.

MALVOISIE, mal-vwa-zi, s. m. malmsey (wine.)

*Mal-volontiers, mål-vô-lon-tlå, adv. unwillingly.

MALVOULU, E, adj. hated. MAMAN, ma-men, s. f. mamma.

M'AMIE, S. f. sweetheart, honey, child.
MAMELLE, ma-mell, s. f. breast, pap; teat,
dug. Un enfant qui est à la mamelle, a sucking child.

MAMELON, mam-lon, s. m. nipple.

MAMELU, E, mam-lû, lû, adj. full-breasted,

that has great breasts. M'AMOUR, mà-mòor, s. m. love or my love,

dear, dove, honey.

MANANT, ma-nes, s. m. inhabitant of a

country town or village; clown.

MANCEAU. s. m. one born in the Maine (a province of France.)

MANCELLES, man-sel, s. f. pl. great iron rings (whereby the thill-horse, etc. is fastened 'n a cart.)

MANCENILLIER, s. m. meachineel tree. MANCHE, mensh, s. m. handle; helve; haft; neck (of a musical instrument;) tail (of a plough.) Il branle au manche, he is wavering;

he begins to stagger.

Monche, s. f. sleeve. Bouts de manches, cuffs Manche d'aviron, Mar. loom of an oar. C'est une autre paire de manches, that is quite La manche, Mar. the c another thing. nel. La manche d'Angleierre, the British channel. Manche à esu, sose. Manche de trié, canvass hose. Manche de cuir, leuther hose. Manche de pompe, pump hose. Manche à vost, wind sail.

MANCHERON, s. m. the plough-tail or handle.

MANCHETTE, mois-shet, s. m. ruffe. Marchettes des bras de la grande vergue, Mar. span fixed to the mizen-rigging (at the extremites of which two bull's eyes are spliced to keep up the bight of the main-brace.) MANCHON, men-shon, s. m. muff.

MANCHOT, E, men-sho, shot, adj. mained. that cannot use one hand or arm, lame; that has but one hand. Il n'est pas manchet, he is no fool.

MANDARIN, s. m. mandarin.

MANDAT, men-da, s. m. mandate, manda-mus; order (on a banker.)

MANDATAIRE, mèn-dh-tèr, s. m. mendatory, one that comes to a benefice by a mandamus.

MANDEMENT, mènd-mên, a.m. order or mandate; order (on one's banker.) MANDER, mên-dâ, v. a. to call, soud for; to

send word, acquaint with, give notice of, write, advise.

MANDIBULE, men-dl-bol, s. f. manible,

MANDILLE, men-dll, s. f. footman's great coat. MANDOLINE, s. f. sort of stringed instru-

MANDORE, men-dor, s. f. (instrument)

stringed instrument. MANDRAGORE, mên-dra-gôr, s. f. a men-

drake. MANDUCATION, men-du-ka-don, s. f. est-

ing (applied only to the Eucharist.)

MANEAGE, ma-nū-āz, s. m. Mar. isbour in loading or unloading a ship with planks, timber, green or dried fish, etc. for which the

crew can demand no additional pay.

MANEGE, s. m. manege, riding-academy or riding-house; managing of a horse;

nagement, intrigue, game, play, sport.
Manus, man, s. m. pl. manes, spirit, gast.

MANGANÈSE, S. f. manganese. MANGEABLE, mèn-sabl, arij. estable. MANGEABLE, mèn-sabl, arij. estable, any

thing to eat, victuals, meat.

MANGEOIRE, mea-zwar, s. f. meager. MANGER, men-ray, a. I. mangur.
MANGER, mèn-ra, v. a. to eat ito speak
waste, consume; to eat up, ruin; to errode,
eat into (as rust, etc.) S'absteuir de sanger,
to forbear eating. Manger des years, to
devour with one's eyes. Manger de carrent, to
kill with fondmess or kindness. Manger de la
mache consume to mindre from humane. Its se wache enrugée, to suffer from hunger. Is a manger, they are at daggers drawing. If mange ses mote, he clips his words. Esse manger, dining-room. Manger, v. n. to die. cat, dinc, sup, etc.

bûse, bût : jêune, mêute, bêurre : ênfant, cênt, liên : vin : mon : brun.

Manger, Mar. Manger le vent à un bâti-nt, to becalm a vessel. Manger du sable, est, to becalm a vessel. to sweat the glass, flog the glass. La hanc mangera le manuais temps, we shall have fine weather when the moon rises. Etre mange weather when the moon ruses. Eart many par at terre, to be so close under the land that the vessel is concealed by the colour of it, and not distinguishable by other ships in the offing. Bry manyé par la mer, to ride hawseful, lie is the trength of the sea (when it runs high and often breaks aboard.)

MANGERIE, s. m. ment, food, victuals. Le mager et le boire, cetting and drinking.

MANGERIE, mêns-ri, s. f. cating; exaction, extertion. Release mangerie, to full to eating

again. Mangeu-n, se, mèn-sèur, sèuz, s. m. & £

MANGEURE, men-zur, s. f. nibbling, gnawing, place nibbled or gnawed, (by mice, etc.) ng (hunting term.)

*MANGOREAU, s. m. engine for throwing stones into a besieged place; mangon or man-

MANIABLE, må-nå-bl, adj. easy to be handled, wieldy; easily wrought; tractable, easy, supple. Maniable, Mar. Ex. Bâtiment maniable, handy vessel. Vent maniable, comsanding breeze. Temps maniable, moderate

MARIAQUE, må-nikk, adj. & s. maniae,

mad, futious.

MAXICHORDION, s. m. claricord.

MARICLES, ma-nikl, s. f. pl. hand-cuffs.
MARIE, ma-ni, s. f. madness, fury, rage; also fancy, passion.

CARIEMENT, må-ul-men, s. m. bandling, act of handling, use of one's arm or leg; 'ma

MANIER, må-nå, v. a. to handle, feel, meddie with, touch; (conduire) to manage, have the management of. Manier un cheval, to masage a horse. Monier un sujet, to handle or treat a subject. Monier le blé, to stir the corn. Cet officier manie bien son bâtiment, Mar.

that officer manages his ship very well.

MANIER, s. m. touch, feeling. Vous reconnoitres la bonté de cette étoffe au manier, you will see the goodness of that cloth by the feel-

ing.
MANIÈRE, mè-nièr, s. f. manner, fashion, wise, way, rate; kind, sort, manner; style.
Manière de parler or de s'énoncer, way of exde elire, as it were, as one should say. Pur manière d'entretien, by way of conversation. De manière à, in such a manner as to, so as to. De manière que, conj. so that. Manières,

pl. way, behaviour, carriage. Мантики, к., mk-ulk-ra, adj. affected, peculiar in his manner

MANIEUR, s. m. Ex. Un manieur de blé, a stimer of corn.

MANIFESTATION, må-nå-fes-tå-minifestation or making manifest. må-nl-fes-tå-sion, s. f.

MANIFESTE, mi-ni-fest, adj. manifest, clear, plain, open, apparent, evident.
MANIFESTE, s. m. manifest or publick de-

claration. MANIFESTÉ, E, adj. manifested, declared, ablished, revealed, made manifest.

MANIFESTEMENT, må-nl-fest-men, adv. manifesty, clearly, plainly.

MANIFESTER, må-nî-fês-tå, v. a. to mani-fest, declare, publish, reveal, show, make mänifest. Se manifester, v. r. to show one's self.
MANIGANCE, ma-nl-guns, s. f. intrigue or

underhand dealing.

MARIOARCER, må-nl-gån-så, v. a. to brew, contrive, hatch, plot, intrigue.

MANILLE, må-nl., s. f. manille (at ombre.)

MANILLE, må-nl., s. f. manille (at ombre.)

MARIPULATION, må-nl-på-lå-sion, s. f. manipulation, manner of preparing chymical

MANIPULE, s. m. manipule (said of a priest's band, and of a small band of soldiers;) handful.

MANIQUE, s. f. leather to guard the hand. MANIVEAU, s. m. little basket.

MARIVELLE, ma-ni-vel, s. f. handle; rounce (of a printing press.)

Manivelle, Mar. Ex. Manivelle de gouvernail, whip-staff of the helm. Manivelle de pompe, pump-winch. Manirelle de rouet, crank. Manirelle de corderie, laying-hook or winch. Manirelle double, doub's laying-hook or winch. Manirelle de fer, ironwinch.

MANNE, man, s. f. manna; basket or flas-ket; (d'enfant) cradie. Manre à desservir, voider. Mar. sort of ballast-basket.

MANKQUIN, man-kin, s. m. large bas-ket, hamper, manikin (figure of a man on which drapery is disposed by painters.) MANKQUINE, R. adj. disposed with affec-

tation (said of drapcries.)

MANGUVRE, må-neuvr, s. m. labourer; mason's man.

Manaeurre, s. f. manoeuvre; conduct; work, piece of work.

Manazare, s. f. Mar. rope : rigging, ropes : managare, s. 1. mar. roje; rigging, ropes; (of seamen) work; employment; (of vessels) managare, motion, manner of working or managing. Amarre cette managure, belay that rope. Les managures, the rigging. Managures convantes, running rigging. Managures de rechange, spare rigging. Managures de rechange, spare rigging. Managures de rechange, spare rigging. combat, preventer rigging (used only in ac-tion.) Managures degagees, clear ropes. Manæmeres de revers, ropes out of use (whether ou the lee or the weather side.) Minionwere hande, work aloft (or employment of the sailors in the tops, at the mast heads or upon the yards.) Monomere basse, work upon deck (or nature prompte, expeditions manner of managing a chin naging a ship. Manceuvre habile, skilful manœuvre (practised to extriente a ship from an embarrassing situation.) Manaeuvre delicate or fine, precise but dexterous manner of handling a ship. Managure décisive, decided manner of working a ship. Manaeuvre indécisive, undecided manoeuvre (such as first bearing up and then luffing, when nearing a ship on the contrary tack.) Manoeuvre hardie, bold manoeuvre. La manoeuvre hardie du capitaine Perry est sans exemple, the bold manaeuvre of Captain Perry is unprecedented. Le géneral rend sa manaeuvre independante, the admiral's motions are not to be an example to the rest of the fleet.

MANGUVRER, må-neu-vrå, v. a. & n. Mar. to manuscrer un bâtiment, to work a ship. Notre bar, bat, base : thère, êbb, over : field, fig : robe, rob, lord : mood, good.

bâtiment manæuvre bien, our ship works well. Les deux escadres passèrent deux jours à ma-nœuvrer en présence l'une de l'autre, the two fleets spent two days in manœuvring in sight of each other.

MANŒUVRIER, må-neu-vrfå, s. m. person skilled in working a ship. Bon manaeuvrier, able and expert sea-officer.

MAROIR, må-nwar, s. m. manor, dwelling-house, habitation.

MANOQUE de tabac, s. f. roll of tobacco. MANOUVRIER, ma-noo-vria, s. m. labour-

er, journeyman. Manque, menk, s. m. want, need, lack. II a cela de manque, that is wanting or missing. Il n'a pas manque de coeur, he does not want

Ma's pas manque de cours, he does not want courage. Manque de, for want of.

MANQUEMENT, mênk-mên, s. m. fault, failure, slip. Manquement de foi or de parole, break or breaking of oue's word or faith.

MANQUE, E, adj. missed, etc. V. Manquer, also imperfect. Un bâtiment manqué, Mar. a vessel in the construction of which the builder has either mistaken the plan or failed through ignorance. Un projet manqué, an abortive plan.

MANQUER, men-kh. v. n. to fail; to commit a fault, offend, do amiss; to break; to miscarry; miss; forget, neglect, decay, faint, die; to be missing; to fail or fall short. Mon-quer de, to want, lack, need, stand in need of, be short of. Manquer d, to fail in, be wanting in; to break, break through. Arme à feu qui manque, a gun that misses fire. Munquer de parole à quelqu'un, to fail or balk one, disappoint one. La potence ne te peut manquer, thou wilt be hanged without fail. L'argent lui a manqué, money failed him, his money fell short. Il ne lui manque rien or il ne manque de rien, he wants nothing. Manquer au que de rien, us wants nothing. manquer au rendez-vous, to break the appointment. Le pied lui a manqué, his foot slipped. Le cœur leur manque, they are ready to faint, their courage fails them. Marchand qui a manqué, broken merchant. J'ai manqué d'être tué, I was within a hair's breadth of being kill-ed; I was near being killed. V. Faillir and Falloir, and hereafter. Manquer, v. a. to miss, not to hit, let slip. Se manquer, v. r. to want, be wanting. Il se manque ici un écu, here wants a crown, a crown is wanting here. Il ne se manqua presque rien qu'il ne fut pris, it wanted but little of his being taken, he was very near being taken.

Manquer, v. a. & n. Mar. Manquer le mouillage, to miss one's anchorage or the birth in which it was intended to bring up. Manquer sa travers/e, to lose one's passage for the season. Manquer un convoi, to miss a convoy, to miss an enemy's convoy, with which it was expected to fall in. Manquer son abordage, to be unsuccessful in boarding an enemy. Manquer son bitiment, to be left behind at the sailing of the ship. Manquer à virer, to miss stays. Manquer de monde, to be short of hands. Manquer d'eau, de vivres, etc.; to be in want of water, provisions, etc. L'équipage du corsuire manqua au premier seu, crew of the privateer ran away from their quarters at the first broadside. Les vents nous manquièrent as milieu de la passe, the wind failed us in the fair way of the channel. Nous manquames de nous perdre dans la baie d'Au-

dierne, we were very near being lost in Audiern bay. Les écoutes de notre petit hunier manquèrent, et la roile fut toute en morceaux, our fore-topsail sheets gave way, and the

sails went all to rags.

Mansardz, men-sard, s. f. the roof of a house (the top of which is almost flat, and the

sides nearly perpendicular.)
*MASSURTUDE, men-så-å-tåd, s. f. mansuctude, meckness, gentleness, tenderness of

MANTE, ment, s. f. deep mourning, mantle or veil.

MANTEAU, mén-tó, s. m. mante, cloak; (de femme) mantua; (de cheminée) mantletree; cloak, pretence, show, colour, blind. Manteau toau royal, royal mantle.

MANTELÉ, E, ment-là, adj. mantled (in he-

raldry.)

MANTELET, ment-le, s. m. mantelet, mantle; machine to cover besiegers. "Mantelets de sabords, Mar. port-lids.

MANTELINE, ment-lin, s. f. ridingbood. MANTELURE, s. f. hair on a dog's back of a colour different from the rest.

MANTILLE, s. f. little cloak. MANTURE, s. f. Mar. shipping a heavy

MANUEL, LE, må-nů-ěl, adj. manual, doce with the hand. Signe manuel, one's hand or mark to a writing.

MANUEL, s. m. manual

MANUELLEMENT, må-nå-či-men, adv. manually.

MANUFACTURE, må-nå-fåk-tår, s. f. ma-

nufacture, manufactory. MANUFACTURER, må-nd-fåk-tå-rå, v. a. to manufacture, work in a manufactory.

MANUFACTURIER, må-nd-fåk-tå-rå, s. m. manufacturer.

Manumission, mà-nà-mì-sìon, e. f. manu-

Manuscrit, z., må-nå-skil, skik, adj. & s. m. manuscript.

MANUTENTION, må-nd-ten-alon, s. f. maintaining, preserving, preservation, upholdin MAPPEMONDE, map-mond, s. f. map of the

world. MAQUEREAU, mak-ro, s. m. mackerel; pimp, procurer. Maquereaux, reddish spots in one's legs caused by overheating them.

MAQUERELLAGE, s. m. pimping, pimp's or bawd's trade.

MAQUERELLE, s. f. bawd, procuress.

MAQUIGNON, ma-di-gnou, s. m. horsejockey, pimp; broker. Magaignon, (de bénéfres) one that drives a trade in livings; (de mariages) a match-maker.

MAQUIGNONNAGE, må-kl-guð-måx, s. m. horse-coursing, jockey's trade; imrigue.

MAQUIGNONNER, må-kl-guð-må, v. a. to jockey or trim up, pamper (a horse) for sale; to pimp or intrigue to promote the sale of any thing.

MAQUILLEUR, s. m. Mar. mackerel-bon MARABOUT, s. m. Mahometan priest; illlooking fellow; sort of tin coffee pot.

MARAICHER, ma-re-sha, s. m. marsh cultivator.

Marais, mà-rè, s. m. marsh, fen, moor, morass, bog; low garden-plot. Aftersis so-

MARASHE, må-råsm, s. m. merasum.

base, bat : jèune, mêute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

MARAUD, ma-ro, s. m. varlet, a rascal,

base knave.

Maraude, må-rod, s. f. quean, jade; ma-

randing. MARAUDER, ma-ro-da, v. n. to go a ma-

MARAUDEUR, må-ro-deur, s. m. marauder. MARAVEDIS, s. m. maravedis (a Spanish

MARBRE, marbr, s. m. marble. MARBRÉ, E, adj. marbled. Bas marbrés, mixt-coloured stockings.

MARBRER, mår-brå, v. a. to marble. MARBREU-R, SE, mår-breur, breuz, s. m.

& f. marbler, one that marbles.

MARBRIER, mår-brik, s. m. stone cutter. MARBRIÈRE, s. f. quarry which produces

marble.

MARBRURE, mar-brur, s. f. marbling. MARC, mar, s. m. mark, eight ounces; gross or thick substance that remains of a g pressed or strained.

MARCAIGE, s. m. tax on sea fish.

Marcassin, mar-ka-sin, s. m. a young

wild boar.

MARCASSITE, mår-kå-sit, s. f. marcasite. MARCHAND, mar-shën, s. m. merchant, dealer; tradesman or shop-keeper, seller, chapman. Murchand en groe, wholesale-chapman. Murchand en détail, retail desler. Murchand tibraire, book-seller. Murchand drapier, woollen draper. Murchand d'her-bes, herb seller. Murchand de soie, silk-man. Il n'en sera pas bon murchand, he will get nothing by it. Il vest être riche marchand ou pasere poulaillier, he will win the horse or lose the saddle. Marchand qui perd ne peut rive, let him laugh that wins. Mar-chand chargeur d'un bâtiment, freighter of a

ship. MARCHAND, E, mår-shën, shënd, adj. mer-derman-like: merchantcautile, trading; tradesman-like; merchant-alde, vendible, fit for sale. Ville marchande, trading town, town of great trade. Place marchande, trading place, thoroughfare. Rivière marchande, navigable river. Vaisseau mar-

ckand, merchant-man, merchant-ship.

Marchande, s. f. merchant's wife; trading

woman ; citizen's wife.

MARCHANDER, mår-shën-då, v. a. to cheapen, haggle for, heat down the price of; v. a. to haggle or stand haggling, be irreso-lute or in suspense, be at a stand, hesitate.

MARCHANDEU-R, SE, mar-shen-deur, deuz,

s. m. & f. cheapener, haggler. MARCHANDISE, mar-shen-dlz, s. f. commodity, goods, ware; merchandise, trade. Paire marchandise, to trade. Marchandise qui plate est à demi-vendue, please the eye, and pick the purse. Marchandises fines, Mar. dry-goods. Marchandises trouvées flottantes or en dérive, flotson or flotzam.

MARCHE, marsh, s. f. march; marching; journey, way; move; step; treadle; marches, borders, frontiers (of a country.)

Marche, Mar. progressive motion or head way (of a ship through the water.) Marche d'une harlage marine, rate of a time-keeper. La marche de ce navire est un quert largue, that ship sails best a point free. Votre fregate a une marche supérieure, your frigate!

MARATRE, ma-ratr, s. f. step-mother, sails incomparably well. Vous avez la marche mother-in-law (used only in a bad sense.) sur toute l'escadre, you beat the whole fleet in sailing.

Marché, mar-sha, s. m. market, marketplace; rate; bargain. Acheter or vendre à bon marché, to buy or sell cheap. Vous en avez est bon marché, you had a good bargain of it. Faire bon marché de quelque chose, to be lavish of a thing. On n'a jamais bon marché de mau-vaise marchandise, best is cheapest.

MARCHECOULIS, V. Machecoulis: MARCHEPIED, marsh-pla, s. m. foot-stool; foot-board. Mar. Marchepied d'une vergue, horse or foot-rope of a yard. MARCHER, mar-sha, v. n. to walk, go,

tread; to march, be upon the march; to rank; take place. Marcher droit, to behave one's self well. Marcher sur les pas des grands hommes, to follow the steps of great men, imitate great men. Marcher sur quelque chose, to tread upon something. Il a marche sur une manucaise herbe, he has pissed upon a nettle. Je le ferai bien marcher droit, I will keep him to his good behaviour. Ces deux affaires mar-chent d'un même pied, those two things keep

an equal pace together.

Marcher, v. n. Mar. to sail or go (through the water.) Notre bâtiment ne marche pas deme water. I four comment we market pas de-puis son radoub, our ship does not sail since she has been repaired. Vous market bien au plus près, you sail well upon a wind. Il nous faut du vent frais pour bien market, we re-

quire a fresh breeze to sail well. MARCHER, s. m. gait, pace, going or tread-

MARCHETTE, s. f. kind of trap for birds. MARCHEU-R, SE, mar-sheur, sheuz, s. m. & f. walker. V. Rouleur.

MARCOTTE, mar-kot, s. f. layer or young

MARCOTTER, mar-kô-ta, v. a. to set layers or young twigs in the ground for increase.

MARDELLE, V. Margelle.

MARDI, mar-di, s. m. Tuesday. Mardi-gras, Shrove-Tuesday.

MARE, mar, s. f. pond, pool or puddle, hole

(full of standing water,) moor. MARÉAGE, s. m. Mar. hire or pay of a sail-

or for the run (i. e. for a particular voyage.)
MARÉCAGE, ma-ra-kaz, s. m. marsh or marshy place, fen, bog.
MARECAGEU-X, SE, må-rå-kå-sëu, sëus,

adj. marshy, fenny, moorish.

MARECHAL, marh-shal, s. m. farrier; marshal. Maréchal des logis, quarter master.

MARÉCHALAT, s. m. marshalship.

MARÉCHALERIE, s. f. farrier's trade: MARÉCHAUSSÉE, ma-ra-sho-sa, s. f. marshalsea, jurisdiction of the marshals of France;

also sort of troopers that patrol the country.

MARÍE, mã-rā, s. f. Mar. tide; also fresh
sea fish. La marée, the tide. Marée basse, low water. Marée haute, high water. Marée mon tante, flood. Marke morte, neap tide or dead nip. Grandes marées, spring tides. Marée contraire au vent, windward tide. Marée qui porte sous le vent or marée qui porte du même côlé que le vent, leeward tide, lee tide. Marée qui porte au vent, weather tide. La marée monte, the tide comes in, it is flood tide. La descend, the tide goes out, it is ebb tide. Hante marke, pleine marke, high water.

MARELLE, V. Merelle.

bar, bat, base: thère, ebb, over: field, fig: robe, rob, lord: mood, good.

MARGAJAT, mår-gå-zå, s. m. little ugly

MAR

MARGE, marz, s. f. margin, margent, narge ; also marg

arge; also marginal notes, anuotations. Margelle, mar-zel, a.f. curb stone, brink er brim of a well.

MARGINAL, E, mar-zi-nal, adj. marginal. MARGOT, mar-go, s. f. magpie.

MARGOUILLET, s. m. Mar. bull's eye; also

seizing truck.

MARGOUILLIS, mar-goo-fi, s. m. plash, puddie.

MARGRAVE, s. m. margrave. MARGRAVIAT, s. m. margravate.

MARGUERITE, mar-grit, s. f. daisy; mar-

larguerite, s. f. Mar. messenger, purchase of any sort clapped on the messenger. Fuire marguerite, to clap a messenger on a cable.

MARGUILLERIE, s. f. church-wardenship. MARGUILLIER, mar-gl-fla, s. m. churchwarden.

MARI, ma-ri, s. m. husband; spouse.

MARIABLE, ma-ri-abl, adj. marriageable. MARIAGE, ma-riaz, s. m. marriage, match, matrimony, wedlock, conjugal life; wedding or marriage or nuptials; dowry or portion. Prendre une fille en mariage, to take a woman o wise, marry her. Mariage du tournevire, Mar. lashing together of the eyes of the mes-aeager. Faire te mariage du tournevire, to lash the eyes of the mesaeager. the eyes of the mess sh the eyes of the messenger. MARIAUD, E, s. m. & f. brisk lively child,

pert child.

fariś, z, må-rià, adj. married.

MARIE, s. m. (nouveau marie) bridegroom.

MARIER, mit-ti-i, s. f. (nowelle marie)

MARIER, ma-rl-a, v. a. to marry, to match ; ally, unite, join, reconcile. Se marier, v. r. to

MARIE-SALOPE, s. f. Mar. sort of lighter or large flat-bottomed boat to carry away the mod.

MARIEU-R, SE, S. m. & f. match-maker. MARIN, E, ma-rin, rin, adj. marine, of or belonging to the sea. Monstre marin, seamonster. Carte marine, chart or sea-chart. Plante marine, sea-weed. Avoir le pied marin, to be used to the sea, bave sea legs, tread the deck like a sailor.

MARIN, s. m. Mar. sea-man, sea-faring man. Marin d'eau douce, lubber, fresh-water

milor.

MARINADE, må-ri-nåd, s. f. pickled meat. MARINE, ma-tla, s. f. navigation; navy, marine, science and knowledge of maritime affairs; sea-coast, beach; sea-piece or view; taste or smell of the sea. Officier de la marine, officer in the navy. Gens de marine, sea-men. Termes de marine, sen-terms. La marine de France, the French navy. Marine marchande, merchant service. Cela sent la marine, that smells of the sea. Ceri a un guit de marine, this tastes of the salt water.

MARINÉ, E, adj. marinated, pickled. Des marchandises marinées, goods damaged at sea. (In heraldry) fish-tailed.

MARINER, ma-ri-na, v. a. to marinate, pickle, souse.

MARINGOUIN, ma-rin-gwin, s.m. musquitto. Il ner. Lettre de marque letter e marque.

MARINIER, må-rl-niå, s. m. mariner, scaman ; barger, barge man, water man. cier marinier, warrant and petty officer.

MARIOLES, s. f. waddles of a cock. MARIONNETTE, ma-ri-ò-net, s. f. puppet. MARITAL, E, ma-ri-tal, adj. marital, ma-

trimonial, belonging to a husband.

MARITALEMENT, må-rl-tål-men, adv. like a bushand.

MARITIME, ma-ri-tim adj. maritime, near or bordering on the sea. Forces maritimes, maritime or sea-forces. Les puissances maritimes, the maritime powers.

MARITORNE, s. f. a sluttish, ill-shaped wo-

man.

MARJOLAINE, mer-zô-lên, s. f. marjoram, sweet marjoram.

MARJOLET, mår-20-le, s. m. fop. Un plaisant marjola, pleasant silly fellow.

MARLI, s. m. a sort of gauze.

MARMAILLE, mar-mal, s, f, little children,

brais.

MARMELADE, marm-lad, s. f. marmalade. MARMITE, mar-mit, s. f. kettle or pst, seething-pot. Nez en pied de marmite, pug-nose. Exameur de marmites, a parasite.

*MARMITEU-X, SE, adj. & s. whimpering, whining, wretched.

MARMITON, mar-ini-ton, s. m. scullion, kitchen drudge.

MARMONNER, v. n. to mumble, mutter, grumble.

MARMOT, mar-mo, s. m. marmoset, monkey; little ugly figure; young rogue, little

monkey. MARMOTTE, mar-mot, s. f. marmot, young jade or minx. Mar. small match tub.

MARMOTTER, mår-mô-tå, v. a. to mutter, mumble.

MARMOTTIER, s. m. virtuoso (who collects little ugly figures.)

MARMOUSET, mar-moo-se, s. m. marme-

set; grotesque figure; little monkey. MARNE, marn, s. m. marl , Marue (rico & France.)

MARNER, v. a. to marl.

MARNERON, s. m. one that works in a marlpit.

MARNIÈRE, mar-nièr, s. m. marl-pit. MARNOIS, s. m. sort of boat.

MAROQUIN, s. m. Turkey, Spanish, Russia or marocco leather.

MAROQUINER, v. a. to dress leather marocco fashion.

MAROQUINERIE, s. f. the art of making Turkey leather or marocco.

MAROQUINIER, s. m. marocco-manufacturer.

MAROTIQUE, må-rô-tik, adj. marotick (style.)
MAROTTE, ma-rot, s. f. fool's bauble; felly,

fancy, whim, maggot, foolish conceit.
MAROUFLE, må -roofi, s. m. scoundrel a-

so scum, booby, rascal.
MARQUE, mark, s. f. mark; mark or marking iron; trace, print, mole, spot; mark or token of honour; rank, note; love token; character, sign, token; (at cards) counter, proof, testimony; token or ten quires of paper.
Homme de marque, u an ol note. Barque blanche, star (on a horse's forehed.) Marque, h. Mar. Marque de la ligne ae octs, fore-rusbase, but : jeune, meute, beurre : énfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

Marqué, z, adj. marked, denoted, etc. Marqué de petite vérole, pitted with the small

MARQUER, mar-kh, v. a. to mark, set a mark upon; to score up, set up; to mark, leave a mark or print; to denote, show, argue; to make out, tell, signify, specify, set out; (in fencing) to make a fall or clear pass.

Marquer awar de la craie, to chalk. Marquer la momorie, to stamp coin. Cheval qui commence d marquer, young nag or berse that begins to show his age by his teeth.

MARQUETÉ, E, adj. speckled, spotted; inłaid.

MARQUETER, mark-ta, v. a. to speckle or spot; to inlay.

Manquererie, mar-ke-tris.f.inlaid work. Manqueun, mar-keur, s. m. marker;

scorer (at play.)
MARQUIS, mār-kī, s. m. marquis.
MARQUISAT, mār-kī-zā, s. m. marquisate. MARQUISE, mar-kiz, s. f. marchioness, tilt over a tent, marquee.

MARQUISER, (SE) se-mar-ki-za, v. r. to assume the little of a marquis.

MARRAINE, marren, s. f. god-mother.

MARRE, s. f. mattock or pick-axe. MARREAU, V. Méresu.

*MARRI, E, ma-ri, ri, adj. sorry, troubled,

grieved, concerned.

MARRON, ma-ron, s. m. chestnut, great chestnut; (d'Inde) borse chestnut; curl or lock of hair; a book printed secretly; sort of square cracker. Negre marron, a runaway

negro.
MARROSNER, ma-rô-uk, v. a. to do up hair

in large curls.

MARRONIER, mà-rò-nià, s. m. chestnuttree; (d'Inde) horse chestaut-tree.

MARRUBE, s. m. hoarhound (an herb.) MARRUBIASTRES.m.species of hoarhound. MARS, mars, s. m. March; any grain sowed in March; also Mars (the planet and god of

MARSECHE, s. f. barley. MARSELIANE, mar-si-lian, s. f. kind of Venetian ship.

MARSOUIN, mar-swin, s. m. porpoise or

sea-hog.

Marsouin d'avant, Mar. stemson. souin d'arrière, inner or false stern-post, stermon.

MARTAGOR, mar-th-gon, s. m. mountain or many-flowered hily.

MARTE, V. Martre.

MARTEAU, mar-to, s. m. hammer; (of a por) knocker. Marteau à dents. Mar. clawhammer or clench-hammer or fid-hammer.

MARTEL, mar-idi, s. m. V. Marteau. Martel en tête, inquietude, uneasiness. MARTELAGE, mårt-låz, s. m. mark set on

s that are to be cut down.

MARTELE, E, adj. hammered, etc. Martelé de coups, pounded or bruised, soundly beaten. MARTELER, mart-la, v. a. to hammer, best or work with a hammer; also to trouble, torent, perplez. plague, teaze, vex. Martelet, s. m. little hammer.

MARTELETR, s. m. one that hammers at a

MARTELINE, s. f. pick. MARTIAL, E, mar-stal, adj. martial, war-like, valiant; also ferruginous. MARTICLES, s. f. pl. Mar. V. Martinets.
MARTINET, marti-ne, s. m. hammer; flut
or hand candlestick; martlet or martin. Martinet pêcheur, king-fisher. Discipline de cor-des, cat-o'-nine tails. Martinets du pic, Mar, peak haliards.

MARTINGALE, mår-tin-gål, s. f. martingal.

Jouer à la martingale, to double or quit.

Martin-sec, mår-tin-sèk, s. m. stony kind

of pear.
MARTRE, marte, s. f. marten; marten; skin. Martre zibeline, sable. Prendre martre

MARTYR, mår-tir, s. m. & f. martyr, great

MARTYRE, mår-tir, s. m. martyrdom, great

sufferings. MARTYRISÉ, E, adj. martyred, that has suffered martyrdom, tormented, put to great

Martyriser, mår-tl-rl-så, v. a. to make suffer martyrdom; put to a great deal of pain,

MARTYROLOGE, mar-tl-rd-idz, s. m. mer-

tyrology.

MARTYROLOGISTE, mar-tl-rd-ld-zist, s. m. writer of martyrology.

Mascanade, mis-ki-rid, s. m. masquer-

ade, mask. Mascaret, mas-ka-rê, s. m. eddy (of wa-

Mascaron, mås-kå-ron, s. m. (in archi-

tecture) musk. Masculin, E, mas-kû-liz, Iln, adj. mascu-

line, male, of or belonging to the male.

MASQUE, mask, s. f. masculineness.

MASQUE, mask, s. m. mask, visor, visor
mask; masquerader, one that has a visor on;
(its sculpture) head (by itself;) mask, blue
colour, pretence, clock; ugly witch. Que la
peste soit de la masque, deuce take her for a witch. Masque, Mar. smoke sail.

MASQUÉ, E, adj. masked, that has a mask D. V. Masquer. Counterfeit, false; close,

dissembling.

Masquer, maska, v. a. to mask, put a mask on; cloak, cover, disguise. Masquer, v. n. Se masquer, v. r. to mask, go to a masquerade. Masquer, v. a. & n. Mar. to back, take a-back, etc. Masquer we ooile, to lay a sail a-back. Masque tout, lay all flat a-back. Notre matelot d'avant est masqué, our leader is taken a-back. Le commandant a tout masqué, the commander has thrown all a-back.

MASSACRE må-såkr, s. m. massacre, slaughter, murder; head of a deer newly killed; also bungler; bungling piece of work.

MASSACRER, ma-sh-kirk, v. a. to massacre, butcher; also to bungle.

MASSACREUR, s. m. murderer; also bun-

MASSE, mas, s. f. mass, lump, heap; funds orstock; stake, pool; (at billiards) mass; mace, club; mace, mace royal; mallet, hammer. Or or argent en masse, gold or silver in bullion.

Masse, s. f. Mar. Masse de fer, mani or pen-

maul. Masse de bois, commander.

MASSEPAIN, mas-pis, s. m. march-pane. MASSER, massa, v. a. to stake, to mass, lay or set.

MASSICOT, s. m. yellow colour to paint

MASSIER, må-så, s. m. mace-bearer,

bar, bat, base: thère, êbb, ovêr: field, fig: rôbe, rôb, lôrd: môod, gôod.

MASSI-F, VE, må-sif, siv, adj. massy, mas-sive, solid, heavy; stupid, dull. MASSIF, s. m. thicket; masonry to support

a pedestal.

MASSIVEMENT, adv. heavily, dully.

MASSIVETE, s. f. massiness, massiveness. MASSUE, ma-su, s. f. club.

Mastic, mas-tik, s. m. mastich. Mastication, mas-ti-ka-sion, s. f. masti-

cation, chewing. MASTICATOIRE, mas-ti-ka-twar, s. m. mas-

ticatory. MASTICADOUR, s. m. kind of bit promoting

mastication in horse MASTIQUER, mas-tl-ka, v. a. to cement

with mastick.

MASURE, ma-zur, s. f. house ruined, ruins or rubbish of a house, also paltry decayed house.

Mar, må, s. m. Mar. mast. Måt de misaine, fore-mast. Måt d'artimon, mizen-mast. Grand måt, main-mast. Grand måt de hune, main top-mast. Petit mât de hune, fore top-mast. Mâts de hune, top-masts. fore top-mast. Milts de hame, top-masts. Milt de grand perroquet, main top-gallant mast. Milts de petit perroquet, fore top-gallant mast. Milts de perroquet, top-gallant masts. Milts de perroquet a flèche, long or pole top-gallant masts. Milts de perroquet asses flèche, short or stump top-gallant masts. Milts de perroquet volant, top-gallant royal masts. Milt de grand kakatots or de grand perroquet volant, main top-gallant royal mast. Milt de perruche, mizen top-gallant mast. Milt de perruche, mizen top-gallant mast. Milts de hakatots de perruche, mizen top-gallant royal gallant royal mast. kakatots de perruche, mizen top-gallant roy-al masts. Mát de beaupré, bowsprit mast. MM de perroquet de fougue, mizen top-mast. Mate as perroque to jong us, misch wordens. Mate majeurs, lower masts, standing masts. Mate a puble, pole mast. Mate de partillon, flag staff. Mate de rechange, spare masts. Mate composé or mate de plusieurs pièces ou de la composé or mate de partieurs pièces ou de la composé or mate de partieurs pièces ou de la composé or mate de partieurs pièces ou de la composé or mate de partieurs pièces ou de la composé or mate de partieurs pièces ou de la composé or mate de partieurs pièces ou de la composé ou de la compo mas compose or was as pouncurs preces or was as pouncurs preces or was as pouncurs preces or sends disassemblage, made mast. Mát de fortune, jury mast; also spare mast. Mát force or tendu or dejeté, wrung mast. Mát brist, rough mast. Mát d'un brist, mast made of a single mast. stick. Mat de cinq or de sept pièces, mast made of five or seven pieces. Mile or arbre de mestre, main mast (of a rebee, feducea, etc. in the dialect of Provence.) Mas or arbre de triaquet, fore-mast (of the like vessels in the same dialect.) Etre à mâts et à cordez, to be under bare poles. MAT, mat, s. m. mate. Echer et mat,

gheck-mate. Donner echec et mat, to checkmate. Rest mat, he is check-mated or mated.

MATADOR, måt, adj. unpolished, unwrought. MATADOR, må-tå-dör, s. m. matadore.

MATAMORE, ma-ta-mor, s. m. bully, brawado. Matamore, s. f. dungeon.

MATASSIVADE, s. f. wanton trick, frolick. *MATASSINER, v. a. to play the wanton, be frolicksome, caper about.

MATASSINS, s. m. pl. matachin (sort of dance:) also matachin dancers.

MATE, E, adj. Mar. masted, furnished with masts. Mate en vaisseau, masted like a ship. Mate en heu, masted like a Dutch hoy. Mate à calcet, masted for lateen sails. Mate en fourche or à corne, masted with a standing gaff (like a Dutch galliot.) Mate à pible,

pole-masted. Hast mate, taunt masted. V Hant.

Maté, (at chess) mate or mated; dejected, quelled, mortified, etc. V. Mater. MATELAS, ma-tla, s. m. mattress, quilt;

also squab, cushion.

MATELASSER, må-tlå-så, v. a. to cover or furnish with mattresses or squabs or cushions.

MATELASSIER, må-tlå-siå, s. m. mattress-

maker, ec. MATELOT, må-tib, s. m. Mar. snilor. Matelots gardiens. V. Gardiens. Vaisseau matelot, consort or second (to a ship in a fleet or squadron.) Mutelot d'avant, leader or second a-head. Le Terrible étoit notre matelot d'avant, et l'Intrépide celui d'arrière, the Terrible was our second a-head, and the Intrepid our second a-stern. Matelots provenant de la presse, pressed men.

MATELOTAGE, må-tlo-tåz, s. m. seaman's

pay.

MATELOTE, ma-tlôt, s. f. fish dressed as sailors dress theirs. A la matelot, seaman-like or an sailors do.

MATER, ma.th, v. a. to mortify, macerate, weaken, keep under; to dash, damp, blunt, harass, tire out, quell, break, bear down, harass, tire out, quell, breas, ucas daunt, take down, curb; to mate (at chess.) bitiment, to mast a ship. Mater l'étambord d'un bâtiment, to erect the stern-post of a ship. Mâter une épontille, to set a shore an-end. Mâter une épontille par le shore an-end. Mâter une épontille par le shore an-end. ter des bigues, to set up a pair of sheers in a dock-yard. Mûte le canot, toss the bout's masts up.

MATEREAU, s. m. Mar. small mast, spar. MATÉRIALISME, må-tå-riå-lism, s. m.

materialism.

MATÉRIALISTE, må-tå-riå-list, s. m. materialist

MATÉRIALITÉ, må-tå-tå-tl-tå, s. f. materiality.

MATERIAUX, ma-ta-rio, s. m. pl. materials. MATERIEL, LE, må-tå-rël, adj. material; coarse, thick, beavy, lumpish, dull. MATERIELLEMENT, må-tå-riël-mën, adv

materially.

MATERNEL, LE, ma-ter-nel, adj. motherly, maternal, of or belonging to the mother. MATERNELLEMENT, må-ter-nel-men,adv.

motherly, like a mother.

MATERNITÉ, må-ter-ni-tå, s. f. maternity,

motherhood. MATEUR, s. m. Mar. mast-maker

MATHÉMATICIEN, må-tå-må-tl-sien, s. m. mathematician.

MATHÉMATIQUE, må-tå-må-tik, adj. mathematical.

MATHÉMATIQUEMENT,må-tå-må-tik-mên, adj. mathematically.

MATHEMATIQUES, s. f. pl. mathematics. MATIÈRE, ma-tlèr, s. f. matter; stuff; substance; subject; cause, reason, account, occasion; pus; excrement; bullion. tière de, in point of, in business of.

MATIN, må-tin, s. m. morning, forenoon.

Demain matin or demain au matin, to-morrow morning.

MATIN, ma-tin, s. m. great cur, mastiff dog. Un grand vilain mdtin, a great lubberly

MATIRAL, ma-tl-nal. V. Matineus. MATINÉE, må-tl-nå, s. f. morning.

buse, but : jeune, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon . brun.

snub, raule.

MATINES, må-tin, s. f. pl. matins, morning prayers.
MATIREU-X, SE, må-ti-nèu, nèuz, adj. that

rises betimes, early riser.

MATINIER, E., ma-d-nia, nier, adj. Ex.
L'étoile matinière, the morning star.
MATIR, v. a. to make unpolished.

MATOIS, E, må-twå, twåz, adj. & s. cunning, sharp. Un fin matois, a cunning blade, a sharper. Une fine matoise, a cunning gipsy. MATOISERIE, må-twåz-rl, s. f. cunning est, trick.

MATOU, ma-too, s. m. boar cat.

MATRAS, ma-tra, s. m. arrow for a cross bow, matrass.

MATRICAIRE, s. f. mother-wort.

MATRICE, ind-tris, s. f. womb, matrice, matrix; mould; also matrix (of mint-men and letter founders.)

MATRICE, adj. Ex. Eglise matrice, mother church. Langue matrice, mother tongue. Coulaw matrice, simple, unmixed colour.

MATRICIDE, s. m. matricide.

MATRICULAIRE, ma-tri-kd-ler, adj. matriculate.

MATRICULE, må-trl-kul, s. f. matriculation book or register.

MATRIMORIAL, E, ma-trl-mô-nial, adj. matrimonial.

MATROEZ, må-tròn, s. f. matron; also mid-

MATURATI-F, ve, må-tå-rå-tif, tiv, adj. maturative or conducive to the suppuration

MATURATION, må-tò-rà-slon, s. f. maturation

MATURE, matur, s.f. masting or art of masting or manner of masting or masting machine; also all the masts (of a ship;) and a general name for the masts and yards. V. Hout. Notre mature est sur tribord, our masts hang over starboard. Votre vaisseau a maintenent sa mâture complète, your ship's masts and yards are now all made. Mâture de lougre,

way or manner of masting a lugger.

MATURITE, ma-to-ri-ta, s. f. maturity,

MATUTINAL, E, adj. of or belonging to the

MAUDIRE, mò-dir, v. a. to curse or accurse.

MAUDISSON, s. m. curse. MAUDIT, E, mo-dl, dit, adj. cursed, ac-

MAUGÈRE, s. f. Mar. cow-hide. Clou à

magère, scupper nail.
*Maugerelleu, interj. deuce take it.
*Maugerelleu, mò-gré-à, v. a. & n. to curse

or swear. MAUPITRU-X, SE, adj. Ex. Faire le maupi-

tax, to white, complain, groan.

MAUSOLEE, mo-zo-la, s. m. mausoleum.

MAUSOLEE, mo-sad, adj. slovenly, sluttish,
many, disagreeable.

MAUSSADZMENT, mo-sad-men, adv. slo-

venly, stuttishly, nastily, disagreeably.
MAUSSADERIE, a f. slovenliness, clumsiness. MAUVAIS, SE, mò-vè, vèz, adj. ill, evil, bad, singity; burful, unwholesome; ominous; ill, trunblesome, dangerous, mischievous, un-lacky. Tranci me chose mangaite, not to

MATIRER, ma-il-nh, v. a. to line (as a like a thing. Manuaise sauté, imperfect health. cur does a bitch;) to abuse (with words,) Prendre en manuaise part, to take ill. Manuais Prendre en manvaise part, to take ill. Manvais temps, Mar. stormy weather. Manvais temps, Mar. foul wind.

MEC

MAUVAIS, s. m. bad, bad thing, bad things; troublesome or quarrelsome or noisy fellow. Faire le mauvais, to be obstreperous. Il faut prendre le bon et le mauvais, one must take the good with the bad.

MAUVAIS, adv. Sentir mannais, to have an ill-smell, to stink. Trouver manais, to find fault with: take ill, take offence at. Il fait manuais, it is dangerous, it is not safe.

MAUVE, mov, s. f. mallows.

MAUVIETTE, mò-viêt, s. f. kind of lark. MAUVIS, mò-vi, s. m. mavis (a sort of. thrush.)

MAUX, the pl. of *mal*. V. *Mal*. MAIX, the pl. of *mal*. er, adj. maxillar. MAXIME, måk-slm, s. f. maxim, rule, principle, axiom.

MAYON, s. m. mayoon, (a Chinese coin.) MAZETTE, ma-zet, s. f. tit or sorry little horse; also bungler, novice at any game.

ME, me, (pronoun) me; to me, me; for me; (with reflective verbs) me, myself, to me, to myself; Me voici, here am I. Vous me donnez, you give me or to me. Vous m'aimez, you love me. Ne m'en parlez plus, say no more to me about it. Vous m'y attendrez, you will attend me thither.

MÉANDRE, ma-éndr, s. m. meander, mazc. MÉCANICIEN, må-kå-nl-slên, s. m. mecha-

niciaņ. MÉCANIQUE, må-kå-nik, s. m. mechanicks, mechanism.

MÉCANIQUE, adj. mechanical, mechanick : pitiful, sordid, mean.

MÉCANIQUEMENT, må-kå-nik-men. mechanically; meanly, sordidly, pitifully.

MECANISME, ma-ka-nism, s. m. mechanism.

MÉCHAMMENT, må-shå-mên, adv. wickedly, perfidiously; treacherously.

MÉCHANCETÉ, ma-shèns-ta, s. f. wickedness, malice; wicked act; roguish trick,

roguery, evil propensity.

MECHANT, E, ma-shen, shent, adj. ill, evil, bad, naughty, scurvy; sad, sorry, pitiful, pal-try, silly, wretched, mischievous, unlucky, arch, roguish; wicked.

MECHANT, s. m. ill or wicked man. Faire le mechant, to bully, huff, hector.

MECHE, mesh, s. f. match or cotton (of a MECHE, mesh, s. 1. match or cotton (of a comp.) wick (of a condle.) match (for gams.) worm (of a cork screw.) also tinder, point (of a wimble.) Mar. Meche à cauon, match or quick match. Mêche du gouvernail, main piece or chock of the rudder. Mêche du cabestan, barrel of the capstan. Mêche d'un most main or middle piace of a lease and match main or middle piace of a lease and match main or middle piace of a lease and match main or middle piace of a lease and match main or middle piace of a lease and match main or middle piace of a lease and match main or middle piace of a lease and match main or middle piace of a lease and match main or middle piace of a lease and match main or middle piace of a lease and match main or middle piace of a lease and match mát, main ar middle piece of a lower mast (when composed of several pieces.)

MÉCHEF, mā-shēf, s. m. mischief, mis-

hap. Мя́снея, mā-shā, v. a. to fumigate (a cask) with burning brimstone. MECHOACAN, s. m. white rhuberb.

MÉCOMPTE, mà-kont, s. m. mistake or misreckoning, miscalculation.
MECOMPTER, ma-kon-ta, v. n. Se mecomp-

ter, v. r. to misreckon, mistake, be under a mistake.

MÉCONIUM, må-kô-niôm, s. m. meconium; juice of poppy.

bắr, bắt, bằse : thère, ẽbb, ơvềr : field, fig : ròbe, rồb, lord : mòod, good.

MÉCONNOISSABLE, må-kô-nê-sabl, adj. not easily recognised.
*MECONNOISSANCE, s. f. ingratitude, un-

gratefulness, unthankfulness.

MÉCONNOISSANT, E. må-kô-nê-sên, sênt,

adj. ungrateful, unthankful.

MÉCONNOITRE, må-kô-netr, v. a. (See the table at oftre) not to know, take for another; to forget. Se méconnoître, v. r. to forget one's former low condition, disavow one's relations.

MÉCONTU, E, adj. not known, forgotten. MÉCONTENT, E, må-kon-tèn, tènt, adj. discontented, ill-satisfied, dissatisfied.

MÉCONTERS, s. m. pl. malecontents, discontented people.

MECONTENTEMENT, ma-kon-tent-men, s. m. discontent, dissatisfaction, disaffection. MÉCONTENTER, v. a. to discontent, dissa-

tisfy, displease.
"Mécréant, må-krå-en, s. m. miscreant,

infidel.

MÉCREDI, V. Mercredi.

*MÉCROIRE, v. a. (like croire) to disbelieve

MÉDAILLE, mh-dhl, s. f. medal. La médaille est renversée, the tables are turned, the case is altered.

MÉDAILLIER, må-då-få, s. m. cabinet of

medals.

MEDAILLISTE, må-då-dst, s. m. medallist. MÉDAILLON, ma-dà-lon, s. m. medallion. MÉDECIN, mad-sin, s. m. physician, doctor of physick.

MÉDECINE, måd-sån, s. f. physick; medi-

cine, purge, dose.

MÉDECINER, mad-d-na, v. a. to physick. MÉDIANE, adj. & s. f. Ex. La veine médiane or la médiane, the median vein.

MÉDIANCER, s. m. fiesh-meal, just after midnight (among the Roman catholicks.)
MÉDIANTE, må-dl-ent, s. f. (in musick) me-

mi. Mediastin,s.m.mediastimm (*in anatomy*.) Médiat, e, må-dià. åt, adj. mediate. Médiatement, må-diàt-mên, adv. medi-

ately, by means.

MEDIATEUR, må-dl-å-teur, s. m. mediator.

MEDIATION, må-dl-å-slon, s. m. mediation.

MÉDIATRICE, s. m. mediatrix. *MÉDIATRICE, adj. Ex. Des puissances mé-

diatrices, mediating powers.

MEDICAL, E, må-di-kål, adj. medical. MEDICAMENT, ma-dl-ka-men, s. m. me-

dicament, medicine.

MÉDICAMENTAIRE, adj. that treats of medicaments.

MÉDICAMENTAL, E, adj. medicamental, physical, medicinal.

MÉDICAMENTER, mà-dl-kà-mèn-tà, v. a. to give or apply medicaments, to physick.

MÉDICAMENTEU-x, se, mà-dl-kà-mèn-tèu, tèux, adj. medicamental.

MEDICINAL, E, ma-di-si-nal, adj. physical,

medicinal, healing.
MEDIOCRE, ma-dlokr, adj. moderate, indifferent, mean, middle, ordinary, neither too

big nor too little.
MÉDIOCREMENT, må-dlokr-men, adv. indifferently, so so. Avoir du bien médiocrement, to have a comfortable estate.

MEDIOCRITÉ, ma-diò-kri-tà, s. f. medio

crity, mean, medium, moderation.

MEDIRE de, ma-dir-de, v. n. (like dire, except the second person plural of the present indicative, and of the imperative, nous médisex, medisex) to slander, rail, speak ill of, revile, backbite, detract, traduce.

M£DISANCE, må-di-zèns, s. f. slander, slan-

dering, obloquy, detraction, evil speaking, railing, reviling or vilifying, backbiting, tra-

ducing.

MEDISANT, E, mh-dl-zen, zent, adj. & s. slanderous, slandering, fool-mouthed, apt to slander detracting, abusive, apt to rail at, backbiting, backbiter, slanderer, railing person, ill tongue.

MEDITATI-F, VE, ml.-dl-tå-df, thv.adi. me-

ditative.

MEDITATION, mid-di-th-sion, s. f. meditation. Faire quelque méditation sur, to moditate flect upon.

MEDITER, må-dl-tå, v. a. & n. to meditate, think, muse or reflect, consider; also to project, design or intend.

MEDITERRANIE, må-dl-te-rå-nå, adj. me-

diterrancen, inland. La seer Méditerrance or la Méditerrance, the Mediterrancen sea. Míditus, mà-dlòm, s. m. medium; also a

MÉDOC, s. m. Medoc-stone. MÉDULLAIRE, ma-dù-lèr, adj. meduliar. *MÉFAIRE,mà-fèr, v n. (like faire) to misdo, do wrong.
*MEFAIT, s. m. misdeed.

METIANCE, ma-flène, s. f. distrust, mistrust, diffidence, suspicion, jealousy.

METIANT, E, må-fl-èn, ént, adj. distrustful,
mistrustful, apt to mistrust, diffident.

METIER, (SE) sò-mà-fl-à, de, v. r. to dis-

trust, mistrust, suspect.
*Miggard E, ma-gard, s. f. over-sight, heedlessness, carelessness, inadvertency. Par megarde, heedlessly, inadvertently.

Migire, ma-zer, s. f. bitter scold, shrew. MEGIE, s. f. tawing or dressing of a delicate skin for gloves, purees, etc.

Magasserie, ma-ris-ri, s. f. tawer's trade.

MEGISSIER, må-zi-sik, s. m. tawer.

MEIGLE, S. f. a sort of pickaxe.

MEILLEUR, R., me-four, lour, adj. better.

Le meilleur, the best, the best way. Le meilleur

du conte, the cream of the jest or story.

MÉLANCOLIE, må-lèn-kö-ll, s. f. melancho-

ly, black choler; sadness.
Milancolique, må-len-kö-lik, adj. & s. melancholy, sad, gloomy; melancholy man or woman MÉLANCOLIQUEMENT, må-lên-kô-lik-mên,

adv. in a melancholy manner, sadly.

Malangz, malenz, s.m. mixture, medley,

mingling or mixing, alloy.

MELANGER, ma-len-ra, v. a. to mingle or

mix together, blend.

MÉLASSE, s. f. molasses, treacle. "MÉLE, V. Nefle.

MELÉ, E, adj. mingled, mixed, blended, etc. V. Méler.

MELEAGRIS, s. f. fritillary.

M2LER, mè-là, s. f. fight, battle, engage-ment; fray, shuffle, altercation, dispute. M2LER, mè-là, v. a. to mingle, mix, blend;

to entangle or ravel; (une servere) to break. Meler queiques mots pour rire dans son dis-cours, to interlard one's discourse with some pleasant jests. Be meler, v. r. to mingle or bûse, bût : jêûne, mêute, bêurre : ênfânt, cênt, liên : vin : mon : brun.

mix together; mix or couple promiscuously; meddle or intermeddle, go among, intrude one's self. Se meler de, to meddle with, be concerned in, take upon one's self.

MELET, me-le, s. m. sort of sea-fish (a foot

MELET, mo-le, s. m. sort of sea-use (a loot long, but not bigger than one's little finger.)
MELETTE, s. l. sprat or sea-groundling.
MÉLER, mà-lès, s. f. larch tree.
MÉLILOT, mà-lè-lò, s. m. melilot.
MÉLISER, mà-lè, s. f. baim-gentle,
MÉLIODIE, mà-lò-dì, s. f. melody, harmony,

MÉLODIEUSEMBNT, må-lô-dì-èuz-mên, adv.

iv. melodiously, harmoniously, musically. MELODIEU-x, SZ, ml-18-cl-eu, euz, adj. melodious, harmonious, musical, well tuned.
Mz.co., me-lon, s. m. melon.

"MELOFFIER, E, s. m. & f. one that sells meions MELONWIRE, mê-lô-niêr, s. f. bed of me-

MÉMARCHURE, må-mår-shår, s. f. sprain (in a horse.)

MEMBRANE, mén-bran, s. f. membrane. MEMBRANEU-X, SE, mén-bra-néu, néuz, adj. membranous.

MEMBRE, menbr, s. m. member; limb; (of real) joint; (in architecture) moulding. Mem-bres d'un béteiment, Mar. ribs of a ship, timbers of a ship.

MEMBRU, E, mèn-brů, brů, adj. strong or

well-limbed.

MEMBRURE, men-brur, s. f. squares in which passels are put; also split board or shingle; and cord to measure wood. Membrure, Mar. ribs or frames of a ship.

brure. Mar. ribs or frames of a ship.

Mans, mem, adj. same, all one, self; same, par same. Moi-même, toi-même, hai-même, lei-même, hai-même, cous-même, it is the same thing, it is all one. C'est la chose même, it is the thing itself, it is the very thing. Vous tee la bonté même, you are all goodness, you are goodness itself. C'est la chose même que je cous ai dite, it is the very thing which I told you.

Mans, actv. even, over and above, very.

MRME, adv. even, over and above, very. Et même, and even. Mais même, but even. Non pas même pour cent livres, no, not for a mundred pounds. De même, tout de même, so, just so, thus, in like manner. De même so, just so, time, in like manner. De meme que, tout de même que, as, even as, just as. Quand même, quand bien même, though, even though. Lors même que, even when, at the very time when. A même (with être, mettre, laisser, and the like) within reach, at the fountain head, in the best situation possible for doing a thing; hence it is that, être à même, means to a offer a desire de même, the notes to he offer and mettre à même means to means to be able, and mettre à même means to enable, mut in a condition. Boire à même la bouteille, to drink out of the bottle. Vous aimes les figues, en woilà, vous étes à même, yon like fign, there are some, inclulge your taste or est se many as you please.

MEMERET, mem-men, adv. likewise, in

ike manner. Mźwento, s. m. memento.

MÉMOIRE, ma-mwar, s. f. memory, rebrance, name, repute. Les filles de mémoire, the muses.

Mémoire, s. m. memorandum, note, memo-rial, bill. Mémoire, s. m. pl. memoirs. Mémo RABLE, ma-mò-rabl, adj.memorable.

"MÉMORATI-F, VE, adj. that remembers. MÉMORIAL, mi-mq-rial, s. m. memorial, monument; waste-book

MENACANT, E, mo-nà-sen, sent, adj. me-nacing, threatening.

MENACE, me-nas, s. f. threat, threatening, menace.

MEHACER, mê-nâ-sh, v. a. to threaten, m nace, swagger, huff, vapour. Bâtiment qui menace ruine, building in docay or roady to fall.

MENACEUR, s. m. threatener, swaggerer. MENADE, må-nåd, s. f. priestem of Bac-

MÉRAGE, må-nåz, s. m. house, household, family; house-keeping; goods, household stuff; husbandry, housewifery, sparingness. C'est an henreux ménage, they are a happy couple. Mettre une fille en mémage, to marry a girl. Se m stre en ménage, to marry. Tenir ménage, to keep house. Remuer ménage, to remove. Vivre de ménage, to live sparingly. Gâte ménage, retrenchment of expenses.

MÉNAGEMENT, må-nåz-men, s. m. regard,

respect, caution, discretion; also manage-

ment, conduct.

MENAGER, må-nå-zå, v. a. to husband or spare; to manage, mind, take a special care of; to conduct; to manage, procure; to make a prudent use of; to be frugal or sparing; to forbear being troublesome to; to have a repard or respect for, keep fair with, use gently, humour. Ménager l'occasion, to improve an opportunity. It was a rien à ménager accer hei, there are no more measurest to be taken with him. Ménager, Mar. Ménageons nos sates de hume, nous n'en avons plus de rechange, let us favour our top-masts, we have no spare ones left. Nous devrious plus menager notre eau, we should be more careful of our water. Se ménager, v. r. to take care or make much of one's self. Se ménager bien avec tout le monde, to live

well or be on good terms with every body.

MENAGER, E, må-nå-zå, zèr, adj. de s,
thrifty, frugal, saving, sparing, provident;
thrifty or saving person, careful or provident
person. Ménagere, house-keeper.

MÉNAGERIE, må-nåz-rå, s. f. yard for poulter boars etter managere.

MENDIANT, E, menagerie.

MENDIANT, E, men-dlen, dlent, adj. & s. begging, beggar. Des quatre mendians, as dish of rainins, fign, almonds, and filberts.

MENDICITÉ, men-dl-d-th, s. f. beggary or

begging.
MENDIER, men-dl-k, v. a. to beg, beg for.
MENDIE, s. f. a sort of sea-fish found in the Mediterranean sea.

MENÉ, E, adj. carried, led, brought, etc. V. Mener. Menée, mê-na, s. f. secret contrivance, un-

derhand dealing, plot, conspiracy.

MENER, mê-nê, v. a. to lead; to carry, bring; command; drive (animals;) to lead shout, amuse, keep at bay; to carry on; to govern, lead by the nose. Mener dis bruit, to make a noise. Mener quelqu'un durement, to make a noise. Mener quelqu'un aurement, to une one scurvily, abuse one. Mener quelqu'un doucement, to use one gently. L'or et l'argent ne le ménent pas, gold or silver cannot prevail with him or have no power over bar, bat, base : thère, êbb, ovêr : field, fig : rôbe, rôb, lôrd : môod, gôod.

MESURER, me-20-rh, v. a. to measure, rate, proportion. Se mesurer aver quelqu'un, v. r. to compare one's self with one, vie with one.

MESUREUR, mê-zû-rêur, s. m. measurer,

MÉSUSER de, v. n. to misuse, abuse, make an ill-use of.

MÉTACARPE, s. m. metacarpus. MÉTACENTRE, s. m. Mar. metacentre.

MÉTACHRONISME, s. m. metachronism. MÉTAIRIE, ma-tê-ri, s. f. farm let out.

MÉTAL, mà-tàl, s. m. metal. MÉTALEPSE, s. f. metalepsis.

MÉTALLIQUE, må-tål-lik, adj. metallick, metalline.

MÉTALLIQUE, s. f. metallurgy.

METALLISER, v. a. to impregnate with

metal, give a metalline form.

METALLURGIE, ma-th-lur-zi, s. f. metal-

lurgy. MÉTALLURGISTE, må-tå-lår-zist, s. m. me-

tallurgist.
METANORPHOSE, må-tå-mör-föz, s. f. metamorphosis; transformation, change.

MÉTAMORPHOSÉ, E, adj. metamorphosed, turned. Il est tout métamorphosé, he is quite altered, he is quite another man.

MÉTAMORPHOSER, mà-tà-mòr-fò-zà, v. a. to metamorphose, transform or turn. Se métamorphoser, v. r. to transform one's self, change.

Мя́тарноки, må-tå-för, s. f. metaphor. Митарнокі que, må-tå-fö-rik, adj. metaphorical, figurative.

MÉTAPHORIQUEMENT, mà-tà-fò-rik-mên,

metaphorically, figuratively. METAPHRASE, s. f. metaphrase

METAPHRASTE, ma-th-irast, s. m. literal

translator.

MÉTAPHYSICIEN, mà-th-fl-zl-sièn, s. m.

adv. metaphysician. METAPHYSIQUE, ma-th-fl-sik, adj. meta-

physical, abstracted.

METAPHYSIQUE, s. f. metaphysicks.

MÉTAPILYSIQUEMENT, ma-ta-fl-alk-men, adv. metaphysically.

METAPHYSIQUER, v. a. to treat in a metaphysical manner, treat abstractly.

MÉTAPLASME, s. m. metaplasm. MÉTASTASR, mà-ils-ikz, s. m. metastasis.

MÉTATARSE, s. m. metatarsus.

MÉTATHÈSE, mà-tà-tèz, s. f. metathesis. MÉTAYER, mà-tè-yà, s.m. who hires a farm. Métayère, mà-tè-yèr, s. f. farmer's wife or

MÉTEIL, mà-tèl, s. m. meslin, mixed grain. MÉTEMPSYCOSE, mà-tènp-si-kôz, s. f. metempsychosis or transmigration of souls.

MÉTÉORE, mà-tà-òr, s. m. meteor. MÉTÉOROLOGIE, s. f. meteorolog

MÉTÉOROLOGIQUE, må-tà-ô-rô-lô-zik,adj. meteorological.

MÉTHODE, mk-tôd, s. f. method, order, way. Un discours suns méthode, an immetho-

dical discourse.

MÉTHODIQUE, mà-tô-dik, adj. methodical. METHODIQUEMENT, må-tô-dik-mên, adv. methodically.

MÉTIER, må-tlå, s. m. trade or handicraft, profession, business, company of tradesmen; (de tisserand) loom; (de brodeur) frame. Petit métier, sort of cake. Un homme de métier, a tradesman. Un gâte-métier, a martrade.

MÉTI-r, ve, or MÉTIS, SE, mà-ds, adj. mongrel. Chien métis, mongrel dog. "MÉTIVAGE, s. m. duty upon corn.

*MÉTIVE, s. f. harvest or harvest time.

"Mitivier, s. m. barvest-man, resper. Mitonymie, må-tô-nl-mì, s. f. metony-

MÉTONYMIQUE, adj. metonymical.

MÉTOPE, s. m. metope

MÉTOPOSCOPIE, mà-tô-pôs-kô-pi, s. f. me-

toposcopy, divination by one's face.
"METRE, metr, s. m. metre, verse-measure, numbers.

MÉTRIQUE, adj. metrical.

METROMANE, s. m. who has a violent desire of making verse MÉTROMANIE, ma-tro-mà-al. s. f. poetical

madness, violent desire of making verses.

METROPOLE, ma-tro-pol, s. f. metropolis

a metropolitan or capital city, archbin

MÉTROPOLITAIN, må-trò-pò-li-tin, s. m. metropolitan or archbishop.
MÉTROPOLITAIN, E, må-trò-pò-li-tin, tèn,

adj. metropolitan or archiepiscopal. METS, me. s. m. mess, dish. METTABLE, me tabl, adj. wearable, pass-

able, that will pass or go.

METTEUR, s. m. Ex. Metteur en centure, stone-setter.

METTRE, metr, v. a. to put, to set, lay, place. Metre le seems à une affaire, to make an end of a business, conclude it, to sign and seal. Metre au desepoir, to drive to de-spair. Metre en cente, to expose to male, to vend. Mettre quelque chose sous les pieds, to trend a thing under foot, slight it. pass. Mettre aux about to put at bay, to drive to extremity. Mettre aux about to put at bay, to pas or au galop, to make a horse pace or gallop. Mettre la paix dans une maison, to set all right in a house. Mettre en haleine, to inure. Mettre en murique, to set to musick. Mettre en tête, to oppose. Mettre du Français en Anglais, to put or translate or turn French into English. Mettre par terre, mettre à bas, to throw or pull down. Mettre en terre, to put into the ground, bury. Mettre dehors, to turn out. Mettre en prine, to bring into trouble, trouble, make uneasy, per-plex, grieve. Mettre la tête d'un homme à prir, to set a price upon a man's head. Mettre en pièces, to cut, pull or tear in pieces.
Mettre son argent à intérêt, to put one's money
to use. Mettre en gage, to pawn. Mettre es poudre, to reduce to powder. Mettre quel en jeu, to bring one into play. Mettre ch de l'emi, to warm water, get water warn Mettre secher du linge, to set linen to dry.
Mettre bas, to bring forth young. Mettre sa
table, to set the table. Mettre de côté, to lay up (money.) Se mettre, v. r. to put one's self, set one's self, etc. Mettez-vous denent moi, stand before me. Se mettre en disposition de faire. . Se mettre en état or en devoir at Blat, Devoir. Se mettre à pleurer, to fall a crying, begin to cry. Se mettre à l'étude de la plilosophie, to betake one's self to the study of philosophy. Se mettre a son sise, to take one's ease. Se mettre à l'ombre, to go to or get into the shade. Se mettre as reputation. to get a name. Se mettre mal à la cour, to

base, bût : jeune, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon . brun.

grow out of favour at court. Se mettre sur so quant à moi, to stand upon high terms, talk big. Be mattre bien, to dress well or to the best advantage. Be mattre agree quelqu'en, to full upon one. Se mettre en possessione, to enter into or take possession. Se mettre à la raison, to be rated by reason; also to bid any thing reasonable, make a fair offer. Se mettre, to dress one's self.

Matre, v. a. Mar. Mettre à bord, to ship, put on board. Mettre à la voile or sous voile. to set sail, get under sail or under way. Mettre de la coile, to make sail. Mettre les rolles as vent, to set the sails. Mettre les voiles as vent, to set the sails. Mettre les voiles au le mât, to back the sails. Mettre dehors or à la mer, to put to sea. V. Ligne of wind.) Mettre en passe or en travers, to bring to (a fore or main top-sail to the mail.) Mettre de main top-sail to the mail. fattre à ser, to hand all. Mettre les voiles as see, to loose sails to dry. Mettre dehors an bition de fac, to get out a jib-boom. Met-tre dehors an boute-hors, to rig out a boom. lettre toutes les voiles dehors or mettre tout dehors, to crowd sail, set every sail that can draw. Mestre la bouée à Peau, to stream the busy. Mettre du monde sur une manacu-tre, to man a rope. Mettre le gun au repor or ner la corne, to crutch the boom. Mettre le les en tranches or en compartimens, to trench the ballant. Mettre la batterie à Peau, to haed or lie along so as to bring the guns into the water. Metire le cap en route, to steer the course. Metire le fess à un bâtiment, to set fire to a vessel. Metire l'esname entre deux feux, to place the enemy between two fres. Mettre le platford à l'ens, to be down upon the beam ends. Mettre les canons dens la cale, to strike the guns down into the hold. Metre les embarcations à bard or à la mer, to hoist the boats in or out. Met-fre ses couleurs, to hoist the colours. Mettre le comuoi en alreté, to pluce the convoy in sufety. Mettre un bâtiment en radoub, or en refente, to put a vessel under a partial er roogh repair.

MEUNLE, menth, adj. & s. movemble, per-nal goods or estate, piece of furniture. 'ore menthel, light soft ground. Menhles, menhald goods or household staff, furniture, Tore s

MEDBLAR, měu-blž, v. a. to furaish, stock Mévendre, mk-vondr, Mévente.

omare, etc.

MEUGLEMENT, méugi-mên, s. m. bellow-

g er lowing.

MEGULEN, men-gith, v. n. to bellow or low.
MEGULEN, metal, s. f. mill-stone; grindingstone; (de foin) mow or seck; (de paille)
stack; cabbage or burt (on a sag's horns.)
MEGULENE, s. f. mill-stone quarry.

MEUNIER, med-nik, s. m. miller; pollard (t £

Sah.)
Mossière, mêu-nièr, s. f. miller's wife.

MEURTRE, mêurtr, s. m. murder.

MEURTRI, E, adj. bruised, black and blue,

MEURTREER, R, meur-tris, er, adj. &s s.

MEURTRIÈRE, s. f. loop-hole.

MEGRTRIE, mour-trir, v a. to bruise; also murder.

MECRTRISSURE, meur-tri-sor, s. f. bruise, contusion.

leuse, s. f. (river) Macse. .

MEUTE, meut, s. f. pack or cry er kennel (of bounds.)

MEXICAIN, R, adj. & s. Mexican, of Mexico. MEXIQUE, s. m. Mexico.

Mizeline, s. f. kind of liney-wolsey.

Mázíráun, s. m. mezereon.

AEZZARINE, s. f. order of architecture two stories high.

MEZZO-TINTO, s. m. mezzo tinto.

M1, ml, s. m. (note of murick) mi. M1, mid, middle. La mi-août, the middle of August. La mi-mai, the middle of May. La mi-caréme, mid-lent. La mi-té, mid-summer. A mi-chemin, half-way. A mi-jambe, to the middle of the leg. Portrait or figure à mi-corps, half length picture or figure, etc. A mi-mat, Mar. at half mast.

MIASMES, S. m. pl. missm.
MIAULEMENT, mid-men, s. m. mewing.
MIAULER, mid-là, v. n. to mew.
MICHE, mish, s. f. small loaf of bread.

Miche, s. m. nizy, cully.

MICHAC, mik-mak, s. m. secret manage-ment, knack, mystery.

MICROCOSHE, ml-krô-kôsm, s. m. micro-

MICROGRAPHIE, s. f. micrography, MICROMETRE, ml-krd-metr, s. m. micro-

MICROSCOPE,ml-krôs-kôp,s.m.microscope. MIDI, ml-dl, s. m. south, noon, midday, twelve o'clock. Du côte du midi, southward.

Mir, ml, s. f. soft part (of bread;) (acid of a surse) dear; also not, nane. Tu wen thic-rat mie, thou shalt have none of it.

MIEL, miel, s. m. boney, (rosée) honey dew. Ruche à miel, bee-hive

MIELLEU-X, SE, mièl-leu, lèuz, adj. ho-nied. Vin mielleux, luscious wine. Un ton mielleux, a silky tone.

MIEN, NE, mien, mien, adj. & s. mine, my own; it is now only used with the article, le mien, la mienne, les miens, les miennes, mine. Du mien, de la mienne, des miens, des miennes, of mine, etc.

MIETTE, miet, s. m. crum, little crum; little bit.

MIEUX, mi-eu, adv. better, more, rather, best. Le mieux, the best. J'aimerois mieux? I had rather. Lequel aimez-rous mieux? which do you love best. A qui mieux mieux; in emulation of one another. Du mieux, tout du mieux, tout au mieux, in the best marmer possible. Il vaut mieux, it is better or more convenient. Il fera de son mieux, he will do his best.

Mizvaz, mievr, adj. unlucky, roguish.

MIÈVRERIE, miè-vrè-ri, s. f. piece of

roguery, prank.
Mignand, z., mi-gnar, gnard, adj. pretty, quaint, nice, delicate, soft, mincing, smooth, fine, tender. Mignard en parcles, fair spoken, smooth-tongued, precise.
MIGNARDÍ, E, adj. dandled, fondled, fad-

dled, cockered.

MIGNARDEMENT. ml-gnård-men, adv. nicely, tenderly, softly.

MIGNARDER, mi-gnar-da, v. a. to dendle, fondle, cocker, also to affect delicacy.

bar, bat, base . thère, êbb, over : field, fig : rôbe, rôb, lôrd : môod, gôod.

MIGNARDISE, ml-gnar-dlz, s. f. delicacy, fineness of features; fair or kind words, endearments, allurements; (in painting) delicacy, beauty; affectation of gentility; sort of gridelin pinks. Mignardise de style, quaintness of speech.

MIGNATURE, V. Miniature.

MIGNON, NE, adj. pretty, delicate, fine. D'une mamère tout à fait mignonne, most delicately. Argent mignon, spare money. Peche mignon, darling sin. Papa mignon, dear papa. Maman mignonne, dear mamma.

MIGNON, NE, ml-gnon, gnon, s. m. & f. minion, darling, favourite.

MIGNORNE, s. f. (in printing) pearl (type.) MIGNONNEMENT, mi-gnon-men, adv. delicately, finely, curiously.

MIGNONNETE, ml-gno-net, s. f. sort of

lace; minionette.

MIGNOTER, mi-gno-th, v. a. to faddle, fon-dle, cocker or dandle.

MIGRAINE, s. f. flattery, caress. MIGRAINE, ml-gren, s. f. megrim, headache.

MIGRATION, ml-gra-slon, s. f. migration. MIJAURER, ml-20-ra, s. f. Ex. Voild une belle mijourée, she is a fine piece indeed (said

of an affected sooman.)
MIL, mil, adj. thousand. Ex. L'an mil huit cent, the year one thousand eight hundred.

Mil., s. m. (grain) millet. Milan, milen, s. m. kite; gurnard (a fish.)

MILANEZ, s. m. Milanese.

MILIAIRE, mî-lî-èr, adj. miliary. MILICE, mî-lîs, s. f. war, warfare, exercise of war; militia, trained bands; soldiers, soldierv

Milicien, mi-li-siên, s. m. militia man.

MILIEU, mi-lieu, s. m. middle, midst; also mean, medium, expedient. Au milieu de, among, amongst. Au milieu de tout cela, jet, sor all that. Milieu du vaisseau, Mar. midships.

MILITAIRE, mi-li-ter, adj. & s. military, warlike, martial; soldier.

MILITAIREMENT, mi-li-ter-men, adv. militarily.

MILITANTE, ml-Il-tent, adj. f. Ex. L'église militante, the church militant.

MILITER, mi-il-ta, v. n. to militate. Cette raison milite contre vous, that reason makes against you.

MILLE, mil, s. m. mile.

MILLE, adj. & s. thousand.

MILLE-PRUILLE, mil-feul, s. f. milfoil, yar-. nose bleed.

MILLE-FLEURS, mil-flèur, s. f. eau de mille fleurs (urine de vache que l'on prend en re-mède) all-flower-water.

MILLENAIRE, mi-la-ner, adj. & s. mille-nary, of a thousand; millenary, thousand years; millenarian.

MILLE-PERTUIS, mil-per John's wort, St. John's grass. mil-pêr-tûi, s. m. St.

MILLE-PIEDS, s. m. millepedes.

MILLESIME, mil-is-zim, s. m. year or date of money or of a medal.

MILLET, mil-is, s. m. millet.

MILLIAIRE, mi-il-er, adj. Ex. Colonne milliaire, mile-stone

MILLIARD, mi-flar, s. m. thousand millions. I dun colou

MILLIASSE, mi-liks, s. f. thousands and thousands; vast number or world.

MILLIEME, mi-ilem, adj. thousandth

MILLIEME, s. m. thousandth part. MILLIER, ml-lik, s. m. thousand; thousand weight.

MILLION, mi-lion, s. m. million, great

MILLIONIÈME, adj. millionth.

MILLIONNAIRE, mi-llo-ner, s. m. extremely rich.
MILORD, mi-lor, s. m. lord.

MIME, mlm, s. f. farce, mime, mimick. MINAGE, mi-nàz, s. m. duty on grain. MINARET, s. m. minaret, dono

MINAUDER, ml-no-dh, v. n. to be full of affected ways, be prim; be precise.

MINAUDERIE, s. f. prim or affected way. MINAUDIER, E, mi-no-dia, dier, adj. & s precise, affected, prim, precise or affected person.

MINCE, miss, adj. thin, small, slender, weak. MINE, min, s. f. mien, looks, outside, countenance; mouth, grimace; looks, show; measure of six bushels; mine; ore; (in fweification) mine. (Grecian maney) pound. Acoir la mine de, to be like, look like. Parter la mine de, to look like, have the face of. Paire la mine de quelqu'un, to look sourly or crabbedly upon one. Faire house mine à quelqu'un, to look sourly or crabbedly upon one. Faire house mine à quelqu'un, to look kind upon one, pretend fair to one. Faire house mine à massais jeu, to set a good face on a bad game. Faire mine de, to seem, make as if, pretend. Pierre de mine, to spring the mine. La mine est éventée, the MINE, min, s. f. mien, looks, outside, coun-

to spring the mine. La mine est éventée, the plot is discovered. MINER, mi-nh, v. a. to mine, undermine, sap, hollow, consume or waste by degrees, impair or weaken by little and little, prey

upon.

MINERAL, ml-na-ral, a. m. mineral, ore. MINÉRAL, E, mi-na-ral, adj. & s. mine-

MINÉRALISATION, s.f. combination of sulphur or arsenick with other mineral bodies MINÉRALOGIE, ml-nh-rh-lò-el, s. f. mine-

ralogy.
MINERALOGIQUE, adj. relating to minera-

logy.
Mingralogist, s. m. mineralogist.

MINERALOGUE, s. m. mineralist. MINET, s. m. MINETTE, mine, net, s. f. puss, kitten.

MINEUR, mi-neur, s. m. miner; also minor or one under age. Les quatre mineurs, the four lesser orders (of the Romish church.)

MINRUR, E, adj. (en bas ége) umde

less, smaller.
MINEURE, s. f. minor, maid under age;
theological disputation; minor proposition of a syllogism; minority or smaller number of

MINIATEUR OF MINIATURISTE, S. M. Miniature painter.

MINIATURE, ml-nl8-tdr, s. f. miniature. MINIÈRE, ml-nl-èr, s. f. mine.

MINIME, ml-nlm, s. m. minim (sort of monk;) also dark brown, tawny or dan colour. Minime, s. f. minim (in musick.)

Minime, adj. of a dark brown, tawny or

bose, bût : jeune, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

MISISTERE, mi-nis-ter, s. m. ministry; office, place; muisters, administration; service, amistance.

MINISTERIAT, s. m. ministry, office of prime minister of state.

"Ministériel, le, ml-nls-tà-rièl, adj. ministerial.

MINISTÉRIELLEMENT, adv. ministerially.

MINISTRE, s. m. minister.

Misson, s. m. minium, red paint. Misson, ml-nwa, s. m. face. *Missois*, Mar. bumpkin, outlicker.

Minon, mi-non, s. m. puss, cat.

Minoratif, s. m. gentle purge. Minorité, mi-nô-ri-tà, s. f. minority; non-

age, under age.
Minor, mi-no, s. m. measure of three

bushels.

MINOTAURE, ml-nô-tôr, s. m. minotaur. MINUIT, ml-nôl, s. m. midnight.

MINUSCULE, ml-nus-kul, s. f. small capital

letter.

MISUTE, mi-nut, s. f. minute, moment, small hand writing, rough or original draught of a writing.

MINUTER, mî-mî-tâ, v. a. todraw up, make a rough draught : to design, purpose, contrive. MINUTIE, ml-nd-sl, s. f. trifle, trifling nice-

MINUTIEU-X, SE, mî-nû-slêu, slêuz, adj. &

A who stands upon trifles.

MI-PARTI, E, mi-par-il, tl, adj. parted, di-vided into two, bipartite. Chambre mi-partie, court of justice whose judges were one hal. Roman catholicks and the other protestants.

ITQUELET, s. m. bandit of the Pyrenees. MIQUELOT, s. m. young pilgrim that begs

his way, hypocritical beggar.

MIRABRILE, ml-rk-bel, s. f. sort of plum.

MIRACLE, ml-rkkl, s. m. miracle, wonder, wondrous thing. A miracle, adv. wonderfully well, extremely well.

MIRACULEU-X, SE, mî-râ-kû-lêu, lêuz, adj. miraculous, wonderful, marvellous, admirable.

MIRACULEUSEMENT, mi-rà-fù-lèuz-mên, adv. miraculously, wonderfully. MIRAGE, s. m. Mar. looming (of a distant

object.)
Mircoton, s. m. sort of yellow peach.
Mirk, mr, s. f. aim. Mettre un canon en mire, to level a gun.

Min z, adj. Ex. Sanglier miré, old wild boar whose tasks are no longer dangerous.

MIRRR, ml-rh, v. a. to aim, take one's aim. Se mirer, v. r. to look in a glass, admire one's ælf.

MIRLICOTON, V. Mircolon.
MIRLIROT, V. Mélilot.

MIRELIDON, mir-mi-don, s. m. small insig-nificant person; also one who presumes to contradict his betters.

MIROIR, mi-rwar, s. m. glass or looking glas; pattern. Miroir ardent, burning glass. Mar. carved work (on the stern of a vessel.)

MIROITÉ. E. adj. dappled back (horse.)
MIROITERIE, ml-rwa-trl, s. f. looking-

glass-trade.

MIROITIER, ml-rwa-tla, s. m. looking-

glass-maker or seller.

Mirottière, s. f. looking-glass-maker's wife. Mis. z., ml, mlz, adj. (from mettre) put, set, laid, etc. Bien mis, well clothed, genteelly or sprucely dressed. Mal mis, ill clad, ill accoutred, in a sad garb or pickle.
MISAINE, ml-zen, s. f. Mar. fore-sail.

MISANTHROPE, mi-zen-trop, s. m. misan-

thrope.

MISANTHROPIE, mi-zen-tro-pi, s. f. misanthropy.

MISCELLANÉES, s. f. pl. miscellany. MISCEBLLITÉ s. f. quality of being miscible. MISCEBLE, ml-slbl, adj. miscible.

Misz, mlz, s. f. expense, disbursement or laing out; stake; bid or bidding. De miss, (anid of money) current, that will pass or go; (of persons) genteel or accomplished; (of things) allowable, that may be admitted.

Misfrable, miserable, add, or poor; wicked, wretched, sad, pitiful,

paltry.

Misérable, s. m. miserable or unfortunate man, wretched man, scoundrel, paltry fellow; also s. f. a decried woman,

MISÉRABLEMENT, ml-zh-rabl-men, adv. miserably, wretchedly, pitifully; wickedly; unhappily; unluckily; sadly, poorly, in misery.

MISERE, ml-zer, s. f. misery, poverty, want : trouble, calamity, misfortune, sad or grievous

thing. Miseres, pl. trifies.
Miseres in trifies.
Miseres in trifies.
Miseres in two will
require to say the psalm "Miserere mes;" a
very short time; also violent colick.

Miséricorde, mi-zà-ri-kôrd, s. f. mercy, pity, compassion, tenderness; goodness; par-don. Crier miséricorde, to cry out for help. Miséricorde! bless me!

MISÉRICORDIBUSEMENT, ml-zå-rl-kor-dl-

cuz-men, adv. mercifully, companionately.

Miskricordizu-x, sk, mi-za-ri-kor-di-cu, èuz, adv. merciful, compassionate, pitiful. MISOGAME, s. m. misogamist.

MISOGAMIE, s. f. misogamy.

MISOGUNE, s. m. misogynist.

MISOCURIE, S. f. misogyny.

MISSEL, ml-sèl, s. m. missel.

MISSEOR, ml-sión, s. f. mission, commission, orders.

Faire la mission, to be a mission, confers. sionary, go on a mission.

MISSIONNAIRE,ml-slo-ner, s.m.missionary. Missive, mi-siv, adj. & s. f. missive, let-

ter sent, letter, epistle.
MITAINE, ml-ten, s. f. mitten. V. Miton.

MITAN, s. m. middle. MITE, mit, s. f. mite.

MITHRIDATE, mî-trì-dat, s. m. mithridate. MITIGATION, ml-tl-gh-sion, s. f. mitigation. MITIGER, ml-tl-za, v. a. to mitigate or al-

leviate.

MITON, ml-ton, s. m. furred glove. Onguent miton-mitaine, remedy that does neither

harm nor good.
MITONNÉ, E, adj. soaked (said of bread is broth.) etc.

MITONNER, mi-to-na, v. a. & n. to soak or let soak (bread in broth,) etc. to cocker, fondle, dandle; to manage tenderly, humour; to ma-

nage gently, let (an affair) ripen. Міточич, нв., ml-twå-yen, yen, adj. mid-

dle. Ex. Un mur mitoyen, a partition wall.
MITRAILLE, mi-trai, s. f. broken brass or copper; old iron; brass made use of to solder iron-monger's ware. Mitraille, Mar. lan grage or langrel. Charge à mitraille, caseshot or canister shot.

MITRE, mltr. s. m. mitre.

bar, bat, base: thère, ebb, over: field, fig: robe, rob, lord: mood, good.

Mirké, mî-trů, adj. mired. Mirkon, mî-trôn, s. m. journeyman baker. Mixre, mîkst, adj. mixed. *Les corps saix*-

ter, mixed bodies. MIXTE, s. m. mixed body.

MINTION, mike-tion,s. f. mixture (of drugs.) MIXTIONNER, miks-tio-na, v. a. to min, mingle.

MOBBY, s. m. mobby, drink made from potatoes.

Mobile, mobil, adj. moveable, moves or may be removed; light, inconstant, changeable, fickle. Fêtes mobiles, moveable

MOBILE, s. m. mover. Le meuvement de-pend nécessairement du mobile, motion does necessairement du mobile, motion does necessairely depend on the body that moves. Le premier mobile, the primum mobile or first

over, also the ring leader. Mobiliaire, adj. & Mobiliar, E, adj. re-

lating to personal property or furniture, etc.

Mobilitz, me-bl-ll-th, s. f. mobility, moveableness

MODALE, adj. f. modal.

Modalité, s. f. modality.
Moda, mod, s. f. mode, fashion, vogue;

way, manner, fashion. Mode, s. m. (manière d'être) modality, manner of existing, (of verbs) mood; (in musick) modulation, measure.

Modele, mô-děl, s. m. model, pattera. Modeler, môd-fâ, v. a. to make a model,

model, fashion. MODERAT-EUR, RICH, mo-da-ra-teur, tris,

s. m. & f. moderator, director; chairman. MODERATION, modera-

tion, temperance; abatement, diminution.
Modifie, m. mo-di-ra, adj. moderated,
abated, allayed; moderate, sober, temperate.
Modifients, mo-di-ra-men, adv. mo-dierately, adv. mo-dierately, adv. mo-dierately, adv. mo-dierately.

derately, soberly, temperately.

MODERER, mo-da-ra, v. a. to moderate, temper, allay, qualify; diminish or lessen, abate. Se moderer, v. r. to refrain, contain one's self, command one's self. Le chand se modère, the heat abates.

MODERNE, mô-dêrn, adj. & s. modern, recent, of this time. Les medernes, the mo-

Moderner, v. a. to modernise.

Modeste, modest, adj. modest, sober, grave, moderate, discreet, humble.

Modestement, modest-mes, adv. mo-

Monastin, mo-des-ti, s. f. modesty, mode-

ration, discretion; bashfulness.
Modicita, mo-di-si-th, s. f. smallness.

MODIFICATI-F, VE, adj. modificable.
MODIFICATION, mo-di-fl-ka-sios, s. f. modification, limitation, restriction, mitigation;

MODIFIER, mo-df-fft, v. a. to modify, limit, moderate, qualify or regulate; to modify, give modality.

MODILLON, modilon, s. m. modillon,

bracket or shouldering piece.

Modique, mô-dik, adj. moderate, small. Modiquement, mô-dik-mên, adv. moderately, but little.

MODULATION, mô-dù-là-slon, s. f. modu-

Module, mô-důl, s. m. model or module (in architecture ;) diameter of a modal.

MODULER, v. a. to modulate.

MOZDE, a. f. moidore.

MOZDLE, mwel, s. f. marrew; substance,
quintestence; pith (of secod.)

MOELLEU-K, sz., mwel-ks, léuz, adj. full
of marrow, pithy; substantial; strong, rich,
racy (wine:) strong, substantial; strong, rich,
low (voice, painting.)

MOELLEUSEMENT, adv. substantially.

MOELLEUSEMENT, adv. substantially.

MOELLEUSEMENT, adv. substantially.

Montan, mwe-lon, a. m. rough or ragged

or unhown pieces of stone.

MOZUF, meuf, s. m. mood (in verbe.)

MŒURS, meurs, s. f. pl. manners, customs, conversation, behaviour.

MOFETTE, V. Monfette.
MOI, mwh, pr. I, me, to me, etc. C'est mei, it is I. Donner mei, give me. Cela est à mei, that belongs to me. Moi is never used as a nominative, some other pronoun being ex-pressed or understood; but after a preposition or conjunction Moi is always used. Pour moi; Mon frère et moi.

Moi, s. m. self, my person. Moidon, s. m. moidore.

Motonon, mwil-gnon, s. m. stump (of an amputated limb.)

MOINDRE, mwindr, adj. less, meaner. Le moindre, the least, the meanest.

MOINE, mwan, s. m. monk, friar; warm-

ing pan.

Moineau, mwa-no, s. m. sparrow. Tiver ez poudre aux moineaux, to make a vain attempt, lose one's labour,

MOINERIE, mwin-ri, s. f. the fraternity of monks; monkery, monkhood. MOINESSE, s. f. nun.

MOINILLON, mwh-pl-lon, s. m. little frier.

MOINS, mwis, adv. less; but, except. Moins de, less (in the singular) ferror (in the planel.) Ny plus su moins, neither more nor less, just so much. It set moins houselte house. que son père, he is not so honest a man as his sather. Parlez moins hand, do not speak so loud. Je l'estime moins que je ne faisois, I va-lue him less than I did. Il ne s'agit de rien moins que de cela, that is not the question in the least. La dernière maison moins une, the last house but one. Il est trois heures moins un quart, it wants a quarter of three. Le moins, the least. Le moins importus, the least troublesome. Moins de, leas than, under. A moins de, pour moins de, for less than, under. A moins de cela, for less than that; also other wise, else, were it not for that. A moins de or à moins que de, (with the infinitive) unless by, without. A moins que, (with the subjunctive and ne) unless, without. Wi plus me moins que, and no unless, without. We plus mi moisus que, neither more nor less than; also just as. So et tant moins, on account, in part

et most mouse, on account, in part.

Mothes, s. m. Ex. Le moine the least, the least thing. Crest le moine que vous passesses faire, it is the least thing you can do. Le moine de, le plus parti nombre de, the least (singular.) the fewest (pherol.) Le moine d'argent guar; it the severe (scarce). Le moins à arges qu'il est possible, as illule money as may be. Le moins de gens qu'il se pourva, as sew people as may be. Il s'agit du plus et du moins, the question is about the quantity. Le moins du monde, ever so little. Du moins, and du moins, an moiss, tout as moins, à tout le moins, pour le moine, at least, however. En mo rien, in a trice, in a moment. (In algebra)

minus.

base, bat : jeune, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

Moirr, mwar, s. f. mohair.

Moint, E, adj. daubed, watered (as mohair.)
Mois, mwa, s. m. month. Les mois d'une ne, a woman's monthly courses

Moisi, z., mwå-zi, zl, adj. mouldy, hoary. Moisi, s. m. mouldy, what is mouldy or

Moisir, mwa-zh, v. a. to make mouldy or hoary. v. a. & Se moisir, v. r. to grow mouldy or hoary.

MOISISSURE, mwå-zl-sur, s. f. mouldiness,

Mossos, mwk-zon, s. f. rent of a farm or mement paid in corn or other things in kind; dimension of cloth.

LOISOBNIER, s. f. farmer or tenant, that hares with his landlord the produce of his land. MOISSINE, mwa-sln, s. f. vine-branch (or

bundle of vine-branches) with the grapes hanging on them

Mossson, mwk-son, s. f. harvest, crop, harvest-time.

MOISSONNER, mwa-sô-na, v. a. to reap, harvest, crop, get in harvest.

Moissonneu-R, se, mwa-sô-nêur, neuz, a.m. & f. reaper, harvest man or woman.

Mostr, mwh, adj. wet, moist, damp.
Mostr, mwh, adj. wet, moist, damp.
Mostrey, mwh-deur, s. f. wet, moisture.
Mostrif, mwh-dh, s. f. half, moiety; one's
spouse or wife. Etre de moitié avec quelqu'un,
to go halves with one. La moitié du temps, at commonly, most times. A moitie, half,

Mol. Mol. L. R. mol. V. Mou.

Mol. Mol. L. R. mol. V. Mou.

Mol. L. R. moler, adj. Ex. Les dents molaires, the grinders, cheek teeth.

Mol. R. mol., s. m. mole.

Mole, s. f. mole; mooncalf.
Molecule, modald-kall, s. f. particle.

MOLECULE, mo-le-kul, s. I. parucie.

MOLESTER, mô-lès-tà, v. a. to molest trouble, vex, disquiet, aggrieve.

MOLETTE, mô-lèt, s. l. (d'éperon) rowel; multer; windgall. Molette, Mar. whirls.

Moli, s. m. (plant) moly.

Molitan, mo-iler, adj. Pierre molière.
mill-stone, grind-stone. Dents molières. V. Molaire.

lollasse, mõ-läs, adj. flabby. Lollenent, mõl-mes, adv. sofily ; faint-

MOSLEMENT, mål-men, adv. sofly; faintly, faint-heartedly, slackly; effeminately. Etc
conche mollement, to lie soft.

MOLESSE, mò-lès, s. f. softness, flabbiness;
timorousness; softness (in painting.)

MOLLET, TE, mò-lè, lèt, adj. soft, softish.
Pein mollet, light or spongy bread. Des cenfs
sadlets, soft boiled eggs.

MOLLET, mò-lè, s. m. small fringe for curtains and the like; (de la jambe) caft. Mollets.

tains and the like; (de la jambe) calf. Mollets,

nippers or pincers LOLLETON, mol-ton, s. m. kind of soft

MOLLIÈRE, s. f. said (in some provinces)

of swampy grounds MOLLEFIER, mol-ll-file, v. a. to mollify.
MOLLEF, mollir, v. n. to soften or grow soft;

to slacken or grow slack, faint; to yield, give way. Mollir, v. a. & n. Mar. to ease, slack or slacken, etc. Mollir les haubans, to ease the shrouds. Mollis la barre au tangage, tare her when she pitches. Mollis du bras du veut à la demande de la vergue, ease off the weather-braces as the yard goes up. Mel-

lis un peu de la drisse du petit hunier, settle the fore top-sail haliards. Mollis de la grande écoute, ease off a little of the main sheet. Mollis du palan de retenue de la brigantine, case away the spanker guy. Notre gréement a beaucoup molli, our rigging has stretched a good deal. Le vent a molli, the wind is gone down. A quelle heure la marce mollira-t-elle? what time will the tide slack?

MOLY, s. f. moly (a kind of garlick.)
MOMENT, mo-men, s. m. moment, instant, minute; impulsive weight, momentum. tout moment or à tous momens, adv. every moment, at every turn. Un moment de beau temps, Mar. a snatch of fair weather.

Momentané, k, mô-mèn-tà-na, adj. momentary, of a moment, momentaneous

MOMENTANÉMENT, adv. momentally.
MOMERIE, mom-ri, s. f. grimace, hypocrisy; mummery, foolery.

Momie, mo-mi, s. f. mummy.

Momon, s. m. money that maskers offer to play at dice.

Mon, mon, adj. my.

MONACAL, E, mo-na-kal, adj. monkish. Monacalement, mo-na-kai-men, adv. like a monk.

Monachisme, mo-na-shism, s. m. mona-

MONADE, s. f. monad, monade.

Monarchie, mô-nar-shi, s. m. monarchy. Monaschique, mô-nar-shik, adj. monarchical.

MONARCHIQUEMENT, adv. monarch-like. as a monarch, monarchically.

MONARQUE, mo-nark, s. m. monarch, ab-

solute prince or king, sovereign.

Monastère, mo-nas-tèr, s. m. monastery,

convent, friary, numery.
Monastique, monastick, monkish, monachal.

Monaut, mo-no, adj.m. that has only one ear. Monceau, mon-so, s. m. heap.

Mondain, E, mon-din, den, worldly, worldly-minded, proud.

MONDAIN, s. m. worldling.

MONDAINEMENT, mon-den-men, adv. after a worldly manner.

MONDANITÉ, mon-dà-nì-tà, s.f. worldliness. MONDE, mond, s. m. world; universe; earth; men, mankind, folks, people, imperial sign, golden globe; servants. Le monde poli, le beau monde, the gentrel part of the world. Le monde savant, the learned world, ed. Tout mon monde, all my retinue, all my men. L'autre monde, the next or the other world. Monde, s. m. Mar. world, people, ship's company. Ce bâtiment a fait le tour du monde, that ship has been round the world. Avez nous perdu beaucoup de monde dans cette affaire? had you many people killed in this action? La fievre jaune nous enlève du monde tous les jours, the yellow fever carries off some of our people every day. Le commandant a du monde sur ses vergues, the commodore has some people upon his yards. Du monde à la pompe, man the pump. En haut tout le monde, all hands ahoy. Du monde aux drisses et aux écoutes des huniers, stand by the top-sail ha-liards and sheets. Metire du monde à terre sur une côte ennemie, to land people on an enemy's coast. Prendre du monde à bord d'un bûtiment, to take men out of a ship.

bar, bat, base: thère, êbb, over: field, fig: rôbe, rôb, lord: mood, good.

*MONDE, adj. clean.

MONDER, mon-da, adj. cleansed, peeled. MONDER, mon-da, v. a. to cleanse. Monder

de l'orge, to peel barley.

MONDIFICATI-F, VE, adj. mundificative. MONDIFIER, v. a. to mundify, cleanse.

MONETAIRE, mo-na-ter, s. m. maker of ancient coins or medals.

*Moniale, mô-niài, s. f. nun.

MONITEUR, s. m. monitor.

MONITION, mo-nl-slon, s. f. monition, ec-

clesiastical warning.
Monitoing, mo-ni-twar, s. m. or Lettres

monitoires, adj. monitory.
MONITORIAL, E, mo-ni-to-rial, adj. Ex.

Lettres monitoriales, monitory.

MORKOIE, mô-ne, s. f. money; coin; mint;
also small-money, change.

MORNOYAGE, mo-ne-yaz, s. m. minting or coining money.

MONNOYÉ, E, adj. minted, coined, stamp-

ed, made into money.

MONNOYER, mò-nê-yà, v. a. to mint, coin; to stamp.

MOBROYERE, s. f. V. Nummulaire.

MONNOYERIE, s. f. stamp room in a mint. MONNOYEUR, mô-nê-yêur, s. m. coiner, mint-man. Faux monnoyeur, counterfeiter.
Monocorde, mo-nô-kôrd, s.m. monochord.

MONOGRAMME, mo-no-gram, s. m. monogram.

MonoLogue, mô-nô-lôg, s. m. monologue. MONOMACHIE, mô-nô-mà-shi, s. f. monomachy, duel.

Monome, mô-nôm, s. m. monome

MONOPÉTALE, mô-nô-pa-tal, adj. monopetalous

MONOPOLE, mô-nô-pôl, s. m. monopoly, engrossing of commodities, tax

Mosopoler, mo-no-po-la, v. a. to monopolize, engrass.

MONOPOLEUR, mô-nô-pô-lêur, s. m. mono-

polist; tax gatherer.

MONORIME, s. m. piece of poetry consist-

ing only of one rhyme.

MONOSTLLABE, mô-nô-sì-làb, adj. mono-

syllabical. MONOSYLLABE, s. m. monosyllable.

MONOSYLLABIQUE, adj. monosyllabical. MONOTONE, mo-no-ton, adj. of one and the same sound, uniform in sound.

MONOTONIE, mô-nô-tô-ni, s. f. monotony. Monseigneur, mon-sê-guêur, s. m. lord. MONSEIGNEURISER, v. a. to give the title of lord to one.

MONSIEUR, mo-sicu, s. m. sir, master, or gentleman; also master of the house; (the eldest brother of the French king is called) Monsieur.

Monson, s. m. V. Moussen.

MONSTRE, monstr, s. m. monster.

Monstrueusement, mons-tru-cuz-men, adv. monstrously, prodigiously

Monstruzu-x, sz, mons-irū-ēu, eus, adj. monstrous, prodigious.

MORTRUOSITÉ, S. f. monstrousness.

MORT, mon, s, m. hill, mount, mountain, heap. Les monts, the Alps. Le double mont, the Parnassian hill. Promettre monts et mereailles, to promise great matters. Mont-joie, s. m. or Mont-joie St. Denis, the ancient military cry of the French; also title of the first king at arms in France. Mon! Joie, s. f. | see ; to show, discover give signs of ; prove;

heap of stones made by a French army as a monument of victory.

MONTAGE, mon-lat, s. m. coming up. MONTAGNARD, E, mon-th-guar, guard, ad. or s. mountaineer, highlander.

MONTAGRE, mon-tagn, s. f. hill, mountain. Un pays de montagnes, a hilly or mountain-

ous country. MONTAGNEU-X, SE, mon-ta-gneu, gneuz,

adj. hilly, mountainous.

MONTANT, mon-ten, s. m. upright beam or post, or stone or iron bar (in building;)amount, sum or whole sum. Vin qui a de montant, strong heady wine. Montane or joints montant. tuns, mounters or mounting of stones. Montant de la marée, Mar. flood. Montans, stanchions, upright pieces. Montans de tentes. stanchions. Montans de volte, counter-timbers. Montans des bittes, bitt-heads, main vertical pieces of the bits.

pieces of the bits.

MONTANT, adj. next for promotion.

MONTE, R, adj. gone up, etc. V. Monter;
(à cherul) mounted. Monté en, supplied or monté de 50 canons, ship carrying 50 guns. Vaisseau monté de 150 hommes, a ship of 150 men. Votre bâtiment est-il bien monté en équi-page ? is your ship well manned ? MONTE, s. f. coupling or time for coupling stallions and mares.

MONTEZ, mon-th, s. f. stairs or staircase step; (de voîte) rising part; (d'une colonne) height; rising, ascent; going up.

MONTER, mon-ta, v. n. & a. to rise; go or come or get up, mount, ascend; to arrive, be advanced or preferred; be preferred; to grow, grow up, increase; to carry up, lift up; to make up; (la garde) to mount, go upon; (la degrés) to go up, come up; (un instrument à cordes) to string; (une horloge, un tournebroche, etc.) to wind up; (an example) to grow up to seed; (sur une hauteur) to get up a rising ground; (un cheral) to ride. Monter à cheval, to ride. Apprendre à monter à cheval, to learn to ride. Monter or se monter à, to amount or come to. Le rin ha monte à la tête, the wine files up into his head. Monter, Mar. Monter au vent, to get to windward. Monter sur mer, to embark, go on board, take shipping. Monter un bâtiment, to take or have command of a ship.

Monter le gouvernail, to hang the rudder.

Monter les canons, to mount the guns (upon
their carriages.) Monter la garde, to take
charge of the deck (in harbour.) Faire monter le monde, to turn the hands up. Monte à bord les chaloupiers, launches, come in out of

the boat. MONTICULE, mon-ti-kol, s. m. small hill. MONTOIR, mon-twar, s. m. horse-block.

Cheral facile au montoir, easy horse to get
upon. Le pied hors du montoir, the off-fost, the far-foot. Le pied or le côté du montoir, the

near-foot or side of a horse.

MONTRE, montr, s. f. show or sample: cloth (exposed before stalls for sale;) show-glass; spot for showing or manner of showing liorses; show, ostentation, parade; appearance; review, muster; soldier's pay when they are mustered; (d'orgues) out-side; dial; watch.

MONTRER, mon-tra, v. a. to show; indicate, point out, direct; exhibit to view, let bûse, bût : jêûne, mêute, bêurro : ênfant, cênt, liên : vin : mon : brun.

to teach, instruct in. Montrer à faire, to teach how to do. Montrer à écrire, etc. to teach how to do. Montrer a cerve, etc. to teach writing, etc. Montrer at doigt, to point at with one's fingers. Montrer as doigt, to point at or out; also laugh at. Montrer les talons, to make off, run away. Se montrer, to show one's self, appear, to show, let see, discover. MONTURU-X, SE, mon-tū-eu, euz, adj. hilly,

mountainous.

mountainous.

MONTURE, mon-tur, s. f. beast for the saddle or to ride upon; (de scie) wooden frame; (d'arme à fes) stock; (d'éperon) leather; mounting, setting; also workmanship.

MONTURENT, mô-nô-mên, s. m. monument.

Moque, s. f. Mar. heart, bull's eye, deadsye; (those excepted which are used in setting up the shrouds.)

MOQUER. (sy) ed-mô-th, y. r. to laugh at

MOQUER, (SE) se-mo-th, v. r. to laugh at, ridicule, mock, scoff or deride, scorn, make Bons se moquer, seriously, in good earnest.

V. Reschi.

MOQUERIE, mok-rl, s. f. mockery, raillery, jest, banter; also silly thing. Faire des mo-

eries de, to ridicule, jeer; banter, deride. Moquette, s. f. kind of stuff. Moquete, s. m. de f.

mocker, jeerer, jeering man or woman, ban-

MORAILLES, mô-rh/, s. f. pl. barnacles, sort of pincers to hold the upper lip of a horse.
MORAILLOS, mô-rh-los, s. m. hasp.
MORAILLOS, ch. wool of dead animals taken off with lime.

MORAL, E, mô-ral, adj. moral.

MORALE, s. f. morals or morality, moral

philosophy, ethicks.

MORALEMENT, mô-râl-mên, adv. moral-

MORALISEE, mô-râ-lî-zâ, v. n. to make moral reflections, moralize, descant.

MORALISEUR, mô-rà-fi-zeur, s. m. mora-

MOBALISTE, mô-rà-fist, s. m. moralist. MORALITE, mo-ra-fi-th, s. f. morality, mo-ral reflection. Moralite d'une fable, moral of a fable : pl. ancient theatrical pieces.

MORBIDE, mor-bld, adj. of a bright or lively carnation (in painting.)

MORBIPIQUE, mor-bl-fik, adj. morbifick.

MORBIEU or MORBLEU, mor-bleu! zooks! zogads, odslive!

MORCEAU, mor-sò, s. m. piece; bit, scrap, morei, gobbet, mouthful. Morceau trempé, sop. Morceau de toile pour fourrer, Mar. parcelling.

MORCELER, mors-là, v. a. une terre, to cantle er disjoint or divide an estate.

MORDACHE, s. f. gag tongs, pincers.

MORDACHE, more distribution, s. f. corrosiveness, mordacity; also sharpness, biting, bitterness of speech.

Mondart, s. mör-den, dent, adj. biting, sarp, snart, satirical. Mondart, s. m. saddler's two-pointed nail;

(in printing) visorium; sort of varnish to fas-ten gilding.

BORDICAST, E. adj. sharp, corrotive; also smeet, biting, supping, satirical.

MORDIESSE, adv. à la grosse mordienne, with sincerity, frankly.

MORDILLER, v. a. to bite a little and often, CATP RL.

MORDRE, mordr, v. n. & a. to bite; to corrode, gnaw; carp, find fault; censure, slauder, rail at. L'eau forte mord sur les métaux, aqua fortis eats into metals. Mordre à la besogne, to fall to work, set one's hands to it. It s'en mordra les doigts or les pouces, he will rue or repent it. Il s'en mord les doigts, he is mad at it. I'ai beau mordre mes doigts, in vain I trouble myself. Mordre la poussière, to bite the dust or ground, be killed. Mordre, Max. to bite, take fast hold (said of the anchor.)

MORDU, E, adj. bit or bitten, etc. V. Mor-

MORE, môr, s. m. Moor, black-moor, black or negro; Moorish speech or tongue.

MOREAU, mo-ro, s. m. black, shming black; s. m. small basket or bag for cattle to eat in

s. m. sman bearer of the while travelling.

MORELLE, mo-rel, s. f. morel, petty morel or garden nightshade.

MORESQUE, mo-resk, adj. Moorish: s. f. she-moor or black-moor, black; morris or the she-moor or black-moor, black; morris or the she-moor or black-moor, black; morris or the she-moor or black-moor, black; morris or the she-moor or black-moor, black; morris or the she-moor or black-moor, black; morris or the she-moor or black-moor, black; morris or the she-moor or black-moor, black in the she-moor or black-moor, blackmorris dance; moorish work in painting.

MORFIL, mor-fil, s. m. wire-edge, thread,

rough edge; also elephant's teeth.

MORFONDRE, mor-fondr, v. a. to make
(one) catch cold: v. n. or se morfondre, v. r. to catch cold; wait in vain, dance attendance, spend one's self.

MORFONDURE, mor-fon-dur, s. f. cold tak-

en after being heated.

MORGELINE, s. f. chick-weed.

MORGUE, morg, s. f. proud or big or stately look, surliness or surly look; little grated room (in which a new prisoner is set, and must continue some hours, that the jailer's ordinary servants may the better take notice of his face;) bone-house or place where persons found dead are laid, that they may be owned by their friends. Tenir sa morgue, to look surfily or haughtily, look big.

Morguer, mor-ga, v. a. to brave, bully,

buff, dare or defy.

MORGUEUR, s. m. insolent man, buff, hector, turnkey who looks attentively at a prisoner to know him again.
MORIBOND, E, mo-ri-bond, adj. dying, in

a dying condition.

Moricaud, e, mô-ri-kò, kôd, adj. & s.

MORIGARD, p. mortisco, kod, acy. & 8. black man or woman, brownish. Morigárer, mortisana, v. a. to tutor, to bring up or educate; also to correct, reprimand, school.

MORILLE, mo-rll, s. f. morel (sort of mush-

room.)

MORILLON, s. m. sort of sweet black grape, sort of duck: pl. rough emeralds.

MORINE, s. f. sort of plant.

MORION, mo-ri-on, s. m. morion (sort of

head piece;) also sort of military punishment.

Morne, morn, adj. duli, sad, sulleu,

MORRE, morns, adj. comp. cloudy, pensive.

MORRE, s. f. ferret (in heraldry;) mountain or high hill (in the language of the inhabitants of the French West India Islands.)

MORRE, E., adj. tipped or tipt; blunt or blunted. Une baguette mornée d'argent, a rod

tipt with silver.

MORNIFLE, mor-nid, s. f. box on the ear.

slap on the chaps.

Morose, mo-roz, adj. morose.

Morosité, s. f. moroscuess

bar, bat, base: thère, ebb, over: field, fig: robe, rob, lord: mood, good.

MOUTONNAILLE, moo-to-nal, s. f. flock of

MOUTONNE, s. f. tower of false hair.

MOUTONNER, moo-to-nk, v. a. to frizzle, curl. Moutonner, v. n. Mar. to foam or froth. La mer moutonne, the sea foams,

MOUTONNIER, E, môo-tô-nià, nièr, adj. Seecy, bleating, led by example like sheep. Moutune, môo-tùr, s. f. griading; corn ground; miller's toll for grinding.

MOUVANCE, môo-vèns, s. f. Ex. Mourance de fief, dependence of a fee upon another. MOUVANT, E, môo-vèn, vènt, adj. moving. Sable mourant, quick-sand. Ficf mourant, fee

holding or depending upon another.

MOUVEMENT, moov-men, s. m. motion,

moving; movement, manœuvre; time, measure; impulse, disposition, inclination. Mouvemens, commotions, troubles, broils. Les mouvemens qu'a faits l'escadre aujourd'hui ont été bien exécutés, the manœuvres of the fleet have been well executed to day. Votre bâtiment a les mouvemens bien durs, yours is a very uneasy ship.

MOUVER, v. a. (in gardening) to stir up (the mould in a pot.) etc.

Mouvoir, moo-vwar, v. a. to move or stir; incite, stir up; (une question) to start. Mou-

V. r. to move, stir or wag.

MOYEN, s. m. means, course, way, expedient, power; possibility, argument, (in plural) means, riches, etc. Il n'y a pas moyen de leur parler, there is no speaking to them, there is no possibility of speaking to them. Y a-t-il moven de leur parler? Is there any speaking to them? is there any possibility of speaking to them? Le moyen que cela soit? how can that possibly be? Le moyen de lui parler? how can one speak with him? Au moyen de, hy means of, in consequence of, in consideration of.

Moyen, ne, mwå-yen, yen, adj. middle, mean. Tenns moyen, apparent time. Moyen age, the middle or dark ages. Moyenne latisuite, from the reign of Severus to the fall of the empire.

MOYENNANT, mwa-ye-nen, prep. for, by means of. Moyennant que, provided, provided that.

Movenné, e, adj. mediated, procured.

MOYENNEMENT, adv. indifferently, so so. MOYENNER, mwa-ye-na, v. a. to mediate or procure.
MOYENNEUR, s. m. mediator,

Mover, v. a. to saw free stones.

MOYEU, mwh-yeu, s. m. nave or stock (of a wheel;) yolk (of an egg;) also sort of plum.

Mu, E, adj. (from Mouvoir) moved, started,

MUABLE, mô-abl, adj. mutable, changeable, inconstant.

MUANCE, mû-ens, s. f. change of note (in musick.)

Mucilage, må-sl-låz, s. m. mucilage. Mucilagineu-x,se,må-sl-lå-xl-nèu, nèuz, adj. mucilaginous.

Mucositk, må-kð-zl-tå, s. f. mucous-

MUDER, v. n. Mar. to gibe.

MUE, mit, s. f. moulting, muing; slough, skin; moulting time, etc. mew coop.

MUER, mû-k, v. n. to moult, mew, cast horns or skin or slough; (parlant de la roix) to break. MUET, TE, mů-ě, ět, adj. dumb, speech-

less, mute; (in grammar) mute, unpronounced, not heard, not sounded. Rendre must, to

put to silence or non-plus.

MUET, TE, s. m. & f. mute, dumb man or

MURTTE, s. f. place for stags' horns that are cast.

MUFLE, mill, s. m. muzzle. Il bei a dound bien serré sur le muste, he gave him a good

slap on the chaps.

Mugz, můz, s. m. mullet (a fish.)

Mugir, můzir, v. n. to bellow or to low;

to roar (said of the sea.) Mugissement, md-2ls-men, s. m. bellow

ing or lowing; roaring (of the sea.)

MUGUET, md-ge, s. m. lily of the valley;

spark, beau, fop.

MUGUETER, mog-ta, v. a. to cajole, wheedle, court, make love to, have an eye upon, aim at.

Muid, mul, s. m. sort of measure for corn, salt, etc. (de blé) about five quarters; (de vin) about 60 gallons.

MULATRE,md-latr,adj.& s.m. & f. mulatto.

MULCTE, malkt, s. f. mulct, fine.

MULCTER, malk-ti, v. a. to fine.

MULE, mal, s. f. mule, she-mule; slipper; kibe. Mules traversières or traversières, (ass

bould du cheval) kibes.

MULET, mû-lê, s. m. moyle, great mule;
(sea fish) mullet. Garder le saulet, to dance

attendance. MULETIER, mål-til, s. m. muleteer.

MULETTE, mu-let, s. f. maw of a calf, etc. craw (of birds.)
MULOT, mu-lo, s. m. field-mouse.

MULOTTER, v. n. to dig into the holes made by field-mice

MULTIPLE, mûl-tîpl, adj. multiple.
MULTIPLIABLE, mûl-tî-pli-abl, adj. multipliable, that may be multiplied.

MULTIPLIANS, s. m. Adamites MULTIPLICANDE, mul-d-pil-kind, a. f. multiplicand.

MULTIPLICATEUR, mål-d-pli-kå-teur, s. m. multiplicator.

MULTIPLICATION, mal-ti-pli-ka-sion, s. f.

multiplying, multiplication. MULTIPLICITÉ, mul-ti-pli-si-th, s. f. mul-

tiplicity, multitude. MULTIPLIER, můl-tî-pli-å, v. a. & n. te

multiply, increase.

MULTITUDE, mûl-tl-tûd, s. f. mukitude, great number, mob.

Muni, E, adj. (from Mimir) stored, fur-

mished, enjoyed or possessed.

MUNICIPAL, E., mû-ul-sph.], adj. manicipal.

Le droit municipal, municipal law, common law. Ville municipale, corporation town.

MUNICIPALITE, s. f. municipality.

MUNIFICENCE, md-nl-fl-sess, a. f. munifi-cence, liberality, bounty.

MUNIR, mu-nh, v. a. to furnish, store or provide. Se munir de, to furnish one's self with, provide, arm one's self with.

MUNITION, mô-nl-slow, s. f. ammunition.

Pain de munition, ammunition bread. Manitions, stores. Munitions de bouche, provisions. Munitions, Mar. stores.

base, bût : jêûne, mêute, beurre : ênfânt, cênt, liên : vin : mon : brun.

Musitionnaire, må-nî-siò-ner, s. commissary of the store, officer that provides ammunition for the army.

fuqu ru-x, se, adj. mucous.

Mun, mar, s.m. wall.

MUB, mor, adj. ripe, mellow, mature. Un mme mar, a discreet, sober, staid man. MURAILLE, md-ral, s. f. wall.

MURALE, md-ral, s. f. Ex. Couronne muie, murai crown. Mûnz, mur, s. f. mulberry.

MUREMENT, mor-men, adv. ripely, maturely.

MURÈKE, mū-ren, s. f. sort of lamprey.

MURENGER, s. m. murenger. MURER, md-ra, v. a. to wall, wall about or

we, mure up.

MCRIER, mu-ria, s. m. mulberry-tree. MCRIR, md-rfr, v. n. to ripen, grow ripe.

Marir, v. a. to ripen, make ripe MURMURATEUR, mdr-md-ra-teur, s. m.

nurmurer, grumbler. MORNURE, mar-mar, s. m. murmur, buzzing or humming noise; mumbling, murmuring, grumbling; (des ruisseaux) murmur or paring; (des ventre) rumbling; (des zéphyrs, des arbres) whispering; also a humming bird.

MURMURER, mur-mu-ra, v. n. to murmur, gramble, mutter; to purl, warble; to whisper. MUSARAIGER, mů-zå-regn, s. m. shrew-

MUSARD, E, mû-zar, zard, adj. & s. loiter-

ing, loiterer.

Musc, mask, s. m. musk-cat, musk.

MUSCADE, mus-kad, s. f. nutmeg.

de mureade, mace. MUSCADE, adj. f. musky. Rose muscade,

usk rose. MUSCADET, můs-kå-dě, s. m. muscadel or muscadine.

MUSCADIER, s. m. nutmeg-tree.

MUSCADIN, mus-kå-din, s. m. sort of musk pastil; also fop, sweet-scented beau.

Musca-T, DE, adj. musky. Vis muscat, suscadine wine. Noix muscade, nutmeg. Muscat, muscade or musca-

din

Musclu, můski, s. m. muscle.

Muscosité, s. f. muscosity. Musculaire, můs-ků-lèr, adj. muscular Musculeu-x, se, můs-ků-lèu, lèuz, adj. musculous.

Muse, maz, s. f. muse.

MUSEAU, md-zò, s. m. the muzzle, snout, mose or face, mouth (of some things.)

Mosee, mû-zê, s. n. museum. Moseerère, mûz-lêr, s. f. & a. muzzle. "Musee, mû-zê, v. n. to loiter, trifie. Moseolle, mûz-rôl, s. f. nose-band of a

horse bridle.

MUSETTE, md-zet, s. f. bag-pipe.

Muskum, s. m. museum. Musical, E, mû-zî-kâl, adj. musical, har-

monious. Musicalement, mû-zi-kâl-mên, adv. mu-

sically. MUSICIEB, NE, md-zl-sien, sien, s. m. & f. BRICIAN.

M siQUE, mů-zík, s. f. musick.

Musk, that smells of musk, perfumed with musk, that smells of musk. Paroles mus-Mesquen, musk.

*Musser, (se) v. r. to lurk in a corner. A musse-pot, in secret

Musulman, mû-zûl-mên,s. m. Mussulman.

Musulman, E, adj. Turkish, Mahometau. Mutabilité, mû-tâ-bî-ll-tâ, s. f. mutabi-

lity.
MUTATION, mû-tâ-slon, s. f. mutation, change.

MUTILATION, md-tl-la-slon, s. f. mutilation

MUTILER, mu-ti-la, v. a. to mutilate, maim.

curtail; to castrate or gold.

MUTIN, z, mū-tin, tln, adj. & s. refractory, headstrong, froward, stubborn, sullen, seditious, mutinous, factious, rebellious; mutineer,

factious or seditious person, stubborn person.

MUTINER, md-tl-na, v. n. to mutiny or rise up in arms. Se mutiner, v. r. to be froward or refractory; to rage; to mutiny, rise up in

MUTINERIE, md-tln-rl, s. f. mutiny, commotion, sedition, revolt, frowardness, refractoriness, peevishuess, perverseness.
*Mutir, mû-tîr, v. n. to mute.

MUTISME, s. m. dumbness, muteness. MUTUEL, LE, mû-tû-êl, adj. mutual, reciprocal, interchangeable.

MUTUELLEMENT, må-tå-ël-mën, adv. mu-tually, reciprocally, interchangeably. MUTULE, s. f. corbel, or bracket (in architecture.)

MYAGRUM, s. m. myagrum (sort of plant.) MYOLOGIE, mi-ò-lò-zi, s. f. myography, myology.

MYOPE, ml-op, s. m. & f. myops, near or short-sighted person.
MYOPIE, mi-d-pl, s.f. myopy.

MYOTOMIE, s. f. myotomy. MYRIADE, ml-rl-åd, s. f. myriad. MYROBOLAN, ml-rô-bô-lèn, s. m. myroba-

MYROBOLANIER, s. m. myrobalan-tree.

MYRRHE, mlr, s. f. myrrh.

MYRRHIS, s. m. sort of fragrant chervil. MYRTE, mirt, s. m. myrtle-tree.

Myrtiforme, adj. myrtiform.

MYSTAGOGUE, s. m. mystagogue.

MYSTÈRE, mis-tèr, s. m. mystery, secret. Sans autre mystère, without any more ado.

MYSTÉRIEUSEMENT, mis-tà-ri-èuz-mèn,

adv. mysteriously.

Mystérieu-x, se, mîs-tă-ri-èu, euz, adj. & s. mysterious, mystical, obscure; hidden, secret; mysterious or reserved person.

MYSTICITÉ, mis-ti-si-tà, s. f. mysticalness. MYSTIQUE, mis-tik, adj. & s. mystical, mysterious, emblematical, sacredly obscure, refining in matters of devotion; mystick person who professes a sublime and perfect devotion.

Mystiquenent, mis-tik-men, adv. mystically

Elystre, s. m. sort of liquid measure among the ancient Greeks

MYTHOLOGIE, ml-to-lo-zl, s. f. mythology. MYTHOLOGIQUE, ml-tô-lô-zīk, adj. mytho-

logical. MYTHOLOGISTE, mî-tô-lô-zîst, s. m. mythologist.

MYURE, adj. Ex. Pouls maure, pulse that gradually weakens.

bar, bat, base: thère, ebb, over: field, fig: robe, rob, lord: mood, good.

N, en, (anciently) ne, (recently) s. f. four-teenth letter of the French alphabet.

Nabot, E, na-bô, bôt, s. m. & f. dwarf,

little person. NACARAT, E, nå-kå-rå, råt, adj. & s. m.

of a lively orange red (without s in plural.)
NACELLE, na-sel, s. f. boat, small skiff or wherry (without mast or sail.) La nucelle de S. Pierre, the Roman catholic church.

NACRE, nakr, or NACRE DE PERLE, s. f.

mother of pearl

NADIR, na-dir, s. m. nadir. NAFFE, naf, s. f. Eau de naffe, orange-flow-

er water.

NAGE, naz, s. f. Mar. row lock (of a boat.) Donner la nage, to pull the stroke oar. Donner une nage, to give a stroke (in rowing.) Letre en nage or tout en nage, to be all in a sweat. A nage palaud, swimming like a cur; also in plenty. A la nage, swimming or by swimming. Se jeter à la nage, to throw one's self into the water. Passer une rivière à la mage, to swim over a river.
NAGEOIRE, na-zwar, s. f. fin (of a fish,)

bladder or any other thing to hold up one that learns to swim; thin piece of wood floating in the pail of a water-bearer (to prevent him

from being splashed.)

NAGER, nh-2h, v. n. to swim; (dans son sang) to welter. Nager entre deux eaux, to trim, be a trimmer. Nager en grande eaus, to swim in deep water. Mon pied nage dans nom soulier, my shoes are a great deal too big for my feet. Nager, v. n. Mar. to swim; to pull or row. Nager sec or a sec, to row dry, row aground, touch the bottom with the oars in rowing. Nager debotd, to row standing with the head towards the boat's head. Nager en arrière, to back a-stern. Desur sur tribord, pull to starboard. tribord, pull the starboard. Nage de force, stretch out. Nage à bord, come aboard in the boat. Nage à faire abaitre, pull to lee-ward. Nage à renir eur bâbord, pull to port. Nage an nent, pull to windward. Nage ensemble, pull together.

NAGEUR, na-zeur, s. m. swimmer; water-

man, rower; s. m. pl. an order of birds.
"Naguere or Nagueres, na-ger, (contraction de il n'y a guère) newly, but newly, a

little while ago, lately.
NATADE, na-yad, s. f. naiad.

NAIF, VE, na-if, iv, adj. genuine, plain, native, natural, not counterfeit, true, lively. ingenuous, downright, open, fair, candid, innocent, simple, silly. An unif, to the life. Peindre au natf, to draw to the life.

NAIN, E, nin, nen, s. m. & f. dwarf, shrimp. Name, s. f. sort of beau. Un arbre nain, a

dwarf tree, a dwarf.

NAISSANCE, ne-sens, s. f. birth; nativity, rise, spring, beginning: extraction, descent; noble birth, or extraction; (in architecture) roof of a vault or of a corbel, etc.

NAISSANT, E, ne-sen, sent, adj. growing, rising, newly born, coming forth, primitive;

(in heraldry) naissant.

NAITRE, netr, v. n. to be born or to come into the world, breed, come out; spring, grow, arise, proceed, be bred, begin, take rise, come forth. Faire naître, to breed, produce, cause. give rise or beginning to, occasion; (des rai-

sons) to suggest; (une occasion) to start.

NAIVEMENT, na-lv-men, adv. ingenuously, plainly, downright.

NATVETÉ, na-lv-ta, s. f. ingenuousness, plainness, sincerity; simplicity, isnocence; naturalness, simplicity of expression

NANTI, E, nên-tî, ti, adj. posessed of. NANTIK, nên-tîr, v. a. to give to. lay down, deliver into the hands of, ensure. Se

nantir de, v. r. to seize upon, secure (a debt;) to provide one's self with, make sure of, secure.
NANTISSEMENT, nen-tis-men, a. m. security (for a debt.)
NAPOLITAIN, E, adj. & s. Neapolitan.
NAPTHE, s. f. naphtha.

NAPPE, nap, s. f. cloth, table cloth; deer's skin; sort of net to catch wild fowls with; (d'eau) sheet ; (de blé) show.

NAQUETER, v. n. to dance attendance (upon the great.)

NAQUETTE, S. f. milliner. NARCISSE, nar-sis, s. m. narcissus.

NARCOTIQUE, nar-kô-tik, adj. narcotick.

NARD, nar, s. m. nard, spikesard. NARGUE, de, narg-de, s. f. a fig for. Dire nargue de, to laugh at. Faire nargue à, to excel, beat or surpass, be far superiour to. Faire nargue aux autres, to excel, etc. NARGUER, nar-ga, v. a. to scorn, defy, set

at defiance.

NARINE, nå-rin, s. f. nostril. NARQUOIS, E, når-kwå, kwaz, s. m. & f. sharper. Parler narquois, to use cant len-

guage. NARRATEUR, nà-rà-tèur, s. m. relater, tel-

NARRATI-F, VE, nå-rå-tif, tiv, adj. sarrative, declarative. NARRATION, na-rk-slow, s. f. narration, re-

lation, account, report, recital.
NARRATIVE, na-ra-tiv, s.f. way of relating

or making or telling a story.
NARRE, E, adj. related, told, reported.

NARRÉ, na-ra, s. m. narration, narrative, recital.

NARRER, ná-rå, v. a. to relate, make a mrrative of, tell or report.

NARVAL, s. m. great fish of the frozen sea, nar-whale.

NASAL, E, ma-zal, adj. nasal; s.m. part of

a helmet that covers the nose.

NASALEMENT, adv. with a nami sound. NASARD, E, na-zar, zard, adj. that speaks through the nose. Live d'un ten maters, to read through the nose

NASARRE, na-zard, s. f. fillip, rap on the

NASARDER, nã-zàr-dà, v. a. to filip or tip on the nose; to banter, jeer.

NASEAU, nã-zò, s. m. nostril (of a best.) NASILLARD, E, nã-zì-chr, Ard, ad. & s.

that speaks through the nose NASILLER, na-zi-A, v. n. to speak through he nose.

NASILLEU-R, SE, S. m. & f. that speaks through the nose.

NASILONNER, v. n. to speak through the nose (diminutive of Nasiller.)

NASSE, nas, s. f. sort of net of oriers, weel; also lurch, plunge, scrape; umvalve shell.
NATAL, z, na-tal, adj. native. Respire
l'air natal, to breathe one's own country's air base, bût : jeune, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

swimming.

NATI-F, VE, na-th, tiv, adj. native, born. NATION, na-don, s. f. nation, people; also race (ironically.) Les nations, the nations,

the heathens, the gentiles.
NATIONAL, E, un-slo-nal, adj. national.

NATIONALEMENT, adv. nationally.
NATIVITÉ, nå-1-vl-tå, s. f. nativity, birth.
NATE, nåt, s. f. mat; twist, braid. Nate de cheveux, twisted or plaited hair.

NATTER, nå-tå, v. a. to mat; to twist,

braid, plait.

Nattier, på-tå, s. m. mat-maker. NATURALISATION, nã-tu-ra-li-za-sion, s. f.

naturalization. NATURALISER, nã-tů-tâ-li-zã, v. a. to na-

toralize.

NATURALISME, s. m. naturalness.

NATURALISTE, s. m. naturalist, natural philosopher.

NATURALITE, ma-tu-ra-il-ta, s. f. naturali-

zation.

NATURE, na-tur, s. f. nature, universe, world, property, natural reason, temper. humour, condition, essence, sort, kind, situation; (in Marmontel's works) parent, parents, fa-ther or mother, father and mother.

NATUREL, LE, nå-tå-rel, adj. natural, native: plain, downright, right, not counterfeit, easy, tree, unaffected. Juge naturel, a proper judge. Fils naturel, natural or base son,

bastard.

NATUREL, s. m. nature, propriety, temper, constitution, natural affection, natural parts, talent, aptness, genius, disposition, inclination, humour, life; also native or original inhabitant. D'un bon or maurais naturel, good or ill-na-tured, good or ill-humoured. De son naturel, de mon naturel, etc. naturally. Imiter le na-turel, to imitate life. Prendre au naturel, to draw to the life.

NATURELLEMENT, nå-tů-rčl-mên, adv. aturally, by nature, plainly, freely, openly,

frankly.

Naufrage, no-fraz, s. m. shipwreck, ruin, wreck. Faire naufrage, to be cast away, suffer shipwreck, be wrecked.

NAUFRAGÉ, E, no-frà-zà, adj. Mar. cast away, wrecked. Bâtiment naufragé, wreck. NAULAGE, no-laz, s. m. naulage. NAULAGE, no-ma-shl, s. f. naumachy.

NAUSER, no-za, s. f. qualm, retching to

NAUTIQUE, no-tik, adj. nautick, nautical. NAUTONIEE, no-10-ma, s. m. sailor, ma-riner (in poetry.)

NAVAL, E, na-val, adj. naval, of or be-longing to the sea or ships. Armée navale, feet of men of war. Forces navales, sea forces. Combat naval, bataille navale, sea fight.

Navez, na-va, s. f. barge full. Navez, na-ve, s. m. turnip. Navezze, na-vet, s. f. rape or wild turnip; ciso rape-zeed; (de tisserand) shuttle; (de plomb) wedge; (de l'encensoir) pan or box. Navigable, nà-vi-gabl, adi, navigable. Navigareur, nà-vi-gà-têur, s. m. naviga-

tor, sailor, sea-man, sea-faring man.

NAVIGATION, na-vl-gh-slon, s. f. naviga-tion, sailing, voyage. Après douze jours de naugation, nous donnâmes duns le détroit de Fibraliar, after 12 days sail we entered the

NATATION, s. f. natation, the art or act of || straits of Gibraltar. Notre navigation a été fort heureuse, we have met with no crosses (or accidents) at sea.

NAVIGUER, na-vl-gh, v. n. to sail, mavigate, travel by sea. Depuis ringt ans que fe novigue, je n'ai jamais été si près de me perdre, during 20 years that I have been at sea I never was so near being lost. Naviguer à vue de terre, to coast within sight of land. Naviguer. v. a. to navigate, direct the course of.

NAVIRE, na-vir, s. m. ship, vessel, sail. Un navire marchand, a merchantman. vire an vent à nous, a sail to windward (the sight of a vessel is thus announced from the mast head, on board of French men of war.), V. Bâtiment and Vaisseau. Navire, s. f. Ex.

La navire Argo, the ship Argo.

*NAVRER, nå-vrå, v. a. to wound, grieve.

Jen ai le coeur natté; I am very sorry for it.

Nz. ně, adv. no. V. Pas, adv. Je n'en sais

rien, I know nothing of it. Je ne l'aime ni ne

ne, I know nothing of it.

le crains, I neither love nor fear him. Il dit plus qu'il ne fait, he talks more than he does. NE, E, nà, adj. (from nattre) born. Une âme bien née, a generous soul. Mort-né, stillborn.

NEANMOINS, na en-mwin, adv. neverthe-

less, and yet, for all that, however.

Néant, na-èn, s.m. nothing, nought, nothingness, little worth. insignificance or insignificancy, trifle, trifling thing, inconsiderable
matter. Mettre au néand, to make void or of no effect.

NÉBULEU-X, sz, nà-bâ-lêu, leuz, adj.

cloudy, dark, gloomy, overcast.

NECESSAIRE, na-se-ser, adj. necessary, needful, requisite, indispensable, infallible, inevitable, unavoidable. Nécessaire, s. m. necessaries, competency; also box or case with the things necessary or convenient upon a journey. Faire le nécessaire, to be a busybody or an intermeddler.

NECESSAIREMENT, na-se-ser-men, a necessarily, needs, of necessity, infallibly.

NECESSITANTE, nh-sc-sl-tent, adj. Ex. De nécessité nécessitante, of an absolute or indis-pensable necessity, by all means. Nécessité, na-sé-si-ta, s. f. necessity,

want, need, indigence, poverty, compul-sion. Aller à ses nécessités, to go to do one's Nécessités de la vie, necessaries of needs. De nécessité, of necessity, needs, neceslife. sarily.

NÉCESSITER, na-se-si-ta, v. a. to necessi-

tate, force, compel.

NÉCESSITEU-X, SE, nà -cè-sì-tèu, tèuz, adj. needy, poor, in want, indigent. NÉCROLOGE, nà-krô-lôz, s. m. register of

the dead. NÉCROMANCE OF NÉCROMANCIE, DA-Krô-

men-sl, s. f. necromancy. nå-krô-mèn-siên, NÉCROMANCIEN, NE,

siên, s. m. & f. necromancer, conjurer.

Nectar, nêk-târ, s. m. nectar.

Nef, nêf, s. f. (in poetry) a ship, sail; (d'une eglise) nave or body; (duroi) vase in the form of a ship (where the king's and queen's napkins are kept.)

NÉFASTE, adj. Ex. Jour néfaste, univeky or inauspicious day.

Nitrie, nell, s. f. medlar.

NÉFLIER, på-filh, s. m. medlar-tree...

bar, bat, base: there, ebb, over: field, fig: robe, rob, lord: mood, good.

NEGATI-F, VE, na-ga-tif, tiv, adj. negative. La negative, s. f. the negative. NEGATION, na-ga-sion, s. f. negation.

NEGATIVEMENT, nå-gå-tiv-men, adv. negatively.

NEGLICE, z, adj. (from Negliger) neglected, slighted, etc. also careless, in an undress,

NEGLIGE, na-gll-za, s. m. undress, careless dre

NÉGLIGEMENT, s. m. the act of neglecting intentionally.

NÉGLIGEMMENT, nå-gll-zå-mên, adv. ne-

gligently, carelessly, supincly.
Nigligence, na.gli-zens, s. f. negligence, neglect, carelessness, heedlessness, supine-ness. Avoir des négligences dans son style, to be incorrect or careless in one's style.

NEGLIGENT, E, nå-gil-zèn, zènt, adj. negligent, neglectful, careless, supine.
NEGLIGEN, nå-gil-zh, v.a. to neglect, not
to take care of, let go, let slip. Negliger quelqu'un, to slight one. Se négliger, v. r. to
neglect one's self, not to take care of one's
self. Se négliger en, to grow slack or careless or negligeret in. less or negligent in.

NEGOCE, na-gos, s. m. trade, trading, com-merce, traffick, intrigue. Faire le negoce, to carry on trade, be a merchant. Faire un

grand negoce, to drive a great trade.

Negociable, na-go-shabl, adj. negotiable. Nagociant, na-go-sien, s. m. merchant, dealer by wholesale.

NÉGOCIATEUR, nå-gð-síå-tèur, s. m. negotiator.

NÉGOCIATION, na-gô-sia-sion, s. f. nego-

NEGOCIATRICE, s. f. negotiatrix.

N'AGOCIER, na-go-si-a, v. a. & n. to trade, deal, drive a trade; to negotiate, manage, negotiate for.
N'AGRE, negr, s. m. negro-man.
N'AGRERIE, ne-gre-ri, s. f. negro-yard; place where negroes are kept for sale.

NÉGRESSE, ne-gres, s. f. negro-woman. NÉGRIER, adj. m. Ex. Vaisseau negrier, a slave-ship.

NÉGRILLON, NE, nå-grì-lon, lon, s. m. &

f. negro-boy, negro-girl.

NEIGE, nez, s. f. snow; whiteness; sort of

lace in fashion some years since. Il tombe de la neige, it snows

NEIGER, ne-za, v. a. to snow.

Neigeu-x, se, nê-zcu, zeuz, adj. snowy, full of snow.

NÉMÉENS, adj. pl. Ex. Les jeux Néméens, the Nemean games.
Ninies, na-nl, s. f. pl. nenia (funeral songs

among the Romans.)

NENNI, ne-ni, no, no forsooth, not at all. NÉNUPHAR, nà-nu-far, s. m. nenuphar,

water lily, or water rose. NÉOGRAPHE, s. m. who admits of a new

orthography.

NÉOGRAPHISME, s. m. new orthography. NEOLOGIE, nã-ô-lô-zl, s. f. neology, art of making and introducing new words or of using old ones in a new sense.

Néologique, nå-ô-lô-zìk, adj. neologick, consisting of new coined words and phrases.

NÉOLOGISME, nã-ò-lò-zism, s. m. neologism, affected coining of words and phrases

NÉOLOGUE, nà-ò-lòg, s. m. neologist, one fond of introducing new words and expres-

NEOMÉNIE, s. f. new moon, feast at new moon.

Nžotkrique, adj. new, modern. Nžoтнуте, na d-fit, s. m. & f. neophyte new convert.

NAPHRÉTIQUE. nå-frå-tik, adj. nephritick.

NÉPOTISME, na-po-tism, s. m. nepotism. NÉRÉIDES, na-ra-ld, s. f. pl. Nereids, seanymphs; sort of sea-worm.

NERF, nerf, s. m. nerve, sinew; sinews, strength; (of books) band. Nerfs, pl. is pronounced ner. Nerf ferue, s. f. upper attaint. NERPRUN, ner-prus, s. m. buckthorn.

NERVER, ner-va, v. a. to cover with sinews. NERVEU-X, SE, ner-veu, veuz, adj. sinewy,

nervous, strong, lusty, brawny.

NERVIN, E, adj. good for the nerves. NERVURE, ner-vur, s. f. raised parts of a moulding; hands (of a book;) fibre (in the

leaves of plants.)

NET, TE, net, adj. clean; pure, cleanly, neat; clear, innocent, blameless, unspotted; smooth, fair; easy, plain; downright; empty, clear. Sain et net, fresh and sound; sound. Elle fit rozu d'en avoir le cour net, she vowed to ease herself of it. J'en ai le casur set, I wash my hands of it, I am satisfied.

NET, s. m. Ex. Mettre on net, to write or

draw a fair copy of.

NET, adv. plainly, freely, openly, clean, cleverly. Cela s'est casse tout net, it snapt

NETTEMENT, net-men, adv. clearly purely, neatly, plainly, freely, fairly, frankly. NETTETÉ, net-ta, s. f. cleanness, cleanli-

ness. clearness, neatness, pureness, plainness. NETTOIEMENT, net-wa-men, s. m. clean-

ing, cleansing, clearing, scouring. Nетточек, ne-twa-ya, v. a. to clean, make

clean, cleanse, clear, scour, sweep away. Se nettoyer, Mar. Ex. L'horizon se nettoye, the horizon is getting fine.

NEUF, ve, neuf, neuv, adj. new; also raw, unexperienced, simple, silly. Refaire à neuf, to rebuild, build up anew or again. S'halriller de neuf, to put on new clothes. Tout butteret neuf, brand new. Neuf, adj. (indeclinable) nine; the ninth; ninth. The F is pronounced when not followed by a norm or adj.; before a noun beginning with a vowel or silent H it sounds like V. Charles neuf, Charles the Ninth. Neuf hommes, nine men.

NEUF, neuf, s. m. nine. Neuf de chiffre, figure nine.

NEUTRALEMENT, nêu-trâl-mên, adv. neu-

trally, in a neutral manner or sense NEUTRALISATION, s. f. neutralization.

NEUTRALISFR, v. a. to neutralize.

NEUTRALITÉ, neu-trà-li-tà, s. f. neutrality.

NEUTRE, neutr, adj. neuter, neutral. Neuvaine, neu-vên s. f. nine days devotion.

NEUVE, the fem. of Neuf.

NEUVIÈME, nêu-viêm, adj. a ninth. NEUVIÈME, s. m. ninth day, ninth part. NEUVIÈMEMENT, nêu-viêm-mên, adv. NEUVILMEMENT,

ninthly. NEVEU, ne-veu, s. m. nephew. Petit neveu, grand nephew. Nos neveux, our offspring. after ages, posterity.

NEVRITIQUE, adj. good for the perves-

buse, but : jeune, moute, bourre . enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

NÉVROLOGIE, s. f. neurology.

NEE, nk, s. m. nose; face; scent. Arcir toujours le nez sur quelque chose, to pore over a thing. Avoir bon nez, to have a good nose, be sagacious or cunning. Rire au nez, to laugh in (one's) face. Nez, s. m. Mar. head, beak, bow, fore part (of a ship.) Notre basent est trop sur le nez, our ship is too much by the head. Nous virlmes le nez sur les briane, we put about with the breakers close a-head of us.

NI, nd, conj. nor, neither. Il n'est mi bon ni massuis, he is neither good norbad. Je ne l'ai jamais trouvé ni bon ni maurais, I never

found him either good or bad, I always found him seither good nor bad.

Niable, ni-abl, adj. deniable.

Niable, ni-abl, adj. deniable.

Niable, impocent, foolish, silly man or woman, and the seither good nor bad. ple, innocent, foolish, silly man or woman, simpleton. Un faucon niais, a nias hawk.
Niaisement, id-ez-men, adv. simply, sillily,

imocently.

NIAISER, nl-è-za, v. n. to play the fool,

stand triffing or fooling.

NEALSERIE, ni-ez-ri, s. f. silly thing, trifle,

Solery, nonsense, silliness.
NICE, adj. foolish, silly (obsolete.)

NICHE, nish, s. f. niche; spiteful trick.
NICHE, g. adj. placed, put.
NICHE, nisha, s. f. whole nest, brood.
NICHER, nisha, v. a. to place or put.
Nicher, v. n. or se nicher, v. r. to nestle, build or make one's nest.

NICHET, s. m. nest-egg.

Nichola, nl-shwar, s. m. a canary bird's breeding-cage.

NICOLATTES, s. m. pl. Nicolaitans.

NID, ni, s. m. nest. Il n'y a plus que le nid, the birds are flown. Nid à rats, a mean

NIDOREU-X, SE, adj. that smells rotten or burnt.

NIÈCE, nies, s. f. niece. NIELLE, niel. s. f. mildew or blasting, gith, bishop's wort, St. Catherine's flower, cockle.

Nieller, nle-la, v. a. to blast.

Niel, nl-a, v. a. to deny, gainsay, dis-

Nicaud, z, ni-go, god, adj. & s. silly, sim-ple, foolish; simple man or woman, simpleton, fool; sort of cormorant.

Nicauder, ni-go-di, v. n. to stand fooling or triding, play the fool. Nicauderis, ni-god-ri, s. f. silliness, fool-

ery.
NIL, s. m. (Sence d'Egypte) Nile.
NILLE, nil, s. f. tendril, twining-sprig of a

NIMBE, minb, s. f. glory or circle of light (around the head of saints, etc.)

NIPPER, ni-pa, v. a. to rig out, fit up.

ripper, v. r. to rig one's self out.

NIPPES, pap, s. f. pl. clothes, dress, goods.

NIQUE, plk, s. f. Ex. Faire la nique à, to mgh at by a slighting gesture, not to care

NITOUCHE, nl-tdosh, hypocrite. Ex. Faire la sainte mitouche, to look demure as if butter

would not melt in one's mouth.

Nitre, aftr, s. m. nitre. Nitreu-x, se, ni-tréu, trèuz, adj. nitrous. earth.

NIVEAU, nî-vô, s. m. level. De niveau arec, au nireau de, level with, even with, upon a level with.

NIVELER, niv-là, v. a. to level, take the level; also to trifle.

NIVELEUR, nlv-leur, s. m. leveller, also triffing man, one that stands upon triffes.

NIVELLEMENT, nl-vel-men, s. m. level-

ling, surveying.
NIVET, s. m. a discount allowed one who

purchases on commission.

NIVOSE, 4th month of the French calendar. NOBILIAIRE, no-bl-fl-er, s. m. peerage,

history of peerage.

Noble, nobl, adj. & s. noble, excellent, illustrious; nobleman. Une terre noble, a lordship. Les nobles, the nobility. Noble à

la rose, s. m. noble (gold coin.)
NOBLEMENT, nobl-men, adv. nobly, gen-

tleman-like, excellently.

Noblesse, no-bles, s. f. nobleness, nobility, gentility, excellence or excellency, loftiness; also noblesse or nobility and gentry.

Noce, nos, s. f. nuptials, marriage. Noce or Noces, wedding, marriage; the company

at a wedding.

Nochen, no-sha, s. m. pilot or steersman, boatswain of a man of war (in the dialect of Provence.) Caron, le pâle nocher, Charon, the grim ferry-man.

*NOCIER, E, adj. nuptial, that presides at

a wedding.

NOCTAMBULE, nok-ten-bål, s. m. & f. one

that walks in his sleep. NOCTAMBULISME, s. m. the disease of those

who walk in their sleep.
Noctiluque, nok-ti-lak, adj. & s. noctiluce, that shines or glows in the night. Les vers luisans sort des noctiluques, glow-worms are noctiluces.

NOCTURLABE, s. m. a nocturnal.

Nocturne,nôk-tôrn,adj.nocturnal, nightly. NOCTURNE, s. m. nocturnal part of the church-service among the papists.

Nodus, no-dås, s. m. node (swelling.) Noel, no-cl, s. m. Christmas; carol or

Christmas-song.

NŒUD, ncu, s. m. knot, knob, knuckle, joint, tie, band, stress, difficulty, main or chief point. No uls (d'une planète) nodes. Nœud, s. m. Mar. knot, bend, hitch, marine mile or knot. Noud marin, reef knot. Naud plat or de garcette, carrick bend. Næud d'an-guille, timber hitch. Næud de bois, jamming hitch or knot. Næud d'agui à élingue, Næud d'anstanding bowline knot. bowline bend or knot. Norud de bouline, Næud de haubans, Nœud d'écoute, sheet knot. shroud knot. Noud de rache, granny's knot. Noud de diamant, diamond knot. Noud de rose, rose knot. Naud à plein poing, overhand knot. Naud dans un mâtereau, etc. knot in a spar, etc. Norud de la grande ligne de sonde, kuot of the deep sea-line. Norud de la ligne de loch, knot of a log-line or marine mile. Nous filons neuf naruds, we are going nine knots. La grande voile nous donne deux nœuds de plus, we sail two knots faster with the main sail set.

Noir, nwar, adj. black, blackish, brown, NITEEU-R, SE, al-treu, treuz, adj. nitrous. dark, darkish, gloomy, sad, dismal, sullen, MITEERER, al-trier, s. f. nitrous vein of melancholy, black and blue, foul, nasty, filthy,

I wicked, have.

bar, bat, base : thère, êbb, ovêr : field, fig : rôbe, rôb, lôrd : môod, gôod.

Noin, s. m. black, negro. Noir à noircir, blacking-ball.

NOIRATRE, nwa-ratr, adj. blackish, some-

what black. NOIRAUD, E, nwa-ro, rod, adj. & s. m. &

& black, black man or woman. Noinceur, nwar-seur, s. f. blackness, black

apot, heinousness, atrocity.
NOIRCIR, nwar-seur, s. t. black, blacken, make black, disgrace, defame, asperse.
Noircir, v. n. & Se noircir, v. r. to blacken, grow black.

NOIRCISSURE, nwar-si-sur, s. f. blacken-

ing, black spot.
NOIRE, nwar, the fem. of Noir. Noire, s. f. crotchet, black note (in musick.)
Noise, nwaz, s. f. strife, squabble, quarrel,

dispute.

NOISETIER, s. m. small nut-tree, hazel-tree, filbert-tree.

NOISETTE, nwa-zet, s. f. small nut, hazelnut, filbert.

Noix, nwa, s. f. nut, walnut; (du genou) knee-pan.

Noli me tangere, (latin) s. m. (touch

me not) sort of plant; bad ulcer.
"NoLIS, no-li, s. m. freight or hire (of a vessel, in the dialect of Provence.)

*Noliser, no-li-za, v. a. to freight.

"NOLISSEMENT, s. m. act of freighting. Nom, non, s. m. name, quality, title, reputation, renown, character; (in grammar) moun. Nom de guerre, supposititious name,

travelling name, nickname. NOMADE, no-mad, adj. & s. wandering, errant, without a fixed habitation.

NOMANCE or NOMANCIE, s. f. divination by the letters that go into one's Christian name.

NOMBLES, s. m. pl. numbles (of deer.)

NOMBRE, nonbr, s. m. number; a great number, a world, a multitude; harmony. Nombre d'or, golden number. Nombres, (diere de Motse) beook of Numbers. De nombre de, au nombre de, of or in the number of, among.

Nombrer, non-bra, v. a. to number, sum

up, tell, count, compute.

Nombreu-x, se, non-breu, breuz, adj. numerous, great, manifold; harmonious.

NOMBRIL, non-bri, s. m. naval. Nombril de l'écu, nombril of the escutcheon.

Nomenclateur, no-men-kla-teur, s. m. nomenclator, remembrancer.

NOMENCLATURE, no-men-kia-tur, s.f. no-

menclature, vocabulary, word-book. NOMINATAIRE, no-mì-na-tèr, s. m. the

king's presentee. NOMINATEUR, no-mi-nà-teur, s. m. patron,

that has the right of presenting to a benefice. NOMINATIF, no-mi-na-tif, a. m. nominative, nominative case.

Nomination, no-ml-na-slon, s. f. nomination, naming, appointing, right of naming,

Nount, adj. à point nommé, adv. in the nick of time.

Nommement, no-ma-men, adv. namely, particularly, specially, expressly.

Nonmen, no-ma, v. a. to name, give a name to, nominate, appoint, call. So nominer, v. r. to be called, go by the name of

Non, non, adv. no. not, nay.

Non, s. m. Ex. Ils se sont querellés pour un

non, they quarrelled for a no.
NONAGENAIRE, no-na-za-ner, adj. four-score and ten years of age.

*Nonante, no-nem, adj. ninety.

*Nonantiamz, adj. nineticth.

NONCE, nons, s. m. nuncio.

Nonchalamment, non-sha-la-men, adv.

carelessly, supinely, negligently.

NONCHALANCE, non-shi-less, s. f. carelessness, supineness, negligence.

Nonchalant, E, non-sha-len, lent, adj. & s. careless, supine, negligent, idle; careless, idle man or woman

Nonciature, non-sia-tur, s.f. nunciature. NONCONFORMISTE, non-kon-for-mist, s. m. & f. non-conformist, dissenter.

None, non, s. f. None, one of the popish canonical hours.

Nones, non, s. f. pl. the nones of every month (among the Romans.)

NONNAIN OF NONNE, no-nin, non, a. f. man.

NONFARE OF NORME, NO-BIS, NOB. S. L. BULL.
NONFARTE, NÖ-BÖL, S. f. young min.
NONGESTANT, DÖ-BÖDS-LÉN, prep. notwithstanding. Nonobstant que, for all that.
NONFARE, non-për, adj. odd, not even.
NONFARELLE, E., non-pë-rëf, adj. matchless, incomparable, unperalleled.
NONFARELLE, E. f. crimn riband : kind of

NONPARRILLE, s. f. crimp riband; kind of small sugar plum; nonpareil (small size of typc.)

NONUPLE, adj. that contains nine times. NONUPLER, v. a. to repeat nine times. Non-usage, non-d-zaz, s. m. disuse.

Non-valeur, non-va-leur, s. f. waste, de-

Non-vuz, s. f. Blar. thick fog.
Non-vuz, s. f. Blar. thick fog.
Non-vuz, s. f. Blar. thick fog.
Non-vuz, s. m. north. Nord-est, s. m. north-east.
Nord-ouest, s. m. north-west.
Du nord, northern, northerly. Vest du mord, northerly wind.
Vest de nord-est, north-eastern. Vent de nord-ouest, north-western. Le plus au nord, northernmost. Au nord, vers le nord, northward. Nord-est 3 degrés est, northeast 1-4 east. Entre le nord-ouest et le nord-ouest quart de nord, north-west 1-4 north.

Nordester, nor-des-ta, v. n. to vary towards the east (speaking of the magnetick necdle.)

NORDOUESTER, v. n. to decline towards

Normal, z, adj. (in geom.) perpendicular.

Ecoles normales, schools where the art of teaching is acquired

NORMAND, E, nor-men, mend, adj. Nor-

man, of Normandy. Norvege, nor-vez, s. f. Norway.

NORVEGIEN, NE, adj. Norwegian, of Norway. Nos, no, the pl. of notre, our. Nora, no-th, note, mark.

Nota, s. m. note. Notable, notable, remarkable,

eminent, considerable, excellent, singular. NOTABLES, s. m. pl. chief men, notables. NOTABLEMENT, no-tabl-men, adv. nota-

bly, considerably, very much.

NOTAIRE, no-ter, s. m. notary, scrivener.

NOTAMMENT, no-ta-men, adv. especially, particularly.

NOTARIAT, no-ta-ria, s. m. notary's place or office; time during which one has been noi tary.

buse, bût : jeune, mêute, beurre : enfant, cent, liên : vin : mon : brun.

Norm, not, s. f. note, mark, remark, anno- | new.

tation. Notes, notes, short-hand.
Norum, no-th, v. a. to note, take notice of,

observe, mark; to prick (an air in musick.)

NOTEOR, a. m. copier of musick.

NOTICE, no-tls, s. f. Ex. La notice de l'empire, an account of the present state of the

NOTIFICATION, no-tl-fl-kk-slon, s. f. notifi-

NOTIFIER, no-th-ffa, v. a. to notify, signi-

fy, make known, give notice of.
Norton, no-sion, s. f. notion, idea, know-

ledge, conception.
Norotzz, no-twar, adj. notorious, evident,
plain, manifest.

Normerement, no-twar-men, adv. notori-

ously, openly, manifestly.
Notoriatz, no-to-ri-a-ta, s. f. notorious-

ness; evidence, affidavit.

Norne, note, adj. our. When joined to a mount it always precedes it, when ulone it takes the article and circumflex accent. Notre père, notre mère. Le nôtre, la nôtre, les nôtres, ours, our own. Du nôtre, de la nôtre, des ndores, of ours, of our own. Au ubtre, aux nitres, to ours, to our own. Les nôtres, our people. Des nôtres, of us, of our compa-

Nouz, noo, s. f. pantile; rich field. Nouz, z, adj. tied, knotted. Etre noue, to be tied; also to be rickety or have the rickets.

NOUEMENT, noo-men, s. m. tying.
NOUEM, noo-d, v. a. to tie, knit. Nouer,
v. a. or Se nouer, v. v. (en parlant des boudons
des arbres) to set or to knit; (parlant de la
guntle) to knot or grow knotted; (parlant des enfans) to grow rickety.

Nover, noo-ê, s. m. rag in which some drug is tied to make an infusion.

Novzu-x, sz, ndo-eu, euz, adj. knotty.

Noveat, s. m. sort of cake.

Nourrain, noo-rin, s. m. young fry. Nourrai, z., adj. nourished, kept, etc. V.

Nourrir. Nourri, s. m. Ex. Faire un petit nourri dans une maison de cumpagne, to keep poul-try, hogs, and cows, in a country house.

NOURRICE, noo-ris, s. f. nurse. Nourricien, noo-ri-sia, adj. nutritive. Un nourricier or un père nourricier, a foster-fa-ther, a murse's husband.

NOURRIE, noo-rir, v. a. to nourish, feed, keep, maintain, nurse up, bring up, nurture, educate, instruct, find victuals for, entertain: musee er suckle (a child.) Se nourrir de, v. r. to live or feed upon.

NOURRESSACE, s. f. feeding or raising (of

cattle.) NOURRISSANT, E, moo-rl-sen, sent, adj.

nourishing, nutritive.

NOURRISSON, noo-ri-son, s. m. nurse-child, toster-child, pupil, scholar. Les nourrissons des souses or du Parnasse, Apollo's sons, poets, bards.

Noverervre, noo-ri-tur, s. f. nourishment, food, sustenance, nurture, education.
Novs, noo, pron. we, us, to us: pl. of Je or

NOUVEAU, m. before a consonant, nourel a before a vowel or h mute, nonvelle, f. and for the plural nouneaux, m. nouvelles, f. adj.

De nouveau, again, over again, newly, lately.

Nouveau, noo-vo, adv. newly, new.

NOUVEAUTÉ, noo-vo-ta, s. f. newness, no-

velty, new thing, innovation, change.

Nouvel or Nouvelle, noo-vel, adj. V.

Nouveau.

Nouvelle, s. f. news, tidings, intelligence, account; a novel. Munder or donner de ses nouvelles à une personne, to let a person hear from one. Vous aurez de mes nouvelles, you shall hear from me. Dire des nouvelles de Pécole, to tell tales out of school.

Nouvellement, não-vêl-mên, adv. new-

ly.
Nouvelliste, noo-ve-list, s. m. news-

monger, intelligencer, news-writer.
NOVALE, no-val, s. f. new ploughed land. NOVATEUR, no-va-teur, s. m. novator, innovator.

NOVATION, s. f. novation.

NOVELLES. no-vel, s. f. pl. novels of the civil law (of Justinian.)

NOVEMBRE, no-venbr, s. m. November. Novice, no-ven, adj. & s. raw, unexperienced, unskilled; novice, new beginner, probationer, new monk or nun; also young sailor, younker, green-hand. Noviciart, no-vi-sil, s. m. noviciate. Noviciart, no-vi-sil-ma, adv. lately, just

NOYALE, nwa-yal, s. f. hemp-cloth to make sails.

Novau, nwa-yo, s. m. stone of a fruit; kernel in the stone; mould within a piece of ordnance when it is cast; newel (of a wind-

ing stair-case.)
Nover, nwa-ya, v. n. to drown, put under water; (la boule de son adversaire) to throw out of the green or into the ditch. Se noyer, v. r. to be drowned, be drowning, drown one's self. Nover, Mar. Nover la terre, to lay or settle the land. Nover un bâtiment, to drop a vessel, lose sight of a vessel by degrees, run a ship entirely out of sight. Votre bâtiment a ses préceintes noyées, your ship is very much down in the water. Le vaisseau a sa batterie noyée, this ship carries her guns very low. En visitant nos poudres, nous les trouvames toutes noyées, on examining our powder, we found it all wet. Nous eames trois gabiers de noyés par la chute de notre petit mat de hame, we had three top-men drowned by our foretop mast going over the side.

NOVER, s. m. walnut-tree, walnut-wood. NOVON, nwa-yon, s. m. ditch of a bowling-

green.

Nu, s. m. naked part. A mu, naked, bare, plainly, freely, openly, ingenuously. Monto à cheval à mu, to ride a horse bare backed.

NUAGE, no. 12, s. m. cloud, mist; crowd, multitude; doubt, obscurity, darkness. Les nuages chassent du sud-ouest, Mar. the clouds come from the south-west.

NUAGEU-X, se, adj. cloudy. NUAISON, nd-e-zon, s. m. Mar. wind set in, steady wind. Un musion de nord-est nous fit bientôt gagner les vents alisés, a steady north-easter soon ran us into the tradewinds.

NUANCE, nû-èns, s. f. gentle gradation (of colour.) shadowing with light colours upon dark of the same kind or with dark colours

bar, bat, base : there, êbb, over : flela, fig : robe, rob, ford : mood, good.

upon lighter of the same kind, shade of difference. Nuances de langage, neat variety of

expressions.
NUANCER, nd-en-så, v. a. to mix with different colours

NUBILE, na bil, adj. marriageable.

NUBILITE, s. f. quality of being marriage able.

Nun, V. Nu.

NUDITÉ, no-di-tà, s. f. nakedness; nudity. NUE, E, nû, nû, adj. naked; bare, unco-vered; plain; plain, open, without disguise; épée nue, drawn sword.

Nuz, nd, s. f. cloud. V. Nu. Nuzz, nd-å, s. f. cloud; crowd (of people;) Bock or flight (of birds.)

NUZMENT, nu-men, adv. nakedly, plainly, freely, ingenuously.

NUER, no. 4, v. a. to shade with colours. NUIRE, ndir, v. n. (See the table at uire) to hurt, prejudice, do hurt or harm or mischief.

*Nuisance, nůl-zėns, s. f. nuisance, an-

noyance, damage.
NUISIBLE, ndl-zibl, adj. harmful, hurtful, prejudicial, obnoxious, noisome, offensive.

mischievous, dangerous.

Nuit, null, s. f. night, darkness. A mait fermée, à muit close, when quite dark. De mait, in the night. Se mettre à la muit, to be benighted.

NUITAMMENT, noll-ta-men, adv. by night,

in the night.
Nuite, nul-th, s. f. night's lodging; night's work.

NUL, LE, nul, adj. void, that does not stand good in law, of no force; no, not one, not any, (if the sentence be already negotive) any.

NULLE, s. f. dish made of yolks of eggs and sugar; null, cipher, standing for nothing. NULLEMENT, nûl-mên, adv. no, by no means, in no wise, not at all.

NULLITÉ, nal-li-ta, s. f. nullity, invalidity, error.

Numéraire, nû-mâ-rêr, adj. numerary. Numéral, e, nû-mâ-râl, adj. numeral. NUMÉRATEUR, no-ma-ra-teur, s. m. numerator

NUMERATION, nd-ma-ra-slon, s. f. nume-

ration, payment of money.
Numinique, nû-ma-rik, adj. numerical. Numericulary, adv. numerically. Numero, nd-ma-ro, s. m. number. Ex.

Voyez le numéro cinq, see number five.

Numeroter, no-ma-ro-ta, v. a. to number, mark with a number.
Numismatique, nd-mls-ma-tik, adj. nu-

mismatick.

NUMISMATOGRAPHIE, s. f. numismatogra-

phy, description of ancient medals.

NUMMULAIRE, num-mul-ler, s. f. money-

wort, called also monoyère.

NUNCUPATI-F, VE, nun-kū-pā-tīf, tlv, adj. nuncupative, verbal or nominal. NUNDINALES, adj. f. pl. Lettres nundinales. nundinal or nundinary letters (indicating the

market-days among the Romans.)

NUPTIAL, E, nup-sial, adj. nuptial, bridal. belonging to a wedding.

NUQUE, nak, s. f. nape (of the neck.) NUTATION, s. f. balancing (in astronomy;) turning (of plants) towards the sun.

NUTRITI-F, VE, no-tri-tit, tlv, adj. nutritive. I little value, coin.

NUTRITION. nattri-slon, s. f. nutrition. NUTRIUM, som. sort of ointment.

NYCTALOPE, s. m. nyctalops, one who sees best in the night.

NYMPHE, ninf, s. f. nymph, lady, beauty, goddess; chrysalis; nymphæ.

O, o, s. m. 15th letter of the French alphabet, also cipher standing for nothing. Les U de Noel, Christmas anthems.

O! int. oh! Oçà; now. Obédience, ô-ba-dièns, s. f. obedience. Obédienciel, le, ô-ba-dièn-all, suj. obediential.

OBEDIENCIER, d-ba-di-èn-sia, s. m. obe-dientiary, priest who is to obey his superiour. OBÉIR, d-ba-ir, v. n. to obey, be obedient

or dutiful, yield, submit, bend, be pliant, yield. Se faire obeir, to make one's self be obeyed.

OBEISSANCE, d-ba-l-sens, s. f. obedience.

dutifulness, subjection, submission. Se ranger sous l'obéissance de, to submit to. terres de son obéissance, his dominions.
OBÉISSANT, E, ô-bh-l-sen, sent, adj. obe-

dient, obsequious, dutiful, subject, pliant.
OBELISQUE, ô-ba-lisk, s. m. obelisk.

OBÉRÉ, K, adj. greatly indebted, in debt

over head and ears Orárez, ô-bâ-ra, v. a. to run in debt. S'obérez, v. r. to run one's self in debt. Orárez f. d-bâ-zî-tâ, s. f. obesity. Obier, V. Aubier. Obier, V. Aubier. Obit, ô-bî, s. m. obit, dirge. Obituire, ô-bî-tâ-êr, s. m. book of bestuaire.

rials, register book of the dead. OBJECTER, ob-zek-th, v. n. to object, make an objection, oppose, reproach, cast in

the teeth of. OBJECTI-F, ve, ôb-zêk-tîf, tiv, adj. & s. objective, ideal; object-glass.
OBJECTION, ôb-zêk-sion, s. f. objection,

difficulty.

OBJET, Ob-ze, s. m. object, subject, matter, aim, end, prospect, view, consideration, motive. Un objet de risée, a laughing stock.

OBJURGATION, s. f. violent reproach, ob-

jurgation, reprimand. OBLAT, ô-blà, s. m. oblat, disabled soldier

maintained as a monk in an abbey.
OBLATION, 0-bla-sion, s. f. oblation, offering. OBLIGATION, &-bll-ga-sion, s. f. obligation, tie, engagement, bond, duty.

OBLIGATOIRE, &-bll-ga-twar, adj. obliga-

tory, binding.

OBLIGEAMMENT, d-bll-za-men, adv. obligingly, courteously, kindly, officiously, triendly.

OBLIGEANCE, s. f. inclination to oblige.
OBLIGEANT, E, ô-bll-zên, zênt, adj. obliging. courteous, kind; officious, frieadly.
OBLIGER, ô-bll-zâ, v. a. to oblige, force, compel, bind, lay an obligation upoa, do a kindness or good turn to.

OBLIQUE, o-blik, adj. oblique, slope, awry, across; ill, wicked, fraudulent, indirec

OBLIQUEMENT, ô-blik-mên, adv. oblique-ly. awry, sloping; fraudulently; indirectly. OBLIQUITÉ, ô-bli-kî-tâ, s. f. obliquity.

OBLITÉRER, v. a. to obliterate, efface.
OBLONG, UE, ôb-lon, long, adj. oblong.
OBOLE, ô-bôl, s. f. obole, a copper coin of

bose, bût : jênne, mêute, bêurre : ênfant, cênt, liên : vin : mon : brun.

OBBEPTICE, op-rep-tls, adj. subreptitious. OBREPTICEMENT, adv. in a subreptitious

manner. OBREPTION, op-rep-slon, s. f. obreption; omission or concealment of part of the truth.

OBSCRNE, Ob-sen, adj. obscene, filthy,

bawdy, smutty.
OBSCÉNITÉ, ôb-så-nl-tå, s. f. obscenity,

fithiness, smutiness, bawdry.
OBSCUR, E, obs-kur, kur, adj. dark, full of darkness, gloomy; dark and deep; diffi-cult, obscure; private, retired.

OBSCURCIR, ôlis-kur-sir, v. a. to darken, bedim, obscure, cloud, eclipse, drown; (la sue) to dim. B'obscureir, v. r. to darken, grow dark or gloomy or overcast, be obscur-ed, or eclipsed, grow clouded.

OBSCURCISSEMENT, Obs-kur-sis-men, s. m.

an obscuring or darkening or dimming.

OBSCURENERT, adv. obscurely, in the dark.

OBSCURITE, obs-ku-ri-la, s. f. obscurity, darkness, gloominess; (de rue) dimness.
Obsacration, ob-sa-kra-sion, s. f. obse-

OBSEDER, ob-så-då, v. a. to beset.

Ozskouks, ob-sek, s. f. pl. obsequies, fumeral, funeral rites.

OBS ÉQUIEU-X. SE, adj. obsequious.

OBSERVABLE, adj. observable.
OBSERVANCE, ob-ser-vens, s. f. observance or rule (in a monastery;) ceremony,

OBSERVANTIN, s. m. observant or observantin (sort of monk.)

OBSERVAT-EUR, RICE, Ob-ser-tris, a. m. & f. observer, observator. Rice, db-sêr-v**h-têur**,

OBSERVATION, Ob-ser-va-slow, s. f. observance, keeping, remark, observation. en observation devant un port, Mar. to be off a port, watching the enemy's motions within. Faire des observations de distance, Mar. to take lunar observations.

OBSERVATOIRE, Ob-ser-va-twar, s. m. ob-

servatory.

OBSERVER, ôb-sér-vå, v. a. to observe, keep, follow, consider, study, contemplate, watch, spy, eye, have a strict eye over. Qui observe les signaux que fait le général? Mar. who is looking out for the admiral's signals? Nous ne pourons, depuis quinze jours, observer la latitude, Mar. we have not been able to get an observation this furtnight. S'observer, v. r. to look to one's self, be weary or cautious or circumspect. V. Reflichi.

OBSESSION, Ob-se-slon, s.f. obsession; pos-

session (by an evil spirit.)
OBSIDIONALE, Ob-si-di-o-nal, adj. f. obsi-

OBSTACLE, obe-takl, s. m. obstacle, hinderance, let, rub, impediment, bar.
OBSTINATION, obs-tl-na-slon, s. f. obstina-

cy, wilfulness, stubbornness.
OBSTINÉ, E, obs-tl-nå, adj. & s. obstinate, wilful, stiff necked, stubborn, self-willed, wilfally resolved, stiff, firm (in a design,) obstie or stubborn person.

OBSTINÉMENT, ôbs-ti-nà-mên, adv. obsti-

DESTINER. Obs-ti-na, v. a. to make obstinate or stubborn, maintain stiffly, stand out. B'obstiner, v. r. to be obstinate or stubborn, be obstinately resolved, insist upon. S'obstiner contre quelqu'un, to be stiffly bent against one.

OESTRUCTI-F, VE, Obs-trak-tlf, uv, adj. Obstructive, stopping, that makes a stoppage Obstruction, obstruction, s. f. obstruc tion, stoppage.

OBSTRUER, v. a. to obstruct

*Obtempérer, ôb-tên-på-rå, v. n. to ob

temperate, obey.

Obtenia, ob-tê-nîr, v. n. (like tenir) to

obtain, get, gain, or have.
OBTENTION, ob-ten-sion, s. f. obtaining.

OBTENU, E, adj. obtained, got, had. OBTUS, E, ob-tů, tůz, adj. obtuse.

OBUSANGLE, adj. obtusangular.
OBUS or OBUSIER, ô-bû-zi-à, s. m. howit-

zer. OBVENTION, s. f. obvention; ecclesiastical

tax. OBVIER, ob-vl-a, (a,) v. a. to obviate, pre-

vent, hinder. OCCASE, s. m. westerly (said only of ampli-

tude, in astronomy.)
Occasion, ô-ka-zion, s. f. occasion; op-

portunity; cause, pretence, reason, matter, handle to do a thing, action or fight. A l'oc-casion de, on account of, in the behalf of. Prendre l'occasion, to take or improve the opportunity. Par occasion, occasionally

OCCASIONNEL, LE, ô-kå-ziô-nel, adj. occasional.

Occasionnellement, & ka-zio-nel-men, adv. occasionally. OCCASIONNER, d-kå-zld-nå, v. a. to occa-

sion, cause.

OCCIDENT, ôk-sî-dên, s. m. west; setting. D'occident or à l'occident, western, westerly, west.

OCCIDENTAL, E, ôk-si-den-tâl, adj. west, westerly, western, occidental

Occipital, E, Ök-d-pl-tal, adj. occipital. Occipital, School, S. m. occipital.

*Occire, ok-sir, v. a. (occisant, occis,) to slay or kill.
*Occis, E, adj. slain, killed.

*Occision, s. f. slaughter, murder. Occultation, ô-kûl-tâ-sîon, s. f. occultation.

Occupant, E, o-kult, adj. occult, secret, hidden. Occupant, E, o-ku-pen, pent, s. seizer, possessor, occupier.

OCCUPATION, ô-kô-ph-slon, s. f. occupa-tion, employment, business. Occurá, E, adj. busy, taken up, employ-

ed; taken up. possessed, etc.
Occuper, o-ku-pa, v. a. to busy or employ,occupy, possess, be seized or possessed of, take up, hold. Occuper, v. n. to plead. Boctuper, v. r. to be busy, employed or taken up.
Occurrence, o-kh-rens, s. f. occurrence,

Occurrence, occurrence, occurrence, occurrence, occurrence, occurrence, accident.
Occurrence, emergent.
Occur, desa-en, s. m. ocean. Les ports de l'Occur, the sea-port towns (in France) situated on the Cosan, the sea-port towns to these of ated on the Ocean (in opposition to those of the Mediterranean.)

Ochane, d-sa-an, adj. Ex. La mer oceane,

the Ocean.

OCRE, okr, s. f. ochre.

OCTARDRE, ok-th-edr, s. f. octoedrical. OCTAÉTÉRIDE, s. f. eight years (in astinnomy.)

OCTANT, ok-ten, s. m. Mar. quadrant. *Octante, ok-tent, adj. fourscore, eighty. bar, bat, base : thère, ebb, over : field, fig : rôbe, rôb, lôrd : mòod, gaod.

*OCTANTIÈME, ôk-tên-tîêm, adj. eightieth. [

OCTAVE, ôk-thv, s. f. octave. OCTAVO, ôk-th-vò, s. m. octavo.

OCTIL, adj. octile.
OCTOBER, ôk-tôp, s. m. October.
OCTOBER, ôk-tôp, s. m. October.
OCTOBER, ôk-tô-zâ-nêr, adj. & s.
fourscore years old.

Octogone, &k-to-gon, adj. octangular, octagonal.

Octogone, s. m. octagon.

Octroi, ok-trwa, s. m. grant. Dermiers d'octroi, toll or tax levied to pay city expen-

Octrover, ôk-trwa-ya, v. a. to grant. Octupus, adj. eightfold.

OCTUPLER, v. a. to repeat eight times. OCULAIRE, adj. ocular. Témoin oculaire,

ocular or eye witness. Oculaire, &-ka-lèr, s. m. or verre oculaire,

eye glass of a telescope OCULAIREMENT, ô-kô-lèr-mên, adv. visi-

bly, sensibly, plainly.
Oculiste, ô-kû-list, s. m. oculist.

Oculus-Christi, s. m. (sort of flower.)

Odr, od, s. f. ode.

ODEUR, &-deur, s. f. odour, smell, scent,

Gavour; reputation, name, fame.
ODIEUSEMENT, d-dl-euz-men, adv. odious-

ly, in an odious manner; maliciously.
ODIEU-x, sz, ô-dl-eu, euz, adj. odious, hateful, heinous.

ODOMÈTRE, s. m. odometer, instrument for measuring the distance travelled.

ODONTALGIE, s. f. tooth-ache. ODONTALGIQUE, adj. good for the tooth-

ache.

ODONTOIDE, adj. that is formed like a tooth.

ODORANT, ô-dô-rên. V. Odoriférant.
ODORAT, ô-dô-rê, s. m. smelling, the smell, one of the natural senses.

ODORIFÉRANT, E. 8-dô-ri-fa-ren, rent, adj. sweet, sweet-smelling, that smells sweet,

fragrant, odoriferous, odorous. ŒCONOME, etc. V. Econome, etc.

Œcum Énicité, s. f. quality of being œcumenical.

Œcuménique, adj. œcumenical.

Œcum Éniquement, adv. in an œcumenical manner.

ŒDÉMATEU-X, SE, adj. cedematous.

EDEME, s. m. cedema.

EII., eu/, s. m. eye; (of plants) bud; (of scloths) gloss, hustre; (of pearls) water; (de la volute) eye; (du mors) eye. Œil de bæuf, (in architecture) oval; (en termes de marine,) ox-eye. A rue d'æil, by the sight, by looking upon; also visibly, plainly. Avoir bon pied, upon; also visinity, pisinity. Actor om pieu, bon ceil, to be brisk, and vigorous; also to have a watchful eye. V. Yeux, the plural.

CEILLADE, eu-fâd, s. m. look, cast or glance of the eye; ogle; sheep's eye.

CEILLADER, v. n. to cast a sheep's eye on,

ŒILLÈRE, eu-lèr, adj. f. Ex. Les dents

œillères, the eye-teeth.

EILLERR, s. f. eye-flap (of a horse.)

EILLET, eu-fe, s. m. pink, eylet-hole.

Eillet d'Inde, African. Eillet de poète, sweet-william.

Œillet, s. m. Mar. eye (spliced on the head of any rope.) Œillet de fer, eye of an iron bolt. Œillet de l'ancre, eye of the anchor. Œillet d'estrep de poulie, eye of a block strop.

Œillet d'étai, eye of a stay. Œillets de voile. Œillets des ris, eyelet boles of eyelet boles. Î the reef bands. Œillets de tournevire, eyes of the messenger.

CEILLETERIE, s. f. spot planted with pinks or carnations

ŒILLETON, eul-ton, s. m. young sucker of a pink or artichoke.

ŒNAS, s. m. wild pigeon; kind of insect. Œsophage, å-zô-fas. V. Esophage.

Eur, čuf, s. m. egg. Eurs de poissons, spawn of fishes. Pl. pron. ču. Euv ž., z., ču-vž., adj. having roe.

ŒUVRE, euvr, s. f. work, workmanship, deed, action; bezel or collet; church was den's pew, church reparations or fabrick lands. Œurre pie, charitable deed, charitable uses. L'anvre de chair, carnal copulation. Œuvres. (ouvrages d'esprit) works, compo-sures. Œuvres mélées, miscellanies. Mattre des œuvres, overseer. Maître des hautes ceurres, hangman, executioner. Mottre des basses œuvres, nightman; also cleanser of wells. Dans anvere, (in architecture) without the clear. Hors d'œuvre, m. means also, outwork, digression, out of its place; and by dish, kickshaw. Se jeter hors d'œuvre, to jet out. Reprendre un mur sous œuvre, to underpin a wall. Chures mortes, Mar. upper works or dead works of a ship (all that part which is above water.) Chures vives, Mar. quickworks or lower works (all that part which is under water.) Œuvres de marée, graving, calking or repairing of a ship's bottom (when left dry aground during the recess of the tide) called also tide-work. V. Œwere, m. Œuvre, s. m. (purlant des ouvrages des

musiciens or des graveurs) work. Le grand auvre, the philosopher's stone; (dans le style soutenu) ce grand œuvre, that great or admirable work. Un si grand ceuve, so stupendous a work. Hors d'auvre, see under Churre, f. Offensant, E, o-fen-sen, sent, adj. offen-

sive, injurious, abusive, outrageous. OFFENSE, d-fens, s. f. offence, sin, trespass,

transgression, wrong, injury, abuse, outrage.
Offensk, s. m. injured party.

OFFENSER, & fen-sa, v. a. to offend, sin against, wrong, injure, abuse, hurt, wound. Soffenser de, v. r. to be offended or angry at. OFFENSEUR, d-fen-seur, s. m. injurer, offender.

OFFENSI-F, VE, O-fen-sif, alv, adj. offen-

OFFENSIVEMENT, &-fen-siv-men, adv. offensively.

OFFERT, E, adj. offered, etc. V. Offrir.
OFFERTE, Ö-fert, s. f. offering.
OFFERTOIRE, Ö-fertwir, s. m. offeroxy.
OFFICE, Ö-fis, s. m. office; duty, part, businces, devoir; pleasure, turn or good turn, service, benefit, kindness, courtesy; place, employment; divine service. Le saint office,

the inquisition. Faire une chose d'office, to do a thing of one's own accord. Office, s. f. office, buttery, pantry.

Official, o-ff-sial, s. m. official fudge of a bishop's court.)
OFFICIALITÉ, 6-11-si-à-li-tà, s. f. officialty.

Officiant, ô-fi-siès, adj. or s. m. efficial-OFFICIEL, LE, adj. official.

OFFICIELLEMENT, adv. officially.

bose, bût : jêûne, mêute, beurre : ênfant, cênt, liên : vin : mon : brun.

OFFICIER, &-11-18, s. m. officer; (de mai-OFFICIER, 0-11-sin, s. m. officer; (de mar-ant) butler. Officier, Mar. Officer. Officier charge du detail, first lieutenant (of a man of war.) Officier de garde, officer of the watch (at sen.) Officier de manosure, offi-cer (selected from among the lieutenants of a French man of war) to assist the captain on the mantachest in time of mains. Officier e quarter-deck in time of action. Officier rande, officer that rows guard (in a port or de rousée, officer that rows guaru que a port or chrowhere.) Officiers de port, officers (in a dock yard) appointed to see that the shipping be property anoured, manted, rigged, ballast-cipal officers (of a fleet or of each particular ship.) Officiers de souté, officers who super-intend the affairs relating to quarantine in a

OFFICIER, v. n. to officiate, read the die service.

OFFICIEUSEMENT, &-fl-sleuz-mên Sciously, friendly, courteously, obliging-

OFFICIEU-X, SE, 8-fl-slèu, slèuz, adj. offi-

OFFICIEU-X, BE, 6-I-sièu, sièuz, adj. officieus, kind, friendly, serviceable, courteous.
OFFERNT, adj. bidder. An plus offrant, to the highest bidder. An plus offrant, to the highest bidder. OFFER, bit, s. f. offer, proffer, tender.
OFFER, bit, s. f. offer, proffer, tender, proffer, bid, expose to view, put or present before see. Sofrir, v. r. to present before see. Sofrir, v. r. to present one's self, elc.
OFFUSQUEE, 8-fus. 8f., v. a. to dim, dark-quar-cloud, dazzle, eclipse; afront, displease.
OBIVE. 8-dv. 8-f. oree (in architecture.)

OBIVE, 6-21v, s. f. ogeo (in architecture.)
OBIVE, 6-21v, s. f. ogeo (in architecture.)
OBIOS, 6-gnoss, s. m. onion, bulbous root.
OBINS, s. m. ogeo (an inaginary monster.)
L. H. sample comme use ogre, he eats im-

J. Il susque comme un ogre, he eats inoderately.
On, ô, interj. he ! oh !
Otz, wh, s. f. goose. Petite oie, giblets, cose giblets; trimmings (as stockings, hat, doves, to complete a suit of clothes;) also the mail favours which a lover receives from

tress. OLENEMENT, s. m. encinting.

OLLES, &, s. f. oglio.

OLHERS, windr, v. a. (see the table at nare) to anoist or grease. Olhe, wist, s. m. Ex. Vieux oing, hog's

Ourr, n, win, wist, adj. anointed. Ourr, n. m. Ex. L'oint du Seigneur, the

Office with the state of the st

Osze, zn, wiz-li, v. a. to bring up (a swk,) to lay mares, etc. (for birds.)

OISELEB, v. B. to fow!

OISELET, s. m. little bird. OSSELEUR, was-leur, s. m. fowler, bird-

OISELLER, waz-M, s. m. bird-seller. OISELLERIE, wa-zel-rl, s. f. bird-trade,

bwling.

Olsku-x, sz, wa-zeu, zeuz, adj. idle. Olsk-y, vz, wa-zif, ziv, adj. idle; that lies end or

OLSILLOR, wa-zi-lon, s. m. young or small

OSSIVEMENT, adv. idly.

OISIVETÉ, wa-ziv-ta, a. f. idleness, sloth,

Orson, wit-zon, s. m. gosling, green or young goose; etso noodle, ninny, simpleten. OLEAGINEU-E, SE, Ö-lä-ä-z-neu, neuz, adj. oleaginous, oily. Ex. Une liqueur oléagi-

neuse, an oily liquor.
OLEANDRE, s. m. oleander, rose bay.

OLFACTI-F, VE, adv. offactory.
OLFACTOIRE, Öl-fåk-twår, adj. olfactory.
OLIGARCHIE, Ö-fl-går-shå, s. f. oligarchy.
OLIGARCHIQUE, Ö-fl-går-shåk, adj. oligarchy. chical.

OLIM, adj. formerly.

OLINDE, s. f. a sword-blade.

OLINDER, v. a. to fence, fight with a sword. OLINDEUR, s. m. bully, hector.

OLIVAISON, &-Il-ve-zon, s. f. erop of olives, olive season.

OLIVATRE, & B. vatr, adj. clive-coloured. OLIVE, & liv, s. f. clive; clive-tree. Olices

(sorte d'embouchure) olive bit.
OLIVET, ô-fi-vê, s. m. olive yard.
OLIVETTE, ô-fi-vêt, s. f. dance (after the

olives are gathered.) I. date taste and olives are gathered.) OLIVIER, S. H.-viä, s. m. olive-tree. OLOGRAPHE, S. H.-gråf, adj. Ex. Testament olographe, holograph (a will written with the testator's own hand.)

OLYMPE, ô-linp, s. m. sky, heaven.
OLYMPEADE, ô-lin-piêd, s.Ofympiad(space of four years among the Grecians.)
OLYMPIEN, ME, ô-lin-piên, piên, adj. Olympian.

Olympiques, the Olympic games.

Osmpiques, the Olympic games.

Osmpille, on-bell, s. f. unbel.

Ombellipke, on-bell-fier, adj. umbel-

liferous.

Ombilic, on-bl-lik, s. m. navel.

OMBILICAL, E, on-bl-Il-kål, adj. umbilical. OMBRAGE, on-braz, s. m. shade, shady place; umbrage, suspicion, jealousy, distrust or mistrust.

OMBRAGER, on-bra-za, v. a. to shade or shadow.

OMBRAGET-N, SE, on-bra-zeu, seus, adf. starting, apt to start, skittish; suspicious, dis-trustful or mistrustful; jealous. Omera, osbr, s. f. shadow or shade; pro-

tection, patronage ; colour, pretence ; shadow, appearance; sign, figure, shadow; shade, ghost, spirit; (poisson) gray ling. Les om-bres de la nuit, the shades or derkness of the night. Ombres, (in painting) shadows, shadowing. V. Hombre.

OMBRER, on-bra, v. a. to shadow.

OHBREU-E, SE, (on-brèu, breuz, adj. shady. OMELETTE, ôm-lêt, s. f. omelet. OMETTRE, ô-mêtr, v. a. (like statir) to omit, pass by or over; forgot or leave out, take no notice of.

Omis, E, adj. omitted, passed by, forgotten, left out, ec.

OMISSION, 6-ml-slow, s. f. emission, neglect. OMNISCIENCE, s. f. omniscience.

OMOPLATE, 8-mô-plåt, s.m. shoulder-blade. OMPHALOPTRE, adj. omphaloptick.

OMRAS, s. m. title of the lords belonging to the court of the Mogul.

On, on, (a contraction of homme into hom and then on; or of l'homme, l'hom and l'on) man, any man, one, any person, solumbody,

bar, bat, base : thère, èbb, over : field, fig : rôbe, rôb, lôrd : môud, gôud.

order of stilling. Ordre de marche en échi-quier, bow and quarter line. Undre de re-traile, order of retreat. On a donné à l'ordre traze, order or rotreat. On a donné à l'ordre que l'escudre se tint tonjours prête à mettre sous voile, orders are given for the fleet to keep in constant readiness for sailing.

Onount, ôr-dêr, s. f. fish, dirt, dust, excressents, matter, fishy stuff, lewdness, fishingess, dishonesty, fishy or smutty expression.

Orderes, (balausses) sweenings.

Orderes, (balayeres) sweepings.
ORDURIER, Or-dil-rill, s. m. dust-basket;
also obscene talker or writer.

*On £z, ô-rå, s. f. border or skirts of a wood dr forest.

OREILLARD, R. adj. V. Orillard.
OREILLARD, et el, s. f. ear; (de tiove) dog's
ear; (de soutier) lestent. Oreille d'aure, suricults. Atoir les oreilles délicates, to be touchy

ricula. Avoir les oreilles délicates, to be touchy er exceptious. Vin à suse oreille, good wine. Vin à suse oreille, good wine. Vin à suse oreilles, s. f. pl. Mar. Oreilles d'aus aucre, flukes of an anchor. Oreilles d'aus, kevels (for belaying the tacks and shoets.) Oreille de lieuve or à tiers point, lateen sail.
ORRILLERTE, Ö-rê-lêt, s. f. wire in a woman's ear; rag put behind a child's ear.
Oreillettes dis caster, auricles of the heart.
ORRILLONS, Ö-rê-lon, s. m. pl. imposthume or swelling about the ears, mumps.

or swelling about the ears, mumps.
Onfigues, a. m. orison, collect, prayer.
Onfigues, dr. fery, a. m. goldsmith.
Onfigues, dr. fe-wrb-ri, a. f. goldsmith's trade or ware.

ORFRAIR, ôr-frè, s. f. osprey. ORFROI, ôr-frwk, s. m. broad welts of gold, silver embroidery.
ORGANE, ôr-gần, s. m. organ, means, in-

strament.

ORGANZAU, s. m. Mar. ring (of an anchor, eic.)

ORGANIQUE, ôr-gà-nìk, adj. organical. ORGANISATION, ôr-gà-nì-zà-sion, s. f. or-

ganization. ORGANISER, ôr-gà-nì-nh, v. a. to organize. S'organiser, v. r. to be or become organised. ORGANISTE, Or-gal-nist, s. m. organist.

Organsin, s. m. twisted silk.

ORGANSINEB, v. a. to twist twice, pass twice through the twisting mill.

ORGASME, s. m. orgasm. ORGE, ôre, s. f. barley. Futaine à graine

d'orge, napped fustian.
Orge, s. m. Ex. Orge mondé, cleaned bar-ley. Orge perié, halled barley.

ORGEADE, s. f. or ORGEAT, or-sh, s. m. orgeat, drink made of water, sugar, and al-

ORGIES, ôr-el, s. f. pl. orgies.
ORGIES, s. m. Orgues, ôrg, s. f. organ, pair of organs. Orgaes à cas, water-organs. Orgaes, port-cullis; Mar. scuppers or scupper

ORGUEIL, ôr-gêul, s. m. pride, hanghti-ness, vanity, prosumption, loftiness, erro-gance. Noble organil, noble spirit.

ORGUEILLEUSENERT, örgén-ibuz-mön, adv. proudly, loftily, haughtily, arrogandy. Orgueilleu-z, se, ör-gén-ibu, ibuz, adj. & s. proud, haughty, arrogant, presumptu-

ORIENT, 6-rien, s. m. cast. Vera l'orient,

enstwerd.

ORIENTAL, R, &-rien-tal, adj. criental, cast, castern. Les orienteux, a. m. pl. the eastern nations.

ORIENTÉ, s, adj. that faces the east, placed eastward, situated towards the east. Une carte bien orientée, a map exactly drawn.
ORIENTER, ò-rièn-th, v. a. to set towards

the east, to mark the east upon. Soriests, v. r. to find out the east of the place a man is in, to consider where one is; consider the

matter in every point of view.

Orienter, v. a. Mar. to brace up, trim. Orienter les voilles, to trim the sails. Les wifer d'acoust sont mal orienter, the head sails are badly trimmed. Notre unissess oriente bien, our ship's yards brace up very shap. Oriente cu plus près partout, trim all sharp fore und aft. Oriente le grund hantier, brace up the main-yard.

ORIFICE, &-rl-fls, a. m. orifice, opening, hole.

ORIFLAMME, Ö-rl-film, s. f. oriflams. ORIGAN, Ö-rl-gåm, s. m. origan. ORIGINAIRE, Ö-rl-zl-ner, adj. originally come from.

ORIGINAIREMENT, del-el-ner-men, adr.

originally, primitively.
Original, z, ô-ri-si-nhi, adj. original,

first, primitivé. ORIGINAL, s. m. original, pattern, molel; singular man, an original. Sorow see clost d'original, to have a thing from the first hand.

ORIGINALEMENT, Sdv. in an original manner.

ORIGISALITS, derledent-lite, a forigi

URIGIFALITE, O-ri-z-merce, a non-mahatas, originality.
ORIGIFE, Ö-ri-zin, s. f. origin, original, beginning, first rise, pedigree, entretion, cruss, occasion, etymology.
ORIGIFELL ENTERT, o-ri-zi-nel-mes, adv. original from the hardminen.

originally, from the beginning.
ORILLARD, E, &-ri-far, first, adj. that has long ears or that flaps his ears (specing of a horse.)

ORILLONS, a. m. pl. kind of ensemate (in retification.) Ecuelle à orillons, sared perturfortification.) Ecu ger. V. Oreillans.

ORIF, s. m. buoy rope.
ORIF, s. m. buoy rope.
ORIFEAU, d-ri-po, s. m. brans leaf, times.

ORLE, s. m. orl (in hereldry.)
ORME, örm, s. m. olm.
ORMEAU, ör-mö, s. m. young elm.

ORMILLE, a.f. bed or numery of young ORMIN, s. m. sort of clary (an harb.) ORMOIR, or-mwh, s. f. elm plot. ORME, orn, s. m. wild ash.

ORNEMENT, Orn-mon, s. m. ornament, set off, faery, dress, attire, grace, set off, besuty, commendation, flourish; figure embellishment.

Ornemens de la poulaine, filar. mouldings or carved work of the head.

ORNER, ôr-mà, v. a. to adorn, set af, tina up, grace, besutify, akire; embellist. ORNIÈRE, ôr-nièr, s. f. rut of a wheel. ORNITHOGALE, s. f. star of Bethlehem (a

flower.)

ORNITHOLOGISTE, s. f. ornithology. ORNITHOLOGISTE, s. m. ornithologist OROBANCHE, s. f. choke-yeach or weed, strangle-weed, broom-rape. ORPHELIN, E, orf-lin, lin, s. m. & f. orphan.

bone, bût : jêûne, mênte, bêntre : ênfant, cênt, liện : vin : mon : brun.

ORPHELINAGE. S. m. orphanage. ORPHERT or ORPIN, St-pin, s. m. (mine-

ral) orpiment; (plant) orpine.

GREE, Mer. luff (in the dialect of Pro-

CREEK, MET. SEE VIS SE ORTHODORIE, ôr-tô-dôk-ti, s. f. orthodoky. ORTHODROMIE, s. f. orthodoxy.

ORTHOGROUPS, S. I. orthogonal.
ORTHOGRAPHE, S. ed., orthogonal.
ORTHOGRAPHE, S. ed., graff, S. f. orthography, spalling.
ORTHOGRAPHER, S. f. orthography.
ORTHOGRAPHER, dr. d. graf-flh, v. s. to ell, write correctly.

ORTHOGRAPHIQUE, ôr-tô-grà-fik, adi.orthographical.

RTHOGRAPHISTE, s. m. orthographer. ORTHOPHÉR, s. f. orthopmen. ORTIR, ôr-d, s. f. nettle.

ORTER, v. a. to nettle.

ORTIVE, adj. f. ortive, easterly (speaking complishede.) ORTOLAN, ôr-tô-lèn, s. m. ortolan.

ORVALE, s. f. clary (sort of herb.)
ORVIETAE, de-vill-tên, s. m. orvietan.
Os, d. s. m. bone. If ne feru pas de visux, he will not live leag, he will die young.
OSCILLATION, d-sil-ih-don, s. f. oscillation.
OSCILLATOIRE, d-sil-ih-twir, adj. oscilla-

OSCILLER, Ö-sil-lå, v. n. to move backward at flarward like a peadulum.
Ouf, n. ö-så, adj. bold, daring.
Oufille, ö-så, a.f. sorrel.
Oner, ö-så, v.a.te. n. to dare, be so bold as to.
Osenale, öz-rè, s. f. willow-plot.
Osenale, öz-rè, s. f. willow-plot.

twig of exict. MONDE ROYALE, s. f. sort of plant.

CHEMORES REVILLE, E. F. Seri of Paul.

CHEMIET, \$6-16, s. m. small or fittle bone,
eockle; tuniour on a horse's leg.

CHEMIETS, 56-20-55, s. m. pl. bones.

CHEMIETS, 25, 56-20-51-kh-slon, s. f. omifes-

Osserzer, & d-fl-å, (s') v. t. to ossify. Osserza eur, ô d-fråg, s. m. cosifrage. Osser, z., ò så, så, adj. bony, full of boses,

Our, dat, c. m. host, army.
Ourmanne, de-the-sibl, sdj. Ex. Lette could, letter written on purpose to be

OSTESTATEUR, adv. ostensibly. OSTESTATEUR, adj. &c s. m. proud, boast-

C. Deveryarror, de-the-th-don, s.f. estents-on, boasting, vain-glay, bragging, vaunt-ig, conding, parade.

Outs, s.f. Blar, sort of brace used to sten--a lettern ward.

dy a lateen yard.
Opraodolis, de-di-d-köl, s. f. osteodolis. OSTEOLOGIE, ôs-tà-ò-lò-sì, s. f. osteology. OSTRACÉ, Z, adj. ostraceous. OSTRACISME, 88-418-dem, s. m. ostracism.

COTELOTE, &. f. ceiracites.

OSTRÉLIN, s. m. easterling, people who live east of England. Ostracour, de-tro-gô, s. m. ost-landish usan; barbarian; Ostrogothe or Eastern-goths.

OTAGE, &-thz, s. m. hostage. Villes Notage, cautionary towns.
OTALGIR, ô-tal-zi, s. f. ear-ache.

Orr, z, adj. taken, put away, removed,

ct. also save, except, but.

OTER, 6-th, v. n. to take away, remove, conff, diminish, curtail, reb, deprive, because, fetch out, cure, get out, best out, take off, pull off. Steer, to get off, get away, remove, get out of.

Oter, v. a. Mar. Oter la fourrure d'un cible, to take the service off a cable. Ote les cabrious-de la batterie, unquoin the guna. Ote les élinguets, take out the pawls. Ote les barres des sabords, unbar the ports. Oter du monde à un bâtiment, to take away mon from a ship. Oter à un officier le commandement d'ame escadre, to deprive an officer of the command of a squadrou. Le mât de missine étant trop porté de l'avant, nous ête de la marche, our foremant standing too far forward impedes our sailing.

Ot, do, couj. or, either, else.
Ot, adv. where, whither; wherein, in which, to what, to which, sec. D'az, wherea, wherefrom, from which. Par ob, whereby, by which; also which way. Parton ob, wherever. Par ob va-t-on à ? which is the wherever. Par où va-t-on d 7 when is uso way to ? Où suis-je ? where am I ? Où al-whither do vou go ? La hez-cous? where or whither do you go? La prison oh if fut mis, the prison wherein he was put. Oh me richeisez-cous? what do you reduce me to? D'où étes-cous? what countrymen are you f

OUAICHE, which, s. m. Mar. track or wake fa ship.) Tirer un unissent en ouziche, (of a ship.)

(or a map., to to market a map., a.f. sheep (speaking of a Christian in regard to his pastor.)

Ouars, we, interf. hey-day!

Ouarz, do-at, s. f. wad, wadding (to lies

garments.

OUATER, co-4-th, v. a. to furnish or stuff

with wadding.
OUBLI, cobil, s. m. forgetfulness, oblivion. Mettre en oubti, to forget.
"OUBLIANCE, s. f. forgetfulness.
OUBLIE, do-bil, s. f. wafer.

OUBLIE, E, ad). forgot, forgotten, out of one's mind or memory, etc. also out, left out. OUBLIER, do-bil-h, v. a. to forgot, neglect,

leave behind, leave out, omit, be wanting in. Deblier qui l'on est, to forget one's self, grow proud. B'oublier, v. r. to forget one's self, forget one's promises, be forgotten.

OUBLIETTES, do-billet, s. f. pl. dungeon.

OUBLIEUR, do-billetur, s. m. one who makes and vends wafers.

OUBLIEU-X, SE, co-bil-es, coz, adj. for-getful, unmindful, apt to forget.

geruu, unmindui, apt to torget.

Ourst, do-dat, s. m. west. D'ouest, westerly. De l'ouest, d'louest, western. Le plus à l'ouest, westernmost: Vers l'ouest, westernard. Vent d'ouest, westerly wind.

Our, dof, interf. (of pain) oh!

Oui, wi, dol, adv. yes; ay. Cela est-il vrai ? is that true ? oui, yes. On hei dit que oui or qu'oui, he was told so. Je crois que and or qu'oui I haliava n. Il adit talla chean oui or qu'oui, I believe so. Il a dit telle cho out? he said such a thing, is it true? or possible 1 or did he so ?

Out, s.m. yes. Le oui et le non. Out, E, (from Outr) heard.

bar, bat, base: there, ebb, over: field, fig: robe, rob, lord: mood, good.

Pari, på-ri, s. m. wager, bet.

PARIADE, på-rl-åd, s. f. pairing time, brace nartridges.

PARIER, på-rl-å, v. a. to bet, lay, lay a

wager. Paristaire, på-rik-ter, s. f. pellitory of the wall [herb.: PARIEUR, pa-ri-cur, s. m. bettor (that

Parisien, ne, på-rl-zien, zien, adj. Parisian. Parisienne, small character a size above pearl (in printing.)
PARITÉ, pa-ri-ta, s. f. parity, equality.

Parsure, par-zur, adj. & s. m. perjury ;

also perjurer.

PARJURER, (sk) se-par-zū-ra, v. r. to be forsworn, to forswear one's self.

PARLAGE, s. m. verbosity.

PARLANT, E, Bdj. speaking. Ex. Unetrom-pette parlant, a speaking trumpet. Portrait parlante, striking likeness.

PARLEMENT, parl-men, s. m. parliament, supreme court of judicature; session or term

(during which the parliament sits.)
PARLEMENTAIRE, pårl-men-ter, adj. & s.
parliamentary: round-head, whig. Bateau
or båtiment parlementaire, Mar. cartel, flag of truce.

PARLEMENTER, parl-men-ta, v. n. to par-

PARLEMENTER, pari-men-ta, v. n. to parley, to come to a parley.

PARLER, par-la, v. n. to speak, talk. Je ter apprendrai à parler, I will teach him to rule his tongue. J'en ai out parler, I have heard of it. On en parle fort, it is a thing much talked of. On wen parle plus, there is no more talk of it. Trouver à qui parler, to meet with one's match. Nous purierons à ce bâtiment avant de prendre der ris, Mar. we will smeak with that vessel before we neef. speak with that vessel before we reef.

Parler, v. a. to speak. Ex. Parler françois or la langue françoise, to speak French. Parler françois, to speak plain. Parler chicane, to use law-terms. Se parler, v. r. to speak to one another, talk together, talk to one's self; also to be spoken. La langue françoise se purle par toute l' Europe, the French tongue is spoken all over Europe.

PARLER, s. m. speech or manner of speak-

ing. Parlerie, pårl-rl, s. f. prating, talkative-

Parleu-r, se, par-leur, leuz, s. m. & f. talker. Un bezu purleur, a well-spoken man,

a good spokesman or speaker.
PARLOIR, par-lwar, s. m. parlour (of a monastery.)

PARMESAN, s. m. Parmesan; Parmesan che

PARMI, par-mi, prep. among, amongst, midst. It is only joined to an indefinite plannman. It is only joined to an indefinite pla-ral of more than two or to a collective singular. Ex. Parmi mes hores, amongst my books.

Parmi la faule, anidst the crowd.

Parmi la faule, anidst the crowd.

Parmassz, par-mis, s. m. Parmassz, poe-

PARODIER, på-rö-dl, a. f. perody.
PARODIER, på-rö-dl, v. a. to perody.
PARODIERE, på-rö-dlet, v. a. to vriser or
maker of perodies.
PAROJ, på-rwa, s. f. wall, partition.

Paroi, s. m. coat (of the stomach ;) bridge (of the nase.)

PAROIR, s. m. farrier's buttress.

PAROISSE, pl-rwls, s. f. parish; perish-church; parishioners.

PAROISSIAL, Eph-rwd-sid, adj. parochial, of or belonging to the parish. Use egise paroisiale, a parochial or parish church.

PAROISSIES, NE, pl-rwi-sle, sien. s. m.

& f. parishioner.
PAROFRE, på-retr, v. n. (See the table at otre) to appear, be seen; to appear in the world; make a show or some figure; to appear, to seem or look. Son caprit paroit en cela, he shows his wit in that. Paire paroître, to show, bring forth, declare, discover. R parolite, to show, bring forth, declare, discover. R parolit bies quel parti il a pris, it appears how he stands affected. Il y paroli, there are the marks or prints of it. Vrainest, il y parolit pes, troth, there is little sign of it. Il purolit un beta livre, there is a fine book come out. Parolite, y, n. Mar. Parolite dess le hearth. Paroître, v. n. Mar. Paroître dans le brouillard x aroure, v. n. Mar. Parotire dans le brincillar d or dans le lointain, or par le mirage, to loom. La terre paroti très-élevée par le mirage, the land looms very high. Le mirage foit paroti-tre très-gros ces baimens, those vennels loom very large. Cette ooile incomme puroti. Aire un bâtiment de guerre, that strange sail has the appearance of a man of war. PAROLE, rid. 781 e f manch: discussion

PAROLE, på-rôl, s. f. speech; discourse; word; saying; promise, perole. Perser is parole, to speak, be the spokesman. Represente la parole, to resume the discourse. Presente la parole, to resume the discourse. dre la parole, to answer, reply. Tenir parole or sa parole, to be as good as one's word.
Avoir la parole à commandement, to have one's tongue well hung, be well-spoken. La parole eternelle, enerée or incarnée, the eternal Word. Jesus Christ. Paroles, words, hard words; (d'usa sir, d'isne chanson) words. Se prendre de paroles, to rail at one anomet:

PAROLI, på-ro-H, s. m. paroli. PAROHOMASE, s. f. peronomasia. PAROHYCHIE, s. f. felon or whitlow.

PAROTIDE, på-rö-de, s. m. parotid. PAROXISME, på-rök-sism, s. m. paroxysm. PARPAILLOT, E, pår-på-de, det, s. m. de f. nickname given to French protestants; impi-

PARPAING, par-pis, s. m. large stone in a building as thick as the wall.

PARQUE, park, s.f. Destiny, one of the fatal sisters.

PARQUER, par-th, v. a. to park, enclose in a park; (des moutons) to fold. Foure par-quer, to fold.

PARQUET, par be, s. m. bar (of a court of judicature;) pew where the French ministers and elders sit together; inlaid floor.

PARQUETAGE, park-tag, s. m. inlaid work.
PARQUETER, park-tag, s. m. inlaid work.
PARQUETER, park-tag, v. a. to inlay. Ex.
Parqueter une chambre, to inlay a room.
"PARQUOI, conj. therefore.
PARRAIN, partie, s. m. god-father; one chosen by a soldier about to be shot to blind

his eyes.

PARRICIDE, på-ri-sid, s. m. parricide. PARRICIDE, adj. parricidal, murdesous. PARSEMER, pars-ma, v. a. to strew seed;

spread or scatter. PART, par, s.f. part; share, portion; concern; side; place. Quelque part, some place,

somewhere, somewhere or other. Ander part or quelque affer part, somewhere else. En quelque part que, wherever, whitherso-ever. Nulle part, no where. De part a

base, bût : jêûne, mêute, beurre : ênflast, cênt, liên : vin : mon : brun.

Cantre, on each side, on both sides. De soutes parts, every where, on every side. De part en part, through and through. La plus part. V. Papart. A part, aside, separately, part. V. Phapart. A part, aside, separately, to one's self, apart, by one's self, by itself, by themselves. Raillerie à part, seriously, without jesting, in good earnest. A part soi, to one's self. Mettre à part, to lay aside or by. Tirer à part, to take aside. Faire bande à part, to part from the company. Faire lit à part, to have a separate bed or separate beds. De la part de, on the part of, by the desire of, commissioned by, from. Venez-rous ici de la part de M. votre père? De ma part, berr by your father's desire? De ma part, as for me. Saluez le de ma part, for my part, as for me. Saluez le de ma part. for my part, as for me. Salues le de ma part, remember me or present my service or respects to him. Je le sais de home part, I have it from good hands. Prendre en home part, to take well. Prendre en mauvaise part, to take ill. Anoir part à, to have a share or hand in, be concerned in, contribute to V. Partager. Faire part de, to impart. Etre à la part, Max. to have a share in the profits of

PARTAGE, par-taz, s. m. parting, partition, thering, dividing, division: lot, share. C'est-là votre partage, that is fallen to your lot or share. If a partage (les juges sont partagés) the court is divided.

the court is divided.

PARTAGER, parta-ra, v. a. to part, share, divide, make parts, give a share; (prendre part à) to take part with, be concerned for, share in. Partagez mon amour, return my love. Etre partagé des dons du corps et de l'âme, to be endowed with the gifts of the body and mind. Je sous votre surprise et je la parlage, I am sensible how much you are surprised, and I am as much so. Son père l'a partagé en ainé, his father gave him an elder brother's share. La nature l'a bien partage, he has good natural parts or accom-

PARTABCE, par-tens, s. f. Mar. setting sail PARTANCE, pår-tèns, s. f. Mar. setting sail er sailing from a place, time and act of sailing or departing from a place. Le coup de partance, the sailing gun. Etre en partance, to be ready for sailing. Faire une belle partance, to sail with a fill and steady breeze.

*PARTANT, pår-tèn, adv. therefore, wherefore, consequently.

*PARTEMENT, s. m. V. Départ.

PARTEMENT, pår-tèr, s. m. parterre, level or even plot of ground; flower-garden; pit (in a play-house,) people that are in the pit.

Parter de gazon, green or grass plot.

PARTI, E., adj. gone, gone away, departed,

Part, E, adj. gone, gone away, departed, parted, divided; party (in heraldry.)
Part, partl, s. m. party, side; match, effer, canditions, terms; body, detachment; amedition, way, means; business, calling, proexpedition, way, means; tousness, calling, pro-fession; resolution, choice, course, course of life, line of conduct; contract, farming; (chef-de parti) ringlender. Prendre le parti de quagatun, to take one's part or defence. Prendre le parti des armes, de l'église, etc. to take the army, to the church, etc. Prendre parti dans les brospes, to list one's self a sol-line. Prendre est article to chette. ier. Preserve son parti, to come to a deter-ination, be resolved upon it. Tirer parti

de quelqu'un or de quelque chose, to reap some advantage by a person or thing. Il finit prendre un parti, I (you, we, etc.) must take to some profession or other, I (you, we, etc.) must come to some resolution or other. Le parti qu'il prend, the resolution he takes ; also the line of conduct he takes to, the course he takes to. Elle a pris parti ailleurs, she has provided elsewhere for herself. J'ai pris parti ailleurs, I am engaged another way. J'ai pris le parti du silence or de me taire, I chose to be silent.

PAR

PARTIAL, E, pår-siki, adj. partial, not to-tal; biassed to one's party or interest. PARTIALEMENT, pår-siki-men, adv. par-

tally.

PARTIALISER, (SE) sō-pār-sīā-13-zā, v. r. to be partial or biased to a party.

PARTIALITÉ, pār-sīā-13-tā, s. f. partiality.

PARTICIPAST, E, pār-tī-sī-pēn, pēnt, adj.

partaking.

PARTICIPATION, par-ti-el-pa-sion, s. f. par-ticipation, share. Sans ma participation, un-known to me, without imparting it to me.

PARTICIPE, par-ul-slp, s. m. perticiple;

partner.

Participer, par-ti-si-pa, à, v. n. to participate or partake of, have a share in, take part with, be concerned for. Participer de, partake of the nature or properties of

Particulariser, par-ti-ku-la-ri-za, v. a. to particularize, insist on particulars, give a

particular account of.

PARTICULARITÉ, par-ti-tû-lâ-rî-tâ, a. f. particular or particularity.

PARTICULE, par-ti-tûl, a.f. particle; smalf or hille part, crumb.

PARTICULIER, E, par-ti-co-lia, lier, adj. particular, proper, peculiar, siagular, extraordinary, uncommon, private.

PARTICULIER, s. m. private man. En par-ticulier, in particular, apart, aside, privately, in private. Vivre en particulier, to live a private life. Etre en son particulier, to be private. En mon particulier, for me, for my part

Particulièrement, par-d-&d-lièr-mès, adv. particularly, especially, in a particular or

special manner.

PARTIE, par-il, s. f. part; client; party; (de joueurs) match, party; game; combination; sum, sum of money; (d'un compte) article. Partie adverse, solverse party, adversary, an-tagonist, opposer. Partie double (as jeu) lurch. Etre de la partie, to be one of the com-pany, put in for one. Parties, parts, quelfi-cations, accomplishments: (compte) bills. Vous canons, accomputaments: (compre) onts. Votes the sur me parties, I remember you. Pour fin de toutes parties, in full of all demands. Faire les parties d'une sentence, to parse a sentepce. Partie or en partie, adv. partly, in part. Partie, the feminine of Parti. V. Parti.

PARTIEL, LE, adj. not the whole, partial.

*PARTIEL, LE, adj. not the whole, partial.

*PARTIEL, partir, tv. a. (oaly used in the infinitive) to partir, they have always a crow to pluck, they are always squabbling.

Parir, v. n. to go, go away, set out or forth, depart; to come or proceed, to flow or result, be the effect; to come or go out, dart; (parlant d'un lièvre) to start; (purlant d'un personne) to spring. Faire partir, to sond or send away; (un lièrre) to start; (nue persina)

bar, bat, base : thère, êbb, over : field, fig : robe, rob, lord : mood, good.

Un coup de to spring; (un cheval) to put on. canon étant parti du vaisseau ennemi, one gun being discharged from the enemy's ship.

PARTIR, s. m. departure, setting out; (d'un

cherul starting.
PARTISAN, phr-ti-zèn, s. m. partisan, stick-ler, favourer of a party; contractor, farmer, leader, commander, partisan. Chaque partiavoid thomnétes gens pour ses partisans, each party had honest men on its side.

PARTITI-F, VE, par-ti-tif, tiv, adj. partitive,

denoting only part.

PARTITION, par-ul-sion, s. f. partition. PARURE, pa-rur, s. f. set-off, ornament, ery, attire, dress. Une parure de diamans,

finery, attire, dress. Une parare de diamans, a set of diamonds. Parares, shags or parings.

PARVENIR, parv-nir, v. n. (like venir) to

arrive, come, get, attain, reach, come to pre-ferment, make one's fortune. PARVENU, E, adl. arrived, etc. V. Parvenir. Il est parvenu à sa fin, he has got his aim. Le paysan parvenu, the fortunate countryman.

Un officier parcenu, an officer who had been a common soldier, etc. Un parvenu, an upstart.

PARVIS, s. par-vi, s. m. court before a

church, porch.

PAS, pa, s. m. pace; step; sill, threshold; stile; going backward and forward, labour, trouble, pains; footstep, track; straits, narrow passage, defile. Pos-d'ine, colt's-foot (a plant;) sharp bit; basket hilt. Dece pas, tout de ce pas, straight, presently. Pas à pas, step by step. Cheval qui va bien le pas, a horse that paces well. Cheval de pas, pacing horse, pad. Aller d'un bon pas, marcher à grands pas, to go on at a good rate, to walk at a great rate. A petits pas, à pas serrés, with short and thick steps. Marcher à pas de lowp, to go softly or gingerly. Marcher à pas comptes, to go stately on, go with a great deal of gravity. Pas à pas on va bien loin, fair and softly go far. Aller à la mort d'un pas ferme, to encounter death with great reso-lution. Retourner sur ses pas, to go back, go back again, go the same way one came. A quatre pas d'ici, hard by. Faire un pas, to make or set a step. Faire un faux pas, to make or set a step. Faire un jaux pas, to make a false step, slip, trip, missone's footing. Avoir le pas, to go first, have the precedency. Prendre le pas devant, to go first. Porter ses pas à or vers, to walk to or towards. Où portez-vous vos pas? where are you going? Porter ses pas tremblans à or vers, to totter to or towards. Nous ne sommes qu'au premier pas, we are yet but at the be-ginning of all. Le Pas de Calais, the straits of Dover.

PAS, adv. no, not. Non pas, not. Cela n'est pas bon, that is not good. Pas un, no, not

one

PASCAL, E, pas-kal, adj. paschal, of or belonging to the passover or Easter. L'agneuu pascal, the paschal lamb; the passover.

*Pasquir, s. m. old mutilated statue at

Rome to which placards are attached.

Pasquinade, pas-kl-nad, s. f. pasquin, pasquinade, lampoon.

PASSABLE, på-sabl, adj. passable, tolerable, indifferent.

PASSABLEMENT, på-såbl-mën, adv. tolerably, indifferently, so so. Faire des vers passablement bons, to make indifferent verses.

PASSACAILLE, s. f. sort of tune and dance. PASSADE, plas-sad, s. f. passing, going through; (d'un cheval) turn, course backward and forward; relief or alms to a poor passenger. Il n'y a fait qu'une passade, he only went through it. Demander la passade, to

PASSACE, på-skz, s. m. passage, way, ave-uue, liberty to pass; passage-money or toll; (im murick) trill, quaver. Passage, Mar. pas-Bateau de passage, passage boat. payé 20 louis pour mon passage, I paid 20 guineas for my passage. Passage de la hone au méridien, southing of the moon.

Passager, E, ph-sh-zh, zer, adj. transito-

ry, transient, temporary. Oiseaux passagers,

birds of passage.

Passager, s. m. passenger (of a coach, PASSAGER, v. a. un cheval, to manage a

horse in turning. PASSAGÈREMENT, adv. transitorily; tran-

siently.

PASSANT, E, ph-sen, sent, adj. Ex. Chemiu passant, rue passante, thoroughiare. En pas-sant, going along, by the by, by the way, slightly, cursorily. PASSANT. S. m. passenger, traveller. V.

Passager.

PASSATION, s. f. act of making a dead.
PASSAVANT, V. Passe-arant.
PASSE, pas, s. f. (in fencing) pass, pash, PASSE, pas, s. 1. (in fencing) pass, prish, thrust; (at billiards) port; (at play) stake. Passe des monnoies, odd money, overplus. Etre en belle passe, to have a fine prospect, be in a fair way. Etre en passe d'aroir quelque emploi, to be in a fair way to get, or stand fair for getting an employment. Passe, Mar. channel between two banks.

PASSE, E, pa-sa, adj. past, etc. V. Passer, past, over, last; out, out of use, out of fashion;

out of doors; dead and gone.

Passé, (LE,) s. m. the time past. Par le passé, in time past, formerly, heretofore. things past.

PASSE-AVANT, pas-a-ven, s. m. pass for one to continue his journey, permit to land goods. Passe-mant, Mar. gangway.

PASSE-CHEVAL, s. m. ferry for borses.

PASSE-DROIT, pas-drwa, s. m. favour; in-

PASSE FLUER, V. And more.

PASSEMENT, phemore, s. m. lace.

Passementer, pas-men-ta, v. a. to lace. Passementier, pas-men-tla, s. m. laccmaker.

Passe-parole, s. m. pass parole.

PASSE-PARTOUT, pas-par-too, s. m. master-key, double key, key that opens many doors, saw fit to saw great trees.

PASSE-PASSE, s. m. juggler's tricks, legerdemain. Faire des tours de passe-passe, to juggle. Un joueur de passe-passe, a juggler. PASSE-PIERRE, pàs-pit, s. m. sort of jig. PASSE-PIERRE, pàs-pier, s. f. sea-feanel. PASSE-POIL, pas-pwal, s. m. chain lace or

edging.
PASSE-PORT, pas-por, s. m. pass or pass-

PASSER, pa-sa, v. n. & a. to pass, come or go through, come or go by, come or go ever: base, bat : jeane, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

to go beyond, exceed, pass, surpass, excel, out-do, go or run away; to run, run through; to go over, be transferred; to pass on, come to; to be over, cease, leave off; to skip, leave on; pass over, omit, not to speak of; to satisfy, gratify; to dissipate, drive away; to spend, employ; to strain; to bolt, sift; to go away, die, expire; (faire par-devant notaire) to draw; to fade away, decay; to last, serve; (as jew) to pass or not play; out-go, out-strip; to pass or go, be reputed or accounted or looked upon; (un peau) to dress; to be toller than, overtop; to pass, be admitted, commence; to go or become current; to sharpen, set; to allow; (nne piece de monnow) to put off, make go; (duns une assemblee) to pass, be resolved upon or carried; to touch lightly; to touch, glance upon; to be beyond or above the reach or capacity of; to pass, carry over; to be communicated or imparted. Passer sur quelqu'un, to make a pass at one. Passer par-dessus une chose, to over-look a thing. Passer par-dessus quelqu'un, to trample upon one. En passer par-là, to submit to that. Passer à la montre or en revue, to pass muster, be mustered or reviewed. Passer le pas, to die, kick the bocket, kick up one's heels, go the way of all flesh. Il find pusser le pas, it must be so, there is no help for it. Passer mattre, to make a freeman; to be made a freeman. Passer par les mains de quelqu'un, to fall into one's hands, have need of him. Passer de mode, to be out of fashion. Passez par ici, come this way. Passez par-la, go that way. Passez devant, go before. Passez phis erant, go farther. Passer outre, to go on, go forward, proceed. Passer une rivière. to go over a river. Passer le temps, to pass sway the time, divert one's self. Passer mal son temps, to have an ill time of it, suffer. Faire passer un mal, to cure a distemper. It se passera pas l'année, he will not live the year out. Passe, let that pass, beit so, I grant it. Passe pour cette fois-ci, mais qu'il n'y reviense pas, I excuse him for this once, but let it be the last.

Passer, v. a. Mar. to pass, etc. Faire passer du monde sur le bord, to man the side. Passer du monde sur une manouvere, to man Passe du monde à la sonde, pass а горе. the line along and man the guns. Passe du sonde aux palans d'étai, man the stay tackles. Passer une manœuvre dans ses poulies, etc. to reeve a rope. Passer les manæucres des bonnettes, to reeve the studding-sail gear. Passer la clef dans un mât de hune or de perroquet, to ha a top-mast or top-gallant mast. La clef est-elle pussée dans le mât is the mast fidded? Faire passer sur max? In the mean move. Faire passer sur-son bord less prisonniers d'une prise, to shift the prisoners from a prize. Nos mâts de perroquet sons passés sur l'arrière, our top-gellent masts go abast the top-masts. Le général a passé son pavillon sur une frégale, the admiral has shifted his slag to a frigate. Passer des canons de chasse or de retraite, to run out bow or stern chasers. Passer des canons d'un bord à l'autre, to shift guns over from side to side. En passant quelques comons, nous nous battons à 80, by shifting some guns over, we fight as many on one side as an 80 gun ship. Passer a'un ordre à un

autre, to change the disposition of a fleet or squadron from one order of sailing or of battle to another. Passer des possures, to hand along powder. Passer du lest volant, to move shifting ballast. Passer en consommution des vivres, munitions, etc. to expend provisions, stores, etc. Passer à poupe or sous le beaupré d'un bâtiment, to pass close a-stern or a-head of a ship. Passer à sue d'un cap, d'une tle, etc. to pass in sight of a cape, of an island, etc. Passer un détroit, to pass through a strait. Passer sur un danger, to go over a shoal. Passer au large or en terre d'un écueil, to go without or within a shoal. Passer sur des buncs de poisson, to run through shoals of fish. Passer pardessus un Mitiment, to run down a ship. Passer sous le vent d'un vaisseau, to go to leeward of a ship. Passer as vent d'un bûtiment, to go to windward of a vessel, weather a ship. Passer an travers d'une escadre ennemie, to pass through an enemy's fleet. Passer sur un bâtiment or à bord d'un bâtiment, to take a passage on board a vessel, go on board for the completion of a voyage Passer la ligne or les tropiques, to cross the line or the tropicks. Pusser une barre, to cross the bar of a harbour. Passer la resuc, to be mustered. Passer, to founder. Passer l'hiver, to winter. Passer un raban aux barres du cabestan, to swift the capstan bars. Passer un met de hune or de perroquet, to point a top-mast or top-gallant most through the cap. Les vents ont passé à l'est, the wind has got round to the eastward. Le fort du vent est passé, the height of the gale is over. Le grain nous passera de l'urant, the squall will go a-head of us. Combien passe-t-ill what is the glass running for I Nous passâmes trois jours et trois muits en branlebas, we were three days and three nights at quarters. Votre bûtiment passe pour bon voilier, your ship is reckoned a fast sailer.

Passer, (se,) v. r. to pass, be doing, happen; to fade away, decay; to pass, go or run away. Se passer de or à, to be contented or satisfied with, make shift with. Se passer de, to forbear, make shift without, be contented without.

PASSERAGE, s. f. (herb) dittany. PASSEREAU, pas-rò, s. m. sparrow. PASSE-ROSE, s. f. hollyrose.

PASSE-ROUTE, s. f. master (or main) trick. PASSE-TEMPS, pas-ten, s. m. pastime, sport, recreation, diversion.

PASSE-VELOURS, s. m. amaranth, flowergentle, velvet-flower.

Passe-vogue, s. f. rowing amain. Faire passe-rogue, to row amain, ply one's oars amain.

PASSE-VOLANT, pas-vo-len, s. m. fagot (at a nuister.)

Posse-volant, Mar. false muster on the ship's books; pl. Passe-volans.

PASSEUR, pa-seur, s. m. ferry-man.

Passibilité, pa-sl-bl-ll-ta, s. f. passibi-

PASSIBLE, pa-sibl, adj. passible. PASSI-F, VE, pa-sif, siv, adj. passive. Dette

passive, debt owing to another.

Passir, s. m. passive verb.

Passion, pa-sion, s. f. passion, love, affection strong desire or inclination, foudness,

bar, bât, bâse: thère, êbb, quêr: field, fig: rôbe, rôb, lôrd: mônd, gênd.

suffering; sermon preached on Good Friday upon Christ's passion.

Passionna, a, adj. passionate, affectionate, fond, amorous, passionately in love, pre-possessed. Passionne pour, greedy or desirous or ambitious or fond of

Passiouniment, på-sid-nå-mån, adv. passionately.

Passionner, pa-siò-na, v. a. to humour (as a good singer or good actor.) Se passionner, v. r. to have a strong passion or desire; also to fly out into a passion.

PASSIVEMENT, på-siv-mën, adv. passive-ly, in a passive manner or sease.

PASSOIRE, pås-wär, s. f. colander.

PASTEL, pås-tël, s. m. woad; pastel or cra-yon, picture in crayons.

PASTEUR, pås-tëur, s. m. shepherd; pastor or minister.

*o*r minister.

PASTICHE, s. m. picture in which the colouring of a painter is imitated; opera composed of parts of others.

PASTILLE, pas-ul, s. f. pastil.

PASTORAL, E, pas-to-rai, adj. pastoral, of or belonging to a shepherd or pastor.

PASTORALE, s. f. pastoral. Pastoralement, pas-10-ral-men, adv.

like a good pastor. PASTOUR-EAU, ELLE, pas-tôc-rò, rel, s. m. & f. little shepherd or shepherdess, swain, lass.

PAT, pa, s. m. stale mate (at chess.) PATACHE, ph-tash, s. f. tender, revenue cutter. Patache d'avis, advice-boat.

PATAGON, på-tå-gon, s. m. patacoon. PATARAFFE, på-tå-råf, s. f. dash in writ-

ing, scrawl.

PATARAS, s. m. pl. Mar. preventor shrouds.

Mar. horsing iron; calk-PATARASSE, s. f. Mar. borsing iron; calk-Ing iron.
PATATE, s. f. potatoe.

PATAUD, s. m. thick-footed young whelp

Pataud, e, pa-to, tod, s. m. & f. great plump or chopping boy, young plump girl, ill shaped person.

PATAUGER, på-tô-zh, v. n. to walk in the mud or mire.

PATE, pat, s.1. paste, dough; constitution, temper; lute, clay, loam. C'est une bonne gâte d'homme, he is a good honest soul. Tandis que vous avez la main à la pâte, while your hand is in; also while you have

the fingering of the money.

PATE, pa-th, s. m. (with printers) pie;
(d'encre) blot; (corte de fortification) pate.

Paté de venation, venison-pasty. Des petits

patts, potty-pattes.
PATS, E, adj. pasted over.
PATS, pa-ta, s. f. paste (wherewith poultry is fattened.)

PATELIN, pht-lin, s. m. wheedler, sharper, tricker, tricking fellow

PATELINAGE, pat-Il-maz, s. m. sharping,

tricking, wheedling.
PATELINER, pat-Il-nk, v. a. to wheedle, gull, inveigle or decoy, trick. Pateliner, v. n. to trick.

PATELINEU-R, SE, pat-fl-neur, neuz, adj. edler, crafty man or woman.

PATRINE, på-ten, s. f. patine.

PATENOTRE, pat-notr, s. f. pater noster or Lord's prayer; prayer. Patenôtres, beads.

PATENOTRIER, påt-no-trä, s. m. beed er-chaplet maker or seller, button-maker. PATENT, E, adj. patent. Lettres-patentes,

letters patent.

PATENTE, pa-tent, s. f. or LETTRES-PA-TENTES, paient, letters paient

PATER, s. m. pater or pater noster, great bead of a chaplet; father.

PATER, ph-th, v. a. to paste. Pater sm talen de soulier, to paste the hoel of a mhoe. PATERE, s. m. kind of ancient cup. PATERE/E. L. E. ph-th-cell, adj. paternal, fatherly. Parens paternels, relations on the father's side.

PATERNELLEMENT, ph-ter-ad-mon. adv.

paternally, like a father.

PATERNITÉ, på deral-th, s. f. paternity.
PATERNOSTER, s. m. paternoster.
PATEU-x, sz., på-té-tit, saj., pathotical.
PATHÉTIQUE, på-tit, téuz, adj., pathotical.
PATHÉTIQUEMENT, på-tit, saj., pathotical.

pathetically.

Pathognomonique, adj. pathognomonick. Pathologie, på 16-16-21, a. f. pathology. Pathologique, på 16-16-21k, adj. patho-

PATHOLOGIQUE, pa-to-to-sie, ag. passo-logical.

PATHOS, på-tôs, s. m. pathos.

PATHOS, på-tôs, s. m. pathos.

PATHOS, på-tôs, s. m. pathos.

PATHEMMENT, på-tål-mes, adv. patiently.

PATHENCE, på-slets, s. f. patience; quiet-dock (an herb.) Demoure en patience, to be quiet. Patience! have a little patience, pauence, well and good.

PATIENT, E, pl-slen, sibut, adj. patient, suffering, enduring, constant.

PATIENT, s. m. patient, prisoner, conden ed to die and going to be executed: sick person.

PATIENTER, på-slèn-tå, v. n. to teke patience.

PATIN, på-tin, s. m. patten, clog; skate; sort of borne-shoe PATINER, ph-ti-nk, v. a. to feel, fumble.

paw. Patiner, v. n. to skate.
PATINEUR, på-d-nëur, s. m. fumbler, pal-

mer; skater.

Patin, pa-tir, v. n. to suffer.'
Patis, pa-ti, s. m. pasture-ground, pasture

Patisser, parl sa, v. a. to make pastry or pastry-work.
PAT155ERIE, på-th-ri, s. f. pastry, pastry-work, pastry-trade.

Parissien, z, på-il-slå, sler, s. m. & f. pastry-cook.

PATISSUIE, s. f. padescoy. PATOIS, på-twa, s. m. gibberich, provincial

dialect. PATON, ph-ton, s. m. inside leather, piece of leather wherewith the toe of a shoe is lined, also paste to fatten poultry.

PATRAQUE, s. f. gewgew, eld stuff.
PATRE, phir, s. m. hordsman, shepherd.
PATRES, (ab) Ex. Aller of patres, to die,
go the way of all fisch. Europe's of patres,
to send (one) to sleep with his fathers.

PATRIARCAL, E, på-tri-år-kål, adj. pomiarchal.

PATRIARCAT, på-tri-år-kå, s. m. petriar-chate, dignity of a patriarch. PATRIARCHE, på-tri-årsb, s. m. petriarch.

PATRICE, pa-tifs, s. m. patricism.

base, bût : jêûne, mêute, bêurre : ênfhat, cênt, liên : vin : mon : brun.

PATRICIAT, pl-tri-sil, a. m. patriciate, pa-

trician's dignity. Patricies, se, på-tri-sièn, sièn, adj. patrician, noble, descended of Roman senators.

PATRICIES, s. m. patrician. PATRIE, pa-tri, s. f. one's native country,

one's native soil, one's own country.

PATRIMOINE, pa-tri-mwan, s. m. patrimo-

By. Patrinonial, e, på-trl-mö-niål, adj. pa-

trimonial. PATRIOTE, på-tri-ôt, s. m. petriot, publick-

spirited man. PATRIOTIQUE, på-tri-ò-tik, adj. patriotick.

PATRIOTIQUEMENT, adv. patriotically.
PATRIOTISME, på-tri-ô-dam, s.m. patriotism.
*PATRIOTISME, på-tri-ô-d-nà, v. n. to argue,

to preach.

PATRON, på-tron, s. m. pattern, medel, example; patron, protector, defender: he that has the gift of a benefice. Potron, Mar. master or commander of a merchant ship or boat (in the dialect of Provence and Languedoc.) Patron de chaleupe, cockswain, putron of the launch, patron of the long boat (of a man of war.) Patron de canet, cockswain of a boat. Patronage, på-trò-nke, a. m. advowson,

right of patronage.

PATROBAL, E, adj. petronal, of or belong-

ing to the patron.

PATROSIMIQUE, på-trå-nå-mik, adj. patro-

nymick.
Patronne, på-trön, s. f. patroness.

PATROVILLAGE, ph-troo-las, s. m. puddle, paddling.

PATROUILLE, på-trool, s. f. patrole, rounds.

PATROUILLER, pa-troo-A, v. n. to puddle, paddle; to paw or fumble; to patrole. *PATROULLIS, på-troo-il, s. m. puddle.

PATTE or PATE, pht, s. m. paw; (d'une piche) flap; (d'un verre) foot.

Patte or pate, s. f. Mar. Pattes (d'une ancre) flukes : (de bouline) bridles. Patter d'élingues, can-hooks. Pattes de voiles, tabling of the

PATTÉ, E, or PATÉ, E, (in heraldry) patee.
PATTÉE or PATÉE, S. f. rap with a ferula.
PATTE-PELU, E, or PATÉE-VELU, E, pât-

FATTE-PELU, E, or PATTE-VELU, E, pat-veld, id, s. m. hypocrite, treacherous villain. PATTU, E, or PATU, E, pat-th, th, adj. Pi-gene patts, pigeon with feathers down to his feet.

PATURAGE, på-tå-råx, s. m. pasture, pas-ture-ground, feeding.

PATURE, på-tår, s. f. food, meat; also pas-ture, pasture-ground, provender.

PATURER, på-tå-rå, v. n. to feed.

"Parunnum, på-th-reur, s. m. one that

nde houses to grass. PATURON, på-til-ron, s. m. pastern of a hors

PAULETTE, pô-lêt, s. f s. f. paulet, kind of

PAULETER, v. n. to pay the paulet.
PAULETER, v. n. to pay the paulet.
PAULE, phon, s. f. palm of the hand; hand
(in measuring the height of a horse;) tennis.
PAULELLA, s. f. sort of barley; (de porter légerés) hinges, Mar. (de voilier) palm; (de cardier) list.

"PAURER, v. a. to slap, Ex. Je te paumerai la guante, I shall give thee a slap on the chaps. PAUMIER, po-mil, s. m. tennis-court-keep-er, master of a tennis-court.

Passuière, s.f. she-keeper of a tennis-court,

wife of the master of a tennis-court.
PAUMOYER, V. Pomoyer.
PAUPITEE, po-pler, s. f. aye-lid; hair of the eye-lid.

PAUSE, poz, s. f. peuse, stop, rest.

PAUSER, po-zk, v. n. to pause, make a pause or stop.

PAUVEE, povr, adj. poor, needy, in want, not rich, not copious, sorry, pitiful, wretched.

Pasore en amis, destitute of friends.

PAUVRE, a. m. & f. poor man or woman, beggar. Les persones, the poor, the poor sort

of people.
PAUVEREET, povr-men, adv., poorly,

beggarly.

Pauvzesse,s. f. a poor woman who begs in the street

PAUVRET, TE, po-vre, vret, adj. & s. m. & f. poorish, needy, in want; poor creature.
PAUVRETE, povr-th, s. f. poverty, want, need, indigence, poorness, silly thing, impertinence.

thence.

PAVARE, på-vån. s. m. paving.

PAVARE, på-van. s. m. sort of dance.

PAVARE, (sE) så-på-vå-nå, v. r. to strut,

have a proud gait.

PAVå, på-vå, s. m. pavement, stones of a

paved place; paved place. Le hant du garé,

the wait. Etre sur le pané, to be out of office.

PAVEMENT . m. naving. navement, paved.

PAVEMENT, s. m. paving, pavement, paved floor.

PAVER, på-vå, v. a. to pave.
PAVER, på-v-zåd, s. f. Mar. nettings.
PAVEUR, på-velur, s. m. pavior.
PAVIE, på-vi, s. m. nectarine.
PAVIERS, på-vi-å, s. m. Mar. nettings.

Pavillon, pa-vi-lon, s. m. pavilion; tent-bed; side of a house; (de trompette) broad

bed; side of a house; (de trompette) broad end. Pavillon blanc, flag of truce.
Pavillon, Mar. flag; also flag-ship. Pavillon national or pavillon destinctif de chaque nation, colours. Pavillon de commandement, flag. Pavillon de beauspré, jack. Pavillon de poupe, ensign. Pavillons de signaux, signal flags. Pavillons inférieurs, superior flags. Pavillon, flag ship. Biton de pavillon, flag ship. Biton de pavillon flag staff. Sur ouel vaisseau le général John flag staff. Sur quel vaisseau le genéral doit-il hisser son pavillon? on board what ship is the admiral to hoist his flag? Pavots, pd-wwh, s. m. great shield. Pavots, Mar. waist cloths, quarter cloths. Pavots de hisse, top armours, top armings.

PAVOISER, pa-vwa-za, UN BATIMENT, v. s. to dress a ship with nettings and a variety

of flags, pendanis, etc.
PAVOT, på-vå, s. m. poppy.
PAVABIC, pë-våbl, adj. payable, to be paid.
PAYE, pè, s. f. pay; pay-master.
PAYEMENT, pè-mën, s. m. payment, paying.

PAYER, pê-ya, v. a. to pay, pay off. Payer de sa personne, to show one's self a man. Payer de raison, to give good reasons. Payer d'ingratitude, to repay with ingratitude.

Payer d'effronterie, to get out of a scrape by
dint of impudence, stand it out.

PAYEUR, pê-yeur, s. m. pay-master.

Payeuse, pc-yeuz, s. f. pay-mistress. Pays, pc-l, s. m. country, land, region, native land, native soil, also country-man. Le bar, bat, base: thère, ebb, over: field, fig: robe, rob, lord: mood, good.

pays Latin, the school or university. Voses étes bien de votre pays, what a silly man you are! Etre en pays de connoissance, to be among

acquaintances, to be known.
PATSAGE, pê-l-zhz, s. m. landscape.
PATSAGESTE, pê-l-zh-zist, s. m. landscape-

painter.

PAYSAN, pê-1-zen, s. m. peasant, countryman, clown, country clown; (d'Allemagne) boor; clown, churl. Manière de or qui sent le paysan, clownish or rustical way.

Paysanne, pe-1-zhn, s. f. country-woman, clownish or rustical woman. A la paysanne,

country-like, like a clown.

PÉAGE, ph-az, s. m. toll, custom, toll-booth, custom-house, turnpike.

Piagra, ph. 1.- 1, s. m. toll-gatherer,

publican, turnpike man.

PEAU, po, s. f. skin; hide; rind; peel. Crever or enrager dans sa peau, to fret, be mad. PEAUSSERIE, s. f. skinner's trade or ware.

Peaussier, pò-slà, s. m. skinner, fellmon-

PEc, adj. m. Ex. Hareng pec, pickled her-

Peccable, pe-kabl, adj. peccable.
Peccapille, pe-ka-dil, s. f. peccadillo, small fault, venial sin.

PECCANT, E, pê-kân, kânt, adj. peccant. Ex. Une humeur peccante, a peccant humour. PECCAVI, pê-kâ-vî, s. m. Ex. Un bon pec-

cari, a sincere contrition, a true repentance.

PRCHE, pesh, s. f. peach ; fishing. La peche, etc. the fishery.

Pichi, på-shå, s. m. sin. Ріснік, på-shå, v. n. to sin, offend, com-

mit a fault, be wanting.

Pécher, pè-shà, v. a. to fish; (un étang) to draw; to fish up. Pécher à la ligne, to angle, fish with a line; to fish, try for fish. Pécher Man to cweep an anchor. une ancre, Mar. to sweep an anchor.

PECHER, s. m. peach-tree.

PÉCHERESSE, pash-res, s. f. sinner, sinful weman.

PECHERIE, s. f. fishery, spot for fishing. PÉCHEUR, på-sheur, s. m. sinner, sinful mar

PECHEUR, s. m. fisher, fisherman. Bateau pecheur, fisherman, fishing boat.

PECORE, pa-kor, s. f. animal, beast; (also) blockhead, fool.

Proque, pek, s. f. silly or impertinent wo-

man. Pectoral, E, pek-tô-ral, adj. pectoral, good for or belonging to the breast.

Pectoral, s. m. breast-plate.

PÉCULAT, på-ků-lå, s. m. peculetion, em-bezzling of the public treasury. PÉCULE, på-kůl, s. m. estate get by saving

and honest industry.

Prounz, pa-kon, s. f. ready money.

Prountaine, pa-ku-nier, adj. pecuniary Prounieu-x, sr, pa-kū-nleu, nleuz, adj. monied, full of money

PÉDAGOGIE, på-då-gð-zl, s. f. pedagogy, instruction of youth. Pídagogique, på-då-gô-zîk, adj. peda-

gogical. PÉDAGOGUE, på-då-gôg, s. m. pedagogue

er pedant.
PEDAIRE, adj. Pedarian.

PÉDALE, på-dål, s. f. pedal, low key of organs.

PÉDANÉ, ph-th-nh, adj. m. Ex. Juge pé dane, pedaneous judge, country judge, inferior judge.

PEDART, pa-den, s. m. pedant, school pe

dant, pedantick or peremptory coxcomb, sirpositive in all things.

PÉDANT, adj. pedantick. РЕДАНТЕ, på dent, s. f. pedantick woman. PEDANTER, på-den-tå, v. n. to be a school

PEDANTERIE, på-dent-ri, s. f. pedantry, pedantick way or humour, profession of a

school-master.

PÉDANTESQUE, ph-dèn-tèsk, adj. pedantick. PÉDANTESQUEMENT, på-dés-tesk-men, adv. pedantically, like a pedant.
PÉDANTISER, på-dén-d-sk, v. n. to play or

act a pedant's part

Pidantisme, på-den-tism, s. m. pedantry. PEDERASTE, s. m. sodomite.

PÉDÉRASTIE, s. f. andomy.

PÉDESTRE, adj. pedestrious

PÉDESTREMENT, adv. on foot. PÉDICULAIRE, på-di-ku-lèr, adj. pedicu-

Proteule, ple-di-kul, s. m. pedicle, stalk of fruits and plants.

Pipon, s. m. foot-courier.

Proase, ph-ghz, s. m. Pegasus.
Procline or Procultine, s. f. Mar.
house or shed where they melt and heat pitch in a dock yard; also boat (furnished with a furnace and kettle) employed for the same purpose.

PEIGNE, pegn, s. m. comb ; (pour la laine) card; (detisserand) stay; (nour letin, le chan-vre) brake; also a sort of shell. Peigne de

cheval, crown scab.

PRIGHER, pê-gnâ, v. a. to comb, comb the head of; (de la laine) to comb or card; (ds. lin) to hackle; (du chamve) to hatchel. Se

peigner, v. r. to comb one's head.
PRIGHIER, pe-gnih, s. m. comb-maker.
PRIGHOR, pe-gnwar, s. m. coth put over
the shoulders when combing the head.

PRIGNURES, pe-gnur, s. f. pl. combings of hair, hair combed off.

PEINDRE, pindr, v. a. (see the table at eindre) to paint, draw, set in colours; to daub; to write; to describe. Se peindre, v. r. to paint. Se faire peindre, to sit for one's p ture. Cela rous to a peindre, that becomes you very well. Fait a peindre, remarkably handsome, very well made. Ce idiment est peint de frais, Mar. that ship is newly painted.

PRINE, pen, s. f. pains, trouble, toil, labour; ado, difficulty, punishment; pain, suffering, torment, affliction, grief, sorrow: anxiety, con-cern. A peine, with pain, hardly, searce, but just. A grand peine, with nucle ado. Pai prine à croire cela, I can hardly believe that. Etre en peine, to be in trouble; also to be in pain, be troubled or concerned. Se mettre en peine, to trouble one's self, trouble one's bead.

PEINÉ, E, pê-na, adj. pained, etc. V. Pei-r. Un ouvrage peine, an elaborate piece of work.

PEINER, pê-na, v. a. to pain, trouble, put to trouble.

Peiner, v. n. Se peiner, v.r. to take pains,

base, bat : jeune, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

*Princu-x, sr, pê-neu, neuz, adj. V. Pémible. La semaine peineuse, the boly week.
PRINT, R, adj. painted, drawn, etc. V.

Printre, pintr, s. m. painter, picture-

drawer.

PERSTURAGE, s. m. the act of painting only with one colour, daubing.

PERSTURE, pin-tur, s. f. painting, art of

painting; picture, piece of painting; picture, description; (as jest) court card. En peintere, imaginary, fictitious, dull.

PRINTURE, E, adj. painted only with one colour, daubed.

PRINTURER, v. a. to daub, paint with one colour only.

PELADE, pe-lid, s. f. falling off of the hair. PELAGE, pe-liz, s. fi. colour of the hair (of

horses, deer, etc.)
PELAMIDE, på-lå-mild, s. f. pilcher or sprat.
PELAMIDE, på-lår, adj. Ex. Bois pelard,
wood stripped of its bark.

PÉLA TRE, am. pan or broad end of a shovel. PELÉ, a, pè-là, adj. bald; also peeled, blanched, etc. V. Peler.

PELE, s. m. bald pated fellow. PELE-mELE, pel-mel, adv. pell-mell, in a

confusion, confusedly.

PELER, pe-la, v. a. (le poil) to make bald; (l'écorce) to peel; (des amandes) to blanch ; (des allées de jardin) to mow or shave the grass of; (la terre) to take off the turf.

PÉLERIN, E, pal-rin, rîn, s. m. &. f. pil-

im. Une bonne pelerine, a cunning gipsy. PÉLERINAGE, pal-ri-naz, s.m. pilgrimage. PÉLICAN, pal-li-kan, s. m. pelican (large fowl;) also sort of chymical vessel, and dentist's instrument.

Pélican, Mar. iron dog (to steady and confine pieces of wood.)

PELISSE, pe-lis, s. f. furred robe or cloak.

PELLE, pel, s. f. shovel. Pelle de

oven-peel. Pelle, (d'aviron) Mar. blade or wash (of an oar.)
PELLÉE or PELLERÉE, pê-lå, pêl-rå, sho-

vel-fall.

PELLEROS, a. m. little oven-peel.
PELLETER, pèl-tè, s. f. shovel-full.
PELLETERIE, pèl-tè-ri, s. f. peltry, skins or
fun; farrier's or skinner's trade.

PELLETIER, E, s. m. & f. skinner, furrier, fell-monger.

PELLICULE, pê-lî-kâl, s. f. pellicle, cuticle, thin skin.

PELOTE, plot, s. f. ball; clew (of thread, etc.;) pellet; pin-cushion; star (on a horse's forchead.)

PELOTER, plo-th, v. n. to play at tennis for amusement; to throw snow-balls. Jeter des lates de mangeaille aux poissons, to throw baiting-pellets for fishes. Peloter, v. a. to

Cette volcille est un peloton

Control pear, pid-ton, s. m. bottom or clew (of
thread, etc..) (a 'pringles) pin-cushion; (d'infanterie) platoon, small division; (de mouches
a miel) cluster; (de personnes) knot: a tennisball not covered. Cette volcille est un peloton de graine, that is a very fat fowl.

ELOTOBERR, v.a.to run into heaps, cluster. PELOUSE, plooz, s. f. mossy ground, down.

PELU, E. pē-lò, lò, adj. hairy. Une pate jeiue, a sly follow, a treacherous villain.
PELUCHE, plòsh, s. f. shag; tuft; plush.
PELUCHE, z., plò-shà, adj. tufted.
PELURE, plùr, s. f. paring; (d'ognos)

peel.

PERAILLON, pê-nk-lon, s. f. rag; monk or

friar.
PÉRAL, E, på-nål, adj. penal.
PÉRARD, på-når, s. m. Ex. Un vieux pénard, old fusty fellow, old dotard or libertine

PÉNATES, på-nåt, adj. pl. Ex. Dieux pé-nates, household gods. PENAUD, E, på-nö, nöd, adj. speechless,

dashed out of countenance, dejected, abashed.
Penchart, z, pen-shen, shent, adj. leaning or bending downward, inclining, stooping, shelving; also declining.

PENCHANT, s. m. steepness, declivity, bending, shelvingness, bias, brink, decline, inclination, proneness; propension, propensity. Donner du penchant à un corps, to bias a

body.

PERCHÉ, E, adj. bent, bowed down, etc. V.

Pencher. Un air penché, lolling. Se donner des airs penchés, to loll.

Description of the bending,

PENCHEMENT, pensh-men, s. m. bending, bowing, leaning. Penchement de tête, nod.
PENCHER, pen-sha, v. a. to bend or bow down, make to lean; to incline. v. n. to lean or bend down, bend downwards, hang; to lean, incline, be inclined. Se pencher, v. r.

to bow or bend down, stoop, lean, loll.

Pendable, pendabl, adj. hanging, that deserves hanging. Un cas pendable, a hang-

ing matter.
PENDAISON, pen-de-zon, s. f. hanging, execution.

PENDANT, R, pen-den, dent, adj. hanging,

depending, left undecided.

PERDART, pen-den, prep. during. Pendant que, conj. whilst, while.

PERDART, s. m. companion (picture or painting:) (de baudrier) hanger: (d'oreille,) pendant, ear-knob; (d'un navire) pendant, streamer. V. Pendeur.
PENDARD, pèn-dar, s. m. rogue, villain,

knave.

Pendarde, pen-dard, s. f. villainous jade. PENDELOQUE, pend-lok, s. f. bob, dangling jewels.

*PENDERIE, V. Pendaison. PENDEUR, s. m. Mar. pendant. Pendeurs de bras, brace pendants. Pendeur de la caliorne de misaine, fore-tackle pendant, fore-runner pendant. Pendeur de grande caliorne or du grand palan, main-tackle-pendant, main-runner-pendant. Pendeur de palan du grand étai, main-stay-tackle-pendant. Pen-deurs de palanquins du mit de hune, burton pendants. Brider les pendeurs de caliorne, to span in the runner-pendants.

PENDILLER, v. n. to dangle to and fro, hang danglingly, bob.

PENDOIR, s. m. cord to hang a flitch of bacon on.

PENDRE, pendr, v. a. to hang, hang up. R m'a dit pis que pendre, he has railed at mo most bitterly.

Pendre, v. n. to hang from, to hang down or fall. Les joues lui pendent, his checks fall

bår, båt, båse : thère, ēbb, ovēr : fleld, fåg : rôbe, rēb, lôrd : môed, gōod.

PENDU, E, pen-du, du, adj. hanged, hung Procès pendu au croc, lawsuit that is at a

PENDU, s. m. one that is hanged.
PENDULE, pèn-důl, s. m. pendulum.
Pendule, s. f. pendulum clock.
PENE, pèn, s. m. bolt. Serrure à pène dor-

r, stock lock. PÉNÉTRABILITÉ, på-ma-trà-bl-ll-tà, s. f.

peneurability. PÉNÉTRABLE, på-må-tråbl, adj. penetra-

ble.

PÉNÉTRANT, E, pâ-nâ-trên, trênt, adj. pe-netrating; penetrant, penetrating, piercing, quick, sagacious, sharp.
PENETRATI-F, VE, på-nå-trå-tif, tiv, adj.

PENETRATION, ph-na-tra-son, s. f. pene-

tration, shgacity, quickness.
PÉNÍTRER, på-nå-trå, v. a. & n. to penetrate; to go or get through or into, pierce into or through; to apprehend, understand, find out, discover, dive or pierce into; to move, affect, work upon. La pluie pénétré mon justaucorps, the rain has soaked through my coat. Nous pénétrâmes au travers des glaces jusqu'à Cuxhaven, we got through the ice into Cuxhaven.

PÉNIBLE, pa-nibl, adj. painful, toilsome, troublesome, hard, laborious.

PÉNIBLEMENT, på-nibl-men, adv. pain-

fully, with much pains.

PÉNIL, s. m. os pubis.

PÉNISSULE, ph. nin-sûl, s. f. peninsula.

PÉNISTENCE, ph. nil-têns, s. f. penitence, repentance, penance, punishment

PÉRITERCERIE, pà-nl-tèrs-ri, s. f. peniten-tiary's court or dignity.

PÉRITERCIER, pà-nl-tèrs-sh, s. m. penitentiary.

PENITENT, E, på-nl-tèn, tent, adj. & s. penitent, sorrowful, repenting.
PENITENTAUN, på-nl-tèn-siò, s. m. pl.Ex.
Les psaumes pénitentiaux, the penitential psalms.

PÉNITENTIEL, LE, adj. penitential. PÉNITENTIEL, s. m. penitential, penance

PENNAGE, pê-nâz, s. m. feather of a hawk. PENNAUT, Mar. Faire pennaut, to cockbill the anchor.

PENNE, pen, s. f. beam feather (of a hawk.) Penne d'une antenne or vergue latine, Mar. peek of a lateen yard.

PENNON, pe-uon, s. m. pennon.

PÉNOMBRE, s. f. penumbra.

PENON, s. m. Mar. dog-vane. Change le penon, shift the dog-vane over.

PENS, V. Guel

PERSANT, E, adj. thinking. Mal pensant, that has ill or uncharitable thoughts.

PENSEE, pen-sh, s. f. thinking, thought, thoughts, meaning, notion, mind, opinion, belief, design, fancy, sketch, first draught; pansy (a little flower.)

PENSER, pen-sh, v. n. to think, conceive in one's mind, consider, reflect, make reflection, remember, imagine, suppose, believe. Pensez à vous, look to yourself, have a care. Donner à penser à quelqu'un, to put one to his trumps. Penser, (followed by an infinitive,) to be like to, be within a hair's breadth of, etc. V. Faillir & Manquer.

Perser, v. a. to think, have in one's thoughts. Qu'en pensez-vous / what do you think of it?

PENSEUR, s. m. (pensée) thought. PENSEUR, s. m. thinker.

PERSI-F, VE, pen-sit, slv, adj. pensive, thoughtful, in a brown study, sad.
PERSION, pen-slow, a. f. board, boarding-

place, pension, yearly allowance. Persion viagère, annuity, yearly pension during life. Prendre en pension, to board. Vivre en pension, to board. Se mettre en pension, to go to board. Mettre en pension, to put on board, also to pawn. Etre en pension, to board; also to be in pawn. Demi-pension, half board.

PENSIONNAIRE, pen-sio-ner, s. m. & C. boarder, pensioner.

PENSIONNAT, s. m. boarding-school.

PENSIONNER, v. a. to gratify with a pension, allow a pension.

PENSUM, pin-son, s. m. additional task required of a scholar.

PENTACORDE, s. m. pentachord. PENTAGONE, pèn-th-gon, adj. pentagonal.

PERTAGONE, s. m. pentagon.
PENTAMÈTER, pen-th-meur, adj. &c. a. pentameter, verse of five feet.

Pentateuque, pen-th-teuk, a. m. Pentateuch.

PENTE, phrit, s. f. declivity, propensity, in-clination; (de lit) válance. Pente de tente, Mar. side of an awning. V. Penchant, s. m. PENTECOTE, phrit köt, s. f. Whitsunday or Pentecost. Le temps de la Pentecôte, Whitsun-tide.

PETURE, pen-thr, s. f. iron work (of a door or window.) Penture, Mar.hinge. Pentures de sabords, port-hinges, googings of the port-lids. Pentures en fer à chem, scuate hinges.

PÉRULTIME, ph. de dèm, s. f. penultime.

PÉNULTIÈME, adj. penultimate.
PÉNURIE, pé-nô-ri, s. f. penury, want.
PÉUTE, ph-dù, s. f. round vessel much used in the gulf of Venice.

PÉPASTIQUE, adj. & s. m. peptick, pepastick

PÉPIE, pl-pl, s. f. pip. Oter or errecher

la pepie à une poule, to pip a ben.
Prier, pa-pl-à, v. n. to pip or chirp (as a sparrow.)

Pirin, ph-pin, s. m. kernel (of apples, pears, and such like fruit.) Pépin de raisin, grape stone.
Prinitre, på-pl-nler, s. f. nursery, sood-

plot, seminary.
PEPINIERISTE, s. m. nursery-gardener.

PEPTIQUE, pêp-tik, adj. poptiek. PÉQUE, V. Peoque. PERÇART, E, pêr-sèn, sent, adj. piercia

boring, sharp, acute, penetrating, quick. Voix percents, shrill voice.

PERCE, pers. Ex. Mettre en perce, to pierce, coach. Etre en perce, to be broached.
PERCE, E, adj. bored, etc. V. Percer. broach.

PRRCE-PEUILLE, s. f. a sort of umbelliferous plant.

PERCE-FORET, pers-fo-re, s.m. great hunter. PERCE-LETTRE, pers-letr, s. m. piercer steel instrument for making holes for the cord to which the seel of letters was affixed.)

PERCENENT, s. m. the act of boring, piercing.

buse, bût : jêdne, mênte, bêurre : ênfânt, cênt, liên : vin : mon : brusi.

PERCE-NEIGE, pers-nes, s. f. snow-drop (a flower.)

PERCE-OREILLE, per so-rel, s. m. ear-wig. PERCE-PIERRE, pers-pier,s. f. parsiev-pert. PERCE-PIERRE, p. m. tax-gatherer, collector. PERCEPTIBILITÉ, s. f. perceptibility.

PERCEPTIBLE, per-sep-tibl, adj. percepti-

PERCEPTION, per-orp-slon, s. f. receipt, collection (of rews, revenues, etc.) perception. PRRCER, per-sh. v. a. to pierce, bore, make

FREEE, per-m. v. a. to pierce, now, make a bole into, tap or broach, run through, break through, break through, break through, per-cer l'ament or dame l'avenir, to foresse things to come. Percer les habiers, les forêts, to go through the thickets or forests. Percer avec le bec, to peck through. Percer un apostème, to lance or open an imposthume. Percer des autords à un tétiment, Mar. to scuttle a vesenbords à un bâtiment, Mar, to scuttle a vessel. La prise et percée à 24 canous, the
prize is pierced for 24 guns. Notre entiseau
et percé à 15 et à 16, our ship has 15 ports of
a side on the lower, and 16 on the upper
deck. Percer, v. u. (acid of teeth, horns) to
peep through, appear; (of an abscess) to
break. Maison qui perce d'une rue à une
autre, house which is a thoroughfare.
PERCEUR, s. m. Mar. artificer that bores
the beller for the treavaile belle and all jivo

the holes for the tree-nails, bolts, and all iron

work of a ship.

PERCEVOIR, pers-vwar, v.a. (like concevoir) to receive or collect (revenues, etc.) to per-

PERCHE, persh, s.f. pole, perch, rod; perch (a fish.) Perche de tête de daim, beam of a buck's head. Perche de tête de cerf, branch of a stag's bead.

PERCHER, per-sha, v. n. or Se percher, v.

r. to perch, roos

PERCHOIR, per-shwar, s.m. perching stick or room.

PERCLUS, E, për-kid, kidz, adj. impotent, that has lost the use of his limbs. Avoir le cerrem perches, to be crack-brained.
Pricoir, per-swar, s. m. piercer.

PERCU, E, adj. received or gathered. Percussion, per-ku-slon, s. f. percussion, knocking, stroke.

PERDANT, per-den, s. m. loser. Le perdant,

Mar. the ebb.

PERDITION, per-di-sion,s. f. perdition, damnation, destruction. Tout son bien s'en ra à persistion, all his estates go to wreck. Etre en perdition, Mar. to be on the point of being lost or cast away. Nous restames en perdition sur la côte pendant la durée du coup de sent, we were in the most imminent danger of being cast away on the coast while the gale lasted.

PERDRE, perdr, v. a. to lose; throw away, waste, spend foolishly; to let slip; to ruin, corrupt, debauch; to spoil; to undo, bring to mis. Persec courage, to be discouraged or disheartened, despond. Perdre de vue, to lose sight of. Perdre de réputation, to defame. Se perdre de réputation, to lose one's character. Perdre son proces, to he cast. Perdre, v. n. to lose, be a loser. Se perdre, v. r. to lose one's self, lose one's way, not to know where one is, be dashed out of countenance, be lost, wander, have a rambling way of arguing, etc. according to the different significa-Lous of Perdre.

Perdre & Se perdre, Mar. to lose, be lost or cast away, etc. Perdre de vue, to lose sight of. Perdre du monde, to lose men. Perdre ess voiles, to have the sails blown away. Perdre sa mature, etc. to lose one's masts, etc. Perdre une saison, to lose a fair and steady wind. Perdre une marée, to lose a tide. Perure son poste dans la ligne, to lose one's station in the line of battle. Perure l'avantage du vent, to lose the weather gage. Perdre sur un bord et gagner sur l'autre, to lose upon one tack and gain upon the other. Perdre en virant vent devant, to lose ground in stays. Perdre la sonde or le fond, to lose all bottom, get out of soundings. Perdre fond, to drive with the anchors. Perdre d'un or de plusieurs quarts, to break off one or more points. Perdre d' Parcalmie, to fall to lecuard for want of wind, to keep close to. La mer a perdu, the tide has fallen. Cette frégate a beaucoup perdu de sa marche, that frigate has much fallen off in her sailing. Le batiment commence à perdre son air, the ship begins to lose her way. Le vaisseau à trois ponts ne perdit pas un boulet de notre volée, not a shot of our broadside missed the three docker. Deux bâtimens se sont perdus, corps de biens, sur les sorbingues, two ships, with their crews, have been entirely lost upon Scilly. L'Apollon se perdit sur la côte de Hollande, mais son équipage se saura, the Apollo was lost on the coast of Holland, but her crew was saved.

PERDREAU, per-dro, s.m. young partridge. PERDRIGON, per-dri-gon, s. m. sort of

PERDRIE, per-dri, s. f. partridge.
PERDU, E, per-do, do, adj. (from Perdre) lost, thrown away, not to be found, etc. V. Perdre, lewd or debauched. Perdu de dettes, in debt over head and ears. Clous à tête per-due; brads. Heures perdues, odd hours, spare time.

PERDUE, s. f. abandoned whore, lewd wo-

man, prostitute.

*PERDURABLE, adj. perdurable. PERE, per, s. m. father. Nos peres, our

forefathers or ancestors.

*Pérégrination, på-rå-gri-nå-sion, s. £

peregrination.
PERÉGRINITÉ, s. f. quality of being fo-

PÉREMPTION, ph-rènp-slon, s. f. Ex. Pé-

remption d'instance, non-suit.
PEREMPTOIRE, pa-renp-twar, adj. per-

emptory.
Paremptoirement, på-renp-twar-men,

adv. peremptorily.

PERFECTIBILITÉ, adj. quality of being brought to perfection.

PERFECTIBLE, adj. that can be brought to perfection.

PERFECTION, per-fek-slow, s. f. perfection, perfectness, accomplishment. En perfection, perfectly, rarely well.

PERFECTIONNÉ, E, adj. perfect, brought to perfection, finished, improved.

PERFECTIONNEMENT, s. m. perfecting,

perfectness, act of making perfect.
PERFECTIONNER, per-fek-slo-na, v. a. to perfect, make perfect, bring to perfection, finish. Re perfectionner, v. r to improve, grow perfect, etc.

bar, bat, base : thère, êbb, over : field, fig : rôbe, rôb, lôrd : môed, gôod.

PERVENCHE, s. f. periwinkle.

PERVERS, E, pêr-ver, vêrs, adj. perverse, wicked, froward, untoward. Les percers, s. m. pl. the wicked, wicked men.

PET

PERVERSION, per-ver-slon, s. f. perverse-

ness, corruption,

PERVERSITÉ, per-ver-si-th, s. f. perverseness, or perversity, frowardness, untowardness, malice, wickedness.

PERVERTIR, per-ver-tir, v. a. to pervert, seduce; deprave, spoil, debauch, corrupt.
Piruvirn, nr, adj. Peruvian.
Prsadr, s. f. pesade (said of a horse's fore

feet.)

PESANNENT, pē-zā-mēn, adv. heavily.
PESANT, E, pē-zēn, zēnt, adi. heavy,
weighty, ponderous, unwieldy; heavy, dull,
slow, troublesome, burdensque, cumbersome.

Un cheval perant à la main, a hard mouthed horse.

PESANT, s. m. weight. Il rand son pesant d'or, he is worth his weight in gold. Elle en a ringt livres perant, she has twenty pounds weight of it. Un mulet portant cine cents weight of it. Un mulet portant cinq cents pesant, a mule that carries five hundred weight.

PRSANTEUR, pê-zèn-têur, s. f. weight, gravity, heaviness, unwieldiness; dulness,

PESE-LIQUEUR, s. m. serometer.

PESÉE, pê-zh, s. f. weighing. Faire une sée, to weigh. Faire plusieurs pesées, to pesce, to weigh. Fair weigh at several times.

PESER, pê-ză, v. a. to weigh, ponder, ex-amine, consider : v. n. to weigh, be heavy, be of weight; also to dwell or remain long. ser, v. n. Mar. Peser sur une manauvre, to hang on or haul downward upon a rope (over head.) Peser sur un levier, to heave or pur-chase with a handspike. Pèse sur la balancine de gui, top up the spanker boom. Pèse sur les balancines de misaine, bowse taught the fore-lists. Pèce sur les palanquins de ris, haul out the reef tackles. Pèse sur les carguefonds de grande voile, haul up the main bunt-lines.

PESEUR, pê-zêur, s. m. weigher. PESON, pê-zon, s. m. steel-yard; (de fuscas)

whirl.

PESSAIRE, s. m. pessary.

PESSE, pes, s. f. pitch-tree.

PESTARD, pest-tar, s. m. tell-tale.
PESTARD, pest, s. f. pest, plague, pestilence, sickness; also pestilerous or dangerous person. Peste, deuve. Peste or la peste soit du fou deuce take him for a fool. Peste, interj. I swear, bless me.

PESTER, pes-th, v. n. to be mad or enraged,

storm, bluster, inveigh.
PESTIFÈRE, pes-ti-fer, adj. pestiferous, infectious, contagious,

PESTIFÉRÉ, E, pês-tî-fâ-râ, adj. infected ith or that has got the plague. Un pestiwith or that has got the plague. Un pesti-fere, s. m. a person infected with the plague. PRSTILERCE, pes-tl-lens, s. f. pestilence,

PESTILENT, E, pes-ul-len, lent, adj. pesti-

lent, pestiferous, pestilential, infectious, con-

tagious. PESTILENTIEL, LE, or PESTILENTIEU-X sz, pês-ti-lên-sîêl, pês-ti-lên-sîêu, sîêuz, adj. pestilent, pestilential, infectious, contagious. PET, pê, s. m. fart; bounce, report, crack;

sort of puffed fritter. Faire or lacher un put,

to fart, let a fart; break wind behind.
PÉTALE, ph-thl, s. m. (in botany) petal.
PÉTALISME, s. m. petalism (mode of ba-

Richment in Syrocuse.)
PÉTARADE, ph-th-rad, s. m. a herse's farting and yerking; also similar noise made with the mouth.

PÉTARD, ph-thr, s. m. peterd ; cracker. PÉTARDER, ph-thr-dh, v. a. to blow up

with a petard.

Párandinn, ph-thr-till, s.m. one who applies the petard.

PETASE, pê-têz, s. m. Mercury's winged

bat. PETAUD, pê-tô, s. m. Ex. La cour du roi Petand, Dover-court, where all are speakers

and none bearers. PETAUDIÈRE, pô-tô-dièr, a.f. hurly-burly, bear-garden. Cette maison-là est une polss-

dière, that house is a bear-garden.
Paraceura, s. f. pl. pestilential spets, the

purples.

PETER, pê-th, v. n. to fart, let a fart, break wind; bounce, crackle.

PETEU-R, SE, pê-têur, têuz, s. m. & f. farter, farting person.

PETILLANT, E, pê-d-lên, lênt, adj. crack-

ling, sparkling. PETILLEMENT, på-dl-mån, s. m. crackling, sparkling.

PETILLER, pê-d-lh, v.a. to crackle, sparkle.

Petiller de faire, to long to do, be enger to be at.

PETIT, E, pê-tî, tît, adj. little, small, short,

FETIT, E, pe-ii, iii, adj. iiiiie, small, stort, young; petty; small birds good to eat. Path feu, gentle or slow fire. Brider quadqu'un à petit feu, to make one linger or pine away. Petit à petit, by degrees, by little and listle. PETIT, s. m. little one; young one. Les petits et les grands, the little sand the great ones. Les petits, the young (of ony animal.) Faire des petits, (parlant des bêtes) to bring forth transposes. forth young ones.

PETIT-GRIS, S. m. sort of fur. PETITEMENT, pe-th-men, adv. little; mess-

ly, poorfy.'
PETITESSE, pë-tl-tës, s. f. littleness, small-ness, low stature; meanness, lowliness; sleudern

PÉTITION, ph-ti-sion, s.f. petition, demand; postulate.

PETITIONNAIRE, s. m. & f. petitioner. PETITOIRE, ph-ti-twar, s. m. demand.

PETON, pe-ton, s. m. little foot:

PÉTONCLE, ph-tonkl, a. f. cockle. PÉTRÉE, ph-tra, adj. f. stony. L'Arabie

pétrée, Arabia Petras.
Pétri, z., adj. kneaded ; full.
Pétrification, ph-tri-fi-kh-slow, s. f. petrification.

PATRIFIER, ph-trl-flk, v. a. to petrify. Se

pétrifier, v. r. to petrify.

Patrin, pa-trin, s. m. baker's kneading-

PETRIR, på-trir, v. a. to knead, to form.

Pétrisseu-R, se, s. m. & f. kneeder.

Pétrole, s. m. petrel.

PÉTULAMMENT, på-tå-lå-mên, adv. petulantly, saucily, malapertly.

PÉTULARČE, pla-tu-lèns, s. f. petalance. sauciness, malapertness.

base, bût : jeune, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

PÉTULANT, E, på-tů-lên, lênt, adj. petulant, Perus, pa-tun, s. m. tobacco.

*PÉTUNER, på-tů-nà, v. n. to smoke, take tobacco.

Pro, peu, adv. little, but little, but a little. Pes de, (before a subst. sing.) little, but little; (before a subst. pl.) few, a few, but few. Manger pess, to eat little, but little or but a little.
Elle a pess d'esprit, she has but little sense.
A-t-elle becaucoup d'esprit? Elle n'en a que peu, Has she much sense! One mas vermune Peu d'amis, sew friends. A-t-elle beaucoup d'amis? Elle n'en a que peu, Has she many friends! She has but sew. Peu de chose, a small matter. Peu de cante, craziness. Tout es, Has she much sense ! She has but little. and pea, ever so little. Peu or point, little or some pers, ever so muse. Fees or posses, muse or nothing. A peu près, nearly, near, almost, thereabout, about. A peu de chose près, within a small matter. Si peu que rien, very little. Dans peus, within a little while, noon, speedily. Pes souvent, seldom, not often. Pes à peu, by degrees, by little and little. Pour peu que tous mangiez, if you eat ever so little, though you eat ever so little. V. Observ. on Fallor.

PEU, s. m. little. Un peu, a little, some, somewhat, a small matter. Le peu, the little, the few.

PRUILLE, s. f. piece of new coin broke off

for an essay.

PEUPLADE peu-plad, s.f. colony, plantation. PEUPLE, peupl, s. m. people; nation; folks; the people, commonalty, meaner sort, mobile,

vulgar; fry (to stock a pond.)
PRUPLER, pêu-plâ, v. a. to people; (um
stang) to stock: v. n. to increase or multiply. PEUPLIER, peu-pila, s. m. poplar, poplar-

PRUR, peur, s. f. fear, fright, dread. Avoir peur, to stand in fear, fear, be afraid. Avoir grand peur, to be in great fear. Faire peur, to fright, make afraid, put in fear. De peur

de, for fear of. De peur que, (with the subj. and ne) for fear, for fear that, lest. PEUREU-X, SE, peu-reu, reuz, adj. fearful, morous, faint-hearted. Cheval peureux. timorous, Cheval peureux,

starting-horse.

PEUT, V. Pouroir. PEUT-ETRE, peu-tetr, adv. may be, it may

be, perhaps.
PEUT-ÉTRE, s. m. may be.
PEUX, V. Pouvoir.
PHAETOS, fâ-â-ton, s. m. a light chaise; sort of water fowl.

Phagédénique, adj. phagedenick, cor-

PHALANGE, fà-lenz, s. f. phalanx; bones

of the fingers and toes.

of medicines, spothecary.

PHALANGITE, s. m. phalangarian. PHALENE, få-len, s. f. night butterfly.

PHARAON, fa-rk-on, s. m. a game at cards,

PHARE, får, s. m. Mar. light-house. PHARISATQUE, fa-rl-za-lk, adj. pharisaical. PHARISAISME, få-rf-zå-ism, s. m. hypocri-

PHARISTEN, få-rl-zien, s. m. pharisee PHARMACEUTIQUE, adj. pharmaceutick. PHARMACEUTIQUE, s. f. pharmacy. PHARMACIE, far-ma-sl, s. f. pharmacy. PHARMACIEN, fdr-må-slen, s. m. preparer Pharmacopás, får-må-kô-på, s. f. dispen-

*Pharmacopolis, far-ma-ko-pôl, s. m. pharmacopolist, apothecary. Pharyngotome, s.m. instrument for mak-

ing an incision into the windpipe.

PHARYNGOTOMIE, s. f. pharyngotomy.

PHARYNE, s. m. windpipe.

PHASE, S. f. phasis.
PHÉBUS, fa-bus, s. m. Apollo; bombast.
Parler phébus, donner dans le phébus, complayer le phébus, to speak (or write) bombast or fustian

PHÉNISSEAU, s. m. young phenix.
PHÉNIX, få-niks, s. m. phenix.
PHÉNOMÈNE, få-nö-mön, s. m. phenomenon, wonder. Des phénomènes, phenomenon.
Provincial Childrath, s. m. philan-PHILANTHROPE, ff-len-trop, s. m. philanthropist.

PHILANTHROPIE, fl-len-tro-pl, s. f. phi-

lanthropy. PHILANTÉE, s. f. self-love.

Philippique, s. f. philippick. Риполодів, fl-lå-lå-sl, s. f. philology. Риполодіque, fl-lå-lå-slk, sdj. philological.

PHILOLOGUE, fl-lo-log, s. m. philologer. Риздонка, fl-lo-mel, s. f. philomet, philomela, nightingale.

PHILOSOPHAL, R., (1-10-z0-fal, adj. Ex. La pierre philosophale, the philosopher's stone. PHILOSOPHE, (1-10-z0f, s. m. philosopher, wise man, student in philosophy, free thinker, advantage.

chymist.

PHILOSOPHE, adj. philosophical.
PHILOSOPHER, 17-16-26-14, v.n. to philosophice, speak, or write philosophy, argue like a philosopher, moralize or talk morals; subtilize or talk with too much refinement.

*PHILOSOPHERIE, s. f. affectation of philosophizing. Риггозории, fl-lò-zò-fl, s. f. philosophy;

also a sort of type. PHILOSOPHIQUE, ff-ld-zd-fik, adj. philo-

sophical. Philosophiquenent, fl-18-28-fik-men, adv. philosophically, philosopher-like.

*PHILOSOPHISER, v. n. to play the philo-

sopher, philosophize.

"Philosophismu, s. m. false philosophy, PHILOSOPHISTE, s. m. pretender to philo-

sophy.
PHILTRE, filtr, s. m. philter.
PHIMOSIS, s. m. philmosis.
PHLEBOTOMIE,fik-bö-tö-ml,s.f.phlebotomy.
skl.h.d.ml.zk. v. n. to PHLEBOTOMISER, fla-bo-to-mi-za, v. n. to

phlebotomize, open a vein.
Phlesmasic, s. f. inflagemation.

PHLOGISTIQUE,flo-zle-tlk, s. m. phlogiston. PHOENICURE, s. m. a sort of nightingale \ with a red tail.

PHOQUE, s. m. phoca, the seal.

PHOSPHORE, fos-for, s. m. phosphorus. PHOSPHORIQUE, adj. of or belonging to phosphorus.

PHRASE, fraz, s. f. phrase, sentence.

PHTHISIE, ftl-zi, s. f. phthisick, consumption.

PHTHISIQUE, ful-zik, adj. phthisical, consumptive.

PHYLACTÈRE, fl-lak-ter, s. m. phylactery. PHYSICIEN, fl-zl-slen, s. m. natural philosopher, one who studies natural philosophy.

bar, bat, base: thère, ebb, over: fleid, fig: robe, rob, lord: mood, good.

PHYSIOLOGIR, [1-zl-d-]ö-zl, s. f. physiology. Physiologique, adj. physiological. Physiologiste, s. m. physiologist.

PHYSIONOMIE, fl-zl-d-nd-mi, s. f. physiog-

Physionomiste, fl-zl-d-nd-mist, s. m. physiognomist.

PHYSIQUE, fil-zlk, s. f. physicks, natural philosophy.

PHYSIQUE, adj. physical, natural.

PHYSIQUEMENT, Il-zik-men, adv. physi-

cally, naturally. Piaculaire, pia-ku-lèr, adj. piacular, pi-

aculous. PIAFFE, plaf, s. f. strutting, vain-glorious show, parade, state.

PIAFFER, pla-fa, v. n. to strut, make a vainglorious show of one's self, take upon one; to strive to go on although restrained by the bridle.

Plaffeur, plaffeur, s. m. (cheval piaffeur) proud or stately horse.
Plailler, plavid, v. n. to pip (as a hen;) to squall, brawl, scold

PIAILLERIE, plat-ri, s. f. squalling, brawl-

ing, scolding.
Plattleu-R, SE, pla-leur, leuz, S. m. & f. brawler, squaller, brawling man or woman.

*PIAN, s. m. venereal disease. PIANO, pla-no, (in musick) piano.

*PIASTE, s. m. one originally descended from an ancient Polish family.

PIASTRE, plastr, s. m. piaster (cois.)
*PIAULER, plo-la, v. a. to squall, bawl; to

cry as chickens do.

"PIAOTRE, a. m. Ex. Envoyer quelqu'un au piautre, to send one packing (in contempt.)
PIEL, V. Mát & Máte.

Pic, plk, s. m. pick-ax; peak (of a moun-tain;) wood-pecker; (at piquet) peak. Faire pic, to peak. A pic, perpendicularly. Pic, Mer. gaff. Pic d'artimon, mixen peak. A pic, a peak; also under foot. Ce bâtiment est a pic, that ship is a peak or up and down. Nous laissames tomber à pic une seconde ancre uand le coup de vent commença, we let go another anchor when the gale began.

Pica, s. m. longing.
Picard, r., adj. & s. of Picardy.
Picholine, pl-ko-lin, s. f. sort of small dive.

Picorán, pl-kô-rå, s. f. plundering. Ex.

Aller à la picorée, to go marauding.

Picorex, pl-kô-ra, v. n. to plunder, go plundering about.

Picongun, pl-ko-reur, s. m. freebooter,

marauder; plagiary.
Picor, pl-10, s. m. (de dentelle) purl; (de

hois) prickly bit on wood that has not been

PICOTANT, E, adj. prickling, stimulating. Picoti, E, adj. marked with the small pox. Picoter.

PICOTEMENT, pl-kôt-mên, s. m. pricking.
PICOTER, pl-kôt-th, v. a. to prick, to stimu-late; to peck; to tease, provoke, anger.
PICOTERIE, pl-kôt-ri, a. f. bickering, quar-

relling.

Picotin, pl-kô-tla, s. m. peck. Picotin d'avoine, peck of oats.

PICTORESQUE, V. Pittoresque.

Piz, pl, s. f. pie, magpie. Pie-grieche speckled magpie; shrew. a very soold, broil-

ed blade-bone of mutton; (checal pie) pied horse, piebald horse. Pie de mer, bird of the size of a crow, with red beak and feet, and piebald seathers. Elle cause comme une pie borgne or comme une pie dénichée, she is a prattling one. Il croit oroir trouvé la pie as nid, he thinks himself cock-sure.

PIE, adj. pious, godly, holy, charitable. Ex. Fraude pie, holy cheat. Œuvres pies, good works.

PIE, V. Pied.

PIÈCE, plès, s. piece; bit, part; (de riande, de terre, etc.) piece; (de blé, etc.) field; (de vin) butt; patch; stomacher; (at chess) piece; trick, roguish trick; writing, paper, document; sum. La nièce, a-piece, each, for every one. Donner la nièce à quelqu'un, to grease the fist of one, bribe him. La petite pièce, the farce. Cette fille est une grosse pièce de chair, that girl is a great lump of flesh. Cest une bonne pièce, une fine pièce, une méchante pièce, he or she is a cunning or sharp blade. It est bien près de ses pièces, he is very low in cash. Mettre or tailler en pièces, to cut to pieces, rout, defeat.

Pièce, Mar. piece. Pièce d'artillerie, piece of ordnance. Pièce de bois, piece of timber. Pièce de construction, piece of timber fit for ship-building. Pièce de tour, piece of crooked timber (such as is fit to be sawed into planks for the harpings.) Pièces de quartier, harpings. Pièce de quille, piece of straight timber (fit for a ship's kecl.) Pièces à l'eau, waterint for a snip's kecl.) Pièces à l'eau, water-casks. Pièce de quatre, tua, four hogsheads, Pièce de trois, pipe. Pièce de deux, butt. Petites pièces d'arrimage, small casks for wingers. Le corsaire fut mis en pièces, the privateer went to pieces or was dashed

PIED, pla, s. m. foot; pass, condition; track. main pillar of a coach; tree left at the end of an estate as a boundary. Pied à pied, gradually, by degrees, by little and little, as well dually, by degrees, by little and little, as well as foot by foot. Un rase at trois pieds, a three-footed vessel. Une bête à quatre pieds, a four-footed beast. Des pieds de mouton, trotters. Des nieds de cochem, petitioes. Hant le pied, away. Gens de pied, foot, foot-soldiers. Vulet de pied, footman, footboy, lackey. Pied droit, square pillar, part of which is in the wall; also post of a door or window. Porter bien le pied, to stand handsomely. Porter son pied en dedans or en dehors, to turn one's toes pied en dedans or en dehors, to turn one's toes to make a fool of or laugh at one. Aroir un pied de nez, to come off pitifully or unsuccessfully, to be laughed at or derided. Cinq cents pieds d'arbres, five hundred trees. Si vous hi donnez un pied il en prendra quatre, give him an inch and he will take an ell. Aller pied à pied, to act with deliberadepth, find footing. Une coutume qui prend pied, a custom that gets footing. Prendre quelqu'un pied lere, to take or snap one up. If y va bien d'un autre pied, he takes another course. Mettre quelqu'un sur le bon pied, to order one right. Mettre une armée sur pied, to raise an army. Entretenir une armée sur pied, to keep a standing army. Aroir bon pied, to be a good footman or a stout walker. Faire le pied de veau, to make a buse, but : jeune, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

bow, scrape. Sentir le pied de messager, to stink, have a stinking smell. Chercher à pied

et à cheral, to look every where.

Pied, Mar. Pied de mât, heel or foot of a mast. Le pied de l'étambord, the heel. Pied droit, stanchion, any piece of timber upright or an end. Avoir le pied marin, to have sealegs, tread the deck like a sailor. Nous arries à Brest avec six pieds d'eau dans la cale, we arrived at Brest with six feet water in the hold.

PIÉDESTAL, plà-des-tal, s. m. pedestal. PIEDOUCHE, pla-doosh, s. m. little stand, pedestal.

Price, plaz, s. m. snare.

PIÉMONT, s. m. Piedmont.

Primostors, E, adj. & s. Piedmontese. Premaille, ple-ral, s. f. heap of pebbles, nall stones.

PIERRE, pler, s. f. stone. PIERRES, ple-ra, s. f. drain.

PIERBERIES, pler-ri, s. f. pl. jewels, precious stones.

PIERRETTE, s. f. little stone. Jouer à la

pierette, to play at marbles. PIERREU-E, SE, plè-rèu, reuz, adj. stony,

full of stones. PIERRIER, ple-rla, s.m. swivel, swivel gun.

PIERRIERE, s. f. quarry.

Prava, più -tà, s.f. piety, godliness, religion, levotion : also natural affection or love. Gens

some pieté, ungodly men.
Pifren, pla-ta, v. n. to take one's stand.
Ex. Pois pieterona-nous? what place shall
we play from? Pieter bien, stand fair. Pieter Pétrave et l'étambord, Mar. to mark the stem and stern post with feet (in order to ascertain

Piriner, pid-ti-na, v. n. to kick about, keep moving the feet.

Pigron, ng, pik-ton, tôn, s. m. & f. walk-er; foot-soldier.

PIETRE, pletr, adj. sorry, wretched, piti-

fal, paltry.

Pièrrament, piè-trè-mèn, adv. sorrily, wretchedly, pitifully.

Pièrraniz, piè-trè-ri, s. f. sorry or pitiful thing, wretched or paltry stuff.

PIETTE, s. f. a sea-fowl.
PIEU, pieu, s. m. stake.
PIEUSEMENT, pi-cuz-men, adv. piously,

godly, religiously.
Pizu-x, sz, pl-eu, euz, adj. pious, godly, devout, religious.

s. m. Piffresse, plir, pl-fres, s. f. PIFFEE,

swag-bellied person, fat guts.

PIFFER, (SE) V. S'empifrer.
PIGEOR, pl-ron,s. m. pigeon, dove; dupe, gull.
PIGEORNE, s. f. Ex. Venez ici, ma petite
pigeonne, come hither my little dove or my duck.

Pigeonneau,pl-20-no, s. m. young pigeon. PIGEOREIER, pl-zô-nlà, s.m. pigeon-house, dove-cote.

Pienochen, pl-gno-sha, v. n. to piddle, cat squeamishly.

Pienon, pl-gnon, s. m. gable end or cope of the ridge of a house; (of the pine apple) kernel; small cog-wheel.

PIGNOBATI-F, VE, adj. Ex. Contrat pigmoretif, sale of an estate with perpetual right of redemption and leasing of it to the seller for the interest of the purchase money

PILASTRE, pl-låstr, s. m. pilaster.

PILAU, s. m. rice boiled in butter or put into broth.

PIN

PILE, pil, s. f. pile; also grinding or pounding stone; side of a coin on which the arms

PILER, pf-la, v. a. to beat, pound, bruise, bray

PILEUR, pl-leur, s. m. Ex. C'est un grand pileur, he is a great trencherman or feeder or eater.

PILIER, pl-fiâ, s. m. post; pillar. Piliers des bittes, Mar. bitt heads.
PILLAGE, pl-faz, s. m. plunder, pillage.

PILLARD, E, pl-lar, fard, adj. & s. thievish,

pillager, filching; robber, spoiler, plunderer.
PILLER, pl-la, v. a. to plunder, pillage; to
set a dog on or at; (at cards) to take in. Piller les auteurs, to play the plagiary, pirate.
Pille chou, pille, (said to a dog) take it up,

Pillerie, pîl-rl, s. f. plundering, robbery, extortion.

PILLEUR, pl-lêur, s. m. plunderer, robber,

extortioner; plagiary.
Pilon, pi-lon, s. m. pestle.

PILORI, pl-lò-rì, s. m. pillory. PILORIER, pl-lò-rì-à, v. a. to set in the pil-

lory.
PILORIS, s. m. musk-rat good to eat.
PILORELLE, pl-lô-zêl, s. m. mouse-ear (sort

PILOTAGE, pl-lo-taz, s. m. piling or pilework, thing made of or strengthened with piles: Mar. pilotage.

PILOTE, pl-lot, s. m. pilot. Pilote côtier coasting-pilot. Pilote hauturier, sea-pilot Pilote côtier, Pilote pratique, harbour or river-pilot. V. Pratique, adj. Prendre un pilote, to take a pilot.

PILOTER, pl-ld-ta, v. a. & n. to strengthen with piles, drive in piles. Piloter un vatsseau,

Mar. to pilot a ship.
PILOTIS, pl-lô-tl, s. m. pile, wooden stake.
PILULE, pl-ldl, s. f. pill. Dorer la pilule,

to gild the pill.

PIMBECHE, pin-besh, s. f. impertinent or silly woman.

PIMENT, pî-mên, s. m. pimento.

PIMPANT, E, pin-pen, pent, adj. fine, spruce, gaudy, flaunting.
PIMPESOUXE, S. f. fine lady, formal piece.

PIMPRENELLE, pin-pre-nel, s. f. pimpernel, PIN, pin, s. m. pine-tree. Pomme de pin,

pine-apple. PINACLE, pl-nakl, s. m. pinnacle, battle-

ment. PINASSE, pl-nas, s. f. Mar. pinnace.

PINASTRE, s. m. wild pine-tree.

PINCE, pins, s.f. crow, lever, iron bar; (de pareur) twibil; sharp pointed plait; pincers, nippers; (du pied du cheral) toe. Les pinces, (d'un cheral) the gatherers. Les pinces des bêtes fauves, edge of a deer's hoof.

PINCEAU, pin-sò, s. m. pencil, brush. Pin-

cean à goudronner, tar-mop.
Pincke, pin-sa, s. f. pinch.

PINCELIER, s. m. any thing wherein a painter cleans his pencils. PINCE-MAILLE, s.m. pinch-penny, pinch fist.

PINCER, pin-sh, v. a. to pinch, to nip off, pinch off; to nip, jeer, play upon, give a wipe, banter. Pincer les cordes d'un instrumen.

bar, bat, base : thère, ebb, over: field, fig: robe, rob, lord: mood, good.

de musique, to play upon a musical string-in-Pincer le vent, Mar. to hug or haul the wind.

PINCETER, pins-th, v. a. to nip off (the hair.)

PINCETTE or PINCETTES, pin-set, s. f. nippers, tweezers; tongs, pair of tongs; pincers.
Pinchina, pin-shl-na, s. m. sort of coarse

woollen cloth.

Pinçon, s. m. mark on the skin after being pinched. V. Pinson

PINDARIQUE, pin-dh-rik, adj. (qui est à l'imitation de Pindare) Pindarick.

PINDARISER, pin-då-ri-zh, v. a. to speak affectedly, have an affected way of speaking. Pindariseur, pin-dh-rl-zeur, s. m. one that speaks affectedly.

PINEALE, pl-na-al, adj. Ex. Glande piné-ale, pineal gland.

Pingoin, s. m. sea-fowl that cannot fly because of the shortness of its wings, penguin.

PINSULE, pl-nul, s. f. pinnule, piece of copper at each end of an alidada.

PINOCHER, V. Pignocher.

Pinque, pink, s. m. Mar. pink.

Pinson, pin-son, s. m. chaffinch. Pinsonne, s. f. hen chaffinch.

PINTADE, pin-thd,s.f. kind of speckled hen. PINTE, pint, s. f. pint.

PINTER, pin-th, v. a. to tipple, guzzle. FINTER, pin-in, v. a. to uppue, guare.

"PINTERSAU, s. m. sorry painter, dauber.

PIOCHER, plosh, s. f. kind of pick-axe.

PIOCHER, plosh, v. a. to dig or break up
the ground with a pick-axe.

"PIOLE, k., adj. speckled, spotted.

"Prousing and name (ad chees.) man (ad

Pron, pion, s. m. pawn (at chess,) man (at draughts.)

Pionnier, plo-nia, a m. pioneer. P10T, s. m.

PIPE, pip, s. f. pipe, tobacco-pipe; pipe (a prine-resed.

Ptrá, z, adj. V. Piner.

PIPEAU, pl-po, s. m. pipe or oates pipe, bird-call.

Pires, pl-pa, s. f. way of catching birds with a bird-call.

PIPER, v. a. (des oiseaux) to trepan with a bird-call, counterfeit the voice of birds in order to catch them; (au jeu) to bubble, chest; also to excel. Piper les dés or le dé, to cog the dice.

PIPERIE, plp-rl, s. f. trick, flight, cheat. *PIPETTE, s. f. liule pipe.

PIPEUR, pl-plur, s. m. cheat, sharper:
PIPEUR, pl-plur, s. m. cheat, sharper:
PIQUART, z., pl-kån, kånt, adj. pricking,
stinging, nipping, prickly, sharp, tart, biting,
cutting, satirical, keen, poignant, piquant,
abusive, bitter: smart, pleasing, enticing.

Piquant, s. m. prickle (of some plants.)
Piqua, plk, s. f. pike, pike-man; pique, spleen, grudge.

Pique, s. m. spade (at cards.)
Piqué, s. m. spade (at cards.)
Piqué, s., adj. pricked, etc. V. Piquer. Un
bâtiment piqué de vers, Mar. a worm-eaten

PIQUE-BORUF, pik-beuf, s. m. ox-driver, drover.

Pique-nique, pik-nik, s. m. clubbing. Faire un repas à pique-nique, to club for a dinner or supper.

PIQUE-PUCE, plk-pls, s. m. order of Franeiscan friers.

Preuza, pl-kh, v. s. to prick; sting; to

mark; to lark; to stitch, to nettle, touch, offend. exasperate; to spur on, stir up, encourage, animate; (un cheval) to spur, put ou; (des pierres) to inclent; (du taffetas) to pink; (une jupr) to quilt. Piquer un matelas, to make a quilt. Piquer la mazette, to ride a buil horse. Piquer quelqu'un d'hommen, to nettle one's honour, persuade one that his honour requires his doing or not doing a thing. Piquer l'horloge, Mar. to strike the thing. Piquer l'hortoge, mar. so bell. Piquer six, strike the bell six.

Piquen, v. n. to be sharp, tart or poignant. Se piquer, v. r. to be offended, to take in dudgeon, to take pet, be angry ; (with de) to pretend to, set up for. Se piquer d'hannen, to stand upon the point of honour; also to wish not to be thought behind others (in generosity, or in doing a good action, or in cutting a figure, etc.) Se piquer au jeu, to be obstinate in playing on though a loser. Se piquer, (in printing) to mildew.

Piquet, pl-ke, s. m. stake, peg; minute-

men, piquet.

PIQUETTE, pi-ket, s. m. bad wine. Piqueur, pl-keur, s. m. pricker, suntaman on horseback; larder of meat; overseer of buildings; rook (one who lends to players.)
Piquier, pl-kik, s. m. pike-man.

PIQUEE, pl-kur, s. f. prick, sting, quilting, pinking, mark, etc. hole made by insects. V. Piquer.

PIRATE, pl-rat, s. m. pirate. PIRATER, pl-ra-ta, v. n. to pirate, exercise

FIRATER, printer, r. a. a. printer, or commit piracy.
PIRATERIE, pl-rat-rl, s. f. piracy.
PIRE, plr, adj. worse. Le pire, the worst.
PIROGUE, pl-sbg, s. f. cause. Pirague à
balanciers, canoe with out-reggers.
PIROLE, pl-rol, s. f. winter green.
PIROLETTE, pl-rwêt, s. f. whirligig; whirling about turning on one leg.

ing about, turning on one leg.
PIROUETTER, pi-rwc-th, v. a. to whirl about, turn on one leg.

l'is, pl, s. m. udder, dug; breast.
Pis, adv. worse. Le pis, the worst. De pis en pis, worse and worse.

Pir, s. m. worse or worst. Faire the pie qu'on peut, to do one's worst. Le pie aller, the worst that can come or happen. Ce sera son pis aller, that will be his last resource. As pis aller, at the worst, let the worst come to the worst.

the worst.

Piscine, pl-sla, s. f. pool or pond.

Pissar, pl-sla, s. m. piss, urine. Pissar de cheral, horse-piss or stale.

Pisse En Lit. pl-sèn-il, s. m. piss-a-bed.

Pisser, pl-sla, v. a. de n. to piss, make water, urine; to stale.

Pisseren, se, pl-sdur, seur, s. m. de f. pisser.

Pissoren, pl-swar, s. m. pissing-place.

Pissoren pl-sd-th, v. n. to piss often.

Pissorière, s. f. pissing-place water-spost.

PISSOTIÈRE, s. f. pissing-place, water-sport. PISTACHE, pis-tash, s. f. pistachio, pistachio-nut.

PISTACHIER, pls-th-shill, a. m. pistachio-

PISTE, plst, s. f. track, print of the foot, footing.

PISTIL, s. m. (in botany) pistil.
PISTOLE, pis-tôl, s. f. pistole (sort of gold coin.) Cousu de pistoles, rich.
PISTOLET, ple-10-16, s. m. pistol. Mar.

pistol, also bumpkin.

base, bat : jeune, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

PISTOLIER, pla-to-Illa, s. m. Ex. Bon pistolier, use that shoots well with a pistol, good marksman.

Piston, pis-ton, s. m. piston; sucker of a pump. Piston de pompe, s. m. upper box of

a pamp.
PITARCE, pl-ters, s. f. pittance, monk's mess, commons, allowance for a meal.

PITANCIER, s. m. pittancer.

PITABCIER, s. m. patlancer.
PITAUD, pl-tó, s. m. country lob, clown, habberly fellow.
Pitassée, pl-tód, s. f. coarse woman.
"PITE, ph, s. f. base coin of old, mite.
PITEUSERENT, pl-téus-mên, adv. sadly, grievously, pitifully, wofully, wretchedly, largestably. mentably.

PITET-X, SE, pl-teu, teuz, adj. sad, grievous, pitiful, woful, wretched, lamentable.
PITE, pl-th, s. f. pity, compassion, commiscration, concern. Anor pitie de, to pity, take pity. Il vant mieux faire envie que pitie, beuer be envied than pitied. Par pitié pour, in pity to. A faire pitie, wrong, badly, wretchedly, miserably, so as to make one's heart ache. Faire pitie à quelqu'un, to make one's heart ache, to make one laugh in his sloeve. Ce petit homme remuant me fait une pitie que je ne saurois dire, that busting ittle fellow is offensive to me beyond expres-

PITOR, pl-ton, s. m. nail with a hole in its

PITOYABLE, pl-to-yabl, adj. pitiful, com-passionate, tender-hearted, world, sad, lamentable, to be pitied; wretched, miserable.

PITOYABLEMENT, pl-to-yabl-usen, adv. addy, wretchedly, pitfully, miserably.
PITTORESQUE, pl-to-resk, adj. picturesque.
PITTORESQUEMENT, pl-to-resk-men, adv.

ia a picturesque manner.

Truits, pl-talt, s. f. phigm.

Provits, pl-talt, s. f. phigm.

Pitusteu-x, se, pi-tui-teu. teuz, adj. & s. pituitous, phlegmatick, waterish, phlegmatick person.

Pavent, pl-ver, s. m. wood-pecker or green beak.

Pivotuz, pl-wan, s. m. gnat-mapper.

Pivoine, s. f. peony.
Pivor, pi-ro, s. m. pivot; (de mente de noulis) trendle; (d'arbre) great perpendicular root

Pivot de cabestan, Mar. spindle of the capstan. Picot de boussole, brass center pin of

PIVOTER, pl-vo-th, v. n. to sink the main root perpendicularly into the ground.

PLACAGE, pla-kaz, s. m. veneering (a sort of joiner's work.)
PLACARD, pla-kar, s. m. bill or paper post-

ed up; libel posted up, or dispersed about, placard or proclamation.

PLACABDER, plå-kår-då, v. n. to post or

libel (one.)

PLACE, plas, s. f. place; room; town, hold, fortress; square, place; exchange; office, em-ployment, dignity. Pluce du marché, marployment, aignly. I make the place, exchange-day.

If the the sur la place, he was killed upon the spot. Mettre en place le gouvernail, to ship or hang the rudder. Mettre en place la barre du gouvernail, to ship the tiller. Mettre en

place un foc or une voile d'étai, to bend a jib or stay-sail. Mettre en place l'arcasse ou l'étrave, to raise the stern frame or the stern. Mettre en place des numitions, vivres, etc. to stow away stares, provisions, etc. Mettre en plue les caillebotis, to lay over the gratings. En place les caillebotis, lay over the gratings. Place, E, adj. placed, put, laid; that has

got a place or an employment, in place. V. Placer.

PLACEL, s. m. Mar. rocky shoal, near the surface of the water and of great extent.

PLACEMENT, s. m. the act of letting or lay-

ing out money; money placed at interest.
PLACER, pla-sh, v. a. to place, put, key, seat; (de l'argent) to place at interest. place on employ, put one in a place. Se place, v. r. to place one's self, take one's place.

PLACET, plà-se, s. m. stool, low stool; peti-

PLACIER, E, s. m. & f. owner of a marketplace.

PLAFOND, plå-fon, s. m. ceiling; (d'um bd-timent) Mar. floor or bottom. Plafonnen, plå-fö-nå, v. a. to ceil, make

a ceiling.

PLAGE, plaz, s. f. country, climate, place; region. Pluge, Mar. strand, beach, sandy beach, flat shore (without any capes or head lands to form a road or bay for ships to anchor in.) Voilà un bâtiment jeté sur la plage, there is a ship stranded upon the beach.

PLACIAIRE, pla-zi-èr, s. m. plagiary. PLAGIAT, pla-zia, s. m. plagiarism. PLAID, V. Plaids.

PLAIDANT, adj. m. Ex. Avocat plaidant,

barrister, pleading counsellor.
PLAIDER, ple-da, v. n. to plead, be at law. Plaider, v. a. to plead; (quelqu'un) to sue at law, go to law with; (une cause) to defend; (une successions) to claim, demand.
PLAIDEU-R, SE, plè-dèur, deuz, s. m. & f. .
litigious person, one that has a lawsuit or is

at law.

l'LAIDOIRIE, plè-dwà-ri, s. m. pleading, law, law-suit, term, term time

PLAIDOYABLE, ple-dwa-yabl, adj. Ex. Jour pluidoyable, court-day.

PLAIDOYER, ple-dwa-ya, s. m. pleading, brief.

PLAIDS, ple, s. m. court-leet. Les plaids

tenans, the court sitting. PLAIE, s. f. wound, sore, trouble or affliction. Il ne demande que plaie et bosse, he is al-ways for mischief. Les plaies d'Egypte, tho plagues of Egypt. Les plaies de son com se rouvrirent, his or her heart blod afresh.

PLAIGNART, E, ple-guen, guent, s. m. & f. plaintiff.

PLAIN, z., plin, plen, adj. plain, even, flat. Chambres de plais pied, rooms on a floor. Il y a beaucoup de plain pied dans cette maison, there are a great many rooms on a floor in that house. En plain champ, on plaine compagne, in the open country. Velours plain, cut velvet. Linge plain, undamasked

PLAINDRE, plindr, v. a. (See the table at aindre) to pity, bewail, bemoan, lament, be sorry or concerned for; to gradge, repine at. bar, bat, base : thère, èbb, over : field, fig : robe, rob, lord : mood, good.

Se plaindre, v. r. to complain, lament, groan, bemoan one's self, expostulate; also to grudge to one's self. Il est à plaindre, he is to be

PLAINE, plen, s. f. plain. Les plaines li-vides, humides, salées, or azurées, the main, the sea.

PLAINT, x, adj. pitied, etc. V. Plaindre. PLAINTE, plint, s. f. complaint, groan, lamentation, expostulation.

PLAINTI-F, VE, plin-df, tv, adj. moanful, doleful, groaning, whining, whimpering.
PLAINTIVENENT, plin-dv-men, adv.moan-

rully, dolefully, whiningly.

PLAIRE, pler, v. n. to please, be acceptable or agreeable; to please, will, be pleased.

If a plu à Dieu de l'affigue, it pleased God to afflicthim. Plaise au roi, may it please his majesty. A Dies ne plaise, God forbid. Plat a Dies que, would to God that. S'il bear platt, if they please, if it is their pleasure.

If leur platt de faire cela, they please or it is their pleasure to do that. So plaire à, v. r. to be pleased with, like or love, delight or take pleasure in. Se plaire en or dans, to like, love, delight in; also to thrive in.

PLAISAMMENT, ple-za-men, adv. pleasantly, merrily, comically, ridiculously.

PLAISANCE, ple-zens, s. f. Ex. Un jardin, une maison, un lieu de plaisance, a garden, a house, a place of pleasure or which is delight-

PLAISANT, E, ple-zen, zent, adj. pleasant, pleasing, agreeable, sweet; merry, comical, ridiculous, impertinent.

PLAISANT, s. f. jester, buffoon. PLAISANTER, ple-sen-th, v. n. to jest, joke, droll, banter.

PLAISANTERIE, ple-zent-ri, s. f. pleasantry, jest, joke, banier humour drollery buffoonery.

Plaisanterie à part, seriously, in good earnest.

Plaisir, ple-zir, s. m. pleasure; joy, de-

light, satisfaction, content; pastime, diversion, divertisement, recreation, sport; will, appro-bation, consent; favour, kindness, good turn, friendly office, courtesy. Les plaines du roi, the king's game or liberties. A plaisir, at pleasure, at one's ease, carefully, so as to give pleasure. Par plaisir, for sport's sake, for pastime or recreation; also by way of trial. Prendre plaisir à, to be pleased with, love, delight or take pleasure in. Donner du plaisir, to please, be pleasing, delight.
PLAMEE, s. f. lime (to take hair from

skins.)

PLANUSE, s. f. box on the ear, cuff.
PLAN, plen, s. m. plan; draught, model,
ground-plot; design, scheme, project; plane, superficies. Plan, s. m. Mar. plane, draught, etc. Plan d'elévation, sheer draught, plane of elevation. Plan horizontal, horizontal plane. Plan de projection or plan vertical, vertical plane. Plan d'arrimage, tier. Premier plan, ground tier. Second et troisième plan, second nd third tier. Plan du milieu, middle tier.

Plan superieur, upper tier.
Plan, z, adj. plain. Carte plane, Mar.
plain chart. Navigation plane, plain sailing.
Planche, plensh, s. f. plank, board, shelf; (de jardin) bed, border; plate, copper-plate,

print; precedent. Planche, s. f. Mar. plank, board; wainscot. Planches de doublage, stuff. Planche à de-

barquer, gang board (of a boat.) Hak is planche dedars, haul in the gang board. Planches de roulis, side boards of a standing bed-place. Planches à fen, boards put on a vessel's bottom to prevent the flames from ris-

vesser's bottom to prevent the mannes that mannes in mannes in properties of the pro num. rumener, s. m. mar. piattorm, etc. Plancher de la cale, platform of the hold. Plancher de la fosse aux poudres, platform of the magazine. Plancher de la fosse aux câbles, platform for the cables, cable-stage, cable-ster. Plancher de la poulaine, graings of the head. Plancher des malades, cack-pa. PLANCHETTE, plen-shêt, s. f. little board or shelf.

or shelf.

PLANCON, plen-son, s. m. set or twig, slip, sucker. Plancon, s. m. Mar. plank timber.

PLANE, plan, s. m. plane-tree.

Plane, s. f. plane (a tool.)
PLANER, pla-na, v. n. to hover; to trim,
be a trimmer. Planer, v. n. to plane; (de la vaisselle) to planish.

PLANETAIRE, plå-nk-ter, adj. planetary. PLANETAIRE, s. m. orrery, planetarium.

PLANETE, plá-nět, s. f. planet

PLANEUR, plå-neur, s. m. planisher. PLANIMÉTRIE, plå-nl-ima-tri, s. f. planime

PLANISPHÈRE, più-nia-fèr, s. m. planisphere. PLANT, plen. s. m. plant, set; also nursery. PLANTAGE, plen-taz, s. m. planting; (de

sucre, de tabac, etc.) plantation.
PLANTAIN, plen-tin, s. m. plantain.

PLANTARD, plen-tar, s. m. set or twig (to be planted.)

PLANTATION, s. f. plantation; planting. PLANTE, plent, s. f. plant, vegetable; vine-yard newly set; (des pieds) sole.

PLANTER, plen-th, v. a. to plant, set, set up. Se planter, v. r. to set or place or put one's self.

PLANTEUR, plen-teur, s. m. planter or setter.

PLANTOIR, plen-twar, s. m. planting or set-

ting-stick, dibble.
PLANTUREUSEMENT, plėn-tū-rėuz-mėn,

ady. plentifully, in abundance. PLANTUREU-X, SE, plen-tå-reu, reuz, adj.

plentiful, abundant. PLANURE, plå-nur, s. f. shaving, chip; level,

plain, even ground.

PLAQUE, plak, s. f. (de métal) plate; (de la garde d'une épée) shell; (de feu or de chamnée) back; (d'une perruque) crown; plate or hand candlestick.

PLAQUER, plà-kà, v. a. to clap on. Pla un souffiet, to give a slap on the chops. Vais-selle plaquée, plated ware.

PLASME, s. f. an emerald used in medicise.

PLASTIQUE, plås-tik, adj. plastick. PLASTRON, plås-tiva, s. m. plastron. PLASTRONNER (SE) v. r. to put on a plas-

tron.

PLAT, E, plå, plåt, adj. flat; low, mean, common, ordinary, insipid, dull. Il est bies plat, sa bourse est bien plate, he is vary low. his purse is very low. Avoir le ventre plat, to have an empty belly. Un pied plat, a poor wretched fellow. A plate terre, flat upon th ground. Plate-bande, plat-band (in archibane, bat : jeune, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

tecture;) bed or border (of a flower garden.)

Plate-forme. flat-roof, platform. Vaisselle Plate-forme, flat-roof, platform. plate, plate in one piece. Rimes plates, cou-plets. Plat, adj. Mar. Cite plate, flat coast. Rétiment à varanques plates, flat-floored ves-sel. Bateau plat, flat-bottomed boat, flat boat. Plate-forme, platform. Plate-bande d'affût, cap-square or clamp of a gun carriage. Plat-bord, gunnel or gunwale. Nous avions le plat-bord à l'ess dans la chalospe en venant à bord, we were gunnel to in coming on board in the launch. Borde l'artimon tout plat, haul the mixen sheet flat aft. Le grand for est-il borde tout plat? Is the jib sheet flat aft 1

PLAT, s. m. dish; dish, mess; flat side.
(d'ume bakance) scale. Plat de son métier où
e sa façon, trick of trade, trick of one's own.
Plat, s. m. Mar. Plat d'un aviron, blade or wash of an oar. Plat des varangues, flat or horizontal part of the floor timbers. Plat, mess. Plats de maîtres, warrant officer's mess. Plat des malades, the sick mess. Plat de matelots, sailors' mess. Plat de l'équipage, mess for seven men.

Tout plat, adv. flat. Tout a plat, flatly, flat and plain, freely, plainly, downright.
PLATANE, pla-tan. V. Plat, adj. m. plane

tree, platane.

PLATEAU, pla-to, s. m. a wooden scale; trencher; tea-board. Plateaux, dung of deer.

PLATÉE, s. f. dish-full.

PLATEMENT, adv. meanly, commonly.
PLATEMENT, adv. meanly, commonly.
PLATINE, plk-tin, s. f. round copper plate;
(de montre) plate; (de presse d'impruneur)
platen; (de serrure) scutchon; (d'arme à feu)
plate herau plate; de comm. Man append plate, brass plate; (de canon,) Mar. apron.
PLATITUDE, plat-ti-tod, s. f. flatness, dul-

Dess, nonsense.

PLATONICIEN, NE, s. m. & f. platonist. PLATONIQUE, pla-to-nik, adj. platonick. PLATORIQUE, pla-to-ming, adj. platomer.
PLATORISME, pila-to-ming, s. m. platonism.
PLATRAGE, pla-traz, s. m. plaster work.
PLATRAS, pla-traz, s. m. rubbish, pieces of old and dry plaster.
PLATRE, platr, s. m. parget, white lime

plaster; paint (for the face.)

PLATE 1, k, adj. pargetted, plastered. Paix plátrée, patched up peace. PLATERS, plátrée, v. a. to plaster, parget; to patch up; to palliate, clock, daub over, patch up. Se politer, v. r. to paint (one's face.)
PLATREU-x, se, pla-trèu, trèuz, mixed with reddish chalk or clay.
PLATREER, pla-tri-èr, s. f. place where

plaster is made.

PLAUSIBILITÉ, plo-zi-bi-li-tà, s. f. plausi-

PLAUSIBLE, pld-zlbl, adj. plausible, specious, fair.

PLAUSIBLEMENT, plo-zîbl-mên, adv. plausibly, in a plausible manner.

PLÉBÉIEN, NE, pla-ba-yen, yen, adj. ple-

PLEBISCITE, plk-bi-sit, s. m. decree from the body of the Roman people.

PLEIADES, pla-yad, s. f. pl. Pleiads.
*PLEIGE, s. m. pledge, surety, bail.
*PLEIGER, v. a. to bail, be or become a

pledge or surety.

PLEIN, E, plin, plen, adj. full; abounding

with; covered, close, set, worked close; entire. absolute, whole, unlimited. Pleine, with young, great with young. En plein, en pleine, in full, openly, in the middle or midst of. A pleine, fully, to the full. A pleines mains, liberally, largely. A pleine tite, à pleine garge, (with crier, etc.) as loud as one can, with all one's might.

Plein, Mar. Les voiles de l'arrière sont pleines, the after-sails are full. Plein la voile, keep her full. Voguer à pleines voiles, to go full sail, drive before the wind. Près et plein, full and by. Les voiles portent à plein, the sails are full.

PLEIN, s. m. full; (or espace plem) full space. Le plein de la tame, the full of the moon. La have est dans son plein, the moon

is at the full.

PLEIN, prep. full. Avoir de l'argent plein ses poches, or avoir plein ses poches d'argent, to have oue's pockets sull of money. Tout plein de, a great deal of, a great many, abundance of, a world of. Tout plein, a great deal,

a great many, abundance.
PLEIR, adv. full, entirely, absolutely, per-

fectly.

PLEINEMENT, plen-men, adv. fully, entire-

ly, to the full, abundantly.
PLENIER, z., pla-nla, nler, adj. plenary,

Plénière, adj. f. full, plenary

PLÉNIPOTENTIAIRE, pla-ni-pô-tên-sièr, s.

m. plenipotentiary. PLÉNITUDE, pla-nl-tůd, s. f. fulness, plenitude.

PLEONASME, pla-o-nasm, s. m. pleonasm. PLETHORE, pla-tor, s.f. plethora.

PLEURANT, E, adj. crying, weeping. PLEURE-MISÈRE, S. m. said of a covetous

man who always complains.

PLEURER, plear-ra, v. n. to weep, cry, shed tears; (parlant de la vigne) to drop. Plearer, v. a. to weep or cry or shed tears or lament for, lament, bemoan, bewail. Il pleure le pain qu'il mange, he grudges himself what he eats

PLEURÍSIE, pleu-ra-zi, s. f. pleurisy.

PLEURÉTIQUE, pleu-ra-úk, adj. pleuritick. PLEUREU-R, SE, pleu-reur, reuz, s. m. & f. crying, weeping, weeper, one apt to cry. Les pleureuses, weepers, open sleeves; also women hired to weep at funerals.

PLEUREU-E, SE, adj. crying, weeping. PLEURNICHER, v. n. to feign weeping.

PLEURS, pleur, s. m. tears.

PLEUTRE, adj. & s. witness, simpleton. PLEUVOIR, pleu-vwar, v. n. to rain, fall as the rain does. Pleavoir a petites gouttes, to drizzle. Pleavoir à verse or en grande quantité, to pour down, pour down rain. V. drizzle. Verse

PLEVRE, plevr, s. f. pleura.

PLEYON, ple-yon, s. m. osier or twig. PLI, pli, s. m. plait or fold; rumple; habit or custom; (du coude, du jarret)bending, bent;

(de câble, Mar.) fake, coil.
PLIABLE, pli-abl, adj. pliant, pliable, flexible, that bends easily.

PLIAGE, s. m. folding or folding up.
PLIAGE, s. m. folding or folding up.
PLIATT, E, adj. pliant, pliable, flexible,
that bends easy, supple. Siege pliant or us
pliant, s. m. a folding chair.
PLICA, V. Plique.

PLIE, pil, s. f. plaice (a sea-fish.)
PLIER, pilk, v. a. to fold or fold up, plait;
to bend or bow; (les voiles) to furl. Piter, v.
n. to bend, bow or sink, yield, stoop; to lose or
give ground. Faire piler Pissfartrie, to beat
back the foot. Plier, Mar. to heel, lie along,
"" Dier à la hande. to hoel. V. Bande. Le etc. Plier à la bande, to hoel. V. Bande. betiment plie beaucoup, the ship lies along very much. L'ennemi a plie, the enemy has bore up. Paire plier l'ennemi, to make the enemy bear up.

PLIEU-R, SE, pli-cur, cuz, s. m. & f. a folder (of books;) plaiter (of clothes.)

PLINTHE, s.m. plinth, square foot of a piller. PLIOIR, pll-war, s. m. folding-stick.
PLIQUE, s. f. or plique polonoise, plica (a disease of the hair common in Poland.)

PLISER, pil-sk, v. s. to plait, make plaits, fold. Plisser, v. n. Se plisser, v. r. to plait. PLISSURE, pil-sur, s. f. plaiting, folding. PLOS, s. m. Mar. sheathing haur, hair and tar put between the bottom planks of a ship

and the sheathings.

and the sheathings.

PLOM B, plon, s. m. lead: plummet, plumbline, level; bullets, leaden bullets, shot. Mine de plomb, lead and silver ore. A plomb, directly, perpendicularly: also by the level. Jeter son plomb sur, to have a design upon, have in one's eye. PLOMB, Mar. lead. Plomb de sonde, lead. Petit plomb de sonde, handlead. Grand plomb de sonde, deep sea-lead. Plombs des écubiers, hawse pipes.

PLOMB GINE, plon-bà-cin. s. m. plumba-

PLOMBAGINE, plon-ba-zin, s. m. plumba-gin, lead and silver ore.

PLOMBE, E, plon-ba, adj. (from plomber) aded, etc. Avoir le visage or le teint plombe, leaded, etc. to have a livid complexion.

PLOMBER, plon-ba, v. a. to lead; cover or rolour with lead; mark or stamp with lead, level by the plummet.

PLOMBERIE, plomb-ri, s. f. plumbery.
PLOMBIER, plom-blk, s. m. plumber.
PLONGÉ, E, adj. dipped or dipt, plunged,

involved.

PLONGEON, plon-zon, s.m. plungeon. Plon-geon de mer, puffin. Faire le plongeon, to dive, to stoop as a coward on hearing the report of fire arms.

PLONGER, plon-ra, v. a. to dip, duck, immerse, plunge, overwhelm, cast into. Plonger un poigrand dans le cour, to stab, strike a dagger into the breast. Se plonger, v. r. to dive or duck under water. Se plonger dan, to plunge or run one's self into. Plonger, v. n. to dive or duck. Le canon plonge, the gun is pointed too low. Tirer (une arme) en plongeant, to shoot downwards.

PLONGRUR, plon-zeur, s. m. diver. PLOYER, plwa-ya, v. a. to bend, bow. V.

PLOQUER, v. a. Mar. to apply the sheath-

ing hair to the bottom of a ship. PLU, V. Pleuvoir and Plaire.

PLUE, pld-i, a. f. rain. Temps de pluie, rainy weather. Pays sujet à la pluie, rainy country. Vent de pluie, southerly wind. PLUE AGE, pld-max, s. m. plumage, feathers of a bird.

PLUMART, s. m. fcather-broom.

PLUMASSEAU, plu-mk-so, s. m. pledget (for a wound,) also quill (for musical instruments,) and broom of feathers

PLUMASSIER, più-mà-sià, s.m. feather-man.

PLUME, plam, s. f. feather; plume, plume of feathers; quill; (taillée) pen; style, manner of writing; writer, author. Donner des phans à un cheval, to rowel a horse. Etre au paid à la phone, to be fit to hunt hares and partridges, etc. hence, to be fit for any thing.

PLUMER, pld-må, s. f. penful of ink. PLUMER, pld-må, v. a. to pick or plume Plumer quelqu'un, to floece one.

PLUMET, pldrme, s. m. plume, feather; beau, a spark; porter, lighterman.

PLUMETIS, s. m. foul paper. *PLUMEU-x, SE, adj. feathery.

PLUMITIF, pld-ml-df, s. m. minutes @ minute book.

PLUPART, pld-par, s. m. most, most part,

PLURIEL, LE, plù-ri-el, adj. plural.

PLURIEE, a. m. plural or plural number. PLUS, pld, adv. more; besides, moreover, item. Plus de, more; more than, above; past. De plus, furthermore, moreover, besides, again. Au plus, tout au plus, at the most. De plus en plus, more and more. But a plus more than that. Peu plus, neu more. y a plus, more than that. Peu plus, peu moins, Plus marks the more or less, or thereabouts. comparative, and Le plus the imperiative in French. Ex. Plus loin, farther. Le plus loin, the farthest, etc. V. Plus tôt, & Plus loin, the farthest, etc. V. Plus tôt, & Plus

PLUSIEURS, plù-sièur, adj. & s. pl. many,

a great many, abundance, many people.

PLUTÔT, più-tò, adv. sooner. Le pluid, the soonest. Au plutôt, as soon as possible. Le pluist que vous pourrez, as soon as possibly you can. Pluist mourir que de faire une leyou can. chete, rather or sooner die than commit a bad action.

PLUVIAL, pld-vlal, s. m. pluvial, a pries's

cape.
PLUVIALE, plů-vřál, adj. Ex. Esu phosisk,

PLUVIER, plů-víå, s. m. plover (a bird.) PLUVIEU-X, SR, plu-vi-eu, eus, adj. rainy, pluvious.

PNEUMATIQUE, poču-må-ik, adj. pocumatick.

PREUMATOLOGIE, pudu-mi-tò-lò-zi, s. f. pneumatology.

PNEUMONIQUE, pneu-mô-nik, adj. & s. m. pneumonick.

POCHE, posh, s. f. pocket; poke, posch bag; purse-net; (d'oiseau) crop, craw; round stroke of a pen, round top or bottom of a letter; kit, (a small fiddle.) Mettre en poche, to pocket up.

POCHER, pô-shà, v. a. (les yeux à quelqu'un to beat one's eyes black and blue; (une lettre) to make a round top or bottom to; (des cussi)

to poach.
POCHETER, posh-th, (des fruits) v. a. to pocket (fruit.) mellow fruit in one's pocket.
POCHETTE, po-shet, s. f. (diminutive of poche) pocket, little pursenet, also kit.

Podagre, po-dagr, adj. & s. m. gouty,

gouty man. PODESTAT, po-des-tà, s. m. podestate (s kind of magistrate.)

Porle, pwal, s. m. stove; stove-room: canopy ; pall.

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base, but : jeune, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

Polle, pwel, s. f. frying-pan.

Požiler, pwe-la, m. pan-maker, brazier.
Požion, pwe-la, s. m. sauce-pan, skillet.
Požionnáz, pwe-lo-na, s. f. skillet-full.
Požionnáz, po-em, s. m. poem, piece of poetry,

copy of verses.
Possix, pô-à-zl, s. f. poesy, poetry, poem,

piece of poetry, versification.
PORTE, pô-êt, s. m. poet.
PORTEREAU, pô-ât-rô, s. m. poetaster, a
paltry poet or rhymer.

POÉTESSE, s. f. poetess.
Poétrque, pô-à-dk, adj. poetick, poetical.

POÉTIQUE, S. f. poeticks, art of poetry.
POÉTIQUEMENT, pô-l-tik-mên, adv. poetically, poet-like, like a poet.
POÉTISER, pô-l-ti-zh, v. n. to poetize,

rhyme, make verses.

Poge, poz, s. m. Mar. (in the Levant) star-

board.

Poins, pwa, s. m. weight; load, burden, ponderosity; a weight; importance, moment, ponderosity; a weight; importance, moment, consideration; force, authority. Poids de marc, avoir-du-pois, avoirdupois weight. Poids romain, troy or troy weight. Poids brut, gross weight. Poids de Port, excessively dear. Arec poids et mesure, with circumspection, by rule and compass. Personne de poids, person of weight or of consequence. Courbé, (g/missant), etc., sous le poids de, sinking or crouching (groaning. etc.) under the pressure or ing (groaning, etc.) under the pressure or weight or burden of. Donner du poids or plus de poids à un signal, Mar. to enforce a signal.
Poignant, E, pwa-gnen, gnent, adj. poi-

gnant, sharp.

POIGNARD, pwa-guar, s. m. dagger, poiguard. Conp de poignard, stab.
POIGNARDER, pwa-guar-da, v. a. to stab,
wound, grieve to the heart.

POIGNER, pwa-gna, s. f. handful, grasp; (d'sme épée, d'un pistolet) handle.
POIGNET, pwa-gna, s. m. wrist; wristband.
POIL, pwal, s. m. hair; beard, nap. Etofe à poil long, high-napped or shagged cloth. De poil d'etourneau, (a colour) flea-bitten. R rendre du poil de la bête, to take a hair of

the same dog. Polloux, pwa-loo, s. m. wretch, wretched

fellow.

Postu, z, adj. hairy.

Poincon, pwin-son, s.m. bodkin; a punch; puncheon.

*Pointre, pwindr, v. a. to prick, sting, nettle. Oignez rilain, il rous poindra, save a thief from the gallows, he will cut your throat throat. Poindre, v. n. (used only in the infinitive, and speaking of day-light, herbs and the beard) to peep, shoot, dawn.

Poing, pwin, s. m. fist; hand. Se battre à coups de poing, to box, fight with the fist, go

to cuffs.

to cans.

Point, pwis, s. m. point; stitch; point (lace;) (at cards) count; point; ruff; stitch (pain;) hole (for the longue of a buckle,) point, pass, state, case, condition; (d'homeur) point; beight, pitch, degree, period; moment; (du four) point, dawn; (d'un discours) point, part, head; (d'une affaire) point, thing, mater, business, subject; mark; dot, tittle (arer letter 1, etc.) (in punctuation) point, stop. Point à fin d'une périod, stop, full point. Les d'un. la fin d'une période, stop, full point. Les deux

points, a colon. Le point et la virgule, a semicolon. Le point interrogant, a point or note of interrogation. Le point admiratif, a point or note of admiration. Les figures ralent dix points, the court cards are worth ten. Combien de points avez-vous? how many are you, what is your count? En combien de points va la partie? how many are up? A combien de points se chausse-t-il? of what size are his shoes? Sur le point de mourir, at the point of death. Etre sur le point de faire, to be near doing or ready to do. Au dernier point, to the highest degree, extremely. A point nommé, tout à point, in time, in the nick of time. De tout point, totally, utterly, quite and clean. De point en point, exactly, to the full. De point en blanc, point-blank, directly.

Point, Mar. day's work; also the ship's place pricked on a nautical chart. Faire le point, to work a day's work. Point de depart or de partance, place from which the de-parture is taken. Point d'une voile, clue of a sail. Point du vent, weather-clue of a sail; also speaking of the main sail and fore sail tack. Point velique, (dans une route directe) point in a perpendicular (raised from the centre of gravity of the horizontal surface of the ship at the floating-line) which is intersected by the direction of the absolute impulse of the sea on the vessel's head (in a direct course.)

Point, adv. no. not. Point d'argent, point de Suisse, no money, no pater-noster.

Pas.

POINTE, pwint, s. f. point, sharp end; top, peak, sharp-top; mourning coif; (de chemise) gore; print, graving-tool for etching; sprig, nail without a head; (d'imprimeur) bodkin; quick taste; (des humeurs, des fruits, etc.) edge, sharpness, acrimony, point; design, ain; (de jour) break, dawn. Tailler en pointe, to cut pointwise. Se terminer en pointe, to end " in a point, have a sharp top. Marcher sur la pointe du picd, to walk on tip-toe. Tourner la pointe du pied en dedans or en dehors, to turn one's toes in or out. Pointe d'esprit, quibble or quibbling, clench, pun, joke, wit, witty conceit or fancy. Etre en pointe de vin, to be a little clevated with the juice of the grape, be boozy.

Pointe, toile de pointe, Mar. gore or goring or goring-cloth. Voile qui a beaucoup de toile de pointe, a sail cut with a great deal of gore. Pointe de compas, point of the compass. Pointe (de terre) point, foreland. La pointe orientale de l' Re Longue, the east end of Long-Island. S'en aller avec la pointe du vent, to gale away.

POINTER, pwin-th, v. a. to prick or stick; to dot; (un canon, un mireau) to point, level. Pointer, v. n. to tower, soar high. Pointer, Mar. to point. Pointer la carte, to prick the ohart.

Pointeur, pwin-teur, s. m. pointer (of a canon.)

POINTILLAGE, pwin-tl-fla, s. m. dotting (a manner of engraving.)

*Pointille, s. f. punctilio, cavil.

POINTELLER. pwin-ti-la, v. n. & a. to dot; to prick : to cavil, carp, quarrel.

POINTIELERIE. pwin-til-ri, s. f quarel, bickering.

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bar, bat, base : thère, ebh, over : fieia, fig : rôbe, rôb, lôrd : mòod, good.

Pointilleu-x, sr, pwin-tl-leu, leuz, adj. cavilling, carping, captious, exceptious, full of cavils.

POINTU, E, pwin-to, to, adj. pointed, sharp that has a point, sharp pointed; also full of

POINTURE, V. Raban. POIRE, pwar, s. f. pear; (à poudre) powder-horn

Poirt, s. m. perry. Poirtau, s. m. (herb) leek; wart.

Poir in, pwi-ri, s. f. beet, white-beet.

Pointen, pwa-ria, s. m. pear-tree. Pois, pwa, s. m. pea, peas. Pois hatifs,

green hastings.
Poison, pwd-zon, s. m. poison, venom, stink, deadly stink; evil, mischief.

Poissard, E, pwa-sar, sard, adj. Ex. Style poissard, billingsgate style.
Poissarde, s. f. fish-woman; also nasty

jade.

Poisser, pwa-sa, v. a. to pitch, do over with pitch; to daub, glue.

Poisson, pwa-son, s. m. fish; also measure containing about a quarter of an English pint. Poissons, Pisces. Poisson d'avril, april fool. Donner un poisson d'avril à quelqu'un, to make one an april fool.

Poissonnaille, pwa-so-nal, s. f. fry,

young fish.

Poissonnenie,pwa-son-rl,s. f. fish-market. Poissonneu-x, sz, pwa-sô-neu, neuz, adj. fishy, full of fish.

Poissonnier, pwil-so-nil, s. m. fish-mon-

Poissonnière, s. f. fish-woman; fish-pan.

POITRAIL, pwa-tral, s. m. breast of a horse; poitrel; architrave.

POITRINAIRE, adj. & s. one disordered in the breast or lungs.

POITRINAL, E, adj. that affects the breast

or lungs. POITRINE, pwa-trin, s. f. breast, chest,

lungs, voice.
POIVRADE, pwa-vrad, s. f. sauce in which pepper predominates.
Polvag, pwavr, s. m. pepper.
Polvage, pwavra, s. f. pepper-wort.

Polvers, pwh-vrh, v. a. to pepper, season with pepper; also infect with the venereal dis-

POIVRETTE, s. f. bishop's wort.

POIVRIER, pwå-vrik, s. m. pepper plant, also pepper-box; and one who sells pepper.
POIVRIERE, pwå-vrièr, s. f. spice-box.
POIX, pwå, s. f. pitch. Poix-résine, rosin,

resin.

POLACRE, pô-lâkr, s. f. Mar. polacre; also foresail, or jib of a fishing boat (in the dialect of Provence.)

Polacre, s. m. Polish horseman.

POLAIRE, poler, adj. polar, near the poie. POLAQUE, po-lak, s.m. & f. V. Polacre.

FOLE, pol, s. m. pole.

FOLE, pol, s. m. pole.

FOLEMIQUE, pol-là-mik, adj. polemical.

POLI, E, pô-lì, lì, adj. polished, smoothed;

polished, clear, bright; (style) neat; polite,
genteel, accomplished, civil, well bred, com-

plaisant.

POLI, s. m. gloss, lustre, brightness, polish.
POLICE, polis, s. f. police, civil government. Juge de police, civil judge. Chambre or cour de police, civil court. Police, Mar. Police d'assurance, policy of insurance. Police de chargement, bill of lading.

POLICER, po-il-sa, v. a. to govern or order by the laws of police.

Polichinalie, polishi-nel, s. m. purchinello.

POLIMENT, pô-ll-mên, a. m. polishing; brightness, lustre, polish.
POLIMENT, adv. politely, neatly, faely.
POLIM, pô-lir, v. a. to polish, smooth, brighten, make clear or bright, burnish; make

polite, civilize. Polissev-R, se, pô-li-seur, seuz, s. m. &

f. polisher. Polissoir, på-li-swår, s. m. polisher, po-

lishing-iron. POLISSOIRE, po-il-swar, s. f. soft shoe brush. Polisson, po-li-son, s. m. blackguard sto-

venly boy, wag, rakish youth.
POLISSONEER, po-1-so-na, v. n. to fool, we play the wag or blackguard, play pranks or wanton tricks, play apish or monkey tricks.

POLISSONNERIE, po-li-son-ri, s. f. blackguard trick, fooling, waggery, waggish or wanton trick, prank, apish or monkey trick.

Polissure, po-li-sur, s. f. polish, polimre,

polishing, smoothing, gloss.
POLITESSE, po-li-tes, s. f. politeness, good

manners. Avoir de la politesse, to be polite.
Politique, pô-lì-tik, adj. politick or political; crafty, subtle, cunning.

POLITIQUE, s. m. a politician, statesman; also a politick, crafty, subtle or cunning man.

Politique, s. f. politicks or polity; conduct, policy.

Politiquement, po-li-lik-mes, adv. po-

litically, politickly, cunningly.
Politiquen, pô-li-ti-ka, v. n. to talk po-

liticks: settle the state. POLLICITATION, s. f. engagement, made by one without being accepted by the other

party.

*Pollu, E, adj. polluted, defiled, unclean.
Polluka, pol-liù-à, v. a. to pollute, defile, profane.

POLLUTION, pôl-là-slon, s. f. pollution, un-cleanness, profunction.

POLOGNE, pô-lôgu, s. f. Poland.
POLTRON, NE, pôl-tron, trôn, adj. & s.
cowardly; poltroon, coward.

POLTRONNERIE, pôl-trôn-ri, s. f. cowardice, cowardliness, cowardly act.
Polyanthea, po-lièn-th-a, s. m. polyan-

POLYANTHEE, pô-lièn-tâ, adj. bearing many flowers, polyanthus.
POLYANTHEE, pô-lièn-tâ, adj. bearing many flowers, polyanthus.

POLYEDRE, s. m. polyedron.
POLYGAME, pô-ll-gâm, s. m. polygamist.
POLYGAMIE, pô-ll-gâ-ml, s. f. polygamy
POLYGARCHE, s. f. polygarchy.
POLYGLOTTE, pô-ll-glôt, adj. polyglot.
POLYGLOTTE, s. f. polyglot bible, bible in

several languages.
Polygons, polygonal.

Polygone, s. m. polygon.

Polygone, Mar. sort of sham battery where young quarter gunners are trained to the exercise of gunnery.

POLYGRAPHE, s. m. polygrapher. POLYGRAPHEE, po-11-gra-11, s.1. polygraphy. POLYPE, po-11p, s. m. polypus. POLYPETALE, adj. polypetalous.

bose, bût : jêûne, mêute, beurre : éniant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

POLYPODE, s. m. polypody.

POLYSPASTE, s. m. polyspast. POLYSYLLABE,pô-if-si-lab, adj. & s. m.

polysyllabical; polysyllable. Росутнызык, po-li-ta-ism, s. m. polythe-

POLYTHÉISTE, po-ll-th-ist, s. m. polytheist. POMMADE, po-mad, s. f. pomatum, also po-

mada, vaulting trick (on horseback.)

POMMADER, (sz.) se-po-ma-da, v. r. to use pomatum.

POMME, pom, s. f. apple; (de canne, de chou, de laitue) head; (de lit) cup. Pommerainette, pippin. Pomme auraage, crab.
Pomme de pin, pine-apple. Pomme d'Adam, Adam's apple, protuberance in the throat.

Pomme dorée or pomme d'amour, love apple. Pomme de terre, potato.

Pomme, Mar. truck, mouse, etc. d'étai, mouse of a stay. Pommes de tournevire, mouses of the messenger (not used on the messengers of English men of war.) Pomme du boton de pavillon, truck of the ensign staff. Pomme de racage, parrel trucks. Pommes gougées, seizing trucks or trucks of the shrouds. Pommes de girouettes, trucks of the mast head or vane trucks. Pomme de flamme or de girquette, acorn.

Ponné, E, pô-ma, adj. headed ; pomed. Laitue pommée, headed lettuce, cabbage let-

tuce.

Pommé, s. m. cider.

POMMEAU, pô-mô, s. m. pommel, knob. Pommeká, z., adj. dapple. Cheval gris manelé, a dapple grey horse. Ciel pommelé,

curdled sky.

POMMELER, (SE) se-pôm-là, v. r. (des che-mex) to grow dapple; (du ciel) to curdle. POMMELLE, pô-mel, s. f. plate of lead (with

oles) fixed at the top of a pipe to prevent filth from going through.

POMMER, pô-må, v. n. to cabbage, grow into a head, pome.

POMMERAIE, pôm-re, s. f. orchard of ap-

POMMETÉ, E, adj. pometty.
POMMETTE, pô-mět, s. f. ball, knob; cheek
bone; knošted work on wristbands.

POMNIER, pô-mià, s. m. apple-tree, apple-

POMONE, s. f. Pomona.

POMOYER un cable, Mar. to under-run a

POMPE, ponp, s. f. pomp, solemnity, glory state, magnificence, pageantry; (du style) loftiness; a pump.

Pompe, Mar. pump, well, engine. Pompe à chapelet or à l'Anglaise, chain pump. Pompe de l'avant du vaisseau, head pump. Pompe S'incendie, fire-engine. Pompe pour futailles, a uncerante, ure-engine. Prompe pour Judailes, hand pump. Pompe de mer trombe, water-spout. La pompe est franche, the pump sucks. La pompe est-elle chargée? is the pump is fetched? La pompe est prise, the pump is fetched. Etre à une pompe, (à phusieurs pompes) to have one pump (several pumpe) constantly going. Phusieurs boulets entre deux coux nous going. Physician boulets entre deux coux nous servent à toutes pompes, several shots between wind and water made us keep all our pumps going.

Pompie, s. m. V. Embarquer. Pompen, pon-på, v. n. & a. to pump.

Pompeusement, pon-peuz-men, adv. with POMPEU-X, SE, pon-peu, peuz, adj. pom-

pous, stately, glorious, magnificent, lofty.

Pompier, s. m. pumper, pumpmaker.

Postpon, pon-pon, s.m. ornament in a wo-man's head dress:

PONFONNER, v. a. to adorn with trinkets. Ponant, pô-nen, s. m. backside, arse. Le ponant, Mar. the western ocean; also the west, the west wind, the western parts and coasts of France (in the language of the Mediterra-nean.) Ponant et Übeche, west-south-west. nean.) Po V. Lebèche.

PONANTIS or PONANTIN, adj. & s. m. that serves upon the western ocean, seamen of the western coasts of France.

Ponce, pons, s. f. pounce, coal-dust, pumice. Pierre-ponce or pierre de ponce, pumics stone.

Ponck, R, adj. pounced, rubbed over with a pumice stone ; porous, rough (stone.)

PONCEAU, pon-so, s. m. red or shadow poppy, corn rose; scarlet.
PONCEAU, adj. scarlet.
PONCER, pon-sa, v. a. to pounce, sprinkle with pounce, rub over with the pumice stone or with coal-dust

PONCHE, ponsh, s. m. punch. PONCHEADE, s. f. briony.

Poncier, pon-sir, s. m. sort of large le-

Poncis, pon-si, s. m. design pricked and rubbed over with coal-dust.

PONCTION, ponk-slos, s. f. tapping, punc-

PONCTUALITÉ, ponk-td-å-ll-tå, s. f. punc-PONCTUATION, ponk-td-a-slon, s. f. punc-

Ponctuf, E, adj. pointed, s. m. lizard.

PONCTURE, LE, ponk-tà-el, adj. punctual, exact.

PONCTUELLEMENT, ponk-tå-ël-mën, adv. punctually, exactly.

Poncruze, ponk-ta-a, v. a. to point, to

make stops. *Pondage, s. m. poundage.

Pondération, s. f. ponderation.

*Pondruse, s. f. egg-layer.

PONDRE, pondr, v. a. & n. to lay eggs. PONDU, E, adj. laid (speaking of eggs.)
PONENT, V. Ponant.

PONT, pon, s. m. bridge. Pont l'Eveque, sort of cheese made in Normandy. Pont, Mar. deck. Premier pont, main deck, lower deck, lower gun-deck. Second pont, upper deck (in a ship with two decks.) middle deck (of a three decker.) Troistème pont; upper deck (of a three decker.) Pont entier, flush deck. Pont arqué, cambered deck. Pont coupé, deck open amidships. Pont sur gueule, spar-deck run across from the quarter deck to the forecastle of a deep waisted vessel. Pont Sottant, floating stage. Pont flottant de ca-rène, punt. Pont volant, hanging stage. Vaisseau à trois ponts, threé decker.

PONTAGE, V. Pontonage.

PONTE, post, s. m. punter (at basset,) punto (at ombre.)

Ponte, s. f. laying of eggs, laying time. La ponte des oiseaux, birds' eggs.

bar, bat, base : thère, èbb, over : field, fig : rôbe, rôb, lôrd : môod, gôod.

PONTÉ, pon-th, adj. m. Mar. decked. Bûtiment ponté, decked vessel. Bateau non-ponté, open boat.

Pontur, pon-th, v. n. (au jeu de bassette)

to be the punter, to punt.

PONTIFE, pon-tif, s. m. pontiff. Souverain pontife, the pope.

PONTIFICAL, E, pon-ti-fi-kal, adj. pontifi-

cal, priestly. PONTIFICAL, s. m. pontifical, book of pontifical rites.

PONTIFICALEMENT, pon-tl-fl-kål-men, ady. pontifically.

PONTIFICAT, pon-ti-fi-ka, s. m. pontificate.

PONTON, pon-ton, s. m. ponton, bridge of boats; ferry boat. Ponton, Mar. ponton for careening or de-livering ships; also sort of lighter. Ponton à curer. V. Machine à curer.

PONTONAGE, pon-tô-naz, s. m. pontage,

bridge-toll. PONTONIER, pon-tô-nik, s. m. ferry-man;

lighter-man.

Pope, s. m. priest (in Russia.)

POPLITAIRE or POPLITÉ, E, adj. poplitic, belonging to the ham.

POPULACE, pô-pû-lâs, s. f. populace, rabble. common people, vulgar or mobile or mob. Populaire,po-pu-ler, adj. popular, of or

belonging to the people, mean, low, vulgar; also that has or courts the favour of the peo-

ple. Maladie populaire, epidemical disease.
POPULAIREMENT, pō-pō-lèr-mēn, adv.
popularly, in a popular manner, vulgarly.
POPULARITÉ, pō-pō-là-rī-tā, s. f. popula-

POPULATION, s. f. population.

POPULET-X, sr. adj. populous.
POPULO, pô-pô-lô, s. m. sort of heverage;
also plump little boy.
PORACÉ, pô-rê-sê, V. Porracé.
PORC, pô-k. s. m. hog; swine or boar; pork;
sa, hor. Populous propulsing.

sea-hog. Porc-épic, porcupine. Porc-sanglier, wild boar.

PORCELAINE, pors-lên, s. f. porcelain; china, china-ware; sea-snail or Venus shell, purple fish; purslain.

Porchaison, por-she-zon, s. f. season fit for eating wild boar.

PORCHE, porsh, s. m. porch.

PORCHER, E, por-sha, sher, s. m. & f. swine-berd.

Pore, por, s. m. pore.

POREU-x, sr, pô-reu, reuz, adj. porous. Porosité, po-ro-zi-ia, s. f. porosity. Porphyre, por-fir, s. m. porphyry.

PORPHYRISER, v. a. to grind or pound on porphyry.

PORQUES, s. f. pl. Mar. riders. Porques acculées, aftermost and foremost riders. Porques de fond, floor riders, midship riders.

Porrace, e, adj. green, leek green. Porreau, V. Poireau. Porree, V. Poiree.

PORRECTION, s. f. porrection.

PORT, por, s. m. burden, portage, carriage, bringing, wearing, etc. (de lettres) postage; fare for carriage; carriage, gait, presence, countenance; (at cards) going out; haven, harbour, shelter, place out of danger. Port, Mar. port, sea-port, harbour, haven; d'une rinière) wharf: (d'un vaisseau) burden, tonnage. Port en tonneaux, tonnage. Port de

barre, harbour with a bar. Port from, free port. Port franc or port permis, tonnage or space allowed to officers in East Indiamen, etc. Vaisseau de grand port, ship of great burden. La Junon, du port de 400 tonnesus, the Juno, burden 400 tons. Etre dans le port, to be in harbour. Prendre port, entre dans le port, to come or get into harbour. Arriver en bon port, to come or arrive safe.

PORTAGE, pôr-tâz, s. m. portage, carriage; space allowed officers or sailors in a vessel.

PORTAIL', por-tal, s. m. front gate of a church.

PORTANT, R, adj. bearing, etc. V. Porter. L'un portant l'autre, le fort portant le foible, one with another.

PORTANT, s. m. handle or ring of a trunk (or the like.)

PORTATI-F, VE, por-th-tif, tiv, adj. porta-ble, that may easily be carried.

PORTE, port, s. f. door, gate; frontier-town; strait, narrow passage; Porte, Grand-Seigaior's court; door, gap, occasion. C'est ourri la porte à toutes surles de crimes, this opens a door to (this makes way for) all manner of crimes. Forcer la porte de quelqu'un, to force one's way to one, go up to one in spite of the servant or servants. Portes de prose, Mar. head doors of a ship. Portes de basin, gates of a dock. Porte in initial composition denotes bearer or supporter of; and the com-pound word is then masculine. Those belonging to the navy, will be found after the others. Porte-arquebuse, the king's gun-bearer. Porte-assistie, stand to set a plate or dish upon. Porte-balle, pedlar. Porte-bouques, stand to lay nosegays upon. Parte-chape, cope-bearer. Porte-crayon, pencil case. Porte-crois, crossbearer. Parte-crosse, crosier-bearer. Dies, priest that carries the host to sick peo-ple. Porte-diner, vessel used to carry in the dinner to workmen. Porte-drapens, coloubearer. Porte-enseigne, ensign, ensign-bearer. Porte-épée, bolt. Porte-étendard, standardbearer. Porte-faix, porter, street-porter. Porte-feuille, port folio, porcket-book. Porte-ismon-dice, dust-basket. Porte-lettre, letter-as-pocket-book. Porte-mail, the king's mailbearer. Porte-manteau, cloak-bearer, train-bearer, portmanteau, peg. Porte-missel, massbook desk. Porte-mitre, mitre-bearer. Portemouchettes, spuffers-pan, Porte-mousqueton, swivel. Porte-pièce, shoe-maker's punch. Porte-presse,book-binder's shaving tab. Portetapisserie, frame fixed to the top of a door and covered with tapestry. Porte-vent, pipe of a hag-pipe or of an organ. Porte-verge, verger. Porte-roix, speaking trumpet. Porte-bossoire, Mar. supporter of the cat-head. Porte-collies. V. Taquets de mat. Porte-haubans, chain-wales, chains, channels. Porte-haubaus de misaine, fore chains. Porte-haubans d'artimen, mizen chains or mizen chain-wales. Les grands porte-haubans, the main chains or

main chain-wales. Porte-vergues, iron horse.
PORTER, porta, s. f. brood or litter of an animal; reach, shot; ability, capacity; length; that part of a piece of timber, that bears upon a wall or pillar. Portle, boughs which a deer bruises or bears down with his head in traversing thickets. A la portée de, within the reach of. Hors de la portée de, beyond the reach of. A la portée du feuril, within musket shot. A la portée du canon, within camus shot. Cela n'est pas à la portée de mon bras, thant is above or beyond my reach. A la portée de la voix, within hearing, within call. Portée, s. f. Mar. range, etc. Portée des canons, range of cannon. Portée des mortiers, range of mortars. Portée estière, random shot. Portée de but en blanc, point blank range. Etre à portée de canon, to be within gun shot. Venir à demi-portée de canon, to come within half gun shot. A portée de canon au vent à nous, ou voit des brisans, there are breakers in sight to windward of us, within gun shot. A portée de pistolet de Péle, il y a un brassiage considérable, within pistol shot of this island, there is a considerable depth of water. Tenervous à portée de voix de nous, keep within hail of us. Venir à portée de la voix, to come within hail.

PORTER, pôr-th, v. a. to bear; to carry; to have about one; to wear; to bear, bring forth, yield, produce; to breed, be breeding, got with child or with young; to bear up, countenance, support or uphold; to suffer, endure, abide; (at piquet) to go out with; to import; to direct; to fix, bend; (un count de bâton, de hacke, etc.) to give, strike, aim at with; (malhesse) to bring; (amitié, éc.) to bear; (son jugement) to give; to incline, put forward, induce, move, persuade, incite; suffer, permit, give leave; to contain, mention, say. Aisui qu'il est porté sur la lettre ci-incluse, according to the list enclosed. Le porter hant, to carry it high, set up for a man of quality. Le porter beau, le porter en beau lieu, to go fine, meat or genteel; make a figure. Porter la main au l'épée, to lay one's hant. Porter la main à l'épée, to lay one's hand upon one's sword. Il porte la mine d'azoir fait cela, he looks as if he had done that. Vous en porterez le péché, the sin will lie at your door. Porter, v. n. to carry, bear, rest, lie, lean; to reach; to import. Il porte d'azur au bion d'argent, (in heraldry) he bears azure a lion argent.

Porter, v. a. & n. Mar. Porter bien la Porter, v. a. & n. Mar. Porter bien la voile, to carry sail stiffly. Porter mal la voile, to be crank. Toutes nos voiles portent bien, all our sails draw well. Les voiles d'avant ne portent pas, the head sails do not stand. Porter plein, to keep the sail full. Faire porter, to keep the sails full. Faire porter, to keep the sails full. Faire porter, to keep the sails full. Faire porter full. Nous arons de la voile tant que le bâtiment en peut porter, we have as monch sail out a site abin can carry. Le brig much sail out as the ship can carry. Le brig as cent fait porter are nous, the brig to windward is edging down to us. Porter sur Pennens, to run or bear down upon or stand after the enemy. Nous recumes tout le feu de l'ennemi en nous portant (or en portant) sur lui, we received the whole of the enemy's fire as we bore down. La quille porte de long en long, the keel takes the ground fore and aft. Porter dehors une amarre, to run out a hawser. Porter une ancre un large, to carry out an anchor. Porter en route, to stand on upon the course. Porter au large, to stand off, stand off shore. Porter à terre or porter la bordée à terre, to stand in for the land or in shore. Porter un vent or sous le vent d'un navire, to look up for going to windward or to leeward of a ship. Nous portons bien

Si vent du cap, we work well up to w ward of the cape. Porter an nord, au. à l'est or à l'ouest, to stand to the northy southward, eastward, or westward. sail is standing to the south-west. La s portera an vent jusqu'à midi, the tide will to windward till noon. Les courans porter dans la base, the current sets into the bay. Portes par les courans, nous perdimes bien-tht la terre de rue, drifted by the currents we soon lost sight of the land. Porter à 11 quarts sur les deux bords, to lie within 5 1-2 points of the whol on each tack. cutter peut porter à cinq airs de vent, this Cutter will lie within five points of the wind.

Notre valuescau porte du 32 et du 24, our ship carries 32 and 24 pounders. Cette frégate ne porte que du 18, that frigate carries only 18 pounders. Le vice amirul doit porter son pavillon sur votre bâtiment, the vice-admiral is to shift his flag to your ship. Porter des dépêches à un géneral, to carry despatches to an admiral. Porter la flamme et le parillon, to wear the colours of a man of war. Porter des secours à un bâtiment, to assist a ship. Porter des troupes, munitions, etc. to carry troops, stores, etc. Porter une personne sur le rôle d'équipage, to put a person on the ship's books.

Be porter, v. r. to be or do (in point of health;) to be inclined, tend, incline, apply one's self; to carry or bear or behave one's self; to go, repair; to run (into), give one's self up (to.) Se porter pour appelant, to enter an appeal. Se porter pour accusation, to impeach. Se porter pour héritier, to bear one's self as heir, declare one's self heir, claim the succession. It y a tant de monde à la comédie qu'on s'y porte, there are so many people at the play-house that they seem to be on the top of one another.

PORTERIE, s. f. porter's lodge.

PORTEU-R, SE, pôr-têur, těuz, s. m. & f. porter, bearer, carrier; the postilitor's horse. PORTIER, pôr-tia, s. m. porter, door-keeper.

Portière, pôr-tièr, s. f. door-keeper; door (of a coach;) piece of a lapestry, cc. hung be fore a door to keep out the wind.

Portion, por-sion, s. f. portion, share, part, piece, allowance.

PORTIQUE, por-tik, s. m. portico, piazza. Le Portique, Zeno's sect.

PORTOR, s. m. black marble variegated with veins like gold.

*PORTRAIRE, por-trer, v. a. (used only in \
the infinitive) to portray.

PORTRAIT, por-tre, s. m. picture, portrait; portraiture, description.

*PORTRAITURE, pôr-trê-tur, s. f. portraiture. Livre de portraiture, drawing-book.

PORTUGAIS, E, adj. & s. m. & f. Portuguese, of Portugal.

PURTUGAISE, s. f. Mar. cross lashing of the head of a pair of sheers.

Posage, s. m. or Pose, pô-zaz, pôz, s. f. laying (of a stone, etc.)

Post, E, pô-zh, adj. laid, set; sober, staid, grave.

Posémint. pô-zh-mên, adv. softly, gingerly; gravely, with deliberation.

Poser, pô-za, v. a. to lay, put, set; to lay

bar, bat, base: thère, èbb, over: field, fig: rôbe, rôb, lord: mood, good.

down; to take for granted; to grant, suppose, admit. Poser, v. n. to bear, rest, lean, lie.

Poseur, s. m. layer of stones. Positi-F, ve, po-zl-th, tw, adj. positive, certain, constant, sure, true, real.

Positir, s. m. (degré positif) positive, positive degree.

Position, pô-zl-slon, s. f. position, situa-tion; laying down; position, maxim, assertion. Position de la clef de musique, setting of a

song to the right key.

Positive, s. f. (or théologie positive) dog-

matick theology.

Posttivement, po-21-tiv-men, adv. positively, plainly, certainly, assuredly.
Pospolitz, s. f. the armed Polish nobility.

Possena, R., possible dia noise acoust, en-foyed, held; possessed with or by the devil. Possena, R., s. m. &. f. man or woman pos-

sessed with or by the devil; also bedlamite,

madman.

Posséder, pô-sh-dà, v. a. to possess, have, enjoy, be in possession of, be possessed of; to be master of, have the mastery or command of, understand. Se posseder, v. a. to command (have an entire command of) one's self; master (or have the mastery of or over) one's passions, keep one's temper. Il se possède à merwille, he has a wonderful temper or presence of mind.

POSSESSEUR, pô-sè-sèur, s. m. possessor. POSSESSIF, pô-sè-sif, adj. possessive. POSSESSION, pô-sè-sion, s. f. possession, en

joyment, possessing, fruition; being possessed by the devil; induction or installation. sessions, possessions, estates

Possessoire, pô-sê-swar, adj. & s. m. possessory.

Possessoirement, adv. possessorily. Possibilité, pô-sl-bl-ll-th, s. f. possibility.

likelihood, Possible, på-sibl, adj. possible, likely,

that may be: adv. perhaps.

Possible, s. m. power, might. De mon possible, with all my power or might.

*Posson, s. m. V. Poisson. De tout

Post-communion, post-ko-mo-nion, s. f. post-communion.

POSTERIT, B. m. possecript.

POSTE, post, s. m. post, station, standing; place, employment. Un petit poste, a sprightly boy, a restless boy, a wag. Foste, Mar. birth, station, etc. Poste des malades, sick high Poste des chimages. *Postcrit, s. m. postscript birth. Poste des chirurgiens, the surgeon's birth. Postes de combat, quarters. Poste d'un raisseau, station of a ship (in a fleet or squadron.) Dix hommes sont entres poste aujour-d'hui, ten men are come into the sick birth to-day. Les oncres sont à poste, the anchors are stowed clear for running. V. Demeure. Mettre une ancre à poste, to stow an anchor so that it may be got ready for let-ting go at the shortest notice. Prendre poste dans la ligne, to get into the line of battle without regard to station. Prendre son poste dans la ligne, to get into one's station in the line.

Poste, s. f. post; post-house or post-office, postage, post-boy; hail-shot or small shot.

Batean de poste, packet-boat. La poste (jeu) skip-frog or leap-frog. A poste, at fixed or limited terms. A sa poste, to one's mind or

humour or liking.

POSTER, pôs-th. v. a. to post, put in post; place, put in place or employment. Poster, v. n. to run up and down. Se poster, v. r. to post one's self, take a post. Se bien poster, to take a good place.

POSTERE, s. m. backside, posteriore.
POSTERIEUR, E, pôs-th-ri-èur, adj. later,
that comes after; hind, hinder.

Posterieurement, posta-ri-curmen, adv. after.

Postánionitá, postá-ri-o-ri-tá, s. f. posteriority, being or coming after

POSTÉRITÉ, s. f. posterity, offspring, issue,

children, after-times, after-ages.
POSTHUME, pôs-tûm, adj. dz s. m. & f.
posthumous ; posthumous child.

POSTICHE, pos-tish, adj. added, done after, preposterous, borrowed, fulse, sham, fictitious, out of place. Dents postiches, false teeth.

POSTILLON, pos-ti-lon, s. m. postillion, post-

POSTIQUERIE, S. f. waggish trick.

*POSTFOSER, v. a. to disregard, make less account of, esteem less.

POST-SCRIPTUM, S. m. postscript. POSTULANT, adj. Ex. Un accout postulant,

an exercent or practising barrister.

POSTULANT, z, pos-to-len, lent, s. m. & f. candidate, one that stands for preferences. one that demands admittance into a monas-

POSTULATION, s. f. functions of a barrister

at haw.

POSTULER, posto-la, v. a. & n. to see or stand for preferment; demand admittance into a monastery; (in law) to plend.
POSTURE, posture, s. L. posture. Ret en

bonne posture de faire fortune, he is in a fair way of making his fortune.

Por, pô, s. m. pot. Un pot en tête, a head-piece. Pot à feu, pot or hand grenado. De-couvrir le pot aux roses, to find out or unfold the mystery; also to reveal all, blab a secret. Un pot pourri, medley, hotch-potch; flower-pot filled with a variety of flowers. Pot s

por misci with a variety of nowers. For s brai, Mar. pitch-pot.

Potable, po-tabl, adj. potable, drinkshe.

Potable, po-tax, s. m. pottage, broth.

Pour tost potage, upon the whole, in all, when all is done and said.

all is done and said.

Potagers, E, pô-th-ch, sêr, adj. belonging to or for soup or broth. Herbe potagère, pot herb. Jardin potager, kitchen-garden.

Potagers, pô-th-ch, s. m. kitchen-garden; stove; earthen or pewier vessel; kitchen discer in the king's house.

Potagers of the c. potageb.

POTASE, pò-tâs, s. f. pot-ash.
POTE, pòt, edj. Main pote, swollen hand.
POTEAU, pò-tò, s. m. post, stake.
POTÉE, s. f. potful; putty.
Ponnet a part la part planne fall

POTELÉ, E, pôt-là, adj. plump, full. POTELET, s. m. little post.

POTENCE, pô-tens, s. f. three posts or pieces of wood in the form of a gibbet; gallows, gibhet, crutch; iron work of a sign. Point, Mar. gallows bitts. Patence de pompe, ful-crum (of a common pump.)

POTENCE, E, adj. potent (in heraldry.) Croix potencée, cross with a cross-piece at

both ends.

POTENTAT, po-ten-ta, s. m. potentate, moparch. king.

bàse, bắt : jêûne, mềute, bềurre : enfânt, cênt, liền : vin : mon : brun.

POTENTIEL, LE, pô-tèn-siel, adj. potential. V . Bubjonctif.

POTENTIFILEMENT, adv. potentially.

POTERIE, pot-ri, s. f. potter's ware, earthean ware; a potter's work-house.
POTERNE, pô-têrn, s. f. postern gate, back-

door.

Potier, po-th, s.m. potter. Potier d'étain, **pewterer**

Porin, po-tin, s. m. brittle brass. Porion, po-sion, s. f. potion, draught.

POTIRON, po-ti-ron, s. m. mushroom, toad stool, pompion.

Pou, poo, s. m. louse. Des pour, lice. Pou

de soie, sort of ferandine.

POUACRE, pwaker, adj. &s. m. nasty, beast-ly, slovenly, fithy; nasty fellow, etc. POUACRERIE, s. f. nastiness, beastliness, filthiness, nasty or beastly or fithy thing.

POUACRESSE, s. f. masty slut.
POUAG, pwa, interj. fy! fy upon! foh!
POUCE, poos, s. m. thumb, inch.

Poveren, s. m. thumb-stall.

POUDING, s. m. pudding, plum pudding. POUDRE, poodr, s. f. powder; dust; (for paper) sand. Poudre à canon, gun powder. Jeter de la poudre aux yeux, to cast a mist before the eyes, to blind.

POUDRER, pôo-dra, v. a. to powder; make

dust fly about.

POUDREU-x, se, pôo-dreu, dreuz, adj. dusty. POUDRIER, pôo-drea, s. m. powder or sand-box; gun-powder-maker.

Pour! interj. plump! bang! s. m. sort of bead-dress.

Pourren, poo-fa, v. n. (de rire) to burst

out a laughing.
Pouill's, pôo-là, s. m. register of livings.
Pouiller, pôo-là, v. a. to rail at, call names. Se pouiller, v. r. to louse one's self.

POUILLES, pôol, s. f. pl. railing names.
POUILLEU-X, sx, pôo-lêu, lêuz, adj. & s.
lousy, full of lice; lousy one.

POUILLEUSE, s. f. Mar. main stay sail. Poullier or Poullis, poo-d, s. m. paltry inn, hedge ale-house

POULAILLER, poo-là-fà, s. m. hen-house; poulterer: party of gossips.

POULAIN, poo-lin, s. m. colt or foal, bubo or swelling in the groin; pulley.

Poulaine, s. f. Mar. head of a ship. V. Ba-

tayble.
POULARDE, poo-lard, s. f. pullet, large and fat pullet.

Poul.E., pool, s. f. hen; (at play) pool. Poule d'eau, moor-hen, fen-duck, coot. POULET, poo-le, s.m. chick, chicken; love-

letter.

retter.
POULETTE, pôo-lêt, s. f. young hen.
POULETEIN, s. m. priming powder.
POULICHE, pôo-lish, s. f. young mare.
POULIE, pôo-lish, s. f. pouley. Mar. block.
Poulie simple, single block. Poulie simple à fouet, to poulie estropile à fouet, tail-block.
Poulie simple à croc, single hook-block. Poulie double de palm, long-tackle block. Poulie double de palm, long-tackle block. Poulie à dent or couplé, snaich-block. Poulie de or à cauon. couple, snatch-block. Poulie de or a capon, cat block. Poulie à moque, dead block. Poulie à tournique, swivel block iron bound block with a swivel hook. I'oulie de guindresse, top block. Poulie de conduite or de retour, leading block. Poulie de drisse à

caliorne, jeer block. Poulie de drisse des bonnettes, jewel block. Poulie de bous de vergue, top sail sheet block. Poulie de sousvergue, clue line block. Poulie de blancine, list block. Poulie de cargue-point, clue-garnet-block. Poulie de lournevire, viol garnet-block. block. Poulie Poulies d'itague de drisse des hu-sollock blocks. Poulies accouplées, niers, hollock blocks. Poulies accouplées, sister blocks. Poulies à trois rouets, treble blocks. Situation d'un palan ilont les deux poulies se touchent ou se brisent, block and block. Poulie d'amure de la grande voile, V. Pouliot.

Poulier, v. a. to hoist.

POULIERE, s. f. Mar. shop where blocks are made.

POULIEUR, s. m. Mar. block-maker.

POULINE, s. f. young mare. Pouliner, pooli-na, v. n. to foal, bring forth a colt.

POULINIÈRE, poo-li-nièr, adj. f. Jument oulinière, mare for breed. Une bonne poulimière, a good breeder.

POULIOT, s. m. penny-royal. Pouliot d'ermure, Mar. chestree or chesstree.

POULPE, poolp, s. f. pulp.

POULPETON, s. m. sort of hashmest. Pouls, poo, s. m. pulse. quelqu'un, to feel one's pulse. Tâter le pouls à

Poumon, poo-mon, s. m. lungs.

*Poupard, pôo-par, s. m. babe, child; baby or doll

Pourz, poop, s. f. Mar. stern. Sometimes poop. Poupe étroite, pink stern. Partie in-férieure de la poupe or fesses d'un bâtiment, tuck. Poupe carrée, square tuck, or square stern. Nous reçumes à bord par la poupe un gros coup de mer, we were pooped by a very heavy sea. Vent en poupe, wind right aft. Hence, moir le vent en poupe, wind tign and Hence, moir le vent en poupe, to have good luck or good fortune, be in favour. Pourex, pôo-pà, s. f. baby or doll; rag about a sore finger. POUPELIN, pôop-lin, s. m. sort of soft cake.

Pourin, z, poo-pis, pla, adj. beauish,

spruce. Pouron, NE, plo-pon, plu, s. m. & f. babe, chubby-cheeked child.

babe, chubby-caested claid.

PODFONE, S. f. honey, duck, child, love.

PODE, pôor, prep. for, because of, upon
the account of, for the sake of, considering, in
favour of, in behalf of, on the side of. Pour
cela, nevertheless, for all that.

Pour cele retion, for that reason, therefore. Pour cet effet, therefore, and therefore. Pour te moins, at least. Pour lors, then, at that time. Pour l'heure, (le présent) for the pre-sent, as for now. Chambre pour chambre, j'aime mieux celle-ci que l'autre, since I sent, as for now. must have one of these two rooms, I like this better than the other. Mourir pour mourir il vaut mieux mourir en combattant qu'en fuyant, when a man must die, it is better for him to die fighting than running away. [FPmr will, in general, he properly used with respect to verbs;—lst. when asking the question selvy or school for I after what precedes, the infinitive will come in answer, though the English corresponding expression for chiefly requires the particu-ple present. He will do any thing to oblige you, (he will do any thing, why? to what for?—to oblige you,) il fera tout pour what for?—to oblige you,) il fera tout pour bar, bat, base: thère, êbb, over: field, fig: rôbe, rêb, lôrd: mòod, gôod.

vous obliger. to fly, les hommes sont nés pour travailler, comme les oiseaux pour voler.-2dly. When what precedes the infinitive implies sufficiency or excess. He has not health enough to undertake that, il n'a pas assez de santé pour entreprendre cela. He has too nuch good sense to do a thing which would prejudice his family, il a trop de bon sens pour faire une chose qui feroit tort à sa famille. He is very soeak to ride on horseback, il est bien foible pour monter à cheval.-3dly. When the agent of the second verb is the very agent of the first, the infinitive may be used with the second; but if the agent of the second be different, the infinitive should not come in, unless we speak undeterminately. Now when the use of the infinitive is to be avoided, because that which is the agent is to be expressed, pour que may be introduced with the sub-junctive. I was too unbucky for such a thing to happen to me, j'étois trop malheureux pour qu'une telle chose m'arrivât.—4thly.Sometimes we find one infinitive with pour or afin de, and then another verb in the subjunctive with que (instead of pour que or afin que) because the agent of the second verb is the very agent of the first, but the agent of the third is a different person or thing. Ce que j'en fais c'est pour (afin de) vous convaincre, et que vous n'en doutiez plus, the reason why I do this is that I may convince you, and that you should doubt it no longer.—5thly. Pour ne pas or afin de ne pas, may denote fear. Il a pris des mesures pour ne pas échouer dans son entreprise, he has taken measures for not miscarrying (for fear of miscarrying, that he might not miscarry, lest he should miscarry) in his enterprise.—6thly. Pour, with the infinitive, may be used in other circumstances which the following examples will elucidate: Les Scythes, pour être (encore mile toient proper aville count) Scythes qu'ils soient, parce qu'ils sont) Scythes, cessent-ils d'être des hommes, et pour avoir été (parce qu'ils ont été) nos ennemis, sont-ils indignes de compassion l'are not the Scythes thians men, although Scythians; and be-cause they have been our enemies, are they unworthy of our compassion? Coree n'attendoit pas qu'elle achevât pour avouer (avant qu'il avouât, mais il avoua aussitôt) qu'il avoit tort, Coree did not wait till she had done before he confessed (but readily confessed) that he was in the wrong. Sourent pour vouloir (en voulant, parce qu'on veut) être poli, on donne dans l'affectation, oftentimes in wishing (because one wishes, while one wishes) to be polite, one sinks into affectation. Il faut que vous m'aimiez hien peu, pour vous défier (vous qui vous defier) ainsi de moi! you must love me very little, who can thus distrust me!—7thly. Pour, before an adjective or adverb with que and the subjunctive is equivalent to quelque que or tout que. Pour protégé qu'il soit, quelque protégé qu'il soit, tout protégé qu'il soit, protégé qu'il soit, bowever protected he may be, let him be ever so well protected, protected as he is. Pour aimable qu'il puisse être, however amiable he may be, how amiable so-ver he may be, let him be ever so amiable, amiable as he may be. (See the observation on Aroir beau at Beau.) Hence it is that pour peu li veyer, provider,

Men are born to work as birds | que with the subjunctive may be Englished by fever so little. Pour peu que je m'étendine sur celle mutière, je pourrous faire voir, etc., if I enlarged (were I to enlarge) ever so little on that subject, I could show, etc.

Pour, s. m. Ex. Savoir le pour et le contre, to know the pro and con. V. Contre, s. m. POURBOIRE, s. m. drinkmoney

Pourceau, poor-so, s. m. hog, swise. Pourceau de mer, sea-hog, porpoise. Pourceau de St. Antoine, spunger.

*Pourchas, s. m. purchase (obtained after

long pursuit.)
*Pourchasser, pôor-shà-sà, v. a. to seek, seek after, pursue, follow, follow after.

Pourréndeux, s. m. splitter, one who cuts in two (a man.)

*Pourfendre, poor-fendr, v. a. to cut in two, split down (a man.)
POURI, E, adj. corrupted.
POURI, S. m. Ex. Sentir le pouri, to smell

rotten.

Pourir, poo-rir, v. a. to rot, corrupt, make to rot. Pourir, v. n. Se pourir, v. r. to rot, grow rotten, putrefy.

Pouriture, poo-ri-tur, s. f. rottenness, putrefaction.

Pourparler, poor-par-la, s. m. parley,

conference, treaty. Pourpier, poor-pia, s. m. purslain.

Pourpoint, poor-pwin, s. m. doublet. jail.

POURPOINTERIE, s. f. doublet-making. *Pourpointier, s. m. doublet-maker.

POURRE, poorpr, s. m. (colour) purple; purples, spotted fever. Pourpre, s. f. (dignité de roi, etc.) purple.

POURPRE, E, poor-pra, adj. purple, of a purple colour. Fievre pourprée, spoued aver, the purples.

*Pourpris, poor-pri,s. m. enclosure, whole compass of a ground or place.
Pounquoi, poor-kwi, conj. why, for why,

upon what account, wherefore.

POURSUITE, poor-salt, s.f. pursuit, running after, proceeding, prosecution.

Poursuivant, poor-sul-ven, s. m. candidate, one that stands or puts in for a thing.

POURSUIVI, E, adj. pursued, presecuted.
POURSUIVRE, poor-selver, v. a. like saave, to pursue; go or run after; to go on, prosecute; to stand or put in for. Poursaure est justice, to prosecute at law. Nous pourmer vimes cette goëlette jusques sous les batteries, Mar. we chased that schooner close under the

batteries. Poursiavre, v. n. to pursue, go an. Pourtant, poor-ten, conj. however, howsoever, yet, for all that.

POURTOUR, poor-toor, s. m. compass, crcumference, periphery.

Pourvoir, poor-vwar, v. n. to provide, see. look, take care.

l'ourvoir, v. a. to provide, supply or furnish with, gratify with, bestow or confer spon. Pourvoir ses enfans, to provide for one's children. Se pour voir en justice, v. r. to sue at law. Se pour voir, to make application for redress, complain.

POURVOIRIE, s. f. procurement of victuals, purveyance.

Pourvoyeur, poor-vwd-yeur, s. m. pur-

base, bût ; jêûne, mêute, bêurre : ênfânt, cênt, liên : vin : mon : brun.

Pourvu, z, adj. provided, furnished, that is, etc. Pourvu que, provided, provided

Pouser, poos, s. f. short wind, pursiness; shoot (of a tree.)

Pousse, E, adj. pushed, thrust, etc. V. ousser. Vin pousse, wine that is turned. Pousse cut, s. m. bum bailiff, catch-pole. Pousser.

Poussex, poost, s. f. flying out or spreading of any thing. Poussee de la terre, swelling of the earth, Donner la poussée à queling of the earth, Donner la poussée à quel-qu'un, to put a fica in one's ear, make one take to his heels.

Poussen, poo-sa, v. a. to push, thrust, shove; to carry on, extend, enlarge; to spur or put on put forward, egg on; to induce, move, entice, persuade, encourage; tourge, provoke; to push or put forward, prefer; to thrust or drive; to drive out or back, expel; (se voix) to raise or lift up; (le de) to throw. Pousser une matière, to dive into, discuss or examine a subject. Pousser les beaux sentimens, to make fine speeches to the ladies. Pousser la raillerie trop lois, to carry one's jest too far. Pousser, v. n. to shoot or bud, bourgeon, aprout out, blossom; to jut. Pousser, to be pursy. Pousser à la roue, to help on or forward, be a second. Poussons jusque là, let us go to that place. Se pousser, v. r. to push

one's fortune, put one's self forward.

Pousser, Mar. pousser dehors un bâton de foc or un boute-hors de bonnette, to get out a jib-boom or rig out a studding-sail boom.

Possee dehors le boute-hors de bonnette du petit hussier à tribord, rig out the starboard fore top mast studding sail boom. Pousser au large, to shove off, put off.
POUSSETTE, s.f. push-pin. Jouer à la pous-

sette, to play at push-pin.

Pousseu-R, sE, s. m. & f. pusher or shover. Pousseur de beaux sentimens, one that makes fine speeches to the ladies

Poussier, s. m. coal dust.

Poussient, poo-sier, s. f. dust. V. Poudre. Poussière d'eau de mer, Mar. (qui couvre toute la surface des eaux dans un coup de vent) spoondrift.

Poussi-F, VE, pôo-sif, siv, adj. pursy, broken winded, short-winded

Poussin, pôo-sin,s.m. little or young chick. Poussiniere, pôo-si-nièr, s. f. the seven stars, the Pleiads.

POUTER, pootr, s. f. beam, great piece of

POUTRELLE, pôo-trel, s. f. small beam. POUVOIR, pôo-vwhr, v. n. & a. (ce the table) to be able, may, can, may do, can do. Se pouvoir, to be possible. Il y pest or il peut dans cela, (cela peut contenir,) that may hold, there is no firm of the contenir.) there is room for.

Pouvoir, s. m. power, authority, ability, interest, credit, possession, keeping.

Pouzzolane, s.f. pozzolane (kind of sand.)

Pracmatique, prag-ma-tik, adj. & s. m. Ex. La pragmatique sanction or la pragmatique, the pragmatic sanction.

PRAIRIE, prê-ri, s. f. meadow.

PRALINE, pra-lin, s. f. or Amande à la pra-ne, crisp almond (nugared.)

PRAME, S. f. Mar. prame, sort of lighter.
PRAMECABLE, pra-d-kabb., adj. practicable, feasible, possible.

PRATICIEN, prå-tl-slen, s. m. practitioner in the law.)

PRATIQUE, pra-tik, adj practical. Pra-tique, Mar. skilled in piloting. Ex. Etre pratique d'un lieu, to be a good pilot for a place; be well acquainted with the marks for going in o out, with the soundings, setting of the tide, etc.

PRATIQUE, s. f. practice; practical part; custom, usage; custom, customer, customers: frequenting or keeping company, intercourse, experience, skill, use, exercise, converse; work, intrigue, device, plot, design; practice, course of pleading, law or rules of law; all the business of an attorney or of a notary. Terme de pratique, law-term. Donner pra-tique à un vaisseau, Mar. to allow or permit a ship free intercourse with the inhabitants of

country.

PRATIQUEMENT, adv. practically.

PRATIQUER, pra-11-ka, v. s. to practice; put into practice; to exercise; to frequent, converse, keep company with; to practice upon and endeavour to bring over, win, bribe, corrupt, tamper with, solicit; to contrive. tiquer des intelligences, to get intelligence. Pratiquer des cabales, to contrive cabals, plot, cabal. Pratiquer, Mar. to have free intercourse with the inhabitants of the country after having obtained permission. Se pratiquer, v. r. to be in use or practice, be practised, be practicable, etc.
PRÉ, prå, s. m. meadow, green field.

porter sur le pré, to go to the place appointed

for a duel.

PRÉ-ADAMITE, s. m. Pre-Adamite.

*PRÉALABLE, prê-à-làbl, adj. & s. m. & f. previous, going before; previous thing. Au préalable or préalablement, adv. previously, first of all, in the first place. La question prealable, the previous question.

PRÉALLÉGUÉ, E, adj. before quoted, be-

fore-alleged.

PRÉAMBULE, prà-èn-bal, s. m. preamble, preface, prologue.

PRÉAU, prà-o, s. m. little meadow; green before a prison, open place in the middle of

a cloister or monastery.
PRÉBENDE, prå-bend, s. f. prebend.
PRÉBENDÉ, adj. m. Ex. Chanoine prébendé,

prebendary, canon.

PRÉBENDIER, prà-ben-dlà, s. m. prebendary, one that has a prebend.
PRECAIRE, pra-ker, adj. & s. precarious;

precarious thing or things. Par précaire, precariously, upon sufferance.

PRÉCAIREMENT, prà-ker-men, adv. pre-

cariously.

PRECAUTION, pra-ko-slow, s. f. caution, precaution, foresight, provident care.

PRÉCAUTIONNÉ, E, adj. wary, considerate.
PRÉCAUTIONNER, (SE) sé-prà-ko-siò-nà,
v. r. to provide, be cautious, take a provident

care, guard against. Pracademment, pra-sh-da-men, adv. formerly, heretofore.

Prácadent, e, prá-sá dên, dent, adj.

foregoing, preceding, former.
Prictions, pri-ed-da, v. a. to go before, go first, precede, have the precedency, to surpass, precede, excel. Preceinte.

PRÉCEINTE, s. f. Mar. wale. basse or plus basse préceinte or préceinte du bar, bat, base : thère, ebb, over : field, fig : rôbe, rôb, lord : môsd, good.

fort, main wale. Préceinte de vibord, sheer rail. Préceinte supérieure or seconde et troisième préceintes, channel wale (this is separated in two on board French ships of war.)

PRECENTEUR, s. m. precentor.
PRECEPTE, pri-sept, s. m. precept, rule,
lesson, command.

PRÉCEPTEUR, prà-sép-téur, s. m. preceptor, tutor or master.

PRÉCEPTORAL, E, adj. of or belonging to the preceptor.

PRÉCEPTORAT, prà-sep-tò-rà, s. m. tutor-

ship, tutor's place, preceptorship

PRÉCEPTORIALE, prà-ebp-tò-ral, adj. & s. f. Une préceptoriale or une prébende préceptoriale, adj. preceptorial prebend. Préceptorial prebend. riale, adj. preceptorial.

PRÉDESSION, prh-sè-slon, s. f. (terme d'as-

tronomie) precession.

PRICHER, presh, s. m. sermon; also meeting or church or chapel.
PRICHER, presh, v. a. & n. to preach; to cry up, praise, extol, to maintain.
PRICHEUR, pre-sheur, s. m. preacher.

PRÉCIEUSEMENT, prà-sièuz-mên, adv.

choicely, charily.

PRÉCIEU-x, sz., prà-slèu, slèuz, adj. precious, of great price or value; dear; affected, finical, over-nice, precise. Une précieuse, an affected, finical or precise woman.

*PRECIOSITÉ, s. f. affectation, preciseness,

pruder:

PRECIPICE, prå-sl-pls, s. m. precipice.
PRECIPITAMENT, prå-sl-pl-tå-men, adv.
with precipitation, hastly, in haste, rashly.
PRECIPITATION, prå-sl-pl-tå-slon, s.f. pre-

cipitation. PRÉCIPITÉ, z, prà-sì-pì-tà, adj. precipitated, thrown or fallen headlong into a precipice,

rash, over hasty, precipitate, abrupt, hurried. PRÉCIPITÉ, pra-sl-pl-th, s. m. (in chemis-

try) precipitate.
PRECIPITER, prå-sl-pl-tå, v. a. to precipitate, throw or cast down headlong; hurry, over-hasten, do in haste; (in chemistry) to precipitate. Se précipiter par or dans, to run swiftly or with violence upon or into, rush upon or into; make a stoop at.

PRÉCIPUT, prà-si-pù, s. m. (in lan.) Le préciput d'une femme, a woman's jointure. PRÉCIS, E. prà-si, alz, adj. precise, cer-

tain, fixed, particular, distinct, exact.

Precis, s. m. substance, summary PRÉCISÉMENT, pri-si-zi-mên, adv. pre-

cisely, exactly.

Pakcision, pra-si-zlon, s. f. precision.

Avec précision, precisely.
PRÉCOCE, pra-kôs, adj. forward, soon ripe. early ripe.

PRECOCITÉ, prà-kô-sl-tà, s. f. precosity. PRÉCOMPTER, pra-kon-ta, v. a. to discount,

deduct PRÉCONISATEUR, s. m. (celui qui préconise.) Préconiser.

*Preconisation, pra-kô-ul-za-slon, s.f. (Paction de préconiser.) V. Préconiser.
*Preconiser, pra-kô-ul-za, v. a. to make

a report in the pope's consistory, that the person presented to a benefice is qualified for it; also to cry up, praise extravagantly.

PRÉCONISEUR, s. m. extoller, praiser. PRÉCURSEUR, pra-kur-seur, s.m. forerunmer, harbinger.

Predeceper, pri-dh-d-dh, v. n. 10 decease or die before

Prantices, pra-da-se, s. m. decease or death before that of another.

PRÉDÉCESSEUR, prà-dà-sè-sèur, s. m. predecessor.

PRÉDESTINATION, prà-dès-tì-nà-slos, s. f. predestination.

PRÉDESTINÉ, E, prà-des-tl-na, adj. pre-destinated. Les prédestinés, s. m. those that are predestinated.

PREDESTINER, prà-des-ti-nà, v. a. to predestinate

PREDETERMINATION, pra-dia-ter-mi-mi-

non, s.f. predetermination.
PRED STERMINER, v. a. to predeterminate.
PREDICABLE, prå-dl-kabl, adj. predicable.

PREDICAMENT, pra-di-kā-mēn, s. m. pre-dicament (in logick.) Etre en bon or samusir prédicament, to have a good or an ill same.
PREDICAMENT, pra-di-kān, s. m. protestant proacher (in confesse)

preacher (in contempt.)

PREDICATEUR, pra-di-ka-teur, a m. preacher.

PRÉDICATION, prà-dì-kà-slon, s. f. preaching ; sermon.

PREDICTION, pra-dik-sion, s. f. prediction,

prophecy.
PRÉDILECTION, prà-dl-lèk-sion, s. f. par-

tiality; preference of affection.

PRIDIRE, pra-dir, v. a. (like dire, except in the second pers. of the pres. of the indicat. vous prédisez, and of the imperative prédisez.) to foretel or prophesy.

PRÉDOMINANT, E, prà-dò-mì-sès, nèst, adj. predominant, prevailing.
PRÉDOMINER, prà-dò-mì-sà, v. a. to predominate, prevail.
PRÉDOMINER, prà-dò-mì-sà, v. a. to predominate, prevail. PRÉÉMINENCE, prà-à-mi-ness, s. f. pre-

eminence, advantage, prerogative. Práminent, e, pra-a-mi-nea, neat, adj. pre-eminent.

PRÉÉTABLIR, v. a. to pre-establish.

PRÉEXISTANT, E, adj. pre-existent. PRÉEXISTENCE, prà-èg-zh-tèns, s. f. preexistence.

PRÉEXISTER, v. n. to pre-exist. PRÉFACE, pra-fas, s. f. preface, presmble. PRÉFECT, V. Préfet.

PRÉFECTURE, prà-fek-tur, s. f. prefecture

PRÉFÉRABLE, pra-fa-rabl, adj. preferable. PREFERABLEMENT, pra-fa-rabl-menady.

preferably, by preference.
PRÉFÉRENCE, pra-fa-rèns, s. f. preference.
PRÉFÉRER.pra-fa-rà, v. a. to prefer, make more account of, esteem more, set more by PREFET, pra-fe, s. m. prefect; oversee or

chief master (of a college.) PRÉFINIR, v. a. to set, determine, or ap-

point (law term.)
PRÉFIX, E, prá-fiks, adj. prefixed, appointed, determined, set, settled.
PRÉFIXION, prá-fik-slom, s. f. (law term) prefixion. Pour tout préfixion de detien a his a donné deux mois, the farthest time the court has allowed him is but two mouths.

PREGNANT OF PREIGNANT, E, adj. acute, violent, sharp.

PRÉJUDICE, pra-20-dls, s. m. prejudice. damage, hurt, harm, detriment,

"PREJUDICIABLE, prk-rd-di-shbl, adj. prejudicial, hurtful.

base, bût : jeune, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

PRÉJUDICIEL, LE, adj. Ex. Question préjudicielle, to be determined before the main question.

PRÉJUDICIER, prà-zà-dl-sià, v. n. to pre-

judice, burt, be hurtful. Prijudi, pri-zū-zū, s. m. precedent; sigu, omen, presage; prejudiciate opinion, prepossession, prejudice.

PREJUGER, pri-zd-zk, v. a. to prejudge, dge beforehand; to conjecture, guess at. PRELART, Mar. V. Prelat.

*PRÉLASSER, (SE) sô-prá-là-så, v. r. to

strut, walk with great gravity.

PRILAT, pra-la, s. m. prelate, dignitary. Prélat, Mar. tarpauling. Prélat à canot, boat's covering. Prélats de bastingage, boat's covering. Prélats des passe-avants, hammock cloths. waist cloths.

PRELATION, S.f. prelation, preference given

to one whose father held the same office. PRÉLATURE, prà-là-tur, s. f. prelacy, pre-

lature.

PRÉLE, prèl, s. f. shave-grass or horsetail. PRÉLEGS, prà-lè, s. m. legacy to be dis-

charged before any other.
PRELEGUER, prå-lå-gå, v. a. to make a bequest to be discharged before any other le-

gacy. PRELER, pre-la, v. a. to rub with shavegrass or horse-tail.

PRÉLEVEMENT, s. m. deduction.
PRÉLEVER, prål-vå, v. a. to deduct.
PRÉLIMINAIRE, prå-li-mi-nèr, s. m. preliminary.

PRELIMINAIREMENT, adv. previously. PRÉLIMINAIRES, s. m. pl. preliminaries.
PRÉLIMPINFIN, s. m. Ez. De la poudre de
prélimpinpin, poudre of post, medicine that
neither does hurt nor good.
PRÉLUDE, prà-lèd, s. m. prelude, flourish;

PRÉLUDER, prk-lu-dà, v. n. to prelude, put an instrument in tune

PRÉMATURÉ, E, prå-må-tå-rå, adj. forward, early, soon ripe, untimely.
PRÉMATURÉMENT, prå-må-tů-rå-měs,

adv. prematurely, untimely, before due time.

PRÉMATURITÉ, s. f. prematurity. PRÈME d'émerande, s. f. base or coarse kind

of emerald. PRÉMÉDITATION, prà-mà-dl-tà-slos, s. f.

premeditation. PRÉMÉDITER, prà-mà-dì-tà, v. a. to pre-meditate, think of before-hand, design, pur-

PRÉMICES, prà-mis, s. pl. first fruits.

PREMIER, E, prè-mil, mièr, adj. first, for-mer, chief, principal; imperfect. Le premier

me, the first born.

"Premier, s. m. Ex. Monsieur le premier, the first gentleman of the horse to his majesty.

PREMIER-NÉ, s. m. first born.

PREMIÈREMENT, prè-mièr-men, adv. first, in the first place, first of all, first and fore-

PREMISSES, pril-mis, s. f. pl. the premises. PRÉMOTION, s. f. predetermination. PRÉMOTIRÉ, E, s. m. & f. Norbertin friar

PRÉMUNIE, prå-md-nir, v. a. to forewarn. Be premunir, v. r. to fortify one's self before-hand, provide one's self with

PRENABLE, pre-nahl, adj. that may or can be taken (said of a city;) that may be seduced, or bribed (of persons.)

PRENANT, E, pre-nen, nent, adj. (from

prendre) taking, etc.

PRENDRE, prendr, v. a. to take; to lay hold of; to snap at or up; to seize upon, catch; arrest, apprehend; to receive, accept of; to swallow down; to taste, drink, cure; to take or snuff up; to take away, steal; to put on (clothes;) to take up, engage in; to interpret, construe, put a construction upon; to understand, apprehend, conceive; to get; to assume, take upon one's self, arrogate to one's self, claim or seize unjustly; to consider; to deal with; to suppose; to collect or levy (taxes;) to charge (for work;) to attack, fall upon; to search, fetch, look for. Je n'y prends ni n'y mets, I neither meddle nor make with it. Se laisser prendre, to yield, to give way. Prendre naissance, to be born. Prendre vie, to come to life. Prendre à honte, to be ashamed. Prendre sur soi, to take upon one's self, undertake, warrant, to get the better of one's self. Prendre sur son nécessaire, to take from or abridge one's self of necessaries. Prendre à témoin, to call to witness. Prendre pour, to take for, mistake for. Il fallut un peu prendre sur bui pour se défuire de sa passion, it was a great self denial or mortification to him to part with his passion. L'absence n'a rien pris sur l'amitié qu'il a pour vous, absence has not in the least abated, lessened or impaired the friendship he has for you. Prendre, v. n. to catch at, seize on. Prendre, (prendre racine) to strike, strike root. Se prendre, v. r. to be taken; to thicken, coagulate, settle ; to be frozen up. Se prendre à, to begin, set about. Sy prendre bien or mal, to go the right or wrong way to work, take a right or wrong course. Sen prendre à, to lay the blame or fault upon, blame, com-plain of, charge with ; to catch at, take, lay hold of, seize on. On a tout de moi quand on s'y prend de la bonne sorte, one may have any thing of me by fair means. S'il ne me paye, je m'en prendrai à vous, if he does not pay me, I shall come upon you. Je ne m'en prende pas a rous, I do not complain of you, I do not quarrel with you for it.

Prendre, v. a. Mar. to take, take in, get in, get up, take up, etc. Prendre des prisonniers à son bord, to take ou board prisoners. Prendre langue, to get intelligence. Prendre son artillerie et ses poudres, to take on board the guns and powder. Prendre un bâtiment par la hanche or par le bossoir, to lie upon a ship's quarter or bow. Prenant les anures à beford nous gagnames le large pour la susit, hauling upon the larboard tack, we gained an offing for the night. Pris de caime, setre corps de bataille ne put soutenir l'acant-garde qui combattoit, being becalined, our center could not support the van which was engaged. Nous grouns suite days himmes engaged. Nous arons pris deux bâtimens marchands et un corsaire, we have taken two On dit que merchant-men and a privateer. merivant-men and a privateer. In all que fermbuscade est prise, it is said that the ambuscade is taken. Nous primes votre corvette pour une frégate, we took your sloop for a frigate. Ce bâtiment est bien pris, that ship will certainly stay. Les bâtimens charbonniers sont pris par les glaces, the colliers are bår, båt, båse : thère, èbb, ovèr : fleld, fig : rôbe, rôb, lôrd : môsd, gôsd.

fort, main wale. Préceinte de vibord, sheer rail. Préceinte supérieure or seconde et troisième préceintes, channel wale (this is separated in two on board French ships of war.)

PRECENTEUR, s. m. precentor.

PRECEPTE, prisept, s. m. precept, rule, lesson, command.

Précepteur, prà-sép-téur, s. m. preceptor, tutor or master.

PRECEPTORAL, E, adj. of or belonging to the preceptor.

PRÉCEPTORAT, prà-sép-tô-rà, s. m. tutor-

ship, tutor's place, preceptorship.

PRECEPTORIALE, pre-sep-to-rial, adj. & s. f. Une préceptoriale or une prébende précep-toriale, adj. preceptorial prebend. Préceptoriale, adj. preceptorial

PREORSSION, prh-se-slon, s. f. (terme d'as-

tronomie) proces

PRECHE, press, s. m. sermon; also meeting or church or chapel.
PRECHER, pre-sha, v. a. & n. to preach;

to cry up, praise, extol, to maintain.

Precheur, pre-sheur, s. m. preacher.

PRÉCIEUSEMENT, prà-slèuz-mên, adv.

choicely, charily.

PRÉCIEU-x, sx. prk-sleu, sleuz, adj. pre cious, of great price or value; dear; affected, finical, over-nice, precise. Une precisuse, an affected, finical or precise woman.

*PRECIOSITÉ, s. f. affectation, preciseness,

prudery.

PRÉCIPICE, prå-si-pls, s. m. precipice.
PRÉCIPITAMMENT, prå-si-pl-tà-mên, adv.
with precipitation, hastily, in haste, rashly.
PRÉCIPITATION, prå-si-pl-tà-sion, s.f. pre-

cipitation.

PRÉCIPITÉ, E, prà-si-pi-tà, adj. precipitated, thrown or fallen headlong into a precipice, rash, over hasty, precipitate, abrupi, hurried. Pracipita, pra-si-pi-ta, s. m. (in chemis-

try) precipitate.

PRÉCIPITER, prà-si-pi-tà, v. a. to precipitate, throw or cast down headlong; hurry, over-hasten, do in haste; (in chemistry) to precipitate. Se précipiter par or dans, to run swiftly or with violence upon or into, rush upon or into; make a stoop at.

PRÉCIPUT, prà-si-pù, s. m. (in law.) Le préciput d'une femme, a woman's jointure. PRÉCIS, E, prà-si, siz, adj. precise, cer-

tain, fixed, particular, distinct, exact.

Prácis, s. m. substance, summary. Prácisáment, prá-si-zá-mên, adv. pre-

cisely, exactly. Princision, pra-si-zion, s. f. precision.

Avec précision, precisely.
PRÉCOCE, pra-kôs, adj. forward, soon ripe,

early ripe.
PRÉCOCITÉ, prå-kô-sl-tå, s. f. precosity. PRECOMPTER, pra-kon-ta, v. a. to discount,

deduct PRÉCONISATEUR, s. m. (celui qui préconise.) V. Préconiser.

*Préconisation, prà-kô-nl-zà-sion, s. f. (Paction de préconiser.) V. Préconiser.
*Préconiser, prà-kô-nl-zà, v. a. to make

a report in the pope's consistory, that the person presented to a benefice is qualified for it; also to cry up, praise extravagantly.

PRÉCONISEUR, s. m. extoller, praiser. PRÉCURSEUR, prà-kur-seur, s. m. forerunner, harbinger.

PRÉDECÉDER, pri-di-si-di, v. n. todecease or die before

Prédécès, prå-då-sé, s. m. decease er death hefore that of another.

Prédécesseur, pra-da-sè-sèur, s. m. pre-

decessor.
PRÉDESTINATION, prà-dés-ti-nà-sion, s. f. predestination.

PRÉDESTINÉ, E, prà-dès-tl-nk, adj. pre-destinated. Les prédestinés, s. m. those that are predestinated.

PREDESTINER, prà-des-tl-nà, v. a. to predestinate. PREDETERMINATION, prh-dh-ter-mi-sh-

sion, s.f. predetermination.

PRÉDITERMINER, v. a. to predeterminate. PRÉDICABLE, prà-di-kabl, adj. predicable.

PREDICAMENT, prà-di-kà-men, s. m. pre-dicament (in logick.) Etre en loss or samuois prédicament, to have a good or an ill name. PREDICAME, prà-di-kan, s. m. protestant

preacher (in contempt.) PREDICATEUR, pri-di-ka-teur, preacher.

PRÉDICATION, pra-dl-ka-slow, s. f. preach-

ing; sermon.
PRÉDICTION, prà-dik-sion, s. f. prediction,

prophecy.

PRÉDILECTION, prà-di-lèk-don, s. f. par-tiality; preference of affection. PRÉDIRE, prà-dir, v. a. (like dire, except in the second pera. of the pres. of the indicat. vous prédisez, and of the imperative prédisez.) to foretel or prophesy.

PRÉDOBINANT, E, prà-dò-mì-mèn, nènt, adi, predominant, prevailing.
PRÉDOBINER, prà-dò-mì-mà, v. n. to predominate, prevail. PRÉÉMINENCE, prà-à-ml-nèus, s. f. pre-

eminence, advantage, prerogative. Рибеминент, в, pra-a-mi-nea, neat, adj.

pre-eminent.

PRÉÉTABLIR, v. a. to pre-establish. PRÉEXISTANT, E, adj. pre-existent. PRÉEXISTENCE, prà-èg-zls-tèns, s. f. preexistence.

Préexister, v. n. to pre-exist.

PRÉFACE, pra-fas. s. f. preface, preamble. PRÉFECT, V. Préfet.

PREFECTURE, prå-fek-tor, s. f. prefecture.

PRÉFÉRABLE, prà-fà-rabl, adj. preferable. PREFERABLEMENT, pra-fa-rabl-men, adv. preferably, by preference

PRÉFÉRENCE, prà-fà-rèns, s. f. preference. PRÉFÉRER.prà-fà-rà, v. a. to prefer, make

more account of, esteem more, set more by.
PRÉFET, prà-fè, s. m. prefect; overseer or chief master (of a college.)

PRÉFINIR, v. a. to act, determine, or appoint (law term.)

PRÉFIX, E, prà-fiks, adj. prefixed, appointed, determined, set, settled.
Préfixion, prà-fik-sion, s. f. (law term) prefixion. Pour tout préfixion de délai on lui a donné deux mois, the farthest time the court has allowed him is but two months.

PREGNANT or PREIGNANT, E, adj. acute, violent, sharp.

prh-zù-dis, s. m. prejudice, PREJUDICE,

damage, hurt, harm, detriment, lo *Prejudiciable, pre-ed-di-sibl, prejudicial, hurtful.

base, but : jeune, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

PRÉJUDICIEL, LE, adj. Ex. Question préjudicielle, to be determined before the main

PRÉJUDICIER, prà-zà-di-slà, v. n. to pre-judice, hurt, be hurtful.

PREJUGE, pra-zu-za, s. m. precedent; sign, omen, presage; prejudiciate opinion, preposomen, prosago: projection, prejudge, session, prejudge, prazueza, prazueza, prazueza, prazueza, prejudge, judge beforehand; to conjecture, guess at. Prazueza, far. V. Prelut.

*PRÉLASSER, (SE) sé-prá-là-så, v. r. to

strut, walk with great gravity.
PRELAT, pra-la, s. m. prelate, dignitary. Prélat, Mar. tarpauling. Prélat à canot, boat's covering. Prélats de bastingage, boat's covering. hammock cloths. Prélats des passe-avants, waist cloths.

PRELATION, S.f. prelation, preference given to one whose father held the same office.

PRÉLATURE, prå-lå-tur, s. f. prelacy, pre-

PRÉLE, prel, s. f. shave-grass or horsetail. PRÉLEGS, pra-le, s. m. legacy to be dis-

charged before any other.

PRELEGUER, pra-la-ga, v. a. to make a bequest to be discharged before any other le-

gacy.
PRELER, pre-la, v. a. to rub with shavegrams or horse-tail.

PRELEVENENT, s. m. deduction. PRELEVEN, pral-va, v. a. to deduct.

PRÉLIMINAIRE, prà-il-ml-ner, s. m. preliminary.

PRÉLIMINAIREMENT, adv. previously.

PRÉLIMINAIRES, s. m. pl. preliminaries.
PRÉLIMINAIRES, s. m. Ex. De la poudre de prélimpingins, powder of post, medicine that seither does hurt sor good.

Prílude, prá-lůd, s. m. prelude, flourish ; fore-runner.

PRELUDER, prh-lå-då, v. n. to prelude,

put an instrument in tune PRÉMATURÉ, E, prà-mà-tà-rà, adj. for-

ward, early, soon ripe, untimely.
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bar, bat, base : thère, ebb, over : field, fig : rôbe, rôb, lôrd : môod, gôod.

PRÉTEXTE, prà-têkst, s. m. pretence, pre-text, cloak, colour, blind, show, appearance. PRÉTEXTER, prà-teks-tà, v. a. to pretend,

to cloak under a pretence.

PRETINTAILLE, s. f. woman's trimmings,

trinkets, gewgaws, etc.

*PRÉTINTAILLER, v. a. to furbelow, trim.
PRÉTOIRE, prâ-twâr, s. m. prætor's house
or palace; judgment hall, common hall; place where the prætorian bands were lodged.

PRÉTORIEN, NE, prà-tô-riên, riên, adj.

prætorian.

PRÉTRAILLE, s. f. injurious name used by those who rail at priests.

PRÉTRE, prêtr, s. m. priest.
Prêtresse, prê-três, s. f. priestess.
Prêtresse, prê-três, s. f. priesthood.
PRÉTRES, prê-tdr, s. f. priesthood.
PRÉTURE, prê-tdr, s. f. priestorship, præ-

tor's dignity. PREUVE, preuv, s. f. proof, argument, evidence, ordeal.

*PREUX, preu, s. m. brave, stout. Les weuf preux, the nine worthies.

PREVALOIR, pra-va-lwar, v. n. to prevail, be prevalent, carry it. Se prévaloir de, v. r. to take advantage of, make use of, glory or pride in, value one's self upon.

PREVARICATEUR, pra-va-ri-ka-teur, a. m. prevaricator, double dealer, jack of both

sides, ambidexter.

PRÉVARICATION, prà-và-rl-kà-slon, s. f. prevarication, collusion, double dealing.

PREVARIQUER, pra-va-ri-ka, v. n. to pre-

varicate, betray a cause.

PRÉVENANCE, prav-nens, s. f. officious-ness, readiness to do a service before it is asked or expected.

PREVENANT, E, prav-nėn, nėnt, adj. preventing; agreeable, pre-engaging, kindly officious, obliging, ready to do a service before it is asked or expected. Soins prévenans. engaging ways or manners or attentions.

PREVENIR, prav-nir, v. a. (like venir) to guard against, prevent, obviate, come before, outstrip or get the start of, anticipate, be beforehand (with one in or by doing), pre-engage, prepossess, prejudice, bias, acquaint (one with,) inform (one of.) Cette femme le prévint par des attentions flatteuses, that woman came forward and met him with a mes væux sont prévenus et satisfaits, here nevertheless they meet and gratify all my wishes. Se prévenir pour or en faveur de, to be prepossessed in favour of, take a liking to. Se prévenir contre, to be prejudiced agrainst. Lake a dislike to. against, take a dislike to.

PREVENTION, pra-ven-sion, s. f. preven-tion, forestalling, anticipation; prejudice, pre-possession. Condamner par prevention, to condemn before a due trial.

PRÉVERU, E, prav-na, na, adj. prevented, etc. V. Prévenir ; also accused, arraigned, attainted and forestalled.

PREVISION, pra-vi-zion, s. f. foresight, fore-

seeing, foreknowledge.
PRÉVOIR, pra-vwar, v. a. to foresee, fore-

know, expect.

Privot, pri-vo, s. m. provost. Privot des
maréchaux, provost-marshal. Privot d'équipage, Mar. loblolly boy (on board French men of war, who is also employed to inflict punishments on the crew.)

PRÉVÔTAL, E, pre-vô-tal, adj. belonging to the jurisdiction of the provost. Un crime prévôtal, a crime punishable by the provostmarshal.

PRÉVOTALEMENT, prå-vô-iål-mên, adv.

by the provost, in the provost's court.

Pravora, pra-vo-ta, s. f. court of a provost-marshal; precincts and jurisdiction of a provost-marshal; provost's office or dignity.

PRÉVOYANCE, prà-vwà-yèns, s. f. foresight

or forecast. PRÉVOYANT, E, prà-vwà-yèn, yènt, adj.

provident, wary. PRIAPE, s. m. Priapus (lascivious god of

gardens.) PRIAPERS, s. f. pl. bawdy or smutty verses.

PRIAPISME, s. m. priapism.

Prix, prl-à, s. m. guest. V. Prier. Prix-Diru, prl-dlèu, s. m. private chapel;

desk to kneel and pray upon.

PRIER, pri-l, v. a. to pray, beseech, entreat, beg, desire, intercede, pray to, call upon; invite, bid. Prier quelqu'un, to ask Prier pour quelqu'un, to intercede for Prier au ciel, to pray to heaven. Prier one. à diner, to invite to dine.

PRIERE, pri-er, s. f. prayer, supplication,

entreaty, request, desire, petition. PRIEUR, pri-eur, s. m. prior.

Prieure, s. f. prioress.

PRIEURE, pri-cu-ra, s. m. priory, prior's house.

PRIMAT, pri-ma, s. m. primate, metropolitan.

PRIMATIAL, E, adj. belonging to a primate.

PRIMATIE, pri-ma-el, s. f. primacy.
PRIMAUTE, pri-mo-th, s. f. pre-eminence,
priority; the being elder (at play.)

PRIME, prim, s. f. primero; prime. De prime abord, at first, at first sight, at first blush. Prime (d'assurance,) premium of inqurance.

PRIMER, pri-ma, v. n. to be the first, excel others (top or overtop or surpass others.) Pri-mer, v. a. to prevent, get the start of, be beforeband with.

PRIMEUR, pri-meur, s. f. first coming in (of certain fruits.) Du vin dans la primeur, new wine.

PRIMEVERE, prim-ver, s. f. cowslip.

PRIMICÉRIAT, s. m. deanery. PRIMICIER, pri-mi-sià, s. m. dean (of some churches.)

PRIMIPILE, s. m. first centurion among the Romans.

PRIMITI-F, VE, pri-ml-tif, tiv, adj. primitive, first.

PRIMITIF, s. m. primitive, radical. PRIMITIVEMENT, pri-mi-tiv-men,

primitively. PRIMO, adj. firstly, in the first place.

PRIMOGENITURE, pri-mo-zk-ni-tor, s. f. birth right, primogeniture

PRIMORDIAL, E, pri-mor-dial, adj. primitive or primordial.

PRIMORDIALEMENT, adv. primitively.

PRINCE, priss, s. m. prince.
PRINCERIE, s. f. deanery, deanship.
PRINCESSE, princes, s. f. princess; mistress, miss, lady of pleasure.

PRINCIPAL, E, prin-st-pal, adj. principal, chief, main.

base, bût : jêûne, mêute, bêurre . ênfant, cênt, liên : vin : mon : brun.

PRÍNCIPAL, s. m. principal, main thing, main business or point or chance; head mas-

PRINCIPALEMENT, prin-sl-pål-men, adv. rincipally, chiefly, mainly, above all, particularly.

PRINCIPALITÉ, prin-sî-pâ-sî-tà, s. f. Ex. Principalité de collège, place of a principal or head master of a collège.

PRINCIPAUTE, prin-si-po-ta, s. f. principality.

PRINCIPE, princip, s. m. principle, first rule or procept, element.

PRINCIPION, prin-sl-plon, s. m. petty

prince.

PRINTANIER, E, prin-ta-nia, nier, adj. spring, of or belonging to the spring.

PRINTEMPS, prin-ten, s. m. spring, spring

PRIORITÉ, pri-ò-rì-th, s. f. priority.
PRIS, E, adj. (from Prendre) taken, etc.; fruzen up. Bien pris, well-shaped.
PRISE, priz, s. f. taking; hold; scuffle, quarrel, bickering; (de médecine) dose; (de cafe) dish; (de tabac) pinch. Prise de corps, distrant. Prise de corps. décret de prise de corps, warrant. Prise de possession, entering into or taking possession; induction. Prise d'habit, ceremony performed at one's taking of a monk's or nun's habit. Etre en prise, to he open or exposed, be in danger. Lacher prise, to let go one's hold. Downer prise, to give an advantage or opportunity, give a hold, expose one's self. aux prises, to be engaged. En renir aux prises, to engage, fight, come to blows, fall to loggerheads. Prise, Mar. prize. Faire une e, to make a prize or capture. Prendre possession d'une prise, to take possession of a prize. Mettre du monde à bord d'une prise, to put people on board a prize. Nous condiasons nos prises à Fulmouth, we carry our prizes to Falmouth. Déclarer de bonne prise, to declare a prize. Rester en possession d'une prise, to remain in possession of a

PRISÉE, pri-zà, s. f. prizing, valuing, rat-

ing, appraising.
Paisen, pri-za, v. a. to prize or appraise,
value, rate, set a price on; value or esteem.
Paisena, pri-zeur, s. m. appraiser, auc-

tionner. PRISMATIQUE, pris-mil-tik, adj. prismatick.

Paisar, prism, s. m. prism.

PRISON, pri-zon, s. f. gaol or jail, prison, custody, hold, imprisonment, confinement.
PRISONNIER, E, pri-zô-nia, nièr, s. m. &

f. prisoner.
PRITAINE, s. m. sort of magistrate at Athens

PRIVABLE, adj. deprivable.

*PRIVANCE, s. f. intimacy (with great peo-

PRIVATI-F, VE, prl-va-tif, thv, adj. privative.

PRIVATION, pri-va-sion, s. f. privation, want; privacy.

PRIVATIVEMENT, pri-va-tiv-men, adv. exclasively.

PRIVAUTÉ, pri-vo-tà,s. f. privity, intimacy, familiarity, private commerce.

PRIVE, E. pri-va, adj. deprived, bereft; privy : familiar, privy : tame.

Privé, s. m. privy, a house of office, necessary house.

PRIVEHENT, pri-va-men, adv. familiarly,

PRIVER, pri-va, v. a. to deprive, bereave, rob, withhold from. Se priver, v. r. to deprive one's self, abstain

PRIVILÉGE, pri-vi-lêz, s. m. privilege, prerogative, special grant, pre-eminence, liberty

PRIVILEGIÉ, E, pri-vi-là-zh, adj. & s. privileged, privileged person.
PRIX,pri, s. m. price, rate; value, worth;

expense. De prix, dear, precious, of value. Hors de prix, qui n'a point de prix, extraordinary dear, invaluable, inestimable. A prix d'argent, by dint of money. Au prix de, in comparison of, when compared with. Prix pour prix, according to the value of things.
PROBABILITÉ, pro-bà-bì-lì-tà, s. f. probability, likelihood.

PROBABLE, pro-babl, adj. probable, likely. PROBABLEMENT, pro-babl-men, adv. pro-

bably, likely.

*PROBAGE, s. m. layer of a vine. PROBANTE, pro-bent, adj. f. En forme probante, in an authentical form. Raison probante, convincing reason. PROBATION, pro-ba-sion, s. f. probation,

PROBATOIRE, adj. probatory.
PROBITE, pro-bl-ta, s. f. probity, honesty, integrity, uprightness, goodne

PROBLÉMATIQUE, pro-bla-ma-tik, adj.

problematical. Problématiquement, pro-bla-ma-ilk-

men, adv. problematically.
PROBLEME, pro-blem, s. m. problem.

PROBOSCIDE, s. f. proboscis.

PROCATHARTIQUE, adj. procathartick. PROCEDE, pro-sa-da, s. m. proceeding, procedure, dealing, carriage; quarrel, dis-

pute ; (en chimie) proces PROCEDER, pro-sk-dk, v. n. to proceed, come, be derived, spring, rise; to proceed, act, deal, behave; (en justice) to proceed (in

course of law.)

Procedure, pro-sa-dur, s. f. proceeding, course of pleading, process, practice or rules of a court

Proces, pro-se, s. m. action, suit, law-suit, cause, process, case; quarrel; particulars of a case, papers, writings belonging to a law-suit. Proces rerbal, verbal process. Faire le proces à, to condemn, reject. Faire un procès à quelqu'un, to enter an action against one, sue one at law. Faire le procès à quelqu'un, to try or arraign one. Juger un procès en fa-reur de quelqu'un, to give judgment in one's behalf.

Processi-r,ve, pro-se-sif, siv, adj. litigious or guarrelsome.

PROCESSION, pro-se-sion, s. f. procession;

(in theology) proceeding.
PROCESSIONNAL, pro-ee-slo-nal, s. m. pro-

cessional book. Processionnellement, pro-se-sio-nel-

men, adv. in a procession. PROCHAIN, E, pro-shin, shen, adj. next

nigh or near at hand.
PROCHAIN, s. m. neighbour; also fellow creature.

*PROCHAINEMENT.pro-chen-men,adv.next

bar, bat, base : thère, êbb, over : field, fig : rôbe, rôb, lôrd : môod, gôod.

Proche, prosh, adj. near, next; near at

hand; s. m. near kinsman, relation.

Proche de, tout proche de, prep. near, next, hard by, close to. The observation on pres is applicable to proche.

PROCHE, adv. hard by, just by. De proche

en proche, close, one after another.
PROCHRONISME, s. m. prochronism (dating of a fact too far back.)
PROCLAMATION, pro-kla-ma-slon, s. f. pro-

clamation, proclaiming.
PROCLAMER, pro-kla-ma, v. a. to proclaim,

publish.

Proconsul, pro-kon-sal, s. m. proconsul. Proconsulat, pro-kon-sa-la, s. m. pro-

consulship PROCRÉATION, pro-kra-a-slon, s. f. procreation.

PROCRÉER, pro-kra-a, v. a. to procreate,

beget. Procurateur, pro-kû-râ-têur, s. m. pro-

PROCURATION, pro-ku-ra-sion, s. f. letter

or power of attorney.
PROCURATRICE, pro-ku-ra-tris, s. f. proxy.
PROCURER, pro-ku-ra, v. a. to procure,

get, help to, cause, draw or bring upon. PROCUREUR, pro-ka-reur, s. m. attorney; proxy.

Procureuse, pro-ku-reuz, s. m. attorney's

PRODIGALEMENT, pro-df-gål-men, adv. prodigally, profusely, lavishly, wastefully.
PRODIGALITÉ, pro-df-gå-lf-tå, s. f. prodigally, profuseness, lavishness, wastefulness.

PRODICE, pro-diz, s. m. prodigy, prodigious or wondrous thing, wonderful piece of, wonderful person for. Un prodige de cruanté, a monster of cruelty.

PRODIGIEUSEMENT, pro-di-zièuz-mên, adv. prodigiously, wonderfully, extremely,

Prodigieu-x, se, pro-dî-zieu, zieuz, adj.

prodigious, wondrous, extreme, vast.
PRODIGUE, pro-dig, adj. & s. prodigal, profuse, lavish, wasteful, riotous; spendthrift. PRODIGUER, pro-di-ga, v. a. to spend pro-

digally, consume, lavish, be prodigal or lavish of, waste. Prodiguer sa vie, to expose or venture or hazard one's life.

PRODITOIREMENT, pro-di-twar-men, adv. traitorously.

PRODUCTION, pro-duk-slon, s. f. production, product, work; proof or evidence produced.

PRODUIRE, pro-dulr, v. a. (See the table at uire) to produce, yield, bring forth; to yield, be worth, to beget; to cause, occasion; to make, write, compose; to show; to introduce, make known; to prostitute, expose. Se pro-duire, to make one's self known, put one's self forward.

PRODUIT, E, adj. (from produire) produced, yielded, brought forth, etc.
PRODUIT, pro-ddi, s. m. product, produce.

*PROEME, s. m. proem.

PROÉMINENCE, s. f. prominency. PROÉMINENT, adj. prominent.

PROFANATEUR, pro-fa-na-teur, s. m. profaner.

PROFANATION, pro-fa-na-sion, s. f. profanation.

PROFAME, pro-fan, adj. profane, irreligious, impious.

PROFANE, s. m. profane, ungodly or impious man.

PROFANER, pro-fa-na, v. a. to profane ar abuse.

Proférer, pro-fa-ra, v. a. to utter, speak. Profits, se, pro-fe, fes, s. m. & f. a professed monk or nun

Professer, pro-fe-sa, v. a. to profess, be

professor of, teach, practise.

Professor, pro-fe-seur, s. f. professor, a publick reader.

PROFESSION, pro-fe-sion, s. f. profession, calling condition, trade, art, entering into any religious order, confession or seknot ledgment. ledgment. Faire profession d'une religion, to profess a religion.

PROFESSORAL, E, adj. belonging to a professor.

PROFESSORAT, s. m. professorship

PEOFIL, pro-fil, s. m. profile, side (of a thing.)

PROFILER, pro-fi-là, v. n. to draw or paint in a profile.

PROFIT, pro-fil, s. m. profit, gain, benefit, emolument, advantage, interest; progress, advancement, proficiency, improves Faites-en votre profit, make the best of it. improvement.

PROFITABLE, pro-ff-tabl, adj. profitable, useful, beneficial, advantageous.

PROFITER, pro-ff-ta, v. n. to get, profit, be profitable, reap advantage, take advantage, improve, thrive, make some progress, get (by a thing.) Profiler du temps, to take advantage of the times.

Profoun, E, pro-fow, fond, adj. deep, and shallow, profound, high, great, deeply learned; low, abstruse, difficult.

PROFONDÉMENT, pro-fon-de-mên, adv. deeply, deep, profoundly, very low.
PROFONDEUR, pro-fon-deur, s. m. deep-

ness, depth, profundity, height.
PROFUSÉMENT, pro-fu-al-men, adv. pro-fusely, prodigally, layishly.

Profusion, pro-fu-zion, s. f. profuseness, profusion, lavishness, prodigality, plenty, excessive plenty.

PROGNOSTIC, V. Pronostic. PROGRAMME, pro-gram, s. m. bill set up to give publick notice of the exercise to be per-

formed in the school or college.

PROGRES, pro-gre, s. m. progress. Progressi-r, ve, pro-gre-sii, siv, adj. progressive.

l'ROGRESSION, pro-gre-sion, s. f. progres-

sion.

PROGRESSIVENENT, adv. progressively. PROHIBER, pro-1-bil, v.a. to prohibit, forbid. PROHIBITI-F, VE, adj. prohibitory. PROHIBITION, pro-1-bi-slon, s. & prohibi-

Proie, prwa, s. f. prey, booty.

proie à, to be a prey to, be expessed to.
PROJECTILE, pro-zek-til, adj. & s.m. proiectile.

PROJECTION, pro-zek-sion, s. f. projection; casting. Poudre de projection, projectionpowder.

PROJET, pro-ze, s. m. project, design, pur-pose, intent; rough draught, scheme.

PROJETER, proz-th, v. a. to project, design, purpose or intend

PROLATION, pro-là-slose, s. f. prolation.

base, but : jeane, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun,

Proligorines, pro-la-go-men, s. m. pl.

r ROLEGHENES, pro-m-go-men, s. m. pl. prologomens, long preface or proem.

PROLETER, s. f. prolepsis.
PROLITEROR, pro-liks, adj. prolitek.
PROLIXER, pro-liks, adj. prolix, long, tedious.
PROLIXEMENT, pro-liks-men, adv. tedious-

PROLIXITÉ, pro-lik-sl-th, s. f. prolixity.

PROLOGUE, pro-log, s. m. prologue. PROLOGUE, pro-lon-gh-slon, s. f. pro-

longing, lengthening, delay.

PROLOGGEMENT, adv. extension, continu-

PROLONGER, pro-lon-zh, v. a. to prolong,

ngthen, spin or stretch out. Prolonger, Mar. Prolonger un bâtiment, to lay a ship along side of another. It faut promger notre bordée jusqu'à terre, we must stretch close in shore. La côte se prolonge dans

le sud-est, the coast stretches to the south-east. PROMENADE, prom-nad, s.C. walk, walking. PROMERER, prom-na, v. a. to walk, lead about. Promener sa vue sur plusieurs objets, to carry one's sight from one object to another. Promener son esprit sur, to run over in one's mind. Se promener, v. r. to walk, take a walk; to take an airing; (en voiture, à cheval) to ride ; (sur l'eau) to go in a boat, etc. Envoyer promener quelqu'un, to send one

a packing. PROMENOIR, prom-nwar, s. m. walk, walk-

ROMESSE, pro-mes, s. f. promise; note of hand.

PROMETTEU-B, SE, prô-mê-têur, têuz, s. m. & f. promiser; one that promises much and performs but little.

PROMETTRE, pro-metr, v. a. (like metre) to promise, ongage, give hopes, give reason to expect. Se prometre, v. r. to promise one's self, hope, expect, be resolved.

ROMINENCE, s. f. prominency.

PROMINENT, adj. prominent.

PROMINER, v. n. to rise above a thing. PROMIS, B, adj. (from Promettre) promis-

PROMISSION, S. S. Ex. La terre de promis-

on, the promised land. PROMORTOIRE, pro-mon-twar, s. m. pro-

montory, cape, head land

PROMOTEUR, pro-mo-teur, s. m. promoter; proctor (in an ecclesiastical court;) overseer (of the schools.)

PROMOTION, pro-mo-slon, s. f. promotion, advancement.

*Promouvoir, pro-moo-vwar, v. a. (like

moments) to promote, raise, advance, prefer.
PROMPT, E, pron, promt, adj. quick, sudden, speedy, swift, ready, nimble, active, hassoon angry, passionate.

ty, soon angry, passionate.
PROMPTEMENT, pront-men, adv. readily, quickly, nimbly.

PROMPTITUDE, pros-ti-tud, s.f. readiness, mickness, speed, haste , hastiness ; passion, fit of anger.

PROMPTUAIRE, s. m. abridgment (of the civil law.)

PROMU, R, adj. promoted, etc. V. Promananoir.

PROMULGATION, pro-mul-ga-sion, s. f. promalgation.
PROMULGUER, prô-můl-gå, v. a. to pro-

PROMULAGE, promulge.

*Pronation, prô-nà-slos, s. f. pronation. PRONE, pron, s. m. a kind of homily or discourse made every Sunday by the priest for the instruction of his parishioners : preaching, lecture, remonstrance.

*Pronze, pro-na, v. n. to make a discourse,

preach.

Proner, v. a. to praise, cry up, preach up; to preach, hold forth. PRONEU-R, SE, pro-ndur, neuz, s. m. & f.

great talker; also praiser.

PRONOMINAL, E, pro-no-mi-nail, adj. pronominal.

PROBORGER, prò-non-sì, v. a. to pronounce, speak, deliver; to pass one's verdiet or judgment, decide. Prononcer la sentence à un criminel, to pass sentence upon or read the sentence to a criminal. Traits prononces, striking features.

PRONONCIATION, pro-non-sid-slon, s. f. pro-nunciation, pronouncing, speaking, delivery;

(d'une sentence) reading.
PRONOSTIC, prò-nòs-tik, s. m. prognostick,

presage, omen, conjecture.

*Pronostication, s. f. prognostication,

"PRONOSTICATION, s. 1. proprognostick.
PRONOSTIQUER, pro-nos-ti-kl, v. a. to
prognosticate, presage, foretel, conjecture.
PRONOSTIQUEUR, pro-nos-ti-keur, s. m.
prognosticator, foreteller.
PROPAGANDE, pro-pa-gand, s. f. society
for the propagation of the gospel.
PROPAGATEUR, pro-pa-ga-teur, s. m. propagator.

pagator.
Propagation, pro-pa-ga-sion, s.f. propa-

gation. PROPAGER, (SE) v. r. to spread, extend

itself, increase. Propension, pro-pension, s.f. propension,

propensity, inclination.
PROPHETE, pro-fet, s. m. prophet.

Prophétesse, pro-f à tes, s. f. prophetess. PROPRÉTIE, pro-fâ-si, s. f. prophecy. PROPRÉTIQUE.pro-fâ-tik, adj. prophe

prophetick. PROPHÉTIQUEMENT, pro-fa-tik-men,adv. prophetically.

Prophériser, pro-fa-ti-zi, v. a. to prophesy.

PROPRYLACTIQUE, s. f. prophylactick. PROFICE, pro-pls, adj. propitious. Dieu me soit propice, so help me God.

PROPITIATION, pro-pi-sik-sion, s. f. propitiation, atonement.

PROPITIATOIRE, pro-pi-sia-twar, adj. &

s. m. propitiatory.
PROPOLIS, s. f. wax (with which bees stop) the cracks of their hires.)

PROPORTION, pro-por-sion, s. f. proportion. Compas de proportion, sector. A proportion de, adv. proportionable, proportionably or according to.

PROPORTIONNALITÉ, s. f. proportionality. PROPORTIONNÉ, E, pro-por-siò-na, adj. proportioned, proportionable, commensurate,

fit, fitted. PROPORTIONNÉMENT, adv. proportiona-

bly, with or in proportion.
PROPORTIONNEL, LE, pro-por-sio-nel, adj.

proportional.
Proportionnellement, nel-men, adv. proportionably, with or in proportion.

bar, bat, base: thère, èbb, over: fleld, fig: rôbe, rôb, lord: môod, gôod.

Proportionner, pro-por-sid-na, v. a. to [

proportion, adjust, fit, proportionate.

Propos, pro-po, s. m. discourse, words, talk; purpose, design, resolution: also proposal.

A propos, fit, fitting, convenient, proper; to the purpose, opportunely, seasonably, in time, partly, a-propos; now I think of it (and similar expressions implying recollection.) A propos de bottes, without seuse or reason. propos de rien, without any relation to what went before, without any introduction, for nothing at all. A tout propos, ever and anon, at every turn. Hore de propos, and à propos, unfit, improper, impertinent, unseasonable; and adverbially, improperly, unseasonably, preposecously, without a cause.
PROPOSABLE, pro-po-zabl, adj. that may be proposed or offered or moved.
PROPOSABLE, pro-po-zabl, adj. that may be proposed or offered or moved.

PROPOSANT, pro-po-zen, s. m. one that of-fers; also student in divinity so far a proficient as to make sermons.

Proposer, pro-po-za, v. a. to propose,

propound, offer, set forth, move.

Proposer, v. n. to propose, to offer for examination or trial. Se proposer, v. r. to purpose, mean, intend, design.

PROPOSITION, pro-po-zi-sion, s. f. proposition; proposal; motion; (sermon de proposant) trial-sermon. Proposition d'erreur, writ of errour. Pain de proposition, shew-bread.

PROPRE, propr, adj. proper; peculiar, particular; fit, convenient; good; apt; neat, de-cent, spruce, fine, genteel; very, very same, own. Ses propres paroles, his own words. Le nom propre, the family name. PROPRE, s. m. natural disposition, proper-

ty, part; proper sense or signification; estate inberitance, real estate. Posseder en

propre, to be the rightful owner.

PROPREMENT, propr-men, adv. properly, proper, in a proper sense, in a clean manner, neatly, finely. A proprement parler, strictly speaking.

PROPRET, TE, pro-pre, pret, adj. nest,

PROPRETÉ, propr-tà, s. f. neatness, cleanness, cleanliness. PROPRIÉTAIRE, pro-pri-à-ter, s. m. & f.

proprietor, proprietary, owner, possessor, landlord or landlady.

PROPRIÉTÉ, pro-pri-à-th, s. f. property, right, exclusive right, natural virtue or quality, essential quality; propriety.
PRORATA, (AU) de, o-pro-ra-ta-de, in proportion of, proportionably to.

Proposation, pro-ro-ga-slon, s. f. proro-gation, putting off, delay.

PROROGER, pro-ro-ra, v. a. to prolong, prorogate, put off, (le parlement) to prorogue.

PROS, s. m. Mar. proa (boat peculiar to the Ladrones or Marianne islands.)

PROSATQUE, pro-zà-îk, adj. prosaick. PROSATEUR, pro-za-teur, s. m. prose-wri-

ter, writer in prose.

PROSCRIPTION, pros-krip-slon, s. f. pro-

scription, out-lawry.
PROSCRIRE, pros-krir, v. a. (like écrire) to proscribe, out-law, banish; (un mot) to expunge.

PROSCRIT, E, pros-kri, krit, adj. proscribed, out-lawed, banished; (mot proscrit) word out of use, obsolete expression

PROSCRIT, s. m. bui-law.

PROSE, proz, s. f. prose. Prostiture pro-za-lh, s.m. & f. proselyie,

new convert.

PROSELYTISME, s. m. proselytism. PROSODIE, pro-zo-di, s. f. prosody.

Prosonique, pro-zo-dik, adj. of or belong-

ing to prosody.
PRUSUPOPEE, pro-zo-po-pa, s. f. prosopopœia.

PROSPECTUS, pros-pek-ids, s. m. plan or specimen of an intended publication.

PROSPÈRE, pros-per, adj. propitious, fa-

vourable, prosperous.

Prosperence, pros-pa-ra, v. n. to prosper, thrive, be fortunate or successful. Faire pros-

PROSPÉRITÉ, prosperity, happiness, good luck, good fortune, good success. Surrifice de prospérité, sacrifice of peace-offering.

PROSTERNATION, pros-ter-na-slon, s. f.

prostration.

Prosterné, e, adj. prostrate. PROSTERNEMENT, prostern-men, s. m. prostration.

Prosterner, (se) se-pros-ter-de, v. r. to prostrate one's self, to cast one's self at a person's feet.

PROSTITUÉ, z, prôs-tl-tū-k, adj. prosti-tuted, exposed, devoted, addicted.

PROSTITUÉE, s. f. prostitute, whore, common strumpet.

PROSTITUER, pros-ti-th-a, v. a. to prosti-tute, expose, make prostitute of.

PROSTITUTION, pros-ti-to-slow, s. f. life of a prostitute, lewdness, prostitution. PROSTRATION, s. f. prostration.

PROTASE, pro-thz, s. f. protasis.

PROTE, prot, s. m. corrector of the press. PROTECTEUR, pro-tek-teur, s. m. protector, defender.

PROTECTION, pro-tek-slow, s. f. protection, defence, patronage. Le bâtiment chasse se retire sous la protection de ce fort, Mar. the chase gets under cover of that fort.

PROTECTRICE, pro-tick-tris, s.f. protectress. PROTEE, pro-tia, s. m. Proteus; also a kind of reptile, animalcule and plant.

PROTÉGÉ, E, pro-ta-sa, adj. & s. protected, defended; countenanced, patronised, one who is protected, etc.

PROTEGRA, pro-tă-ză, v. a. to protect, de-fend, countenance, patronise. Nous derous protéger le débarquement des troupes, Mar. we are to cover the landing of the troops.

PROTEST, V. Protet PROTESTANT, pro-les-ten, tent, adj. & s.

protestant. PROTESTANTISME, pro-tes-ten-tism, s. m.

protestant religion. PROTESTATION, pro-ies-ia-sion, s. f. pro-

testation, declaration; solemn promise or vow. PROTESTER, pro-tes-ta, v. n. to protest, so-

lemnly to promise, affirm, declare, vow or swear; (une lettre de change) to protest.

PROTET, prô-tè, s. m. protest. PROTOCOLE, prô-tô-kôl, s. m. protocol. PROTONOTAIRE, prô-tô-nô-tèr, s. m. prothonotary.

PROTOTYPE, pro-10-tlp, s. m. prototype, model, original.

PROTUBÉRANCE, pro-td-ba-rèns, s. f. protuberance.

buse, but : jeune, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

*Prou, pròo, adv. enough, sufficiently, much, many.

PROUE, s. f. Mar. prow, beak; also head or fore part of a ship. Voir par proue, to see

*PROUESSE, proo-es, s. f. prowess, valiant or mighty act, exploit (in pleasantry.)

PROUVER, proo-va, v. a. to prove, make good, make out, evince.

PROVEDITEUR, pro-va-di-teur, s. m. prove-

ditor (a magistrate of Venice.)
PROVENANT, E, provenen, nent, adj. pro-

ceeding, issuing out, coming, accruing.

PROVENÇAL, E, adj. & s. of or belonging to Provence.

*Provence, s. f. provender, provisions. Provenir, provenir, v. n. (like venir) to come, proceed, issue, accrue.

PROVENU, E, prov-nu, nu, adj. come or pro-

ceeded. PROVERU, s. m. profit, produce. Net prove-

mu, neat proceeds. PROVERBE, pro-verb, s. m. proverh, say-

ing, common saying.
PROVERBIAL, E, prô-vêr-blâl, adj. pro-

verbial.

PROVERBIALEMENT, pro-ver-blal-men, adv. proverbially, by way of proverb.

PROVIDENCE, pro-vi-dens.s.f. providence.
PROVIGNE, E, adj. propagated, laid down

or set for increase.

PROVIGNER, pro-vi-gna, (la vigne) v. a. to propagate the vine, lay a vine-stock in the ground that others may come from it.

Prorigner, v. n. to breed, increase, multiply. Provin, pro-vin, s. m. layer of a vine; new vine-sprig.

PROVINCE, pro-vins, s. f. province; county, shire; the country. Gens de province, coun-Terme de province, provincial or try-people. country word.

PROVINCIAL, E, pro-vin-sial, adj. provincial, of or belonging to a province; country-like.

PROVINCIAL, s. m. a provincial. Provin-

cial, e, s. m. & f. one born and bred in the

COURTY, COUNTY-man or woman.
PROVINCIALAT, pro-vin-sia-la, s. m. provincial's dignity, provincialship.

PROVISEUR, pro-vi-zeur, s. m. provisor or master of a college.

Provision, pro-vi-zion, s.f. provision, stock; grant or patent; nomination, presentation. Provision atmentaire, provision for one's maintenance, estover. Provisions de guerre et de bouche, stores, provisions and warlike stores

Provisionnel, i.e., pro-vi-zlo-nel, adj. provisional.

PROVISIONNELLEMENT, prô-vi-ziô-nêimes, adv. provisionally, by provision.

PROVISOIRE & PROVISOIREMENT. A-zwar, pro-vi-zwar-men. V. Provisionnel, Provisionnellement.

PROVOCATION, pro-vo-ka-sion, s. f. provocation.

PROVOQUER, pro-vo-ka, v. n. to provoke, urge, challenge, stir up, cause.
PROXENETE, s. m. broker (in a bad sense.)

PROXIMITÉ, prok-si-mi-tà, s. f. proximity, nearness; kindred.

PRUDE, prud, adj. & s. discreet, wise, sober, staid, precise man or woman.

PRUDEMMENT, prů-dà-mên, adv. prudently. wisely, discreetly, advisedly.

PRUDENCE, prå-dens, s. f. prudence, wisdom, discretion, advisedness

PRUDENT, E, prů-dên, dent, adj. prudent, wise, discreet, advised.

PRUDERIE, prôd-ri, s. f. prudery, preciseness, affected virtue, reserve, shyness.

"PRUD'HOMME, prô-dôm, s. m. (law term)

viewer, skilful person.

*Prud'Hommes, s. m. pl. Mar. men chosen from the oldest and most reputable fishermen (in a French sea-port) to have an authority over the rest, and to keep good order among

"Prun' Hommie, pro-do-mi,s.f. probity, benesty, prudent carriage or behaviour.

PRUNE, prun, s. f. plum. Ce ne sont pas là des prunes, those are no trifling things.

PRUNEAU, prů-nô, s. m. prune. Prunelaie, průn-lè, s. f. field planted with plum-trees.

PRUNELLE, prû-nel, s. f. sloe, bullace, wild plum; (de l'œil) apple, ball or sight. Jouer de la prunelle, to cast sheep's eyes, leer or ogle.

PRUNEILIER, prů-nê-lià, s. m. sloe or bullace-trec.

PRUNIER, prd-nft, s. m. plum-tree. PRURIT, prd-rd, s. f. itch or itching. PRYTANKE, s. m. council-house at Athens. PSALMISTE, psål-mist, s. m. psalmist. PSALMODIE, psål-mo-di, s. f. psalmody PSALMODIER, psal-mo-dla, v. n. to sing psalms.

PSALTÉRION, psalt-ta-rion, s. m. psaltery. PSAUME, s. m. psalm.
PSAUTIER, pso-th, s. m. psalter.

PSEUDONYME, pseudonymous.

Psora, sam. itch. PSYCOLOGIE, psi-kô-lô-zi, s. f. psychology. PTARMIQUE, adj. that causes sneezing. PTISANE, V. Tisane.

PTYALAGOGUE, adj. & s. m. ptysmagogue.

PTYALISME, s. m. ptyalism.
PUAMMENT, pd-1-men, adv. stinkingly, in a stinking manner. Mentir puamment, to tell

a great or an impudent or a rousing lic.
PUANT, E, på-en, ent, adj. & s. stinking, strong; stinking man or woman. Deverto puant, to begin to stink.

PUANTEUR, på-en-teur, s. f. stink or stench, ill or strong smell.

Pubine, på-ber, adj. of age for marriage, pubescent.

PUBERT'S, på-bêr-tå, s. f. puberty.
PUBLI-c, QUE, på-bilk, adj. publick or
common; publick, publickly known.
PUBLIC, s. m. publick. En public, in pub-

lick, publickly.
Publicate, pû-bij-kin, s. m. publican.

Publication, publi-ka-sion, s. f. publication.

PUBLICISTE, pû-blî-sîst, s. m. one who writes or makes lectures on the common law. PUBLICITÉ, på-bil-sl-ta, s. f. (d'un crime)

publickness, notoriousness or notoriety. PUBLIER, på-bli-å, v. a. to publish, make publick, make known, divulge, noise abroad.

Publiquement, publik-men, adv. publickly, in publick openly, before all the world.

PUCE, pos, s. f. a flea. Herbe aux puces, flea-bane, flea-wort,

bar, bat, base : thère, ebh, over : fleld, fig : robe, rob, lord : mood, good.

Puquau, pa-so, s. m. man that retains his

PUCELAGE, pos-laz, s. m. maiden-head,

virginity.
PUCELLE, pù-sel, s. f. maid, virgin.

PUCERON, pas-ron, s. m. vine-fretter. PUDEUR, pa-leur, s. f. pudicity, chastity, modesty, virtue, honesty, bashfulness, shamefacerite

Pudibond, и, på-df-bon, bond, adj. bashful, modest.

Publicité, ph-dl-sl-th, s. f. pudicity, chastity, modesty, virtue, honesty.
PUDIQUE, pů-dik, adj. chaste, modest, ho-

PUDIQUENERT, på-dik-men, adv. chaste-ly, modestly, honestly. PUER, på-å, v. n. to stink, to smell strong. This verb has no preterit, and its singular in the present indicative was je pus, is pus, il put, but is now je pue, tu pues, il pue. It is considered an indelicate word, and Sentir mau-Vais is used in its stead.
PUERIL, E, pu-a-ril, adj. puerile.

Purricenent, på-a-ril-men, adv. childishly, like a child.

Pubrilita, pa-a-ri-fi-ta, s. f. puerility, childish trick.

Pugilat, pd. rl-ia, s. m. boxing.
Pugilat, s. m. pugil, a pinch (of any thing.)
Puin s. s., pul-na, adj. & s. younger.
Puss, poll, adv. then, after that, afterwards.

RUISARD, pol-zar, s. m. waste well, drain-

ing well.
Puiser, pal-za, v. a. & n. to draw up.

eousult the original authors.
Puises, V. Puise.
Puisque, puisk, coaj. seeing, since, seeing that, since that.

Puissamment, poil-sa-men, adv. with main force, powerfully, mightily, extremely, very much.

Puissance, pol-sens, s. f. power, authority, might, dominion, empire, sway, state or sovereign state, virtue, faculty, natural quality.

Puissance du glaire, power of life and death. Puissance des cless, power to remit sins.

Puissant, E, pul-sen, sent, adj. powerfal, mighty, puissant, potent; strong, stout, lusty, enforcing, forcible, efficacious.

Puirs, pål, s. m. well. Mar. pit. Pulluler, pål-lå-lå, v. n. to pallulate, increase, multiply.

PULMONAIRE, poll-mo-ner, adj. pulmonar

PULMONAIRE, s. f. lung wort, lady's wild

PULMONIE, poll-mo-nd, s. f. consumption. PULMONIQUE, půl-mô-ník, adj. & s. con-

sumptive, consumptive person.
PULPE, pulp, s. f. pulp.
PULSATION, pull-si-sion, s. f. pulsation or beating of the pulse.

PULVERISATION, s. f. pulverization.

PULVERISER, pôl·và-ri-zà, v. a. to pulver-ize, reduce to or beat into powder. PUMICIN, s. m. palm-oil. PUNAIS, E, pôl-nê, nêz, adj. & s. that has a stinking nose.

PURAISE, s. f. bed-bug. Punique, adj. punick, false.

Punia, pa-nir, v. a. to punish, bring to punishment, inflict a punishment.

Punissable, pů-nî-sabl, adj. punishable.

PUNITION, pù-nl-sion, s. f. punishment. PUPILLAIRE, pù-pll-lèr, adj. papillary. PUPILLAIRE, pù-pll-là-ri-tà, af. pupilage. PUPILLE, pù-pll, s. m. & f. pupil, ward, orphan under age, scholar; s. f. eyeball, pupil, or apple of the eye.

PUPITRE, på-plur, s. m. desk.

PUR, E, pur, pur, adj. pure, unanixed, without mixture, clear, downright, entire, whole, honest, innocent, upright, clean, neat, fair, unspotted. En pure perte, in vain, to no purposes. A pur et à plein, to all intents and purposes, entirely.

Punez, pu-ra, s. f. pease-soup or peaseporridge.

PUREMENT, pur-men, adv. uprightly, honestly, innocently; purely, neatly, exactly; wholly, fully, entirely; merely, clearly.

PURETE, pur-ta, s. f. pureness, clearness, uprightness, neatness, exactness, purity, integrity, honesty, innocence; chastity, modes-

ty. Purgati-f, ve, pår-gå-df, tiv, adj. pargauve, purging.

PURGATIF, s. m. purge, purging medicine. PURGATION, purga-sion, s. f. purge, purging medicine.

PURGATOIRE,por-gh-twar,s.m. purgatory. PURGER, pur-za, v. a. to purge, clear, cleanse, refine. Se purger, v. r. to take a purge, take physics; clear one's self from the imputation of. Purger la côte, to scour the coast.

Purification, på-rl-fl-kå-slon, s. f. parification.

PURIFICATOIRE, på-rl-fl-kk-twår, s. m. porificatory.

PURIFIER, pd-rl-fl-å, v. a. to purify, cleanse, purge, clear. Se purifer, v. r. to purify one's self, be purified or cleansed or cleansed. PURIM, s. m. (Jewish festival) purini.

PURISHE, pd-rism, s. m. the being over mce

PURITAIN, på-ri-tin, s. m. purist.
Puritain, på-ri-tin, s. m. purist. byterian.

PURITANISME, s. m. puritanism, the notions of a puritan. PUBPURIN, E, par-po-rim, rin, adj. perplish.

PURULENCE, s. f. purulency.

PURULENT, E, pů-rů-lèn, lênt, adj. purulent. Pus, pa, s. m. matter, corruption

PUSILIANIEE, pû-zîl-îl-nîse, adj. pusilian-imous, faint-hearted, cowardly.
PUSILIANIEETE, pû-zîl-îl-nî-nî-sî, s. £.
pusillanimity, faint-heartedness, cowardice. PUSTULE, pas-tal, s. f. blister. wheel, pim-

PUTAIN, s. f. whore, wench, harlot, presti-

tute, strumpet, doxy. PUTANISME, s. m. whoring, weaching,

whoredom. PUTASSERIE, s. f. whoredom.

PUTASSIER, s. m. whoremaster, wencher, fornicator.

PUTATI-F, VE, pu-th-tif, tiv, adj. reputed, supposed. Ex. Un père putatif, a reputed ar supposed father.
Purois, pu-twh, s. m. pole cat.

PUTREFACTION. pd-til-fak-slon, s. f. pu-Il trefaction, rottenness, corruption.

bûse, bût : jêûne, mêute, bêurre : ênfânt, cênt, liên : vin : mon : brun.

PETRÉFAIT, E, pû-trà-fê, fêt, adj. putre-

fied, rotten, corrupt, stinking.
Putrefier, po-tra-fla, v. n. to putrefy, rot, corrupt. Se putréfier, v. r. to putrefy, corrupt, rot, grow rotten.

PUTRIDE, på-erid, adj. putrid.
PUTRIDE, på-erid, adj. putrid.
PYEMÉR, plg-må, s. m. pigmy, dwarf.
PYLORE, pl-lör, s. m. pylorus.
PYRAMIDAL, E, pl-rà-mi-dàl, adj. pyramidal, pyramidical. PYRAMIDE, pi-ra-mid, s. f. pyramid, heap,

funeral pile.

Prrinces, (LES) s. f. pl. or les monts Py-

rénées, s. m. pl. the Pyrenees, the Pyrenean hille

PTRITE, pl-rit, s. f. pyrites.

PTROBOLISTE, s. m. fire worker.

PTROMANCIE, pl-rô-man-sl,s. f. pyromancy.

PYROPHORE, s. m. pyrophorus.
PYROTECHSIE, pl - ro-tek-nl, s. f. pyro-

techny. Pyrotecunique, pi-ro-tek-nik, adj. py-

rotechnical. Pyrotique, adj. & s. m. pirotick, caus-

PYRRHIQUE, s. f. port of military dance. PYRRHONIEN, RE, pl-ro-nlen, nlen, adj. & a pyrrhonian, sceptick.

PTRRHONISME, pl-ro-alem, s. m. pyrrhonism, scepticism.

Рутнов, pl-ton,s. m. Python, familiar and prophesying spirit or one possessed there-

PYTHONISSE, pl-tô-nls, s. f. pythoness, sorcereas, witch, prophetess.

Q, ku, s. m. 17th letter of the French alphabet.

QUADERNES, & m. two fours.

Quadragénaire, kwh-drh-2h-der, adj. forty years old.

QUADRAGÉSIMAL, E, kwå-drå-zå-zå-mål, adj. quadragesimal, of or belonging to Lent. QUADRAGÉSIME, kwå-drå-zå-zåm, s. f. QUADRAGÉSINE, kwā-drā-zā-zīm, quadragesima, the first Sunday in Lent. QUADRAIN, V. Quadrain.

QUADRANGLE, kwh-drengl, s. m. quad-

rangle. QUADRANGULAIRE, kwå-drèn-gå-lèr, adj.

nadrangular. QUADRAT, kå-drå, s. m. (in printing)

quadrat : (in astrology) quartile.
QUADRATURE, kwā-drā-tur, s. f. quadrainre

QUADRIFOLIUM, s. m. sort of four-leaved

QUADRIGE, s. m. two wheeled car drawn by four horses, a sort of bandage

QUADRILATÈRE, kwa-dri-la-ter, s. m.

quadrilateral figure.

QUADRILLE, kā-drll, s. m. troop of horse for a carousal or tournament; four-handed game at cards.

Quadrur Ede, kwa-drā-pēd, s. m. quadruped or four-footed beast.

QUADRUPLE, kwå-dråpl, s. m. quadruple, four-fold, double Spanish pistole.

QUADRUPLER. kwa-drd-pla, v. a. & n. to quadruplicate, be increased four fold.

QUAI, kê, s. m. quay, key, wharf. Quaiche, kêsh, s. f. Mar. ketch.

QUAKER or QUACRE, kwåkr, s. m. quaker. Quaqueresse, kwå-krës, s. f. quaker-woman. QUAKERISME, kwå-kå-rism, s. m. quakerism, the sect and doctrine of the quakers.
QUALIFICATEUR, ka-fl-fl-ka-sour, s.

qualificator, an officer of the Inquisition.

QUALIFICATION, kh-ll-fl-kh-elon, s. name, character.

QUALIFIER, kd-il-fl-a, v. a. to qualify, call, give the character of, describe; give a title, entitle. Se qualifier gentilhomme, to call or entitle one's self a gentleman, take upon one's self or assume the quality of gentleman.

QUALITÉ, kh.-li-th, s. f. quality, condition, property, nature, title, noble birth.

QUAND, khn, adv. when. Quand or quand même, though, although. Jusques à quand? how long? Quand et quand, at the same time with, together with.

"Quanquan, kan-kan, s. m. Ex. Faire we grand quanquan pour peu de chese, to make a great noise about a trifie.

QUANT à, kin-ti, prep. as to, as for, concerning, touching.

"QUARTES, East, adj. f. pl. Ex. Toutes
fois et quantes que vous voudrez, whonever and

as often as you please.
QUANTIEME, kan-tlèm, adj. & s. m. what

or which day, what or which place.
QUANTITE, kas-ti-th, s. f. quantity, bigness, extent; a great quantity, abundance, a world.

QUARANTAINE, ka-rèn-tèn, s. f. forty.

Une quarantaine de, forty or about forty.

Quarantaine, Mar. quarantino. Faire quarantaine, to perform quarantine. Prendre quarun-taine, to commence quarantine. Mettre un bâtiment en quarantaine, to put a vessel under quarantine.

QUARANTE, ka-rest, adj. forty.

QUARANTENIER, s. m. Mar. rattling, stuff for rattling.

QUARARTIE, s. f. (court of judicature at Venice) quaranty.

QUARANTIRME, kh-ren-tlèm, adj. fortieth.

QUARRÉ, etc. V. Carré, etc. QUART, kar, s. m. quarter or fourth part. QUART, Kar, s. m. querter or man put de ters et le quart, every body. Quart de rond, moulding. Quart de rang, quarter unb Ouart de cercle, quadrant. Quart de vent or quart de rumb, quarter wind or point of the compass. Quart, Mar. watch; also point (of the compass.) Faire bon quart, to keep a good watch, look well out. Bon quart, all's well. Fais bon quart de l'arant, look well out ahead there. Nous avons gagné de

trois quarts, we have come up three points.
QUART, E, adj. fourth. Le quart denier, the fourth penny. La fièvre quarte, a quartan ague. Quartaine, adj. Ex. * Vos fièvres quar-

taines, pox take you.

QUARTANIER,s.m. wild boar four years old. QUARTATION, s. f. quartation, a chymical operation (\$\frac{1}{2}\$ of gold with \$\frac{1}{2}\$ of silver.)

QUARTAUT, kar-to, s. m. fourth part of a

hogshead.
QUARTE, kart, s. f. quart; (in sourick) fourth; (at piquet) quart or fourth. V. Quart,

QUARTERTIR, V. Quartinier. QUARTERON, kart-ron, s. m. quarter of a pound or of a hundred.

QUARTERON, RE, s. m. & f. name given to the offspring of a mulatto and a white.

bar, bat, base : thère, êbb, over : fleid, flg : robe, rob, lord : mood, good.

goty, freakish.

QUINTIL, adj. quintile.
QUINTIN, s. m. kentin or kentin-cloth (so called from Quintin in France.)

QUINTUPLE, kuin-tapl, adj. & s. m. quintuple.

QUINTUPLER, v. a. to repeat five times. QUINZAIN, kin-zin, s. m. (au jeu de paume)

fifteen all round.

Quinzaine, kin-zên, s. f. fisteen, about fifteen; (quinze jours) fortnight.

Quinze jours, Quinze, kinz, adj. fisteen. fifteen days, a fortnight; (after names and dates) fifteenth.

QUINZIÈME, kin-zièm, adj. fifteenth.

Quinzième, s. m. a fifteenth or fifteenth part.

Quiproquo, £1-prô-kô, s. m. blunder, mistake, wrong medicine.

Quis, s. m. a sort of marcasite. Quittance, kl-tens, s. f. acquittance or receipt.

QUITTANCER, ki-ten-så, v. a. to write a

receipt.

QUITTE, klt, adj. quit, clear; free, rid. Je vous tiens quitte pour dix écus, I excuse or acquit you for ten crowns. Nous sommes quittes or à quitte or quitte à quitte, we are quit. être quitte pour, to be excused in consideration of, to come off or get clear with no other (without suffering any other) punishment or harm or loss than. En être quitte à bon marclue, to come off easily.

QUITTEMENT, Elt-men, adv. (in law)

clear.

QUITTER, M-ta, v. a. to quit; leave, forsake, go from or part with; to pull or cast off; to leave off, quit, give over, leave, lay down; to break one's self of; to quit, yield. part with or give up; to let go; to give over, desist from; to forgive, excuse. Quitter, Mar. L'ancre a quitte, the anchor is a-trip. Quitter le commandement d'un vaisseau, to give up the command of a ship. Notre matelot d'arrière quitta son poste dans le combat, our second a-stern left her station in the action.

QUITUS, s. m. receipt in full, full dis-

charge.

QUI-VA-LA, who's there? QUI-VIVE, Etre sur le qui-rice, to be very attentive to what is doing, or to be uneasy and fearful.

QUOAILLER, v. n. to shake one's tail (said

of a horse.)

Quor, kwa, pron. that, which, what. je ne sais quoi, a something I know not what. A quoi bon, why, of what service is or are.
A quoi, how. Quoi! what! how! He quoi!
how! what! De quoi, of what, about what. etc. wherewith, enough, sufficiently, plenty, matter enough; reasons enough; reason, cause; wealth, riches, money. Aroir de quoi, to have it in one's power, to be able, can; also to have enough or a sufficiency, etc. Voilà bien de quoi se flicher, those are great reasons for making one angry. Iln'y a pas dequoi, there is no occasion for it or for this, I don't see why such a trifle should, etc. Quoi que ce soit, quoi que ce puisse être, whatever it may be. Quoi que ce soit, (negatively) nothing, nothing whatever. Quoi que ce soit qui (in

QUINTEU-X, SE, kin-tèu, tèuz, adj. hu-II the nominative;) quoi que ce soit que ce moursome, fanciful, whimsical, pettish, mag | que (in the other cases with the subjunctive) whatever, whatsoever, any thing which, all those things which

Quoique, kwik, conj. (with the subjume-

tive) though, akthough.
QUOLIBET, kö-li-bê, s. m. jest, quirk, joke, pun.

QUOLIBÉTIQUE, adj. abounding or overloaded with puns.

QUOLIBÉTISTE, s. m. punster.

QUOTE, kôt, adj. f. Ex. Quote part, quota. QUOTER, kô-th. V. Coter.

QUOTIDIEN, NE, kô-d-diễn, đển, adj. daily. quotidian.

QUOTIENT, kõ-sien, s. m. quotient. Quotitá, kō-ti-th, s. f. (le pro rata sie chs-

cum) quota.

R.

R, er, re, s. f. 18th letter of the French alphabet.

RABACHAGE, ra-ba-shaz, s. m. tireso repetition of what has been said already by way of reproach

RABACHER, rà-ba-shà, v. n. to tease er fa-

tigue one with tiresome repetitions.

RABACHEU-R, SE, rå-bå-shèur, shèus, s.
m. & f. he or she who teases with tiresome

repetitions.
RABAIS, râ-be, s. m. abatement, lessening,

RABAISSEMENT, rå-bes-men, s. m. pulling down, humbling, humiliation, fall, lessen-

RABAISSER, rå-bê-så, v. a. to bring down, abate; to pull or bring down, check, humble. Se rabaisser, v. r. to debase or humble one's self.

Rabaisser, v. n. de prix, to fall in price or value.

RABAN, s. m. Mar. gusket, earring, knistle, etc. Rabans de ferlage, guskets, furling-lines. Rabans de Utière, rope-bands. Rabans de pointure, carrings. Passe le raban caux barres pointure, earrings. Passe le raban a du cabestan, swift the capetan bars.

RABANER une voile, Mar. to fit a sail with rope-bands, earrings and points, ready for

bending it to its yard.

RABAT, ra-ba, s. m. (pour le cou) blund;
(au jeu de quilles) tipping. Poi foit wing
quilles de renue et six de rabat, I have carried five pins and tipped six.

RABAT-JOIE, ra-ba-zwa, s. m. a trouble-some guest, one that spoils the sport of the company; any thing that checks our joy, dis-

comfort, disappointment, balk.

RABATTER, 'A-bair, v. a. (like bairs) to bate, abate, beat down, break, ward off, purput by, put by, pull or bring down, press down, lay, rebate, quell, check; beat down again, demolish; (au jeu de quilles) to tip. Rabatter, v. n. to turn, bend one's march or steps. Reto fall down or upon, light, descend, come

RABATTU, E, adj. bated, abated, etc. V. R_{i} hattre.

RABATTUES, s. f. pl. Mar. hances or falls of the rails (from the stern to the gangways; also from the forecastle to the gangways.)
RABBIN, ra-bin, s. m. rabbin, rabbis.

buse, but : jeune, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

RABBINAGE, ra-bi-naz, s. m. study of the Jewish rabbis.

RABBINIQUE, adj. rabbinical. RABBINISME, ra-bi-nism, s. m. rabbinism, the rabbis' opinion or doctrine.

RABBINISTE, ra-bl-nist, s. m. rabbinist. RABDOMANCE, s. f. rhabdomancy.

RABETIR, rk-be-tir, v. n. to grow dull or stapid, be stupified or besotted, v. a. to dull,

supify, beect, make dull or supid.
RABLE, rables. m. back or loins of a hare

er rabbit ; rake for an oven. RABLU, z, ra-biū, blū, adj. that has a good back, strong-backed, vigorous.

RABLURE, s. f. Mar. rabbet or rabbit

*RABOBELINER, v. a. to botch, patch up, piece again.

RABONNIR, ra-bô-nh, v. a. to meliorate, improve.

RABOT, ra-bò, s. m. joiner's plane, plasterer's beater.

RABOTER, rå-bô-tå, v. a. to plane, make smooth with a plane; polish; (le mortier) to beat.

RABOTEU-X, SE, râ-bô-têu, têuz,

rough, rugged, uneven, coarse, unpolished.
RABOUGRIR, ra-boo-grir, v. a. to stunt.
Se rabougrir, v. r. to grow stunted, grow crooked and low.

RABOUILLERE, rå-båo-ler, s. f. rabbit's horrow.

RABROUER, rå-bôo-tir, v. a. to piece, patch. RABROUER, rå-brôo-à, v. a. to snub, give a sharp or crabbed answer.

RABROURU-R, SE, adj. or s. snappish man er woman.

RACAGE, s. m. Mar. parrel. RACABLEE, ra-kal, s. f. the riff raff, rabble,

mob, rascality; sad paltry stuff, trash.
RACAMBEAU, s. m. Mar. traveller, iron Racambeau du grand foc, jib tratraveller. veller, jib iron.

RACCOISER, rå-kwå-så, v. a. to quiet, calm. RACCOMMODAGE, rå-kô-mô-då:, s. m.

mending, piecing, patching, botching.
RACCOMMODEMENT, ra-kô-môd-mên, s. m.

reconcilement, reconciliation.

RACCOMMODER, rå-kô-mô-då, v. a. to mend, piece, patch, botch, repair; set right, adjust, correct, amend, make up, make amends for, make friends again, reconcile. Se raccommoder, v. r. to be friends again, be reconciled.

RACCOMMODEU-R, SE, ra-kô-mô-dêur, deuz, s. m. & f. mender, patcher, botcher.

RACCORDENENT, s. m. (in architecture)

RACCORDER, rå-kôr-då, v. n. (in architec-ture) to make a levelling (of old work to new.) RACCOURCI, E, rå-kôor-sì, sì, adj. shortened, made shorter, abridged.

RACCOURCI, s. m. abridgment; (in paint-

fore-shorten,

RACCOURCIR, rå-köor-sir, v. a. to shorten, take or cut shorter, abridge; (in painting) to

RACCOURCISSEMENT, rå-kdor-sis-men, s. m. shortening, abridging; (in painting) foreortening.

RACCOUTREMENT, s. m. mending.

*RACCOUTREM, ra-kôo-trà, v. a. to mend.
RACCOUTREM, (SE) sê-ra-kôo-tô-ma, v. r. to use one's self again, to resume a habit. 54

RACCROC, s. m. Comp de raceroc, lucky chance which repairs a misfortune.

RACCROCHER, ra-krô-sha, v. a. to book again; catch or get again, recover; also, to act the bawd or procuress. Se raccrocher, to get reconciled, be friends again.
RACCROCHEUSE, s. f. bawd, procuress.

RACE, ras, s. f. race, family, stock, generation, sort, kind, breed. La race future, les races futures, future or after-times, posterity.

RACHALANDER, ra-sha-lèn-da, v. a. to get back or retrieve custom or customers

RACHAT, ra-sha, s. m. redemption, re-deeming, recovery, deliverance. RACHE, s. f. sediment of tar; scurf on the

head. RACHETABLE, rash-tabl, adj. redeemable.

RACHETER, rash-ta, v. a. to redeem, buy again, buy off, recover.

RACHEU-x, se, adj. that has a scald head. RACHITIQUE, ra shl-tik, adj. rickety.

RACHITIS, ra-shl-tl, s. m. rickets RACRITISME, s. m. the disease of the rick-

ets (in grain.) RACINE. ra-sîn, s. f. root; principle, be-

ginning, radical or primitive word.

RACINER, v. n. to spring up, dye with

RACLE, s. f. Mar. scrapér.

RACLER, ra-kla, v. a. to scrape; to strike (corn,) level.

RACLEUR, ra-kleur, s. m. (de violos) scur-

vy player. Racloin, rå-klwår, s.m. scraper or grater; (de jardinier) rake.

RACLOIRE, s. f. strickle.

RACLURE, rå-klur, s. f. scrapings. RACOLAGE, rå-kd-låz, s. m. the enticing

men to list themselves.

RACOLER, rå-kô-lå, v. a. to entice men to list themselves.

RACOLEUR, rà-kô-lêur, s. m. one who entices men to list themselves.

RACONTER, rå-kon-tå, v. a. to tell or relate, give an account of.

RACONTEU-R, SE, rå-kon-teur, teuz, s. m. & f. relater, teller.

RACORNIR, rå-kor-nir, v. a. to make hard or tough as horn. Se racornir, to grow tough and hard, shrivel (in the fire as leather does.)

RACORNISSEMENT, s. m. the shrivelling, the growing hard and tough.

RACQUITTER, ra-kl-ta, v. a. to win back, bring or get home again, indemnify, make up for, make amends for. Se racquitter, v. r. to win one's money back again, get home, be brought home, retrieve or recover a loss

RADE, rad, s. f. Mar. road, road-stead. Grande rade, great road, outer road. Petite, rade, little road. Mettre en rade, to go out of the harbour, into a neighbouring roadstead. Etre en rade, to be in a road-stead (near the harbour that a ship has recently left.)

RADEAU, ra-do, s. m. float of timber, raft. Mar. Radeau de bois de construction, raft of timber for ship-building. Radeau de carène, floating-stage

RADER, ra-da, v. a. Mar. to bring a ship to a road, anchor in a road. Rader, v. a. into a road, anchor in a road. to level the top in measuring salt.

RADEUR, s. m. salt-meter. RADOIRÉ, s. f. strickle for salt. bar, bat, base: thère, êbb, ovêr: field, fig: robe, rob, bord: mood, good.

RADIATION, ra-dia-slon, s. f. cross, cross-

ing or siriking out : radiation.
RADICAL, E, ra-di-kal, adj. radical.

RADICALEMENT, rå-di-kal-men, adv. radically, originally.

RADICULE, ra-dl-kul, s. f. radicule.

RADIÉ, E, ra-di-a, adj. radiated.

RADIER, s. m. Mar. apron in a dock. RADIEU-X, se, rå-dl-éu, éuz, adj. radiant, shining, glittering, beaming.

RADIS, ra-di, s. m. kind of radish.

RADIUS, s. m. radius (a bone of the arm.) RADOTAGE, ra-do-ta-, s. m. dotage, raving. RADOTER, ra-do-ta, v. n. to dote, rave,

talk idle. RADOTERIE, rå-dot-rl, s. f. dotage, extra-

vagance. RADOTEU-R, SE, rå-dô-têur, têuz, s. m. & f. dotard, doting man or woman.

RADOUB, s. m. Mar. repair; partial repair. Notre bâtiment est en radoub, our ship is repairing.

RADOUBER, rå-dôo-bå, v. a. Mar. to re-

pair. Se radouber, to be repairing. RADOUBEUR, s. m. Mar. one employed in

repairing ships.

RADOUCIR, rå-doo-sir, v. a. to sweeten, soften, make milder, appease, allay; mitigate, pacify. Se radoucir, v. r. to grow mild, be appeased, relent, grow gentle, be sweet; to be amorous.

RADOUCISSEMENT, rå-dåo-sis-men, s. m. softening, allaying, mitigation, diminution,

(of heat or cold.)
RAFALE, s. f. Mar. squall, squall of wind. Forte rafale, hard squall. Le vent est par rafales, it blows hard in the squalls.

RAFFAISSER, (SE) se-ra-fe-sa, v. r. to sink

again.

RAFFE, V. Rafle.

RAFFERMIR, ra-fer-mir, v. a. to strengthen, fasten, make more fast or firm, fortify, harden, make hard, stiffen, establish, confirm. settle, secure, corroborate, keep up. Se raffermir, to grow stronger, gather strength, be confirmed or settled.

RAFFERMISSEMENT, rh-fer-mis-men, s. m. establishing, confirmation, settlement.

RAFFINAGE, ra-ff-naz, s. m. refining; re-

fined sugar. RAFFINÉ, E, adj. & s. refined, subtle, nice,

critical, cunning or shrewd person, sharp Blade. RAFFINEMENT, rå-fin-men, s. m. fineuess,

refining, subtilty, nicety.

RAFFINER, ra-fi-na, v. a. & n. to refine, be nice or full of niceties, be critical. Raffiner, (se) v. r. to grow sharp, learn wit; be or get refined.

RAFFINERIE, ra-fin-ri, s. f. sugar baker's

Raffineur, rå-ff-neur, s. m. refiner, one that is too nice or over critical, hypercritic. Rafineur de sucre, sugar-baker. RAFFOLER, rå-fô-lå, v. n. to be passion-

ately fond, be distractedly in love.

*RAFFOLIR, ra-fo-lir, v. n. Ex. Vous me

ferierraffolir, you would make me mad.

RAFLE, rafi, s. f. stalk, stem; (jeu aux dés)
pair royal, doublets. Faire rafie, to sweep off the whole, sweep-stakes.

RAFLER, ra-fla, v. a. to sweep away the

whole.

RAFRAICHIR, rà-frè-shìr, v. a. & n. to cool, make cool, grow cool, refresh; (une muraile) to repair; (une topisserie) to mend; (un tableau) to varnish; (sa douleur) to renew, revive; (une place) to recruit; (les chereux) to crop. Se faire rafratchir les chereux, to get one's hair cropped. Se rafraichir, v. r. to cool, grow cool, take some refreshment. Se rafratchir la memoire, to refresh one's memory, call to mind. Rafratchir, Mar. to freshen. Ex. Nous profiterons de la première accalmie pour rafraichir le câble, we shall take advantage of the first lull to freshen the

RAFRAICHISSANT, E, ra-fre-shi-sèn, sèn,

adj. cooling.
RAFRAICHISSEMENT, ra-fre-sble-men. s. m. cooling, refreshment, provisions. Rafreichissemens, Mar. supply of fresh provisions, stores supplied for the use of the sick on board. RAGAILLARDIR, ra-ga-far-dir, v. a. to

brisk up, make merry.

RAGE, raz, s. f. madness of hydrophobia; rage, fury, madness. Avoir la rage de, to be mad for or after. Faire rage contre, to be mad at or enraged against. Faire rage en fateur de, to be eager or leave no store un-turned to serve. Faire rage en sa profession, to do wonders in one's profession. Faire rage des pieds de derrière, to be eager, leave no stone unturned. Dire rage de, to rail most bitterly at.

RAGOT, TE, ra-go, got, adj. & s. little and short, or thick and short, little man or woman, shrimp.

RAGOUT, ra-goo, s.m. ragout; inchement, incentive, provocative, pleasure, delight.

RAGOUTANT, E, ra-goo-ten, tent. adj. relishing, agreeable, pleasant, pleasing, de-lightful, savoury. Mets ragoittant, tit-bit.

KAGOUTER, ra-gon-ta, v. a. to revive the appetite; also to quicken, stir up, provoke (desire.)

RAGRAFER, rå-grå-få, v. n. to new clasp. RAGRANDIR, v. a. to make larger what

was already large.
RAGREER, ra-gra-a, v. a. to pick over the front of a wall; to finish (a piece of join-

er's work;) to repair.
RAGRÉMENT, rà-grà-mên, s. m. finishing, touching up.

RAGUER, v. n. Mar. to chafe, rub. Votre second câble est tout rague près de l'étalingure, your best bower-cable is very much rubbed near the clinch.

RAIE, rè, s. f. line; (sur les marbres, etc.) streaks; (sur une étoffe) stripe; (des charex) seam or parting; (des sillons) furrow; (des cul) cleft; ray (a fish.) thorn-back. Elofe à ruies, striped stuff. A la raie, one with another.

RAIFORT, re-for, s. m. horse-radish. RAILLER, ra-la, v. a. & n. to rally, play upon, jeer, bauter, joke, droll, jest. Se railler, v. r. to jeer or banter, jest, be in jest, mock, laugh at.

RAILLERIE, rål-ri, s. f. raillery, bantering, jeering, jesting, jeer, jest, joke, banter. Il trailoit de raillerie l'autorité royale, he made a jest of the king's power. Il n'entend pas raillerie, he cannot take a jest.

RAILLEU-R, SE, rà-leur, leuz, adj. & s. jeering, bantering; jester, banterer, jeerer

buse, but : jêune, mêute, beurre : ênfant, cent, liên : vin : mon : brun

RAINCEAU, V. Rinceau.
*RAINE, s. f. frog.
RAINETTE, s. f. a sort of apple; French rennet.

RAIPONCE, re-poss, s. f. rampions (salad.) *RAIRE, rer, v. a. to shave or trim. A barbe de fou on apprend à raire, by trimming fools a barber's prentice learns his skill.

BAIS, re, adj. (from Raire.) Il ne se soucie des rais ni des tondus, he cares for nobody. RAIS, s. m. ray, beam of light; spoke of a wheel, point of a star.

RAISIN, re-zin, s. m. grape. Raisins secs, raisins. Raisins de Corimine, dry currants.
RAISINÉ, re-si-na, s. m. thick confection

of grapes.
RAISON, re-zon, s. f. reason, reasoning proof, argument, faculty, sense, judgment, proof, argument, cause, matter, account, motive, considera-tion, right, justice, equity, proportion, repara-tion, satisfaction. A plus forte raison, much more; also much less. Pour raison de quoi, wherefore, for which cause. A raison de, at the rate of.

RAISONNABLE, re-zô-nabl, adj. rational, reasonable; just, right, conscionable; wise; competent, moderate, of a good size, pretty good, pretty large, etc.

RAISONNABLEMENT, rê-zô-nâbl-mên, adv. rationally, reasonably, justly, indifferently well, pretty well, moderately, competently.

RAISONNÉ, E, re-zô-na, adj. rational, accurate, argumentative

RAISONNEMENT, re-zon-men, s. m. reason, judgment, reasoning, argument, rational discourse.

RAISONNER, re-20-na, v. n. to speak sense, discourse, reason, argue, contend with reasons, chop logick, argue the case. Mar. to give an account of one's self before coming to anchor.

RAISONNEU-R, SE, re-sô-neur, neuz, s. m. & f. arguer, impertinent prater. Taisez-vous, et ne faites pas ici le raisonneur, hold your tongue, and do not stand arguing the case or chopping logick with me. RAIZ, V. Rez.

RAJEUNIR, ra-zeu-nir, v. a. & n. to make young again, make look younger, grow young again; (les arbres) to prune, or lop; (les cheveice) to colour.

RAJEUNISSEMENT, s. m. growing young again.

RAJUSTEMENT, rå-züst-mên, s. m. reconciliation or reconcilement, adjustment.

RAJUSTER, rå-208-tå, v. a. to set in order again, set to rights again, reconcile, make friends again; retrieve (one's affairs.)

RALE, s. m. rail (a bird.)

RALE or RALEMENT, ral, ral-men, s. m.

rattling in the throat.

RALENTIB, ra-len-tir, v. a. to make slow, slacken or slack, abate, lessen, diminish. Se ralentir, to slacken, grow cold or remiss, re-

RALENTISSEMENT, rå-len-tis-men, s. m. slackening or relenting, remissness.

RALER, ra-la, v. n. to rattle, have a rat-

fond, foot-rope. Ralingue de tétière, head-Mettre une voile en ralingue, to shiver a sail. En ralingue le perroquet de jougue, shiver the mizen topsail.

RALINGUER, v. a. & n. Mar. to lift and shiver (speaking of the sails.) Ralinguer un voile, to sew the bolt-ropes to a sail. Lof à

rutinguer, luff and touch her.
RALLIEMENT, rå-li-men, s. m. rallying.
RALLIER, rå-li-å, v. a. to rally. Se ral-

tier, to rally.

Rallier, se rallier, Mar. to rally, etc. Rallier as vent, to haul the wind. Vaissems qui rallie bien au vent, weatherly ship. Rallier la terre, to stand in for the land. Plusieurs bâtimeus ont rallie 'lexcadre, 'several vessels have stood in to the fleet. Nous ne rallidmes que dix vaisseur de ligne le lendemain du combat, we mustered only ten sail of the line the day after the action. Rallier un bâtiment, to stand towards a ship. V. Se courrir.

RALLONGER, v. a. to lengthen. Se rallonger, v. r. to grow longer, lengthen

RALLUMER, rå-lå-må, v. a. to kindle or

light again, stir up again. Se rallumer, v. r. to kindle again, break out again.
RAMADAN, râ-mâ-dên. V. Ramazan.

RAMAGE, ra-mae, s. m. singing, chirping, warbling; flowering. Ourrage à ramage, flowered work.

RAMAGER, rå-må-zå, v. n. to sing, chirp *or* warble.

RAMAIGRIR, rå-mê-grir, v. a. & n. to make leaner, grow lean again.
RAMAS, ra-ma, s. m. collection, heap.

RAMASSE, ra-mas, s. f. sledge (used on mountains:) also low, vulgar language. Ex. Donner la ramasse à quelqu'un, to belabour one, to curry one's hide, abuse one.

RAMASSE, E, adj. gathered, got together, etc.; also well set, short and stout.
RAMASSER, Ta-ma-sa, v. a. to gather, get together, collect; to take up, pick up; to draw in a sled or sledge; to cuff; bang. Ramasser, Mar. V. Rester. Se ramasser, v. r. to gather or get together, gather one's self or gather, knit (as a horse does.)

RAMASSEUR, rà-mà-sèur, s. m. driver of a sledge.

RAMASSIS, ra-ma-si, s. m. confused collection.

RAMAZAN, s. m. fasting month of the Turks.

RAMBADE, s. f. bend or wale of a galley. RAMBERGE, s. f. ramberge, (kind of advice-boat.)

RAMBOUR, s.m. Pomme de rambour, sum-

mer apple, kind of russetting.

RAME, ram, s. f. (de papier) ream; (to prop vines) stick or stake; oar or scull. Tirer à la

rame, to tug at the oar. RAMÉ, E, adj. rowed. Pois ramés, pease that grow upon sticks or stakes. Balle ramee,

cross bar-shot. RAMEAU, ra-mo, s. m. bough; branch. Le dimanche or le jour des rameaux, palm-sun-

day. Rameaux, branches of veins or arte-RAMÉE, rå-må. s. f. green arbour, boughs,

branches with their leaves. RAMENDER, ra-men-dà, v. n. to fall, grow RALLINGUE, ra-ling, s. f. Mar. bolt-rope.

Ramender, v. a. to abate, lower; Ralingue de chute, leech-rope. Ralingue de chute, leech-rope. Ralingue de lalso to mend, improve. Il n'a pas ramendé bar, bat, base : thère, êbb, ovêr : field, fig : rôbe, rôb, lôrd : môod, gôod.

son marché, he did uot mend his bargain, he got nothing by it.

RAMENER, ram-na, v. a. to bring again, bring back; (an jeu de des) to fling; (quelqu'un) to reclaim.

RAMENTEVOIR, v. B. to recollect, remem-

ber. RAMEQUIN, ram-kin. s. m. toasted cheese

and bread or toast and cheese, Welsh rabbit. RAMER, ra-ma, v. n. to row, pull, tug at the oar, to work hard, labour, toil, ply. V. Nager. Ramer, v. a. (ramer des pois, du lin, etc.) to set up sticks (for pease, flax, etc. to grow upon.)

RAMEREAU, ram-ro, s. m. young ring-

dove or stock-dove.

RAMEUR, rå-méur, s. m. rower. RAMEU-X, se, rå-méu, méuz, adj. ramous, branchy.

RAMIER, ra-mla, s. m. or Pigeon ramier,

ring-dove or wood-pigeon.
RAMIFICATION, ra-mi-fi-ka-sion, s. f. ra-

mification, branching out. RAMIFIER, ra-mi-fl-a, v. n. Se ramifer,

v. r. to ramify. RAMINGUE, ra-ming, adj. restiff (speak-

ing of a horse.)
RAMGINDRIR, V. Amoindrir.

RAMOITIR, ra-mwa-tir, v. a. to moisten, make damp.

RAMOLLIR, ra-mo-lir, v. a. to soften, make soft or softer, to unman, enervate. Se ramollir, to soften, grow softer.

RAMOLLITI-F, VE, adj. emollient, mollify-

RANON, s. m. broom or besom. RAMONER, ra-mo-na, v. a. (une cheminée) to sweep.

RAMONEUR, ra-mo-neur, s. m. chimney-

RAMPANT, E, ren-pen, pent, adj. creeping, crawling; rampant; cringing, crouching, hum-

ble servile, mean. Lierre rempant, ground ivy. RAMPANT, s. m. kind of truss used by sur-

RAMPE, renp, s. m. Rampe d'esculier, flight in a stair-case, steps from one landing-place to another; balustrade; (dans un jardin) slope, bank.

RAMPEMENT, renp-men, s. m. creeping,

crawling.

RAMPER, ren-pa, v. n. to creep or crawl; creep and crouch, cringe, be low in the world, write in a low style.

RAMURE, ra-mur. s. f. branches; also horns

(of a deer)

RANCE, rens, adj. rancid, musty. Ex. Du lard rance, musty bacon.

RANCE, s. m. Lard qui sent le rance, bacon that smells musty.

RANCE, R. adj. Mar. Ex. Bâtiment rancé, old ship strengthened with timbers (fayed on from the sheer rail to the top of the bends.)

RANCHER, s. m. a sort of ladder.

RANCI, E, adj. musty, grown musty RANCIDITÉ, s. f. rancidity, rancidness,

mustiness. RANCIR, ren-sir, v. n. to grow musty or rancid.

RANCISSURE, ren-sl-sur, s. f. mustiness,

musty part or paris.

Rancon, ren-son, s. f. ransom. Mettre à rancon, to set a ransom upon, to ransom.

RANÇONNEMENT, rên-sôn-mên, s. m. ran soming; exacting, extortion, exaction.

RANCONNER, ren-so-ua, v. a. to ransom:

exact from, extort money from.
RANCONNEU-R, SE, ren-so-neur, neuz, s.

m. & f. exacter, extortioner. RANCUNE, ren-kun, s. f. grudge, fend, ani-mosity, spleen, spite, inveterate hetred.

RANCONIER, E, ren-kū-nik, aler, adi. rancorous, spiteful.

"RANDON, s. m. great gush or gushing. spouting, plenty.

RANDONNEE, s. m. course or coursing (of

hunters.) RANG, ren, s. m. row, range; (de soldats) rank; place; turn, order; rank, degree. note, quality; rate. De rang, a-breast. Perotre sur les rangs, to enter the lists. Mettre as rang de, to put (rank, place, rockon) amongst.
Rang, Mar. rank; (de canons) tier; (de câble) tier; (de vaisseaux) rate, etc. Vaisseaux ble) tier; (de vaisseaux) rate, etc.

du premier rang, first rate ship.

RANGÉ E, adj. ranged, ordered, set, placed, disposed, drawn, etc. V. Ranger. Bataille rangée, pitched battle. En bataille rangee, in battle array. Un homme range, an orderly

man, a regular or punctual man. RANGEE, ren-zh, s. f. row.

RANGER, ren-za, v. a. to range, put, set, place or order; to rank or put or place or reckon amongst; to draw or pull back. Rosger ses troupes sur deux lignes, to draw one's troops up in two lines. Ranger some armée es bataille, to draw up an army in bettalia. Ranger à la raison, to bring to reason. Ranger sous sa domination or paissonce, to subdue, bring into subjection. Se ranger, to draw or step aside, fall back, stand by. Se ranger dz côte de or auprès de quelqu'un, to side or take part with or go over to one. Ranger et se ranger, Mar. Ex. Ranger une côte, to range along a coast, coast along, keep close to shore. Le vent se range au nord, the wind veers to the north. Le vent se range de l'avant, the wind hauls forward. Le vent se range de l'arrière. the wind draws aft. On peut ranger cette cite à jeter une pierre à terre, you may range along this coast within a stone's throw of the shore. Ranger à honneur un écueil, to give a good birth to a shoal. Se ranger sur une vergue, to lay out upon a yard. Faire ranger du monde sur les rergues, to man the yards. Ranger du monde sur une manaeurre, to man a rope. Range du monde sur la vergue du petit hamer, lay out upon the fore top-sail yard. Range du monde sur les cargues des huniers, mun the fore and main top-sail clue-lines and buntlines. Range du monde sur les palans de tout de rergue, man the yard tackles. Range à carguer la grande roile, clap on the main che-

RANGETTE, s. f. Ex. A la rangette, in or-

der, one after another.

*RANGIER, v. m. rein-deer.

RANIMER, ra-ni-ma, v. a. to re-animate, revive, spirit again, re-indiame, sir up.

RANIMER, ra-ni-ma, v. a. to re-animate, revive, spirit again, re-indiame, sir up.

RANGLAIRE, rh-nd-ler, adj. ranular.

RANULE, ra-nul, s. f. ranula RAPACE, rå-pås, adj. rapacious; ragenous

greedy. RAPACITÉ, rà-pà-sì-tà, s. f. rapacity, ra-paciousness, greediness, ravenousness.

RAPATELLE, s. f. heir cloth

base, bût : jêûne, mêute, bêurre : ênfânt, cênt, liên : vin : mon : brun.

RAPATRIAGE OF RAPATRIEMENT, 12-patrl-de, ra-pa-trl-men, s. m. reconciliation, reconcilement.

RAPATRIER, ra-pa-tri-a, v. a. to reconcile, set to rights, make friends again.

RAPE, rap, s. f. grater, rasp, raspatory, rries's rasp. Domer de la rape douce, to farrier's rasp.

coax or flatter. RAPÉ, E, adj. grated.

RAPÉ, ra-på, s. m. grapes put in a vessel of spoiled wine to mend it, wine that has been mended by putting grapes into the vessel; (tabac rapé) rappee. Rapé de copeaux, chips put into wine to refine it.
RAPER, ra-pa, v. a. to grate.

RAPETASSER, rap-ta-sa, v. a. to patch, piece, botch.

RAPETISSER, rap-ti-sa, v. a. & n. to lessen, shorten, make less or shorten; grow less or short. Se rapetisser, v. r. to shorten, grow less or short, lessen; to shrink (said of cloth.) RAPIDE, ra-pld, adj. rapid, swift, violent,

RAPIDEMENT, rå-pld-men, adv. rapidly, swiftly, fast.

RAPIDITÉ, ra-pi-di-ta, s. f. rapidity, swift-

RAPIECER, rā-plā-sā, v. a. to patch, piece.
RAPIECETAGE, rā-plās-tāz, s. m. patched
work, clothes full of patches or pieces.
RAPIECETER, rā-plās-tā. V. Rapiecer.
RAPIERE, rā-plēr, s. f. rapier.

RAPINE, ra-pla, s. f. rapine, robbery, ransacking, pillaging. Oiseau de rapine, raven-ous bird, bird of prey. RAPINER, ra-pi-na, v. a. to use rapine and

extortion, steal or rob, get by rapine.

RAPIQUER, v. a. Mar. to peek again. Ra-quer as vent, to haul the wind again (after baving bore up.)

RAPAISER, v. a. to pacify or appease again. RAPPAREILLER, v. n. Mar. to set sail again. RAPPEL, ra-pel, s. m. recall, recalling, being recalled; (d'une cause) second calling.

RAPPELER, rap-la, v. a. to call over and over; to call back; (la sève) draw back again; (un ambassadeur, etc.) to recall, call home; (dans sa mémoire) to recall to memory, call to mind; to direct, assume; (ses sens) to recover, come again to. Se rappeler, v. r. to call or trace back, recollect, recall to memory, call to mind, rub up one's memory.

RAPPETISSER, V. Rapetisser.

RAPPLIQUER, ra-pil-ka, v.a. to apply again.

Se rappliquer, v.r. to apply one's self again.
RAPPORT, ra-por, s. m. report, account, relation, information; report or false report, tale, story; relation, respect, regard; affinity, likeness, proportion, resemblance, conformity, agreeableness; (napeur désagréable qui monte à la bouche) rising; produce, revenue. Terre de grand rapport, very fruitful soil. Pièces de rapport, inlaid work. Par rapport

d, as to, in comparison of, in regard to.

RAPPORTÉ, z, adj. brought back, etc.

Ourrage de pièces rapportées, inlaid work.

RAPPORTER, ra-por-ta, v. a. to bring back; to bring along or out with one; to report, relate, tell, say, give an account of; to report, tell again; to tell tales or stories, make false reports; to draw, reap, get; (Pétat d'un procès) to report, make the report of; to deduce, refer, traca back, ascribe; to allege;

quote, cite, relate, bring in; to yield, bring forth, bear; to direct, ascribe, refer; (du journal au grand livre) to post (from the journal to the ledger.) Se rapporter, v. r. to relate, answer, be agrecable or answerable; to relate to; (an jugement de quelqu'um) to refer or leave or put (a thing to one's judgment.) m'en rapporté à vous, I refer or leave it (the matter) to you. Je m'en rapporte à votre serment, I put it to your oath. Rupporter, Mar. to yield, etc. La mer rapporte, it is flood. Rapporter des relèvemens, distances, etc. sur une carte, to set off bearings, distances, etc. upon a chart. La sonde, à 65 brasses, u rapporte fond de sable et de coquillages brisés, we sounded in 65 fathoms over a bottom of saud and broken shells.

RAPPORTEUR, ra-por-teur, s. m. one that reports a case; tell-tale or tale-bearer; pro-

tractor.

Rapporteuse, s. f. tell-tale or tale-bearer. RAPPRENDRE, rå-prendr, v. a. (like

prendre) to learn again, learn anew.
RAPPRIS, E, adj. learnt again, new-learnt. RAPPRIVOISER, v.a. to tame again.

RAPPROCHEMENT, rå-prosh-men, s. m. drawing near again, state of being drawn near again; reconcilement, accommodation. RAPPROCHER, rå-prô-sbå, v. a. to draw

near again; bring together, bring together for a reconciliation. Les vents rapprochent toujours, Mar. the wind keeps scanting upon us. V. Sillage. Se rapprocher, v. r. to approach, draw near again; draw towards a reconciliation.

RAPSODE, s. m. name given to those who used to go from town to town and sing unconnected parts of Homer's poetry.

RAPSODIE, rap-so-di, s. f. rhapsody.

RAPSODISTE, rap-so-dist, s. m. rhapsodist, RAPT, rapt, s. m. rape. Faire un rapt, to commit a rape.

RAPURE, ra-por. s. f. raspings, gratings. RAQUETIER, rak-ila, s. m. racket-maker. RAQUETTE, rå-kêt, s. f. racket; snow-shoe.

RAQUITTER, V. Racquitter. RARE, rar, adj. rare; uncommon, unusual, extraordinary, that happens but seldom; excellent, extraordinarily good, exquisite; scarce,

hard to be got; thin, loose, not compact.

Pouls rare, slow pulse.

RAREFACTI-F, VE, ra-ra-fak-df, th, adj. rarefactive.

RARKFACTION, rå-rå-fåk-slon, s. f. rarefaction.

RARÉFIANT, E, adj. rarefacient. RARÉFIER, ra-ra-fl-a, v. a. to rarefy. Se

rarefier, v. r. to rarefy, grow thin.
RAREMENT, rar-men, adv. rarely, seldom, not often.

RARET É, rar-ta, s. f. rarity, rareness, scarceness, uncommonness, unusual or uncommon thing.

*RARISSIME, adj. very rare, very scarce. RAS, Z, rà, ràz, adj. shaved close. Velours ras, cut velvet. Etoffe rase, bare cloth or stuff without wool. Or ras, smooth gold. Rase campagne, open field. Couper ras, to cut off close. Ras, Mar. Batesus ras, open boat. Cette frigate est arrivée rase comme um ponton, that frigate came in without a stick Keissens ras, ship that sits low on the water.

bår, båt, båse: thère, ëbb, over: fleid, fig: rôbe, rôb, lôrd: môod, gôod.

Ras, s. m. Ex. Ras de Châlons, shalloon. Rus, s. m. Mar. race, etc. Le ras de Port-land, the race of Portland. Le ras des saints, the race of the saints. Ras de carène, punt, floating stage. Ras de courant, race. de marée, race, tide-gate, tide-way.

RASADE, ra-zad, s. f. brimmer, bumper.

RASE, V. Raze.

RASEMENT. raz-men, s. m. razing, demo-

lishing, pulling down.

RASER, ra-za, v. a. to shave, trim or barb; to raze, lay even with the ground, pull down; to graze or glance upon. Raser, v. a. Mar. Raser un vaisseau, to cut down a ship. Raser la côte, to coast along, keep close to the

*Rasibus, adv. close; (du nez) under (one's пове.)

RASOIR, ra-zwar, s. m. razor.

RASSASIANT, E, rk-sk-zl-en, ent, adj. fill-

ing, cloying. Rassasiź, z, adj. satisfied, full, filled, that has his belly full.

RASSASIEMENT, rå-så-zl-men, s. m. satisfying or filling of one's belly, satiety, being satiated.

RASSASIER, ra-sa-zi-a, v. a. to satisfy, fill, fill one's belly, cloy or glut. Se rassasier, to fill one's belly, eat one's belly full. Ne pas se rassasier de, not to be tired of.

RASSEMBLEMENT, s. m. meeting, joining,

gathering together.

RASSEMBLER, ra-sen-bla, v. a. to join or put or clap together again, gather together; to reassemble or call together again. Serassembler, to reassemble, meet or get or gather together again. Rassembler, Mar. Nous rassemblâmes le convei avant le coucher du soleil, we collected the convoy before sun-set. L'escadre doit se rassembler à Torbay, the fleet is to rendezvous at Torbay.

RASSEOIR or RASSOIR, ra-swar, (like asseoir) v. n. to settle; (un fer de cheval) to fix on, fasten. Se rasseoir, to sit down again.

RASSÉRÉNER, v. a. to make serene, clear (the weather.) Se rasséréner, v. r. to clear up, grow serene and clear; clear one's brow, look cheerfully.

Rassiégen, v. a. to besiege again, lay a

new siege to.

Rassis, E, ra-si, siz, adj. settled : sedate. sober, staid. De sens rassis, with a sound judgment, in one's right senses. Du pain rassis, stale bread.

RASSOTER, rà-sô-tà, v. a. to infatuate, in-

toxicate, besot.

RASSURER, rå-så-rå, v. a. to encourage; hearten, put in heart again, remove one's fears, keep up. Se rassurer, v. r. to take courage again, cheer up again, take fresh courage, pluck up a heart, recover one's self: settle (speaking of the weather.)

RAT, ra, s. m. rat. Mort aux rats, rats-Avoir des rats, to be maggoty or whimsical. Prendre un rat, to flash in the

pau, miscarry, miss one's aim.
RATAFIA, rà-tà-f là, s. m. ratafia.
RATAN, V. Rotin.

RATATINÉ, E, adj. shrivelled, shrunk in. RATATINER, (SE) v. n. to shrink, shri-

vel. RATE, rai, s. f. spleen. S'épanouir la rate, to be merry.

RATEAU, ra-to, s. m. rate; ward of a lock. Rateau, s. m. Mar. rack. Rateau en poulies, rack with running sheeves. Rateaux a chevillots, cross pieces. V. Ratelier.

RATELEE, rat-la, s. f. raking (as much hay, grass, etc. as is taken at once with a rake.) Dire sa ratelée, to tell freely one's story or tale, speak what one knows or thinks.

RATELER, rat-lå, v. a. to rake. RATELEUR, rat-leur, s. m. raker. *RATELEU-x, s., rat-leu, leuz, adj. spic-

netick, troubled with the spleen.

RATELIER, rat-Ifa, s. m. rack to put hay in for borses to feed on; rack to set or bang things on; set of teeth. Ratcher, a. m. Mar. rack, etc. Ratelier du beaupré, rack or range (of blocks placed on each side of the gammoning) of a ship's bowsprit. Rateliers a cherillots, cross-pieces (of a windlass,) ranges fixed to the shrouds, etc. (in which belaying pins are inserted.)

RATER, rå-tå, v. n. & a. to miss, miscar-

ry, snap, flash in the pan.
RATIER, E, ra-till, tier, adj. maggoty, whimsical.

RATIÈRE, rà-tièr, s. f. rat or mouse trap. RATIFICATION, rà-ti-fl-ka-sion, s. f. ratification.

RATIFIER, ra-ti-fil-å, v. a. to ratify.

RATINE, ra-tin, s. f. rateen

RATIOCINATION, S. f. ratiocination, reasoning, discourse, argument.

RATIOCINER, v. n. to ratiocinate, reason

or argue. RATION, ra-slow, s. f. daily allowance of provisions or forage.) Demi-ration, half allowance. Mettre l'equipage à demi-ration, to put the crew on half allowance. V. R.daire.

RATIONNEL, LR, rå-slå-něl, adj. rational. RATISSER, rå-tl-så, v. a. to scrape or rake

RATISSOIRE, ra-til-swar, s. f. iron-rake. RATISSURES, ra-tl-sur, a. f. pl. scrapings RATON, s. m. penny or half-penny tart.

cheese-cake, young rat.
RATTACHER, ra-ta-sha, v. a. to tie again. RATTEINT, E, adj. overtaken again. RATTEINDRE, ra-tindr, v. a. (see the table

at eindre) to over-take, catch again. RATTRAPER, ra-tra-pa, v. a. to catch or overtake again, come up with, recover, re-

trieve or regain. RATURE, ra-tur, s. f. crasement, rasure, dash (through any writing.) Ratures &

parchemin, scrapings of parchment. RATURER, ra-tu-ra, v. a. to blot, rase, put

or scratch out; (le parchemin) to scrape.

RAUCITE, rd-sl-ta, s. f. raucity, hoarseness.

RAUQUE, rok, adj. hoarse, harsh. RAVAGE, rå-vår, s. m. havock, waste. spoil, ruin, devastation; bustle.

RAVAGER, ra-va-za, v. a. to ravage, spoil, ransack or lay waste.

RAVALEMENT, ra-val-men, s. m. plastering or rough casting (of a wall;) fall, disgrace, contempt, disparagement. Ravalentes, Mar. fall (of a ship's deck.)

RAVALER, ra-va-la, v. a. to swallow down again; to put or bring lower; to under-value, vilify, debase; (nn muer) to finish or perfect; (de prix) to fall (in its price.) Faire recaler une parole à quelqu'un, to make one eat his

bose, bot : jeune, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

words, make one recant. Se ravuler, v. r. to under-value or debase one's self; descend.
RAVAUDAGE, ra-vo-daz, s. m. mending.

botching, botched or bungled work.

RAVAUDER, ra-vo-da, v. a. & n. to botch, mend, bustle about in the house, rattle or

scold at, teaze or plague.

RAVACDERIE, ra-vo-dri, s. f. silly or impertinent or idle stuff, nonsense, impertinence.

RAVAUDEU-R, SE, rà-vò-deur, deuz, s. m. & f. botcher, impertinent, nonsensical creature.

RAVE, rav. s. f. radish; turnip. RAVELIN, rav-lin, s. m. ravelin. RAVI, E, ra-vi, vi, adj. ravished, etc. ac-rding to Ravir. Ravi de, ravished with, cording to Ravir. wrapped up in, glad of.

RAVIGOTE, s. f. scallion sauce.

RAVIGOTER, rå-vi-gô-tå, v. a. to brisk up

again, revive.

RAVILIR, rå-vl-lir, v. a. to debase, vilify ; disgrace or under-value, disparage, make or reader despicable.

RAVIN, ra-vin, s. m. gutter made by a flood or torrest.

RAVINE, ra-vln, s. f. flood, great flood; gutter made by a flood.

RAVIR, ra-vir, v. a. to ravish, rob, steal,

snatch away, take by force, wrest from, (par un excès de joie) to ravish, charm, please exceedingly, rapture. A racir, to admiration, wooderfully well.

RAVISER, (SE) sê-râ-vî-sâ, v. r. to change one's mind, bethink one's self, think better

of it.

RAVISSANT, E, ra-vi-sen, sent, adj. ravenous, rapacious; ravishing, admirable, charm-

RAVESSEMENT, rå-vis-men, s. m. ravishing or ravishment, carrying off by force, rape; rapture, ecstasy.

RAVISSEUR, ra-vi-seur, s. m. ravisher, one that has committed a rape; robber.

RAVITAILLEMENT, rå-vl-tal-inen, s. m. applying of a place with fresh provisions or ammunition, supply of provisious and ammunition.

RAVITAILLER, ra-vi-ta-la, v. a. to victual,

supply with provisions.

RAVIVER, ra-vi-va, v. a. to revive, brisk up. RAVOIR, ra-vwar, v. a. (only used in the minitive) to have again, recover, get again. Seravoir, v.r. to recover, gather new strength;

pick up one's crumbs.

RAVÉ, E, rê-ya, adj. blotted, scratched; crossed out, barred, etc. striped, full of stripes; (and of fire-arms) screwed or rifled.

RAYER, re-ya, v. a. to bar, cross or strike

tines, farrow; (une arme à feu) to rifle or screw.

RAYON, re-yon, s. m. beam, ray; (d'un cercle) radius; radius (larger bone of the forearm; furrow; (d'une roue) spoke; (terme de monsoie) bar; (de bon sens) grain. Rayon de miel, honey-comb.

RAYONNANT, E, re-yô-nên, nênt, adi. ra-

diant, beamy, sparkling, shining.
RAYORNEMENT, re-you-men, s. m. radiation, casting forth of beams.

RAYOHERR, re-yo-na, v. n. to cast forth

BAYURE, re-yur, s. f. (dans une étofie) stripe or stripes; (dans une arme à feu) ritle. ! (in architecture) ! order or ledge.

RAZE, s. f. calking pitch; kind of serge. Ri, ra, s. m. adj. musical note.

REACTION, ra-ak-slou, s. f. reaction.

RÉAGGRAVE, rà a grav, s. m. last threat-

coing monitory, last commination.

Réaggraves, ra-à-grà-và, v. a. to reaggravate. V. Kinggiave.

RÉAGIR. v. n. to act again, re-act.

REAJOURNEMENT, ra-a - coorn-men, s. m. new summons or re-summons.

RÉAJOURNER, rà-à-zoor-nà, v. a. to summon again.

RÉAL, ra-al, s. m. (réaux, pl.) Réale, s. f. (réales,) pl. real (Spanish coin.)

REALE, s. f. the commander's galley.

RÉALGAR, s. m. realgar

RÉALISATION. s. m. realizing. RÉALISER, rå-à-ll-zà, v. a. to realize, make

RÉALITÉ, rà-à-ll-tà, s. f. reality, real existence, real presence.

RÉAPPOSER, v. a. Ex. Réapposer le scelle, to seal again.

RÉASSIGNATION, rà-à-sl-gnà-sion, s. f. new assignment: new summons into court, resummons.

RÉASSIGNER, rà-à-sì-gnà, v. a. to assign anew; summon again. REATU, (être in) to be impeached of a

crime.

REBAISER, rê-bê-za, v. a. to-kise again. REBANDER, re-ben-da, v. a. (un arc) to new-bend or bend again; (un pistolet) to cock

again; (une blessure) to bind up again.
REBAPTISER, rê-bâ-tî-zâ, v. a. to re-baptize, baptize again.

RÉBARBATI-F, VE, rà-bàr-bà-tif, tiv, adj. snappish. crabbed, sour, cross.

REBATER, v. a. to put on the pack saddle

agaiu. REBATIR, rê-ba-tîr, v. a. to rebuild, build

up_again. REBATTRE, re-batr, v. a. (like battre) to beat again, beat over and over, repeat, tell

over and over; (les cartes) to shuffle again. REBATTU, E, adj. beaten again, etc. Rebuttre.

REBAUDIR, v. a. (terme de chasse) to caress (dogs.)

REBEC, s. m. rebeck. REBELLE, re-bel, adj. & s. rebellious, disobedient; rebel. Metaux rebelles, hard to be melted.

REBELLER, (SE) sê-rê-bê-là, v. r. to rebel,

rise up, revolt.
REBELLION, rå-be-llon, s. f. rebellion, re-

volt, rising, insurrection. REBÉNIR, rè-bà-nîr, v. a. to new-consecrate. REBÉQUER, (SE) sè-rè-bà-kà, v. r. to make

repartees, be saucy or malapert.

Reblanchik, re-blen-shir, v. a. to new-

wash or wash again; new white or white again. REBOIRE, rê-lowar, v. a. (like boire) to drink again. Reboire sa sueur, to soak in

one's sweat. REBONDI, E, rê-bon-dî, di, adj. round,

plump and hard REBONDIR, re-bon-dir, v. n. to rebound, bounce up again.

REBONDISSEMENT, re-bon-dis-men, s. m. rebounding, rel aund, rebouncing.

REBURD, re-libr, s. m. border, edge, hem,

bar, bat, base : thère, êbb, over : field, fig : rôbe, rôb, lord : mood, good.

REBORDER, rê-bôr-da, v. a. to new-border or new-bind.

REBOTTER, rê-bô-tâ, (se) v. r. to put on boots again.

REBOUCHEMENT, s. m. blunting. REBOUCHER, re-boo-sha, v. a. to stop gain: blunt, make blunt or dull. Se rebouer, to grow blunt or dull.

REBOUILLIR, re-boo-dr, v. a. (like bouil-

lir) to boil again.

REBOURGEONNER, v. n. to bud or shoot again.

REBOURS, re-boor, s. m. wrong side of a stuff; also contrary sense and meaning. A relours or au relours, the wrong way, preposterously, cross, quite contrary. A rebours de poil, against the hair, the wrong way.

REBOURS, E, adj. cross, cross-grained.

REBOUSE, S. f. Mer. starting bolt.

REBOUTONNER, rê-bôo-tô-nh, v. a. to but-

ton again.

REBRASSER, v. a. to solder again. REBRASSER, re-bra-sa, v. a. & n. to brew *Se rebrasser, to tuck or turn up one's again. alceves.

REBRIDER, rê-brf-dâ, v. a. to bridle again. REBRODER, v. a. to embroider over again. REBROUILLER, re-broo-la, v. a. to jum-

ble, mix, entangle, embroil, confound again.

REBROUSSE POIL, (A) adv. against the hair or the grain, the wrong sense, the contrary sense or meaning.

REBROUSSER, re-broo-sa. v. a. &c. n. (les

chevence) to turn up; (chemin) to turn or go back, return.

REBROYER, re-brwa-ya, v.a. to grind again. REBRUNIR, re-bru-nir, v. a. to burnish

again, new-burnish.
REBUFFADE, re-bû-fâd, s. f. rebuff, re-

pulse, denial, anappish answer.

REBUS, S. m. rebus, clinching, witticism or device; silly pun, foolish conceit, imperti-

pence, nonsén REBUT, re-bå, s. m. repulse, rebuff, foil, denial; outcast, refuse, trash, riff-raff, sad

paltry stuff. De rehut, unfit for service, cast Papier de rebut, waste or refuse paper.

REBUTANT, R, re-bu-ten, tent, adj. loatingome, tedious, crabbed, hard, discouraging; forbidding, odious, hatcful, disagreeable. crabbed.

REBUTER, re-bu-ta, v. a. to repulse, reject, deny, refuse, thrust or turn away; to dishearten, discourage, dispirit, deter, forbid, disgust, tire. Se rebuter, v. r. to despond, be discouraged or disheartened.

RECACHER, rê-kâ-shā, v. a. to hide ágain. RECACHETER, rê-kâsh-tā, v. a. to seal up again.

RECALCITRANT, E, rå-kål-el-trèn, trènt,

adj. reluctant, refractory.

*RECALCITER, v. n. to be averse or reluctant or refractory.

RECAPITULATION, ra-ka-pl-tu-la-slon, s.

f. recapitulation, summing up.
RECAPITULER, rā-kā-pl-tū-lā, v. a. to re-

capitulate, sum up.
RECARRELER, re-kar-la, v. a. to new-pave.
RECEDER, v. a. to give back.

RECELÉ, or RECELEMENT, s. m. conceals

ment or concealing.

RECÉLER, rés-la, v. a. to conceal or receive (stolen things,) secrete, harbour.

RECLLEU-R, SE, res-leur, leuz, s. m. & f. receiver of stolen things, one that harbourser lodges or receives stolen things.

RECEMBERT, rk-sk-men, adv. recently.

newly, lately, freshly, of late.
RECENSEMENT, re-sem-men, s. m. hearing or examination of witnesses; also m verification of goods (of their quality, quantity or weight.)

RECENSER, rè-sen-sà, v. a. to bear wit-

nesses, verify goods again.

RÉCENT, E, ra-sen, sent, adj. recent, new, fresh, lately done or happened. Etre récent d'une lecture, to have that fresh in one's me-

mory which has been read lately.
RECEPAGE, res-paz, s. m. lopping a tree of its branches.

RECEPÉE, s. f. that part of the wood that

has been lopped. RK EPER, rés-på, v. a. to lop. Rkr épissé, rå-så-pl-så, s. m. receipt. Rkr eptacik, rå-sép-tákl, s. m. sink, sev-

er or common shore; also receptacle, shelter, nest.

RECEPTION, s. f. reception or receiving, receipt; welcome, entertainment, reception; admittance.

RECETTE, rè-set, s. f. receipt; the receiver's office; recipe.

RECEVABLE, res-vabl, adj. receivable, fit to be admitted, good, right, lawful, allowable. RECEVEU-R, SE, res-veur, veuz, a. m. & f.

receiver; (d'un seigneur) steward; (d'une ville) chamberlain or treasurer.

RECEVOIR, res-vwar, v. a. (see eror at conceroir) to receive; take; admit, allow or approve of; to welcome, entertain or treat. make a reception; to lodge or harbour: to accept, accept of, like; to feel; (sme opinion) to take up. Recenoir, Mar. to receive, etc. Vous reçutes plusieurs boulets dans votre miture, you received several shots in your masts and yards. Receroir une grome lume à lord, to ship a heavy sea

RECEZ, s. m. Ex. Le recez de l'empire d'Allemagne, the register of the resolutions of the Imperial diet.

RÉCHAFAUDER rà-shà-fò-dà, v. a. tomate

fresh scaffolding, new-scaffold. RECHANGE, re-shene, s. m. (terme de se-

goce) re-change. Mar. spare stores and rigging. Rechanges du maître, the boutswain's spare stores. Voiles de rechange, spare sain. Mals et vergues de rechange, spare mass and yards.

RECHANGER, re-shen-zh, v. a. to change again.

RECHANTER, re-shen-th, v. a. to sing again. sing over and over, tellover and over, tellofes.

RÉCHAPPER, rè-shà-pù, v. a. to escape, re-cover. Réchappé de la potence, scape-gallows. RECHARGE, rè-shàrz, s. f. additional las. increase of taxes; (d'une arme à feu) second

charge.
RECHARGER, re-shar-za, v. a. to charge or load again; (l'ennemi) to make a second

charge upon; to repeat an order. RECHASSER, re-sha-sa, v. a. to beat back, drive back again, turn out again; also to hus

RECHAUD, ra-sho, s. m. chaning-dish RECHAUFFEMENT, s. m. new cost of fresh manure applied to a hot-bed.

båse, båt : jeane, mëute, bëurre : ènflut, cënt, liën : vin : mon : brun.

RÉCHAUFFER, rå-shô-få, v. a. to warm or heat again, make or keep warm; to stir up or kindle again, to give new life or warmth or spirit to; (le combat) to renew. Se rechauffer, v. r. to warm one's self or get one's self warm again, grow warm again; also to break out or be kindled again. RECHAUFFOIR, ra-sho-fwar, s. m. kind of

stove to warm again the dishes brought from

a distant kitchen.

RECHAUSSER, re-sho-sh, v. a. to put on again; to beat over again (a metal.) Ex. Il rechaussa ses bas, he put on his stockings again. Rechauseer un arbre, to lay new earth about the root of a tree.

RÉCHAUT, V. Réchaud. RECHE, adj. rough, rude. RECHEOIR, V. Rechoir.

RECHERCHE, re-shersh, s. f. search, re-search, inquiry, quest, seeking after, curious research or observation; affectation; (des actions) calling to an account, bringing into question; courting, wooing, making love, amorous addresses. D'Entrecasteaux fut enlove, ropé à la recherche de l'infortune La Pérouse, D'Entrerasteaux was sent in quest of the unfortunate La Perouse. Faire la recherche d'use chose, to inquire into a thing.

RECHERCHÉ, E, ré-shèr-shà, adj. sought or inquired after, searched into, etc. V. Rechercher, laboured; affected. Pensee trop re-

cherchée, far-fetched thought.

RECHERCHER, re-sher-she, v. a. to seek again, to look a second time for, call to an account; to court, sue for; (un tableau, etc.) to correct, finish, polish.

RECHIGNÉ, E, rè-shi-gua, adj. & s. grim, gruff, grim-faced, pouting, gruff or grim-faced

RECHIONER, re-shl-gua, v. n. to look grim or graff or crabbed, have a sour look, pout.
RECHOIR, re-shwar, v. n. (like choir) to

fall again; also to fall sick again, relapse.

RECHU, E, adj. fallen again, relapsed. RECHUTE, re-shot, s. f. second fall; also

relapse. Racidive, ra-si-div, s. f. recidivation, re-

lapse. RÉCIDIVER, rå-si-di-vå, v. n. to relapse. RÉCIPÉ, rå-si-på, s. m. recipe, physician's

prescription. RECIPIENDAIRE, ra-si-plen-der, s. m. one

who stands to be admitted into some office, society, etc. RECIPIENT, ra-si-pi-en, s. m. recipient.

RECIPROCATION, ra-sl-pro-ka-slon, s. f. reciprocation, interchanging.

RÉCIPROCITÉ, rh-sl-pro-al-tà, s. f. recipro-

cit

RÉCIPROQUE, rà-si-prok, adj. reciprocal, mutual, interchangeable. [] A verb is called Reciprocal when the pronouns Se, Nous, Vous, nean one another of each other. But reciprocity is expressed in some verbs by S'entre, nous entre, vous entre, instead of the simple se, nous, vous, which might appear ambiguous without the word mutuellement or réciproquement, which are equivalent to entre, which becomes entr' when the verb begins with a vowel. We may say in French, s'entr'aimer, to love one another, nous nous entr'aimons, we love one another. Vous vous entr'aimez, you love one another. Ils s'entr'aiment, or illes

s'entr'aiment, they love one another. And so of the other tenses, s'entre-blesser, nous name entre-blessons, vous vous entre-blesses, ils s'en-tre-blessent. If we say simply s'aimer, it would not only signify to love one another, but also to love one's self; then nous nous aimons would signify both we love one another, and we love ourselves. This remark will apply to all infinitives with s'entre or s'entr', since to the meaning of the infinitive, which may be found at its proper place in the alphabet, it is only necessary to add one another, each other, and sometimes to one another, to each other, as in s'entre-parler, to talk to each other or together.

RÉCIPROQUE, s. m. return, like for like. Je vous rendrai le réciproque, I shali make you a return, I shall requite you, I shall be even

with you.

RECIPROQUEMENT, ra-si-prok-men, adv. reciprocally, mutually, interchangeably.

RECIPROQUER, v. n. to reciprocate, requite, be even with.

RECIRER, rd-sl-rd, v. a. to new-wax, to

wax again.
RECISION, ra-al-zion. V. Rescision.

RÉCIT, rh-si, s. m. recital, account, relation, report, narration; (in squack) recitative.
RÉCITATEUR, rh-si-th-thur, s. m. reciter,

rehearser.

RECITATIF, rh-el-th-tlf, s. f. recitative.

RECITATION, rk-sl-tk-slow, s. f. recitation. RECITER, rk-sl-tk, v. a. to recite, rehearse; tell or relate.

RÉCLAMATION, rà-klà-mà-slon, s. f. reclamation.

RÉCLAME, rh-kihm, s. f. (in printing.)

catch word. RÉCLAME, s. m. (in falcoury) reclaiming. Oiseau qui revient au réclame, bird that re-turns readily to the lure.

RÉCLAMER, rà-kià-mà, v. a. to sue or beg for, implore, call upon; to claim, challenge, demand or sue; (un oiseas) to reclaim. Réclamer, v. n. to contradict or gainsay, com-plain, exposulate, protest. Se réclamer de quelqu'un, v. r. to make use of one's name, say that one belongs to him, challenge one's acquaintance with him.

RECLAMPER, re-klen-pa, v. a. Mar. to repair a broken mast or main yard.

RECLINANT, E, adj. reclining.

RECLIBER, v. n. to recline. RECLOUER, re-klôc-å, v. a. to nail again. RECLURE, re-klûr, v. a. (part. reclus) (only used in the infinitive and compound tenses) to

cloister up, shut up in a cloister. RzcLus, z, rè-klu, kluz, adj. & s. cloistered up, recluse.

RECOGNER, re-kô-gna, v. a. to knock or thrust in again; also to drive or beat back, give a warm or smart reception to, pay off.

RECOIFFER, re-kwa-fa, v. a. to dress one's

head again.

RECOIN. re-kwin, s. m. corner, nook, byplace, recess.

RÉCOLEMENT, rk-kôl-mên, s. m. re-examination.

RÉCOLER, rå-kô-lå, v. a. to re-examine (witnesses.)

RECOLLECTION, ra-ko-lek-slon, s. f. recollection.

RÉCOLLET, TR, s. m. & f. Recollect. Franciscan friar or nun.

bar, bat, i.e.e: there, ebb, over: fleid, fig: robe, rob, lord: mood, good.

RECOLLER, rê-kô-là, v. a. to paste or give

again. "RECOLLIGER, (SE) så-rå-kô-ll-zå, v. r. to

recollect one's self.

RECOLTE, rk-kôlt, s. f. crop, harvest.

RECOLTER, v. a. to reap, obtain. RECOMMANDABLE, re-ko-men-dabl, adj. commendable, praise-worthy, estimable. RECOMMANDARESSE, re-kô-men-dâ-res, s.

f. woman that keeps an office of intelligence.
RECOMMANDATION, re-kô-men-dà-slon, s. f. recommendation, recommending; esteem, value, request; (in law) detainder; (for stom goods) advertisement, notice. Avoir l'hon-

ner en recommandation, to value one's honour. RECOMMANDER, re-ko-men-da, v. a. to recommend; to desire, charge; to recommend or leave to the care of; (m low) to lodge a detainer against; to send an advertisement or a notice (about stolen goods.) Recomman-der quelqu'um aux prières de l'église, to pray for one at church. Se recommander à, v. r. to commend or recommend one's self to, im-

plore the protection of.

RECOMMENCER, re-kô-men-sa, v. a. & n.

to begin again, begin anew, renew. RECOMPENSE, ra-kon-pens, s. f. recompense, reward, requital, compensation, punishment. Est récompense, to make amends, by way of recompense, etc.

RÉCOMPENSER, râ-kon-pên-sâ, v. a. to re-

compense, reward, requite; reward or punish,

make up for, make up.
RECOMPOSER, re-kon-pô-zh, v. a. to com-

pose again, set again, recompose. RECOMPOSITION, re-kon-po-zi-zion, s. f. (terme de chimie) recomposition. RECOMPTER, re-kon-ta, v. a. to tell over

or reckon again.

RÉCONCILIABLE, rà-kon-si-ll-abl, adj. reconcileable.

RÉCOSCILIAT-EUR, RICE, ra-kon-si-li-àteur, tris, s. m. & f. reconciler.

RECONCILIATION, rd-kon-d-fl-d-slon, s. f. reconcilement, reconciliation. Reconciliation

d'une église, new-consecrating of a church.
RECONCILIER, rh-kon-al-ll-h, v. a. to reconcile; (une église) to new-consecrate. Se reconcider (avec) v. r. to reconcile one's self,

make one's peace, be reconciled (with.)

"RECONDUCTION, s. f. Ex. Tacite reconduction, enjoyment of the premises upon the same condition as before, without a renewal of the lease.

RECONDUIRE, rê-kon-dûir, v. a. (see the table at nire) to wait upon (one) back, recon-

duct; also to drive away, send packing. RECONDUIT, E, adj. brought back again,

reconducted. *RECONFIRMER, re-kon-fir-ma, v. a. to confirm again.

*RECONFORT, ra-kon-for, s. m. comfort, consolation.

RÉCONFORTATION, s. f. the act of comforting.

*RECOFFORTER, ra-kon-for-ta, v. a. to comfort, console.

RÉCONFRONTATION, ra-kon-fron-là-slon, s. f. confronting again.
RECONFRONTER, ra-kon-fron-ta, v. a. to

to be known again

Reconnoissance, rê-kô-dê-sêrs, s. £ ac knowledgment or knowing again, recogni-tion, recognizance, discovery; acknowledg-ment, gratitude, thankfulness: requital, re-ward; acknowledging acknowledgment, owning; confession, recognizance, bond. noissance, s. f. Mar. mark, sea-mark, land-mark; also the act of reconnoisring. Recon-noissance certaine, leading-mark. Recommoissance qui cadrant avec une autre, déterm position où l'on doit être, thwart mark. volcan de l'île de Bourbon est un bon point de reconnoissance la nuit, the volcano of the isle of Bourbon is an excellent land-mark by

RECONNOISSANT, E, rê-kô-sê-ska, sênt, adj. grateful, thankful.
RECONNOITES, rê-kô-nêtr, v. a. (see the table at ottre) to know or know again; to find out, see, discover, perceive, be satisfied; to acknowledge, own or confess; to consider, be thankful or grateful for; to reconnoitre, observe, view, take a view of. Reconnoitre sme serve, view, take a view of. Reconnostre une rente, to recognise a rent. Se reconnostre, v. r. to come to one's self; repent or acknowledge one's fault; know where one is; to recognise one's self: v. a. Mar. to reconnoire make out, etc. Reconnoire la terre, to reconnoire the land. Depuis que le bâtiment par la hanche nous a reconnu, il est arriré, since the ship on the quarter has made us out, she has bore up. Reconnoître un bâtiment, to approach a vessel in order to discover her force and of what nation she is.

BECONNU, E, adj. known, acknowledged,

V. Reconnoître.

RECONQUERIR, re-kon-kh-rir, v. a. (see the table at querir) to conquer again.

RECONQUIS, E, adj. conquered again. RECONSTRUCTION, s. f. building again.
RECONSTRUIRE, re-kons-trur, v. a. (see
the table at mire) to build up again.
RECONSULTER, re-kon-sul-ta, v. a. to con-

sult again.

RECONTER, re-kon-th, v. a. to relate or tell

again. Reconvoquen, rê-kon-vê-kâ, v. a. to convenc again, call together again, reassemble. RECOPIER, re-ko-pla, v. a. to copy again,

write fair again.
RECOQUILLE, E, adj. curled, curled up,

turned up.

RECOQUILLEMENT, re-ko-kil-men, s. m.

curling up, shrinking, turning up.
RECOQUILLER, re-ko-kl-di, v. a. to curl, curl up, turn up, shrink up, shrivel; (see che peau) to cock up. Se recogniller, v. r. to carl

or curl up, shrink up, turn up.
RECORDER, re-kôr-dh, v. a. (quelqu'un)
to instruct; (as leçon) to get without book;
(in law) to record. Exploits recordes, summons before two witness

RECORRIGER, re-ko-rl-sa, v. a. to correct

again, revise

RECORS, re-kor, s. m. sergeant's or bailiff's assistant, setter.

RECOUCHER, re-koo-sha, v. a. to put to bed again.

RECOUDRE, re-koodr, v. a. (like coudre) to

RECONFERENTER, ra-kon-fron-ta, v. a. to confront again, bring again face to face.

RECONFE, ra-kôop, s. f. waste, shards, rubbish or stones; middle sort of bran.

RECOUPER. re-koo-pa, v. a. to cut again.

base, bût : jêûne, mêute, bêurre : êstîkst, cêst, liês : vis : mos : bruse,

RECOURBER, v. a. to crook, make crooked, to bend. Se recourber, v. r. to grow crooked, to bend

RECOURTE, re-koo-rir, v. n. (like courir) to run again; have recourse, fly for succour or help or relief. Mar. Faire recourir une manacurre, to light along a rope. Recourie les coutures d'un bâtiment, to run over the

seams of a ship (in calking.)
*Recourse, re-koor, v. a. (only used in the infinitive and participle recous) to rescue

(a prisoner.)
RECOURS, re-koor, s. m. recourse, refuge; relief, remedy, redress.

RECOUS, E, adj. (from *Recourse*) rescued. RECOUSE, re-koos, s. f. rescue, help. RECOUSU, E, adj. (from *Recoudse*) sewed

RECOUVER, rê-kôo-vâ, v. a. to brood or

sit on again.

RECOUVERT, E, adj. covered again, new covered; recovered. V. Recouver.
RECOUVERABLE, rê-kôp-vrábl, adj. reco-

verable.

RECOUVREMENT, re-koovr-men, s. m. recovery, recovering, regaining, re-obtaining; gathering, levy, receipt (of taxes.)

RECOUVRER, re-koo-vra, v. a. to recover, regain, retrieve, levy, gather.
RECOUVRIE, rê-kôo-vrîr, v. a. (like cou-

Erir) to cover again, new cover.
RECRACHER, re-kra-sha, v. n. & a. to spit

often, spit out again.

RECRÉANCE, ré-krà-èns, s. f. provisional powersion given in a suit to one of the parties till the cause be determined. Lettres de récréance, recredentials.

RÉCRÉATI-F, VE, rà-krà-à-tlí, tiv, adj. re-creative, diverting, pleasant, delightful, enter-

taining.
RECRESTION, ra-kra-1-slon, s. f. recrea-

tion, refreshment, sport, diversion.

RÉCRÉDENTIAIRE, rà-krà-dèn-sièr, s. m. recredentiary, one who holds a living in liti-gation conditionally.

RÉCRÉER, rà-krà-a, v. a. to recreate, refresh, divert or delight, make merry, enliven, relieve. Se recreer, v. r. to recreate or divert or refresh one's self, unbend one's spirit.

RÉCRÉMENT, s. m. recrement.

RECREDER, v. a. to parget or plaster again. RECREDER, ré-kréu-zà, v. a. to dig up

again or deepen.

RECRIBLER, rê-krî-bia, v. a. to shift again. RECRIBE, (SE) sê-râ-krî-a, v. r. (contre or sur) to cry out upon, exclaim at clamour against.

RÉCRIMINATION, rà-kri-mi-na-sion, s. f. recrimination.

RÉCRIMINER, rà-krî-mî-nà, v. n. to recriminate, return an accusation.

RÉCRIRE, rà-krir, v. a. (like écrire) to write again, write over again, answer or write

RÉCRIT, E, adj. writ over again.

RECROTTRE, v. n. to grow again. RECROQUEVILLER, (se) se-re-krok-vi-la, r. to curl or turn or roll up; to rivel, shrivel, shrink up.

RECROTTER, (sz) sê-rê-krô-tà, v. r. to get

fresh dirt, be dirty again.
RECRU, E, re-kru, kru, adj. tired. weary, spent, out of heart, jaded.

RECRUE, re-krd, s. f. recruit, recruiting. RECRUTER, re-kru-ta, v. a. to recruit er fill up.

RECRUTEUR, s. m. one who recruits sol diers.

RECTA, rek-th. adv. directly, punctually. RECTARGLE, rek-tengi, adj. rectangular: s. m. rectangle.

RECTANGULAIRE, adj. rectangular. RECTEUR, rêk-têur, s. m. rector. RECTIFICATION, rêk-tê-fî-kâ-slon, s. f. rec-

tification, rectifying or refining.
RECTIFIER, rek-ti-fl-a, v. a. to restify, correct, redress, mend, better, set to rights again;

(in chymistry) to rectify or refine. RECTILIONE, rek-ti-lign, adj. rectilineal,

rectilineous.

RECTITUDE, rek-ti-tid, s. f. uprightness, rectitude, honesty, probity, integrity; (de la vue) directness.

RECTO, rêk-tô, s. m. first page of a leaf.
RECTORAL, E, adj. rectorial.
RECTORAT, rêk-tô-râ, s. m. rectorship.
REÇU, E, adj. received, admitted, etc. V.

Recevoir.

RECUEIL, rê-kêul, s. m. collection. RECUEIL, rê-kêul, s. m. collection. RECUEILLEMENT, rê-kêul-mên, s. m. 182

collection.

RECUEILLIR, rê-kêu-dr, v. a. (like cueillir) to gather, reap, get in, get; to get together; to select, pick out, compile; to receive or entertain; to gather or infer; (les braits) to pick up; (ses esprits) to recollect one's self. Se recueillir, to recollect one's self; also to sum up or recapitulate what one has said be-

RECUIRE, rê-kûir, v. a. (see the table at Recuit, to broil or bake or roast again; uire.)

to neal (metals.)

RECUIT, TE, re-kai, kah, adj. boiled on baked or roasted again; nealed; (trop cuit) over-boiled or baked or roasted, over-done.

RECUIT, s. m. Recuite, s. f. nealing, baking. RECUITEUR, re-kul-teur, s. m. blancher or

boiler (in the mint.)

Recut., re-kul, s. m. recoil, recoiling (of cannon.)

RECULADE, re-ku-lad, s. f. drawing backwards (as of a carriage or carriages;) putting off (of a final settlement.)

RECULÉ, E, re-ku-la, adj. put or pulled or

drawn back, etc. remote, far.
*RECULÉE, s. f. Ex. Feu de reculée, scorch-

"RECULER, S. I. E.X. Fets ac ressure, scorcaring fire that makes people draw back.

RECULEMENT, Fethelmen, s. m. delaying, delay, putting off; breeching (of a harness.)

RECULER, Fethella, v. s. to put or pull or draw back; to put off, delay, retard; to put off, remove; to extend, enlarge, carry familer there v. m. to go or fall or draw back; give ther: v. n. to go or fall or draw back; give ground, recoil; to go back, hang an area, shift. Il n'y a plus moyen (or il n'est plus permis) de reculer, there is no going back. reculer, to go or fall or draw back.

RECULONS, (A) & r-kh-lon, adv. backward; down the wind, cross, preposterously. RÉCUPÉRER, (SE) se-ra-kh-pa-ra, v. r. to recover, retrieve, make up (one's losses.) RÉCUSABLE, rh-kh-zabl, adj. exceptiona-

ble, liable to exception.
*RÉCUSATION, ra-ku-za-sion, s. f. challenge, exception in law.

bar, bat, base : thère, cab, over : field, fig : rôbe, rôb, lôrd : mòod, good.

Récusan, rà-sà-sà, v. a. to challenge, expt sguinst. RÉDACTEUR, rå-då*k-*teur, s. m. compiler,

digester.
REDACTION, ra-dak-slow, s. f. digesting.
REDACT, re-den, s. m. redan (in fortifica-

RÉDARGUER, ré-dar-gu-à, v. a. (pron. the

ss) to rebulbe, reprove.

REDDITION, red-di-don, s. f. (d'une place) reddition, surrender surrendering; (de comptes) giving in, rendering.

REDEBATTRE, v. a. irr. (like battre) to de-

bate or examine or canvass again.

REDECLARER, re-da-kla-ra, v. a. to de-

clare again. REDEDIER, re-da-dl-a, v. a. to dedicate

anew. REDEFAIRE, ro-da-der, v. a. (like faire) to

undo again. REDEJEUNER, re-da-zeu-na, v. a. to eat a second breakfast.

REDÉLIBÉRER, v. a. to reconsider, to de-

liberate again upon REDÉLIVRER, rê-dâ-lî-vrâ, v. a. to set at

liberty a second tim REDEMANDER, red-men-da, v. a. to demand

again; require back (any thing lent or given.)
REDEROLIE, re-dh-mò-lir, v. a. to demolish or pull down again.
REDERFTEUR, rh-desp-teur, s. m. Re-

desmer or Saviour.

REDEMPTION, rh-desp-slon, s. f. redemption, redoeming.

REDEPÉCHER, v. a. to despatch again. REDESCENDRE, ré-dé-sèndr, v. n. to come

down again. REDEVABLE, red-vabl, adj. who is still in one's debt, indebted; beholden, bound, obliged.

REDEVANCE, red-vens, s. f. duty, rent or service (paid or rendered annually.) REDEVANCIER, E, red-ven-sià, sièr. s. m.

REDEVANUER, s., curvon-sas, sec., s. m. & f. tenator bomager.

REDEVENIR, rê-dêv-nîr, v. n. (like restir) to grow or become again (what one was before.)

REDEVENUE, adj. grown or become again.

REDEVIDER, rê-dê-vî-dê, v. a. to wind again (a clue of thread, etc.)

REPEVOIR, red-vwar, v. a. (like devoir) to remain in one's debt, owe still.

REDHIBITION, s. f. redhibition.

RÉDHIBITOIRE, adj. redhibitory.
RÉDHIBITOIRE, adj. redhibitory.
RÉDIGER, rà-di-tà, v. a. to digest, put into order. Rédiger par écrit, to write or write down, couch in writing, commit to writing.
RÉDIMER, (SE) sè-rà-di-mà, v. r. to free or

exempt one's self.

REDINGOTE, re-din-got, s. f. riding-coat, great coat.

REDIRE, re-dlr, v. a. (like dire) to repeat, say or tell over again, tell again, blab. Trouver à redire à, to find fault with.

REDISKUR, s. m. a repeater or rebearser; a tell tale.

REDISTRIBUER, re-dle-trl-bd-å, v. a. to

distribute again. REDISTRIBUTION, s. f. new distribution. REDITE, re-dit, s. f. repetition, tautology.

REDONPTER, v. a. to subdue again. REDONDANCE, re-don-dens, s. f. redundance, superfluity.

REDONDANT, E, re-don-den, dent, adj. re-

dundant, superfluous.

REDORDER, re-don-da, v. n. to redound, be superfluous.

REDONNER, rê-dô-na, v. a. to give again, give over and over, give back again, restore. Redonner, v. n. to fall on again, charge

again; to redouble.

REDORER, re-dô-rk, v. a. to gild over again, new-gild.

REDORMER, re-dor-mir, v. n. irr. (like

dormir) to sleep again.

REDOUBLEMENT, re-doobl-men, s. m., in-

crease, redoubling.
REDOUBLER, re-doo-bla, v. a. to new-line or line again (a garment:) redouble, double, increase, reiterate. Redoubler, (de jambes) v. n. to redouble or increase (one's speed.) REDOUTABLE, re-do-tabl, adj. dreadful,

formidable.

REDOUTE, ré-dôct, s. f. redoubt.

REDOUTER, re-doo-ta, v. a. to fear, dread.

REDRESSEMENT, a. m. reforming. REDRESSER, re-dre-sa, v. a. to straight, make straight again, put in the right way, set up again; (les torts) to redress, re-form, correct; to redress, rectify, set to rights again; (au jeu) to over-reach, nick. Se redresser, v. r. to grow straight again, get up again; also amug up, trim up one's seti. Redresser, v. a. se redresser, v. r. Mar. to right. Ex. Redresser un raisseau, to right a ship. Le bâtiment ne se redressa qu'après que nous elimes coupé tous nos mâts, the ship did not right till we had cut away all our masts.

REDRESSEUR, re-dre-seur, s. m. cheat,

swindler; also redresser. Ex. Les cheraliers errans se disoient redresseurs de torts, knightserrant called themselves redressers of wro

or an cance memselves redressers of wrongs.
RÉDUCTIBLE, rh-důk-dbl, adj. reducible.
RÉDUCTI-F, ve. rh-důk-df, tv. adj. reducive. Ex. Sel réducif, reducive salt.
RÉDUCTION, rh-důk-dos, s. m. reducion, reducing, being reduced.

reducing, being reduced.
REDUIRE, ra-dur, v. s. (See the table at uire) to reduce; to subdue, bring to subjection; force, compel; to reclaim, reform; to digest; to confine; to commune, consideration; (à la raison) to bring; (an désemble) to brank; (son aris) to digest; to confine; to diminish, abridge; to to drive; (un cheral) to break; (son ares) to sum up. Réduire quelqu'un au petit pies, to bring one into (reduce one to) straits. Se réduire, v. r. to be reduced ; confine one's self; come or amount; be reclaimed, to mend or reform.

Réduire, v. a. Mar. to reduce, etc. Toest l'équipage fut réduit à un tiere de ration par la longueur de la traversée, the whole ship's company was reduced to one third allowance by the length of the passage. Le fart fut refort was reduced by two of our line of battle

RÉDUIT, E, adj. (from réduire) reduced,

Riduit, ri-ddi, s. m. by-place, mok, corner; intrenchment.

REDUPLICATI-F, VE, rh-dù-pli-kh-dif, tiv,

adj. reduplicative.

REDUPLICATION, rå-dů-pil-kå-sion, s. £.

reduplication.
REEDIFICATION, rk-k-di-fi-kh-shes, a. f.

re-edifying, rebuilding. RÉEDIFIER, ra-a-di-fa, v. a. to re-edify. build again.

base, bât : jêûne, mêute, bêurre : ênfant, cênt, liên : vin : mon : brus.

REEL, LE, ra-el, adj. real, true, that is in-ted. Monnois réelle, current coin or money. ed. Monnoie réelle, current coin or money. RÉ-ELECTION, rh-h-lèk-slon, s. f. re-elecdeed.

tion, or second election.

REELLEMENT, rk-el-men, adv. really, in-

RÉRNGENDRER, rå-èn-zèn-drà, v. a. to re-

generate.
REER, ra-4, v. n. (terme de chasse) to bel-

low (as a red deer,) to croyn (as a fallow deer.)
REFAIRR, re-fer, v. a. (like faire) to do aguin, do over again; make again; begin again: mend, repair, recover, refresh; also deal again. Se refaire, v. r. to recover, mend,

recruit or refresh one's solf.
REFAIT, R, rô-fê, fêt, adj. done over again, Un gueux refait, au upstart.

REPAIT, s. m. drawn game; new horns (of deer.)

REFECTION, ra-fek-slon, s. f. repair or re-

pairing; refection

REFECTOIRE, rh-fek-twar, s. m. refectory. REFECTORIAIRE, s. f. mun that takes care of the refectory, house-keeper (in a minnery.)
REPERD, 1-fen, s. m. Ex. Mur de refend, vartition wall. Bois de refend, wood sawed

lengiavase.

REFENDER, rå-fåndr, v. a. to cleave, split, cut, divide in two; saw lengthwise.

RÉFÉRE, rå-få-rå, s. m. report.

RÉFÉRENDAIRE, rå-få-rå-rder, s. m. referendary. Tiers référendaire, refereo.

RÉFÉRER, rå-få-rå, v. a. to refer.

Référe le serment, to put it to one's oath.

Référendaire imble a report. Référendaire imble a report. férer, v. n. to report, make a report. Se ré-

ferer, v. r. to be referred.

REFERMER, re-fer-ma, v. a. to shut again; close up again.

Refermer, v. n. or se refer-

neer, v. r. (une plaie) to close up again.
REFERRER, rê-lê-rê, v. a. Ex. Referrer un cheval, to new-chos a horse.
REFICHER, rê-lî-shê, v. a. to drive or stick

in again.

REPIXER, v. a. to fix or settle again. REFLECHI, R, rd-fik-shi, shi, adj. reflecting, reflective. Reflective verbs commonly p the prosoun which marks reflection after ire, voir, laisser, outr or entendre, which gives them the appearance of neuter verbs. V. Cabre. There are few active verbs which may not be made reflective; and they espey become so when the neuter verb is wanting in French, and a neuter sense is to be expressed. This is also the case when the be exp be expressed. This is also the case when the object is to avoid the passive form without employing on or Pos, which are used for the same purpose. But the French naturally seek to give their expressions the same activity which characterises themselves, and hence many phrases passive in English have the reflective form in French, which in fact is a verb active, for the agent is found not only in the mominative but in the accusative also. Remominative but in the accusative also. Revithdrano, v. a. but Retirer cannot be neuter. The Prench, to express to retire or withdraw. v. n. use se retirer, the true meaning of which is to draw one's self back or to withdraw one's edf. In English, the agent is sometimes understood and the verb passive, when in French the indeterminate on or l'on is introduced, wing what was the nominative in Englimit the accusative in French, as well as in "

cases, where, rendering the verb reflective, it gives it for nominative what was the nomina-tive in English, and for the accusative a pro-noun which relates to the same nominative. On dira cela demain or cela se dira demain is equivalent to that will be told or mentioned tomorrow, or people will tell or mention that tomorrow; and ces bas se font à Boston or on fait ces bas à Boston is the same as these stockings are made at Boston. Observe, moreover, that often, in French, when the agent may be understood, il is used for the nominative of a reflective verb, placing what would naturally be the nominative of the reflective verb where the accusative would be placed; and this kind of construction is a new proof that the genius of the French tongue employs circum-locutions where the verb appears active. A soctions where the vert appears active. A Frenchman, to say in his language, a considerable fleet is fitting out at Boston, would naturally say, if s'equipe à Boston use flotte considerable; to render into his language, men are found or there are men found of that very disposition, he would say, if se trouve des hommes position, no would say, it is crouse see homenes de ce même caractère. And, things which never happen to others are daily happening to me, would be, il m'arrive tous les jours des choses qui n'arrivest jamais aux autres. V. the re-mark on A and De. The remark just made will be so much the more useful as more then half the reflective verbs are omitted in dictionaries, and the grammars do not explain the different ways in which the genius of the French inguage endeavours to avoid the am-biguities which would result from the too fre-quent repetition of on or l'on, whether to avoid confounding or qui se fait with ce qui est fait, or to avoid a danagement from the term of the state or to avoid a departure from the true charac-ter of the French people, which, as we have said, is activity.

RÉFLÉCHIR, ril-fik-skir, v. n. to reflect; to be reflected or beaten back; to reflect or return; (penser marement) to consider, think.
Réfléchir, v. a. to reflect, reverberate. Se reflectir, v. r. to reflect, be reflected.

RÉFLÉCHISSEMENT, rà-6à-shla-mèn, s. m. reflection, reverberation, resilition or turning

REFIET, re-fle, s. m. reflex or reflection (of the light, which one object throws upon another) (in painting.)
REFLETER, re-th-th, v. a. (in painting) to reflect or throw (the light or colour on the

nearest object.) REFLEURIR, re-fieu-rir, v. n. to blossom

again ; flourish again. Réplexibilité, rà-flèk-cì-bì-lì-tà, s. f. fe-

flexibility. Réplexible, ré-dèk-shi, adj. reflexible RÉPLEXION, ra-fiek-slon, s. f. reflection,

returning back, meditation, consideration.
REFLUER, re-fld-å, v. a. to reflow, run back.
REFLUE, re-fld, s. m. reflux, ebb or ebb-

ing, vicissitude. REFONDER, re-fon-da, v. a. les dépens, to refund or pay back the charges or costs.

REPONDRE, re-fondr, v. a. to melt or cast again, new-cast; to reform or new-mould. Refondre un bâtiment, Mar. to give a vemel a thorough repair.

REFONDU. E, adj. melted or cost sgain

DEW-CASL

bar, bat, base: thère, ebb, over : field, fig : rôbe, rôb, lord : mood, good.

REFORTE, re-font, s. f. melting down again, etc. new-coining. Refonte, Mar. complete or thorough repeir. Etre en refonte, to be un-

dergoing a thorough repair.

REFORCER, v. a. to force or compel or

s again.

REFORGER, re-for-sa, v. a. to forge anew,

new hammer and forge.

REFORMABLE, adj. that may be reformed. REPORMAT-EUR, RICE, s.m. & f. reformer. RÉFORMATION, rà-fòr-mà-sìon, s. f. re-

formation, reforming, reform.

RÉFORME, rà-form, s. f. reform, reforming or reformation; (des troupes) reduction, disbanding.

REFORMÉ, E, rå-för-må, adj. & s. re-Sormed, etc. paritan; protestant, reformist.

Officier reforme, half-pay officer.

REFORMER, ra-for-ma, v. a. to reform,

redress, improve; (des troupes) to reduce, dis-

bend.

REFORTIFIER, rd-for-tl-fla, v. a. to refor-

REPOULLER, re-food, v. a. to whip again.
REPOULLER, re-food, v. a. to rake up

again, trench again, etc.
REFOULER, re-foo-la, v. a. to full again;
(la rendange) to stamp again. Refouler la
searce, Mar. to stem the tide. La marce refoule, it is ebb tide.

REFOULOIR, re-foo-lwar, s. m. rammer.

Refouloir de corde, Mar. rope-rammer. REFOURBIR, re-foor-blr, v. a. to new fur-

bish, furbish again. Refoundin, re-foor-nir, v. a. to stock'or

furnish again. RÉFRACTAIRE, rû-frak-tèr, adj. refractory,

rebellious, froward. RÉFRACTER, v. a. to refract, break the

natural course of rays

REFRACTION, ra-frak-slow, s. f. refraction REPRAIN, re-frin, s. m. burden (of a song.) Refrains de la mer, continual tossing of the

REFRANGIBILITE, ra-frèn-21-bl-11-ta, s. f. refrangibility.

RÉFRANGIBLE, ra-frèn-zibl, adj. refran-

gible. REFRAPPER, rê-frâ-pâ, v. a. to strike

egain, newstamp or stamp again.
REFRATER, re-fre-ya, v. a. to polish or smooth (pottery before baking it.)
REFRATER, v. Refrain.
REFRATER, re-fre-na, v. a. to refrain or

restrain, curb, bridle or repress.
REFRIGERANT, E, rh-frl-zh-rèn, rènt, adj.

refrigerant, cooling. REPRIGÉRANT, s. m. cooler, refrigeratory

REFRIGERATI-F, VE, s. m. & adj. cooler,

cooling medicine.

REFRIGERATION, rå-frl-zå-rå-slon, s. f.

refrigeration, cooling.
REFRINGENT, E, rd-frin-zen, zent, adj. re-

fractive.

REFRIRE, v. a. (like frire) to fry again. REFRISER, re-fri-za, v. a. to curl again.

REFROGNÉ, F., re-frô-gnà, adj. & s. grim. grim-faced, gruff, that has a sour or crabbed countenance, grim-faced man or woman.

REFROGREHENT re-frogr-men, s. m. sour, crabbed, dogged, aillea look; bending or duiting of one's brows.

REFROGNER, (SE) se re fro-gan, v. r. to put on a sour look or grim countenance, to bend or knit one's brows

REPROIDIR, re-fresh-dir, v. a. & n. to make cold, cool, take away the heat; slacken, relent, lessen, cool or grow cold. Se refroidir, v. r. to cool, grow cool, lose its heat; relest, lessen, grow colder or les

REFROIDISSEMENT, re-frwå-dis-men, em.

cooling; coldness, relenting.
REFROTTER, re-fro-ta, v. a. to rub again.
REFUGE, re-fro-ta, s. m. refuge, shelter, sanctuary, pretence or excus

REFUGIE, E. ra-fd-zl-a, adj. & s. shekered, fled to a place of refuge, refugee.

RÉFUGIER, (SE) se-rà-fù-sì-à, v. r. to fly

(to a place or to one) for shelter or refuge.

take sanctuary. REFUIR, v. n. (like fuir.) Ex. Le cerf re-

fuit sur soi, the stag doubles REFUITE, re-fult, s. f. the doubling of the

stag; shift, evasion. REFUS, re-fû, s. m. refusal, denial, repulse; refuse, thing refused (by others.) Une chose qui n'est pas de refus, a thing not to be refused. Avoir une chose au refus de quelqu'un. to have the refusal of another. Cela n'est nos à notre refus, it is not in your choice.

REFUSER, re-fd-zh, v. a. to refuse, deny. Se refuser quelque chose, to deny one's self a thing, deprive or abridge one's self of a thing.

Refuser, Mar. to refuse, scant, head. Le batiment refuse à virer, the ship refuses or misses stays. Les vents nous refusent, the wind heads us. V. Adonner & Monillage. REFUSION, s. f. (late term) refunding or

paying back.

REFUTATION, ra-få-tå-slon, s. f. refetation, confutation

REFUTER, rk-fd-tk, v. a. to refute or confute. REGAGNER, re-gu-gna, v. a. to reguin, recover, win back, get again; (see time) to reach; (le chemin) to get again into, return to Regagner, v. a. Mar. Le Céan fait de

la voile pour regagner son poste, the Cusar is making sail to regain her station. New regagnerons dans ce bord-ci ce que nous aro perdu dans l'autre, we shall regain upon this tack what we lost upon the other.

REGAILLARDIR, V. a. to revive, make

cheerful or merry, cheer up.
REGAIN, re-ghs, s. m. after-grass, aftermath

RÉGAL, rà-gal, s. m. regale, noble trest or entertainment; entertainment, divertisement. Enroyer un régal de vin, to send a present of

RÉGALE, rå-gål, s. f. regale or preregaive of the king of France of disposing of benefices during the vacancy of an episcopal see.

Regule, s. m. regal (sort of portable organ.) REGALE, adj. Ex. L'om régule, aqua regalis.

RÉGALÉ, E, adj. regaled, treated, nobly

treated or outertained, etc.
REGALEMENT, ra-gal-men, s. m. as

ment : also levelling or laying even. REGALER, rh-gh-lh, v. a. to regale, treat. feast or entertain, divert; to present; (les tailles) to assess; to level lay or make even.

REGALIFN, ra-gà-lien, adj. m. Ex. Droits régaliens, the royalties, the king's preroga tives, regale, regalia.

bone, bût : jêûne, mêute, bêurre : ênfânt, cênt, liên ; vin : mon : brun.

REGALISTE, rk-gh-list. s. m. incumbent of a benefice by virtue of the king's gift and pre-regative of regale.

rogative of regale.

REGARD, re-gar, s. m. look, view, eyes, glance of the eyes; looks, countenance; (des astres) aspect; (in painting) two pictures that look at one another; opening in an aqueduct. Au regard de, in comparison with or

REGARDANT, re-går-den, s. m. looker on,

spectator.

REGARDANT, adj. too saving, close, nig-

gardly; (in heraldry) regardant.
REGARDER, re-gar-da, v. a. to look upon,
see, behold; to face, front, be situated over against; to look, mind, take heed or notice of, consider, to concern. Regarder fixement, to stare at, look steadfastly. Regarder ance admiration, to gaze at. Regarder de près, v. n. to be short-sighted; also to look narrowly or micely into things, be too nice, be close or near. Regurdez à ce que vous allez dire, mind what you are going to say. Regarder ds hant en bas, to scrutinize (one) contemptuously. Regarder en pitié, to look upon with mpt.

RECARNIR, re-gar-ale, v. a. to furnish

again, to new-trim.
REGELER, rez-là, v. a. & n. to freeze again.
REGELER, rà-zèns, s. f. regency, administration of the government; the regent, the lards deputies during the king's absence; also school-mastership.

RESERVATEUR, s. m. one who regene-

Récénération, rk-2à-bh-rh-don, s. f. regeneration, reproduction, growing again.
REGENERÉ, E, adj. & s. regenerated, new-

born; regenerated person.
Riccin in Eng., rk-zk-nk-rk, v. a. to regene-

te. Se regénérer, to grow again. RÉGES7, E, ra-zen, zent, adj. & s. regent;

protector; lord deputy; teacher, master.
RÉGENTER, rà-sen-tà, v. a. & n. to teach, be a school-master; domineer, rule, master.

Régenter une classe, to teach a form.

REGERMER, rè-zèr-mà, v. n. to bud or

grow again.

Riet, z., adj. (from régir) governed, ruled.
Riet cubz, rå-zl-ald, s. m. regicide.
Rietz, rå-zl, s. f. administration, manage-

REGIEBEMENT, re-zinb-men, s. m. kicking. REGIEBER, re-zin-ba,v. n. to kick or wince. REGIME, rh-zim, s. m. diet, course of diet,

RABIBEL, TR-21M, S. M. onet, course of diet, regimen, government, administration; (in grammer) regimen, case governed.
R. fight REST, rk-2i-mēn, s. m. regiment.
"R. fight RELETTE, rk-2i-mēn, s. f. gin or trap (to catch birds.)
R. fight Reston, rk-zkoi, s. f. region; country; (d'un cour) region or seat. region or seat.
REGIR, ra-zir, v. a. to govern, rule.

Riosszur, ra-el-seur, s. m. manager, adtraior.

REGISTRE, re-zistr, s. m. register, register-book er record, chronicle, history; stop of an organ; (in printing) register. Il est sur mes registres, I have him in my books. Bâtiment registre, Mar. Spanish register ship.
REDISTREE, rezis-tra, v. a. to register,

carol, record.

REGITRE & REGITRER, V. Registre, Re-

REGLE, regl, s. f. rule; ruler; precept; law, statute, institute; custom, common practice: example, model, guide, pattern: regu-larity, order, method. Règles, (des femane) monthly terms, menses.

Ríglé, E, ra-gla, adj. ruled; determined, settled, agreed upon; set, certain, regular; regulated, ordered, governed, orderly, soher. Horloge bien réglée, clock that keeps good time. Vent réglé, Mar. trade-wind.
REGLEMENT, règl-mên, s. m. regulation,

REGLEMENT, adv. regularly, strictly, by rule, constantly, always.

REGLEMENTAIRE, adj. of or belonging to the statutes.

REGLER, rk-già, v. a. to rule; to regulate, order, direct, guide, frame or square; to decide, determine, settle; (une horloge) to set right. Régler les parties sur leur différent, to give a rule in a cause. Se régler sur, to mintate, follow, go by. Régler, Mar. Votre octant est-il bien réglé? is your quadrant well adjusted? Le commandant a réglé sa voilure pour la muit, the commodore has regulated his sail for the night.

RÉGLET, ra-gie, s. m. rule or ruler; (in architecture) small fillet.

RÉGLEU-R, SE, S. m. & f. ruler (of paper or books.)

RÉGLISSE, rà-gils, s. f. licorice.

RÉGLURE, s. f. ruling or drawing of lines with a rule, the lines themselves.

RÉGRANT, E, rà-guèn, guènt, adj. reigning. Le goût régnant, the present taste. Veuts

REGREE, Mar. prevailing winds.
REGREE, régu, e. m. reign; vogue, fashion; (du pape) triple-crown; kingdom, genus. Le règree anisma, the anisma kingdom.

RÉGNER, rà-guà, v. n. to reign; he a king, rule as a king; to sway or bear sway, rule or bear rule, have the upper hand; to be in great favour or credit, have great interest; to be in vogue or fashion, be cried up; to reach along; to abound.

REGNICOLE, re-gul-kôl, s. m. & f. native or inhabitant of a kingdom. Etranger regnicole, denizen.

REGONFLEMENT, re-gonfi-men, s. m.

swelling of waters stopt by some obstacle.

REGORFLER, re-gon-lik, v. n. to swell or
overflow (as waters stopped.)

REGORGEMENT, re-gorz-men, s. m. overflowing.

REGORGER, re-gor-2a, v. n. to overflow or run over; to vomit or cast up; (de quelque chose) to abound with, swim in, he full of.

REGOULER, v. a. to snub, give a sharp or crabbed answer; to glut, cloy.

REGOURNER, v. a. to box or cuff again. REGOUTER, re-goo-ta, v. a. to taste again. REGRAT, re-gra, s. m. regrating, huck-

ster's commodities or trade.

REGRATTER, re-gra-ta, v. a. to scratch again; to new-vamp; to mend or new-vamp. correct, criticise upon; (une muraille) to rub or finish down; (une maison) to scrape or new point. Regratter, v. n. to regrate, dr huckster's trade; also stand upon trifles drive a

REGRATTERIE, s. f. regrating huckster's

bar, bat, base : thère, ebb, over : field, fig : rôbe, rôb, lôrd : môod, gâod.

REGRATTIER, E, re-gra-til, tier, s. m. & REINTEGREE, ra-in-ta-gra, v. a. to research fregrater or huckster, huckstress. Regrat-till bookseller.

REGRÉER, v. a. Mar. to rig again. REGREFFER, rê-grê-fâ, v. a. tograft again. REGER'S, re-gre, s. m. regress or return into a benefice one had resigned.

REGRET, re-gre, s. m. regret, grief, sorrow, affliction, concern, repaining at, gradging; grief, sorrow, discontent, pain. Regrets, lamentation, complaints, woe. Acoir bien du regret de, to be very sorry for. J'ai tous les regrets du monde d'être obligé, etc. it grieves me exceedingly that I am forced, etc. A regret, with regret, hardly, with reluctancy, against the grain, grudgingly.
REGRETTABLE, re-gre-tabl, adj. to be

lamented.

REGRETTER, re-gre-ta, v. a. to regret, mourn, lament, bewail, miss or want, be sorry for, grudge.

REGUIFDER, v. a. to hoist or lift up again. Reguinder, v. n. to soar again (as a hawk does.)
REGULARITE, ra-gu-la-ri-ta, s. f. regula-

rity, suactaess, strictness.

REGULE, s. m. regulas.

REGULER, E, rh-gd-lik, lier, adj. regular, done according to some rule; exact, punctual; (dans les masurs) sober, steady; (le clergé)

regular.
Rigulian, s. m. regular monk.
Rigulianemant, ra-go-ller-men, regularly, according to rule, punctually, con-

stantly.

REHABILITATION, ra-a-bl-ll-ta-slon, s. f. re-enabling.

RÉHABILITER, rà-à-bl-ll-tà, v. a. to re-nable. re-instate. restore. re-establish. cnable, re-instate, restore, re-establish. REHABITUER, (sE) se-ra-a-bi-tôa, v. г. to

use one's self again.
REHACHER, rea-sha, v. a. to mince

again, mince smaller.
REHANTER, v. a. to frequent again, keep again company with.

REHASARDER, v. n. to venture again.

REHAUSER, S. f. (des momoies) raising.
REHAUSERENT, rê-ôs-mên, a. m. raising,
augmentation in value or amount.
REHAUSER, rê-ô-sk, v. a. to raise; to
heighten, advance, set off.
REHAUTS, rê-ô, s. m. pl. (in painting) skies

or sky parts, places where the colours are most lively.

REHEURTER, v. a. & n. to knock or hit or

REIMPOSER, ra-in-pô-za, v. a. to re-assess. REIMPOSER, ra-in-pô-za, v. a. to re-assess. REIMPOSITION, ra-in-pô-zi-skon, s. f. rement.

RÉIMPRESSION, rà-in-pré-slon, s. f. reprinting, new edition.

RÉIMPRIMER, rà-in-pri-mà, v. a. to reprint. REIN, rin, s. m. rein or kidney. Reins, (les

lombes) reins, loins, back.
REINE, ren, s. f. queen.
green gage (sort of plum.)

REINFECTER, ra-in-fek-ta, v. a. to infect

or taint again. REINTE, E, rin-th, adj. Ex. Un chien bien

reinté, strong backed dog. RÉINTÉGRANDE, rà-in-tà-grènd, s. f. re-

plevy, replevin.
REINTEGRATION, s. f. restoring of one to

his own.

re-examine, cross examine.

RÉINVITER, v. a. to re-invite, invite again.
REISTRE, V. Rettre.

REITERATION, ra-l-ta-ra-slon, s. C. reitera-

tion, repetition.
RÉITÉRER, rå-l-tå-rå, v. a. to reiterate, re-

REJAILLIR, re-21-fir, v. n. to spirt or spout,

spirt out or up, spout out or up, rebound, fly or turn back, reflect or return.

REJAILLISSEMENT, R. adj. spirting up or out. resiliation, flying or turning back.
REJAUNIR, re-20-ner, v. a. & n. to make

or grow yellow again.

REJET, re-re, s. m. new assessment of a tax; also young shoot, sprig, sprout, sacker.
REJETABLE, adj. that deserves to be re-

jected.

REFTER, res-th, v. a. to throw again, east up or vomit, throw back, east out, shoot again, make over, transfer, to reject, slight, despise; tune taxe) to lay or assess a second time; (une foste sur quelqu'us) to lay or cast upon, shift or shuffle off (to.) Rejeter, v. a. to shoot

again.
REJETON, rez-ton, s. m. young shoot, suck-er, sprig, offspring, new swarm (of bees.) er, sprig, offspring, new swarm to come, REJOINDRE, re-zwindr, v. a. to join again, rejoin, come again to, get together, put or set together again. Se rejoindre, to come together again, be joined together again, meet again.

Lescadre Russe nous rejoignit leier, the Rus-

sian squadron rejoined us yesterday REJOINT, E, adj. (from Rejoindre) joined

again, rejoined, etc.
REJOUER, rè-zool, v. a. to play again.
REJOUER, rè-zool, i, adj. &c a. joyful,
overjoyed, full of joy, glad, pleased; merry

or joyial man or woman.
Rajouis, ri-sooir, v. a. to rejoice, overjoy, divert, make merry, cheer up, revive, exhilarate. Seréjouir, v. r. to rejouce, be or make merry, take one's pleasure, be glad or over-joyed. Se réjouir avec quelqu'un de, to wish one joy about.

REJOUISSANCE, ra-200-1-sems, s. f. rejoicing, joy, merry-making. Cris de réjouissance,

shouts of joy, huzzas.

REJOUISSANT, E, rh-z00-leen, stat, adj. rejoicing, cheering, comfortable, that has a good deal of humour.

REJOUTER, v. n. to just or tilt again. RELACHE, re-lash, s. m. intermission continuance, relaxation, rest, respite, refresh continuance, relationally to the ment, breathing-time, shating of a disease, good interval. Reliche, s. f. Mar. souching at or putting into a port, shelter, refreshing-place, stay a ship makes in a port. Faire and relâche, to put into a port. La baie de Cro-martie est la seule relâche sur la côte du mardest de l'Ecosse, Cromarty bay is the only shelter upon the north-east coast of Scotland.

Les fles de Sandrotch servient une bonne reliche pour les galions, the Sandwich islands would be a good refreshing-place for the gal-leons. Nous fimes une relache de dix jours à Gibraltar, we staid ten days at Gibral-tar. Le contre-amiral su fera aucuse relache qu'en cas de nécessité absolue, the rearbose, bot : jeune, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

admiral will not put into any port but in case () of absolute necessity RELACEE, E, re-la-sha, adj. (from relacher)

stackened, etc.; also loose, remiss.

RELACHEMENT, re-lash-men, s. m. un-bending, stackened, loosening, relaxation, diversion, rest, refreshment, remissness, looseness of manners or discipline, slackness, or negligence, concession, yielding; (de froid) abatement; (de la piété) docay; (de courage) faint beartedness.

RELACHER, re-la-sha, v. a. to slacken, loosen, unbend, relax, release, let go, set at liberty, remit, yield, forego, give up, bate or abate, forgive. Relacher de, v. n. to fail in, fall from, remit or abate of, grow slack or remiss in. Se relâcher, v. a. to slacken, grow slack or remiss, abate, yield or remit, forego. Se relacher Pesprit, to unbend one's mind, give it some relaxation. Relacher, v. n. Mar. to touch (al.) put (into.) stand in (for.) be driven (into.) La tempte sous fit relacher dans c hauve, the storm drove us into that harbour. L'escadre ne relachera pas à Lisbonne avant de se rendre devant Cadiz, the squadron will not touch at Lisbon before it goes off Cadiz. Relacher un bâtiment, to suffer a detained ship to

proceed on her voyage.

RELAIS, re-le, s. m. fresh horse or horses, relay; fresh dog or dogs, cry or kennel of fresh hounds, place where fresh hounds are kept, stage where the horses are changed or where fresh horses are kept. Chevaux de relais (or de louage,) hackney horses. Etre de

relais, to stand idle; have nothing to do.
RELAISSER, v. a. Relaisser un lièrre, to recover a har

RELANCE, R., adj. imprimed (as a deer.)
recovered (as a hare, etc.)
RELANCER, re-len-sa, v. s. to imprime (a

deer.) recover (a hare,) repulse or beat back (the enemy;) also beat the quarters of or fetch a smart reply. out; and pay off with a sharp answer, fit with

RELAPS, rè-làps, s. m. Relapse, s. f. re-lapse, one that has relapsed into heresy. RÉLABGIR, rà-làr-zìr, v. a. to make wider

RELATER, v. a. to relate, tell. RELATI-F, ve, re-la-df, uv, adj. relative.

RELATIP, s. m. relative (in grammar.)
RELATION, re-la-slon, s. f. relation or reference; acquaintance, correspondence, account, narration.

RELATIVEMENT, rè-là-thy-mên, adv. relatively, with relation.

RELATTER, v. a. to new-lath. RELATTER, rê-lâ-và, v. a. to wash again. RELAXATION, rê-lâk-sâ-slon, s. f. relaxa-

RELATE, E, adj. relaxed.
RELATER, re-lak-så, un prisonnier. Relåcher.

RELAYER, re-le-ya, v. n. to take fresh horses or dogs. Relayer, v. a. to relieve. Se relayer, v. r. to rest, refresh one's self; relieve one another.

RELEGATION, re-la-ga-sion, s. f. confineent, banishment

RELEGUER, re-la-ga, v.a. to banish, exile, away, confine to a place at a distance.

BELENT, re-len, s. m. fusty or musty smell. | term.) 56

Sentir le relent, to have a musty or fusty smell.

RELEVAILLES, rel-val, s. f. pl. churching of a woman after childbirth.

RELEVÍ, E, rêl-vi, adj. raised, listed, got or taken up again, etc. V. Relever; high; high, losty, sublime, elevated. Mine relevée, great or noble look

RELEVÉE, rel-va, s. f. (law term) the after-A deux heures de relevée, at two o'clock DOOM.

in the afternoon.

RELEVEMENT, re-lev-men, s. m. raising up again. Mar. Relevement du pont, sheer of a sim's deck, gradual spring of the deck afore and abafi. Relevement d'une céte, survey of a const. Faire or prendre des relèremens, to take / bearings. Presidre les relèvemens d'une côte, d'une ile, etc. to survey a coast, an island, etc. Les relevemens que nous flmes ne laissent rien à désirer, the bearings we took were as satis-

factory as we could desire.

RELEVER, rel-va, v. a. to raise, get or take up again; (une femme après ses couches) to church; (une muraille) to raise, build up again; (ses moustaches) to turn up; (un service de table) to take away in order to serve up another course; (le courage) to raise up, heighten, increase; (une ruine) to repair, raise up again to heighten, set off, advance; to cry up, extol, heighten; to relieve, ease, comfort; to take away, take off; to repri-mand or take up; (in war) to relieve; (in law) to relieve, restore. Relever un appel, to sue an appeal, to bring a cause before a judge appealed unto. Se faire relever de ses roeux, to get one's vows annulled. Relever, v. n. (être dans la feodalit) to hold; (parlant des terres) to be held. Relever de maladie, to recover, be on the mending hand. Relever de couche, to be churched, be up, go out after lying in. Se relever, v. t. to get up, rise, get up again, appeal. Se relever de quelque perte. to recover or repair or retrieve a loss.

Relever, se relever, Mar. Ex. Relever une ancre, to weigh an anchor again. Relever une côte, to survey a coast. Relever une sentimelle, to relieve a sentry. Relever le quart or la garde, to relieve the sea-watch, or the anchor watch; (relever le quart is also to set the watch.) Relever la terre avec la boussole, to set the land by the compass. Relever un bâtiment coulé, to weigh a vessel that is sunk. Relever un bâtiment echoué, to bring or set a ship affoat (after having lain a-ground.) Relever un bâtiment or une escadre, to relieve a ship or a squadron. Vaisseau qui se relève, a ship which rights. Relever le monde à la pompe, to spell the pump. Il faut forçer de voiles pour nous relever de la côte, we must carry a press of sail to beat off the coast. La variation nous relève de la dérire, the variation makes up for our lee-

RELIAGE, re-11-az, s. m. new-hooping (of casks.)

RILIÉ, E. V. Relier.

RELIEF, re-lief, s. m. relief, relievo, emlossed work; embroidery work; (in painting) relief, seeming prominence; foil to set off; lustre, consideration, rank in the world; fine, money paid by a tenant to his landlord upon first entry; (d'appel) relief, remedy (lass bar, bat, base : thère, ébb, over : fleid, fig : robe, rob, lord : mood, good.

Relier, re-li-h, v. a. to tie again; (un lure) to bind, bind up; (une futaille) to newhoop, hoop again.

RELIEUR, re-Il-eur, s. m. binder or book-

binder.

RELIGIEUSE, V. Religieux. RELIGIEUSEMENT, re-li-zieuz-men, adv. religiously, godly, piously, strictly, exactly, punctually.

RELIGIEU-X, SE, re-li-zleu, zleuz, adj. & s. religious, pious, godly, devout, strict, punc-

tual: monastick friar or monk, nun.

RELIGION, re-11-21on, s. f. religion, worship of a deity; reformed or protestant religion; justice, equity, piety, godliness, devo-tion, religious order; religious house, monas-tery, convent; order of Malta. La religion du serment, the sacredness of an oath.

Religionnaire, re-ll-210-ner, s. m. one

of the reformed religion, a protestant.

RELIMER.re-ll-ma, v. a. to file again.

RELIQUAIRE, re-ll-ker, s. m. shrine for

relicks.

RELIQUAT, re-il-ka, s. m. remainder. Reliquats de viande, scraps, table remnants, offals.

RELIQUATAIRE, rê-lî-kâ-tèr, s. m. one behind-hand in his accounts.

RELIQUE, re-lik, s. f. relick or relicks. Re-

liques, relicks or remainders.

Relire, re-lir, v. a. (like lire) to read over

again.

RELIURE, re-il-ur, s. f. binding. RELOGER, re-lo-: a, v. n. to lodge or dwell or live again (in the same place.)

RELOUER, re-loo-a, v. a. to under-let, let

RELUIRE, re-luir, v. n. (see the table at uire) to shine, glitter, glisten, be conspicu-

RELUISANT, E, rê-ldî-zên, zênt, adj. shining, glittering, glistening.
RELUQUER, v. a. toogle, cast sheep's eyes,

or leer upon. REMACHER, rê-ma-sha, v. a. to chew

again, revolve in one's mind. REMAÇONNER, v. a. to repair (as a bricklayer does.)

REMANDER, re-men-da, v. a. to send word

again; send for back.

REMANGER, rê-mên-zå, v. a. to eat again. REMANIEMENT, re-ma-ul-men, s. m. haudling again ; (en termes d'imprimerie) running of a sheet over again.

REMANIER, re-ma-ni-a, v. a. to handle again; (in printing) to alter the types accord-

ing to the proof.

REMARCHANDER, re-mar-shen-da, v. a. to cheapen again.

REMARCHER, v. n. to walk again. REMARIER, re-ma-ri-a, v. a. & se rema-

rier, v. r. to marry again.

re-mar-kabl, adj. re-REMARQUABLE, markable, observable, notable.

REMARQUE, re-mark, s. f. remark, observation, taking notice of, note. Remarque, s. f. Mar. land-mark. Faire des remarques, to

take minutes, make remarks.

Remarquer, re-mar-kh, v. a. to mark, remark, mind, consider, observe or take notice of; to mark a second time, make another Se faire remarquer, to be remarkamark. ble, to be taken particular notice of.

REMASQUER. (SE) sê-rê-mâs-kh, v. r. to put on one's mask again. REMBALLER, ren-ba-ba, v. a. to pack up

again.

Rembarquement, rên-bark-mên, 2. m

re-embarking, shipping or embarking again. REMBARQUER, ren-bar-ta, v. n. to ship or embark again, re-embark; to embark or engage a-new, draw in again. Se remberquer, v. r. to re-embark, take shipping again; elso to re-embark or re-engage one's self. Reabarque le canot, hoist the boat in again. Les troupes se rembarquèrent dins la mait, the troops were re-embarked in the night.

REMBARRER, ren-ba-ra, v. a. to beat back or repulse; to pay off, fit with a smart

or sharp answer.

REMBLAI, s. m. the bringing of dirt for a bank or causey or to fill up a ditch. REMBLAVER, ren-bla-va, v. a. to sow

again with grain. Remboitement, rèn-bwat-mèn, s. m. set-

ting into joint again.
REMBOITER, ren-bwa-th, v. a. to put into

joint again. REMBOURREMENT, ren-boor-men, s. m.

stuffing up.
REMBOURRER, ren-boo-ra, v. a. to stuff up,

stop up with flocks. REMBOURSEMENT, ren-boors-men, s. m.

re-imbursement, paying off.

Rемвоинзен, ren-boor-sh, v. a. & n. to

re-imburse, pay again. REMBRAQUER, v. a. to hand taught. Rembruque la grande écoute, haul in the slack of the main sheet.

REMBRASER, ren-bra-za, v. a. to rekindle, kindle again.

REMBRASSER, ren-bra-sa, v. a. to re-em-

REMBROCHER, rèn-brô-shà, v. a. to spit

or lay on the spit again.

REMBRUN1, E, adj. made darker. Un teint rembrum, a sallow complexion. REMBRUNIR, ren-brů-nír, v. a. to make

darker. REMBRUNISSEMENT, ren-brd-nis-men, s.

m. being darker. REMBUCHEMENT, s. m. driving back (of a stag) into the lair.

REMBUCHER, v. a. to drive back into the lair. Se rembucher, v. r. to go back into the lair; to hide one's self, skulk.

REMEDE, re-med, s. m. remedy, physick, cure, medicine, remedy, cure, help, ease, comfort ; clyster. Grands remedes, salivation.

Mal sans remède, incurable disease. Renède à tous maux, plaster for all sores. Remède de droit, remedy, redress, relief at law.

REMÉDIER, ré-ma-di-à, v. n. to remedy, cure, help. On a remédié à la voie d'eau, Mar.

the leak is stopped in a temporary manner.

REMELER, re-me-la, v. a. to mix again;
(les cartes) to shuffle again.

"REMEMBRANCE, s. f. remembrance, memory.

Reménorati-f, ve, rê-mã-mô-râ-tif, iv, adj. that puts in mind or brings back to remembrance.

*Rememorer, re-ma-mo-ra, v. a. to put in mind. Se rememorer, to recollect.

REMERER, rêm-na, v.a. to carry back again. REMERCIER, rê-mêr-sî-a, v. a. to thank.re-

base, bat : jeune, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

turn or give thanks, acknowledge a kindness ; /

refuse handsomely or courtier-like.
REMERCHMENT, re-mer-sl-men, s.m. thanks, acknowledgment. Faire des remercimens, to thank. Faire mille remercimens, to thank a thousand times

Réméré, ra-ma-ra, s. m. power of redemp-

REMESURER, rem-zû-ra, v. a. to measure

REMETTRE, re-metr, v. a. (like mettre) to put or set again, etc.; to restore; to deliver up; to remit; to drive, or put off, delay; to communicate, lay before; to remit, to for-give; to remit or forgive part of a deb; to put into the hands of, commit to, trust with, to recover, make well; to recover spirit again, hearten, put in heart again; (son épée) to put up; (sen os) to set again; (un bénéfice) to resign, make a resignation of. Remettre des troupes sur pied, to raise new forces. Remettre les ranges et les files, to bring back into rank and file. Remettre à l'a, b, c, to make begin again. Remettre devant les yeux à begin again. Remettre devant les yeux à quelqu'un, to lay before one, remonstrate with one. Remettre un dégolité en appétit, to get one a good appetite who had none at all. Se remetire, to recover one's self, come to one's self again; to surrender one's self; to recover, grow well again, be on the mending hand; to remember, call to mind, know again, recollect; (parlant des perdrix) to light. Se remettre à, to fall to again, set one's light. Se remettre d, to fall to again, see one self again to. Se remettre en se place, to take cae's place again. Se remettre d'une chose la leave or refer a thing to one. a quelque'am, to leave or refer a thing to one.

make one the judge of a thing. Se remettre hien anec quelqu'un, to be reconciled to

Remettre, v. a. Mar. Remettre un bâtiment à flot, to bring a ship afloat again. Remettre à la voile, to sail again, set sail again. Remettre en route, to stand on again. Remettre la garde, to give up the charge of the deck in harbour. Remettre le quart, to deliver up the harbour. charge of the watch at sea. Remets en place there du maître câble, pay down the range of the sheet cable.

REMEUBLER, rê-mêu-bla, v. a. to furnish again, new-furnish.

RÉMINISCENCE, rà-mi-ni-sèns, s. f. remem-

brance, memory.

REMIS, E, adj. (from remettre) set again, restored, etc.

REMISE, re-mlz, s. f. delay, put off; coach-house; place where a partridge lights; thicket ; (d'argent) remittance ; abatement ; sur-

ndering one's self as prisoner. REMISER, v. a. to back, put into the coach-

RÉMISSIBLE, rà-mi-sibl, adj. remissible,

pardonable, to be remitted, forgiven.
Rimission, ra-mission, s. f. remission, pardon, forgiveness; (in medicine) abatement, relaxation.

Rémissionfaire, rå-mî-siò-nèr, s. m. & L party who has obtained a pardon.

REMMAILLOTER, ren-ma-lo-la, v. a. to

wrap up in swaddling clothes again. REMMANCHER, ren-men-sha, v. a. to new-

haft, set a new handle on.

sauce; also application to cure sprains in horses.

RÉMOLE, rh-môl, s. f. Mar. whirlpool, eddy

RÉMOLLIENT, E, adj. RÉMOLLITI-F, VE, adj. emollient, mollifying, softening.
REMORTE, ré-mont, s. f. new horses.

-REMONTER, re-mon-ta, v. n. to go or get rise; to trace back or up higher. Remonter, sur sa bête, to recover one's loss. Remonter, v. a. to go or get up again; (un montre) to wind up again; to put together again; (am pistolet) to new-mould; (des bottes) to newsole; (un instrument de musique) to new string; (les caraliers) to remount, give new horses to; to stock anew or again, set up again.

Remonter, Mar. Remonter une rivière, to go up or turn up a river. V. Sonde. monter à la faveur de la marée, to tide it up. Les rents remontent au nord, the wind is getting round to the northward. Nous arons remonté la côte de Malabar du cap Comorin à Surate, we went up the coast of Malabar from cape Comorin to Surat. L'escadre remonta de St. Domingue à la Martinique vent largue, the squadron went up from St. Do-mingo to Martinico with a leading wind.

REMONTRANCE, re-mon-trens, s. f. advice, counsel, admonition, warning, remonstrance; a president's speech at the opening of a court of Parliament.

REMONTRER, re-mon-tra, v. a. to remonstrate, show by reason and instances, make appear, lay before.

REMORA, ra-mo-ra, s. m. remora, or sealamprey, also let, obstacle, hindrance, pull back.

REMORDRE, re-mordr, v. a. (like mordre) to bite again,

REMORDS, rê-môr, s. m. remorse, check. sting of conscience

RÉMORE, s. f. V. Rémora. REMORQUE, re-mork, s. f. Mar. tow-rope. Donner la remorque, to tow. Etre à la re-morque, to be in tow. Prendre un bâtiment à la remorque, to take a vessel in tow. Remener à la remorque, to bring back in tow. REMORQUER, re-mor-ka, un bâtiment, Mar.

to tow a vessel, take a vessel in tow.

REMOTIS, A REMOTIS, by, aside. Mettre à

remotis, to lay or put by, set aside.
REMOUCHER, re-moo-sha, v. a. to blow

again the nose of; (une chandelle) to snuff again. Se remoucher, to blow one's nose again. REMOUDRE, re-moodr, v. a. (like moudre)

o grind again.
REMOUILLER, re-moo-fa,v. a. to dip again. Mar. to anchor again. Remouiller une ancre,

to let an anchor go again. REMOULADE, s. f. hotch-potch.

REMOULEUR, s. m. grinder.

REMOULU, R. adj. ground again.
REMOUS, s. m. Mar. eddy, eddy water.
Remous du sillage d'un vaisseau, dead-water. REMPAILLER, v. a. des chaises, to bottom chairs with straw.

REMPAILLEU-R, SE, s.m. & f. chair-mender. REMPAQUETER, ren-pak-ta, v. a. to pack

up again. REMPARÉ, E. adj. fenced, intrenehed.

REMPERER, ré-ma-làd, v. a. to carry back. REMPARER, (sz.) sé-ré-pâ-râ, v. r. to Rémolade, râ-mô-làd, s. f. kind of sharp fence or intrench one's self.

bur, but, base: thère, ebb, over: field, fig: rôbe, rôb, lord: mòod, good.

REMPART, rès-par, s. m. rampart ; fence, bulwark.

REMPLACEMENT, ren-plas-men, s. m. re-Remplacing, compensation, recompense. placement, Mar. supply. Remplacement de vieres, supply of provisions.

REMPLACEA, ren-plà-sa, v. a. to replace. fill up again, make up, make amends, compensate; (une personne) to be instead of, succoed ; (son argent) to lay out again, let out

eeed; (son argem) to my one again or buy something with.

REMPLAGE, s. m. filling up of a wine-vessel. Faire le remplage, to fill up a wine-vessel. V. of that has leaked, etc.; (de muraille.) Remplissage

REMPLI, E, ren-plf, plf, adj. full, filled up, V. Reinplir.

REMPLIER, ren-pll-1, v. a. (in tailoring) to

turn in or down.

REMPLIE, ren-plir, v. a. to fill or fill up; to fill again; (un écrit) to fill up; (une place) to fill, be in; (l'espérance de quelqu'un) to answer; (son devoir) to discharge or do, acquit one's self of; (de la dentelle) to mend. Rem-plir, v. a. Mar. Remplir d'étoupe une couture or une fente, to chinso. Il faut remplir toutes nos pièces vides, we must fill up all our empty casks.

REMPLISSAGE, ren-pli-saz, s. m. filling up ; (de dentelle) mending. Remplissage de nutraille, ragged stone, with which the inside of a wall is filled up. Remplissage, Mar. filling piece, piece of timber employed to fill up a vacancy in ship-building.

REMPLISSEUSE, rên-plî-sêuz, s. f. (de den-

telle or de point) mender.

REMPLOI, ren-plwa, s. m. compensation or filling up again, replacing (of money,) laying or letting out (of money) again.

REMPLOYER, ren-plwa-ya, v. a. to employ

or use again.

REMPLUMER, ren-pld-må, v. a. to new feathers. Se remplumer, v. r. to put on new feathers; (rétablir ses affaires) to mend onc's affairs or circumstances, thrive, amend.
REMPOISONNER, ren-pwa-zo-na, v. a. to

poison again.

REMPOISSONNER, rên-pwâ-sô-nă, v. a. to new-stock with fish.

REMPORTER, ren-por-ta, v. a. to carry back or away; to get or obtain, carry off.

REMPRISONNER, ren-pri-zô-na, v. a. to re-

mand to prison, confine again. REMPRUNTER, ren-prun-ta, v. a. to bor-

row again.

REMUAGE, s. m. the act of moving or stir-

ring (any thing.)
REMUANT, E, re-md-en, ent, adj. stirring, factious, seditious, unquiet, restless.

REMUÉ, E, adj. removed, stirred, jogged, etc. V. Remuer. Cousin remué de germain, consin once removed, second cousin.

REMUEMENT, re-ma-men, s. m. motion. stirring or jogging, turning up : (d'humeurs) fermentation; stir, trouble, hurly-burly, disturbauce.

Remue ménage, rê-mô-mà-nàz, s. m. removing, change, confusion, disturbance, hurty-burly.

REMUER, rê-mô-a, v. a. to move, stir, rock, jog, wag; (la terre) to turn up, dig; (un enfant) to unswathe and dress; (les passions) to move, affect, work upon. Reme: ciel et terre, to leave no stone unturned. Ra remué ciel et terre contre moi, he has done his worst against me. Remuer, v. n. to sin, move; to stir or rise, make a disturbance. Faire remner les puissances, to set the great springs a-going. Se remuer, to stir, bestir one's self.

REMURC-R, SE, re-mû-eur, euz, s. m. & f. one who rocks a cradle. Remneuse, means also the woman that dresses and cleans a child.

REMUGLE, rè-môgl, s. m. mustiness. Sen-tir le remugle, to smell musty. RÉMUNÉRATEUR, rà-mò-nà-rà-tèur, s. u.

remunerator, requiter or rewarder. RÉMUNÉRATION, ra-mu-na-ra-don, s. f.

remuneration, recompense, reward.

REMUNERATOIRE, adj. given in lieu of a reward.

RÉMUNÉRER, rå-må-nå-rå, v. a. to reminerate, recompense, reward, requite.

RENACLER, v. n. to snuffle, to breathe hard through the nose, snore. RENADER, V. Renasquer.

RENAISSANCE, re-De-sens, s. f. new-birth,

regeneration. Renaissant, z., rê-nê-sên, sênt, adj. new-

born or springing up again.
RENAÎTRE, rê-nêtr, v. n. (like saftre) to be born again or new born, grow or spring up again, be re-produced. Renatre par le again, be re-produced. Renative par la grace, to be new-born or regenerated by grace. La nature renatit au printens. ture renews or is revived in the spring. Cate rivière se perd sous terre et renaît encel endroit. that river loses itself under ground, and ries again at such a place. Cela a fait renative les soupçons d'antrefois, that has revived the former jealousies.

RENARD, re-nhr, s. m. fox; canning fox, cunning man. Ecorcher le renard, to spuc sly cunning man. after excessive drinking. Le renard préchemes poules, the devil rebukes sin. Renard, Mar.

dog, canthook, traverse board.

Renarde, re-nard, s. f. she-fox.

RENARDEAU, re-nar-dò, s. m. for's cub. RENARDIER, re-nar-dà, s. m. for-catcher. Renardiere, re-nar-dier, s. f. for's hole. RENASQUER, v. n. to snuff or snuffe.

RENCHAINER, ren-she-uk, v. a. to chain up

again.

RENCHERI, E, ren-sha-ri, ri, adj. risen, grown dearer. Faire le rencheri or la rench rie, to take upon one, be shy. Etre rencheri. to be reserved.

RENCHÉRIR, rên-shâ-rîr, v. a. to raise the price of. Renchérir, v. n. to rise or grow Renchérir sur, to out-do, top upon, go beyond, excel.

Renchérissement, rén-shà-ris-mèn, s.

m. raising of the price (of a commodity.)
RESCOGNER, v. a. to push, drive (one) into

a corner, RENCLOUER. (SE) v. r. to get a nail again

in the foot (speaking of a horse.)
RENCONTRE, ren-kontr, s. f. meeting, ren-

counter; accident, chance, hit, adventure; rencounter, accidental fight; occasion, opportunity; pun, quibble; joke, jest; (des planetes) conjunction. Rose de rencoire. balance-wheel of a clock or watch. Acketer quelque chose de rencontre, to mest with a

base, bût : jeane, mêute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

bargain. Pai acheté une robe de rencontre, I bought a gown that was offered me by chance. Il a fait rencontre d'une femme fort jolie et fort riche, he had the luck to find (or to marry) a very pretty woman and a fortune. Danc cette rencontre d'affaires, in this juncture of affairs. Alter or venir à la rencontre de, to go or come to meet, go or come and meet.

REN

RESCONTRER, ren-kon-tra, v. a. to meet, meet with, find, light upon; to pun; to hit or guess. Vous over bien rencontre, you hit the nail on the head, you guessed right. Se renconver, v. r. to meet or meet with; to hit upon the same thought. Rencontrer, & Se rencontrer, Mar. to fall in with, meet, dc. Rencontre, moet her. Les escadres se renconterent de hauteur du cap Spartel, the seets met off cape Spartel. Une de nos frégates rencontra le convoi par 46 30 de lat. N. et 8 de long. O. one of our frigates fell in with the convey in lat. 46 30 N. and long. 8 W.

RENCORSER, ren-kôr-så, v. a. to make a new boddice or stays.

RENCOURAGER, ren-kôo-râ-zâ, v. a. to spirit up again, give fresh courage.

RESDETTER, (SE) sê-ren-dê-tâ, v. a. to run in debt again.

RENDEZ-vous, rên-dà-vòo, s. m. rendezvous, assignation, appointment, meeting; meeting-place.

RENDORMI, E, adj. lulled or fallen asleep

again. RENDORMIR, rên-dôr-mîr, v. a. (like dormir) to lull asleep again. Se rendormir, v. r.

to fall asleep again.
RENDORMISSEMENT, s. m. falling asleep

again.
RENDOUBLER, ren-doo-bla, v. a. to turn

in or down; (some servicte) to fold up. RENDRE, rendr. v. a. to restore, return, give back again, repay, pay again, make restitution; to render, to make; to deliver, give up, surrender; to render, turn, translate; to express; to carry. Rendre, (none lettre) to deliver; to yield, bear, produce; (une sentence) liver; to yleid, bear, produce; twee schemer, to give or pass; (use arrêt) to make; (use trisile) to give or pay; (grâces) to give, return. V. Grâces: (hommage) to pay or make; (a justice) to do; (comme l'écho) to return, repeat; to cast, void; to cast up, vomit, void to cast up, or comme l'echo) to return. upwards; (raison or compte) to give; (ses comptes) to render, give in, deliver. Rendre le song par le nez, to bleed at the nose. Rendre par en bas, to void downwards. Rendre l'esprit or l'âme, to give up the ghost, expire, die. Rendre le pain brinit, to make the bread offering; also to distribute the bread offering. Rentre le rest d'une pièce de monnoie, to give the change. Rendre, v. n. to lead, go. Se rendre, v. r. to yield, lay down one's arms, surrender, submit; to render or make one's self, become, turn; to repair, resort, go; to be spent, be tired, give up. Les fleures se rendent à la mer, the large rivers run into the sea. Rendre, Be rendre, Mar. to return. strike er surreader, etc. Le fort nous rendit le sahet comp pour coup, the fort returned our salute gun for gun. Le Tigre se rendit à notre vaisseaux, the Tiger struck to our ship. Rendre unisseaux, the Tiger struck to our ship. Rendre unisseaux, the Tiger struck to our ship. Rendre unisseaux aux officiers de port, to deliver a thin into the charge of the officers of the a ship into the charge of the officers of the put up; forbear saving (what one was going

yard. Rendre le bord, to cast anchor, drop anchor, come to an anchor.

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RENDU, E, adj. restored, returned, etc. V. Rendre, come, arrived. Le vin de Bordeaux coute tant, rendu à Paris, Burgundy costs so much delivered (or all charges paid) at Pa-

RENDU, s. m. deserter; also tit for tat.

RENDUIRE, ren-dur, v. a. (see the table at wire) to new-plaster, daub over again. RENDUIT, E, adj. new-plastered, daubed over again.

RENDURCIR, rèn-dur-sir, v. a. to harden, make harder or tougher.

RENE, ren, s. f. rein.

RENEGAT, E, re-na-ga, s. m. & f. renegade.

RENEIGER, re-na-za, v. n. to snow again.

RÉNETTE, s. f. pippin. RENETTOYER, rê-nê-twâ-ya, v. a. to clean

RENFAITER, ren-fe-ta, v. a. to mend the

top of a house, new-tile it.
RENFERMÉ, E, rên-fêr-ma, adj. shut up again, hid or lying hid, shut up; also close,

RENFERMÉ, s. m. Ex. Il sent ici le ren*fermé*, here's a musty smell.

RENFERMER, ren-fer-ma, v. a. to shut up again; to enclose; to shut up, confine; to include, contain, comprehend; to reduce. renfermer en soi, to recollect one's self. Se renfermer en soi seul, to be all for one's self. RENFILER, ren-f]-la.v. a. to thread again.

RENFLAMMER, ren-fia-ma, v. a. to set on

fire again, re-kindle, re-inflame.

RENFLEMENT, renfl-men, s. m. belly or swelling (of a pillar before it begins to diminish.)

RENTLER, ren-fla, v. a. to swell again.

Se renfler, v. r. to swell again.
RENFONCEMENT, ren-tons-men, s. m. deep

or hollow place. REVFONCER, ren-fon-sa, v. a. to set a new head or bottom to a cask.

RENFORCE, E, adj. re-enforced, strength-ened, fortified, thick, strong, made thicker; also downright.

RENFORCEMENT, rèn-fors-men, s. m. re-

enforcing, strengthening. V. Renfort.
RENFORCER, ren-for-sh, v. r. to re-enforce, strengthen, fortify; to increase, add to; (sa roix) to raise. Se renforcer, to gather strength, recruit one's self, to increase, grow stronger. Renforcer, v. a. Mar. Renforcer une vergue, to strengthen a yard. Renforcer les coutures des voiles, to prick the sails. Notre escadre est renforcée de quatre valescent de ligne, our squadron is re-enforced by four sail of the

RENFORT, ren-for, s. m. re-enforcement,

supply, recruit, relief, succour.
RENFROGNEMENT, SE RENFROGNER, V. Refrogrement, se refrogreer

RENGAGEMENT, ren-gle-men, a. m. re-en-

gagement.
Rengager, rèn-gà-zà, v. a. to re-angage or engage again; to pawn or mortgage again, etc. V Engager. Le combat se rengages au petit point du jour, Mar. the action was renewed at the very dawn of day.

RENGAINER, ren-ge-sa, v. a. to sheath or

bar, bat, base: thère, êbb, over: fleid, fig: rôbe, rôb, lord: mood, good,

to say.) Rengainez votre compliment, put up

your compliments, forbear compliments.

RENGORGER, (SE) sê-rên-gôr-zâ, v. r. to bridle, bridle up, bridle it.

RENGOUFFRER, (SE) v. a. to get into again, be ingulphed again.

RENGOURDI, E, adj. benumbed, grown stiff again.

RENGOURDIR, (SE) se-ren-goor-dir, v. r. to

grow stiff again.

RENGRAISSER, ren-gre-sa, v. a. to fatten, make fat again. Se rengraisser, v. r. to grow fat again.

*Rengrégement, ren-graz-men, s. m. increase or exasperating (of a disease or pain.)

*RENGRÉGER, ren-gra-za, v. a. to increase make worse or exasperate one's disease. Se rengréger, v. r. to increase or grow worse. Rengréner, rèn-grà-na, v. a. to put grain

again into the mill hopper; to restamp a medal that has taken a bad impression.

RENHARDIR, ren-år-dir, v. a. to spirit up again. Se renhardir, v. r. to pluck up one's spirit.

RENIABLE, re-ni-abl, adj. that may be de-

nied or disowned.

RENIEMENT, rê-nl-mên, s. m. disavowing. renouncing, abjuration.

Renier, re-ni-a, v. a. to deny or disown;

to deny, forswear, abjure.

RENIEU-R, SE, re-nl-cur, cuz, s. m. & f. blasphemer, swearer.

RENIFLEMENT, s. m. snuffing up.
RENIFLER, re-ni-fia, v. n. to snuff up; snuffle (at.)

RENIFLERIE, s. f. snuffing up

Renifleu-r, se, rê-nî-flêur, îleuz, s. m. & f. snuffler.

RENIVELER, rê-niv-là, v. a. to take again the level.

RENNE, ren, s. f. rein-deer.

RENOIRCIR, re-nwar-sir, v. a. to blacken again.

RENOM, re-non, s. m. renown, name, fame, note, reputation.

RENOMMÉ, E, adj. renowned, famous, noted. RENOMMÉE, re-no-ma, s. f. fame, reputation, name, common report, renown.

RENOMMER, re-no-ma, v. a. (only used in the infinitive with a tense of faire; hence faire renommer) to get a name or fame, to make one's name famous. Se renommer de quelqu'un, to make use of one's name, chal-

lenge or claim acquaintance with one.

RENONCE, re-nons, s. f. Ex. Je renonce à pique, I trump spades. Se faire une renonce, to throw away a card with a design to trump

when that suit is played.

RENONCEMENT, re-nons-men, s. m/re-nouncing, denial, forsaking. Renoncement à

soi-même, self denial.

RENONCER, re-non-sh, v. a. to renounce, deny, disown. Renoncer a, v. n. to renounce, quit, forsake, give over, wave; (au jeu de cartes) not to follow suit.

RENONCIATION, re-non-si-à-slon, s. f. re-

nunciation.

RENONCULE, re-non-kûl, s f. ranunculus. RENOVATION, re-no-va-slon, s.f. renovation.

assume; (amitié) to renew, join or knit again; to patch up. Renouer l'amitié entre, to reconto patch up. cile, make friends again. Resour, v. n. to be reconciled.

RENOUEUR, rê-nôo-cur, s. m. bone-setter. RENOUVEAU, re-ndo-vo, s. m. spring, new

season of the year.

RENOUVELEB, re-noov-la, v. a. to renew, revive, regenerate, begin afresh, refresh, repeat, change. Renouveler, v. n. or Se renouveler, v. r. to renew, revive, be renewed or revived. Renouveler de jambes, to walk briskly again. Renouveler d'appétit, to fall to afresh.

RENOUVELLEMENT, rê-nôo-vêl-mên, a. m. renewing, reviving, setting on foot again; repeating, repetition, reiteration.

RENSEIGNEMENT, rensegn-men, s. m. mark, token, information, hint, document.

RENSEIGNER, v. a. to teach again. RENSEMENCER, rèns-mèn-sà, v. a. to sow

again, new-sow.

RENTAMER, ren-th-mk, v. a. to cut again, begin again.
RENTASSER, ren-ta-sa, v. a. to heap up

again.

RENTE, rent, s. f. rent, yearly revenue or income. Il a dix mille écus de rente, he has ten thousand crowns a year. Rente riagere or constituée, annuity. Rente féodale, rent-service, fee-farm, rent. RENTE, E, adj. endowed; that has a year-

ly income.

RENTER, rên-tâ, v. a. to endow. RENTERRER, rên-tê-râ, v. a. to bury agais. RENTIER, E, rên-tâ, tlêr, a. m. & f. anositant: also tenant.

RENTOILER, rên-twâ-lâ, v. a. to put other linen to.

RENTONNER, v. a. to barrel up again.

RENTORTILLER, res-tor-ti-da, v. a. to twist again. V. Entortiller.

RENTRAINER, v. a. to carry back, force again away.

Rentraire, rên-trêr, v. a. (like traire) to fine-draw : to darn.

RENTRAIT, E, adj. fine-drawn, damed. RENTRAITURE, rên-trê-tor, s. f. fine-drawing, darning.
RENTRAYEU-R, SE, ren-tre-yeur, yeur, s.

m. & f. fine-drawer.

RESTREE, ren-tra, s. m. (d'une parlement, etc.) opening of the session, beginning of the term; (au jeu de cartes) taking in; (in handing) return. Rentrée, s. f. Mar. Rentrée, (des œuvres mortes) housing in, tumbling home, tumbling home of the top timbers. Vaisseau qui a de la rentrée, ship the upper works of which tumble in considerably.

RENTRER, ren-trit, v. n. to come or go a got in; to retouch with the graver. Rentrer en soi-même, to recollect one's self, descend into one's self. Rentrer en son bon sans, to come to one's senses again. Rentrer dans le devoir, to return to one's duty or obedience. Rentrer dans les bonnes graces de quelqu'un, to regain one's favour. Faire restrer a homme dans son néant, to put a man in mind of his nothingness. Rentrer, v. a. to get in.

RENOUEMENT, rè-noo-mên, s. m. renewing, renewal.

**RENOUEME, rè-noo-à, v. a. to tie again; to renew; to resume take again in hand, re
**In mandinguess. Accessed, v. a. to get in, drive in, etc.

**Renter, v. n. Mar. Renter un bâten de foc, to rig in a jib-boom. Faire renter un trenew; to resume take again in hand, re
**Doute-hors de bonnette, to rig in a stadding-

buse, bût : jeune, mêute, beurre : énfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

Rentre la bonnette du grand husail boom. mier à tribord, haul down the starboard main top-mast studding-sail. Rentre de dessus la vergue du petit hunier, lay in off the fore topsail yard. Rentre dedous, lay in. Rentre le grand foc à mi-bâton, get the jib half boom in. Rentre la houée, haul in the buoy. Rentre ce cordage, haul in that rope. Rentre les canons, run in your guns. Rentre les arirons, boat your oars. L'armée ennemie est rentrée, the enemy's fleet is returned to port.

RENVAHIR, ren-va-lr,v. a. to invade again.

RENVELOPPER, ren-vio-pa, v. a. to wrap up_again.

RENVENIMER, renv-nl-mh, v. a. to make

a sore fester again.

RENVERSE, (A LA) ren-vers, adv. back-ward, upon one's back.

RENVERSÉ, E. adj. thrown down, over-thrown, etc. V. Renverser. Une famille renrerace, a ruined or decayed family. Renversé seus dessus dessous, turned upside down or topsy-turvy. Il a la cercelle renversée, his brains are turned.

RESVERSEMENT, ren-vers-men, s. m. pulling down, destroying, overturning, overthrow,

ruin, disorder, confusion, subversion.

Renverser, ren-versh, v. a. to throw or pull or lay down; to defeat, overthrow, rout; to break; to ruin, destroy; to turn upside down or topsy-turvy, confound, overturn, subvert, pervert. Des troupes qui se renrersent les unes sur les autres, troops that tread upon or overturn one another. Cela lui renrersera la cercelle, this will turn his brain.

RENVI, ren-vi, s. m. a revie (at play.) RENVIER, ren-vi-à, v. n. to revie (at play.) Remier sur quelqu'un, to go beyond one, ex-

ceed one.

RENVOI, ren-vwh, s. m. sending back or returning; reference; let-in; (in lane) reference to another judge; dismission, leave or order to be gone. Murchandise de remoi, returnable commodity. Chemnux or chaise de renroi, return horses or chaise.

REWOVER, rehumn norses or chause.

REWOVER, reh-wwh-ya, v. a. to send again, send back, send back again, return; to dramins; to refer; to put off; to deny, repulse; to push or drive back, reflect. Renroyer de Catphe à Pilate, to bandy from one to another. Renroyer quitte et absous, to clear and acquit. Renroyer un domestique, to dismiss a servant.

REORDINATION, rh-or-dl-nh-slon, s. f. re-

ordaining or re-ordination.

Réordonner, ra-or-do-na, v. a. to reordain, confer holy orders a second time.

REPAIRE, re-per. s. m. haunt or den (of a wild beast.) receptacle, shelter, nest, lurking hole (of thieves;) crutels or dung (of rabbits, etc.)

REPAIRER, v. n. to haunt.

REPAISSIR, v. a. & n. to thicken again.
REPAITRE, re-petr, v. n. (like pattre) to feed, eat; to bait. Repaitre, v. a. to feed.
Se repaitre, to feed one's self (de is then with.) RÉPANDRE, rh-pendr, v. à. to spill, shed;

to scatter, distribute; to spread, diffuse, dis-perse. Répandre, (des fleurs) to strew. Ré-pandre, v. n. to run or leak. Se répandre, v. pandre, v. n. to run or leak. Se répandre, v. r. to spread, diffuse, spread itself. Se rémadre en, to launch forth or out into, run into, engage in.

RÉPARDU, E, adj. spilt, shed, etc. RÉPARABLE, ra-pa-rabl, adj. reparable. RÉPARATEUR, ra-pa-ra-teur, s. m. restorer. RÉPARATION, rà-pà-rà-sloss, s. f. repair-

REPARER, ra-pa-ra, v. a. to repair, give satisfaction, make amends, make up, retrieve, restore, recover, recruit ; (les torts) to redress. Reparer l'honneur de quelqu'un, to repair one's honour, to make him a reparation. Réparer, v. a. Mar. to repair, put in order, etc. Réparer le gréement or la voilure d'un bâti-ment, to rest. Notre gréement sera réparé en

rettier d'ici à trois jours, our rigging will be completely put in order in three days.

RÉPARLER, rh.-par-là, v. n. to speak again.

REPAROTRE, rè-pà-rètr, v. n. (see the table at qûtre) to show one's self or appear

again.

RÉPARTI, E, adj. (from répartir) shared, divided again, etc. REPARTIE, s. f. repartee, reply, answer.

RÉPARTIR, ra-par-tir, v. a. to share, divide again, asses; to reply, answer again.

Les prisonniers seront repartis sur nos six vaisseaux, the prisoners will be distributed among our six ships.

REPARTIR, re-par-tir, v. n. (like partir) to set out again.

RÉPARTITION, rh-par-ti-sion, s. f. reparti-

tion, subdivision, assessment.

REPAS, re-ph, s. m. meal, repast, dinner, supper. Repas pric, entertainment. Faire ses quatre repus, to make four meals a day.

REPASSER, re-pa-sa, v. a. to repass, pass or go or cross again; to carry or terry over again; to consider, reflect upon, ponder or revolve; to repeat; (la lime sur) to file over again, smooth, polish, revise, correct; to set, whet; to trim, cudgel, give a dressing to; to chide, reprimand, scold at; (des cuirs) to dress or curry a second time; (du linge) to iron; (les alles d'un jurdin) to rake over. Repasser, v. n. to repass, pass or go or cross again. Cela me repasse souvent dans l'esprit, that often runs in my mind. Repasser, v. a. Mar. Repasser des manaeurres, to reeve running rigging in lieu of any which has been cut in action. A prine avious-nous repasse nos mâts de hune que le combat commença, we had hardly shifted our fore and main top-masts

when the action was renewed.

REPAVER, re-pa-va, v. a. to new pave. REPAYER, re-pe-ya, v. a. to pay a second

REPECHER, re-pe-sha, v. a. to fish up again, take out of the water.

Repeigner, rd-pd-gud, v. r. to comb again. Repeirdre, v. a. to paint again. Rependre, rd-phadr, v. a. to hang up again.

REFERDU, E, adj. hung up again.
REFERDU, E, adj. hung up again.
REFERDER, re-pen-så, v. n. to think again, revolve in one's mind. Jy at pense at repense,

I have considered it over and over.

REPENTANCE, re-pen-tens, s. f. repentance, sorrow for one's faults, penitence.

REPENTANT, E, ré-pèn-tèn, tènt, adj. penitent, sorry for his faults, repentant.
REPENTI, E, adj. & s. f. repenting. Les

repenties, the repenting maids; also Magdalen or Magdalen house.
REPENTIR, re-per-tir, s. m. repentance,

bar, bat, base: thère, ebb, over: field, fig: robe, rob, lord: mood, good.

REPENTIR, (SE) sê-rê-pên-tîr, v. r. to repent, he sorry.

REPERCER, re-per-sa, v. a. to new pierce

or pierce again. Répracussi-f, vz, rå-për-kå-sif, siv, adj.

repercussive.

RÉPERCUSSION, rà-pèr-kà-slon, s. f. reper-CUSSION.

RÉPERCUTER, rà-per-kû-ta, v. a. to reper-cuss, drive or strike back, reflect.

REPERDRE, rê-pêrdr, v. a. to lose again.

REPERF. s. m. a mark (on parts to show how they should be put together.) REPERTOIRE, ra-per-twar, s. m. repertory.

REPESER, v. a. to weigh over again, newweigh.

RÉPETAILLER, v. a. to repeat over and

over

RÉPÉTER, ra-pa-ta, v. a. to repeat, to tell over and again, say over again, rehearse; (en justice) to recover (and then sur is from.) Gugner su rie à répéter la philosophie, to get one's livelihood by teaching philosophy in private Se répéter, to say the same things over again.

RÉPÉTITEUR, rà-pà-ti-teur, s. m. tutor, a private master, one that teaches (in private) Greek, Latin, philosophy, etc. Repetiteur, s. m. Mar. repeater, ship that repeats signals in a fleet or squadron.

REPETITION, ra-pa-ti-slon, s. f. repetition, tautology, rehearsal; (at law) recovery; (montre à répétition) repeater, repeating watch or clock.

REPEUPLEMENT, s.m. the act of repeopling. REPRUPLER, re-peu-pit, v. a. to repeople, people again, (un étang) to new stock.
REPIC, re-pik, s. m. repeek (at piquet.)

Faire repic, to repeek.

REPILER, re-pl-la, v. a. to repound, beat again in a mortar.

RÉPIT, rà-pì, s. m. respite, delay, rest, continuation of time

REPLACER, re-pla-sa, v. a. to place again, put in its place again.

REPLAIDER, re-ple-da, v. n. to go to law

Replanchéven, rê-plen-shê-ya, v. a. to new-floor, new-board.

REPLANTER, re-plen-ta, v. a. to replant, transplant, plant or set again. Replanter des fleurs arec le doigt, to set out flowers with one's finger.

REPLATRAGE, s. m. new plastering; patch-

REPLATRER, re-pla-tra, v. a. to new-plaster, new-parget; also to mend, cover, patch up. REPLET, TE, re-ple, plet, adj. too fat (ne-

REPLETION, ra-pla-slon, s. f. repletion; surfeit.

REPLI, re-pff, s. m. fold (de la peau) wrinkle; (d'une rivière) the winding or turning; (du cœur humain) winding or turning,

REPLIER, re-pli-a, v. a. to fold again or turn in. Se replier. v. r. (as a serjent) to

wriggle; (said of troops) to fall back.

Rivelque, rapik, s. f. reply, answer, repartee. Réptique or répliques, (in law) replication.

RÉPLIQUER, rà-pli-kà, v. a. to reply. au--wer, make a reply or repartee.

REPLISSER, re-pli-sa, v. a. to plait again. REPLONGER, re-plon-ra, v. a. to dip or duck again. Replonger, v. n. or Se ruplonger, v. r. to dive again.

REPOLI, E, adj. polished again. REPOLIE, re-po-lir, v. a. to polish again,

polish over and over.

REPOLON, s. m. (said of horses) half wolk.

RÉPONCE, s. f. rampions.

REPONDANT, ra-pon-den, s. m. bail, secu-

rity, surety; respondent.

Rápondrz, ra-pondr, v. a. & n. to answer, reply, make answer; to answer, agree; to lead or go or strike into; to warrant, be responsible or accountable or answerable, be bound to make good; to equal, be answerable : to answer, correspond, make a suitable return, return ; (parlant de l'écho) to answer again; (soutenir des thèses) to be a respondent. Répondre pour quelqu'un, to bail oue. pass one's word or be security for one. Je vous en réponds, I warrant you, I pass my word for it. Répondre à l'attente de, to come up to or answer the expectation of; fall out or succeed according to the expectation of.

Pour répondre à votre lettre, in answer to your letter. Ces bâtimens au rent ne répondent pas au signal de reconnvissance, those ships to windward do not answer the private signal.

RÉPONDU, R, adj. answered, etc. RÉPONS, ra-pon, s. m. response (in divine service.)

RÉPONSE, ra-pons, s. f. answer. ponse à, to answer, write or give an answer to. REPORTER, re-por-ta, v. a. to carry back.

REPOS, re-pol-s, m. rest, repose, quiet.
peace, quietness; quiet life, repose, sleep landing-place or broad step; (in poetry)
pause; being uncocked, (said of fire-arms.)
REPOS, s. m. Mar. V. Metre.
REPOSEE, re-pol-za, s. f. lodge or lair (of a

deer.) REPOSER, re-pô-za, v. n. to get rest, rest one's self; to rest or repose, sleep or shumber; to lie, be buried; (said of liquor) to settle. Laisser reposer un ouvrage, to let a piece of work he by. Laisser reposer un terre, to let a piece of ground lie fallow. Se reposer, v. r. to rest, take rest, rest one's seti, be or lie still; (said of birds, etc.) to rest, light, settle. Se reposer sur quelqu'an de quelque affaire, to rely upon one about a conservative or enjusty tipo one with in the conservation. cern, trust or entrust him with it, commit or leave it to his care. Reposer, v. a. to rest, Cela repose le teint, that gives a fresh complexion.

Reposore, re-po-zwar, s. m. altar for the Corpus Christi procession; resting place.

Répouser, v. a. to marry again. REPOUSSANT, adj. disgusting

REPOUSSEMENT, re-poos-mes, s. m. re-

pulsing, repelling, recoiling.
REPOUSSER, re-poost, v. a. to repulse. REPOUSSER, re-poo-sk, v. a. to repulse, push or beat or force or thrust or drive back, repel. Arbre qui repousse des branches, a wee that shoots new branches. Nous repeated mes Pennemi à l'abordage, we repulsed the enemy when they boarded us. Repousser, v. n. to spring; recoil; bourgeon; shoot or bud again. REPOUSSOIR, re-plo-swir, s. m. demiss's

instrument to extract stumps; a farrier's tool; light objects in the fore-ground of a picture of to make the others appear more distant. Marbase, bat : jéane, mêute, beurre : énfant, cênt, lien : vin : mon : brun.

drive-bolt or driving-bolt. Repoussoir à manches, starting. RÉPRÉHENSIBLE, ra-pra-èn-sibl, adj. re-

prehensible.

REPRÉHENSIBLEMENT, adv. reprehensibly. REPRÉHENSION, ru-pra-en-sion, s. s. reprehension, reproof, reprimand, rebuke.

REPRENDRE, re-prendr, v. a. (like pren-dre) to retake, take again, recover: to resume, begin again, renew, take in hand again, set on foot again; (des mailles) to take up; to re-buke, check, blame, reprimend, chicle, re-prove, find fault or amiss, carp, criticisc. Rerendre le chemin de, to return or go back to. Reprodre haleine, or son haleine, to fetch breath again. Reprendre sa parole, to recal one's word or promise. Reprendre une route, to go the same way again. Reprenons la chose d'un peu plus loin, let us go a little higher, let us resume or fetch the thing a little higher. Reprendre, v. n. to return or come or seize again upon; to reply, answer, rejoin, resume; to take root again. Se reprendre v. r. to close up again; to recollect one's self.

Reprendre, v. a. Mar. Reprendre un palan, to fleet or shift or overhaul a tackle. Reprendre un hauban, or un étai, to fleet a shroud or stay. Reprendre les pendeurs des palans de bout de vergue, to take up the yard tackle pendants. Reprendre les enséchures des haubuns, to square the rathings. A reprendre, break off and clap on again. Reprendre un Reprendre un bdtiment, to retake a vessel. Reprendre son poste, to resume one's station. La frégute, après le coup de vent, reprendra notre prise à la remorque, the frigate will take our prize in tow again after the gale of wind. Notre greement neuf aura bientot besoin d'être repris, our new rigging will soon want fleeting

*REPRENEUR, s. m. carper, fault-finder. REPRÉSAILLES, re-pra-zal, s. f. pl. repri-ls. Par le droit de représailles, by way of retaliation, by way of reprisals.

REPRÉSENTANT, re-pra-zèn-tèn, s. m. re-

sentative, proxy.

REPRÉSENTATI-F, VE, rè-prè-zèn-tà-dí, dv.adj. representative (only applied to things.) REPRÉSENTATION, rè-prè-zèn-tà-slon, s. f.

representation; presence, figure; effigy of a dead person. Representation d'une personne en justice, forthcoming or bringing forth of one before a judge. Donner la représentation d'une pièce de thétire, to represent or act a play. C'est la première représentation de la pièce, this is the first acting or the first time that

this play was acted.

REPRÉSENTER, rè-prà-zen-tà, v. a. to REPRÍSENTER, re-prê-zèn-là, v. a. to bring forth.produce, lay before, represent, describe, express: to represent, lay before, let see, show: (une pièce de théâtre) to act; to act the part of; to put in mind of; to look like; (tenir la place) to represent, hold or be in the place of, the representative or proxy of, personate. François T. représent trèlhumblement à Votre Majesté, to the King, Francis T. humbly showeth. Représenter, v. n. to personate. to make a fagure. Représenter, v. n. to personate. to make a fagure. v. n. to personate, to make a figure. Représenter bien, to have a fine presence; also to act up to one's self or to one's character. Se représenter, v. r. to recollect, to fancy ; to look upon ; (in law) to be forthcoming, make one's appearance.
REPRESSI-F, VE. adj. repressive.

REPRÉTER, rê-prê-tà, v. a. to lend again.

REPRIER, v. a. to pray again.
REPRIMABLE, adj. that may or ought to

be repressed, restrained

REPRIMANDE, ra-pri-mend, s. f. reprimand, rebuke, reproof, check, chiding, lecture. REPRIMANDER, ru-pri-men-di, v. a. to reprimand, rebuke, reprove, check, chide.

RÉPRIMER, rà-pri-mà, v. a. to repress, curb, stop, stay, quell, bound, restrain.
REPRIS, E, adj. retaken, taken again, etc.

Reprendre.

REPRISE, re-priz, s. f. retaking; (d'un proces) renewing or reviving; (de chansons) re-petition or burden; (de maladie) return; (ass jeu d'ombre) party game ; (in architecture) underpinning ; a time. A diverses reprises, at several times, by fits and starts, by snatches, by degrees. Reprise, s. f. Mar. retaken vessel. REPRISER, re-pri-za, v. a. to appraise

again, new-prize. Rźprobation, ra-pro-ba-sion, s. f. repro-

bation.

REPROCHABLE, rē-prō-shabl, adj. reproachful, shameful, dishonest; that may be excepted against

REPROCHE, re-prosh, s. m. reproach, imputation; exception or charge against a witness; twitting in the teeth. Faire des reproches à v reproach or upbraid, to twit in the teeth with a thing. Sans reproche, blameless, unblameable, unspotted, without blemish. Sans reproche, je l'ai aide dans sa misère, without any reflection upon him I have assisted him in his distress.
REPROCHER, re-pro-sha, v. a. to upbraid

or reproach, twit, tax; charge, lay to one's charge, fling into one's dish; also to grudge. Reprocher des témoins, to except against wit-

REPRODUCTIBILITÉ, s. f. quality of being reproduced.

REPRODUCTIBLE, adj. that can be reproduced.

REPRODUCTION, re-pro-duk-slon, s. f. reproduction.

REPRODUIRE, rê-prô-důh, v. a. (see the table at mire) to reproduce

REPROMETTRE, re-pro-mêtr, v. a. (like mettre) to promise again or over and over.
Réprouvé, E, ra-pro-va, adj. & s. re-proved, rejected, reprobatel; reprobate.

RÉPROUVER, rà-proo-và, v. a. to reprove, reject, disallow, disown; also to reprobate, and to prove again.
REPTILE, rep-til, adj. creeping.

REPTILE, s. m. reptile, creeping animal. REPUBLICAIN, E, ra-ph-bli-kin, ken, adj. & s. republican ; commonwealth's man, member of a commonwealth. Avoir l'esprit républicain, to be a republican, be a commonwealth's man.

RÉPUBLIQUE, rå-på-blik, s. f. republick, commonwealth.

RÉPUDIATION, ra-pu-di-à-slon, s. f. repudiation.

RÉPUDIER, rå-på-dl-å, v. a. to put away, divorce or repudiate.

RÉPUGNANCE, rh-pd-gnèns, s. f. repugnancy, contrariety or being contrary, contradic-tion, reluctancy, averseness. If fait cela avec tant de répugnance, he does it so much against the grain.

bar, bat, base : thère, ebb, over : field, fig : rôbe, rôb, lord : mòod, good.

RÉPUGNANT, E, rh-pd-gnén, gnènt, adj. repugnant, contrary, opposite.

repugnant, contrary, opposite.

Rip: "The Rip-Organ, v. n. to repugn, be were try regainst, clash with. Cette crison repugn." a montemperament, that drink ges against my somach. Ceta repugne, that contradicts itself.

RÉPULLULER, rh-pal-la-la, v. n. to repullulate, bud afresh, sprout anew.

RÉPULSI-F, VE, rà-pul-sif, siv, adj. repul-

RÉPULSION, rà-phl-sìon, s. f. repulsion. REPURGER, rè-phr-zà, v.a. to purge again. RÉPUTATION, rà-ph-th-sìon, s. f. reputation, fame, report, credit, name. Etre en re-putation de bel esprit, to pass for a wit.

RÉPUTER, rà-pà-tà, v. a. to repute, think,

count, look upon as.

REQUERANT, E, ré-ka-rén, rém, s. m. & f.

suitor, plaintiff.

REQUERIR, re-ka-rir, v. a. (see the table at Querir) to request, require, pray, beg; (en justice) to require, demand; (after aller, venir, enroyer) to fetch again. Cela requiert

requests. Les requêtes de l'hôtel chez le roi, the quests. Les requêtes de l'hôtel chez le roi, the court of the green cloth. Etre de requête, to be in request or much in vogue.

REQUETER.v. a. (in hunting) to quest again. REQUIEM, s. m. requiem, rest, quiet, peace. REQUIN, re-kin, s. m. shark.

REQUINQUER, (SE) sere-kin-ka, v. r. to smug or trim one's self up.

REQUIRT, re-kin, s. m. fifth part of a fifth

penny.

REQUIPER, v. a. to new-rig. REQUIS, E, re-kl, klz, adj. (from Réquerir) required, requested, etc. requisite; necessary, convenient.

REQUISE, s. f. request. Cela sera de requise,

that will be in request or scarce.

REQUISITION, ra-kl-zl-slon, s. f. request,

petition. REQUISITOIRE, ra-kl-zl-twar, s. m. suit,

request. RERE, V. Réer.

RESACRER, v. a. to re-consecrate. RESAIGNER, V. Ressaigner. RESAISIR, V. Ressaisir. RESALER, v. a. to salt or powder again. RESALUER, v. a. to re-salute, salute anew. RESARCLER, v. a. to weed again-RESASSER, V. Ressasser.

RESCELLER, re-se-là, v. a. to seal again. RESCINDANT, re-sin-den, s. m. demand to obtain a rescision.

RESCINDER, re-siz-dà, v. a. to rescind, cancel, null, vacate, make void.
RESCISION, re-si-zion, s. f. rescision, re-

scinding, abrogating, cancelling; also execu-tion of a rescissory demand. RESCISOIRE, re-si-zwar, s. m. execution

of a rescissory demand.

RESCRIPTION, s. f. order for paying a sum

RESCRIRE, V. Récrire.
RESCRIT, rès-kri, s. m. a rescript (chiefly from the Pope or Emperor.)

RESEAU, s. m. little net, bag-net; net-work.

RESECHER, V. Ressecher, ". a. & n. to dry

RESEDA, s. m. reseda, a sort of odoriferous plant.

ant.
RESELLER, V. Resseller.
RESEMELER, V. Ressemeler.
RESEMER, V. Ressemer.
RESERRER, V. Resserrer.

RÉSERVATION, ra-zer-va-sion, s. f. reservation.

RÍSERVE, rà-zêrv, s. f. reservation, reserve, proviso or caveat (in loso ;) reserve, reservedness, discretion, caution, circumspecservedness, uncertain, cannot, consistention. Corps de réserve, reserve or body of reserve. Une chose de reserve, a spare thing. Temps de réserve, spare time. Poires de reserve, pears that will keep, winter-pears. A la réserve de, except, reserving, but. Saus réserve, without exception or reserve. Donner sans réserve, to give freely or prodigally. En réserve, adv. in store. Il a toujours quelque argent en réserve, he has always some money in store. Mettre en reserve, to lay up.

RÉSERVÉ, E, rå-zer-vå, adj. reserved, laid up, saved, excepted; reserved, close, wary,

shy, çautious.

RESERVE, E, s. m. & f. Ex. Il fait bien le réservé, he is a very close or reserved man. Elle fait bien la réservée, she is very shy, coy or reserved.

RESERVER, ra-zer-va, v. a. to reserve, keep, lay up, except, save. Se réserver, v. r. to reserve or keep one's self. Se réserver à faire quelque chose, to delay doing a thing till it is convenient. Le général réserva son seu pour deux vaisseaux à trois ponts qui e navoient, the admiral reserved his fire for two three-deckers that were following each other.

RÉSERVOIR, rà-zêr-vwar, s.m. reservoir (for water.) also fish-pond; (d'un bateau pi-cheur) well.

RESEUIL, V. Reseau.

RÉSIDANT, E, ra-zl-dèn, dent, adj. residing, dwelling.

RÉSIDENCE, rà-zì-dèns, s. f. residence, dwelling in a place, abode, dwelling place, residentship; (de liqueur) sediment, grounds, settlings.

RESIDENT, ra-zl-den, s. m. resident. RESIDEN, ra-zl-da, v. n. to reside, stay, continue, abide.

Rísido, ra-zi-da, s. m. residue, remainder.

RESIDU, ra-zi-que, s. m. resigner. RESIGNANT, rh-zi-guèn, s. m. resigner. RESIGNATAIRE, rh-zi-guà-tèr, s.m. resignee.

RÉSIGNATION, rà-zì-gnà-slon, s. f. resigna-

RESIGNER, ra-21-gna, v. a. to resign, yield up, surrender, make over. Se renguer, to resign or give up or submit one's self.
RESILIATION, ra-zl-ll-a-slon, s. f. cancel-

ling, annulling, making void.
RESILIER, ra-si-li-a, v. n. to cancel, an-

nul, make void.

RESINE, A.-zln, s. f. or poix resine, resin, rosin,

RESINEU-X, SE, ra-zi-neu, neuz, adj. resinous.

RÉSIPISCENCE, rà-zì-pls-èns, s. f. resipiscence, amendment of life

RÉSISTANCE, rà-zis-tèns, s. f. resistance, opposition. Pièce de résistance, piece of ment where you may cut and come again.
Resistes a, ra-zis-ta, v. n. to resist, be

base, bût : jeune, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

proof against, withstand, he against, oppose, hear, endure. Résister, to resist, oppose force to force, defend v. e's self. On ne peut résister à la fumée, there is no bearing smole.

Rísolu, E, ra-zô-lů, lù, adj. resolved, èlc. V. Résoudre, resolute, stout, bold. Résolu, s.m. Ex. Vous fuites bien le résolu, you are very stout.

RESOLUBLE, adj. that may be resolved. RESOLUMENT, ra-zô-là-mên, adv. resolutely, stoutly, boldly; absolutely, peremptorily, obstinately. Il veut résolument ce qu'il reut, he is a peremptory man, what he will have he must have.

RESOLUTI-F, VE, ra-zô-lâ-ulf, tlv, adj. re-solutive, dissolving.

RÉSOLUTIF, s. m. resolutive or dissolving

medicine.

RESOLUTION, ra-zd-ld-slow, s. f. resolution, resolve, determination, mind, full purpose or intention, courage, stoutness, decision, determination; (d'un corps en ses principes) resolution, reduction; (d'un contrat) cancelling, annulling,making void; (d'une tumeur) discussion.

RÉSOLVABLE, adj. that may be resolved

or determined.

RÉSOLVANT, E, rà-zôl-vèn, vent, adv. resolving, solving, clearing up. Un résolvant, a resolvent.

RÉSONNANCE, s. f. resonance, sound.

RESONNANT, E, ra-zo-nen, nent, adj. sounding, that makes a sound; that sounds again, resounding, ringing.
RESONNEMENT, A-20n-men, s.m. resounding.

RESONNER, ra-zô-na, v.n. to resound, make or yield a sound, sound or ring again. RESOUDRE, ra-zòodr, v. a. (See the table at

Soudre) to resolve; to persuade or induce or bring to; to resolve upon, determine; to solve, clear, determine; to soften, dissipate or melt; to reduce, turn; to null, make void. soudre, v. n. or Se résoudre à, v. r. to resolve, be resolved, determine, purpose. Je ne sou-rois m'y résoudre, I cannot find in my heart to do it. Be resoudre, to resolve or turn; be resolved or reduced.

Risous, adj. m. Ex. Browillard resous en pluse, mist resolved into rain.

RESPECT, res-pe, s. m. respect, consideration, regard; reverence, veneration. Rendre ses respects à quelqu'um, to pay one's respects or duty to one. Se faire porter respect, to keep in awe. * Az respect de, in respect of, in comparison to.

RESPECTABLE, res-pek-tabl, adj. respecta-ble, venerable, to be respected or reverenced.

RESPECTER, res-pek-th, v. a. to respect; honour, regard, revere, show respect to; to reverence, spare. Se respecter, to maintain one's dignity, act suitable to one's station or age or character.

RESPECTI-F, VE, res-pek-tif, tiv, adj. respective, mutual, reciprocal, relative.

RESPECTIVEMENT, res-pen-tiv-men. adv. respectively, mutually, interchangeably, reciprocally.

Respéctueusement, rés-pék-tů-éuz-

mes, adv. respectfully, humbly.
RESPECTUEU-X, SE, res-pek-tû-eu, euz, adj. respectful, full of respect, humble, submissive.

RESPIRABLE, adj. that may be breathed. RESPIRATION, res-pl-ra-slon, s. f. respiration, breath, breathing.

RESPIRER, res-pi-ra, v. a. to breathe, breathe in, suck in; to breathe or gape after, be bent upon. Respirer, v. n. to breathe, fetch one's breath; to have a respite or breathingtime. Respirer après, to gape after, long for.

*RESPLENDEUR, s. m. brightness RESPLENDIR, res-pien-dir, v. n. to shine,

glitter, glister.

RESPLENDISSANT, E, res-plen-di-sen, sent, adj. shining, glistering or glutering, bright.
RESPLENDISSEMENT, res-plen-dis-men,

s. m. brightness. RESPONSABILITÉ, a. f. responsibility. RESPONSABLE, rès-pon-sabl, adj. respon-

sible, answerable, accountable. RESSAC, s. m. Mar. surf.

RESSAIGNER, v. a. to bleed or let blood. again.

Ressatsir, v. a. to seize again. Ressasser, re-sa-sa, v. a. to sift again; also to call one to an account.

RESSECHER, v. a. to dry up again. RESSELLER, v. a. to saddle again.

RESSAUT, s.m. a jutty or jutting out. RESSEMBLANCE, re-sen-blens, s. f. resem-

blance, likeness, similitude, picture.
RESSEMBLANT, E, re-sen-blen, blest, adj.
resembling, like.

RESSEMBLER, re-sen-bla, v. n. to resemble, be like, favour. Ils se ressemblent fort, they are much alike, they favour one another much.

RESSEMELER, rê-sêm-là, v. a. (des souliers) to new-sole; (des bas) to new-foot.

RESSEMER, v. a. to sow again. RESSENTIMENT, re-sen-ti-men, s. m. re-

turn, grudging, relicks of a disease; (d'une injure) resentment, sense; formerly, gratitude, gratefulness, thankfulness, acknowledgment.

RESSENTIR, re-sen-tir, v. a. (like sentir) to feel, resent, be sensible of, have a deep sense of, acknowledge; (un affront) to resent. On ressent ici toute la force du courant, the whole strength of the current is felt here. Se ressentir (d'injure) to resent, show one's resentment for, be sensible of, take to heart, stomach, feel for; (de mal, de perte,) to feel still, have still some grudging or relicks of, not to be well recovered of; to share in, suffer or be affected by.

RESSERREMENT, rè-ser-mên, s. m. obstruction, stoppage; (de cœur) oppression. RESSERRER, re-sè-ra, v. a. to lay up, lay

up again ; tie tighter, bind up, fasten, contract, bring into a narrow compass; (un prisonnier) to keep closer than before; (le ventre) to bind, be binding; to bind, restrain, limit, check. Se resserver, to contract itself, lie or stand close together.

RESSIP, s. m. Mar. reef, ridge. Deur batimens marchands se sont brisés sur le ressif au large, two merchant ships are gone to pieces

on the reef in the offing.

RESSORT, re-sor, s.m.spring; wheel, secret way, resort; jurisdiction, district or extent of a jurisdiction; verge or cognizance or province.

RESSORTIR, re-sor-ur, v. n. (like sortir, sortant) to go out again; (like bâtir, bâtissant) to be under the jurisdiction of.

RESSORTISSANT, E, re-sor-ti-sen, sent, adj.

belonging to or lying under a jurisdiction.
RESSOUDER, re-soo-da,v.a. to solder again,
RESSOUREE, re-soors, s. f. resource, shift,
remedy, help, refuge, aftergame. Matheur

bắr, bắt, bắse: thère, ẽbb, ovêr: fleid, fig: rôbe, rôb, lôrd: môod, gôod.

me ressource, irreparable or irrecoverable. J'ai fait une perte qui n'a point de ressource, I sustained a loss without hopes of recovery.

RESSOUVENIR, re-scov-nir, s. m. remembrance, memory, touch, resentment. ressouvenir de, v. r. (like venir) to remember, call to mind. Faire ressouvenir, to remember or put in mind of.

RESSUAGE, s. m. sweating; also separating of silver from copper (by means of lead.)
RESSUER, re-sd-a, v. a. to sweat; also to , part silver from copper.

RESSUI, re-sol, s. m. lair (of a deer.)

RESSUSCITÉ, E, adj. risen, raised from the

RESSUSCITER, re-sû-si-ta, v. a. to raise, raise from the dead; bring to life again; to revive, renew. Ressusciter, v. n. to rise again from the dead.

om the dead. Faire resnuciter, to revive. RESSUYER, re-sdi-ya, v. a. to wipe again. RESTANT, E, res-ten, tent, adj. remaining,

leΩ. RESTANT, s. m. remainder.

RESTAURANT, res-to-ren, s. m. restorative,

RESTAURATEUR, rês-tô-râ-têur, s. m. re-

storer, re-establisher; sort of victualler. RESTAURATION, res-to-ra-sion, s. f. restoration, re-establishment.

RESTAURER, res-10-ra, v. a. to restore, repair ; (ses forces) to recover, pick up

RESTE, rest, a. m. rest, remainder, remnant, scrap, residue, remains; leavings, refuse. Etre en reste, to be behind, be in arrears, be still in debt, be behind hand with one. Au reste, du reste, as for the rest, besides, and besides, nevertheless, otherwise, in other respects. Les restes d'un heros, his ashes. Reste de potence, hang dog, Newgate bird. A ce coup de de il joue de tout son reste, this very cast of the dice runs for all. Il y va de notre reste, all we have lies at stake. Il n'y a rien de reste, there's nothing left. J'en ai de reste, I have more than enough, I have some to spare. Il

y parviendra de reste, he will get it fast enough.
*RESTE, s. f. Ex. A toute reste, with might

and main.

RESTER, res-th, v. n. to be left, remain, be extant; to stay, remain, continue. Le nom tui en est reste, he was afterwards called by that name. Rester sur la place, to be killed on the spot. Il me reste à vous dire que, etc. I have still to tell you that, etc. Rester, Mar. Rester à la mer, to remain at sea. Rester à l'ancre, to remain at anchor, lay fast. Rester à pie, to remain a-peak or up and down. Rester à long pie, to ride short. Rester à sec de voiles, to continue under bare poles. Rester à sec sur le rivage, to remain high and dry a-ground. Resier en branle bas, to keep the hammocks stowed, and the ship clear for action. Rester en station, to remain on a particular station. Rester de l'arrière, to remain astern (through the inferiority of the ship's sailing.) Rester de l'arrière, (pour couvrir un convoi) to remain astern (for the protection of a convoy.) Rester en croisière, to remain to cruise or cruising. Rester en panne, (pour at-tendre le comoi) to continue lying to (to wait for the convoy.) Rester en calme, to lie becalmed. Rester ou mouillage, (pour ramasser les hommes qui sont à terre) to remain at anchor (to pick up the people that are ashore.)

Rester sur rade, (pour ramasser un conroi) to remain in a road-stead (in order to collect a convoy.) Rester en présence de l'ennemi, to remain in sight of the enemy. Rester en ob servation devant un port, to remain off a port watching the enemy's motions within. Où nous restent ces voiles incommes? how do those strange sails bear? Un bâtiment nous reste par le travers, a vessel is on the larboard beam. Selon l'estime, le cap Finisterre nous reste au sud-ouest, hy our reckoning, Cape Finisterre bears south-west

RESTITUABLE, res-ti-to-abl, adj. restora-

RESTITUER, res-ti-to-a, v. a. to restore. return, give back again, refund, make good, repair.

RESTITUTEUR, rês-ti-tû-têur, s. m. restorer, critick that restores the passages of an author.

RESTITUTION, restitu-slon, s. f. restitution, refunding, making good; (d'un passage) restoring.

RESTREINDRE, restrindr, v. a. (see the table at eindre) to bind, astringe, be astringent; to confine, stint, limit, abridge. Se restreindre, v. r. to use a restriction.

RESTREINT, E. adj. bound, confined, sunt-

ed, limited, abridged.
RESTRICTI-F, VE, res-trik-tif, tiv, adj. restrictive, binding.

RESTRICTION, restriction, s. f. restriction, limitation.

RESTRINGENT, E, res-trin-zen, zent, adj. restringent, binding, restrictive.

RESTRINGENT, s. m. restringent.

RÉSUER, V. Ressuer. RÉSULTANT, E, ra-zul-tèn, tent, adj. resulting.

RESULTAT, rå-zůl-tå, s. m. result, upshot, resolve, consequence

RÉSULTER, ra-zůl-ta, v. n. to result, follow. Résumé, ra-su-mà, s. m. Ex. Le rési d'un discours, the summary or recapitulation of a discourse.

RÉSUMER, rà-zà-mà, v. a. to resume, recapitulate, sum up.
Risumpth, s. f. act of a doctor of di-

RESUMPTION, ra-zonp-slon, s. f. recapitulation, summing up.

RÉSURRECTION, rà-sò-rèk-alon, s. f. resurrection.

RETABLE, s. m. altar piece.

RETABLIR, rå-tå-bilr, v. a. to repair, re-store, re-instate, re-establish, recover, renew, retrieve, set up again. Rétablir, Mar. Rétablir les branles, to hang up the hammocks again. Rétablir l'ordre dans la ligne, to form the line again (after it has been broken.)

RETABLISSEMENT, rå-th-blis-men, a. m. repairing, restoration, re-establishment, reco-

very, renewing.

RETAILLER, re-th-fa, v. a. to cut again.
RETAILLER, re-th-fa, v. a. to cut again.
RETAILLES, re-th-fa, v. a. (use chapeau) to cock up, mould the form (of a hat.) Use chapeau bien retape, a well cocked hat.
RETARD, re-thr, s. m. or RETARDATIONS, s. f. delay, mutting off tim low.

s. f. delay, putting off (in law.)
RETARDEMENT, re-tard-men, s. m. stay,

stop, delay, hinderance

buse, bût : jeune, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

RETARDER, rê-târ-dâ, v. a. to retard, hinder, stop, keep or put off, delay, obstruct. Retarder, v. n. to go too slow, come later. Re-tarder, Mar. to delay, etc. Les charrettes du convoi nous ont beaucoup retardés dans la traversee, the heavy sailing-ships of the convoy delayed us very much in the passage.

RETATER, re-ta-ta, v. a. to feel or touch

again, taste again; (un ouvrage d'esprit) to

revise, look over again.
RETAXER, re-tak-sa, v. a. to re-assess. RETEINDRE, ra-tindr, v. a. (see the table

at einere) to extinguish, put out again. RETEINDRE, re-tindr, v. a. (see the table

at cindre) to dye again.
RETRINT, E, adj. dyed again.
RETRIDEE, ra-tendr, v. a. to stretch or pull

out again.

RETENIR, re-tnir, v. a. (like tenir) to get hold again; to keep, detain, withhold; to keep to one's self, reserve; to stop, stay; to hire, bespeak, take; to retain, remember, mind; to arrithmetick) to carry; to hold back, hinder; to restrain, curb, bridle, keep in, contain. Retenir, Mar. Ce vent nous retiendra au mouillage, this wind will keep us at anchor. Nous acons reterm un bâtiment neutre pendant plusieurs jours, we detained a neutral vessel several days. Retenir, v. n. to conceive; to keep the carriage or cart steady going down hill. Se retenir, to forbear, contain one's self. Se retenir à, to get hold of.

RETENTER, v. a. to try again, make a fresh

trial or attempt.

RETENTI-F, vz., adj. retentive.
RETENTION, rh. ten-sion, s. f. reservation;
(d'urine) retention.

RETERTIR, rê-tên-tîr, v. n. to ring or echo again, resound, ring with. Totale la terre retentit de ses louanges, the whole world resounds with his praises.

RETENTISSANT, E, rê-tên-tî-sên, sênt, adj.

ringing, echoing, resounding.
RETENTISSEMENT, re-ten-tls-men, s. m.

sound, great sound.

RÉTERTUM, s. m. clause, proviso, tacit

clause or reservation.

RETERU, E, ret-nu, nu, adj. (from Retenir) kept or retained, etc. staid, sober, discreet, grave; reserved, circumspect, cautious, shy,

RETERUE, ret-nù, s. f. moderation, soberwariness, discretion, caution, circumspection, reservedness, modesty, decorum. Qui n'a point de retenue, rash, indiscreet. Viere dans l'ordre et dans la retenue, to live a sober or regular life.

RETICENCE, ra-ti-sens, s. f. reticence ; con-

cealing or concealment.

RETICULAIRE, adj. reticular.

RETI-F, VE, ra-th, tlv, adj. restiff, that will not go forward, stubborn, froward. Rétif aux remèdes, averse to physick.

RETINE, ra-tin, s. f. net-like tunicle (of the

eye,) retina.

RETIRADE, re-tl-rad, s. f. intrenchment.

RETIRATION, s. f. turning of a sheet to print the other side.

RETIRÉ, E, rê-ti-rà, adj. drawn out, etc. retired, solitary, lonesome.

RETIREMENT, redlr-men, s. m. (des nerfs) contraction, shrinking.

RETIRER, re-ti-ra, v. a. to draw, take, fetch, get out; to get or take off; to fetch out of pawn, redeem; to get, recover, get again; (sa parole) to call in, call back; to draw or ta paroue; o can in, can back; to draw or pull again; (avec une arme) to shoot again; to harbour, lodge, shelter, entertain, receive; to draw, get, reap; (in law) to redeem, release. Se retirer, v. r. to retire, withdraw, depart, go away, be gone; to retire, make one's retreat; to shrink; to draw or fall or go back, stand by. Se retirer de, to retire or withdraw from, leave, leave off, quit, forsake; to retire or go home. Retires-tous die; get you gone. Se retirer de la foule, to go out of the crowd. Faire retirer la foule, to disperse the crowd. Tout le monde fut retiré de la frégate avant qu'elle sandt, Mar. every body was got out of the frigate before she blew up.

RETIVE, V. Reif.

RETOISER, re-twa-za, v. a. to measure over again.

RETOMBÉE, s. f. declivity (in architecture.) RETOMBER, rè-ton-bà, v. n. to fall again, ret another fall, fall sick again, relapse.

Porte aui retombe. a pulley door. Le blâme get another ran, man see an Porte qui retomber, a pulley door. Le blame retomber sur las, the blame will fall upon him. Retomber, Mar. to fall back, etc. Les and another sur last and cause the wind will vents retomberout au sud-ouest, the wind will go round again to the southwest. Le lougre est retombé en calme, the lugger is again becalmed.

RETONDRE, re-tondr, v. a. to shear again.

RETONDU, E, adj. shorn again.

RETORDEMENT, s. m. twisting again (in a manufacture.)

RETORDRE, re-tordr, v. a. to twist again; wring again.

RETORQUER, re-tor-ta, (un argument) v.

a. to retort or turn against one.
RETORS, Z, re-tor, tors, adj. writhed, twisted, wrung again, also shrewd, cunning.
RETORSION, re-tor-slon, s. f. (d'argument)

retortion.

RETORTE, re-tort, s. f. retort, (a chemical vessel.)

RETOUCHE, s. f. revising.
RETOUCHER, re-too-sha, v. a. to touch again; also to revise again.

RETOUR, re-toor, s. m. return or coming back, arrival, turn, return, vicissitude, change; decline, turn ; return, suitable return ; repentance, repenting, conversion. Faire retour or un retour à Dieu, to turn to God, be convert-ed. Beauté sur le retour, declining or decayed. Dennie sur le recour, . Etre sur le retour de l'âge, to be in a declining age, be old. Arbre sur le retour, old tree. Il a de fâcheux Arbre sur le retour, old tree. retours, he is a cross or peevish sort of a man. Tours et retours, turnings and windings. retour, to boot; back again. Retour, Mar. Retour de courant, eddy of a stream. Retour de marée, turn of the tide. Retour d'une manœuvre, hauling part of a rope (which is led through a leading block.) Prendre un retour avec une manæuvre, to take a turn with a ropo (for the purpose of holding on.) Ces bâtimens sont sur leur retour, those ships are homeward bound.

RETOURNE, re-toorn, s. f. trump or turned up_card.

RETOURNER, rê-tôor-na, v. n. to return, go back. Retournons à notre propos, let us rebar, bat, base: thère, ebb, over: field, fig: robe, rob, lord: mood, good.

turn to (or resume) our former discourse. Non, je n'y retournerai plus, no, I will do so no more. Retourner à Dieu, to turn to God, be converted. Y retourner, to commit the same fault, do it over again. Retourner, v. a. to turn or turn up. Se retourner, v. r. to turn, face about; also to fly to or find an expedient. S'en retourner, to return, go back, go home. Retourner, s'en retourner, Mar. L'armée doit retourner en croisière, the fleet is to go upon another cruise. Voilà le capitaine qui s'en retourne à bord, the captain is going on board again. Des vents contraires ont fait retourner le comoi, contrary winds have made the convoy put back. Les vents sont retournés ou sud-est, the wind has got back to the south-

RETRACER, re-tra-sa, v. a. to draw again;

also to relate, describe, recount.

RETRACTATION, ra-trak-ta-sion, s. f. re-tractation, recantation.

RÉTRACTER, rå-tråk-tå, une opinion or se retracter d'une opinion, v. r. to retract an opinion, recant.

RETRAIRE, rê-trèr, v. a. (like traire) to re-

doem (law term.) RETRAIT, rê-trê, adj. (parlant des blés) lean.

RETRAIT, s. m. redemption, redeeming; privy, house of office. Cureur de retrait,

uightman. RETRAITE, re-tret, s. f. retiring or going home; (du tambour) tattoo; retreat; retirement, privacy, private life; retiring place; refuge, shelter, sanctuary, harbour; receptacle, nest, lurking hole; (in architecture) diminishing or lessening of a wall, making of it thinner. Donner retraite, to shelter, harbour. Faire retraite, to retire, go home. Cloche qui sonne la retraite, curfew bell. Se battre en retraite, to maintain a running fight. V. Coup, Mar.

RETRAITER, v. n. to retreat, retire from a

superiour enemy.

RETEARCHEMENT, re-trensh-men, s. m. retrenching, lessening, diminishing, abridging, retrenchment; bye-place, corner; refuge; in-

trenchment.

RETRANCHER, re-tren-sha, v. a. to re-trench, lessen, diminish, cut off, abridge; to lessen, suppress, retrench. Retrancher, to take away, cut off; to intrench, fortify. Les medecins lui ont retranché le vin, the physicians have forbidden him wine. Se retrancher, v. r. to confine one's self; to retrench one's expenses, abridge one's self, live within com-pass, pinch; to intrench, fence or fortify one's self.

RETRAYANT, E, rè-trè-yèn, yènt, adj. that redeems, redeeming. V. Retraire.
RETRE, s. m. reister (sort of German trooper.) C'est un vieux rêtre, he is an old fox or a cunning fellow.

RÉTRÉCI, E, adj. straitened, shrunk, etc. RÉTRÉCIR, ra-tra-sir, v. a. to straiten; make straiter, make narrow or narrower, cramp. Se rétrécir, v. r. to grow strait or narrow or straiter or narrower, shrink.

RÉTRÉCISSEMENT, rh-trh-sls-men, s. m.

shrinking, contraction, taking in.

RÉTREINDRE, rà-trindr, v. a. (see the table at eindre) to raise (a piece of metal with a malld.)

Rétréint, e, adj. raised. RETREINT, s. f. raising (of metal.) RETRESSER, v. a. to new-weave

*Ritribuer, v. a. to retribute, requite, repay, reward.

RÉTRIBUTION, rà-trì-bà-sìon, s. f. retribu-

tion, requital, recompense, reward, fee.
RÉTRILLER, ra-ul-la, v. a. to curry again. RÉTROACTI-F, VE, ra-tro-ak-tif, tiv, adj. retroactive, driving back.

RETROACTION, s. f. effect of what is retro-

RÉTROCÉDER, rà-trò-sà-dà, v. a. to make

over again.
RETROCESSION, rå-trö-sê-slon, s. f. making

over again. RETROGRADATION, ra-tro-gra-da-sion, s.

retrogradation.

RÉTROGRADE, adj. retrograde.

RÉTROGRADER, ra-tro-gra-là, v.n. to re-

trograde.
RETROUSSÉ, E, adj. cocked up, turned up, tucked up. Un nez retroussé, a nose that turns up.

RETROUSSEMENT, s. m. turning or tucking

up again, cocking up.
RETROUSSER, re-troo-sk, v. a. to cock or turn or tuck up.

RETROUSSIS, re-troo-si, s.m. cock (of a hat.) RETROUVER, re-troo-va, v. a. to find, to find again, recognise. Nous retrouxames l'escadre après avoir battu les mers pendant dix jours, Mar. we found the squadron again after hav-

ing beat the seas for ten days.

Rets, re, s. m. net, snare.

Rέτυσιεπ, ra-th-dl-a, v.a. to study σ learn

RÉTUVER, v. a. to bathe over and over, foment.

RÉUNION, rà-d-nlon, s. f. re-union, re-unit-

ing, re-annexing, reconciliation.
RÉUNIR, rà-a-nir, v. a. to re-unite, join together again, re-annex, unite, annex; to recon-

le. Se réunir, v. r. to unite, centre, agree. REUSSIR, ra-u-dr, v. n. to succeed, thrive or prosper, come to a good issue, have good

REUSSITE, rå-d-sh, s. f. success, good suc-

cess, issue. REVALOIR, (SE) se-re-va-lwar, à quelqu'un, v. n. (like raloir) to be even with one, return one like for like.

REVANCHE, re-vensh, s. f. revenge; re-turn, requital, retaliation. En revenche, in return or requital. En revanche de, by way of retaliation for. Il m'a maltraité, j'en aura ma revanche, be has used me ill, I will be revenged. Vous m'avez donné de bons offices, je têcherui d'en avoir ma renanche, you have done me several good offices, I will encleavour to re-turn (requite, acknowledge, repay) them.

REVANCHER, re-ven-sha, v. a. to take the part of, espouse the quarrel of, side with. Se revancher, to defend one's self, strike again, make one's party good, return like for like; be even with one, retaliate. Se reconcher de, to be revenged on, retaliate, requite, return,

acknowledge, repay.
*Revancheur, re-ven-sheur, s. m. revenger, requiter.

REVASSER, re-va-sa, v. n. to have a great many dreams; also to be full of thought, be in a brown study.

buse, but : jeune, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

Ravk, rev, s. m. dream ; chimerical idea REVECHE, re-vesh, adj. harsh, crabbed, rough; unruly, stubborn, heady, froward.

LEVECHE, s. f. baize. REVEIL, ra-vel, s. m. the time when one awakes. A mon réveil, when I am awake.

A l'heure de son réreil, when he or she wakes. RÉVEILLE or RÉVEILLE MATIN, s. m. larum watch or clock; also awaker, bell-man. V. Réveilleur.

RÉVEILLER, ra-vê-la, v. a. to awake or wake, rouse from sleep, call up; to stir up, revive, raise or quicken; to renew. Il reveilla tout son courage pour cette entreprise, he summoned all his courage for that enterprise. Se reveiller, v. r. to awake or wake; begin anew, pe revived.

RÉVEILLEUR, s. m. awaker, bell-man.

REVEILLON, ra-ve-lon, s. m. meal just after midnight, small collation between supper and bed-time (when people sit up late.) V. M-dianoche.

RÉVÉLATION, rå-vå-là-sion, s. f. revelation, revealing. La révélation d'un secret, the revealing or disclosing of a secret.

RÉVÉLER, rà-và-là, v. a. to reveal, dis-

close, discover, lay open.
REVENANT, E, rev-nen, nent, adj. (1
rment) coming back, etc. likely, taking. nent, adj. (from REVENANT-BON,'s. m. perquisites, profits,

emoluments; (deniers revenant-bons) remainder of a sum. REVENANT, s. m. spirit (that walks or

haunts a bouse.) REVENCHE, etc. V. Revanche, etc.

REVENDEU-R, SE, rê-vên-dêur, deuz, s.m.

& f. huckster, retailer, broker.
"Revendication, re-ven-dl-kå-slon, s. f.

claiming or claim, demanding or demand.
REVENDIQUEE, re-ven-dl-ka, v. a. to
claim, demand, challenge.
REVENDEE, re-ven-dr, v. a. to sell again,
sell by retail. If en a d revendre, he has

enough of it, and to spare.

REVENDU, R, adj. sold again. REVENIR, rev-nir, v.n. (like venir) to come again, come back, come back again : to grow again, grow up again; to come to, amount to, cost, stand (one) in; to return or come again; to arise, accrue, result; to suit, match; to please; to recover, recover one's self, come to one's self again; to be reconciled or appeased, be friends again, forgive; (said of ghosts) to appear, walk; to rise up in one's stomach.

Recenir de, to recover, repair, make up; to be out of conceit with, be off with; to leave off, be weaned from ; to be cured of. Faire revenir, to call back or home; to parboil, boil a little; to cheer up, revive. Faire revenir quelqu'um de pamoison, to recover one out of a swoon. Revenir sur l'eau, to come above water again. Revenir à la charge, to return to the charge, charge again. It ne m'en revient rien, I get nothing by it. L'un revient à Pantre, it comes to the same thing, 'tis all

REVERTE, re-vent, s. f. resale, selling again. De revente, at second band.

REVENTER une roile, Mar. to fill a sail gain (after it has been shivering or lying aback.)

REVENU, E, rev-nů, nů, adj. come back, srturned, etc. V. Revenir.

REVENU, rev-no, s. m. revenue, rents, income, profits, advantage. Un bien dont les revenus sont petits, an estate that yields small profits.

REVENUE, rev-nu, s. f. young wood sprout-ing up after the coppice is felled, growth of

young wood. River, re-va, v. n. & a. to dream, be in a dream; to rave, be light-headed; to talk idly, rave, dote; to think or consider, muse, chew the cud upon. Un lieu propre à rêver,

a proper place for meditation. REVERBERATION, ra-ver-ba-ra-slon, s. f.

reverberation, reflection, repercussion.

RÉVERBERE, ra-ver-ber, s. m. reverberatory flate behind a lamp or candle, reflector of a lamp. Feu de réverbère, reverberant fire. BÉVERBÉRER, ra-vèr-bà-ra, v. a. to re-

verberate, reflect, throw back.

REVERDI, E, adj. painted green, become

REVERDIE, s. f. increase of the tides immediately after the neaps. Reverdies, spring tides.

REVERDIR, rê-vêr-dîr, v. a. to paint green again. Reverdir, v. n. to become green again; (parlant des dartres, de la gale) to break out

REVERDISSEMENT, rê-vêr-dîs-mên, s. m.

growing green again.
Révéré, z, adj. revered, reverenced, respected.

RÉVÉREMMENT, rå-vå-rå-mčn, adj. reve-

rently, with reverence.

REVERENCE, ra-va-rens, s. f. revorence, respect; bow, conge or congee; courtesy or curisy; (titre) reverence. Sauf révence, révérence parler, save your presence, an't please you, under favour. Faire la révérence à quelqu'un, (parlant d'un garçon or d'un homme) to bow to one; (parlant d'une fille or d'une femme) to curtsy or make a curtsy to one.

RÉVÉRENCIELLE, adj. f. reverential.

*Révérencieu-x, se, ra-va-ren-sleu, sleuz, adj. full of bows or curtsies.

Riveren, r., ra-va-ren, rend, adj. reverend

Rívérendissime, rå-vå-rèn-dl-sim, adj.

right reverend, most reverend.

Révéren, ra-va-ra, v. a. to revere, reverence, honour, respect.

REVERIE, rev-ri, s. f. revery or reverie, loose musing, fit of musing, irregular thought; idle fancy or notion, foolish conceit, extrava-

gance; raving, delirium, idle talking. Revernir, re-ver-nir, v. a. to glaze or var-

nish over again.

REVERS, re-ver, s. m. (d'une medaille, etc.) the reverse; (de la main) back; back stroke; (de fortune, etc.) misfortune, cross fortune, tern of the tide (d'un feuillet) back page, opposite page. Revers, Mar. piece of timber, the convexity of which lies inwards. Amures de revers, lee-tucks. Boulines de re-vers, lee-bowlines. Ecoutes de revers, weather-sheets. Alonges de revers, top-timbers. Revers de l'éperon, flaring of the cut water. Revers du coltis, flaring of the knuckle timber. V. Hauban & Genou.

REVERSER, re-ver-sa, v. a. to pour again. Reverser, Mar. Reverser la cargaison d'un bâtiment dans un autre, to shift a cargo from bar, bat, base: thère, èbb, over: fleld, fig: robe, rob, lord: mood, good.

metre or verse. Des bouts rimés, rhymes or words given to be filled up in as many verses.

RIMEUR, rl-meur, s. m. rhymer. RIMPRIMER, V. Reimprimer.

RINCEAU, s. m. foliage (in painting and architecture.)

RINCER, rin-sa, v. a. to rinse or wash. RINCURE, rin-sur, s. f. rinsing water.

RINGRAVE, s. f. sort of breeches, with points and ribands.

*RIOLÉ, E, adj. streaked, diversified, set out with several colours.

*RIOTE, s. f. quarrel, bickering.
*RIOTER, rl-0-12, v. n. to quarrel or wran-

gle; also to giggle, laugh.

*RIOTEU-R, SE, adj. quarrelsome, full of scolding, brawling.

RIFAILLE, rl-pdl, s. f. Ex. Faire ripaille,

to junket. feast, banquet.
RIPER, v. a. Mar. to slip through the nippers. Le câble ripe, the cable goes out as much as it comes in.

RIPOPÉE, ri-pô-pa, s. f. bad mixture (of remains of wine, etc.) mixture of different li-quors or sauce; confused composition.

RIPOSTE, rl-post, s. f. reply, smart repartee;

retort, return ; parry and thrust. RIPOSTER, ri-pos-th, v. n. to reply, retort, rejoin, make a quick and smart repartee; repel warmly; to parry and thrust at the same time (in fencing.) Mar. to reply, answer. Quand on nous cria d'amener, nous ripostàmes de notre rolée, when they called out to us to strike, we answered with our broadside.

RIRE, rir, v. n. to laugh; be merry; to joke, be in jest; to smile, look pleasant. Rire de quelque chose, to laugh at a thing, not to care for a thing. Faire rire, donner sujet de rire, to make sport, give occasion to laugh. Crever or se crever de rive, to burst with laughing, split one's sides with laughing. le mot pour rire, to be facetious or jocose or full of jokes, be merry. Je le disois pour rire, I spoke it in jest. Appréter à rire à la com-pagnie, to make one's self a laughing-stock, make one's self ridiculous. Rire au nez de quelqu'un, to laugh in one's face. On rerra bientôt rire, we shall have fine sport presently. Marchand qui perd ne peut rire, let him laugh that wins. Si rous m'échauffez la tête, je vous ferai rire d'une autre sorte, if you anger me, I will make you sing to another tune or I'll rattle you to some tune. La fortune lui rit, fortune smiles upon him. Tout rit dans cet appartement, every thing is beautiful in this apartment. La rose rit au soleil, the rose spreads itself towards the sun. Se rive de, v. r. to laugh at, make sport with. On s'en est bien ri, he was much laughed at. Je was rise de see see an acces 1 laugh. me ris de vos menaces, I laugh at your threatenings. Rire du bout des dents, to force a laugh.
RIRE, rir, s. m. laughter, laughing, smile.

Ris, ri, s. m. laughter, laughing, smile. Les ris et les graces suivent partout ses pas, the smiles and graces attend her every where. Ris de reau, sweet-bread (of a breast of veal.)

Ris, s. m. Mar. reef (of a sail.) Ris de chasse, first reef. Bas ris, last reef. Prendre un ris, to take in a reef. Prendre un ris à l'artimon, to balance the mizen. Prendre des ris, to reef, take in reefs. Prendre les ris à une roile, to reef, reef in. Elre au bas ris.

to be close reefed. Prenez deux ris dans chaque hunier, take two reefs in the fore and main top-sails. Ho de la hune d'artimon, prends tous les ris au perroquet de fougue, mizen top there, close reef the mizen top-sail.

RISBAN, s. m. flat ground with cann a...

for the defence of a port.

RISDALE, s. f. rixdollar, about 47 cents. Riske, ri-2a, s. f. laughter; laughing at derision, morking; laughing stock. Mar. gust, squall. Lof à la risée, luff when it blows.

RISIBILITÍ, ri-zì-bì-lì-tà, s. f. risibility. RISIBLE, ri-zibi, adj. risible, capable of laughing, comical, pleasant, merry: ridiculous. RISQUABLE, ris-kabl, adj. hazardous.

RISQUE, risk, s. m. risk, hazard, venture,

peril, danger.

RISQUER, ris-ta, v. a. & n. to venture, hazard, expose, bring into danger, run the risk or hazard. Risquer le tout pour le tout, to run all hazards, lay all at stake.

RISSE, s. f. Mar. gripe. Risses de chalore, gripes (ropes by which a boat is secured on a

vessel's deck.)

RISSER, v. a. Mar. to lash or frap. Risser la chaloupe, to frap the launch

RISSOLE, ri-sol, s. f. sort of minced pie. RISSOLE, E, adj. fried or roasted brown or Vieille rissolee, old shrivelled waincrisp. scot-face.

RISSOLER, ri-so-lh, v. n. Se rissoler, v. r.

to grow brown or crisp.
RIT or RITE, ri, rh, s. m. rite, church cere-

mony. RITOURNELLE, ri-toor-nel, s. f. fourish,

voluntary (before or after a song.)
RITUALISTE, s. m. ritualist, who writes on

the ritual. RITUEL, s. m. ritual.

RIVAGE, ri-vêz, s. m. bank, water-side. beach, shore, strand. Rivage hant or devi-strand. Droit de rivage, shorage. RIVAL, E, ri-vâl, adj. & s. rival, competitor.

RIVALISER, v. a. to rival. RIVALITÉ, rl-vå-ll-tå, s. f. rivality, rivalry. competition.

RIVE, rlv, s f. bank, shore-side, waterside. Il n'y a ni fond ni rire, 'tis above any man's reach.

RIVER, rl-va, v. a. to rivet, clinch. River le clou à quelqu'un, to fit one, to pay him off. RIVERAIN, riv-rin, s. m. one that inhabits

the banks of a river or the borders of a forest or wood.

RIVET, rl-ve, s. m. rivet.

RIVIRRE, rl-vler, s. f. river. Gens de rivere, water-men. Oiseau de rivere, warinière, water-men. ter-fowl. Porter de l'eau à la rivière, to carry coals to Newcastle.

RIXDALE, V. Risdale.

RIXE, s. f. combat, conflict, scuffle. RIZ or RIS, rl, s. m. rice.

RIZIÈRE, ri-zler, s. f. rice ground or field. RoB, s. m. rob.

ROBS. m. rob.

ROBE, rob, s. f. (de framme, etc.) gown:
(de maggistrate, etc.) robe; habit, religious
habit. Robe de chambre, night or moraing
gown. Gens de robe, gown men. Juges de
longue robe, judges of the long gown. Je
porte respect à sa robe, I have a respect for his gown.

*Robin, rô-bin, s. m. lawyer.

base, bat : jeaue, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

ROBINET, rô-bl-nê, s. m. cock. Robinet de canule, spigot of a tap.

ROBORATI-F, VL, adj. strengthening.
ROBUSTE, ro-būst, adj. robust, strong, strong-limbed, lusty; hardy.

ROBUSTEMENT, adv. strongly, stoutly.

Roc, rok, s. m. rock; rook (at chess.)

ROCALLE, ro-kal, s. f. little stones or pebbles or shells for a grotto.

ROCAILLEUR, ro-ka-leur, s.m. grot-maker.

ROCAMBOLE, ro-kan-hol, s. f. rocambole. ROCHE, rosh, s. f. rock. Un cœur de roche,

a heart of flint, a hard-hearted man or woman. ROCHER, ro-sha, s. m. rock, flint, heart of Pour n'aimer pas de si beaux yeux, il faut être un rocher, one must be made of flint not to love such fine eyes. Parler aux rochers, to preach to the stones. Rocher, s. m. Mar. rock. Rocher sous l'eau, sunken rock. Rocher qui décourre à mi-marée, half tide rock. Racher qui veille, rock above water.

ROCHET, ro-she, s. m. rochet (bishop's robe.)

ROCOU, V. Roucou.

RODE, s. f. Mar. (in the Mediterranean) upper part of the stem and of the stern-post.

Rode de proue, upper part of the stem. Contre-rode de proue, apron. Rode de poupe, up-per part of the stern-post. Contre-rode de e, back of the stern-post.

RODER, ro-da, v. n. to roam, rove, range, ramble, go up and down. Mar. to sheer. Le bâtiment rôde sur son ancre, the ship sheers

about her anchor

RODEUR, ro-deur, s. m. rover, rambler. RODOMONT, ro-do-mon, s. m. bully, huffing blade, huff; braggadocio, vapouring hector. Faire le rodomont, to rodomontade, swagger, hector it, huff, vapour.

RODONONTADE, ro-do-mon-tad, s. f. rodomontade, vain-glorious bravado, vapouring. ROGATIONS, roga-sion, s. f. pl. rogation-week, gang-week, grass-week before Whit-

sunday.

ROGATON, ro-ga-ton, or ROGATUM, s. m. brief (in order to beg money from door to door,) beggar's petition, waste paper, old lum-Rogatons, (restes de viandes) scraps. ber.

ROGNE, rogn, s. f. scab, scurf, mange. ROGNE-PIED, s. m. farrier's paring-tool. ROGNER, rô-gua, v. a. to cut, pare, clip, shred. Rogner les ongles à quelqu'un, to clip

one's wings. Il est le mattre, il rogne, il taille, he is the master; he does what he lists.

ROGNEU-R, SE, rô-gnèur, gnèuz, s. m. & f. clipper (of money.)

ROGNEU-1, SE, ro-gneu, gneuz, adj. scabby, mangy.

ROGNON, ro-gnon, s. in. kidney; testicle, Mettre les mains sur les rognons, to stone. put one's arms a kimbo. Etre chaud du rognon, to be hot-spurred.

ROGNONER, ro-gno-na, v. n. to growl, grumble.

ROGNURE, rô-gnàr, s. f. shreds, parings.

Clippings.
ROGUE, rog, adj. surly, haughty, proud. Rot, rwh, s. m. king, sovereign, prince crowned; (an jeu de cartes ou des échecs) king; head, first, leader; officer who superintends or looks to. Roi d'armes, king at arms. Le roi des victors, the head man of the king's musick. Le roi du bal, the manager of the ball. Le roi des ribands, officer who formerly looked to the vagabonds and idle persons that haunted the court. Vous êtes le roi des hommes, you are a brave man. rois, le jour or la fête des rois, twelsth day, Epiphany. Faire les rois, to choose king and queen. Aune de roi, ell. Pied de roi, twelve inch foot.

ROIDL, rêd, adj. stiff; inflexible, opinia-tive, obstinate, hard. Une sauce roide de sel or de poirre, a sauce too high seasoned. cours de cette rivière est roide, that river has a rapid or violent stream. Un vol roide, a swift flight. Une montagne roide, a steep hill. Se tenir roide, to be stiff or obstinate. Il tomba roide mort, he fell stone dead. Aussi roide qu'un trait d'arbalète, as swist as an arrow.

*ROIDEMENT, adv. stiffly.
ROIDEMENT, re-tleur, s. f. stiffness, rapidity,
swiftness, violence, steepness; obstinacy. ROIDILLON, re-di-lon, s. m. rising in a

road.

ROIDIR, re-dir, v. a. to stiffen, make stiff, stretch out. Roidir, v. n. to be stiff. Reroidir, v. r. to stiffen, grow stiff; to be stiff, resist, withstand, bear up against, be obstinately bent. Roidir, v. a. Mar. to haul taught. Roidir les bras du petit hunier, to haul taught the fore top-sail braces. Roidis bien les dris-ses du grand hunier, haul well taught the main top-sail baliards.

ROITELET, rwa-tie, s. m. little or petty

king; wren. Rôle, rôl, s. m. roll, list, scroll, catalogue; register: (d'une pièce de théâtre) part, charac-ter, cue. Faire des rôles d'écriture, to write whole sheets of law business. A tour de rôle, in course, one after another. Jouer bien son whole sheets of law business. It has a to the voice, in course, one after another. Jouer bien son rôle, to play well one's part. Rôle, s. m. Mar. Rôle d'equipage, complete book or exact muster-book of the ship's company. Rôle de postes, station bill. Rôle de combat, quarter bill. Rôle de quart, watch bill.

Rôler, v. a. to write rolls. V. Rôle.
Rôler, rô-lê, s. m. under part. Jouer bien
son rôlet, to play one's part well. Je seis au
bout de mon rôlet, I know not what to say next.

ROMAIN, NE, rô-min, mên, adj. Roman. Luitue romaine, Cos-lettuce.

ROMAIN, s. m. roman (a printing letter.)
Romaine, ro-men, s. f. steel-yard, Roman

balance (a sort of weight.) ROMAN, rô-men, s. m. romance, novel. Parler roman, to use a romantick style (in

one's speech.) ROMANCE, ro-mens, s. f. romance, sort of ballad.

RUMANCIER, rô-mên-siñ, s. m. writer of romances.

ROMANESQUE, rô-må-nêsk, adj. roman-

ROMANESQUEMENT, adv. in a romantick manner.

ROMANTIQUE, adj. romantick. ROMARIN, rô-ma-rin, s. m. rosemary ROMBAILLET, s. m. Mar. burr (in a piece of timber.)

ROMESCOT, s. m. Peterpence.

*ROMINAGROBIS, rd-mi-mi-gro-bl, s. m. grave piece of formality, grimalkin.
ROMPEMENT, romp-men, s. m. Ex. Rompe

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bar, bat, base : thère, ebb, over : field, fig : robe, rob, lord : mood, good.

ment de tête, troublesome noise; vexatious business, vexation of spirit.

ROMPRE, ronpr, v. a. to break; to break off; to keep off, turn off, divert; to use, bring, train up, exercise; to break through, rout, put to the mut; to dismiss, dishand, turn away; (l'assemblée) to break up; (le de) to bar. Rompre le camp, to break up. Rompre le silence, to break silence, begin to speak. Rompre les chemins, to make the roads deep. A tout rompre, at the most. Rompre, v. n. to break, break off, part in two or several pieces; to break with, fall out. Rompre en visière à quelqu'un, to out-face one. Se rompre, v. r. to break, break off, break down, part in two or several pieces. Se rompre un bras, une jambe, to break an arm or leg. Se rompre la tête à quelque chose, to beat one's brains about a thing.

Rompre & se rompre, v. a. & r. Mar. to break, etc. Rompre la ligne, to break the line. Rompre des bordages, etc. to break up or rip off planks, etc. Le bâtiment chassé ur rompu son boute-hors de bonnette de petit hu-nier, the chase has carried away her fore-topmast studding-sail boom. La remorque rompit dans la nuit, the tow-rope broke in the night. La vergue seche se rompit dans le fort du

grain, the cross-jack yard snapped in the height of the squall.

ROMPU, E, adj. (from Rompre) broke or broken, etc. Chemin rompu, deep way. Rompu de travail, mightily wearied or tired. Ronce, rons, s. f. bramble, briar; difficulty.

ROND, E, ron, rond, adj. round, circular. Il est tout rond or rond comme une boule, he is thick as he is long. It est roud et franc, he is a plain downright man. Dufit roud, coarse thread. Compte rond, even accompt or even Faire le compte rond, to make even Voix ronde, round full voice. Mar. money. money. Le vent est rond, the wind is steady.

ROND, s. m. round, circle, ring; compass, circumference. Tourner en round, to turn round or in a round. Danser en round, to

dance in a ring.

RONDACHE, ron-dash, s. f. shield, buckler. RONDE, rond, s. f. rounds. Ronde d'eau, water-work in form of a round cup. A la ronde, round about. Dix milles à la ronde, ten miles round or round about. Boire à lu ronde, to drink round. Faire la ronde, to go the rounds, walk the rounds; and Mar. to row guard.

RONDEAU, ron-dò, s. m. rondeau; baker's-

peel.

RONDELET, ron-dic, s. m. roundelay (sort of Spanish poem.)

RONDELET, TE, ron-die, diet, adj. rather

RONDELETTES, s. f. pl. sail-cloth manufactured in Brittany.

RONDELLE, ron-del, s. f. little shield.

RONDEMENT, rond-inen, adv. roundly, sincerely, plainly, frankly, even.

RONDEUR, ron-deur, s. f. roundness, rotundity.

RONDIN, ron-din, s. m. billet of wood; cudgel.

RONDINER, ron-dl-na, v. a. to cudgel. RONFLANT, E, adj. sonorous, blustering. RONFLEMENT, ronfl-men, s. m. snoring, snorting, rumbling.

RONFLER, ron-fla, v. n. to snore, snort; to rumble; (purlant des chevaux) to snort.
RONFLEU-R, SE, ron-fleur, fleuz, s. m. &

f. snorer, snoring man or woman.

RONGER, ron-zà, v. a. to gnaw, nibble, pick; (purlant de l'emu-forte, de la rouelle) to eat, eat up. Donner un os à ronger à quelqu'un, to give or throw one a bone to pick. Ronger ses ongles, to bite one's nails. Check qui ronge sun frein, a horse that champs the bit. V. Frein. Se ronger le cœuer or l'april, to fret one's self. La tristesse ronge l'espri. grief gnaws or vexes or torments the mind. Rongeur, ron-zeur, s.m. Ex. Le ver rongear, the never-dying worm. Pl. An order of quadrupeds.

*ROQUANTIN, S. m. Ex. Un vieux roques-

tin, an old hunks.

ROQUEFORT, s. m. cheese made of ewc's milk.

ROQUER, ro-la, v. a. to castle (at chess.) ROQUET, ro-ke, s. m. shock-dog; alw short cloak; and worthless man. ROQUETTE, ro-ket, s. f. rocket (a sort of

cabbage.)

ROQUILLE, rô-kil, s. f. gill (a measure.) ROSAIRE, rô-zèr, s. m. rosary, great beads. ROSAT, rô-zà, adj. of roses. Huile road,

Miel rosat, mel rosatum. Onoil of roses. guent rosat, rose-ointment.

Rossir, s. m. rosst beef.

Rosz, roz, s. f. rose. Rose d'Inde, French marigold, Indian rose; also, a large round window and a river fish. Bouche de rose, rosy mouth. Rose des vents, Mar. card of a compass.

RosE, E, ro-za, adj. of a faint red (said of

wine.)

ROSEAU, ro-zò, s. m. reed. Rossau aro*matique*, sweet calamus.

Rose-croix, roz-krwa, s. f. Rosicrucian

Roske, ro-zh, s. f. dew.

ROSERAIF, roz-re, s. f. ground planted with rose bushes.

ROSETTE, ro-zet, s. f. rose; red ink; red brass, molten copper; trunk-maker's nail.

Rosier, ro-zia, s. m. rose bush.

Rosière, s. f. mach.

ROSSER, rôs, s. f. sorry horse; reach. ROSSER, rô-sh, v. a. to bang, maal, bela-

Rossignol, ro-sl-guol, s. m. nightingale; pick-lock. Rossignol d'Arcadie, ass.

ROSSIGNOLER, v. n. to sing as a nightin-

gale. ROSSINANTE, s. f. sorry borse.

Rossolis, s. m. rosa solis.

ROSTRALE, adj. rostrated.

Rostre, s. m. beak. ROSTURE, ROSTURER, V. Routure,

Rousturer Rot, ro,s. m. belch, breaking wind up-

ward.

Rôt, ro, s. m. roast meat. Rôt-de-bif. saddle of mutton or loin of venison roasted. ROTATION, ro-th-slow, s. f. rotation.

ROTE, rot, s. f. rota (chief jurisdiction of the court of Rome.)

ROTER, ro-ta, v. n. to belch, break wind upwards.

Rôti, z, rò-il, ti, adj. roasted, roast.

base, but : jeune, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun,

Rôti, ro-ti, s. m. roast meat. Accommoder un homme tout de rôti, to maul one sound-

ROTIE, s. f. roast. Rotie au beurre, but-

tered toast. ROTIK, s. m. sort of Indian reed which

serves to make furniture.

Rôten, rô-tir, v. a. to roast; to burn, parch up. Rôtir sur le gril, to broil. Rôtir au four, to bake. Rôtir le balai, to play pranks, grow old in an employment without being the bet-ter for it. Rotir, v. n. Se rotir, v. r. to roast, be roasting, be parched.

ROTISSERIE, rò-tis-ri, s. f. cook's shop. ROTISSEU-R, SE, rò-ti-seur, seuz, s. m. & f. cook, one that keeps a cook's shop.

ROTONDE, s. f. kind of starched band for-

merly worn; roundo. ROTON DITE, ro-ton-di-ta, s. f. rotundity.

ROTULE, ro-tol, s. f. knee pan, ball or whirlbone of the knee.

ROTURE, ro-tur, s. f. soccage or villanage, iguoble tenure. Gens de roture, ignoble persons, plebeians.

ROTURIER, E, ro-tu-rià, rier, adj. held by soccage, ignoble, meanly extracted, plebeian. Droits roturiers, mean or inferiour services.

ROTORIER, E. s. m. & f. plebeian. ROTORIEREMENT, ro-tû-rier-mên, adv. ig-

nobly, meanly. Terre possédée roturièrement. land held by soccage or villanage.

ROUABLE, s. m. rake for coals in an oven.

ROUAGE, roo-Az, s. m. wheel-work.

ROUAN, roo-en, adj. roan. Ex. Cheval roum, roan horse.

ROUANNE, rôo-an, s. f. instrument to mark casks.

ROUANNER, roo-a-na, v. a. to mark (casks.) ROUANNETTE, s. f. instrument with which

timber is marked.

ROUANT, roo-en, adj. m. Ex. Paon rouant, peacock in his pride.

ROUBLE, roobl, s.m. rouble (a Russian coin.)

ROUCHE, roosh, s. f. Mar. hull of a ship (or

ship on the stocks) that is not yet masted. Roucou, s. m. sort of plant, sort of paste

made of that plant.

ROUCOULER, rôo-kôo-là, v. n. to coo.

ROUE, ròo, s. f. wheel. Faire la roue, to wheel about. Le paon fait la roue, the peacock is in his pride or spreads his tail. Poussa à la roue, to keep on, promote. Roue de guavernail, Mar. steering wheel.

ROUÉ, E, adj. broken upon the wheel; harassed, with fatigue, jaded, knocked up. Roué de coups, soundly banged or beaten, mauled. Roué de fatigue, bruised.
ROUELLE, rôo-êl, s. f. alice. Rouelle de

reau, veal steak.

rani, veal steak.

ROUER, rôo-â, v. a. to break upon the wheel. Rouer de coups, to beat or bang soundly, thrash, maul. Rouer, v. a. Mar. to coil. Rouer à tour, to coil with the sun. Rouer à contre, to coil against the sun. Rouer, rôo-ê, s. m. spinning wheel; (de moulin) cog-wheel; (de tisserand) cloth beam; (d'arquebuse) lock. Mettre à rouet quelqu'un, to silence que, stop one's mouth. Foire le

to silence one, stop one's mouth. Faire le is stirring. Mille peneles hei routent dans rope yard. Route de fonte, brass sheaves. Route de gayac lignum vite sheaves. Route de fonte, lignum vite sheaves. Route de gayac à des de fonte, lignum vite sheaves mettre les grands por estauleurs à l'gru, we

with brass cogs. Rouets de poulie, block sheaves. V. Poulie.

Rouge, rooz, adj. red. Derenir rouge, to blush, be put to the blush. Rouge bord, m. brimmer, bumper.

Rouge, s.m. red, red colour; rouge, paint; ruddock (a fish.) Elle met du rouge, she paints. Elle a un peu de rouge aux joues, she has a colour in her cheeks. Le rouge lui monte au visage, his or her colour rises, he or she colours or blushes.

ROUGEATRE, rôo-zatr, adj. reddish, some-

what red.

ROUGEAUD, E, rôo-zô, zôd, s. m. & f. red face, red-faced or ruddy complexioned man or

ROUGE-GORGE, s. m. robin-red-breast.

ROUGE-BORD, s. m. bumper.

Rougeole, roo-zol, s. f. measles.

ROUGE-QUEUE, s. m. red-tail (small bird.) Rouger, roo-ze, s. m. roach; red-streak apple.

ROUGETTE, s. f. a sort of bat; vampyre. ROUGEUR, roo-seur, s. f. redness; pimple or red spot.

Rougin, roo-zir, v. n. to redden, make red. Rougir Peau, to colour water.

Rougir, v. n. to redden, grow red; blush or colour, be ashamed. Rougir de honte, to blush for shame.

ROUI, R, adj. steeped, watered.
ROUI, S. m. Ex. Visuale qui sent le roui,
meat that tastes of the copper or pot it was boiled in.

ROUILLE, rool, s. f. rust, blast, mildew.

ROUILLER, E, adj. rusty.
ROUILLER, roo-la, v. a. to rust, make rusty. Se rouiller, v.r. to grow rusty. L'esprit se rouille à la campagne, wit grows rusty in the country.

ROUILLURE, roo-lur, s. f. rust, rustiness. ROUIR, roo-lr, v. a. (du lin, du chanvre) to

steep, water, soak.

ROULADE, roo-lad, s. f. trill, trilling, qua-

vering; rolling down. m. rolling; wheeling. Roulant, p. rolling, in rolling; wheeling. ROULANT, p. rolling; wheeling. Roulant, easy road. Chemin roulant, easy road. Chaise roulante, chaise. Veine roulante, yein that vacillates.

ROULE, E, adj. (from Rouler) rolled or rolled up, etc.

Rouleau, roo-lo, s. m. roll; rolling pin;

ROULEMENT, rool-men, s. m. rolling; trill, quaver (in musick.)

ROULER, roo-la, v. a. to roll; to roll or roll Rouler dans son esprit, to revolve in Rouler ses eaux, (d'un fleuve) to one's mind. run. Se rouler sur l'argent, to swim in mo-ney. Rouler sa vie, to rub through the world, make shift to live, keep life and soul together. Rouler, v. n. to roll; to ramble, range, roam, rove, go up and down; (des eaux) to run; to live, get a livelihood. Sa harangue rouloit là dessus, his speech ran upon that. Rouler carrosse, to keep a coach. Faire rouler la presse, to print. L'argent roule, money stirs, or is stirring. Mille pensées tui roulent dans l'esprit, a thousand thoughts revolve in his.

bar, bat, base : thère, ebb, over : field, fig : robe, rob, lord : mood, good.

ment de tête, troublesome noise; vexatious ; business, vexation of spirit.

ROMPRE, ronpr, v. a. to break; to break off; to keep off, turn off, divert; to use, bring, train up, exercise; to break through, rout, put to the rout; to dismiss, disband, turn away; (l'assemblée) to break up; (le de') to break up; (le de') to break up; (le de') to break up. Rompre le silence, to break silence, begin to speak. Rompre les chemins, to make the roads deep. A tout rompre. at the nost. A tout rompre, at the most. Rompre, v. n. to break, break off, part in two or several pieces; to break with, fall out. Rompre en visière à quelqu'un, to out-face one. Se rompre, v. r. to break, break off, break down, part in two or several pieces. Se rompre un bras, une jambe, to break an arm or leg. Se rompre la tête à quelque chose, to beat one's brains about a thing.

Rompre & se rompre, v. a. & r. Mar. to break, etc. Rompre la ligne, to break the line. Rompre des bordages, etc. to break up or rip off planks, etc. Le bâtiment chassé a rompu son boute-hors de bonnette de patit hunier, the chase has carried away her fore-topmast studding-sail boom. La remorque romnit dans la nuit, the tow-rope broke in the night. La vergue siche se rompit dans le fort du grain, the cross-jack yard snapped in the height of the squall.

ROMFU, K, adj. (from Rompre) broke or broken, etc. Clientin rompu, deep way. Rompu de travail, mightily wearied or tired. Ronce, rons, s. f. bramble, briar; difficulty.

ROND, E, ron, rond, adj. round, circular. Il est tout rond or rond comme une boule, he is thick as he is long. It est roul et franc, he is a plain downright man. Dufil rond, coarse thread. Compte rond, even accompt or even money. Faire le compte rond, to make even money. Voix ronde, round full voice. Mar. Le rent est rond, the wind is steady. money.

ROND, s. m. round, circle, ring; compass, circumference. Tourner en rond, to turn round or in a round. Danser en rond, to

dance in a ring.

RONDACHE, ron-dash, s. f. shield, buckler. RONDE, rond, s. f. rounds. Ronde d'eau, water-work in form of a round cup. ronde, round about. Dix milles à la ronde, ten miles round or round about. Boire à lu ronde, to drink round. Faire la ronde, to go the rounds, walk the rounds; and Mar. to

Rondeau; ron-do, s. m. rondeau; baker'speel.

RONDELET, ron-dle, s. m. roundelay (sort of Spanish poem.) RONDELET, TE, ron-dle, dlet, adj. rather

RONDELETTES, s. f. pl. sail-cloth manufactured in Brittany.

RONDELLE, ron-del, s. f. liule shield.

RONDEMENT, rond-inen, adv. roundly, sincerely, plainly, frankly, even.

RONDEUR, ron-deur, s. f. roundness, rotundity.

RONDIN, ron-din, s. m. billet of wood; cudgel.

RONDINER, ron-di-na, v. a. to cudgel. RONFLANT, E, adj. sonorous, blustering. RONFLEMENT, ronfl-men, s. m. snoring, snorting, rumbling.

RONFLER, ron-fla, v. n. to snore, snort; to rumble ; (parlant des cheraux) to snort. RONFLEU-R, SE, ron-fleur, fleuz, s. m. &

f. snorer, snoring man or woman.

RONGER, ron-zà, v. a. to gnaw, nibble, pick; (parlant de l'eau-forte, de la rouelle) to eat, eat up. Donner un os à ronger à quequ'un, to give or throw one a bone to pick.
Ronger ses ongles, to bite one's nails. Checul
qui ronge son frein, a horse that champs the bit. V. Frein. Se ronger le cœur or l'espri, to fret one's self. La tristesse ronge l'espri. grief gnaws or vexes or torments the mind

RONGEUR, ron-zeur, s. m. Ex. Le ver rongeur, the never-dying worm. Pl. An order of quadrupeds.

*ROQUANTIN, s. m. Ex. Un vieux roquatin, an old hunks.

ROQUEFORT, s. m. cheese made of ewe's

milk.

ROQUER, ro-ka, v. a. to castle (at chess.) ROQUET, ro-ke, s. m. shock-dog; also short cloak; and worthless man.
ROQUETTE, ro-ket, s. f. rocket (a sort of

cabbage.)

ROQUILLE, ro-kll, s. f. gill (a measure.) ROSAIRE, ro-zèr, s. m. rosary, great beads. ROSAT, ro-zà, adj. of roses. Huile rosal, oil of roses. Miel rosat, mel rosatum. Onguent rosat, rose-ointment.

Rossif, s. m. rossi beef.

Ross, roz, s. f. rose. Rose d'Inde, French marigold, Indian rose; olso, a large round window and a river fish. Bouche de rose. rosy mouth. Rose des vents, Mar. card of a compass.

Rosk, E, ro-za, adj. of a faint red (said of wine.)

ROSEAU, ro-zò, s. m. reed. Roseau aromatique, sweet calamus. Rose-croix, roz-krwa, s. f. Rosicrocias

Rosée, rô-zh, s. f. dew.

ROSERAIE, roz-re, s. f. ground planted with rose bushes.

ROSETTE, ro-zet, s. f. rose; red ink; red brass, molten copper; trunk-maker's nail. Rosier, ro-zia, s. m. rose bush.

ROSIÈRE, s. f. roach. ROSSE, rôs, s. f. sorry horse; roach. ROSSER, rô-sà, v. a. to bang, maal, bela-

bour. Rossignor, ro-si-gnol, s. m. nightingale; pick-lock. Rossignol d'Arcadie, ass.

ROSSIGNOLER, v. n. to sing as a nightin-

gale. ROSSINANTE, s. f. sorry borse.

Rossolis, s. m. rosa solis

ROSTRALE, adj. rostrated. ROSTRE, s. m. beak.

ROSTURE, ROSTURER, V. Rousine, Rousturer.

Rot, ro,s. m. belch, breaking wind up-

Rot, ro, s. m. roast meat. Rot-de-bif. saddle of mutton or loin of venison roasted.

ROTATION, ro-la-slon, s. f. rotation.

ROTE, rot, s. f. rota (chief jurisdiction of the court of Rome.) ROTER, ro-ta, v. n. to belch, break wind

upwards. Rôti, E, rò-tì, tì, adj. roasted, roast. base, but : jeune, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

Rôтı, rô-ti, s. m. roast meat. Accommoder un homme tout de rôti, to maul one sound-

Rôtie, s. f. roast. Rotie au beurre, buttered toast.

ROTIN, s. m. sort of Indian reed which serves to make furniture.

Rôtin, rô-tir, v. a. to roast; to burn, parch up. Rôtir sur le gril, to broil. Rôtir au four, to bake. Rôtir le balai, to play pranks, grow old in an employment without being the better for it. Roeir, v. n. Se rôtir, v. r. to roast, be roasting. be parched.

ROTISSERIE, ro-tis-ri, s. f. cook's shop. ROTISSEU-R, SE, ro-ti-scur, scuz, s. m. & f. cook, one that keeps a cook's shop.

ROTONDE, s. f. kind of starched band for-

merly worn; rotundo.

ROTORDITÉ, rô-ton-dì-tà, s. f. rotundity. ROTULE, rô-tâl, s. f. knee pan, ball or whirlbone of the knee.

ROTURE, ro-tor, s. f. soccage or villanage, ignoble tenure. Gens de roture, ignoble per-

soos, plebeians.

ROTURIER, E, ro-to-ria, rier, adj. held by soccage, ignoble, meanly extracted, plebeian. Droits roturiers, mean or inferiour services.

ROTURIER, E. s. m. & f. plebeian. ROTURIÈREMENT, rô-tô-rier-mên, adv. ignobly, meanly. Terre possede roturièrement.

land held by soccage or villanage.
ROUABLE, s. m. rake for coals in an oven.
ROUAGE, roo-Az, s. m. wheel-work.

ROUAN, roo-en, adj. roan. Ex. Cheval rowan, roan horse.

ROVANNE, roo-an, s. f. instrument to mark

ROUANNER, roo-à-nà, v. a. to mark (casks.) ROUANNETTE, s. f. instrument with which timber is marked.

ROUANT, rôo-ên, adj. m. Ex. Paon rouant, peacock in his pride.
ROUBLE, rôobl, s.m:rouble (a Russian coin.)

ROUCHE, roosh, s.f. Mar. hull of a ship (or

hip on the stocks) that is not yet masted.
ROUCOU, s. m. sort of plant, sort of paste

made of that plant.

ROCCOULER, roo-koo-la, v. n. to coo. Roue, roo, s. f. wheel. Faire la roue, to wheel about. Le paon fait la roue, the peacock is in his pride or spreads his tail. Pousser à la roue, to keep on, promote. Roue de gouvernail, Mar. steering wheel.

Rouf, E, adj. broken upon the wheel; harased, with fatigue, jaded, knocked up.
Rouf de coups, soundly banged or beaten,
mauled. Rouf de fatigue, bruised.
Rourille, roell, s.f. slice. Rouelle de

rear, veal steak.

rem, veal steak.
ROUER, rôo-â, v. a. to break upon the wheel. Rouer de coups, to beat or bang soundly, thresh, maul. Rouer, v. a. Mar. to coil. Rouer à tour, to coil with the sun. Rouer à contre, to coil against the sun. Rouer, rôo-ê, s. m. spinning wheel; (de moulin) cog-wheel; (de tisserand) cloth beam; (d'arguebuse) lock. Mettre à rouet quelqu'un, to silence one, stop one's mouth. Faire le rouet, to purr (as cats.) Rouet, Mar. wheel in a rope yard. Rouets de fonte, brass sheaves. Rouets de gayac lignum vites sheaves. Rouets de gayac à dés de fonte, lignum vites sheaves

with brass cogs. Rouets de poulie, block sheaves. V. Poulie.

Rouge, rooz, adj. red. Derenir rouge, to

blush, be put to the blush. Rouge bord, m. brimmer, bumper. Rouge, s.m. red, red colour; rouge, paint;

ruddock (a fish.) Elle met du rouge, she paints. Elle a un peu de rouge aux joues, she has a colour in her checks. Le rouge lui monte au risage, his or her colour rises, he or she colours or blushes.

ROUGEATRE, rôo-zatr, adj. reddish, somewhat red.

ROUGEAUD, E, roo-zo, zod, s. m. & f. red face, red-faced or ruddy complexioned man or woman.

ROUGE-GORGE, s. m. robin-red-breast.

Rouge-bord, s. m. bumper.

ROUGEOLE, roo-201, s. f. measles.

ROUGE-QUEUE, s. m. red-tail (small bird.) Rouger, roo-ze, s. m. roach; red-streak apple.

ROUGETTE, s. f. a sort of bat; vampyre. Rougeur, roo-zeur, s. f. redness; pimple or red spot.

Rougin, rôo-zîr, v. n. to redden, make red. Rougir l'eau, to colour water.

Rougir, v. n. to redden, grow red; blush or colour, be ashamed. Rougir de honte, to blush for shame.

Roui, R., adj. steeped, watered. Roui, s. m. Ex. Visude qui sent le roui, meat that tastes of the copper or pot it was boiled in.

ROUILLE, rool, s. f. rust, blast, mildew.

ROUILLÉR, E, adj. rusty. ROUILLÉR, roo-la, v. a. to rust, make rusty. Se rouiller, v.r. to grow rusty. L'esprit se rouille à la campagne, wit grows rusty in the country.

ROUILLURE, roo-lur, s. f. rust, rustiness. ROULR, roo-lr, v. a. (du lin, du chanvre) to

steep, water, soak ROULADE, roo-lad, s. f. trill, trilling, qua-

ROULANT, E, roo-lat, s. h. uni, uning, quavering; rolling down.

ROULANT, E, roo-let, lent, adj. Ex. Carrosse bien roulant, easy coach. Chemin roulant, easy road. Chaise roulante, chaise. Veine roulante, yein that vacillates,

Roule, E, adj. (from Rouler) rolled or rolled up, etc.

ROULEAU, roo-lo, s. m. roll; rolling pin;

ROULEMENT, rool-men, s. m. rolling; trill, quaver (in musick.)

ROULER, roo-la, v. a. to roll; to roll or roll up. Rouler dans son esprit, to revolve in one's mind. Rouler ses eaux, (d'un fleure) to run. Se rouler sur l'argent, to swim in money. Rouler sa vie, to rub through the world, make shift to live, keep life and soul together. Rouler, v. n. to roll; to ramble, range, roam, rove, go up and down; (des eaux) to run; to live, get a livelihood. Sa luarangue rouloit là dessus, his speech ran upon that. Rouler carrosse, to keep a coach. Faire rouler la presse, to print. L'argent roule, money stirrog. Mille pensées hai roulent dans l'esprit, a thousand thoughts revolve in his

Rouler, v. a. Mar. to roll. Nous roulons & mettre les grands por le-haulums à l'gui, wo bar, bat, base : thère, ebb, over : field, fig : robe, rôb, lôrd : môod, good.

roll our main chains in. Ce ruisseau roule à découvrir presque sa quille, that ship almost rolls her keel out.

ROULETTE, roo-let, s. f. little wheel, castor, book-binder's roll; truckle-bed; go cart;

sort of game of chance.

ROULEUR, s. m. Mar. ship that rolls. Ex. Grend rouleur, grand marcheur, the deeper a ship rolls, the faster she sails.

ROULIER, roo-lia, s. m. carrier, wagoner. Roulis, roo-li, s. m. Mar. roll, rolling, rolling motion (of a vessel.) Ce dernier comp de roulis a rompu deux de nos chaines de haubans, that last roll broke two of our chain plates.

Rourin, roo-pl, s.f. snivel, drop at the nose; rupee (coin.) Il a toujours la roupie au

ROUPIEU-X, SE, roo-pleu, euz, adj. & s.

snivelly; snivelling man or woman.
ROUPILLE, s. f. short coat (of old.)

Roupillen, rôo-pl-/a, v. a. to doze. ROUPILLEU-R, SE, S. m. & f. dozing, do-

ROUSSATRE, roo-satr, adj. ruddy, reddish, between red and yellow.

ROUSSEAU, rôo-sô, s. m. red haired man. ROUSSELET, rôos-lê, s. m. sort of delicate small pear.

ROUSSEUR, roo-seur, s. f. redness. Rousseurs or taches de rousseur, freckles.

Roussi, E, adj. (from Roussir) reddened.

Roussi, roo-si, s. m. Russia leather; smell of a thing burnt. Sentir le roussi, to smell of a thing burnt.

Roussin, roo-sin, s. m. strong horse, horse fit for war service. Roussin d'Arçadie,

Roussin, roo-sir, v. a. & n. to redden, make look red or yellow, grow red. Faire roussir du beurre, to brown butter, fry butter till it looks yellow.

ROUSTER or ROUSTURER, v.a. Mar. to woold.

ROUSTURE, s. f. Mar. woolding.

ROUTAILLER, v. a. to pursue a beast with bloodhounds.

ROUTE, root, s. f. road, way; means; route; (dans un bois,) riding, lane. A rau de route, precipitately and in disorder or confu-sion. Route, s. f. Mar. course, route, track (of a ship.) Route du vaisseau, course. Faire route, to stand on a course. Faire route avec un vent favorable, to gale away. Faire route pour le nord, to stand to the northward. Faire fausse route, to alter the course (in order to avoid an enemy in the night or in a fog.) Etre en route, to be standing on the course required to be steered. Faire valoir la route, to make good the course. En route, steer the course. Laisse revenir en route, bring her to the course again. En faisant fausse route de muit, nous échappames à deux fregates qui nous gagnoient main sur main, by altering our course in the night we got away from two frigates, which were overhauling us. Notre route prendra de l'ouest aujourd'hui, we shall make westing today. La Pérouse, voulant faire de nou-relles découvertes, ne suivit aucune des routes de Cook, La Perouse wishing to make new

discoveries, did not follow any of Cook's tracks. Le capitaine a donné la route au nordest, the captain has ordered a northeast course to be secred. Nous ferons route a fest jusqu'à midi; et si nous n'arons pas consousance de l'escadre, nous changerons de rout. we will stand to the eastward till noon, and if we do not get sight of the fleet we will alter our course.

ROUTIER, roo-tilk, s. m. Ex. C'est un vier routier, he is a shrewd old dog. Routier. s. m. Mar. quarter wagoner; book of chart, dc.

ROUTINE, roo-tin, s. f. rote or practice. ROUTINE, E, adj. used (to a thing.) that

has a knack (of it.) ROUTINER, v. a. to teach one by rote.

ROUTINIER, s. m. one who acts by rote,

who does a thing habitually.

ROUTOIR, roo-twar, s. m. pond to soak hemp or flax in.

ROUVERIN, adj. brittle, friable.

ROUVIEUX, s. m. mangy horse. ROUVIE, roovi, s. m. oak of the hardest

kind. ROUVRIR, rôo-vrîr, v. a. (like ouvir) to open again; (une plaie) to open afresh. Se rouvrir, v. r. to open again. V. Plaie.

Rou-x, ssz, roo, roos, adj. red or ruddy, red-haired. Papier roux, brown paper. Boure

rour, browned butter. Rot x. s. m. red, red colour; sort of gravy. ROYAL. E. rwa-yal, adj. royal, regal, princely; noble, magnificent, generous, liberal. Sucre royal, double refined sugar. A la royale, after the king's taste or fashion. Porter la burbe à la royale, to wear two short whiskers. Bauf à la royale, beef rarely we'll

seasoned.

ROYALEMENT, rwa-yal-men, adv. royally. princely, nobly. Il nous a traités royalmen, he has given us a princely entertainment.
ROYALISTE, rwa-ya-list, s. m. royalist, loy-

al man, tory. ROYAUME, rwa-yom, s. m. kingdom.

realm. ROYAUTE, rwa-yo-ta, s. f. royalty, dignity, crown. Les marques de la royante, the re-

galia. Ru, rd, s. m. channel of a little stream.

RUADE, ru-ad, s. f. horse's kicking, wincing, yerking or flinging out with his beek Detacher or faire une ruade, to fling, kick up one's heels.

RUBACE or RUBACELLE, s. m. ruby of a yellowish colour.

RUBAN, rå-ben, s. m. riband.

RUBANERIE, s. f. riband-trade. RUBANIER, E, rů-bà-nlà, nlèr, a. m. & f. riband-weaver.

RUBANTÉ, E, adj. trimmed with ribands. RUBARBE, V. Khubarbe. RUBICAN, adj. m. Ex. Cheval rubicas, tree

mixt roan horse. RUBICOND, E, rû-bl-kon, kond, adj. rud-

dy, red (face.) Runis, rd-bi, s. m. ruby; red pimple.

RUBRICAIRE, rû-bri-ker, s.m. one tho-roughly versed in the rubrick. RUBRIQUE, rû-brik, s. f. rubrick or utter

of law-hooks; rubrick or title-rule; trick, cun ning, skill. Il entend la rubrique, he is skilled in business.

buse, bût : jèune, mêute, beurre : énfant, cênt, lien : vin : mon : brun.

RUCHE, růsh, s. f. bive; cavity of the ear. RUDANIER, E, rů-då-ula, nlèr, adj. surly,

pettish, gruff.

Rung, rad, adj. rough, barsh; rugged, uneven, crabbed, sharp, hard, severe, churlish, cruss, ill-natured; sharp, bitter, violent, nipping, severe; violent, fierce; troublesome, rude, horse that does not ride easy. Des year rudes, wild eyes, wild look. Visuge yeur rudes, wild eyes, wild look.

RUDEMENT. rud-men, adv. roughly, severely, sharply, harshly, rigorously, cuttingly, hard. Aller rudement en besogne, to work hard. Manger rudement, to eat a great deal. RUDENTE, E, adj. rudented or rudentured,

filled with the figure of a rope or staff (said

of the fluting of a column.)
RUDENTURE, s. f. rudenture, figure of a

rope or staff.

BUTESSE, rû-dês, s. f. harshness, rugged-ness, severity, hard, rough or severe usage; grating thing. Rudesse d'humeur, roughness, harshness, crossness, ill nature. Rudesse de мую, harshness, ruggedness of style. Rudenent, ro-di-men, s. m. book of acci-

dents, accidence, rudiment, rudiments. Ruainens, rudiments, elements, principles, first principles.

RUDOYER, rd-dwa-ya, v. a. to use rough-

ly; spur violently.

Rue, ru, s. f. street, lane; (herb) rue. Rue same, thoroughfare. Rue de traverse, passante, thoroughfare. cross street. Une nowelle qui court les rues, common report. Courir les rues, to run distracted. V. Courir. La grande rue, Mar. the waist, that part of the main deck comprised between the quarter deck and forecastle.
Ruf, z, adj. flung, etc. V. Ruer. Les plus

grands cours sort rues, the worst is past.
Ruelle, rd-el, s. f. narrow street, narrow lane, court; bedside; the society of women.

RUELLER, v. a. to tump a vine.

RUELLER, rd. A, v. a. to fling. Ruer de grands

coups, to strike hard, deal heavy blows. Se

ruer sur, to rush or fall upon. Ruer, v. n. to

fling high upon. iling, kick up one's heels, wince, yerk (as a ho se.)

*RUFIEN, s. m. lecher, whore-master.

RUGINE, rd-zln. s. f. steel instrument wherewith teeth or hones are cleaned.

RUGINER, rd-21-nd, v. a. (les dents) to clean; (un os) to scrape.

Ruesa, ru-sh, v. n. to roar like a lion.

Rugissant, E, rd-21-sen, sent, adj. roar-

ing.

RUGISSEMENT, rů-zîs-mên, s. m. roaring. RUGOSITÉ, s. f. roughness, unevenness. RUINE, růin, s. f. ruin; fall, decay; loss,

undoing, overthrow, destruction. Ruines, ruins. S'élever sur les ruines d'un autre, to raise one's self by the ruin of another.

RUINE, E, adj. ruined, etc. V. Ruiner, ru-inous, decayed, in decay, ready to fall. RUINER, rui-na, v. a. to ruin, destroy, pull

RUBER, rul-ma, v. a. to rum, destroy, pull down, bring to decay, undo, spoil, lay waste, destroy, subvert, impoverish; (la santé) to impair; (am dessain) to baffle, disappoint; (suc cheza) to spoil. Se ruiner, v. r. to decay, fall to decay, ruin one's self.
RUBEU-X, SE, rûl-nêu, nêuz, adj. ruinous, decayed, in decay, ready to fall; harmful, burtful, prejudicial, destructive.

RUISSEAU, růl-so, s. m. brook, stream, rivulet, street-kennel, flood, river, stream. Verser des pleurs à grands ruisseaux, to shed a flood of tears.

RUISSELANT, E, adj. gushing.

RUISSELER. råls-lå, v. n. to gush or run out. Le sang funant ruisseloit de toutes parts, the smoking blood streamed every where.

Rew, s. m. any room made or contrived in the hold of a ship to put in the lading;

(liquor) rum:
RUMB, roub, s. m. rhomb, any point of the compass. Rumb de vent, (sur la carte) rhomb line; (de la boussole) point of the com-

RUMBUR, ru-meur, s. f. rumour, uproar,

tumult, alarm; flying report, bruit.
RUMINANT, E, rumi-nen, nent, adj. rumi-

nating, chewing the cud. RUMINATION, rd-ml-nd-slon, s. f. chewing

the cud, rumination.

RUMÍNER, rů-mì-na, v. a. to chew the cud ruminate; to ruminate upon, chew the cud upon, ponder, consider of. RUNIQUE, adj. runick.

RUPTOIRE, s. in. ruptory, a caustic medi-

RUPTURE, rop-tur, s. f. rupture; breaking, rent; breach of a treaty or friendship, falling out; (de boyau) rupture, burstenness. RURAL. E, rū-ral, adj. rural.

Rusz, ruz, s. f. trick. cunning, slight, wile, craftiness, device, subtilty. Ruses, (des bêtes)

doublings, shifts, changes, Ruse, E, rů-zå, adj. & s. cunning, sly

crafty, subtle, sharp; cunning or sly man or woman, sharp blade, sly gipsy. RUSER, rd-zd, v. n. to shift, double, dodge,

use stratagem.

RUSSE, růs, adj. & s. Russian, of Russia. RUSTAUD, E, rus-to, tod, adj. clownish, boorish, rustical.

RUSTAUD, s. m. clown, churl, clouterly fellow.

RUSTICITÉ, rôs-ti-sì-tà, s. f. rusticity,

clownishness, rudeness, churlishness.
Rustique, rūs-tik, adj. rural, of or belonging to the country: rustical, rustical, rough, savage: (peu poli) rustick, rustical, rude, boorish, clownish, homely. Vie rustique, country-life.

RUSTIQUEMENT, rus-tik-men, adv. rusti-

cally, rudely, clownishly.
RUSTIQUER, rus-il-ka, v. a. to make rustick like.

Rustre, rustr, adj. rustical, rude, clownish, boorish.

RUSTRE, s. m. clown, clouterly fellow, boor, churl; ancient kind of lance.

RUT, rut, s. m. rutting, lust or copulation of deer.

RUTOIR, V. Routoir.

Ryz, s. m. sea-shore.

S, es, se, s. f. 18th letter of the French alphabet. Faire des ss, to make ss or make the figure of S. rec! or stagger (like a drunk-en man.) V. Esse. SA, sh, (fem. of Son) his, her, its, one's.

SABATTES, s. f. Mar. (corruption de Sa-

bar, bat, base: thère, êbb, ovêr: fleld, fig: rôbe, rôb, lôrd: môod, gôod.

ratte) shoe. Sabatte de l'ancre, shoe of the anchor.

SABBAT. så-bå, s. m. sabbath, day of rest; nocturnal meeting of witches; devilish noise, caterwauling, squalling, rattle, scolding, bawling. Fuire un sabbat à quelqu'un, to rattle one, scold and bawl at one

SABBATINE, så-bå-tln, s. f. thesis, or disputation upon any part of logick or moral

philosophy.

SABBATIQUE, så-bå-tik, adj. sabbatical.
SABEISME, så-bå-ism, s. m. religion which
has for its object the adoration of fire, of the sun and stars

sun and stars.

SABINE, sh-bîn. V. Savinier.

SABLE, shb), s. m. sand, gravel; hourglass; sable or black (in heraldry.) Faire du sable, to piss gravel. Jeter un verre de vin en sable, to drink a glass of wine at one gulp, (gulp it down.) Mar. Ex. Sable mouvant, quicksand, shifting sand-bank. Manger du sable (tourner le subtier avant que le sable soit écoulé, afin que le quart soit plus court) to flog or twees the class or sweat the glass

SABLER, så-blå, v. a. to gravel, cover with gravel. Sabler un verre de vin, to gulp down

a glass of wine. Sables-x, sz, adj. sandy.

SABLIER, s. m. hour-glass. Sablier, s. m. Mar. sand-glass, glass. Vire le sablier, turn the glass or turn the glass or turn. Le sablier est-il paré 1 is the glass clear? Sablier de quatre heures, glass watch. Sablier de deux heures, glass half watch. Sablier d'une heure, hour-glass, glass hour. Sablier d'une demi-heure, glass half-hour. Sablier d'une demi-minute, glass half-minute or long glass. Sablier d'un quart de mimate, glass quarter minute or short glass.

SABLIER, V. Poudrier.

SABLIÈRE, så-bil-èr, s. f. saud-pit, gravel-

pit; also piece of timber in which rafters are inserted, grove-wood of a partition.

SABLON, så-blon, s. m. sand, fine sand. SABLONNER, så-blo-nå, v. a. to scour with sand.

SABLONNEU-x, se. så-blo-neu, neuz, adj sandy, full of sand.

SABLONNIER, så-blo-niå, s. m. seller of sand.

SABLONNIÈRE, sh-blo-nièr, s. f. sand-pit,

gravel-pit.

SABORD, sk-bor, s. m. Mar. port. Sabord de charge, rast port. Sabords de la première batterie, lower deck ports. Sabords de la seconde batterie, upper deck ports (in a ship of two decks,) middle deck ports (in a three decker.) Sabords de troisième batterie, upper deck ports (in a three decker.) Subords per deck ports in a unrec decket.) Saint deck ports (of a frigate, etc.) Sobords des gaillards, gun ports of the quarter deck and fore-castle. Sabords de la saint-barbe, gun room ports. Sabords de retraite, stern chuse ports or stern. chases. Faux subords, half ports. Sabords brisés, half ports (the upper part of which lets down for the admission of air.) Sabords des chambres d'officiers, light ports. Sabords vitrés, sash ports. Sabords des avirons, row Sabords ports. Mettre les canons aux sabords, to run

SABOT, så-bò, s. m. wooden shoe; horse's

hoof whip-top.

SABOTER, så-bô-tå, v. n. to whip a top. Saboteur, så-bo-teur, s. m. one that whips a top.

SABOTIER, så bo-th, s. m. maker of wooden shoes.

*Sanouler, sā-bôo-lå, v. a. to toss, tumble, touse, pull about.

SABRE, sabr. s. m. sabre, hanger, simitar, cutlass. Sabre d'abordage, Mar. ship's cutlass

SABRENAS, s. m. workman who works coarsely and in a slovenly manner.

SABRENAUDER, v. a. to work in a coarse and slovenly manner.

SABRER, sa-bra, v. n. to slash, cut with a hanger; to huddle up, determine hastily.
SAC, sak, s. m. sack, bag; sackeloth; (dum

plaie) bag, gathering; (d'une ville) sack, sacking, pillaging, ransacking. Un sac d'ris, a drunkard, a wine-bibber. Homme de uc d de corde, rogue, bully, villain, rascal. Manger son pain dans son sac, to eat one's victuals privately or in hugger-mugger. Tire dia sac double monture, to take double fees. Donner à quelqu'ien son suc et ses quilles, to take one out, put one away, send one pack ing. Prends ton sac et tes quilles, et santelei. take thy bag and baggage, and get the away or pack away. Affaire qui est doubt sac, business in good train. Juger sar l'aquette du sac, to judge hastily.

ACCADE, Sal-Rid, s. f. jerk (with a bridk.) inche pull pulliure shoots prosiment record.

jerk, pull, pulling ; check, reprimand, reprod. rebuke. Mar. violent jerk or shake (of the

sails in light wind and a heavy swell. SACCAGE, s. m. total overthrow, disorder, confusion, confused heap.

SACCAGEMENT, sak-kar-men, s. m. sack-ing, ransacking, pillaging, plundering. SACCAGER, sak-ka-sh, v. a. to sack, ran-sack, plunder, pillage: to destroy, break, overthrow.

SACERDOCE, så-ser-dos, s. m. priest-hool. SACERDOTAL, E, så-ser-do-tål, adj. priestly, sacerdotal.

SACHANT, (part. of servoir) knowing. SACHEE, sa-sha, s. f. sack full. SACHET, sa-sha, s. m. satchel, little bag.

SACOCHE, sa-kosh, s. f. messenger's bag. SACRAMENTAIRES, så-krå-menter, s. m.

& f. pl. sacramentarians, sacramentaries Sacramental, E, sa-kra-mos-til, adj. sacramental.

SACRAMENTALEMENT, sh-kri-men-tal-

men, adv. sacramentally. SACRAMENTEL, SACRAMENTELLENFYI.

V. Sacramental, etc. SACRE, såkr, s. m. coronation; (c'sa évêque) consecration; saker (kind of havit.) SACRE, E, så-krå, adj. consecrated, sa-cred, holy, hallowed.

SACREMENT, såkr-men, s. m. sacrament matrimony. Le Saint-Sacrement, le saint sucrement de l'autel, the consocrated lost.

SACRER, så-krå, v. a. to consecrate; (st roi) to crown: v. n. to swear, blasheme. SACRET, så-kre, s. m. sakeret.

SACRIFICATURE, sachki-fika-dur, s. f. SACRIFICATURE, sacrificing, s. f. SACRIFICATURE, sackki-fika-dur, s. f.

priesthood. Sacrifice, så-kri-fis s. m. sacrifice.

base, bût : jêune, mêute, bêurre : ênfânt, cênt, liên : vin : mon : brun.

Faire un sacrifice à quelqu'un, to sacrifice something for one.

SACRIFIER, sh-krl-flh, v. a. to sacrifice; offer up in sacrifice; make a sacrifice of. Se sacrifier pose quelqu'un, to lay down one's lie and fortune for one.

Sacrifier gose sak-kri-laz, s. m. sacrilege, profanation, church robbing; also church robbing; also church

robber, sacrilegious man.

SACRILEGE, adj. sacrilegious, guilty of sa-

crilege.

SACRILÈGEMENT, så-krl-lêz-mên, adv. sacrilegiously.

SACRISTAIN, sh-kris-tin, s. m. sacrist, sa-

cristan, sexton, vestry-keeper.
SACRISTIE, sa-kris-u, s. m. sacristy, vestry. SACRISTINE, så-kris-tin, s. f. vestry-nun. SADUCEENS, s. m. pl. Sadducees.

Saducéisme, s. m. Sadduceism.

SAETTE, s. f. arrow. SAFRAN, sa-fren, s. m. saffron. Safran de gouvernail, Mar. after piece of a rudder (applied to augment its breadth.)
SAFRANK, E, sa-fra-na, adj. saffroned, saf-

fron, of saffron colour.

SAFRANER, så-frå-nå, v. a. to saffron, paint or make yellow with saffron.
SAFRANIER, sa fre-nil, s. m. & f. broken

merchant, bankrupt.

SAFRE, s. m. kind of blue.

SAFRE, adj. greedy.
SAGACE, s. f. segacious.
SAGACITÉ, sk. gå. d-lå, s. f. sagacity, quick
parts, sharpness of wit.

SAGE, she, adj. sage, wise, discreet, prudent, considering; sober, moderate; honest, modest. Une femme sage, a discreet or modest woman. Une sage femme, a midwife. Source sage, (to a child) be good. Un enfant age, a good child.

SAGE, s. m. sage, wise man, philosopher. Les sept sages de la Grèce, the seven wise

men or sages of Greece.

BAGEMENT, saz-men, adv. sagely, wisely, discreetly, prudently.

SAGESE, sa-zes, s. f. wisdom, sageness, pradence, soberness, moderation; modesty, chastity; wisdom, knowledge of things human and divine. La sagesse, la sagesse éternelle or incréée, or incornée, the second person of the trinity.
SAGETTE, s. f. sort of water-plant.

Sagittaire, st.-21-ter, s. m. Sagittarius. SACITTALE, adj. sagittal.

SAGOUN, s. in. sago. SAGOUN, sa-gwin, s. m. little monkey

SAGOUIN, R, adj. & s. slovenly, sloven,

slovenly creature.

SASE, se, s. f. soldier's coat (of old,) small brush (used by goldsmiths.)
SATETIE, s. f. sort of silk or woollen serge.

SAIGNANT, E, se-gnen, gnent, adj. bleed-

BAIGHER, adj. bled, blooded, let blood.
SAIGHER, adj. bled, blooded, let blood.
BAIGHER, adj. bled, blooded, let blood.
blood-letting, breathing of a vein, being let blood; draining, letting out of the water. Craindre la saignée, to fear being let blood. Faire plusieurs saignées en un jour, to bleed meny people in a day.

SAIGNEMENT, segn-mên, s. m. bleeding.

Mini prit un saignement de nez, his nose fell a

bleeding.

Saigner, så-gnå, v. a. to let blood, blood, breathe or open a vein; drain, let the water out. Saigner, v. n. to bleed. Le nez lui sai ne, his nose bleeds. Saigner du nez, bleed at the nose. Se saigner. v. r. to give to the utmost of one's ability.

SAIGNEUR, sê-gnèur, s. m. blooder. SAIGNEU-X, SE, sê-gnèu, gnèuz, adi. bloody. Bout saigneux, scraggy end of a neck of mutton.

SAILLANT, E, så-lên, lênt, adj. jutting out; that sticks or bears out, hanging out; [style] striking, great, beautiful, sublime. Angle saillant, salient angle.

Sailllis, salient, s. f. (in architecture) jutting

or leaning out, projecture; gushing out, spouting out, sudden spirt; sally, brunt, heat, fury, sudden fit; (d'esprit) sally, flash of wit, flight.

SAILLIR, sk-dr, v. n. (see the table at Saillir) to leap or cover. Saillir, v. h. to

gush or spout out; to jut out, bear out, project. Ce bulcon saille trop, that balcony proects too much. Saillir, v. a. & n. Mar. to bowse or hawl upon a hawser, etc. Saille hardi, bowse cheerly.

SAIN, E, sin, sen, adj. sound, wholesome, healthy, healthful; whole; true; Sain, Man. Ex. Rocher sain, rock steep-to. V. Cole.

SAIN, s. m. Ex. Les sains n'ont pas besoin de médecine, the sound want no physick.

SAIN-DOUX, sin-doo, s. m. lard, hog's grease. SAINEMENT, sen-men, adv. sound and well; soundly, aright, rationally, judiciously.

SAINFOIN, sin-fwin, s. m. sainfoin. SAINT, E, sin, sint, adj. holy, sacred, bless-l, godly. Le Vendredi saint, Good Friday. ed, godly. La saint Barthelenni, St. Bartholomew's day. La saint Michel, Michaelmas-day. La saint Jean, Midsummer-day. La saint Martin. Martinmas-day. Mal de saint Jean or mal de saint, falling-sickness. Saint Augustin (in printing) English. La sainte barbe, Mar.

the gun room. SAINT, E, s. m. & f. saint, godly person. Le saint des saints, the holy of holies.

SAINTEMENT, sint-men, adv. holily.

saintement, to live holily, lead a boly life.

SAINTETÉ, sint-th, s. f. holiness, sanctity, sacredness. Sa sainteté, his holiness, the pope of Rome.

SAIQUE, så-lk, s. f. saik (a Turkish or Grecian ketch.)

Saisi, E, adj. seized, seized upon, taken or laid hold of; (de peur) struck or possessed with fear, awed.

SAISIE, se-zl, s. f. distraint, distress, seizure, attachment.

SAISINE, se-zin, s. f. seizin, possession. Mar. spilling line. Saisine des huniers, harbour leech-lines.

SAISIR, se-zir, v. a. to seize; seize upon, take or lay hold of, catch; distrain, attach; to seize or come upon, strike, possess. peur les a saisis, sear is come upon them, they are struck with sear. Se saisir, v. r. to be struck, be strongly affected, be moved. Se stair de, to seize, seize upon, lay hold of, possess one's self of, take possession of, make one's self master of.

Saisir, Mar. to lash, nip, etc. Saisir la ride d'un hauban, to nip the laniard of a shroud. Il nous faut saisir les canons avec doubles hragues, we must double breech the guns

bar, bat, base: thère, ebb, over: field, fig: robe, rob, lord: mood, good.

SAISISSANT, E, se-zl-sen, sent, adj. (froid) | striking, sudden.

SAISISSANT, E, S. m. & f. (low term) seizer, distrainer.

Saisissement, se-2ls-men, s. m. sudden qualm or oppression of the heart, sudden motion at the sight of some unforeseen event or on hearing some bad news, violent oppression, shock, violent shock of grief, etc. cord wherewith the hangman ties the prisoner's hands and arms.

Salson, se-zon, s. f. season; time; proper time. La saison nouvelle, the spring. De saison, seasonable. Hors de saison, unsea-Saison, Mar. Vent de saison, tradesonable. wind. Etre en saison, to be in time for making a passage. V. Contre-saison.

SALACE, sk-las, adj. salacious, lecherous,

SALAUE, sacias, and, saciation with the control was the control with the control was a sacial was saled and saled and saled and saled and control was sale

basket to drain salad in. SALAGE, sa-laz, s. m. salting, sala; (droit

de salage) salt-duty.

SALAIRE, sa-ler, s. m. salary, wages; reward, fee.

SALAISON, så-le-zon, s. f. salting, time for salting. Salaison or salaisons, Mar. salt pro-

"SALAMALEC, så-lå-må-lek, s. m. profound

SALAMANDRE, så-lå-mendr, s.f. salamander. SALANT, så-len, adj. Ex. Marais salant, salt-marsh. Puits salant, salt-pit.
"SALARIER, så-lå-rå, v. a. to pay or re-

ward, give a salary or reward to.

SALAUD, E, adj. slovenly, dirty, nasty.

SALE, shl, adj. foul, nasty, slovenly, sluttish, dirty, filthy; beastly, obscene, impure, smutty, bawdy; foul, base, ungenerous; sortistic director selection. did. Gris sale, sallow. Côte sale, Mar. coast full of shelves. Vaisseau sale, foul ship.

SALE, E, så-lå, adj. salted; salt, brackish, brinish.

Salk, s. m. salt meat, salt pork; also yearly allowance or provision of salt. Petit salé, corned pork, young salted pork. Salement, sal-mên, adv. nastily, filthily,

slovenly, uncleanly, dirtily.
SALEP, s. m. a bulbous and mucilaginous plant.

SALER, så-lå, v. a. to salt, season with salt; (du poisson) to cure ; to make (one) pay dear for, put an exorbitant price upon.

SALERON, s. m. the hollow part of a saltcellar.

SALETÉ, sal-ta, s. f. (from Sale) nastiness, filthiness, slovenliness, sluttishness, dirt, filth, beastliness, obscenity, smuttiness, foulness, baseness.

SALEUR, så-leur, s. m. salter, one who cures fish.

SALI, E, adj. (from Salir) fouled, dirty, soiled.

SALICAIRE, s. f. plant which grows among willow-trees.

Salicoque, s. f. prawn. Saliere, sa-ller, s. f. salt-cellar, salt-box, bollowness or hollow pit (about the breast or

Saligaud, E, så-li-gò, gòd, adj. nasty, slorealy, skuttish,

Salignon, sa-il-mon, s. m. cake made of white salt.

SALIN, E, sa-lin, lin, salt, brinish. Song fort salin, very sharp blood.

SALINE, s. f. salt fish; salt meat; salt-pit, salt-house.

Salique, så-lik, adj. salic. Ex. La loi alique, the salic law.

SALIR, så-lir, v. a. to foul, soil, dirty, spot, stain, sully. Se saar, v. r. to soil, dirty or spot one's self, befoul one's self.

SALISBANT, E, sil-li-sen, sent, adj. that fouls or dirties; that soils or spots easily. Salisson, sail-son, s. f. young slut.

SALISSURE, Sh-Il-sur, s. f. spot of dirt, speck of dust or dirt.

SALIVAIRE, så-li-ver, adj. salival, salivary. SALIVATION, sh-li-va-sion, s. f. salivation, fluxing.

SALIVE, så-liv, s. f. spittle, saliva. SALIVER, så-li-vå, v.n. to spit a great deal. Salle, sal, s. f. hall or parlour ; (des hôptaux) ward ; bower, arbour ; (de la comédie, de l'opéra) house ; (d'assemblée) room. Salle d'armes, fencing school. Salle à danser, danc-ing school. On lui a donné or il a eu la salle, il a été fouetté en salle, he was whipt in the common hall. Salle, Mar. Salle des gabarits, mould loft.

Salmigondis, sål-mi-gon-di, s. m. salmagundi, hotch-potch.

Salmis, s. m. hash, minced meat.

SALOIR, så-lwar, s. m. salting tub; salttub or salt-box.

Salon, så-lon, s. m. saloon, great hall or parlour.

SALOPE, så-lop, adj. nasty, beastly, slovenly, sluttish; s. f. slut, wench. SALOPEMENT, så-lop-men, adv. slovenly,

sluttishly. SALOPERIE, så-lop-ri, s.f. filthiness, sloven-

liness, sluttishness, smutty conversation. SALORGE, s. m. heap of salt.

SALPETRE, sal-petr, s. m. saltpetre. Faire peter le salpetre, to shoot, waste a great deal

of powder.
SALPETRIER, sal-pe-trl-a, s. m. he who makes salt-petre.

SALPETRIÈRE, sål-pè-trì-èr, s. f. saltpetre house; sort of house of correction at Paris. SALSIFIS, sal-si-fi, s. m. salsify or goat's beard (a root.)

SALTIMBANQUE, sål-tin-benk, s. m. saltinbanco, quack, mountebank; ungraceful orator. "SALUADE, så-ld-åd, s. f. salutation, salute,

bow, reverence SALUBRE, så-låbr, adj. wholesome, health-

ful. salubrious SALUBRITE, så-lå-bri-tå, s. f. salubrity,

wholesomenes: SALUER, så-lû-å, v. a. to salute, greet, bow to, drink to, kiss, wait upon, pay one's respects or duty to, recommend one's self to, desire one's service or respect or love to. On le salua empereur, he was saluted or pro-claimed emperor. Saluer, Mar. to salute. Saluer du parillon, to salute by hauling the colours down. Saluer des roiles, to salute by lowering the top-gallant sails or top-sails.

Solver du canon, to salute with gens. Solver de la roix, to salute with cheers.

SALURE, så-lur, s. f. saltness, brackishness, bribe.

bûse, bût : jêûne, mêute, bêurre : ênfânt, cênt, liên : vin : mon : brun.

SALUT, så-lå, s. m. salute, saluting, salutation, greeting; safety, preservation, welfare; life; salvation; evening prayers (in Roman catholick churches.) Mar. Faire un salut, to give a salute. Rendre un salut, to return a salute.

SALUTAIRE, sa-lå-ter, adj. salutary, sound, wholesome, good, useful, profitable, comforta-

Salutairement, så-lå-ter-men, adv. usefully, profitably.

SALUTATION, sa-la-slon, s. f. salutation, greeting.

SALVAGE, sal-vaz, s. m. salvage, salvage

SALVATELLE, s. f. branch of the cephalick vein.

SALVATIONS, sål-vå-slon, s. f. pl. bill or reply or pleading.

SALVE, salv, s. f. volley or discharge. Mar. platoon or number of guns fired at once.

SALVÍ, s. m. salve regina, a prayer to the

Virgin Mary. SAMEDI, sam-di, s. m. Saturday.

SANCIR, v. n. Mar. to founder, founder at anchor. Ce bâtiment risque de sancir sur ses emorres, à moins qu'il ne mette dehors, that vessel stands a chance of foundering at her anchors, unless she puts to sea

SANCTIPIANT, E, senk-ul-fl-en, ent, adj. sanctifying.

SANCTIFICATION, senk-tl-fl-ka-slon, s. f. sanctification.

SANCTIFIER, senk-tl-fl-å, v. a. to sanctify or hallow, make holy. Sanctifier le jour du dimenche, to keep the Lord's day.
Sanction, seak-son, s. f. sanction.
Sanctionner, seak-slond, v. a. to senc-

tion; to confirm.

SARGTUAIRE, senk-tū-er, s. m. sanctuary, the holy of holies; chancel; secrets of the king's council, mysteries of the state.

SANDAL, sen-dāl, s. m. sandal-wood.

SANDALR, sen-dāl, s. f. sandal. Sandale, Mar. sort of lighter or large boat used in the Levant.

Levant.

SABDALIER, s. m. sandal-maker.

SANDARAQUE, s. m. sandarac; red ar-

senick or orpiment.

Sang, sen, s. m. blood; race, extraction, parentage. Sang-froid, cold blood, presence of mind. De sang-froid, in cold blood, with great composure, without the least emotion. Stong de dragon, dragon's blood. Le baptème de song, martyrdom. Il a le song chaud, he is a passionate man. Mettre quelqu'un en marte ton make one bland. song, to make one bleed. Mettre à feu et à ng, to put to fire and sword. SANGLADE, sen-glad, s. f. lash. V. San-

"SANGLAMMENT, adv. bloodily, cruelly, sadly, grievously.

SANGLANT, E, sen-glen, glent, adj. bloody, covered with blood, cruel, outrageous, deadly, grievous, cutting. La plaie est encore san-glante, the wound bleeds still.

Sangle, sengt, s. f. girth. Mar. mat or pausch (made of spun-yarn.)

SANGLER, sèngth, v. a. to gird, to lash, beat, trounce; (de plat d'épée, de fout à quelqu'un, etc.) to strike or beat (one) with,

SANGLIER, sen-gifa, s. m. wild boar.

SANGLOT, sèn-giô, s. m. sob, sigh, groan, sobbing, sighing, groaning.
SANGLOTER, sen-glo-ta, v. u. to sob, sigh,

SANGSUE, sen-sù, s. f. leech, horse-leech; blood sucker, oppressor, extortioner.

SANGUIFICATION, s. f. sanguification. SANGUIN, E, sèn-gin, gln, adj. sanguine, of a sanguine constitution, red as blood, s. m. Ex. Les sunguins sont ordinairement joyeux, those of a sanguine constitution are commonly cheerful.

SANGUINAIRE, sèn-gl-nèr, adj. blood-

thirsty, bloody, cruel, sanguinary.

Sanguinaire, s. f. blood-wort or knot-SANGUINE, sen-gin, s. f. red-lead; blood-

stone.

Sanguinolent, E, sen-gi-no-len, lent, adj. bloody (said of swords, etc.)
Sanhédrin, s. m. sanbedrim. Sanicle, s. f. sanicle, self-heal (a plant.) SANIE, sa-ni, s. f. sanies, matter discharg-

ed from ulcers. Sanieu-x, sz, så-ni-èu, euz, adj. sanious,

purulent.

SANNES, s. m. pl. sixes (at backgammon.) SANS, sen, prep. without, beside, besides but for, were it not for, if it were not for, had Sans it not been for, if it had not been for. argent, without money, moneyless.
amis, without friends or friendless. Sans word sans before an infinitive is usually rendered by without with the present participle; and sometimes by not to with the infinitive. Sans parter de, without speaking of, or not to speak of. Sans rien dire, without saying any thing. Sans y penser, without thinking of it, unawares, unwittingly. Il ne fut pas long-temps sans s'en repetitir, he was not long without repenting of it. Sans les autres dépenses que j'ai faites, beside tite other ex-penses I have been at. Il le fit sans ma connoissance, he did it without my knowledge or without my knowing it. Vous ferez bien celu sans que j'y aille, sure you will do that without my going thither. Il viendra sans que vous l'envoyiez chercher, he will come without your sending for him. Il viendroit sans que votre sœur l'envoyât chercher, he would come without your sister's sending for him. Je partirois demain sans votre frère, I should set out to-morrow without your brother, or I should set out but for your brother. Sans moi il mourroit de faim, but for me he would

starve. Sans que, without. SANS-PRAU, s. f. summer-pear.

SANSONNET, sen-sô-ne, s. m. starling; also small mackerel.

SANTAL, V. Sandal.

SANTA, sên-tâ, s. f. health, good health; toast, health; pest-house. Etre en santé, to be in health, be in good health, have health, be well. Etre en mauraise santé, to be in-disposed, be out of order, be ill. A votre santé or je salue votre santé, your health, my service to you.

Santon, s. m. name of an order of monks among the Mahometans.

SANVE, s. f. kind of weed or tare growing among corn.

SAOUL, V. Soul, and its derivatives eccordingly.

bar, bat, base : thère, ebb, over : field, fig : rôbe, rôb, lôrd : môod, gôod.

SAP, s. m. Mar. (abbreviation of Bapin) fir, deal. Planches de sap d'un pouce, one-inch deals. Bordages de sap du nord de quatre pouces, four-inch deals.

SAPA, s. m. V. Raisiné. SAPAJOU, sa-pa-200, s. m. marmoset.

SAPAN, s. m. die-wood.

or digging under it; way cut by steps under ground.

SAPER, sa-pa, v. a. to sap, undermine, dig

into, cut open SAPEUR, så-peur, s.m. underminer or sap-

SAPHIQUE, sh-flk, adj. sapphic. Vers phique, sapphic verse (of eleven syllables.) Vers sa-

SAPHIR, sa-fir, s. m. sapphire.

*SAPIENCE, s. f. sapience, wisdom. Le pays

de sopience, Normandy, Yorkshire.

SAPIENTIAUX, sk-plên-slô, adj. m. pl.
(livres de l'Ecriture sasste) of wisdom. SAPIN, st-pin, s. m. fir-tree; fir or deal.

V. Sap.

SAPINE, s. f. deal-board.

SAPINIERE, s. f. forest of fir-trees.

SAPORIFIQUE, adj. saporifick.

SAPOTE, s. f. a fruit (of the West Indies.) Sapotier, s. m. the tree.

SAQUEBUTE, såk-bût, s. f. sackbut. SARABANDE, så-rå-bånd, s. f. saraband. SARAMBRAU, s. m. Mar. fishing raft of Manilla.

SARBACANE, sår-bå-kån, or SARBATANE, s. f. tube to shoot or speak with. Parler par

sarbacane, to speak or treat by proxy.
SARCASME, sar-kasm, s. m. sarcasm, bit-

ing or nipping jest, taunt.
SARCELLE, V. Cercelle.
SARCLER, sår-klå, v. a. to weed.
SARCLEU-R, sz. sår-klåur, klåus, s. m. & f. weeder.

SARCLOIR, sar-klwar, s. m. weeding-hook.

SARCLURE, sår-klår, s. f. weeding. SARCOCELE, sår-kô-sêl, s. m. sarcocele.

SARCOLOGIE, s. f. sarcology. SARCOME, sar-kom, s. m. sarcoma.

SARCOPHAGE, sar-ko-faz, s. m. sorcopha-gus, coffin at a funeral or its representation at a yearly obit.
SARCOTIQUE, sår-kô-tîk, adj. & s. sarco-

tick, incarnative.

SARDAIGNE, s. f. Sardinia. SARDINE, sar-dlu, s. f. pilcher.

SARDOINE, sår-dwan, s. f. sardonyx.

SARDONIEN or SARDONIQUE, adj. Ex.

Rie sardonique, sardonick laughter.

SARMENT, sar-men, s. m. vine-branch, sprig or twig of a vine. Sarment arec la racine, quickset sprig.

SARMENTEU-x, se, adj. Ex. Vigne sarmenteuse, vine that shoots up many twigs.

SARRASIN, sh-ra-zin, s. m. or BLE SAR-RASIN, buckwheat, French wheat.

SARRASINE, så-rå-zln, s. f. aristolochy,

heart-wort, birth-wort; portcullis.
SARRAU, sa-rò, s. m. groom's or wagon-

er's frock.

SARRIETTE, s. f. savory (plant.)

SART, s. m. sea-weed.

SARTIE, s. f. Mar. the rigging (in the Levant.)

SAS, sa, s. m. sieve.

SASSAFRAS, s. m. sassafras.

SASSE, s. f. scoop

Sassenage, s. m. a sort of cheese. Sassen, sa-sa, v. a. to sift, search; scan,

examine.

SASSET, s. m. little sieve. SATAN, så-ten, s. m. satan, the devil.

SATANIQUE, adj. satanical, devilish, infernal.

SATELLITE, så-te-lit, s. m. satellite, lifeguard-man, attendant, ruffian.

SATIÉTÉ, så-sl-å-tå, s. f. satiety, fulness,

surfeit. SATIN, så-tin, s. m. satin. Dokx comme

du satin, as soft as velvet. SATINADE, så-tl-udd, s. f. silk in imitation

of satin, peeling satin.
SATINE, E, sh-d-na, adj. Ex. Rubon sotine, satin riband. Pean autinee, skin as soft as velvet.

SATIFER, så-il-på, v. a. to make satin-like. SATIRE, så-ilr, s. f. satire, lampoon. SATIRIQUE, så-il-rik, adj. satirical, biting, nipping, cutting, tart, sharp, abusive, censorious, critical.

SATIRIQUEMENT, sk-d-rik-men, adv. sa-

tirically.

SATIRISÉ, E, adj. satirized, criticised upon, lampooned. SATIRISER, så-tl-rl-zå, v. a. to satirize,

lampoon, criticise upon. SATISFACTION, så-tls-fåk-slow, s. f. satis-

faction. Satisfactoire, så-ils-fåk-iwår.

satisfactory. SATISFAIRE, sh-th-fer, v. a. & n. (like faire) to satisfy, humour, please, content, pay. Satisfaire d, (une obligation) to discharge. acquit; to obey; to answer. Se satisfai v. r. to satisfy or please or content one's self, make one's self satisfaction.

SATISFAISANT, E, sk-ils-fe-nen, zent, adj.

satisfactory, pleasing.

SATISPAIT, E, adj. satisfied, contented, etc. V. Satisfaire.

SATRAPE, så-tråp, s. m. satrap.

SATRAPIÈ, s. f. satrapy.

SATURATION, s. f. the state of being saturated, saturity.

SATURER, v. a. to saturate, impregnate till no more can be received.

SATURNALES. så-tår-nål, s.f. pl. saturnalis SATURNE, så-tårn, s. m. Saturn.

SATURNIEN, NE, adj. Saturnine, beavy,

dull, gloomy, melancholy.
SATTRE, sh-dr, s. m. satyr.
satyre, an old lecher. V. Satire. Un vieux

SATTRION, s. m. salyrion, rag-wort.

SAUCE, sos, s. f. sauce.
SAUCER, so-sh, v. a. to dip in the sauce or some other liquor; to souse, drench; to check, scold, rebuke, reprove sharply.

SAUCIÈRE, sò-sièr, s. f. sauce dish. SAUCISSE, sò-sis, s. f. sausage; pudding (such as they use in sieges.)

SAUCISSON, so-si-son, s. m. thick and short

sausage; large sort of rockets.
Saveren, say-th, v. a. to cobble or bungle. SAU-F, VE, sôf, sôv, adj. safe. Sauf-c duit, s. m. safe conduct, pass. Revenus

SAUF, prep. save, under; without prejudice to, saving, except, but.

SAUGE. sor, s. f. sage (herb.)

base, bût : jeune, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

SAUGRENÉR, sogr-nk, s. f. seasoning with salt and water.

SAUGRENU, E, sogr-no, no, adj. imperti-nent, foolish, silly, ridiculous, absurd.

SAULE, sol, s. m. sallow-tree, willow, wil-

low tree. SAUMATRE, adj. briny, brackish.

SAUMON, sò-mon, s. m. salmon; (de plomb or de cuivre) pig. Saumon. Mar. Ex. Sau-mons de fer pour lest, kentledge. Saumons de fer faits pour entrer dans les vides des anguillères, limber kentledge. Sauroneau, sò-mò-nò, s. m. little sal-

SAUMONÉ, E, sô-mô-na, adj. Truite saumonée, salmon trout.

SAUMURE, sò-mar, s. f. brine.

SAUNAGE, so-naz, s. m. salt-selling salttrade. Faux samage, smuggling of sait. SAUNER, v. n. to make sait. SAUNERIE, son-ri, s. f. sait-bouse.

SAUNIER, so-nik, s. m. salt-maker, salter. Four-connier, smuggler of salt.

Sanstère, so-nièr, s. f. salt-box.
Sauptquer, so-pi-ke, s. m. tart kind of onion sauce, high relished sauce. SAUPOUDRER, sò-poo-dra, v. a. to corn,

powder or sprinkle with salt.

SAUR, sor, adj. (contraction of Saure) Ex. Hareng saur, red berring.

BAURE, sor, adj. sorrel. Cheval saure, sor-

rel horse.

SAURER, sô-rà, v. a. to dry in smoke. Saurer des harengs, to dry herrings, make her-rings red in the smoke.

SAUBET, so-rè, adj. Ex. Hareng sauret,

red berring.

SAUSSAIR, so-se, s. f. a willow plot.

SAUT, sò, s. m. leap, jump, skip; leap, fall, tumble. Saut de Breton, Cornish hug, tripping up of one's heels. Sant de la carpe, somersault or somerset, turning topsy turvy or heels over head. Sout de loup, ditch so wide that a wolf cannot jump over it, and which at the bottom of a walk leaves a full prospect. An and du lit, at one's up rising. Faire un and, to take a leap. Monter de plein and or tout d'un acut à une dignité, to leap into pre-ferment. On les a fait faire un sont en l'air, they made him swins: he was hanced. ey made him swing, he was hanged. SAUTE, s. f. Mar. Scate de vent, sudden

shift of wind.

SAUTELLE, s. f. twig transplanted with its

SAUTER, sò-th, v. n. to leap, jump or skip; (sur un thédère) to tumble; (sur un cheval) to vault. Sauter au cou de quelqu'un, to fall about one's neck, embrace one. Sauter au risage, to fly in one's face. Sauter d'un sujet à un autre, to digress from the matter, make a rambling digression. Cela sand aux yeux, it is plain enough, that is obvious to the eye, one cannot but see it. Sauter aux nues, to fly into a great passion. Faire sauter en l'air, ny into a great passion. Faire stater et la cervelle à quelqu'um, to dash one's brains out.

Il faut que je le fasse sauter. I must blow him

p. Sauter, v. a. to leap or jump or skip

over: (ometire) to skip, pass by, omit.

Sauter les degrés, to run down stairs in a great hurry. Sanger le bâton, to buckle to, mhmit

Scader, v. n. Mar. Ex. Sauter à l'abordage, to board, jump on board an enemy's ship sword in hand. Scatter sur la vergue de misaine pour affaler les cargues, to jump on the fore yard and over haul the bunt-lines and leech-lines. Sauter sur le beaumré à larguer le petit foc, to step out on the bow-sprit and clear away the fore top-mast staysail. Faire sauter un bâtiment, to blow up a ship. Un des vaisseaux espagnols sauta dans ce combat, one of the Spanish ships blew up in that action. Les vents out saute à l'est, the wind has chopped round (or shifted suddenly) to the eastward. Le vent a santé de quatre quarts, the wind has shifted four points.

SAUTEREAU, sôt-rô, s. m. jack. Ex. Les sautereaux d'une épinette, the jacks of a spin-

net or virginal.

SAUTERELLE, sot-rel, s. f. locust, grass-

SAUTERELE, BOVER, E. I. ROCHS, grass-hopper; shrimp.

SAUTEU-R, SE, so-teur, teuz, s. m. & f. leaper, jumper; (sur un thédire) tumbler.

Sauteur, (cheval d'académie) vaulter.

SAUTILLEMENT, so-til-ap.v. n. to frisk, skip, lean trin along diverses from the matter.

leap, trip along; digress from the matter, make a rambling digression.

SAUTOIR, so-twar, s. m. (in heraldry) sal-

tier.

SAUVAGE, so-vas, adj. wild, savage, fierce, untamed, uncultivated, desert, unsociable, uncouth. Herbe sawage, weed. SAUVAGE, V. Salvage.

SAUVAGEON, 80-V2-208, s. m. wild stock, tree that was never grafted.

SAUVAGEN, R. 50-V2-218, 21n, adj. that has a wild or rammish taste. Oiseau qui sent is source in, fowl that has a rammish taste

SAUVAGINE, so-va-zin, s. f. wild fowl. Cria sent la senvagine, that has a rammish toste.

SAUVE, (fem. of sauf) sale.

SAUVE, E, adj. saved, etc. V. Saurer. SAUVEGARDE, sov-gard, s. f. safeguard,

protection, shelter, defence, trooper employed for the protection of a person or place: let-ters for the security of a place. Sauvegarde, Mar. Ex. Sauvegarde de beaupré, main rope of the bowsprit. Sauvegarde du gouvernail, rudder pendant.

SAUVEMENT, s.m. Mar. salvage.

SAUVER, so-va, v. a. to save, keep, deliver, preserve; bring to salvation, spare, excuss, justify: Se saucer, v. r. to save one's self, think of or work out one's own salvation, flee

or fly, make one's escape, get away, go away, retire, get, make one's self amend.
SAUVE RABANS, n. m. pl. Mar. puddenings, or puddings of the yards (used to preserve the rope-bands from being chafed by

the top-sail sheets.)

SAUVETAGE, s. m. Mar. salvage, act of saving things wrecked on the beach or recovering goods from the sea.

SAUVETÉ, s. f. safety. Etre en souveté, to be safe.

SAUVEUR, sò-veur, s. m. saviour.

SAUVE VIE, s. f. a plant that grows in the chinks of walls or rocks.

SAVAMMENT, så-vå-men, adv. learnedly. SAVANT, E, så-ven, vent, adj. & s. learned good scholar, full of learning. Les savans, s. m. the learned, the scholars.

bar, bat, base: thère, èbb, over: fleid, fig: rôbe, rôb, lord: mòod, good.

SAVANTASSE, så-vèn-tås, s. m. pedantick [scholar, pedant.

SAVANTISSIME, så-ven-ti-sim, adj. & s.

very learned, very great scholar. SAVATE, sa-vat, s. f. old shoe. Trainer

la savate, to go ragged.
SAVATERIE, sa-vat-ri, s. f. street or place

where old shoes are sold. SAVETIER, sav-tfa, s. in. cobbler; bungler,

hotcher. SAVEUR, så-veur, s. f. savour, taste, re-

lish. SAVINIER, s. m. savin, savin-tree.

SAVOYARD, E, adj. & s. of or belonging

to Savoy.

SAVOIR, sa-vwar, v. a. to know; have knowledge of; to have skill or be skilled in, understand, know; to have by heart, have in uncerstand, know; to nave by near, nave in one's memory; to have the way or knack of; to be infermed of, hear, learn. Faire savoir à quelqu'un, to let one know or understand, acquaint or inform one, give one intelligence of. Savoir gré or bon gré à quelqu'un d'une chose, to take a thing well or kindly of one, be pleased with one for a thing. Sarroir magnais gré à melanium d'une chose. Saroir manuais gré à quelqu'un d'une chose, to take a thing ill or unkindly of one, be displeased with one for a thing. Saroir civre, to understand one's self, have manners. V. Savoir, s. m. Savoir, v. n. to be learned. Il sait mieux qu'il ne dit, he knows better things, he speaks against his conscience. Je ne saurois, I cannot. Saroir, à savoir, c'est à savoir, to wit, viz. that is, that is to say. C'est à saroir si, the question is whether. C'est un à sawir, it is a question, that is a question. Je ne sache, I do not know. Personne que je sache, nobody that I know of. Rien que je sache, nothing that I know of. Non pas que je sache, not that I know of.

SAVOIR, s. m. learning, scholarship, science, erudition.

Savoir-faire, s. m. skill, industry, ingenuity, wit.

Savoir-vivre, s. m. manners, behaviour. mannerliness

SAVON, sa-von, s. m. soap.

SAVONNAGE, sh.vo-naz, s. m. Ex. Mettre le linge au savonnage, to soap the linen, lay it to soak in suds. Eau de savonnage, soapands.

SAVORNÉ, E, adj. soaped, washed in soap; checked, scolded.

SAVONNER, så-vô-nå, v. a. to soap, wash soap. Les toiles de coton des Indes se saіп воар. connent, India-calicoes wash.

SAVONNERIE, så-von-ri, s. f. soap-manufactory.

SAVONNETTE, så-vo-net, s. f. wash-ball. SAVONNEU-x, sz, så-vô-neu, neuz, adj.

soapy, of a soapy quality.

SAVONNIERE, s. f. soap-wort.

SAVOUREMENT, så-voor-men, s. m. sayouring, taste, relish.

SAVOURER, så-vôo-rå, v. a. to savour, taste, relish, smack.

SAVOURET, så-voo-re, s. m. marrow bones. SAVOUREUSEMENT, sa-voo-reuz-men, edv. savourily.

SAVOUREU-X, SE, så-vôo-rèu, reuz, adj. savoury, well-tasted, well-relished. Baiser saroureur, smack, smacking kiss.

SAXATILE, adj. that grows or is found among stones

SAXE, s. f. Saxony SAXIFRAGE, sak-sl-fraz, s. f. saxifrage, medicine good for the stone.

SAXON, NE, adj. Saxon. SAYETTE, V. Saiette. SBIRE, sbir, s. m. sort of watchman. Mar. salvagee.

Scafelion, skå-bê-lon, s. m. pedestal. stand.

SCABIEUSE, skå-bi-èuz. s.f. scabiosa(berb.)

SCABIEU-X, SE, adj. scabby. SCABREU-K, SE, sdj. ragged, rough, un-evan; dangerous, slippery, ticklish. SCALÈNE, skå-len, sdj. Scalene.

SCALPEL, skål-pêl, s. m. scalpel. SCANNONÉE, skå-mö-nå, s. f. scammony. SCANDALE, skan-dal, s. m. scandal or stumbling block, offence, shame.

SCANDALBUSEMENT, skån-då-leuz-men. adv. scandalously.

SCANDALEU-X, SE, skan-då-lèu, lèuz, adj.

scandalous, giving offence, shameful.

Scandaliser, skan-då-li-zå, v. a. to scandalize, give offence to, give a bad example to, incite to sin, raise a scandal upon scandaliser d'une chose, v. r. to be scandalized or offended at a thing.

SCANDER, skan-da, v. a. to scan (verse.) SCAPULAIRE, skå-på-ler, s. m. scapulary sanctified piece of stuff about a foot broad (which monks and nuns wear.) Said of most things supported by the shoulders, as a bandage, fins, the part of a wing that joins the body, etc.

SCARABÉE, skå-rå-bå, s. m. beetle.

SCARAMOUCHE, skå-rå-mõosh, s.m. scaramouch.

SCARE, s. m. kind of seafish.

SCARIFICATEUR, s. m. scarificator. SCARIFICATION, skå-ri-fl-kå-slon, s. f. scarification, scarifying.
SCARIFIER, skå-ri-fl-å, v. a. to scarify.

cut or lance.

SCARLATINE, skår-lå-tin, adj. f. Ex.

SCARLATINE, SKERT-Manuar,
Frievre scardatine, scarlet fever.
Scavoir, V. Sarvir.
Scran, so. s. m. seal. Petit scene, privy
Grand access, great seat.
Grand access, great seat. seal. Grand scene, great seal. Garde des scenex, lord keeper of the great seal, lord chancellor. Sous le scene de la confession, under an oath of secrecy.

SCEL, sel, s.m. Ex. Le seel secret du roi,

the king's privy seal.

Scélérat, E, sh-lh-rà, rit, adj. & s. wick-Schierat, E, st.-in-ru, ru, out.
ed, profligate, flagitious, rascally, lewd; wicked or profligate creature, rascal, rogue.
Schleratesse, sa-la-ra-tes, s. f. wicked-

ness, villany. Scelle, E, sella, adj. scaled, under scal. Sa grace a été scellée, his pardon is scaled.

SCRILE, s. m. seal. Mettre le scellé, to apply the scal. Lever le scellé, to take off the scal (applied only to seals spon locks, etc.)

SCHILLMENT, sel-men, s. m. act of clamp-

ing an iron hook into the wall. Sceller, sell, v. a. to seal, seal up; stop (a vessel or bottle:) to confirm, strengthen; clamp (an iron hook into a wall, etc.)
SCELLEUR, sellur, s. m. sealer.

Schne, sen, s. f. stage, scene.

buse, bût : jêune, mêute, beurre : ènfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

Schnique, så-nik, adj. scenick.

Schnographie, sa-no-gra-fl, s. f. sceno- il

Schnographique, så-nô-grå-fik. adj.

scenographical. Scepticisme, sep-tl-slsm, s. m. scepticism.

Sceptique, sep-tik, s. m. sceptick or sceptical.

SCEPTIQUE, s. m. sceptick.
SCEPTRE, scptr, s. m. sceptre.
SCHELLING, she-lin, s. m. shilling.

Schishatique, shis-må-tik, adj.& s. schismatick or schismatical, one guilty of schism. SCHISME, shism, s. m. schism. Faire schisme, to separate from a church or communion.

SCIAGE, sl-az, s. m. sawing. Bos sciage, wood fit to be sawed lengthwise.

SCIATERIQUE, adj. sciatherick, marking the hour by means of the sun's shadow. SCIATIQUE, sl-å-tik, adj. sciatical, scia-

tick. Goutte sciatique, sciatica, hip-gout. Veine sciatique, sciatick vein.

SCIATIQUE, s. f. sciatica, hip-gout. SCIE, sl, s. f. saw; saw-fish. Scie à main,

hand-saw.

SCIEMMENT, sl-à-mên, adv. wittingly, kilowingly.

SCIENCE, al-ens, s. f. science, knowledge, learning, erudition, skill, knack, way. Je le

sais de science certaine, I know it for certain. Scientifique, sl-en-tl-fik, adj. scientifical, learned.

SCIENTIFIQUEMENT, si-en-ul-fik-men. adv. scientifically, learnedly.

Scien, si-h, v. a. to saw; (les blés) to reap, cut down. Scier, Mar. Scier avec les aurons, to back water. Scie bâbord, back water with the larboard oars. Scie tribord. back water with the starboard oars. Scie tost à culer, back astern of all.

Scieur, sieur, s. m. sawyer; (de bles)

reaper.
SCILLE, s. f. squill, sea-onion.
SCINTILLATION, sin-tll-lk-slon, s. f. scintillation, twinkling.

SCINTILLER, v. n. to twinkle, scintillate.

Scion, slon, s. m. scion, sprig, twig, young

Scissila, si-sil, adj. scissible, scissile. Scission, si-sion, s. f. scission, separation, division.

Sciure, si-ar, s. f. saw-dust.

SCLEROTIQUE, adj. sclerotick. SCOLASTIQUE, skô-las-tik, adj. scholastick,

scholastical; s. m. school-divine, school-man; s. f. school-divinity.

SCOLASTIQUEMENT, adv. scholastically. SCOLIASTE, skô-likst, s. m. scholiast. SCOLIE, skô-li, s. f. scholium, short expo-

sition, commentary. SCOLOPENDRE, sch-lo-pendr, s. f. scolo-

pdra (insect ;) hart's tongue (plant.) SCORBUT, skôr-bå, s.m. scurvy.

SCORBUTTIQUE, skôr-bâtik, adj. & s. scorbutick, scorbutical; one who has the scury.
SCORDIUM, skôr-dî-ôm, s. m. scordium

(herb.) Scorie, skô-ri, s. f. scoria, dross.

SCORIFICATION, sko-rl-fl-ka-slon, s. f. act

of scorifying or reducing to dross.
Scorifficatoire, sko-rl-fl-ka-twar, s. m. vessel for scorifying or reducing to scoria.

SCORIFIRR, skô-rl-fl-å, v. a. to scorify. Scorpioselle, skor-plo-zel, s. f. oil of scorpion.

SCORPION, skor-plon, s. m. scorpion; Scorpio (one of the twelve signs of the zodiack.) Scorsoning, skor-so-ner, s. f. scorzone-

ra, (a sort of plant.)
Scotik, s. f. rundle (in the bottom of a

Scribe, skrlb, s. m. scribe; transcriber,

SCRIPTEUR, skrip-teur, s. m. writer of the

pope's bulls. SCRIPTURAIRE, s. m. scripturist.

SCROFULAIRE, s. f. blind nettle, pile-wort, fig-wort.

Scrofules, skrô-fûl, s. f. pl. scrofula. Scrofuleu-x, se, skrô-fû-lêu, lêuz, adj. scrofulous.

SCROTON OF SCROTUM, s. m. scrotum.

SCRUPULE, skrô-pôl, s. m. scruple; third part of a dram; the least trifle, utmost nicety; nicety, minute observation, cautious treatment, matter of conscience; perplexing doubt, tenderness of conscience, scrupulosity doubt, difficulty of determination. Se faire scrupule or un scrupule de, to scruple, make a scruple or conscience of, stick at. Faire un scrupule à quelqu'un d'une chose, to make one scruple a thing, raise doubts in one about a thing.

SCRUPULEUSEMENT, skrů-pů-lèuz-mên, adv. scrupulously.

SCRUPULEU-X, SE, skeû-pû-leu, leuz, adj. scrupulous, full of scruples, strict, precise.

SCRUTATEUR, skrå-tå-teur, s. m searcher, scrutator.

SCRUTER, v. a. to scrutinize, examine.

SCRUTIN, skrå-tin, s. m. scrutiny, determination by suffrages or votes: also ballot. Faire une élection par scrutin, to choose hy ballot, ballot for an election.

SCULPTER, skûl-ta, v. a. (sur de la pierre, du marbre, du bois) to carve; (sur du métal)

to grave, engrave. Sculptrur, skul-teur, s. m. carver, sculptor.

SCULPTURE, skul-tur, s. f. sculpture, carving, carver's work; mouldings of the head and stern (of ships.) Scurrilar, srû-ril, adj. scurrilous, scurril,

saucy, scoffing.

SCURRILEMENT, adv. scurrilously, saucily, buffoon-like. Scurrilité, sku-ri-li-ta, s. f. scurrility,

buffoonery, drollery, scurrilous jest.

Scytha, adj. & s. (de Scythie) Scythian. SE, sê, reflective pron. one's self, himself, herself, itself, themselves, one another, cach other, to none's self, to himself, dc. V. Riftichi & Réciproque.

SEANCE, sh-ens, s. f. sitting, meeting, ses-

sion, assembly; (à table) sitting; place.
SEANT, E, sa en, ent, adj. sitting; becoming, decent, fitting.

SEANT, sa en, s. m. sitting posture. Met. tre un malade sur son seant, to make a sick person sit up in his bed.

SEAU, so, s. m. pail, bucket; bucket-full. Il pleut à seaux, it is very pleasing.

SEBESTE, s. m. a fruit of Egypt.

SÉBILE. s. f. wooden bowl.

SEC, SECHE, sek, sesh, adj. dry; without

bar, bat, base : thère, ébb, ovêr : fleld, fig : rôbe, rôb, lôrd : môod, gôod.

moisture, withered or dead; dry, rough, tart, sharp, severe, cutting, lean, all skin and bones; barren, empty, poor, thin, flat. Du rin sec, sack, canary. Du son sec, coarse bran. Toux seche, tight cough. Argent sec, cash. Bain sec, sweating room V. Seche. Szc, s. m. dryness. A sec, in a dry condi-

tion. Etre à sec, to be dried up, be aground. Boire sec, to drink wine without water, drink hard. Répondre sec, to give a blunt answer. Parler sec, to talk bluntly. See Mar. A see high and dry, etc. Au sec.

Sec, Mar. A sec, high and dry, etc. Au sec, so as to dry. Ex. Etre à sec, to be under poles or a hull. Voilà un bâtiment à sec sur le rivage, there is a vessel high and dry upon the beach. Ce navire par le bossoir a mis à sec, that ship on the bow has handed all. Le commandant est à la cap à sec, the commodore is lying hull to. Voile au sec, sail loosed to dry. Le général va mettre ses voiles au sec, the admiral is going to loose sails to dry. Seche.

SÉCABLE, sh-cabl, adj. divisible, scissile,

that may be cut

that may be cut.

SECANTE, sk-kant, s. f. secant, secant line.

SECHE, sksh, s. f. cuttle-fish, sound. Seches,

Mar. sands or rocks left dry in the sea or

near the sea-coast. Seche, being the feminine of Sec. V. Sec.

Sichi, E, adj. dried, dried up. Sichiement, sesh-men, adv. dry, in a dry

place; coldly, dryly, roughly.

SECHER, så-shå, v. a. to dry, dry up; v. n.
to dry, grow dry, wither, waste, consume, linger or pine away, waste one's self. Scher sur pied, to be consumed with grief or ennui. SECHERESSE, sheh-res, s. f. drought, dry-

ness; roughness; barrenness, emptiness. Sécheresse de sens, want of sense. SECHOIR, sa-shwar, s. m. drier, board to

dry things on.

BECOND, E, se-gon, gond, adj. second.

Sans second, matchless, peerless.

SECOND, s. m. second, partner, assistant. Etre en second, to be a second or an assistant. Officier en second, under officer, officer bearing a second part or acting as a substi-tute. Second, Mar. (d'un vaisseau marchand,) mate. Second maître d'équipage, bontswain's mate.

SECONDAIRE, sè-gon-dèr, adj. secondary.
SECONDE, sè-gond, s. f. second, sixtieth
part of a minute. Secondes, V. Secondines & Second.

SECONDÉ, E, adj. seconded, backed, helped, assisted.

SECONDEMENT, se-gond-men, adv. second-

ly, in the second place.

SECONDER, sel-gon-då, v. a. to second; to back, help, assist, favour, countenance.

SECONDINES, s. f. pl. secundine, afterbirth.

SECOURMENT, s. m. shaking, jogging,

tossing, jolling.

RECOUER, se-koo-k, v. a. to shake. jog,

toss, jolt; shake off; to bang, abuse. Secouer les oreilles, to be inattentive to what is said.

Se secouer, to shake one's self.
SECOUNENT, se-koo-mên. V. Secouement.
SECOURABLE, se-koo-rabl, adj. helpful, ready or willing to help; that can be relieved.

SECOURIR, se-koo-rir, v. a. (like courir) to succour, help, assist, relieve, aid.

SECOURS, se-koor, s. m. assistance, seccour, help, relief, supply, use, benefit; chapel of ease.

SECOURU, E, adj. succoured, belped, assisted, relieved

SECOUSSE, sekdos. s. f. shake, toss, jok, sudden pull, jerk, jogging, julting; check,

blow, toss, violent fit.

SECRET, E, se-kre, kret, adj. secret, private, close, hidden. Seel secret, privy-seal.

Conseil secret, privy counsel. SECRET, se-kre, s. m. secret, mystery, way, means, knack, invention. En secret, secretly, privately, in secret or private. Secret, Mar. Ex. Secret d'un brûlet, that part of a fireship to be set on fire by the captain when retreating.

Secrétaire, sé-kri-ter, s. m. secretary,

clerk; confident; desk, for papers, etc. SECRÉTAIRERIE, sè-krà-ter-ri, s. f. secretary's office.

Secrétariat, sê-krâ-tâ-riâ, s. m. secre-

taryship, secretary's place; secretary's office. Secretre, sê-krêt, s. f. secret prayer. Secretrement, sê-krêt-mên, adv. secret-

, in secret, privately, in private.
SECRETION, se-kra-slon, s. f. secretion.
SECRETOIRE, se-kra-twar, adj. secretory.

SECTAIRE, sêk-têr, s. m. sectary. SECTATEUR, sêk-tê-têur, s. m. sectator.

SECTEUR, sekt, s. f. sect. SECTEUR, sek-teur, s. m. sector.

SECTION, sek-sion, s. f. section. SECULATRE, sh-ku-ler, adj. secular. Annie

seculaire, last year of a contary.
Secularisation, sh.kd.la-rl-zh-slon, s. f.

secularization or secularizing SÉCULARISER, sh-to-là-rì-zà, v. a. to se-

cularize, make secular. Sícularití, si.-ki-ki-ri-tà, s. f. secular life, ecclesiastical jurisdiction in temporal matters.

Siculier, z, si-ku-lik, lièr, adj. secular, lay, temporal; worldly. SECULIER, s. m. layman.

SECULIÈREMENT, sh-th-lier-men, adr.

like worldly men, secularly.
SECURITE, sh-ku-ru-th, s. f. security, as-

surance, unconcernednes SÉDANOISE, s. f. pearl (a printing type.) SÉDATI-F, VE, adj. anodyne.

SÉDENTAIRE, sh-den-ter, adj. sedentary, sitting much; that keeps at home; fixed or

settled in a place. SEDIMENT, sk-df-men, s. m. sediment, settling, dregs, grounds.

SEDITIEUSEMENT, sk-df-sieuz-men, adv. seditiously.

SÉDITIEU-X, SE, så-dî-sièu, slèuz, adj. & s. seditious, factious, mutinous; seditious or factious man or woman, rebel.

SEDITION, sa-di-sion, s. f. sedition, commotion, mutiny, insurrection, rising, uproar. SÉDUCT-EUR, RICE, sh-ddk-teur, tris, s. m.

& f. seducer, seducing, deceiver, cheat; corrupter, debaucher.

SÉDUCTION, så-důk-slos, s. f. seduction, seducing, misleading, deceiving, corrupting, dehauching.

Sédorre, sh-dûlr, v. a. (see the table at uire) to seduce, mislead, abuse, deceive, cheat, corrupt, debauch, to please, affect.

Saduisant, e, sa-dul-zen, zent, adj. ensnaring, engaging, seducing.

base, bat : jeane, meute, beurre : ènfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

SÉDUIT, E, adj. seduced, misled, abused, deceived, etc. V. Séduire.

SEGMENT, seg-men, s. m. segment.

SÉGRÉGATION, så-grå-gå-slon, s. f. segregation.

SEIGLE, segl, s. m. rye. Scigle blanc, ameleorn or French rice.

SEIGHEUR, se-gneur, s. m. lord, seignior; noble or nobleman, lord of the manor. Le seigneur, le seigneur créateur, the Lord God, God Almighty. Notre seigneur (Jésus-Christ) our Lord (Jesus-Christ.)

SEIGREURIAGE, s. m. seignorage.

SEIGHEURIAL, E, se-gneu-rial, adj. of or belonging to the lord of a manor; lordly, no-ble, magnificent; that confers the rights and privileges of a lord.

SEIGHEURIALEMENT, adv. like a lord, no-

SEIGHEURIE, se-gneu-ri, s. f. lordship, seigniory; (jacosely) worship. Je baise les maises à votre seigneurie, I kiss your worship's hands.

*SEILLE, s. f. pail or bucket.

SEIN, sin, s. m. breast, bosom, mind, heart, womb; heart, middle; gulph, bay.
SEINE, s. f. seine. Un coup de seine dans

la base doma du poisson à tout l'équipage, one cast of the seine in the bay, supplied the whole ship's company with fish.

SEING, sin, s. m. name, signature, sign-manual, hand. Seing prive, signature not

made in presence of a magistrate.

mage in presence of a magistrate.
Sžijour, så-zdor, s. m. abode, residence, stay, dwelling-place, mansion.
Sžijourner, så-zdor-nå, v. n. to sojourn, stay, remain in a place, abide or live in it.
Szizz, så-a, adj. sixteen; the sixteenth; (sm. in-erize,) a book in sixteens.
Szizz, (sm.) a m. a sixteenth sixteenth

SEIZE, (UN,) s. m. a sixteenth, sixteenth part. Un seize, sixteenth of an ell.

SEIZIÈME, sê-ziem, adj. sixteenth.

SEIZIÈME, s. m. sixteenth, sixteenth part.

Sur, sel, s. m. salt; wit. SÉLÉNITE, s. f. selenite (a mineral.)

SÍLÍBITEU-X, SE, adj. that partakes of the nature of the selenites.

SÉLÉNOGRAPHIE, s. f. selenography.

SELENOGRAPHIQUE, adj. selenographick. SELLE, sel, s. f. stool; evacuation; (d'un checul) saddle, pinion; selle de calfat, calking-box (which contains the tools of a calker. and serves him as a seat.)

SELLER, v. a. to saddle, put on the saddle. Se seller, v.r. to harden, close up(said of land.) SELLERIE, sel-ri, s. f. place to put horse-harness and saddles in.

SELLETTE, s. f. stool (on which the prisoner sits while tried.)

SELLIER, s. m. saddler; coach-maker.
SELOH, sb-lon, prep. according to, agreeably, or answerably to, pursuant to, proportionally to. Selon or c'est selon, 'tis as it happens, it may be. Selon que, conj. as, accord-

BEMAILLES, se-mal, s. f. pl. sowing; grain sown; seed time, sowing-season.

SEMAILLES, se-mal, s. f. week, week's work, week's duty.

week's earnings, week's duty.
SEMAINIER, sè-mè-nià, s. m. septimarian,
prebendary whose week it is to officiate.

SEMAINTER, E, adj. weekly; of or for the week.

SEMAQUE. s. f. Mar. smack.

Semblable, sen-blabl, adj. like, not unlike, alike, such.

SEMBLABLE, s. m. like, equal, match. *Semblablement, sen-blabl-men, adv. likewise, in like manner.

SEMBLANCE, s. f. likeness.

SEMBLANT, sen-blea, s. m. show, pretence, appearance, outside. Faire semblant de, to make as if or though, feign or pretend, dissemble, or counterfeit. Ne faire semblant de rien, to take no notice of any thing.

SEMBLER, sen-blà, v. n. to appear, seem or look. Il me semble, it seems to me, me-thinks, I think, or fancy. Il hei semble, he thinks, he fancies. Ce me semble, methinks, it seems to me. Que vous semble de ce tableau? what do you think of that picture? Si

bon vous semble, if you please.

Semá, r., adj. sowed or sown; full or filled.

Semalle, semell, s. f. sole (of a shoe, boot, etc.) (de bas) foot; of the foot. Battre la semelle, to peditate. Mar. Ex. Semelles de derive, lee-boards. Semelle d'affût, bottom

of a gun-carriage.
Semence, se-mêns, s. f. seed; remote

SEMER, se-ma, v. a. to sow, strew; to spread, propagate, publish abroad, scatter;

to seed, set thick, cover.

Semestre, se-mestr, adj. that continues six months, on furlough for six months. Un parlement semestre, a parliament that sits half

a year.

Sewestre, s.m. six months, six months

Sewestre, s.m. firelough of six months.

together, officer on a furlough of six months.

Semeur, sê-mêur, s.m. sower.

Sémil, sê-mî, adj. semi, half.

Sémilliant. r., sâ-mî-lên, lênt, adj. fluttering, frisking, frisky, airy.

SEMINAIRE, sa-mi-ner, s. m. seminary; nursery.
SKMINAL, E, så-ml-nål, adj. seminal.

SEMINARISTE, sa-mi-na-rist, s. m. one. brought up in a seminary. SEMIS, s. m. seed-plot.

SEMOIR, se-mwar, s. m. seed-bag, seed-lip, seedlop, machine for sowing.

SEMONCE, se-mons, s. f. invitation, summons, call; admonition, warning.

"SEMONDRE, se-mondr, v. a. (only used in the infinitive) to invite. Semondre quelqu'un de sa parole, to challenge one's word, put one in mind of his promise.

*Semonneur. se-mo-neur, s. m. he that

carries cards of invitation.

SEMOULE, s. f. grouts.

SEMPER VIRENS, s. m. ever-green.
*SEMPITERNEL, LE, sin-pl-ter-nel, adj.

sempiternal, ever-lasting.

SENAT. sa-na, s. m. senate, senate-house. SÉNATEUR, sà-nà-teur, s. m. senator; alderman.

SÉNATORIAL, LE, så-nå-tô-riål, adj. senatorial.

SÉNATORIEN, NE, sà-nà-tô-riên, riên, adj.

senatorian. SÉNATRICE, så-nå-tris, s. f. senator's wife. SÉNATUS-CONSULTE, så-nå-tås-kon-sålt,

s. m. decree of the Roman senate.

SENAU, s. m. Mar. a snow. SENE, sa-na, s. m. senna, senna-tree. SÉNÉCHAL, så-nå-shål. s. m. seneschal. bar, bat, base : thère, ebb, over : field, fig : robe, rob, lord : mood, good.

Sénéchale, s. f. seneschal's wife.

Sénéchaussée, så-nå-shò-så, s. f. seneschal's jurisdiction.

SENEGON, sen-son, s. m. groundsel (herb.) SENEGRÉ, s. m. fenugreek (herb.)

SENELLE, s. f, (fruit de l'aube-épine) haw. SERER, sè-na, v. a. (un cochon) to geld; (une truir) to spade.

"SENESTRE, adj. left (in heraldry.)

SENEVE, san-va, s. m. mustard-plant or

SENIEUR, s. m. (in a society) senior.

SENS, sen, before a consonant, senz, before a vowel, s. m. sense; judgment, wit; opinion, advice, mind, thoughts, sentiments; meaning, signification; construction, interpretation; (cité d'une chose) way, side. Sens dessus-dessus, topsy-turvy, upside down. Sens-derontderrière, preposterously; the cart before the

SENSATION, sen-sa-sion, s. f. sensation.

SENSE, E, sen-sa, adj. sensible, considerate, rational, judicious, discreet.

SENSÉMENT, sen-så-men, adv. rationally,

wisely, judiciously, discreetly.
SENSIBILITÉ, sén-el-bl-ll-ta, s. f. sensible-

ness, sensibility, tenderness.

SENSIBLE, scn-sibl, adj. sensible, perceptible, that may be felt or perceived by the senses; that feels, apt to perceive; touchy, exceptious, tender, nice; sad, grievous.

SENSIBLE, s. m. sensible part.

SENSIBLEMENT, sen-sibl-men, adv. sensibly, perceptibly, very much, greatly, highly. SENSITI-F, VE, sen-si-ilf, th, adj. sensitive.

SENSITIVE, s. f. sensitive plant.

SENSORIUM, s. m. sensorium.

SENSUALITÉ, sen-so-à-lî-tà, s. f. sensuality. SENSUEL, LE, sen-su-el, adj. sensual, voluptuous.

Sensuellement, sen-så-el-men, adv. sensually.

SENTENCE, sen-tens, s. f. sentence ; saying, maxim, apothegm, judgment, decree. De fou juge brieve sentence, a fool's bolt is soon shot, a foolish judge decides hastily.

SENTENCIER, sen-ten-sia, v. a. to sentence. SENTENCIEUSEMENT, sen-ten-sicuz-men,

adv. sententiously, by sentences.

SERTENCIEU-s, se, sén-tén-sièu, sièuz, adj. sententious, pithy.
SENTEUR, sèn-têur, s. f. smell, scent, odour.

Senturs, perfumes, sweets.
Sentier, sentia, s. m. path, by-way, way.
Sentiment, sen-ti-men, s. m. sense; feeling, sensation, sensibility; sentiment, thoughts, mind, opinion, meaning; inclination, passion; (dans les chiens) smelling, nose. Sentumens

naturels, natural sense or affection.

SENTINE, sen-tin, s. f. Mar. well; stinking

water that lies in the well of a boat or in the sink of a vessel.

SENTINELLE, sen-ti-nel, s. f. sentinel, sentry. Faire sentinelle or faire la sentinelle, to stand sentry. Sentinelle avancée or perdue,

perdue, scout.

SENTIR, sen-tir, v. a. to feel, be sensible of; (par l'odorut) to smell or scent; (par le goût) to taste; to smell, have a smell; to taste, savour, have a taste or savour; to be sensible of, have a sense of; resent; to sacour of, smell of; to perceive, see, know; to !!

feel; to look like. Sentir son bien, to look like a gentleman or gentlewoman. Sentir, v. n. to smell, have a smell, smell strong, sink. Se sentir. v. r. to feel or know one's self. Se sentir de, to feel; feel still, have some relies of, smart still for, have still something of, also to share in. Se faire sentir, to work upon, make an impression upon, touch; to occasion pain, make to smart. Sentir, v. a. Mar. Le navire sent bien sa barre, the ship answers her helm very well. Le bâtiment sent-il son gonvernail? does the ship feel her helm?

SEOIR, swar, à (seyant, etc.) v. n. to best or become, sit well upon. Il sied mal à se homme de faire, it does not become a man lo

do.- Seoir, séant, sis, to sit, sit down. SEP, s. m. Mar. Ex. Seps d'écontes, top-

sail sheet bits. V. Cep.
SEPARABLE, sa-pa-rabi, adj. separable. SEPARATION, sh-ph-rh-slon, s. f. separation, parting, divorce, partition.

SEPARATISTE, s. m. & f. separatist or dissenter.

SÉPARÉ, E, så-på-rå, adj. separated, severed, parted, etc. V. Séparer, separate, distinct, different.

SÉPARÉMENT, 4å-på-rå-mên, adv. asun-

SEPARENENT, sa-pa-ra-uses, survey der, separately, severally.

SEPARER, sa-pa-ra, v. a. to separate, sever, part, divide or put asunder. Sesprer, v. r. (with de or d'arec) to part with or from leave, separate one's self from go from (with en) to divide one's self into; (parlant d'une assemblée) to separate, hreak up. Heat séparé d'avec sa femme, he is parted from his wife, he and his wife are parted. Mar. Un coup de vent nous sépara de notre conserre, à gale of wind separated us from our cossort. Separer le lest par des cloisons or retranchemens, to trench the ballast. Les acadrs u separerent par le travers du Cap St. Vincol. the squadrons parted company a-breas of Cape St. Vincent.

Siráe, så-på, s. f. cluster of sprigs shoot-

ing from the same root.

SEPS, s. m. lizard very much resembling a

serpent from the shortness of its legs. SEPT, set, (before a consomant se,) adj. se-

ven; the seventh.

SEPT, s. m. seven. SEPTANTE, se-tent, adj. seventy, three-score and ten. Ex. Les septonte, s. m. the septuagint or the seventy interpreters of the Holy Bible.

SEPTEMBRE, sep-tenbr, s. m. September. SEPTÉNAIRE, sep-th-ner, adj. Es. Non-bre septénaire, septenary number, seven.

SEPTENAIRE, s. m. septenary.

SEPTENNAL, E, adj. septembal.
SEPTENTRION, septembal. SEPTENTRIONAL, E, sep-ien-tri-d-mil, adj. septentrional, northern, northerly, north-

SEPTIÈME, se tiem, adj. sevenih. En er

SEPTIME, s. m. seventh or seventh part. SEPTIÈME, s. f. seventh (at piquet.) SEPTIÈMEMENT, se-tlem-min, adv. se-

venthly. SEPTIQUE, sep-tik, adj. septick, septical

SEPTUAGÉNINE, sép-th-à-zà-se, adjunctures core and ten years old, septuagenary. SEPTUAGÉSINE, sép-th-à-zà-zìm, a. f. sep tungesima.

base, bat : jeune, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin . mon : brun.

SEPTUPLE, s. m. & adj. seven times told, seven fold. SEPTUPLER, v. a. to make seven times as

much, to multiply by seven.

SÉPULCRAL, E, sa-pûl-krâl, adj. sepul-chral, funereal, monumental.

Sírulerk, så-pålkr, s. m. sepulchre, tomb, grave.

SKPULTURE, så-pôl-túr, s. f. sepulture, in-terment, burial, burying, burying-place. SkQUELLE, så-kêl, s. f. gang, party, crew.

SÉQUENCE, s. f. sequence (at cards.)

SÉQUESTRATION, sà-kes-trà-slon, s. f. sequestration.

SÉQUESTRE, så-këstr, s.m. sequestration;

also sequestrator.

SÉQUESTRER, så-kês-trå, v. a. to sequester or sequestrate; separate or put asunder. Se sequenter, to retire from the world.

Sequin, skin, s. m. zechin.

SERAIL, sh-ral, s. m. seraglio; harem;

women shut up in the seraglio and their atendants, house where women are kept for debanchery.

SÉRAN or SÉRANS, sa-rèn, s. m. hatchel. SÉRANCER, så-rên-så, v. a. to hatchel, dress (flax or hemp.)

SERANCIER, så-ren-slå, s. m. haicheller, dresser (of flax or hemp.)

SÉRAPHIN, sa. m. a sort of marble. SÉRAPHIN, sa. ra. fin, s. m. seraph; (plural) seraphim.

SÉRAPHIQUE, så-rå-fik, adj. seraphick, seraphical.

SÉRASQUIER, s. m. general of an army

among the Turks.

SERDEAU, s. m. office in the king's house-bold, to which all the dishes that come off the king's table are carried; officer that takes

the said dishes from the gentleman sewer. SEREIN, E, se-rin, ren, adj. serene, clear, open, fair ; cheerful, quiet, auspicious. Goutte sereme, gutta serena, amaurosis, dimness or loss of night.

SEREIN, se-rin, s. m. dampish and unwholesome vapour that falls after sunset in hot countries, sort of mildew. SEREMADE, sl-ra-nad, s. f. serenade.

SÉRÉNISSIME, sa-ra-ul-sim, adj. most se-

Sinknith, sh-rh-nl-th, s. f. sereneness, serenity, clearness; (title) Serenity.

SEREU-x, sz, sa-reu, reuz, adj. serous,

SER-F, vz., serf, serv, adj. in bondage. SERF, s. m. bondman, slave, (en matières féodales,) villain, serf.

SERGE, sêrz, s. f. serge.

SERGENT, sêr-zên, s. m. sergeant, catchpole or bailiff: also sergeant (among soldiers.)

Sergent de memnisier, Mar. hold-fast.

SERGENTER, sêr-zên-tâ, v. a. to send bailiffs after, to arrest (for debt;) urge, be importunate with.

portunate with.

SERGENTERIE, ser-zent-ri, s. f. office of sergeant.

Sengen or Sengien, ser-zia, s. m. maker or seller of serge. SERIE, sa-rl, s. f. series.

SÉRIEUSEMENT, så-ricuz-men, adv. seriously, gravely, earnestly, in earnest; coldly. SERIEU-X, SE, sa-rieu, rieuz, adj. serious, I the decks) placed close to the water ways.

grave, earnest, sincere, true, important, weighty, not trifling.

SÉRIEUX, s. m. gravity, seriousness, serious countenance or carriage. Duns le sérieux, in earnest.

Serin, se-rin, s. m. Serine, s. f. thistle-finch. Serin de Canarie, canary-bird.

SERINETTE, se-ri-net, s. f. bird organ.

SERINGAT, se rin-ga, s. m. seringa (shrub.) SERINGUE, se ring, s. f. syringe. SERINGUER, v. a. to syringe, squirt. Se-

ringuer un bâtiment, Mar. to rake a ship.
SERMENT, sêr-mên, s. m. oath, swearing.
SERMON, sêr-mon, s. m. sermon; tedious

lecture or admonition.

SERMONNAIRE, ser-mo-ner, s. m. sermonizer; collection of sermons

SERMONNER, ser-mo-na, v. n. to preach, find fault, make a tedious lecture.

SERMONNEU-R, SE, ser-mo-neur, neuz, s. m. & f. preacher, one that is always read-

ing lectures, fauk-finder. SÉROSITÉ, så-rô-zì-tà, s. f. serosity, waterishness, serous matter

SERPE, sêrp, s. f. bill, hedging bill. SERPENT, sêr-pên, s. m. serpent, snake;

kind of musical instrument

SERPENTAIRE, sêr-pên-têr, s.f. dragonwort. Serpentaire, s. m. Serpentarius.

SERPENTE, s. f. sort of paper (to make paper-windows.)

Serpente, s. f. Mar. snaking.

SERPENTEAU, ser-pen-to, s. m. young ser-pent or snake; kind of fire-work.

SERPENTER, ser-pen-ta, v. n. to go wind-

ing about, be full of turnings and windings.

Serpenter, v. a. Mar. to snake. Serpenter les ctais, to snake the stays down.

SERPERTIN, E. ser-pen-tin, tîn, adj. spiral, winding. Marbre serpentin, green marble streaked with red and white. Langue serpentine, ill tongue.

SERPENTIN, sim. cock of a musket; worm of a still.

SERPENTINE, s. f. serpentine stone, kind of marble; small-dragons or grass-plantain. SERPENTINE, adj. f. Ex. Langue serpen-

tine, an ill tongue. SERPER, v. n. Serper l'ancre, Mar. to weigh the anchor (without either capstan or windlass.)

SERPETTE, sêr-pêt, s. f. hooked knife, vme-knife, small bill

SERPILLIÈRE, ser-pl-fler, s. f. sarplier,

sarp-cloth, packing-cloth.
SERPOLET, ser-po-le, s.m. creeping thyme, wild thyme.

SERRE, ser, s. f. green-house, fruit-house; act of squeezing or pressing; (d'oiseau de proie) pounces or talons. Berre-file, s. m. bringer up, last soldier of a file. V. Ci-après. Serre papiers, s. m. back closet or shelves with

partitions to keep papers in proper order.

Serre, Mar. Ex. Canons en serre, housed guus. Mettre les canons à la serre, to house the guiss. Les canons de la seconde ballerie sont à la serre, the middle deck guns are housed where haupuières, s. f. pl. thick stuff placed under the clamps in a ship's side. Serre-bosse, s. f. shank-painter. Serre-file, s. m. rear ship of a fleet or squadron (when drawn up in a line of battle.) Serre gouttières, s. f. planks (of bar, bat, base: there, ebb, over: field, fig: robe, rob, ford: mood, good.

Sénéchale, s. f. seneschal's wife.

SÉNÉCHAUSSÉE, så-nå-shò-så, s. f. seneschal's jurisdiction.

SENEGRE, s. m. fenugreek (herb.)

SENELLE, s. f. (fruit de l'aube-épine) haw. SENER, se-na. v. a. (un cochon) to geld; (une truie) to spade.

"Sinestre, adj. left (in heraldry.)

SÉNEVÉ, san-va, s. m. mustard-plant or seed.

SÉNIEUR, s. m. (in a society) senior.

SENS, sen, before a consonant, senz, before a vowel, s. m. sense; judgment, wit; opinion, advice, mind, thoughts, sentiments; meaning, signification; 'construction, interpretation; côté d'une chose) way, side. Sens dessus-dessus, topsy-turvy, upside down. Sens-derontderriere, preposterously; the cart before the

SENSATION, sen-sa-sion, s. f. sensation.

SENSÉ, E, sen-sk, adj. sensible, considerate, rational, judicious, discreet.

SENSÉMENT, sen-så-men, adv. rationally,

wisely, judiciously, discreetly.
SENSIBILITE, sen-si-bi-li-ta, s. f. sensible-

ness, sensibility, tenderness SENSIBLE, scn-sibl, adj. sensible, percep tible, that may be felt or perceived by the senses; that feels, apt to perceive; touchy, exceptious, tender, nice; sad, grievous.

SENSIBLE, s. m. sensible part.

SENSIBLEMENT, sen-sibl-men, adv. sensibly, perceptibly, very much, greatly, highly. SENSITI-F, VE, sen-si-ili, th, adj. sensitive.

SENSITIVE, s. f. sensitive plant.

SENSORIUM, s. m. sensorium.

SENSUALITÉ, sen-sû-à-ll-tà, s. f. sensuality. SENSUEL, LE, sen-sû-êl, adj. sensual, voluptuous.

Sensuellement, sên-sô-êl-mên,adv. sensually.

SENTENCE, sen-tens, s. f. sentence; saying, maxim, apothegm, judgment, decree. De fou juge briève sentence, a fool's bolt is soon shot, a foolish judge decides hastily.

Sentencier, sen-ten-sià, v. a. to sentence. Sentencieusement, sen-ten-sièuz-mèn, adv. sententiously, by sentences.

SENTENCIEU-X, SE, sen-ten-sieu, sieuz,

adj. sententious, pithy. SENTEUR, sen-teur, s. f. smell, scent, odour.

Senteurs, perfumes, sweets.

SENTIER, sen-tla, s. m. path, by-way, way. SENTIMENT, sen-tl-men, s. m. sense; feeling, sensation, sensibility; sentiment, thoughts, mind, opinion, meaning; inclination, passion; (dans les chiens) smelling, nose. Sentimens

naturels, natural sense or uffection. SENTINE, sen-tin, s. f. Mar. well; stinking water that lies in the well of a boat or in the

sink of a vessel.

SENTINELLE, sen-ti-nel, s. f. sentinel, sentry. Faire sentinelle or faire la sentinelle, to stand sentry. Sentinelle avancée or perdue, perdue, scout.

SENTIR, sen-ur, v. a. to feel, be sensible of; (par l'odorut) to smell or scent; (par le goût) to taste; to smell, have a smell; to taste, savour, have a taste or savour; to be sensible of, have a sense of; resent; to sayour of, smell of; to perceive, see, know; to tuagesima.

feel; to look like. Sentir son bien, to look like a gentleman or gentlewoman. Sentir, v. n. to smell, have a smell, smell strong, sink. Se sentir, v. r. to feel or know one's self. & sentir de, to feel; feel still, have some relies of, smart still for, have still something of also to share in. Se faire sentir, to work upon, make an impression upon, touch; to occasion pain, make to smart. Sentir. v. a. Mar. Le navire sent bien sa barre, the ship answers her helm very well. Le bâtiment sent-il son gowernail? does the ship feel her helm?

SEOIR, swar, à (seyant, etc.) v. n. to besit or become, sit well upon. R sied mal à un homme de faire, it does not become a man to

do.- "Seoir, séant, sis, to sit sit down. SEP, s. m. Mar. Ex. Seps d'écontes, top-

SEPARABLE, så på rabl, adj. separable.
SEPARATION, så på rabl, adj. separable. tion, parting, divorce, partition.

SÉPARATISTE, s. m. & f. separatist or dissenter.

SÉPARÉ, E, så-på-rå, adj. separated, severed, parted, etc. V. Séparer, separate, distinct, different.

SÉPARÉMENT. 6à-pà-rà-mèn, adv. 8500-

der, separately, severally.

SÉPARR, sa-pà-rà, v. a. to separate sever, part, divide or put asunder. Sespare.
v. r. (with de or d'aree) to part with or from leave, separate one's self from go from: (with en) to divide one's self into; (parlant d'une assemblée) to separate, break up. He'est separé d'arec sa femme, he is parted from his wife, he and his wife are parted. Mar. L'u

coup de vent nous sépara de notre conserve, à coup ac vern nous separa ac noire conserve, a gale of wind separated us from our consort. Separer le lest par des cloisons or retractemens, to trench the ballast. Les excelled a separèrent par le travers du Cap St. Vincent. the squadrons parted company a-breas of Cape St. Vincent.

Strik, sa-ph, s. f. cluster of sprigs shooting from the same root.

ing from the same root.

SEPS, s. m. lizard very much resembling a serpent from the shortness of its legs.

SEPT, set, (hefore a consonant se,) adj. # ven; the seventh.

SEPT, s. m. seven.

SEPTANTE, se-tent, adj. seventy, three score and ten. Ex. Les septante, s. m. the septuagint or the seventy interpreters of the Holy Bible.

SEPTEMBRE, sep-tenbr, s. m. September. SEPTENAIRE, sep-te-ner, adj. Ex. Non-bre septenaire, septenary number, seven.

SEPTÉNAIRE, s. m. septenary

SEPTENNAL, E, adj. septennial. SEPTENTRION, sep-ten-tri-on, a. m. north. SEPTENTRIONAL, E, sep-ten-tri-o-mil, soj. septentrional, northern, northerly, north.

SEPTIRME, settlem, adj. seventh. En sp tième lieu, seventhly.

SEPTIEME, s. m. seventh or seventh part.

SEPTIÈME, s. f. seventh (at piquet.) SEPTIÈMEMENT, se-tem-men, adv. seventhly.

SEPTIQUE, sep-tik, adj. septick, septical SEPTUAGENAIRE, sep-td-a-zh-ner, adj. threescore and ten years old, septuagesary. Septuag ksine, sep-tû-â-za-zim,s. f. sep base, bat : jeune, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin . mon : brun.

seven fold.

SEPTUPLER, v. a. to make seven times as

much, to multiply by seven.

SEPULCRAL, E, så-půl-král, adj. sepul-chral, funereal, monumental.

SÉPULCEE, sh-palkr, s. m. sepulchre, tomb, grave.

SKPULTURE, så-pål-tår, s. f. sepulture, interment, burial, burying, burying-place.
SKQUELLE, så-kël, s. f. gang, party, crew.

SÉQUENCE, s. f. sequence (at cards.) SÉQUESTRATION, sà-kès-trà-sion, s. f. sequestration.

SÉQUESTRE, så-kestr, s. m. sequestration;

also sequestrator.

SÉQUESTRER, så-kês-trå, v. a. to sequester or sequestrate; separate or put asunder. Se sequestrer, to retire from the world. SEQUIN, skin, s. m. zechin.

SERAIL, sh-ral, s. m. seraglio; harem; women shut up in the seraglio and their attendants, house where women are kept for debanchery.

SÉRAN or SÉRANS, sà-ren, s. m. hatchel.

SÉRANCER, sà-rèn-sà, v. a. to hatchel, dress (flax or hemp.)
SÉRANCIER, sà-rèn-slà, s. m. hatcheller, dresser (of flax or hemp.)

SÉRANCOLIN, s. m. a sort of marble. SÉRAPHIN, sã-rà-fin, s. m. scraph; (plural) seraphim.

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SERASQUIER, s. m. general of an army

among the Turks.

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SEREIN, se-rin, s. m. dampish and unwholesome vapour that falls after sunset in hot countries, sort of mildew.

SERENADE, si-ri-nid, s. f. serenade.

SÉRÉNISSIME, sa-ra-ul-sim, adj. most se-

SÉRÉNITÉ, sà-rà-nl-tà, s. f. sereneness, serenity, clearness; (title) Serenity.

SEREU-x, sz, sa-reu, reuz, adj. serous,

SER-F, ve, serf, serv, adj. in bondage. SERF, s. m. bondman, slave, (en matières *féodales*,) villain, serf.

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portunate with.

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rieux, in earnest. SERIN, se-rin, s. m. Serine, s. f. thistle-finch. Serin de Canarie, canary-bird.

SERINETTE, se-ri-net, s. f. bird organ.

SERINGAT, se-rin-ga, s. m. seringa (shrub.) SERINGUE, se-ring, s. f. syringe.

SERINGUER, v. a. to syringe, squirt. Se-

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SERMON, ser-mon, s. m. sermon; tedious lecture or admonition.

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ing lectures, fault-finder. SÉROSITÉ, så-ro-zî-ta, s. f. serosity, waterishness, serous matter.

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Serpentaire, s. m. Serpentarius. SERPENTE, s. f. sort of paper (to make paper-windows.)

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ing about, be full of turnings and windings.

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sarp-cloth, packing-cloth.
SERPOLET, ser-po-le, s.m. crecping thyme, wild thyme.

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partitions to keep papers in proper order.

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bar, bat, base: thère, ebb, over: field, fig: robe, rob, lord: mood, good.

SERRÉ, E, sè-rh, adj. (from Serrer) laid up, locked up, etc.; close, compact; closefisted, close, covetous, niggardly; reserved, secret; concise. Næud serré, fast or tight knot. J'ai le cœur serré de douleur, my heart

is oppressed or shrunk with grief.
SERBE, adv. hard, soundly. Jouer serré,

to play a sure game. SERRÍMENT, sè-ra-mên, adv. close, niggardly, sparingly, savingly.
SERREMENT, ser-men, s. m. squeezing.

Serrement de cœur, oppression of the heart,

great grief, heart breaking.

SERRER, se-ra, v. a. to lay or lock up; (les blés) to inn or house; to tie, tie tight or hard, bind hard or fast; to squeeze, wring, strain; to follow or pursue close; to bind, constipate; to close, draw or join or pull close or closer; to shorten, abridge, gather in a small compass; (entre ses bras) to clasp, lock; (les genoux à quelqu'un) to clasp; (le poing) to clinch; (la forme, in printing) to lock up; (la bride) to pull in; (un cheral) to keep (a horse) from going too wide; (un cheval du genou) to clap one's knees close to the sides of a horse. Serrer les sangles d'un cheval, to gird a horse protty hard. Serrer le cour, to make one's heart ache or grieve. Serrer les pouces à quelqu'un, to force or compel one to confess. Serrer le bouchon à quelqu'un, to press or urge one, bear hard upon him. serrer, v. r. to sit or stand or lie close.

Serrer, v. a. Mar. Serrer la ligne, to close the line. Serrer la terre, to keep the land close a-board. Serrer le vent, to hug or haul the wind. Serrant le vent de près, close hauled, luffing up. Serrer le jût de l'ancre contre le bord, to stock an anchor. Serrer l'ordre de marche, to close the order of sailons. Server l'es valles to full hand take ing. Serrer, (les roiles) to furl, hand, take in or stow (the sails.) Serrer les huniers en chemise, to furl the top-sails in a hody. Serrer les huniers en perroquet, to furl the top-sails in a bunt. Serre le pavillon, haul down the sensign. Serre le grand foc, stow the jib. Serre le grand hunier, take in the main top sail. Serre les bonnettes, haul down the studding-sails. Serre le perroquet de fougue, hand the mizen top-sail. En haut à serrer les perroquets, away up hand top-gallant sails. Berre les fonds de la misaine, bunt the fore sail. Serre bien les fonds de la voile, skin the sail well up in the bunt. Serre la brigantine, lower down the spanker. Serre la voile d'étai de hune, stow the main top mast stay sail. Nous serrames le corsaire entre la terre et nous, we hemmed in the privateer between us and the land. L'arrière-garde ennemie fut serrée de près par notre escadre, dont elle essuya tout le feu, our fleet closed upon the enemy's rear, which received the whole brunt of its fire. V. Temps.

SERRETETE, s. m. night-cap band. SERRON, se-ron, s. m. box containing im-

ported drugs.

SERRURE, st-rar, s. f. lock.

SERRURERIE, se-rur-ri, s. f. locksmith's trade or work.

SERRURIER, se-rd-ria, s. m. lock-smith. SERTEAU, s. m. Ex. Poire de serteau, ala-

baster-pear, bell-pear.
SERTI, E, adj. Ex. Diamant serti, diamond set.

Sertir, ser-tir, une pierre dans un chaton, to set a stone in a bezil.

SERTISSURE, ser-ti-sur, s. f. setting of a stone.

SERUM, s. m. serum.

"SERVAGE, ser-vaz, s. m. slavery, bondage. SERVART, E, ser-ven, vent, adj. in waiting.

Frères servans, lay-brothers.
SERVANTE, ser-vest, s. f. servant-maid, maid, servant; small table at which domesticks eat. Je suis votre servante, I am your servant, and sometimes, I differ from you.

Servé, V. Serf. SERVI, E, adj. served, attended on, etc. V. Servir.

SERVIABLE, ser-vî-abl, adj. serviceable, officious.

SERVICE, ser-vis, s. m. service; (chez son prince) waiting; office; good office or turn; dirge, mass or prayers (for the dead;) divine service; service (of plate;) course, set (of dishes;) (d'une chose) service, use; (au jeu de paume) service.

SERVIETTE, ser-viet, s. f. napkin; towel;

SERVILETLE, screen, bandage (in surgery.)
SERVILE, servil, adj. servile, slavish, screen, pitiful, sordid. Traduction servile, too literal.

SERVILEMENT. servil-men, adv. servilely, slavishly, servant-like; meanly, sordidly, pitifully.

SERVILITE, s. f. servility.

SERVIR, ser-vir, v. a. to serve, wait on, attend, be the servant of, do a service to, help, assist, do something for, help with one's interest; worship; to serve, be in the service of, bear arms or be a soldier for; (sur table) to serve up, bring in the meat, lay the meat on the table; (la balle an jeu de paume) to give service, serve the ball; (une batterie) to serve, see that the guns play well; (d'une viande à quelqu'un) to help (one) to (some meat.) Servir, v. n. to serve, be a servant, wait; to help, be serviceable or of use or useful, do service, avail. Servir de, to serve for, be instead of, be as. Servir d, to assist. Servide timoin contre, to be an evidence or come in a witness against. Il leur a servi de pere, he has been a father (or as a father) to them. Cela ne m'a servi de rien, that has availed me nothing. Cela serviroit à ma gloire, that would turn to my glory. Faire servir au crime la vertu même, to make virtue itself subscrient to villany. Servir aux plaisirs de quelqu'un, to be instrumental or subservient to one's pleasures. Se servir d'une chose, to make use of a thing, use or employ a thing. On a servi, the meat is on the table. Dites qu'on serve, send in dinner or supper. Servez-rous rous même, help yourself.

Servir, v. n. Mar. Faire servir, to fill the sails (after they have lain aback.) Le vice-amiral a fait servir son grand lumier, the vice-admiral has filled his main top-sail. No tre artillerie fut bien servie dans le dernier combat, our guns were well fought in the last action. Nous ne plimes nous servir de la première batterie, tant la mer étoit grosse, the sea ran so high that we could not fight our lower deck guns. Le cable d'affourche ne peut plus servir, the small bower cable is quite unserviceable. Le grand perroquet quite unserviceable. Le grand perroquet nous servira à remplacer le perroquet de base, bût : jeune, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

fougue qui a été emporté, the main top-gal-lant sail will serve to replace the mizen topsail that has blown away. La corvette se servit de ses avirons dans le culnie, et nous échappa. the sloop pulled her sweeps in the calm, and got away from us. Nous nous servirons de nos emburcations pour changer de monillage, we will make use of our boats to shift our birth. En se servant des cartes et instructions, by using charts and sailing directions.

SERVITEUR, ser-vi-teur, s. m. a servant. Faites serviteur à monsieur, bow to the gen-

tleman; or say, your servant, sir. SERVITUDE, ser-vl-tud, s.f. servitude, bondage, slavery; service; confinement, thraldom. SES, se, (plur. of Son and Sa) his, her, its, one's. V. Son.

SÉSAME, S. m. sesame.

SESAMOIDE, s. f. starwort; small bone in the joints resembling sesame. SESELI, s. m. hartwort.

SESSION, se-slow, s. f. session or sitting (of

a council or parliament.)

Sesterce, ses-ters, s. m. sesterce.

Setier, se-ta, s. m. twelve bushels; eight pints of Paris or two English gallons.

SETON, sh-ton, s. m. seton, rowel.

SEUIL, seul, s. m. threshold of a door. SEUILLET, s. m. little threshold. Seallets,

s. m. pl. Mar. or Seuillets de sabords, port-

SRUL, E, seul, adj. alone, lonely, only, sole. Un seul, une seule, one. Le seul, la seule, the

SEULEMENT, seul-men, adv. only, but, solely, even.

SEULET, TE, seu-le, let, adj. alone, lonely. SÉVE, sèv, s. f. sap; the rise of the sap.

Via qui a de la séve, tart wine.

SÉVÈRE, sà-vèr, adj. severe, strict, rigid,

rough, stern, sharp, rigorous, harsh.
Skyrrmint, sk-ver-men, adv. severely,

strictly, rigidly, rigorously, sharply.
SÉVÉRITÉ, sa-va-ri-la, s. f. severity, strict-

ness, rigour, rigidity.
Sevenonue, severond, s. f. eaves (of a

bouse.)

SÉVICES, sh-vls, s. f. pl. rough or ill usage. SÉVIR, sh-vlr, v. n. (with contre) to misuse. use roughly, inflict a punishment; punish.

SEVRAGE, s. m. the act of weaning a child. SEVRER, se-vra, v. a. to wean. SEXAGENAIRE, sek-sa-za-ner, adj. & s. sixty, threescore years old, man sixty years old. Sexagésime, sêk-sâ-zâ-zîm, s. f. sexage-

cima. SEX-DIGITAIRE, s. m. & f. one who is

born with six fingers. SEX-DIGITAL, E, adj. said of a foot or hand

that has six fingers. SEXE, seks, s. m. sex. Le sexe, le beau

sexe, the fair sex, the sex, the fair, women.

BEXTANT, seks-ten, s. m. sextant. BEXTE, sekst, s. f. sixth in (music;) sexte (one of the canonical hours.)

SEXTIL, E, seks-til, adj. sextile.

SEXTULE, s. m. weight of four scruples.
SEXTUPLE, seks-tupl, adj. & s. m. sextuple.

SEXTUPLER, v. a. to repeat seven times, to make seven times as much; to multiply by seven.

Sexuel, Le, adj. sexual.

SGRAFFIT. s. m. mezzo-tinto.

SHERIF, shå-rif, s. m. sheriff.

SI, s. m. if, supposition, condition; fault, objection.

S1, s1, adv. so, so very, to such a degree, to that degree; as, such; yes, so or it is so, etc. Si bien que, so that, insomuch that. Si fait, yes, yes though, but I shall or will, etc. *Si ferai, si ferai je, yes, I will. Si-tôt, so soon. Si-tôt que, so soon as, as soon as. Si, (followed by a subjunctive) however. Si petit qu'il soit, however little he may be, how litile soever he may be.

S1, conj. if, in case that; whether. Si ne, but that, but. Si ce n'est que, unless, except, *Si est-ce que, yet, however, neverthe-*Si, yet, however, nevertheless, for all that, moreover, besides. PSometimes the conjunction is omitted in English. Si rous m'aimiez? did you love me? si je l'avois vu? had I seen him? s'il étoit homete-homme? were he an honest man? The i of si is sup-pressed before il and ils. Thus we say s'il, s'ils, instead of si il, si ils.

SIAMOISE, s. f. coarse cotton cloth. SIBYLLE, si-bil, s. f. sibyl, stale maid. Sibylline, si-bl-lin, lin, adj. sibylline.

SICAIRE, s. m. murderer, assassin.

Siccité, sik-si-ta, s. f. siccity, dryness.

SICILE, s. f. Sicily.

SICILIQUE, s. m. weight of six scruples.

SICILIEN, NE, adj. Sicilian.

SICLE, siki, s. m. shekel. SIDERAL, E, adj. sideral. Année sidérale, time of the earth's revolution.

SIDERITIS, V. Crapaudine.

Siecle, siekl, s. m. age or century, age, time; world. Aux siècles des siècles, à tous les siècles, for ever and ever, eternally. SIED, (IL.) Îl-sla. V. Scoir.

Siége, siez. s. m. seat, chair, stool; (de cocher) box: (des juges) seat, bench; court, tribunal; jurisdiction; (episcopal or pontifical) see; seat, capital city; fundament; (d'une place) siege.

SIEGER, sla-za, v. n. to hold the papacy or one's see.

SIEN, NE, sien, sien, adj. (with the article) his, his own, hers, her own; its, its own, one's, one's own.

Sien, Le, s. m. his own, her own, one's own. Les siens, his relations, his men, his people. Faire des siennes, to play pranks.

SIER, Mar. V. Scier.

Sigste, si-est, s. f. nap after dinner.

"SIEUR, si-eur, s. m. (diminutive of mon-sieur) sir or master; lord (of a place.) SPYFLEMENT, sift-men, s. m. whistling,

hissing; hiss, hissing at, whizzing; (de boulets) whistling.

SIFFLER, sl-flå, v. n. to whistle: hiss; whiz, drink hard, swig. Siffler, v. a. (un air) to whistle a tune; (un oiseas) to whistle to; to hiss or hiss at, dam, explode; to prompt, instruct heforehand. Siffler la linotte, to drink hard, swig.

SIFFLET, sl-fie, s. m. whistle, windpipe. Sifflet, s. m. Mar. boatswain's call.

SIFFLEU-R, SE, sl-fleur, fleuz, s. m. & f. whistler or hisser. Sifflad. private teacher of the law.

bar, bat, base: thère, èbb, over: field, fig: rôbe, rôb, lôrd: mòod, gôod.

Sigillée, sl-zîl-la, adj. Ex. Terre sigillée, terra sigillata, sort of red earth.

SIGNAL, si-gnal, s. m. signal or sign.
SIGNALE, R. si-gna-la, adj. signalized, also signal, notable, remarkable.

SIGNALEMENT, si-gual-men, s. m. sign, note of resemblance, description (of a man.)

SIGNALER, si-gua-la, v. a. to signalize, make famous; also to take down in writing the description of (a soldier, etc.) Se signaler v. r. to distinguish one's self, signalize one's self.

SIGNATAIRE, s. m. signer.
SIGNATURE, si-gna-tur, s. f. signature, sign manual, one's band to a writing.

Sionz, sign, s. m. sign; mark, token; omen, presage; symptom: wonder, miracle; constellation; mark, mole; (de la main) beck; (de la tête) nod; (des yeux) wink. Faire signe de la tête, to nod. Faire signe de la main, to beckon with the hand. Faire signe des yeux, to wink.

SIGNER, sl-gna, v. a. to sign, subscribe, put one's hand to; also to sign as a witness.

Signer, s. m. tassel; riband fastened to

the top of a book to mark the place.

SIGNIFIANT, E, adj. significative, expressive.

SIGNIFICATI-F, VE, sl-gul-fl-ka-tlf, uv,

adj. significant. Signification, sl-gul-fl-ka-slon, s. f.

signification, meaning, sense.

Signification, meaning, sense.

Signification, meaning, sense.

Signification, meaning, sense.

notice of.

SIL, s. m. sil (sort of ochre.)

SILENCE, sl-lens, s. m. silence, stillness, quiet; (de la muit) dead of night. Silence! silence! hush!

SILENCIEU-K, SE, sl-lèn-slèu, slèuz, adj. silent, still, of few words.

SILIQUASTRE, s. m. pimenta, all-spice. SILIQUE, si-lik, s. f. husk or cod or shell

of pulse.

SILLAGE, si-laz, s. m. Mar. wake, way, steerage way. Faire bon sillage, to have fresh way through the water. Le bâtiment fait grand sillage, the ship is going fast through the water. Cette fregate double motre sillage, that frigate sails two feet to our one. Le sillage a bien diminué, depuis que les vents ont rapproché, we go very little ahead, since the wind has bauled forward.

SILLE, s. m. satirical poem (among the Greeks.)

SILLER, si-fa, v. n. Mar. to have headway. SILLON, sl-lon, s. m. furrow; (de lumière) glimpee, flash.

SILLONNER, si-lo-na, v. a. to furrow. Sil-

lonner les mers, to plough the main.
SILVES, s. f. pl. collection of miscellaneous

SIMAGRÉE, si-ma-gra, s. f. grimace, affected way, apishness, apish trick.

SIMAROUBA, s. m. tree of Jamaica.

SIMARRE, sl-mar, s. f. simar.
SIMILAIRE, sl-ml-lèr, adj. similar.
SIMILITUDE, sl-ml-ll-tad, s. f. similitude,

comparison; parable.

SIMILOR, al-mi-lôr, s. m. metallick composition that imitates gold (copper and zinc.)

SIMONIAQUE, al-mo-niak, s. m. simoniacal.

SIMONIAQUE, s. m. simoniack. Strong, si-mo-ni. s. f. simony.

SIMPLE, simpl, adj. simple, pure, unmixt, uncompounded; single; only, bare; common, ordinary, private; plain, without ornament; simple, weak, silly; plain, downright, bonest, without deceit.

SIMPLE, s. m. simple, physical herb or plant; plain song. Parier le double contre le simple, to bet two to one.

SIMPLEMENT, simplemen, adv. plain, with-

out any ornament, roundly, downright, plainly, only.

SIMPLESSE, sin-ples, s. f. Ex. R ne demande qu'amour et simplesse, he is all for lore and a quict life.

SIMPLICITÉ, sin-pli-si-tà, s. f. simplicity, plainness, plain-dealing, downright honesty; silliness, foolishness.

SIMPLIFICATION,s. f. the act of simplifying. SIMPLIFIER, sin-pll-fl-a, v. a. to simplify, make simple, render more simple.

SIMULACRE, si-mu-lakr, s. m. image or

representation, phantom, ghost, shadow.
Simulation, s. f. simulation, deceit.
Simulation, deceit.
Simulation, s. f. simulation, deceit.
Simultanie, sl-mål-tå-nå, adj. simuhaneous.

SIMULTANÉITÉ, s. f. existence of several things at the same time.

SIMULTANÉMENT, adj. in the same time. SINAPISME, sl-na-plsm, s. m. sinapism.

Sincère, sin-ser, adj. sincere, bonest. true, true-hearted, plain, ingenuous, candid. Sincerement, sin-sèr-mèn, adv. sincerely, honestly, roundly, plainly, truly.
Sinceret, sin-sè-rè-tà, s. f. sincerey,

honesty, integrity, plainness, candour.
Sinciput, s. m. top or crown (of the head.) Singe, sinz, s. m. ape; mimick, imitator, windlass or draw beam.

SINGER, v. a. to imitate, counterfeit. SINGERIE, sinz-ri, s. f. trick, apish trick.

grimace. Singler, v. n. Mar. to sail (on a particular course.) V. Cingler.

SINGULARISER, (SE) se-sin-gu-la-ri-za. v. r. to be odd or singular, affect singularity. Singulariti, sin-gu-la-ri-ta, s. I. singu-

larity, being singular, excellence, rarity, affected way, affectedness, particular way.
Singulier, E, sin-gh-lia, lier, adj. singu-

lar, peculiar, particular, special, rare, excel-lent, extraordinary, matchless, choice, affect-Combat singulier, single fight.

SINGULIER, s. m. singular, singular number. SINGULIER, s. m. singular, singular number. SINGULIEREMENT, sin-gà-lièr-mès, advespecially, singularly, peculiarly, particularly, excellently, passingly, affectedly.

SINISTRE, si-nistr, adj. sinister, untoward,

unlucky, unfortunate, inauspicious, sinis-trous, perverse, wicked, bad.

SINISTREMENT, sl-nistr-men, adv. unto-

wardly, unluckily, unfortunately.

Sinon, si-non, (for si-non, if not) else.

Sinon que, save, but, save that, but that.

Sinople, s. m. sinoper, ruddle. Sinopu-x, sr, sl-nd-èu, èuz, adj. simous.

crooked. Sinuosité, si-nů-ò-zi-tà, s. f. sinuonity.

Sinus, si-nus, s. m. simus; (in mathemeticks) sine.

SIPHON, sl-fon, s. m. siphon or crane, cock. tap, faucet. Siphon, Mar. spout. SIRE, slr. s. m. sir; also lord

bose, bût : jeune, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

SIRRERE, sl-ren, s. f. siren, mermaid.

SIRERIE, s. f. lordship.
SIRIUS, si-rhis, s. m. Sirius, dog-star.
SIROC, si-rok, s. m. south-east wind, sirocco (in the Mediterraneun.)

Strop, al-rô, s. m. sirup. Stroter, al-rô-ta, v. n. to sip, tipple.

SIROTEUR, s. m. sipper, tippler.

SIRTES, s. f. pl. Mar. moving sand, quick sand, shelf.

Sis, E, sl, slz, adj. (from Scoir) seated, situated.

SITE, sh, s. m. site. SITUATION, sl-td-d-slon, s. f. seat, site, situation, placing; sitting, posture; state, pass, condition, circumstance

SITUER, al-id-a, v. al to seat or situate. SIX, sis, adj. & s. m. six, half a dozen;

the sixth; (aux dés) sice or six.
Sixain, si-zh, s. m. sextain; six or half a dozen packs of cards.

SIXIÈME, si-zièm, adj. sixth; sixthly.

Siximm, s. m. sixth, sixth part; a school

boy of the sixth form.

SIXIBME, s. f. sixth form (in a school;) six following cards (at piquet.)

SIRIÈMEMENT, sl-zlem-men, adv. sixth-

SIXTE, sikst, s. f. sixth (in musick.)
SLOOP, s. m. Mar. sloop.
SMAQUE, V. Semaque.

SMILLE, s. f. a pointed hammer,

SMILLER, v. a. to pick with a pointed hammer (free stone, etc.)
SEECTIE, smêk-tin, s. m. fuller's earth.

Sorre, sobr, adj. sober, temperate, mo-

derate, cautious, discreet.

SOBREMENT, sôbr-mên, adv. soberly, temperately, moderately, cautiously.
Sobriera, so-bri-a-ta, s. f. sobriety, tem-

perance, moderation.

Sobriquet, sô-brî-kê, s. m. nickname. Soc, sok, s. m. share, plough-share. Sociabilité, s. f. sociability.

SOCIABLE, so slab!, adj. sociable.

SOCIABLEMENT, adv. sociably. Social, E, so-sial, adj. social.

Society, so-sid-ta, s. f. society, commerce, intercourse, company, fellowship, club, partnership, friendship, familiarity

SOCINIANISME, so-si-ni-a-nism, s. m. socinianism.

Socinium, sò-sì-nièn, s. m. socinian. Socie, sòki, s. m. socie.

BOCQUE, solk, s. f. sandal, wooden patten or clog (worn by some monks;) also sock (theatrical shoe for comedies.)

SODOMIE, s. f. sodomy.

Sodomite, s. m. sodomite.

Sœur, seur, s. f. sister, nun. Les neuf sœurs, (les muse) the sacred nine. Frégules sœurs, Mar. sister frigates.

SOFA, sò-fà, s. m. sofa.
SOFFITE, s. f. arch, ceiling.
SOI, swh. (pron.) one's self, himself, herself, one, him, her, itself. Soi-disant, self-styled, pretended or would be. Soi-même, one's self, himself, herself, itself. Etre à soi, to depend on no one.

Soin, swh, s. f. silk; (d'un épagneul) long bair; (de cochon) bristle; (d'une lame de cou-teau or d'épés) tongue. Paroles de soie,

soft flattering words. Jours files d'or et de soie, happy and glorious life.
Soierie, swa-ri, s. f. silk stuffs, silk, silk

trade, silk manufacture.

Soif, swaf, s. f. thirst, being dry, dryness, thirst, greedy or eager or immoderate desire.

Avoir soif, to be dry, to thirst.
Soigner, swa-gua, v. a. to look after, take care of, tend or attend. Soigner a, v. n. to look after, be about, take care of.

Soigneusement, swa-gneuz-men, adv. carefully, with care, diligently, exactly.

Soigneu-x, sr, swa-gneu, gneuz, adj. careful, that takes great care, diligent.

Soin, swin, s. m. care; application, diligence; racking care, trouble, solicitude, anguish of mind.

Soin, swar, s. m. evening, night.

Soirke, swå-rå, s. f. evening or night.

Soit, swa, conj. Soit l'un, soit l'autre, either; (an elliptical expression) be it so, let it be so, I grant it, well and good, I consent to it. Soit que, (with the subjunctive) whether; and the soit que or ou que which follows is rendered or.

Soixantaine, swa-scn-ten, s. f. sixty, about sixty, three score.

SOIXANTE, swa-sent, adj. sixty, three score.

SOIXANTIÈME, swa-sen-tiem, adj. sixtieth. Solkantième, s. m. sixueth, sixueth part. Sol., sôl, s. m. ground or soil; ground or ground plot; (note in musick) sol; (de la mer) bottom, ground at the bottom of. V. Sou.

SOLACIER, v. a. to comfort, console, strengthen one's mind under some calamity.

Solaire, so-lèr, adj. solar : s. m. a ban-

dage; muscle.

Solandres, s. f. pl. malanders. SOLBATU, E, sol-ba-tu, tu, adj. surbated

SOLBATURE, sol-ba-tur, s. f. surbating. SOLDANELLE, s. f. bind-weed.

SOLDAT, s. m. soldier. Soldat de marene, marine.

SOLDAT, sôl-dà, adj. Ex. Il a l'air soldat,

he looks like a soldier. Soldatesque, sôl-dâ-lêsk, adj.soldier-like. Soldatesque, s. f. soldiery, soldiers (in derision.) A la soldatesque, after the soldier's

SOLDE, sôld, s. f. pay, soldier's pay; (de compte) balance

SOLDER, sol-da, v. a. to close or settle an

account (by paying off the balance.)
Sole, sol, s. f. (poisson) sole; (d'un chewhen the call of t shoe of the anchor. Sole d'affût, sole or bottom of a gun carriage. Sole de sabord, sole or sell of a gun port. Sole de taquet, step (of a kevel.) Sole de bigues, step for the heel of

small sheers used in a dock-yard.

Solicisme, so-let, s. m. sun; also pyx; sunflower. Il fait dfig grand soleil, it in still
broad day. Marcher entre deux soleils, to march between sun-rise and sun-set. Adorer

le soleil levant, to join the rising party.
SOLENBEL, LE, sô-là-nêl, adj. solemn. SOLENBELLEMENT, sô-là-nêl-mên, adv. solemniv.

bar, bat, base: thère, êbb, over: field, fig: robe, rob, lord: mood, good.

verb of that action or situation which is the principal subject of the discourse is (by means of the conjunction que; or of a conjunctive pronoun, such as qui, que, dont, quoi, on, etc.) rendered dependent on another verb, which deprives it of its natural function or form or of that full tone of some affection of the mind with which that verb would be pronounced if employed singly. Ex. It is proper you should take your precautions, (for take your precautions with the tone of advice,) il est à propos que vous preniez vos précautions. Do you believe he intends to speak of it? (being nearly equal to does he intend to speak of it?) croyez-vous qu'il ait dessein d'en parler? I do not believe that he intends to speak of it (being nearly equal to he does not intend to speak of it) je ne crois pas qu'il ait dessein d'en parler. He is the greatest orator I ever knew, (I never knew a greater orator,) c'est le plus grand orateur que j'aie jamais connu. I do not see any body but agrees that he is rash, je rash, (very body agrees that he is rash, je ne vois personne qui ne convienne qu'il est temeraire. I am sorry that he has come, je suis faché qu'il soit venu.

SUBIR, su-bir, v. a. to undergo, suffer. Subir la loi du vainqueur, to yield to or receive

laws from the conqueror.

Subit, E, sû-bl, blt, adj. sudden, unthought of, unlooked for, subitaneous.

Subitement, så-blt-men, adv. suddenly. Subjuguen, såb-zå-gå, v.a. to subjugate, subdue, conquer, bring under or into subjec-

SUBLIMATION, sh-bli-ma-slon, s. f. sublimation.

SUBLIMATOIRE, s. f. matrass used in sub-

limation. SUBLIME, sû-blîm, adj. sublime, lofty,

high, great.
SUBLIME, s. m. sublime, lofty style.

Sublimate, su-bil-ma, s. m. sublimate. SUBLIMEMENT, så-blim-men, adv. sub-

limely. SUBLIMER, sû-blî-ma, v. a. to sublimate.

SUBLIMITE, så-bli-mi-ta, s. f. sublimity, loftiness, greamess. SUBLINGUAL, adj. sublingual, placed un-

der the tongue.

SUBLUNAIRE, så-blå-ner, adj. sublunary. SUBMERGER, sûb-mêr-za, v. a. to sub-

merge, drown, put under water, sink. Submersion, sub-mer-sion, s. f. submer-

sion, inundation, drowning. Submission, sub-mi-sion, s. f. submission. Subordination, så-bor-di-nå-slon, s. f. subordination, dependence.

Subordinément & Subordonnément,

adv. subordinately. SUBORDONNER, så-bor-do-nå, v. a. to su-

bordinate, set under another.

*Subornateur, s. m. suborner. Subornation, so-bor-ma-sion,s. f. suborn-

ing or subornation.
SUBORNER, sd-bor-nå, v. a. to suborn, debauch, corrupt, draw in, tamper with; (des témoins) to procure or prepare false wit-

Suborneu-R, se, så-bor-neur, neuz, s. m. & f. suborner, debaucher

SUBRÉCARGUE, sû-brâ-kârg, s. m. supercargo.

Subricot, så-brå-kå, s. m. new reckon

ing, after reckoning.
SUBREPTICE, så-brep-ils, adj. subreptitious, got by stealth.

SUBREPTICEMENT, så-brêp-ds-mên, adv. subreptitiously.

SUBREPTION, så-brep-slow, s. f. subreption. Subroge, z, adj. surrogate, surrogated. Subrogen, su-bro-zk, v. a. to surrogate,

substitute, depute. Subséquennest, sub-sh-kh-mèn, adv.

subsequently or after. SUBSEQUENT, E, sob-så-kan, kant, adj.

subsequent, next following, coming after.

SUBSIDE, sub-sid, s. m. subsidy, aid, tax. SUBSIDERCE, s. f. sediment, subsidence. SUBSIDIAIRE, sub-al-dler, adj. subsidiary.

auxiliary. Subsidiairement, sob-si-dièr-mên, adv. subsidiarily.

Subsistance, sub-sis-tens, s. f. subsistence, sustenance, subsistence money.
SUBSISTER, sub-sis-th, v. n. to subsist, ex-

ist, stand or be, continue, have a being, live; be in force. Faire subsister, to maintain.
Substance, subsiders, s. f. substance, be-

ing, matter, subsistence, wealth, means of life. En substance, summarily, in substance. SUBSTANTIEL, LE, sobs-ien-siel, adj. sub-

stantial.

Substantiellement, adbeien-siel-men.

adv, substantially.
Substantif, sübs-ten-tif, adj. & s. m. substantive.

SUBSTANTIVEMENT, subs-ten-tiv-men. adv. substantively.

Substituer, sabs-ti-tal, v. a. to substi-

tute, surrogate; entail. SUBSTITUT, sobs-ti-tu, s. m. substitute; deputy. Substitut du procureur général du roi, deputy attorney or solicitor-general.

SUBSTITUTION, subs-ti-tu-slos, s. f. entail; substitution.

SUBTERFUGE, såb-ter-füs, s. m. subter-

fuge, shift, evasion, escape hole to creep out at. BUBTIL, E, süb-ill, adj. subtile, thin, fae, small, quick, keen, sharp, cunning, ready. SUBTILEMENT, sib-ill-men, adv. subtle-

ly, cunningly.
Subtilisation, sub-ti-fi-zà-alon, a. f. sub-

tilization. SUBTILISER, sôb-ti-li-za, v. a. to subtilise.

Subtiliser, v. n. to subtilise, use subtilties;

SUBTILITÉ, sůb-tl-il-th, s. f. subtility, craft, subtle trick or cunning fetch.

SUBVENIR, subv-nir, (a) v. n. (like resir) to relieve, help, assist or supply, be able to do or hear; (with the maxiliary avoir.)

SUBVENTION, sub-ven-slow, s. f. gupply, aid, subsidy.

SUBVERSION, sub-ver-sion, s. f. subversion, ruin, overthrow.

Suc, såk, s. m. moisture, juice, gravy, substance, quintessence.

SUCCEDANE, adj. succedaneous. SUCCEDER, sik-si-dh, (a) v. n. to succeed; come next or after; prosper; inherit.

Success, sak-se, s. m. success, issue, event, prosperity, good luck.

Successier, sûk-sê-sêur, s. m. successor. Successier, ve, sûk-sê-sîf, siv, adj. successive, succedaneous.

base, bût : jêûne, mêute, beurre : ênfânt, cênt, liên : vin : mon : brun.

Succession, suk-se-sion, s. f. succession,

inheritance, lineage, process, course.
Successivement, sak-se-slv-men, adv.

successively. Succin, s. m. amber.

SUCCINCY, E, suk-sin, sint, adj. succinct, short, brief, concise, but small.

SUCCINCTEMENT, suk-sist-men, adv. briefly, succinctly, in few words, lightly. Succion, suk-slon, s. f. sucking.

Succomber, sû-kon-bû, v. n. to fall or sink, faint, yield, be overcome.

SUCCUBE, s. m. devil that under the shape of a woman lies with a man (popular superstition.)

SUCCULERT, E, sô-kô-lên, lênt, adj. juicy, full of gravy, nourishing, strong.

SUCCURSALE, so-kur-sal, adj. f. Eglise succursale, chapel of ease.

SUCEMENT, sus-mes, s. m. sucking. . SUCEM, su-su, v. a. to suck; drain by little and little another's purse, suck the substance of.

SUCEUR, så-seur, s. m. sucker or one who socks a wound.

Suçoir, s. m. sucker, what serves to suck

Suços, sù-son, s. m. red spot made on the

skin by sucking it, or an eager kiss.
Sucorer, su-so-ta, v. a. to suck over and

Over.

Sucre, sûkr, s. m. sugar. Sucré, r., sû-krâ, adj. sugared, sweet, luscious; coy, precise, demure, shy, reserved. SUCRER, su-kra, v. a. to sugar, sweeten

with sugar. SUCRERIE, så-krê-rl, s. f. sugar-house or work. Sucreries, sweet things, things done

with sugar, sweetmeats.

Sucrier, sû-krî-â, s. m. sugar-box. Sucrie, sû-krie, adj. m. Ex. Melon sucrie,

sngar or luscious melon.

sugar or fusious meson.
"SUCTION, S. f. suction, sucking.
SUD, såd, s. m. south. Sud, Mar. south.
Du sud, southerly, southern. Sud-est, southeast. Sud-ouest, south-west. Vent du sud,
southerly wind. Vent de sud-est, south
easter. Vent de sud-ouest, south-wester. Le
there we de suthern-most. De sud, au sud. plus an sud, southern-most. De sud, an sud, southward. Sud-ouest 3 degrés ouest, south-west 1-4 west. Entre le sud et le sud quart sud-est, south 1-2 east.

SUDORIFÈRE or SUDORIFIQUE, adj. su-

Suponifique, så-do-ri-fik, s. m. sudorific. Surden, s. f. Sweden.

Su Epois, E, adj. & s. Swede.
"Su Ez, sh-a, s. f. sudden and great fear.
If a est la succ, he has been frightened, he
even sweated for fear.

SUER, sû-â, v. n. to sweat, be in a sweat, labour, toil and moil, take pains.

SUEUR, sû-êur, s. f. sweat or sweating, labour, toil. Mettre en sueur, to make sweat, put in a sweat.

SUFFIRE, so-fir, v. n. to suffice, be sufficient or enough, be sufficiently able, answer, be able to bear. satisfy, content. Il suffit, it be able to bear, satisfy, content. suffices, it is sufficient or enough.

SUFFISAMMENT, så-il-zå-men, adv. sufficiently, enough, well enough, abundantly.
SUFFISANCE, st. f. zers, s. f. sufficiency,

fill, that which is enough, competency; ability,

capacity; pride, vanity, conceit, presump-

tion. A niffisunce, enough, sufficiently. SUFFISANT, E, sd-fl-zen, zent, adj. sufficient, enough, able; arrogant, proud, haughty, conceited.

Suffisant, s. m. proud man, conceited coxcomb.

SUFFOCANT, E, sû-fô-kan, kant, adj. suf-

focating, choking, stifling. Suffocation, su-fo-ka-sloz, s. f. suffoca-

tion, stoppage, stifling, choking or smothering. SUFFOQUER, su-10-th, v. a. to stifle, choke, suffocate, smother. Suffoquer de co-lère, to choke with rage.

SUPPRAGANT, sû-îra-gan, adj. m. Ex. Ereque suffragant or Suffragant, s. m. suf-fragan bishop, suffragan.

Suffrage, sh-fraz, s. m. vote, voice, suf-

frage; approbation, commendation.
Suffumigation, så-få-mi-gå-slos, s. f. suffumigation.

SUFFUSION, så-få-zlon, s. f. suffusion.

Suggeren, sog-za-ra, v. a. to suggest or prompt, put upon.

Suggestion, suggestion, s. f. suggestion,

persuasion or prompting, solicitation.
Suicide, soll-sid, s. m. suicide, self-murder, self-murderer.

Sulf, sål, s. f. soot. Sulf, sål, s. m. tallow, suet. Suif, Mar. coat, stuff, (coat of tallow, soap, sulphur, etc. with which a vessel's bottom is payed.) Donner un suif or le suif à un bâtiment, to pay a

ship's bottom, grave a ship.
SUINT, shin, s. m. Ex. Suint de laine, filth or oiliness of sheep's wool before it is wasbed.

SUINTEMENT, s. m. sweating, dropping.

SUINTER, sdin-th, v. n. to run out, sweat, drop or give (said of liquors, humours, etc.) Suisse, sdis, s. f. Switzerland.

Suisse, s. m. Swiss, Swizer; porter (in a great man's house.) Un cent suisse, a yeoman of the guard. A la suisse, after the Swiss way or fashion.

Suisserie, s. f. porter's lodge.

SUITE, solt, s. f. retinue, train, attendance, attendants; series, order, succession; sequel, consequence, what follows; (dans un discours) coherency, agreement, connection; sequel, continuation; set; mortgage. De mite, together, one after another. Tout de suite, immediately, altogether, at once. Dans la suite du temps, in time, in process of time, in succeeding times. V. Ensuite.

SUIVANT, E, sûl-vên, vênt, adj. next, following. Une demoiselle suivante, a waiting gentlewoman. Un gentilhomme mirant, a

gentleman waiter

SULVANT, sull-ven, s. m. the next.

SUIVANT, prep. according or agreeable or pursuant to. Suivant que, as, according as. Suiven, v. a. to tallow. Suiver un vaisseau, Mar. to grave a ship, pay a ship's bot-

SUIVI, E, adj. followed, etc. V. Suivre; also coherent; contrived, laid; flocked to or

frequented.
SUIVER, shivr, v. a. to follow, go or come after, guard, attend, accompany, wait upon, go along with, pursue, prosecute, give way to, gratify, indulge one's self in; (la loi) to comform to. bar, bat, base: thère, ebb, over: field, fig: robe, rob, lord: mood, good.

SURPERTE, s. f. Mar. guy (extending from the head of the main mast to that of the fore mast, to which a tackle is fixed for hoisting in or out weighty goods in merchant ships.) Surpentes des busses vergues. V. Suspente.

SURPLIS, sår-plf, s. m. surplice.

SURPLOMB, s. m. slopeness (not plumb.)

SURPLUMBER, v. n. to slope, not be plumb. SURPLUS, sur-plu, s. m. over-plus, remainder, surplus, surplusage. Au surplus, furthermore, for the rest. Pour le surplus, moreover, besides.

SURPOIDS, S. m. over-plus (in weight.)
SURPERANT. z. sur-pre-nen, nent, adj.
surprising, wonderful, strange, amazing, unexpected, unlooked for.

SURPRENDRE, sår-prendr, v. a. (like presidre) to surprise, to take napping, come unawares upon, interrupt, amaze, astonish, overreach, abuse, deceive, circumvent, impose upon, be too cunning for, get surrepti-tiously, (des lettres) to intercept. La nuit me surprit, night overtook me. La pluie nous

surprit, we were caught in the rain.
Surprendre, Mar. Nous surprimes au mouillage un longre qui débarquoit de la contrebande, we came unawares on a lugger at anchor that was landing smuggled goods. Ce vaisseau fut surpris par le grain ayant toutes voiles dehors, that ship was caught in the squall with every sail set.

SURPRIS, E, adj. (from Surprendre) surprised, etc.

SURPRISE, surprise or surprising, amazement, oversight, errour, mistake, cheat, fraud, trick, deceit, fallacy, abuse, copiousnes

SURSAUT. sûr-so, s. m. surprise, sudden surprise. S'éveiller en sursaut, to start out of

one's sleep.

SURSÉANCE, sår-så-èns, s. f. demurrer, stop put to the proceedings.

SURSENER, sûrs-må, v. a. to sow over

SURSEOIR, sår-swar, v. a. to suspend, de-mur, put off, stop, reprieve. Surseoir au jugement d'un procès, to put off the judgment of a cause.

SURSEUIL, s. m. head piece of a door, limel. Sursis, E, adj. (from Surseoir) superseded, put off, stopped, etc.

Sunsis, sur-si, s. m. demurrer, delay, re-

SURSOLIDE, s. m. sursolid.

SURSTARIE, s. f. Mar. demurrage.

SURTAUX, sûr-tô, s.m. over-assessment. SURTAXER, sûr-tâk-sâ, v. a. to over-rate,

SURTOUT, sûr-tôc, s. m. surtout, upper coat. V. Surtout at Sur. Survivre. SURVÉCU, part. V. Survivre. SURVELLANCE, s. f. superintendence, in-

spection.

SURVEILLANT, sur-ve-len, s. m. inspector,

overseer, overlooker. SURVEILLE, sûr-vêl, s. f. day before yes-

terday, two days before SURVEILLER, sur-ve-la, à or sur, v. n. to

inspect, oversee, overlook, have an eye upon, "SURVENANCE, sorv-nens, s. f. coming in

unexpectedly, sudden arrival

Survenant, e. sdrv-nėn, nėnt, adj. & s.

that comes in by chance, chance guest.
SURVENDRE, sur-vendr, v a. to sell too dear, exact, over-rate.

SURVENDU, E, adj. (from Survendre) sold too dear, etc.

SURVENIR, surv-nir, v. n. (like venir) to come in unlooked for or unexpectedly.

SURVENTE, sūrv-vėnt, s. f. overrate, excessive rate, selling extravagantly dear.

SURVENTER, v. n. Mar. to over-blow blow hard. Si les vents passent au sudouest, il surventera, should the wind fly round to the south-west it will blow hard.

SURVENU, E, adj. come upon suddenly,

come in unlooked for.

SURVENU, s. m. Ex. A la santé des marcenans et des survenus, here is a health to all the chance-guests come or to come in. SURVIDER, sûr-vî-dâ, v. a. to lighten a

vessel or sack which is too full.

SURVIE, sûr-vi, s. f. survivance, out-living.

SURVIVANCE, sur-vi-vens, s. f. survivorship, reversion.

SURVIVANCIER, sûr-vî-vên-sîa, s. m. be that has got a reversion or survivorship.

SURVIVANT, E, sår-vi-ven, vent, s. m. & f. survivor, longest liver.

SURVIVRE, sår-vlvr, à, v. n. (like viere) to survive, out-live. Il a startecu à son home he has outlived his character. Se surviere à soi-nuême, to lose one's faculties.

Sus, sits, interj. up, come, come on, come

away.

Sus, prep. (sur) Ex. Courir sus à quelqu'un, to fall upon one. En sus, besides, over and above, more.

SUSCRPTIBILITÉ, s. f. susceptibility. Susceptible, sû-sêp-tîbl, adj. suscepti-

ble, capable. Susception, sh-sep-sion, s. f. susception,

taking or going (into holy orders.)
Suscitation, su-si-th-slon, s. f. solicita-

tion, motion, instigation, persuasion.
Susciter, så-så-tå, v. a. to raise, raise

up, create.
Suscription, sus-krip-slon, s. f. super-scription, direction (of a letter.)
*Suspit, E, sus-di, dit, adj. aforesaid, before or above mentioned.

Suserain, V. Suzerain.

Suspect, E, sås-pekt, adj. suspicious, suspected, mistrusted.

SUSPECTER, v. a. to suspect. SUSPENDRE, sus-pendr, v. a. to hang up, hang; to suspend; put off, stop, delay, stay, supersede; to keep in suspense or doubt.
Suspendu, E, adj. hanged up, etc. V.

Suspendre.

Suspens, sûs-pen, adj. m. Ex. Prêtre sus-pens, priest suspended. En suspens, in suspense, in doubt, in a quandary, still depend-

ing, undecided.

SUSPENSE, sus-pens, s. f. suspension. Execusivense, to be suspended.

SUSPENSI-F, VR, adj. suspending.

Suspension, suspension, s. f. suspension. cessation.

Suspensoire, sus-pen-swar, s. m. suspender, truss.

Suspenses, s. f. Mar. sling. Suspenses des basses rergues, slings of the lower yards.

Suspicion, sus-pl-sion, s. f. suspicion.

base, bût : jeune, meute, beurre ! enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

SUSTENTATION, s. f. sustenance. SUSTENTER, sus-ten-th, v. a. to sustain, maintain, feed or keep alive (with food.)
SUTURE, sil-tur, s. f. suture. Les sutures

dx crane, the sutures or seams in the skull.

SUZERAIN, E, sůz-rin, adj. paramount. Seigneur sucerain, lord paramount.

SUZERAINETÉ, sůz-rên-ta, s. f. quality of

the lord paramount. SVELTE, svelt, adj. fine, slender, slim (in painting.)

STRILLE, V. Sibylle.

Sycomore, s-kô-môr. s. m. sycamore-tree. SYCOPHANTE, si-ko-fent, s. m. sycophant.

SYLLABAIRE, s. m. primer. SYLLABE, sl-lab, s. i. syllable. SYLLABIQUE, sl-la-bik, adj. syllabical.

STLLOGISHE, sl-lo-zlsm, s. m. syllogism. STLLOGISTIQUE, sl-lo-zls-tlk, adj. syllogistical.

SYLPHE, SYLPHIDE, silf, sil-fid, s. m. sylph, aerial genius.
SYLVAIN, sil-vin, s. m. Sylvan (a god of

the woods.)

SYMBOLE, sin-bôl, s. m. symbol, badge, sign or token; creed.

SYMBOLIQUE, sin-bô-lîk, adj. symbolical. SYMBOLISER, sin-bo-ff-za, v. n. to symbolize, concur.

SYMÉTRIE, si-ma-tri, s. f. symmetry, due proportion of parts, uniformity

Symétrique, si-mà-trik, adj. symmetrical. Symétriquement, si-mà-trik-mèn, adv. with symmetry.

Symétrisér, sî-mâ-trî-zà, v. n. to be or stand in symmetry.

STMPATHIE, sin-på-ti, s. f. sympathy. STMPATHIQUE, sin-på-tik, adj. sympathetick or sympathetical.

Sympathiser, sin-på-ti-2å, v. n. to sympathize.

Symphonie, sin-so-ni, s. s. symphony, harmony, concert.

Symphonistz, sin-fo-nist, s. m. symphonist, performer, composer.

SYMPHYSE, s. f. symphysis. SYMPOSIAQUE, s. m. symposiack or philo-

sophical table-talk. Symptomatique, sisp-tô-mà-tìk,

symptomatick or symptomatical.

Symptomatical of symptom, singularity, symptom. Synacogus, si-nå-gög, s. f. synagogue. Synalèpha.

SYNARTHROSE, s. f. synarthrosis.
SYNCHONDROSE, s. f. synchrondrosis.
SYNCHRONE, adj. synchronous, synchroni-

SYNCHRONISME, s. m. synchronism. Syncope, sin-kop, s. f. syncope, swoon.

STRERETISME, s. m. syncratism, reconciliation of different sects.

SYNDÉRÈSE, sin-dà-rèz, s. f. remorse, prick or sting of conscience.

SYNDIC, sin-dìk, s. m. syndick.

SYNDICAL, z., sin-dì-kà, s. m. syndical.

SYNDICAT, sin-dì-kà, s. m. syndicate or syndickship, syndick's place.

SYNDIQUER, v. a. to syndicate, criticise upon, find fault with.

SYNECDOCHE, st-nek-dosh, s. f. synecdoche. STREESE, s. f. synocphonesis. SYNÉVROSE, s. f. sineurosis. SYNODAL, E, sl-nd-dål, adj. synodal.

Synodalement, sî-nô-dâl-mêr, adv. in a synod or convocation,

SYNODE. sl-nod, s. m. synod or convocation.

SYNODIQUE, si-no-dik, adj. synodick. SYNONYME, s. m. synonymous word. Bynonywes, synonyma.

SYNONYMIE, sl-no-nl-mi, s. f. synonymy.

SYNOPTIQUE, adj. synoptical.

SYNOQUE, adj. & s. f. synochus, synocha. SYNOVIAL, adj. Ex. Glundes synoriales, synovial glands.

SYNOVIE, s. f. synovy, mucilage of the joints.

SYNTAXE, sin-taks, s. f. syntax, construction of words and phrases.

SYNTHESE, sin-tez, s. f. synthesis.

SYNTHÉTIQUE, sin-th-tik, adj. synthetick. SYNTHÉTIQUEMENT, adv. by a synthetick method.

Syringue, V. Seringue, and its derivatives accordingly.

STRINGOTOMIE, s. m. syringotomy.

STROP, V. Sirop.

SYRTES, s. f. V. Sires Systematique, sis-in-ma-uk, adj. systematical.

Systématiquement, sis-tà-mà-tik-mèn, adv. systematically.

Système, als-tem, s. m. system, hypothesis; supposition. scheme, project, plan, state or posture (of affairs at court.)

Systole.

T, ta, te, s. m. 20th letter of the Frence alphabet.
TA, th, (fem. of Ton) thy.

TABAC, ta-ba, s. m. tobacco; (en poudre) anuff.

Tabagie, tà-bà-zi, s. f. smoking-room ; set of smokers; small box for tobacco, pipes, and the smoking-utensils.

Tabarin, tå-bå-rin, s. m. merty-andrew, jack-pudding.

Tabarinage, tå-bå-rl-nåz, s. m. buffoone ry, merry-andrew's tricks.

TABATIERE, the bit eller, s. f. snuff-box.

TABELLION, thebellon, s. m. notary or

scrivener. TABELLIONAGE, tà-bê-llò-nàz, s. m. nota-

ry's place or office

TABERNACLE, tå-ber-nakl, s.m. tabernacle. TABIDE, thebid, adj. tabid, consumptive. TABIS, thebi, s. m. labby.

TABISER, ta-bl-sa, v. a. to make tabby-like.

TABLATURE, tâ-blà-tùr, s. f. musick-book.

Donner de la tablature à, to puzzle, nonplus, cut out work for, create trouble to.

TABLE, table, s. f. table, board, house; (de cuisine) dresser. Tables (pour jouer au trictruc) men. Toutes tables, backgrammon. Diamant) en table, with a flat surface. Tables, Mar. Table de loch, log board, traverse table. Tables de la route d'un bûtément, tables

of the route of a ship.

TABLEAU, th-blo, s. m. picture, description, representation, list, catalogue. Tableau (de vausseau,) Mar. teffarel, flat part of the taffarel between the cove and the upper moulding whereve is placed some sculpture bearing an allusion to the ship's name.

bar, bat, base : there, ebb, over : field, fig : robe, rob. lord : mood, good.

set or play one's men, to rely, depend; to feast, make merry

TABLETIER, tabl-tfå, s. m. toy-mau, maker of backgammon tables or chess-boards.

Tabletière, s. f. toy-woman, one that keeps a toy-shop.

TABLETTE, tå-blet,s. f. shelf; lozenge, physical lozenge; (in printing) bank. Tublettes, memorandum book with ivory leaves. Tablette, Mar. rising staff, form or scale used hy ship wrights when erecting the frames of the timbers.

TABLETTERIE, tå-blêt-ri, s. f. toys, toy-

man's business,

TABLIER, th-bil-h, s. m. chess-board; apron. Tablier des voiles, Mar. tabling in the bunt of top sails.

TABOURET, tâ-bôo-rê, s. m. stool, low stool,

cricket; sort of plant.

TABOURIN, etc. V. Tambourin.

TAC, tak, s. m. rot among sheep.

TAC-TAC, s. m. tick-tack (noise regularly repeated.)
TACET, s. m. Ex. Faire le tacet en musique,

to make a pause in musick.

TACHE, tash, s. f. stain, spot, blot, speck; freckle; blur, blemish, defect.

TACHE, s. f. task.

TACHEOGRAPHIE, V. Tachygraphie

TACHER, th-sha, v. a. to stain, spot, dirty, blur, blemish. Tacher, (de) v. n. to endea vour, strive, labour, attempt, strain; tacher à, aim at.

TACHETER, tåsh-tå, v. a. to speckle or spot. TACHYGRAPHIE, adj. tachygraphy, short-

hand.

TACHYGRAPHIQUE, adj. of or belonging

to short-hand.
TACITE, th-sit, adj. tacit, not expressed, implied, silent.

TACITEMENT, ta-sh-men, adv. tacitly, implicitly, silently.

TACITURNE, tå-sl-tårn, adj. silent, of few

words, reserved. TACITURNITÉ, tå-si-tår-ni-tå, s. f. tacitur-

nity, silent humour, silence.

TACT, takt, s. m. feeling, touch, quick per-

ception: correct judgment in matters of taste.
TACTILE, adj. tactile.
TACTION, s. f. taction.

TACTIQUE, tak-tik, s. f. tacticks, military Tactique navale, discipline or manoeuvres. naval tacticks.

TAPETAS or TAPPETAS, taf-ta, s.m. taffeta. Tapia, ta-fil, s. m. rum.

TAGE, s. m. Tagus.

TATAUT, (cri des chasseurs) tally ho.

TAIE, te, s. f. pearl or web (in the eye:) (d'oreiller) pillow-beer; (d'un lit de plume) tick.

TAILLABLE, ta-tabl, adj. liable to the land-

tax or poll-tax.

TAILLADE, the-lad, s. f. slash, gash, cut. TAILLADER, the-la-da, v. a. to slash, gash, cut.

TAILLANDERIE, ta-len-dri, s. f. iron-ware. TAILLANDIER, thelen-dia, s. m. iron-mon-

TAILLANT, the-len, s. m. edge (of a knife, etc.) TAILLE, tal, s. f. (d'une épée) edge; cut, cutting; seam; (de la rigne) cutting, dress-! lower end; (de rasoir) tongue; (aux caries)

TABLER, thebla, v. n. (at backgammon) to || ing : (des arbres) pruning, lopping; cut, print; tally, score; size, stature, pitch; shape, waist; (de momoie) proportion, stated part; tallage; tax, subsidy; coppice-wood, (in surgery) cutting for the stone; (in musick) tenor. Pierre de taille, free stone. Taille de bois, wood cut. Taille-douce, cut or print from a copper plate (done with the graver alone.) Taille réelle, land-tax. Taille personnelle, poll-tax. Tailles de point or tailles de fond, Mar.

tacks. TAILLE, E, adj. (from Taillir) cut, etc. also shaped, cut out for or born to. Vetre fregate est bien taille pour la marche, your

frigate is built for sailing.

TAILLE-MER, s. m. Mar. cut water, gripe or lowest part of the ship's cut water.

TAILLER, the la, v. a. to cut, cut out; (ia

vigne) to cut, dress; (des arbres) to prune. lop; (la soupe) to cut slices of bread for; (des pierres) to cut, hew; (une plume) to make, mend

Tailler, v. n. (à certains jeux de cartes) to deal, play; (tailler de l'avant) Mar. to go

fast through the water.

TAILLEUR, ta-leur, s.m. tailor ;(de pierres) cutter; (de monnoie) engraver; (à la bassette, etc.) banker.

Taillis, ta-il, adj. & s. m. Ex. Bois taillis, or taillis, s. m. coppice-wood or copse,

coppies or under-wood.

Talllois, the war, s. m. trencher (in architecture.) V. Abaque.

Talllois, the long s. m. tax raised towards

the maintenance of the gendarmes. TAILLURE, s. f. (terme de brodeur) patch. TAIN, tist, s. m. tin-plate (for mirrors.)

TAIRE, ter, v. a. to conceal, keep close or secret. Se taire, v. r. to hold one's tongue or peace or prattling, be silent, keep silence, forbear talking, be quiet or still, make no noise, be hush, yield, acquiesce, obey. Faire taire, to command or impose silence, silence, stop the mouth of, make hold his tongue, hush, still, make (a noise) cease.

TAISSON, tê-son, s. m. badger. V. Tesson. TALAPOIN, s. m. eastern mendicant, hea-

then mouk sort of ane.

TALC, talk, s. m. talcum or talk (transparent stone.)

TALED, s. m. veil used by the Jews in.

their synagogues.

TALENT, ta-len, s. m. talent, or sum of money among the ancients; talent, gift, en-

dowment, parts, ability, capacity.

TALINGUER, V. Etalinguer.

TALION, tå-llon, s. m. retaliation, like for

TALISMAN, tå-lls-men, s. m. talisman. TALISMANIQUE, ta-lls-ma-ulk, adj. talismanick.

TALISMANISTE, s. m. talismanist.

TALLE, s. f. sprig that shoots at the foot of a tree.

TALLER, v. a. to shoot forth sprigs at the foot (said of a tree.)

TALMOUSE, tall-mooz, s. f. cheese-cake.

TALMUD, s. m. talmud.

TALMUDIQUE, adj. talmudical.

TALMUDISTE, s. m. talmudist.

*TALOCHE, ta-losh, s. f. rap, cuff.
TALOR, ti-lon, s. m. heel; spur; (de pique)

base, bat : jeune, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

cards that remain after dealing. Montrer les talons, to make off. Mar. (de la quille) heel (after part of the keel into which the foot of

the stern post is tenoned.)

Talonner, tå-lö-nå, v. a. to kick, urge or press hard, be close at the heels of, pursue or follow close. Mar. to strike with the (vessel's) heel. Le bâtiment talonna de manière a nous faire craindre pour le gouvernail, the ship struck with her heel so as to put us in fear for the rudder.

Talonnier, s. m. beel-maker

TALONNIÈRE, tà-lò-nièr, s. f. Ex. Les talonnières de Mercure, the winged shoes of Mercury. Talonnières de moine, heel-pieces tied over the instep of a monk.

Talus, ta-lu, s. m. slope, shelving.

Taluter, ta-lu-ta, v. a. to make sloping

or shelving.

TAMARIN, tå-må-rin, s. m. tamarind.

TAMARIS or TAMARISE, s. m. tamarisk, a

shrub.

TAMBOUR, ten-boor, s. m. tambour, drum, drummer; (de basque) tambour; (d'une montre) barrel; (de jeu de paume) tambour: (in architecture) tambour or vase; (de menuiserie) portal. Tambour de l'éperon, Mar. wash-boards under the cheeks, doubling of the cut water. Tumbour de la roue, (or de la sole) du gouver-nail, barrel of the steering wheel.

Tambouris, tên-bôo-rin, s. m. timbrel, tabourine, tabouret, tabret, tambarine; also ta-

bourer.

Tambouriner, ten-boo-rl-na, v. n. to ta-bour, drum, beat the drum or timbrel.

Tambourineur, ten-boo-ri-neur, s. m.

drummer, tabourer.

Tamis, ta-mi, s. m. serse or sieve.

TAMISAILLE or TAMISE, s. f. sweep of the tiller.

Tamiser, tå-ml-zå, v. a. to bolt or sift. Mar. to let the wind through (as sails worn very thin.) Ces voiles neuves ne tamisent point, mais nos vieilles voiles tumisoient beaucoup. these new sails hold the wind well, but our old ones let it all through.

TAMPON, ten-pon, s. in. bung, stopple, stop-per, plug. Tumpon, Mar. plug. V. Ecubiers.

Tumpon de canons, tompions.

Tamponnen, tèn-pô-nà, v. n. to bung or

stop up.

TAN, ten, s. m. tan (bark.)

TANAISIE, s. f. (herb) tausy.

TANCEE, ten-sa, v. a. to check, rebuke,

reprimand, scold at.

Tanche, tensh, s. f. tench (fish.)

Tanche que, ten-dl-ke, conj. whilst, as long

as, so long as.

TARGAGE, s. m. Mar. pitching. Ce bariment a le tangage bien doux, that ship pitches

very easy.

TARGENTE, ten-zent, s. f. tangent, tangent

TANGUER, v. a. Mar. to pitch. Nous tanguons beaucoup pour le peu de mer qu'il y a, we pitch very much for the little sea there is.

TANGUEURS, s. m. pl. lumpers. TANIÈRE, tà-nièr, s. f. hole, lurking-hole,

TANNERS, Naturelly, S. J. Andr., J. Andr., dem (of beasts.)

TANNER, S. f. little black spot on the face or hard pimple growing in the pores of the skin.

TANNER, tå-nå, v. a. to tan; to tire, tease.

TANNERIE, tån-rl, s. f. tan-house.

Tanneur, tà-nêur, s. m. tander.

Tunneuse, s. f. tanner's wife or widow.

TANQUEURS, s. m. pl. quay-porters. TANT, ten, (arec de) so much, as much (in sing.) so many, as many (in pl.) Soicante et tant de guinées, threescore and odd guineas. Nous sommes tant à tunt, (au jeu) we are Tous tunt que nous sommes, every one even. Tant, adv. so much, so very, so very so, to that degree. Tant-que, both of us. much, so, to that degree. Tant petits que grands, both small and Tunt de part que d'autre, on both Tant plein que vide, full or empty. aud. great sides. Tant bon que manvais, good and bad. plus tant moins, the more the less. Tant plus rous l'obligerez, moins il vous aimera, the more you oblige him, the less he will love you. Tant plus que moins, more or less or thereabouts. Tant et plus, very much, exthereabouts. Tant et plus, very much, extremely. Tant mieux, so much the better. Tant pis tant Tant pis, so much the worse. mieux, be it so or not, it is all one to me.

Tant y a que, however it be. Si tant est, if
so be. Tant que, as long as, so long as. Tant
que, as far as, so far as. En tant que, as, considered as. Faire tant que, to labour or endeavour so far that, contrive it so that, go so far as to, do so much as to. Tant s'en faut, falloit, etc. V. Fulloir.

TANTE, tent, s. f. aunt.

TANTIN or TANTINET, s. m. liule bit, drop,

spoonful, mouthful, etc.

TANTOT, ten-to, adv. sometimes, now and then, one while, another time; anon, by and by, presently, forthwith; a little while ago; almost.

TAON, ton, s. m. ox-fly; dun-fly, brize or gad-fly. Taon marin, s. m. sea-brize.

TAPABOR, s. m. riding cap. TAPAGE, tå-påz, s. m. racket, noise. TAPAGEUR, tå-på-zeur, s. m. noisy fellow.

Tapagimini, s. m. noisy.

TAPE, tap, s. f. tap, pat or slap. Tape de canon, Mar. tompion. Les tapes uux canons, put in your tompions.

TAPECU, tap-ka, or TAPEAU, s. m. sort of

swipe or falling gate. Tapera, Mar. driver.
TAPER, tapa, v. a. to rap, slap or strike;
(see chereux) to frizzle; (du pied) to stamp
(with one's feet.) Mar. Taper les camons, to put the tompions in the muzzle of the guns.

TAPI, E, adj. squat TAPINOIS, [EN] cn-tâ-pl-nwa, adv. sc-cretly, cunningly, covertly. TAPIR, (SE) sê-tâ-plr, v. irr. to squat or

lie squat, crouch.

TAPIS, lapl, s. m. a carpet; (rert) a green or a grass-plot. Metre sur le topis, to bring (one) upon the stage, speak of or for, pro-pound, move. Amuser le topis, to trifle, say nothing to the purpose.

TAPISSER, tapl-sa, v. a. to hang or furnish with hangings, deck.

TAPISSERIE, tapls-rl, s. f. hangings, suit

of hangings; tapestry.
TAPISSIER, ia-pl-sla, s. m. tapestry-maker,

upholsterer.

Tapissière, tà-pl-slèr, s. f. upholsterer's wife; tapestry-maker.

TAPON, s. m. bundle (of linen, silk, etc.) TAPOTER, tå po-ta, v. a. to pat, tap. TAPURE, s. f. frizzling (of hair.)

bar, bat, base : thère, eth, over: fleid, fig: robe, rob, lord: mood, good.

TAQUER, v. a. (in printing) to plane (the form) down.

TAQUET, s. m. Mar. cleat, kevel, wedge, &c. Taquets de manœuvres, cleats. Taquets simples, cleats (formed nearly in the shape of a wedge, and used to support or chuck up any weighty body.) Taquets à cœus or à oreilles or de tournage, kevels. Taquets à corne, or de tournage, keves.

common belaying cleats.

Taquets à dent or à gueule, snatch cleats.

Taquets de beaupré, saddle of the bowsprit.

Taquets de cabestan, whelps of a capstan.

Taquets de rergues,

Taquets de rergues, bout de vergue, cleats of the yerd arms. Taquets du guindant or du vindaz, whelps of the windlass. Taquets de fer, hanging clamps. Taquets de mit, cleats on the lower masss serving to support the collars of the stays; (coins) wedges to confine a mast in the partners. Taquets de la barre du gouvernail, gooseneck of the tiller. Taquets de hune, knees of a top. Taquets d'échelle, steps which are nailed on the gang-way (to ascend and descend a ship's sides.)

TAQUIN, E, thekin, kln, adj. niggardly, penurious, sordid, covetous, stingy; also refrac-

tory, stubborn, sullen.

TAQUIN, s. m. niggardly man, miser. TAQUINEMENT, la-dn-men, adv. niggard-

ly, penuriously, sordidly, pitifully.

TAQUINERIE, the Mu-ri, s. f. penuriousness,

sordidness, niggardliness; covetousness, stinginess.

TAQUOIR, s. m. (in printing) planer.
TAQUON, s. m. (in printing) platen.
TARABUSTER, there-baseth, v. a. to pester, plague, tease (by unseasonable talk.)
TARANDE, s. m. kind of wild beast.

TARARE, th-rar, interj. fiddle-stick! also

fan (to wisston grain.)
TARAU, tâ-rô, s. m. screwtap.
TARAUDER, tâ-rô-dâ, v. a. to bore through
and make a hole so as to fit a screw.

Tard, tår, adv. late.

TARD, s. m. Ex. sur le tard, late in the evening. Il se fait tard, it grows late. Au plus tard, pour le plus tard, at farthest.

TARDER, târ-dâ, v. n. to tarry or stay, put off, delay, linger, dally, loiter. Tarder à quel-

gu'un de faire or qu'une chose se fusse, to think the time long before one does or before a thing is done. (Hence, il me tarde, I long. Il his tarde, he longs or she longs, etc.) TARDI-F, VE, thr-dff, div, adj. tardy, late, slow, lingering; backward, that comes too

"TARDIVEMENT, tar-div-men, adv. slowly, slackly.

*TARDIVETÉ, s. f. tardity, slowness, slack-

TARE, tar, s. f. tare and tret, waste of goods; blemish, defect, default.

TARRAU, V. Taran

TARÉ, E, adj. blemished, corrupted, de-praved, vitiated.

TARENTISME, theren-tism, s. m. sickness said to be caused by the bite of the tarantula.

TARENTULE, th-ren-tul, s. f. tarantula. TARER, v. a. to cause waste of goods; to blemish; to weigh a vessel before filling it.

TARGE, tarz, s. f. target, shield.
TARGETTE, tar-zet, s. f. little bolt or hasp (to fasten doors, seinderes, etc.)

TARGUER, (sz.) så-tår-gå, v. r. to pretend to, stand upon, be proud of. TARI, z., adj. dried up, drained. TARIZEZ, tå-råer, z. f., auger or winble.

Bout or cuiller de la tarière, the auger-bit. Tige or verge de la tarière, shank of the auger. Manche de la tarière, trough of the auger. Tarière de douce lignes, an inch an-

TARIF, therif, s. m. custom book, book of rates, tariff.

TARIFER, v. a. to reduce to a tariff.
TARIF, therir, v. a. to drain or dry up, exhaust, stop, put a stop to. Tarir, v. a. to dry up or be dried up. Ne point tarir sur, to be inexhaustible upon.

TARISSABLE, tå-ri-sabl, adj. that can be drained.

TARISSEMENT, tå-rls-men, s. m. draining

or drying up.
TAROT, th-ro, s. m. bassoon. Tarets, cards checkered on the back.

TAROTÉ, E, tà-ro-tà, adj. (parlant de car-

les) checkered on the back.

TAROUTE, s. f. hair grown between the

eye-brows, space between them.

TARSE, s. m. Tarsus; also part of the foot; leg (of quadrupeds and birds;) artery of the eye-lid.

TARTANE, thr-thn, s. f. Mar. Taran or

Tartane (a small vessel in the Mediterra-

TARTARE, tar-tar, adj. Tartar, Tartarian. of Tartary.

TARTARE, s. m. Tartar or Tartarus; Tar-

TARTARES, us. American speech or language.
TARTARES, SR, tar-ta-reu, reuz, adjuartareous, consisting of tartar.
TARTARES, S. f. Tartary.

TARTARISER, v. R. to tartarize.

TARTE, tart, s. f. tart. TARTELETTE, tart-let, s. f. little tart.

TARTRE, tartr, s. m. tartar, argal, hard ices.

TARTUFE, thr-thf, s. m. hypocrite.

TARTUFERIE, s. f. hypocrisy. "TARTUFIER, v. n. to cant, be an hypo-

Tas, ta, s. m. heap; (of persons) gang, set.

pack; (de gerbes) shock.

TASSE, tas, s. f. cup, bowl, drinking cup.

TASSEAU, ta-so, s. m. little anvil; brack-

TASSES, s. f. bowl-full, a cup-full.
TASSER, th-sh, v. a. to heap up. Tasse.
v. n. to grow, multiply, grow thick.
TASSETTE, s. f. tass. Ex. Tassettes de cui-

rasse, tasses of a cuirass.

TATA, s. m. leading-strings (for children) TATEPOULE, thi-pool, s. m. cotquean.

TATER, tà-tà, v. a. to feel, fumble; try. pump. Tâter le pavé, to demur, boggie, go about the bush. Tâter de, to taste. Se tâter, v. r. to sound or examine one's self; also tam-per with one's self. Tâter, Mar. to feel. seek, etc. A force de tôter la marche du hi-timent, nous finirens par la trouver, by dint of seeking for the ship's trim we shall find it at

TATEUR, ta-teur, s. m. (de vin) conner or

taster; feeler, fumbler; boggler, irresolute man

base, but : jeune, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brunt.

TATILLON; s m. meddler, meddling man [or Woman.

TATILLONAGE, ta-tl-lo-naz, s. m. meddling. TATILLONER,

tå-tl-/8-nå, v. n. to be a meddler, be meddling.

"Tatiner, v. a. to grope, feel over and

over. TATONNEMENT, ta-ton-men, s. m. feeling

in the dark, etc.

TATONNER, ta-to-na, v. a. to feel, fumble, grope: v. n. to grope along, grope, feel one's Way; also to boggle, demur, be irresolute.

ATONNEU-R, SE, tå-tô-neur, neuz, s. m. & f. fumbler.

TATORS, (A.) 8-th-ton, adv. groping or groping along in the dark, uncertainly.

TAUDION, s. m. V. Taudis.

TAUDIS, tò-di, s. m. paitry house or lodging, place in confusion.
TAUPE, top, s. f. mole.
TAUPIER, to plit, s. m. nfole-catcher.

TAUPIERE, to-pier, s. f. mole-trap.

*TAUPIN, E, adj. & s. black, that has black hair; black, swarthy creature. French militia under Charles VII.

TAUPINAMBOUR, s. m. potatoe. V. Topirambour.

TAUPINÉE or TAUPINIÈRE, tô-pî-nièr, s. f. mole-hill.

Taune, tor, s. f. beiser.

TAUREAU, tô-rô, s. m. bull; Taurus (à celestial sign.) Taureau, Mar. two hauded saw. TAUROBOLE, s. m. sacrifice of a bull.

TAUTOGRAMME, adj. & s. m. poem in which all the words begin with the same letter.

TAUTOLOGIE, to-10-10-21, s. f. tautology, needless repetition.

TAUTOLOGIQUE, adj. tautological.

TAUX, to, s. m. rate, price, assize, assess-

TAVAIOLLE, th-va-yol, s. f. child's mantle. TAVELER, tav-la, v. a. to spot, speckle. Se taveler, v. r. to grow or become brindled.

TAVELLE, s. f. small edging-lace, crown-

TAVELURE, tåv-lår, s. f. spots, speckles. TAVERNE, tå-vern, s. f. paltry tavern. TAVERNIER, tå-ver-niå, s. m. vintner, ta-

vern-keeper.

Tavernière, s. f. vintner's wife, tavernkeeper's wife.

TAXATEUR, s. in. principally said of the clerk who settles the prices of letters at the post office.

TAXATION, s. f. the act of taxing.

TAXATIONS, tak-sa-slon, s. f. pl. exchequer

rs, poundage.
TAXE, taks, s. f. rate or price, assize; tax, essment; tax or fine.

Taxer, thk-sh, v. a. to rate or set a rate upon, settle the price of, tax, lay a tax upon, sees, fine; charge, accuse, blame. TE, ie, pron. thee, thyself, to thee, to thy-

self, etc.

TECHNIQUE, tek-nik, adj. technical, be-

longing to the arts.
The Drum, s. m. Te Deum. Chanter le Te Deum, to sing Te Deum.

TEDIEU-1, sz, adj. tedious.

TEGUMENT, the gu-men, s. m. tegument. TEIGNASSE, te-guas, s. f. rusty wig, nasty head of hair.

Trigne, tegn, s. f. scurf or scall on the head; moth, worm; thick weed or strangled

Weed.
TEIGNERIE, s. f. hospital for those that are troubled with the scurf.

TEIGNEU-x. se, tê-gnêu. gnêuz, adj. scur-

fy, troubled with the scurf, scald-headed.
Telexon, s. m. nasty greasy head of hair, frowzy bead.

Teignonke, adj. f. (il se dit d'une femme

mal coiffée) frow zy.
TEILLE, têl, s. f. rind of hemp or flax.

TEILLER, te-fa, v. a. to peel hemp or

TEINDRE, tindr, v. a. (see the table at eindre) to dye or colour, stain.

TEINT, E, adj. dyed, etc.

TEINT, tint, s. m. dye or hue, complexion, colour (of one's face.)

TEINTE, tint, s. f. teint. Demi-teinte, mez-

TEINTURE, tin-tur, s. f. dying or tincture; die, hue, colour; tincture, smattering, superficial knowledge, impression, habit.

TRINTURERIE, s. f. dye-house.

TEINTURIER, in-tid-fla. s. m. dyer.
Teinturière, s. f. dyer's wife or widow.
TEL, Le, tél, adj. such, like. Tel maitre,
tel ralet, like master, like man. Tel quel, so so; indifferent, mean.

TÉLÉGRAPHE, s. m. telegraph.

TÉLESCOPE, th. lès-kôp, s. m. telescope.

TELLEMENT, têl-mên, adv. so, in such a manner. Tellement quellement; so so, indifferently, pretty well.

TÉMÉRATRE, ta-ma-rer, adj. & s. rash, bold, fool-hardy, inconsiderate, unadvised, indiscreet; rash man or woman.

TEMERAIREMENT, ta-ma-rer-men, adv. rashly, unadvisedly, inconsiderately, head-

long, at random.
Temerite, ta-ma-rl-ta, s. f. rashness, temerity, fool-hardiness.

TEMOIGNAGE, tā-mwā-gnāz, s. m. testimo-ny, report, witness, evidence, deposition; proof, token, mark, sign; certificate, testimonial; (d'une personne) character. Porter temoignage, to bear witness, be a witness.

TEMOIGNER, ta-mwa-gna, v. a. to testify, show, demonstrate, express, make known, make appear, take notice of, depose, give in one's evidence. Timoigner du mepris, de la *joie*, to show contempt, *cic*.

TÉMOIN, the inwin, s. m. witness, evidence, deponent, proof, testimony. En timoin_de quoi, in testimony or witness whereof. timoin de, to witness, testify. Dieu m'en est témoin, God knows I speak the truth.

TEMPE, tenp, s. f. temple (of the head.)

ten-på-ra-men, s. m. TEMPÉRAMENT, temper, constitution; temperament, medium, mean, modification.

TEMPERANCE, ten-pa-rens, s. f. temperance, moderation, soberness

TEMPÉRANT, TE, ten-på-ren, rent, adj' temperate, moderate, sober

TEMPÉRATURE, ten-pa-ra-tur, s. f. tem . perateness, temperature.

TEMPERE, E. tin-part, adj. (from timperer,) tempered, allayed, etc., temperate, nel-ther too hot nor too cold, in a good temper, sober, moderate.

TEMPÉRER, ten-pa-ra, v. a. to temper, al

bar, bat, base: there, ebb, over field, fig: robe, rob, lord: mood, good.

lay, qualify, moderate, abate, rule, govern, restrain.

Tempestueu-x, se, ten-pe-to-eu, euz,

adj. tempestuous, stormy.
TEMPETE, ten-pet, s. f. tempest, storm;

thundering noise, great bustle; commotion, sedition, trouble.

TEMPETER, ten-pe-ta, v. n. to storm, bluster, make a heavy noise, rage.

TEMPÉTURU-X, SE, adj. tempestuous, stormy.

TEMPLE, tenpl, s. m. temple, church.

TEMPLET, ten-ple, s. m. (de relieur) press stick.

TEMPLIER, ten-pil-å, s. m. templar, knight-

T'ENPORAL, E, adj. (terme d'anatomie) placed at the temples

TEMPORALITÉ, ten-pô-râ-lî-ta, s. f. tem-

poralities, temporals.

TEMPOREL, LE, ten-pô-rel, adj. temporal, temporaneous, temporary, transient, secular. TEMPOREL, s. m. temporals; also royal

or civil power. TEMPORELLEMENT, ten-po-rel-men, adv. for a time, temporally.

TEMPORISATION, s. f. the act of temporiz-

i**ng.** lingering. lenporisement, ten-po-riz-men, s. m. lingering, prolonging of time, dilatoriness, delay, delaying.

TEMPORISER, ten-po-ri-za, v. n. to tempo-

rize, linger, delay, spin out time.
TEMPORISEUR, ten-pô-rl-zeur, s. m. temporizer, lingerer, dallier, procrastinator.

Tems or Temps, ten, s. m. time; delay; leisure; season, opportunity, occasion; age, days; while; (in grammar) tense; weather. Les quatre temps, ember weeks; also all sorts of weather. A temps, in time, opportunely, seasonably, at the time appointed. Au même temps, at or about the same time, soon after. Tout d'un temps, at the same time, at one bout. En même temps, at the same time, at one bout, at one dash, together, withal. De tout temps, at all times, ever. De temps en temps, de temps à autre, now and then, sometimes, from time to time. En temps et lieu, in a proper time and place. Depuis le temps que, since.
Temps. s. m. Mar. weather.

Temps à perroquets, top-gallant gale. Il fuit un temps à nous faire tout serrer, it blows hard enough to make us take in every stitch of canvas Le temps est pris de partout, the whole sky is charged with clouds

TENABLE, te-nabl, adj. (from tenir) tena-

ble, capable of defence.

Tenace, te-nas, adj. viscous, clammy, sticky, tough; tenacious; niggardly, covetous, stubborn, obstinate

TÉNACITÉ, tå-nå-sl-th, s. f. clamminess, viscosity, tenacity, niggardliness, covetousness, tenaciousness, stiffness in opinion, obsti-

Tenaille, tenail (in fortification.)

Trnailles, s. f. pl. pincers or nippers. TENAILLER, te-na-ta, v. a. to pinch or tear off the flesh with red hot pincers; to torture er torment.

TENANCIER, E, të-nën-sië, sier, s. m. & f. coant, copy-holder

TENANT, E, tê-nen,nent, adj. holding. etc. also hold-fast, covetous, penurious close-fisted.

TENANT, tê-nên, s. m. supporter (in heraldry;) opponent or defendant or champion (in a controversy.) Tout un en tenunt, tout d'un tenunt, contiguous, all in one piece. Les tenans et aleutissans, (d'une terre) the abutments or bounds or limits; (d'une affaire) the circumstances or particulars. Les tenans d'un tournoi, the first challengers in a tourna-ment. Tenant. V. Tenement. Tenant. S. m. hell (in poetry.)

TENDANCE, ten-dens, s. f. tendency.

TENDANT, E, ten-den, dent, adj. tending, driving, that has a tendency. TENDELET, ten-die, s. m. Mar. tilt or awa-

ing (of a boat.)
TENDINEU-x, SE, tên-dî-nêu, nêuz, adj.

tendinous, sinewy.
TENDON, tendon, s. m. tendon.

TENDRE, tendr, v. a. to bend; (un filet) to spread; (un piege) to lay; (une souricière) to set: (un lit) to set up; (un parillon) to set up, pitch; (une tapisserie) to hang up; (une chumbre) to hang; to reach, hold forth, stretch out; to raise or hold or lift up. Tendre les chaines d'une ville, to chain the streets.

Tendre le main, to stretch out one's hand, to heg.

Tendre, v. n. to go, teud, have a tendency, to drive or aim at; (aux bécasses,

etc.) to spread nets for or for catching.

TENDRE, adj. tender, soft; sensible; soft. moving; (in painting) soft, delicate. Paint tendre, soft or new bread.

TENDRE, s. m. tenderness or mighty faccy

TENDREMENT, tendr-men, adv. tenderly,

heartily, a Tectionately, delicately. TENDRESSE, ten-dres, s. f. tenderness, sen-

sibility, love, kindness, passion, affection.
TENDRETÉ, s. m. (parlant de viandes, de fruits, de legumes) tenderness.

TENDRETTE, ten-dret, s. f. new radish. TENDRON, ten-dron. s. m. tendril, little gristle; tendril, young shoot; young lass & girl.

TENDU, E, adj. (from Tendre) bent, etc. TÉNÈBRES, ta-nebr, s.f. pl. darkness, dark, hell; errour, blindness, ignorance; also tenebræ or tenebres.

TÉNÉBREU-X, SE, th-mh-breu, breuz, adj.

tenabrous, dark, gloomy, obscure.
TENEMENT, tan-men, s. m. tenement.
TENESME, te-nesm, s. in. tenesmus.

TENETTE, s. f. pincer (to extract stones from the bladder.)

TENEUR, tê-nêur, s. m. Ez. Un teneur de livres, a book-keeper.

Teneur, s. f. tenour, contents, purport, substance.

TENIR, te-nir, v. a. to hold, have hold of, have, be possessed of; to keep, defend. (as jeu) to hold, answer; (occuper) to take up, keep; (le lit. la chambre) to keep; to sing; to play, act; (boutique. école, hôtellerie, hongue) to keep; to entertain; to contain; to keep in, restrain, rule; to detain, take up; to count, account, believe, look upon as, take as; (# chemin, une route) to keep, follow, go: to keep, perform; to keep up, retain. Tenir une chose de quelqu'un, to bold a thing of one, owe a thing to one; also have a thing from one (because told by him.) Tenir les licres,

to keep the books, be a book-keeper. Se le tesir pour dit, to expect a thing, assure one's self, be sure. Tenir un discours, to hold or entertain a discourse, speak, talk. Se tenir à, v. r. to take, lay hold of, hold fast by, keep to, stand to, stick to, stand upon; (à cherul) to sit on. Se tenir, to keep, be, stand, lie, live, dwell, lodge; to hold or think or account one's self; (parlant d'assemblées) to be kept or held, sit; to lie close together, be contigu-ous, hang one upon another, stick together, go hand in hand. Se tenir de, to hold or for-bear, keep one's self from. Tenir, v. n. to hold fast, be fastened, stick; to be close together, be contiguous: to keep, remain; to hold, be of opinion, think, believe: (être) to hold, be contained: (parlant d'assemblées, de foires, etc.) to sit, be kept or held; to stick, belong to, prevent, be the fault of, be the difference, be the matter. A quoi tient-il que je ne vous batte? what prevents me from beating you? I have a good mind to beat you. It tint a peu de chose qu'ils ne se buttissent, they were very near coming to blows. Faire tenir, to send, convey, cause to be delivered. Tenir de quelqu'un, to hold of one, depend upon one; also take after one or be like one, be of the nature of. Tenir, tenir bon, tenir ferme, to hold, hold out, stand, stand out, bear, resist. En tenir, to be raught. Tenez, here, resist.

reast. Estates, to be vaguit. I riez, user, take it; hark ye; lo, look, see, behold.

Tensir, v. a. Mar. Tenir le vent or le lof, to work to windward, keep the luff, keep the wind, keep the ship close to the wind. Tenir le plus prés, to keep close to the wind. Tenir le travers au vent, to keep the broadside to the wind. Tenir la mer, to keep the sea. Tenir le large, to keep an offing. Tenir la Tenir le large, to keep an offing. I bordée du large, to stand off shore. Tenir la bordée de terre, to stand in for the land. Tenir en route, to stand on upon the course. Tenir une route, to steer a particular course.
Tenir une croisière, to keep on a particular cruising station. Tenir une côte, to remain upon a coast. Tenir une escadre bloquée, to keep a fleet blocked up. Tenir tête à un bâtiment, to cope with a ship. Tenir sur ses amarres, to ride without drag-ging the anchors. Tenir son poste, to keep one's station. Tenir ses bonnettes de hune sur les basses vergues, to keep the top-mast sur tes vasses vergues, to keep the top-mast studding-sails upon the lower yards. Tenir see humers sur fils de caret, to keep the top-sails stopped with rope-yarns. Tenir une embarcation sur les palans, to hang a boat in the tackles. Tenir un bâtiment à la resmorque, to keep a vessel in tow. Tenir un journal or une table de loch, to keep a journal or all or a longhook. Tenir à refuse une source. nal or a log-book. Tenir à retour une manaeu-ure, to hold on a rope with a turn. Tenir we, to note on a rope with a turn. Tentr bon une manceuvre, to hold on upon a rope, cease hauling on a rope. Tentr bon une voile, to keep a sail in a particular situation. Tentr compagnie à un bâtiment, to keep company with a vessel. Tentr conseil, to hold a council of war. Tiens bon là, avast. Tiens ferme le tourneuire, hold on the messenger. Tiens hen là le bare de destribe kops feet the said of the said. bon là les bras de derrière, keep fast the after braces. Tiens bon là les voiles d'avant, the head sails will do, keep fast the braces. Tiens

la vergue du petil lumier, hold yourself fast upon the fore top-sail yard. Tiens ce bâtiupon the fore top-sail yard. Tiens ce bâti-ment par le hossoir de dessous le rent, keep that vessel on the lee bow. Ce vent ne tiendra rus, this wind will not hold. Si ce vaisseau tient le vent, il fant que nous arrivions, if that ship keeps her lust, we must bear up. Nous tenons ce vaissemi en lui donnant la grande voile, we hold way with that ship, and spare her the main-sail. Nous tiendrons ce brig sous notre écoute en attendant que le temps nous permette de le visiter, we will keep this brig under our lee till the weather will permit us to board her. Le fond étant curé, nos ancres ne tinrent pas, the ground being hard, our auchors did not hold. Le vent par travers, peu de bâtimens peurents nous tenir, with the wind a-beam, few ships can keep way with us. En tenant toujours au même point de relèvement un bâtiment que l'on chasse sous le vent, on le joint par le chemin le plus court, by constantly keeping in the same point of bearing a vessel you are in chase of to leeward, you take the quickest method of coming up with her. Pour parer le bas fond il faut tenir les deux amers l'un par l'autre, to go clear of the shoal, you must keep the two marks in one. Ce batiment a tenu bon dans le grain sans rien ame-ner, that vessel has not started any thing in the squall. Notre gréement n'est pas tenu, our rigging wants setting up. Les balancines de grande vergue ne sont pas tenues, the main lifts are all slack. Les haubans du haton de for sont-ils bien tenus? are the gib-guys de for sont-us nen tenus are the gin-guys well up I Les bras du petit perroquet sontils tenus? are the fore top-gallant braces steadied? Voilà une frégate qui est bien
tenue, there is a frigate which is in high order. Se tenir à l'ancre, to continue at anchor. Se tenir à long pic, to ride short. Se
tenir à mir to ride a-neak. Se tenir sous tenir à pic, to ride a-peak. Se tenir sous voile, to keep under sail. Se tenir sous les quatre corps de voiles, to stand on under the courses and fore and main top-sails. Se tenir à sec, to keep under bare poles. Se tenir sous les huniers, to keep under the top-sails. Se tenir sous la terre, to keep under the land. Se tenir sous le vent or au rent, to keep to leeward or to windward. Se tenir à vue de terre, etc. to keep in sight of land, etc. Se tenir en terre d'un danger, to keep within a shoal. Se tenir en terre d'une escadre, to keep in shore of a squadron. Se tenir à portée (or à demi-portée) de canon, to keep within gun (or within half-gun) shot. Se tenir hors de portée des canons, to keep out of gun-shot. Se tenir à portée de la voix, to keep within hail. Se tenir à l'ouverture d'un détroit, etc. to hail. Se tenir à l'ouverture d'un détroit, etc. to keep a strait, etc., open. Se tenir en panue or en travers, to continue lying to, fore or main top-sail to the mast. Se tenir en large, to keep in the offing. Se tenir au large d'un banc, etc., to keep without a bank, etc. Se tenir du large d'un banc, etc., to keep without a bank, etc. Se tenir duns les eaux d'un bâtiment, to keep in a ship's wake. Se tenir bord sur bord, to make short tacks, stand off and on. Se tenir en patitule d'une fle d'un can etc. to tenir en lutitule d'une fle d'un can etc. to tenir en latitude d'une fle, d'un cap, etc. to keep in the latitude of an island, of a cape. bon au cabestan, avast heaving. Tiens bon etc. Se tenir sur les sondes, to keep in sount-le perroquet de fougue en ralingue, keep the ings. Se tenir sur une seule amarre, to lie at misen top-sail shivering. Tiens-toi ferme sur single anchor. Se tenir sur une ancre à jet bar, bat, base: there, ebb, over: field, fig: robe, rob, lord: mood, good.

to ride by a kedge or stream anchor. Se tenir tout à terre, to keep quite close in shore. Se tenir vergue à vergue d'un bâtiment, to continue along side of a ship yard arm and yard arm. Se tenir hors de la ligne, to keep out of the line of pattle. Natre division se tient prête à appareiller, our division keeps in readiness to get under way. L'escadre se tint en ligne beaupré sur poupe pour ne pas être coupée, to prevent the lipe from being broken, the fleet kept their jib-booms close to each other's taffarels.

TERON, 18-non, s. m. tenon; (d'arquebuse) loop; (de montre, d'horloge) steel. piece; (actom, tendron) sprig. Tenon, Mar. tenon, etc. Tenon de l'étambord, tenon of the stern post, heel. Tenons de l'étacre, nuts of the

anchor.

TENOR, tenor (in musick.)

TENOR, tenor (in munica.)
TENSION, tên-slon, s. f. tension or bending, contention; great application.
TENTANT, E, tên-tên, tênt, adj. tempting.
TENTAT-EUR, RICE, tên-tê-têur, trîs, adj.
& s. tempter, enticer. L'esprit tentateur or

le tentuleur, s. m. the tempter, the devil.
TENTATION, ten-th-slon, s. f. temptation.
TENTATIVE, ten-th-tlv, s. f. attempt, trial,

fort.
TENTE, tent, s. f. tent, Tente, Mar. unner Grande tente, main deck awning.
Tente de ing. Grande tente, main Tente de dunette, poop awning. Tente de gaillard, quarter deck awning. Tente de nage, boat's awning that reaches from stem to

TENTER, ten-ta, v. a. to tempt, invite, try, attempt. Tenter, Mar. to attempt, etc. also to spread an awning. Tenter un passage, to to spread an awning. Tenter un passage, to attempt a passage. Les deux corsaires tenterent à plusieurs reprises de nous aborder, the two privateers made several attempts to board us.

TENURE, tèn-tùr, s. f. suit of hangings.
TENU, E, tè-nů, nů, adj. (from Tenir)
held, kept, etc. bound, obliged; tenuous, thin,

TENUE, te-no, s. f. sitting or session; (in grammar) mark to signify that a letter is to be pronounced without aspiration; firm sitting on horse back; (de plume) holding; hold; firmness, constancy, resolution: principles; where one plies or keeps, place of resort; (in musick) continuing upon the same tone; (fief) tenure. Tout d'une tenue, con-tiguous, all in one place.

Tenue, Mar. hold that an anchor has of

the ground in which it is sunk, quality of the ground as to holding. Fond de bonne tenue, good anchorage in the bay. Il y a honne tenue dans cette rade, there is good anchorage in

this road-stead.

this road-stead.

TENUITÉ, s. f. tenuity, thinness.

TENUITÉ, s. f. tenuity, thinness.

TENUITÉ, s. f. tenuire (manner of holding a tenement, lands or houses of the head landlord.)

TÉORBE, V. Tuorbe.

TERGET, têr-sê, s. m. tiercet, triplet.

TÉORBETHINE, têr-sê, s. f. tur-

TEREBENTHINE, th-ra-ben-tin, s. f. tur-

pentine. TEREBINTHE, ta-ra-bint, s. m. the turpen-

TEREBRATION, there-bra-slon, s. f. terebration.

Transitabin, s. m. a sort of liquid manna. 🖟

TERGETTE, V. Targette.

TERGIVERSATEUR, s. m. shuffler, flincher, dodger.
Tergiversation, têr-zi-vêr-sâ-slon, s. C

tergiversation, shuffling, flinching, fetch.
TERGIVERSER, ter-zi-ver-sh, v. n. to shuffle, flinch, dodge, use fetches or shifts. TERIAQUE, V. Theriaque.

TERMS, term, s. m. term, bound, end, goal, limit; (de payement) time, term, day; (loyer) rent; (d'accouchement) time; (in archalecture) supporter: word, expression. Le dieu Terme, god Terminus. Termes, terme, case, state, pass, condition, foot or footing. Mesurer ses termes, to weigh one's words.

TERMINAISON, ter-mi-ne-zon, s. f. termi-

nation or ending.

TERMINER, ter-mi-na, v. a. to terminate or bound, limit, set bounds to, end or finish, determine or decide.

TERMINER, (SE) v. r. to end or come to

an end, terminate.

TERMINTHE, s. m. terminthus, a tumour. TERNAIRE, ter-ner, adj. Ex. Le nombre ternaire or le ternaire, s. m. ternion, number three.

TERNE, tern, adj. dull, tarnished.

TERNES, tern, s. m. pl. two treys (at dice.)
TERNI, E, adj. tarnished, dull.

TERRIR, ternir, v. a. to dull, tarnish, obscure, blast, cast a blemish upon bring to decay. Se ternir, v. r. to tarnish, grow dull, decay, be blasted or obscured.

TERNISSURE, têr-nl-sûr, s. f. tarnishing. TERRAIN, V. Terrein.

TERRAL, s. m. land-breeze.
TERRAQUÉ, K. adj. terraqueous.
TERRASSE, tê-râs, s. f. terrace or terracewalk, flat roof; (d'un paysage) front.

TERRASSER, te-ra-sa, v. a. to throw or fling down, throw on the ground; to cast or pull down, discourage, damp the spirits of, non-plus; (time muraille) to strengthen with earth, fill up in the inside with earth.

TERRASSIER, tê-râ-sià, s. m. terraco-ma-

TERRE, ter, s. f. earth, ground, land, soil, estate, dominions, country, world, earthly goods or pleasures, men, every body. Tank que terre nous pourra porter, as far as we can go. L'homme n'est que terre or qu'un rer de terre, man is but dust or clay. Vaisselle de terre, earthen ware. Donner du nez en terre, to fall upon one's face. Tant que terre, stout-in hardly very much, extremely. Terrely, hardly, very much, extremely. Neure, Newfoundland.

Terre, Mar. land, shore, ground. coast, sea-coast, etc. A terre, ashore, aground. Enterre, in shore. Terre, terre, land, land. In terre est Dies prononce, the land is very. distinct. Prendre terre, to touch at any port or place. La terre est fort embrumée, distinct. the land is covered with fog. La terre que nous croyions voir étoit une terre de besure, the land we thought we saw was cape fly away. Combien voit-on de roiles sous la terre? how many sails are seen under the land? No tre conserve coupa la terre à la goelette, et elle ne put nous échapper, our consort cut the schooner off from the land, and she could not get away from us. Mettre à terre, to land. La chaloupe est alle à terre, the launch is buse, bût : joune, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

gone ashore. Le bâtiment est à terre par notre point, the ship is ashore by our reckon-Ces Indeaux pecheurs soul tord à terre, those fishermen are quite close in shore. la Guadeloupe les bâtiments mourilleut le beutipré à terre, ships anchor close in shore at Guadaloupe. Etre en terre d'un bâtiment, to be in shore of a ship. Nous mouillames en terre du récif, we anchor within the reef. V. Mouiller.

TERREAU, te-ro, s. m. mould.

TERREIN, ter-rin, s. m. ground, soil. TERRE-NEUVIER, s. m. Mar. banker

Newfoundland fishing-vessel or man. Terre.

TERRE-PLEIN, têr-plin, s. m. platform of

TERRER, (SE) se-te-ra, v. r. to take shelter behind banks of earth; hide one's self under ground.

TERRESTRE, tê-rêstr, adj. terrestrial,

earthly.

TERRESTRÉITÉS, s. f. pl. (in chymistry.) the most terreous parts (of any substance.) TERREUR, te-reur, s. f. terrour, conster-

nation, great fear or fright.

TERREU-x, se, te-reu, reuz, adj. earthly,

terreous, dirty with earth or clay TERRIBLE, ter-ribl, adj. terrible, dreadful,

fearful, dismal, strange, unmerciful. TERRIBLEMENT, ter-ribl-men, adv. terri-

bly, etc.

Terrien, ne, tê-riên, riên, s. m. & f. landed man, person that has a vast estate or extensive lands or dominions.

TERRIER, te-ria, s. m. burrow, kennel, urch-yard. Terrier or papier terrier, church-yard. Terrier court-roll or land-book.

TERRINE, te-rin, s. f. pan, earthen pan. TERRINEE, te-ri-na, s. f. earthen pan-full.

TERRIR, te-rir, v. n. to lay one's eggs on land (speaking of a tortoise.) Terrir, Mar. to land.

Territory, te-ri-twar, s. m. territory, jurisdiction.

TERROIR, te-rwar, s. m. ground soil. TERTRE, tertr, s. m. hill, little hill. Tertre, Mar. hammock.

TES, (pl. of ton and ta) thy.

TESSON, s. m. shard or sheard or sherd, fragment of earthen ware.
TEST, test, s. m. test, oath imposed upon all recusants. V. Tt.
TESTACE, E, testa-sh, adj. testaceous.
TESTAMENT, testa-men, s. m. testament, will coverant.

will, covenant. TESTAMENTAIRE, tês-tâ-mên-têr, adj. belonging to or concerning a will. Disposition

testamentaire, disposition by will.
TESTATEUR, its-th-teur, s. m. testator.
Testatrice, its-th-tf:, s. f. testatrix.
TESTER, tes-th, v. n. to make one's will. TESTICULE, the ti-tal, s. m. testicle.
TESTIFIER, V. Témoigner.
TESTIFIER of TESTIGUIENNE, int. uds-

bud, oddsniggers. uds-buddikins TESTIMONIAL, E; tes-ti-mo-nial, adj. testimonial. Lettres testimoniales or testimoniales,

s. f. pl. a testimonial.

TESTON, s. m. testoon, an old silver-coin. TESTURYER, v. a. to frizzle the hair or trim the head of; also to cut off.

TET, te, s. m. skull; test; sherd.

TETARD, te-tar, s. m. bull-head (fish.)

TETARD, w-tur, s. m. Dun-nead (1881.)
TETARSE, s. f. swagging breast or dug.
TETE, tet, s. f. head; neck, hife; person,
man; front or first rank; pate, noddle, brains,
fancy; sense, judgment, discretion; head of
hair. Têle-à-êle, tete-a-tete, face to face,
cheek by jowl. Un têle-à-êle, a tete-a-tete,
a private conversation. Têle pour têle, head
for head; Alo fill but thee to face. The. for head; also full butt, face to face. bleu! gad-zookers! zookers! Avoir martel en tête, to have a flea in one's ear, be restless

en tête, to have a nea mor uneasy at any thing.

Tête, Mar. De tête en tête, from stem to stem. Tête de bordage, butt of a plank.

Têtes de varangues, floor heads, rung heads.

Attendade head of the masts. Tête de gouvernail, rudder head. Tete de More, Turk's head (sort of knot.) Tete d'une escadre, van of a fleet or squadron. Etre en tete d'une rade, to lie in the outermost part or birth of a road-stead. Faire ille, to come head to wind or to the tide. Vaissedu de tête d'une escadre, headmost ship of a fleet or

squadron.

TÉTER, ta-ta, v. a. to suck (a teat.) TÉTIÈRE, tè-tièr, s. f. head stall of a bridle; stay band for a new born child. tiere d'une voile, Mar. head of a sail.

TETIN, thetin, s. m. nipple.

TETINE, thethis, s. f. udder or test; (sur une chose) dint.

Tiron, ta-tôn, s. m. breast, a woman's breast.

Тятовиция, da-tô-nfèr, s. f. tucker, modesty, modesty bit or bosom bit.

TETRACORDE, s. m. lyre with four chords, TETRAGONE, the Ta-gon, adj. tetragonal.
TETRARCHIE, s. f. tetrarchy.
TETRARCHIE, s. f. tetrarchy.
TETTE, tet, s. f. teta or dug.
TETU, z. te-td, td, adj. headstrong, obstinate, subborn, wilful.

TEUTONIQUE, têu-tô-nîk, adj. Teutonick. TEXTE, tekst, s. m. text. Petit texte, (in printing) brevier.

TEXTILE, têks-tîl, adj. textile.
TEXTUAIRE, têks-tû-êr, s. m. textuary.
TEXTURE, têks-tûr, s. f. texture.

THAMISE, s. f. Thames

THE, ta, s. m. tea. The bou or noir, bo-

THÉATIN, E. S. m. & f. theatin, theating monk or nun.

THEATRAL, E, th. d. trall, adj. theatral.
THEATRE, th. atr, s. m. stage, theatre, play-house, collection of all the plays (of an author,) scene. Pièce de théâtre, play, comedy or tragedy.

THEBATDE, s: f. Thebais (in Egypt.)

THEIÈRE, tā-yèr, s. f. tea-pot.

Тикізик, s. m. theism, deism.

THÉISTE, s. m. theist, deist.

THÈME, têm, s. m. theme, subject, exercise. THÉOCRACIE, tà-ò-krà-sì, s. f. theocracy. THÉOCRATIQUE, tà-ò-krà-tìk, adj. theo-

eratical.

Theodolite, s. m. theodolite.
Theogonie, theogony.
Theologal, e. theofony.
Theologal, e. theofony.

THEOLOGAL, s. m. doctor of divinity, prebendary of a cathedral, theologist.

THEOLOGALE, s. f. prebend bestowed.

upon none but doctors of divinity.

bar, bat, base : thère, ebb, over : field, fig : rôbe, rôb, lôrd : môod, gôod.

THEOLOGIE, the-o-lo-zl, s) f. divinity or theology.

THEOLOGIEN, the d-lo-zlen, s. m. divine or theologist, theologian.

THEOLOGIQUE, ta-0-10-zik, adj.theological. Theologiquement, th-o-10-21k-men, adv.

theologically.

THÉOREE, V. Tuorbe.
THÉOREE, V. Tuorbe.
THÉORICIEN, s. m. theorist.
THÉORICIEN, s. m. theorist.
THÉORIQUE, th-Ö-rik, adj. theorical, theosk. theoretick theoretical rick, theoretick, theoretical.

THEORIQUEMENT, th-o-rik-men, adv. the-

oretically.

THEORISTE, s. m. theorist.

THÉRAPEUTE, s. m. sort of Jewish monk. THÉRAPEUTIQUE, s. f. art of curing diseases, therapeuticks

THÉRIACAL, E, th-rib-kal, adj. theriacal.
THÉRIACUR, th-ri-ak, s.f. treacle, theriaca.
THERMAL, E, ter-mail, adj. thermal.

THERMES, term, s. m. pl. hot baths.
THERMOMETRE, ter-mo-metr, s. m. ther-

mometer.

Thásauriser, tá-zð-rl-zá, v. n. to treasure up, hoard or heap up.

THESAURISEU-R, SE, S. m. & f. one who hoards, treasures money.

Turse, tez, s. f. thesis; thesis sheet; dis-

putation.

THESMOTHETE, s. m. name given at Athens to those magistrates who kept the laws.

TREURGIE, th-ur-zi, s. f. theurgy, magic.

THON, ton, s. m. tunny (a fish.)
THORACHIQUE, adj. thoracick, belonging

to the breast.

THORAX, s. m. thorax, breast,
THURIFERAIRE, tu-ri-fe-rer, s. m. clerk
that carries the frankincense pan.

THYM, tin, s. m. thyme (herb.) THYMSE, tirs, s. m. thyrsus.

Tiare, tier, s. f. tiara.
Tibia, ti-bia, s. m. inward bone of the leg.
Tibre, s. m. Tiber.

Tic, tik, s. m. tick, convulsive motion or fit; also habitual trick. Tic et toc or tic et toc, tick tack. V. Dique.

Ticté, E, adj. speckled. Tiede, tled, adj. lukewarm, cold and indifferent.

TIEDEMENT, tled-men, adv. coldly, with indifference.

TIÉDEUR, da-deur, s. f. lukewarmness.

TIEDIB, tild-dir, v. n. to cool, grow luke-Warm.

TIEN, NE, tien, tien, adj. thine, thy own TIEN, (LE,) s. m. thy own. Les tiens, thy

own, thy relations.

Tierce, tiers, s. f. (en musique) tercet or third; (dans l'escrime, etc.) tierce: (in print-

ing) second revise; (en mathématique) third. V. Tiers. Tienci, tier-sa, adj. trifallowed; (in heraldry) divided into three parts. Batiment tierce, Mar. vessel the breadth of which is

equal to one third of her length. TIERCELET, tlers-le, s. m. tarsel. Tiercelet de gentilhomme, petty squire.

TIERCEMENT, tlers-men, s. m. tertiating. TIERCER, tier-sh, v. s. & n. to tertiate, wisellow, enhance the price by a third, be a third.

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Tiercon, s. m. tierce.

TIER-s, CE, adj. third. Fierre tierce, tertian ague.

TIERS, tier, s. m. third person, third part. Le tiers et le quart, every body.

Le tiers et le quars, every pooy.

TIGE, tiz, s. f. (d'une plante) stalk, stem, blade, shank; (d'un arbre) trunk, body; (d'une botte) leg: (d'une colonne) shaft; (d'un piston) rod; (d'un chandelier, d'une clef) shank; (d'une famille) stock, head. Tige de l'ancre, Mar. shank of the anchor.

TIGNE, etc. V. Teigne.

TIGNE, etc. V. Teigne.

Tignon, U-gnon, s. m. back part of a we-man's head of hair; also cap, head-dress. Tignoner, ti-gno-na, v. a. to buckle (the

hair,) curl; pull cups..

Se tignoner, v. r. to pull caps. Tignz, tigr, s.m. tiger; also spotted like a tiger, cruel person, kind of speckled insect. Tigre, E, il-gra, adj. spotted, speckled. Tigresse, il-gres, s. f. tigress. Til, V. Tilleul.

TILLAC, u-lak, s. m. Mar. deck. TILLAU, V. Tilleul.

TILLE, U. Tilleut.
TILLE, U., s. f. rind of a young linden-tree; kind of hatchet and hammer united.

TILLEUL, ti-leul, s. m. linden, linden-tree. TIMBALK, tin-bal, s. f. tymbal; pot; battledore . kind of drinking cup.

TIMBALIER, tin-ba-lla, s. m. that plays on the tymbal, kettle-drummer.

TIMBRE. tinbr, s. m. bell struck by a hammer, sound of the bell, voice, sound, helmet,

crest (of a cost of arms;) stamp (on paper or parchment,) head, noddle.

TIMBER, E, adj. (from Timbrer) crested. stamped. Cerveau bien timbré, good head-

piece. TIMBRER, tin-bra, v.a. to crest, to stamp.

TIMBREUR, s. m. stamper. TIMIDE, ti-mid, adj. timid, fearful, timorous, bashful.

Timidement, tl-mid-men, adv. timorous-

ly, fearfully.

Тімірітѣ, tl-ml-dl-tå, s. f. timidity, fear, timorousness, bashfulness.

Timon, ti-mon, s. m. beam (of a cart er wain,) pole (of a coach,) helm. Timon, Mar. tiller, helm.

TIMONIER, tl-mo-nil, s. m. thiller or thill-Timonier, Mar. helmsman, steershorse. man. Relère le timonier, relieve the behn. Change le timonier, get another helmsman. Un timonier à la barre, a hand to the helm. Timoné, E. tl-mô-rà, adj. timorous, fear-

ful, scrupulous.

TIMPAN, etc. V. Tympan.

TINE, the, s. f. tub, open tub.

Tinel, s. m. common hall for servants to eat in.

TINETTE, if-net, s. f. tub with cars.

Tins, s. m. pl. Mar. blocks on which the keel of a ship is laid while building.

TINTAMARRE, tin-th-mar, s. m. thundering noise, bustle or hurly-burly.

TINTAMARRER, v. n. to make a great noise.
TINTEMENT, tint-men, s. m. tingling.
Tintement d'oreilles, tingling or glowing of the ears.

TINTER, tin-ta, v. a. to toll (a bell.) Timter. v. n. to be tolled, tingle or jingle.

TINTIN, tin-tin, s. m. jingling.

TINTOIN s.m. tingling or noise (in one's ears.)

buse, but : jeune, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brus.

Tique, tik, s. f. tick (a vermin.)
Tiques, ti-ka, v. n. Ex. Un cheval qui
tique, a horse that has got the tick.

Тіqueтя, в, ük-tå, adj. speckled.

TIQUEUR, s. m. horse that has got the tick.
TIRADE, tl-rad, s. f. long train or series
(of words.) Tout d'une tirade, of a stretch; without intermission, all at once.

TIRAGE, ti-raz, s. m. pulling; drawing;

press-work (in printing.)
TIRAILLEMENT, d-ral-men, s. m. pulling or haling about.

TIRAILLER, ti-ra-fa, v. a. to pull or hale

about. Tirailler, v. n. to shoot unskilfully.

TIRAILLERIE, s f. the act of pulling or haling about.

Tirailleur, tl-rå-leur, s. m. bad marks-

man, one that shoots unskilfully.

TIRANT, tl-ren, s. m. boot-strap, pursestring; slip of parchment to tie papers with sort of tough gristle in meat, beam reaching from one wall to another. Tirant d'eau, Mar. draught of water. La marche de notre bâtiment est d'être sans uneune différence de tirant d'eau, our ship sails best upon an even kcel.

TIRASSE, tl-ras, s. f. net (for quails, etc.) TIRASSER, ti-ra-sa, v. a. or n. to catch with

TIRE, tlr, s. f. Ex. Tout d'un tire, all at once, all together, without any stop. A tire

as possible.
Tirs, z, adj. (from Tirer) drawn, etc.

Tire-Botte, s. m. boot-jack.

TIRE-BOUCHON, s. m. cork-screw.

Tire-Bourre, s. m. worm (to unload a gun.)

Tirr-BOUTON, s. m. buttoner.

TIRE-CLOU, s. m. nail-drawer.

TIRE-FORD, s. m. cooper's turrel; surgeon's piercer.

Tire-Laisse, s. m. balk.

Tirk-larigot, adv. Ex. Boire à tire-larigot, to drink hand to fist or hard or briskly.
Tire-Ligre, s. m. drawing-pen, ruler.

TIRELIRE, s. m. christmas-box.

TIRE-MAILLE, s. m. usurer.

TIRE-MORLLE, s. m. marrow spoon.

TIRE-PIED, s. m. shoe-maker's stirrup.

TIRE-PLONE, S. m. glazier's vice.
TIRER, tl-rå, v. a. to draw, pull, lug, pluck or tug, draw out, pull or lug or loll out, pull off, draw off, take out or up or off, get out, get, obtain, get off, bring off, deliver. free, rid, receive, reap, extract, collect, pick, squeeze out, pull out, stretch; to draw; (in squeeze out, pull out, stretch; to draw; (in printing,) to draw, print, work off; (le vin de la tie) to rack; (un fusil) to fire, let off; (un canon) to fire, discharge; (une arbalète) to shoot off or shoot with; (ut lièvre, un oiseau) to shoot; (un feu d'artifice) to let off. Tirer des armes, to fence. Tirer une estocade or un coup d'estocade, to make a pass. Tirer. v. n. to shoot, let off, discharge, go off; to play; to go. Twer nur, to incline to. Se tirer, v. r. to get out or off.
Tire. Mar. Notre

Three, Mar. Notre bâtiment tire 18 pieds d'em de l'arrière, et 17 pieds 4 pouces de l'arcant, our ship draws 18 feet abaft and 17 feet 4 inches forward. Vaisseau qui tire beaucong d'esse, ship of a great draught of water. Vais-Toile, twal, s.f. cloth. linen-cloth; (de seen qui thrèttre) curtain. Toiles, toils, snare,

of water. Ce navire tire si peu d'eau qu'il est propre à toute espèce de commerce, that ship is of so easy a draught of water that she is fit for any trade. Tirer une embarcation à terre, to haul a boat ashore. Tirez un bâtiment à terre, to ground a vessel. Tirer du canon, to fire guns. Tirez un coup de canon sur ce brick pour le faire mettre en panne, fire a shot at that brig to make her bring to. Le coup de canon de retraite est tire, the evening gun is fired. Le coup de canon de diane est-il tire? is the morning gun fired?

Tire-sou, s. m. usurer.

TIRET, tl-re, s. m. slip of parchment; division or hyphen.

TIRETAINE, thr-ten, s. f. linsey-woolsey.

TIRE-VEILLE, th-vel, s. f. Mar. man-rope, entering-rope, ladder-rope; side-rope. Mettre les tire-veilles, to ship the side-ropes. Les tire-veilles à l'échelle, ship the ropes.

TIREUR, tl-reur, s. m. shooter, game-keeper, fencing-master, fencer; (d'une lattre de change) drawer. Tireur d'arc, archer. Tireur d'or, gold wire drawer. Tireur de *laine*, thief.

Tiroir, il-rwar, s. m. drawer (of a desk

ctc.)
Tisane, tl-zan, s. f. ptisan.
Tisan, tl-zan, s. m. brand, fire brand.

the fire.

TISONNER, ti-zô-na, v. a. to poke or stir the fire.

Tisonneu-R, se, tl-zd-neur, neuz, s. m. & f. poker or one that pokes the fire.

Tisonnier, tl-zo-nla, s. m. poker (of iron.\

Tissen, il-sa, v. a. to lay the ground-work

of (lace.)
TISSERAND, tis-ren, s. m. weaver. Tisserande, s. f. wcaver's wife or widow. Tisseranderie, s. f. weaver's trade.

Tissu, E, d-så, så, adj. (from Tistre) woven, spun

Tissu, tl-su, s. m. tape ; (de cheveur) lace ; (d'or et d'argent) tissue; contexture; series.
Tissure, s. f. weaving or texture; web or west, contexture or ordering or framing.

TISSUTIER, ti-su-tia, s. m. riband-weaver. TISTRE, v. a. (only used in the participle Tissu) to weave. C'est lui qui a tissu cette intrigue, he is the manager of that intrigue.

TITHYMALE, s. m. milk-thistle.

TITILLANT, E, adj. tickling.
TITILLATION, tl-tll-la-slon, s. f. titillation,

tickling. TITILLER, v. a. to titillate.

TITRE, fitr, s. m. title: right, standard of coin: deed, record, voucher. A titre de, under colour of, under the pretence of.

TITRÉ. E, tl-tra, adj. honourable. of quali-

ty, that has a title of honour.

TITRER, v. a. to give a title of honour to one. TITUBATION, s. f. titubation, the act of stumbling.

TITULAIRE, ti-tu-lèr. adj. titular.

TITUI.AIRE, s. m. incumbent.

Toc! (son d'un chor) tack!

TOCANE, 10-kan, s. f. wine that runs from

the grapes without pressing, new wine.
Tocsin. tok-sin, s. m. alarm, alarm-bell. Toz, twa, pron. thou, thee, thyself.

bar, bat, base : there, ebb, over : field, fig : robe, rob, lord : mood, good.

trap; (de moulin à vent) sails; (draps) sheets. Toile, Mar. canvass. Toile à prelat, thick canvass for tarpawlings. Toile à roile, sailcanvass for tarpawlings. Trile à roile, sail-cloth. Toile à roile de Hollande, Holland duck. Toile à roile de Russie, Russia duck. Toile de pointe, goring cloth. Toile écrue de 7-8, thin canvass like the English No. 8. Toile de cotonnine, sail cloth used for the sails of xebecs and other vessels of the Mediterranean. Toile de Mélis, de Noyale, d'Olonne, sail cloth fabricated at Melis, Noyalle, Olonne.

Toilé, twå-là, s. m. ground of a lace.
Toilerie, twål-ri, s. f. linen cloth trade.
Toilette, twå-lèt, s. f. toilet; also a babe's mantle.

Toilier, s. m. hipen-cloth maker.

Toise, twaz, s. f. measure containing six feet in length, fathom.

Toisk, E, adj. measured by the fathom; concluded, settled; s. m. measurement, mea-

Toiser, twa-2a, v. a. to measure by fathom. Toiseur, twa-zeur, s. m. measurer.

Toison, twa-zon, s. f. fleece.

Toir, twa, s. m. top (of a house,) roof, sty. TOLE, tol, s. f. iron plates.

"Tolkrable, to-la-rabl, adj. tolerable. TOLERABLEMENT, adv. tolerably.
TOLERANCE, toleration.

Tolerant, E, tô-là-ren, rent, adj. & s. friend to toleration.

Tolérantisme, s. m. system of toleration. Toléren, tô-là-rà, v. a. to tolerate, con-

nive at. TOLLE, Ex. Crier tolle our quelqu'un, to

raise an outcry against one. Tollet, s. m. Mar. thole

TOLLETIERES, s. f. pl. Mar. row-locks. TOMBAC, ton-bak, s. m. pinchbeck.

TOMBE, tomb, s. f. tomb-stone; also a tomb

or grave.
TONBE, E, adj. fallen, etc. V. Tomber. TOMBEAU, ton-bo, s. m. tomb, monument;

grave, sepulchre.

Tombeller, s. f. carman, dung-cart-man. TOMBER, ton-ba, v. n. to fall, tumble, get a fall or tumble, drop, drop down, fall off, sin, fall out or happen, abate, flag, fail, sink, lower, decay, lose one's reputation; to fall, light; to hang; to rush. Tomber dans, to fall into.

Tomber d'accord, to agree, confess, own, grant. Tomber malade, to be taken sick. Il

tombe de la neige, it snows.

Tomber, v. a. Mar. to fall, etc. Tomber à Tomber sous le la mer, to fall overboard. vent, to sag or fall to lecward. Tomber à la hande, or sur le côte, to fall over (speaking of a ship aground.) Tomber au milieu d'une escadre ememie, to fall into the middle of an enemy's fleet or squadron. Un de nos vaisseaux de 64 tomba dans la ligne epnemie, et fut fort maltraite, one of our 64 gun-ships dropped into the enemy's line and was very roughly handled. Nos fins valiers tombèrent sur l'arrière-garde ennemie, dont ils couperent deux raisseaux, our prime sailers made a dash at the enemy's rear. from which they cut off two ships. Nous serious tomb-s sur une fregate, si l'ancre de misericorde n'aroit pris, we should have fallen on hoard of a frigate but that our sheet anchor brought Tombant de douze brasses par quatre,

nous mimes tout à cuter, falling from twelve fathoms into four we threw all aback. Notre grand mât tombant du côte de l'ennemi, engagea une partie de nos canons, our main mast falling on the side we were engaging, interrupted the fire of some of our guns. La mâture de cette corvette tambe beaucoup sur l'arrière, that sloop's masts hang ast very much. Le convoi tomba en calme sous la much. Le comon tomos en cause sous as Dominique, the convoy got becalmed under Dominica. Le tonnerre tomba deux fois à notre bord dans la campagné, our ship was twice struck by lightning while we were out. Le vent tombera au coucher de soleil, the wind will die away at sun-set. La mer est-elle tombée? is the sea gone down?

Tommeraeu win-bro.s.m. tumbrel. dung-TOMBEREAU, ton-bro, s. m. tumbrel, dung-

cart or the like; (for criminats) cart.
Tome, tôm, s. m. tome, volume, part.

Ton, m. TA, f. TES, pl. adj. thy, thine.

Ton, ton, s. m. tone, voice, tune, note, strain, sound. Ton de couleurs, agreement of the colours. Parter d'un ton fier or d'un ton résolu, to speak boldly or confidently, talk big. Ton, Mar. (d'un mut) head, cap, space comprehended between the cap and the trestle-trees. Nos l'uniers sur le lon, nous tenons toute l'escadre qui les a à lête de bois, with our topsails on the cap, we hold way with all the fleet with theirs at the mast head.

TONDAILLE, ton-dal, s. f. shearing, shear-

Ing-time.
Tondeur, ton-ddur, s. m. a shearer; shearman or cloth worker; barber.

TONDRE, tondr, v. a. to shear; cut the hair of, shave.

TONDU, E. adj. shorn. Une brehis tendue, a shorn sheep. Il n'y a que trois tondus et un pelé, there are only tag-rag and bob-tail.
TONIQUE, to-nik, adj. tonick.

TONLIEU, s. m. duty to the lord of a manor for a place in the market.

TONNAGE, tô-nêz, s. m. tonnage.
TONNANT, E, tô-nên, nênt, adj. thundering.
TONNE, tôn, s. f. ton; butt, cask of two

hogsheads.

derstruck.

Tonneau, to-do, s. m. cask or vessel; tud. Mar. tun, ton weight; cask of four hogshead Un hatiment de quatre cents tonnemix, a ship of 400 tons burden.

TONNELER, ton-la, v. a. to tunnel, take

with a tunnel, entrap, ensnare.
TONNELEUB, tôn-lêur, s. m. tunneler. TONNELIER, ton-fla, s. m. cooper.

Tonnelière, s. f. cooper's wife or widow.

TONNELLE, to-nel. s. f. tunnel, arbour.

TONNELLERIE, tô-nel-ri, s. f. cooperage, shed where casks are made.

TONNER, tô-na, v. n. to thunder, rour, in-

veigh. Il tonne, it thunders.
Tonners e, to-ner, s. m. thunder, lightning or thunderbolt. Froppe du tonnerre, thun-

TONNES, s. f. pl. a kind of shells. TONSURE, tom-sur, s. f. tonsure.

Tonsung, adj. that has got the tonsure. Tonsurk, s. m. priest with a tonsure,

shaveling. Tonsurer, ton-sû-ra, v. a. to shave the

crown of.

TONT, tont, s. f. shearing; shearing time TONTICE, adj. V. Bourre. Tontine, ton-tin, s. f. tontine.

buse, but : jeune, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

Toktikier, e. ton-tl-nlà, nlèr, s. m. & f. | annuitant on survivorship.

TONTURE, s. f. shearing, shorn wool. Mar. sheer of the wales and decks, convexity of the transoms and beams of a ship. Toutine des Tonture des ponts, sheer of the decks. Vaisseas qui a de la tonture, ship with a great sheer. Vaisseas qui a perdu de sa tonture, ship that has lost her sheer. TOFTURE, E, adj. Mar. Bâtiment tonture, vessel built with a great sheer.

Top, Mar. stop.

TOPAZE, 10-paz, s. f. topaz.

Tope, top, int. done, I consent.

Topen, to-pa, v. n. to agree or consent;

also to tope. Tope or je tope, done, l'agree
to it. de tope partout, I am at all.

TOPINAMBOUR, to-pi-nen-boor, s. m. species of sun-flower; Jerusalem artichoke. V.

Tauvinambour

Topique, tô-pik, adj. topical.

Topique, s. m. topick or common place. Topographie, tô-pô-gra-fi, s. f. topogra-

phy. Topographique, to-po-gra-fik, adj. to-

pographical.
Toque, tôk, s.f. cap (such as is worn in the universities.)

*TOQUER, v. a. to touch, strike.

Toquer, to-ke, s. m. sort of cap.

TORCHE, torsh, s. f. torch or taper.

TORCHE-CUL, s.m. bum-fodder.

TORCHER, tor-sha, v. a. to wipe, make or rub clean : (quelqu'um) to beat (one.)
TORCHERE, tor-sher, s. f. high stand to put

lights upon.

TORCHIS, tor-shi, s. m. mud or mortar made of mud and straw or hay.

TORCHOR, tor-shon, s. m. rubber, dusting cloth, dish-clout, wisp of straw; a slut.

TORDEU-R, SE, S. m. & f. twister of wool; silk throwster

TOBDRE, tordr, v. a. to twist, wrest, wring, writhe, wreath, throw, wind about.

TORDU, E, adj. twisted, wrung, wrested, etc. Tonz, tor, s. m. round member in the base

of a pillar.

TORMENTILLE, tor-men-til, s. f. tormentil.
TOROE, s. m. Mar. strand. Cordage à quatre torons, rope of four strands. Un des torons de tournerère a manqué, the messenger Un des is stranded.

TORPEUR, s. f. numbness, torpor.

TORPILLE, tôr-pil, s. f. torpedo.
Torquet, tôr-kê, s. m. Ex. Donner le or see torquet à quelqu'un, to put a sham upon

TORQUETTE, tor-ket, s. f. certain quantity of fish wrapped up in straw.

TORREFACTION, s. f. torrefaction.

TORRESTIER, v. a. to torrefy. TORREST, to-res, s. m. torrent.

TORRIDE, tor-rid, adj. torrid.
TORR, m. TORSE, tors, or TORTE, f. adj.
from Tordre) twisted; twined, wreathed,
tc. Cou tors, wry neck. Mar. lay. Cor-(from

dage qui a trop de tors, rope too hard laid.
TORSE, s. m. body of a statue without a head, arms or legs. Torse, s. f. twisted piece

random, right or wrong. Avoir tort, to be in the wrong, to be to blame.

TORTE, adj. V. Tors.

TORTICOLIS, tor-ti-ko-il, s. m. crick in the neck; also hypocrite and, wry-necked man or woman.

TORTIL, s. m. torse (in heraldry.)

TORTILLAGE, s. m. shuffling, evading, the using of shifts (in conversation.)

TORTHLE, E. adj. twisted.

TORTILLEMENT, tor-il-men, s. m. twisting; shifting, shuffling, finesse.
TORTILLER, tor-il-da, v. a. to twist; (222)

ai.) to trill over. Tortiller, v. n. to shuffle, douge, use shifts: also to waddle.

TORTILLON, tor-ti-lon, s. m. roll or wisp; also sort of mean cap and servant maid taken from the country.

TORTIONNAIRE, tôr-slô-ner, adj. extor-

sive, unjust, unlawful.

TORTIS, s. m.wreath, garland; also threads twisted together.

TORTU, E, tôr-tů, tù, adj. crooked, bowing

in and out; untoward, perverse. TORTUE, tor-tu, s. f. tortoise.

TORTUER, tôr-tô-a, v. a. to bend, make crooked. Se tortuer, v. r. to grow crooked,

TORTUEUSEMENT, tôr-tâ-cuz-men, adv. crookedly, with windings in and out.

Tortueu-x, se, tôr-tâ-cu, cuz, adj. wind-

ing, turning in and out, crooked.
Torrussith, torth-o-zl-th, s.f. torthosity.

TORTURE, tor-tur, s. f. torture, rack. TORTURER, to put to the torture; (le sens

d'un mot) to wrest, pervert. TORY, s. m. tory, one who is for and votes

with the ministers (in England.) TOSTE, tost, s. m. toast, a health.

TOSTER, tos-ta, v. a. to toast, drink one's health.

Tor, to, adv. quick, quickly, soon. Aussitôt que, when, as soon as

TOTAL, E, tô-tâl, adj. total, whole, entire, utter.

TOTAL, s. m. whole, total or whole some. TOTALEMENT, to-tal-men, adv. totally, utterly, entirely.

TOTALITE, to-th-ll-th, s. f. totality, total. Toron, to-ton, s. m. whirlbone, tetotum.

Touage, too-az, s. m. Mar. warping or towing.

TOUAILLE, too-2/, s. f. towel, roller.

Touchant, E, too-shen, shent, adj. sonsible.sad. grievous. afflicting : pathetick, moving, powerful: prep. touching, concerning,

Touche, toosh, s. f. stop or fret of organs, ec. string of a musical instrument, touch a trial, stroke or touch, fescue; drove of fatted cattle. Pierre de touche, touch-stone.

TOUCHER, too-sha, v. a. & n. to touch, meddle with, handle or finger, shake hands with one, try or put to the touchstone, drive, strike, hit, express, play upon, receive, be er draw near, reach, be next or adjoining or contiguous, he related or of kin. concern, move, Toucher de près à, to be nearly reaffect. lated to. Se toucher, v.r. to touch one another, be contiguous or adjoining.

Toucher, v. a. & n. Mar. to touch, meddle with, strike or touch upon the ground, ste. Toucher at parer, to touch and go. Le bâtibar, bat, base : thère, êbb, ovêr : fleld, fig : rôbe, rôb, tôrd : mòod, gôod.

ment toucha en entrant dans le port, the ship touched in coming into harbour. Le compas à besoin d'être touché, the compass wants to be touched. Les deux raissraux amiraux étoient à se toucher dans le combat, the two flag ships were rubbing against each other's sides in the action. Pour peu que nous tou-chions à l'arrimage, le brig perd de sa marche, if we meddle at all with the brig's stowage, it hurts her sailing.

Toucher, too-sha, s. m. feeling, touch,

manner of playing on instruments.

TOUCHBUR, s. m. Ex. Toucheur de boeufs, drover.

Tour, s. f. towing ; ferry-boat. V. Towe. Toure, s. f. Mar. warp, tow-line. Entrer dans un port à la touce, to warp into a har-bout. Sortir du port à la touce, to warp out

of the harbour.

Touen, too-a, v. a. to warp, tow. or haussière à touer, tow-rope. Bateau serrant à touer, tow-boat. L'on nous toua pour sortir du port, we were towed out of the harbour. La frégate se toueroit de préférence à se faire remorquer, the frigate might be warped faster than she could be towed.

TOUEUR, tôo-eur, s. m. kedge anchor. Touffe, tôof, s. f. tuft; thicket. Touffeur,s.f.exhalation that one feels on entering a warm room.

TOUFFU, E, tôo-fû, fû, adj. thick, bushy. *TOUILLAUT, s. m. Ex. Un gros touilland,

a lusty blade, a stout fellow.

Toujours, too-zoor, adv. always, ever, evermore, continually, in the mean while. or time, generally; without exception, mostly. commonly, at least, for all that, but still, nevertheless.

TOULET, V. Tollet.

TOUPET, too-pe, s.m. little tuft (of hair, ec.) Tourie, too-pl, s f. gig or castle top; also

"Tourier, v. n. to whirl about.

TOUPILLER, too-pl-la, v. n. to whirl about, Tun up and down.

Tourillon, to-pi-lon, s. m. little tuft.

TOUPIN, s. m. Mar. top for laying ropes. Tour, toor, s. f. tower, spire, rook (at chess.) Tour à feu, Mar. light-house.

Tour, s. m. turn, turning, going round. circular motion or revolution, circumference, tour, compass, contour, turn-lathe, turningwheel, turning-box (in a nunnery,) game (at backgammon.) turn or gloss, turn or way of writing or of expressing one's self, turn or sense or construction, turn or office or courtesy or service; trick or wile or fetch; turn or order (according to rank) or place; turn or walk. Tour de reins, sprain in the back. ther. Tour de lit, suit of bed curtains. Tour de cheneur. false hair (for women.) Tour de cou, neckcloth; also cloakloop. Tour de cou, neckcloth; also cloakloop. Tour de cou d'un rabut, neck of a band. Tour de plume, feather about one's hat. Tout du bûton byprofits. Faire un tour de promenade, to take a turn, walk a turn or a little way.

Tour, s. m. Mar. Tour à bilord, reel for making spun yarn. Tour pour or de lock, log reel. Tour de la grande tigne de sonde, deep sea reel. Tour mort avec deux demiclefs, clove hitch with a round turn. Tour de cable or dans les cables, turn in the hawse.

Demi-tour dans les câbles, elbow in the hawse. Prendre des tours dans les câbles, to take turns in the hawse. Tiens le tour à loch, hold the in the hawse. reci. Le vent fait le tour du compus, the wind flies all round the compass. Nous dépass-rons les tours de nos cubles avant la fin de la marée, we will clear hawse before the tide has done. Notre navire prend le bon tour, et nous n'aurons plus de croix dans les câbles, our vessel is going the right way, and we shall have an open hawse. Le buttonent n'a-t-il pas pris le marcuis tour? I is not the ship gone the wrong way? Il faut donner du tour à la pointe, you must not borrow too near the point.

TOURBE toorb, s.f. turf (for fuel;) disorderly or lawless multitude of people. Enquête

par lourbe, general inquest.
Tournition, toor-bi-lon, s. m. whirlwind;
vortex, whirl or whirling. Tourbillon or Tou billon de vent, Mar. tornado.

Tourd, s. m. a sea-fish.
Tourd or Tourdelle, s. f. a particular

species of thrush.

Tourelle, too-rel, s. f. turret.

TOURET, too-re, s. m. small wheel turn-ed by a larger. Touret, Mar. winch (on which the yarn is wound up in a rope walk.)

TOURIERE, too-rier, s. f. maid that looks to the turning-box in a numbery.

TOURILLON, 100-ri-lon, s. m. trunnions.

TOURNEST, toor-men, s. m. torment, pain, racking thought, anxiety, grief, sorrow.

TOURMENTANT, E, toor-men-ten, tent, adj.

tormenting, troublesome.
Tournente, toor-ment, s. f. storm, tempest. Mar. violent storm, stormy weather.

TOURMENTER, toor-men-ta, v. a. to torment, torture, rack or put to great pain, disquiet, grieve, vex, afflict, plague, tire, trouble, importune, dun, be troublesome, toss, tumble, jolt, deaden (the colours.) Se tour menter, v. r. to torment one's self, toss, tumble, labour much, take or be at a great deal of pains, bevery busy, warp (speaking of wood.)
TOURMENTIN, s. m. Mar. fore top-mast

stay-sail or fore stay-sail.
TOURNAILLER, v. n. to turn, go round a thing, go up and down.

TOURNANT, toor-nen, s. m. turning; whirl-pool. Tournant d'eau, Mar. whirlpool. Tourné, E, toor-na, adj. (from Tourner) turned, etc. Il est bien tourné, he is a very

genteel man. TOURNE-BOUT, s.m. sort of musical in-

strument. TOURNEBRIDE, s. m. a little ale house near a castle for the servants and horses of the strangers who visit there.

TOURNEBROCHE, toorn-brosh, s. m. jack, turnspit.

TOURNE-FEUILLET, V. Signet.

Tournée, toor-na. s. f. circuit, progress or visit; round or walk or turn.

TOURNELLE, toor-nell, s. f. court for criminat causes.

Tournemain, toorn-min, s. m. Ex. Ex un tournemain, in the turning of a hand, in a mo-

Tourner, toor-ne, v. a. to turn. torn or wind round; to turn or turn up; translate. Tourner à blâme or à louange, to hlame or praise. Tourner, v. n. to turn, turn round base, bat : jeune, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

change, grow ripe, grow rotten. Faire tourmer, to turn. Se tourner, v. r. to turn or turn about; change, become. Tourner, Mar. to turn, etc. Les rents tourneront à l'ouest, the wind will come round to the westward. Tourne le sablier, turn the glass or turn. TOURNESOL, toorn-sôl, s. m. turnsol.

TOURNETTE, s.f.yarn-windle; rolling-cage. TOURNEVIRE, s. m. Mar. messenger, royal. Garnis le tournevire au cabestan, get the mes-

senger to pass.
Tournevis, toorn-vis, s. m. key for a

Tourneur, toor-neur, s. m. turner.

Tourneuse, s. m. turner's wife.
TOURNIQUET, toor-ni-ke, s. m. turn-stile,
turn-pike, whimsey-board. Tourniquet, Mar. swivel.

TOURNOI, toor-nwa, s. m. tourney.
TOURNOIEMENT, toor-nwa-men, s. m. whirling or turning round, winding about; (de tête) dizziness.

Tournois, toor-nwa, adj. Ex. Une livre

tourmois, a French livre.

Tournois, s. m. farthing.

TOURNOYANT, adj. turning, winding. TOURNOYEMENT, V. Tournoiement.

Tournover, toor-nwa-ya, v. n. to turn or go about, whirl about; dodge, shuffle.
TOURNURE, toor-nur, s. f. turning or turn-

er's work; turn.

TOURTE, toort, s. f. pie; turtle-dove. TOURTEAU, toor-to, s. m. crusty little loaf; also link or wreath of pitched cord.

TOURTEREAU, tdort-ro, s. m. young turtledove.

Tourterelle, toort-rel, s. f. turtle-dove.

TOURTIÈRE, toor-tier, s. f. pan, baking-pan. TOURTOUSE, s. f. the rope which the hang-man puts about the prisoner's neck.

TOURTRE, toortr, s. f. turtle-dove.
Tous, toos, V. Tout.

Toussaint, (LA) tôo-sin, s. f. all-saints-day, all-hallow-day.

Toussen, tôo-sa, v. n. to cough, hem.

Toussev-a, ss., tôo-sêur, sêuz, s. m. & f.

cougher.

Tour, z, the thet, adj. Tous, toutes, pl. all, whole, any, whatever, every; mere. Tous les jours, every day. Toutes les senaines, every week. Tout e que j'ai d'amis, all the friends I have. Tout, adv. (by a strange custom this adverb becomes feminine serunge custom this award becomes Jennathe when it falls upon an adjective feminine, which begins with a consonant) wholly, entirely, quite, thoroughly, all, allogether, all over; as, through, for all. Il est tout malade, he is quite sick. Elle est toute malade, she is quite sick. Ils sont tout malades, they are quite sick. Bes sours sont toutes malades, his sisters are quite sick, as well as his sisters are sick every one of them. Tout malades qu'ils sont, sick as they are, as sick as they are. Tontes malades que sont ses sorurs, sick as his sisters are, as sick as his sisters are, though his sisters are sick, for all his sisters are sick. Il a laissé la porte tout ouverte, he has lest the door quite (wide) open. Tout ouverte the door quite (wide) open. Tout ouverte quiétoit la porte, for all the door was open. Print du tout, not at all. Rien du tout, nothing at all. Tout à fait, entirely. En tout, without exception. Partout, every where, Après tout, all things considered. Tout. s. m. whole, all. Toutes les personnes, all, all men, every body. Le tout ensemble, all together, the whole. C'est le tout, 'tis all in all. Ce n'est pas tout, it is not enough, it does not suffice, this is not all. V. Atout.

Touterois, toot-fwa, conj. yet, neverthe-

less, however.

TOUTE-PRÉSENCE, s. f. omnipresence. Toute-puissance, tôot-pûl-sens, s. f. al-

mighty power, almightiness, omnipotency; the almighty. God almighty.

Tout-Puissant, E, too-pul-sen, sent, adj. almighty, omnipotent.
Tout-Puissant, (LE) s. m. the Almighty,

God Almighty.

Toutou, tôo-tôo, s. m. little dog or whelp,

puppy.
Toux, too, cough. Toux de renard qui mène au terrier, churchyard cough. Toxique, tôk-sik, s. m. poison.

TRABAN, s. m. a soldier of the imperial

guard in Germany.

*TRAC, trak, s. m. track, gait, pace. TRACAS, tra-ka, s. m. hurry, bustle, noise,

confusion. disorder.

TRACASSER, trå-kå-så, v. n. to be busy, be full of bustle, be always in action or in a hurry, he a busy body or an intermeddler. Tra-

casser, v. a. to plague, trouble, vex, disquiet. TRACASSERIE, tra-kas-ri, s. f. shuffle, shuffling, trick, piece of malice, malicious trick, broil, bickering.

TRACASSIER, E, trå-kå-slå, sler, s. m. & f. busy-body, intermeddler, shifting or shuffling creature.

TRACE, tras, s. f. footstep, track or print or footing, traces, step, sign, mark, example; drawing or draught.

TRACE, E, adj. whereof a draught or mo-

del is made, etc.

TRACEMENT, tras-mên, s. m. drawing, draught, delineation.

TRACER, tra-sk, v. a. to make a draught or model of, draw, chalk out, show, point out, describe (les arbres) to set or plant in order. Tracer, Mar. to draw, lay down.

TRACHÉE-ARTÈRE, trà-shà-àr-tèr, a. f.

wind-pipe.

TRADITEURS, s. m. pl. traditors (of the sacred books to their persecutors.)
TRADITION, tra-di-slon, s. f. delivery; tra-

dition. TRADITIONNAIRES, s. m. pl. (Juifs qui expliquent l'ancien testament par les traditions

de leurs pères) traditioners.
TRADITIONNEL, LE, trà-di-siò-nel, adj.

traditional.

TRADITIONNELLEMENT, adv. traditionally.
TRADITIVE, s. f. tradition.

TRADUCTEUR, tra-duk-teur, s. m. transla-

TRADUCTION, trå-dåk-slon, s. f. translation

TRADUIRE, tra-dulr, v. a. (see the table at uire) to translate, to remove or transler. Traduire en ridicule, to ridicule, traduce,

expose.
TRADUIT, E, adj. translated, etc.

TRADUISIBLE, adj. traducible.

TRAFIC, tra-fik, s. m. traffick, trade.

TRAFIQUANT, ira-ff-kan, s. m. trader, merchant, dealer.

TRAFIQUER, tra-fi-ka, v.n. to trade. deal,

bar, bât, base : thère, êbb, ovêr : field, fig : ròbe, rôb, tôrd : mòod, gôod.

traffick, drive a trade : v. a. to negotiate or TRAGACANTE, s. f. tragacanth, guin-dra-

TRAGEDIE, tra-zh-dl, s. f. tragedy.

Tracédien. s. m. tragedian. Tragi-comédie, tra-zî-kô-mâ-dì, s. f. tragi-comedy.
TRAGI-comique, trå-zl-kô-mik, adj. tra-

gi-comical.

Tragique, tra-zik, adj. tragical, tragick. TRAGIQUE, (LE) s. m. the writing of tra-

gedies. TRAGIQUEMENT, trå-zlk-men, adv. tragi-

cally.

TRAHIR, tra-ir, v. a. to betray, be false, disclose, discover, belie, speak or act contrary TRAHISON, tra-1-zon, s. f. treachery, trea-Se trahir soi-même, to betray one's self.

son, falsehood.

TRAIN, trin. s. m. pace, rate; rate, way. course; way; action, movement, disposition; rogues, wenches; (d'un seigneur) train, retinue ; (de bois) float ; (de bateaux) train ; (d'artillerie) train (d'un carrosse) part on which the body rests; also track. Train de derant and train de derrière (a un curron, wheels and hind wheels. Train de deruit and train de derrière (d'un cheral) fore legs and hind part. Train de and shoulders and hind part. presse, entire press. Mettre en train, to set Se mettre en train de fairr, to on, set going. set one's self about. Etre en train, to be in, be at it; go on. Etre en train de faire, to be in a mood or humour for doing. Tout d'un train, all at once, at one bout, all to-gether. Aller bon train, to go quickly. Faire du train, to make a noise.

du train, to make a noise.

TRAÎNANT, E, trè-nèn, nènt, adj. trailing. dragging, drawling, languid.

TRAÎNE, trèn, s. f. Ex. Rerdreaux en traine, young partridges that cannot fly.

Traine, s. f. Mar. any thing towing overboard. A la traine, towing, in tow. Ce vaiseeux a beaucoup de traines dehors, that ship has many things towing overboard. Laisse it canot a la traine, let the boat tow astern.

TRAINE, E, adj. (from Trainer) drawn,

dragged along, etc.
Traineau, trè-nò, a m. sledge or sled. dray; trammel or draw-net.

TRAINEE, trè-na, s. f. train, track to al-

lure wolves, etc.

TRAINER, trè-na, v. a. to draw, trail, drag or draw along; to carry away or along, be attended with, bring, be the cause of; to amuse, keep at bay; to put off, prolong, spin out. protract, make linger; (une vic languissante) to lead a wretched or lingering life; (see paroles) to drawl or drag out one's words, speak very slowly. Trainer, v. n. to trail, drag or drag along; lie about, lie scattered; linger or languish, be long doing hold out long, struggle, stay behind. Se trainer, v. r. to struggle, stay behind. Se trainer, v. r. to crawl or creep along.

TRAINEUR, tre-neur, s. m. straggler,

poacher or one that catches game with a trammel. Un traineur d'épée, a sword dan-

gler, vagabond.

TRAIRE, trer, v. a. to milk. TRAIT, tre, adj. m. wire-drawn. Or or TRANCHER. S. TRAIT, tre, s. m. dart, arrow, shaft, bolt, or griping pains.

shot; stroke, dash, touch; act, piece, instance; passage; turn or office, trick; draught, sup, gulp; (du visage) feature, lineament; (d'un carrosse) trace; (aux checs) move; (in heraldry) bar; point of the compass; gold or silver wire; part of a psalm between the epistle and the gospel.

TRAITABLE, re-tabl, adj. tractable, fair

dealing, gentle; kind, pliant, soft, ductile.
TRAITANT, E, adj. (from Traiter) treating or discoursing, etc

TRAITANT, tre-ten, s. m. farmer of the king's revenues

TRAITE, tret, s. f. journey or way or stage; exportation or transporting (of commodities;) draught or bill of exchange; custom or duty. Tout d'une traite, at once, without stop-ping or baiting by the way. Traite, s.f. Mar. ping or baiting by the way. Traite, s. f. Mar. trade or traffick carried on between shipping and the inhabitants of a country. La traite des negres, the slave trade. Sur cette côte on ne fait pas beaucoup de traite, there is little trading on that coast.

TRAITÉ, E. adj. treated, etc. V. Traiter. TRAITÉ, trê-th, s. m. tract, treatise, dis-

course; treaty or agreement.

TRAITEMENT, trêt-men, s. m. treatment, entertainment, usage; salary; bonours (paid to;) attendance or care or medicines or dress-

TRAITER, tre-ta, v. a. & n. to treat or handle, discourse of or upon, treat of or about, be upon a treaty or hargain, treat or compound for; to treat or use, deal with, act with, behave to; treat or entertain, give an entertainment to, dress meat; to cure, have under cure or under one's hands. Traiter de, to call, give the title of, well, fare or live well. Se bien traiter, to eat

TRAITEUR, trê-têur, s. m. cook (that keeps

an ordinary.)

TRAITRE, TRAITRESSE, tretr. tre-tres, adj. traitorous, treacherous, false, perficious, dan-

gerous.
TRAITER, s. m. traitor. betrayer, treacherous man.

Truitresse, s. f. traitress, perfidious woman. TRAITREUSEMENT, trè-trèuz-mên, adv.

treacherously or traitorously. TRAJECTOIRE, s. f. (in geometry) trajectory. TRAJET, trå-ze, s. m. way. passage, going

or passing or crossing over, jaunt, trip.
TRAMAIL, tra-mal, s. m. trammel or drag-

TRAME, tram, s. f. woof; plot; (de la vie)

course. TRAMER, trå-må, v. a. to weave; to plot

or contrive, brew. TRAMONT LIN, s. m. tramontane.

TRAMONTANE, tra-mon-tan, s. f. north wind; north star; north. Gréco-tramontane, north-north-east. Mestre-tramontane, northnorth-west. Perdre la tramentane, to be at a loss or beside one's self, be discomposed.

TRANCHANT. E, trèn-shèn, shènt, adj.

sharp, cutting, strong, glaring.
TRANCHANT, trèn-shèn, s. m. edge. A

deux tranchans, two-edged.
TRANCHE, trensh, s. f. slice, cut; edge.

TRANCHE, E, tren-sha, adj. cut, cut off, etc. V. Trancher.
TRANCHER, s. f. trencher trenches, gripes buse, bût : jêune, mêute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun,

TRANCHEFILE, trènsh-t'll, s.f. bar in a shoe; head-band in a book; little chain about a bit. Tranchefiler, trènsh-17-là, v. a. to

make head-bands for books

Tranchelard, trènsh-làr, s. m. a cook's great knife.

*PRANCHE-PLUME, s. m. pen-knife.

TRANCHER, trèn-shà, v. a. to cut or cut off; to decide, resolve, determine to speak or be plain; (parlant des couleurs) to glare, show. Trancher le mot, to speak the word, be plain. Trancher net, not to mince the matter; tell one's mind plainly. Trancher du, to set up for, assume the ways or character of.

TRANCHET, tren-she, s. m. shoe-maker's

cutting-knife.

TRANCHOIR, tren-shwar, s. m. trencher. calm, peaceable, undisturbed, sedate, composed.

TRANQUILLEMENT, tren-kîl-mên, adv.

tranquilly, quietly, peaceably

TRANQUILLISER, tren-kl-li-za,v.a. to quiet. Se tronquilliser, v. r. to grow quiet, be at rest. TRANQUILLITÉ, trèn-kl-ll-tà, s. f. quiet,

tranquillity, calmness, sedateness. TRANSACTION, tren-zak-sion, s. f. transac-

tion, agreement, articles.

Transcendance, trèn-sèn-dèns, s. f. transcendence, transcendency.

TRANSCENDANT, E, trên-sên-dên, dênt,

adj. transcendent. TRANSCRIPTION, trens-krip-sion, s. f. transcription or transcribing.
TRANSCRIRE, trens-krir, v. a. (like écrire)

to transcribe or copy.

TRANSCRIT, E, adj. transcribed, copied. TRANSE, trèns, s. f. trance, agony, pangs,

apprehension of danger.
TRANSFERER. trens fa-ra, v. a. to trans-

fer, translate or remove, make over. Transfiguration, trens-fi-gu-ra-sion,

s. f. trausfiguration. TRANSFIGURER, trens-ff-git-ra, v. a. to transfigure. Se transfigurer, v. r. to be trans-

figured. Transformation, trèns-fôr-mà-sìon, s. f.

transformation, transforming.

Transformer, trèns-for-mà, v.a. to transform, turn, change. Se transformer, v. r. to be transformed, turn, change.

Transfuge, trèns-fûz, s. m. deserter,

turncoat.

TRANSFUSER, trèns-fû-zà, v.a. to transfuse. TRANSFUSION, trens-fû-zion, s. f. transfusion.

TRANSGRESSER, trens-gre-sa, v. a. transgress, trespass, violate, go beyond.

TRANSGRESSEUR, trens-gre-seur, s. m. transgressor, offender.

TRANSGRESSION, trèns-grê-sion, s. f. trans-

gression, transgressing.
TRANSS, E. adj. chilled, benumbed with TRANSI, E, adj. c. cold, etc. V. Transir.

TRANSIGER, trèn-zi-za, v. a. to transact,

TRANSIUM, article.
TRANSIR, trènser, v. a. to chill or benumb, aponal. daunt. damp. Transir, v. n. to be appal, daunt. damp. Transir, v. n. chilled or benumbed, shiver; be afraid.

TRANSISSEMENT, trèn-zh-mên, s. m. chil-

ness, numbness. TRANSITI-F, VE, trèn-si-iff, tiv, adj. transitive.

TRANSITION, trensition, s. f. transition. passing (from one thing to another.)

TRANSITOIRE, tren-zi-twar, adj. transito.

ry. transient.
*TRANSLATER, v. a. to translate.

TRANSLATEUR, S. m. translator.

TRANSLATION, trèns-là-sion, s. f. translation, removal.

TRANSMETTRE, trèns-mêtr, v. a. (like mettre)to make over, pass away, transmit, convey. TRANSMIGRATION, trens-ml-gra-slon, s. f.

transmigration; emigration.

TRANSMIS, E, adj. made over, transmit-

ted, *etc*.

TRANSMISSIBLE, trèns-ml-sibl, adj. conveyable.
TRANSMISSION, s. f. transmission.

TRANSMUABLE, trèns-mû-abl, adj. transmutable. TRANSMUER, trêns-mû-à, v. a. to trans-

mute, change or transform. TRANSMUTABILITE, s. f. quality of being

transmutable.

TRANSMUTATION, trèns-mg-ta-slos, s. f. transmutation, change.

TRANSPARENCE, trens-pa-rens, s. f. trans-

рагелсу. TRANSPARENT, E, trèns-pà-ren, rent, adj.

transparent.

TRANSPARENT, s. m. lines (placed under a leaf, to make one write straight;) oiled paper (for transparencies.)

THANSPERCER, trème-per-sit, v. a. to pierce

or run through, transpierce.

TRANSPIRABLE, trens-pi-rabl, adj, perspirable.

TRANSPIRATION, trèns-pi-ra-sion, s. f. transpiration, perspiration.

TRANSPIRER, tress-pi-ra, v. n. to transpire, perspire.

TRANSPLANTATION, trèns-plèn-th-alon, s. f. transplantation.

TRANSPLANTE, E, adj. transplanted, removed.

TRANSPLANTEMENT, s. m. transplanting. TRANSPLANTER, trèns-plèn-tà, v. a. to transplant, remove.

TRANSPORT, trèns-por, s. m. transport, exporting, transporting or transportation, carriage, conveyance, assignment, transfer, going of a judge upon a contested spot, violent motion or transport, violent fit of rapture, ecstasy : (au cerreau) delirium, light-headed-ness. Bâtiment de transport, transport

TRANSPORTER, trèns por th, v. a. to transport or export, remove or carry, transfer, convey or make over, pass away: to transport, put beside one's self. Se transporter, v. r. to go or repair; also to fly out into a passion.

TRANSPOSER, trêns-pô-zā, v. a. to transpose, misplace.
TRANSPOSITION, trens-po-21-slon, s. f.

transposition, misplacing.

TRANSSUBSTANTIATION, trèn subs ten pl--sion, s. f. transubstantiation.

TRANSSUBSTANTIER, tren-subs-tensil. v. a. to transubstantiate.

*TRANSSUDATION, S. f. transudation.

TRANSSUDER, tren-ch-ch, v. n. totransude. TRANSVASER, V. a. to decent.

TRANSVERGAL, E. trèss-ver-sel, adj. transverse, transversal, athwart, crossing.

bar, bat, base: thère, èbb, over: field, fig: robe, rob, lord: mood, good.

TRANSVERSALEMENT, trèns-vêr-sâl-mên, adv. athwart. across, cross-wise.
TRANSVERSE, adj. transverse, being in a

cross direction.

"TRANTRAN, trèn-trèn, s. m. way, knack.

TRAPÈZE; s. m. trapezium. TRAPÉZOIDE, s. m. trapezoid.

TRAPEZOIDE, S. II. Uspezout.
TRAPE, S. f. a trap-door, trap.
TRAPU, E. tra-pa, pù, adj. thick and short, strong-limbed, stubbed, squat.
TRAQUENARD, trak-nar, s. m. kind of ambling pace of a horse; ambling nag; brisk sort of a dance; trap.

TRAQUER, v. a. to make an enclosure for bunting.

TRAQUET, tra-ke, s. m. trap, snare; mill-clack or mill-clapper; a small bird.

TRAQUEUR, s. m. one of those employed in making an enclosure for hunting.

TRAVADE, s. f. whirlwind at sea.

TRAVAIL, tra-val, s. m. work, labour, pains, piece of work, (de maréchal) trave, travel, travise; (pour accoucher) labour, travail, (in the two last senses the plural is travail, but the senses the plural is travail. vails.) Homme de travail, labourer. Travaux, works, labours. Notre équipage est ex-témué de travail. Mar. our ship's people are worked off their legs.

TRAVAILLE, E, adj. (from Travailler) wrought, etc. also elaborate, done with exact-

TRAVAILLER, tra-va-fa, v. n. to work or be at work, labour, be busy; be about; to la-bour, be in pain; (parlant de bois) to warp; to work, ferment. Travailler, v. a. to work; to labour, do with great care; (un cheval) to ride, manage; to trouble, disorder, discompose. Se travailler, to toil and moil, fret.

Travailler, Mar. to work, strain, etc. bâtiment travaille beaucoup par ce gros temps, the ship strains very much in this bad weather. Le câble travaille beaucoup, there is a great strain on the cable.

TRAVAILLEUR, trå-vå-leur, s. m. labour-

er; also pioneer. TRAVAUX, V. Travail.

TRAVÉE, tra-va, s. f. space between two

joists.

TRAVERS, tra-ver, s. m. side or breadth; irregularity, whim, caprice, oddity. A travers, au travers de, prep. across, thorough or through. De travers, en travers, side-wise, cross, cross-wise. De travers, cross, across, cross-wise, awry, a-skew, a-slope, the wrong way or side. Parler à tort et à travers, to talk inconsiderately.

Travers, Mar. Ex. Etre par le travers de,

to be off, be abreast of. En travers du vaisseau, athwart ship. Etre en traners, to be lying to. Mettre en travers pour attendre un cancit, to heave to for a boat. Etre en travers à la lame, to be in the trough of the sea. Prendre la marée en travers, so take the tide on the beam. La marée nous prend par le travers, the tide takes us on the beam. Une frégate a mouillé par notre travers, a frigate has come to a-breast of us. Mouillé par le travers de Belle-Ale, at anchor off Belle-isle. Ce bâtiment est mouillé en travers de la passe, that ship rides athwart the channel. Le Foudroyant a un traners, the Foudroyant appears to great advantage when you are abreast of her.

TRAVERSE, tra-vers, s. f. cross way, short cut; cross piece of timber; cross iron bar; traverse (in fortification;) cross, trouble, misfortune, rub, disappointment. Se jeter, venir à la traverse, to come between, fall across, cross or thwart.

TRAVERSÉ, E, adj. crossed, etc. V. Tru-

verser.
TRAVERSÉE, trh-vêr-så, s. f. Mar. passage. run. Faire une traversée, to make a passage or run. Faire une belle traversée, to have a quick passage. Notre traversée a été très dure,

we have had a very rough passage.

TRAVERSER, tra-ver-sa, v. a. to cross, go TRAVERSER, tra-ver-sa, v. a. to cross, go or pass over; go across or through; traverse, run through; thwart or cross, trouble, disturb, vex. Mar. Traverser l'ancre, to fish the anchor. Traverser les voiles, to fish the sails. Traverser une vergue, to cross a yard, get a vard across. Traverse la missise et les focs, that in forward. Traverser une rivière à la faveur des marées, to tide it over. Les boulets nous traversoient d'un bord à l'autre, the shot came in at one side of us and went out on the other. Traverser unc escadre enne-

mie, to cross through an enemy's fleet.
TRAVERSIER, E, trà-vêr-sià, slèr, adj. Ex.
Flûte traversière, gennam flute. Barque traversière, packet-boat. Vent traversier, wind that blows right into a harbour, and hinders the sailing out of it; also wind that blows in such a direction as to enable a ship to proceed from one port to another and to

return without tacking.

TRAVERSIER, s. m. Mar. small fishing vessel on the coast of Rochelle; wind which prevents the sailing out of a harbour. Traversier d'écoutilles, gutter-ledge. Traversier de chaloupe, sore thwart of a launch or long boat. Le traversier de ce port est le nord, the north wind will prevent any ship from sailing out of that harbour.

TRAVERSIN, tra-ver-sin, s. m. bolster;

beam of a halance.

Traversia, Mar. Traversia d'écontille, gut-ter-ledge. Traversia de taquets, cross-piece of the main and fore sheet kevels and other kevels. Traversin des bittes, cross piece of Traversin d'elinguets, beams into the bitts. which the pawls of the capstan are bolted. Traversins des baux, small carlings (placed between the beams in French ships of war.) Traversins (pour les pieds des rameurs) stretch-

TRAVESTIR, tra-ves-tir, v. a. to disguise; to travesty. Se travestir, v. r. to disguise one's self.

Travestissement, tra-ves-uls-men, s. m.

TRAYON, trê-yon, s. m. dug.
TRAYON, trê-yon, s. m. dug.
TRÉBUCHANT, K, trâ-bů-shèn, shènt, adj.
that weighs, of full weight.
TRÉBUCHEMENT, trâ-bůsh-měn, s. m. fall,

downfall; offence or stumbling-block.

TREBUCHER, trå-bå-shå, v. n. to stumble, slip or trip; fall or tumble; fall, perish, come to ruin; also to be of full weight; to weigh down another weight.

TRÉBUCHET, trà-bh-shè, s. m. weights; gold weights; snare (for birds.)

TREFLE, trêfl, s. m. trefoil, clover, club (at cards.) Trèfle d'eau, duck-bean. TRÉFLÉ, E, adj. (in heraldry) like trefoil,

buse, bût : jeane, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : bran.

TREILLAGE, tre-laz, s. m. arbour-work, pole arbour, pole hedge.
TREILLE, trel, s. f. arbour, vine-arbour,

TREILLIS, tre-/l, s. m. trellis; buckram; sackeloth.

TREILLISSAGE, s. m. pole hedge. TREILLISSER, tre-ll-sa, v. a. to grate, cross-bar, lattice.

TREIZAINE, s. m. thirteen.

TREIZE, trez, adj. thirteen; (surnom) the thirteenth: (date) thirteenth.

TRELIEME, trê-ziem, adj. thirteenth.
TRÉLIEME, trê-ziem, adj. thirteenth.
TRÉLIEME, trê-ziem, adj. thirteenth.
Ingage de la bouée, slings of the buoy. lingage des haubans sous les hunes, cat-harp-

TRALUCHER, v. a. Mar. to-gybe, shift

(lateen sails.)

TREMA, tra-ma, s. m. (se dit des voyelles ē, 1. 0. lorsqu'elles sont marquées de deux ints) diæresis.

TREMBLAIE, trèn-blè, s. f. grove of asps or aspen-trees.

TREMBLANT, E, adj. trembling, shaking.

TREMBLE, trembl, s. m. asp or aspen-tree. TREMBLEMENT, treath-men, s. m. trem-bling; quaking, shaking, shivering, fear; (de deuts) chautering; (en musique) quavering, shake, trill. Tremblement de terre, earthquake.

TREMBLER, trèn-blå, v. n. to tremble. quake or shiver, fear; (en musique) to qua-

ver, make a shake.

TREMBLEU-R, se, trèn-blêur, blèuz, s. m. & f. one who is afraid; also quaker.

TREMBLOTANT, E, adj. trembling, quak-

ing, shivering.
TREMBLOTER, trèn-biô-tå, v. n. to trem-

ble, quake or shiver.

TRÉMIE, trà-mi, s. f. hopper or mill-hop-

per; measure for salt. TRÉMOUSSEMENT, trà-môos-mên, s. m.

fluuering. TRÉMOUSSER, tra-moo-sa, v. n. to flutter. Se tremousser, v. r. to move or stir or flutter about, tremble, shake, quake, stir or bestir one's self.

TREEPE, trènp, s. f. temper or tempering

(of iron;) disposition.

TREMPER, trèn-pa, v. a. to dip, soak or steep, imbrue; bathe (perlant des yeux;) dilute (parlant de min :) temper (parlant de fer or d'acier.) Tremper, v. n. to soak or steep, souse; be concerned or have a hand in.

TREMPIS, s. m. salt-fish water. TREMPURE, s. m. trendle (of a mill.)

TRÉMUE, s. f. sort of hood or companion (to the batchway of a fishing-boat.)

TRENTAIN, tren-tin, s. m. (au jeu) thirty

TRENTAINE, s. f. thirty.

TRENTANEL, s. m. sort of plant used for dying.

TRESTE, trent, adj. thirty; (du mois) thir-

TRENTE-ET-UN, s. m. (jeu) thirty-one TRENTE-ET-QUARANTE, s. m. (jeu) thirty-forty.

TRENTIÈME, trên-tièm, adj. thirtieth. TRENTIÈME, s. m. thirtieth part.

Triou, s. m. Mer. square sail.

TRÉPAN, trà-pen, s. m. trepan; trepan-

TRÉPANER, trà-pà-nà, v. a. to trepan.

TREPAS, tra-pa, s. m. death, decease. TREPASSE, E, adj. deceased, dead, departed this life.

TREPASSE, s. m. dead body. Les trepas-

sés, the dead. *Tr éразвенент, trà-pas-men, s. m. point

of death, decease, death.

TREPASSER, tra-pa-sa, v. n. to die, depart

this life, give up the ghost.

TREPIDATION, s. f. trepidation.

TREFIED, tra-pla, s. m. trevet; tripod. TRÉPIGNEMENT, trà-pign-men, s. m.

stamping, clattering motion with the feet. TRÉPIGNER, trå-pi-gnå, v. n. to make a

clattering motion with the feet, stamp with one's feet. TRÉPOINT, tra-pwin, s. m. or TRÉPOINTE,

s. f. well.

TRES, tre, adv. most, very. TRESEAU, V. Trezeau.

TRESOR, tra-zor, s. m. treasure; exchequer, treasury-chamber; treasury or treasu-

ry-house; charters, records.
TRESORERIE, tra-zor-ri, s. f. treasury.

TRÉSORIER, trà-zô-rià, s. m. treasurer. Trésorière, s. f. treasurer-nun; a treasurer's lady.

TRESSAILLEMENT, trê-sâ/-mên. s. m. start, starting or starting up.

TRESSAULLIR, tre-sa-dr, v. n. to start, start

up, leap.
TRESSE, tres, s. f. west, twist, tresses, hair.

TRESSER, trê-så, v. a. to weave, twist. TRESSEU-R, SE, trê-sêur, seuz, s. m. & f. weaver (of hair for wigs.)

TRESSOIR, tre-swar, s. m. frame to weave

TRÉTRAU, trà-tò, s. m. trestle.

TREVE, trev, s. f. truce; intermission, rest, breathing-time.

TRÈVES, s. m. TREVES or TRIERS (in Germany.)

TREUIL, treul, s. m. roll or axle-tree of a hand mill. Mar. windlass or Spanish wind-

TRÉVIRE, s. f. parbuckle, rope used as slings.
*TREUVER, v. a. to find.

TREZEAU, s. m. eighth part of an ounce. TRI, s. m. a sort of game at cards. "TRIACLEUR, tria-kleur, s. m. quack, mountebark, seller of treacle or theriaca.

TRIAGE tribz, s. m. choice or choosing-TRIAIRES, s. m. pl. triarians.

TRIANGLE, tri-èngl, s. m. triangle. TRIANGULAIRE, tri-èn-gu-lèr, adj. triangular.

TRIBADE, s. f. woman too familiar with a

TRIBORD, s. m. Mar. starboard. Côté de tribord d'un bâtiment, starboard side of a ship. Tribord un peu, starboard. Tribord tout, hard a-starboard. Sans venir sur tribord, mind your starboard helm. Feu tribord, fire the starboard guns.

TRIBORDAIS, s. in. starboard watch, starbowlines.

*TRIBOUILLEMENT, s. m. sudden trouble of the mind.

bar, bat, base: there, ebb, over; field, fig: robe, rob, lord: mood, good.

*TRIBOUILLER, v. n. to be troublec, put in a flutter.

TRIBOULET, s. m. triblet.

TRIBU, tri-bû, s. f. tribe, clan.
TRIBULATION, tri-bû-lâ-slon, s. f. tribulation, trouble, affliction, cross, adversity.

TRIBUN, trl-bun, s. m. tribune. TRIBUNAL, trl-bu-nal, s. m. tribunal. TRIBUNAT, tri-bū-nā, s. m. tribune's office

and dignity.

TRIBUNE, trl-bån, s. f. rostrum, pulpit,

galléry in a church. TRIBUNITIEN, NE, adj. tribunitial.

TRIBUT, tri-bû, s. m. tribute, tax, duty, enstom, homage.

TRIBUTAIRE, tri-bû-ter, adj. & s. tribu-

TRICHER, tri-sha, v. a. to cheat, bubble. TRICHERIE, trisb-ri, s. f. cheating trick. TRICHEU-R, SE, tri-sheur, sheuz, s. m. & f.

sharper, cheat.

TRICOISES, s. f. pl. pincers.

TRICOLOR, s. m. (plant) tricolor.

TRICON, trl-kon, s. m. gleek.

TRICOT, tri-ko, s. m. cudgel. TRICOTAGE, tri-ko-taz, s. m. knitting. TRICOTER, trì-kô-ta, v. a. to knit; weave

(lace.) TRICOTETS, trl-ko-te, s. m. pl. sort of

dance, Cheshire round.

TRICOTEU-R, SE, tri-ko-tour, teuz, s. m.

& f. knitter.
TRICTRAC, trik-trak, s. m. backgammon tables, the game itself.

TRIDE, adj. quick, swift.
TRIDENT, tri-den, s. m. trident.

TRIE, E, adj. (from Trier) picked, picked

out, culled.
TRIENNAL, E, tri-en-nal, adj. triennial. TRIENNALITÉ, tri-en-nà-li-tà, s. f. term of

 three years. TRIENNAT, s. m. that lasts three grears, for

three years. TRIER, trl-a, v. a. to pick or pick cut,

choose, cull. TRIÉRARQUE, s. m. trierarch.

TRIGAME, adj. & s. trigamist. TRIGAMIR, s. f trigamy.

TRIGAUD, E, tri-go, god, adj. & s. shuf-

fler, shammer. TRIGAUDER, tri-go-da, v. n. to shuffle,

play foul.
TRIGAUDERIE, trl-god-ri, s. f. shuffling.

TRIGITPHE, s. m. triglyph.

TRIGONOMÉTRIE, trl-gô-nô-må-trl, s. f.

TRIGONOMETRIQUE, adj. trigonometrical. TRIGONOMÉTRIQUEMENT, adv. trigono-

metrically. TRILATERAL, E, adj. trilateral; having

three sides. TRILLION, s. m. trillion, a million of millions.

"TRIMER, v. n. to haste, run.

TRIMESTRE, tri-mestr, s. m. quarter, term of three months.

TRIN or TRINE, adj. m. trine.

TRINGLE, tringl, s. f. curtain rod; a lath; wooden rule; triangle; bar with hooks on which a butcher hangs his meat. Tringle, Mar. capt.

TRINITAIRE, trl-ni-tèr, s. m. Triniterián, Mathurin.

Thinité, trì-nl-th, s. f. trinity,

TRINQUER, trin-kh, v. n. to drink, tipple,

tope or carouse.
TRINQUET, trin-ke, or arbre de trinquet.

V. Mat.
TRINQUETTE, s. f. Mar. foresail of a cutter or of a sloop-rigged vessel, fore stay sail.

TRIO, trl-0, s. m. musick in three parts, three part song : triumvirate, company of three.

TRIOLET, tri-b-lé, s. m. little piece of poetry of eight verses (the first repeated after the third, and the first and second repeated after the sixth.)

TRIOMPHAL, E, tri-on-fal, adj. triumphal. TRIOMPHALEMENT, edv. in a triumphant

manner.

TRIOMPHANT, E, tri-on-fen, fent, adj. triumphant, triumphing, victorious; glorious, famous.

TRIOMPHATEUR, tri-on-fa-teur, s. m. triumpher.

TRIOMPHE, trl-onf, s. m. triumph, victory. Arc de triemphe, triumphal arch.

Triomphe, s. f. the trump card; trum

TRIOMPHER, tri-on-fa, v. n. to triumph; to excel; be pleased. Triompher de, to triumph over, conquer, vanquish, subdue, master. glory or pride in.

TRIPALLE, trl-pal, s. f. garbage.

TRIPARTITE, adj. tripartite, divided into three parts.

TRIPE, trlp, s. f. tripe, gut. scrap; (tripe de relours) mock velvet. house-leek, tripmadam. Tripe ma

TRIPERIE, trip-ri, s. f. tripe-house. TRIPETTE, s. f. little tripe.

TRIPHTHONGUE, s. f. triphthong

TRIPIER, E, trl-più, pler, s. m. & f. tripeman or tripe woman.

TRIPLE, adj. triple, treble. TRIPLE, s. m. treble

TRIPLÉ, E, adj. trebled.

TRIPLEMENT, tripl-men, adj. trebly; in three ways or manners.

TRIPLEMENT.s. m.threefold augmentation. TRIPLER, tri-pla, v. n. & a. to treble.

TRIPLICITÉ, irl-plf-sl-tå, s. f. triplicity

TRIPLIQUER, v. n. to make a sur-rejoinder. TRIPLIQUYS, s. f. pl. sur-rejoinder.

TRIPOLI, s. m. tripoly, rotten stone. TRIPOLI, E, adj. made bright, polished.

TRIPOLIR, v. a. to make bright. polish with uripoly.

Гкірот, trî-pô, s. m. tenais-court. gaming house, bad company

TRIPOTAGE, trl-po-the, s. m. mingle-usegle, medicy, confused and disgusting mass.
TRIPOTER, tri-po-ta, v. a. to mash or make

mish-m**ash, jumble.**

TRIPOTIER, E, S. m. & f. master or mistress of a tennis-court.

TRIQUE, trlk, s. f. cudgel.

"Triquenique, s. f. trife...

TRIQUER, v. a. to cull and set aside.

TRIQUET, s. m. sort of battledore.

TRIREME, tri-rem, s. m. trireme ; a galley with three benches of oars on a side.

TRISATEUL, tri-zk-yeul, s. m. great great grandfather.

Trisateule, trì-zà-yêu!, s. f. great great grandmother.

TRISECTION, s. f. trisection. Trissorin, s. m. triple fool: base, bût : jêûne, mêute, beurre : ênfant, cênt, liên : vin : mon : brun.

TRISSYLLABE, tri-si-lab, adj. & s. m. trisyllabical, word of three syllables.

Tristé, trist, adj. heavy, sad, sorrowful, afflicted, cast down; sorry, melancholy, pensive, dull, dark, pitiful, grievous, tedious.

TRISTEMENT, trist-inen, adv. sadly, sor-

rowfully, heavily.

TRISTESSE, tria-tes, s. f. sadness, heaviness, grief, sorrow; melancholy, pensiveness.

TRITHÉISME, s. m. tritheism. TRITHÉISTE, s. m. & f. tritheist.

TRITON, trl-ton, s. m. Triton.
TRITURABLE, trl-to-rabl, adj. triturable.
TRITURATION, trl-to-ra-ston, s. f. tritura-

TRITURER, trl-td-ra, v. a. to triturate.

TRIVIAIRE, add. where three ways meet.
TRIVIAIRE, at rivial, adj. trivial, ordinary.
TRIVIALEMENT, tri-vial-men, adv. tri-

vially.

Tulvialité, tri-vià-il-ià, s. f. trivialness. Triunvir, tri-òm-vir, s. m. triumvir. Triunvirat, tri-òm-vi-rà, s. m. triumvi-

Troc, trok, s. m. truck, exchange.

TROCAR, s. m. trocar (in surgery.)
TROCHANTER, s. m. (pron. ch like k) tro-

chanier (in anatomy.)
TROCHÉE, trò-sha, s. f. trochee.
TROCHET, trò-sha, s. m. flowers or fruit growing in clusters.

TROCHISQUE, s. m. trochisk (a medicinal cake.)

TROCHURE, s. f. trochings. TROENE, tro-en, s. m. privet (a shrub.) TROGLODYTE, adj. & s. troglodyte. TROGNE, trogu, s. f. phiz, face.

TROGNE, s. m. stump; core.

TROIS, trwk, adj. three; (surnom) the third; (date) third.

TROIS, s. m. three; (aux dés) trey.
TROISIÈME, trud-zlèm, adj. & s. third.
La troisième, the third form in a school.
TROISIÈMENENT, trud-zlèm-mèn, adv.

thirdly. THÔLER, trò-là, v. a. to carry up and down, lead about, stroll.

TROMBE, tromb, s. f. Mar. water-spout.

TROMBE, tromb, s.f. mar. water-spout.
TROMPE, tromp, s. f. horn, hunter's horn; trumpet; jew's harp; proboscis or trunk, trunk (of a fly, bee, etc.) periwinkle, set of stones jutting out for supporters. In pl. spiral shells. Trompes de Fallope, Fallopian tubes.
TROMPER, tromphs, v. a. & n. to deceive, delade, beguile, cheat, gull, trick, cozen, caach, bubble, chouse; divert or assuage. Se

tromper, v. r. to mistake or be mistaken, be in an errour.

TROMPERIE, tromp-rl, s. f. cheating, cheat, trick, deceit, fraud.

TROMPETER, tromp-th, v. a. to proclaim, trumpet, publish, blab out.

TROMPETTE, tron-pet, s. f. trumpet; a ackbut. Trumpette marine, trump marine. Trompette parlante, speaking trumpet.

Trompette, s. m. trumpeter

TROMPEU-R, SE, tron-peur, peuz, adj. & s. deceitful, cheating, fallacious; cheat.

TRONC. tron, s. m. trunk, stump, stem, stock, family, church box or box for the poor; shaft (of a pillar;) dock of a horse's tail.

TRONCHET, s. m. three legged block (of a cooper.)

Troncon, tron-son, s. m. stump or broken piece :(de la queue d'un cheval) dock : (de rigne, etc.) trunk. Tronçon de lance, trunked spear. TRONÇONNER, tron-sò-na, v. a. to shiver,

break or cut in pieces.

TRÔNE, trôn, s. m. throne, crown. TRONQUER, tron-ka, v. a. to maim, muti-

late, mangle; curtail, cut off, lessen or diminish, lame.

Thor, tro, (the p pronounced before vowels,) adv. (with de or employed relatively) too much, in the singular; too many, in the plural; (when adding to a verb) too much; (when adding to an adjective or adverb) too. Pas trop, but little, not very, not much. Par trop, too, too much, over much.
TROP, s. m. excess, exuberance, superfluity.

TROPE, trop, s. m. trope. Творняє, tro-fa, s. m. trophy. Faire tro-

phée de, to boast of, glory or pride in.
TROPIQUE, trô-plk, s. m. tropick.
TROPOLOGIQUE, trô-pô-lô-zlk, adj. tropo-

logical.
Troquer, tro-ka, v. a. to truck, barter,

chop, exchange, swap.
TROQUEU-R, se, trò-keur, keuz, s. m. & f.

trucker, swapper TROSSE, s. f. Mar. parrel (of a lateen yard.)

TROT, tro, s. m. trot. TROTTADE, s. f. a short ride on horseback

or in a carriage.

TROTTE, trot, s. f. way, jaunt, stretch.
"TROTTE-MENU, E, adj. small trotting.
TROTTER, tro-la, v. n. to trot or be trot-

ting, run.
TROTTEU-B, SE, tro-teur, teuz, s. m. & f. trotter, trotting horse, gadder.
TROTTIN, tro-tin, s. m. foot-boy, lackey.

TROTTINER, v. n. to trot, run up and down.
TROTTOIR, tro-twar, s. m. foot-way we

fool-path (along bridges, streets, etc.)
Thou, troo, s. m. hole, gap, orifice. Pells
tros, (on jess de poume) bazard. Troumedame, (espèce de jeu) troll-madame. Je n'en donnerois pas un trou (trognon) de chea, I would not give a fig or pin's point for it. Trou, s. m. Mar, hole. Trou-du chat, lub-ber-hole. Trous d'amure, holes of the chess Trous de cap-de-mouton, holes of a ye. Trous d'coutes, sheuve-holes (in trees. dead eye. a ship's side, through which the main and fore sheets are rove.) Trous de la civadière, holes in the clues of a sprit-sail (to let out the water.) Trous de boulets, shot holes.

TROUBADOUR, s. m. troubadour (name

given to the aucient poets of Provence.)
TROUBLE, troobl, adj. thick, muddy, troubled, turned, dull, cloudy.

TROUBLE, s. m. trouble, confusion, disturbance, disorder, broil.

TROUBLE-FÊTE, s. m. & f. troublesome guest.

TROUBLER, troo-bla, v. a. to trouble, make thick or muddy, turn; disturb, embroil, confound, put out, interrupt, hinder, spoil. Setroubler, v. r. to grow thick or muddy, turn; be over-cast; be out or confound one's self.

TROUE, E, adj. with a hole or holes. Les voiles de ce bâtiment sont toutes trouées pur les boulets, that ship's sails are full of shot-

TROUEE, troo-a, s. f. opening or gap or reach (in a wood or hedge.)

bar, bat, base: thère, êbb, over: field, fig: rôbe, rôb, lôrd: môod, gêod.

TRUUER, troo-a, v. a. to make a hole or holes. break through. Se trouer, v. r. to

TROUPE, troop, s. f. troop, company, band, set, gang, crew; (de poissons) shoal; (de loupe) herd; (d'oies, etc.) flock. Troupes, troops, forces, men, soldiers.

TROUPEAU, troo-po, s. m. flock, drove,

TROUSSE, troos, s. f. quiver; (de barbier) case; truss, bundle, bunch. En trousse, behind (on horseback.) Trousse à peignes, comb-case. Trousses, trunk-breeches, trouse, trowsers. Aux trousses de, at the heels of,

in pursuit of.

Trousse, z, adj. tucked or pinned up, etc.

Bien trousse, well trussed, well set, well contrived, well ordered, clever, tight, dapper.

TROUSSEAU, tròo-sò, s. m. (de flèches) quiver; (de clefs) bunch; (nippes, bijoux) wedding-clothes or jewels, paraphernalia.
TROUSSE-GALANT, s. m. cholera morbus,

sharp violent disease which carries one off quickly.

TROUSSE-QUEUE, s. m. leather strap for a

borse's tail, crupper.

TROUSSE-QUIN, s.m. sort of French saddle. TROUSSER, troo-sh, v. a. to truss or tie up, tuck up or in, pin up; to despatch or expedite.

TROUSSIS, troo-sl, s. m. hem, folding, or taking in.

TROUVAILLE, troo-val, s. f. finding; thing found by chance, piece of luck. Droit de trouvaille, trovage or salvage.

TROUVER, troo-va, v. a. to find, meet or meet with, find out, invent, contrive or devise, like. Aller trouver, to go to, go to see, wait upon. Se trouver, v. r. to meet, be found, be present, happen to be, appear, be, find one's self. Il ne s'en est pas bien trouve, he got nothing by it, he did not fare the better for it. Se trouver mal, to be taken sick. Trouver, v. a. Mar. to find. Trouver fond, to get bottom, strike soundings. Nous ne primes trouver fond à 170 brasses, we could not strike ground with a line of 170 fathoms.

"TRUAND, s. m. truant, idle rogue, vagabond.

*TRUANDAILLE, s. f. truants, beggars. "TRUANDE, s. f. quean, idle jade.

TRUANDER, v. n. to play the truant, mump

or beg. '
TRUANDERIE, s. f. beggar's trade. TRUBLE, trubl, s. m. sort of little net.

TRUCHEMAN, tråsh-men, s. m. interpreter. *Trucher, v. n. to beg or mump.

*TRUCHEU-R, SE, S. m. & f. beggar or mumper.

TRUELLE; trů-či, s. f. trowel.
TRUELLÉE, trů-č-lå, s. f. trowelful.
TRUFFE, trůf, s. f. truffle.

TRUFFER, v. a. to deceive, cheat. TRUIE, trul, s. f. sow (female stoine.)

TRUITE, trdit, s. f. trout. Truite saumonee, salmon trout.

TRUITÉ, E, trûl-th, adj. red spotted or speckled (like a trout.)

TRUMEAU, trů-mò, s. m. shin of beef; pier glass; also pier or wall that parts two windows. Tv, tů, pron. thou.

TUABLE, th-abl, adj. that can be killed. TUAGE, th-az, s. m. killing and dressing (of a hog)

TUANT, E, tů-èn, ènt, adj. killing, toilsome, laborious, uresome

TU-AUTEM, s. m. main thing, short and

long (of a business.)
Tube, tub, s. m. tube or pipe.

TUBERCULE, tô-ber-kůl, s. m. tubercle.

TUBÉREUSE, tů-bå-reuz, s. f. tuberose. TUBÉREU-x, se, adj. tuberous.

TUBÉROSITÉ, s. f. tuberosity.

Tubulí, E, adj. tubulous.

Tuchou, interj. odsbud! zounds! Tudesque, tū-dėsk, s. m. old Teutonic language.
TUDIEU! interj. odsbud! zounds!

Tuen, tû-å, v. a. to kill, slay, murder; (ke feu, lu chandelle) to put out; (le temps) to pass away. Se tuer, v. r. to kill one's self. Se tuer le corps et l'âme, to toil and moil, take abundance of pains, be ready to die with fatigue.

TUERIE, s. f. slaughter, carnage, slaughter house.

TUE-TÊTE, tû-têt, adv. Ex. Crier à tue*lėle<u>,</u> to bawl*

TUEUR, tû-êur, s. m. Un tueur de cochons, a hog butcher. Un tueur de gens, a bully.
Tur, tôf, or Turfkau, s. m. soft gravel
stone, sandy stone.
Tulau, V. Tuyau.
Turry tôft of title

TUILE, tdll, s. f. tile.
TUILEAU, tdl-lo, s. m. shard of a tile.
TUILEAU, tdl-lo, s. f. tile-kim. Les Tuile ries, the Tuilcries (a garden near the Louvre in Paris.) TUILIER, tdf-ffà, s. m. tiler or tile-maker.

Tulipe, th-fip, s. f. tulip.
Tun éraction, th-ma-fak-sion, s. f. tumefaction.

Tumérier, id-mà-flà, v. a. to tumefy.

TUMEUR, tů-meur, s. f. tumour. Tumulte, tů-můlt, s. m. tumult, uprose, riot, bustle, stir.

TUMULTUAIRE, tû-mûl-tû-er, adj. tumul-tuary, tumultuous, basty, disorderly.

TUMULTUAIREMENT, to-mol-to-er-men,

adv. tumultuarily, tumultuously, hastily. Tumulturusement, tū-mūl-tū-èuz-mēs, adv. tumultuously.

Tumulturu-x, sp, tå-mål-tå-èu, euz, adj.

tumultuous, riotous, seditious.
TUNICELLE, s. f. tunicle, short tunick, jacket or jerkin.

TUNIQUE, to-nik, s. f. tunick; tunicle. TUORBE, to-orb, s. m. theorbo.

Tuque, s. f. tarpawling.

TUQUET, s. m. sort of owl. TURBAN, tur-ben, s. m. turban.

TURBE, s. f. troop, crowd. TURBINE, E, adj. turbinated. TURBINITE, s. f. turbinated shell.

TURBITH, s. m. turbith. TURBOT, tur-bo, s. m. turbot.

TURBOTIN, tôr-bô-tin, s. m. little turbet. TURBULEMBENT, tôr-bô-là-mên, adv. tur-

bulently.

TURBULENCE, s. f. turbulence, turbulency. TURBULENT, E, tûr-bû-lên, lênt, adj. tur-

bulent, boisterous, mettlesome.

TURC, tdrk, s. m. Turk; Turkish lan-guage; sort of little worm that broeds between the bark and the wood of a tree.

Tune, Tunque, adj. Turkish. V. Turque. Turcis, s. f. mole, pier or levee.

bûse, bût : jêûne, mêute, bêurre : ênfânt, cênt, liên : vin : mon : brun.

TURBLURE, tur-lur, s. f. burden of a song. C'est toujours la même turelure, it is always

TUBLUPIN, thr-lh-pis, s. m. banterer, witless or silly buffoon, silly jester or fool; also sort of heretick in the fourteenth century

TURLUPINADE, tur-lu-pl-nad, s. f. silly jest, silly way of jesting, banter.

TURLUPINER, dr.-ld.-pl-nk, v. n. & a. to play the fool, be full of silly jests, banter, jeer, play upon.

TUBLUT, s. m. kind of lark.

TURPITUDE, tôr-pl-tud, s. f. turpitude. TURQUE, s. f. Turk or Turkish woman. A la turque, adv. after the Turks' way.

*TURQUERIE, s. f. cruelly, harbarity.
TURQUESQUE, adj. Turkish. A la turuesque, after the Turkish way.

TURQUET, s. m. sort of little dog.
TURQUEN, tur-kin, adj. Ex. Bleu turquin, deep blue.

TURQUINE, s. f. sort of turquoise.

TURQUOISE, tur-kwaz, s. f. turquoise. TUTAYER, V. Tutoyer.

TUTELAIRE, tû-tâ-lêr, adj. tutelar, guardian.

TUTELLE, tå-tel, s. f. guardianship or tui-

TUTEUR, tů-teur, s. m. guardian; defend-

er; protector, prop.
Turie, s. f. tutty TOTOLEMENT, thetwh-men, s. m. thouing, ceing. Le thoiement, thee and thou, the words thee and thou.

TUTOYER, th-twk-ya, v. a. to thou, thee and thou, use thee and thou.

TUTRICE, tû-tris, s. f. guardian.

TUTAICE, un-tra, s. 1. guardusa.

TUTAU, til-yò, s. m. pipe; (d'une plane)
quill; (de cheminée) tunnel; (de soufflet) nozzlo, anout; (d'une pipe à fumer) abank; (de
chemiclier) nozzlo, (du blé, du chanure, etc.)
stalk. Monter en tuyau, to grow up. Tuyau,
a. m. Mar. hoso. Tuyau d'une cheminée de cuisine, bood.

TYMPAN, tin-pen, s. m. tympanum, cor

wheel of a mill, indented watch or clock wheel.
Tympanisen, tin-pa-ul-za, v. a. to defame, slander, traduce or lampoon.

TYMPARITE, s. f. tympany.
TYMPARON, tin-ph-non, s. m. dulcimer.
TYPE, dp, s. m. type, figure, shadow, model.

TYPIQUE, tl-plk, adj. typical, allegorical.

TYPOGRAPHE, s. m. typographer.
TYPOGRAPHIE, il-pô-grà-fi,s.f. typography.
TYPOGRAPHIQUE, il-pô-grà-fik, adj. typographical.

TYRAN, ti-ren, s. m. tyrant; usurper, tyraunical person.
TYRABHEAU, s. m. petty tyrant.

TYRANSICIDE, s. m. tyrannicide. TYRANSIE, il-ra-ni, s. f. tyranny, cruelty,

TYEARRIE, u-ra-m, s. t. tyranny, cruenty, oppression, tyrannical power.
TYEARRIQUE, tl-ra-nik, adj. tyrannical, tyrannous, unjust, violent.
TYEARRIQUEMENT, tl-ra-nik-men, adv. tyrannically, tyrannously.
TYEARRISER, d-ra-ni-zh, v. a. to tyrannise over, oppress, torment, constrain.

. U, b, s. m. 21st letter of the French alpha-

UBERTÉ, s. f. abundance.

UBIQUISTE, û-bi-kûist, s. m. ubiquitary person, doctor of divinity that belongs to no particular college, one who believes that the body of Christ is every where.

UBIQUITAIRE, s. m. one who believes that the body of Christ is every where. UBIQUITE, d-bl-kdl-ta, s. f. ubiquity.

Ulckration, di-sa-ra-slos, s. f. ulceration

ULCERE, ül-ser, s. m. ulcer, running sore, wound.

Ulckni, z, adj. (from Ulcère) ulcerated, ulcerous, troubled with an ulcer or ulcers.

ULCERER, dl-så-rå, v. a. to ulcerate, exulcerate, provoke, incense, imbitter, exasperate.

ULTÉRIEUR, E, ål-tk-rl-eur, eur, adj. ulte-

riour, farther, farthermost.

ULTIMATUM, s. m. ultimatum.

Ultramontain, e, al-tra-mon-tin, ten,

adj. ultramontane.

Un, z, un, ûn, adj. & art. one, a, an. Les
sus, some. C'est tout un, it is all one, it is the
same thing, it is no matter. En donner d'une à, to put a trick or sham upon. Un à un, one after another.

UNANIME, d-nå-nhm, adj. unanimous. of

one mind or accord.

Unanimement, d-na-nim-men, adv. unanimously, jointly, with one consent or accord.

UNANIMITÉ, d'-nà-nì-mì-tà, s. f. unanimity.

common or general consent.

Un1, z, d-nl, nl, adj. (from Unir) united, etc. smooth, even, level, plain.

Un1, adv. even. A l'uni, level. Mettre à

L'umi, to level.

Unitur, d-nièm, adj. Ex. Vingt et unième,

Uniforme, d-nl-form, adj. uniform, even, regular, of one fashion.
Uniforme, d-nl-form, adj. uniform, even, regular, of one fashion.
Uniforme, s. m. regumental dress.
Uniformement, d-nl-for-mk-men, adv. uniformly, consistently, after the same fashion.
Uniformiti,d-nl-for-ml-td, s. f. unifor-

mity. Uniment, û-nî-mên, adv. smooth, even, at

an even rate, plain. Union, d-nlos, s. f. union, conjunction.

combination, unity, concord, society, intelligence, agreement.

Unique, a-nik, adj. only, sole; notable,

Singular.
UNIQUEMENT, û-nîk-mêz, adv. only, singular.
UNIQUEMENT, û-nîk-mêz, adv. only, singular. gularly, exclusively of all others, entirely, without reserve.

UNIR, d-nhr, v. a. to unite, join together; make (a horse) go an even gallop; also to smooth, level, make even. Sumr, v. r. to unite or be united, join together; also to go an even gallop.
Unisson, d-nl-son, s. m. unison.

UNITAIRE, 0-of-ter, s. m. unitarian.

Unirk, å-ni-tå, s. f. unity, unit.

Uniti-r, ve, adj. unitive. Univalve, d-nl-valv, adj. univalve. Univers, d-nl-ver, s. m. universe, world, earth.

Universaliste, s. m. universalist, one who believes universal grace

Universality, d-ul-ver-sa-il-ta, s. f. universality, generality.
Universaly, V. Vniversel, s. m.

bar, bat, base: thère, ëbb, over: field, fig: rôbe, rôb, lord: mòod, gaod.

Universel, LE, û-nî-vêr-sêl, adj. univer- ! sal, general.
Universal, s. m. Universaux, pl. univer-

sal, predicable.

Üniverseli**ewest**, û-nl-vêr-sêl-mên, adv. universally, generally.
UNIVERSITÉ, 0-ul-vêr-sl-tà, s. f. university.

Univocation, s. f. character or property of what is univocal.

Univoque, ü-nî-võk, adj. univocal.

URANGGRAPHIE, s.f. description of heaven. URBANISTES, s. f. pl. urbanists (sort of

URBANITE, dr-ba-nl-ta, s. f. urbanity, civility, good manners or breeding, courtesy, politeness.

URE, s. m. sort of wild ox, urus.

UREBEC, s. m. insect that graws the buds of trees.

URETÈRE, s. m. ureter. URÈTRE, d-rètr, s. m. uretbra.

URGENCE, s. f. urgency, pressure of diffi-

URGERT, E, dr-zen, zent, adj. urgent, press-

ing, cogent.
URINAIRE, urinary. Mar. pist dale.
URINAL, û-rî-nal, s. m. urinal.

URINATEUR, s. m. diver (for pearls, etc.) URINE, å-rin, s. f. urine, stale, water. URINER, å-ri-nå, v. a. to urine, stale, make

Uningu-z, sz, û-rl-nêu, nêuz, adj. uri-

URNE, &rn, s. f. urn, pitcher, jar.

URSULINE, s. f. sort of nun.

Us, us, s. m. pl. ways, practice, custom Les us et condumes de la mer, the uses and customs of the sea or at sea.

Usage, u-zhz, s. m. usage, use, custom, way, fashion, common practice, using, wear, advantage, benefit, common pasture ground, commonage; hook of devotion, prayer-book. USAGER, 0-zã-zã, s. m. commoner.

Usance, à-zèns, s. f. usance, month; also

anciently, usage, custom, use.

Usa, z, adj. worn out or off. V. User.

User, d-za, v. a. to wear out or off; (en termes de miroitier) to polish; (de chirurgie) to cat off. User de, v. n. to use, make use of. En user arec, to deal or do by, use, deal with. Suser, v. r. to wear out or off, decay, waste.

Il est bon User, 0-zh, s. m. wear, service. à l'user, he is a very obliging or officious man. Usité, E, ů-zl-tă, adj. used, in use, usual, common, ordinary.

Usquebac, s. m. usquebaugh.

Ustensilk, de-ten-sil, s. m. utensil; implement, tool, tackling, piece of furniture; also free quarters or the use of kitchen tackling, fire, salt and candle (furnished soldiers.) Usteneiles. Mar. tools, utensils. Ustensiles de calfat, calker's tools. Ustensiles de pêche, fishing-gear.
Ustion, s. f. ustion, burning, calcination.

USUCAPTION, s. f. usucaption. Usucassion, V. Prescription.

Usucassion, V. Prescription.

Usuellement, adv. usually, commonly. Usurnuctuaine, d-zd-fruk-in-er,adj.usufinctuary.

Usurariy, histofill, s. m. usufruct.

Usufruitier, z, d-zd-frål-tå, ter, s. m. usufructuary.

Usuraire, d-zd-rer, adj. usurious.

Usunainement, d-zd-rer-men, adv. in a usurious manuer.

USURE, Ö-zür, s. f. usury, unlawful use or interest; also wearing, wearing out. USURIER, E, Ö-zü-rik, rier, s. m. & f. usu-

rer. Usurpat-eur, Rice, û-zûr-pâ-têur, wîs,

s. m. & f. usurper. USURPATION, û-zûr-pa-slon, s. f. usurpa-

Usumper, d-zdr-på, v. a. to usurp. UT, nt, s. m. ut (musical note.)

UT ERIN, R, d-th-rin, rin, adj. uterine.

UTILE, adj. useful, of use, beneficial, profitable, serviceable, good, advantageous

UTILE, d-til, s. m. utility. Joindre Putile à l'honnéte, to join what is honest and profitable together. Joindre l'agréable à l'utile, to join profit to pleasure.

UTILEMENT, d-Ul-men, adv. usefully, pro-

fitably, to good purpose.

UTILITE, 0-tl-ll-th, s. f. utility, usefulness,

benefit, advantage, profit, use.

Uver, s. f. uvea (one of the tunicks of the

Uvule, d-vdi, s. f. palate, uvula. Uzıfur, s. m. cinnabar.

V, vå, ve, s. m. 22d letter of the French

alphabot.

VA, va, (imperative of the verb aller) go; done; (third person of the pres. indic.) goes,

VA-TOUT, va-top, s. m. Faire vo-tout or un va-tout (à certains jeux) to sweep the stakes. VACANCE, va-kans, s. f. vacancy. Vacances, pl. boly-days; vacation.

VACAST, E, vå-kan, kant, adj. vacant,

void ; empty. VACARME, vå-kårm, s. m. noise, stir, bus-

tle, hurly-burly, tumuh, uproar.
VACATION, vh-kh-slow, s. f. trade, calling, profession; time, sitting. Vacations, s. f. pl.

vhsh, s. f. cow; (cuir de ruche) ther. Vache de Russie, Russia VACHE, neat's leather. leather. Vuche à lait, milch cow or any source of profit. Poil de vuche, red hair.
VACHER, E, va-sha, sher, a. m. &c f. cow-

herd, cow-keeper. VACHERIE, vish-ri, s. f. cow-bouse.

VACIET, s. m. blackberry or whortleberry bush.

VACILLANT, E, vå-sil-lên, lênt, adj. reeling, staggering, waggling; wavering, irresolute, uncertain.

Vacillation, vå-sli-lå-slon, s. f. vacilla-

tion, recling, staggering; wavering, uncer-tainty; (d'un exissent) rolling. VACILLER, vå-sl-la, v. n. to reel, stagger, waggle, shake, totter, joggie, be wavering or irresolute.

VACUITÉ, vå-kůl-tå, s. f. vacuity. VADE, s. f. go or stake (in gaming.) VADE-MECUM, s. m. vade-mecum.

VAGABOND, E, vå-gå-bon, bond, adj. wan dering, vagrant, rambling.
VAGABOND, S. m. vagabond.

buse, bût : jêune, mêute, beurre : ênfant, cent, liên : vin : mon : brun.

*VAGABONDER, va-ga-hon-da, v.n.to wan- || force than she is. der, be vagabund. Vagin, s. m. vagina

VAGISSEMENT, va-zls-men, s. m. squall or squalling (of children.)

VAGUE, våg, adj. vague, loose, indefinite, indeterminate, unconfined, uncertain, rambling, extravagant.
VAGUE, s. m. Le vague de l'air or des airs,

the airy way, the airy plains.
VAGUE, s. f. wave, surge, billow.

VAGUEMENT, våg-men, adv. in a vague or indeterminate manner.

VAGUEMESTRE, s. m. master of the wagons (in an army.)
"VAGUER, vil-git, v. n. to wander, rove or

range about, stray or straggle, ramble.
VAIGRAGE, s. m. Mar. ceiling or foot-wail-

VAIGRE, s. f. Mar. plank or clamp or piece of thick stuff (used in the rounds Vaigres de Vaigres épaisses, thick stuff. Vaigres de feurs, thick stuff and ceiling placed next to head the floor heads. Vaigres de fond, of thick stuff (used in the ceiling of a ship.) Vaigres épaisses, thick stuff. Vaigres de those about the floor-heads. thick stuff and ceiling placed next to the keel over all the floor timbers. Vaigres d'empature, thick stuff and ceiling placed between the floor-heads and the clamps.

VAIGRER, v. a. Mar. to place the planks and thick stuff of a ship's ceiling.
VAILLAMMENT, va.-da-men, adv. valiantly,

stoutly, courageously.
"VAILLANCE, valeus, s. f. valour, bravery,

courage, stoutness.

VAILLART, E, va-lèn, lent, adj. valiant,

stout, brave, courageous.

VAILLANT, values, s. m. all a man is worth, a man's estate. Il n'a pas quatre sous vaillant, he is not worth a great

"VAILLANTISE, vh-len-tiz, s. f. valiantness,

prowess, achievement, feats.

VAIN, E, vin, ven, adj. vain, fruitless, un-profitable, empty, foolish, frivolous, vain-glorious, proud, haughty; faint, sultry. En vain, vainly, in vain.

VAIRCRE, vinkr, v. a. to vanquish, subdue, conquer, worst, get the better of, overcome, surmount, master, outdo, surpass. Se vaincre, v. r. to conquer one's self, etc. Se laisser raincre à, to yield to, give way to.

VAINCU, 1, adj. vanquished, subdued, over-

come or conquered.

VALUED, s. m. one that is vanquished or conquered.

VAIREMENT, vên-mên, adv. vainly, in vain,

to no purpose.

VAINQUEUR, vin-keur, s. m. (from Vainere) conqueror, victor or vanquisher.
VAIRQUEUR, adj. conquering.

VAIR, s. m. vaire (in heraldry.) VAIR, s. qaj. vairy. VAIRON, vê-ron, adj. Qui a l'œil vairon, wall-eyed or silver-eyed, that has one eye different from the other.

VAISSEAU, vê-sô, s. m. vase; vessel; also vein or artery; and interior of a building, or vessel.

Vanseau, Mar. ship, vessel sail. Vaisseau bien buttont, ship that carries her guns a good height out of the water. Vaisseau qui a beaucoup d'apparence, ship that appears to be of greater force than she is. Vaisseau qui a peu d'apparence, ship that appears to be of less

Vaisseau qui capéye bien, ship that lies well to in a gale of wind. Vois-seas d'approvisionnement, store-ship. Vais-seas (in English, ship) properly means a ves-sel of war or of great burden, but as it is often considered synonymous with Batiment and Navire, see them also.

VAISSELLE, vê-sêl, s. f. dishes and plates. Vaisselle d'étain, pewter. Vaisselle d'or or

d'argent, plate.

VAL, val, s. m. valley, dale. Les vaux de Cernai, the valleys of Cernai. Courir par monte et par paux, to run over hill and dale, run up and down or every where.

VALABLE, va-labl, adj. valid, good, law-

ful, allowable, good in law, done in good form.

VALABLEMENT, vå-låbl-men, adv. Ex. Un
pupille ne peut pas contracter valablement, one
under age cannot make a legal or valid con tract,

VALANT, worth: part. of Valoir. VALANT, s. m. V. Vaillant, n.

VALERIANE, s. f. valerian. VALET, vå-le, s. m. man-servant, servant, valet ; (aux cartes) knave ; (à débotter) jack or boot jack; (crochet de fer) holdfast; (de porte) weight of a pully door; (de méroir) deak of a table looking-glam. Faire le bou valet, to be too officious. Valet, Mar. Valet valet, to be too officious. Valet, Mar. Valet de menusisier, boldfast. Valet à canon, jack. Valet de la soute au pain, jack of the bread room.

VALETAGE, s. m. service, the being a ser-

vant.

VALETAILLE, val-tal, s. f. pack of inferior men servants, footmen.

VALETER, val-ta, v. n. to drudge, wait, trot, attend, cringe.

VALÉTUDINAIRE, vå-lå-tå-di-ner, adj.
valetudinary, infirm, sickly.

VALEUR, vå-leur, s. f. valour, courage, stoutness, bravery; value, worth, price; import, meaning, agnification. La valeur de, a matter of, about, as much as, the worth of.
VALEUREUSEMENT, va. leu-reuz-men, adv.

valiantly, bravely, stoutly.
Valeureu-x, se, va-leu-reu, reuz, adj. valiant, stout, brave, courageous. *VALIDATION, va-li-da-sion, s. f. confirm-

ing, ratifying.
VALIDE, vå-lid, adj. valid, legal, good in law. Mendiant nalide, sturdy beggar.
VALIDEMENT, vå-lid-men, adv. validly.

legally.
Validen, va-H-da, v. a. to ratify or confirm, make valid.
VALIDITÉ, va-il-di-tà, s. f. validity, the be-

ing good in law. VALISE, vå-fiz, s. f. cloak-bag, portmanteau. VALLEE, vå-få, s. f. side of a hill, ascent or descent of it; also valley, vale, dale or bottom; and place (at Paris) where poultry and

game are sold.

VALLON, vallon, s.m. valley or dale. VALOIB, val-lwar, v. n. to be worth, be of some value, be good or worth, procure, yield, stand for, be good for. Ne ratoir rien, to be good for nothing, be worth nothing. Valoir stand for, be good for nothing, be worth nothing. Valoir valoir worth something. son prix, to be worth something. Valori-missar, to be better. A valoir sur, in part of, on account of. Faire valoir, to improve, make the best or most of, set off, lay great or much stress upon, make good, claim and probar, bat, base : thère, êbb, over : field, fig : robe, rob, tord : mood, good.

secute. Se faire vatour, to manager right or claim or title, keep one's importance; also to put one's self forward. Vaille que faire rien qui vaille, to do quite wrong. Ve homme qui ne voul rien, a man of no principles, a knave, a rogue. Un averti en vaul deux, forewarned, forearmed.

VALVE, s. f. shell.

VALVULE, val-vůl, s. f. valvule, valve.

VAMPIRE, ven-plr, s. m. sort of spirit or goblin, sort of large bat.

VAN, ven, s. m. winnowing van or fan, cib-

VANDOISE, s. f. dace (fish.) VANILLE, vå-nil, s. f. vanilla (plant.) VANITÉ, vå-ni-tå, s. f. vanity, emptiness,

pride, vain-glory, presumption.

VARITEU-K, SE, adj. full of vain-glory. VANNE, van, s. f. flood-gate, water-gate. VANNE, E, adj. (from Venner) winnowed.

VANNEAU, va-no, s. m. lapwing.

VANNER, va-na, v. a. to winnow.

VANNERIE, van-ri, s. f. basket-making. VANNET, s. m. (in heraldry) scollop shell. VANNETTE, va-net, s. f. flat and shallow

basket. VANNEUR, vå-neur, s. m. winnower.

VANNIER, vå-niå, s. m. basket-maker VANTAIL, van-tal, s. m. leaf of a foldingdoor or window shutter

Vantard, r, vên-târ, târd, adj. boaster,

bragger.
VANTER, ven-tå, v. a. to cry up, commend, praise or extol. Se vanter, v. r. to vaund or boast, brag, glory or vapour, commend or praise or extol one's self. Se conter d'une chose, to pretend to a thing, undertake a thing.

VANTERIE, vent-ri, s. f. boasting, glorying,

bragging, vapouring.

VANTEUR, s. m. boaster.

VAPEUR, va-peur, s. f. vapour, fume, steam;

smoke; in pl. vapours, hypochondria.

VAPOREU-X, SE, VA-PÔ-Peu, reus, adj. vaporous, full of vapours, flatulent. VAQUANT, V. Vacont. VAQUER, va-kh, v. n. to be vacant or void,

be empty, be in vacation time, not to sit. quer à, to attend or mind, apply one's self

VARANGUE, va-reng, s. f. Mar. floor-timber. Varangue plate, flat floor-timber. Varangue fort acculée, rising floor-timber. Varangues joit accuse, in ling moor-timbers, afore and abaft. Varangues demi-acculées, floor-timbers placed between the crotches and the midship floor-timbers. Varangues de fond, midship floor-timbers. Varangues de fond, midship floor-timbers. Varangues de porques, floor-riders.

VARE, s. f. measure of an ell and a half. VARECH, s. m. sea-weed; also wrack or

wreck.

VARENNE, s. f. extent of ground or liberties kept for a prince's game, warren; uncultivated lands.

VARIABILITÉ, s. f. variableness. VARIABI.E, va-ri-abl, adj. variable, changeable, fickle, uncertain.

VARIANT, E, va-ri-en, ent, adj. variable, changeable, fickle, uncertain.

VARIANTES, va-rl-ent, s. f. pl. various readjugs.

VARIATION, va-ri-a-don, s. f. variation change, alteration, inconsistency, contraction Mar. Variation nord-est, east variation. Va riation nord-ouest, west variation. La vari-ation et la dérive sont du même côte, the variation and the lee way are on the same

Varice, vå-rls, s. f. swollen vein. VARIER, va-rl-a, v. a. to vary, or diversify. Varier, v. n. to vary, alter or change, be fickle or unsteady, falter. Mar. Les vents varient beaucoup sous ces tles, the winds are very variable under those islands. Le brassiage ne warie pas dans toute cette passe, the depth of water is the same all through this

channel.

Variété, vá-rî-à-tà, s. f. variety.

VARIQUEU-X, SE, adj. vericous.

VARLET, s. m. page. VARLOPE, s. f. large plane. VASCULAIRE, vås-kå-ler, adj. vascular.

VASE, vaz, s. m. vessel, vase. Vase de serce, fine Dutch ware. Vases de percefatence, fine Dut laine, China ware.

Vase, s. f. mud, slime, mire, dirt.

Vasku-x, sz, va-zeu, zeuz, adj. muddy, miry, oozy.

Vassal, z, vå-sål, s. m. & f. vassal, tenant

in fee.

VASSELAGE, vas-laz, s. m. vassalage.
VASSOLES, des écoutilles, s. f. pl. Mar.
coamings of the hatches.

VASTE, våst, adj. vast, large, spacious,

great.

VA-ET-VIENT, s. m. Mar. pass-rope made fast to a ship and to a wharf (by means of fast to a ship and to a wharf shockwards and which a boat may be hauled backwards and forwards by one man.)

VAU, Ex. Tout est à vous l'eass, all goes to wreck, all's lost.

VAU-DE-ROUTE, Ex. A ren-de-route, in confusion. Mettre une armée en vou-de-route. to rout an army.

VAUDEVILLE, vôd-vîl, s. m. ballad. VAURIEN, vô-rien, s. m. idle rascal or rogue, good for nothing wretch. VAUT, V. Valoir.

VAUTOUR, vo-toor, s. m. vulture.

VAUTRAIT, vô-tre, s. m. equipage for the hunting of wild boars.

VAUTRER; vo-tra, v. a. to tumble. Se res trer, v. r. to tumble, wallow, welter, grovel. VAUX, V. Val.

VAVASSEUR, s. m. vavasour.

VAVASSORERIE, s. f. estates of a vavasour. VATVODE, s. m. vayvode (sort of prince or

governour.)

VEAU, vô, s. m. celf: (cha'r de veau) veal; (cuir de veau préparé) celf-skin, celf; atso silly fool, simpleton. Avoir une fièrre de reau, to have a little shivering. VEAUTRER, V. Vantrer. VECU & VECUSE, V. Viore.

VEDETTE, ve-det, s. f. sentinel on horseback, scout, scout watch.
Vékler, V. Véler.
Vécétable, vå-zå-tåbl, adj. capable of

growing, vegetative.

VFGETAL, vå-zå-tål, s. m. vegetable.

VÉGÉTAL, E, adj. vegetable, vegetive. VÁGÉTART, adj. growing, vegetating. VÉGÉTATI-F, VE. vá-zá-tá-tíl, tív,

vegetative

bûse, bût : jeune, mêute, bêurre : enthat, cêst, liên : vin : mon : brun.

Vígítation, và-≈à-là-sion, s. ſ. vegelation, growth.
VEGETAUX, s. m. pl. vegetables.

VÉGÉTER, và-zà-là,v.n. to vegetate, grow. VÉHÉMENCE, và-à-mène, s. f. vehemence

or vehemency, impetuosity.
Viring Rat, E, vi-i-men, ment, adj. vehement. eager, sharp, violent, boisterous, fierce, earnest.

VÉHÉMENTEMENT, adv. vehemently. VÉHICULE, va-l-kul, s. m. (terme de physique) vehicle. Cette considération a servi de vehicule pour le résondre, this has made him resolve upon the business.

VEILLANT, E, adj. awake, awaking. VEILLE, vel. s. f. watching, waking, sitting up; watch or part of the night. La veille de, the day before or preceding, the eve or vigil of. A la reille de, upon the brink of, near, within a few moments of, etc. Chandelle de reille, rushlight or rush candle. brations, labours, study, business. Veilles, lucu-

Veille, s. f. Mar. La boule est à la veille, the buoy watches. L'ancre de ce bâtiment n'estelle pas à la veille? is not that ship's anchor a cock-bill?

VEILLE, E, adj. watched, etc. V. Veiller.
VEILLEE, ve da, s. f. night's rendezvous
for neighbours and friends to pass friendly and sociably, either at work or in diverting themselves; some part of the long winter's

VEILLER, vê-â, v. a. &. n. to watch, sit up in the night; wake, be or lie awake; be in the night; watch, and a way man, mind vigilant or watchful, have an eye upon, mind or take care of. Veiller sur soi-même, to be vigilant or watchful, stand upon one's guard. Veiller sur quelqu'un, to watch one, have an eye or a watchful eye upon one. quelqu'un, to watch or observe one, have an eye or a watchful eye upon him. Veiller, v. n. Mar. to watch, attend to, take care of. Veille, veille, watch, watch, (words passed from the man who heaves the deep sea-line to those who man who neaves me neep sea-line to mose who hold the line, all of whom in their turns repeat the same on dropping the coil from their hands.) Veille bien de l'avant, look well out afore there. Veille bien sax signaux, keep a goed look out for signals. Veille aux urisses de sand babe to sail line the line alles the line als sail lines the lines and lines the lines and lines the lines and lines the lines and lines the lines and lines the lines and lines perroquet, stand by the top-gallant haliards. Veille sux écoutes des huniers, stand by the top-sail shoots. Veille oux feux dans la cambuse, sail sheets. take care of the lights in the steward-room. VEILLEUR, s. m. watcher.

VEILLEUSE, s. f. little lamp that burns all

night long in a bed-room.
VEILLOIR, s. m. shoe-maker's stool for his teols or candle.

VEILLOTE, vê-lot, s. f. mow or little heap of hay.

VEINE, ven, s. f. vein; (du bois) grain.

VEINE, E, vê-na, adj. veiny, streaked. VEINEU-x, SE, vê-neu, neuz, adj. veiny, full of veins.

VELER, vè-là, v. n. to calve, bring forth a calf.

Válin, vå-lin, s. m. vellum.

VELITES, s. m. Velites (sort of light-armed

soldiers among the ancient Romans.)
VELLETE, vd-ld-l-th, s. f. velletty.
Vfices, add. quick, swift (in astronomy.)
Vficerrf, vd-ld-sl-th, s. f. velocity, swiftness, nimbleness.

VELOURS, vê-lôor, s. m. velvet. Chemin de velours, carpet way.
VELOUTÉ, E, vê-lôo-tà, adj. velvet, velvet-

like, tufted; strong bodied (speaking of redwine.)

VELOUTÉ, vê-lôo-tà. s. m. velvet-lace.

Veloutier, s. m. velvet-maker. Velu, e, vå-lů, lù, adj. hairy. Venaison, vå-në-zon, s. f. venison, venison time or season; suct of venison, grease, fat.

VÉNAL, E, va-nal, adj. venal, vendible, mercenary.

VÉNALEMENT, vå-nål-mên, adv. in a venal

VENALIZAÇÃO, percenarily.
VÉNALITÉ, và-nà-li-tà, s. f. venality.

**The a. m. (from Venir)

comer.

VEND, V. Vendre.

VENDABLE, adj. that may be sold.

VENDANGE, ven-denz, s. f. vintage; vin-

tage-time.

VENDANGÉ, E, adj. (from Vendanger) the grapes whereof are gathered. Tout est vendange, all is gone, all is lost or gone to wreck.

VENDANGER, vén-dén-zé, v. a. to gather

(the grapes,) sweep away or off; v. n. Ex. will begin a fortnight bence

Verdangeu-r, se, vèn-dèn-zèur, sèuz, s.

m. & f. vintager, grape-gatherer.

VENDERESSE, vend-res, s. f. (law term)
vender, seller. V. Vendeur.

VENDEU-R, SE, ven-deur, deuz, s. m. & f. seller. Vendeur d'écailles, oyster-man. Vendeur de marée, fish-monger. Vendeur de charbon, coal-man. Vendeuse de fruits, fruiterer, fruit-woman. Vendeur de mithridate, quack, fruit-woman. Vendeur de m mountebank. V. Venderesse.

VENDICATION, s. f. vindication, claiming, challenging, claim.

VENDIQUÉ, E, adj. vindicated, claimed, challenged.

VENDIQUER, v. a. to vindicate, challenge or claim.

VENDITION, s. f. vendition, sale.

VENDRE, vendr, v. a. to sell, part with or make over (for a certain price;) to betray. Se rendre, v. r. to be sold; to fall or go off; to betray one's self, sell or betray one another. Une chose à vendre, a thing to be sold. Expo-ser une chose à rendre, to expose for sale or to be sold. Vendre tout, to sell all off.

VENDREDI, vendr-di, s. m. Friday.

VENDU, E, adj. (from Vendre) sold or sold off. etc.

VENÉ, E, adj. (from Vener) hunted. Viande venee, tainted ment, ment that smells as strong as hunted venison.

Vínífice, vå-nå-fis, s. m. venefice, poi-

VENELLE, vê-nêl, s. f. Ex. Enfiler la venelle, to scamper or run away, make one's

VÉNÉNEU-X, SE, và-nà-nèu, nèuz, adj. venomous, poisonous.

VENER, vê-nă, v. a. to hunt. Faire vener de la riande, to keep meat till it smells like venison, or is tainted

VÍNÍRABLE, vå-nå-råbl, adj. venerable. VÉNÉRATION, và-nà-rà-slon, s. f. venerabar, bas, base: there, abb, over: field, fig: robe, rob, lord: mood, good.

Vénérer, vá-ná-rů, v. a. to venerate, reverence, honour, respect

VENERIE, van-ri, s. f. venery, hunting of deer

VÉNÉRIEN; NE, vå-nå-rien, rien, adj. venereal, venereous.

VENETTE, s. f. fright, disquiet, uneasiness.

VENEUR, vê-nêur, s. m. huntsman. VENUEANCE, vên-zêns, s. f. vengeance, re-

venge.
VENGER, ven-zå, v. a. to revenge, avenge, avengen sen vindicate, take vengeance for. Venger un affront. Se venger de, to be revenged of, take vengeance for, revenge one's self upon.

Veng-eur, eresse, ven-zeur, venz-res, adj. avenger, revenger, revengeful, of revenge

or vengeance.

VENGEUR, s. m. revenger, avenger

VÉNIEL, LE, vå-nlèl, adj. venial. VÉNIELLEMENT, vå-nlèl-mên, adv.

Pécher véniellement, to commit a venial sin. VÍNIMEU-X, SE, vå-nl-mèu, mèuz, adj. venomous or poisonous, malignant.

VENIN, ve-nin, s. m. venom, poison, viru-

lency, spite, grudge, malice, hatred.
VENIR, ve-nir, v. n. to come; be coming; go, be going; to come in, arrive; to come upon, chance, happen, fall out; to come or fall to; to come of, be born or descended; to issue, run; to proceed; to grow, thrive. Veissue, run; to proceed; to grow, thrive. Venir bien, to fit, become, suit. Venir faute de, to fail, die. Il en faut venir là, all must die.
En venir, to come to, use. En venir à son
honneur, to come off with honour. S'en venir, to come, come away. Venir à faire, dire, etc. to come or chance or happen to do, to say, etc. Venir d'arriver, to be just arrived. Venir d'arriver, to be just arrived. nir de faire, to have just done. A venir, to come, future.

Venir, v. n. Mar. to come, etc. Venir au vent, to come to the wind. Vener en travers, to bring to, heave to. Venir sur tribord or sur babord, to haul to starboard or to port. Sans venir sur båbord, mind your port-below.
Sans venir sur tribord, mind your starboardhelm. Sans venir sur aucun bord, keep her to
a smell helm. D'où venez vous? where (do you come) from ? Le bâtiment vient toujours au vent, the ship still comes to. Ces bâtimens viennent avec la brise, those vessels are bringing up the breeze with them. Voilà un cunot In the breeze with areas. From the angular wind bord, there is a boat coming aboard. It nous vient des grenasses de terre à chaque instant, we get little showery squalls from the land every moment. Le grueral a fait signal à la frégule de renir lui parler, the admiral has made the frigate a signal to come within hail. La chaloupe vient de faire de l'eau, the launch is just returned from watering. Notre escadre vient de faire une croisière, our flect is just returned from a cruise.

VENT, ven, s. m. wind. gale, air; vent, scent; wind or breath; inkling, hint, notice; vanity, emptiness. Donner vent à un tonneau. or à une liqueur, to give vent to a cask or to a liquor. Ce cheval a du vent, that horse begins to be pursy or short-winded. Prendre le vent, to wind or scent. Le vent du bureau, the knowledge of the turn that things are likely to take.

Vent, s. m. Mar. wind. Les rents the wind, the winds. Vent favorable, fair wind. Vent contraire, foul wind. Vent de bouline or vent qui refuse, scant wind. Vents dominans, reigning winds. Vent de bout, wind right an end. Vent arriere or en poupe, wind right aft. Vent par le travers, wind upon the beam. Vent par le bossoir, wind upon the bow. la hanche, wind upon the quarter. Vent échers or qui saute, shifting or veering wind, wind that veers often. Vents variables, variable Vents periodiques, periodical winds. winds. Vents généraux et constans, general and constant winds. Vents de terre et de mer, land and sea-breezes or winds. Vent dessus, situation of the sails that are full. Vent des situation of the sails that are laid aback. Vent dessus, rent dedans, lying to. Au vent, to windward. Sous le vent, to leeward. Contre vent et marée, against wind and tide. Prendre vent derant, to be taken aback by a shift of wind. Faire prendre vent or vent devant à un raisseau, to stay a ship. Mettre la barre au vent or sous le vent, to put the helm up or down. Manche à rent, wind-sail. Retenu au mouillage par des vents contraires, wind-bound. Vent d'une pièce d'artillerie, (différence entre le calibre de l'ame et le diametre du boulet) windage. Gagner au vent, monter an vent, to get to windward. Iles du vent, windward islands. Le rest est à pic, the wind is right up and down. vent but en pleine côte, the wind blows dead on the shore. Le rent mollit, the wind abates. Où sont les vents ? how is the wind ? Le vent vient de l'arunt or nous avons le rent debout, the wind is in our teeth or quite contrary. Les rents sont au conseil, there is no knowing how the wind is. Il way a presque pas de vent, there is hardly any wind at all. Vous êles trop ou rent, you are too near the wind. Pas an vent or same chicaner rest, do not hanker in the wind. Vent ue terre force, stiff land breeze. Il n'y a plus de vent, the wind has died away. Nous aurons du vent au coucher de la lune, we shail have it blow when the moon goes down. Au vent à nous se voit le mont Saint-Elie, à près de quarante lieues de distence, mount Saint-Elias is seen to windward of us at the distance of near forty leagues. Il nous reste un port sous le vent, s'il nous arrive quelq avarie, should we meet with any accident, we have a port under our lee. Dans quel air de vent est cette voile incomme? in what point of the compass is that strange sail? VENTAIL, s. m. folding-door.

VENTE, vent, s. f. sale, selling or vendition. auction; place where wine is had by wholesale; (terme d'eaux et forêts) felling. Jeaux ventes, coppice that shoots forth agam. Ventes et honneurs, fine or duty payable by the pur chasers. Qui est de vente, saleable, that sells or gues off well.

VENTER, von-ta, v. n. Ex. Il vente, the wind blows, 'tis windy weather. Venter, Mar. to blow, etc. Il vente tourment, it blows a strong gale. Il ne rente pus, there is not much wind. Il vente grand frate, it blows very fresh. Il vente si fort que nous ne pouvous mettre un pouce de voile dehors, it blows on hard theme are the strong to hard theme are the strong to t so hard that we cannot show a rag of canvass

to it.

VENTEU-x, se, vên-têu, têuz, adj. windy. VENTILATEUR, vên-tî-lâ-têur, s. m. vestilator.

base, bût : jeune, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

VERTILATION, ven-ti-la-sion, s. f. estimate, estimation, valuation; canvassing or sifting, debate.

VERTILEE, ven-ti-là, v. a. to ventilate, es-timate, prize or value, debate, canvass, aft or examine.

VENTOSITÉ, vén-tô-zî-tà, s. f. wind (collected in the body of an animal.)

VENTOUSE, ven-tooz, s. f. vent or air-hole;

VENTOUSER, ven-tôo-zà, v. a. to cup.
VENTOUSER, ven-tôo-zà, v. a. to cup.
VENTRE, ventr, s. m. belly, paunch or guts;
womb. Bas sentre, lower belly. Petit ventre, stomach, breast, ventricle. Avoir le ven-tre libre, to be loose. Lacher le ventre, to re-lax. Flux de ventre, looseness. Muraille qui fait un ventre, a wall that bellies or bunches out

VESTRÉE, ves-trà, s. f. litter or birth (of eals.)

VESTRICULE, vên-trî-kûl, s. m. ventricle,

VERTRIÈRE, vên-trì-èr, s. f. belly-band. VERTRILOQUE, vên-trì-lôk, adj. & s. m. ventriloquist.

VENTRU, E, vên-trů, trů, adj. big-bellied, gor-bellied.

VENU, E, adj. (from Venir) come. Mon-sieur, soyez le bien-cenu, welcome, Sir. Un mezze nem, a new comer.

VERUE, ve-no, s.f. coming, arrival. Allees et venues, going backwards and forwards. Tost d'une venue, all together, all at once, at the same time; also, all of a size; all of a piece.
Vinua, s. f. little vein.
Vinus, s. f. Venus.

VEPRE, s. m. evening, close of the day. VEPRES, vepr, s. f. pl. vespers, evening

VER, ver, s. m. worm; magget or mice; moth or moth worm. Le ver de la conscience, the remorses, stings or checks of conscience. Tirer les vers du nez à quelqu'un, to pump or sift one, worm a secret out of one. Ver à soie, silk-worm.

VÉRACITÉ, và-rà-sl-th, s. f. veracity.

VERBAL, E, vêr-bâl, adj. verbal, derived from the verb; verbal, by word of mouth. Proces verbal, verbal proces

VERBALEMENT, ver-bal-men, adv. ver-

bally, by word of mouth.

VERBALISER, vêr-ba-ll-za, v. n. to make a verbal process; to be long-winded or tedious

in one's discourse, make many words.

VERBE, verb, s. m. verb. Le Verbe, the Word, the second person of the Trinity.

VERBÉRATION, s. f. verberation. VERBEU-x, SE, vêr-beu, beuz, adj. ver-

bos Verbiage, vêr-bl-dz, s. m. idle words,

empty, frothy discourse.

VERBIAGER, ver-bl-d-zh, v. n. to be verbose or prolix, be tedious by a prolixity of

words. Verbiageu-r, se, vêr-bî-â-zêur, zêuz, s.

m. & f. verbose or prolix talker.

VERBOSITÉ, s. f. verbosity, too many words,

strong, fresh, mettlesome, resolute, sharp.

Tete verte, giddy-brained or hare-brained fellow. Cuir veri, raw leather. Morue verte, codfish not dried.

VERD, s. m. green or green colour; tartness. Verd de gris, verdigrise. Verd de terre, verditer. Mettre un cheval au verd, to put or turn a horse to grass. Manger son bien en vert, to spend one's income before it is due.

VERDATRE, ver-datr, adj. greenish. *VERDAUD, adj. m. Ex. Vin verdaud, tart

wine. VERDÉE, s. f. white Florentine wine.

Verdelet, te, vêrd-lê, lêt, adj. m. Ex. Vin verdelet, tart wine.

VERDERIE, s. f. verderer's jurisdiction.

VERDET, vêr-dê, s. m. verdigrise. VERDEUR, vêr-dêur, s. f. greenness, green verdure; sap; harshness, tartness; briskness, strength; (de l'dge) green years, youth.

VERDI. E, adj. painted green, grown or be-

come green. Vendier, vēr-dīk, s. m. verderer, also

green-finch.

Verdière, s. f. hen-green-finch.

VERDIR, ver-dir, v. a. to paint green. Verdir, v.n. to grow or become green.
VERD-MONTANT, s. m. a little kind of

bird.

Verdovant, e, vêr-dwâ-yèn, yènt, adj.

green, verdant.

*Verdover, ver-dwa-ya, v. n. to grow

green, he verdant. VERDURE, ver-dur, s. f. greenness or ver-dure; green, green grass; forest-work in tapestry.

VERDURIER, s. m. berbman.

VEREU-x, SE, vå-rèu, rèuz, adj. wormy, rotten, naught, defective, suspicious.

VERGE, verz, s. f. rod; switch, wand; (pour memorer) yard-stick; (d'un arpent) sort of land measuré; (de mariage) ring, wedding ring; (de bedeau) verge. Sergent à verge, verger. Verges, rods; gauntlet; affliction; beams of ight. Verge, Mar. Verge d'une ancre, light. Verge, Mar. Verge d'une ancre, shank of an anchor. Verge de pompe, pumpspear.

VERGÉE, s. f. sort of measure of land. V. Verge.

VERGER, vêr-zå, s. m. orchard. VERGER, v. a. to measure with the yard-

stick. VERGETER, verz-tå, v. a. to brush (cloth.)

VERGETTES, ver-set, s. f. pl. a brush. VERGETIER, s. m. or Vergetier-brossier, brush-maker or seller.

VERGLACER, v. n. Ex. Il verglace, it is glazed with ice.

VERGLAS, s. m. rain that glazes what it

falls upon by freezing.

*VERGOGNE, vêr-gôgn, s. f. shame; also

nakedness. VERGUE, verg, s. f. Mar. yard. Grande vergue, main yard. Grange vergue d'un bri-Vergues gantin or d'un sloop, main boom. curries, square yards. Vergue de misaine, fore yard. Vergue de petit hunier, fore top sail yard. Vergue de grand hunier, main top bar, bat, base : thère, ebb, over : field, fig : rôbe, rôb, lord : mood, good.

de perroquets volans, royal yards. Vergue de grand perroquet volant or de grand kakatoës, main top-gallant roysl yard. Vergue de per-roquet de fougue, mizen top-sail yard. Vergue de perruche, mizen top-gallant yard. Vergue de kakatoës de perruche, mizen top-gallant royde kakatote de perruche, mizen top-gallant roy-al yard. Vergue sèche or de fougue, cross-jack yard. Vergue d'artimon, mizen yard. Vergue de civadière, sprit-sail top-sail yard. Vergue de tope tul, driver yard. Vergue de bonnette, studding-sail yard. Vergue de tréou, jenny or square-sail yard. Vergue de tréou, jenny or square-sail yard. Vergue latine, la-teen yard. Vergue à corne, gaff yard attach-ed to the mast by a pair of cheeks (like the boom or gaff of a brig, schooner, etc.) Vergue à vergue, yard arm and yard arm. Atour le vent sous vergue, to be going right be-Avoir le vent sous vergue, to be going right be-fore the wind. Mettre les roiles en vergue, to bring the sails to the yards. Nous attendimes à être vergue à vergue avant de faire feu, we waited till we were yard arm and yard arm before we fired a shot.

Viricum, s. f. spurious diamond.

VERIDICITE, s. f. veracity.

VERIDIQUE, va-ri-dik. adj. veridical.

VERIFICATEUR, vå-rl-fl-kå-teur, s. f. ex-

VERIFICATION, vh-rl-fl-kå-elon, s. f. verification.

VERIFIER, va-rl-fl-a, v. a. to verify, prove, examine and compare. Vérifier, Mar. (des relèvemens, des sondes, etc.) to verify, (la lisme de loch) to examine. Vérifier la marche d'une horloge marine, to ascertain the rate of a time keeper.

VERIN, s. m. Mar. instrument very similar to a jack-screw, and used occasionally in launching a vessel from the stocks or raising

heavy burdens.

VÉRITABLE, vå-rl-tabl, adj. true, genuine. VÉRITABLEMENT, vå-rl-tabl-men, adv. VÉRITABLEMENT,

truly, really, indeed.

VERITE, vi-ri-ti, s. f. truth, verity. En verite, adj. truly, verily, in truth, indeed, I confess. A la verite, indeed, it is true, I confesa.

VERJUS, ver-zu, s. m. verjuice; sour grapes. VERJUTÉ, E, ver-zu-th, adj. Ex. Vin verjuté, sharp or tart wine.

VERMEIL, LE, ver-mel, adj. vermilion, fine or lively red. Leures vermeilles, red cherry

lips.
VERMEIL or VERMEIL DORÉ, s. m. silver gilt.

VERNEILLE, s. f. sort of precious stone. VERNICELLE, ver-ml-sel, s. m. vermicelli.

VERMICULÉ, E, adj. vermiculated. VERMICULAIRE, vêr-mî-kû-lêr, adj. ver-

micular. VERMIFORME, adj. vermiform, having the

shape of a worm. VERMIFUGE, vêr-ml-fûz, adj. vermifuge.

VERMILLER, v. n. to scratch for worms, grub up the earth for worms.

VERNILLON, ver-mi-lon, s. m. vermilion, red lead, natural red, cherry red; scarlet

Tain.
VERMILLONNER, v. n. to grub up the earth

VERMINE, ver-min, s. f. vermin; rabble. VERMISSEAU, ver-mi-so, s. m. little or small WOITH.

VERMOULER, ver-moo-ik, v.n. Se vermonder, v. r. to grow worm-eaten.

VERMOULU, E, ver-môo-là, là, adj. wormeaten, rotten.

VERMOULURE, ver-moo-lor, s. f. wormhole, rottenness in wood, dust from a worm-

VERNAL, E, adj. vernal.

VERNIR, ver-nir, v. a. to varnish. VERNIS, ver-ni, s. m. gum of juniper-trees;

varnish, gloss, glazing.
VERNISSER, ver-ni-sh, v. a. to glaze.
VERNISSEUR, ver-ni-seur, s. m. varnish

VERNISSURE, s. f. varnishing. VÉROLE, vå-röl, or GROSSE VÉROLE, s. f.

pox, French pox. Petite verole, small pox. Viroli, z, adj. & s. that has the pox,

pocky man or woman. VEROLIQUE, va-rô-lîk, adj. pocky.

Véron, s. m. minnow

Véronique, và-rò-nik, s. f. speedwell, ve-

ronic or veronica (a plant.)
VERRAT, ve-tà, s. m. boar or boar-pig.
Rouleau de chair de verrat, brawn.

VERRE, ver, s. m. glass, a glass. Cul de *terre*, web in the eye.

VERRÉE, s. f. glass or glass-full, brimmer. VERRERIE, ver-ri, s. f. glass-bouse, glass-

making; glass-ware, glass VERRIER, ve-rik, s. m. glass-maker ; glass-

seller, glass-man; glass-frame, glass-basket. VERRIÈRE or VERRINE, s. f. glass (put before pictures, relicks, etc.)

VERROTERIE, ve-rôt-ri, s. f. small articles

of glass-ware. VERROU or VERROUIL, ve-roo, s. m. bolt (for a door, etc.)

VERROUILLER, ve-roo-la, v. s. to bolt.

VERRUCAIRE, s. f. wart-wort. VERRUE, ve-ru, s. f. wart.

VRRS, ver, s. m. verse. Vers blancs, blank

VERs, prep. toward, towards, to; about. Vers le large or vers la pleme mer, Mar. offward.

VERSADE, s. f. overturning.

VERSANT, E, vêr-sên, sênt, adj. apt to overturn.

VERSATILE, vêr-så-til, adj. versatile, fiexible

VERSE, (A) à-vèrs, adv. Il pleat à rerse, it rains hard, it pours down, it rains as hard as it can pour.

VERSÉ, E, ver-sa, adj. (from Verser) pour-ed, etc. versed, skilled, experienced. VERSEAU, ver-so, s. m. Aquarin

VERSER, vcr-sh, v. a. to pour, fill (by pouring.) spill or shed; to decant, pour off; (les bles) to lay, lodge, beat down; (sine pointure) to over-turn. Verser, v. n. to over-turn, be overturned; (les bles) to lay, lodge. Faire verser les blés, to lodge the corn.

VERSET, ver-se, s. m. verse or stanza or staff.

VERSIFICATEUR, vêr-sl-fl-kl-têur, s. m. versifier, versificator; maker of verses.
Versification, versif-17-ka-sion, s. f. ver-

sification.

VERSIFIER, ver-si-fi-h, v. n. to versify. VERSION, vér-slon, s.f. version, translation. VERSO, vér-so, s. m. back of the leaf. VERT, V. Verd.

Vertébral, e, vér-tá-brál, adj. vertebral.

buse, bût : jeune, meute, beurre : entant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

VERTÈBRE, ver-tebr, s. f. vertebre, chine bone; in pl. animals having vertebre.

VERTEMENT, vert-men, adv. briskly, smart-

ly, stouly.

VERTEVELLE, s. f. staple of a bolt.

VERTICAL, E, vêr-ú-kâl, adj. vertical.

V==TICALEMENT, vêr-ú-kâl-mên, adv. vertically, perpendicularly.

VERTICALITÉ, s. f. verticality. VERTICILLÉ, E, adj. verticillate.

VERTIGE, ver-uz, s. m. dizziness, giddiness or swimming in the head, vertigo.
VERTIGEZU-X, sE, ver-ul-zl-neu, neuz,

VERTISO, ver-tl-go, s. m. maggot, crotch-et, whim, vertigo; (de cheud) staggers. VERTU, ver-td, s. f. virtue, bonesty, chas-man force. power, property. En tity, efficacy, force, power, property. En vertu de, by virtue of, on account or in consequence of. Vertu de ma vie! vertu bleu! vertu chou! odsbud! zooker!

VERTUEUSEMENT, ver-id-euz-men, adv.

virtuously, uprightly, worthily.

VERTUEU-E, SE, ver-tu-eu, euz. adj. virtuous, honest, well principled, upright, worthy, chaste.

VERTUGADE, s.f. VERTUGADIN, s. m. far-

dingale.

RRVE, verv, s. f. poetical rapture or sally or rage, heat of a poet's fancy; a frolick, fancy, maggot or crotchet.
VERVEINE, ver-ven, s. f. vervain.

VERVELLE, vêr-vêl, s. f. label, varvel.

VERVEUX, ver-veu, s. m. fruit basket, sweep-net.

VESCE, ves, s. f. vetch, fitch.

VESCERON, s. m. small wild vetch, or fitch.

VÍSICAIRE, s. f. alkekengi, winter cherry. VÍSICATOIRE, vå-sl-ka-twar, adj. & s. m. Ex. Emplatre vésicatoire or un vésicatoire, s.

m. vencatory, blistering plaster, blister.
Visicula, va-si-kul, s. f. vesicle.
VENFERIE, vencator, s. f. vesperies, last act of divinity amongst the Sorbonists; also VESP KRISER, vê-pâ-rî-zâ, v. a. to school, check, reprimand, rebuke, chide.

VESSE, S. f. foist or fizzle. Vesse-de-loss, for school, check, reprimand, rebuke, chide.

(faux champignon) fuzzball, puck or puffball. Vesce.

VESSER, v. n. to foist or fizzle.

VESSEU-R, SE, s. m. & f. fizzler. VESSIE, vê-si, s. f. bladder; blister.

*VEST, s. m. vesting, putting in possession.

Vestale, vês-tâl, s. f. vestal. Veste, vêst, s. f. vest, waistcoat. Vestes, s. f. pl. Mar. haliards (of a lateen

yard.) VESTIAIRE, ves-ti-èr, s. m. friar's vestry, place where the monks' clothes are kept; ex-

pense of clothing.
VESTIBULE, ves-ti-bal, s. m. vestible, en-

try, porch.
VESTIGE, ves-tle, s. m. vestige; step, footstep, sign, mark, remain, trace

ESTPHALIE, s. f. Westphalia.

VETEMENT, vet-men, s. m. vestment, rai-

ment, garment, vesture.
VET ÉRAN, va-ta-rèn, s. m. veteran, veteran soldier, old officer of twenty-four years standing, school-boy of two years standing in the rune form.

Vátérance, vå-tå-rèns, s. f. the being a veteran.

VETERIBAIRE, adj. veterinary.

VÉTILLARD, E, va-u-lar, lard. V. Vetil-

VETILLE, vå-il, s. f. trifle. VETILLER, va-ti-la, v. n. to trifle, stand upon trifles.

VÉTILLEU-R, SE, và-tl-lèur, leuz, s. m. & f. trifler, punctilious man or woman.

VÉTILLEU-X, SE, adj. trifling, full of little

difficulties.

VETIR, ve-tir, v. a. to clothe, find clothes for, put on. Se vetir, v. r. to dress one's self, put on one's clothes. Se vetir de, to put on. Vîtu, z, adj. clad, arrayed, clothed, hav-

VETURE, ve-tur, s. f. ceremony of giving

the habit to a friar or nun.

*VÉTUSTÉ, và-tůs-tà, s. f. ancientness. VEUF, vêuf, s. m. widower. V. Veure.

VEULE, adj. soft, weak, light. VEUVAGE, vêu-vêz, s. m. widowhood, viduity.

VEUVE, veuv, s. f. widow. VEXATION, vek-så-ston, s. f. vexation.

VEXATOIRE, adj. vexatious.

VEXER, vck-sa, v. a. to vex, trouble, op-

press, harass, plague.

*VIABLE, vl-hhl, adj. likely to live.

VIAGER, E, vl-h-ra, zer, adj. for life, during life. Pension viagere, pension for life, annuity.

VIANDE, vlend, s. f. meat, flesh, viands,

victuals, food.

VIANDER, viên-dâ, v. n. (terme de chasse) to feed, go to feed. Viandis, vièn-di, s. m. feeding or viands or pasture of deer. Viantique, vi-à-dk, s. m. viaticum.

VIBORD, s. m. Mar. waist (of a ship,) part comprehended between the quarter-deck and fore-castle.

VIBRATION, vl-bra-skm, s. f. vibration.

VIBRER, v. n. to vibrate, make vibrations.

VICAIRE, vl-ker, s. m vicar; curate. VICAIRIE, vl-ke-rl, s. f. vicarship, curate-

ship.
VICARIAL, E, vî-kâ-rî-âl, adj. vicarious, of a vicar.

VICARIAT, vî-kâ-rî-â, s. m. vicarship, curateship.

VICARIER, vî-kâ-rî-a, v. n. to do curate's duty.

Vice, vis, s. m. vice; sin, lewdness, de-bauchery; fault, defect, imperfection, blemish, flaw. Vice is used in some compound words, and signifies instead of. Ex. Vice-amiral, viceand aginnes instead of Ext. Vice-amiral, vice-admiral, also vice-admiral's ship. Vice-amiranté, vice-admiralty. Vice-bailif, vice-bailif, Vice-chancelier, vice-chancellor. Vice-consul, vice-consul. Vice-greent, vice-genent or deputy. Vice-legat, vice-legate. Vice-legation vice-legates vice-legation. puty. Vice-egate, vice-regate. Vice-terine, vice-legateship. Vice-reine, vice-roy's or deputy's wife. Vice-roi, vice-roy, deputy-king. Vice-roi d'Irlande, lord-lieutenant of Ireland. Vice-voyante, s. f. place and dignity of a vice-roy or deputy. Vice-sénéchal, vice-seneschal.

VICENNAL, E, adj. vicenary. VICIER, vi-si-a, v. a. to vitiate, taint, corrupt. Vicier, v. n. to vitiate; annul (in lasc.) bar, bât, base : thère, ebb, over : field, fig : robe, rob, lord : mood, good.

Vicieusement, vi-slėuz-mėn, adv. vicious-iy, wickedly, lewdly. Vicieu-x, se, vi-slėu, slėuz, adj. & s. vi-

VIE

cious, wicked, sinful, lewd, naughty, head-strong, faulty, imperfect; full of errours.

VICISSITUDE, vi-sl-sl-tdd, s. f. vicissitude. VICOMTE, vi-kont, s. m. viscount.

VICONTÉ, s. f. dignity or quality and juris-diction of a viscount.

VICOMTESSE, vl-kon-tes, s. f. viscountess. VICTIME, vlk-tlm, s. f. victim, sacrifice.

VICTIMER, v. a. to immolate, sacrifice one

(in pleasantry.)

r pacusum; y., Victoraz, vik-twár, s. f. victory. Victorizuszazat, vik-tő-ri-èuz-més,

adv. victoriously. Victorieu-x, se, vîk-tô-rî-èu, èuz, adj.

VICTUAILLE, vik-tå-t/, s. f. Mar. victuals;

provisions. VICTUAILLEUR, s. m. victualler. V. Ari-

tailleur.

VIDAME, vl-dam, s. m. vidam, judge that holds some of the lands of a bishoprick on condition that he shall defend the temporalities of the bishop.

VIDAMÉ, vi-dà-må, s. m. or VIDAMIE, s. f.

vidamship.

VIDANGE, vI-denz, s. f. clearing, emptying, removing. Tonneau en vidange, cask broached or tapped. Vidanges, filth out of a house of office or common sewer, rubbish (of a house;) flooding, lochia.

VIDANGEUR, vl-den-zeur, s. m. night-man. VIDE, vld, adj. empty, void.

VIDE, s. m. void, empty or void space, vacoum, blank or white (in writing,) gap, chasm. A vide, empty.

Vink, E, adj. (from Vider) emptied, etc. VIDE-BOUTEILLE, s. m. small summer

house in a garden near the town. VIDELLE, s. f. jagging iron.

VIDELE, S. I. jegging non.
VIDER, vi-da, v. a. to empty, clear, make
void or empty; (une colaille) to draw, draw
out the guts of; (un oisean de proie) to enseam; (un stang) to drain; (les terres) to level; (ses excrémens) to void; (un lieu) to leave, avoid, march away or off, go out of, clear; (du march away or off, go out of, clear; two satin, du reloura) to pink or cut into flowers, etc.. (une clef) to bore; to determine, decide, end, make an end of, make up. V. Evider. Se vider, v. r. to empty, void, be determined or decided or ended. Vider l'eau d'un bateau à l'aide d'un escop à main, to bail a boat.

VIDIMER, vl-di-må, v. a. to compare a copy

with the original, and certify its conformity.
VIDINUS, s. m. Ex. Mettre le vidimus à un acte, to certify an act conformable to the original.

VIDERCOME, s. m. tumbler. VIDUITÉ, vî-důî-tů, s. f. viduity, widowhood.

VIDURE, s. f. pinking or cutting into flowers. VIE, vl, s. f. life; days; livelihood, food, bread; way of living, course of life; delight; noise, reprimand, lecture. A nie, for life, during life. Faire la vie, to be merry, make merry. Ne pas donner le moindre signe de vie sur une chose, not to take the least notice of a thing. Eau-de-rie, brandy. Eau-de-vir de sucre, rum.

VIEDASE, s. m. scoundrel, ass-feec.

VIEIL, LE, adj. V. Vieux. Formerly visit was used instead of vieux. Vivil was afterwards retained before nouns beginning with a vowel or h mute; but now vicux is always used, except in these scripture phrases. Le rail Adam, Le vicil homme, the old Adam, the old man or man of sin. Vierle is always used whe... the noun it precedes or relates to is femining

VIEILLARD, vie-lar, s. m. oki man, anciest

man.

Vieille, vièl, s. f. old woman. Vieillerie, vièl-ri, s. f. old clothes e goods, old rubbish or stuff.

Virillesse, viêl-lês, s. f. old age, age. VIRILLI, E, adj. grown old, grown out of

VIEILLIR, viê-fir, v. n. to grow old, grow out of date, look old, be broken. Vieilir. a. to make grow old or look old.

VIEILLISEMENT, s. m. the growing old.
VIEILLOT, TE, vie-lô, lôt, adj. oldish, somewhat old, stale.

VIELLE, viel, s. m. cymbal (vulgarly called hurdy-gurdy.)

hurdy-gurdy.)
Vieller, viè-là, v. n. to play upon the cymbal, stand fiddling or trifting. V. Vielle.
Vielleu-R, se, viè-lèur, lèuz, s. m. & f. player on the cymbal, V. Vielle.
Vierge, vièrz, s. f. virgin, maid, Virgo

(one of the twelve celestial signs.)

Vikrge, adj. maid, maiden, virgin. Vikux, viću, m. Vikille, vići, f. oki; ancient, stricken or advanced in years, of old continuance, of an old standing; worn out: obsolete, antiquated, out of date. V. Viel.

VI-F, VE, vlf, vlv, adj. quick, alive, living lively, brisk; sprightly, fiery, mettlesome sharp, violent, smart, lively; sanguine, conf-dent. Esprit rif, quick, sharp, keen wi-Vif-argent, quicksilver, mercury. VIF, s. m. quick; wood or inside of a tree.

(de l'eau) high water. Couper dans le rif, to cut in the fleshy or substantial part. Couper jusqu'au vif, or jusqu'à la chair rire, to cal to the quick.

Vigir, vi-el, s. f. Mar. rock always above water in the open sea; also look out, look cut house, man on the look out, hand to look cat-Etre en vigie, to be on the look out.

VIGIER, v. a. Mar. Ex. Vigier sone exceler. to dodge or watch the motions of a flect or

squadron Vigilamment, vl-2l-lå-men, adv. vigilantly, watchfully, warily.
VIGILANCE, vi-zl-lens, s. f. vigilance or vi-

gilancy, watchfulness, wariness.
VIGILANT, E, vl-2l-len, lent, adj. vigilant.

watchful, wary, careful, diligent.
VIGILE, vl-zll, s. f. vigil, eve; also service

or prayers.
VIGINTIVIRAT, s. m. vigintivirate.

VIGNE, vign, s. f. vine, vine-vard, country

house about Rome.

Vigneron, vign-ron, s. m. vine-dress. r. VIGNETTE, vi-gnet, s. f. a printer's flower. flourish or border, head piece (of a chapter. etc.)

Vignoble, vl-gaðbl, s. m. vineyard-plot.

VIGOGNE, vi-gogn, s. m. vigone, sort of Spanish wool, hat made of Spanish wool. VIGOUREUSEMENT, vi-gio-réuz-mên. adv.

vigorously, briskly, stemb.

base, bat : jeune, mêute, beurre . enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

VIGOUREU-X, SE, vî-gôo-rèu, reuz, adj. vi-

gorous, stout, strong, lusty, brisk.
Vieurrik. vig-ri, s. f. place or jurisdiction
of a viguier. V. Viguier.

VIGUEUR, vl-geur, s. f. vigour, strength,

stoutness, mettle, courage, force.
Viguien, vi-gil, s. m. sort of magistrate in

Languedoc and Provence.

VII, E., vil, adj. vie, mean, contemptible, despicable. A vil prix, very low or cheap. VIIAIN, E., vi-lin, lên, adj. nasty, dirty, filty, slovenly, sluttish; ugly, homely; villanous, base, unworthy, shameful; obscene, bawdy, dishonest; sordid, covetous, niggardly.
VILAIN, s. m. villain or bondman; nasty

man, sloven; miser, covetous fellow.

Vilaine, s. f. slut; a prostitute.
VILAINEMENT, vi-len-men, adv. nastily, filthily, dirtily, obscenely, basely, shamefully, unworthily.

VII.EBREQUIN, vîl-brê-kin, s. m. wimble. VILEMENT, vil-men, adv. vilely, basely. VILENAGE, s. m. villanage, soccage. VILENIE, vil-nl, s. f. filth, filthiness, nasti-

ness, nasty thing, affronting word, abuse, villany, base thing or action, shameful thing or action, bawdry, obscenity, sordidness, sordid avarice, covetousness; also trash, unwholesome food.

VILETÉ, vîl-tà, s. f. vileness, meanness,

cheapness.

VILIPENDER, vî-lî-pên-dâ, v. n. to undervalue, vilify or despise.

VILLACE, s. f. great scambling town (of which the houses are scattered.)

VILLAGE, vl-laz, s. m. village.

VILLAGEOIS, E, vl-la-zwa, zwaz, adj, of the country or village.

VILLAGEOIS, s. in. country-man, clown,

bumpkin.

Villageoise, s. f. country-woman, country-lass. A la villageoise, adv. after the country-

VILLANELLE, s. f. country-balled or lay. VILLE, vil, s.f. town, city.

VILLETTE, vi-let, s. f. small town.

VIN, vin, s. m. wine. Vin or pot de vin, something to drink, pair of gloves, etc. (given

VINAIGRER, vi-negr, s. m. vinegar.
VINAIGRER, vi-negr, s. m. vinegar.
VINAIGRER, vi-ne-gra, v. a. to season with vinegar.

VINAIGRETTE, vi-ne-gret, s. f. a sauce with vinegar and pepper, etc. kind of two wheeled-chair drawn by a man.

VINAIGRIER, vi-ne-gri-a, s. m. vinegar-seller; cruet for vinegar.

VINDAS, vin-das, s. m. Mar. windlass. VINDICATI-F, VE, vin-dl-ka-tif, tiv, adv. vindictive, revengeful.

VINEE, vi-na, s. f. vintage.

VINETTE, s. f. sorrel.

VINEU-x, se, vi-neu, neuz, adj. vinous; full of vineyards; wine like. Vin vineux, strong

VIBGT, (vin, before a consonant, and vint before a vowel,) adj. twenty, a score; (dute) twentieth. Multiplied by another number and immediately followed by a norm, it takes an S. Quatre-wingts ans, 80 years. Le wingt du mois, the 20th of the mouth.

VINGTAINE, vin-ten, s. f. score. Visgrième, vin-tlèm, adj. twentieth.

Viol, viôl, s. m. rape. Violat, viô-là, adj. m. Ex. Si ep violat, syrup of violets.

Violat-Bur, rice, við-la-téur, tris, s. m. & f. breaker, infringer or transgressor. VIOLATION, vio-la-slon, s. f. violation, in-

fringement. infraction, breach.

Viole, viol, s. f. viol.

Viol. k, z, adj. (from Violer) violated. etc. VIOLEMENT, viol-men, s. m. violation, breaking, transgressing, rape.
VIOLEMMENT, violently,

outrageously, eagerly, earnestly.
VIOLENCE, violens, s. f. violence, fierceness, vehemence, boisterousness, engerness, earnestness, outrage, oppression, force. Faire violence d, to offer violence to, fall violently

Violent, E, vlo-lên, lênt, adj. violent, fierce, boisterous, vehement, hasty, passion-

ate, eager, sanguine, hard, toilsome.
VIOLENTER, vio-len-ta, v. a. to force, com-

Violer, vlô-là, v. a. to violate, break, transgress, infringe; ravish or force, commit a

rape upon. Violet, те, vlò-lè, lêt, adj. purple, of a

VIOLET, s. m. purple or violet colour. VIOLETTE, s. f. violet.

VIOLIER, vio-lia, s. m. wall flower.

Violon, viô-lon, s. m. violin, fiddle; fiddler.

Violons de beaupré, Mar. B's of the howsprit. VIOLONCELLE, vlô-lon-sêl, s. m. violoncello.

Vionne, vlôrn, s. f. wild vine, hedge-plant.

VIPERE, vî-per, s. f. viper.

VIPÉREAU, VI-pà-ro, s. m. young viper. VIRAGO, VI-rà-gò, s. f. virago, termagant. VIREBREQUIN, V. Vilebrequin.

VIRELAI, s. m. virelay.

VIREMENT, vir-men, s. m. transfer, paying of a creditor with a debt owing to us or with bills.

VIRER, vi-ra, v. n. Ex. Virer partie, to transfer, pay a creditor with a debt owing to us or with bills; (une vis, une roue) to turn. Tourner et rirer quelqu'un, to pump one. Virer, v. n. Ex. Tourner et virer, to go about the busb.

Virer, Mar. Virer un vaisseau en carène, to heave down a ship. Virer un bâtiment en uille, to heave a ship's keel out. Virer le beaupré à terre, to tack close in shore: au cubestan or au vindas, to heave at the capstan or windlass. Virer de force au cabestan, to heave astrain at the capstan. Virer à pic, to heave apeak. Virer à long pic, to heave short. Virer de bord, to put about, heave short. stay, go about. En hand tout le monde à river de bord, all hands about ship. Virer vent de-En haut tout le monde à river cont, to tack. Virer vent arrière or lof pour lof, to wear, veer, boxhaul. Virer par la contre-marche, to tack or wear in succession. Virer tous ensemble, to tack or wear together. Virer dans les caux d'un bâtiment, to put in about a ship's wake. Vire hardi, henve cheerly. Vire pour déplanter, heave and start the anchor. Vire pour mettre l'ancre haute, heave and toes the anchor up. pour mettre les élinguels, heave and pawl. Vire Phorloge, turn the half-hour glass. V. Monquer & Refuser.

bắr, bắt, bắse : thère, ẽbb, ovêr : fleid, fig : rôbe, rồb, lôrd : mòod, gồod.

VIREVAUT, or VIREVEAU, s. m. Mar. winch, roller, small windlass

VIREVOLTE, vir-vôt, or VIREVOLTE s.
f. turning and winding, quick turning.
VIRGINAL, E, vir-zi-nāl, adj. virginal,
maidenly, virgin-like.
VIRGINITE, vir-zi-nī-tā, s. f. virginity.

Virgouleuse, vir-goo-leuz, s. f. sort of

pear.

Virgule, vir-gul, s. f. comma. Viril, e, vi-ril, adj. of a man, male, virile,

manly, stout. VIRILEMENT, vi-ril-men, adv. manly, stoutly.

VIRLITÉ, vi-ri-il-th, s.f. virility, manhood.
VIROLE, vi-rôl, s.f. ferrule. Virole, Mar.
small iron ring for the end of a bolk when clinching.

VIRTEMBERG, s. m. Wirtemberg. VIRTUALITÉ, vir-th-à-li-tà, s. f. virtuality. VIRTUEL, LE, vir-th-èl, adj. virtual.

Virturllement, vlr-td-el-men, adv. vir-

Virtuose, vir-tå-òz, s. m. & f. virtuoso.

VIRULENCE, s. f. virulency, virulence. VIRULENT, E, vi-rd-lên, lênt, adj. virulent. VIRURE, s. f. Mar. strake or streak. Virure

de gabord, garboard streak, garboard. Virus, vi-rus, s. m. virus, virulency, ve-

Vis, vis, s. f. screw; (de presse) vice, spindle : (d'escalier) spindle-tree. Escalier à vis,

cockle or winding stair-case.

VIS-A-VSS, vl-za-vl, s. m. vis-a-vis, sort of berlin.

Vis-a-vis de, prep. and vis-a-vis, adv. over-against, opposite, over the way, across

VISAGE, vi-zhz, s. m. face, visage; also look. Changer de visage, to colour, blush, to turn pale. Faire bon or mauvais visage à quelqu'un, to receive one kindly or unkindly.

VISCERAL, E, adj. of or belonging to the intestines

Viscenz, vi-ser, s. m. intestine, any part of the entrails or bowels. Les viscères, the entrails or bowels.

Viscosit k, vis-kô-zi-th, s. f. viscosity, clamminess, sliminess.

Visiz, vl-zh, s. f. aim; design.

Viser, vi-zk, v. n. to aim or take one's aim; drive at, have in view.

Viser, v. a. to revise and examine (an act.)

Visibilita, vi-zi-bi-li-ta, s. f. visibility. Visible, vi-zibi, adj. visible, manifest,

plain, clear, apparent.

VISIBLEMENT, vi-zibl-men, adv. visibly. VISIÈRE, vi-zièr, s. m. aim or sight (of a gun :) sight or place through which he that

wears a head-piece can see and breathe.
Vision, vi-zion, s. f. vision, sight; apparition; idle fancy.

Visionnaire, vi-ziò-nèr, adj. fanciful, whimsical, fanatick.

VISIONNAIRE, s. m. & f. fanciful man or woman, fanatick,

VISITATION, vi-zi-th-slow, s. f. visitation. VISITE, vi-zit, s. f. visit or visiting; search, searching, inspecting, attendance; (ecclesias-

tique) visitation. VisiTER, vi-zi-tà, v. a. to visit, go to see, give or make a visit, search, inspect, view or make a visit ation. Visiter, v. a. marvey; to make a visitation. Visiter, v. a. good companion, jovial and harmless man. Mar. to examine, etc. Le signol nous est fait! Mul rivent, ill liver, lewed fellow.

pour visiter cette voile inconnue qui reste dous le nord-est, our signal is made to examise that strange sail in the north-east. Nous viritimes tous les bâtimens que nous rencontrâmes dans notre croisière, we boarded all the vessels that we fell in with in our cruise. En risitest notre mâture, nous trouvâmes que plusieurs boulets y étoient restés, on examining our mass and yards we found that several shots had lodged in them. Après avoir visité notre ancre, nous la remouillerons, after inspecting our anchor, we will let it go again.

VISITEUR, vî-zî-têur, s. m. visiter ; search-

er. VISORIUM, s. m. (in printing) visorium. VISQUEU-X, SE, vis-kėu, bėuz, adj. viscous, slimy, clammy.

VISSER, v. a. to screw.

VISU, Ex. Savoir une chose de visu, to know a thing from having seen it with one's own

Visuel, le, vi-20-èl, adj. visual.

*VISUM-VISU, adv. over against, just opposite, facing, face to face.

VITAL, E, vî-tal, adj. vital. VITE, vit, adj. quick, nimble, swift, speedy, fleet.

VITE, adv. quickly, speedily, fast. VITELOTS, s. m. pl. kind of Italian-kick-

shaws.

VITEMENT, vlt-mên, adv. quickly. VITESSE, vl-tês, s. f. quickness, nimbleness, swiftness.

VITONNIÈRES, s. f. pl. Mar. limber-holes. VITRAGE, vi-traz, s. m. glazing, glass-window.

VITRAUX, vî-trò, s. m. pl. large glass wir-

dow (of a church.)
VITRE, vitr, s. f. glass window; glass or pane of glass.
VITRE, E, vi-tra, adj. glazed, glass or done

humours of the eye.

VITREC, s. m. white tail (a bird.) VITRER, vl-trå, v. a. to glaze. VITRERIE, vl-trå-rl, s. m. glazier's business.

VITRESCIBLE, V. Vitrifiable.

VITREU-X, SE, adj. vitreous, glassy. VITRIER, vi-tri-à, s. m. glazier. VITRIFIABLE, vi-tri-fi-abl, adj. convertible into glass. VITRIFICATION, vi-tri-fi-kd-sion, s. f. vi-

trification.

VITRIFIER, vi-uri-fi-à, v. a. to vitrificate. VITRIOL, vl-trl-ôl, s. m. vitriol.

VITRIOLE, E, adj. done with or having vitriol. VITRIOLIQUE, vi-tri-o-lik, adj. vitriolous.

*VITUPÉRE, s. m. blame, reproach.

VITUPÉRER, v. a. to blame. VIVACE, yl-vas, adj. vivacious.

VIVACITÉ, vl-và-sl-tà, s. f. vivacity, liveliness, sprightliness, mettle, fire, brightness, quickness, sudden start or sally of passion.

VIVANDIER, E, vi-ven-dil, dier, s. m. & f. suttler.

VIVANT, E, vl-ven, vent, adj. living, alive. VIVANT, s. m. Ex. Leguer quelque chose as dernier vivoust or as plus vivoust, to bequest a thing to the longest liver. Davisoust de, in the life time of. Bon vivoust, good fellow, base, bût : jeune, meute, beurre : entant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

VIVAT, vî-vât, interj. bravo.

VIVE, viv, s. f. sea-dragon. VIVE, V. Vicre et Vif.

VIVEMENT, vlv-men, adv. briskly, sharply, vigorously; to the quick.
VIVIER, vi-via, s. m. pond, fish-pond.

Vivier, Mar. well (of a fishing boat, where-in fish are intended to be kept alive.)

VIVIFIANT, E, vi-vi-fi-en, ent, adj. vivify-

ing, vivifical, quickening.
VIVIFICATION, vi-vi-il-ka-slon, s. f. vivification, vivifying or quickening.

VIVIFIER, vi-vi-fi-a, v. a. to vivify or

quicken, revive. VIVIFIQUE, vi-vi-fik, adj. vivifical, vivify-

ing. that gives life.
VIVIPARE, vI-vI-par, adj. viviparous.
VIVOTER, vI-vÖ-tä, v. n. to live from hand
to mouth, just make shift to live; to rab and go.

VIVRE, vivr, v. n. to live, be living or alive, xist, feed, maintain one's self, speud, lead a life, behave, carry or understand one's self. Faire view, to maintain, keep, feed, or enter-Vive le roi, God save or bless the king, long live the king. Vice M. A., God bless Mr. A., Mr. A. is the man for me, give me Mr. A. Vice Dieu, (forme de serment) as God lives. Qui vine? whom are you for ? who's there ! who goes there ! Etre sur le qui vive, to keep a good look out, be very attentive to what is doing.
VIVEE, vivres, m. food, diet. Vivres, pro-

visions, victuals. Fuire des vivres. Mar. to

take in provisions.

VIVRIER, Mar. Ex. Bâtiment vivrier, victualling ship, victualler.

VIZIR, s. m. vizier. VIZIRAT *or* VIZIRIAT, s. m. viziership.

Vocabulaire, vô-kà-bū-lèr, s. m. vocabu-VOCABULISTE, s. m. author of a vocabulary.

Vocat., E, vô-kal, adj. vocal, oral.

*VOCALEMENT, adv. out, aloud. VOCATIF, vô-kà-tif, s. m. vocative, vocative

Vocation, võ-kā-sion, s.f. vocation, calling.

Vocaux, s. m. pl. voters.

Vogu, veu, s. m. pl. voters.
Vogu, veu, s. m. vow; wish, desire, prayer, request; vote, suffrage. Vogux, (d'un umant) addresses, requests, desires.
Vogux, vog, s. f. vogue, esteem, repute.
Vogue, Mar. rowing. Vogue-avant, s. m.

strokesman.

VOGUER, vô-gà, v. n. Mar. to row, pull.
VOGUEUR, vô-gèur, s. m. rower.
VOGU, volci, vol-si, prep. behold, here is, this is, here are, these are. Voici qu'il vient or le roiri qui vient, here he comes. Me voici, here I am, behold me here.

Voir, vwa, s. f. way, road, conveyance. means, method, course; space between two wheels, track they leave behind; also scent, train (of a deer.) Voies de fait, violence, blows. Voie, (d'un carrosse) riding bed. Voie de charbon, chaldron of coals. Voie d'eau, load of water, two pails full of water; also Mar. Jeak.

VOIERIE, vwå-rl, V. Voirie.
VOILA, vwå-lå, prep. behold, there is, there are, that is, those are. Les voità, there they are (behold them there.) Voità qu'on m'appelle, there, somebody calls me, I am called.

VOILE, vwh, s. m. veil, cloak, colour, cover,

pretence, show, mask, figure, allegory; crepe, crepon) crape. Avoir un roile devant les yeur, to have a mist before one's eyes. Voile, s. f. Mar. sail; vessel. Les basses voiles, Grande roile, main sail. the courses. Grande voile d'étai, main stay-sail. Grande voile d'étai de hune, main top stay-sail. La voile d'artimon, the mizen. La voile de misaine, the fore-sail. Voiles de hune, top-sails. Voile de grand hunier, main top-sail. Voile de petit hunier, foro top-sail. Voile de perroquet de fouçue, mizen top-sail. Voile de perroquet, top-gallant sails. Voile du grand perroquet, main top-gallant sail. Voile du petit perroquet, fore top-gallant sail. perruche d'artimon, mizen top-gallant sail. Voile du grand perroquet volunt, main top-gallant royal. Voile du petit perroquet volunt, lore top-gallant royal. Voile de cinadière (or à liourde, or à baleston or à targuser' sprit-sail.
Voile de contre-civadière, sprit top sail. Voiles d'étai, stay-sails. Voiles d'étai d'artimon, miren stay-sails. Voile d'étai de perroquet de fougue, miren top stay-sail. Voile d'étai de l'étai grand perroquet, main top stay-sail: Voile d'étai de la perruche, mizen top gallant stay-sail. Voiles à gui, boom sails. Voiles de fortune, cross jack sails, lug sails, square sails. Voiles de tréou, square sails, lug sails. Voiles latines, lateen sails. Voiles de rechange, spare sails. Voiles de l'arrière, after sails. Voiles de l'avant, head sails. Voiles de senast, try sails. Voile déchirée par le vent, split sail. Voile enflée or qui porte, taught sail. Voile neure, new sail. Voile usée, old sail. Voile hissée, sail hoisted. Voile serrée, sail taken in or furled or handed or stowed. Voile bordée, sail the sheet or sheets of which are hauled aft or home. Voile en bande, sail the sheets of which are let fly. Voile defertée or larguée, sail loosed or cleared away. Voile garnie, sail best (said of a stay-sail or jib.) Voile dégurnie, sail unbent (speaking of jibs and staysails.) Voile désenverguée, sail unbent from its yard. Voile enverguée, sail bent to its yard. Voile déralinguée, sail, the bolt-rope of which is carried away. Voile en ralingue, sail shivering. Voile défoncée, sail split. Voile carguée or sur les cargues, sail clued up or hauled up in the brails. Voile coiffée or up or hauled up in the brails. masquée or sur le mât, sail laid aback or taken aback. Voile criblée, sail shot through in several places. Etre à la voile, to be under sail. Faire voile, to set sail. Faire petites sail. Faire voile, to set sail. Faire petites voiles, to carry little sail, be under easy sail. Faire de la voile, to make sail. V. Force, Forcer, Fatiguer

Voil. E, E, adj. (from Voiler) veiled, etc. Batiment bien roile, Mar. vessel that spreads a great deal of canvass, and the sails of which

are well cut, well proportioned, and well set. VOILER, vwa-la, v. a. to veil or cover with a veil, give the veil; to cloak, cover, hide, conceal.

VOILERIE, s. f. Mar. sail-loft, sail yard.

Voilier, vwa-slå, s. m. sail-maker, sailor that takes care of the sails.

Voilier, E, s. m. & f. sailer, sailing-ship. Votre frégate est une fine voilière, your frigate is a prime sailer.

VOILURE, vwa-lar, s. f. Mar. suit of sails, sails, trim of the sails, quantity of sail carried, way or manner of sailing. Nous avons notre bar, bat, base; there, ebb, over: fleid, fig: robe, rob, ided: mood, good.

voilure complète, we have our suit of sails complete. Toute la voilure de ce navire est neuve, that ship's sails are all new. Voilure de baleston, sprit sails. Volture de chébec, xebec sails. Nous réglerons toujours notre coilure sur le plus manais voilier du convoi, we will constantly regulate our sails by the heaviest sailing vessel of the convoy. Sous la même voiture que votre bâtiment, nous filerions deux nœuds de plus, under the same sail as your ship we should sail two knots faster. Le général va se mettre sous la petite voilure pour la suit, the admiral is going to carry an easy sail for the night. Une home voilure pour le groe temps, c'est d'être sous le foc de cap d'artimon, la possilleuse et la voile d'étai de misaine, a saug sail to be under in bad weather is the three storm stay-sails.

VOIR, vwar, v. a. & n. to see, perceive, discern, behold, look, look at, look upon, consider, examine, observe, mind. take notice, keep company with, know, he sensible of, penetrate into, apprehend, understand, taste, feel, smell, hear. Faire roir, to let see, show, discover. Se noir, v. r. to look at or upon one's self, find one's self; see or frequent or visit one another, keep company with one another. Se faire voir, to appear, show one's self or itself. Il semble à voir, it seems, it looks. Voir sur, to look over, overlook, survey. Voir, Mar. to see, etc. Cet officier voit bien dans la lunette de nuit, that officer can distinguish objects very well through a night glass. Nous verrons bientôt tout le bois de ce bûtiment, we shall soon have that ship hull out.

VOIRE, vwar, adv. ay marry, nay.
*VOIREMENT, adv. Ex. Mais voirement, but

now I think of it.

Voirie, s. f. lay-stall; blood and garbage of a beast killed by a butcher; place or office of surveyor of the highways.

Voisin, E, vwa-zin, zln, adj. neighbouring, bordering, adjacent, adjoining

Voisin, E, s. m. & f. neighbour.

Voisinage, vwa-zi-naz, s. m. neighbourhood, vicinity.

Voisiner, vwa-zl-na, v. n. to be neigh-

bourly, visit one's neighbours.

VOITURE, vwa-tur, s. f. carriage, fare, load, loading, conveyance, coach, cart, hoat, horse, or whatever serves to transport persons or things.

VOITURER, vwa-tů-rå, v. a. to convey or

VOITURIER, vwa-tu-ria, s. m. carrier ; (par

cau) bargeman, boatman.
Volturin, vwa-tū-rin, s. m. one that lets

horses.

Voix, vwh, s. f. voice, cry, vote or suffrage, singer, note. Voix active, power to elect. Voix passive, eligibility. Voix, Mar. song employed by sailors in heaving, hoisting, hauling, etc. A la noix, mind the song. Donne

la roix quelqu'un, sing out there a hand.
Vol., vôl, s. m. robbery, theft, stolen goods;
also flight or flying (of a bird,) cast (of hanks,)
wings expanded (in heraldry.) Il a le vol pour cela, he has an admirable talent that

way. Volable, ro-labi, adj. that may be stolen

or robbed.

Volage, vå-lår, adj. fickle. inconstant.

light, unsteady. Feu volage, wild fire, sore. Embarcation volage, Mar. ticklish or crank boat.

VOLAILLE, vô-la/, s. f. poultry, fowls, market where poultry is sold.

VOLANT, E, vô-lên, lênt, adj. flying. VOLANT, S. m. shuttle-cock, wing of a wind-

mill. VOLATII., E, vô-là-til, adj. volatile.

VOLATILE, s. m. volatile, flying creature. VOLATILISATION, vo-la-d-li-za-sion, s.f. volatilization.

Volatiliser, vð-lá-tl-ll-zå, v. a. to volstilize, make volatile.

VOLATILITÉ, vô-là-tì-lì-tà, s. f. volatility.

VOLATILLE, vô-là-tl/, s. f. fowls. VOLCAN, vôl-kan, s. m. volcano.

VOLE, vol, s. f. vole or flam (at cards.)

Vol. f. F., adj. robbed, stolen.
Vol. f. F., adj. robbed, stolen.
Vol. f. F., vol. a. s. f. flight or flying, breed.
company, club, rate, rank, quality, degree:
(de perdreaux) covey; (de caides) bevy, (de les cheraux sont attelés) spring-tree-bar. A la rolce, rashly, inconsiderately, at random. headlong, unadvisedly. Prendre une balle à la volce or de volce, to take a ball flying. Une rolée de canon, a cannon-shot. Une rolée de coups de canon, a volley of cannon-shot. Une rolee de coups de bâton, brisk blows with a cudgel. Volée, Mar. broadside. Bous 14 rolée d'un bâtiment, close under a ship's guns. Un boulet à toute volée, a random guns. Un boulet à toute volée, a random shot. Un corraire se trouve sous notre vole à la pointe du jour, a privateer was er happened to be under our guns at day-break. Nam première volée démâta l'ennemi de son mit d'artimon, we shot away the enemy's mizen mast the first broadside.

VOLER, vô-là, v. n. to fly, fly about, futter,

run, post away.
Voler, v. a. to fly, fly at; to rob, take away. to steal.

VOLEREAU, s. m. little thief. VOLERIE, vol-ri, s. f. flight (of a bird of prey at some game or other;) also robbers, theft.

VOLET, vo-le, s. m. dove-cote, dove-cote door, trap-door; flyer (of a clock or watch:) shutter (of a window;) little board to pick seeds and pulse upon. Volet, Mar. little seacompass (used in a boat.)

VOLETER, vol-ta, v. n. to flutter, flicker. VOLEU-R, SE, vo-leur, leuz, s. m. & f. thiel. robber.

VOLIÈRE, vo-ll-er, s. f. aviary, great bird-

cage. Volière à pieds, dove-cote.
Volige, vô-liz, s. f. thin plank (of deal or other white wood.)

VOLITION, s. f. volition.

VOLONTAIRE, vô-lon-lêr, adj. voluntary, spontaneous; wilful, heady.
VOLONTAIRE, s. m. wilful man; spare horse:

volunteer. VOLONTAIREMENT, vo-lon-ter-men, adv.

voluntarily, spontaneously, freely.
VOLORTÉ, s. f. will; mind or pleasure.
VOLORTIERS, vô-lon-th, adv. willingly.

VOLORTIERS, vô-lon-th, adv. willingly. readily, gladly, freely, easily.
VOLTE, vôlt, s. f. ring; volt-or bounding. Volte-fare turn, rubbers, two sets won. Volte-face, wheeling about. Faire rolle-face, to wheel

about, turn (upon a pursuer.)
Vol. TER. V. n. to shift one's place in fencies.

bûse, bût : jêûne, mêute, bêurre : ênfânt, cênt, liên : vin : mon : brun.

VOLTIGENENT, vôl-tiz-mên, s. m. vaulting. VOLTIGER, vôl-ti-zh, v. n. to flutter, begin to fly; ride about, vault, tumble upon a rope, flutter about, be rambling or roving, to float in the wind.

vou

Voltigeur, vôl-ti-zèur, s. m. vaulter *or*

umbler.

Volubilis, s. m. bindweed, rope-weed. Volubilité, vô-là-bl-la, s. f. volubility; (de langue) volubility, glibness, fluentness, nimbleness.

VOLUME, vô-lâm, s. m. volume, book ; bulk,

Volumineu-x, sz, adj. volumineus, bulky. VOLUPTE, vo-lop-th, s. f. pleasure, sensuality or voluptuousness, delight, satisfaction, en-

joyment, lust, luxury. Voluptueusement, vo-lüp-tü-èuz-mên,

adv. voluptuously, sensually.
Voluptueu-x, se, vô-lůp-tů-èu, èuz, adj. & s. voluptuous, sensual, libidinous; delightful; voluptuary, epicure. Volute, vô-lůt, s. f. volute.

VOLUTER, v. a. to wind. Vomique, vô-mlk, adj. Ex. Noiz comique, vomick nut.

Vomique, s. f. vomica.

VOMIR, vô-mîr, v. a. to spue, vomit, cast or bring up, belch out.

VOMISSEMENT, vô-mls-men, s.m. vomiting.

VOMITI-F, VE, vô-mi-tif, tiv, adj. vomitive. Vomitif, s. m. vomit. *Vomitoire, vo-mi-twar, adj. vomitor

"VOMITOIRES, s. m. pl. outlets of the Ro-

man theatres, vomitoria.

VORACE, võ-rås, adj. voracious, ravenous.

VORACITÉ, võ-rå-sī-tå, s. f. voracity, gree-

diness, gluttony. Vos, (pl. de Votre.) V. Votre.

VOTANT, s. m. voter.

Votation, vo-ta-sion, s. f. voting. Voter, vo-ta, v. n. to vote or give one's

VOTI-F, VE, vô-if, tlv, adj. votive. VOTRE, vôtr, adj. (in pl. Vos) your. Le rêtre, la vôtre, les vôtres, (without the noun) yours.

Vouer, vôc-å, v. a. to devote *or* promise

solemnly, to consecrate.

VOUGE, s. f. hoar-spear or hunter's staff. VOULANT, (part. of Vouloir) willing.

Vouloir, voo-lwar, v.n. to will or be willing, please or be pleased, have a mind. Voulor, v. a. to wish, want, wish or choose to have; to require. It is would ainsi, he would have it so. Si elle savoit ce que vous lui vouler, if she knew what design you have upon her. Vouloir dire, to mean, signify. Vouloir, to be for. En vouloir d, to bear an ill will or owe a spite to, hate, have a grudge against; also to have a design upon. A qui en reut-il? what ails him? what is the matter with him? whom does he look for? whom does he mean to attack or offend?

VOULOIR, s. m. will, pleasure, intention,

design.
VOULU, voo-la, adj. Ex. Mal voulu, hated.

Vous, voo, (pers. pron. pl.) you, ye. Que rites-rous, messieurs? what do you say, gentlemen? Comment rous va, mon cher am? how do you do, dear friend? Je suis tout à rous, I am wholly yours.

Voussurr, võo-sår, s. f. arch or bending (of a vault.)

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VOUTE, voot, s. f. vault, arched roof; roof or arch or canopy (of heaven.) Volte, Mar. counter. La grande volte, the lower counter. La volte de la galerie, the cove. Vaisseau qui a beaucoup de volte, ship has that a very hollow counter.

Vouth, E, adj. vaulted, arched, crooked, round-shouldered. Fer de cheval voité, horse-

shoe bollowed.

VOUTER, voo-tå, v. a. to vault, arch, make archwise; (un fer de cheval) to hollow or make hollow. Se voûter, v. r. to bend like a vault, stoop, grow round-shouldered.

Votage, vwå-yåz, s. m. voyage, travel, journey, excursion; voyages, travels. Voyagen, vwå-yå-zå, v. n. to travel. Voyageu-r, sæ, vwå-yå-zèur, zèuz, s. m.

& f. traveller. VOYANT; E, vwa-yen, yent, adj. (from Voir)

seeing, etc. gaudy, very gay.

VOYANT, s. m. one that has his eye-sight; also seer-or prophet.

VOTELLE, vwa-yel, s. f. vowel.

VOYER, vwa-ya, s. m. surveyor or overseer of the highways.
VOYERIE, V. Voierie.
VRAI, E, vre, adj. true, right, real, genuine, fit, very exact; mere, arrant. Temps urai, Mar. true time. Un urai filou, a mere or an arrant cheat. Au wrai, truly, in truth.
VRAI, s. m. truth. Vous dites wrai, you say

right. As wai, truly, really, sincerely; for certain. On n'en sait rien au wai, there is no certainty of it.

VRAIMENT, vie-men, adv. indeed, truly. VRAISEMBLABLE, vre-sen-blabl, adj. like-

ly, probable.
VRAISEMBLABLE, s. m. probability, likelihood.

Vraisemblablement, vrê-sên-blâbl-mên, adv. likely, probably, with some appearance or semblance of truth.

VRAISEMBLANCE, vrd-sen-blens, s. f. like-

libood, probability, semblance of truth.

VREDER, vre-da, v.n. to run up and down, ramble about.

VRILLE, vrll, s. m. wimble, drill. Vrille à canon, Mar. bitt or long gimblet (for clearing the touch-hole of a cannon.)

Vu, E, va, va, (from Voir) seen, etc. seeing, considering. Vu que, seeing or consider-

ing that.

Vu, s. m. sight, preamble (of a decree or sentence). Au vu de tout le monde, before every body.

Vuz, vu, s. f. sight, eye-sight, view, eye or eyes, look, looking, seeing; look or prospect; vista, view; light, window or casement; view. survey, examination; aim, design, consideration, respect, account, score; sight, penetration; the being conscious, conscience, con-sciousness, knowledge. Point de vue, prospect, view, aim; also true light; and in perspeciwe, point of sight, eye or term or center. A rue d'ail, visibly. A vue de pays, by guess, at first sight or view. Lettre payable à rue, draft payable at sight. Longue vue, Mar. spying-glass. Etre à vue de terre, to be in sight of land. Etre en vue de la terre, to be seen from the land without discovering

bag, bật, base : thère, ềbb, ovar : field, fig : rôbe, rôb, lôrd : môod, gôod.

VUIDANGE, VUIDE, etc. V. Vidange, Vide, |

VULGAIRE, vol-ger, adj. vulgar, common, general, ordinary, low, mean, base, vile, triviał.

Vulgaire, s. m. vulgar, mobile, rabble, rude multitude.

VULGAIREMENT, vůl-ger-men, adv. vul-garly, commoully, meanly. VULGATE, vůl-gat, a. f. vulgate, Catholiek translation of the Bible in Latin.

Vulnerable, vůl-nå-rabl, adj.vulnerable. VULNERAIRE, vol-na-rer, adj. vulnerary.

VULNERAIRE, s. f. vulnerary plant. Vulve, valv. s. f. womb, matrice, uterus.

W.

W, s. m. this double letter does not belong to the French alphabet.

WHERRY, s. m. V. Houari. WIGH or rather WHIG, s. m. whig, one not a tory, one in the opposition.

X, s. m. 23d letter of the French alphabet. XANTHIUM, s. m. sort of plant. XÉROPHAGIZ, s. f. xerophagy. XÉROPHTALMIZ, s. f. xerophthalmy. XIРИГАS, s. f. Xiphias (a constellation.) XIРНОІDE, adj. xiphoid. XYLOBALSAME, s. m. xylobalsamum. XYLON, s. m. cotton plant. XYLONTEUM, s. m. sort of shrub or bush.

Y, I-grek, s. m. 24th letter of the French

althabet.

Y, 1, (sort of adverbial pronoun) there, thither, here, hither, therein, to it, to them, to that, in it, in them, in that, about it, etc. and sometimes to me, to thee, to him, to her, to us, to you, etc. Prenez-y garde, mind it, look to it. Py penerai, I shall think of it or of them. Py ai remarque quelques fautes, I spied some faults in it or in them. Py ai ajouté physicure choice, I have added several things to it or to them. Vous y etcs, you are in the right, you have hit the nail on the head. Vous n'y êtes pas, you have not hit it right, you are out, you are mistaken. Vous you are mal, you go the wrong way to work, you do not take a right course in it. Ry a, etc.

YACHT, yat, s. m. yacht. YEUSE, yeuz, s. f. French oak, holm.

YRUX, yeu, s. m. (plural of œil) eyes.

Les yeux, the eyes, one's eyes, sight, view, look. Yeux de chat, (herb) snap-dragon.

A yeux clos, blindfold. Il a de bons yeux, he A year clos, blindfold. Il a de bons year, he is sharp-sighted; he is sharp or cunning. Regarder arec des yeux de mépris, to look with contempt upon. Cela lui blesse les yeux or bu fail mal aux yeux, that is an eyesore to him. Avoir des affaires jusque por-dessus les yeux, to be full of business, have more business than one can turn one's hands to. Commencer à ouvrir les yeux, to begin to hays one's eyesopen, begin to see. Phillis wa des yeux (or d'affection) que pour vous, Phillis loves nons but you. Ouvrir de

grands year, to stand gaping, to be astonished. Regarder quelqu'un entre deux year, to stare at one or look one in the face, to look wistfully at him. Je ne saurois le regarder wantully at min. Se we scarcot it regarder-arce des yeut de complaisance, I cannot look pleasantly upon him. Ce n'est pas pour rose besuit yeux, 'tis not upon your account, 'tis not for your sake. Cela crève les yeux or cela saute aux yeux, 'tis as plain as can be, it is obvious to every bady, 'tis as clear ás noon day. Yeux de la civadière, Mar. holes in the class of the sprincial to be out the water. clues of the spritsail (to let out the water.)
YOLE, s. f. Mar. yawi.

YPREAU, s. m. elm-tree, Dutch elm.

Z.

Z, zed, ze, s. m. 25th letter of the French

alphabet.
ZAGAIE, zā-gē, s. f. long kind of dart used

ZAIM, s. m. Turkish soldier.

ZAIN, zin, adj. m. Ex. Cheral zais, a horse all of one dark colour, without any star, spot, or mark about him.

ZANI, s. m. zany, jack-pudding, merry-andrev

ZÉBELINE, V. Zibeline.

ZEDOAIRE, s. f. zedoari, sort of ginger.

ZELANDE, s. f. Zealand.

ZELAT-EUR, RICE, zå-lå-teur, tris, a. m. & f. zealot, stickler, one who is zealous of or for a thing.

Zile, zel, s. m. zeal, ardent affection.

ZÉLÉ, E, zå-lå, adj. zealous.

ZELE, E, 22-1a, adj. zealous.
ZENIH, zh-nit, s. m. zenith.
ZEPHYR, sh-fir, (or poetically) Zephire, s.
m. Zephyr, Zephyrus.
ZERU. zh-rô, s. m. a cipher or nought.
ZEST, zht, s. m. powder-bag. C'est entre
le zist et le zest, it is middling.
ZEST, interj. pshaw! fiddlestick!
ZEST, zht a m vest division of a wal-

ZESTE, zest, s. m. zest, division of a wal-nut's kernel. Je n'en donnerois pas un seste, I would not give a straw or rush or pin's head for it,

Zírárique, adj. zetetick. Zinaline, zíb-lin, s. f. sable, sable-skin. Zigzag, zig-zág, s. m. zigzag.

Zinc, s. m. zinc, speker.

Zinzolin, s. m. reddish, violet colour. Zist, zlst, V. Zest.

ZIZANIE, zi-za-ni, s. f. darnel; dissensio Semer la zizanie, to sow dissension, make differences.

ZODIACAL, E, zô-dî-â-khl, adj. zodiacal.

ZODIAQUE, zô-dl-ak, s. m. zodiack. Zolle, zô-ll, s. m. snarling critick.

Zóne, zón, s. f. zone.

ZOOGRAPHE, s. m. 200grapher. ZOOGRAPHIE, 20-0-gra-fl, s. f. 200graph ZOOLATRIE, 20-0-la-trl, s. f. 200latry (ad ration of animals.)

tton of animais.; Zoologie, zô-ô-lô-zl, s. f. zoology. Zoorhore, zô-ô-fôr, s. m. zoophorus.

ZOOPHYTE, zô-ô-îlt, s. m. zoophyte. ZOOTOMIE, zô-ô-tô-mi, s. f. zootomy. ZOPISSA, s. f. pitch and tar scraped from

old ships. *Zynozinètre, s. m. thermometer to measure the degree of fermentation.

ZYMOTECHNIE, s. f. that part of chymistry which has fermentation for its object.

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ABI

ABR

A BACUS, s. abaque, tailltir. ABAPT, s. la poupe, adv. en poupe. ABALIENATION, s. alienation, f. vente, f. ABANDON, v. a. abandonner, quitter. ABANDONER, s. celui qui abandonne. ABANDONING, abandonnement, ss. delaisse [ment, st. ment, m. A BANDONNEHT, s. abandon, m. aband A BASE, v. a. abaisser, humilier, baisser. abandonne-ABASEMENT, s. abaissement, ss. humiliation, f. ABASH, v. a. rendre honteux, or confus ABASHMENT, subst. confusion, f. honte, f. ARATE, v. a. abattre, diminuer, rabattre, rahuisser, détruire ; annuller. [tement, m. Abatement, s. rabais, m. remise, f. abat-ABATING, s. rabais, m. diminution, ABATURES, s. pl. abetures, f. trace, f. pas, m ABBA, s. [a Syriac word] père, m. ABBACY, s. abbaye, f. droits d'un abbé. Awarsa, s. abbase, f. ABBESS, s. abbesse, ABBEY, s. abbaye, f. Аввот, s. abbé, m. chef d'une abbaye. Аввотангр, s. la dignité d'abbé. ABBREVIATE, r. a. raccourcir, abreger. ABBREVIATION, s. abbreviation, f. abrege, ss. ABBREVIATOR, s. abbréviateur, s ABBREVIATURE, s. abbréviation, f. abrègé, m. ABDICATE, v. a. abdiquer, se démettre de. ABDICATION, s. abdication, f. resignation, f. ABDONEN, s. abdomen, m. le bas-venire. ABDOMINAL, adj. qui a rapport à l'abdomen. ABDUCE, v. a. tourner, détourner. [muscle.] ABDUCTOR, s. abducteur, m. (se dit d'un ABECEDARY, adj. abecedaire. ABECODARY, ag. successions.

ABER, or A-BED, ago. su lit.

ABERRANCE, s. egarement, m. méprise, f.

ABERRANT, adj. errant, qui s'égare.

ABERRANT, d. erreur, f. aberration, f.

ABET, v. a. exciter, aider, assister, appuyer.

ABET, v. a. exciter, aider, assister, appuyer. ABETTER OF ABETTOR, s. instigateur, m partisan, m. ABEVANCE, s. terres-jacentes, f. ABHOR, v. a. abhorrer, détester. ABHORRENCE, s. horreur, f. aversion, f. ABHORRENT, adj. qui déteste, contraire à. ABHORRER, s. celui qui abborre, ennemi jurė, z ABHORRING, s. borreur, f. aversion, f.
ABIDE, v. a. & n. souffrir, supporter, demeurer; — with, protéger; — by, or in a thing, se tenir à une chose. ARIDING, s. stabilité, f. demeure, f.

A sart. indef. un, une. It is sometimes translated by le, ls, l', par A, sur, de.

Abach, ado. derrière, par derrière.

Abacot, e, espèce de bounet royal.

Abacot, e, espèce de bounet royal.

Abacot, e, espèce de bounet royal. ABJECTLY, adv. bessement, lachement. [f. ABILITY, f. habileté, f. pouvoir, m. capacité. ABIHTESTATE, adj. abintestat. ABJURATION, s. abjuration, f. exil, m. ABJURE, v. a. abjurer, renoncer à ABLACTATE, v. a. sévrer un cufant. ABLACTATION, s. Paction de sévrer, f. ABLATION, s. dépossession. ABLATIVE, s. and adj. ablatif, st. l'ablatif. ABLE, adj. capable, habile, expert. To be able, pouvoir, être capable. ABLE-BODIED, adf. fort, robuste, membru. ABLEGATE, v. a. envoyer, députer, déleguer. ABLEMESS, s. pouvoir, m. habileté, f. ABLEPSY, s. aveuglement, m. imprudence, f. ABLOCATE, v. a. louer, amodier. ABLUTION, s. ablution, f. ABNEGATION. s. abnegation, f. renoncement, ABREGATE, v. a. remier, remoncer. ABOARD, adv. à bord, à bord de navire. ABODE, s. séjour, m. demeure, résidence, To Abode, v. a. présager, annoncer d'avance. Abodement, s. présage, m. pressentiment, m. Abolish, v. a. aboir, détruire, annuller. ABOLISHABLE, adf. qui peut être aboli.
ABOLISHMENT, ABOLITION, s. abolition, f.
ABONINABLE, adf. abominable, détestable.
ABONINABLY, adf. abominablement. ABOMINATE, v. a. détester, avoir en horreur. ABOMINATION, s. abomination, f. Abortornes, s. pl. Aborigenes, m. Premiers naturels d'un pays, m. pl. ABORT, v. s. avorter, faire une fausse couche. ABORTION, s. avortement, m. fausse couche. ABORTIVE, adj. and s. abortif, un avorton. ABORTIVELY, adv. avant terme. Above, adv. én haut, là haut. ABOVE, prep. au dessus de, plus de, plus ABOVE-ALL, adv. surtout, principalement. ABOVE-BOARD, adv. ouverteme Abound, r. s. abonder, être en abondance. ABOUT, prep. autour, environ, à l'entour de, aux environs, vers, concernant, pour, sur, près, dans, par. Авоит, adv. à la ronde, cà & là, de tour. ABRADE, v. a. user en frotiant. ABRASION, s. l'action de miner en frottant, f. ABREAST, adv. de front, à côte l'un de l'autre. ABRIDOF, v. a. abrèger, diminuer, retrancher. ABRIDOER, s. qui abrège, abréviateur, m. ABRIDOMENT, s. abrège, m. diminution, f. ABROACH, adv en perce, près de se répandre.

ABROAD, adv. dehors, hors de chez soi, dans | ACADEMICIAN, s. académicien, sa. les pays étrangers, au toin, dans le public. ABBOGATE, v.a. abroger, assuller, revoquer. ABROGATION, s. abrogation, f. casestion, f. ABROOK, v. a. souffir, supported.
ABROTONUM, s. auronne, f. herbe.
ABRUPT, adj. précipité, brusque, cassé, separé. ABRUPTION, s. Benefiction, f. ruptum. f. ABRUPTLE, and bringspiece. ABRUPTRESS, s. brusquerie, f. rudosse, f. Abscess, s. abcès, m. apostème, m. Abscess, v. a. couper, fendre, trancher. Abscession, s. l'action de couper, f. ABSCISSION, 4.7 action de couper, J.
ABSCISSION, t. n. et cacher, se derober.
ABSENCE, a. absence, f. étoignement, m.
ABSENT, adv. absent, étoigne, distrait.
To absent opés sejf., n. r. absente.
ABSUTER, 4. absent de son poste, de son DAVL pays.
ABSOLVE, v. a. absondre, décharger, justifier.
ABSOLUTELY, adv. absolu, parfait, actévé.
ABSOLUTELY, adv. absolument, entièrement.
ABSOLUTENESS, s. postvoir absolu.
ABSOLUTENESS, s. postvoir absolu.
ABSOLUTENES, a. absolution, f. pardon, f.
ABSOLUTENE, adj. qui absout, de pardon.
ABSOLUTENE, adj. qui absout, de pardon.
ABSOLUTENE, adj. discordant, absurde.
ABSOLUTENE, adj. discordant, absurde. ABSONANT, sag. operation, absorber. ABSONE, v. s. shootber, engloutir, abluter. ABSONEERT, s. absorbant, m. absorbent, adj. ABSONEERT, v. n. s'absonair, se priver de. ABSTENIOUS, adj. sobre, abstème, m. ABSTEMIOUSLY, adv. sobrement. Abstrutousness, s. sobriété, tempérance, f. ABSTERGE & ABSTERSE, v. a. comper, nottoyer. ABSTERGENT & ABSTERSIVE, adj. déteris.
ABSTERSION, S. l'action de nettoyer, f.
ABSTIRESCE, s. abstinence, f. subritée, f.
ABSTIRENT, adj. sobre, modère, temperé.
ABSTORTED, adj. force, empley de force.
ABSTORTED, adj. force, chief de force. Abstract, adj. abstrait, séparè, détach Abstract, a. extrait, m. abrége, m. ab straction, f. ABSTRACT, v. a. extraire, separer, abreger. ABSTRACTED, part. odj. extrait, abstrait.
ABSTRACTEDLY, adv. par abstraction.
ABSTRACTEDLY, adv. par abstraction.
ABSTRACTED, adv. d'une manière abstraite.
ABSTRAUSE, adj. abstrus, obscur, caché. ABSTRUSKLY, adv. d'une manière obscure. ABSTRUSERESS, s. obscurité, f. difficulté, f. ABSUME, r. a. consumer, detruire, gater, user. ABBURD, adj. absurde, ridicule. ABSURDITY, s. absurdité, f. déraison, f. ABNURDLY, adr. absurdement, deraisonable went. ABUNDANCE, r. abondance, f. beaucoup. ABUNDANT, adj. abondant, qui abonde. ABUNE, s. abus, m. affront, m. injure, f. Abuse, r. a. abuser, injurier, tromper, se-ABUSER, s. abuser, m. séducteur, m. ABUSIVE, adj. choquant, injuricux, abusif. ABUSIVELY adr. abusivement, improprement. ABUSIVENESS, s. impertinence, f. insulte, f. ABUT UPON, r. n. aboutir, confiner as ABUTMENT, s. but, m. borne, f. limite, f. ABUTTAL, s. limite, f. borne, f. ABYSMAE, adj. qui n' a point de fond. ABYSS & ABYSM, s. abime, m. goufre, m. euler, m.

ACADENICK, Academical, adj. academique. Academiciens.

ACADEMIST, s. academicien, m. [m. ACADEMY, s. académie, f. école, f. manège, ACANTHUS, s. acanthe, f. branche-uraine, f. ACATALERYIC, adj. incomprehensible. ACCEDE, v. n. acceder, comentir. ACCELERATE, v. a. accelerer, bater. ACCELERATION, s. acceleration, f. vitesse, f. ACCENSION, s. l'action d'essammer, d'alhmer. ACCENT, s. accent, m. ton, m. chant, m. Accent, v. a. accentuer, marquer d'un accent. ACCEPT, v. a. accepter, recevoir, agreer. ACCEPTABLE, adj.agreable, reçu avec plaisir. ACCEPTABLY, adv. egreablement. ACCEPTANCE, s. acceptation, f. agrement, = ACCEPTATION OF ACCEPTION, s. acception. f. ACCEPTER, s. celui qui accepte, or agree ACCEPTILATION, f. une quittance verbalc. Access, f. access, m. entree, f. retour, m. Accessible, adj. accessible, abordable. Accession, s. surcrolt, m. avenement, [plice. cession. ACCESSORY, s. and adj. accessoire, m. com-ACCIDENCE, s. rudiment, m. accidens de grammaire, m. Ím. ACCIDENT, s. accident, m. hazard, m. mode, ACCIDENTAL, adj. accidentel, casuel. ACCIDENTALLY, adv. accidentellement. Acclamation, a. cri de joie, m. acclamation, f. ACCLIVITY, s. montée, f. élévation, f. Accloy, v. a. affadir, rassasier. Accommodable, adj. qui peut s'accorder avec une autre chose. ACCOMMODATE, v. a. accommoder, arranger. Accommodation, s. accord, m. commodites, f. aisances, f. Accompaniment, s. accompagnement, m ACCOMPANY, v. a. accompagner, suivre. Accomplice, s. complice, s. & f.
Accomplish, v. a. accomplir, achever, perfectioner, executer, finir. [perfection, f.
Accomplishment, s. accomplishment, s. Accompt, s. compte, m. calcul, m. supputa-(cien. tion, f. ACCOMPTANT, s. calculateur, m. arithmeti-Accord, s. accord, m. union, f. convention. f. of his own accord, volontairement. Accorder, v. a. & n. accorder, accommoder, être d'accord. [nance. f. ACCORDANCE, s. f. accord, m. union, conve-ACCORDANT, adj. convenable, conforme, accordant. According to, prep. suivant, selon. According As, selon que, comme. Accordingly, adv. conformement, en consequence. Accost, v. a. accoster, aborder, joindre. Accestable, adj. abordable, qui est d'un facile accès. Account, s. compte, m. calcul, m. état, m. estime, f. cas, m. relation, f. avis, m. récit, m. examen, m. raison, f. cause, f. prétexte, m. sujet, m. dessein, m. gain, m. profit, m. Upon your account, en votre considération. Upon all accounts, dans toutes les occasions, en tout. Account, v. s. & s. compter, rendre compte, estimer, penser, tenir, regarder, croire, rendre raison. ACCOUNTABLE, adj. comptable, responsable. ACCOUNTANT, adj.s. comptable, calculateur, m

ACCOUPLE, v. a. accoupler, joindre. [gardé.] Accourne, v. a. ajuster, parer, accourre, habiller, equiper. [m. equipage, m. Accoutrement, s. accoutrement, m. habit, ACCRETION, & accroissement, m. Accrue, v. a. accroître, s'accroître, résulter [amasser. ACCUMULATE, v. a. accumuler, entancer, Accumulation, f. amas, st. ACCUMULATIVE, adj. qui accumule, ajouté. ACCUMULATOR, s. celui qui accumule. ACCURACY OF ACCURATENESS, s. exactitude, f. soin, m. ACCURATE, adj. exact, soigneux, soigné. ACCURATELY, s. exactement, soigneusement. ACCURSE, v. a. maudire, anathematiser. ACCUSABLE, adj. blamable, coupable. Accusation, s. accusation, f. blame, m. reproche, m. ACCUSATIVE CASE, le cas accusatif. Accuse, v. a. accuser, blamer, reprocher. Accuser, s. accusateur, m. accusatrice, f. Accuston, v.a. accoutumer, habituer. ACCUSTONABLE, adj. commun, habituel. Accustomably, adv. communement, habituellement. Accustom ARY, adj. accoutume, ordinaire. ACCUSTOMED, part. adj. accoutume, acha-ACE, s. as, m. de carte or de dé. [landé. ACEPHALOUS, adj. acephale, sans tête. ACERB, adj. acre, aigre, vert, âpre, rude, douloureux. ACERBITY, s. aigreur, f. amertume, f. ACERVATE, v. a. amasser, accumuler, eu-ACERVATION, s. amas, m. tas, m. [tasser. ACESCENT, adj. qui s'aigrit. ACETOSE, ddj. aigre, acide, piquant. ACETOSITY, s. aigreur, f. acidité, f. Acerous, adj. aceteux, aigre. ACHE, s. ache, f. persil, m. sorte d'herbe. ACHIEVE, v. a. achever, executer, obtenir, ACHIEVEMENT, s. exploit, s. armoiries, f. pl. ACID, s. and adj. acide, aigre, ACIDITY, s. acidite, f. aigreur, f. faigre. ACIDULATE, v. a. aciduler, rendre un peu ACKNOWLEDGE, v. a. reconnoître, avouer. ACKNOWLEDGMENT, s. aveu, m. reconnoissance, f. ACONITE, s. aconit, m. herbe venimeuse, f. Aconus. s. acorus, m. herbe odoriferante. Aconn, s. gland, m. fruit du chêne, m. Acousticus, s. accoustique, f. science des sons, ∫. ACQUAINT, v. a. avertir, informer, communi-ACQUAINTANCE, c. connoissance, f. habitude, ∫. Acquest, s. acquet, m. acquisition, f. Acquiesce, v. a. acquiescer, consentir. ACQUIESCENCE, s. acquiescement, m. consentement, m. Acquirable, ulj. qui peut-ètre acquis. ACQUIRE, v. a. acquerir, gagner, obtenir. ACQUIREMENT, s. acquisition, f. possession, f. Acquisition, s. acquisition, f. acquet, m. Acquisitive, adj. acquis, gagné, appris. Acquit, r. a. acquitter, décharger, absoudre. ACQUITMENT or ACQUITTAL, s. decharge, f. Acquittance, s. quittance, f. reçu, m. ACRE, s. acre, m. mesure de terre. Acrimonious, adj. acre, aigre. ACRIMONY, s. acrimonie, f. aigreur, f. apreté,

f. acreté, f.

ACRITUDE, s. acreté, f. aigreur, f. apreté. Across, prep. à travers, au travers, croisé. Acrostic, acrostiche, m. espèce de poésie, Act, a acte, m. action, f. fait, m. coup, m. Act of oblivion, amnistie, f. ACT, v. n. and a. faire, agir, se conduire, jouer, animer. ACTION, s. action, f. geste, m. proces, m. com-ACTIONABLE, adj. qu'on peut actionner ACTIONARY OF ACTIONIST, s. actionnaire, m. ACTIVE, adj. actif, agissant, agile. ACTIVELY, adv. agilement, activement. ACTIVITY, s. activité, f. vivacité, f. ACTOR, s. agent, m. actour, m. comédienn, m. ACTRESS, s. actroc. f. comédienne, f. ACTUAL, adj. actuel, effectif. ACTUALLY, adv. actuellement, effectivement. ACTUALNESS, s. existence actuelle, f. ACTUARY, s. secretaire, m. greffier, m. ACTUATE, v. a. animer, exciter, pousser. ACUATE, v. q. aiguiser, exciter, pousser. ACUMEN, s. pointe aiguë, pënetration, f. génie. m. ACUTE, adj. aigu, perçant, spirituel. ACUTE, s. acut, m. accent aigu, m. ACUTELY, adv. subtilement, finement. Acuteness, s. penetration, f. esprit, m. ADAGE, s. adage, m. proverbe, m. [m. ADAMANT or ADAMANT-STONE, s. diamant, Adamantine, adj. de diamant. ADAMITES, s. pl. adamites, m. pl. multipli-ans, m. pl. ADAPT, v. a. adapter, ajuster, appliquer. ADAPTATION, ADAPTION, s. application, f. ADAYS, adv. à present, maintenant. ADD, v. a. ajouier, joindre, augmenter. ADDABLE or ADDIBLE, adj. qui peut être ajoutė. Address wate, r. a. dixmer, lever des dixmes. ADDER, s. couleuvre, f. serpent, m.
ADDER, s. couleuvre, f. serpent, m.
ADDER's-TORGUE, s. langue de serpent, f.
ADDICE or ADZE, s. dolorre, f. [(herbe, f.)
ADDICT, v. a. sdonner, appliquer, devouer.
ADDITION, s. addition, f. augmentation, f. advantage, m. ADDITIONAL, adj. ajouté, de surplus. ADDLE, adj. vuide, sterile. ADDLE-PATED, écervele, étourdi, stapide. ADDLE, s. tartre, m.; v. a. rendre stérile. ADDRESS, s. dédicace. f. requête, f. placet, m. addresser, f. industrie, f. habileté, f. graces, f. pl. ADDRESS, v. a. addresser, dédier, supplier. ADDRESSER, s. presenteur d'adresses, m. ADDUCENT, s. un puissant motif. ADENOGRAPHY, s. description des glandes, f. ADEPT, s. adepte, m.; adj. savant, profond. ADEQUATE, adj. egal, equivalent. ADEQUATELY, adv. proportionnément. ADEQUATENESS, s. proportion, f. égalité, f. ADHERE, v. n. adhérer, ètre attaché à. ADHERENCE and ADHESTON, s. adherence, f. adhésion, f. ADHERENT, s. adhérent, m. partisan, m. ADHESIVE, adj. fortement attache à. ADJACENCY, s. contiguité, f. voisinage, m. ADJACENT, adj. and s. adjacent, contigu. ADJECT, v. a. ajouter, joindre. [voisin, m. ADJECTION, s. addition, f. augmentation, f. ADJECTIVE, s. and adj. adjectif, m. ADJECTIVELY, adv. adjectivement. ADIEU, s. adieu, m. ADJOIN, v. a. adjoindre, associer, ajouter. ADJOURN, v. a. remettre, renvoyer, ajourner. Addreus, adj. adipeux, gras. Adjudes, v.a. adjuger, condamner. Adjudicate, v.a. adjuger, determiner. ADJUGATE, v. a. mettre au joug. [soire, m ADJUNCT, s. adjoint, m. associe, m. acces-ADJUNCTION, s. adjonction, f. addition, f. ADJUNATION, s. adjuration, f. conjuration, f. ADJUST, v. a. adjurer, conjurer. [miner. ADJUST, v. a. adjuster, regler, accorder, ter-ADJUTANT, s. aide-major, m. adjutant, m. ADJUTOR, s. assistant, m. aide, m ADJUVATE, v. a. aider, secourir, assister. Admeasurement, s. mesurage, m. ADMENSURATION, s.egalisation, mesurage, se Administra, v. a. administrer, donner, re-[donner. ADMINISTRATE, v. a. administrer, appliquer, ADMINISTRATION, s. administration, f. conduite, f. ADMINISTRATOR, s. administrateur, m. Administratorship, s. administration, f. ADMISISTRATRIX, s. administratrice, f.
ADMIRABLE, adj. admirable, surprenant.
ADMIRABLY, adv. admirablement, très-bies. Admiral, s. amiral, s. ADMIRALSHIP, s. la charge d'amiral. ADMIRALTY, s. amiraute, f. ADMIRATION, s. admiration, f. Admire, v. a. admirer, s'étonner, aimer. ADMIRER, s. admirateur, m. qui admire. ADMISSIBLE, adj. admissible. Admission, s. admission, f. reception, f. Admir, v. a. accorder, admettre, permettre. ADMITTABLE, adj. admissible. [ces, m. ADMITTANCE, s. admission, f. entrée, f. ac-ADMIX, v. a. méler, brouiller. [mélange, m. ADMIXTION OF ADMIXTURE, s. mixtion, f. Admontsh, v. a. admoneter, reprendre ADMONISHER, s. admoniteur, m. qui exhorte. ADMONITORY, adj. monitorial. ADMOVE, v. a. approcher, réunir. ADO, s. peine, f. difficulté, f. tumulte, m. ADOLESCEWEZ, s. acolescence, f. jeunesse, f. ADOPT, v. a. adopter, s'approprier. ADOPTION, s. adoption, f.
ADOPTIVE, adj. adoptif, qui est adopté.
ADORABLE, adj. adorable, vénérable. ADORABLY, adr. d'une manière adorable. ADORATION, s. adoration, f. bomage, m. Apore, v. a. adorer, aimer passiounement. ADORER, s. adorateur, m. ADORN, v. a. orner, parer, embellir, decorer. ADORNMENT, s. ornement, m. parure, f. ADOWN, prep. en bas, sur la terre. ADRIFT, adv. au grê des flots, au hazard. ADROIT. adf. adroit, habile, agile. Adroitness, s. adresse, f. dexterité, f. ADRY, adj. altèré, qui a soif. [polé. ADRCITITIOUS, adj. ajouté, controuvé, inter-ADULATION, s. adulation, f. flatterie, f. ADULATOR, s. adulateur, m. flatteur, m. ADULATORY, adj. flatteur, plein de flatterie. ADULT, s. and adj. adulte, m. and f. ADULTERATE, r. a. alterer, corrompre. ADULTERATE, adj. corrompu, altere. ADULTERATERESS, s. corruption, f. ADULTERER, s. un adultère, corrupteur. ADULTERESS, une femme adultère. ADULTRRIBE, adj. adulterin. fadultère. coupable ADULTEROUS, adj. ADULTERY, s. adultère, m. ADUMBRATE, v.a. ombrager, tracer, ébaucher. ADUMBRATION, s. ebauche, f. ressemblance lègere.

ADUNCITY, s. courbure, f. simosité, f. ADUNQUE, adj. courbe, crochu.
ADUST Or ADUSTED, adj. aduste, brûle.
ADUSTIBLE, adj. combustible. ADUSTION, s. l'action de brûler, f. brûlure, f. ADVANCE, s. avance, f. progres. ADVANCE, v. a. avancer, produire, pousser. ADVANCEMENT, s. avancement, m. ADVANCER, s. promoteur, m. ADVANTAGE, s. avantage, m. profit, m. b ADVANTAGE, v. a. avantager, gratifier. ADVANTAGEOUS, adj. avantageux, utile. ADVANTAGEOUSLY, adv. avantageusement. ADVANTAGEOUSNESS, s. avantage, m. profit, ADVENE, v. a. accéder, être ajouté. [= ADVENT, s. venue, f. arrivée, f. avent, m. ADVENTITIOUS, adj. accessoire, accidentel, casuel. ADVENTURE, s. aventure, f. hazard, m. risque, ss. ADVENTURE, v. a. & s. aventurer, s'aven-Adventurer, s. aventurier. m. qui risque. Adventurous, adj. hardi, hazardeuz. ADVENTUROUSLY, adv. hardiment, avec te-Advere, s. adverbe, m. Adverbial, adj. adverbial. ADVERBIALLY, adv. adverbialement. ADVERSARY, s. adversaire, m. ennesni, m. ADVERSE, adj. contraire, adverse, opposé. ADVERSITY, s. adversité, f. infortune, f. ADVERSELY, adr. malheureusement. ADVERT, v. a. remarquer, observer. ADVERTENCE and ADVERTENCY, s. attention, f. ADVERTISE, r. a. avertir, donner avis. ADVERTISEMENT, s.avertissement, m.avis, m. ADVERTISER, s. papier d'avis, m. avertis-ADVESPERATE, v. n. sc faire tard. [seur, m. ADVICE, s. avis, ss. conseil, m. avertissement, m. ADVISABLE, adj. convenable, expédient. [f. ADVISABLENESS, c. convenance, f. propriéte, ADVISE, v. a. and n. donner avis, examiner, considérer. ADVISEDLY, adr. prudemment, sagement. ADVISER, s. qui donne des conseils. ADVOCATE, s. avocat, m. protecteur, m. defenseur, m. ADVOCATION, s. apologie, f. intercession, f. ADVOWRE, s. avoué, m. patron en chef, m ADVOWSON, s. droit de patronage, m. ÆRA, s. ère, f. èpoque, f. période, f. AERIAL, adj. aérien, d'air. ARRY, s. aire, f. le nid d'un oiseau de proie. ARROLOGY, s. aérologie, f. AEROMANCY, s. aéromancie, AEROMETRY, s. aerometrie, AEROSCOPY, s. l'observation de l'air, f. Arrostatic, adj. aerien, d'air. Arar, adv. loin, de loin, loin d'ici. AFFABILITY or AFFABLENESS, s. affabilité, f. AFFABLE, adj. affable, complaisant, courtois. AFFABLY, adv. affablement, honnétement. AFFAIR, s. affaire, f. intrigue, f. combat, m. AFFECT, v. a. affecter, toucher, interesser. AFFECTATION, s. affectation, f. AFFECTED, part. adj. affecté, recherché, touché. Affected with, attaque, atteint de. AFFECTEDLY, adv. avec affectation APPECTEDNESS, s. affectation, f. affeterie, f APPECTING, adj. pathétique, intéressent. AFFECTION, s. affection, f. amour, m. désir, APPECTIONATE, adj. affectionné, zélé. [m.

AFFECTIONATELY, adv. affectueusement

AFFECTIVE, adj. touchant, qui affecte. AFFIANCE, s. fiançailles, f. pl. confiance, f. AFFIANCE, s. d. fiancer, avoir confiance. AFFIDAVIT, s. déclaration, f. serment, m. AFFILIATION, s. affiliation, f. adoption, f. APPINAGE, s. affinage, m. APPINAGE, s. affinage, m. APPINITY, s. affinité, f. parenté, f. rapport, m. connexion, f. Apprica, v. a. affirmer, assurer. AFFIRMABLE, adj. qui peut être affirme. AFFIRMATION, a. affirmation, f. confirma-[matif.] APFIRMATIVE, s. affirmative, f.; adj. affir-APFIRMATIVELY, adv. affirmativement. AFFIRMATIVELY our can manuscripes.

AFFIR, v. a. ettacher, lier, joindre.

AFFILATION, s. laction de souffier, f.

AFFILATUS, s. inspiration, f. enthousiasme, ss.

AFFILATUS, s. a. effiger, chagriner, accabler. AFFLICTEDNESS, s. chagrin, m. desolation, f. APPLICTION, s. affliction, f. calamité, f. malheur, m. APPLICTIVE, adj. affligeant, chagrinant. APPLUENCE, s. affluence, f. abondance, f. APPLUENT, adj. abondant, opulent. AFFLUX, s. amas, m. affluence, f. [culté de. Afford, v. a. produire, fournir, avoir la fa-Afformst, v. a. mettre des terres en forêt. AFFRANCHISE, v. a. affranchir, affray; s. querelle, f. [m. bagarre, f. AFFRIGHT, s. frayeur, f. epouvante, f. effroi, Affright, v. a. effrayer, epouvanter. Affrost, s. affront, m. outrage, m. insulte, f. Affrost, v. a. affronter, outrager, insulter. Affroster, s. offenseur, m. [fensant. AFFROSTING, adj. outrageant, injurieux, of-Appuse, v. a. verser sur, mêler avec. Appusion, s. l'action de verser, f. AFFY, v. s. fiancer, se fier à. AFLOAT, adv. à flot, en mouvement. AFOOT, adj. à pied, sur pied, en action. AFORE, prep. avant; adv. devant, aupara-AFORE-GOING, adj. precedent. vant. AFORE-HAND, par avance. AFORE-SAID, adj. sus-dit, sus-mentionne. AFORE-TIME, adv. autrefois, jadis. AFRAID, adj. craintif, timide. AFRESH, adv. de nouveau, derechef. AFT. See Abast, la poupe.

AFTER, prep. après, derrière, concernant, pour, après; par, selon, suivant, a, de. AFTER, adv. ensuite, puis, après que, de là. AFTER-AGES, s. pl. les siècles à venir. AFTER-ALL, adv. après tout, au fond, enfin. AFTER-BIRTH OF AFTER-BURDEN, s. arrièro-faix, m. APTER-cost, s. surcroit de dépenses. AFTER-CROP, s. seconde récolte, regain, m. AFTER-EXE, v. a. garder à vue. [rité, f. AFTER-LIVERS, s. pl. descendans, m. posté-AFTER-MATH or AFTER-GRASS, s. regain, m. AFTER-NOON, s. apres-midi, s AFTER-PAINS, s. pl. tranchées après l'ac-couchement, f. pl. AFTER-PART, s. la dernière partie, le déclin. AFTER-PROOFS, s. pl. preuves ultérieures. AFTER-RECEDING, s. revision, f. AFTER-TASTE, s. déboire, ss. [tard, [tard, f. AFTER-THOUGHT, s. reflexion qui vient trop AFTER-TIMES, s. pl. les âges futurs. AFTERWARDS, adv. ensuite, après cela, puis. AFTER-WIT, s. esprit tardif, m. un après-[cune, f. After-wrath, s. ressentiment, m. rap-AGA, s. aga, m. officier Turc, m.

AGAIN, adv. une seconde fois, de nouveau, carra, and, the seconds that the notice of the compense, une fois autant. As much again, une fois autant. Back-again, de retour. As big again, une fois plus gros. Over-again, encore une fois, he rechef. Again and again, the control of the compensation of the compensation of the compensation. plusieurs fois, souvent. AGAINST, prep. coatre, près, auprès, vérs, sur. Over-against, vis-à-vis, à l'opposite. AGAPE, adv. la bouche béante. AGARIC, s. agaric, m. espèce de champignon, AGAST or AGHAST, adj. etonné, surpris. AGATE, s. (a kind of stone) agute, f. AGATY, adj. de la nature de l'agate. AGATY, asy, we is meant we regasc.
AGE, age, m. ans, siècle, m.
AGED, adf. agé, quoi est ur l'age.
AGENCY, s. intervention, f. agence, f.
AGENCY, s. agent, m. régisseur, m. suppôt, m.
AGGLOMERATE, v. a. and n. assembler, so ramasser. AGGLUTINATE, v. a. coller, joindre avec. AGGLUTINATION, s. union, haison, f. [ver. AGGRANDIZE, v. a. agrandir, augmenter, ele-AGGRANDIZEMENT, s. agrandimement, m. AGGRAVATE, v. a. aggraver, augmenter. AGGREGATE, adj. assemble, ramasse, incorporé. AGGREGATE, s. collection, f. resultat, m. AGGREGATION, s. collection, f. total, m. AGGRESS, v. n. attaquer, aggresser. [sant. AGGRESSION, s. attaque, f. aggression, f. as-AGGRESSOR, s. aggresseur, m. AGGRIEVANCE, s. injure, f. affront, m. dou-leur, f. affliction, f. AGGRIEVE, v. a. chagriner, affliger, grever. AGGROUP, v. a. grouper, faire un groupe.
AGILE, adj. agile, actif, dispos, souple.
AGILITY, s. agilité, f. légèreté, f.
AGIO, s. agio, m. prix du change, m. AGITABLE, s. qui peut être agité. AGITATE, v. a. agiter, emouvoir, discuter. AGITATION, s. agitation, f. mouvement, m. AGITATOR, s. agent, m. agitateur, m. AGLET, s. aiguillette, f. petite lame de métal. AGNAIL, s. onglée, f. apostume à l'ongle, f. AGNATION, s. agnation, f. parentage, m. AGNIZE, v. a. reconnoltre, avouer. AGNITION, s. reconnoissance, f. souvenir, m. AGO, adv. passé. Long ago, il y a longtemps. Acoc, adv. avec empressement. AGONIZE, v. n. agoniser, etre à l'agonie.
AGONIZE, v. n. agoniser, etre à l'agonie.
AGONIZE, v. n. agoniser, etre à l'agonie.
AGRARIAN, adj. agraire.
AGREE, v. a. and n. accorder, s'accorder, AGREEABLE, adj. convenable, conforme, gra AGREEABLESESS, s. conformité, f. agré-AGREEABLY, adv. conformément, agréable-AGREED, part. adj. convenu d'accord. [ment. AGREEING, s. conformité, f. convenance, f.
AGREEMERT, s. conformité, f. accord, m.
accommodement, m. convention, f. trans-AGRESTIC, adj. champètre, rustique, grossier. AGRICULTURE, s. agriculture, f. AGRIMOSY, s. agrimoine, f. (de plante.) AGROUF, s. agriotte, f. griotte, guigne. AGROUFD, act. échoue, ensable, engravé. AGRUE, s. fièvre avec accès. Aguish, adj. fiévreux. An! interj. Ah! Hélas! Quoi! Ana! interj. Aha! AHEAD, d'avance, en avant. ٠.

AID, s. aide, f. secours, m. assistance, f. AID, v. a. aider, secourir, assister. AIDER, s. aide, m. qui assiste, suppot, m. AIDLESS, adj. delaisse, sans secours. AIGULET, s. aiguillette, f. [disposition, f. AIL or AILMENT, s. mal, m. douleur, f. in-AIL, v. a. faire mal, causer de la douleur. Ailing, part. adj. qui se porte mal, maladif. Aim, s. visce, f. but, m. dessein, m. AIM, v. n. viser, tendre, aspirer à. [son, f. AIR, s. air, m. mine, f. contenance, f. chan-Air v. a. never, secher, chauffer. AIR-HOLE, s. soapirail, m. jour, m.
AIR-HOLE, s. soapirail, m. jour, m.
AIRINGS, s. vivacité, f. activité, f.
AIRING, s. l'action d'aérer, f. promenade, f.
AIRLING, s. un jeune étourdi. AIRY, adj. vif, gai, aërien, lèger. AISLE, s. alle d'une église, f. AKE, s. mal, m. douleur, f. peine, f. AKE, v. n. faire mal, être douloureux. AKIN, adj. parent, m. allie, m. AKING, adj. qui fait mal, douloureux. ALABASTER, s. albâtre, m. ALAE, interf. helas! Alak-a-day! Ouais! ALACRIOUSLY, adv. gaiement. ALACRITY, s. gaiete, f. joie, f. ardeur, f. ALAMODE, adv. à la mode. ALARM or ALARUM, alarme, f. epouvante, f. ALARM-BELL, s. tocsin, m. beffroi, m. ALARM, v. a. alarmer, épouvanter, effrayer. ALAS, interj. bélas! las! Al. B, s. une aube de prêtre. ALBUIT, conf. quoique, bienque.
ALBURGE, s. alberge, f. sorte de pêche.
ALBUGINEOUS, adf. blanchâtre. [ta Albugineous, adf. blanchâtre. [taie, f. Albugo, s. albugo, f. maladie de l'œil, f. ALCALI Or ALKALI, s. alcali, m. alcaline salt, sel alcalin. ALCHYMICAL, adj. alchymique. ALCHYMIST, s. alchymiste, m. ALCHYMY, s. alchymie, f. ALCOHOL, s. alcohol, m. poudre très fine ALCOHOLISE, v. a. réduire en poudre très fine. ALCORAN, s. alcoran, m.livre sacre des Turcs. ALCOVE, s. alcove, f. place pour mettre un lit. ALDER, s. aune, m. Aldern, adj. d'aune. ALDERMAN, s. commissaire; échevin, m. Al.E., s. aile, f. bière douce, f. [brasseurs. ALE-CONNER, officier qui a inspection sur les ALE-HOUSE, cabaret à bière. Alkhoof, s. lierre de terre, m. [tiller, m. ALERBIC, s. alembic, m. vaisseau pour dis-ALERT, adj. alerte, vif, actif, eveille. ALERTNESS, s. activité, f. vivacite, ALEXANDRINE, alexandrin adj. [[lance, f. ALEXIPHARNICE, adj. alexipharmaque. ALCEBRA, s. algebre, f. brique. ALGEBRAIC OF ALGEBRAICAL, adj. alge-Algebraist, s. algébriste, m. ALIAS, adv. autrement, f. sorte de décret. ALIBI, s. alibi, m. absence du lieu mentionné, f. ALIEN, s. aubain, m. étranger, contraire. ALIEN and ALIENATE, v. a. aliener. ALIENATION, s. alienation, f. désunion, f. ALIGHT, v. n. descendre, mettre pied à terre. ALIKE, adj. semblable, pareil, tout de même. ALINE, adv. egalement, de même.
ALINENT, s. aliment, m. nourriure, f.
ALIMENTAL, ALIMENTARY, adj. alimenteux.
ALIMONY, s. pension alimentaire, f. ALIQUANT, adj. aliquante, f.
ALIQUOT, adj. aliquote, f.
ALIVE adj. vif, vivant, qui est en vie.

ALKALI, ALCALI, (espèce de sel minéral.) ALKERMES, s. alkermés, m. ALL, prom. adj. tout, le tout tous. For geod and all, tout a fest.

All, adv. ontierement, tout, aussi. Not at all, point du tout. All over, d'un bout à l'autre. All-Along, adv. tout du long, toujours.
All-Heal, s. (an herb) panacée, f.
Allay s. mélange, m. alhage, m. soulagement, m. ALLAY, v. a. allier, meler, alleger, adoacir. ALLEGATION, s. allegation, f. citation, f. ALLEGATION, d. dicelarer, alleguer, citer.
ALLEGABLE, ad., oq' on peat alleguer.
ALLEGIANCE, s. loyauté, f. fidélité, f.
ALLEGORICALLEGORICAL, ad.; allegorique. ALLEGORICALLY, adv. allegoriquement. ALLEGORIZE, v. a. allegoriser. ALLEGORY, s. allegorie, f. metaphore suivie, ALLEGORY, s. allegor, m.; ado, gai et vite.
ALLEVIATE, v. a. alleger, soulager.
ALLEVIATON, s. allegement, m. soulageALLEV, s. ruelle, f. pettle rue, f. [meat, m.
ALLIANCE, s. alliance, f. confederation, f.' ALLIGATION, s. l'action de lier, ALLIGATOR, s. espèce de crocodile, ALLOCATION, s. allocation, f. accord, m.
ALLOCUTION, s. allocution, f. harangue, f.
ALLODIAL, adj. allodial, en franc alles. ALLONIUM, s. franc-alleu, m. allodialité, f. ALLOT, v. a. adjuger, départir, assigner. ALLOTHENT, s. la portion que chacun recoit. Allow, v. a. allouer, donner, accorder, permettre, avouer, déduire.
Allowable, adj. allouable, estimable, juste. Allowableness, s. kegitimitė, f. ALLOWANCE, s. consentement, sa. indul-gence, f. allocation, f. portion, f. remise. ALLOY, s. aloi, titre de l'or & de l'argent, sa. ALLUDE, v. n. faire allusion. ALLUMINOR, s. enlumineur, m. ALLURE, v. a. amorcer, engager, attirer. ALLUREMENT, s. amorce, f. appat, s. charme. ALLURING, adj. and s. amorce, f. attrayant. ALLURINGLY, adv. d'une manière attravante. ALLURINGNESS, s. attrait, m. amorce, f. ALLUSION, s. allusion, f. rapport, m. ALLUSIVE, adj. figure, qui fait allusion ALLUSIVELY, adv. par allusion. ALLUVION, s. alluvion, f.
ALLY, v. a. allier, unir, joindre.
ALMANACK, s. almanac, m. calandrier, m. ALMANDINE, s. almandine, f. sorte de rabis. Almightiness, s. tou. e puissance, f.
Almighty, adj. tout-puissant, f.
Almond, s. amande, f. fruit de l'amandier. ALMONDS, of the ears, s. les oreillons, m.
ALMONDS, of the throat, s. les amygdales, f.
ALMONER, s. aumonier, m. chapelain. ALMONRY, s. aumônerie, f. ALMOST, s. datameter, quasi, environ.
ALMOST, adt. presque, quasi, environ.
ALMS. s. pl. aumône, f. charité, f.
ALMS-DEED, s. ceuvre de charité, f.
ALMS-GIVER, s. aumônier, f. charitable, m.
ALMS-BOUSE, s. maison des pauvres, f. hôpital, m. ALNAGE, s. annage, m. mesure, f. ALNAGER, s. receveur de droit d'annage, m. ALOES, s. (a medicinal plant) aloès, m. ALOETIC, ALOETICAL, adj. d'aloes. Alort, adv. haut, en-haut; prep. su-dessus. Alork, adj. seul; adv. seulement. Along, prep. au long, le long de.

ALOOF, ads. de loin, au large ; prep. loin de. | AMBURY, a sorte de furoncle. [embûche, f. ALOSE, s. alose, f. (poisson, m.) ALOUD, adv. haut, d'une voix elevée. ALPHABET, s. alphabet, m. abécé, m. ALPHABETICAL, adj. alphabetique. [tique. ALPHABETICALLY, adv. par ordre alphabe-ALREADY, adv. deja, jusqu'alors. ALSO, adv. or conj. aussi, de plus, encore, aussi bien que. ALTAR, s. autel, m. religion. ALTER, v. a. changer, altérer. ALTERABLE, adj. changeant, alterable. ALTERATION, s. alteration, f. changement, m. ALTERATION, s. altercation, f. debat, m. ALTERNATE, adj. alternatif, alterne. ALTERBATE, v. a. exercer alternativement. ALTERNATION, s. tour, m. vicissitude, f. ALTERNATIVE, adj. alternatif; s. alternative, f. ALTERNATIVELY, adv. alternativement. ALTHOUGH, conf. quoique, bien que. ALTHUETRY, s. altimétrie, f. ALTHUELE, s. lauteur, f. grandeur, f. faite, sa. ALTOGETHER, adv. tout-à-fait, entièrement. ALVEARY, s. une ruche à miel. ALVEOLI, s. alvéoles, m. petites cellules. Alum, s. alun, m. sorte de sel minéral. ALUMINOUS, adj. alumineux. AMABILITY, s. qualité aimable, f. amabilité, f. Anador, s. (a sort of pear) amadote, f. AMAIN, adv. vigoureusement. Analgan, s. amaigame, f. mélange. Analganate, v. a. amaigamer. AMANUENSIS, s. un secrétaire or copiste. Amaratude, s. ameranthe, f. passe-velours Amaratude, s. amertume, f. Amassment, s. amas, m. tas, m. monecau, Amass, v. a. amasser, entasser, accumuler. AMATORY, adj. amoureux, m. Amaze, v. a. aurprendre, etonner. Amazu, Amazumunt, s. supprise, f. étonnement, m. Amaziwe, odj. surprenant, etonnant. AMAZINGLY, adv. d'une manière surprenante. AMAZON, s. amazone, f. ANBAGES, s. pl. detour, m. circonlocution, f. Ambassade, Ambassage, Embassy, amhassade, f. Ambassador, s. ambassadeur, m. AMBASSADRESS, s. ambassadrice, f. ARBER, s. ambre, m. succin, m. AMBERED, adj. ambre, parfume d'ambre. Anbergris, s. ambregris, m. Anbidexter, s. ambidextre, m. un fripon. AMBIDENTROUS, adj. trompeur, fourbe. AMBIENT, adj. qui environne Ambieu, s. ambigu, m. melange, m. Ambiguity, s. ambiguité, f. equivoque, f. Ambiguo, adj. ambigu, equivoque. Ambiguoustr, adv. d'une manière ambigue. AMBIT, s. la circonference d'une fig ire. Ambirtion, s. ambition, f. desir, m.
Ambirtion, v. a. ambitionner, souhaiter. Ambitious, adj. ambitieux. [ambition. Ambitiously, adv. ambitiousement, avec Ambie, s. amble, m. sorte d'allure d'un che-Amble, v. n. aller l'amble. AMBLER, s. un cheval qui va l'amble. AMBROSIA, s. ambroisie, f. [broisie. AMBROSIAL, adj. delicieux comme l'am-AMBRY, s. buffet, m. garde manger, m. AMBS-ACE, besas or beset, m. AMBULATION, s. promenade, AWBULATORY, adj. ambulatoire. ambulant.

Ambuscade, Ambush, a. embuscade, Ambuschen, adj. embusqué. AMEL-CORN, s. seigle blanc. A VEN, adv. amen, ainsi soit-il. ANENABLE, adj. responsable. AMEND, s. amende, f. peine pecuniaire, f. AMEND, v. a. amender, corriger, s'amender AMENDMENT, s. amendement, correction, f. AMENDS, s. compensation, f. dedommagement, m. AMENITY, s. aménité, f. agrément, m. AMERCE, v. a. mettre à l'amende. AMERCEMENT, s. amende pécuniaire, f. AMETHYST, s. amethyste, f. pierre precieuse. AMIABLE, adj. aimable AMIABLENESS, a. amabilité, f. bonne grace. AMIABLY, adv. d'une manière aimable. AMICABLE, adj. (friendly) simable.

AMICABLE adj. (friendly) simable.

AMICABLE add. à l'aimable, en ami.

AMID and AMIDST, prep. au milieu, parmi.

AMIDs, adv. and adj. mal, mal à-propos. I take amiss, prendre en mauvaise part. AMITY, s. amitie, f. affection, f. AMISSION, s. perte, f. abandon, m. Ammoniac, s. ammoniac, m. Ammunition, s. munition de guerre, f. Amnestr, s. amnistie, f. pardon, m. [Tavec. Among and Amongst, adv. parmi, entre Amorist, s. un amoureux, un amant. Amorous, adj. amoureux, passionne. AMOROUSLY, adv. amoureusement. Amont, adj. abattu, amorti, taciturne. AMOUNT, s. le montant, le total. AMOUNT, v. n. monter, revenir, se reduire. AMOUR, s. amour, m. intrigue, f. AMPHIBIOUS, adj. amphibie.

AMPHIBOLOGICAL, adj. amphibologique. AMPHIBOLOGICALLY, adv. amphibologique-AMPHIBOLOGY,s.amphibologie,f.equivoque. Amphisciens, s. pl. amphisciens, m. AMPHITHEATER, s. amphilieatre, m.
AMPHIE, adj. ample, large, éteudu.
AMPLERESS, grandeur, f. ampleur, f. [ref.
AMPLIATE, v. a. grossir, augmenter, exagéAMPLIATION, s. exagération, f. délai, m. AMPLIFICATE. See Amplify.
AMPLIFICATION, s. amplification, f. [m. AMPLIFIER, s. amplificateur, m. exagerateur, AMPLIFY, v. a. amplifier, étendre, exagérer. AMPLITUDE, s. amplitude, f. capacite, f. AMPLY, adv. amplement, largement. AMPUTATE, v. a. couper, separer. AMPUTATION, s. amputation, f. AMULET, s. amulette, m. preservatif, m. Amusk, v. a. amuser, divertir, dicevoir. AMUSEMENT, s. amusement, m. amusette, f. Amusive, adj. amusant, divertissant. AMYGDALATE, s. and adj. un amande, fait An, art. un, une. See A. [d'amandes. ANA, s. ana, m. sorte de collection, f. ANABAPTISM, s. anabaptisme, m. (mite, m. Anabaptist, s. anabaptiste, m. ANACHORET, s. anachorète, m. moine, m. her-ANACHRONISM, s. anachrouisme, m. Anagram, s. anagramme, f. Anagrammatist, s. anagrammatiste, m. Anagrammatize, r.n. allogrammatiser. Analeptic, adj. analeptique, restaurant, m. Analogical, adj. analogique, analogue. ANALOGICALLY, adv. par analogie

Analogize, v. a. expliquer par analogie. Analogous, adf. analogue, similaire.

Analogy, s. analogie, f. rapport, m.

Analysis, s. analyse, f. abrege, m. extrait, m.

Analysic, Analytical, adf. analytique. ANALYTICALLY, adr. par analyse. ANALYZE, r. a. analyser, extraire. ANANAS, s. (the pine-apple) ananas, m. ANARCHY, s. anarchie, J ANARCHICK, ANARCHICAL, adj. anarchique.
ANASARCA, s. anasarque, f. sorte d'hydropi-Anastomosis, s. anastomose, f. ANATHEMA, s. anathème, m. un excommunié. communier. Anathematize, v. a. anathématiser, ex-ANATOMICAL, adj. anatomique. ANATOMICALLY, adr. anatomiquement. ANATOMISE, v. a. anatomiser, dissequer. Anatomist, s. anatomiste, m. ANATOMY, s. anatomie, f. un squélette. ANCESTORS, s. pl. ancêtres, m. aïeux, m. ANCESTREI., adj. héréditaire. ANCESTRY, s. race, f. extraction, f.
ANCHOR, s. ancre, f. The sheet anchor, la
maitresse ancre. The bow anchors, les deux ancres d'affourche. Stream anchor, ancre a touer. ANCHOR, v. n. ancrer, jeter l'ancre, rester. ANCHORAGE, s. ancrage, m. mouillage, m. ANCHOSE, s. orcanette, f. (plante) , ANCHOVY, s. anchois, m. petit poisson de mer. Ancient, adj. ancien, vieux, antique Anciently, adv. anciennement, autrefois.
Ancientness, s. antiquité, f. ancienneté, f.
Ancientry, s. ancienneté d'extraction. Ancients, s. pl. les anciens, m. l'antiquité, f. Ancone, s. froncle, m. tumeur. And, conj. et, &. A toast and butter, une rotte au beurre. To go and see, aller voir. Better and better, de micux en mieux. And therefore, c'est pourquoi. And yet, nean-moins. Without ifs or ands, sans si ni mais. Andiron, s. chenet, m. un feu. Androgynal, adj. d'hermaphrodite. Androgynus, s. hermaphrodite, m. ANECDOTE, s. anecdote, f. histoire secrète. ANEMONE, s. (wind-flower) anemone, f. Annw, adv. de nouveau, à neuf, encore. Antractuous, adj. anfractueux ANFRACTUOSITY, s. anfractuosité, f. Angel, s. ange, m. esprit cree, m. ANGELICA, s. (a plant) angélique, f. Angelical, adj. angélique, beau comme un ANGELOT, s. (a sort of cheese) angelot, m. Anger, s. colère, f. emportement, m. Anger, v. a. facher, irriter, aigrir, provoquer. Angiographie, s. angiographie, Angle, s. angle, m. hameçon, m. ligne pour recher, f. ANGLE, r. n. pêcher à la ligne. Angler, s. pécheur, m. qui pêche à la ligne. Angle-Rou, s. ligne à pêcher. ANGI ICISM, s. auglicisme, m. ANGLING, s. pêche à la ligne, f. A "c r 11.4, adr. avec colère, avec aigreur. Avony, adj. faché, aigri, irrit. Anguism, s. angoisse, f. chagrin, m. detresse, Anguismin, odi, désolé, chagrin. ANGULAR, adj. angulaire. Angulous, adj. anguleux, qui a des angles. ANIGHTS, adr. la nuit, toutes les nuits. ANIMADVERSION, s. censure, f. observation, f. remarque. /

ANIMADVERT, t. a. censurer, remi Animal, s. animal, m.; adj. animal. ANIMALCULE, s. animalcule. m. ANIMALITY; s. faculté animale. Animate, r. n. animer, exciter. Animation, s. le pouvoir d'animer. Animator, s. celui qui donne la vie. ANIMOSITY, s. animosite, f. baine. f. pique, f. ANISE, s. (a plant) anis, m ANKLE, s. la jointure de la jambe au pied. ANKLE-BONE. s. la cheville du pied. Annaliste, s. annaliste, m Annales, s. pl. annales, f. livre d'histoire. Annars or Annares, s. pl. annales, f. pl. ANNEAL, v. n. peindre en appret, huiler. ARREX, v.a. annexer, joindre, réumir. ANNEX, s. (the thing annexed) annexe, f. ANNIHILATE, v. a. aneantir, detruire. Annihilation, s. ancantissement, s. Anniversary, s. anniversaire, m. Annotation, s. note, f. remarque, f. Annotator, s. commentateur, m. mer. APROUNCE, v. a. annoncer, publier, procla-ANNOY, v. a. nuire, incommoder, préjudicier. ANNOY, ANNOYANCE, s. tort, m. prejudice, s. Annover, s. celui or celle qui fait tort. ANNUAL, adj. annuel. Annually, adv. annuellement, per an, tous les ans. Annuitant, s. remier, m. Annuity, s. rente constituée. Annul, v. a. annuller, abroger, revoquer Annular, adj. annulaire. Annular, s. (a little ring) petit anness. Annulling, s. cessation, f. revocation, f. Annumerate, v. a. mettre au nombre. Annunciate, v. a. annoncer. ANNUNCIATION, s. l'annonciation. Anodyne, adj. anodin, qui adoucit Anoint, v. a. oindre, frotter d'huile. ANOINTED, part. adj. oint, consucre. Anomalous, adj. anomal, irregulier. Anomalously, odr. irregulièrement. Anomaly, s. anomalie, f. irregularité, f. Anomy, s. violation de la loi, f. Anon, adj. tout-à-l'houre, sur le champ. Anonymous, adj. anonyme. Another, adj. autre, un autre, l'autre. Answer, s. reponse, f. replique. f.
Answer, v. a. and n. repondre, se rapporter à,être caution, acquitter, satisfaire. suffire. Answerable, adj. a quoi l'on peut répondre, responsable, proportionné, analogue.

Answerableness, s. rapport, m. analogue.

Answerable, adv. conformément. Answeree, a. repondant, m.
Answeree, a. repondant, m.
An't, t. (for and it, and if it, am not, are not.)
Ant. s. fourmi, f. An and's hole, nest or hilim. and f. lock, une fourmilière. [m. and f. ANTAGONIST, s. antagoniste, m. adversaire, ANTAGONIST, s. antagoniste, m. adversaire, ANTAGONIST, s. précéder, dévancer. ANTECEDENCE, s. précéder, dévancer. ANTECEDENT, adj. antécédent, antérieur. ANTECEDENT, s. préalable Antecedent, s. préalable, m. antécèdent, m. ANTECEDENTLY, adv. presiablemen ANTEDATE, v. a. antidater; s. antidate, f. ANTELOFE, s. gazelle, f. (espèce de chevre.) ANTEPAST, s. avant-goût, s. ANTEPASULT, adj. s. antépézultième, f. ANTERIOR, adj. antérieur. (temps. ANTERIORITY, s. anteriorité, f. priorité de Anthem, s. antienne, f. motet, m Anthony's-fire. s. erésipèle, f.

ARTHOLOGY, s. anthologie. [et f. ARTHROPOPHAGI, s. pl. anthropophages, m. [et f. | ANTI, (a Greek preposition, which, in composition, signifies contrary) anti, contre; (sometimes it signifies before) avant, de-ANTICHAMBER, s. antichambre, f. ANTICHRIST, s. Antechrist, m. ANTICHRISTIAN, adj. Antichretien. Antichristianism, s. Antichristianisme, m. ANTICIPATE, v. a. anticiper, prevenir. ANTICIPATION, s. anticipation, f. préjuge, m. ANTICE, adj. grotesque, bouffon, gothique. ANTICE, s. bouffon, m. grotesque, f. ANTIDOTAL, adj. qui sert d'antidote. ANTIDOTE, s. antidote, m. préservatif, m. ANTIFERRILE, adj. febrifuge, m. ANTIMONARCHICAL, adj. antimonarchique ARTIMONIAL, adj. compose d'antimoine. AKTIMONY, s. antimoine, m. ANTIPATHETICAL, adj. antipathique, opposé. ANTIPATHY, s. antipathie, f. aversion natu-ANTIPHRASIS, s. antiphrase, f. frelle. ANTIPODES, s. pl. antipodes, m. ANTIPOPE, s. antipape, m. ANTIPOPE, s. antipape, m.
ANTIQUARY OF ANTIQUARIAN, s. antiquaire, ANTIQUATE, v. a. abolir, abroger. ANTIQUE, adj. antique, ancien. ANTIQUE, s. antique, f. antiquité, f. ANTIQUENESS, s. ancienneté, f. ANTIQUITY, s. antiquite, f. les anciens, m. pl. ANTISCII, s. pl. antisciens, m. ANTISCORBUTIC, adj. antiscorbutique. ANTITHESIA, s. antithèse, f. contraste, m. ANTITYPE, s. antitype, m. figure, f. ANTIVENEREAL, adj. antivenerien. ANTLER, s. andouiller, m. ANTOECI, s. pl. auteciens, m. ANTOCOW, s. avant-coeur, m. tumeur à la poi-ANTRE, s. antre, m. caverne, f. ANVIL, s. enclume. f. Anus, s. anus, f. [d'esprit, f. ANXIETY, e. anxiete, f. inquietude, f. peine ANXIOUS, adj. inquiet, chagrin. ANXIOUSLY, adv. avec inquietude. Any, adj. or pros. quelque, quelqu'un, tout, qui que ce soit, quoi que ce soit, aucun, l'unou l'autre. Any further, plus loin. Any longer, plus long-temps. Any more, plus, davantage. Aorist, s. aoriste, m. AORTA, s. sorte, f. grande artère. APACE, adv. vite, promptement.
APART, adv. apart, à l'écart.
APARTMENT, s. appartement, m.
APATHY, s. apathie, f. insensibilité, f. APE, s. singe, m. guenon, f. APE, v. a. miler, contrelaire. APEAR or APERK, (a sea term) à pic. APERIENT and APERITIVE, adj. aperituf. APERTURE, s. ouverture, f. passage, m. APERTLY, adv. ouvertement, à découvert. APER, s. sommet, m. extrémité, f. bout, m.
APHELION, s. aphélie, m.
APHORISM, s. aphélie, m.
APHORISM, s. aphélie, m.
APHORISM, s. aphélie, m.
APISM, adv. chacun pour sa part, par tête.
APISM, adv. bouffonnement, en singe.
APISMAN, adv. bouffonnement, en singe. APISHNESS, a. humeur imitatrice, singerie, f. APOCALYPSE, s. apocalypse, f. [vélation. APOCALYPTICAL, adj. apocalyptique, de ré-APOGRYPHA, s. pl. livres apocryphes, m. pl. APOCRYPHAL, adj. apocryphe. APOBICTICAL, adj. demonstratif

APOGEON and APOGEE, s. apogee, m. APOLOGETICAL, adj. apologetique. APOLOGETICALLY, adr. en forme d'apologie. APOLOGIST, s. apologiste, m. Apologize, v. a. détendre, justifier. APOLOGUE, s. apologue, s. fable, f. APOLOGY, s. apologue, f. justification, f. APOPHLEGMATIC, adi. bon contre les fleg-APOPHTHEGM, s. apophthegme, m. sentence APOPLECTIC, APOPLECTICAL, adj. apoplec-APOPLEXY, s. apoplexie, f. mal caduc. APOSTACY, s. apostasie, f. APOSTATE, s. apostat, m. renegat, m. APOSTATIZE, v. n. apostasier, renoncer à sa religion. APOSTEMATE, v. n. apostumer, abcèder. APOSTEME, s. apostème, vs. abcès, m. APOSTLE, s. apotre, m. disciple, m. messa-APOSTLESHIP, s. apostolat, m. predication. APOSTOLIC OF APOSTOLICAL, adj. apostolique. APOSTOLICALLY, adv. apostoliquement. APOSTROPHE, s. apostrophe, f. contraction, f. APOSTROPHIZE, v. a. apostropher. APOTHECARY, s. apothicaire, m. APOTHEOSIS, s. apothèose, f. déification, f. APOZEM, s. apozème, m. décoction, f. APPAL, v. a. effrayer, faire palir de peur. [m. APPALEMENT, s. trayeur, f. découragement, APPANAGE, s. apanage, m. accessoire, m. APPARATUS, s. equipement, m. appareil, m. APPAREL, s. vêtement, m. habillement, m. APPAREL, v. a. vetir, habiller, ajuster. APPARENT, adj. apparent, evident, clair. APPARENTLY, adv. suivant toute apparence. APPARITION, s. apparition, f. fantonie, m. illusion, f. [deau. n.. APPARITOR, s. huissier, m. sergent, m. be-APPAY, v. a. satisfaire, contenter. APPEACH, v. a. accuser, reprocher. [tion,]. APPEACHMENT, s. accusation, f. denoncia-APPEAL, s. appel, m. accusation, f. APPEAL, v. n. appeller, accuser, denoncer. APPEALANT OF APPEALER, s. appelant, \tilde{m} . APPEAR, v. n. paroître, se montrer, compa-roître. To make appear, faire voir, demontrer APPEARANCE, s. apparence, f. exteriour, m. vraisemblance, f. figure, f. concours, m. comparation, f. apparition, f. APPEARABLE, que l'on peut réconcilier. APPEASE, v. a. appaiser, calmer, pacifier. APPELLANT, s. appelant, m APPELLATION, s. nom, qualification. APPELLATIVE, adj. appellatif. APPELLATORY, adj. qui contient un appel. APPEND, v. a. appendre, pendre, attacher. APPENDAGE, s. dependance, f. accessoire, m. APPENDANT, adj. dependant, annexe. APPENDIX, s. supplément, m. dépendance, f. appendice, m. APPERTAIN, v. n. appartenir. APPERTAINMENT, c. les privileges d'un rang, APPERTENANCE, s. dependance, f. acces-APPERTINENT, alj. appartenant. [soire, m. APPERTINENT, alj. appartenant. APPETENCE, APPETENCY, s. désir sensuel, f. envie, f. APPETIBLE, adj. souhaitable, desirable. APPETIBILITY, s. la qualité d'être désirable. APPETITE, s. appetit, m. cupidité, f. faim, f. APPETITIVE, adj. qui désire, concupiscible

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APPLAUD, v. s. applandir, lover.
APPLAUDER, s. qui applaudit, approbateur, APPLAUSE, s. applaudissement, m.
APPLE, s. pomme, f. la prunelle de l'œil.
APPLE-TREE, s. pommier, m. Apple core, le
  trognon d'une pomme. Apple-woman, frui-
  tière. Apple-roaster, pommier. Apple-loft,
  fruiterie.
APPLIABLE OF APPLICABLE, adj. applica-
  ble, conforme.
APPLICABILITY, s. convenance, f. rapport, m.
APPLICATION, s. application, f. recours, m. assiduité, f. etude, f. attention, f. emploi,
                                          [plique.
  m. usage, m.
APPLICATORY, adj. qui supplique, ce qui ap-
APPLY, v. a. appliquer, attacher, addresser.
APPOINT, v. n. etablir, prescrire, nommer.
  régler.
APPOINTMENT, s. arrangement, m. régle-
  ment, m. ordre, m. rendez-vous, m. assig-
  nation, f.
 Apportion, t. a. diviser (également.)
APPOSE, v. a. examiner, considérer.
APPOSITE, adj. propre, bien appliqué, con-
  venable.
Appositett, adv. convenablement, à propos.
APPOSITENESS, s. convenance, f. propriete, f.
APPOSITION, s. apposition, f. application, f. APPRAISE, v. a. estimer, evaluer, apprecier.
APPRAISER, s. priseur, m. appreciateur, m.
APPRAISER, s. priseur, m. apparante, com-
APPREHEND, v. a. prendre, craindre, com-
prendre. [vable.
APPREHENSIBLE, adj. apprehensible, conce-
APPREHENSION, s. entendement, m. concep-
  tion, f. apprehension, f. crainte, f. soup-
con, m. saisie, f.
APPREHENSIVE, adj. penetrant, craintif.
APPREHENSIVENESS, s. conception, f.crainte,
APPRENTICE, s. apprenti, m. ie, f.
APPRENTICE, v. a. mettre en apprentissage.
APPRENTICESHIP, s. apprentissage, m.
APPRIZE, v. a. informer, instruire
APPROACH, s. approche, f. accès, m.
APPROACH, v. n. approcher, s'approcher.
APPROACHABLE, adj. accessible.
APPROACHLESS, adj. inaccessible.
APPROBATION, s. approbation, f. suffrage, m. APPROPRIATE, adj. approprie, designe.
APPROPRIATE, v. a. approprier, adapter.
APPROPRIATION, s. possession, infectation, f. APPROVABLE, adj., digne d'approbation.
APPROVAL, s. approbation, f.
APPROVE, r. a. approuver, confirmer, mon-
APPROVEMENT, s. approbation, f. APPROVER, s. approbateur, m.
APPROXIMATE, adj. prochain.
APPROXIMATE, r. u. approximer, approcher.
APPROXIMATION, s. approximation, f.
APPULSE, s. choc d'une chose contre une
  autre, m.
APRICOCE OF APRICOT, s. abricot, m.
APRICOT-THEE, s. abricotier, m.
APRIL, s. Avril, m.
APRON, s. tablier, m.
Apsis, s. abside, m.
APT, adj. propre, convenable, enclin.
APTITUDE and APTNESS, s. aptitude, f.
APTLY, adv. bien à propos, fort bien.
AQUA FORTIS, s. eau forte.
AQUA MARINA, aigue marine, f.
AQUA REGIA OF REGALIS, cau royale, cau
AQUARIUS, s. le verseau.
                                          [regale.
AQUATIC or AQUATILE, adj. aquatique.
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[m. | AQUEDUCT, s. aqueduc, m. canal deam, m. eur, | AQUEDUCT, s. aqueduc, m. canal deam, m. AQUILINE, adj. aquilin, recourbe. ARABICE, adj. Arabe, Arabique, Arabesque. ARABIE, adj. labourable. ARACK OF RACK, s. arac, arack or rack, m. ARANEOUS, adj. qui ressemble à l'araignes. ARATION, s. lal ourage, m. ARATORY, adj. qui concerne le labourage. ARBALIST, s. (a cross bow) arbalète, f. ARBITER, s. arbitre, m. maître. Arbitrage, s. arbitrage, m. Arbitrament, s. volonte, f. choix, m. ARBITRARILY, adv. absolument, despotiqu (tique. ment. ARBITRARY, adj. arbitraire, absolu, ARBITRATE, v. n. arbitrer, decider, juger. ARBITRATION, s. arbitrage, m. compromis. ARBITRATOR, s. arbitre, m. juge, m. [m. ARBITREMENT, s. un compromis, arbitrage, ARBORARY, ARBOREOUS, ARBOROUS, adj. qui concerne les arbres. ARBORET, s. arbuste, m. arbrimeau, m. ARBORIST, s. arboriste, ss. ARBOUR, s. berceau champêtre, m. treille, f. ARBUTE OF ARBUTE-TREE, s. arbousier, m. ARBUTE-BERRY, s. arbouse, f. ARC, s. arc, or segment d'un cercle, se ARCADE, s. (a continued arch) arcade, f. ARCANUM, s. arcane, m. secret, m. ARCH, s. arche, f. arc, m. arcade, f. volte,f. arceau, m. ARCH, v. a. batir en forme d'arches, voîter. ARCH, adj. maître, insigne, archi (en composition.) ARCHANGEL, s. archange, s. Archbishop, s. archévéque, m. Archbishoprica, s. archévéché, m. ARCHDEACON, s. archidiacre, m ARCHDEACONRY, s. archidiacone, m ARCHDEACONSHIP, s. archidiaconat, m. ARCHDURE, s. archiduc, m. ARCHDUKEDOM, s. archduche, f. ARCHDUCHESS, s. archduchess ARCHER, s. archer, m. qui tire de l'arc. ARCHERY, s. l'art de tirer l'arc. ARCHETYPAL, adj original. [dele. ARCHETYPE, s. archetype, m. premier mo-ARCH-HERETICE, s. heresiarque. [dele. ARCHIDIACONAL, adj. archidiaconal. ARCHIEPISCOPAL, adj. archiepiscopal. ARCHITECT, s. architecte, m. ARCHITECTORICE, adj. savant dans l'art de l'architecture, f. ARCHITECTURE, s. architecture, f. ARCHITRAVE, s. architrave, s ARCHIVES, s. pl. archives, f. ARCHWISE, adv. en forme d'arc. ARCTIC, adj. arctique, septentrional. ARCUATE, adj. courbé en arc. [d'un arc. f. ARGUATION and ARGUATURE, s. courbare ARDENCY, s. chaleur, f. ardeur, f. fen, m. ARDENY, adj. ardent, vif, violent, passion ARDENTLY, adv. ardemment. ARDOUR, s. ardeur, f. chaleur, f. passion, f. empressement, m ARDUQUS, adj. élevé et escarpe, difficile. ARDUQUSNESS, s. hauteur, f. difficulté, f. ARE, indic. pres. pl. of Be, ètre. AREA, s. aire, f. surface, f. ARKFACTION, s. dessechement, m. ARENACEOUS, adj. sablonneux, areneux. AREOPAGITES, s. juges de l'arcopage, sa AREOPAGUS, s. l'areopage, m. tribunal, m

ABCERT, ed. d'argent, bianc. ARGIE, s. argile, f. terre blanche, f. Argillaceous, Argillous, adj. argileux. Argonautes, s. pl. les Argonautes, m. ARGUE, r. n. raisonner, disputer; v. a. prouver, conclure, discuter, debattre. ARGÚRR, s. raisonneur, m. argumentateur, m. ARGUMENT. s. argument, m. sujet, m. ARGUMENTATION, s. argumentation, f. dis-ARGUMENTATIVE, adj. raisonne. [pute, f. ARGUTE, adj. aigu, delie, ingenicux, subtil. ARIAN, s. Arien, m. Arianism, f. Arianisme, ARID, adj. aride, sec, stérile. ARIDITY, s. aridité, f. secheresse. Auras, s. le belier (signe du Zodiaque.) Aright, adv. droitement, sainement, bien.
Arisk, r. s. se lever, s'élever, procéder, provenir, saître, attaquer. ARISTOCRACY, s. aristocratie, f. [tocratique. Aristocratic, Aristocratical, adj. bris-ARISTOLOCHY, s. (an herb) aristoloche, f. ARITHMETICAL, adj. arithmetique. ARITHMETICALLY, adv. arithmetiquement. ARITHMETICIAN, s. arithméticien, s ARITHMETICE, s. arithmetique, f.
ARK, s. arche, f. batteau, m. arceau, m.
ARM, s. bras, m. branche, f. arme, f. The
arm-pit, or arm-hole, l'aiselle, f. An armchair, une chaise à bras, us fauteuil. An
arm-full, une brassre. Arms, s. pl. armes, guerre, armoiries, f. Arm, v. a. and n. armer, donner des armes. ARMADA, s. flotte, f. escadre, f. ARMAMENT, s. armement, m. ARMATURE, s. armure, f. ergot, m. Armed cap-à-pee, armé du pied en cap. Armicer, s. écuyer, m. gendarme, ARKILLARY, adj. armillaire, circulaire. ARMINIAN, s. Arminien. m. Aruinianism, s. Arminianism, m. ARRISTICE, s. armistice, ss. ARKLET, s. petit bras, brassart,m. bracelet,s Armorer, s. armurier, m. qui fait des armes. ARMORIAL, adj. armorial. Armorist. s. hérault, m. armoriste, m. Armory, s. armenal, m. armure, f. armoiries f. Armour, s. armure, f. harnois, m. [lant. Army, s. armee, f. : flying-army, camp vo-AROMATICK, AROMATICAL, adj. aromatique. AROMATICES, e. pl. aromates, m. Aromatizz, v. a. parfumer d'aromates. AROUND, prep. autour de, tout autour de. AROUSE, v. a. éveiller, exciter, réveiller. ARQUEBUSE, s. arquebusé, f. gros fusil. ARRAIGN, v. a. citer, accuser, assigner. ARRAIGNMENT, s. proces criminel. ARRANGE, v. a. arranger, mettre en ordre. ARRANGEMENT, s. arrangement, m. ARRANT, adj. insigne, grand, infame.

ARRAN, s. pl. tapimerie de haute-lice, f. [m.

ARRAN, s. habit, m. ornement, m. ordre, m. rang,

ARRAN, v. a. veiir, équiper, arranger, choistr. ARRAYERS, s. pl. officiers charges d'équiper les soldats d'une armée, m. ARREAR, adv. arrière, en arrière. ABREAR, s. reliquat, m. arrerages, s. pl. ar-[]ugement, m. rière-garde. ARREST, s. arrêt, sa. saisie, f. prise de corps. f. ARREST, v. a. arreter, saisir. ftion. ARRIERE-BAN, s. arrière-ban, w. convoca-ARRIERE-PEB, or FIEF, s. arrière-fief, m. ARRIVAL, s. arrière-garde, f. ARRIVAL, s. arrivée, f. venue, f. arrivage, m. ARRIVE, v. s. arriver, venir, parvenir.

ARROGANCE, ARROGANCE, a. errogence, f. ARROGART, adj. arrogant, presomptuoux. ARROGANTLY, adr avec arrogance. [buer. ARROGATE, v. a. usurper, s'arroger, s'attri Arrow, s. flèche, f. The arrow-head, la pointe d'un flèche. ARSE, le cul, le derrière. A short arse, un avorton, un ragot. ARSE-SMART, (an herb) persicaire, f. ARSENAL, s. arsenal, m. magasin d'armes, m. ARSENICAL, s. qui contient de l'arsenic. ARSENICK, é. arsenic, m. (poison mortel.)
ARSEVERSY, adv. sens dessus dessous. ART, s. art, m. adresse, f. industrie, f. talent, m. science, f. A master of arts, maltre dès-arts. ARTERIAL, adj. arteriel, des artères. ARTERIOTOMY, s. ouverture d'une artère, [ment fart ARTERY, s. artère, f. [ment fait ARTFUL, adj. artificiel, fait avec art, artiste-ARTFULLY, adv. artistement, ingénieusement. ARTFULNESS, s. habilite, f. art, m. industrie, f. ARTHRITICK, ARTHBITICAL, adj. gouteux ARTICHOKE, s. artichaut, m. ARTICLE, s. article, m. chef, m. point, m. condition, f. articulation, f. joint, m. jointure, f. ARTICLE, v. n. stipuler, faire un pacte, pas ser des articles; v. a. actionner, accuser. ARTICLED, part. adj. range par articles, sti ARTICULAR, adj. articulaire. [pule, engage. ARTICULATE, adj. articule, distinct. ARTICULATE, r. a. articuler, stipuler. ARTICULATELY, adv. distinctement. ARTICULATION, s. articulation, f. jointure. ARTIFICE, s. artifice, m. art, m. metier, m. ARTIFICER,s. artisan,m. ouvrier,m. artisle, m. ARTIFICIAL, ARTIFICIOUS, adj. artificiel. ARTIFICIALLY, adv. artificiellement. ARTILLERY, s. artillerie, f. attirail de guerre. ARTISAN, s. ouvrier, m. artisan, m. artiste, m. ARTIST. s. artiste, m. ARTLESSLY, adr. sans art, simplement. ARTLESS, adj. naif, sans art, simple. ARUSPICE, s. aruspice, m. As, adr. and conj. comme. Aussi . . . que; si . . . que. Tandis que, pendant que, si, que. As for, as to, quant à, pour ce qui est de. As yet, encore, As if, comme si. As much, autant. As though, comme si. As soon as, des que, aussitot que. As it were, pour ainsi dire, en quelque manière. As well as, aussi bien que, autant que. As rich as he is, quelque riche qu'il soit. ASARABACCA, s. (a plant) cabaret, m. ASBESTINE, adj. incombustible. Asbestos, s. asbeste, m. amiante, m. ASCARIDES, s. pl. ascarides, m. (petits vers.) ASCEND, v. n. and a. monter, s'elever, gra-ASCENDABLE, adj. où l'on peut monter. [vir. ASCENDANT, s. elevation, f. ascendant, m. influence, f. ASCENDENCY, s. influence, f. ascendant, m. ASCENSION, s. ascension, f. elevation, f. ASCENSIONAL, adj. ascensionnel. ASCENT, s. elevation, f. hauteur, f. montee, f. ASCERTAIN, v. a. assurer, certifier, affirmer, fixer, determiner, etablir. ASCERTAINER, s. qui détermine, &cc. [blie, f. ASCENTAINMENT, s. règlement, m. règle éta-ASCETICK, adj. ascetique, de dévotion. Ascii, s. pl. asciens, m. ASCITES, s. ascite, m. sorte d'hydropisie. Ascititious, adj. ajouté, controuvé, apocryphe.

Ascribable, edj. qu'on peut attribuer. ASCRIBE, v. a. attribuer, imputer. Ави, s. (a tree) frêne, m. ASHANED, adj. homeux, confus. ASHEN, adj. de frêne, fait de bois de frêne. Ashrs, s. pl. cendres, f. Ash-Wednesday, le jour des cendres. Ash-Pan, s. un cendrier. Ashore, adv. à terre, à bord. Ashv, adj. cendreux, plein de cendres. Aside, adr. à part, à côté; s. un à parté. Asidant, or Asidine, adj. aside. Ask, v. a. demander, requérir, exiger. ASKAUNCE OF ASKAUNT, de côté, obliquement. Asker, s. qui demande, demandeur, m. ASKEW, adv. de travers; avec dédain, avec mépris. Aslore, adv. de biais, obliquement. ASLEEP, adj. endormi, assoupi. Asr, or Asrick, s. aspic, m. sorte de serpent. ASP, or ASPEN, s. tremble, m. sprte de peuplier. Aspect, s. aspect, m. vue, f. air, m. mine, f. ASPECT, v. a. regarder, voir. ASPECTABLE, adr. visible, exposé. Aspection, e. vue, f. aspect, a Aspun, adj. (from asp) de tremble. ASPERATE, v. a. rendre rude or inegal. ASPERITY, s. rudesse, f. durete, f. aprete. Asperous, adj. rude, dure, inegal. Aspense, r. u. diffamer, noircir, injurier. ASPERSION, s. aspersion, f. diffamation, f. ASPHALTICK, adj. bitumineux. [piration. Asphaltos, s. asphalte, m. ASPIRATE, v. a. aspirer, prononcer avec as-ASPIRATION, s. aspiration, f. désir ardent. ASPIRE, r. n. souffler, aspirer à, désirer. Asquint. adv. de travers, de côte Ass, s. ane, m. An ass's colt, un anon. Assall, v. a. assaillir, attaquer. Assailable, adj. qui peut être attaque. Assailant, or Assailer, s. assailant, m. ag-Assart, v. a. essarter, arracher. [gresseur, m. Assassin, Assassinator, e. assassin, m. ASSAUSINATE, & ASSASSINATION, s. assassi-Assassinate, v. a. assassiner. fnat, m. Assault, s. assault, m. attaque, f. Assault, v. a. assault, donner assaut. Assaulter, s. assailant, m. aggresseur, m. Assay, s. essai, m. épreuve, f. examen, m. Assay, v. a. essayer, eprouver, gouter. ASSAYER, c. a. emayeur, m. (officier de la ASSECUTION, s. acquisition, f. [monnoie.) ASSEMBLAGE, s. assemblage, m. combinai-[convoquer. 80B, m. ASSEMBLE, v. a. and s. assembler, amasser, Assumbly, s. assemblée, f. concours de peuple, m. [aveu, m. Assent, s. consentement, m. approbation, f. Assent, v. n. approuver, consentir.
Assentation, s. flatterie, f. condescendance, f. Assentment, s. consentement. m. Assert, v. a. affirmer, souteuir, dire, main-Assertion, s. assertion, f. affirmation, f. Assertive, adj. affirmatif, dogmatique. Assertor, s. defenseur, m. protecteur, m. Assessment, s. taxe, f. cotisation, f. Assesson, s. coliseur, assesseur, n Assers, s. pl. biens suffisans laissees par un testateur pour payer ses dettes et ses legs Assever, and Asseverate, v. a. affirmer,

Asseveration, s. affirmation, protestation, f. Ass-mead, s. un esprit fourd, un franc ignorant. Assiduité, f. diligence, f. soin .m. Assiduous, ad. assidu, diligent. [ment. Assiduously, adv. assiduement, constam-Assiento, assiente, s. marché d'esclaves, s. Assign, v. a. assigner, designer, nommer, substituer, resilier, montrer Assignable, adj. qu'on peut assigner. Assignation, s. rendez-vous, st. transport, st. Assigner, s. ayant-cause, m. agent, m. substitut, m. ASSIGNER, ... celui qui assigne, commettant, m. ASSIGNERT, ... assignation, f. destination, f. ASSIMILABLE, adf. qui peut être comparer. ASSIMILATE, v. a. assimiler, comparer. Assimilation, s. assimilation, resemblance, f. Assimulate, r. a. simuler, assimiler. Assimulation, s. simulation, f. frux-a blant, m. sent. Assist, r. a. and n. assister, aider, être pre-Assistance, s. assistance, f. aide, f. secours, Assistant, s. & adj. assistant, m. aide. [m. Assize, s. assises, f. Cour de justice, f. réglement, m. mesure, f. taux, m. Assize, v. a. regler, fixer, taxer. [sures. Assizer, s. celui qui règle les poids et me-ASSOCIATE, s. centil qui regie les posse et me-ASSOCIATE, s. a. associer, mettre es societé. ASSOCIATION, s. association, f. société, f. ligue, ASSOLI, v. a. absouder, décharger. ASSONANCE, s. resemblance de son. As soon as, adv. aussitôt-que, dès que. Assort, v. a. assortir, ranger par classes Assor, v. a. assoter, infatuer. Assuage, v. a. adoucir, appaiser. Assuasive, adj. touchant, adoucissant, doux. Assume, v. a. prendre, s'arroger, s'attribuer, supposer, s'en faire accroire, s'approprier-Assumer, s. arrogant, s. glorieux.
Assumers, adj. arrogant, bautain.
Assumertion, s. supposition, f. assomption, f. Assumptive, adj. qui peut être attribué. ASSURANCE, s. assurance, f. caution, f. har-Assure, r. a. assurer, promettre. [chesse, f. Assuredly, adv. assurement, certainement. Assuage, e. a. & n. adoucir, calmer, s'adou-Assuagement - adoucir, calmer, s'adou-Assuagement, s. adoucissement, ss. Assuager, s. pacificaleur, m. Asterise, s. astérisque, m. (marque en forme d'étoile.) Asterism, s. astérisme, m. constellation, f. Astern, adv. par derrière; en poupe. ASTERT, v. a. effrayer, faire peur. [matique. ASTHMA, s. asthme, m. [mutique. ASTHMATICAL, and ASTHMATICK, asj. asth-ASTONISH, v. a. étonner, surprendre. Astonishment, s. ctonnement, m. surprise. f. Astound, v. a. consterner, épouvanter. A-straddle, adv. à califouchons. ASTRACAL, s. astragale, f. fusce, f. ASTRAL, adj. astral, étoilé, brillant. ASTRAY, adv. hors du droit chemin. astray, s'egarer. To lead astray, egarer, détourner. ASTRICT, r. a. resserver, bander, contracter ASTRICTION, a. resserrement, ASTRICTIVE, adj. astringent, qui resserre. ASTRIDE, adr. les jambes quvertes. ASTRINGE, v. a serrer, resserrer, contracter ASTRINGENCY, s. qualité astringente.

ASTRINGENT. adf. astringent, qui resserve.

ASTROLABE, s. astrolabe, st. ASTROLOGER, s. un astrologue. ASTROLOGICAL, adj. astrologique. ASTROLOGICALLY, adr. astrologiquement. ASTROLOGIZE, v. n. exercer l'astrologie. ASTRULUGY, s. astrologie, f. ASTRONOMER, s. un astronome. ASTRONOMICAL, adj. astronomique. [astres. A-TRONOMY, s. astronomie, f. la science des Ast NDER, ade. séparement, à part. As well as, adr. aussi bien que, autant que. Asylum, a. asile, m. refuge, m.
Ar, prep. à, en, du, de la, à la, chez, par.
At a stand, at a loss, en peine, en défaut.
At odds, en querelle, en dispute.
At loss, at benefit on a la fact. at length, enfin, à la fin. At first, d'abord, tout à coup. At once, tout d'un coup. At all, du tout, par tout. To be hard at it, s'y livrer entièrement. [sions. ATARAXY, s. ataraxie, f. le calme des pas-ATCHIEVE, v. a. executer, faire. ATCHIEVEMENT, s. exploit, m. armoiries, pl, f. ATHELSE, s. atheisme, m. impieté. ATHEIST, s. athée, m. qui nie la divinité. ATHEISTICAL, adj. athée, impie. ATHEISTICALLY, adv. en athée. ATHEROMA, s. athérome, m. espèce d'abcès. ATHEROMATOUS, adj. athéromateux. ATHIEST, adv. à sec, aliéré. ATHLETA, s. athlète, m. champion, m. ATHLETICK, adj. d'athlète, robuste, fort. ATHWART, adv. & prep. de travers, à travers ATILT, adr. en lutteur, en combattant. [sur. ATLANTICE, adr. Atlantique. [graphiques, f. ATLAS, s. atlas, m. collection de cartes géo-ATMOSPHERK, s. atmosphere, m. ATMOSPHERICAL, adj. de l'atmosphère. ATOM. s. atôme, m. corpuscle indivisible. Atomical, adj. composé d'atômes. ATONE, v. a. expier, reconcilier, reparer; r. n. s'accorder. ATOP, adv. au sommet, au haut. [lique. ATRABILARIOUS, adj. attrabilaire, melanco-ATRAMENTAL, adj. d'encre, noir. Atrocious, adj. atroce, enorme ATROCIOUSLY, adv. d'une manière atroce. ATROCIOUSNESS, and ATROCITY, s. atroci-Атворну, s. manque de nourriture, m. [té, f. ATTACE, v. a. arrèter, attacher, gagner. ATTACHMENT, s. saisie, f. attachement, m. ATTACE, v. a. attaquer, assaillir. [affection, f. ATTAIN, r. a. atteindre, obtenir, acquerir. ATTAINABLE, adj. ce qu'on peut obtenir.
ATTAINDER, e. bil de proscription.
ATTAINMENT, s. acquisition, f. ATTAINT, v. a. convaincre, corrompre, diffa-ATTAINT, a. tache, f. reproche. Upper At-taint, neri ferrure, f. ATTAINTI RE, s. reproche, m. imputation, f. ATTEMPER, v. a. adoucir, temperer. ATTEMPERATE, c. a. tempérer, adoucir. Аттимет, v. a. entreprendre, essayer, tåcher, attenter. ATTEMPT, s. entreprise, f. essai, st. tentative, ATTEMPTABLE, adj. exposé à des entreprises. ATTEMPTER, s. qui entreprend. tente, essaie. ATTEND, v. a. servir, prendre soin, suivre, accompagner, attendre; v. n. écouter, considérer, différer. ATTENDANCE, s. service, m. secours, m. soin, m. attention, f. assiduité, f. train, m. cor-

To dance attendance, faire le pied de grue. ATTENDANT, s. serviteur, m. suite, f. cortége. ATTENDER, s. compagnon, m. associé, m. ATTENT, adj. attentif, attaché, appliqué. ATTENTION, s. attention, f. soin, m. reflexion, f. ATTENTIVE, adj. attentif, applique, soigneux. ATTENTIVELY, adv. attentivement. ATTENTIVERESS, s. attention, soin. ATTENUANT, adj. attenuant, diminuant. ATTENUATE, r. a. attenuer, diminuer. ATTENUATION, s. attenuation, f. ATTEST, v. a. attester, temoiguer, certifier. ATTESTATION,s. attestation, f. temoignage,m. ATTICISM, s. atticisme, m. finesse de goût, f.
ATTICK, adj. attique, délicat.
ATTIRE, v. a. parer, ajuster, orner. [pl. m.
ATTIRE, s. parure, f. ornement, m. atours, ATTIRES, s. pl. ramures du bois des cerfs, &c. ATTITUDE, s. attitude, f. posture, f. [f. pl. ATTORNEY, s. procureur, m. A letter of attorney, procuration, m. ATTORNEY, v. a. faire par procuration. ATTRACT, v. a. attirer, tirer à soi, gagner. ATTRACT, s. sturaits, pl. m. amorce, j ATTRACTICAL, adj. attractif. ATTRACTION, .. altraction, f. ATTRACTIVE, odj. attractif, attrayant, enga-ATTRACTIVE, s. attrait, m. charme, m. amorce, f. ATTRACTIVELY, a.fr. par attraction. ATTRACTOR, attracent, s. agent qui attire, m. ATTRIBUTE, v. a. ettribuer, imputer. ATTRIBUTE, c. attribut, m. qualité, / ATTRIBUTION, a attribution, f. privilege, m. ATTRITE, adj. use par le frottement. ATTRITION, s. l'action d'user en frottant, at-ATTUNE, v. a. acr vder. [trition, f. ATWEEN, ATWILT, entre deux. AUBURNE, s. brun obscur. Auction, s. enchère, f. encan. m. Auction, r. a. vendre à l'enchère. AUCTIONEER, s. crieur d'encan, m. AUDACIOUS, adr. audacieux, temeraire. AUDACIOUSLY, adv. audacieusement, impudemment. AUDACIOUSNESS, s. audace, f. impudence, f. AUDACITY, s. audace, f. hardiesse, f. temp-AUDIBLE, adj. qu'on peut entendre, frie. AUDIBLY, adv. de manière à être entendu. AUDIENCE, s. audience, f. auditoire, m. AUDIT, s. deposition, f. audition, f. AUDIT, v. a. our, examiner des comptes. AUDITION, s. audition, f. (de compte.) AUDITOR, s. auditeur, m. qui écoute. AUDITORY, s. auditoire, m AUF, a. sot, m. fou, m. benet, m. AUGER, s. tarrière, f. vilebrequin, m. AUGHT, pron. quelque chose, aucune chose. AUGMENT, v. a. augmenter; v. n. s'augmen-AUGMENT, and AUGMENTATION, s. augmentation, f. accroissement, m.
Acgur, Augurer, s. augure, m. devin, m. AUGUR, and AUGURATE, v. a. augurer, pre-[augure, m. AUGURATION, s. divination, f. presage, m. Augurial, adj. augural. Augurise, v. a. faire le métier d'augur. Augunous, adj. qui presage. Augury, s. augure, m. presage, m. August, adj. auguste, respectable, sacre.

August, s. sout, m. le mois d'août.

AUGUSTABES, s. dignité, f. majesté, f. Aulice, adj. aulique, souverain. Auln, s. aune, f. (arbre.) Auncel-weight, s. sorte de Romaine. AUNT, s. une tante. AURICLE, s. la partie extérieure de l'oreille, et les oreillettes du cœur. AURICULA, s. auricule, f. oreille d'ours, f. AURICULAR, adj. auriculaire. AURICULARLY, adr. à l'oreille, secrètement. AURIFEROUS, adj. qui produit de l'or. AURORA, s. aurore, f. le point du jour. AUSPICE, s. anspice, m. protection, f. Auspicious, adj. favorable, heureux. AUSPICIOUSLY, adv. sous d'heureux auspices AUSTIN-PRIAR, s. Augustin. AUSTRAL, adj. austral, méridional. AUSTRALIZE, v. s. tendre au sud. [tique. AUTHENTICAL, AUTHENTICK, adj. authen-AUTHENTICALLY, adv. authentiquement. AUTHENTICITY, s. authenticité, f. AUTHOR, s. auteur, m. inventeur, m. cause, f. AUTHORITATIVE, adj. autorise. AUTHORITATIVELY, adv. par autorité. AUTHORITY, s. autorité, f. crédit, m. témoignage, m. AUTRORIZATION, s. autorisation, f. AUTHORIZE, v. a. autoriser, approuver, ra-AUTOGRAPHICAL, adj. autographe AUTOGRAPHY, s. autographe, m. original, m. AUTOMATICAL, adj. machinal, d'automate. Automaton, s. automate, m. machine, m. AUTONATOUS, adj. qui se meut de soi-même. AUTOPSY, s. le témoinage de ses propres AUTOPTICAL, adj. qu'on voit de ses propres AUTOPICALLY, adv. qu on voit on me propres AUTOPICALLY, adv. par ses propres yeux. AUTUMN, s. automme, f. (m. in poetry.) AUTUMNAL, adj. autommal, d'automme. AUXILIAR, AUXILIARY, adj. and s. confèderé, auxiliaire. AUXILIARIES, s. pl. troupes auxiliaires, AVAIL, r. a. servir, aider; v. n. être utile. AVAIL, s. profit, m. avantage, m. utilité, f. AVAILABLE, adj. utile, profitable, avantageux. AVAILABLENESS, s. utilité, f. efficace, f. AVAILMENT, s. avantage, effet. AVALE, v. s. s'abaisser, tomber. AVANT-GUARD, s. avant-garde, f. AVANT-MURE, s. avant-mur, m. AVANT-PEACH, s. pêche precoce, f. AVARICE, s. avarice, f. AVARICIOUS, adj. avaricieux, avare. AVARICIOUSLY, adr. avec avarice. Avariciousnuss, s. avarice, f. [rine.) AVAST, adv. cessez, c'est assez, (terme de ma-AVAUNT, interj. fi, sortez d'ici, retirez-vous. AVEL, AVULSE, v. a. arracher. AVE-MARY, s. un Avé-Maria. AVENAGE, s. cens, m. or rente d'avoine. AVENGE, v. a. venger, punir.
AVENGEANCE, or AVENGEMENT, s. venge-ance, f. punition. f. Avencer, s. vengeur, m. AVENOR, s. controleur des écuries du roi, m. AVENUE, s. avenue, f. passage, m.
AVEN, v. a. averer, verifier, certifier.
AVERAGE, s. égalité, f. généralité, f. calcul,
m. corves, f. avarie, f. répartition égale.

AVERMENT, s. verification, f. prouve, f. AVERRUNCATE, v. a. deraciner. [degoat, AVERSATION, s. aversion, f. repugnance, f AVERSE, adj. qui a de l'aversion, contraire. AVERSELY, adv. avec repugnance. [goût, m. AVERSENESS, AVERSION, s. aversion, f. dé-AVERT, v. a. détourner, éloigner. AVERY, s. grenier, m. ou l'on tient l'avoine. AVIARY, s. une volière, grande cage. AVIDITY, s. avidité, f. empressement, sa. AVIZE, v. a. aviser, conseiller. Avocate, r. a. détourner, dissuader. AVOCATION, s. distraction, f. diversion, AVOCATORIA, s. lettres avocatoires, f. p. Avoid, v. a. fuir, éviter, échapper, vider. Avoidable, adj. qu'on peut éviter. Avoidable, s. fuite, f. evacuation, f. Avoider, s. la personne qui evite, qui Avoiders, adj. inevitable. [echappe. Avoir-du-rois, s. un poids à 16 onces la livre. Avoir-du, s. l'action de s'envoler, fuite, f. Avouch, v. a. declarer, soutenir. Avouch, s. preuve, f. témoignage, m. Avouchable, adj. probable, soutenable. Avoucher, s. celui qui prouve un fait. Avow, v. a. avouer, confesser. Avowable, adj. qui peut être avoue. Avowal, s. aveu, m. declaration, f. Avowedly, adj. ouvertement, sans mystère. Avowez, s. patron, m. avone, m Avower, s. celui qui avoue, qui affirme.
Avowry, s. defense, f. justification, f.
Avowsal, s. aveu, f. confession, f.
Avulsson, s. l'action d'arracher. AWAIT, v. a. attendre, épier, guetter. AWAIT, s. embuche, f. guet-a-pens, s. AWAKE, v. a. & n. éveiller, s'éveiller, exciter. AWAKE, adj. éveillé, sensible. AWARD, v. a. adjuger, juger, parer. AWARD, s. jugement, m. sentence, AWARE, adj. precautionne, attentif. AWARE, v. a. se precautionner, prendre garde. AWARE, prenez garde, gare.

AWAY, interj. bors d'ici, allez.

this emportez ceci! To go away, Away, adr. absent, dehors. s'en aller, s'absenter. To run ano fuir. To drive away, chasser. away, emporter, desservir, ôter. away, se derober. To steel AWE, s. crainte, f. frayeur respectueuss. Awr, v. a. imprimer du respect AWFUL, adj. terrible, respectable, imposant. AWFULLY, adv. respectueusement. AWFULNESS, s. respect, m. solemnite, f. AWHILE, aav. pendant quelque temps. AWKWARD, adj. mal-adroit, gauche. AWKWARDLY, adv. de mauvaise grace.

AWKWARDLY, adv. de mauvaise grace.

AWKWARDLESS, s. manque d'addresse AWORK. AWORKING, adv. au travail.
AWRY, adj. oblique, de travers, mal fait.
AWRY, adv. obliquement, de travers.
AXE, s. hache, f. A bottle-axe or pole-axe, hache d'armes, f. Bec-de-corbin, ss. A broad-axe or chip-axe, une doloire. A butcher's are, un maillet. A pick-are, une [fève de loup, f. bésaigue. AXL-VETCH OF AXE-WORTH, s. grave or AXILLA, s. aiselle, f. AXILLAR and AXILLARY, adj. axillaire.

AXIOM. s. axiome, m. maxime, f. vérité, f.
AXIS, AXLE AND AXLE-TREE, s. axe, m.
AXLE-PIN, s. l'esse d'une roue, m.
AY, ade. oui. Ay marry, oui dà. [suis!
AYE, interj. ahi. Ay me, malbeureux que je
AYE, ade. à jamais, pour toujours.
AZIMOUS, adj. sans levain.
AZIMUTE, s. azimut, m.; adj. azimutal.
AZURE-TONE, s. lapis lazuli, m.
AZURE-TONE, s. lapis lazuli, m.
AZUREA, s. la fête des azymes.

R

BAA, s. bélement, m.; v. n. béler. BABBLE, v. st. babiller, caqueter, jaser. BABBLE, s. babil, m. caquet, m. verbiage, BABBLER, s. babillard, babillarde. [derie, f. BABBLIEG, s. babil, m. caquet, m. bavar-BABE, a. bambin, m. poupon, m.
BABERY, s. babiole, f. jouets, (d'enfans) m. pl. Вані**ян, adj. enfant**in, puerile. BABOON, s. babouin, m. magot, m. BABY, s. bambin, m. petit cufant, poupee, f. BACCHANALIAN, s. debauche, m. ivrogne, m. BACCHANALS, s. pl. bacchanales, f. BACHELOR, s. bachelier, m. garçon, m. BACHELORSHIP, s. baccalaureat, m. celibat. Back, s. le dos, les reins, m. pl. les lombes, m. pl. l'échine, f. le dorrière, m. Bark of a krafe, le dos d'un couteau. Back of a coach, le derrière d'un carosse. Back of a chair, le dossier d'une chaise. Back of a chimney, la plaque de seu d'une cheminée. Back of the hand, le revers de la main. BACK, adv. en arrière, derechef. BACK, v. a. monter (un cheval) appuyer. BACK-BITE, r. a. médire de quelqu'un. BACK-BITER, s.medisant, m. calomniateur, m. BACK-BASKET, s. hotte, f. BACK-BLOW, s. coup de revers, m. BACK-BONE, s. l'épine du dos, le rable. BACK-CLOUTS, s. brayes, f. BACK-DOOR, s. porte de derrière .f. pôterne, f. BACKGAMMON, s. toutes tables. BACK-PIECE, s. la cuirasse qui couvre le dos BACK-ROOM, s. chambre de derrière, f. BACK-SHOP, s. arrière-boutique, f. BACK-SLIDE, s. le derrière, le revers. [ser. BACK-SLIDE, v. a. reculer, biaiser, tergiver-BACK-SLIDER, s. qui biaise, qui tergiverse. BACK-SLIDING, s. tergiversation, f. BACK-STAINS, s. escalier dérobe, m. BACK-STATS, s. les étais des mâts de navire, BACK-SWORD, s. estramaçon, m. escadon, m. BACK-SWORD, sdj. lent, négligent, tarif. BACK-WARD, sdc. par derrière, à reculons. BACK-WARDLY, sdc. malgre soi. BACK WARDNESS, s. lenteur, f. repugnance. f. BACK-YARD, s. arrière-cour, f. BACON, s. lard, m. pore salé. Bab, adj. mauvais, mechant, vicioux. To be bad, être maiade, se porter mal. BADGE, s. marque, f. signe, m. caractère, m. BADGER, s. blaireau, m. taisson, m. BADLY, adv. mal, a peine, avec peine. BADINAGE, s. badinage, m. badinerie, f. BADNESS, s. mechancete, f. vice, m. BAPPLE, z. a. amuser, deconcerter, detruire. BAFFLE, s. amusement, m. tromperie, f. BAFFLER, s. trompeur, m. fourbe, m BAG, s. sac, m. bourse, f. poche. Bag and baggage, bagage, m. A black-bag, une coiffe de lamme. A closk-bag, un valise, port-

manteen, m. A handring-bag, une gibecière. A leather bag, une poche de cuir, une bouguette. A sweet-bag, un sachet. A tinker's bug, une drouine. BAG, v. a. mettre en sac ; v. n. étre enfié. BAGGAGE, s. bagage, m. une garce. Bagnio, s. un bain, une étuve. BAGPIPE, s. musette, f. cornemuse, f. BAGPIPER, s. joueur de musette, m. Ball, v. n. cautionner, être répondant. BAIL, s. caution, f. cautionnement, m. BAILABLE, adj. recevable à caution. Bailiff, s. bailli, m. sergent, m. receveur, m. BAILIWICK, s. baillage, m. BAIT, v. a. amorcer, attirer, inciter, harceler ; v. n. refraîchir en voyage. BAITING, BAIT, s. amorce, f. appas, m. A baiting place, s. cabaret, m. hotellerie, f. A bull-baiting, un combat de taureaux.
BAIZE, s. reveche, f. sorte de flanelle. BAKE, v. a. chauffer or cuire au four. BAKE-HOUSE, s. boulangerie, f. BAKER, s. un boulanger, m. [hors. BAKER-LEGGED, adj. qui a les jambes en de-BAKING, s. cuisson, f. fournée, f. Baking-pan, une tourière.
Balance, s. balance, f. balancement, m. contre-poids, m. solde (d'un compte.) A balance-scherl, une roue de recontre. BALANCE, v. a. peser, balancer, examiner, regler, solder (un compte.) BALASS-RUBY, rubis balais. BALBUCINATE, r. n. balbutier. BALCONY, s. balcon, m. perron, m. BALD, adj. chauve, pelè, usè, sot, fade.
BALDERDASH, s. melange, m. galimathias, m.
BALDERDASH, v. a. melanger, frelater. Baldly, adr. nuement, plattement. BALDNESS, s. l'état d'être chauve. m. BALDRICK, s. un baudrier, ceinture, f. BALE, s. balle, f. paquet, misère, f. malheur. BALE, v. n. emballer, vuider l'eau. Baleful, adj. malheureux, funcste, triste. BALE, s. poutre, f. elevation de terre, contretemps, m. revers, m. prejudice, m. BALL, s. balle, f. boule, f. bal, m. Ballad, s. vandeville, m. balade, BALLAD, r. n. chanter des vaudevilles. BALLAST, s. lest, m.; v. a. lester. BALLET, s. ballet, m. danse figuree. BALLOON, s. boule, m. globe, m. ballon, m. BALLOT, s. balloue, f.; r. n. ballouer. BALM, s. baume, m. menthe, f. BALM-APPLE, s. pomme de merveilles, f. BALM-GENTLE, s. (a plant) melisse, f. BALM, r. a. embaumer, adoucir. BALMY, adj. balsamique, odoriferant. BALNEARY, s. bain. m. etuve, f. BALNEATION, s. bain, m. usage du bain, m. BALNEATORY, adj. qui a rapport au tain. BALSAM, s. baume, m. onguent, m. BALSAMICK, adj. balsamique, de baume. BALUSTER, s. balustre, petit pillier, m. BALUSTRADE, s. balustrade, f. BAMBOOZLE, v. a. tromper. BAMBOOZLE, v. a. tromper, fourber. BAMBOOZLER, s. trompeur, m. fourbe, m. BAN, s. ban, m. publication, f. interdiction. BAN, v. a. maudire, interdire. BAND, s. bande, f. bandage, m. attache, f. lien, m. collet, m. rabat, troupe, f. A heat-lead, un bandeau, serre-tête, m. A hat-band. un cordon de chapeau. A southing-

band, langes. Train-bands, milice bour BARE-FACEDRESS, s. effronterie, f. geoise. BANDAGE, s. bandage, m. bandeau, m. BAND-BOX, s. boite de carton, f. BANDITTI, s. bandit, m. proscrit, m BANDOG, s. matin, m. gros chien, dogue, m. BANDOLEER, s. bandoulière, f. BANDY, s. crosse, f; alj. tortu. BANDY, v. a. bander, se liguer, debattre. BANE, s. poison, m. mort, f. peste, f. Rai's-bane, mort aux rats. Wolf's-bane, acouit, realgal, m. arsenic, m. BANE, v. a. empoisonner. [meux. BANEFUL, adj. empoisonne, mortel, veni-BANEFULNESS, s. empoisonnement, m. BANEWORT, s. morelle, f. BANG, s. coup, m.; v.a. hattre, étriller, rosser. BANGLING-EARS, oreilles pendantes. Banish, v. a. bannir, exiler, chasser. Banisher, s. celui qui bannit. BANISHMENT, s. banissement, m. exil, m. BANK, s. hauteur, f. élevation de terre, f. rive, f. rivage, m. bord, m. banc de sable, m. banc, m. etabli, m. banque, 💪 BANK, v. a. elever une digue. BANK-BILL, s. billet de banque, m BANKRUPTCY, s. banqueroute, f. faillite, f. BANKRUPT, s. & adj. un banqueroutier, m. BARREPT, r. n. faire banqueroute BARNER, s. bannière, f. étendard, m. drapeau, m. BANNERET; s. banneret, m. chevalier, m. BANNIAN, s. robe de chambre, f. BANQUET, s. banquet, m. festin, m. BANQUET, v. n. faire bonne chère. BANQUETTING-HOUSE, s. salle de festin, f. BANTPH, s. raillerie, f. plaisanterie, f. ridi-BANTER, r. a. railler, plaisanter. [cule, m. BANTERER, s. railleur, m. plaisant, m. BANTI ING, s. petit enfant. BAPTISM, 4. baptème, m. BAPTISMAL, adj. baptismal. BAPTIST, adj. baptiste, celui qui baptise. BAPTISTERY, s. baptistère, m. les fonts, m. pl. BAPTIZE, v. a. baptiser. BAR, s. barre, f. burreau, m. levier, m. barrière, f. obstacle, m. exception, BAR, (in a shoe) tranchefile de soulier. BAR, (of lace) bride de dentelle, f. BAR, v. a. barrer, exclure, interdire. Barb, s. barde, f. armure de cheval, pointe recourbée, cheval barbe, m.
BARB, v. n. faire la barbe, rascr, barder. BARBACAN, s. barbacane, f. echauguette, f. BARBARIAN, s. barbare, m. sauvage, m. BARBARISM, s. barbarisme, m. grossièreté, f. BARBARITY, s. cruanté, f. barbarie, f. BARBAROU-, adj. barbare, sauvage, cruel. BARBAROUSLY, adv. barbarement. BARBAROUSNESS, a. cruauté, f. barbarie, f. BARBED, part. adj. rasé, bardé, barbelé. BARBEL, s. barbeau, m. (poisson.) BAREER, s. barbier, m. [vinette, m. BARBERRIES, s. pl. fruit rouge de l'épine-BARBERRY-TREE, s. cpine-vinette, f. BARBLES. s. (a horse's disease) barbes, f. BARD, s. barde, m. poste, m. BARE, adj. nu. découvert, ras, pelé, simple, seul, asé, pauvre, destitué. BARE, v. a. découvrir, dépouiller, priver. EARK-BONE, s. décharné. BARE-FACED, adj. sans masque, effronté.

Bare-hraded, adj. qui a la tête me. BARF-LEGGED, adj. qui a les jambes mes BARKLY, adr. nuement, simplement, seu ment, pauvrement, à prine. BARENESS, s. nudite, f. pauvrete.f. misère.f. BARGAIN, s. marche, m. accord, sa. BARGAIN, v. n. marchander, faire marché. Babbainee, s. celui qui accepte da marche. BARGAINER, s. celui qui offre un marché. BARGAIN-MAKER, s. feseur de marchés, ss. BARGE, s. grand bateau, st. barge, BARGER OF BARGENAN, s. le bauelier BARGE-MASTER, s. inspecteur des mines, m. BARGE-MOTE, s. cour des mines, f. BARK, s. ecorce, f. quinquina, m. harque, BARK, r. n. aboyer, japper, glapir, erier contre; r. a. ôter l'écorce. BARKER, s. qui aboye, qui ôte l'ecorce. BARKING, s. aboiement, m. invective, BARLEY, s. orge, f. Barley-broth, biere forte, Barley-sugar, sucre d'orge. Barley-water, eau d'orge, f. tisane, f. Barley-mor, un tas d'orge. BARM, s. levain, m. levure, f. BARMY, adj. où il y a du levain.
BARM. s. grange, f. greuier, m. The floor, l'air d'une grange, m. pallier, m The burn-BAHNACLE, s. moraille, f. macreuse, f. es-BAROMETER, s. baromètre, m. [pèce d'oie. BAROMETRICAL, adj. éprouvé par le baromètre. BARONAGE. s. baronie, f. diguité d'un ba-BARONESS, s. baroune, f. BAHONET, s. baronet, m. BARONY, s. baronic, f. BARRACAN, s. bouracan, m.
BARRACK, s. baraque, f. caserne, f.
BARRATOR, s. chicaneur, m. plaideur, m.
BARRATRY, s. chicane, f. fraude, f. [let.
BARREL, s. barril, m. canon, fêt, fusee, baril-BARBEL, v. a. mettre en barril, ento BARREN, adj. sterile, infroctueux. BARRENLY, adv. sterilement, infractu BARRENNESS, s. sérülté, f. [der. BARRICADE, s. barricade, f.; v. a. barrica-BARRIER, s. barricre, f. barricade, f. BARRIERS, s. pl. barres, f. sorte de jeu de (course. BARRISTER, s. avocat, m. . BARROW, s. verrat, m. porc châtre, m. voi-ture, à bras or à la main. A-hand-barrow, une civière. A scheel-barrow, une brouette. BARTER, v. a. troquer, échanger. BARTER, BARTERY, s. troc, m. echange, m. Birterer, s. troqueur, se BARTON, s. manoir, m. poulailler. BASE, adj. bas, vil, deshonnète, infame.
BASE, s. base, f. fondement, m. soubassement, m. basse, f. la basse contre. BASELY, adv. bassement, bontousement. BASENESS, s. bassesse, f. le bas. Bash, r. n. rougir, avoir houte. BASHAW, s. un bacha, un despote. BASHFUL, adj. honteux, modeste. BANHFULLY, adr. modestement, avec t [tie,] BASHPULNESS. s. honte, f. pudeur, f. mode BASIL, s. basilic, m. (plante.) BASILICA, s. basilique, f. magnifique église. BASILICA, s. la veine basilique. BARE-FACEDLY, adj. sans masque, effronté.

BARE-FACEDLY, adr. à découvert.sans honte.

BASIN. s. bassin. m. résorvoir. m. baie, f.

Basis, s. bese, f. fondement, m. soutien, m. BASE, v. a. chauffer; v. a. se chauffer av so-BASKET, s. un panier, une corbeille. [lief, m. bust's, un corbillon. B. SS-RELIEF OF BASSO-RELIEVO, 8. bas-re Basson, Bassoon, s. basson, n BA-TARD, s. bâtard, m. ; adj. bâtard, faux. Basi and, Bastandize, r. c. convaincre quelqu'un d'être bâtard; faire un bâtard. BASTARDLY, adr. en batard, faussement. Bastanny, s. batardise, f. il ISTE, s. cordes or nattes de tilleul, 13 157F, r. a. bastonner, arroser, faufiler. Bustinano, s. bastonnade, f. WASTINADE, r. a. bastonner, donner des come de bâton. Buttion, s. bastion, m. boulevard, m. BAT. s. crosse, f. massue. f. chauve-souris, f. B. ick-Lu. color de brique. Whirl-bat, ceste. BATABLE, adj. disputable, limitrophes. PATER, s. fournée, trempe, qualité. BATE, s. débat, m. dispute, f. querelle, f. BATE, r. a. rabattre, diminuer, baisser. BATH, s. hain, m. lieu où l'on se baigne. BATHE, r. a. & n. se baigner, bassiner. etu-A bathing-place, un bain. A bathinginb, un baignoire or un bain. BATING, s. rabais, m.; prep. hormis, excepte. | BATINET, s. battoir (pour battre la lessive) m. BATOON, s. bâton, m. tricot, m. BATT LILED, adj. orné de créneaux, crenclé. BATTALIA, s. bataille, f. ordre de bataille, m. BATTALION, s. batailion, m. corps d'infanterie, m. BATTEN, r. a. and n. engraisser, fertiliser, s'engraisser, se veautrer, s'étendre. BATTER, v a. baure, frapper, écraser. BATTERY, s. bataille, f. combat, m. butterie, f. BATTLE, s. bataille, f. combat, m. [ter. f. BATTLE, r. n. combattre. batailler, contes-BATTLE-ARRAY, s. ordre de bataille, m. BATTLE-AXE, s. hache d'armes, f. BATTLEDORE, s. battoir, m. palette, f. BATTLEMENT, s. creneau, m. BAVIN, s. espèce de fagot de menu bois. BAWBLE, s. babiole, f. jouet d'enfant, m. BAWBLING, adj. de nulle valeur. BAWD, s. un maquereau, une maquerelle. Bawn, r. n. faire le métier de maqueresu. Bawdily, adv. d'une manière obscène. BAWDINESS, s. obscénité, f. impudicité, f. BAWDRICK, s. ceinturon, m. baudrier, m. BAWDRY, s. maquerellage, m. BAWDY, adj. obscène, impudique, deshon-BAWDY, s. obscènité, f. saleté. f. [bauche. BAWDY-HOUSE, s. bordel, m. lieu de de-BAWL, v. n. crier, criailler, clabauder. BAWLER, s. criard, m. clabaudeur, m. BAWLING, s. criaillerie, f. clabauderie, f. BAWREL, s. espèce de faucon. [cris, m. BAYS. s. blaireau, m. taisson, m. BAY, s. baie, f. rade, f. travee, f. bonde, f. abois, m. laurier, m BAY, adj. bai, d'un poil rouge brun. BAY, v. n. beler, aboyer, environner. BAY-SALT, s. sel gris, m. sel de mer. BAY-WINDOW, s. fenetre cintre or ronde. BAYARD, s. un cheval bai, un balzan. BAYING, s. bélement, m. aboiement, m. DATONET, s. hayonette, f.

tendre à, aller à. Be in, être dans, être attrappe. Be well, se bien porter. Be out with one, être broudle avec quelqu'un. Be out, se tromper, n'y être pas. Be better, valoir mieux, se porter mieux; to be cold, hot, hungry, &c. avour froid, chaud, faim, &c. There is, there be, there was, il y a, il y avoit. Here he is, le voici. Br. ven, s. rivage, m. BE CON, s. signal, m. fanal, m. [signal. BEADONAGE, s. dépense pour l'entretien d'un BEAD, s. graiu, m. de collier, de chapelet, &c. BEADLE, s. bedeau, m. sergent, m BEAGLE, s. basset, m. un homme de néant. BEAK, s. bec, m. l'éperon d'un navire, pro-BEAK-PULL. s. becquee, f. [montaire. BEAKED, adj. qui a un bec. BEAKER, s. tasse, f. un gobelet, un coup. BEAL, s. apostume, f. pustule, f. bouton, m. BEAL, r. a. apostumer, se former en apostume. BEAM, s. poutre, f. solive, rayon, m. rais, m. timon (d'un chariot,) fièche (d'un carrosse,) verge (d'une ancre,) le bois (d'un ceri,) fiéau (d'une balance.) BEAM, r. n. lancer des traits de lumière. BEAMY, adj. rayonnant, radieux. BEAN, s. feve, J. haricots, m. faséoles, the, f. Bear, s. ours, m. ourse, f. BEAR'S-BREECH, s. branche-ursine, f. acan-BEAR's-roor, See Hellebore. Bear's-har, s. oreille d'ours, f. auricule, f. BEAR-HERD, s. meneur d'ours, m. BEAR, r. a. & n. porter, soutenir, agir, faire, produire, souffrir, supporter, etre, admettre, avoir; permettre; comporter; bear hard, traiter durement; bear one's self as, se comporter comme; bear one's self upon, se glorifier de ; bear in hand, amuser par de vains prétextes, bear away, remporter, obtenir, prendre chasse; bear down, abattre, renverser, ruiner, faire baisser, s'enfoncer; bear in with the harbour, être porté d'un peut frait dans le sort bear de chassiers. vent frais dans le port; bear off, obtenir par force, courir au large; bear on or upon, porter, poser sur; bear out, supporter, de-fendre, justifier, avancer, faire saillie; bear towards, naviguer vers; bear up, se tenir ferme, se soutenir; bear up, se hausser, s'elever; bear with, supporter, pardonner. BEARD, s. barbe, fibre. BEARD, r. a braver, ébarber, tondre. BEARDED, adj. barbu, ayant barbe. BEARDLESS, adj. sans burbe, jeune. BEARER, s. porteur, m. support, m. BEARING OUT, s. avance, f. saillie, f. Bearing of a town, or sea-coust. la hauteur or situation d'une ville, d'une cote BEARING, s. port, m. mine, f. tolerance, f. BEARWARD, c. celui qui garde les ours BEAST, s. bète, f. un stupide, un animal. BEASTLINESS, s. bestialité, f. brutalité, f. BEASTLY, adj. bestial, brutal, sale. BEAT, r. a. & n. battre, frapper, piler, broyer, palpiter. être agité, balancer. BEAT AGAINST, v. a. and n. se briser contre; beat back, r. a. repousser, faire retirer; beat down, abattre, renverser; beat up, attaque subitement; beat out, arracher, faire sortir par force ; beat about, faire des efforts, tenter: but upon, lancer, darder sur; insister sur; beat flat, applatir; beat in, enfoncer, coigner; beat into, inculquer; beat of, éloigner. BE, v. n. être, exister, devoir. Be at, pre BEATER, s. pilon, m. rabot, m. hie, f.

BEATIFICAL, BEATIFICE, adj. beatifique. BEATIFICALLY, adv. en bien-beureux. BEATIFICATION, s. beatification. f. BEATIFY, v. a. beatifier, rendre heureux. BEATING, s. battement. m. [cité, BEATITUDE, s. béatitude. f. bonheur, m. feli-BEAU, s. un élégant, un petit maître. BEAU-MONDE, s. le beau-monde. BEAUISH, adj. pimpant, élégant. BEAUTEOUS, adj. beau, or bel, bien fait. BEAUTIFULLY, adv. d'une belle facon. BEAUTIFUL, adj. beau, bel, bien fait. BEAUTIFUL, adv. agréablement, avec grace. BEAUTIFULNESS, s. beauté, f. agrement. m. BEAUTIFY, v. a. and s. embellir, s'embellir. BEAUTY, s. beauté, f. agrément, m.
BEAUTY-srot, s. mouche pour le visage, f.
BEAVER, s. bièvre, m. castor, m. chapeau de BECALIO, s. becfigue, m. (oiseau.) [castor. BECALI, v.a. calmer, mettre à l'abri du vent. BECAUSE, conj. parce que, à cause, de ce que. BECE, s. signe, m. de la main, or de la tête. BECK, BECKON, v. a. faire signe. BECOME, v. n. devenir, être fait, être digne, étre convenable, convenir, être propre à. Весоміна, adj. seant, bienséaut. [men [ment. BECOMINGLY, adv. convenablement, propre-Becomingness, s. bienseance, f. BED, s. lit, m. couche, f. carreau, m. flasque, m. planche d'affüt, cosse de legume. BED, v. a. and n. coucher, planter. BEDABBLE, v. a. tremper, mouiller. BEDAGGLE, v. a. crotter, remplir de boue. BEDASH, v. a. éclabousser, couvrir de boue. BEDAUB, v. a. barbouiller, gâter, salir. BEDAZZLE, r. a. éblouir, aveugler. BEL CHAMBER. s. chambre à coucher, f. BED-CLOTHES, BEDDING, s. les convertures BED-CURTAIN, s. un rideau de lit. . [d'un lit. BEDECK, v. a. parer, orner, embellir. BEDEW, v. a. arroser, couvrir de rosée. BEDFELLOW, s. compagnon de lit, m. Верионт, v. a. parer, orner, embellir. BEDIM, r. a. obscurcir, rendre sombre. BEDLAM, s. hôpital des fous, m. petites mai-BEDLAMITE, s. un fou, une folle. [sons. BEDLAM-LIKE, adv. en fou. en insensé. BED-POST, s. colonne de lit, / BEDRID, adj. alité, qui garde le lit. BEDROP, e. a. tacher, arroser, mouiller. BEDSTEAD, s. bois de lit, m. BED-STRAW, or STRAW-BRD, s. paillasse, f. BED-TIME, s. temps de s'aller coucher, m. BEDUNG, v. a. fumer, couvrir de funier. BEDUST, v. a. couvrir de poussière, épousseter. BEDUNARF, v. a. emprecher de croûre. BEE, s. abeille, f. mouche à miel, f. BEE-GARDEN, s. rucher, m. ; bee-hire, s. ruche, f. BEECH, s. hètre, m. or fouteau, m BEEF. s. boeuf, m. chair-de-boeuf, f. steaks, des tranches de bœuf en grillade. BEEF-EATER, s. mangeur de bœul, m. garde du roi. BREMOL, s. bémol (terme de musique.) BEER, s. bière, f. trame (de tisserand.) m BEET, s. poirce, f. bette blanche, f. Red beet, s. betterave, f. bette rouge. BERTLE, s. escarbot, m. buttoir hie. BEETLE, v. n. avancer, faire saillie. BEETLE-BROWED, adj. refrogué, de mauvaise humeur. REETLE-HEADED, adj. lourdaud.

BEET-RADISH, OF BEET-RAVE, S. betterave, f. REETLE-STOCK. s. manche de battoir, sa. BEEVES, s. (the plural of Beef.) boens, m. BEFALL, v. n. arriver, survenir, avenir. BEFIT, r. a. convenir, être propre à. BEFITTING, adj. convenable, scant. BEFOAMED, adj. convert d'écume. BEFOOL, v. a. infatuer, seduire, duper. BEFORE, prep. and adv. avant, avant-que, plutôt que; devant, en présence de, audessus, plusque, auparavant. BEFORE-HARD, adv. d'avance, en avance. BEFORE-TIME, adv. autrefois, jadis. BEFOUL, v. a. salir, gâter, souiller. Befriend, v. a. favoriser, traiter en ami. BEFRINGE, v. a. orner or garnir de frange. Beg, v. a. & n. demander avec soumission mendier, queter, prier, supposer. BEGET, v. a. eugendrer, produire, causer. BEGETTER, s. celui qui engendre, père, m. BEGGAR, s. mendiant, m. gueux, m. BEGGAR, r. a. appauvrir, reduire à la besace. BEGGARLINESS, c. mendicité, f. pauvreté. BEGGARLY, adj. pauvre, indigent, gueux. BEGGARLY, adv. pauvrement, miserablement. BEGGARY, s. pauvrete, f. mendicité. f. mi-BEGGINGLY, adv. en mendiant. [sère, f. BEGIN, v. a. commencer, naître, débuter. BEGIN HOUSE-REEPING, v. a. lever menage BEGIN THE WORLD, v. a. entrer dans le monde. BEGIN AGAIN, r. a. and n. recommencer. BEGINNER, s. premier auteur, commençant BEGINNING, s. commencement, m. origine, f. BEGIRT, v. a. ceindre, enfermer, environner. BEGNAW. v. a. mordre, ronger, detruire. BEGONE. interj. loin d'ici, va. va-t-en. BEGOT, and BEGOTTEN, part. adj. engendre. BEGREASE, v. a. graisser, frotter de graisse. BEGRIME, v. a. noircir avec de la suie. BEGUILE, v. a. tromper, décevoir, duper. BEGUILER, s. trompeur, m. imposteur, m. BEHALF, s. faveur, f. consideration, f. BEHAVE, v. a. conduire, agir, se comporter. BEHAVIOUR, s. conduite, f. moeurs, f. mine, f. extéri**eur, m. air. m.** BEHEAD, v. a. décapiter, trancher la tête. BEHELD, part. adj. regarde, contemple. Behest, s. ordre, m. commandement, m Behind, prep. and udr. derrière, par der-∫rière. BEHIND-HAND, adr. en arrière. BEHOLD, n. a. regarder, contempler. BEHOLD, interj. voici, voilà, tenez, vovez. BEHOLDEN, part. adj. oblige, redevable. BEHOLDER, s. spectateur, m. observateur, m. BEHOOF, s. avantage, m. utilité. f. BEHOOVE, v. n. étre utile, avantageux. Bring, s. être, m. existence, f. état parti-culier, place, f. demeure, f. BEING THAT, conj. puisque. vu que BELABOUR, v. a. battre, rosser, étriller. Belace, v. a. amarrer, attacher. BELACED, adj. galoune, chamarre. BELAGED, adj. qui est demeuré derrière. BELATED, part. adj. anuité, surpris par la mi BELAY, v. a. lier. dresser des embuches. BELCH, r. a. vomir, repandre Belich, s. rot, m. vent sorti de l'estomac. BELCHER, s. qui rote, qui vomit, roteur. Beldam, a une vieille, vieille sorcière. BELEAGUER. r. a. assieger, attaquer, pre BELL-FLOWER, or BLUE-BELL, c. campanelle, f.

BELFRY, s. beffroi, m. tour, f. clocher, m.

BELIE, v. a. contrefaire, calomnier. Belief, s. foi, f. croyance, f. senument, m. Believable, adj. croyable. BRLIKVE, v. a. croire, ajouter foi a, penser BELIEVER, s. qui croit, croyant, m. Believingly, adv. avec foi, sincerement. Belier, adv. selon toutes les apparences. BELL, s. clocke, f. calice d'une fleur. Aring of bells, la sonnerie. A chime of bells, un' carillon. A. little bell, une sonnette, une clochette. BELL-BIT, s. mors de bride fait en cloche, m. BELL-CLAPPER, s. battant de cloche, m. Bell-Pear, (gourd) poire de serteau, f. Bell-Man, s. reveil-matin, m. Bell-founder, s. fondeur de cloches, m. BELL, v. a. fleurer en forme de cloche. BELLARMIN, s. grosse bouteille. Belle, s. une belle, une élegante. Belles-lettres, s. pl. belles lettres, f. la litterature. BELLIGEREST, adj. belligerant, en guerre. BELLIFEROUS, atf. qui cause la guerre. BELLIGERATE, v. n. faire la guerre. Belligenous, adj. qui fait la guerre. Bellow, v. a. beugler, meugler, mugir. BELLOWING, s. beuglemeut, m. BELLOWS, s. soufflet à souffler le feu, m BELLUINE, adj. bestial, brutal. BELLY, s. ventre, m. panse. f. BELLY-ACHE, s. mai de ventre, colique, f. BELLY-BAND, s. ventrière de cheval, BELLY-FULL, s. rassassement, m. Belly of a inte, in table d'un luth. [hors. BELLY, v. w. devenir ventru, pousser en de-BELLY-BOUND, adj. constipe, resserve. BELLY-PINCHED, adj. affame. BELLY-BOLL, s. rouleau or cylindre, m. BELLY-WORM, s. ver solitaire. Belock, v. a. fermer à la clef. [cerner. BELONG, v. s. appartenir, regarder, con-BELONEING, adj. appartenant, dependant. BELOVED, adj. aimė, bien-simė, (avori. BELOW, adv. en bas, là-bas, ci dessous. Brlow, prep. au dessous de. BELOWT, r. a. injurier, outrager. BELSWAGGER, s. rodomont, m. fanfaron, m. BELT, s. ceinturon. m. haudrler, m. BEMAD, r. a. rendre fou, dementer. BENIER, v. a. embourber, crotter. BEMOAN, v. a. plaindre, deplorer. BEMOANER, s. qui se plaint, affligé, m. BENCH, s. banc, m. etabli, siege. BENCH, v. a. meure sur un banc; meure des Bencher, s. assesseur, m. [bancs. BEND, s. courbure, f. bande, f. BEND, v. a. bander, tendre, plier, courber, forcer, fermer, diriger, fixer, attacher. BEND-BACK, v. a. & n. courber, se recourber. BEND-FORWARD, v. n. s'accroupir. BENDABLE, adj. pliable, souple. BENDER, s. celui qui bande, tendon. BENDING, s. courbure, f. pli, m. BENDING, adj. penchant, qui va en pente. BENDLET, s. petite hande, bandelette. BENDWITH, s. (a sort of plant) viorne, f. BENEATH, prep. sous, dessous, au dessous. BENEATH, adv. en bas, au-dessous. BENEFICTION, s. benediction, f. [veur, f. BENEFACTION, s. bienfait, m. grace, f. fa-BENEFACTOR, s. bienfaiteur, m. patron, m. BENEFICE, s. benefice, m. avantage. BENEFICED, adj. qui a un bénéfice.

BENEFICENT, adj. bienfaisance, f. genérosité. Beneficent, adj. bienfaisant, genérosix. BENEFICIAL, adj. avantageux, profitable. Beneficially, adv. avantageusement. Beneficialness, s. unité. J. profit. m. BENEFICIARY, s. beneficier, m. adj. dependant. BENEFIT, s. bienfait, m. grace, f. faveur, f. bonte, f. profit, m. avantage, m. BENEFIT, v. a. & n. favoriser, v. n. profiter. BENET, v. a. prendre au filet, attraper. BLNEYOLENCE, s. bienveillance, f. affection, BENEVOLENT, adj. bienveillant, affectionne BENJAMIN, s. benjoin, m. lait virginal. BENIGHT, v. a. couvrir de ténèbres. BENIGHTED, part. adj. anuité, surpris par la BENIGH, adj. bénin, doux, généroux. BENIGHITY, s. bénignité, f. douceur, f. BENIGNLY, ad. benignite, f. douceur, f. BENIGNLY, adc. benignement, favorablement. BENT, part. adj. bande, attaché. BENT s. s. d. s. BENT, s. pli, m. penchant, m. tendance, f. BENUMB, v. a. eugourdir, supefier. BENUMBINGNESS, s. engourdissement, ss. Bunzoin, s. benjoin, m. substance résineuse. BEPAINT, n. a. peindre, colorer. BEPINCH, v. a. pincer, marquer en pincant. BEPISS, r. a. pisser sur, tremper d'urme. BLQUEATH, r. a. leguer, laisser par testament. BERAY, r. a. embrener, souiller, salir. BEREAVE, v. a. priver, dépouiller. BERGAMOT, s. bergamote, f.
BERHYME, v. a. celebrer en mauvais vers. BERRY, s. grain, m. graine, f. baie, f. BERRY, r. n. produire de la graine Berton, s. une métairie, une ferme. Bescreen, v. a. couvrir, cacher. Beseech, v. a. prier, supplier, demander. Beseen, v. a. convenir, être bienseant. Beser, v. a. assièger, environner, obséder. BESHREW THY HEART, malbeur & toi! BESIDE, and BESIDES, prep. à côté, près, auprès, au-dessus, outre, excepté; hors de; adr. d'ailleurs, de plus, en outre, d'un autre BESIEGE, v. a. assieger. [siege, sa. BESIEGER, s. assiegeant, sa. celui qui as-BESIEGER, v. a. tacner, salir, barbouillerr. BESIEGER, v. a. parbouillerr. [fumée. BESMOKE, v. a. enfumer, noircir avec de la Besmut, v. a. noircir avec de la suie. Resom, s. balai, т. BESOT, v. α. accagnarder, abrutir. BESOUGHT, part. adf. supplié, prié. [lettes. BESPARGLE, v. a. orner de brillant, de pail-BESPATTER, r. a. éclabousser, crotter, diffamer. BESPAWL, v. a. couvrir de crachats. BESPEAK, v. a. commander, demander d'avance, retenir, prévenir, gagner. BESPECKLE, v. a. tacheter, marqueter. BESPEW, r. a. vomir sur. BESPICE, v. a. epicer, assaisoner d'épices. BESPIT, v. a. cracher sur, couvrir de crachats. BESPONE, BESPONEN, part. adj. commande, retenu, prevenu. BESPREAD, v. a. couvrir de, tendre, étendre. BESPRINKLE, v. a. arroser, repandre. BESSE, or BESSE-FISH, s. un loup marin. BEST, adj. meilleur, le meilleur, le mieux. BEST, adv. mieux, le mieux, plus à propos. BESTEAD, v.a. favoriser, servir, accommoder. BESTIAL, adj. bestial, brutal, animal. BESTIALITY, s. bestialité. f. brutalité.

BESTIALLY, adv. en bête, brutalement. BESTICK, v. a. percer de traits. [teur. BESTINK, r. a. cmpuantir, remplir de puan-BESTIR, v. recip. se meure en action. BESTOW, r. a. donner, faire present, accorder, conferer, donner, employer. [m. Bestowen, s. celui qui donne, qui dépense, BESTREW, v. a. arroser, repandre. BESTRIDE A HORSE, v. a. monter un cheval. BESTUD, r. a. orner, garnir de clous. BET. s. pari, m. gageure, f. enjeu, m. ВЕТ, v. a. parier. gager. ВЕТАКК, v. a. s'adonner, avoir recours à. ВЕТИІМЕ, r. recip. s'aviser, considérer, pen-BETHRAL, v. a. asservir, subjuguer. BETIDE, v. n. arriver, survenir. BETIMES, adv. à propos, de bonne heure. BETOKEN, v. a. signifier, marquer, presager. BETONY, s. bétoine, f. (sorte de plante.) BETOSS, v. a. agiter, troubler, remuer. BETKAY, r. a. trahir, livrer, reveler. BETRAYER, s. un traître, celui qui trahit, m. BETROTH, r. a. promettre, fiancer. BETRUTHING, s. fiançailles, pl. f. accordailles, BETHUST, r. a. confier, deposer. BETTER, adj. meilleur; adr. mieux, plus. BETTER, s. superiorite, f. avantage, m. Our betters, s. pl. nos superieurs, m. BETTER, v. a. améliorer, amender, avancer. BETTOR, s. parieur, m. gageur, m. BETWEEN and BETWIXT, prep. entre. BEVKL or BEVIL, s. equerre de maçon, f. BEVEL, adj. qui est biais, enfonce. BEVEL, c. a. couper à angle aigu. BEVER, s. gouté, m. collation, BEVERAGE, s. breuvage, m. boisson, f.
BEVY, s. compagnie, f. troupe, f. volve, f.
BEVY-SREASE, s. de la graisse de chévreuil, f.
BEWY-IL, v. a. plaindre, déplorer, regretter.
BEWAILING, s. plainte, f. lamentation, f. BEWARE, v. n. se garder, prendre garde. BEWILDER, v. a. egarer, embarrasser. [ter. BEWITCH, r. a. emorceler, charmer, enchan-BEWITCHERY, s. ensorcellement, m. BEWITCHING, s. enchantement, m. BEWITCHING, adj. euchanteur, seducteur. BEWRAY, v. a. trahir, décéler, divulguer. BEY, s. le bey, gouverneur. BEYOND, prep. au dessus, au delà, delà, outre. BEZANTI.ER, s. second andouiller. BEZEL, s. chaton d'une bague, m. BEZOAR, s. bezoar, m. pierre animale, f. BEZZLE, v. n. gargotter, chopiner, ivrogner. BIANGULATED, adj. qui a deux angles. Blas. s. fort, m. force, f. peute, f. penchant, m. inclination, f. objet, m. but, m.
Blas, adv. de biais, de travers. BIAS, v. a. pencher, incliner, porter à. BIB, s. bavette, f. un tablier à bavette. BIB, v. a. siroter, boire souvent. BIBACIOUS, adj. buveur, ivrogne. BIBBER, s. un biberon, un buveur. BIBLE, s. bible, f. la sainte écriture. BIBLIOGRAPHER, s. bibliographe, m. copiste, BIBLIOTHECAL, adj. de bibliothèque. Binulous, adj. spongieux, poreux. BICANE, s. raisin sauvage, m BICIPITAL, adj. qui a deux têtes. BICERF. v. a. disputer, contester, quereller.
BICERF. v. a. disputeur, m. querelleur, m.
BICERFIFA. s. disputeur, f. querelle, f. contester, as, dispute. f. querelle, f. contester, as, c. dispute. f. querelle, f. contester, as, c. dispute. f. querelle, f. contester, p. dispute. f. querelle, donner, dire, offrir, proposer, souhaiter.

BIDDER, a cochérisseur, m. offrain, m. BIDDING, s. commandement, m. ordre, m. BIDENTAL, adj. qui a deux deuxs. [ans., BIERNIAL, adj. qui a deux deuxs. BIERNIAL, adj. de deux ans, qui dure deux BIERNIAL, adj. qui porte deux fois fannée. Di PEROUS, adj. qui porte deux fois fannée. Bilio, Biridated, adj. fendu en deux. Birold, adj. double, en deux manières. BIFURCATED, adj. fourchu. Big, adj. gros, plein, epais, haut, brave, fer. A hig man, un gros bomme. A nous with child, une temme grosse. Big a paroles grossières, fanfaronades. Big words. BIGAMIST, s. bigame, m. BIGAMY, s. bigamie, f. BIG-BELLIED, adj. ventru, enceinte (ca parlant d'une femme.) BIG-BODIED, adf. gros, gras, replet, ventra. BIGGIN, s. beguin, m. coeffe d'enfast. BIGLY, adv. haut, férement, avec arrogance. BIGNAPPED, adf. à gros grain. [don. f. BIGNAPPED, adj. à gros grain. BIGNAPPED, adf. à gros grain. Genr., J. BIGNAPS, s., grosseur, f. épaineur, f. gran-BIGOT, adf. bigot, faux superstitieux. BIGOTISM, or BIGOTIN, a. bigoterie, f. BIGOTIND, part. adf. devenu bigot, fort zéié. BILBERRY, s. mure de ronce, f. [matelots. BILBORS, s. pl. les fers, m. pl. chatiment des BILE, s. bile, f. froncie, colère. [cher. BILGE, r. n. tducher, se briser contre un ro-BILLE, s. de haliment des BILLE, s. de haliment de la haliment des BILLE, s. de haliment de la haliment de BILLARY, adj. biliaire, de la bile.
BILLARY, adj. biliaire, de la bile.
BILLARGEGATE, s. pareles sales, f.des halles.
BILLARGEGATE, de parle deux langues.
BILLOUS, adj. bilieux, colère, facheux. BILE, v. a. tromper, frustrer, ne point payer. BILL, s. bec, m. hallebarde, f. billet, ecriteau, affiche, une obligation, une promese or c'dule, un bill, or projet d'acte. Bill of Bill of exchange, une lettre de change. mortality, liste des morts. Bill of lading, connoissement, lettre de cargaison. BILL, v. n. s'entre-baiser comme font les pi-BILLET, s. billet, m. linget, m. [geons. BILLET, r. a. donner un billet de logement. BILLIARDS, s. pl. billard, m. Billiard-ball, bille. BILLIARD-STICK, s. masse, f. queue, f.
BILLOW, s. vague, f. flot, w. lame de mer, f.
BILLOW, r. n. s'enfler comme les vagues.
BIK, s. réchit, m. office, sa. dépouse, f.
BIKARY, adj. binaire, double.
BIKARY, adj. binaire, double. BIND, s. espèce de houblon, f. tige, f. BIND, v. a. lier, attacher, server, obliger, engager, arrêter, border ; r. m. resserrer, constiper, être obligatoire. BINDER, s. un relieur, sa. BINDING, s. liaison, f. reliure, f. bandage, m. BINDING, adj. obligatoire, astringent. BINDWEED, s. liseron, or liset, s Binocle, s. binocle, m. sorte de telescope. Binocular, adj. qui a deux yeux. BIOGRAPHER, s. un biographe. BIOGRAPHY, s. biographie, f. BIPARTITE, adj. divise en deux. [perting BIPARTITION, s. l'action de diviser en de BIPED, s. bipède, m. animal à deux pieds. BIPEBAL, adj. qui a deux pieds. Віреннатко, *adj.* qui a deux ailes. Віксн. s. (a tree) bouleau, f. Bincher, adj. de boulenn. BIRD, s. oiseau, m. , c. n. chasser aux oiseas. Bird-cage, s. cage, f. volière, f. BIRD-CALL, s. appears m. pipeau, m.

BIRD-CATCHER, s. oiseleur, pipeur, m. BIRD-LIME. s. glu, f. poix. f. BIRDS-EYE, s. (a plant) ceil d'oiseau, f. BIRDS-POOT, s. pied d'oiseau, m. BIRDS-NEST, s. (an herb) nid d'oiseau, m. BIRTS-TONGUL, s. (an herb) langue d'oiscau BIRGANDER. s. oie sauvage, f. Birt, s. espère de turbot. Birra, s. naissance. f. nativité, f. extrac-tion. f. couche, f. portee, f. source, f. com-mencoment, m. parage, n. Unimely hirth, avortement, fausso couche. The ofter-birth, l'arrière-faix. Birth-day, s. jour de naissance, m. BIRTH-PLACE, s. lieu de la naissance, m. BIRTH-RIGHT, s. droit d'ainesse, m. BIRTH-WORR. s. aristoloche, f. sorte d'herbe. Biscuit, s. biscuit, m. massepain, m. Bisect, r. a. couper en deux. BISECTION, s. division en deux parties, BISHOP, s. eveque, m. prelat, m. Bishop at cluss, un fou, au jeu des echecs. BISHOPRICK, s. eveche, m.
BISHOPS-WORT, s. (an herb) poivrette, f. BISK or BISQUE, s. bisque, f. BISMUTH, s. bismuth, m. (sorte de minéral.) BISSERTILE, s. bissexte, m.; adj. bissextile. BISTRE, s. bistre, f. suie detrempée. BIT, s. morceau, m. pièce, f. mors, m. frein, m. BIT, r. a. emboucher. BITCH, s. chienne, f. femelle, carogne, f. BITE, s. morsure, f. bouchée, f. autorce, f. BITE, v. a. mordre, piquer, blesser, duper.

Bite off, emporter la pièce en mordant. BITER, s. qui mord, trompeur, m BITING, s. morsure, f. piqure, f. &c. BITING, adj. mordant, piquant. [tirique. Bettinger, adv. d'une manière piquante, sa-Pirs, s. pl. bittes, f. (terme de marine.) BITTACLE, s. habitacle, m. terme de marine. BITTER. adj. amer, mordant, piquant, choquant, cruel, rude, facheux, mechant. BITTER, r. a. bitter le cable. BITT s.R I.Y, adr. amerement, aigrement. BITTERN, or BITTOUR, s. butor, m. BITTERNESS, s. amertume, f. aigreur, f. BITTERVETCH, s. ers, m. or vesce noire. BITTERWORT, s. gentiane. f. (sorte d'herbe.) BITUMEN, s. bitume. m. Bitc minous, adj. bitumineux. BLAB, r. a. divulger, bavarder. BLAB, and BLABBER. s. bavard, m. Blabber-Lipped, adj. lippu. BLABBER-LIPS, s. grosses levres.
BLACK, adj. noir, obscur, sombre, atroce, mechant, infame, fatal, malheureux. and blue, mourtri de coups, livide. BLACK AND RICE, s. meurtrissure, f. BLACK, s. noir, m. deuil, un noir, un nègre. BLACKAMOOR, J. un march, BLACK-BERRY, J. mure de ronce, f. BLACK-BERRY, J. murle, m. [Dosuß, m.] BLACK-CATTLE, s. gros betsil, vaches, BLACKEN, v. a. & n. noircir, rendre noir. BLACKING, s. (black for shoes) noir, m. BLACK-EYED, adj. qui a les yeux noirs. BLACK-FACED, adj. noiraud, qui a le teint BLACK-GUARD, adj. goujat, m. BLACKISH, adj. noiratre, tirant sur le noir. BLACENESS, s. noirceur, f. BLACESMITH, s. forgeron, m. serrurier, m. BLADDER, 4. vessie, f. BLADE, s. senille, f. tige, f tuyan, m Jame.

The shoulder-blade, or blude-bone, l'omo-plate. f. The breast-blade, le stormum. A commine blade, un fin merle. A stort blade, un vaillant champion. BLAIN. s. pustule, f. froncle, m. BLAMABLE, adr. blamable, digne de blame, BLAMABLERESS, s. faute, f. transgression, f. BLAMABLY, adc. d'une maniere blamable. BLAME, s. blame, m. faute, f. offense, f. BLAME, v. u. blamer. censurer, condanuer. BLAMEFUL, adj. blamable, digne de blame. BLAMELESSLY, adv. saus reproche. sible. BLAMELESS, adj. irréprochable, irréprehen-BLAMELESSNESS, s. innocence, f. BLAMER, s. censeur, m. critique, m. BLANCH, v. a. blanchir, peler, biniser, éluder. BLANCHER, s. blanchisseur, m. recuiteur, m. BLAND, adj. doux, aimable, affable. BLANDISH, r. a. adoucir, flatter, caresser. BLANDISHMENT. s. carosse, f. BLANK, adj. blanc, pale, confus. Blank verse, vers non rimes. BLANK, s. un blanc; but, flan, billet blanc; v. a. confondre, effacer, abolir BLANKET, s. couverture de lit, f. BLARE, v. n. mugir, meugler, fondre. BLASPHEME, v. a. & n. blasphémer. BLASPHEMER, s. blasphémateur, m. BLASPHEMOUS, adj. blasphematoire, impie. BLASPHEMOUSLY, adv. avec blasphème. BLASPHEMY, s. blasphème, m. BLAST, s. bouffee, f. souffle, bronee, f. niele, BLAST-OINTMENT, s. onguent pour la brû-BLAST, v. a. brouir, brûler; ruiner. [lure, ss. BLAZE, s. flamme, f. bruit, m. rapport, m. BLAZE, v. n. jeter des flammes, divulguer. BLAZER, s. celui qui fait courir des bruits. BLAZING, adj. brillaut, étincelant. BLAZON, s. blason, m. la science des armoiries. BLEACH, v. a. blasonner, dépeindre. BLEACH, v. a. blanchir à l'air. BLEACHER, s. blanchisseur, m. BLEACHING, s. blanchiment, m. blanchimage, BLEAK, or BLEAKY, adj. pale, blême. BLEAKNESS, s. froid, m. froidure, f. BLEAR, adj. obscur, trouble, offusqué BLEAR, r. a. obscureir, offusquer, troubler. BLEAREDNESS, s. chassie, f. BLEAR-EYED, adj. chassieux. BLEAT, v. n. bêler, crier comme les brebis. BLEATING, s. l'action de bêler, bêlement, se BLEED, s. ampoule, f. vessie, f. [du sang. BLEED, v. a. & n. saigner, perdre or tirer BLEEDER, s. saigneur, m. phiebotomiste, st. BLEEDING, saignement, m. saignee, f. BLEEDING, adj. saignant, qui saigne. BLEMISH, s. tache, f. défaut, m. BLEMISH, v. a. tacher, souiller, ternir. BLENCH, r. a. empêcher, arrêter. BLEND, v. a. mèler, mélanger, confondre. BLESS, v. a. bénir, louer. [Miséricor BLESS, v. a. benir, louer. [Misericorde! BLESS ME! interj. Hon Dieu! Juste cie!! BLESSED, part. adj. beni, benit. divin, saint. BLESSED, s. pl. les bienheureux. BLESSEDLY, adv. heureusement. [sainteté, f. BLESSEDNESS, s. bonheur, m. félicité, f. BLESSER, s. celui qui bénit, m. BLESSING, s. bénédiction, f. bonheur, m BLIGHT, s. brouce, f. bruine, f. nielle, BLIGHT, v. a. brouir, rendre sterile, gi BLIND, adj. aveugle, obscur, faux. blind, qui a la vue courte. BLIND, s. voile, m. masque, m texte, m. jalousie, f. treillis, m. ue, m. faux pré-

BLIND, v. a. aveugler, éblouir, obscurcir. BLINDFOLD, r. a. bander les yeux. BLINDFOLD, adj. qui a un voile sur les yeux. BLINDLY, adv. aveuglement, sans examen. BLINDMAN'S-BUFF, s. cligne-musette, f. BLINDNESS, s. aveuglement, m. BLIND-NETTLE, s. scropulaire, f. BLIND-SIDE, s. côté foible, le foible. BLIND-WORM, s. petit serpent nommé l'aveu-BLINK, v. n. faire les petits yeux, clignoter. BLINKARD, s. qui clignote, qui a la vue foible. BLINKING, adj. qui cligne les yeux; qui ne voit guère; qui n'éclaire guère.
BLISS, s. bouheur, m. félicité, f. BLISSFUL, adj. heureux, bienheureux. BLISSFULLY, adv. heureusement. BLISSPULNESS, s. felicité, f. [vésicatoire, m. BLISTER, s. pustule, f. ampoule, f. vessie, f. BLISTER, v. a. appliquer les vesicatoires; v. n. s'elever, se former en vessies. BLISTERED, part. adj. couvert de pustules. BLISTERING-HEAT, inflammation avec pus-BLISTERING-PLASTER, s. vésicatoire, m.
BLIST, or BLITS, s. (an herb) blette, f.
BLITHE, adj. gai, joyeux, enjoué.
BLITHLY, adr. gaiment, joyeusement.
BLITHLY, adr. gaiment, joyeusement.
BLITHESS, s. gaieté. f. joie, f. allègresse. f.
BLITHBONE, adj. enjoue, gai, joyeux.
RIGAT n. a. b. u. enfler. s'enfler. BLOAT, v. a. & n. enfler, s'enfler. BLOATEDNESS, s. enflure, f. bouffissure, f. BLORBERLIPPED, adj. qui a de grosses lèvres.
BLOCK, s. bloc, m. billot, m. tête de bois, un esprit lourd, obstacle, m. empêchement, poulie, f. cap de mouton, m. Printer's inkblock, s. encrier d'imprimerie, m. BLOCK, v. a. bloquer, environner, enfermer. BLOCKADE, s. blocus, m. siège. [place. BLOCKADE, v. a. faire un blocus autour d'une BLOCE-HEAD, s. un lourdaud, un stupide. BLOCK-HOUSE, s. fort, forteresse, f. BLOCKISH, adj. stupide, lourd, grossier. BLOCKISHLY, adv. stupidité, f. sottise, f. BLOOD, s. sang, m. race, f. famille, f. To be let BLOCKISHLY, adv. stupidement, bétement. let one blood, saigner quelqu'un. To be let blood, être saigne. Cold blood, sang froid, presence d'esprit. BLOOD, v. a. ensangianter, couvrir de sang. BLOOD-HOUND, s. limier, m. BLOODILY, adv. d'une manière sanglante. BLOODLESS, adj. qui n'a point de sang; non-sanglant, sans effusion de sang. BLOOD-LETTER, s. phlebotomiste, m. saigneur, BLOOD-LETTING, s. saignee, f BLOOD-RED, adj. d'un rouge de sang. BLOOD-SHED, s. meurtre, m. effusion de sang, BLOOD-SHEDDER, s. meurtrier, m. BLOOD-SHOT, adj. rouge, plein de sang, san-BLOOD-STONE, s. sanguine, f. BLOOD-SUCKER, s. sangsue, f. [aire. BLOOD-THIRSTY, adj. altere desang, sanguin-BLOOD-WORT, s. sanguinaire, f. aire. BLOODY, adj. sanglant, ensanglant, sanguin-BLOODY-PLUX, s. flux de sang, m. BLOODY-MINDED, adj. sanguinaire, cruel. BLOOM, s. fleur des arbres, f.; v. n. fleurir. BLOOM, adj. fleuri, rempli de fleurs. BLOSSOM, s. fleur des arbres. Brossom, v. n. pousser des fleurs, être en fleur. BLOT, a rature, f. tache, f. filtrissure, f. BLOT, (at backgammon) dame non couverte. BLOT, v. a. & n. tacher, ternir, faire des BOAST IN, or OF, v. n. se vanter, se glorif taches. Blot out, effacer, raturer, rayer. BOASTER, s. qui se vante, fanfaron, m.

This paper blots, ce papier boit.
BLOTCH, s. pustule, f. tache sur la peau, f.
BLOTE, v. a. secher à la fumée, se bouffir. BLOTTING-PAPER, s. papier brouillard, = BLow, s. coup, malheur, epanouissement des fleurs, m. fleur, f. piqure de mouche.

Blow, v. n. souffler, s'ouvrir, s'épanouir, fleurir; blow over, passer sans effet, se dissiper; blow away, écarter, emporter en soufflant; blow down, abattre, renverser en soufflant; blow out, éteindre en soufflant. souffler; blow up, faire sauter, élever en l'air, exciter; blow upon, décrier, décriediter; blow in, faire entrer en souffant blow off, dissiper en soufflant. R blows, v. imp. il vente, il fait du vent. BLOWER, s. souffleur, f. qui souffle, &ce.
BLOWING, adj. orageux, fleurissant. [roage.
BLOWZE, s. une fille joufflue et à trogne
BLOWZY, adj. brûlé par le soleil. BLUBBER, s. graisse ou huile de baleine. BLUBBER, v. n. s'enfler les joues à force de pleurer. BLUDGEON, s. bâton court pour se battre, s. BLUE, adj. bleu; s. bleu, n BLUE, v. n. rendre bleu, teindre en bleu. BLUE-BOTTLE, s. bluet, m. barbeau, m. BLUE-EVED, adj. qui a les yeux bleus. BLUENESS, s. couleur bleue, le bleu. BLUFF, adj. fier, arrogant, insoles BLUISH, adj. bleustre, tirant sur le bleu. BLUISHNESS, s. bleu foible, m. bleu pâle, m. BLUNDER, s. faute, f. méprise, f. BLUNDER, v. n. se méprendre, se tromper, confondre; blunder out, dire sans y penser. BLUNDERBUSS, s. gros mousqueton. BLUNDERER, or BLUNDER-HEAD. s. stupide, m. étourdi, m. sot, m. lourdand, m. Blunt, adj. émoussé, obtus, grossier. BLUNT, v. a. émousser, réprimer, adoucir. BLUNTLY, adv. sans pointe, grossièrement. BLUNTNESS, s. grossièreté, f. brusquerie, f. BLUNTWITTED, adj. stupide. [fictrissure, f. BLUR, s. tache, f. rature, f. pate d'encre, s. BLUR, v. a. tacher, raturer, ternir, fietrir. BLURT OUT, v. a. dire étourdiment, sans y BLUSH, s. rougeur, f. rouge, m. [pesser. BLUSH, v. n. rougir par pudeur or de houte. BLUSHY, adj. rouge de houte. BLUSTER, s. bruit, m. tumulte, m. tapage, m. BLUSTER, v. n. faire grand bruit. BLUSTERER, s. tapageur, m. fanfaron, m. BLUSTERING, adj. bruyant, violent.
BLUSTEROUS, adj. bruyant, remannt.
BLUSTEROUS, adj. bruyant, remannt.
boar, v. verrat, m. cochon male. A wild
boar, un sanglier. A young wild boar, un marcassin, m. BOARD, s. ais, m. pisnche, f. table, f. con-seil, m. assemblée, f. cour de jurisdiction, f. pension alimentaire, f. bord, m. navire, m. A chess-board, une échiquier. A falling-board, une trape. A side-board, buffet, m. BOARD, v. a. planchéyer, aborder. BOARD, v. a. être or vivre en pension. BOARDER, s. pensionnaire, m. & f. BOARDING, s. abordage, m. (d'un vaisseen.) BOARDING-ROUSE, s. pension, f. BOARDING-SCHOOL, s. école où l'on prend des pensionnaires, f. pensionnat. ss.
BOARISH. adj. de sanglien, grossier, brutal.
BOAST, e. ostentation. f. vanité, parade, f
BOAST, r. a. vanter, faire parade de BOAST IN, OF OF, v. n. se vanter, se glorifier de.

BOASTFUL, adj. vain, glorieux, orgueilleux. BOASTINGLY, adv. par cetentation BOAT, s. bateau. m. barque, f. chaloupe. Passage-boat, paquet-bot, paque-bot, m. Fly-boat, flibot, m. Ferry-boat, un bac. Advice-boot, patache d'avis, f.
BOATMAN OF BOATS-MAN, s. un batelier. BOAT-STAFF, s. croc, m. perche de batelier, f. BORTSWAIN, s. bosseman, m. contre-maître. Bor, s. pendant d'oreille, m. refrain, m. sarcasme, pointe, f. perruque ronde. BOB-TAIL, r. la pointe d'une flèche; adj. écourté. Bos, p. n. frapper, pendre, vaciller. Bonnt, s. bobine, f. fuscau à deutelle, m Bos-wis, s. perruque courte, perruque d'ab BOCCASINE, s. bougran fin. [bé. BOCKLAND, & terres inaliénables. BODE, v. a. & n. prognostiquer, présager. BODICE, s. corset de femme, m. BODIED, part. adj. corpulent, fort. BODLLY, adj. corporel; adv. corporellement. BODKEN, a. poincon, m. aiguille de tête, f. fer à friser, m. une pointe d'imprimeur. BODY, e. a. produire or donner une forme.

BODY, v. a. produire or donner une forme.

BODY, v. a. produire or donner une forme. Bog, s. marais, m. marecage, m. BOG-TROTTER, s. coureur de marais, m. BOGGLE, v. n. reculer, hésiter, balancer. BOGGLER, s. un homme timide, irrésolu. BOGGV, adj. marécageux. BOG-HOUSE, s. les lieux, m. pl.; le privé, f. BOHEA, s. thé bou, m. or the noir. BoIL, s. ulcère, m. froncle, m. clou, m. BoIL, v. n. & a. bouillir, faire bouillir. aroay, diminuer à force de bouillir. over, se répandre à force de bouillir. BOILARY, s. saline, f. [bouilloire, f. BOILER, s. fourneau de cuisine, chaudron, m. BOISTEROUS, adj. violent, impétueux. BOISTEROUSLY, adv. avec impétuosité, f. BOISTEROUSNESS, s. violence, f. impétuosi-۱ė, ∫. Bollo, adj. hardi, entreprenent. To make bold, or to be bold, prendre la liberté, oser, avoir la hardiesse. BOLDEN, v. a. enhardir, encourager, oser. BOLDLY, adv. hardiment, librement. BOLDERS, hardiesse, f. courage, m. Bole, s. trone d'arbre, m. tige, f. bol, m. BOLL, s. tige, f., r. n. s'élever en tige. BOLSTER, s. traversin de lit, m. chevet, m. batte de selle, f. compresse, f. BOLSTER, r. a. soutemr avec un traverum. BOLT, s. javelot, m. trait, m. flèche, f. ver-rou, m. fers, m. pl. liens de fer, m. pl. BOLT, v. a. verrouiller, bluter, sasser BOLT OUT, v. a. sortir, faire sortir subitement. BOLT IN, v. s. entrer subitement. BOLTER, s. bhiteau, m. passoir, m. tamis, m. BOLTHEAD, s. matras, m. bouteille à distiller. BOLTING-HOUSE, s. bluterie, f. BOLT-ROPE, s. corde qui attache la voile, f. BOLTSPRIT, or BOWSPRIT, s. bezupré, m. BOLUS, s. bol, m. holus, m. pillule, f. BOEB, s. bombe, f. vacarme, m. bruit, m. BOMBARD, v. a. bombarder, battre avec des bombes. ROMBARDIER. s. bombardier. m

BOMBARDHERT, s. bombardement, ss. BOMBASIN, s. bombasin, ss. sorte d'étoffe. BOMBAST, s. galimaina, ss. phèbus, ss. BOMBAST, ssy, ampoulé et vide de sens. BOND, s. lien, m. obligation, f. promesse, f. (billet, m. BOND, adj. esclave, captif. BONDAGE, s. servitude, f. emprisonnement, m. Bond-man, s. un esclave, un serf. BOND-SERVICE, s. esclavage, m. servitude, f. BOND-SLAVE, s. esclave, m. captif. Bonz, s. os, m. arête, fusean, dês, m. BONE, v. a. désosser, dissèquer. BONE-LACE, s. dentelle faite au fuseau, f. Bonness, adj. qui n'a point d'os. Bonnesnetten, s. chirurgien qui remet les os disloqués, m. BORESFAVIR, s. éparvin, m.
BORSIRE, s. épu de joie, m.
BONNET, s. bonnet, m. calote, f. beanette, f.
BONNY, adj. gentil, joyeux, gai, agréable.
BONY, adj. osseux, plein d'os. Boony, s. sot, m. stupide, m. nigaud, m. Book, s. livre, m. A paper book, un livre en blanc. A day-book, un journal. Book, v. a. coucher par écrit, enregistrer. Book-BINDER, s. un relieur. Bookish, adj. studieux, pedam. BOORISHEESS, s. application, outrée à l'étude. BOOR-REEPER, s. teneur de livres, m. BOOK-KEEPING, s. l'art de tenir les livres. Book-man, s. homme d'étude. m BOOK-MATE, s. compagnon d'étude, m. BOOK-SELLER, s. libraire, m. marchand de livres. BOOK-SELLING, or BOOK-TRADE, e. librairie, Book-worm, s. attaché à ses études: Boom, s. mût de navire, se. barre d'un port, /. Boom, v. n. porter toutes ses voile Boon, s. grace, f. faveur, f. bienfait, m. Boon, adj. bon, gai, enjoue, joyeux. BOOR, s. un paysan, un villagesis, un rustre.
BOORISH, ad. rustique, grossier.
BOORISH, ad. rustique, grossiereté, f.
BOORISH, ad. vaches, f.
BOORISH, ad. cui est en pointe de nice. Boosy, adj. qui est en pointe de vin. Boot, v. a. servir, faire du bieu. Boot, s. a. server, there are bross.

Boot, s. profit, m. gain, m. evantage, m. botte, f. To boot, de retour, par dessus le marché. Boot of a coach, le coffre d'un carrosse. To boot, r. n. mottre des bottes, se botter. BOOTES, e. le bouvier, le gardien de l'ourse. BOOTH, s. cabane, f. loge, f. BOOT-HOSE, s. guetres, f. pl. BOOTLESS, adj. inutile, vain. BOOT-STRAP, s. tirent de hotte, m. BOOT-TREE, s. embouchoir de botte, m. Boory, s. proie, f. butin, m. pillage, m. BOPEEP, s. coup d'œil, m. œillade, f. BORACHIO, s. bouc, m. outre, f. un ivrogue. BORAGE, s. bourache, f. herbe BORAX, s. borax, m. sel artificiel.
BORDER, s. bord, m. bordure, f. extrémité, frontière, borne, limites. BORDER, v. a. border; v. n. confiner à. BORDERER, s. qui demeure aux frontières. BORDERING, adj. frontière, voisin. BORD-HALF-PENNY, s. droit d'étal. BORDURE, s. (in heraldry) bordure, f. BORK, r. a. percer avec une tarière BORE. s. trou, m. calibre, m. ouverture, f. '-BOREAL, adj. horeal, du nord. BOREAS, s. vent du nord, m. horée, m. BORER, s. tarière, f. percoir, m. vrille, m.

Bower, s. berceau, m. treille, bosquet, ss. voute. f. ancre d'affourche, f. Bowers, adj. plein de bercesux. Bowess or Bower, s. oiscau branchier. Bow L, s. godet, ss. grande tasse, jatte, f. boule, f. hune, f.; boul of a pipe, le four-neau d'une pipe; boul of a sposs, le cuilleron d'une cuiller. [boule. Bowl, v. a. & n. jouer à la boule, jeter une Bow-Legge, part. adj. cagneux, bancal. Bowler, s. joueur de boule, m. BOWLING-GREEN, s. boulingrin, m. Bowling, s. bouline (corde amarrée, &c.) Bow-man, s. archer, m. qui tire de l'arc. BOWPERN, s. archer, m. qui ure de rarc.
BOWYER, s. archer, m. faiseur d'arcs. m.
BOYYER, s. buis, m. boite, f. caisse, f. cassette, f.
coffre, m. loge, f. soufflet, coup de poing, m.
trou, m. réduit, m. cassetin, m. Dust or
sand-box, s. poudrier, m. sablière, f. Dressins hou une beite de teiblete. ing-box, une boite de toilette. Pear-box, trone. Dice-box, cornet, m. Box of a coach, le coffre d'un carrosse. Coachbox, le siège du carrosse. Christmas-bax, étreunes, f. tire-lire, f. Box of a scree, écrou d'une vis, m. Juggler'a box, gobelet d'escamoteur, m. A country box, une petite maison de campagne, une guinguette. Box, r. a. mettre dans une boite, souffleter, donner un coup de poing, se battre à coups du poing. Boxen, adj. de buis. BOXER, s. qui se bat à coups de poing. Boy, s. garçou, m. enfant, m. A singing-boy, un enfant de choeur. Acabin-boy, un mousse. A school-boy, un écolier. A soldier's bou, un goujat. Bovish, adj. puérile, enfantin. Boyishir, adv. puerilement, en enfant. BOYISHNESS, s. puerilité, f. enfantillage, m. BRABBLE, s. dispute, f. querelle, f. debat, m. BRABBLE, r. n. disputer, se quereller, m. BRABBLER, s. querelleur, m. chicaneur, s BRACE, s. paire, f. couple. f. attache, f. lien, m. bandage, m. brassard, m. brass de vergue, m. crampon, cheville de fer, m. f. ancr agrafie, f. crochet, m. Braces of a skip, bras, m. les cordages amares aux bouts de la vergue, m. pl. Braces of a coach, soupentes de carrosse. BRACE, r. a. lier, attacher. BRACELET, a. brasselet, or bracelet, m. BRACER, s. bandage, m. ceinture, f. BRACH, s. une braque, une chienz BRACHIAL, adj. brachial (terme d'anatomie.) BRACHYGRAPHY, s. l'art d'abréger. BRACHYLOGY, s. laconisme, m. brièveté, f. BRACK, s. paille, f. petit défaut, brêche, f. BRACKET, s. tasseau, m. gousset, m. BRACKISH, adj. sale, saumatre, apre. BRACKISHNESS, s. salure, f. aprete, f. BRAD, s. clou sans tête, clou clete, m. BRAG, s. vanterie, f. ostentation, f. BRAG, r. n. se vanter, se glorifier. BRAGGADOCIO.s. bravache, m. faux brave, m. BRAGGET, s. boiseon galloise.
BRAGGING, s. vanterie, f. ostentation, f.
BRAID, v. a. tresser, entrelacer, cordonne BRAID, s. tresse, f. entrelacement, m. BRAILS, s. cargues, f. cordages de navire, ... BRAIN, s. cerveau, m. cervelle, f. BRAIN, v. a. faire sauter la cervelle.

BRAINISH, adj. furieux, violent; s. un crane.

BRAINLESS, adj. ecervele, etourdi

BORE-TREE, s. (the elder tree) suresu, m. born, v. n. pass. naître, venir au monde. BORGER, s. bourg, m. communaute, f. Bonkow, v. a. emprunter; s. emprunt, m. BORNOWER, s. qui emprunte, emprunteur, m. Bornowing, s. emprunt, m. Boscage, a. bocage, m. bosquet, m.
Bosky. See Woody, and Boosy, boise.
Bosom, s. le sein, cordialité, f. cour, m. Bosom of a shirt, le jabot d'une chemise. Bosom, n. a. cacher dans le sein, tenir secret. Boss, s. bosse, f. bossette, f. BOTANICAL, adj. qui concerne la botanique. BOTANIST, s. botaniste, m. [plan BOTANY, s. botanique, f. la science BOTARGO, s. saucisson (à l'Italienne, m.) [plantes. la science des Вотси, s. ulcère, m. bubon, m. pièce, f. Вотси, v. a. raccommoder, rapetasser. BOTCHER, s. ravaudour, m. fripier, m. BOTCHINGLY, adv. grossièrement. [et l'autre. BOTCHY, adj. rapetasse. Воты, pron. tous deux, tous les deux, l'un BOTTLE, s. bouteille, f. une botte. A sucking-bottle, biberon, m. suceron, m. BOTTLE-BRUSH, s. goupillon, m. BOTTLED, part. adj. mis en bouteilles, bottelé. BOTTLE-FLOWER, s. (a plant) bluet, m. BOTTLE-NOSED, adj. qui a un gros nez. BOTTLE-SCREW, s. tire-bouchon, m. BOTTOM, s. le fond, le bas, le bout, la fin, sediment, m. base, f. motif, m. vaisseau, m. Bottom of thread, peloton de iil, m. Bottom of an inkhorn, cornet d'écritoire, m. Воттом, v. a. & n. fonder, se fonder. BOTTOMLESS, adj. sans fond, impénétrable. BOTTOMRY, s. bomerie, f. grosse aventure. Bouge, v. a. s'ensier, se gousier. Bounce, r. a. faire du bruit, heurter. Bounce, s. eclat, m. fracas, m. vanterie, f. BOUNCER, s. bavard, m. fanfaron, m. BOUND, s. borne, f. limite, f. bond, m. BOUND, v. a. & n. borner, limiter, bondir. BOUND, part. adj. lie, oblige, destine. BOUNDARY, s. borne, f. limite, f. BOUNDEN, part. udj. lie, qui lie, obligatoire. BOUNDING, adj. voisin, limitrophe, bondis-BOUNDINGS, adj. infini, sans bornes. [sant. Bound-setter, s. arpenteur, aborneur, m. BOUND-STONE, s. borne, f. limite, f. BOUNTEOUS, adj. bienfaisant, liberal. BOUNTEOUSLY, adv. liberalement. [reux. BOUNTIFUL, adv. bienfaisant, libéral, gené-BOUNTIFULLY, adv. liberalement. BOUNTIFULNESS, s. générosité, f. BOUNTY, s. bonté, f. générosité, f. BOURN, s. borne, f. limité, f. torrent, m. BOUSE, c. m. boire avec excès, s'emivrer. Bour, s. coup, m. fois, f. tour, m. BOUTEFEU, s. boutefeu, m. incendiaire, m. Bow, v. a. plier, courber, fléchir, incliner; v. n. s'incliner, faire la révérence. Bow, s. reverence, f. arc, m. demi-circle, m.
Bow of a molin, archet de violou, m. Bow of a saddle, arcon de selle, m. Bow of a ship, l'avant du vaisseau, m. Bow of a sword-hilt, la branche de la garde d'une epee. Bow of a key, l'anneau d'une clef, m. The bow-anchors, les ancres d'affourche. BOW-BEARER, s. officier subalterne de foret. Bow-BENT, adj. crochu, tortu, courlé. Rower, v.a. percer les entrailles, eveutrer. Bowkis, s. pl. cutrailles, f. boyaux, m.

primer, ruiner, perdre, déranger, lacher,

BRAIN-SICK, adj. frénétique, fou, insen BRAIN-SICK, adj. frénétique, fou, insen BRAIN-SICKNESS, s. folie, f. frénésie, f. BRAKE, s. buisson, m. fougeraie, f. brisoir, m. brimbale, f. huche pour petrir, f.
BRAKE, a. briser, rompre, casser (see Break.)
BRAKE, adj. epineux, rude, raboteux. BRAMBLE, s. ronce, f. épine, f BRAMIN, s. brachmane, or brahmin, m. BRAM, s. son, m. pellicule du grain, f. BRANCH, s. branche, f. chevillure, bras. rinc-branch, un sarment. BRANCH, v. n. jeter des branches, se diviser. BRANCHED, part. adj. garni de branches; à BRANCHER, s. branchier, m. [ramage. BRANCHER, adj. branchu, touffu. BRAND, s. tison, m. marque, f. flétrissure, f. Fire-brand, boutefeu, m. incendiaire, m. Brand-iron, fer chaud, trepied. Brandnew, tout battant neuf. BRAND, v. a. marquer d'un fer chaud, flétrir, noircir, diffamer, injurier. BRANDISH, v. a. branler, secouer, brandir. BRANDY, s. brandevin, m. eau-de-vie, f. BRANGLE, s. querelle, f. dispute, f. BRANGLE, r. n. quereller, se quereller. BRANGLER, s. querelleur, m. saurique, m. BRANGLING, s. querelle, f. dispute, f. BRANK-URSIN, s. branque ursine, BRANT-GOOSE, s. oie sauvage, BRASED, adj. divisé en croix de S. André. Brass, s. airain, m. cuivre, m. bronze, m. effronterie, f. impudence, f. A brass pot, un coquemar. BRASS ORE, s. calamine, f. BRASSETS, s. brassard, m. armure de bras, f. Brat, s. un petit babouin, marmot, m.
Bravado, s. bravade, f. rodomontade, f.
Brava, adj. brave, courageux, honnéte, galant, bien vêtu, beau, excellent. BRAVE, v. a. braver, defier, morguer. brune it, faire le brave. BRAVELY, adv. bravement, courageusement. d'une manière honnête. BRAVERY, s. courage, m. valeur, f. magnifi-cence, f. splendeur, f. ostentation, f. BRAVO, s. meurtrier, m. assassin, m. BRAVO! interj. vivant! bien, très bien! BRAWL, s. querelle, f. tapage, m. branle, m. BRAWL, v. n. quereller, disputer, criailler. BRAWLER, s. querelleur, m. criailleur, m. BRAWN, s. chair, f. parte charnue.
BRAWNIESS, s. force, f. fermete, f.
BRAWNY, adj. charnu, fort, robuste. BRAY, s. bruit, m. cri, m. BRAY, v. a. broyer; v. n. braire, bramer, BRAYER, s. brailleur, m. broyon, m. BRAZE, v. a. braser, souder. BRAZEN, adj. d'airain, de brouze, effronté. BRAZEN, v. n. être impudent, soutenir. BRAZEN-FACED, adj. impudent, effronté. BRAZIER, s. chauderonnier, m. BRAZIER'S WARE, s. chauderonnerie, f. BREACH, s. brèche, f. rupture, f. BREAD, s. pain, m. nourriture, f. subsistance, Unleavened bread, pain azyme. Shere $U \parallel$ bread, pain de proposition. BREAD-BASKET, s. panier à pain, m. manne, BREAD-ROOM, s. (in a ship) soute, f. BREADTH, s. largeur, f. le, m. Break, s. ouverture, f. vide, m. un blanc.

Break of the day, le point du jour. l'aubc. f. BREAR, r. a. rompre, casser, briver, violer. BRIBE, v. a. corrompre, suborner, gagne enfreindre, forcer. enfoncer. doubter, re-Briber. s. corropteur. m. suborneur. m.

donner issue; v. n. se rompre, se briser, eclater, percer ; faire banqueroute, décli-ner, se détacher. Break donn, abattre, démolir, renverser; break off or from, deshabituer, empêcher, discontinuer; break sp, rompre, briser, dissoudre, congédier; break from, se séparer avec violence, se détacher; break in, se précipiter, fondre sur; break into, entrer par force; break off, su désister, quitter, finir; break out, sortir avec violence, jaillir, se repandre; break through, forcer, surmonter, enfoncer; break up, so separer, avoir vacances, cesser; break with one, rompre avec quelqu'un, cesser d'être son ami. BREAKER, s. qui rompt, &c. infracteur. Breakfast, s. déjeuné, m. ; v. n. déjeuner. BREAKING, s. rupture, f. fracture, f. A breaking up of school, vacances. BREAK-NECK, s. precipice, m. casse-cou, f. BREAM, s. (a sort of fish) brème, f. BREAM, v. a. donner le seu à un batiment. BREAST, s. poitrine, f. gorge, f. sein, m. uno mamelle, un téton, cœur, m. BREAST, v. a. rencontrer, attaquer de front. BREAST-BONE, s. lo sternum. BREAST-CLOTH, s. pièce d'estomac, f. BREAST-HIGH, adj. à hauteur d'appui. [m. f. BREAST-KNOT, s. nœud or échelle de rubans, BREAST-PLATE, s. cuirasse, pectoral. BREAST-WORK, s. parapet. m. [fle, m. BREATH, s. haleine, f. vie, f. respiration, sout-BREATHE, v. n. & a. respirer, vivre, prendre haleine, se reposer, exhaler, inspirer; sout-fler, ouvrir, tenir en haleine. To breatie a ven, ouvrir la veine, saigner. To breathe out, exhaler, expirer. [pir, m. Breathing, s. haleine, f. aspiration, f. sc.-[pir, m. Breathing-hole, s. soupirail, m. BREATHING-PLACE, s. repos de periode, m. BREATHING-TIME, s. relache, f. repos, m. BREATHLESS, adj. hors d'haleine, essoufile. BRED, part. adj. engendré, produit. BREE, s. taon, m. (espèce de mouche.) BREECH, s. fosses, f. cul. m. derrière, m. BREECH, v. a. culotter, mettre en culotte BREECHES, c. pl. chausses, f. culotte, f. BREED, s. race, f. une couvée. BREED, v. a. engendrer, produire, elever, pousser; v. n. s'engendrer, multiplier. BREEDER, s. fertile, qui nourrit, qui élève. BREEDING, c. l'action d'engendrer, d'elever, &c. naissance, f. education, f. BREEZE, s. vent frais, brise, f. BREZZY, adj. refraichi par les zephirs. BREME, adj. cruel, dur. severe. BRET or BURT, s. plie, f. limande, f. BRETHREN OF BROTHERS, s. pl. freres, m. pl. BREVE, s. une note enuere or blanche. Breviary, s. abrégé, m. breviaire, m. BREVIAT, s. court abregé, un extrait BREVIATURE, s. abreviation, f. BREVIER, s. petit texte.
BREVIER, s. brieveté, f. précision, f.
BREW, r. a. mélanger, alterer, machaner.
BREW or BREWIEG, s. manière de brasser; brassin de bière, m. Brewer, s. brasseur, m. BREW-HOUSE, s. brasserie, f. [quelqu'un. BRISE, s. présent donné pour corrompre BRIBE, v. a. corrempre, suborner, gagner.

BRIBERY, s. subordination, f. corruption, f.

over, amoner, attirer; to bring out, mo

BRICK, s. brique, f. petit pain. BRICK, v. a. garnir de briques. BRICKEN, v. n. se rengurger. BRICKBAT, s. pièce de brique, f. BRICK-CLAY, s. terre à brique, f. BRICK-DUST, s. poussière de brique pilée, f. BRICK-KILN, s. briqueterie, f. tuilerie, f. BRICK-LAYER, s. macon, m BRICK-MAKER, s. briquetier, m. BRICOLE, s. bricole, f.; v. n. bricoler. BRIDAL, adj. nuptial; s. noces, f. BRIDE, s. cpouse, cpousée, nouvelle mariée. BRIDE-BED, s. lit nuptial. BRIDE-CAKE, s. gateau de noces, m. BRIDE-CHAMBER, s. chambre nuptiale, f. BRIDEGROOM, s. époux, épousé. BRIDEWELL, s. maison de correction. BRIDGE, s. pout, m. chevalet. Bridge of the nose, la paroi du nes. Bridge of a comb, champ de peigue, m. BRIDGE, v. w. construire un pont. BRIDLE, v. a. brider, reprimer, refreuer; r. n. tenir la tête haute, se rengorger. BRIEF, adj. court, bref, succinct, concis. BRIFF, s. bref, m. brevet, m. extrait, m. BRIEFLY, adv. brièvement, ca bref. BRIEFERSS, s. brièvete, f. precision. BRIER OF BRIAR, s. ronce, f. eglantier. BRIG OF BRIGANTINE, s. brigantin, m. BRIGADE, s. brigade, BRIGADER, s. brigadier, m. BRIGADIER, s. brigadier, m. [min, 1 BRIGAND, s. brigand, m. voleur de grand che-BRIGANDINE, s. coue de maille, f. BRIGANTINE, c. brigantin, m. BRIGHOTE, c. poutenage, se BRIGHT, adj. brillant, éclatant : clair, évi-dent : illustre, glorieux : pénétrant. BRIGHTEN, v. a. éclaireir, polir ; éclairer, étinceler ; v. n. s'éclaireir, s'aiguiser. BRIGHTISH, adj. luisant, etincelant. BRIGHTIN, adv. splendidement, avec éclat.
BRIGHTINESS, s., lustre, m. éclat, clarié, f.
splendeur, f., pénétration, f.
BRIGUE, s. parti, m. cabale, f. faction, f.
BRILLIANCY, s. éclat, m. splendeur, f.
BRILLIANCY, s. éclat, m. splendeur, f. BRILLIANT, s. brillant, m. BRIM, s. bord, m. extremite, f. BRIM, v. a. remplir jusqu'au bord. BRIMFUL, adj. plein jusqu'au bord. BRIMMER, s. rusade, f. rougebord, m. lam-BRIMSTONE, s. souffre, m. [pee, f. Brindle, s. tavelure, f. taché, f. raie, f. Brindled, adj. tavelé, tacheté, roussure, Brine, s. saumure, f. la mer. [rayé. BRING, v. a. apporter, amener, mettre, porter, amener, mener, reduire, intenter, engagor, persuader, procurer, produire, causer, apporter, faire. To bring a woman to bed, accoucher une femme. To be brought to bed, être accouchée. To bring about, executer, effectuer; to bring again, or back, rapporter, ramener; to bring away, emporter, emmener; to break down, apporter, amener on bas, descendre ; to being forth, enfanter, mettre au monde, produire, représenter; to bring forward, pousser: to bring in, reduire, introduire, alleguer, declarer; to bring low, abattre, abanser, humilier; to bring off, degager, sauver, justifier, dissuader, detourner; to bring one on, mettre quelqu'un en jeu, le faire agir : to bring

trer, mettre en evidence, raconter, tirer, faire venir; to bring under, soumettre, a sujettir, subjuguer; to bring up, apporter, or amener en baut, elever, former, introduire, faire avancer; to bring upon, mettre or attirer mur. BRINGER, s. porteur, m. Brinish, adj. sale comme de la saumure. BRINISHNESS, s. salare, f. saumore, f. Brink, s. bord, m. extremite, f. BRINY, adj. sale, salin, amère BRISE, s. jachère, f. terre friche. BRISE, sdj. vif, gai, enjoué, spiritseux. BRISE UP, v. s. prendre un air gai. BRISET, s. bréchet, sa. (or brichet.) BRISKNESS, s. vivement, vigoureuser BRISKNESS, s. vivacité, f. activité, f. BRISTLE, s. soie de cochon, f. BRISTLE, r. a. hérisser, ensoyer; w. n. se hé-BRISTLY, adj. qui a des soies, qui a le pail BRITISH, adj. Britannique. BRITTLE, adj. fragile, frele, cassant. BRITTLERESS, s. fragilité, f. BRITTLY, udv. d'une manière fragile. Brize, s. taon, m. Вполси, s. broche (à faire rôtir la vias BROACH, v. a. mettre en perce or en broche, BROAD, s. de parent processer.

BROAD ## STORY | BROAD | BROAD | BROAD | BROAD | BROAD | BROAD | BROAD | BROAD | BROAD | BROAD | BROAD | BROAD | BROAD | BROAD | BROAD | BROAD | BROAD | BROAD | BROAD | BROAD | BROAD | BROAD | BROAD | BROAD | BROAD | BROAD | BROAD | BROAD | BROAD | BROAD | BROAD | BROAD | BROAD | BROAD | BROAD | BROAD | BROAD | BROAD | BROAD | BROAD | BROAD | BROAD | BROAD | BROAD | BROAD | BROAD | BROAD | BROAD | BROAD | BROAD | BROAD | BROAD | BROAD | BROAD | BROAD | BROAD | BROAD | BROAD | BROAD | BROAD | BROAD | BROAD | BROAD | BROAD | BROAD | BROAD | BROAD | BROAD | BROAD | BROAD | BROAD | BROAD | BROAD | BROAD | BROAD | BROAD | BROAD | BROAD | BROAD | BROAD | BROAD | BROAD | BROAD | BROAD | BROAD | BROAD | BROAD | BROAD | BROAD | BROAD | BROAD | BROAD | BROAD | BROAD | BROAD | BROAD | BROAD | BROAD | BROAD | BROAD | BROAD | BROAD | BROAD | BROAD | BROAD | BROAD | BROAD | BROAD | BROAD | BROAD | BROAD | BROAD | BROAD | BROAD | BROAD | BROAD | BROAD | BROAD | BROAD | BROAD | BROAD | BROAD | BROAD | BROAD | BROAD | BROAD | BROAD | BROAD | BROAD | BROAD | BROAD | BROAD | BROAD | BROAD | BROAD | BROAD | BROAD | BROAD | BROAD | BROAD | BROAD | BROAD | BROAD | BROAD | BROAD | BROAD | BROAD | BROAD | BROAD | BROAD | BROAD | BROAD | BROAD | BROAD | BROAD | BROAD | BROAD | BROAD | BROAD | BROAD | BROAD | BROAD | BROAD | BROAD | BROAD | BROAD | BROAD | BROAD | BROAD | BROAD | BROAD | BROAD | BROAD | BROAD | BROAD | BROAD | BROAD | BROAD | BROAD | BROAD | BROAD | BROAD | BROAD | BROAD | BROAD | BROAD | BROAD | BROAD | BROAD | BROAD | BROAD | BROAD | BROAD | BROAD | BROAD | BROAD | BROAD | BROAD | BROAD | BROAD | BROAD | BROAD | BROAD | BROAD | BROAD | BROAD | BROAD | BROAD | BROAD | BROAD | BROAD | BROAD | BROAD | BROAD | BROAD | BROAD | BROAD | BROAD | BROAD | BROAD | BROAD | BROAD | BROAD | BROAD | BROAD | BROAD | BROAD | BROAD | BROAD | BROAD | BROAD | BROAD | BROAD | BROAD | BROAD | BROAD | BROAD | BROAD | BROAD | BROAD | BROAD | BROAD | BROAD | BROAD | BROAD | BROAD | BROAD | BROAD | BROAD | BROAD BROAD-EYED, adj. qui a de grands yeux. BROAD-FACED, adj. qui a le visage large et plein, qui marche tete levée. BRO LDLY, adv. largement, amplement. BROADNESS, s. largeur, grossièreté, obscénité. BROAD-SIDE, s. bordée, f. volée. BROAD-SWORD, s. sabre, m. coutelas, m. BROADWISE, adv. en largeur. BROCAGE, S. brocart, m. (sorta d'étoffe.)
BROCAGE, BROKAGE, and BROKERAGE, a Broccoli, s. broccoli, m. [courtage, m. Broch, s. blereau, m. taisson, m. BROCKET, s. deguest, m. jeune cerf.
BROGUE, s. soulier à cordons, jargon, sa.
BROIL, s. brouillerie, f. trouble, sa. tumnite,
m. sedition, querelle, f. debat, sa.
BROIL, s. de n. griller, brûler.

BROIL, s. de n. griller, brûler. meat, grillade, f. BROKE AND BROKEH, part. adj. rosnpu, brise, casse, interrosapu, abattu, &c. Broken meat, reliefs, m. pl. graillons, m. A broken heart, un cosur brise de douleur, un cosur contrit. A broken sleep, un sommeil inter-rompu. A broken voice, une voix entre-coupée. A broken spirit, un esprit abatta. A broken language, un language corrompu, un jargon. BROKER, s. courtier, m. frippier, m. BROKERAGE. See Brocage, courtage. BRORER'S ROW, s. friperie, f. BRONCHIAL VESSELS, s. les bronches, f. pl. BRONZE, s. bronze, m. figure de brouse, f. BROOCH, s. joyau, m. ornement, m. BROOD, s. race, f. liguée, f. couvée, BROOD, r. s. couver, faire murir, menager. Brook, s. ruisseau, m BROOM, s. ca. endurer, souffrir patienament BROOM, s. genet, m. bruyère, f. balai, m. BROOM-STAFF, s. manche à balai, m. BROOM-STAFF, s. manche à balai, m.

Broomy, adj. couvert de genets.

BROTH, s. bonillon, w. consomme, m. BROTHEL, s. bordel, m. maison de débauche, BRUTHER, s. frère, m. Brother-in-laio, beau frère. Foster-brother, frère de lait. Brother's children, cousins-germains.

BROTHERHOOD, s. fraternité, f.

BROTHERLY, adj. fraternal, de frère.

BROTHERLY, ads. fraternal ement, en frère. BROUGHT, part. adj. apporté, amené, &c. Brought to brd, accouchée. [sommet, m. Brow, s. sourcil, m. from, m. hardiesee, f. Brow, r. a. border, borner, limiter. BROW-BEAT, v. a. regurder d'un air fier. BROWN, adj. brun, gris, noir, or bis. BROWNISH, adj. brunûtre, brunet. BROWNISH, and, brunter, bruner.

BROWNIES, s. couleur brune, brun, m.

BROWSE, s. brout, m.; v. a. and m. brouter.

BRUISE, s. contusson, f. meuririssure, f.

BRUISE, v. a. meururir, froisser, piler.

BRUIST, s. brait, m. nouvelle, f. rapport, m. BRUNAL, adj. d'hiver, hivernal. BRUNETTE, s. brunette, f. BRUNION, s. brugnon, m. sorte de prune. BRUNT, s. choc, m. attaque, f. desastre, m BRUSH, s. brosse, f. vergette, f. décrotoire, m. pinceau, choc violent, attaque, f. les étrivières, f. pl. queue de renard. f. broussailles, f. BRUSH, r. a. vergeter, brosser; r. n. passer rapidement; brush away, décamper, s'enfuir; break off, emporter, enlever; brush through, brosser, passer. BRUSHER, s. celui qui vergete, rasade, f.
BRUSHER, s. celui qui vergete, rasade, f.
BRUSH-MAEER, s. vergetter, m.
BRUSH-Y, adj. rude, hermé.
BRUSHY, adj. brattel, cruel, inbumain. BRUTALITY, s. brutalité, f. cruauté, f. BRUTALIZE, v. s. & n. abrutir et s'abrutir. BRUTALLY, adv. brutalement. (bête, / BRUTE, adj. & s. brute, sauvage, brute, BRUTISH, adj. propre de la brute, sensuel. BRUTISHLY, adv. brutalement. BRUTISHNESS, s. brutalité, f. insensibilité, f. BRYONY, s. (a sort of herb) brioine, f. BUS, s. sorte de bière forte. BUBBLE, s. bouteille d'eau, boules de savon, bagatelle, f. niaiserie, f. duperie, dupe. BUBBLE, v. s. bouillonner; v. a. duper. BUBBLER, s. trompeur, m. BUBBLING, s. bouislonnement, duperie, f. BUBBY, s. téton, m. manmelle, f. Buno, s. bubon, m. poulin, m BUBONOCLE, s. bubonocèle, f. [rate, m. BUCANIER, s. boucanier, m. flibustier, m. pi-Buck, s. lessive, f. daim, m. débauché, m. le mâle de certaines bêtes. Buck, v. a. laver, lessiver; v. n. être en rut. BUCK-BANKET, S. cuvier à lessive, m.
BUCKET, s. seau de cuir, m. baquet, m.
BUCKER, s. boucle, f. The touque of a
buckle, l'ardillon d'une boucle, m. Buckle, v. a. boucler, agraffer, preparer. BUCKLER, s. bouclier, m. Buckram, s. bougran, m BUCKS-HORN, (an herb) chiendent, m. Buck-thorn, s. nerprun, m. BUCK-WHEAT, s. ble sarrasin, m. ble noir. m. BUCOLICES, s. pl. bucoliques, m. pastorale, f. Bud, s. bouton, m. bourgeon, m. Bud, v. n. & a. boutonner, bourgeonner, greffer, bourger, se remuer. Budge, s. peau d'agneau, f. filou. Budge, v. n. bouger, se remuer.

BUDGE-BARREL, s. baril à poudre, se. BUDGET, s. bougette, f. une pouche de cuir, compte, m.
RUFF, s. buffle, m. peau de buffle, f.
BUFFALO, s. buffle, m. beeuf sauvage, m. BUFFET, s. soufflet, m. buffet, m. BUFFOOR, s. boulion, m. plaisant, m.
BUFFOONERY, s. boulionnerie, f.
BUG, s. punaise, f. A May-bug, hanneton, sa.
Buo or Buo-BEAR, s. fautôme, m. épouvan-Buggy, adj. plein de punaises. [tail, : Buglk, s. bosuf sauvage, bugle, f. Buglos, s. beglose, f. (herbe.) Build, v. a. baiir, construire; v. n. se Ser. Itail, m BUILDER, s. qui batit, architecte, m.
BUILDING, s. bâtiment, m. édifice, m.
BUILDING, s. bulbe, f. oignon de plante, m BULBOUS OF BULBACEOUS, adj. bulbeux. Bulgr, v. n. pencher en avant, se briser. BULK, s. masse, f. volume, m. quantité, f. bloc, m. grandeur, f. grosseur, f. BULKINESS, s. grande taille, gros volume. BULKY, adj. grand, gros, massif.
BULKY, adj. grand, gros, massif.
BULK, v. n. faire ventre, pancher en devant.
BULL, s. taureau, bulle, f. absurdité, f.
BULLAGE, s. prunelle, f. [des chiens, m.
BULL-BAITING, s. combat de taureaux avec BULL-DOG, s. espèce de dogue. BULLER, s. chènevottes, f. pl. BULLET, s. balle, f. boulet, m. BULL-FRAST, s. combat des taureaux. BULL-FLY or BULL-BEE, s. taon, m. BULL-HEAD, s. tétard, m. un lourdaud. BULLION, s. or, or argent en lingot. Bullock, s. un jeune taureau. BULLY, s. un tapageur, un bretteur. BULLY, v. s. faire le fanfaron. BULRUSH, s. jone, m. BULWARK, s. boulevard, m. bastion, nr. ram part, m. caution. f. garant, m. BULWARK, v. a. fortifier, renforcer. BUM, s. le cul, les fesses, le derrière. Bumbard, s. un gros canon, un tonneau. BUMBAST, s. bourre, f. galimatias, m. BUMBAST, v. a. battre, bourrer. BUMBASTICK, adj. ampoulé, enflé, ronflent. BUMP, v. a. ruer; v. n. s'entler, crier. BUMP, s. un coup, enflure, f. bosse, f. BUMPER, s. rasade, f. rougebord, m. Bumpkin, s. paysan, lourdaud, m. Bun, s. fouace, f. gateau, m. Bunch, s. bosse, f. tumeur, f. trousseau, m. faisceau, m. grape, f. botte, f. fagot, m. touffe, f. panache, m. houquet, m. Bunch, r. n. s'élever en bosse. BUNCH-BACKED, adj. bossu, voûte. BUNCHY, adj. bossu, noneux. BUNDLE, s. paquet, m. faisceau, m.
BUNDLE, v. a. empaqueter, inettre en paquet. Bung, s. bondon, m. tampon. Bung, v. a. boudonner, houcher avec un Bungle, s. faute, bevue, f. [bondon. Bungt.z, v. a. remplir de fautes, gâter. Bungler, s. mauvais ouvrier, un mal-adroit. BUNGLINGLY. ade. grossièrement. BUNT, s. partie qui s'enfle, creux. BUNT, r. n. enfler comme une voile. Bunten, s. un gueux. un belitre. BUNTING, s. traquet, m. (oiseau.) Buoy, s. bouee, f. [appuyer. Buoy, r. u. & n. soutenir sur l'eau, flotter, BUOYANT, adj. flottant, léger. Bur or Burdock, s. bardane; f. glouteron,

BURDEN, s. fardeau, m. charge, f. Burden of a song, le refrain d'une chauson. BURDEN, v. a. charger, embarrasser. BURDENSOME, adj. qui est à charge, incom-BURDENSOMENESS, s. poids, m. [mode. BUREAU, s. bureau, m. commode, f. BURGANOT, s. bergamote, f. (sorte de poire.)
BURGANET, s. bourguignote, f. BURGEOIS OF BURGESS, s. bourgeois, m. Burgass, s. représentant d'une communauté. BURGHER, s. bourg, m. gros village. BURGHER, s. bourgeois, m. citoyen, m. BURGHERSHIP, s. droit de bourgeoisie, m. Burglar, s. voleur, m. brigand, m. Burglary, s. vol, fait avec effraction, m. BURGOMASTER, s. bourgmestre, m. BURIAL, s. sepulture, f. funérailles, f. pl. BURINE, s. burin, m. ciseau à graver. BURLESQUE, adj. & s. burlesque, comique Burles Que, v. a. travestir, tourner en ridi-Burly, adj. replet, gros et gras. [cule. Burn, s. brûlure; v. a. & n. brûler. up, brûler, consumer, se secher; burn faint and dim, ne jeter qu'une soible lumière; burn away, se brûker, se consumer. BURNET, s. pimprenelle, f. Burning, s. brûlure, f. incendie, m. Burning, adj. brûlant, chaud, allume. Burning-ceal, charbon allume, braise, f. Burning-glass, verre-ardent. Bunnish, r. a. brunir, polir; r. n. se polir. BURNISHER, s. brunisseur, m. brunissoir, m. BURNISHING, s. brunissage, m. BURNISHING-STICK, s. brunissoir, BURR, s. meule, f. le bout de l'oreille, m. Buhrel, s. beurré, m. (poire.) BURREL-FLY, s. taou, m. pronounced ton. BURROUGH. See Borough, bourg, m. BURROW, v. n. percer la terre, se terrer. BURROW, s. terrier de garenne, m. BURSAR OF BURSER, s. boursir de college, m. Bunsa, s. bourse, place du change. Bunst, r. n. & a. crever, se crever. Burst, s. éclat, m. crevasse, f BURSTEN, part. adj. qui a une hernic. BURSTENNESS, s. rupture, f. hernie, f. BURSTWORT, s. herniaire, f. BURT, s. (a flat fish) limande, f. BURY, s. maison, f. or cour seigneuriale. BURY, v. a. enterrer, ensevelir, cacher. BURYING, s. enterrement, m. funérailles, f.pl. Burying-place, s. sépulture, f. Bush, s. buisson, m. arbuste, m. arbrisseau, m. bouchon de cabaret, m. touffe, queue de renard, f. Bush, r. n. devenir touffu. Bushel. s. boisseau, m. mesure de 3 gallons. Bushy, adj. épais, touffu, plein de buissons. Busiless, adj. sans affaires, sans occupation. Busiley, adv. avec activité, ardemment. Business, s. affaire, f. occupation, f. Busk, s. busque, m. BUSKIN, 5 bottine, f. petite botte, brode-BUSKINED, udj. en brodequins. [quin, m. Buss, s. baiser, m. petite barque. Buss, v. a. & n. baiser, se toucher. Bust or Busto, s. busie, m. Bustle, s. bruit, m. fracas, m. empressement, m. Bustlk, r. n. s'empresser, s'intriguer. BUSTIER, s. un homme intrigant. Busy, adj. affaire, occupe, empresse, actif.

cepté. But that, si ce n'étoit que. Not but that, non que. Bur, s. bout, m. limite. f. BUT-END, s. le gros bout, la crosse. BUTCHER, s. boucher, m. homme sanguinaire. Butcher's meut, viande de boucherie. BUTCHER, v. a. egorger, tuer, massacrer. BUTCHERLY, adj. cruel, sanguinaire. BUTCHERY, s. boucherie, f. massacre, m. BUTLER, s. bouteillier, m. sommelier, m. BUTLERSHIP, s. l'office d'un sommelier. BUTT, s. butte, f. but, m. botte, f. gros ton-Butt, v. a. heurter de la tête. [neau, BUTTER, s. beurre, m.; v. s. beurrer. BUTTER-BUR, s. grande-bardane. BUTTER-FLOWER, s. jaunet, m. BUTTER-FLY, s. papillon, m. BUTTER-MILK, s. babeurre, st. lait de beurre, BUTTERY, adj. qui tient de la nature du beurre. BUTTERY, s. depense, f. sommelerie, f. BUTTOCK, s. fesse, f. croupe, cimier, st. BUTTON, s. bouton, m. bourgeon, m. BUTTON-HOLE, s. boutonnière, f. BUTTON, v. a. boutomer. tien, m. BUTTRESS, s. archoutant, m. eperon, m. sou-BUTTRESS, r.a. soutenir, appuyer. Buxom, adj. obcissant, docile, gai, enjoué. Buxomly, adv. amoureusement. Buxonness, s. gaieté, f. enjouement, s. Buy, v. a. acheter. To buy and sell, trafiquer. BUYER, s. acheteur, m. acquereur. Buzz, v. a. bourdonner, divulguer. Buzz, s. bourdonnement, m. bruit, m. Buzzard, s. buse, f. busard, m. [port. Br, prep. par, de, h, au, en, près, proche, sur, suivant, selon. By course, by turns, tour a tour. By the ecsy, en passant. By the bulk, en bloc, en gros. By retail, en detail. By this time, en ce temps-ci, a-present. By that time, en ce temps-la, alors. To sit by one, s'asseoir près de quelqu'un. Hard by, tout près. By the town, près de la ville. Day by day, tous les jours, journellement. By all means, absolument. By no means, on ancone manière, point du tout. To be en aucune manière, point du tout. To be by, être présent. By and by, tout à l'heure, incontinent. By, s. upon the by, by the by, en passant. By-blow, un coup de hazard, un batard. BY-LANE, s. slice écartée. [nauté, #. By-LAW, s. statut, m. reglement de commu-BY-NAME, s. sobriquet, m. injure, f. BY-PATH or BY-ROAD, J. chemin detourne. By-PLACE, s. lieu-écarté, réduit, sa BY-PROFITS, s. pl. tour du bâton, m. le casuel-BY-PROFITS, s. vue particulière. By-noom, s. petit appartement écurté. BY-STANDER, s. specialeur, m. BY-STREET, s. rue obscure, rue détournée. BY-WAY, s. chemin de traverse, m. BY-WORKS, s. pl. bors d'œuvre, m.

C.

Buss, n. a. & n. baiser, se toucher.
Bust or Busto, s. baste, m.
Bustle, s. bruit, m. fracas, m. empressement, m.
Bustle, n. n. s'empresser, s'intriguer.
CABALISTICAL and CABALISTICE, adj. caCABALISTICAL a

CABIN, a. cabane, f. petite loge. CABIN, v. n. & a. vivre or renfermer dans ane cabane. CABINET, s. cabinet, m. armoire à tiroir, f. CABINET-MAKER. s. tourneur, m. ebeniste, m. CABLE, s. cable, m. grosse corde. CABLISH, s. brossnilles, f. pl. bois chablis, m. CABURES, s. pl. fils de carret, m. pl. CACAO, CACAO NUT, s. noix de cacao, f. CHECTICAL, CACHECTICE, adj. cacochyme. CACHERY, s. cachexie, f. cacochymie, f. CAGE, r. a. thier, faire caca. CACKLE, v. n. glousser, ricaner. CACELE, s. cri d'une poule, gloussement, m. CACELEE, s. oiseau qui glousse, m. babillard, m. CACKLING, s. gloussement, m. CACOCHYMY, s. cacochymie, f. depravation des humeurs, f. CACOPHONY, s. cacophonie, f. CADAVEROUS. adj. cadavereux, de cadavre. CADDIS, or CADE-WORM, s. ver de paille, m. CADE, s. une caque, un baril. CADE, adj. doux, prive, domestique. CADE, v. a. élever delicatement. CADENCE, CADENCY, s. cadence, f. CADET, s. cadet, m. le plus jeune. CADUCEUS, s. caducée, m. verge de Mercure, VDI, s. cadi, m. juge de paix, m. A Dij. s. cau, m. juge us paux, m. C. as. R. s. c. csure, f. repos, m. C. a. s. caque, f. baril, m. toaneau, m. C. ag. s. cage, f. volière, ménagerie, f. C. ag. s. a. encager, mettre en cage.

GAIMAN, s. caiman, m. crocodile d'América de la capitale d'América de la capitale d'América de la capitale de la CAJOLE, v. a. cajoler, enjoler. [ri CAJOLING, s. cajolerie, f. flatterie, f. [rique, m. CAISSON, s. caisson de bombes, m CAITIFF, s. un esclave, un pendard. CAKE, s. gâteau, m. pain, m. masse, f. CARE, v. n. se durcir, se former en croûte. CALAMARY, s. calemare, f. (poisson.) [m. CALAMINE, s. calamine, f. lapis calamineris, CALAMINT, s. calament, m. calamenthe, f. ('ALAMITOUS, adj. calamiteux, malheureux. CALAMITY, s. calamité, f. malheur, m. CALAMUS, s. roseau, m. canne aromatique, f. CALASH, s. calèche, f. voiture légere. CALCAR, s. fourness pour calciner, m. CALCINATION, s. calcination, f. CALCINE, v. a. & n. calciner, & se calciner. CALCULATE, v. a. calculer, compter, adap-[compte, # CALCULATION, s. calcul, m. supputation, f. CALCULATOR, s. calculateur, m. CALCULATORY, adj. qui a rapport au calcul. CALCULOSE, CALCULOUS, adj. pierreux, graveleux. CALCULUS, s. calcul, m. la pierre. CALDRON, s. chaudron, s. chaudière, f. CALEFACTION, s. calefaction, f. CALEFACTIVE, CALEFACTORY, adj. qui rend chaud. CALEFY, v. s. devenir chaud, s'échauffer. CALENDAR, s. calendrier, m. almanac, s CALENDER, s. charanson, m. calendre, f. CALENDER, v. a. calendrer, lisser. CALENDRER, s. calendreur, m. [mois. Calendrs, s. pl. calendes, f. le premier du Calenture, s. fièvre inflammatoire, f. CALF, s. veau, m. faon, m. le gras de la jambe; calf's plack, fressure de veau, f. calf's gather, or chaldron, fraise de veau. CALIBER, s. calibre, creu cilindrique.

Calico, s. toile de coton des Indes, f. CALID, adj. chaud, brulant. CALIDITY, s. chaleur, f. ardeur, f. CALIF or CALIPH, s. calife, m. CALIGINOU:, adj. obscur, noir, trouble. CALIGRAPHY, s. belle écriture. CALIVER, s. petit mousquet, pierrier, m. CALIX, s. calice d'une fleur, m. CALK, v. a. calfater, radouber, houcher. CALKER, s. calfat, m. calfateur, m. CALKING, s. calfat, m. radoub, m. Call., v. a. appeler, nommer, convoquer; call one names, diredes injures à quelqu'un; call one's game, accuser son jeu; call after one, appeler quelqu'un à haute voix; call again, rappeler, faire revenir; call alosd, s'ècrier, se récrier; call aide, tirer à côté. prendre à part; call aide, lirer à côté. prendre à part; call aide, lière sortir, emmener; call back, révoquer, rétracter, rappeler ; call for, appeler, demander ; call forth. ter; cut for, appears, urinances; cut for, faire enter, revoquer; cull off, détourner, dissuader; cull on, solliciter, sommer; cull over, appeler à haute voix; cull out, faire sortir; cull to one, appeler quelqu'un, réclamer, rappe-ler; call together, assembler, convoquer; call up, faire monter, evoquer, animer, exciter; call upon, implorer, invoquer, visiter, aller voir. CALL, s. appel, m. invitation, f. appeau, m. pommelle d'une pompe; f. ordre, m. vocation, f. emploi, m.
CALLER, s. celui or celle qui appele. CALLIMANCO, s. calmande, f. (sorte d'étoffe.) CALLING, s. vocation, f. profession, CALLIPERS, s. pl. compas pour calibrer. CALLOSITY, s. calus, m. durillou, m. CALLOUS, adj. calleux, endurci, insensible. CALLOUSNESS, s. insensibilité, f. calus, m. Callow, adj. qui n'a point de plumes. Callus, s. calus, m. cal, m. durillon, m. CALM, adj. calme, tranquille. CALM, s. calme, m. bonace. f. tranquillite, f. CALMI, v.a. calmer, appaiser, adoucir. CALMIN, adv. tranquillement, paisiblement. CALMNESS, s. calme, m. tranquillité, f. CALMY, adj. tranquille, paisible. CALOTTE, s. calotte, f. (espèce de cape.) CALOYER, s. caloyer, m. moine gree. CALTROPS, s. pl. chausse-trape. CALUMET, s. calumet, m. grande pipe. CALUMNIATE, r. a. calounier. diffamer. CALUMNIATOR, s. calomniateur, m. CALUMNIOUS, adj. calomnieux. CALUMNY, s. calomnie, f. fausse accusation. CALVE, v. n. veler, fair un veau. CALVINISM, s. Calvinisme, m. CALVINIST, s. Calviniste, m. CALL, s. chaux, f. substance calcinée. CAMBAIEU, s. dendrite, f. camateu, m. CAMBAIEU, adf. cambré, voité. CAMBRING, adf. cambré, voité. CAMBRICK, s. loile de cambrai, f. batiste, f. CAMEL, s. chameau, m. Cameleon, s. caméléon, m. CAMELEOPARD, s. caméléopard, m. CAMELOT OF CAMLET, s. camelot, m. CAMERA-OBSCURA. s. chambre obscure, f. CAMERADE, s. camarade, m. compagnon, m. CAMERATED, adj. vonte, fait en arc. CAMISADO, s. camisade, f. ausque de nuit, f CAMMOCK, s. arrête-bosuf, f. CAMP, s. camp, m.; r. n. camper.

CAMPAIGN, a. campagne, f.

Campesti-wood, s. bois de campèche, m. CAMPHIRE, a. camphre, m. (sorte de gomme.) CAMPING, s. l'action de camper, m. CAN s. bidon, m. pot à boire.
CAN s. b. m. and defective, pouvoir, & savoir.
CANALLE, s. canaille, f. populace, f.
CANALLE, s. canaille, f. populace, f.
CANALL, s. canail, m. conduit, m. passage, m.
CANARY, s. vin de Canarie, m. CANARY-BIED, un serin de Canarie. CANCEL, v. a. canceller, biffer, annuller. CANCELLING, s. cancellation, f. CANCER, c. cancer, m. un chancre. CANCERATE, v. s. dégénérer en cancer. CANCEROUS, adj. chancreux. CANDIDATE, e. candidat, m. prétendant, m. CANDIDATE, adv. ingénument, sincèrement. CANDIDHESS, s. candeur, f. ingénuité, f. CANDLE, s. chandelle, f., wax-candle, bou-CANDLEMAS, s. la chandeleur. [gie. LANDLESTICE, s. chandeleur.

CANDLESTICE, s. chandelier, m.; brenciendlestick, lustre or girandole, m. f.

CANDOUR, s. candeur, f. franchise, f.

CANDOUR, s. candeur, f. franchise, f.

CANDY, s. a. confire, faire candir; v. n.

candir; sugar-candy, sucre candi.

CANE, s. canne, f. rossau, m. bâton, m.

CANE, n. a. donner des conne de canne. CANEL, s. Cannel, f. Russen, m. Danon, ss. CANE, v. a. doaner des coups de canne. CANEL, s. cannelle, f. canelier, ss. CANEL-BONE, s. l'os du gosier, ss. CANICULAR, adj. caniculaire. CANINE, adj. caniculaire. CANISTER, s. petité corbeille; cabaret, m. CARRER, s. chancre, m. chenille, f. CANKER, v. a. & n. corrompre, se corrompre. CANNIBAL, s. cannibale, m. CANNON, s. canon; cannon-shot, coup de CANNONADE, s. canonnade, f. [canon. CANNONADE, v. a. & n. canonner. Cannonier, s. canonnier, m. CANOA, or CANOE, s. canot, m. pirogue, f. CANON, s. canon, m. statut, m. chanome, m. CANONESS, s, chanoinesse, f. CANONICAL, adj. canonique, canonical, CANONICALLY, adv. canoniquement. CANONIST, s. canonist, ss. docteur en théolo-CANONIZE, v. a. canoniser. [gie, m. CANONIZATION, s. canonisation, f. CANONSHIP OF CANONRY, s. canonicat, m. CANOPY, s. dais, m. pavillon, m. CANOPY, v. a. couvrir d'un dais. Canorous, adj. sonore, barmonieux. CANT, patois, m. jargon, m. encan, m. CANT, v. a. jargonner, tromper. CANTATA, s. cantate, f. grand air. CANTER, s. hypocrite, m. faux dévot. CANTHARIDES, s. pl. cantharides, f. CANTHUS, s. canthus, m. coin de l'œil, m. CANTICLE, s. cantique, m. hymne, m. & f. CANTING, s. langage affecte, narquois, m. CANTLE, s. morceau, m. chanteau, m CANTLE, v. a. mettre en pièces, morceler. CANTLEY, s. morceau, m. fragment, m. CANTO, s. chant d'un poeme, m. CANTON, s. canton, m. contree, f. CANTON, v. a. diviser en petites parties. CANTONIZE, r. a. diviser en cantons. CANVASS, s. canevas, m. grosse toile. CANVASS, v. a. examiner, briguer, solliciter. CANVASSING, s. examen, m. brigue, f. Canr, adj. plein de roscaux. CAP, s. bonnet, m. chapeau, m. tête, f. chouquet, m. cap de more, f. m.; cap-a-pee, de pied en cap. CAP, v. a. saluer, découvrir.

CAP-PAPEH, s. papier gris & epais, m CAPABILITY, s. capacité, f. habiteté, CAPABLE, adj. capable, propre, intelli APACIOUS, adj. spacieux, large, vaste. CAPACIOUSNESS, s. capacité, J CAPACITATE, r. a. rendre capable. CAPACITY, s. capacité, f. intelligence, f. por-tée, f. habilité, f. pouvoir, m. qualité, f. CAPARISON, s. caparason, m. CAPARISON, v. a. caparasonner. CAPE, s., cap, m. promontoire, m. le collet d'un manteau, manteau à capuchon. CAPER, s. cabriole, f. capre, f.; caper-tree, or caper-bush, caprier, st.
CAPER, v. st. cabrioles, faire des cabrioles. CAPERER, s. m. caprioter, faire des cabciel
CAPERER, s. cabrioleur, m. sauteur, m.
CAPILLAMENTS, s. pl. ctamines, f. pl.
CAPILLAMENTS, s. capitaleure.
CAPILLAMENTS, s. capitalede, f. ragout, s
CAPITAL, adj. capital, grand, principal.
CAPITALLY, adc. capitalement.
CAPITALIUS, accountation f. tamin. CAPITALLY, onc. Capitations, f. taille person-CAPITALION; s. capitale, m. [nelle. CAPITULAR, s. & adj. capitalaire, m. CAPITULAT, s. n. capitaler, traiter, conve-CAPITULATION, s. capitaletion, f. CAPON, s. chapon, m. ; v. a. chaponner. CAPOT, s. capot, m.; v. a. faire capot. CAPOUCH, s. capuchon, ss. capuce, s CAPPER, s. un bonnetier. [tade, f. CAPRICE, s. caprice, m. fantaisie, f. bou-CAPRICIOUS, adj. capricieux, fantasque. CAPRICIOUSLY, adv. capriciousement. CAPRICIOUSNESS, s. enracière capricieux. CAPRICORN, s. Capricorne, m. Capriole, s. cabriole, f. saut, m. CAPSTAN, s. cabestan, se CAPSULAR, CAPSULARE, adj. capsulaire. CAPTAIN, s. capitaine, m. chef, m. comman CAPTAINRY, s. capitainerie, f. [dant, a (dant, m. CAPTAINSHIP, s. charge de capitaine. CAPTATION, s. brigue, f. flatterie, f. CAPTION, s. arret, m. certificat, m. CAPTIOUS, edj. captieux, ambigu, querel-CAPTIOUSLY, adv. captieusement. [leur. Dear. CAPTIOUSNESS, s. humeur querelleuse, f. CAPTIVATE, p. a. captiver, charmer, capter. CAPTIVE, s. captif, m. esclave, m. CAPTIVITY, s. captivité, f. esclavage, m. CAPTOR, s. vainqueur, m. preneur, s CAPTURE, s. prise, f. capture, f. proie, f. CAPUCHINS, s. pl. capucins, m. mantel CAR, s. charrette, f. char, m. chariot, m. CARABINE, CARBINE, s. carabine, f. CARABINIER, s. carabinier, s CARRACE, s. carraque, m. gallion. CARRACULE, s. caracole, f. CARRACULE, v. s. caracoler, faire des cara-Caramosil, s. enfam**ouss**ail CARAT, s. carat, m. titre de l'or. CARAVAN, s. caravano, f. course CARAVANSARY, s. CRIEVARIETA, f. CARAWAY, s. CRIVI. CARBUNADO, s. curbonade, f. CARBUNCLE, e. escarboucle, f. charbon, m. CARBUNCULATION, e. brouissaire des plantes, ∫. CARCASS, s. carcasse, f. squelette, m. les restes, m. CARCELAGE, s. geolage, m. CARCINOMA, s. carcinome, f. ulcère, m. CARD, s. carte à jouer, f. carde à carder. CARD-MARER, s. cartier m. cardier, m.

CARD, v. a. jouer aux cartes; carder de la [CARDAMONUM, s. cardamome, m. [laine. CARDER, s. cardeur, ss. cardeuse, j CARDES, s. bardes, f. cardes, f. pl. CARDIACK, adj. cardiaque, cordial. CARDINAL, s. & adj. cardinal, principal. CARDINALATE, CARDINALSHIP, s. cardina-CARDOON, s. cardon, m. cardes, f. [lat, m. CARE, s. soin, m. souci, m. inquietude, CARE, v. a. & n. se soucier, se meure en CAREEN, v. a. carener, radouber. [peine. CARKER, s. carrière, f. course, f. route, f. CARRFUL, adj. soigneux, attentif, prudent. CAREFULLY, adr. soigneusement. CAREFULNESS, s. soin, m. attention, f. CARELESS, adj. nonchalant, negligent. CARELESSLY, adv. nonchalamment, sans soin. CARELESSNESS, s. negligence, f. inattention, f. CARESS, s. caresse, f.; v. a. caresser, flatter. CAREAN, s. un carre-four. CARGO, s. cargaison. f. charge, f. CARIOSITY, s. carie, f. pourriture d'un os, f. CARIOUS, adj. carie, pourri. CARLE, s. un rustre, un homme brutal CARLING, s. carlingue, f. or contrequille, f. CARMAN, s. cocher, m. charretier, m. CARMELITE, s. carme, m. carmelite, f. CARMINATIVE, adj. carminatif. CARMINE, s. carmin, m. rouge, m. fard, m. CARNAGE, s. carnage, m. massacre, m. CARNAL, adj. charnel, de chair, sensuel. CARNALITY, s. convoitise charnelle, f. CARRALLY, adv. charnellement, sensuelle-CARMATAL OF CARNIVAL, s. camaval, m. CARMATAL of CARNIVAL, s. camaval, m. CARMEOUS, adj. charnu, plein de chair. CARMEY. p. 4 camaval. CARBIFY, v. a. convertir en chair. CARNIVOROUS, adj. carnassier. CALNOSITY, s. excrescence de chair, f. CAROB, s. caroube or carouge, f. CAROL, s. chanson, f. noël, m CAROL, v. a. chanter, louer, celébrer. CAROTIDS, s. pl. carotides, f. pl. CAROUSAL, s. carrousel, m. course, f. CAROUSE, s. débauche de vin, f. carrousse, CAROUSE, v. n. boire, faire la débauche. CAROUSER, s. un grand buveur, un biberon. CARP, s. carpe, f. A young carp, un car-[pillon. CARP, v. a. & n. censurer. CARPENTER, s. charpentier, m. CARPENTRY, s. charpenterie, f. CARPER, s. critique, m. censeur, f. CARPET, s. tapis, m.; v. a. couvrir de tapis. CARPING. s. critique, m. ; adj. caustique. CARPINGLY, adv. malignement. CARRIAGE, s. port, m. transport, m. voiture, f. charroi, m. mine, f. air, m. Carriage for ordnance, aff ut, m.; carriage of a coach, le train d'un carrosse. [teur, m. CARRIER, s. voiturier, m. roulier, m. por-CARRION, s. charogne, f. carcasse pourrie. CARBOT, s. carotte, f. un rousseau. CARBOTT, adj. rougeâtre, poil de carotte. CARRY, v. a. porter, mener, gagner, remporter, montrer, avoir; carry in a car, charier, voiturer; carry it, l'emporter, avoir l'avantage; carry it high, le porter haut, trancher du grand; carry one's self, se comporter, se conduire; carry about one, porter sur soi; carry away, emporter, emmener; carry back, rapporter, ramener; carry before, porter devant; carry down, porter or mener en bas; carry forth or out, tirer, montrer, avancer, soutenir; carry in or into.

porter dans, faire entrer; carry off, emporter, dissiper, tuer; carry on, pousser, conduire, continuer: carry over, trans-porter: carry to and fro, porter ca et la: carry through, soutenir, faire triompher, venir à bout. CARRY-TALE, s. rapporteur, rapporteuse. CART, s. chariot, m. charrette, f. A chang-cart, un tombereau; a sling-cart, trique balle. m.; a cart-loud, charretee, f. CART, v. a. se servir d'une charrette. Cartaker, s. un vaguemestre. [seing, m. CARTE-BLANCHE, s. carte-blanche, f. blanc-CARTEL, s. cartel, m. defi, m. CARTER, s. charretier, m. voiturier, m. Cartesian, adj. & s. cartesien. CARTHUSIAN, s. chartreux, m. CARTILAGE, s. cartilage, m. tendon, m. CARTILLAGINOUS, adj. cartilagineux.
CART-LOAD, s. chartetée, f. voiture, f.
CARTOUCH, CARTRIDGE, s. cartouche, m.
CARTOUCH, CARTRIDGE, s. cartouche, m. CARTRUT, s. orniere, f. ſm. CARTRUT, s. ornière, f. [m. CARTULARY, s. cartulaire, m. serre-papiers, CART-WRIGHT, s. charron, m. CARVE, v. a. tailler, ciseler, sculpter, couper, decouper la viande, graver. CARVER, s. sculpteur, m. graveur, m. ecuyer CARUNCLE, s. caroncule, f. [tranchant. CASCADE, s. cascade, f. chûte d'eau, f. CASE, s. hoite, f. étui, m. fourreau, m. housse, cas, m. chose, f. matière, f. fait, m. sujet, m. cause. f. affaire, f. condition, f. état, m. circonstance, f. Case of battles, cave, cantine, f.; case for pens, case, f. A letter case, un porte lettres, une case (d'imprimerie.) [poser. CASE, v. a. mettre dans un étui; n. n. sup-CASE-HARDEN, v. a. tremper, endurcir. CASE-SHOT, s. mitrailles, f. pl.
CASEMATE, s. casemate, f. barbacane, f. CASEMENT, s. fenètre, f. ferrure, f. CASROUS, adj. caseux, fromageux. CASERN, s. caserne, f. logement de soldats, CASH, s. argent, m. numeraire, m. caisse. CASHEW OF CATECHU, s. cachou, m. CASHIER, s. caissier, m. banquier, m CASHIER, v. a. casser, annuller. CASING, house de vache séchée. CASE, s. baril, m. tonneau, m. casque, m. CASEET, s. cassette, f. petite boite. CASSIDONY, s. cassidoine, f. (plante.) Cassock, s. soutane, f. soutanelle, j CAST, v. a. jeter, lancer, compter, supputer, condamner, fondre, jeter en moule, exa-miner, changer, rendre, perdre; v. n. se déjeter. Cast in one's mind, considérer, méditer: cast his skin, changer de peau; cast one's nativity, dresser l'horoscope de quelqu'un. Cast about, penser or songer à ; cast against, reprocher: cast away, jeter, abandonner, ruiner, échouer, bannir; cast behind, laisser derrière; cast down, abaisser, humilier, abattre; cast forth, exhaler, répandre ; cast headlong, précipiter ; cast in or into, jeter or mettre dans; cast off, casser, renvoyer, rejeter, devancer; cast out, lacher, chasser, calculer, compter, lever, dresser. AST, s. jet, m. coup, m. vol, fonte. Cast off, rebut, m. Cast of the eye, coup d'œil, œil-CAST, s. jet, m. coup, m. vol, fonte.

lade, f.

CASTANETS, s. castagnettes, f. pl.

CAST-AWAY, s. un homme perdu; adj. inutile. | CATERWAUL, v. n. miauler, faire vacarme. CASTELLAIN, s. châtelsin, m. gouverneur de CASTELLANY, s. châtellenie, f. [château, m. CASTER, s. calculateur. m. ville forte. CATES, s. friandises, f. CASTIGATE, v. a. chatier, punir, corriger. CASTIGATION, s. châtiment, m. punition, f. CASTING, s. l'action de jeter, f. cure, f. CASTING-HOUSE, fonderie, f. CASTING-NET, épervier, m. filet à pêcher, m. CASTLE, s. château fort. CASTLE, v. n. roquer (au jeu d'échecs.) tous maux. CASTLED, adj. charge de châteaux. CASTLE-WARD, s. châtellenie. CASTLING, s. avorton, m CASTOR, s. castor, m. chapeau de castor, m. CASTRAMETATION, s. custramétation, f. CASTRATE, r. a. châtrer, couper. CASTRATION, s. castration, f CASUAL, adj. casuel, accidentel, fortuit. CASUALLY, adr. casuellement, per accident. CASUALTY, s. accident, m. hasard, m. aven-CABUIST, s. casuiste, m. [ture, eniévé. CASUISTICAL, adj. qui a rapport aux cas de conscience. CASUISTRY, s. science du casuiste, f. CAT, s. chat, m. chatte, f. Cat in the parties deserteur, f. revolte, m. transfuge, m. C. o'nine tails, fouet à neuf courroies, m. CAT's-MINT, s. pouliot sauvage, m. CATACHRESIS, s. catacrèse, J. CATACHRES, s. pl. catacombes, f. CATALOGUE, s. catalogue, m. liste, f. rôle, m. CATAMITE, s. bardache, m. CATAPIASM, s. cataplame, m. compresse, f. CATAPULT, s. catapulte, f. CATARACT, s. cataracte, f. chûte d'eau, f. CATARRH, s. catarre, m. fluxion, f. pierre infernal. CATARRHAL, CATARRHOUS, adj. catarreux. CATASTROPHE, s. catastrophe, denouement. CAT-CALL, s. sifflet, m. appeau, m. CATCH, v. a. prendre, saisir, attraper, atteindre, surprendre, decouvrir. To catch teindre, surprendre, découvrir. To catch cold, s'enrhumer; to catch a fall, tomber; to catch one's death, s'attirer la mort. Catch at, tacher de, prendre, chercher, donner; catch up, prendre, empoigner, saisir. CATCH, s. capture, f. butin, m. chumson à re-frain or à reprise, f. canon, pause, f. tein-ture, f. impression légère. To be upon the catch, être aux aguets. To lire upon the catch, vivre de butin. Catch for a hawk, leurre d'oiseau, m.; catch of a door, auneau d'une porte, m.; catch of a latch, crampon de loquet, m. Catch-bil, parasite, m. ccornifleur, m. CATCHER, s. qui prend, qui attrape. CATCHING, adj. contagieux. CATCH-POLE, s. sergent, m.
CATCH-WORD, s. réclame, f. [réponses.
CATROHETICAL, adj. par demandes et par
CATROHESE, v. a. caléchiser, instruire. CATROHISM, s. catechisme, m. instruction du CATECHIST, s. catechiste, m. CATECHUMEN, s. catéchumène, m. & f. CATEGORICAL, adj. catégorique, convenable. CATEGORICALLY, adr. catégoriquement CATEGORY, s. categorie, f. ordre, m. classe, f. CATENATION, s. enchainement, m. CATER, s. quatre, au jeux de cartes or de dés. CATER, v. a. pourvoir, faire provision. CATER-COUSIN, s. parasite, ecornifleur. CATERER, s. pourvoyeur, m. CEDAR, s. cèdre (arbre.) CATERESS, s. pourvoyeuse, f. CEDRINE, adj. de cèdre. CATERPII LAR, s. chenille, f.

CATERWAULING, s. sabbat des chats. m. tin-[tamarre, m. CATHARTICAL, CATHARTICK, adj. cethar-[dral. CATHEDRAL, s. cathedrale, f; adj. cathe-CATHETER, s. sonde, f. catheter, ss. CATHOLICISM, s. catholicité, f. facral. CATHOLICK, adj. catholique, universel, ge-CATHOLICON, s. catholicon, sa. remède CATKINS, s. pl. (cat's-tail) chatons, m. pl. CATLING, s. couteau à dissequer, m. CATOPTRICAL, adj. de catoptrique. CATOPTRICKS, s. catoptrique, f.
CAT-PIPE, s. pipeau, m. sifflet, m.
CAT's-TAIL, s. chaton, m. émouchette, f.
CATTLE, s. bétail, m. troupeau, m. CAUDLE, s. chaudeau, m. réveillon, m. CAUF, s. coffre perce, banneton, m. CAUGHT, part. adj. pris. Caught up, ravi, CAUL, s. fond de coiffe, m. la coiffe. CAULIPLOWER, s. chou-fleur, m. CAUSAL, adj. causale, causative. [cipe, m CAUSALITY, s. causalite, f. cause, f. CAUSE, s. cause, f. source, f. raison, f jet, m. lieu, m. parti, m. proces, m. Cause, r. n. causer, faire, exciter CAUSELESSLY, adv. sans cause, sans objet. CAUSELESS, adj. sans cause, sans raison. CAUSER, s. agent, m. auteur, m. CAUSEWAY, J. chaussée, f. digue. f. [rosif. CAUSTICAL, CAUSTICK, adj. caustique, cor-CAUSTICK, s. un caustique. Caustick-stone, CAUTELOUS, adj. circonspect, ruse, fourbe. CAUTELOUSLY, adr. avec precaution, avec CAUTERIZATION, s. cauterisation, f. CAUTERISE, r. a. cauteriser, briller. CAUTERY, s. cautère, m. fer brulant. CAUTION, s. prudence, f. precaution, f. CAUTION, v. a. avertir. donner avis. CAUTIONARY, adj. donné en ôtage. CAUTIOUS, adj. circonspect, prudent, aviac CAUTIOUSLY, adr. prudemment. CAUTIOUSNESS, s. circonspection, f. retenue. CAVALCADE, s. cavalcade, f. CAVALIER, s. cavalier, m. un royaliste. valier-like, à la cavalière. [libre. CAVALIER, adj. gai. cavalier, guerrier, fier. CAVALIERLY, adr. cavalièrement. CAVALRY, s. cavalerie, f. troupes à cheval. CAVE, s. caverne. f. antre, m. cave, f. CAVEAT, s. avertissement, m. empeche CAVERN, s. caverne, f. antre, m. [=. CAVERNOUS, adj. caverneux, creux. CAVERS, s. voleursdes mines, m. CAVESSON, s. caveçon, m. bridon, m. CAVIARE, s. caviar, m. caviat, m. CAVIL, s. chicane, f. sophisme, m. CAVIL, r. a. chicaner, trouver à redire. CAVILLATION, s. pointillerie, f. chicane, f. CAVILLER, s. chicaneur, m. sophiste, m. CAVILLOUS, adj. captieux, pointilleux. CAVITY, s. cavité, f. creux, m. CAW, v. s. croscer or crosser. CRASE, v. n. & a. cesser, discontinuer. CEASELESS, adj. continuel, perpetuel. Wah-out ceasing, sans cesse. CECITY, s. aveuglement. m. CKIL, r. a. plafonner, lambrimer.

CELLING, s. plafond, m. lambris. CELANDENE, s. (a plant) éclaire, f. CELEBRATE, v. a. célébrer, solemniser. CELEBRATED, adj. celebre, fameux. CELEBRATION, s. éloge, m. louange, f. célé-brité, f. CELEBRIOUS, adj. célébre, fameux, renommé. CELEBRITY, s. célébrité, f. renommée, f. CELEBRITY, s. célérité, f. vitesse, f. rapidité, f. CELERY, s. (an herb) celeri, m. CELIACE, adj. celiaque, du bas ventre. CELIBACY, s. celibat, m. vie de garçon, f. CELL, s. cellule, f. cavité, f. caveau. CELLAR, c. cave, f. cellier, m. CELLARAGE, s. caves, f. celliers m. CELLULARIST, s. cellerier, m. caviste, m. CELLULAR, adj. cellulaire, caverneux. CEMENT, s. ciment, m. lien, m. CRMENT, v. a. cimenter, affermir. CEMETERY, s. cimetière, f. CENOMITICAL, adf. cénobitique. CENOTAPH, s. cénotaphe, m. cataphalque, m. CENSE, s. taxes, f. pl. impôt, m. CENSE, r. a. encenser, parfumer. CENSER, s. encemsoir, m. CENSOR, s. censeur, m. magistrat Romain. CENSORIOUS, adj. critique, medisant. CENSORIOUSLY, adv. en censeur, en critique. CENSORIOUSNESS, s. humour critique. f.
CENSORSHIP, s. dignité de censeur, f.
CENSURABLE, adj. censurable, reprehensible. CKNSURE, c. censure, f. reprimande. f. CENSURE, v. a. censurer, reprimander. CENSURER, s. frondeur, m. critique, m. ('ENT, s. cent, m. CENTAUR, s. centaure, m. C'ENTAURY, s. (a plant) centaurée, f. CENTERARY, adj. centenaire ; s. centaine, f. CENTESIMAL, s. centième, m. CENTINADY, s. renouée, f. centinode, f. CENTO, s. centon, m. habit fait de pièces. CENTRAL, adj. central, qui est au centre. CENTRE, CENTER, s. centre, m. milieu. CENTRE, v. n. aboutir, se terminer à. CENTRIFUGAL, adj. centrifuge. CENTRIPETAL, adj. centripete. CENTRY, SENTRY, s. sentinelle, f. CENTRY-BOX, s. guérite, f. CENTUPLE, adj. & s. centuple. CENTURIATOR, s. centuriateur, m. CENTURION, s. centurion, m. centenier, m. CENTURY, s. centaine, f. centurie, f. siècle, CEPHALALGY, s. cephalalgie, f. [m. CEPHALIQUE, adj. cephalique. CERATE, s. cerat, m. CERE, r. o. enduire de cire. CERECLOTH, s. toile circe, sparadrap, m. CEREMONIAL, adj. & s. m. cérémonial. CEREMONIOUS, adj. cérémonieux. CEREMONIOUSLY, adv. avec céremonie. CEREMONY, s. cérémonie, f. formalité, f. fa-CERILLA, s. cédille, f. [con, f. [con, f. CERTAIN, adj. certain, assure, sur, quelque. CERTAINLY, adv. certainement, assurement. CERTAINTY, s. certitude, f. assurance, f. CERTIFICATE, s. certificat, m. temoignage. CERTIFY, v. a. certifier, déclarer, notifier. CERTITUDE, s. certitude, f. assurance, f. CERULEAN, CERULEOUS, adj. bleu. Cerumen, s. cerumen, m. matière jaune de l'oreille. CERUSE, s. ceruse, f. blane d'Espagne. CESAREAN, adj. cesarienne. CESS, s. (tax) taxe, f. cotisation, f.

CESS, v. a. taxer, unposer, cotiser. CESSATION, s. cessation, f. relàche, f. CESSIBLE, adj. qui cède facilement. CESSION, s. cession, f. transport, m. CESSIONARY, adj. cessionnaire CESTUS, s. ceste, m. ceinture de Venus, f. CETACEOUS, adj. cetacée, de baleine. CHAFE, v. a. & n. chauffer, echauffer, irriter, s'echauffer, s'ecorcher. CHAFE, s. chaleur, f. colère, f. emportement, CHAFER, s. escarbot, m. un poilon. Chaffer, s. paille, f. Chaffer, s. merchandise, f., v. n. trafiquer, marchander. CHAFFERER, s. marchand, m. acheteur, m. CHAFFERING, CHAFFERY, s. traffic, m. commerce, m. CHAFFERN, s. chaudière, f. CHAFFINCH, s. (a sort of bird) pinson, m. CHAFFLES, adf. same paille. CHAFFLES, adf. plein de paille. Chafing-dish, s. rechaut, m CHAGRIN, s. chagrin, m. inquietude, f. CHAGRIN, r. a. chagriner, inquieter. CHAIN, s. chaine, f. servitude, f. Cha lace, un passe-poil, cordonnet, m. CHAIN, v. a. enchaluer, mettre à la chaine. CHAINING, s. enchaînement, m. CHAIN-PUMP, s. sorte de pompe double. (HAIN-SHOT, s. un ange, m. terme d'artillerie. CHAIN-WALES, s. pl. porte-haubans, m. CHAIR, s. chaise, f. chaise à porteurs. Arm-chair, fauteuil. Privy-chair, chaise percée. CHAIRMAN, s. porteur de chaise, m. president d'une assemblée, m. CHAISE, s. chaise, f. phacton, m. cabriolet, m. CHALCEDONY, s. chalcedoine, f. CHALDER, CHALDRON, s. mesure de 36 boisseanx. Chalice, s. calice, m. coupe, ∫. [chaux. CHALK, s. craie, f. CHALK, r. a. crayonner, fumer avec de la CHALK-OUT, v. a. tracer, frayer. CHALKY, adj. plein de craie or de marne, f. CHALLENGE, s. defi, m. appel, m. cartel, m. demande, f. sommation, f. recusation, f. CHALLENGE, v. a. defier, provoquer, reclamer, sommer, recuser, accuser. CHALLENGER, s. agresseur, m. appellant. CHALYBEATH, adj. imprégné de fer, ferrée. CHAMADE, s. chamade, J CHAMBER, s. chambre, f. (une chambre. CHAMBER, r. s. libertiner, être, résider dans CHAMBER-COUNSELLOR, s. avocat consultant, m. CHAMBERER, s. libertin, m. débauché, m. CHAMBER-FELLOW, s. camarade, ... CHAMBERLAIN, s. chambellan, m. tresorier. CHAMBER-MAID, s. semme de chambre, soubrette, f. CHAMELEON, s. caméléon, m. CHAMPER, v. a. canneler; s. cannelure, f. CHAMPERING, s. cannelure, f. embrasure, f. CHAMOIS, s. chamois, s. chevre sauvage. CHAMOMILE, s. (a plant) camomille, f. CHAMP, v. a. macher, mordre. CHAMPAIGN, s. campagne, f. pays decouvert. CHAMPERTOR, s. un chicaneur. CHAMPIGNON, s. champignon, m. CHAMPION, s. champion, m. guerrier, m. CHAMPION, r. a. cener su combat. CHANCE, s. hasard, m. accident, m. CHANCE, r. n. arriver, se rencontrer CHANCEI. s. le sanctuaire, le presbytère.

[lier. || CHARLOCK, s. sorte de jaunet. CHANCELLOR, s. chancelier, m. CHANCELLORSHIP, s. la charge de chance-CHANCE-MEDLEY, s. cas fortuit, accident, sa. CHANCERY, s. chancellerie, f. CHANCRE, s. chancre, m. ulcère. CHANCROUS, adj. chancreux. CHANDELIER, s. un lustre, un candelabre. CHANDLER, s. chandelier, m. regratier, revendeur. A soax-chandler, un cirier. Cornchandler, vendeur de grains, m. CHANGE, v. a. & s. changer, echanger. CHANGE, s. changement, m. variété, change, m. échange, m. la bourse. CHANGEABLE, adj. changeant, variable, inconstant. CHANGEABLENESS, s. inconstance, f. incon-CHANGEABLE, adv. d'une manière CHANGELING, s. enfant supposé. CHANGER, s. changeur, m. CHANGING, s. changement, m. CHANNEL, s. canal, m. lit (d'une rivière), passe, f. la manche, cannelure. Channel, v. a. canneler, ciscler. Chant, v. a. chanter, célébrer. CHARTER, s. chanteur, m. chantre, m. CHANTICLEER, s. coq, m. CHARTRESS, s. chanteuse, f. CHANTRY, s. chapelle, chanterie, f.
CHAOS, s. chaos, m. confusion, f. désordre, m.
CHAP, s. fente, f. crevasse, f. ouverture, f.
gerçure, f. bajoue, mâchoire, f. CHAP, v. n. se fendre, s'ouvrir, se gercer. CHAPE, s. attache, f. crampon, m. bout, m. CHAPEL, s. chapelle, f. CHAPERON, s. chaperon, m. bonnet. CHAPITER, s. chapiteau, chef, s. CHAPLAIN, s. chapelain, m. aumonier, m. CHAPLAINSHIP, s. office de chapelain, f. CHAPLET, s. guirlande, f. chapelet, m. CHAPMAK, s. acheteur, m. chaland, m. CHAPS, s. pl. gueule, f. embouchure, f. CHAPTER, s. chapitre, m. assemblee, CHAR, s. ouvrage journalier, tâche, j CHAR, v. n. travailler à la journée. CHARACTER, s. caractère, m. lettre, f. qualité, f. témoignage de conduite, m. CHARACTERISTICAL, adj. caracteristique. CHARACTERISTICK, s. marque distinctive. CHARACTERIZE, v. a. caracteriser, peindre. CHARCOAL, s. charbon de bois, m CHARD, s. charde, f. feuille d'artichaud. CHARE, s. tache, marché, m. petite affaire. CHARGE, v. d. charger, imputer, accuser. CHARGE, s. charge, f. soin, m. dépôt, m. ordre, m. precepte, m. emploi, m. accusa-tion, f. imputation, f. exhortation, f. avis, m. mercuriale, f. frois, m. depense, f. attaque, f. fardeau, m. CHARGEABLE, adj. cher, couteux; qu'on peut accuser. CHARGEABLY, adv. dispendicusement. CHARGER, s. grand plat, un bassin; cheval de guerre or de bataille, chargeoir, m. CHARLLY, adv. soigneusement, avec écono-CHARIOT, s. cher, m. phaeton, m. (mie. CHARIOTEER, s. cocher, m. conducteur, m. CHARITABLE, adj. charitable. CHARITABLY, adv. charitablement. CHARITY, s. charite, f. bienveillance, f. CHARK, r. a. réduire en charbon. CHARLATAR, s. charlatan, m. trompeur, m. CHARLATANRY, s. charlatanerie, f. trompe-CHARLES'S-WAIN, s. la grande ourse.

ftrait,m. CHARM, s. cherme, m. enchantes CHARM, v. a. charmer, enchanter. CHARMER, s. enchanteur, m. enchant CHARMING, adj. charmant, ravissant. CHARMINGLY, adv.d'une manière charmente. CHARNEL-HOUSE, s. charnier, m. CHART, s. carie des côtes, f. [tentes. CHARTER, s. charte or chartre, f. lettres pa-CHARTERED, adj. privilégié. CHARTER-HOUSE, s. chartreuse, f. CHARTER-PARTY, s. charte-pertie, f. CHARY, adj. seignenx, econome. CHASE, v. a. chasser, poursuivre, ciscler. CHASE, s. chasse, f. foret, f. coulinse. CHASER, s. chasseur, st. ciscleur. CHASM, s. ouverture, f. creux, f. abime, m. CHASTE, adv. chaste, pudique, bonnète. CHASTEN, v. a. châtier, punir, corriger. [m.) CHASTISER, a. celui or celle qui châtie.
CHASTISER, a. celui or celle qui châtie.
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CHASTISER, a. celui or celle qui châtie. CHASTITY, s. chasteté, f. pureté, f. conti-CHASTELY, adr. chastement. [nence, f. CHASUBLE, s. chamble, f. CHAT, v. n. babiller, causer, jaser. CHAT, s. babil, m. caquet, m. CHATELLANY, s. châtellan CHATTEL, s. biens mobiliaires. [lequer. zouiller, CHATTER, v. n. caqueter, jaser, CHATTER, CHATTERING, s. babil, m. caquet, m. ramage, m. claquement. CHATTERER, s. babillard, m. causeur, m. CHATTERER, s. Denniad, ...
CHATWOOD, s. brossailles, f.
CHAW, s. bajoue, f.; r. a. mâcher.
CHAWDROB, s. entrailles, f. pl.
CHEAP, adj. à bon marche, à bas prin. CHEAPEN, v. a. marchander, faire dechesir. CHEAPENER, a marchandeur, marchan-CHEAPLY, ade. à bon marché. [deux. CHEAPNESS, s. bon marche, bas prix. CHEAT, v. a. tromper, duper, fripomer. CHEAT, s. tromperie, f. fraude, f. filouterie. f. trompeur, m. fourbe, m CHEATER, s. trompeur, m. fripos, m. CHEATINGLY, adv. par supercherie. CHECK, v. a. arrêter, reprimer, reprendre. CHECK, S. échec, m. frem, m. reprimarde, f. chagrin, m. obstacle, m. paraphe, m. CHECKER, MEQUER, v. a. marquester, bi-CHECKER, WORK, s. marquetere, f. [garret. CHECKER-WISE, adv. en échiquiex. [queté. CHECKERED, CHECKY, adj. marquete, echi-CHECKMATE, s. echec et mat, CHEEK, s. joue, f. face, f.; cheek-by tête-à-tête, m. CHEEK, s. jumelles, f. gemelles, f. chasses. CHEKKED, adj.; blub-cheeked, joursiu. CHEER or CHEAR, s. chère, f. régal, ss. courage, m. mine. f. visage, s CHEER, v. a. réjouir, égayer, animer. CHEER-UP, v. s. se réjouir, prendre courage. CHEEREN, s. joie, f. un boute-en-train.
CHEEREN, s. joie, f. un boute-en-train.
CHEERFULLY, san. gaiement, avec enjoueCHEERFULLY, san. gaiement, avec enjoueCHEERELENS, san. triste, melancolique.
CHYPHERENS, san. triste, melancolique. CHEERY, adj. gai, enjoué, agreable. CHEESE, s. fromage, m. CHEESE-CAKE, s. talmouse CHEESE-CARE, s. talmouse, f. CHEESE-CURDS, s. lait caille, m. CHEESEMONGER, s. fromager, m. CHEESEVAT, s. Aclisse, f. roud, m.

CHEESY, adj. fromageux, de la nature du CHIMMEY, s. cheminée, f. fromage. CHERISH, v. a. cherir, aimer, entretenir. CHERRY, s. cerise, f.; adj. vermeil. CHERRY-ORCHARD, s. cerisaie, f. CHERRY-PIT, s. (a child's play) fossette, f. CHERRY-TREE, J. cerisier. m. CHERRY-STONE, s. noyau de cerise, m. CHERUB OF CHERUBIM, s. chérubia, m. CHERUBICE, adj. angelique. CHERVIL, s. (an berb) cerfouil, m. CHESLIP, s. pou de cochon, m. CHESS, s. échecs, m. jou des échecs, m. CHESS-BÓARD, s. échiquier, m. CHESSMAN. s. une pièce des échecs. CHEST, s. caisse, f. coffre, m. poitrine, f. CHEST, v. s. meitre en caisse, entasser. CHEST-FOURDERED, adj. courbattu, surmeué. CHEST-FOUNDERING, s. courbature, f. CHESTRUT, s. châtaigne, f. maron, m. CHESTRUT-COLOUR, s. châtain, m. CHESTRUT-PLOT, s. châtaigneraie, f. CHESTRUT-TREE, s. châtaignier, m. CHEVALIER, s. chevalier or cavalier, m. CHEVEN, s. cabilleau, m. CHEVERIL, s. chevereau, m. pean de chèvre, ('HEVRON, s. chevron, m. HEVRONET, s. étrie, f.
CHEW, r. a. màcher, méditer, tramer.
CHIEBOUT, s. ciboule, f. ciboulettes, f. pl.
CHICANE, s. chicane, f. fausse subtilité.
CHICANE, v. n. chicaner, subtiliser. CHICANER, s. chicaneur, m. sophiste, m. CHICAMERY, s. chicanerie, f. sophisme, m. CHICK OF CHICKEN, s. poulet, m. poussia, m. CHICKEN-POX, s. peute vérole volante. CHICKEN-HEARTED, adj. peureux, timide. CHICE-FLAS, s. pots curies; ms. [ler. CHICE-WEED, s. da plant) morin, m. [ler. CHIDE, v. a. & n. groader, censurer, querel-CHIDER, s. grondear, m. censeur, m. CHIEF, adj. principal, premier, capital. CHIFF, s. chef, m. commandant, genéral, m. CHIEFLY, adv. principalement, surtout. CHIEFLY, adv. principalement, surtout. CHIEFTAIN; s. capitaine, m. champion, m. CHILBLAIN, s. engelure, f.
CHILBLAIN, s. engelure, f.
CHILD, s. enfant, m. & f. To get a soomen
with child, engrosser une femme. To be
with child, être enceinte. From a child,
des l'enfance. A god-child, un filleul or
une filleule. Grand-child, s. penit fils, m. petite fille, f. CHILD-BED, s. couches, f. pl. [ment, m. CHILD-BIRTH, s. travaild'enfant, m. enfante-CHILDHOOD, s. enfance, f. CHILDISH, ad. enfamin, puérile. CHILDISHLY, adv. puérilement, en enfant. CHILDISHLY, adv. puérilité, f. cofantillage,

CHILDLERS, only. Mans cutant.
CHILDRES, s. pl. of child, enfans, m. pl.
CHILLAD, s. wn mille, un millier.
CHILL, adj. froid, frileux,
CHILL, s. freid, m. froideur, f.
CHILL, v. s. de n. rendre fried, rendre frileux, glacer, transir de froid. leux, glacer, transir de froid. [son, m. CHILLINESS, CHILLNESS, s. froidure, f. fris-CHIMER, s. harmonic, f. carillon, m.
CHIME, v. a. & n. carillonner, convenir.
CHIMERA, s. chimère, f. vision, f.
CHIMERICALL, adf. chimerique, imaginaire.
CHIMERICALLY, ads. chimerique of the CHIMMAR OF STMAR, s. SIMBITE, f.

CHILDLESS, adj. sans enfant.

CHIMNEY-HOOK, s. croissant de cheminée, m. CHIMNEY-MONEY, s. fouage, m. Снімпеч-гівск, s. tableau de chemines. CHIMNEY-SWEEPER, s. ramoneur de chemi-CHIN, s. menton, m. ſɒėe, ₹. CHIN-CLOTH, mentounière, f.
CHIN-LOTH, mentounière, f.
CHINA, s. porcelaine de la Chine, f.
CHINA-MAN, CHINA-WOMAN, falencier, m.
CHIN-COUGH, s. coqueluche, f. tous violente.
CHINE, s. Achine, m. tchinde, f. les reins.
CHINE, v. 4. cchiner, rempra les reins. CHINK, c. feate, f. crevasse, f. lézard, f. CHINK, v. a. & n. faire sonner, tinter. CHINKY, adj. crevasse, plein de feates. CHIFT2, a.g. crevass, m. pl. Indienne, f.
CHIFT2, s. petit morceau, miette, f. échastillon, m.; chip of wood, copeau, m. plénure,
m.; chip of bread, chapelures de pain,
f. pl. CHIP, r. a. bacher, aménuiser, chapeler. CHIRARGICAL, adj. qui a la goutte. CHIROGRAPHER, s. scribe, m. ecrivain, m. CHIROGRAPHY, s. l'art d'ecrire, m. [s CHIROMANCER, s. chiromancie, f.
CHIROMANCY, s. chiromancie, f.
CHIRP, v. m. ramager, gazouiller, pepier.
CHIRP, CHIRPER, s. qui ramage, s. gazouilCHIRP, CHIRPER, s. qui ramage, s. gazouilGleur, st. CHIROMANCER, s. diseur de bonne aventure, CHIRPING, adj. rejouissant, qui rend joyeux. CHIRPING (CAL, adj. chirurgique. CHISKL, s. cissau à sculpter, m., v.a. cisseler. CHISEL-WORK, s. ciselure, f. seur, f. CHIT, s. enfant, poupon, m. petit chat, rous-CHIT, v. n. germer, pousser. CHITCHAT, s. babil, m. caquet, m. CHITTERLINGS, s. pl. boyanx, m. pl. tripas, f. pl. tripasilles, f. pl. andouilles, f. boudins, CHITTY, adj. enfantis, niais. CHIVALRY, s. chevalerie, f. fief noble, st. CHIVES, s. pl. fillets des fieurs, m. pl. CHLOROSIN, s. chiorose, f. les pales couleurs. CHOCOLATE, s. chocolat, sa CHOCOLATE-POT, s. chocolatière, f. CHOICE, s. choix, m. clite, f. triage, m. assortiment, m. variete, f. Choice, adj. choisi, trie, recherche, d'elite. CHOICELY, adv. avec soin, avec choix CHOICENESS, s. délicatesse, discernament. CHOIR, s. chœur, m. Снокк, r. a. etrangler, étouffer, suffoquer, engorger, boucher. CHOKER, s. qui étrangle, qui arrête. CHOKEN S. qui arraice, qui arraice, CHOKE-VETCH OF CHOKE-WEED.s. tigrass, f.
CHOKY, adj. suffoquant, qui étoufie.
CHOLEAGOGUES, s. pl. remèdes contre la bile,
CHOLER, s. bile, f. colère, f.
CHOLERICE, adj. bilieux, colère. CHOLERICKNESS, J. emportement, m. CHOOSE, v. a. choisir, clire; choose rather, aimer micux; choose out, trior, prendre, choisir. Сног, v. a. & я. couper, troquer. CHOP, s. tranche, f. morceau, st. cotelette, f. CHOP-HOUSE, s. petit cabaret, gargote, f. CHOPPING, sdf. gros et gras, bien nourri. CHOPPING-BLOCK, s. hachoir, st. dressoir, st. CHOPPING-KNIPE, s. couperet, si. CHOPP, s. pl. bouche, f. gueule, f. machoure, CHOPPI, adj. troue, perce. CHORAL, adj. de chosur. CHORD, s. corde d'instrument, f. or d'un arc, CHORDEE, s. chandepisse.cordée.

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Churn-staff, s. beraue à beurre, f. CHUSE or rather CHOOSE, which see.

CHYLE, s. chyle, m. le suc des alimens.

CHYMICAL, CHYMICK, adj. chimique. CHYMIST, s. chimiste, m. drogiste, m

CHYLOUS, adj. de chyle, chyleux.

CHORISTER, s. choriste, m. enfant de chœur, || CHYMISTRY, s. chimie, f. CHOROGRAPHER, s. chorographe, m. CHOROGRAPHICAL, chorographique. ('HOROGRAPHY, s. chorographie, f. CHORUS, s. chorus, m. le chœur. Сноиси, s. espèce de corneille, choucas. CHOULE, s. le jabot d'un oiseau. CHOUSE, v. a. tromper, duper. [terie, f. CHOUSE, s. dupe, f. niais, m. duperie, f. filou-CHOWTER, r. n. murmurer, grommeler. CHRISM, s. chrême, m. oint, m. CHRISOM-CLOTH, s. chrêmeau, m. CHRIST, s. Christ, le Sauveur du monde. CHRISTEN, v. a. baptiser, nommer. CHRISTENDOM, a. chretiente, f. CHRISTENING, s. bapteme, m. CHRISTEN-NAME, s. nom de baptême. CHRISTIAN, s. & adj. chrétien, m. CHRISTIANISM OF CHRISTIANITY, s. Christlanisme, m. CHRISTIANIZE, v. a. convertir. CHRISTIANLY, adv. chrétiennement. CHRISTMAS, a. noel, m.; etrebues, f. pl. tire-lire, f. Christmas-box, CHRIST'S-THORN, s. aubepine, f. CHROMATICK, adj. chromatique. CHRONICAL, CHRONICK, adj. chronique. CHRONICLE, s. chronique, f. annales, f. CHRONICLE, v. a. mettre dans les annales. CHRONICLER, s. chroniqueur, m. annaliste, CHRONOGRAM, s. chronogramme, m. [m. Chronologer, Chronologist. s. chronologiste, m. [chronologique. CHRONOLOGICALLY, adv. suivant l'ordre CHRONOLOGY, s. chronologie, f. CHRONOMETER, s. chronoinèire, m. CHRYSALIS, s. chrysalide, f. nymphe, f. CHUB, s. chabot, m. un paysan, un rustre. CHUBBED, adj. qui a la tête grosse. CHUB-CHEEKED, adj. joufflu. CHUCK, v.o. & n. imiter le cri d'une poule, chanter, donner un petit coup sous le men-CHUCK, s. le cri de la poule, soubarbe, f. CHUCK-FARTHING, s. fossette, f. [ner. CHUCKLE, v. n. & s. rire avec eclat, rica-CHUFF, s. paysan, rustre, rustaud. CHUFFLY, adr. grossierement. CHUFFY, adj. grossier, rustique. Сним, s. camarade de chambre, m CHUMP, s. gros morceau, piece, f. billot, m. CHURCH, s. eglise, f. l'office divin. CHURCH, v. a. relever une femme de couches. Снивси-воок, s. baptistère, m. Chunch-chopper, s. un revolté, un apostat. Churching, s. relevailles, f. pl. Church-lands, s. pl. biens d'église, m. pl. Church-Man, s. ecclesiastique, m. membre de l'église Anglicane, m. . [cieu. CHURCH-WARDEN, s. marguillier, m. un an-CHURCH-YARD, s. cimitière, f. CHURL, s. un paysan, un rustoud, un avare. CHURLISH, adv. rustique, grossier, avare. CHURLISHLY, adv. grossierement, brutale-CHURLISHNESS, s. rusticité, f. [ment. CHURME, s. bruit confus, m. tapage, m. CHURN, s. baratte, f. ; r. a. battre, agiter vi-

CHY

CIBOL or CIBOULE, s. ciboule, f. CICATRIX, s. cicatrice, f. CICATRIZE, r. a. cicatriser. Cichoraceous, adj. chicoracee CICURATE, v.a. apprivoiser, rendre traitable. CICURATION, s. l'action d'apprivoiser. CID, s. un vaillant homme, un béros. Cider, s. cidre, m. CIDER-HOUSE, s. cabaret à cidre, m. CIDERIST, CIDER-MAN, s. fescur or vendeur de cidre, m. Ciderkin, s. de petit cidre. CIERGE, s. cierge, m. [punpières. CILIARY, adj. ciliaire, qui appartient sux CIMETER, s. cimeterre, m. sabre, m. CINCTURE, s. ceinture, f. ceinturon, m. CINDER, s. fraisil, m. charbon éteint, m CINDER-WENCH, s. une femme de néant. CINERITIOUS, adj. en cendres CINGLE, s. sangle, f. sanglon, m. CINNABAR, s. cinabre, f. vermillon, m. CINNAMON, s. cinnamome, m. cannelle, f. CINNAMON-TREE, s. cannellier, m. CINOPER, s. cinabre factice, sa. vermilion, s. CINQUE, s. un cinq, sux des et sux cartes. CINQUE-FOIL, s. quinte-feuille, f. CIOR, s. rejetton, m. scion, m. CIPEROS, s. souchet, m. espèce de jone, f. CIPHER or CYPHER, s. chiffe, m. 2000, m. CIPHER, v. n. chiffrer, calcule CIPHERING, s. l'action de chiffrer, calcul, m. CIRCLE, s. cercle, m. rond, m. assemblee, f. CIRCLE, r. a. mouvoir en rond, limiter. CIRCLET, s. cercle, m. orbe, m. portensiene. CIRCLING, adj. circulaire, road. Circuit, s. circuit, m. contour, m. CIRCUITION, s. circuit, m. circonlocution, f. CIRCULAR, adj. circulaire, en road, borné. CIRCULARLY, adr. en forme de cercle. CIRCULATE, r. n. circuler, se mouvoir en road. CIRCULATION, s. circulation, f. CIRCULATORY, adj. circulaire. Circumambiency, s. enceinte, f. CIRCUMAMBIENT, adj. qui estoure, d'alen-. CIRCUMANBULATION, s. promenade tout as [tour, f. CIRCUNCISE, v. a. circoncire. CIRCUMCIBER, s. circonciscar, ... CIRCUMCISION, s. circoncision, f. CIRCUMDUCTION, s. abolition, f. CIRCUMPERENCE, s. circonference, CIRCUMPLEX, adj. circonflexe. CIRCUMFLUENT, adj. qui coule autour. CIRCUMPORANKOUS, adj. ambulant, vulgaire. CIRCUMFUSE, v. a. répandre autour, étendre. CIRCUMGYRATION, s. tournoisment, m. CIRCUMJACENT, adj. qui est aux environ CIRCUMLOCUTION, s. circonlocution, f. CIRCUMNAVIGATE, v. n. naviguer autour de. CIRCUMSCRIBE, r. a. circonscrire, borser. CIRCUMSCRIPTION, s. limitation, f. [limiter. CIRCUMSPECT, adj. circonspect, reserve. CIRCUMSPECTION, s. circonspection. CIRCUMSPECTIVE, adj. attentif, vigilant. CIRCUMSPECTLY, adv. prudemineut. [f. CIRCUMSTANCE, s. circonstance, f. condition, CIRCUMSTANCE, r. a. circonstancier. CIRCUMSTANTIAL, adj. accidentel, accedencel, accedencel, accedencel, accidentel, accidente CIRCUMSTANTIATE, v. c. circonstancier CIRCUMVALLATION, s. circonvallation, f. CIRCUNVENT, v.a. tromper, surpressee.

CINCUMVOLUTION, s. circonvolution, f. || CLARIFICATION, s. clarification, f. CIRQUE or CIRCUS, s. cirque, m. CIST, s. tegument, m. enveloppe, f. CISTERGIANS, s. pl. religioux de citemax, m. CISTERN, s. citerne, f. fontaine, f. CIT, s. citoyen, m. bourgeois, m. CITADEL, s. citadelle, f. forteresse, f. CITATION, s. citation; f. assignation, f. CITE, v. a. citer, assigner, alleguer. CITER, s. celui qui cite, rapporteur, m. CITESE, s. bourgeoise, f. CITHERE, s. cistre, m. CITIZER, s. & adj. citoyen, bourgeois, m. A fellow-citizen, concitoyen. CITRINE, adj. citrin, de couleur de citron. CITROF, s. citron, m. limon, m. CITRON-TREE, s. citronier, m. limonier, m. CITRON-WATER, s. citropelle, f. CITRUL, s. citrouille, f. CITY, s. ville, f. cité, f. ; adj. de ville. CIVET er CIVET-CAT, s. civette, f. CIVICK, adj. eivique, de citoyen. CIVIL, adj. civile, civilise, poli, obligeent. LIVILIAN, s. docteur en droit civil, m. CIVILITY, s. civilité, f. politesse, f. urbanité. CIVILIZATION, s. civilisation, f. CIVILIZE, v. a. civiliser, humaniser, polir. CIVILLY, adv. civilement, poliment. CLACK, s. bruit continuel, claquet. CLACK, v. n. claquer, cliqueter. 7 wool, couper la marque des brebis. CLACKING, s. cliquetis, m. claquement, m. LAD. part. adj. habille, vetu. CLAIM, s. demande, f. pretention, f. CLAIM, v. a. reclamer, pretendre, sommer. CLAIMABLE, adj. reclamable. CLAIMANT, CLAIMER, s. prétendant, m. CLAMBER, v. s. grimper, monter. CLAMM, v. a. prendre avec de la glue. CLAMMINAS, s. viscosité, f. CLAMMY, adj. visqueux, gluant, pâteux. CLAMOROUS, adj. bruyant, tumultueux. CLAMOUR, s. bruit, m. clameur, f. CLAMOUR, r. a. crier, faire du bruit or des clameurs. CLAMP, s. clamp, m. gémelle, f. CLAMP, v. a. acclamper, joindre. CLAMPS, s. pl. jumelles, f. pl. gaburons, m. pl. CLAMPS, f. amille, f. race. f. secte, f. clique, f. famille ecossoise, tribu, /. CLAN TOGETHER, v. n. cabaler, faire un parti. CLANDESTINE, adj. clandestin, furtif, caché. CLANDESTINELY, adv. clandestinement. CLARS, s. cri, m. bruit, m. son aigu. CLANG, r.a. rendre un son aigu CLANGOUR, s. son, m. fanfare, f. CLANK, s. cliquetis, m. tintement, m. CLANK, r. n. tinter, faire du bruit. CLAP, r. a. battre, battre des mains, applaudir, claquer, appliquer à, mettre sur. Clar, s. bruit, m. celat, m. claquement, m. comp, m. tape, f. chaudepisse, f CLAP-BOARD, s. douve, f. chanteau, m.
CLAP-BOARD, s. douve, f. chanteau, m.
CLAPPER, s. qui bat des mains, approbateur, m.; clapper of a bell, le battant d'une
porte : clapper of a door, le marteau d'une
porte : clapper of a mill, claquet de moulin,
m. clapper of rabbits, clapier, m. [ment, m.
CLAPER, s. battanent m. appliantisse. CLAPPING, s. battement, m. applaudisse-CLARENCIKUX, s. le second roi d'armes. CLARE-OBSCURE, s. clair-obscur, m. CLARET, s. vin clairet, m. ('LARICORD, s. claveçia. m. épinette.

CLARIFY, r. a. clarifier, éclairer. CLARION, s. clairou, m. CLARY, s. (an berb) orvale, f. [hourter. CLASH, v. n. se choquer, se contrarier, se CLASH or CLASHING, s. choc, m. cliquelis, m. CLASP, s. agraffe, f. boucle, f. CLASP, v. a agraffer, embrasser. CLASPER, s. tenon, m. tendrou, m. CLASP-KNIFE, s. couteau qui se ferme, m. CLASS, s. classe, f. rang, m. ordre, m. CLASS, v. a. ranger par classes. CLASSICAL of CLASSICK, adj. classique. CLATTER, v. n. faire du bruit, disputer ; v. a. frapper. CLATTER, CLATTERING, s. bruit, m [le bout. CLAVICLE, s. clavicule, f. CLAUSE, s. clause, article, maxime, /. la fin, CLAUSTRAL, adj. claustral. [serre, ∫. CLAW, s. argide, f. terre glaise; de la boue, CLAY, r. u. enduire d'argile. CLAYES, s. pl. claies, f. pl. CLAYISH, CLAYEY, adj. argileux. CLEAN, adj. propre, net, pur, clair, blanc. CLEAN, adv. tout-à-fait, clair et net. CLEAN, v. a. nettoyer, rendre propre. CLEANLINESS, s. netteté, f. propreté, f. CLEANLY, adj. propre, pur, innocent. CLEANLY, adv. proprement, nettement CLEANNESS, s. netteté, élégance, pureté. CLEANSE, r. a. purifier, nettoyer, écurer. CLEANSER, s. qui purifie, qui nettoie. CLEAR, udj. clair, serein, pur, net, innocent, juste, évident, clair et net, sûr. CLEAR, adr. tout-à-fait, entièrement. CLEAR, s. (in the) dans-œuvre. CLEAR, v. a. éclaireir, nettoyer, purifier, cla-rifier, purger, justifier, absoudre, vider, liquider, liberer. To clear the room, vider la chambre; to clear accounts, liquider des comptes; to clear the table, desservir.
CLEAR UP, v. n. se découveir, s'éclaireir. CLEARANCE, s. sequit, w. décharge, f. CLEARLY, udv. clairement, entièrement CLEARRESS, s. clarté, f. lumière, f. séréniu, f. mettote, f. pureté, f. CLEAR-SIGHTED, adj. clair-voyani, péné-CLEAR-SPIRITED, adj. franc, sincère. CLEAR-STARCH, v. a. empeser. CLEAVE, r. n. s'attacher, adherer, se fendre, s'entrouvrir ; n. a. fendre. CLEAVER, s. couperet, m. fendeur, m. CLEF, s. clef, f. (en musique.) CLEIT, s. feute, f. ouverture, f. crevasse CLEMENCY, s. cleinence, f. indulgence, f f. crevasse, f. CLEMENT, adj. clement, inisericordieux. CLERGY, s. clerge, m. les gens d'église. CLERGYMAN, s. ecclésiastique, m CLERICAL, adj. clerical, ecclesiastique. CLERK, s. clerc, homme d'église, un savant, secretaire, greffier, commis, m CLERESHIP, s. l'office de clerc, de commis. CLEVER, adj. habile, adroit, bien fait. CLEVERLY, adr. adroitement, bien. CLEVERNESS, s. déxtérité, f. adresse, f. habileté, f. CLEW or CLUE, s. peloton, m. CLICE, v. s. faire tictac or tac-tac. CLICKER, s. garçon de frippier, aboyeur, ss.

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CLOTH-WEAVER, s. timerand, m.

CLICKET, s. marteau, m. cliquette, f.
CLIENT, s. client, m. partie, f. protégé, m.
CLIENTED, part. adj. qui a des clients.
CLIENT or CLIENT, s. rocher escarpé, m. le pendennt d'ann allient d'internations. chant d'un colline or d'une montagne, morceau, éclat de bois fendu, m. une fente, une crevasse, clef de musique, f. CLIMACTERICK, adj. climaterique. CLIMATE, s. climat, st. region, f. pays, st. CLIMAX, s. gradation, f. CLIMA, s. gladdon, CLIMB, v. a. & n. monter, grimper.
CLIMBER, s. clui qui monte, grimpeur, m.
CLIMCR, s. climat, m. région, f pays, m.
CLINCH, c. équivoque, f. serrement, m.
CLINCH, v. a. serrer, fermer, river. CLINCHER, s. crampon, m. barque, f. CLING, v. n. se coller, se tenir, adherer. CLINGY, adj. visqueux, gluant. CLINICAL and CLINICK, adj. clinique, alité. CLINK, v. w. tinter, resonner. CLINK, s. son aigu, tintement. CLINQUANT, s. clinquant, m. faux éclat. CLIP, v.a. embrasser, rogner, tondre. CLIPPER, s. rogneur, m. tondeur, m. CLIPPINGS, s. rognures, f. pl. CLIVER, s. (sort of berb) melilot, m. CLOAK, s. manteau, m. prétexte, m. CLOAK, v. a. couvrir d'un manteau, cacher. CLOAK-BAG, s. portemanteau, m. valisc, CLOCK, e. horloge, f. What is it of the clock or o'clock, quelle heure est il? Clock of a stocking, le coin d'un bas. CLOCK-MAKER, s. horloger, m. CLOCK-MAKING, a. horlogerie, f. CLOCK-WORK, s. mouvement, m. CLOD, s. motic de terre, f. grumeau, m. CLOD, n. a. se coaguler, se cailler. CLODDY, adf. pleiu de mottes, grumelé. CLOG, s. poids, m. entraves, f. embarras, m. obstacle, m. charge, f. OLOGS, s. pl. sabots, m. patins de bois, m. claques, f. pl. CLog, v. a. charger, embarrasser, empêcher. CLOGGY, adj. pesant, embarrassant. CLOISTER, s. cloltre, m. monastère, m. CLOISTER, v. a. cloturer, enfermer. CLOISTERAL, adj. monastique, reclus. CLOSE, v. a. fermer, clorre, finir, terminer; v. w. se fermer, se rejoindre, convenir, s'ac-To close in, renfermer, enfermer, corder. To close with, s'accorder avec, en venir aux mains avec. CLOSE, s. clos, m. enclos, m. fin, f. CLOSE, adf. ferme, enferme, etroit, serre, concis, caché, secret, renfermé, compacte, plein. Close fight, une mélée. A close coat, un justaucorps. A close ball at bil-liurds, une bille collée sous bande. CLOSE, adv. de près, d'une manière serrée. To lire close, vivre avec écosomie. CLOSE-FISTED, adj. avare, taquin. CLOSELY, adv. de près, secrètement. CLOSENESS, s. choure, f. proximité, f. liaison, f. connection, f. réserve, f. secret, m. CLOSE-STOOL, s. chaise percée. CLOSETING, s. intrigues du cabinet, f. pl. CLOSURE, s. cloture, f. cloison, f. CLOT, s. coagulation, f. grumeau, m. Clot. See To Clod, se cailler. CLOT-BUR, s. bardane, f. glatteron, m. CLOTH, s. toile, f. linge, m drap, m. варре, CLOTH-ВВАМ, s. rouet de timerand, m. С'поти-нат. s. chapeau sans apprêt, m.

CLOTHE, v. a. pret. Clad, habiller, con CLOTHES, s. pl. vetement, m. habit, m. CLOTHIER, s. drapier, m. qui fait du drap. CLOTHING. s. habillement, m. vêtement, m. CLOTTY, adj. coagulé, gruncié. CLOUD, s. nue, f. nuce, f. nuage, m. veine. f. CLOUD, v. a. couvrir de nuages, ebecureir. CLOUD, v. n. se couvrir de nuages CLOUDED, part. adj. obscurci, triste, onde. CLOUDILY, adv. obscurément. CLOUDINESS, s. obscurité, f. pesanteur, f. CLOUDY, adj. sombre, couvert, nebaleax. CLOUT, s. torchon, m. brales d'enfant, f. pièce à un habit, or à un soulier, bandes de fer, f. pl. CLOUT, v. a. raccommoder, rapetamer. CLOUTED, part. adj. raccommodé, congule. CLOVER, part. adj. fends, fourthm. c. t. clove of gar-lick, gousse d'ail, f.: clove gilly flower, s. girofice musquée, f. CLOVER, part. adj. fends, fourthm. CLOVEN-FOOTED, adj. fourchu, fenda. CLOVER, CLOVER-GRASS, s. sorte de trèfe. CLOWN, s. un paysan, un rustre, un brutal. CLOWNERY, s. rusticité, f. grossièresé, f. CLOWRISH, adj. grossier, rustique, incivil. CLOWRISHLY, adv. grossièrement. CLOWNISHNESS. s. rusticité, f. grossièreté, f. CLOY, v. a. rassasier, soaler, enclouer. CLOYLESS, adj. qui ne peut rassasser. CLUB, s. massue, f. un gourdin, trèfle, m. coterie, f. société, f. rendezvous, cabale. CLUB, n. u. & u. payer son écot, se cottiser. CLUB-LAW, s. la loi du plus fort. CLUCK, v. n. clousser or glousser, appeler. CLUCKING, s. gloussement, m. CLUMP, s. bloc de bois informe, m. CLUMBILY, adv. grossierement, sans grace. CLUMBINESS, s. grossierete, f. maladresse, f. CLUMSY, adj. grossier, maladroit. CLUMS, pret. & part. of Cling. CLUSTER, s. amas, ss. essaim, grappe, f. CLUSTER, v. a. mettre en tas; v. n. crottre en CLUSTERY, adj. en grappes. CLUTCH, v. a. empoigner, serrer. CLUTCH, s. prise, f. les griffes, f. les pattes. f. CLUTCH-FIST, un gros poing. CLUTTER, s. bruit, m. fracas, m. foule, f. CLUTTER, v. n. faire du bruit. CLYSTER, s. clistère, m. lavement, m. COACERVATION, s. amas, m. tas, s COACH, s. carrosse, m. voiture. [blage, m. COACH-RIRR, s. louage de carrosse, s Coach-house, s. remise de carrosse, f. Coach-maker, s. caitossier, sa. COACH-MAN, s. cocher, m. COACT, v. a. agir de concert COACTION, s. contrainte, f. force, f. COADJUTOR, s. coadjuteur, = COAGULATE, v. a. & n. coaguler, épaissir, se coaguler. COAGULATION, s. épaississement, m. COAL, s. charbon, m. Ses-coal or Pst-coal, charbon de terre. Charcoal, charbon de bois. COAL, v. n. faire du charbon, charbonner. COAL-BLACK, adj. noir comme charbon. COALERY, s. mine de charbon, f. COALESCE, v. n. s'unir en une ma COALESCENCE and COALITION, s. rémice. COAL-HEAVER, s. un portefait de charbes

COAL-HOLE, COAL-HOUSE, s.charbonnière, f. | COAL-MAN, COAL-MERCHART, s. charbon-COAL-MINE, s. mine de charbon, f. COAL-PIT, s. trou pour urer le charbon. COALY, adj. plein de charbon. [vil. COARSE, adj. grossier, brut, épais, matériel, COARSELY, adv. grossièrement, rudement. COARSELY, sao. grossièreté, f. rudesse, f. COAST, s. côte, f. côté, m. pari, f. COAST, v. n. raser la côte, côtoyer. COASTER, s. côter, m. navigateur timide. COASTING, s. cabotage, m. COAT, s. habit, m. robe, f. jaquette, f. cotte, f. la peau, le plumage, &c. d'un animal.
COAT, v. a. couvrir, revêtir. COAX, v. a: flatter, amadouer, enjôler. COAXER, s. flatteur, m. enjôleur, m. COB, s. mouette, f. un taquin, une piastre. COBALT, s. cobalt, m. marcassite, f. COBBLE, v. a. raccommoder des souliers. COBBLER, s. savetier, m. COBWEB, s. toile d'araignée, f. COCHINEAL, s. cochenille, f. COCHLEARY, adf. fait en forme de vis. Cock, s. coq. m. le male, robinet, m. coq de clocher, m. girouette, f.; cock of hay, meule de foin, f.; cock of a water pipe, ro-binet, m.; cock of a hat, le troussis d'un chapeau; cock of a balance; aiguille de ba-lance, f.; cock of a nm-dial, style d'un cadran, m.; cock of a gun, serpentin de mousquet, m. Cock, v. a. relever, retrousser, bander, mettre en meules; v. n. se redresser. COCKADE, s. cocarde, f. COCKATRICE, s. (a sort of serpent) basilic, m. COCKERL, C. d. caresser, dorloter. [coq. Cockerl, m. jeune Cocker, s. cachet de la douane, m. acquit, Cocker, d. lassif natulans. COCKISH, adj. lascif, petulant. COCKLE, s. petoncle, f. ivroie, f. COCKLE, v. a. tourner; v. n. se rider. COCKLE-STAIRS, s. pl. escalier en spirale, m. COCK-LOFT, s. grenier, m. galetas, m. COCK-MASTER, s. celui qui dresse des coqs de combats. COCENEY, s. un badaud de Londres. COCK-PIT, s. l'endroit ou combattent les COCK'S-COMB, s. Crète de coq, f. [c COCK'S-HEAD, s. (a plant) sainfoin, m. COCK-SHUT, s. la fin du jour, la brune. Cock-sure, adj. sûr, sûr de son fait. COCKSWAIN, s. celui qui commande une chaloupe armée en guerre. Cocoa, i. cacao, m. COCTION, s. coction, f. digestion, f. Cod, s. cosse, f. gousse, f. merluche, f. Code, s. code, m. recueil de loix. CODDLE, v. a. bouillir, cuire dans de l'eau. CODDLING, s. pomme cuite dans l'eau. COLLIACE, adj. celiaque, du bas ventre. COEQUAL, adj. coegal, pareil. COERCE, v. a. retenir, restreindre, reprimer. COERCION, s. contrainte, f. violence, f. COERCIVE, adj. coercitif, coactif, reprimant. COESSENTIAL, adj. de même essence. COETANEOUS, COEVAL, adj. de même age, contemporain. COLTERNAL, adj. co-éternel. COEXIST, v. n. exister en même temps. COFFEE, s. cafe, m. Coffee House, s. un cafe.

Coffee-pot, s. cafetière, f.

COFFER. s. coffer, m. Coffer, s. coffer, coffer. COFFER, v. a: mettre en cotire, coffer.

COFFERER, s. trésorier de l'épargne.

COFFIR, s. bière, f. cercueil, st. coffer, st.

COG, s. la dent d'une roue, alluchon, st.

COG, v. a. flatter, cajoler, enjèler.

COGENT, adj. fort, puissant; pressant.

COGENTLY, adv. irrésistiblement. Coggen, s. flatteur, m. cajoleur, m. pipeur, m. Cogging, s. flatterie, f.; adjetrompeur. COGGILE-STONE, s. un petit caillou.
COGITATION, s. pensée, f. réflexion, f.
COGITATION, s. dy. pensant, pensif.
COGRATION, s. pareuté, affinité, f.
COGRATION, s. connoissance, f. conviction, f. COGNIZANCE, s. connoissance, f. marque, f. COHABIT, v. n. habiter ensemble, cohabiter. COHABITATION, s. cohabitation, f. COHEIR, s. coheritier, m. COHEIRESS, s. cohéritière, f. COHERE, r. n. convenir, s'accorder, assortir. COHERENCE, COHERENCY, s. coherence, f. liaison, suite, f. rapport, m.

COHERENT, ad; lie, mivit, consequent.

COHESION, s. liaison, f. connexion, f.

COHORT, s. conorte, f. corps de combattans, Corr, s. coiffe, f. COIFFURE, s. coiffure, f. Coil, v. a. lover, mettre en rond. COIL, s. bruit, m. tumulte, m. corde lovée. COIN, s. encoignure, monnoie, f. coin, m. COIN, v. a. battre, monnoyer, lorger. COINAGE, s. monnoyage, m. invention, f. COINCIDE, v. n. coincider, s'accorder. Coincidence, s. rencontre au même point, f. Coincident, adj. qui se rencontre. COINER, s. monnoyeur, m. inventeur, m. COIT or QUOIT, s. un palet. COLTION, s. cont, m. accouplement, m COEER, s. batelier, m. batteau de pêcheur, f. COLANDER, s. passoire, f. tamis, st. COLATION and COLATURE, s. filtration, f. COLD, adj. froid, serieux, indifferent. COLD, s. froid, m. froideur, f. froidure, f. Colding, adj. un peu froid. [rhume] Colding, adv. froidement, avec froideur. COLDNESS, s. froideur, f. COLR, s. chou. s COLEWORT, s. choux verts, m. pl. COLICK, s. colique, f. tranchées dans le veutre. Coll, v. a. accoler, embrasser. COLLAPSE, v. n. tomber ensemble, affaisser. COLLAR, s. coller, m. collet, m. Collar of iron for offenders, le carcan.
COLLAR, v. a. colleter, rouler. COLLATE, v. a. comparer, collationner, con-COLLATERAL, adj. collateral. COLLATION, s. comparaison, f. confrontation, COLLATOR, s. collaigur, m. Colleague, s. collègue, m. associé, m. COLLECT, s. collecte, f. courte prière. Collect, v. a. recueillir, lever, conclure. COLLECTAREOUS, adj. recueilli, compile. Collection, 4. collection, f. recueil, m. Collective, adj. collectif. COLLECTIVELY, adv. collectivement. COLLECTOR, s. collecteur, m. compilateur, m. COLLEGR, s. collège, m. corps, m. faculté, f. COLLEGIAL, adf. collégial.
COLLEGIATE, COLLEGIAN, s. membre d'un collégia. collége.

COLLET, s. chaton de begue, m. COLLIER, s. charbonnier, m. bâtiment char-COLLIERY, s. mine de charbon, f. COLLISION, s. choc, m. fromment, m. COLLOCATE, v. a. placer, ranger. COLLOUTION, s. entretien, f. conversation, f. COLLOP, s. tranche, f. riblette, f. poupon, m. COLLORUE, s. colloque, m. dialogue, m. COLLUBE, v. n. conniver, s'entendre avec quelqu'un. COLLUSION, s. collusion, f. COLLUSIVE, COLLUSORY, adj. collusoire. COLLUSIVELY, adv. collusoirement. Colly, s. suie, f. or noir, m. Colly, v. a. barbouiller de suie, noircir. COLLYBIUM, s. collyre, m. COLON, s. deux points (:) le gros boyau. COLONEL, s. colonel, m. Colonisi, v. a. établir une colonie. COLONY, s. colonie, f. peuplade, f. COLOPHONY, s. colophane, f. resine, f. COLOQUINTEDA, s. coloquinte, f. COLORATION, s. art de colorer, m. COLOSSE and COLOSSUS, s. colosse, m. Colossian, adj. colossal. COLOUR, s. couleur, f. coloris. m. teint, prétexte, m. enseigne, f. drapeau, m. traits, s. caractère, m. Colour, v. a. colorer, colorier, enluminer, pallier ; v. s. rougir, prendre couleur. COLOURED, part. adj. specieux, plausible.
COLOURED, part. adj. colore, peint, enlumine.
COLOURET, s. coloriste, m.
COLT, s. poullain, m; colt of an ass, un anon. COLT'S-FOOT, s. (an herb) pas-d'ane, m. COLT'S-TOOTH, s. dent de lait, f. COLUMBARY, s. un columbier. COLUMBINE, s. couleur changeante. COLUMN, s. colonne, f. pilier, m. COLUMN, s. (circle of the sphere) colure, m. COMA, s. coma, f. espèce de lethargie. Comb. s. peigne, m. crête de coq, f. rayon.

Comb-case, étui à peigne, m. une trousse. COMB-MAKER, s. peignier. COMB, v. a. peigner, se peigner, carder, se-COMBAT, v. a. & n. combattre, se battre. COMBAT, s. combat, m. duel, m. COMBATANT, s. combattant, m. champion, m COMBER, s. cardeur, m. [binaison, f. COMBINATION, s. complot, m. ligue, com-COMBINE, v. a. & n. compirer, se liguer, combiner. COMBING-CLOTH, s. peignoir, m. COMBURGESS, s. concitoyen, COMBUSTIBLE, adj. combustible. Communition, s. incendie, m. embrasement, m. combustion, f. desordre, m. Come, v. n. venir, devenir, se faire, aborder, se réduire, revenir, s'addresser, accoster, aboutir, réussir, se terminer. To come about, changer, tourner; to come again, revenir, retourner; to come after, suivre; to come along, s'en venir, marcher, to come anunder, se defaire, se desunir, &c.; to come at or by, obtenir, atteindre, parvenir à; to come away, s'en venir, se retirer; to come back, revenir; to come down, descendre; to come forward, avancer, faire des progrès; to come from, venir de ; to come in, entrer, se rendre à, se porter pour; to come in for, prétendre : to come in to, se joindre à, se-courir, consentir, condescendre : to come mess, approcher : to come mess, suivre inmediatement; to come of, venir de; to | COMMERCIAL, adj. commercial.

come off, s'ecarter, se tirer d'une affaire, tomber, déperir; to come off from, laisser, omettre; to come on, avancer, savancer to come over, se dissiper, s'en alle ; to come out or forth, sortir, deveuir public, se montrer sur l'horison, paroitre : to come out uith, donner issue, echapper, lacher : to come to, venir, parveuir, consentir, se rendre, revenir à, aboutir à ; to come together, s'assem-bler, se marier, s'unir ; to come up, monter, s'établir ; to come up to, s'approcher de, s'élever à ; to come back, revenir à ; so come upon, attaquer, surprendre. COMEDIAN, s. un comédien, un acteur. COMEDIAN, a. un comedies, in securi. COMEDIA, s. comédie, f.

COMELIN, adj. beau, bien fait, décent. COMELY, adv. avec grâce, décemment. COMER, s. venant, f. venu, m. COMET, s. comète, f. COMPIT, s. confiture; v. n. confire. COMFIT-MAKER, s. confiseur, m. confiturier, COMFORT, v. a. fortifier, consoler, soulager. COMFORT, s. secours, m. consolation, f. COMFORTABLE, adj. consolant, dour. COMFORTABLY, adv. agreablement, bien Comporter, s. consolateur, sa COMFORTLESS, adj. inconsolable, an dead COMFREY, s. consoude, f. consolida, f. COMICAL, COMICE, adj. consique, plaisant. COMICALLY, adv. comiquement, drolement. COMICALNESS, s. qualité comique. COMIRG, s. approche, f. venue, f. arrivée, f. arrivee, f. Coming, adj. prêt à venir, enclin. [générale in, revenu, m. rentes, f. [générales. OMITIA, s. les comices, f. pl. assemblées COMITIA, s. COMMA, s. virgule, f. COMMAND, s. commandement, ss. ordre, ss. autorité, f. force, f. créance, f. COMMAND, r. a. commander, ordonner. COMMANDER, s. commandant, m. hie, f. Commandery, s. commanderie, f. COMMANDMENT, s. commandement, COMMEMORABLE, adj. memorable, notable. COMMEMORATE, v. a. célébrer la mémoire. COMMEMORATIÓN, s. commémoration, COMMEMORATIVE, adj. commemoratif. COMMERCE, v. a. & n. commencer, devenir. COMMENCEMENT, s. commencement, m. COMMEND, v. a. louer, vanter. [ble. COMMENDABLE, adj. louable, recommanda-COMMENDABLY, adv. gloriousement. COMMENDAM, s. un bénéfice en commande. COMMENDATARY, s. commandataire. COMMENDATION, a. louange, f. cloge, sa. re-commandation, f. complimens, sa. COMMENDATORY, adj. de recommandation. COMMENDER, s. loueur, m. prôneur, m. Commensality, s. l'habitude de manger ensemble. COMMENSURABILITY, COMMENSURABLE-NESS, s. commensurabilité, f. proportion, f. COMMENSURABLE, adj. commensurable. COMMENSURATE, adj. proportionne. COMMENSURATION, s. proportion, f. COMMENT, v. n. commenter, gloser. COMMENT, COMMENTARY, s. commentaire. Commenter, Commentator, s. comments [trouvé. COMMENTITIOUS, adj. imaginė, inventė, co COMMERCE, s. commerce, m. traffic, m goce, m. liaison, f. correspondance, f. COMMERCE, v. n. entretenir une cort

COMMIGRATION, s. emigration, f. COMMINATION, s. commination, f. menace, f. COMMINUTE, v. a. briser, concaser, pulvéri-COMMINUTE, v. a. briser, concaser, pulvéri-COMMINUTION, e. division, f. pulvérisation, f. COMMISERATE, v. a. avoir pitté plué. COMMISERATE, v. a. avoir pitié, plaindre. COMMISERATING, adj. tendre, sensible. [f. COMMISERATION, s. commisération, f. pitié, COMMISSARY, s. commissaire, m. COMMISSION, s. brevet, m Commission, v. a. commettre, établir. COMMISSIONER, s. commissaire, m. COMMIT, v. a. remettre, confier, mettre, mettre en prison, commettre, faire. COMMITMENT, s. emprisonnement, m. COMMITTEE, s. comité, m. des commissaires. COMMITTER, s. celui qui commet. COMMIX, v. a. mêler, unir, melanger. COMMIXION, COMMIXTURE, s. melange, m. Commoditors, adj. commode, convenable. COMMODIOUSLY, adv. commodément, à l'aise. COMMODIOUSNESS, s. commodite, f.
COMMODITY, s. commodite, f. aise, f. utilite, f. dearce, f. marchandise, f. COMMODORE, s. chef d'escadre, Common, adj. commun, public, ordinaire.

The common council, comeil de ville. The common law, le droit coutumier.

man sewer, égout, m. cloaque, m.

people, menu peuple, le vulgaire.

soldier, simple soldat, fantassin. A com-Common Common COMMON, s. commune, f. commun, m. Common, v. n. avoir droit aux communes COMMONAGE, droit de pâture. [multitude. COMMONALITY, s. le peuple, le vulgaire, le COMMONALTY, s. communauté, f. corps, m. société, f. les communes, f. pl. COMMONER, s. roturier, m. membre de la chambre des communes, une prostituée, étudiant du second rang, communensal. COMMONITION, s. avis, m. avertissement, m. COMMONLY, adv. communement, ordinaire-COMMONNESS, s. fréquence, f. COMMON-PLACE, v. n. ranger sous des titres COMMONS, s. pl. les communes. [généraux. COMMONWEAL, COMMONWEALTH, s. ciat, m COMMORANCE, s. demeure, f. [repu COMMOTION, s. émente, f. sédition, f. [république. COMMUNE, v. a. conferer, parler, converser. COMMUNICABLE, adj. communicable. COMMUNICANT, s. communiant, m. COMMUNICATE, v. n. & a. communiquer. COMMUNICATION, s. communication, f. entretien, m. commerce, f. familiarité, COMMUNICATIVE, adj. communicatif. COMMUNION, s. communication, f. communion, f. Communion-cup, le calice. COMMUNITY, s. communauté, f. société, f. COMMUTABLE, adj. qu'on peut échanger. COMMUTATION, s. commutation, f. echange, f. COMMUTATIVE, adj. commutatif. COMMUTE, v. a. changer, echanger. COMMUTUAL, adj. mutuel, réciproque. COMPACT, s. pacte, m. contrat, m. COMPACT, adj. compacte, serre lie, concis. COMPACT, v. a. assembler, joindre, her. COMPACTEDNESS, s. densité, f. solidité, f. COMPACTLY, adv. avec solidité, avec préci-COMPACTURE, s. structure, f. COMPANION, s. compagnon, m. camarade, m. COMPANIONABLE, adj. sociable. COMPANY, s. compagnie, f. assemblée, f. traupe, f. bande. f. horde, f. volée, f.

COMPANY, v. a. accompagner; v. n. s'a COMPARABLE, adj. comparable. Comparably, adv. en comparaison. COMPARATIVE, adj. relatif, comparatif. COMPARATIVELY, adv. relativement. COMPARE, v. w. comparer, conferer. COMPARISON, s. comparaison, f. analogie, f. COMPARTIMENT, s. compartiment, m. COMPARTITION, s. divisiou, f. compartiment, Compass, v. a. environner, faire le tour, obtenir, venir à bout de, completer. COMPASS, s. circuit, m. tour, m. espace, m. enceinte, f. compas de mer, m. boussole, f. COMPASSES, s. pl. compas, m. COMPASSION, s. compassion, f. pitie, f. COMPASSIONATE, adj. compatissant. COMPASSIONATE, v. a. avoir pitié. COMPASSIONATELY, adv. avec compassion. Compatibility, Compatiblemess, s. com-COMPATIBLE, adj. compatible. [patibilité, f. COMPATIBLY, adv. d'une manière compatible. COMPATRIOT, s. compatriote, m. & f. COMPEER, s. compère, m. compagnon, m. COMPEER, v. a. aller de pair avec. COMPEL, v. n. forcer, contraindre. COMPELLABLE, adj. contraignable. COMPELLATION, s. apostrophe, f. contrainte, COMPELLER, s. celui qui contraint. Compendiarious, Compendious, adf. abre COMPENDIOUSLY, adv. succinctement. Compendiousness, s. brièveté, f. COMPENDIUM, s. abrege, m. epitome, m. up. COMPENSABLE, adj. qui peut être compensé. COMPENSATE, v. a. compenser, dedommager. COMPENSATION, s. compensat COMPERSATIVE, adj. équivalent. COMPETENCE, COMPETENCY, s. le nécessaire. COMPETENCY, s. (in law) competence, f. COMPETENT, adj. suffisant, convenable. COMPETENTLY, adv. suffisemment. [hle. Competently, adv. suffisemment.] COMP. : *LEPESS, s. convenance, COMPETITION, s. concurrence, f. brigge, f. COMPETITOR, s. competiteur, m. COMPILATION, s. compilation, f. recueil, m. COMPILE, v. a. compiler, ramamer. COMPILEMENT, s. amas, m. collection, f. COMPILER, s. compilateur. COMPLACENCY, s. plaisir, m. satisfaction, f. COMPLACENT, adj. complaisant, civil. COMPLAIN, v. a. se plaindre; v. a. déplorer. COMPLAINANT, s. demandeur, m. plaignant, m. COMPLAINER, s. complaignant, m. COMPLAINT, s. plainte, f. mécontentement, m. COMPLAISANCE, s. complaisance, f. COMPLAISANT, adj. complaisant. COMPLAISANTLY, adv. avec complaisance. COMPLAISANTNESS, s. complaisance, civilité COMPLANATE, COMPLANE, v. a. unir, polir. [f. COMPLEAT. See Complete. COMPLEMENT, s. accomplimement, m. per fection, f. comble, m. complement, m. le total, le complet, ornement, s COMPLETE, adj. complet, parfait, fini, accompli, entier, beau, bien fait, regulier. COMPLETE, v. a. achever, accomplir. COMPLETELY, adv. entierement, complète-COMPLETENESS, s. perfection, f. beaute, f. COMPLETION, s. accomplissement, m. Complexe, adv. complexe, compose. COMPLEX, COMPLEXEDNESS, s. assemblage. COMPLEXION, s. complexion, f. tempéra-

CONTRADICTORILY, adv. contradictoirement. | CONTRADICTORY, edj. contradictoire. Contradistinction, s. opposition. CONTRADISTINGUISH, v. n. mettre en opposition. CONTRARIETY, s. contrariété, f. opposition, f. CONTRARILY, adv. de différentes manières. CONTRABIOUS, adj. contraire, opposé. Contrabiousse, adv. autrement, au contraire. CONTRARY, adj. contraire, oppose. CONTRARY, s. le contraire; prep. contre. CONTRAST, v. a. contraster, confronter. CONTRAST, s. contraste, m. opposition, f. CONTRAVALLATION, s. contrevallation, f. CONTRAVENE, v. a. enfreindre, contrevenir. CONTRAVENER, s. contrevenant, f. CONTRAVENTION, s. contravention, f. CONTRIBUTE, v. a. & n. contribuer, payer. CONTRIBUTION, s. contribution, f. taxe, f. COSTRIBUTOR, s. contribuant, ss. qui sert à CONTRIBUTORY, CONTRIBUTARY, adj. con-CONTRITE, adj. brise, contrit. [tribuable. CONTRITE, adj. brise, contrit. [tribushle. CONTRITENESS, s. contrition, f. repentir, m. CONTRITION, s. brisement, contrition, f. CONTRIVABLE, adj. qui pout être inventé. CONTRIVANCE, s. invention, f. dessein, m. CONTRIVE, v. a. inventer, imaginer, concerter, menager, trouver, pratiquer, tramer, machiner; v. s. completer. CONTRIVER, s. inventeur, m. auteur, m. CONTRIVING, CONTRIVEMENT, s. invention, CONTROL, s. contrôle, m. censure, f. [f. CONTROL, v. a. contrôler, vérifier, censurer. CONTROLLER, COMPTROLLER, & controleur, m. [dance, f. CONTROLLERSHIP, s. inspection, f. inten-CONTROLLERT, s. autorité, f. inspection, f. CONTROVER, s. autour de faux bruits, m. CONTROVERSIAL, adj. de controverse. CONTROVERSI, s. dispute, f. different, m. CONTROVERT, v. a. disputer, débatire. CONTROVERTIBLE, adj. disputable. CONTROVERTIST, s. controvertiste, CONTUMACIOUS, adf. obt liné, désobéissant. CONTUMACIOUSLY, adv. opiniaurement. CONTURACY, CONTURACIOUSNESS, s. obstination, f. opiniatreté, f. contumace, f. CONTUMELIOUS, adj. outrageux, diffamatoire. CONTUMELIOUSLY, adv. injurieusement. CONTUMELY, CONTUMELIOUSNESS, s. Outrage, m. CONTUSE, v. a. meurtrir, faire une contusion. CONTUSION, s. contusion, f. [valescence, f. CONVALESCENCE, CONVALESCENCY, s. con-CONVALESCENT, adj. convalescent.
CONVENABLE, adj. convenable, assortissant.
CONVENE, v. a. & n. assembler, s'assembler. CONVENIENCE, CONVESIENCY, s. CORVEnance, f. CONVENIENT, adj. convenable, commode. CONVENIENTLY, adv. convenablement. CONVENT, s. convent, m. monastère, m. CORVENT, v. a. citer, ajourner, assigner. CONVENTICLE, s. conventicule, m. CONVENTION, s. assemblée, f. convention, f. CONVENTIONAL, CONVENTIONARY, adj. conventionnel, stipule, réglé par convention. CONVERTUAL, adj. conventuel: s. religieux, CONVERGE, v. s. tendre au même point. [ss. CONVERGENT, CONVERGING, adj. conver-CONVERSABLE, adj. sociable, communicatif.
CONVERSANT, adj. familier, qui converse,
versé, expérimenté, qui a pour objet.

CONVERSATION, s. conversation, f. entration familier, commerce, f. conduite, f. [cicté. Conversative, adj. qui a rapport à la so-CONVERSE, s. conversation, f. habitude f proposition, converse or contraire, f. Converse, v. n. converser, s'entretenir. Conversely, adv. reciproquement. Conversion, s. conversion, f. changement, Conversive, Conversible, adj. sociable. CONVERT, v. a. convertir; v. s. se changer. CONVERT, CONVERTITE, s. un converti. CONVERTER, s. convertisseur, m. CONVERTIBLE, adj. qui peut être change. CONVEX, adj. convexe; s. convexité. CONVEXED, part. adj. de forme convexe. CONVEXEDLY, CONVEXLY, adv. en forme con-CONVEXITY, CONVEXNESS, s. convexite, f. CONVEY, r. a. porter, transporter, transmet-tre, envoyer, introduire, conduire; convey away, emporter, faire emporter; comes out, mettre dehors, sauver; convey one's self out, se sauver, s'enfuir. CONVEYANCE, s. transport, m. voiture, f. en-voi, m. cession, f. menées sourdes. CONVEYANCER, s. un notaire. CONVEYER, s. voiturier, m. qui transporte. CORVICT, v. a. convaincre; adj. convaince. CONVICT, s. atteint et convaincu d'un crime. CONVICTED, adj. convaincu. CONVICTION, a conviction, f. refutation, f. CONVICTIVE, adj. convaincant. [stration, f. CONVICTIVENESS, s. evidence, f. demon-CONVINCE, v. a. convaincre, prouver, montrer. CONVINCIBLE, adj. incontestable. [cante. CONVINCINGLY, adv. d'une manière convain-CONVIVAL, CONVIVIAL, adj. de convive. CONVIVE, v. a. régaler, traiter. CONUNDEUM, s. jeu de mots, m. CONVOCATE, v. a. convoquer, assembler. CONVOCATION, s. convocation, f. ass CONVOLUTION, s. l'action de rouler; rouleau, CONVOY, v. a. convoyer, escorter. CONVOY, s. convoi, m. escorte, f. CONVULSE, v. a. agiter, bouleverser.
CONVULSION, s. convulsion, f. agitation vio-Convulsive, adj. convulsif. [leste, ∫. CONY, s. lapin, m.; young cony, lapereau. CONY-BURROW, s. clapier, m. terrier, m. CONY-CATCHER, s. un fourbe, un trompeur. CONT-WARREN, s. garenne de lapins, f Coo, r. s. roucouler, gemir, caracouler. Cooine, s. roucoulement, m. [seur Cook, s. cuisinier, m. cuisinière, f. rôtis-Cook, v. a. faire la cuisine, cuisiner COOKERY, s. l'art du cuisinier, cuisine, f. COOK-MAID, s. servante de cuisine. COOK-ROOM, s. foyer or cuisine d'un vais-seau, m. Cook's-shop, une rôtisserie. COOL, adj. frais, froid, indifférent. Cool, s. fraicheur, f. le frais. Cool, v. a. & n. rafraichir, se rafraichir. COOLER, s. un réfrigérant, brassin, m.
COOLING, s. rafralchissement, m. ralentiss COOLING, adj. rafraichissant. [ment, m. Coolly, adr. fraichement, de sang froid. COOLNESS, s. fraicheur, f. frais, m. Coom, s. suie, f. vieux oing, marc, s Coom or COMB, s. mesure de blé de 4 bois-Coor, s. un barrique. Seaux, m Coop, v. a. enfermer, mettre en cage.

Cooper, s. tonnelier, m.

COOPERAGE, s. tonnellerie, f. COOPERATE, v. a. cooperer, concourir. COOPERATIVE, adj. cooperant. COOPERATION, s. cooperation, f. COOPERATOR, s. cooperateur, st. COORDINATE, adj. du même ordre, égal. COORDINATION, s. égalité de rang, f COOT, s. poule d'eau, f. foulque. f. COP, s. sommet, m. cime, f. huppe, f. COPAL, s. (a sort of gum) gomme copal, COPARCENER, s. copartageant, m. coberitier, COPARCENT, s. coheritage, m. COPARTNER, s. amocié, m. collègue, m. COPATVA, s. capahu, m. (sorte de baume.)
COPE, s. calotte, f. chape, f.
COPE, v. a. & m. couvrir, faire tête à, combattre, récompenser, changer. COPIER, s. copiste, m. scribe, m. COPING, s. falte, m. chaperon, m. combat, m. Cortous, adj. copieux, abondant. ment. Coriously, adv. copicusement, abondam-COPIOUSNESS, s. abondance, f. profusion, f. Copts r, s. scribe, m. écrivain, copiste, s COPPED, adj. huppe, qui s'elève en pointe. COPPEL, s. coupelle, f. COPPER, s. cuivre, m. chaudière, f. [cuivre. COPPERAS, s. couperose, f. COPPER-COLOUR, adj. basané, couleur de COPPER-NOSE, s. nez rouge, m. nez coupe-COPPER-PLATE, s. taille douce. [rose, m. COPPER-SMITH, s. chaudronnier. COPPERY, adj. qui contient du cuivre. COPPICE or COPSE, s. taillis, m. COPPLE, CUPPLE, s. creusei, m. coupelle, f. Copse, v. a. conserver les taillis. [pler. COPULATE, v. a. joindre, unir; v. n. s'accou-COPULATION, s. copulation, f. accouplement, COPULATIVE, adj. copulatif. [m. COPY, s. copie, f. manuscrit, m. COPY, r. a. copier, transcrire, imiter. COPYHOLD, s. terre qui relève d'un fief. Copy-Holder, s. tegagoier, m. vassal, m. COQUET, v. a. & n. faire l'amour, coquette. f. Coquetterie, f. coquetterie, f. CORAL, s. corail, m. hochet de corail. CORALLINE, adj. de corail; s. coraline, f. CORANT, s. courante, f. (sorte de dance.)
CORBAN, s. tronc, m. offrande, f. CORBEL, s. corbeille, f. corbeau, m. console, CORD, s. corde, f. cordon, m. lien, m. CURD, v. a. lier avec des cordes, corder. CORDAGE, s. cordage, m. funin, m. CORDELIER, s. (a friar) cordelier, m. CORD-MAKER, a. cordier, m. feseur de cordes, CORDIAL, s. cordial, m. restaurant; adj. sincère. CORDIALITY, s. cordialité, f. sincérité, f. CORDIALLY, adv. cordialement, sincèrement. CORDON, s. cordon, m. rangée, f. CORDWAIN, s. sorte de cuire d'Espagne, m. CORE, s. le cœur, l'intérieur, le trognon. CORIACEOUS, adj. de cuir, coriace. CORIANDER, s. (a plant) coriandre, f. Corintellan, adj. Corinthian. CORK, s. liege, m. bouchon de liege, m. [liège. CORK-SCREW, s. tire-bouchon, m. CORK, v. a. boucher avec un bouchon de CORKING-PIN, s. espèce de grande épingle. CORKY, adj. de liege, fait de liege. CORMORANT, s. cormorant, m. un glouton. CORM, s. ble, m. grain, m. un cor au pied. CORN, r. a. saler, reduire en grains. CORN-CHANDLER, s. vendeur de grains, m.

Corn-cutter, s. coupeur de cor, ss. CORNEL OF CORNELIAN-CHERRY, S. COPnouille, f. CORNEL OF CORNELIAN-TREE, s. cornouil-CORNELIAN-STONE, s. cornaline, f. [ler, m. Cornects, adj. de corne, calleux. CORNER, s. coin, m. encoignure, f. angle, m. CORNET, s. cornet, m. cornette, f. corne, f. un cornette, porte étendard, m. campagne, f. CORN-FIELD, c. champ, m. terre arable. Corn-Floor, s. grenier à blé, m. CORN-FLOWER, s. bluet, m. blavet, s CORNICE or CORNISH, s. corniche, f. CORNIGEROUS, adj. cornu, ayant corne CORN-MERCHART, s. marchandde ble. CORN-ROSE, s. coquelicot, m. CORN-BALLAD, s. mache, f. doucette, f. CORNUCOPIE, s. corne d'abondance, f. CORNUTE, v. n. faire cornard, vulcaniser. CORNUTED, part. adj. cornard.
CORNY, adj. de corne, calleux, graineux.
COROLLARY, s. corollaire, st. [coro [coronal. COROBARY, s. couronne, f. guirlande, f.; adj. CORNAL, adj. coronnire. CORUNATION, s. couronnement, m CORONER, s. officier charge d'informer concernant les personnes trouvées mortes. CORONET, s. couronne de seigneur, f. CORPORAL, s. caporal, m. corporal, m. CORPURAL, adj. corporel, qui concerne le CORPURALITY, s. maierialité, f. [corps. CORPORALLY, adr. corporellement. CORPORATE, adj. uni en corps. CORPORATION, s. communaute, municipalité, CORPOREAL, adj. qui a un corps, materiel. CORPOREITY, s. materielité, f. corporeité, f. CORPORINY, n. a. corporifier, corporiser. Corps, s. corps, m. CORPSE, s. corps mort, cadavre, m. [m. CORPULENCE, s. corpulence, f. emboupoint, CORPULENT, adj. gros et gras, replet, charau, CORPUS-CHRISTI-DAY, s. sête-dieu. CORPUSCLE, s. corpuscule, m. atome, m. CORPUSCULAR, adj. corpusculaire. CORRADE, v. a. user par le frottement CORRADIATION, s. réunion des rayons CORRECT, v. a. corriger, punir, tempérer. CORRECTION, s. correction, f. châtie.

Correction, s. correction, f. châtiment, m. Under correction, sauf correction. CORRECTIVE, adj. correctif, qui corrige. CORRECTIVE, s. correctif, m. restriction, f. CORRECTLY, adv. correctement, exactement. CORRECTRESS, s. exactitude, f. CORRECTOR, s. correcteur, m. reformateur, CORRELATE, s. objet, correspondent. CORRELATIVE, adj. correlatif. CORRELATIVENESS, s. corrélation, f. correspondance, f. CORREPTION, s. réprimande, f. censure, CORRESPOND, v. s. correspondre, repondre. CORRESPONDENCE, s. correspondance, CORRESPONDENT, adj. & s. correspondant CORRESPONSIVE, adj. sortable, conforme. CORRIDOR, s. chemin couvert, corridor, se CORRIGIBLE, adj. corrigible, qui peut être CORRIVAL, s. rival, m. [corrige. CORROBORANT, adj. fortifiant, corroboratif. CORROBORATE, v. a. corroborer, fortifier. CORROBORATION, s. corroboration, f. CORROBORATIVE, adf. corroboratif, qui for-CORRODE, v. a. corroder, ronger. [tifle. CORRODENT, CORRODING, adj. corrosif, rongeant.

CORRODIBLE, adj. susceptible de corrosion. CORROSIBLE, adj. susceptible de corrosion. CORROSION, s. corrosion, f. [grinant. CORROSIVE, adj. & s. corrosif, rongeur, cha-CORRUSATE, v. a. rider, froncer. CORRUGATION, s. crispation, f. CORRUPT, v. a. corrompre, gâter, débaucher, séduire, infecter; v. n. se corrompre. CORRUPT, adj. corrompu, gaté, dépravé. CORRUPTER, s. corrupteur, m. suborneur, m. CORRUPTIBLE, adj. corruptibilite, f. CORRUPTION, s. corruption, f. pourriture, f. pus, m. matiere, f. depravation, f. CORRUPTIVE, adj. pestilentiel, qui corrompt. CORRUPTLESS, adj. incorruptible, inaltérable. CORRUPTLY, adv. d'une manière corrompue. CORRUSCANT, ady. brillant, resplendissant. CORRUSCATION, s. éclat, m. lueur, f. CORSAIR, s. corsaire, m. pirate, m. CORSE-PRESENT, s. present mortuaire, m. CORSLET, CORSELET, s. corselet, m. cuiresse, m. CORTICAL, adj. cortical, de l'écorce. CORYMBUS, s. corymbe, f. COSECANT, s. cosecante, f. COSINE, s. co-sinus, m. COSMETICE, adj. cosmétique, qui embellit. COSMETICES, s. pl. cosmetiques, m. Cosmical, adj. qui a rapport au monde. COSMICALLY, adr. avec le soleil. COSMOGRAPHER, s. cosmographe, m. Cosmography, s. cosmographie, f. COSMOPOLITAN, COSMOPOLITE, s. COSMOpolite, m. Cosset, s. agneau, veau, &c. élevé sans la Cost, v. n. coûter. Cost, s. frais, m. depens, m. depense, j Costar, adj. qui appartient aux côtes. Costard, s. la tête; espèce de pomme ronde. Costive, adj. constipé, d'un tissu serré. COSTIVENESS, s. constipation. COSTLIBESS, s. somptuosité, f. grande dé-Costly, adj. cher, dispendieux, somptueux. Costrel, s. bouteille, f. flacon, m. Cot, s. cabane, f. hutte, f. étable, f. COTANGENT, s. cotangente, f. COTEMPORARY, adj. contemporain. COTQUEAN, s. un jocrisse, un tâte-poule. COTTAGE, s. cabane, f. chaumière, f. COTTAGER, s. qui demeure dans une cabane. COTTON, s. coton, m. toile de coton, f. COTTON-TREE, s. cotonnier, m. COTTON, r. n. se cotonner, s'accorder. Couch, v. n. & a. se coucher, coucher. COUCH, s. couchette, f. couche, f. COUCHANT, adj. couche, couchant. COUCH-GRASS, s. (an herb) chiendent, m. Cough, s. toux, f. Church-yard cough, toux mortelle. Cough, r. n. tousser. COUGH OUT, v. a. rendre en toussant, expec-COUGHER, s. tousseur, m. [torer. COUGHING, s. l'action de tousser, toux, f. Coul, s. une cuve, une cuvette. COULD, I COULD, je pouvois, je pourrois. COULTER, s. soc de charrue, m. [blée [blée, f. COUNCIL, s. conseil, m. concile, m. COUNCIL-BOARD, s. table du conseil, f. COUNCIL-CHAMBER, s. chambre du conseil, f. Counsel, s. conseil, m. avis, m. deliberation.

COUNSEL, v. q. conseiller, donner conseil. COUNSELLABLE, adj. qui prend volontier. COUNSELLOR, s. conseiller, m. [conseil [conseil COUNT, r. a. compter, calculer, estimer. COUNT, v. n. compter, faire fond sur. COUNT, s. calcul. m. compte, m. un con (titre), demande, f. declaration. COUNTABLE, adj. qui peut être compté. COUNTENANCE, s. contenance, f. air, m. mine, f. appui, m. soutien, m. COUNTENANCE, v. a. favoriser, appuyer. COUNTENANCER, s. protecteur, m. fauteur, m. COUNTER, s. jeton, m. comptoir, m. Counter, adv. contre, en opposition COUNTERACT, v. a. agir contre, contrarier. COUNTERBALANCE, v. a. contre-balancer. COUNTERBALANCE, s. contre-poids, m. COUNTER-BATTERY, s. contre-batterie, f. COUNTER-BOND, s. obligation, f. rance, f. COUNTER-CHANGE, s. echange, sa.; c. c. échanger. COUNTER-CHARGE, s. recrimination, f. COUNTER-CHECK, v. a. contre-carrer, o COUNTER-CHECK, s. opposition, f. COUNTER-CUNNING, s. contre-ruse, f. COUNTER-CURRENT, s. courant contraire, ss. COUNTER-DISTINCTION, s. par opposition. COUNTER-DRAW, v. a. contre-tirer COUNTER-EVIDENCE, s. témoignage contraire. COUNTERFEIT, v. a. contrefaire, imiter, feindre, controuver, supposer, forger. COUNTERFEIT, adj. contrefait, forge, sepposé. Counterfeit, s. fourbe, m. fourberie, f. Counterfeiter, s. faussaire, m. Counterfeitly, adv. avec deguisement, faussement. COUNTERFOIL, s. contre taille, f. COUNTERFUGUE, s. contrefugue. [loppe, f. Counter-guard, s. contre-garde, enve COUNTER-LATH, s. contre-latte, f.; v. a. contre-latter. Counter-light, s. contre-jour, sa COUNTERMAND, v. a. contremander. COUNTERMAND, s. contre-ordre, m. nullité, f. COUNTER-MARCH, v. a. revenir sur ses pas. COUNTER-MARCH, s. contre-marche, f. COUNTER-MARK, s. contre-marque, f. ; v. s. contre-marquer. Counter-mine, s. contre-mine, f.; v. a. contre-miner. Counter-miner, s. contre-mineur, m. COUNTER-MURE, s. contre-mus, m. COUNTER-NATURAL, adj. contre-nature. COUNTER-PACE, s. mesure opposée. COUNTERPANE, s. courte-pointe, f. couver-ture de lit piquée, f. COUNTERPART, s. double, ss. copie, f. contre-partie, f. COUNTER-PLEA, s. opposition à produire, f. COUNTER-PLOT, v. m. opposer une run COUNTER-PLOT, s. contre-ruse, f. COUNTER-POINT, s. (in musick) contre-point, COUNTERPOISE, v. a. contre-peser. COUNTERPOISE, s. contre-poids, equilibre, s. COUNTER-POISON, s. contre-poison, m. COUNTER-RAIL, s. double balustrade, f. COUNTER-ROUND, s. contre-ronde, Counterscarp, s. contrescarpe, f.; e. a. contrescarper. COUNTER-SIGN, r. a. contre-signer; s. con tre-seing, m.

COUNTER-TALLY, s. contre-taille, f. COUNTER-TENOR, s. haute-contre, f. COURTER-TIME, s. opposition, f. COUNTERVAIL, v. a. egaler, compenser. COUNTERVAIL, s. equilibre, m. compensation, f. COUNTER-VIEW, s. opposition, f. contraste, COUNTERWORK, v. a. contre-miner. Countass, s. comiesse, femme d'un comie. COUNTING-HOUSE, s. comptoir d'un négociant, m. COUNTLESS, adj. innombrable.
COUNTRY, s. courée, f. pays, m. région, f. champ, m. campagne, f. patrie, f. COUNTRY, adj. rustique, campagnard, champètre; countryman, un paysan, un villa-geois; country dance, contre-danse, f.; country squire, un gentilhomme campa-gnard; country house, une maison de cam-pagne; country life, une vie champêtre. COUNTY, s. comie, m. Course, s. (a step in dancing) coupe, m. COUPLE, s. couple, m. & f. paire, f. Couple, v. a. & n. coupler, joindre ensemble, accoupler, s'accoupler, marier et se marier. COUPLET, s. deux vers rimés. COURAGE, s. courage, m. intrepidite, f. COURAGEOUS, adj. courageux, hardi. COURAGEOUSLY, adr. courageusement. COURANT, s. courante, gazette, J COURIER, s. un courier, un expres. COURIER, s. un courier, un expres.
COURSE, s. cours, m. course, f. carrière, f.
ordre, m. tour, m. rang, m. suite, f. coutume, f. train, m. procéde, m. conduite, f.
méthode. f. moyen, m. voie, f. mesure, f. withde, f. ram, m. procest; m. containt, f. mosure, f. woile, f. route, f. service, m. Course of humours, fluxion, f.; course of stones, parement de muraille, m. assise de pierres, f.: courses of stones, règles or mois des semmes, f. m. Of course, ordinaire, ordin nairement. (sant. COURSE, v. a. courre, courir, forcer en chas-COURSER, s. coursier, m. chasseur, m. COURT, s. cour, f. jurisdiction, f. Court-ba-ron, cour foncière. Court-leet, cour fon-Court-bacière qui regarde proprement les offenses. COURT, v. a. courtiser, faire la cour or l'amour, flatter, briguer, solliciter, COURT-CARD, s. carte figurée, f. figure, f. COURTEOUS, adj. affable, honnète, civil. Courteous reader, ami lecteur, bénévole. COURTEOUSLY, adc. poliment, civilement. COURTEOUSNESS, s. courtoisie, f. civilité, f. COURTESAN OF COURTEZAN, s. courtisane COURTESY, s. courtoisie, f. affabilité, f. politesse, f. honnêteté, f. grâce, f. COURTESY, v. n. faire la révérence. COURTIER, s. courtisan, m. homme de cour. COURTINE, s. courtine, f. rideau, m. COURTLINE, adj. poli, elegant. COURTLINESS, s. elégance, f. grâces, f. pl. COURTLY, adj. poli, comme un homme de COURTSHIP, s. cour, f. civilité, f. [cour. COUSIN, s. cousin, m. cousine, f. COVE, s. crique, f. couver, m. boulin, m. COVENANT, s. contrat, m. convention, f. COVENANT, v. n. convenir, contracter. COVERANTEE, s. partie contractante. COVERANTER, s. ligueur, m. Cromwelliste, m. COVEROUS, adj. frauduleux, trompeur. COVER, v. a. couvrir, celer, cacher, voiler, déguiser, couver, s'accoupler, remplir.
COVER, s. couvercle, m. couverture, f. en-

veloppe, f. abri, m. couvert, m. couvert de table; couvreplat, m. pretexte, m. voile, m. masque, m. COVERING, s. couverture, f.
COVERLET, s. couverture de lit, f. couverture de parade, f. COVER-SLUT, s. une fausse-manche. COVERT, s. couvert, m. abri, m. asile, m. re-traite, f. lieu couvert d'arbres ; fort, m. COVERT, adj. à couvert, à l'abri, caché, secret, en puissance de mari, mariée. COVERTLY, aslv. en secret, secrètement. COVERTURE, s. abri, m. défense, f. protection, f. COVERT-WAY, s. chemin couvert. COVET, v. a. convoiter, ambitionner, ; v. n. COVETABLE, adj. desirable. Coverous, adj. avide, passionne, avare. COVETOUSLY, adv. avec avarice, sordidement. COVETOUSNESS, s. avarice, f. convoitise, f. Covey, s. une couvée, une volée d'oiseaux. COVIN or COVINE, s. collusion, f. fraude, f. Cow, s. vache, f. A milch-cow, une vache à lait, une dupe. Cow, v. a. intimider, épouvanter. Coward, s. lache, m. poltron, m. COWARDICE, COWARDLINESS, s. poltronnerie, f. COWARDLY, adj. poltron, m. lache; adv. làchement. Cower, v. n. se baisser, se courber. Cow-HERD, Cow-KEEPER, s. vacher, m. Cow-House, s. étable à vaches, f. COW-LEECH, s. celui qui guérit les vaches malades. Cowr., s. capuce, m. capuchon. Cowslip, s. primevère, f. primerolle, f. Coxcomb, s. crète de coq, f. un sot. COXCOMICAL, adj. sot, impertment, faquin. Co v, adj. modeste, reserve, retenu. Cov. v. n. se comporter avec reserve. Cov. v. adv. avec reserve, precieusement. COYNESS, s. retenue, f. reserve, f. pruderie, f. Coz, s. cousin, cousine. Cozen, v. a. tromper, duper, cajoler. COZENAGE, s. fraude, f. fourberie, f. COZENER, s. trompeur, m. fourbe, m. CRAB, s. crabe, f. cancre, m. l'ecrevisse, f. Crab-tree, pominier sauvage, m. CRAB, adj. aigre, de mauvais goût, dégénéré. CRABBED, adj. dur, sévère, bourru. CRABBEDLY, adv. durement, tristement. CRABBEDNESS, s. apreté de goût, f. CRAB'S EYES, s. pl. pierres or yeux d'écrevisse, f. m. CRACK, s. fente, f. crevasse, f. éclat, m. bruit d'un corps qui creve or tombe, m. crac, m. craquement, m. un crane, une putain, un vanieur, un fanfaron. Crack, v. a. fendre, briser, feler, casser; v. n. se fendre, se feler, s'entrouvrir, craquer, se vanter, se glorifier. [timbré. Crack-brained, adj. qui a le cerveau mal Cracker, s. menteur, un enfileur. CRACK-HEMP, CRACK-ROPE, s. un pendard. CRACKLE, v. n. craqueter, pétiller. CRACKLING, s. craquement, m. bruit, m.

CRACKNELL, s. craquelin, m. échaudé, m.

CRADLE, v. a. mettre dans un berceau, bercer. CRAFT, s. métier, m. art méchanique, m. finesse, f. ruse, f. fourberie, f. art, m. bar-

CRAFTILY, adv. avec finesse, artificiouse-

CRADLE, s. berceau, m.

ques, f. bateaux, m.

CRAFTIFESS, s. finesse, f. ruse, f. CRAFTSMAN, s. artisan, m. ouvrier, m. CRAFTS-MASTER, s. un artiste, un maître. CRAFTY, adj. fin, adroit, ruse, artificieux. CRAGGED, CRAGGY, adj. raboteux. [cou. CRAGGINESS, CRAGGEDNESS, s. roideur, f. CRAM, v. a. remplir, farcir, gorger, enfoncer. CRAMBO, s. sorte de jeu de rime. CRAMP, s. crampon, m. crochet, m. CRAMP, v. a. cramponner, accrocher. CRAMPOONS, s. des crampons de ser, m. pl. CRAMP-FISH, s. (the torpedo) torpille, f. CRAMP-IRON, s. crampon, m. crochet, m. CRAME, s. grue, f. siphon, m. [d'une grue. CRAME UP, v.a. lever, hausser, par le moyen CRAME, s. levier, m. poutre, m. détour, m. CRARK, adj. dispos, vigoureux, vif. CRAPKLE, v. n. serpenter, couper en zig-zag.
CRAPKLES, s. pl. replis, m. détours, m.
CRAPKLES, adj. fendu, crevassé, plein de
CRAPKLES, adj. fendu, crevassé, f.

[fentes. Chape, s. crèpe, m. crèpon, m. Crapulence, s. crapule, f. ivrognerie, f. CRAPULOUS, adj. crapuleux, ivrogue. CRASH, v. a. froisser, briser, craquer. CRASH, s. froissement, m. craquement, m. CRASHING, s. froissement, m. fracas, m. CRASIS, s. tempérament, m. constitution, f. CRASS, adj. grossier, épais, crasse. CRASSITUDE, s. épaisseur, f. grossièreté, f. CRASTINATION, s. délai, m. prolongation, f. CRATCH, s. ratelier, m. [du cheval, m. CRATCH, s. ratelier, m. [du cheval, m. CRATCHES, s. crevasse, f. ulcère au paturons CRAUNCH, v. a. croquer, casser avec les CRAVAT, s. cravate, f. [CRAVE, v. a. demander avec instance. CRAVEN, s. un coq vaincu, un poltron; r. a. intimider. CRAVING, adj. insatiable, affamé. CRAVINGNESS, s. humeur insatiable, f. CRAW, s. jabot, m. estomac des oiseaux, m. CRAW-FISH or CRAY-FISH, s. ecrevisse, f. CRAWL, v. n. ramper, se trainer, s'insinuer. CRAWLER, s. reptile, m. créature rampante. CRAYON, s. crayon, m. pastel, m CRAZE, v. a. briser, froisser, affoiblir. CRAZEDNESS, s. décrépitude. CRAZINESS, s. foiblesse, f. débilité, f. CRAZY, adj. casse, caduc, foible, fou. CREAK, v. a. craquer, crier. CREANING, s. craquement, m. cri, m. CREAM, s. crême, f. le fin, la fleur. Cream-cheese, fromage à la crême. CREAM, v. n. cremer; v. a. ecremer. CREANY, adf. plein de crême. CREANCE, s. créance, f. confiance, f. CREASE, s. un pli, plissure, f. ; v. a. plisser. CREATE, v. a. creer, établir, causer. CREATION, s. creation, f. les êtres crees, CREATION, 4. Creation, f. 100 care array, nomination, f. établissement. m.
CREATIVE, adj. qui crée, créateur, inventif.
CREATOR, s. le Créateur, auteur, m.
CREATURE, s. créature, f. protégé, m.
CREDENCE, s. foi, f. créance, f. [de foi. CREDENDA, s. pl. ce qu'il faut croire, articles CREDENT, adj. credule, accredité. CREDENTIALS, s. pl. lettres de creance, CREDIBILITY, s. crédibilité, f. probabilité, f. CREDIBLE, adj. croyable, digne de foi. CREDIBLENESS, s. crédibilité, f. vraisemblance, f. CREDIBLY, adr. probablement. CREDIT. s. foi, f. crovance, f. t/n.oignage, CRINKLE, v. z. serpenter, faire des zig-zags.

m. creance, f. credit, m. autorité, f. pou-voir, m. honneur, f. reputation, f. confi-(credit. ance, f. CREDIT, v. a. croire, faire honneur, faire CREDITABLE, adj. honorable, estimable. CREDITABLENESS, s. credit, m. reputation. f. CREDITABLY, adv. avec bonneur. CREDITOR, s. créancier, m. préteur, m.
CREDULITY, s. créduliée, f. facilité de croire.
CREDULOUS, adj. crédulié, f.
CREDULOUS, asj. crédulié, f.
CREDULOUS, asj. crédulié, f.
CREDULOUS, asj. crédulié, f.
CREDULOUS, asj. crédulié, f. CREDULOUSNESS, s. crédulité, f. [ment CREED, s. symbole, m. confession de foi, f. CREEK, s. une petite baie, un crique. CREEKY, adv. plein de détours, de baies. CREEP, v. n. ramper, se trainer, s'abaiss creep in or into, se couler, se glisser, s'in-sinuer; creep out, sortir subtilement, se sauver à petit bruit; creep on, s'approcher insensiblement. CREEPER, s. une plante rampante. CREEP-HOLE, s. une échappatoire, une ex-CREEPING, s. l'action de ramper, bastesse. CREEPING, adj. qui rampe, rampant; a creeping thing, un reptile; crerping thyme, du serpolet. CREEPINGLY, adv. en rempent, bes CREMOR, s. substance semblable à la crés CRENATED, adj. entaillé, crénelé. CREPITATE, v. n. petiller, craquete CREPITATION, s. pétillement, m. craquement, m. CREPUSCULE, s. crepuscule, m. CREPUSCULOUS, adj. qui jette une foble CRESCENT, adj. qui croft, croissant, ss. CRESS, s. (in the pl. cresses, water-cresses) cresson, m. CRESET, s. falot, m. trepied, m. CREST, s. crête, f. huppe, f. vivacité, f. fer-té, f. cimier, m. timbre, m. l'encolure d'un cheval, f. [huppé. CRESTED, adj. qui port une crète, un cimier, CREST-FALLEN, adj. découragé, abattu. CREVICE, s. fente, f. crevasse, f. CREW, s. bande, f. troupe, f. tas, m. l'équipage d'un vaisseau = page d'un vaisseau, m. CREWEL, s. estame fine, laine files. CRIB, s. crèche, f. mangeoire, f. cabane, f. CRICER. s. le bruit d'une porte, crie-crac. CRICEET, s. grillon, m. la crosse. CRIER, s. crieur public, m. CRIME, s. crime, m. mechante action, pecl CRIMINAL, adj. criminel; s. un criminel. CRIMINALLY, CRIMINOUSLY, adc. criminellement. CRIMINALNESS, CRIMINALITY, s. mechan-[ceté. CRIMINATION, s. accusation, f. CRIMINATORY, adj. accusatoire. CRIMINOUS, adj. criminel, mechant, inique. CRIMINOUSLY, adv. criminellement CRIMINOUSNESS, s. mechancete, f. CRIMOSIN, adj. cramoisi. CRIMP, adj. fragile, cassant, contradictoire. CRIMPLE, r. a. retrecir. plisser, froncer. CRIMPLING, adj. mal à son aise, boiteux. CRIMPT, adj. frise, plié. CRIMSON, s. cramoisi, m. ; adj. cramoisi. CRIMSON, s. n. teindre en cramoisi, ca rouge. CRINCUM, s. contraction, f. bisarrerie, f. CRINGE, s. soumission servile, bassesse, f. CRINGE, v. a. froncer, rider, ramper. CRINGING, s. bassesse, f. soumission CRINIGEROUS, adj. couvert de poil.

CRIPELE, s. tour, m. détour, m. CRIPLINGS, s. des solives, f. des pieux, m. CRIPPLE, adj. impotent, perclus, estropié. CRIPPLE, v. a. estropier. CRIPPLENESS, s. l'état d'une personne percluse de ses membres, m. CRISIS. S. crise, f. effort, m. CRISP, adj. frise, fragile, cassant, croquant. Crisp-almonds, des pralines. ('RISP, v. a. rendre cassant, friser. CRISPING, CRISPATION, s. frisure, f. crispa-CRISPING-IRON, CRISPING-PIN, s. fer à friser, m. CRISPY, adj. frisé, friable, fragile. CRITERION, s. règle de jugement, m. CRITICAL, adj. critique, exact, de crise. CRITICALLY, adv. en critique, avec exacti-CRITICALNESS, s. exactitude. [tude. CRITICISE, CRITICE, v. a. & n. critiquer. CRITICISM, s. critique, f. jugement critique, CRITICE, s. la critique. CROAK, v. a. coasser et croasser. CROAK OF CROAKING, s. coassement, croasse-CROCEOUS, adj. de safran. CROCK, s. cruche or pot de terre, f. m. CROCK-BUTTER, beurre salé. CROCKERY, s. poterie, f. faiencerie, f. CROCODILE, s. (an animal) crocodile, m. CROCUS, s. crocus, m. fleurs de safran. CROFT, s. petit clos, enclos, m. CROISADE, CROISADO, s. croisade, f. guerre CROISES, s. pl croisés, m. pélerin, m. CRONE, s. une vieille brebis, une vieille CRONY, s. une vieille connoissance. [femme. CROOK, v. a. courber, plier, voûter. CROOK-BACK, s. un bomme voûté, un bossu. CROOK-BACKED, adj. bossu, voûté. CROOKED, part. adj. courbe, courbé, plié, torin, tortueux, vonté, bossu, crochu. CROOKEDLY, adv. de travers, tortueusement. CROOKESMESS, s. courbure, f. tortuosité, f. CROOL, v. s. murmurer, grommeler.
Cnor, s. récoite, f. moisson, f. jabot, s. cheval écourté, la verge d'un fouet.
CROP, v. a. écourter, tondre, roguer, moisson, s. cheval de la verge d'un fouet. sonner, cueillir, brouter; v. a. faire la moisson. CROSLER, s. (a bishop's staff) crosse, f. CROSLET, s. petite croix. CROSS, s. croix, f. affliction, f. traverse, f. Cross, adj. de travers, oblique, méchant, dur, choquant, contraire, malheureux, contrariant, facheux, revêche. CROSS, adv. de travers, en travers, à rebours. CROSS, prep. à travers, au travers CROSS, v. a. croiser, traverser, passer au travers, contrarier. être contraire, contrecarrer, facher, tourmenter, chagriner, contrarier; cross out, effacer, rayer; cross over, passer au-delà, traverser. CROSS-BARS, s. pl. croisées, f. barres qui se croisent. Cross-bar-shot, balle ramée. CROSS-BITE, s. tromperie, f. revers, m. CROSS-BITE, v. a. tromper, duper. CROSS-BOW, s. arbalète, f. CROSS-BOWER, s. arbalètrier, m. CROSS-CAPER, s. entrechat, m. CROSS-EXAMINE, v. a. examiner par des questions captieuses. CROSS-FORTUNE, s. revers de fortune, m. CROSS-GRAINED, adj. revêche, intraitable. CROSSLY, adv. & prep. de travers, mal, à

contretemps, mal-à-propos, d'une manière contraire à. [vêche, f. CROSSNESS, s. mechancete, f. humeur re-CROSS-MATCHES, s. pl. mariages entrelacés. CROSS-ROW, s. abécé, m. alphabet, m. CROSS-STAFF, s. croix grometrique, f. CROSS-WAY, s. chemin de traverse, Скотсн, s. hameçon, m. fourche d'arbre, CROTCHET, s. croche, cruchet, fantaisie, f CROTELS, s. repaire. f. fiente de lièvre, f CROUCH, v. n. coucher, se tapir, s'abaisser. CROUP, s. croupe, f. croupion, in. CROUPEER, s. croupier, (au jeu) m CROW, s. corneille, f. pince, f. levier, m. CROW, v. n. chanter, se vanter, triompher. CROWD, s. foule, f. presse, f. le vulgaire. Crown, s. violon, m. CROWD, v. a. presser, fouler, serrer, enfoncer. To crosed all sails, forcer de voiles. CROWD, v. n. abonder, se rassembler en foule. CROWDER, s. ménétrier, m. CROWFOOT, s. renoncule, f. chausse-trape, f. CROWN, s. couronne, f. guirlande, f. le sommet de la tête, le sommet d'une montagne, la forme d'un chapeau, la plaque d'une perruque, écu de cinq schellings, m. couronne de tête de cerf, f. CROWN, v. a. couronner, damer. CROWNING, s. couronnement. CROWN-LANDS, domaine de la couronne, f. Chown-scab, s. teigne, m. CROWN-WORK, s. ouvrage à couronne, m. CRUCIAL, adj. crucial. CRUCIATE, v. a. tourmenter. CRUCIBLE, s. creuset, m. CRUCIFIX, s. crucifix, s CRUCIFIXION, s. crucifiement, m. CRUCIFY. r. a. crucifier, attacher à une croix. CRUDE, adj. cru, qui n'est pas cuit, imparfait. CRUDELY, adv. cruement. [gestion, f. CRUDENESS, CRUDITY, s. crudite, f. indi-CRUDLE, r. n. se cailler, coaguler, CRUEL, adj. cruel, inhumain, terrible. CRUELLY, adv. cruellement. CRUELLY, adv. cruellement. [manite, f. CRUELTY, CRUELNESS, s. cruauté, f. inhu-CRUENTATE, adj. sangiant, ensangiante. CRUET, s. burette, f. vinaigrier, m. CRUISE, s. petite coupe, cours, m. course, f. CRUISE, v. a. croiser, aller en course. CRUISER, s. croiseur, m. garde-côte, m. CRUISING, s. en course, cours, m. course, f. CRUM, CRUMB, s. mie, f. miette, f. CRUM, CRUMBLE, v. a. emier; v. n. tomber en poussière. CRUMMY, adj. qui a beaucoup de mie, ten-CRUMP, CRUMPED, adj. voûté, bossu. CRUMP-FOOTED, adj. qui a les pieds tortus. CRUMPLE, v. a. tordre, chiffoner, rider. CRUNK, CRUNKLE, v. n. crier comme une CRUPPER, s. croupière, f. croupe, f. [grue. CRUSADE, CRUSADO, s. croisade, f. CRUSE, s. cruche, f. pota l'eau, m. CRUSH, s. froissement, m. choc, m. CRUSH, v. a. ecraser, briser, opprimer. CRUST, s. croûte, f. incrustation, f. CRUST, v. a. & s. couvrir, se couvrir [crusté. CRUSTACEOUS, adj. crustacte. [cruste. CRUSTED, part. adj. couvert d'une croûte, in-CRUSTILY, adv. de mauvaise humeur. CRUSTINESS, s. croûte dure. CRUSTY, adj. croûteux, de mauvaise humeur. CRUTCH. s. potence. f. béquille, f.; r.a. soutenir.

CRY, v. a. & n. crier, s'écrier, pleurer, se || recrier, proclamer, publier, appeller; cry down, decrier, abaisser; cry out, jeter des cris, être en travail d'enfant; cry out, with, of, against, on, upon, blamer, censurer, se recrier contre; cry smto, invoquer, reclamer; cry up, exalter, louer, vanter. CRY, s. cri, m. lamentation, f. proclamation f. CRYPTICAL, CRYPTICK, adj. caché, secret. CRYPTOGRAPHY, s. manière secrète d'écrire. CRYPTOLOGY, s. manière de parler obscure. CRYSTAL, s. crystal, m. CRYSTAL, CRYSTALLINE, adj. de cristal, clair, cristallin. CRYSTALLIZATION, s. cristallisation, f. CRYSTALLIZE, v. a. & n. cristalliser et se cristalliser. CUB, s. le petit de l'ours or du renard. CuB, v. a. mettre bas, faire des petits. CUBE, s. cube, m. nombre cubique. CUBICAL, CUBICK, adj. cubique, cube. CUBIT, s. coudée, f. [coudée. CUBITAL, adj. cubital, de la longueur d'une CUCKOLD, s. cocu, m. cornard, m.; v. a. CUCKOLDOM, s. cocuage, m. [faire cocu. Cuckoo, s. (a bird) coucou, m. CUCK-QUEAN, s. une putain, une garce. CUCUMBER, s. (a plant) concombre, m. CUCURBITÉ, s. cucurbite, f. [estomac. CUD, s. la nourriture qui est dans le premier To chew the cud, ruminer, remacher. CUDDEN, CUDDY, s. adj. un sot niais, sot. CUDDLE, v. n. se tapir ; v. a. dorloter. CUDGEL, s. baton, m. tricot, m. arme, f. CUDGEL, v. a. battre à coups de bâton. Cuz, s. la fin d'une chose quelconque, mot du guet, m. rôle, m. queue, f.

""" a. corps, m. In cuerpo, à corps
[decouvert. CUERPO, s. corps, m. CUFF, s. manchette, f. CUFF, r. a. battre à coups de poing, soufleter. CUIRASS, s. cuirasse, f. Cuirassier, s. cuirassier, m. Cuish, s. cuissart, m. CULERAGE, s. (an herb) persicaire, f. CULINARY, adj. de cuisine. CULL, v. a. choisir, trier, recueillir. Cullender, Colander, s. passoire, f. CULLY, v. a. duper, jouer, tromper.
CULLY, v. a. duper, jouer, tromper.
CULLY, v. a. duper, jouer, tromper.
CULLY, v. a. duper, jouer, tromper.
CULLY, v. a. duper, jouer, tromper. CULMINATE, v. a. être au meridien. CULPABLE, adj. coupable, blâmable. CULPABLENESS, CULPABILITY, s. faute, f. CULPABLY, adv. criminellement. [blame, m. CULPRIT, s. accusé, m. [les huitres. CULTCH, s. le fond de la mer où s'engendrent CULTIVATE, r. a. cultiver, améliorer, per-CULTURE, s. culture, f. CULTIVATOR, s. cultivateur, m. [fectionner. CULVER, s. un pigeon, pigeon ramier, m. CULVER-TAIL, s. queue d'aronde, f. CULVERIN, s. coulevrine, f. Cumber v. a. embarrasser; s. embarras, m. CUMBERSOME, adj. embarrassant, incommode. CUMBERSOMELY, adv. incommodément. CUMBERSOMENESS, s. empêchement, m. Cumbrance, s. embarras, m. gene, f. CUMIN, s. (a plant) cumin, m. [ler. CUMULATE, v. a. entasser, amasser, accumu-CUMULATION, s. tas, m. amas, m. CUNCTATION, s. delai, m. retard, m. CUNCTATOR, s. temporiseur, m.

CUNEAL, CUNEIFORM, adj. en forme de cois. CUNNING, adj. adroit, subtil, fin, rust. Cunning, s. adresse, f. art, m. artifice, m. Cunningly, adr. subtilement, artificens CUP, s. coupe, m. tasse, gobelet, m. Cur, v. a. ventouser, appliquer les vento CUP-BEARER, s. echanson, m CUP-BOARD, s. buffet, m. armoire, f. CUPIDITY, s. cupidité, f. convoitise, f. CUPOLA, s. dôme, m. coupole, f. CUPPER, s. ventousseur, m. CUPPING-GLASS, s. ventouse, f. cucurbue, f. CUR, s. un chien dégénéré, vilain, ss. CURABLE, adj. curable, susceptible de gué-CURACY, s. charge de vicaire, J. CURATE, s. vicaire, m. cure, m CURATIVE, adj. curatif, qui guérit. CURATOR, s. curateur, s CURB, s. gourmette de bride, frein, m. co Curb, v. a. gourmer, reprimer, retenir. Curd, s. lait caillé. CURD, v. a. coaguler, cailler, figer. CURDLE, v. a. & n. cailler et se cailler. CURDLED, CURDY, adj. coagule, caille CURE, v. a. guerry, traiter, preparer, saler. CURE, v. a. guerry, traiter, preparer, saler. CURELESS, adj. sans remède, incurable. CURER, s. medecin, m. CURFEW, s. couvreseu, st. [rarett,/. CURIOSITY, s. curiosité, f. recherche, f. CURIOUS, adj. curieux, délicat, recherche, rare, exact, élégant, artistement fait. CURIOUSLY. adv. curieusement, artiste CURIOUSNESS, s. exactitude, f. CURL, s. boucle, f. frisure, f. ondulation, f. CURL, v. a. & n. friser, se friser. CURLEW, s. courlis or corlieu, m. CURLING, s. l'action de friser, frisare, Curling-iron, fer à friser, m. Curli paper, papillote, f. CURLINGS, s. pl. perlures, f. CURMUDGEON, s. un avare, un ladre, un ta-CURRANT, s. groseille, f. Corrent-tree, groseillier, m. CURRANTS, s. raisins de Corinthe. CURRENCY, s. circulation, f. cours, m. CURRENT, adj. qui a cours, courant, reçu. CURRENT, s. courant, m. torrent, m. CURRENTLY, adv. couramment, cans s'arrè-CURRENTNESS, s. fluidité, f. cours, m. [1 CURRIER, s. corroyeur, m. tanneux, m. CURRISH, adj. méchant, brutal, hargueux CURRY, v. a. corroyer, preparer le cuir, étril-ler un cheval, battre, flatter, courtiser. CURRY-COMB, s. étrille, f. CURSE, s. malediction, f. imprécation, f. CURSED, v. a. maudire; v. n. jurer. CURSED, part. adj. maudit, détestable. CURSEDLY, adv. abominablement. Cursedness, s. caractère mauvais, noirceur, CURSHIP, s. brutalité, f. bassesse, f. CURSITOR, s. praticien, m. clerc de la chus-Cursorily, adr. légèrement, à la hâte. CURSORY, adj. léger, fait à la hâte. CURST, adj. méchant, execrable. Curstness, s. méchanceté, f. rigueur, f. Curt, adj. court. CURTAIL, s. salope, f. CURTAIL DOG, s. chien qui a la quene coupe CURTAIL, v. a. ecourter, mutiler, retranche CURTAIN, s. rideau, m. courtine, f. toile, f. CURTAIN, v. a. garnir de rideaux.

CURTAIN-LECTURE, s. censure; f. mercuriale, f. Cuntain-rod, s. verge de fer, f. tringle, CURTANA, s. épèe royale et sans pointe, f. CURVATED, adj. courbé, plié, fait en arc. CURVATION, CURVATURE, s. courbure, f. CURVE, adj. & s. courbe, une courbe. CURVE, v. a. courber, bander, plier. CURVET, s. courbette, f. saut; v. a. sauter. CURVILINEAR, adj. curviligne. CURVITY, s. courbure, f. CURVLE, adj. curule, de senateur, triomphal. Cushion, s. coussin, m. carreau, m. bande, f. Cusp, s. corne du croissant, f. CUSPATED, CUSPIDATED, con, p. CUSTARD, s. flan, m. une dariole.
CUSTARD, s. flan, m. une dariole.
CUSTODY, s. garde, f. emprisonnement, m.
CUSTOM, s. coutume, f. habitude, f usage,
-t-landise f. pratique, f. Customhouse, la douane. Customable, adj. commun, accoutumé. CUSTOMABLY, adv. communement. CUSTOMARILY, adv. habituellement. Customary, adj. d'usage, coutumier. Customed, adj. ordinaire, achalandé. CUSTOMER, s. chaland, m. pratique, f. CUSTREL, s. valet de soldat, m. une futaille. Cut, v. a. couper, tailler, trancher, bacher; cut a book, rogner un livre, cut the vein, ouvrir la veine; cut capers, faire des cabrioles; cut the beard, faire la barbe, raprotes; cut a figure, tare la barde, raaer; cut a figure, taracher du
grand; cut the ground, labourer la terre;
cut a ball, friser une balle; cut capons,
châtrer des cochets, les chaponner; cut
tots, tirer à la courte paille; cut a comb
smooth, vider un peigne; cut away, ôter,
retrancher; cut down, couper, abattre,
suppresser; cut down, couper, tailler en surpasser; cut off, trancher, tailler en pièces, retrancher, priver, empêcher; cut out, couper, tailler, former, faire; cut short, couper court, abréger, interrompre; cut up, couper, découper, disséquer, déraciner.
Cur, v. n. percer, tailler, se couper. Cut, s. coupe, f. taille, f. morceau, m. tranche, f. coupure, f. espèce, f. trempe, taille douce, f. figure, f. CUTAMEOUS, adj. cutané, de la peau. CUTE, s. du mout, m. du vin doux. CUTICLE, s. l'épiderme, m. pellicule, f. CUTICULAR, adj. cutane, de la peau. CUTLASS, CUTLACE, CUTLEAX, s. coutelas, m. CUTLER, s. coutelier, m. fourbisseur, m. CUTLETS, s. côtelettes de veau, f. pl. CUT-PURSE, s. coupeur de bourses, m. CUTTER, s. coupeur, m. tailleur, m. un instrument tranchant, un bateau. CUTTERS, les dents incisives, f. CUT-THROAT, s. un coupe jarret, un coupe CUT-THROAT, adj. cruel, inhumain, barbare. CUTTING, s. coupe, f. taille, f. CUTTING, adj. piquant, choquant, satirique. CUTTLE, s. sèche, f. un calomniateur. CYCLE, s. cycle, m. course, f. révolution, f. CYCLOID, a. cycloide, f. CYCLOPEDIA, s. encyclopedie, f. CYCLOPS, s. cyclope, m. CYGNET, s. jeane cygne, m. CYLINDER, s. cylindre, m. cylin-CYLINDRICAL, CYLINDRICK, adj. CYMAR, s. echarpe, f. CYMBAL, s. cymbale, f. [drique.

CYNEGETICES, s. l'art de la chasse, m.
CYNICAL, CYNICE, adj. sevère, brutal.
CYNIC, s. cynique, m. un misanthrope.
CYNOSURE, s. la petite ourse, l'étoile polaire.
CYPRESS-TREE, s. cyprès, m.
CYST, s. tumeur, f. kiste, m.
CZAR, s. czar, m. empereur, m. chef, m.
CZARIEA, s. czarine, f. impératrice, f.

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Dab, s. morceau, m. un maître, un expert, un petit soufflet, une tape. DAB, v. a. frapper legerement. DABBLE, v. a. éclabousser, mouiller, trem-per; v. a. barboter, se vautrer, se mêler. DABBLER, s. barboteur, m. un charlatan. DACE, s. (a river fish) vandoise, f. DACTILE, e. dactyle, m.
DAD or DADDY, e. papa, m.
DADAL, adj. varié, savant, habile.
DAFFODILL, DAFFODILLY, e. asphodèle, m.
DAFT, r. a. jeter de côté, rejeter; adj. stu-DAG, s. un pistolet, poignard, m. [pide. DAG, v. a. tondre, barbotter. Dag-locks, ce qu'on a coupé de la toison. DAGGER, s. poignard, m. dague, f. une croix. DAGGLE, r. a. crotte, éclabous DAGGLED-TAIL, adj. tout crotté. DAILY, adj. journalier, de chaque jour. DAILY, adv. journellement, tous les jours.
DAINTILY, adv. delicatement, délicieuseDAINTILY, adv. délicatesse, f. [ment. DAINTY, adj. delicatesse, f. [ment. DAINTY, adj. delicat, friand; s. friandise. DAIRY, s. laiterie, f. Dairy-maid, laitière, f. DAISY, s. marguerite, f. (sorte de fieur.) DALE, s. vallon, m. vallèe, f. DALLIANCE, s. badinage. DALLIANCE, s. badinage, m. caresses, f. pl.
DALLIER, s. badin, m. folâtre, m. [delai, m.
DALLY, v. n. badiner, folâtrer. cajoler. DAM, s. mère, f. mole, m. écluse, f. DAM, v. a. enfermer, retenir par une écluse. DAMAGE, s. dommage, m. préjudice, m. DAMAGES, s. pl. dédommagement, m. Cost. and damages, dommages et interêts, m. DAMAGE, v. a. endommager, nuire. DAMAGEABLE, adj. qui peut être endommagé. DAMASCENE, s. prune de damas, f. DAMASK, s. damas, m.; adj. damasse. DAMASK, v. a. damasser, damasquiner. DAMASKENING, s. damasquinure, f. DAMASK-PLUM, s. prune de damas, f. Damask-Rose, s. rose incarnate. Dame, s. dame, maîtresse, femme. DAMN, v. a. damner, condamner. DAMNABLE, adj. damnable, mechant. DAMNABLY, adv. mechamment, horriblement. DAMNATION, s. damnation, f. DAMNED, part. adj. & s. damné.
DAMNIFY, v. a. eudommager, gâter, nuire.
DAMP, adj. humide, abattu, consterné.
DAMP, s. humidité, f. brouillard; m. DAMP, v. a. humecter, abattre, ralentir. Dampish, adj. un peu humide. DAMPISHNESS, DAMPNESS, s. humidite, f. DAMPY, adj. triste, abattu, sombre. DAMSEL, s. demoiselle, une jeune fille. DAMSON, s. prune de damas, f.
DANCE, n. a. & n. danser; dance attendance,
faire le pied de grue.
DANCE, DANCING, s. danse, f. DANCER, s. danseur, m. danseuse. f. Dancing-master, s. maître à danser. DANCING-ROOM, s. salle de danse.

DAW, v. a. souffrir, endurer, boire. DAWK, s. coupure; v. a. marquer par une

Dawn, s. le point du jour, l'aube.

coupure.

DANDELION, s. dent de lion, f. pissenlit, m. DANDLE, v. a. agiter sur ses genoux.
DANDLER, s. ceiui qui berce, flatteur, m.
DANDRUY, DANDRIFF, s. crasse de la tête,
DANR, s. un Danois, une Danoise. DANE-GELT, s. impôt que le Danois mirent sur les Saxons, m DANE-WORT, s. (an herb) hiéble, f. DANGER, s. danger, m. risque, m. peril, m. DANGER, v. a. exposer au danger. DANGERLESS, adj. sans danger, qui n'est pas dangereux. DANGEROUS, adj. dangeroux, périlleux, ha-DANGEROUSLY, adv. dangerousoment. DANGEROUSNESS, s. danger, m. péril, m. DANGLE, v. n. pendiller, être pendu. DANGLER, s. amant, m. galant, m. DANE, DANEISH, adj. humide, molte. DAPPER, s. & adj. vif, m. actif, m. [l'eau. DAPPERLING, s. un nain, un ragot. DAPPLE, adj. DAPPLED, part. adj. bigarre. DAPPLE, v. a. bigarrer, pommeler DARE, v. n. & a. oser, risquer, defier DARING, adj. hardi, audacieux, teméraire.

Daring-glass, miroir pour chasser aux alouDARINGLY, adv. avec intrépidité. [ettes. DARINGNESS, s. hardiesse, f. audace, f. DARK, adj. obscur, noir, sombre, triste. dark lantern, lanterne sourde. A dark saying, énigme, f. [nèbres, f. pl.
DARK and DARKNESS, s. obscurité, f. téDARK, DARKEN, v. a. & n. obscureir, s'obscurcir. DARKENING, s. obscurcissement, m. DARKISH, adj. un peu obscur, sombre. DARKLY, adv. obscurement, aveuglement. DARKNESS, s. obscurité, f. ténèbres, DARKSONK, adj. obscur, sombre.

DARLING, adj. & s. chéri, bien-aimé, mignon, favori, favorite. DARN, s. rentraiture, f. ; v. a. rentraire. DARNEL, s. (a weed) ivraie, f. DARRAIN, v. a. ranger en bataille. DART, s. dard, m. trait, m. javelot, m DART, v. a. darder; v. n. se precipiter. Dash, v. a. heurter, froisser, briser, tacher, éclabousser, mêler, mélanger, renverser, détruire, effacer; v. s. s'écouler, se répandre, se briser. Dash, s. froissement, m. coup, m. trait, m. un trait de plume, mélange, m. DASTARD, s. un poltron, un lâche. DASTARD, DASTARDISE, v. n. intimider, épouvanter. DASTARDLY, adj. làche, timide, sans courage.
DASTARDY, s. làchete, f. timidite, f.
DATE, s. date, f. duree, f. date, f. (fruit.)
DATE, v. a. dater, mettre la date. DATELESS, adj. sans date. DATIVE, s. & adj. datif, s. ordonné, dative. DAUB, v. a. barbouiller, enduire, surcharger, deguiser, pallier, flatter. DAUBER, s. un barbouilleur, un flatteur. DAUBY, adj. gluant, visqueux. DAUCUS, s. sorte de carotte sauvage. DAUGHTER, s. file. A daughter-in-law, une belle file, une bru, épouse du fils. A grand-daughter, une petite fille. God-daughter, filleule. DAUNT, v. a. intimider, effrayer, décourager.
DAUNTLESS, adf. intrépide, courageux, sans
DAUNTLESSNESS, s. intrépidité, f. [peur.

DAUPHIN, s. dauphin, m.

DAWN, v. n. poindre, commencer à paroitre. DAWN, v. m. pointere, commencer a paroture.
DAY, s. jour, m. clarte, f. lumière, f. Every
other day, de deux jours l'un, de deux et
deux jours. To-day, this day, aujourd l'au.
The day before yesterday, avant hier. A
fish-day, un jour maigre. New-year's day,
le premier jour de l'an. This day se'maight, il y
a aujourd'hui huit jours, dans hast jours
d'ioi Days, s. pl. jours, m. temps, m. siècle, m. DAY-BED, s. lit de repos, m. sopha, m. DAY-BOOK, s. journal d'un marchand, m. DAY-BREAK, s. le point du jour. DAY-LABOUR, s. tâche d'un jour, f. journée, f. DAY-LABOURE, s. journalier, ss. DAY-LIOHT, s. la lumière du jour, jour, ss. DAY-SPRING, s. l'aurore, f. le point du jour. DAY-STAR, s. l'étoile du matin, f. DAY-TIME, s. le temps qu'il fait jour, le jour. DAY-WORK, s. journée, f. le travail d'un jour. DAZE, DAZZLE, v. a. éblouir; v. n. être ébloui. DAEZLING. s. eblouissement, m.; adj. eblou-DEACON, DEACONESS, s. diacre, m. diacon-Draconry, Draconship, s. diaconat, ss. DRAD, adj. mort, engourdi, tranquille, sombre-obscur, pesant, froite, point, sans saveur, sans force, qui ne proite point. Dend-drink, hoisson éventée, sans saveur. Dend-fore, feu presqu'éteint. DEAD, s. pl. les morts, m. silence profond. DEAD, DEADEN, r. a. amortir, assoupir. DEAD-DOING, part, adj. meurtrier.
DEAD-LIFT, s. état desespéré, m. dernière ex-DEADLY, adj. mortel, funeste. [trémité [trémité. DEADLY, adr. mortellement, imprioyable-DEADNESS, s. froid, m. froideur, f. DEADS OF DEAD-HEAPS, s. terre dont l'on a tiré la mine. [sourd. DEAF, adj. sourd: r. a. assourdir, rendre DEAFISH, adj. un peu sourd, sourdaud. DEAFLY, adj. solitaire, triste; adv. sourde-Deafness, s. sourdité, f. DEAL, s. partie, f. quantité, f. donne, la main (aux cartes,) sapin, m. DEAL, v. a. & s. donner, distribuer, re-pandre, trafiquer, commercer, faire, donner des cartes, se comporter, agir. To deal by, traiter; to deal in, se mêler de, s'engager dans; to deal srith, en user, en agir. DEALER, s. un marchand, un negociant.
plain dealer, un homme franc. A do dealer, un homme à deux visages, un trom-DEALER, celui or celle qui donne des cartes. DRALING, s. trafic, m. affaires, f. pl. Fair dealing, bonne foi, probite, f. Foul deal-ing, mauvaise foi. Easy to be dealt with, accommodant, facile. DEAN, s. doyen, m. DEAR, adj. & s. cher, bien-aime.

DEAR, adv. cher, beaucoup. Of interj. Ouais! vous me suprenez!

DEAR-BOUGHT, adj. schete fort cher.

Oh! Dear!

DEARLY, adv. chèrement, tendrement, cher, || DECENCY, s. décence, f. bienséance, f. mo-DEARNESS, s. tendresse, f. [à grand prix.
DEARNESS, s. chorte, f. famine, f. disette, f.
DEARTH, s. la mort, le trépas, cause de la
DEATH-BED, s. lit de mort, m. [mort, f. DEATHFUL, adj. mortel, meurtrier. DEATHLESS, adf. immortel, qui n'est pas sujet à la mort. DEATH-LIKE, adj. qui ressemble à la mort, kthargique.
DEATE's-MAN, s. bourreau, m. DEATH-WATCH, s. (an insect) grillon, m. DEATH's-WOUND, s. plaie mortelle. DEAURATE, v. a. dorer. DEAURATION, s. dorure, f. DEBAR, v. a. exclure, priver, empêcher. DEBARE, v. a. debarquer. DEBARRING, s. l'action d'exclure, [sion, DEBASE, v. a. abaisser, avilir, falsifier. DEBASEMENT, s. avilissement, m. falsifica-DEBATABLE, adj. disputable. [tion, f. DEBATE, s. débat, m. dispute, f. querelle, f. DEBATE, v. a. débattre, discuter, déliberer. DEBAUCH, s. disputeur, m. controversiste, m. DEBAUCH, s. débauche, f. excès, m. DEBAUCH, v. a. débaucher, corrompre. DEBAUCHEE, s. un débauché, un libertin. DEBAUCHER, s. corrupteur, m. qui débauche. DEBAUCHERY, s. débauché, f. libertinage, f. DEBAUCHMENT, s. corruption, subornation, f. DEBEL, DEBELLATE, v. a. subjuguer, vain-DEBELLATION, s. conquête, f. défaite, f. DEBENTURE, s. billet pour se saire payer d'une dette, m. debentur, m. DEBILE, adj. debile, foible, languissant. DEBILITATE, v. a. affoiblir, enerver, débili-DEBILITY, s. débilité, f. foiblesse, f. DEBONAIR, adj. civil, hounête, doux, gai. DEBONAIRLY, adv. galamment, elegamment. DEBT, s. dette, f. devoir, m. DEBTED, adj. endetté.
DEBTOR, s. débiteur, m.
DECADE, s. décade, f. dixaine, f.
DECADERCY, s. décadence, f. chûte, f. DECAGON, s. decagone, m.
DECALOGUE, s. decalogue, m. les dix commandemens de Dieu. DECAMERON, s. décaméron, m. DECAMP, v. n. décamper, lever le camp. DECAMPMENT, s. décampement, m. DECANT, v. a. verser, transvaser. DECARTATION, s. l'action de transvaser, f. DECAPITATE, v. a. décapiter, trancher la tête. DECAY, v. n. déchoir, décliner, tomber en ruines, aller en décadence, dégénérer, se ternir, so gâter, se passer; v. a. gâter, ruiner, détruire. DECAY, s. déclin, m. dépérissement, m. ruine. DECAYER, s. qui cause la décadence. DECEASE, s. décès, m. mort, f. trépas, m. DECEASE, v. n. décéder, mourir. DECRIT, s. imposture, f. fraude, f. artifice, m. DECRITFUL, adj. trompeur, fourbe, decevant. DECRITFULLY, adv. par supercherie. [f. DECRITFULNESS, s. deception, f. imposture, DECRIVABLE, adj. troinpeur. DECRIVE, v. a. decevoir, tromper, en imposer. DECEIVER, s. trompeur, m. fourbe, m. impos-DECEMBER, s. Décembre, m. [teur, m. DECEMVIR, s. décemvir, m. DECENVIRATE, s. décemvirat, m.

destie, f. DECENNIAL. adj. de dix ans, décennal. DECENT, adj. decent, bienseant, convenable. DECENTLY, adv. decemment, convenable-DECEPTIBLE, adj. sujet à être trompé. DECEPTION, s. tromperie, f. fraude, DECEPTIVE, adj. trompeur, seduisant. DECHARM, v. a. desenchanter. DECIDE, v. a. décider, déterminer, résoudre. DECIDENCE, s. chûte, f. l'action de tomber. Decider, s. arbitre, m. juge, m.
Decider, s. arbitre, m. juge, m.
Decider, s. adj. qui tombe, qui passe, qui
périt tous les ans. DECIMAL, adj. décimal. DECIMATE, v. a. décimer, dimer DECIMATION, s. décimation, f. dime, f. DECIPHER, v. a. déchiffrer, expliquer, dé-DECIPHERER, s. déchiffreur, ss. [crire. DECISION, s. décision, f. détermination, f. DECISIVE, DECISIVE, DECISIVE, adj. décisif, décisoire. DECISIVELY, adv. décisivement. DECISIVENESS, s. pouvoir de terminer DECK, v. a. couvrir, parer, orner, embellir. DECE, s. tillac, m. pont, m. (d'un vaisseau.) DECLAIM, v. n. déclamer, discourir. DECLAIMER, s. déclamateur, m. rhéteur, m. DECLAMATION, s. déclamation, f. discours public, m DECLAMATORY, adj. declamatoire. DECLARABLE, adj. qui peut être prouvé. DECLARATION, s. déclaration, f. demande, DECLARATIVE, DECLARATORY, adj. declaratif. DECLARATORILY, adv. expressement. DECLARE, v. à. déclarer, notifier, publier; v. n. se declarer. DECLABER, s. qui déclare. DECLARING, s. déclaration, f.
DECLENSION, s. décadence, f. déclin, m. dépérissement, m. dépravation, f. descente, f. pente, f. penchant, m. déclinaison, f. DECLINABLE, adj. déclinable. DECLINE, DECLINATION, s. déclin, m. de-cadence, f. baissement, m. inclination, f. DECLINATOR, DECLINATORY, s. declinatoire, f. DECLINE, v. n. décliner, aller en décadence, déchoir, dégénérer, s'abaisser, baisser, éviter, éluder, s'excuser, s'éloigner de l'é-quateur; v. a. incliner, baisser, éluder, conjuguer. DECLINE, s. declin, m. decadence, f. DECLIVITY, s. inclination, f. pente, penchant, m. DECLIVOUS, adj. qui va en pente. DECOCT, v. a. faire bouillir dans de l'eau. DECOCTION, s. decoction, f. digestion. DECOLLATION, s. décollation, f. [pose. DECOMPOSITE, DECOMPOUND, adj. décom-DECOMPOSITION, s. décomposition, f. DECOMPOUND, v. a. décomposer, récompo-DECORATE, v. a. décorer, orner. DECORATION, s. decoration, f. ornement, m. DECORATOR, s. decorateur, m. qui embellit. DECOROUS, adj. décent, bienséant, honnète. DECORTICATE, v. a. peler, ecosser. DECORUM, s. decorum, m. decence, f. DECOY, v. a. attraper, leurrer, seduire. DECOY, s. leurre, m. appat, m. piège, m. DECOY-DUCK, s. canard dresse au leurre. DECREASE, v. a. & n. diminuer, décroltre. DECREASE, s. décroissement, m. déclin. m.

DECREE, v. a. & n. décerner, ordonner. DECREE, s. décret, m. loi, f. édit, m. statut, m. ordonnance, f. jugement, m. arrêt, m. une sentence, un precepte, un dogme, resolution, f. dessein, m.

DECREMENT, s. déchet, m. décroissement, m. DECREPIT, adj. décrépit, cassé de vieillesse. DECREPITNESS or DECREPITUDE, s. decrépitude. DECRESCENT, adj. qui diminue, qui va en décadence. DECRETAL, adj. qui contient un décret. DECRETALS, s. pl. décrétales, f. pl. DECRETORY, adj. décisif, définitif, critique. DECRY, v. a. décrier, censurer, décréditer. DECUMBENCE, s. l'action d'être couché. DECUPLE, s. décuple, m. dix fois autant. DECURION, s. décurion, m. capitaine de 10 hommes. DECURSION, s. l'action de se précipiter. DEDECORATE, v. a. deshonorer, diffamer. DEDECOROUS, adj. deshonorable. [dents. DEDENTITION, s. la chute or la perie des DEDICATE, v. a. dedier, consacrer, devouer. DEDICATE, adj. DEDICATED, part. adj. de-**DEDICATION**, s. dédicace, f. consecration, f. DEDICATOR, s. dédicateur, celui qui dédie. DEDICATORY, adj. dédicatoire. DEDITION, s. reddition, f. [rer, dériver. DEDUCE, v. a. deduire, conclure, inferer, ti-DEDUCEMENT, s. consequence, f. [férer. DEDUCIBLE, adj. qu'on peut déduire, or in-DEDUCT, v. a. déduire, soustraire, ôter. DEDUCTION, s. consequence, f. deduction, f. DEDUCTIVELY, adv. consequemment. DRED, s. action, f. acte, m. fait, m. un contrat, agent, m. réalité, f.

DREDLESS, adj. inactif, languissant, lâche.

DREM, c. a. & n. juger, penser, croire.

DREMSTER, s. un juge (dans l'île de Jersey at l'île de Man). et l'île de Man.) DEEP, adj. profond, creux, grand, secret, cache, sourd, abstrus, penetrant, ruse. DEEP, s. la mer, l'abime, m. obscurité, f. DEEPEN, v. a. enfoncer, creuser, obscurcir. DEEPLY, adv. profondement, fort, beaucoup. DEEP-MOUTHED, adj. de grand aboi. DEEP-MUSING, adj. absorbe dans ses pen-DEEPNESS, s. profondeur, f. [sees. DEER, s. daim, m. cerf, m. biche, f. DEFACE, v. a. détruire, ruiner, gâter.

DEFACEMENT, s. l'action d'effacer, destrucDE FACTO, adv. de fait, réellement. [tion. DEFAILLANCE, s. defaut, m. manque, m. DEFALCATE, v. a. déduire, rétrancher. DEFALCATION, s. déduction, f. rabais, m. DEFAMATION, s. diffamation, f. infamie, f. DEFAMATORY, adj. diffamatoire, calom-DEFAME, v. a. diffamer, calomnier. [nieux. DEFAMER, s. diffamateur, f. calomniateur, DEFATIGATE, v. a. fatiguer, lasser. [m. DEFAULT, s. defaut, m. faute, f. crime, m. DEFAULT, v. a. violer, rompre, manquer à. DEFEASANCE, s. contre-lettre, f. révocation, DEFEASANCE, adj. qui peut être annullé. [f. DEFEAT, s. défaite, f. déroute, f. DEFEAT, v. a. défaire, mettre en déroute,

DEFECT, s. défaut, m. faute, f. vice, m. [sz. DEFECTIBILITY, s. imperfection, f. défaux, DEFECTIBLE, adj. défectueux, imperfait. DEFECTION, s. defection, f. abandonnement, DEFECTIVE, adj. defectueux, imparfait. [m. DEFECTIVE, adj. délectueux, imparfait. [m. DEFECTIVENESS, s. défectuosité, f. DEFENCE, s. défense, f. garde, f. soutien, m. protection, f. appui, m. justification, f. prohibition, f. résistance, f. DEFENCELESS, adj. sans défence. DEFEND, v. a. défendre, soutenir, protégar. DEFENDANT, s. défendre, soutenir, protégar. DEFENDANT, s. défendre protégar. M. intimé, m. DEFENDANT, s. défendre défendre défendre par défendre par defendre pa DEFENDANT, adj. défensif, m. défendeur. DEFENDER, s. défenseur, m. protecteur, m. DEFENSIBLE, adj. capable de défence.
DEFENSIBLE, adj. capable de défence.
DEFENSIVE, adj. défensif, défensive. DEFENSIVE, s. sauvegarde. m. defensive, f. DEFENSIVELY, adv. en etat de défense. Defen, v. a. & n. differer, remettre. DEFERENCE, s. déférence, f. égard, m. DEFERENT, adj. déférent; s. véhicule, m. DEFERRING, s. l'action de différer, renvoi, DEFIGUENCE, s. defi, m. appel, m. [delai. DEFICIENCE, DEFICIENCE, s. desectuosite, f. imper(ection, f. defaut, m. manquement, DEFICIENT, adj. defectueux, imparfait. [m. DEFIER, s. celui qui défe, qui provoque. DEFILE, v. a. salir, tacher, souiller, corrompre, vieler, deshonorer; r. n. defiler. Defile or Defilee, s. defile, m. DEFILEMENT, s. tache, f. souillure, f. DEFILER, s. celui qui souille, corrupteur, s. DEFINABLE, adj. qui peut être défin.
DEFINE, v. a. définir, décrire, déterminer.
DEFINER, s. celui qui définit, qui détermine. DEFINITE, adj. défini, déterminé, limité. DEFINITENESS, s. determination, f.
DEFINITENESS, s. determination, f.
DEFINITIVE, adj. definition, f.
DEFINITIVE, adj. definitivement.
DEFINITIVENESS, s. decision. DEFLECT, v. a. déflagration, f. DEFLECT, v. a. détourner, écarter. DEFLECTION, s. détour, m. écart, m. dérive, f. DEFLORATION, s. défloration. DEFLOUR, v. a. déflorer, ravir la virginité. DEFLOURER, s. ravisseur, m. DEFLUCION, adj. qui coule en bas. DEFLUCION, s. fluxion, f. DEFORM, v. a. defigurer, rendre difforme. DEFORMEDLY, adv. d'une manière difform DEFORMITY, s. laideur, f. ridicule, m. des-DEFORCER, s. usurpateur, m. [honneur, m. DEFRAUD, v. a. frauder, ravir par fraude. DEFRAUDER, s. trompeur, m. fourbe, m. DEFRAY, v. a. défrayer, payer la depense. DEFRAYER, s. celui qui défraie. [défrayer. DEFRAYING, DEFRAYMENT, s. l'action de DEFT, adj. beau, gentil, leste, adroit.

DEFUNCT, adj. défunt, décédé, mort, sen.

DEFY, r. a. défier; s. défi. [ment, se.

DEGENERACY, s. dépravation, f. abhatiseir.

Abhatiseir. DEGENERATE, v. n. dégénérer, s'abâtardir. DEGENERATE, adj. DEGENERATED, part. dégénéré. DEGENERATION, s. corruption, f. Tuiner, renverser, abolir, annuller.

Defeature, s. changement de traits sur le visage, m.

Defeate, v. a. raffiner, épurer.

Defeate, Defeate, v. a. raffiner, épurer.

Defeate, Defeate, part adj. raffiné.

Defeate, s. changement, m. raffinée, degluer, décoler.

Defeate, v. a. raffinement, m. raffinée, degluer, decoler.

Defeate, v. a. raffinement, m. raffinée, degluer, decoler.

Deglutinate, v. a. dégluer, decoler.

Deglutinate, v. a. dégluer, decoler.

Deglutinate, v. a. dégluer, decoler.

Deglutinate, s. contiquémij.

DELIQUATION, s. dissolution, f.

DEGRADE, v. a. dégrader, démettre de quel-DEGRADING, s. degradation, f. [que grade. DEGREE, s. grade, m. rang, m. condition, f. DEHORT, v. a. deconseiller, dissuader. DEHORTATORY, adj. propre à dissuader. DEHORTATION, s. dissuasion, f. [courager. DEJECT, v. a. abattre, accabler, affliger, dé-DEJECTEDLY, adr. d'un air abattu, triste-DEJECTEDNESS, DEJECTION, s. abattement, m. tristesse, f. affliction, f: mélancolie, f. DEJECTURE, e. les excremens, m. dejection, f. DEIFICATION, s. apothéose, f. DEIFY, v. a. déiner, meure au rang des Dieux. Drign, v. a. daigner, permettre. DEISM, s. deisme, m. DEIST, s. déiste, m. DEISTICAL, adj. de déisme or de déiste. DEITY, s. Divinité, f. Déité, f. DELACERATION, s. déchirement, m. DELATION, s. délation, f. accusation, f. DELATOR, s. delateur, m. accusateur, m. DELAY, v. a. differer, retarder; v. n. tarder. DELAY, s. délai, m. rétard, m. remise, f. DELAYER, s. qui differe, temporiseur, Delectable, adj. delectable, agreable. DELECTABLENESS, s. agrement, m. DELECTABLY, adv. agréablement, délicieusement. DELECTATION, s. delectation, f. delices, f. pl. DELEGATE, v. n. deleguer, deputer. DELEGATE, s. député, m. délégue, m. DELEGATE, adj. délégué, député, envoyé. Delegation, s. commission, f. députation. DELETERIOUS, DELETERY, adj. mortel, destructif. DELETION. s. l'action d'effacer. DELF or DELFE, s. carrière, f. mine, f. Deliberate, v. n. délibérer, considérer. DELIBERATE, adj. prudent, avise, circonspect. Deliberated, part. adj. délibéré, résolu. Deliberately, adv. prudemment, à des-Deliberation, s. délibération, f. DELIBERATIVE, adj. & s. deliberatif. DELICACY, s. délicalesse, f. friandise, f. pro-preté, f. élégance, f. urbanité, f. DELICATE, adj. délicat, friand, exquis, agréable, excellent, choisi, pur, serein, mou, efféminé, tendre, sensible.

Delicately, adv. délicatement, avec grâce. DELICATENESS, s. delicatesse, f. Delicates, s. pl. choses délicates. Delicious, adj. délicieux, agréable, exquis. Deliciously, adv. delicieusement. DELICIOUSNESS, s. délices, f. pl. plaisir, m.
DELIGHT, s. délice, m. délices, f. pl. plaisir,
m. contentement, m. satisfaction, f. joie, f. charme, m. douceur, f. DELIGHT, v. a. plaire, réjouir ; v.w. se plaire. DELIGHTFUL, adj. agreable, charmant. DELIGHTFULLY, adv. delicieusement. DELIGHTFULNESS, s. délices, f. plaisir, m. DELIGHTSOME, adj. agréable, charmant. DELIGHTSOMELY, adv. delicieusement. DELIGHTSOMENESS, s. agrement. DELINEATE, v. a. ébaucher, tracer, dessiner. DELINEATION, s. ébauche, f. esquisse, f. DELINQUENCY, s. faule. f. délit, m. DELINQUENT, s. délinquant, m. criminel, m.

DELIRATE, r. n. être en délire, extravaguer. Deliration, s. délire, m. folie, f.
Delirations, adj. qui est en délire, radoteur.
Delirium, s. délire, m. égarement d'esprit. DELIVER, v. a. delivrer, donner, rendre, remettre, affranchir, accoucher, prononcer, debiter; deliver over, livrer, transmettre, faire passer; deliver up, rendre, remettre, abandonner. DELIVERANCE, s. delivrance, f. liberte, f. livraison, f. reddition, f. accouchement, m. narré, m. débit, m. Dellverker, s. libérateur, m. narrateur, m. Dellverker, See Deliverance. DE-LUCE, de lis, m DELUDABLE, adj. facile à tromper. Delude, v. a. tromper, abuser, duper. DELUDER, s. trompeur, m. fourbe, m. DELUGE, s. déluge, m. inondation considérable, f. Deluge, v. a. noyer, inonder. DELUSION, s. illusion, f. tromperie, f.
DELUSIVE, DELUSORY, adj. illusoire, tromDELVE, v. a. creuser, fouir, fonder.
[peur. DELVE, s. creux, m. fosse, m. cave, f.
DELVER, s. celui qui creuse, mineur.
DEMAGOGUE, s. le chef d'un tumulte populaire. [maine, m. DEMAIN, DOMAIN and DEMESNE, s. do-DEMAND, s. demande, f. requête, f. DEMAND, v. a. demander, reclamer. DEMANDABLE, adj. exigible, reclamable. DEMANDANT, s. demandeur, m. demande-DEMANDER, s. demandeur, m. [resse, f. DEMEAN, v. a. se comporter, se conduire. DEMEANOUR, s. conduite, f. manière d'agir, DEMEANS, s. pl. domaine, m.
DEMEANS, s. pl. domaine, m.
DEMENTATION, s. folie, f. démence, f.
DEMERIT, s. démérite, m.
DEMI, inséparable particle, (half) demi. DEMIGRATION, s. depart, m. changement de Demise, s. décès, m. [demeure, m. Demise, v. a. leguer, donner par testament. Demission, s. relachement, m. decadence, f. DEMOCRACY, s. démocratie, f. DEMOCRATICAL, adj. democratique, popu-DEMOLISH, r. a. démolir, abattre, renverser. DEMOLISHER, s. démolisseur, m. celui qui DEMON, s. esprit, m. demon, m. [démolit. DEMONIACAL, DEMONIACE, adj. diabolique. DEMONIACK, s. demoniaque, m. & f. DEMONOCRACY, s. démonocratie, DEMONSTRABLE, adj. démonstrable. [ment DEMONSTRABLY, adv. clairement, évidem DEMONSTRATE, v. a. démonter, prouver, DEMONSTRATION, s. démonstration, f. DEMONSTRATIVE, DEMONSTRATORY, adf. démonstratif. ment DEMONSTRATIVELY, adv. demonstrative-DEMONSTRATOR, s. demonstrateur, m. DEMULCENT, adj. adoucissant, émollient. DEMUR, v. n. & a. objecter, alléguer, hesiter, délibèrer, douter, différer. DEMUR, s. doute, m. hésitation, f. délai. DEMURE, adj. réservé, grave, froid DEMURE, r. n. avoir une réserve affectée. Demurely, adv. d'un air froid, réservé. DEMURENESS, s. décence, f. réserve, f. DEMURRAGE, s. permission de rester dans un port. DEMURRER, DEMURRING, s. surseance.

DEN, s. caverne, f. antre, m.
DENDRITIS, s. dentrite, f. pierre arborisée.

DENDROLOGY, s. l'histoire naturelle des ar-

DENIABLE, adj. qui peut être nie, récusable. DENIAL, s. refus, m. rebuffade, f. DENIER, s. celui qui nie, denier, m. DENIGRATE, v. a. dénigrer, ternir la réputa-DENIGRATION, s. dénigrement, m. DENIZATION, s. affranchissement, m. tion. Denizen, Denison, s. aubain affranchi. DENIZEN, v. a. affranchir, naturaliser. DENOMINATE, v. a. nommer, dénommer. DENOMINATION, s. dénomination, f. nom, m. DENOMINATIVE, adj. denominatif DENOMINATOR, s. denominateur, m. DENOTATION, s. denotation, f. marque, f. DENOTE, v. a. dénoter, marquer, désigner. DENOUNCE, v.a. dénoncer, publier, déclarer. DENOUNCEMENT, DENOUNCING, s. denonciation, f. DENOUNCER. s. dénonciateur, m. DENSE, adj. dense, épais, compact. DENSITY, s. densité, f. compacité, f. DENT, s. dent, (d'une roue, d'une scie.) DENT, v. a. denteler, façonner en forme de DENTAL, adj. dentale, adj. f. [dents. DENTELLI, s. pl. denticule, f. or modillon, m. DENTIFRICE, s. poudre à nettoyer les dents, f. DENTITION, s. dentition, f. sortie des dents, f. DENUDATE, DENUDE, v. a. dénuer. DENUDATION, s. denuement, m. privation, f. DENUNCIATION, s. dénonciation. f. DENUNCIATOR, s. dénonciateur, teur, m. DENY, v. a. nier, dénier, refuser, renier, abjurer, renoncer; deny one's self, faire dire qu'on n'est pas chez soi. DEOBSTRUCT, v. a. déboucher, ouvrir. DEOBSTRUENT, s. remède propre à ôter les obstructions, m. ftions. DEOPPILATE, v. n. désopiler, ôter les obstruc-DEOPPILATION, s. desopilation, DEOPPILATIVE, adj. desopilatif. DEOSCULATION, s. baiser, m. baisement, m. DEPAINT, v. a. dépeindre, représenter. DEPART, v. m. partir, mourir; depart from, se départir, se désister, s'écarter, renoncer, quitter ; r. a. quitter, abandonner, sortir de, separer, diviser. DEPART, s. depart, m. mort, f. separation, f. DEPARTER, s. affineur, m. DEPARTMENT, s. département, m. DEPARTURE, s. depart, m. mort, f. desistement, m. DEFASTURE, v. a. paitre, paiturer. DEPAUPERATE, v. a. appauvrir, consumer. Depectible, adj. visqueux, gluant. DEPERULATION, s. pèculat, m.
DEPEND, v. n. pendre, être pendant, dependre, procéder, se reposer, faire fond. DEPENDANCE, s. dépendance, f. connexion, f. rapport, m. sujetion, f. confiance, f. DEPENDANT, adj. & s. dépendant.
DEPENDANCE, DEPENDENCY. See Dependance. DEPENDENT, adj. & s. dépendant, m. DEPENDING, adj. dependant, se fiant. DEPERDITION, s. perte, f. perdition, f. DEPHLEGM, DEPHLEGMATE, v. a. phlegmer. DEPICT, v. a. peindre, dépeindre, représenter. DEPILATION, s. depilation, f.

DEPILATORY, s. & adj. dépilatoire. DEPILOUS. adj. sans poil, dépilé. DEPLETION, s. deplétion, f. vide, m. DEPLORABLE, adj. déplorable, lamentable. DEPLORABLENESS, s. misère, f. état déplerable, m. DEPLORABLY, adr. deplorablement. DEPLORE, v. a. déplorer, plaindre. DEPLORING, DEPLORATION, s. lamentation DEPLUMATION, s. l'action de plumer. DEPLUME, v. a. plumer, ôter les plumes. DEPONE, v. a. déposer, donner en gage. DEPQNENT, s. & adj. déposant, m. déponent. DEPOPULATE, v. n. dépeupler, dévaster. DEPOPULATION, s. ravage, m. dégat, m. DEPOPULATOR, s. celui qui dépeuple. DEPORT, v. a. se comporter, se conduire. DEPORT, s. air, m. port, m. conduite, f. DEPORTATION, s. transport, ss. exil, ss. DEPORTMENT, s. conduite, f. manière d'agis DEPOSE, v. a. déposer, destituer, temoigner. DEPOSITARY, s. dépositaire, m. & f. DEPOSITE, v. a. poser, déposer, mettre. DEPOSITE, s. dépôt, m. gage, m. DEPOSITION, s. deposition, f. temograge, m. DEPOSITION, s. deposition; m. magazin, m. DEPRAVATION, s. depravation, f. alteration, f. DEPRAVE, r. a. depraver, gater, alterer. DEPRAVITY, DEPRAVEDNESS, DEPRAVE-MENT, s. dépravation, f. corruption, f. alteration, f. DEPRECATE, v. a. demander pardon. DEPRECATION, s. prière, f. supplication, f. Deprecative, Deprecatory, adj. sup-DEPRECIATE, v. a. depriser, deprimer. DEPREDATE, v. a. piller, ruiner, ravager. DEPREDATION, s. depredation, f. pillage, m. brigandage, m. degat, m. ravage, m. rapine, f. concussion, f.

DEPREDATOR, s. voleur, m. concussionnaire, DEPREHEND, v. a. surprendre, prendre sur le fait, découvrir. DEPREHENSIBLE, adj. apprehensif, compréhensible. DEPRESS, v. a. abaisser, enfoncer, humilier. DEPRESSION, s. dépression, f. déjection, f. DEPRESSOR, s. abaisseur, m. oppressear, m. DEPRIVATION, s. privation, f. deposition, f. DEPRIVE, v. a. priver, déponiller. DEPTH, s. profondeur, f. hauteur, f. le milieu. DEPURATE, DEPURE, v. a. purifier, dépurer. DEPURATE, DEPURATED, DEPURED, part. adj. purifié, dépuré. DEPURATION, s. depuration, f. DEPUTATION, s. députation, f. envoi, m.
DEPUTE, v. a. députer, envoyer, déléguer.
DEPUTY, s. un député, un envoye, un commis. DERAIGN, v. a. prouver, faire voir. DERAIGNMENT, s. preuve, f. moyen, m. DERANGE, v. a. déranger, mettre en désordre. DERANGED, part. & adj. derange, fou. DERANGEMENT, s. désordre, m. folie, f. DERAY, s. tumulte, m. désordre, m. DERELICTION. s. délaissement, m. DERIDE, v. a. railler, persister, se moquer. DERIDER, s. moqueur, railleur, m. DERIDING, DERISION, s. dérision, f. DERISIVE, DERISORY, adj. moquer, railsear. DERIVATION, s. dérivation, f. étymologie, f. DERIVATIVE, adj. & s. dérivé, dérivauf. DERIVATIVELY, adv. par dérivation. DERIVE, v. a. & n. dériver, déduire, venir. DERNIER, s. dernier, m.

DEROGATION, s. derogation, f. derogeance. DEROGATIVE, DEROGATORY, adj. derogatoire. DEROGATORILY, adv. d'une manière dérogatoire. DERVIS. s. dervis, m. derviche, m. DESCANT, s. commentaire, m. discours, m. DESCANT, v. n. discourir, commenter. DESCEND, v. a. & n. descendre. DESCENDANT, s. descendant, m. postérité, f. DESCENDENT, adj. qui descend, qui provient. Descension, s. chûte, f. degradation, f. DESCENT, s. descente, f. pente, f. extraction, f. descendans, m. pl. heritiers, m. pl. DESCRIBE, v. a. decrire, tracer. DESCRIBER, s. celui qui décrit. DESCRIBING, DESCRIPTION, s. peinture, f. tableau, m. portrait, m. caractère. DESCRY, v. a. decouvrir, reconnoitre. DESCRY, DESCRYING, s. découverte, f. DESERT, s. desert, m. solitude, f. mérite, m. DESERT, adj. desert, solitaire, inhabité. DESERT, v. a. deserter, délaisser, abandonner. DESERTER, s. déserteur, m. transfuge, m DESERTING, DESERTION, s. desertion, f. DESERTLESS, adj. sans merite, indigne. DESERVE. v. a. meriter, être digne. DESERVEDLY, adv. justement a bon droit. DESERVER, s. celui qui merite. DESERVING, adj. de mérite, qui mérite. DESICCANTS, s. pl. remèdes dessicatifs, m. pl. DESICCATE, v. a. dessecher. DESICCATION, s. dessechement, m. DESICCATIVE, adj. dessicatif, qui desseche. DESIGN, v. n. se proposer, projeter, avoir dessein, tramer, destiner, designer. DESIGN, s. dessein, m. intention, f. projet, m. DESIGNABLE, s. qui peut être designé.
DESIGNATION, s. designation, f. destination, f. DESIGNEDLY, adv. à dessein, exprès. DESIGNING, part. adj. mal-intentionne. DESIGNLESS, adj. sans dessein, sans le vouloir. Designlessly, adv. sans le savoir. DESIGNMENT, s. mauvaise intention, dessein, DESIRABLE, adj. desirable, à souhaiter. DESIRE, v. désire, m. souhait, m. envie, f.
DESIRE, v. d. désirer, souhaiter, avoir envie.
DESIRER, v. c. désirer; souhaiter, avoir envie.
DESIRER, v. celui qui désire; adj. désireux. DESIROUS, adj. qui desire, passione. DESIST, v. n. se desister, cesser, s'arrêter. DESISTANCE, DESISTING, s. desistement, m. DESK, s. pupitre, m. un luirin. [vage. DESOLATE, adj. desert. solitaire, desole, ra-DESOLATE, v. a. désoler, ravager, dévaster. DESOLATELY, adr. sans habitans, en ruines. DESOLATION, s. désolation, f. ravage, degat, m. saccagement, m. affliction, f. DESPAIR, s. désespoir, m. ; v. n. désespèrer. DESPAIRR, s. celui qui désespère. DESPAIRINGLY, adv. en désespéré. DESPERADO, s. un désespéré, un enragé. DESPERATE, adj. désespéré, sans espoir, dangereux, enragé, furieux, terrible. DESPERATELY, ade. en désespéré, en furieux. DESPERATENESS, s. furie, f. violence, f. DESPERATION, s. desespoir, m. furie. f DESPICABLE, adj. meprisable, bas. vil. DESPICABLENESS, s. bassesse, f. vilete. DESPICABLY, adv. bassement, vilement. DESPISABLE, adj. méprisable.
DESPISER, s. celui qui méprise, dédaigneux.
DESPISER, s. mépris, m. dédain, m.

DEROGATE, v. a. déroguer; v. n. dégénérer. || DESPITE, s. malice, f. méchanceté, défiance, f. DESPITE, v. a. vexer, tourmenter, dépiter. DESPITEFUL, adj. méchant, haineux. [ment. DESPITEFULLY, adv. par dépit, mecham-DESPITEFULNESS, s. malice, f. haine, f. DESPOND, v. a. di pouiller, priver.
DESPOND, v. n. désespérer, se décourager.
DESPONDENCY, s. désespoir, m. DESPONDENT, adj. désespéré, sans espoir. DESPONSATE, v. a. fiancer, promettre DESPOTICAL, DESPOTICK, adj. despotique. DESPOTICALLY, adv. despotiquement. DESPOTISM, s. despotisme, so. gouvernement arbitraire, s DESPUMATION, s. despumation. DESSERT, s. dessert, m. (dernier service de table.) DESTINATE, DESTINE, v. a. destiner. DESTINATION, s. destination, f. DESTINUES, s. pl. les trois parques, f. pl.
DESTINUES, s. destinée, f. destin, m. sort, m.
DESTITUTE, adj. délaissé, destitué, dénué. DESTITUTION, s. manque, m. privation, f. DESTROY, v. a. detruire, ruiner, renverser, désoler, dévaster, saccager, défaire, gûter, tuer, donner la mort. DESTROYER, s. destructeur, m. meurtrier, m. DESTROYING, s. destruction, f.; adj. der DESTRUCTIBLE, adj. perissable. [structeur. DESTRUCTION, s. destruction, f. ruine, f. DESTRUCTIVE, adj. destructeur, ruineux. DESTRUCTIVELY, adv. (unestement. DESTRUCTIVENESS, s. pouvoir destructeur. DESTRUCTOR, s. destructeur, m. DESUDATION, s. sueur excessive, f. DESUETUDE, s. le non-usage, desaccoutumance, f. passager. DESULTORIOUS, DESULTORY, adj. volage, DESUME, r. a. tirer, emprunter. DETACH, r. a. détacher, separer. DETACHMENT, s. détachement, f DETAIL, s. detail, m. ; v. a. detailler, particulariser. Detain, r. α. détenir, retenir, arrêter. DETAINDER, s. decret d'emprisonnement, m. DETAINER, s. celui qui detient ou retient. DETAINING, DETENTION, s. retardement, m. DETECT, v. a. d. couvrir, révéler, déclarer. DETECTER, s. délateur, m. celui qui décou-DETER, v. a. detourner, retenir. DETERMENT, s. empechement, m. obstacle. DETERGE, r. a. déterger un plaie, neuoyer. DETERGENT, adj. qui deterge, propre à net-DETERIORATION, s. deterioration, f. [toyer. DETERMINABLE, adj. qu'on peut juger or DETERMINATE, v. a. détermines. [décider. DETERMINATE, adj. déterminé, décide. DETERMINATELY, adv. determinement. DETERMINATION, s. determination, f. DETERMINATIVE, adj. determinatif. DETERMINATOR, s. čelui qui décide. DETERMINE, v. a. déterminer, fixer, déci-DETERRATION, s. l'action de déterrer. DETERSION, s. détersion, f. l'action de dé-DETERSIVE, adj. & s. détersif. [terger. DETEST, r. a. detester, hatr. abhorrer. DETESTABLE, adj de testable, abominable. DETESTABLY, adv. abominablement. DETENTATION, e. detestation, f. haine, f. DETHRONE, r. a. detroner, oter la couronne. DETONATION, s. detonation, f. bruit, m. DETONIZE, v. c. faire détonner, calciner

DETORT, v. a. tordre, alterer, pervertir. DETRACT, v. a. diminuer, retrancher, médire. DETRACTER, e. un détracteur, un medisant. DETRACTING, DETRACTION, s. medisance, f. DETRACTORY, DETRACTIVE, adj. diffamatoire. DETRIMENT, s. détriment, m. tort, m. DETRIMENTAL, s. désavantageux.
DETRUDE, v. a. précipiter, pousser en bas. DETRUNCATE, v. a. couper, tailler, ebr. u-DETRUSION, s. l'action de précipiter. [cher. DEUCE or DEUSE, s. deux, m. diable, m. diantre, m. DEUTERONOMY, s. Deuteronome, m.
DEVASTATION, s. devastation, f. dégât, m.
DEVELOPE, v. a. déveloper, déplier. DEVERGENCE, s. pente, f. penchant, m.
DEVEST, v. a. dépouiller, déposséder.
DEVIATE, v. n. s'égarer, s'écarter; adj.
DEVIATION, s. égarement, m. [écarté. DEVIATORY, adj. de declinaison, changeant. DEVICE, s. invention, f. moyen, m. expedient, m. artifice, m. dessein, m. DEVIL, s. diable, m. esprit malin, m. DEVIL! interj. diable! du diable! DEVILISH, adj. de diable, diabolique. DEVILISH, DEVILISHLY, adr. diablement. DEVILISHNESS, s. humeur or action diabo-DEVILKIN, s. diabletin, m. [lique. DEVIOUS, adj. égeré, errant, écarté. DEVISE, v. a. & n. imaginer, méditer. Devise, s. legs, m. expedient, m. projet, m. Devisee, s. un legataire, une legataire. DEVISER, s. inventeur, m. auteur, m. DEVISOR, s. testateur, m. celui qui légue. DEVOIR, s. devoir de bienseance, m. DEVOLVE, v. a. transmettre, faire passer; v. n. rouler en bas, echoir, tomber en par-DEVOLUTARY, s. dévolutaire, m. DEVOLUTION, s. chûte, f. dévolut, m. DEVOTE, r. a. devouer, consacrer, livrer. DEVOTEDNESS, s. devouement, m. DEVOTEE, s. un bigot, un faux dévot. DEVOTION, s. dévotion, f. pieté. f. DEVOTIONAL, adj. devot, religieux. DEVOUR, r. a. devorer, consumer, ravager. DEVOURER, s. gourmand, m. destructeur, m. DEVOUT, adv. devot, pieux, religieux. DEVOUTLY, adr. devotement, pieusement. **DEVOUTNESS**, s. devotion, f. zele, m. DEW, s. la rose e; r. a. arroser, mouiller. DEW-BERRY, s. mure de baie, f. DEW-BESPRENT, part. adj. convert de rosée. DEW-DROP, s. une goutte de rosce. DEW-LAP, s. fauon, m. DEW-LAPT, adj. qui a un fanon. DEW-WORN, s. ver qu'on trouve dans la rosee, m. DEWY, adj. de rosée, couvert de rosée. DEXTERITY, s. dextérité, f. adresse, f. DEXTEROUS, adj. adroit, habile, expert. DEXTEROUSLY, adv. advoitement, habille-DEXTRAL, adj. droit, qui est à droite. DEY, s. dey, m. gouverneur, m. [rine, DIABETES, s. diabétés, m. incontinence d'u-DIABOLICAL. DIABOLICK, diabolique. DIABOLICALLY, adv. diablement

DIABOTANUM, diabotanum (emplâtre,) m.

Di ADEMED, adj. ceint d'un diadème.

DIACODIUM, s. diacode, m. sirop de pavôts DIACOUSTICS, s. pl. diacoustique, f. [blancs. DIADEM, s. diademe, m. bondeau royal.

DIERESIS, s. le tréma ou deux points sur u DIAGROSTICE, s. diagnostique, f. [voyelle. DIAGONAL, adj. diagonal, diagonale, j DIAGONALLY, adv. diagonalement. DIAGRAM, s. plan, m. dessein, m. figure, f. DIAGRYDIATES, s. diagrède, f. [laire. DIAL, s. cadran, m. A sun-dial, cadran so-DIALECT, s. dialecte, m. langue, f. DIALECTICAL, adj. de dialectique. DIALECTICALLY, adr. dialectiquement. [m. DIALECTICIAN, s. dialecticien, m. logicien, DIALECTICK, s. dialectique, f. logique, f. DIALING, s. gnomonique, f. DIALIST, s. feseur de cadrans, s DIALOGIST, s. un auteur de dialogues. DIALOGUE, s. dialogue, m. entretien, m. con-DIAMETER, s. diamètre, m. [férence, f. DIAMETRAL, DIAMETRICAL, adj. diametral. DIAMETRALLY, DIAMETRICALLY, adv. dia-[metralement. DIAMOND, s. diamant, m. DIAPALMA, s. diapalme, m. (onguent.) DIAPASM, s. diapasme, m. parfum, m. DIAPASON, s. diapason, m. octave en mu-DIAPENTE, s. diapente, s. quinte, f. DIAPER, s. linge ouvré, damassé DIAPER, r. a. travailler à fleurs, draper. DIAPHANEITY, s. transparence, f. DIAPHANICK, DIAPHANOUS, adj. diaphane. DIAPHORETICE, adj. & s. diaphoretique, sudorifique. DIAPHRAGM, s. diaphragme, m. DIARRHŒA, s. diarrhee, f. flux de ventre. m. DIARRIGATICE, adj. purgatif.
DIARY, s. journal, m. livre journal.
DIASTOLE, s. diastole, f. dilatation du cœur. DIBBLE, s. houe, f. hoyau, m.
DIBSTONE, s. petit caillou pour jouer.
DICE, s. pl. dés, m. ; v. n. jouer aux dés. DICE-BOX, s. cornet, m. DICER, s. joueur aux des, un joueur, m. Dicker of leather, s. une dizaine de cuirs. DICTATE, v. a. déclarer, dicter, prescrire. DICTATE, s. règle, f. précepte, suggestion. f. DICTATOR, s. dictateur, m. chef, m. DICTATORIAL, adj. de dictateur, magistral. DICTATORSHIP, DICTATURE, s. dictature, f. DICTION, s. diction, f. style, m. langage, m. DICTIONARY, s. dictionnaire, m. DIDACTICAL, DIDACTICA, adj. didactique. DIDACTICK, a. plongeon, m. DIDDER, r. n. frisonner de froid, grelotter. DIE, s. (the pl. dice.) de. m. hazard, m. DIE, pl. Dies, teinture, f. teinte, f. DIE, v. a. teindre; v. n. mourir, perdre la vie, expirer, languir, s'éventer. DIER, s. teinturier, m. DIET, s. nourriture, f. regime de vivre, m diète. f. Did-drink, espèce de tisanne, f. DIET, v. a. & n. nourrir, etre au régime. DIETETICAL, DIETETICAL, adj. diététique. DIFFER, c. n. differer, être different. DIFFERENCE, s. difference, f. different, . DIFFERENCE, v. a. differencier, disting DIFFERENT, adj. different, divers, distinct. DIFFERENTIAL, adj. differentiel. DIFFERENTLY, adv. differenment, diverse-DIFFERING, adj. different, dissemblable. DIFFICULT, adj. difficile, mal-aisé, génant. DIFFICULTLY, adr. difficilement. avec peine. DIFFICULTY, s. difficulté, f. embarras, m. re Diffide, r. a. se défier. [sistance.] DIFFIDENCE, J. défiance. f. méfiance, f.

DIFFIDENT, adj. défiant, méfiant, timide. DIFFIDENTLY, adv. avec défiance, timide-DIFFLUENCE, DIFFLUENCY, s. tluidité, f. DIFFLUENT, adj. fluide, aise à couler. DIFFORM, adj. irregulier, difforme, laid. DIFFORMITY, s. difformité, f. laideur, f. DIFFRANCHISE WENT, s. perte d'immunités.f. DIFFUSE, v. a. répandre, étendre. DIFFUSE, adj. étendu, épars, dispersé. DIFFUSEDLY, adv. d'une manière éparse, diffusément. DIFFUSEDNESS, s. diffusion, f. DIFFUSELY, adv. diffusement, d'une manière DIFFUSION, s. dispersion, f. [diffuse. DIFFUSIVE, adj. etendu, repandu, qui s'e-DIFFUSIVELY, adv. diffusement. [tend. DIFFUSIVENESS, s. extension, f. sion, f. Die, v. a. creuser, fouir, becher, deterrer. DIGESTS, s. lesdigestes pandectes, f. pl. DIGESTER, s. a. digerer; v. n. suppurer.
DIGESTER, s. qui digere, digestif, m.
DIGESTIBLE, adj. qu'on peut digerer.
DIGESTION, s. digestion, f. reduction, f.
DIGESTIVE, adj. digestif; s. digestif, m.
DIGGER, s. fossoyeur, m. celui qui creuse. Digit, s. les trois quarts d'un pouce, f. la douzième partie du diamètre du soleil or de la lune. Un seul chiffre d'arithmétique. DIGITATED, adj. digité. [m. dispute, f. DIGLADIATION, s. combat à coups d'épée, DIGRIFIED, adj. revetu de quelque dignité. DIGRIFY, v. a. élever à quelque dignité. DIGNIFICATION, s. elevation à quelque dignitė, f. DIGNITARY, s. dignitaire, m. prélat, m. DIGNITY, s. dignite, f. rang, m. grandeur. DIGRESS, v. n. s'écarter, faire une digression. DIGRESSION, s. digression, f. écart, m. [ties. DIJUDICATE, v. n. juger entre deux par-DIJUDICATION, s. jugement, m. decision, f. DIRE, s. fosse, m. canal, m. digue, f. DILACERATE, v. a. déchirer, mettre en pièces. DILACERATION, s. déchirement, m. DILAPIDATE, v. a. ruiner, détruire, laisser, dépérir. DILAPIDATION, s. ruine, f. dépérissement, m. DILATABILITY, s. dilatabilité, f. DILATABLE, adj. dilatable, qui peut être DILATATION, s. dilatation, f. Etendu. DILATE, v. a. dilater ; v. n. se dilater. DILATE, v. a. cluster; w. dilatoire, m.
DILATOR, s. dilateur, m. dilatoire, m.
DILATORINESS, s. lenteur, f. fainéantise, f.
DILATORY, adj. lent, tardif, qui differe.
DILEMMA, s. dilemme, m. embárras, m.
DILIGENEZ, s. diligence, f. exactitude, f.
DILIGENEZI, adv. diligenment, exactement.
DILIGENEZI, adv. diligenment, exactement. DILL, s. anet, m. (sorte d'herbe.) DILLING, s. mignon, m. l'enfant qu'on aime le plus. DILUCIDATE, v. a. éclaircir, expliquer. DILUCIDATE, v. a. éclaircir, expliquer. DILUCIDATION, s. éclaircissement, m. DILUENT, adj. qui attenue, qui dissout. DILUENT, s. dissolvent, m. frer, aff [rer, affoiblir. DILUTE, v. a. détremper, délayer, tempé DILUTER, s. dissolvant, m. DILUTION, s. l'action de dissoudre, detrempe, DILUVIAN, adj. qui a rapport au déluge. Dim, adj. qui a la vue trouble, obscur.

Din, v. a. offusquer, obscurcir. DIMENSION, s. dimension, f. etendue, f. DIMINISH, v.a. & n. diminuer, rabattre, decroitre. DIMINISHING, s. diminution, f. DIMINISHINGLY, adv. avec inepris. DIMINUTION, s. diminution, f. rabais, m.
DIMINUTIVE, adj. petit; s. diminutif, m.
DIMINUTIVELY, adv. chetivement, petite-DIMINUTIVENESS, s. petitesse, f. DIMISSORY, adj. dimissorial; s. un dimissoire. DIMITY, s. basin, m. (sorte de futaine.) DIMLY, adr. obscurement. [stupidite, f. DIMNESS, s. obscurcissement de la vue, DIMPLE, s. fossette, f. petit creux aux joues or au menton. DIMPLE, v n. faire un fossette. DIMPLY, adj. plein de fossettes, creux. Din, s. bruit, m. tapage, m.; v. a. étourdir. [bossuer. DINE, r. n. diner. Ding, r. a. froisser, heurter avec violence, DINGLE, s. vallon, m. vallec, f. DINING-ROOM, s. salle à manger, f. DINNER, s. dine or diner, m. DINNER-TIME, s. l'heure de diner, f. DINT, s. coup, m. force, f. pouvoir, m.
DINT, v. a. marquer en frappant, froisser.
DIOCESAN, s. eveque diocesain, m. : adj. dio-DIOCESS, s. diocèse, f. évéché. [césain. DIOFTRICKS, s. pl. dioptrique, f. DIPF. n. tremper. plonger, mouiller, engager. DIPHTHONG, s. diphthongue, f. DIPLOMA, s. diphthongue, f. DIPPER, s. plongeur, m.
DIRE, adj. terrible, affreux, cruel, inhumain. DIRECT, adj. direct, droit, clair, ouvert. DIRECT, v. a. diriger, ordonner, regler, rec-tifier, conduire, montrer, enseigner, adresser (une lettre), aller droit, faire route, porter, faire voile. DIRECTER, s. qui dirige, directeur, m. DIRECTION, s. direction, f. ordre, m. instruction, f. l'adresse (d'une lettre, f.) Direction-word, (in printing) reclame, f. DIRECTIVE, adj. qui dirige, directrice. DIRECTLY, adv. droit, immediatement. DIRECTNESS, s. droiture, f. rectitude, f. DIRECTOR, s. directeur, m. chef, m. DIRECTORY, s. liturgie, f. formule, f DIREFUL, adj. affreux, terrible, horrible.
DIREFESS, s. horreur, f. chose horrible. DIREPTION, 4. pillage, m. saccagement, m. DIRGE, s. chant funebre, m. obit, m. DIRK, s. sorte de poignard, f.
DIRT, s. boue, f. fange, f. ordure, f. saleté, f.
DIRT, v. a. tacher, souiller, crotter.
DIRTILY, adv. salement, vilainement. DIRTINESS, s. saleté, f. ordure, f. vilenie, f. DIRTY, adj. crotté, sale, vilain, bas, honteux. DIRTY, v. a. salir, crotter DISABILITY, s. incapacité, f. impuissance, f. DISABLE, v. a. rendre incapable, ruiner. DISABUSE, v. a. desabuser, detromper. DISADVANTAGE, s. désavantage, m. tort, m. DISADVANTAGE, v. a. préjudicier, nuire. DISADVANTAGEOUS, adj. desavantageux. DISADVANTAGEOUSLY, adv. desavantageusement. DISKFFECT, v. a. indisposer. DISAFFECTED adj. indispose, mal intentionne. DISAFFECTEDLY, adv. sans affection. DISAFFECTEDNESS, s. mauvaise intention. DISAFFECTION s, indisposition, f.

education, f. art, m. science, f. châtiment, DISAFFECTIONATE, adj. mal-intentionne, m. correction, f. mécontent. DISCIPLINE, v. a: discipliner, élever, in-struire, regler, gouverner. DiscLaim, v. a. désavouer, rénoncer à, renier. DISAFFOREST, v. a. ôter les privilèges de fo-DISAGREE, v. n. disconvenir, ne pas s'accor-DISAGREEABLE, adj. contraire. [der. DISAGREGABLENESS, s. disconvenance, f. DISAGREGMENT, s. difference, f. discorde, f. DISALLOW, v. a. desapprouver, blamer. Disclaimen, s. qui desavoue, qui renie. Disclaiming, s. desaveu, m. renodcement, Disclose, v. a. découvrir, révéler, déclarer, DISALLOWABLE, adj. qu'on ne doit pas per-DISALLOWANCE, s. desense, f. [inettre. faire éclorre ; v. n. bourgeonner. DISCLOSER, s. qui découvre or révèle. DISCLOSURE, s. découverte, f. déclaration, f. DISANCHOR, v. a. lever l'aucre, desancrer. Discoloration, s. changement de cou-DISANIMATE, v. n. decourager. DISANNUL, v. n. annuller, abolir, abroger. DISAPPEAR, v. n. disparottre, s'evanouir. leur. m Discolour, v. a. altérer la couleur, déco-DISAPPOINT, v. a. frustrer, tromper. Discomfit, v. a. défaire, tailler in pièces. DISAPPOINTMENT, s. attente trompée, con-DISCOMFIT, DISCOMFITURE, s. défaite, f. DISCOMFORT, s. affliction, f. désolation, f. tre-temps, m. traverse, manquement de parole, m. DISCOMFORT, v. a. affliger, désoler. DISAPPROBATION, s. condemnation, f. cen-DISCOMMEND, n.a. blamer, desapprouver.
DISCOMMENDABLE, adf. blamable.
DISCOMMENDATION, s. blame, m. censure, f.
DISCOMMODE, r. a. incommoder.
DISCOMMODE, t. a. incommoder. sure, f. blâme, m DISAPPROVE, v. a. desapprouver, condamner. DISARM, v. a. désarmer, ôter les armes. DISARRAY, s. desordre, m. confusion, f. Discommonious, adj. incommode, à charge. DISASTER, s. désastre, m. malbeur, m. DISASTER, v.a. affliger, porter malheur. DISASTROUS, adj. malheureux, funeste. Discompose, v. a. déranger, troubler. DISCOMMODITY, s. incommodite, DISCOMPOSUBE, s. desordre, m. [ranger. DISCONCERT, v. a. déconcerter, troubler, de-DISCONFORMITY, DISCONGRUITY, s. dis-DISASTROUSLY, adv. malheureusement. Disavow, r. a. désavouer, désapprouver. DISAVOWAL, DISAVOWMENT, s. desaveu, m. DISAUTHORIZE, v. a. decrediter. DISBAND, v. a. licencier, congedier; v. n. se convenance, f. DISCONSOLATE, adj. desole. DISCONTENT, s. mecontentement, m. afflic-[retirer. DISBARK, v. n. debarquer. DISCONTENT, adj. mecontent. [tion, f. DISBELIEF, s. doute, m. desiance, f. DISCONTENT, v. a. mecontenter, chagriner. DISBELIEVE, r. a. ne pas croire, regarder DISCONTENTEDLY, adr. avec chagrin. comme faux. DISCONTENTEDNESS and DISCONTENT-DISBELIEVER, s. incredule, m. MENT. See Discontent, s. DISBRANCH, v. a. ébrancher. DISCONTINUANCE, s. discontinuation, f. DISBURDEN, v. a. decharger. DISCONTINUATION, s. separation, f. DISBURSE, v. a. débourser, dépenser. DISCONTINUE, v. a. discontinuer; v. n. cesser. DISBURSEMENT, s. deboursement, m. DISCONTINUING, s. discontinuation, f. DISBURSER, s. celui qui debourse, payeur, s DISCONTINUITY, s. desunion, f. DISCALCEATED, adj. dechausse. DISCONVENIENCE, s. disconvenance, f. DISCARD, v. a. écarter, démettre, congédier. DISCORD, s. discorde, f. désunion, f. dissension, f. division, f. défaut d'accord, m.
DISCORD, v. n. discorder, n'être pas d'accord. DISCERN, r. a. discerner, decouvrir. DISCERNER, s. celui qui discerne, qui dis-DISCERNIBLE, adj. visible, sensible. [tingue. DISCERNIBLY, adv. visiblement, sensible-DISCORDANCE, DISCORDANCY, s. See Dis-[éclairé. DISCORDANT, DISCORDING, adj. discordant, DISCERNING, s. discernement, m.; adj. DISCERNINGLY, adv. judicieusement. contraire, oppose, incompatible DISCORDANTLY, adv. contradictoirement. DISCERNMENT, s. discernement, m. DISCOVER, v. a. découvrir, révéler, trouver. DISCOVERABLE, adj. qu'on peut découvrir. DISCOVERER, s. espion, m. délateur, m. DISCERP, v. a. dechirer, depecer. [paré. DISCERPTIBLE, adj. qui peut être brisé, se-DISCERPTION, s. déchirement, m. DISCHARGE, r. a. decharger, debarrasser, Discoveny, s. decouverte, f. DISCOUNT, s. escompte, m. rabais, m. deacquitter, absoudre, dispenser, exempter, élargir, faire, exécuter, remplir, lacher, compte, m. DISCOUNT, v. a. escompter, déduire, rabattre. laisser, échapper; v. n. se décharger, fon-DISCOUNTENANCE, v. a. décourager, dedre. contenancer. DISCHARGE, s. décharge, f. exemption, elargissement, m. absolution, f. justifica-DISCOUNTENANCE, s. froideur. DISCOURAGE, v. a. décourager, intimider. tion, f. quittance, f. conge, m. DISCOURAGEMENT, s. découragement, m. DISCHARGER, s. celui qui decharge ou paye. Discind, v. a. diviser, meure en pièces. DISCOURAGER, s. celui qui décourage. Discouraging, adj. rebutant, qui décourage. DISCIPLE, s. disciple, m. élève, m. écolier, m. DISCOURSE, s. discours, m. propos, m. conversation, f. entretien, m. traité, m. DISCIPLESHIP, s. l'état or la condition de disciple, m. Discourse, v. n. discourir, converser, parler. Discourser, s. discoureur, m. disserts-DISCIPLINABLE, adj. disciplinable. DISCIPLINARIAN, odj. de discipline. Disciplinarian, s. puritain, m. un rigoriste. teur. m. DISCIPLINARY, adj. qui concerne la disci-Discounsive, adj. qui appartient au raipline. sonnement. Discourteous, adj. désobligeant. Discipling, s. discipline, f. ordre, m. règle, DISCOURTEOUSLY, adv. incivilement. f. conduite, f. institution, f. instruction, f. |

DISCOURTEST, s. incivilité, f. injure, f. Discous, adj. large, plat. [fétrissure, f. Discredit, s. déshonneur, m. ignominie, f. Discredit, v. a. décréditer, déshonorer. DISCREET, adj. discret, prudent, circonspect. DISCREETLY, adv. discretement. DISCRETNESS, s. discretion, f. prudence, f. Discretness, s. difference, f. opposition, f. Discretness, day, discret, disjonctif. DISCRETION, DISCRETNESS, s. discrétion. f. prudence, f. circonspection, f. retenue, f. volonté, f. merci, f. DISCRETIONARY, adj. illimité, à discrétion. DISCRIMINATE, r. a. distinguer, separer.
DISCRIMINATION, s. distinction, f. difference.
DISCRIMINATIVE, adj, distinctif.
DISCRIMINOUS, adj. daugereux, perileux. Discumber, r. a. dégager, débarrasser. Discussivk, adj. errant, vague: Discursively, adv. par voie de raisonne-Discus, s. disque, m. (sorte de palet.) Discussion, s. discuter, examiner, agiter. Discussion, s. discussion, f. examen, m. DISCUSSIVE, DISCUTIENT, adj. resolutif, qui dissout. DISDAIN, s. dédain, m. mépris, m. DISDAIN, v. a. dédaigner, mépriser. DISDAINFUL, adj. dédaigneux, méprisant. DISDAINFULLY, adv. dedaigneusement. DISDAINFULNESS, s. dédain, m. mepris, m DISEASE, s. maladie, f. indisposition, f. DISEASED, part. adj. malade, incommoder. DISEASED, part. adj. malade, indisposé. DISEMBARK, v. a. & n. debarquer. DISEMBARKING, s. debarquement, m DISEMBITTER, v. a. adoucir, ôter l'amertume. DISEMBOGUE, v. a. & n. décharger, se dé-Disembroil, v. n. débrouiller. [charger. ter. DISENABLE, v. n. rendre incapable DISENCHANT, v. a. désensorceler, désenchan-DISENCUMBER, v. a. degager, debarrasser. DISENCUMBRANCE, s. delivrance, f. DISENGAGE, v. a. dégager, débarrasser. DISENGAGED, part. adj. vacant, à loisir. DISENGAGENENT, s. degagement, m. DISENTANGLE, v. a. debarrasser, dégager. DISENTHRAL, v. a. mettre endiberte. DISENTHRONE, v. a. détrôner.
DISESPOUSE, v. a. démarier, séparer.
DISESTEEM, s. mésestime, f. mépris, m. DISESTEEM, v. a. mésestimer, mépriser. DISFAVOUR, s. défaveur, f. déplaisir, m. DISFAVOUR, v. a. disgracier, abandonner. DISFIGURATION, s. differente, f. Disfigure, v. a. déligurer, rendre difforme. DISFIGUREMENT, s. enlaidissement, m Disforest, r. a. abattre les arbres d'une forêt. Dispranchise, v. a. ôter la franchise. DISFRANCHISEMENT, s. privation de franchise, f. Dispunnish e. a. priver or dépouiller de. DISGARNISH, v. n. degarnir. DISGLORIFY, v.a. deshonorer, traiter indigne-DISGRACE, s. déshonneur, m. honte, f. DISGRACE, v. a. deshonorer, diffamer. DISGRACEFUL, adj. honteux, ignominieux, DISGRACEFULLY, adv. honteusement. DISGRACEFULNESS, s. ignominie, f. infamie, DISGRACIOUS, adj. desobligeant.

DISGUISE, s. déguisement, m. hypocrisie. f.

Disguisz, v. a. déguiser, masquer, feindre. DISGUISEMENT, s. déguisement.
DISGUISEN, s. qui déguise, qui travestie.
DISGUISEN, s. dégoût, m. aversion, f.
DISGUIST, v. a. dégoûter, causer du dégoût. DISGUSTFUL, adj. degoultant, rebutant. DISH, s. plat, m. écuelle, f. tasse, f. DISH-CLOUT, s. torchon, m. DISH-WASH OF DISH-WATER, s. lavure d'écuelles, f. DISH, v. a. servir dans un plat, cresser. DISHABILLE, adj. en neglige; s. deshabille, DISHEARTEN, v. a. decourager, abattre. DISHERIT, v. a. déshériter. DISHEVEL, v. a. échéveler. fame. DISHONEST, adj. deshonnête, malhonnête, in-DISHONESTLY, adv. deshounêtement. DISHONESTY, s. mal-hounctete, f. DISHONOUR, s. deshonneur, m. infamie, f. DISHONOUR, v. a. déshonorer, flétrir. DISHONOURABLE, adj. déshonorable.
DISHONOURABLY, adv. mal-honnétement. DISHONOURER, s. qui déshonore, séducteur, DISHUMOUR, s. mauvaise humeur. [m. Disimprovement. s. décadence, f. Disinclination, s. dégoût, m. aversion, f. Disincline, v. a. donner du dégoût. Disingenuity, s. mauvaise foi, dissimulation, f. Disingenuous, adj. artificieux, dissimulé. Disingenuously, adv. avec dissimulation. DISINHABITED, adj. dépeuplé, désert, sans DISINHERIT, v. a. déshériter. [habitans. DISINTER, v. a. déterrer, exhumer. DISINTERESTED, adj, désintéressé. DISINTERESTEDLY, adv. impartialement. DISINTERESTEDNESS,s. désintéressement, m. Disjoin, v. a. déjoindre, séparer, désunir; v. a. démettre, disloquer, demembrer. DISJUNCTION, s. disjonction, f. separation, f. DISJUNCTIVE, adj. disjonctif. Disjunctively, adv. séparément, à part. Disk, s. disque, m. palet, m. DISKINDRESS, s. mauvaise intention, tort, m. DISLIKE, s. degout, m. repugnance, f. DISLIKE, v. a. desapprouver, blamer. DISLIKEN, v. a. rendre différent, changer. DISLIKENESS, s. difference, f. dissemblance, Disliker, s. désapprobateur, m. DISLIKING, s. dégoût, m. répugnance, f. DISLIMB, v. a. démembrer, arracher les mem-DISLIMB, v. a. depeindre. DISLOCATE, n. a. déplacer, disloquer.
DISLOCATION, s. dislocation, f. luxation, f.
DISLODGE, v. a. & n. mettre dehors, chasser. DISLOYAL, adj. déloyale, infidèle, traître. DISLOYALLY adv. infidèlement déloyalement. DISLOYALTY, s. déloyauté, f. infidélité, f. DISMAL, adj. sinistre, affreux, terrible. DISMALLY, adv. horriblement, affreusement. DISMALNESS, 4. horreur, f. melancolie, f. DISMANTLE, v. a. priver, déponiller. DISMASK, v. a. démasquer, découvrir. DISMAY, v. a. épouvanter, intimider. DISMAY, s. epouvante, f. peur, f. DISMAYEDNESS, s. frayeur, f. épouvante, f. DISMEMBER, r. a. demembrer, dechirer. Dismiss, r. a. renvoyer, congedier. [sion. DISMISSION, s. renvoi, m. congé, m. démis-DISMOUNT, v. a. démonter, désarçonner. DISNATURALIZE, v. a. ôter le droit de natu-DISOBEDIENCE, s. des beissance, f. [ralite. DISOBEDIENT, adj. desobeissant, refractaire. DISOBEDIENTLY, adr. en désobéissant

Disobey, v. a. désobéir, transgresser. DISOBLIGATION, s. deplaisir, m. mauvais office. Disoblige, v. a. désobliger, desservir. DISOBLIGING, part. adj. désobligeant. DISOBLIGINGLY, adv. désobligeamment. DISOBLIGINGNESS, s. manières deschligeantes, f. pl. Disorder, s. désordre, m. dérangement, m. confusion, f. tumulte, m. trouble, m. égarement d'esprit, m. mal, m. maladie, f. ivresse, f. degât, m. Disorder, v. a. déranger, incommoder, trou-DISORDERED, part. adj. déréglé, desordonné. DISORDERLY, adj. confus, en désordre, dé-sordonné, déréglé, débauche. DISORDERLY, adv. sans ordre, confusément. DISORDINATE, adj. désordonné, déréglé. DISORDINATELY, adv. desordonnement. [lir. Disown, v. a. desavouer, renier. DISPARAGE, v. a. mal assortir, dépriser, avi-DISPARAGEMENT, s. mesalliance, f. honte, f. DISPARAGER, s. qui deshonore, qui déprise. DISPARITY, s. disparité, f. inégalité, f. diffé-DISPARK, v. a. ouvrir un parc. frence. DISPART, v. a. diviser, partager, calibrer. DISPASSION, s. exemption de passion, f. DISPASSIONATE, adj. de sang froid.
DISPATCH, s. expédition, f. dépèche, f.
DISPATCH, v. a. dépècher, envoyer, expédier. DISPEL, v. a. chasser, dissiper. DISPEND, v. a. depenser, consumer. DISPENSE, adj. dont on peut dispenser. DISPENSARY, s. dispensaire, m.
DISPENSATION, s. distribution, f. dispense, f. DISPENSATOR, s. dispensateur, m. distribu-DISPENSATORY, s. pharmacopee, f. [teur, m. DISPENSE, r. a. dispenser, distribuer. DISPENSE, s. dispense, f. exemption, f. DISPENSER, s. distributeur, m. [ger. DISPEOPLE, r. a. dépeupler, désoler, rava-DISPEOPLER, s. qui dépeuple, qui desole. DISPERSE, v. a. disperser, répandre, dissiper. DISPEBSEDLY, adv. d'une manière éparse, çù et là. Dispersedness, s. dispersion, f. DISPERSER, s. qui disperse, qui seme. DISPERSION, 6. dispersion, f. separation, f. DISPIRIT, v. a. decourager, intimider. DISPLACE, v. a. déplacer, èter de sa place. DISPLACENCY, s. impolitesse, f. deplaisir, m. DISPLACING, s. déplacement, m. DISPLANT, v. a. arracher une plant, déplan-DISPLAY, v. a. déployer, étendre, développere, etaler, montrer, expliquer, exposer, découvrir, déclarer, manifester. DISPLAY, s. développement, m. montre, f. DISPLEASANT, adj. déplaisant, désagréable. DISPLEASE, v. a. deplaire, mecontenter. DISPLEASINGNESS, s. déplaisir, m. chagrin, m. DISPLEASURE, s. déplaisir, m. disgrace, f. peine, f. mécontentement, m. chagrin, m DISPLODE, v. a. disperser avec grand bruit. DISPLOSION, s. explosion, f. decharge, f. DISPORT, s. passe-temps, m. amusement, m. Disport, v. a. & n. se divertir. DISPOSAL, s. disposition, f. pouvoir, m. Dispose, v. a. & n. disposer, preparer. DISPOSED, part. adj. dispose, arrangé. DISPOSER, s. dispensateur, m. arbitre, m. DISPOSITION, s. disposition, f. ordre, m. talent, m. aptitude, f. dessein, m. Dispossess, v. a. déposséder, dessaisir. DISPOSURE, s. posture, f. conduite, f.

DISPRAISE, s. blâme, m. reproche, m. DISPRAISE, r. a. blamer, censurer. Dispraiser, s. censeur, m. critique, m. DISPREAD, v. a. étendre de côté et d'autre DISPROPIT, s. perte, f. dommage, m. tort, m. DISPROOF, s. reputation, f. [prejudice. DISPROPORTION, s. disproportion, f. inegalite, DISPROPORTION, v. a. disproportionner. [f. Disproportionable, Disproportion-DISPROPORTIONABLE, ATE, adj. disproportionne. DISPROPORTIONABLY, adv. inegalement. DISPROVE, v. a. réfuter, convaiucre de faux. DISPUTABLE, adj. disputable, problématique. Disputant, s. disputeur, m.; adj. qui dis-DISPUTATION, s. dispute, f. controverse, f. DISPUTATIOUS, DISPUTATIVE, adj. dispu-DISPUTE, s. dispute, f. débat, m. querelle, f. DISPUTE. v. n. disputer, debaure, agiter. DISPUTELESS, adj. incontestable. DISPUTER, s. disputeur, m. controversite, m. DISQUALIFICATION, s. incapacité, f. [ble. DISQUALIFY, v. a. rendre inhabile or incapa-DISQUIET, s. inquietude, f. trouble, m. DISQUIET, v. a. inquieter, chagriner, tour-[menter - [tude, f. inquie-Disquieter, s. perturbateur, s. DISQUIETLY, adv. sans repos. Disquietness, Disquietude, . DISQUISITION, s. recherche, f. examen, m. DISREGARD, s. mepris, m. indifference, f. DISREGARD, v. a. negliger, mepriser. DISREGARDFUL, adj. méprisant. [ver. DISRELISH, s. dégoùt, m.; v. a. désapprou-DISKEPUTABLE, adj. bonteux, infamant. DISREPUTATION, s. deshonneur, m. DISREPUTE, s. mauvaise reputation, infamie, f. Disrespect, s. incivilité, f. incpris, m. DISRESPECT, v. a. mepriser, traiter incivile-DISRESPECTFUL, adj. incivil, grossier. DISRESPECTFULLY, adr. incivilement. DISROBE, v. a. déshabiller, dépouiller. DISRUPTION, s. rupture, f. fente, f. DISSATISFACTION, s. mecontentement DISSATISFACTORY, adj. desagréable, deplaisant. Dissatisfy, r. a. mécontenter, déplaire. Dissect, v. a. disséquer, anatomise Dissection, s. dissection, f. anatomie, f. Disseize, v. a. dessaisir, deposseder. Disseizer, s. celui qui est depossede. Disseizin, s. dessaisissement, m. déposses-Disseizer, s. usurpateur, m. [pallier. DISSEMBLER, v. a. & n. feindre, dissimuler, DISSEMBLER, v. qui dissimule, hypocrite, m. DISSEMBLING, s. dissimulation, f.; adj. dis-Dissenblingly, adv. avec dissimulation. Disseminate, r. a. semer, répandre ça et la. DISSEMINATION, s. l'action de somer. Disseminator, s. semeur, m. qui répand. DISSENSION, s. dissension, f. division, f. DISSENTIOUS, adj. factieux, remunst. DISSENT, v. a. étre d'une opinion contraire. DISSENT, s. contrariété d'opinion, f. DISSENTANEOUS, adj. contraire, oppose. DISSENTER, s. dissident, m. nonconformiste, m. DISSERTATION, s. dissertation, f. discours, m. DISSERVE, v. a. desservir, desobliger, naire. DISSERVICE, s. mauvais office, tort, m. [tal. DISSERVICEABLE, adj. nuisible, funeste, fa-

DIS DISSETTLE, v. a. déranger, meure en désordre. DISSEVER, v. a. désunir, séparer. DISSILATION, s. l'action de se fendre. DISSIMILAR, adj. dissimilaire, hetérogène. DISSIMILARITY, DISSIMILITUDE, 8. diversite, f. DISSIMULATION, s. dissimulation, f. DISSIPABLE, adj. qui se dissipe aisement. DISSIPATE, v. a. dissiper, disperser, prodiguer. DISSIPATION, s. dissipation, f. dispersion, f. DISSOCIATE, v. a. separer, desunir. DISSOLVABLE, DISSOLUBLE, adj. dissolutif, dissoluble. DISSOLVE, v. a. dissoudre, résoudre, fondre, séparer; r. n. se dissoudre, se fondre. DISSOLVENT, DISSOLVER, s. dissolvant, m. DISSOLVENT, adj. dissolvant, m. résolutif, m. Dissolute, adj. dissolu, débauché. DISSOLUTELY, utc. dissolument, en débauche. DISSOLUTENESS, s. dissolution, f. débauche, f. DISSOLUTION, s. dissolution, f. résolution, f. fonte, f. séparation, f. division, f. destruc-tion, f. rupture, f. cessation, f. Dissonance, s. dissonance, f. contrariété, f. DISSONANT, adj. dissonant, discordant. DISSUADE, r. a. dissuader, détourner de. Dissuade, s. celui qui dissuade. DISSUADING, DISSUASION, s. dissuasion, f. DISSUASIVE, adj. propre à dissuader. DISSULLABLE, s. dissyllabe, f. DISTAFF, s. quenouille à filer. DISTAIN, v. a. tacher, ternir. DISTANCE, s. distance, f. intervalle, m. respect, m. Out of distance, au delà des bornes. DISTANCE, v. a. espacer, laisser derrière. DISTANCING, s. espacement. m. DISTANT, adj. distant, loin, éloigné. DISTASTE, s. dégoût, m. déplaisir, m. DISTASTE, v. a. dégoûter, mécontenter. DISTASTEFUL, adj. degoutant, desagréable. DISTEMPER, s. maladie, f. mal, m. [der DISTEMPER, v. a. rendre malade, incommo-DISTEMPER ATURE, s. intemperie, f. DISTEMPERED, part. adj. malade, dérange. DISTEND, r. a. elargir, étendre, ensler. [m. DISTENSION, s. distension, f. élargissement. DISTERMINATE, v. a. s. parer, borner. DISTICH, s. distique, m. deux vers Latins. Distil, r. a. & n. distiller, dégouter DISTILLABLE, adj. qui se peut distiller. DISTILLATION, s. distillation, f. DISTILLER, s. distillateur, m. ftiller. DISTILLING, s. distillation, f. l'action de dis-DISTINCT, adj. distinct, separé, clair. DISTINCTION, s. distinction, f. difference, f. DISTINCTIVE, adj. distinctif, judicieux. DISTINCTIVELY, DISTINCTIV, adv. distinctement. Distinctness, s. neuelé, f. clarté, f. DISTINGUISH, v.a. & n. distinguer. DISTINGUISHABLE, adj. qu'on peut distin-DISTINGUISHER, s. qui distingue. DISTINGUISHINGLY, adr. avec distinction. DISTINGUISHMENT, s. distinction, f. DISTORT, v. a. tordre, tourner, contourner. DISTORTION, s. contorsion, f. grimace, f. DISTRACT, v. a. distraire, diviser DISTRACTED, part. adj. sépare, divisé, fou. DISTRACTEDLY, adv. comme un fou. DISTRACTION, s. distraction, f. confusion, f. DISTRAIN, v. a. & n. saisir, arrêter, se saisir.

DISTRAINER, s. qui saisit. DISTRAINT, s. saisie, f. arrêt, m. DISTRESS, s. saisie, f. arrêt, f. misère, f. détresse, f. malheur, m. Districes, v. a. reduire à la misère, affliger. DISTRESSFUL, adj. misérable, malheureux. DISTRIBUTE, v. a. distribuer, partager, divi-DISTRIBUTER, s. distributeur, m. [ser. DISTRIBUTION, s. distribution, f. partage, DISTRIBUTIVE, adj. distributif. DISTRIBUTIVELY, adv. distributivement. DISTRICT, s. district. m. jurisdiction, f. DISTRUST, v. a. se defier, se mefier. DISTRUST, s. defiance, f. mefiance, f. DISTRUSTFUL, adj. defiant, mefiant, soupcon-DISTRUSTFULLY, adv. avec defiance. [neux. DISTRUSTFULNESS, DISTRUSTING, s. soup-DISTURB, v. a. troubler, deranger. [con. DISTURBANCE, s. trouble, m. agitation, f. dereglement, m. desordre, m. confusion, f. tumulte, m. emeute, f. DISTURBER, s. perturbateur, m. Disvalue, v. a. depriser, decrediter, decrier. DISUNION, s. desunion, f. separation, f. DISUNITE, v. a. & n. desunir, diviser. DISUNITY, s. desunion, f. separation, f. DISUNITY, s. DISUSE, s. non-usage, m. [mer. Disuse, r. a. desaccoutumer, se desaccoutu-DITCH, s. fossé, m. ; v. n. & a. fossoyer. DITCHER, s. fossoyeur, m. DITHYRAMB, DITHYRAMBIC, s. dithyrambe, DITION, s. dominion, f. puissance, f. DITTANDER, s. (an herb) passe-rage, f. DITTANY, s. (an herb) dictame, m Dirro, le même, de même, susdit. DITTY, s. chanson, f. chansonnette, f. DIURETICK, s. on diuretique; adj. diuretique. DIURNAL, adj. diurne; s. journal. DIURNALLY, adr. journellement, chaque jour. DIVAN, s. divan, m. conseil, m. ger. DIVARICATE, r. a. & n. partager, se parta-DIVARICATION, s. separation, division, f. DIVE, v. a. & n. plonger, approfondir. DIVER, s. plongeur, m. un plongeon. DIVERGE, r. n. etre divergent. DIVERGENT, adj. divergent. DIVERS. adj. physicurs, divers, différens. DIVERSE, adj. divers, différent, varié. DIVERSIFICATION, s. changement, m. DIVERSITY, r. a. diversifier, changer, varier. DIVERSION, s. diversion, f. changement de cours, m. recréation, f. amusement, m. Diversity, s. diversité, f. différence, f. DIVERSLY, adv. diversement, differemment. DIVERT, v. a. divertir, detourner distraire, réjouir, amuser, voler, dérober. DIVERTING, adj. divertissant, plaisant. DIVERTISE, v. a. divertir, rejouir, recréer. DIVERTISEMENT, s. divertissement, m. DIVERTIVE, adj. divertissant, amusant. DIVEST, r. a. dépouiller, déposséder, ôter, enlever. Divesture, s. dépouillement, m. DIVIDE, v. a. diviser ; v. n. se diviser. DIVIDEND, s. dividende, m. part, m. portion, Divider, s. qui divise, diviseur, m DIVINATION, s. divination, f. prediction, f. Divine, adj. divin. de Dieu, excellent. DIVINE, s. theologien, m. ecclésiastique, m. DIVINE, r. a. & n. deviner, predire. DIVINELY, adv. divinement, excellemment. DIVINER, s. divin, m. qui predit. DIVINERESS, s. prophétesse, f. DIVINITY, s. divinité, f. Dieu, m. théologie,

DIVISIBILITY, s. divisibilité, f. DIVISIBLE, adj. divisible, separable. DIVISION, s. division, f. separation, f. dis-Divison, s. diviseur, m. [corde, f. Divorce, s. divorce, m. séparation, f. Divorce, v. a. répudier, séparer de. DIVORCEMENT, s. divorce, m. repudiation, f. DIVORCER, s. qui fait divorce. DIVULGE, v. a. divulguer, publier, manifes-DIVULGER, s. qui divulgue, qui publie. DIZZINESS, s. vertige, m. ctourdissement, m. Dizzy, adj. sujet aux vertiges, écervelé. Dizzy, v. a. faire tourner la tête. Do, v. a. faire, executer, produire, expedier, rendre, mettre, finir, conclure; to do meat, preparer la viande, la cuire; to do again, refaire; to do away, ôter, defaire, effacer; to do off, defaire, tirer, ôter ; to do on, mettre; to do open, ouvrir; to do en, plier, empaqueter; to do over, enduire, couvrir dc. To Do, v. n. faire, en user, en agir, se porter, finir, terminer, conclure. Do, s. bruit, m. vacarme, m. efforts, m. pl. Do-ALL, s. un factotum. [table. DOCIBLE, DOCILE, adj. docile, souple, trai-DOCILITY, DOCIBLENESS, s. docilité, f. DOCK, s. le tronc de la queue, la croupe du cheval, le trousse-queue, bassin d'eau, m. darse, f. chantier, m. forme, (pour la construction de vaisseaux.) f. sorte d'oscille or de patience. Bur-dock, bardane, glouteron, m. Dock, v. a. couper la queue, ecourter. DOCKET, s. abregé, m. extrait, étiquette, f. Doctor, s. docteur, médecin, m. Doctor, v. a. médiciner. Doctors-commons, s. l'officialité, f. DOCTORAL, adj. doctoral. DOCTORALLY, adr. en docteur. DOCTORSHIP, s. doctorat, m. , [trine. DOCTRINAL, adj. qui contient quelque doc-DOCTRINE, s. doctrine, f. preceptes, m. pl.
DOCUMENT, s. document, m. instruction, f.
DODDER, s. (an herb) epithyme, m. DODDLE, v. n. se trainer, aller comme un DODECAGON, s. dodecagone, m. [enfi DODECATEMORION, s. dodecatemorie, f. [enfant. Dodge, v. n. biaiser, tergiverser, dissimuler. Dodger, s. chicaneur, m. amuseur, m. Dodgery or Dodging, s. amusement, m Dox, s. daine, f. semelle du daim. A docrabbit, lapine, f. DOER, s. qui fait, seseur, m. Dog, s. chien, m. un male, chênet, m. mastiff-dog or band-dog, un mâtin, dogue d'Angleterre. A lap-dog. un bichon. A setting-dog, un chien couchant, un chien d'arrêt. A bear-dog, un chien propre à combattre avec les ours. A bull-dog, un chien propre à combattre avec les tau-reaux. Dog of iron, crampon de fer, m. chenêt, m. Dog, v. a. suivre, épier, guetter quelqu'un. Dog-BERRY, s. (a fruit) cornouille, f. DOG-BERRY-TREE, s. cornouiller, m. Dog-Briar, s. églanuer, m. [prix. Dog-cheap, adj. à fort bon marché, à vil Dog-days, s. pl. la canicule. Doge, s. doge de Venise or de Gènes, m. Dog-Fish, s. chien de mer, m. Doggen, adj. bourru, brutal, suivi, épie. Doggedly, adv. d'un air bourru. Doggenness, s. mauvaise humeur, caprice, DOGGER, s. sorte de petit navire, dogre, m.

Doggeret, adj. irregulier; s. rimaille, f. Doggere, adj. de chien, brutal. Dog-Kennel, s. chenil, m Dog-Louse, s. tigne or teigne. Ľ. DOGMA, s. dogme, m. principle, m. croyance DOGMATICAL, DOGMATICK, adj. dogmatique. DOGMATICALLY, adr. dogmatiquement. DOGMATICALNESS, s. ton dogmatique. DOGNATIST, DOGNATIZER, s. dogmatiscur. Dogmatize, v. n. dogmatiser. Dog-Rose, s. rose or fleur de l'eglantier. f.
Dog's-ear, (a plant) oreille de lièvre, f.
Dog-slenp, sommeil feint or prétendu. Dog's-GRASS, s. (an herb) chiendent, m. Dog's-TONGUE, s. (a plant) langue de chien. Dog's-тоотн, s. (a plant) chiendent, sa. Dog-TRICK, s. mauvais office. Dog-WEED, s. (an herb) ciboulette, Dog-WEARY, adj. las comme un chien. Doing, s. fait, m. affaire, f. action, f. DOLE, s. part, f. portion, f. present, m. lar-gesse, f. chagrin, m. peine, f. DOLE, v. a. donner, distribuer, faire present. DOLEFUL, ady. triste, chagrin, lugubre. DOLEFULLY, adv. tristement, d'un ton plaintif. Dolerulness, s. tristesse. f. chagrin, sa Dolesome, adj. sombre, triste, chagrin. [tit. Dolesomely, adv. tristement, d'un ton plain-Dolesomeness, s. tristesse, f. chagrin, m. DOLL, s. poupée, une poupe.
DOLLAR, s. rixdale or risdale, f. un dollar.
DOLORIFICK, DOLOROUS, adj. doloreux,
DOLPHIN, s. dauphin, m. [triste, lugubre. DOLPHIN, s. dauphin, m. [triste, lugubre. DOLT, s. un sot, un imbécile, un idiot. DOLTISH, adj. stupide, lourd, hébété. DOLTISHLY, adr. pesamment. DOLTISHNESS, s. stupidite, f. betise, f. DOMAIN, s. domaine, m. possession, f. Dome, s. dôme, m. coupole, f. [privé. DOMESTICAL, DOMESTICK, adj. domestique, Domestick, s. domestique, m. famille, j Donicile, s. domicile, m. habitation, DOMINATE, v. a. dominer, surpasser Domination, s. domination, f. empire, m. Dominaer, v. n. dominer, mairiser. DOMINEERING. adj. impérieux, altier. DOMINICAL, adj. dominical, du dimanche. DOMINION, s. empire, m. domination, f. puissance, f.
Don, s. don, m. monsieur. Donary, s. don pieux. DONATION, s. donation, f. legs, m. DONATISTS, s. pl. donatistes, m.
DONATIVE, s. don, m. présent, largesse, f.
DONE, part. adj. fait, fini, conclu, cuit. DONEE, s. donataire, m. & f. Donon, s. donateur, m. Doudle. s. fainéant, m. un baguenaudier. Doom, v. a. juger, condamner, destiner. Doom, s. sentence, f. condemnation, f. Doomsday, s. le jour du jugement. DOOMSDAY-BOOK, s. le grand cadastre. Doon, s. porte, f. passage, m. entree, f. Nest door to, à la porte de, voisin de. DOOR-BAR, s. penture or barre de porte, f. Door-case, s. chambranle, m. Door-Keeper, s. portier, m. suisse, m. Door-posts, s. pl. les jambages d'une porte. Door-sill, s. le seuit de la porte. [m. pl. DORADO, s. (a sea-fish) dorade, f. DURICE, adj. dorique.

DORMANT, adj. dormant, mort, cache, secret. DORMER, s. (a dormer window,) lucarne, f. DORMITORY, s. dortoir, m. cimetière, f. DOR-MOUSE, s. (an animal) loir, m. fdir. DOR or DRONE, s. bourdon, m. ; v. a. étour-DORSEL or DORSER, s. panier, m. hotte, DORTURE, s. dortoir, m. chambre à coucher. Dossit, s. bourdonnet, m. compresse, f. DOT, s. compresse, f. petit point; v. n. pointer, faire des points. DOTAGE, s. radotage, m. reverie, f. delire, m. DOTAL, adj. qui concerne la dot, dotal. DOTARD, s. un vieux radoteur. DOTE, r. n. radoter, rêver, aimer à la folie. Dotingly, adv. follement en radoteur. Dotism, adj. radoteur, qui radote. DOUBLE, adj. double, faux, fourbe. DOUBLE-BITING, adj. à deux tranchans. Double-chin, s. menton à double étage, m. Double-dralkn,s. un fourbe, un trompeur. Double-Dealing, s. artifice, m. fourberie, f. DOUBLE-DIE, r. a. teindre deux fois Double Lock, v. a. fermer à double tour. DOUBLE-MINDED, adj. double, dissimulé. DOUBLE-TONGUED, adj. faux, menteur. DOUBLE, s. le double, plis, m. replis, m. copie. f. une fourberie, doublon, m DOUBLE, r. a. doubler, user d'artifice. DOUBLET, s. pourpoint, m. doublet, m. Doubler, ruses, f. pl. DOUBLOON, s. (a Spanish coin) doublou, m. DOUBLY, adv. doublement. [conner [conner. Doubr, v. a. & n. douter, se douter, soup-DOUBT, s. doute, m. incertitude, f. Doubtrul, adj. douteux, incertain, irrésolu. DOUBTFULLY, adv. en doutant, avec doute. DOUBTEULNESS, s. incertitude, f. doute, m. DOUBTLESS, adj. indubitable, sans peur. Documentess, adr. sans doute, indubitable-Doucet, s. espèce de flan, f. (ment. Dough, s. pate, f. Dough-Baked, adj. à demi-cuit, imparfait. Doughty, adj. brave, vaillant, à demi-cuit, Douse, v. a. & n. jeter or tomber. DOVE, s. pigeon, m. colombe, f. A ringdore, un ramier. A turtle-dore, une tourte-[colombier, m. relle. DOVE-COT, DOVE-HOUSE, s. pigeonnier, m. DOVETAIL, s. queue d'aronde, f. DOWAGER, s. douairière, f. [dondon, f. Downy, s. une grosse femme sans manières, Dower and Dowery, s. dot, f. douaire, m. Dowlas, s. sorte de grosse toile. Down, s. duvet, m. coton, m. une plaine. Down, prep. en bas, à terre. To sit down. s'asseoir. To set down, mettre en écrit. Up and down, ca et la. Down, v. a. & n. être reçu, admis. DOWNEAST, adf. baissé, tourné en bas. Downfall, s. chûte, f. décadence, f. Downhill, adf. & s. incliné, déscente, f. DOWN-LOOKED, adj. triste, morne. DOWN-LYING, adj. pret d'accoucher. DOWNRIGHT, adv. droit en bas. (ouvert. Downright, adj. palpable, évident, franc, DOWNWARD, DOWNWARDS, adr. en bas. DOWNWARD, adj. qui tend en has, incliné. Downy, adj. cotonneux, convert de duvet, doux, mollet. Downy beard, poil follet. Dowsk, s. une mornifle, un soufflet; v. a.

souffleter.

Doxy, s. une femme de mauvaise vie.

Doze, v. a. & n. être assoupi, sommeiller, Dozen, s. douzaine, f. (assoupir. DOZINESS, s. assoupissement, m. Dozy, adj. assoupi, à demi endormi. DRAB, s. une prostituée, sorte de gros drap. DRAB, v. n. faire le métier de putain. DRABLER, s. bonnette, f. DRACHM, s. drachme or dragme, f. DRAFF, s. lavure, f. belayures, f. pl. lie DRAG, v. a. & n. tirer de force, trainer. DRAG, s. harpon, m. crochet, m. croc, m. DRAG OF DRAGNET, s. tramail, m. traincau, DRAGANT, s. adragant, m. DRAGGLE, v. a. & n. crotter, salir, trainer dans la boue, se salir. DRAGON, s. dragon, m. Dragon-wort, ser-pentaire, f. Sea-dragon, s. (a sea-fish) vive, f. DRAGOON, s. dragon, m.; v. a. dragonner. DRAIN, v. a. faire écouler, saigner, épuiser. DRAIN, s. tranchée, f. saignée, f. égout, m. DRAINABLE, adj. qu'on peut saigner, égout-DRAINER, s. un égouitoir. DRAKE, s. canard, m. coulevrine, f. DRAM, s. dragme, f. un peu, un grain, une goutte, liqueurs distillées, f. pl. DRAMA, s. drame, m. poëme en action, m. DRAMATICAL, DRAMATICE, adj. drama-DRAMATIST, s. poëte dramatique, m. DRAP, s. drap, m. gros drap. DRAPE, v. a. faire du drap, draper, satirizer. DRAPER, s. drapier, m. marchand de drap, m. DRAPERY, s. drap, m. draperie, f. DRASTICK, adj. qui opère promptement. DRAUGHT, s. l'action de boire, coup, m. trait, m. effort qu'on fait en tirant, m. sur-poids, m. dessein, m. plan, m. extrait, m. un coup d'arbalète or d'arc, diversion, f. détachement, m. les lieux, m. pl. égoût, m. privé, m. latrines, f. pl. ce qu'un vaisseau tire DRAUGHTS, s. pl. dames, f. le jeu de dames. DRAUGHT-BOARD, damier. DRAW, v. a. tirer, trainer, arracher, sucer, a spirer, attirer, pomper, gagner, porter, entrainer, deduire, peindre, tracer. To draw a pond, secher un ctang; to draw a bow, courber or plier un arc; to draw a fowl, vider un oiseau; to draw a bridge, lever un pout; to draw again, retirer, retracer; to draw along, trainer; to draw asunder, separer, diviser, to draw away, oter, enlever, ravir, détourner, distraire; to draw back, retirer, reculer; to draw in, gagner, attirer, entraîner; to draw off, tirer, extraire, detourner: to draw on, occasionner, engager, attirer, concilier; to draw over, distiller, attirer, gagner: to draw out, tirer dehors, étendre, tracer, détailler; to draw together, assembler; to draw up, tirer en haut, mettre en ordre, ranger. A drawn battle, une ba-taille à forces égales.

DRAWBACK, s. rabais, m. recul d'un canon, m. DRAW-BEAM, s. (an engine) vindas, m. signe, DRAW-BRIDGE, s. pont-levis, m. [m. DRAWER, s. tireur, m. arracheur, m. dessina-DRAWERS, s. pl. caleçons, m. pl. DRAWING, s. dessein, m. plan, m. [teur, m. DRAWING-ROOM, s. appartement, m. anti-chambre, assemblée à la cour, f. DRAWL, v. a. trainer, parler lentement. DRAY of DRAY-CART, s. haquet, m.

DRAY-HORSE, s. cheval de haquet, m. DRAY-MAN, s. haquetier, m. charretier, m. Drazel, s. un homme très méprisable. DREAD, s. peur, f. crainte, f. terreur, f. INREAD, adj. terrible, redoutable, auguste. DREAD, v. a. & n. craindre, redouter DREADER, s. un homme craintif, timide. Dreadful, *adj.* terrible, redoutable. DREADFULLY, adv. terriblement, horriblement. DREADFULNESS, s. terreur, f. épouvante, f. DREADLESS, adj. intrepide, sans peur. DREADLESSNESS, intrépidité, f. hardiesse, f. DREAM, s. songe, m. rêve, m. rêverie, f. DREAM, v. n. songer, rever, s'imaginer. DREAMER, s. réveur, m. visionnaire sombre. DREAMING, adj. lent, sombre, pesant. DREAMINGLY, adv. lentemout, nonchalam-DREAR, DREARY, adj. terrible. DREDGE, s. sorte de filet, tramail, m. [ment. DREGGISH, DREGGY, adj. charge de lic, trou-Dregs, s. la lie, le sédiment. DRENCH, v. a. abreuver, arroser. [animal. DRENCH, s. breuvage, m. medicine pour un DRESS, v. a. habiller, parer, dresser, prépares, ajuster, accommoder, appreter. To dress victuals, preparer à manger; to dress a garden, parer un jardin; to dress a wound, panser une plaie; to dress leather, apprêter du cuir; to dress flax, serancer du lin; to dress a tree, tailler, dresser un arbre; to dress one's head, coiffer quelqu'un. DRESS, s. habit, m. habillement, m. parure, f. DRESSER, s. coiffeur, apprêteur, m. DRESSING, s. pansement, m. appareil, m. Dressing-cloth, une toilette. DRESSING-ROOM, s. chambre, f. or cabinet de toilette, m. DRIBBLE, v. n. & a. degoutter, tomber or repandre goutte à goutte. DRIBLET, s. petite somme, chiquet, m. DRIER, s. dessicatif, m. qui sèche. DRIFT, s. but, m. dessein, m. objet, m. ce qui flotte, tourbillon, m. mončeau, m. DRIFT, v. n. pousser, chasser, mettre en tas. DRILL, s. touret, m. fraise, f. magot, m. gros singe, sillon, m. semoir, m. DRILL, v. a. perçer, fraiser, amuser. DRINK, v. n. boire; to dripk round, boire à la ronde; to drink one's health, boire à la santé de quelqu'un : to drink away one's time. perdre son tems a boire; to drink one down. enivrer quelqu'un; to drink off or un, boire tout; to drink out, boire, vider en buvant. DRINK, S. boisen, F. boire, m. breuvage, m. DRINKABLE, adj. bon à boire, potable. DRINKER, s. buveur, un ivrogue. A drinking-cup, tasse, f. coupe, f. DRIP, v. n. & a. dégoutter, faire dégoutter. DRIPPING, s la graisse qui tombe du rôti. Dripping-pan, s. léchefrite, f. DRIVE, v. a. conduire, mener, entraîner. pousser, forcer, contraindre, porter. To drive away, chasser, bannir; to drive back, repousser; to drive in or into, enfoncer, faire entrer de force; to drive off, chasser, renvoyer; to drive on, pousser, presser, toucher; to drive out, chasser, faire sortir. DRIVE, v. n. être poussé or porté, se jeter, chasser, tendre, buter, viser. DRIVEL, v. n. baver, écumer, radoter. DRIVEL, s. bave, f. écume, f. salive, f. DRIVELLER, s. radoteur, m. niais, m.

DRIVER, s. conducteur, m. cocher, m. d. cooper's driver, s. chassoir, m. DRIZZLE, v. a. & n. distiller, bruiner. DRIZZIING, s. bruine, f. petite pluie. DRIZZLY, adj. de bruine, humide. DROLL, s. plaisant. m. ; r. n. faire le bouffoc. DROLL, s. un bouffon, une farce. DROLL, r. n. faire le bouffon, plaisanter. DROLLERY, s. bouffonnerie, f. plaisanterie, f. DROMEDARY, s. dromadaire, m. DRONE, s. paresseux, m. faineant, m. DRONE, r. a. vivre dans l'oisiveté. Dronish, adj. paresseux, fainéant. DROOP, r. n. languir de chagrin. être accable, tomber en defaillance, s'affoiblir. DROOPING, s. accablement, m. tristesse, DROOPING, adj. foible, abattu, languis DROPINGLY, adv. languissement.
DROP, s. goutte, f. pendant d'oreille, m.
DROPs, s. pl. gouttes médicinales, f. pl.
DROPs, n. d. distiller, verser en petites gouttes,
laisser tomber, lâcher. DROP, v. n. degoutter, tomber, vaquer, mourir ; to drop in, entrer ; to drop off, decheoir, tomber; to drop out, disparoltre, se dissiper. DROPPING, s. ce qui dégoutte. DROPSICAL, adj. hydropique. Dropsy, s. hydropisie, j DROP-WORT, s. (a sort of berb) filipendule, f. Dross, s. l'ecume des metaux, f. les scories, f. pl. rebut, m. reste, m. ordure, f. Drossiness, s. saleté, f. ordure, f. ecume, f. Drossy, adj. plein d'ordure or d'ecume, sale. DROVE, s. troupeau, m. foule, f. DROVER, s. bouvier, m. meneur, m.
DROUGHT, s. secheresse, f. temps sec. soif, f.
DROUGHTY, adj. sec, aride, brulant, altere. DROWN, v. a. noyer, inonder, submerger, plonger, couvrir, absorber, étoufier. DROWNING, s. inondation, f.
DROWSE, v. a. & n. assoupir et s'assoupir. DROWSILY, adv. en dormant, nonchalam-DROWSINESS, s. assoupissement, m. [lourd. DROWSY, adj. assoupi, assoupissant, lache, [de bàton. DRUB, s. coup, m. DRUB, v. a. battre, étriller, donner des coups DRUBBING, s. bastonnade, f. etrivières, f. pl. DRUDGE, r. a. travailler, se donner beaucoup de soins et de peines. DRUDGE, s. soufire-douleur, m. esclave, m. DRUDGERY, s. occupation servile. meat. DRUGGINGLY, adr. peniblement, laborieuse-DRUG, s. drogue, f. ingredient, m. DRUG, r. a. mêler avec des drogues DRUGGET, s. (a sort of stuff) droguet. DRUGGIST, DRUGSTER, s. droguiste, m. DRUID, s. druide, m. prêtre des Gaulou. m. DRUM, s. tambour, m. caisse, f. tympan, m. DRUM, v. n. battre le tambour. [caise. DRUMBLE, v. n. être paresseux. DRUMMER, s. tambour, m. celui qui bat la DRUM-STICK, s. baguette de tambour, f. DRUMMING, s. bruit de tambour, m. DRUM-STRINGS, s. pl. timbre, m. DRUNK, DRUNKEN, adj. ivre, ivrogue. DRUNKARD, s. ivrogne, m. ivrogneme, f. DRUNKENLY, adr. en ivrogne. DRUNKENNESS, s. ivrognerie, f. ivresse, f. DRY, adj. sec. aride, desséche, tari, à sec. altere, qui a soif, maigre, sans ornement, a-sipide, dur, sévère. DRY, r. a. & n. secher, rendre sec. up, dessécher, tarir, mettre à sec.

DRYAD, s. dryade, f. nymphe des bois, f. DRYLY, adv. sechement, sans humidité. DRYKESS, s. secheresse, f. aridité, f. DRY-NURSE, s. une nourrice seche, une garde. DRY-SHOD, adj. à pied sec. DUAL, adj. qui designe deux choses DUB, v. a. faire, creer, conferer quelque dig-DUB, s. coup, m. accolade, f. [nite. DUBIOUS, adj. douteux, incertain, indecis. DUBIOUSLY, adv. d'une manière douteuse. DUBIQUENESS, s. doute, m. incertitude, f. DUBITABLE, adj. douteux, incertain.

DUBITATION, s. l'action de douter, doute, m. DUCAL, adj. ducal, appartenant à un duc. DUCAT, s. (a sort of coin) ducat, m. DUCATOON, s. un ducaton, une bageoire. Duck, s. canard, m. cane, f. poulette, in-clination, f. l'action de baisser la tête. Duck, v. a. & n. plonger, baisser la tête. DUCKER, s. plongeur, m.
DUCKING, s. l'action de plonger, cale, m. DUCKING-STOOL, s. cage pour plonger, f. DCCK-LEGGED, adj. qui a les jambes courtes DUCKLING, s. jeune canard, m. caneton, m. DUCK-MEAT, DUCK-WEED, s. lentille sau-Duckoy, s. piège, m. amorce, f. DUCKOY, v. n. amorcer, attirer dans le piège. DUCTILE, adj. ductile, souple, complaisant. DUCTILENESS, DUCTILITY, s. ducilité, f. DUDGEON, s. petite dague, rancune, f. Duz, adj. dù, propre, convenable, requis. Dur, adv. duement, convenablement. DUE, s. du, m. juste prétention, f. dette, f. droit, m. impôt, m. redevance, f. DUEL, s. duel, m. combat entre deux, m. Durl, v. a. & n. se battre en duel. DUELLING, s. duel, m. l'action de se battre en duel. DUELLIST, DUELLER, s. duelliste, m. DUENNA, s. duegne, f. vielle gouvernante. DUET or Duo, s. un duo. Duo, s. mamelle, f. trayon, m. pis, m. DUKE, s. duc, m. DUREDOM, s. duché, m. DULL-BRAINED, adj. qui a l'esprit lourd. DULCIFY, DULCORATE, v. a. dulcifier, edulcorer, adoucir. DULCIMER, s. tympanon, m. DULCORATION, DULCIFICATION, s. adoucissement, m. Dull, a. dulie, f. sorte de culte inférieur.

Dull, adj. stupide, émoussé, obtus, lourd, pesant, hébété, dur, lent, triste, lugubre, sombre, mélancholique, ennuyeux, désamble de la laboration d greable, penible, lache, paresseux, en-gourdi, fade, foible, sourd, terne. Dull, v. a. hébeter, engourdir, appesantir, emousser, affoiblir, ternir. Dully, adv. stupidement, pesamment. DULNESS, s. stupidité, f. pesanteur, f. lenteur, f. nonchalance, f. engourdissement, m. l'état d'une chose émoussée, f. DULY, adv. duement, regulièrement. DUMB, adj. muet, silencieux. DUMBLY, adv. sans parler, à la muette. DUMBNESS, s. l'état d'une personne muette, DUMP, s. chagrin, m. tristesse, f. [m. DUMP18H, adj. triste, chagrin, morne. DUMPLING, s. sorte de boudin à l'Angloise. Dun, adj. brun-obscur, sombre. Dun, s. créancier importun.

Dun, v. a. importuner un débiteur. DUN-BEE or DUN-FLY, s. (an insect) un taon. DUNCE, s. lourdaud, m. sot, m. hébété, m. Dung, s. lumier, f. fieme, f. crotte, f Dung, v. a. fumier, engraisser avec du fu-DUNG-CART, s. tombereau, f. DUNGEON, s. cachot, m. basse-fosse, f. Dung-Hill, s. un tas de fumier, un fumier. Dungy, adj. abondant en fumier, sale. DUNNER, s. solliciteur de dettes, m Duodecimo, s. in-douze, m. in-12mo. DUPE, s. dupe, f.; v. a. duper, tromper. DUPLICATE, v. a. double, plier en double. DUPLICATE, adj. double, double. DUPLICATE, s. double, m. copie d'un écrit, f. DUPLICATION, s. duplication, f. pli, m. DUPLICATURE, s. pli, m.
DUPLICATURE, s. duplicité, f. fourberie, f.
DURABILATY, DURABLENESS, s. durée, f. DURABLE, adj. durable, qui dure. DURABLY, adv. d'une manière durable. DURANCE, s. emprisonnement, m. prison, f. DURATION, s. duree, f. continuite, f. DURE, v. n. durer, continuer. DURELESS, adj. passager, qui ne dure pas. DURING, prep. durant, pendant. DURITY, s. durete, f. fermeté, f. solidité, f. Dusk, s. le commencement de la nuit. Dusk, v. a. & n. rendre obscur. Duskily, Duskishily, adv. obscurement. Duskiness, s. obscurité, f. Duskish, Dusky, adj. qui s'obscurcit, noi; râtre, sombre. Dust, s. poussière, f. poudre, f.
Dust, s. poussière, f. poudre, f.
Dust, (of a house) ordures, f. pl. balayures,
Dust-Box, s. poudrier.
Dust-MAN, s. boueur, m.
Dust, v. a. époussière, couvrir de poussière. Duster, s. torchon, m. Dustiness, s. quantité de poussière. Dusty, adj. couvert de poussière, poudreux. Dutch, s. Hollandois, m.; adj. Hollandois. DUTCHESS, s. duchesse, f. DUTCHY, s. duche, m. DUTEOUS, DUTIFUL, adj. obéissant, soumis, obligatoire. DUTIFULLY, adv. avec soumission.

DUTIFULLY, s. obeissance, f. soumission, f.

DUTY, s. devoir, m. fonction, f. devoirs, f. pl.
respects, m. pl. taxe, f. impot, m. DWARF, & un nain, un nabot. DWARF-ELDER, s. hièble, f. DWARF, v. a. rendre peut, empécher de crol-DWARFISH, adj. petit, meprisable. DWARFISHNESS, s. petitesse de taille, f. DWELL, v. n. demeurer, vivre, habiter, résider, rester, insister, peser. DWELLER, s. habitant, m. DWELLING, s. demeure, f. habitation, f. DWELLING-HOUSE, s. demeure, f. logis, m.
DWINDLE, v. a. se resserver, diminuer, decroître, décheoir, dégénérer.
DVING, s. teinture, f. la teinturerie.
DVING, s. la mort de mouvent expirent DYING, s. la mort; adj. mourant, expirant. DYNASTY, s. gouvernement, m. dynastie, f. DYSENTERY, s. dyssenterie, f. flux de sang, s. DYSURY, s. difficulté d'uriner, f. dysurie, f.

EACH, pron. adj. chaque, chacun. Each other, l'un l'autre..

EAGER, adj. violent, véhément, vif, empressé, | désireux, aigu, aigre, affamé. EAGERLY, adv. ardemment, passionnément. EAGERNESS, s. ardeur, f. violence, f EAGLE, s. aigle, m. & f. çante. EAGLE-EVED, adj. qui a la vue forte & per-EAGLE-SPEED, s. vitesse de l'aigle, f. EAGLE-STONE, s. pierre d'aigle, f. EAGLET, s. aiglon, m. EAGRE, s. un sot qui en surmonte un autre. EAR, s. oreille, f. anse, m. épi, m. EAR, v. a. labourer; v. n. monter en épi. EARABLE, adj. labourable, arable. EARL, s. comte, m. EARLDOM, a. comie, m. EAR-LAP, s. la partie extérieure de l'oreille EARLINESS, & vitesse d'action, f. diligence. f. EARLY, adj. précoce, hatif, avance, matineux, matinal; adv. de bonne heure, bientôt. [taché. EARN. v. a. gagner, mériter. [taché. EARNEST, adj. ardent, empressé. diligent, en-EARNEST, s. sérieux, m. prémices, f. arrhes, f. In earnest, sérieusement, tout de bon. EARNESTLY, adv. instamment, attentivement, diligemment, serieusement. EARNESTNESS, s. ardeur, f. chaleur, f. serieux, m. zele, m. empressement, m. soin, m. EAR-PICKER, s. cure-oreille, m. EAR-RING, s. boucle d'oreilles, EARSHOT, s. la portée de l'oreille. EARTH, s. terre, f. sol, m. le globe. EARTH, v. a. & n. couvrir de terre. EARTHEN, adj. de terre. An earthen-pau, un terripe. EARTHEN-WARE, s. poterie, f. EARTHLINESS, s. qualité terrestre. EARTHLING, s. & adj. creature terrestre, mortel, m. EARTHLY, EARTHY, adj. de terre, terrestre. EARTHQUAKE, s. tremblement de terre, m. EARTH-WORM, s. ver de terre, m. EAR-WAX, s. l'ordure des oreilles, le cerumen. EAR-WIG, s. (an insect) perce-oreille, m. EAR-WITNESS, s. témoin auriculaire, m. EASE, s. aise, f. repos, m. commodite, f. chapel of ease. une annexe. [ger. EASE, v. a. soulager, adoucir, alléger, déchar-EASEL, s. chevalet, m. cheval de peintre, m. EASEMENT, s. soulagement, m. adoucissement, les aisances, f. les lieux, m. EASILY, adv. à l'aise, aisèment, commodé-EASINESS, s. aisance, f. facilité, f. [ment. EAST, s. l'est, m. l'orient, m. EASTER, s. paque, m. or pâques, m. EASTERLING, s. un ostrelin. [oriental. EASTERLY and EASTERN, adj. d'est, d'orient, EASTWARD, adv. à l'orient, vers l'orient. EASY, alj. aise, facile, dans l'aisance, tranquille, content, bon, complaisant, accommodant, libre, naturel. EAT, v. a. manger, se nourrir, ronger. EATABLE, adj. bon à manger. EATABLES, s. pl. vivres, m. mangeailles, f. EAT-BER, s. (a bird) guipier, m. EATER, s. mangeur, m. mangeuse, f. EATING, s. l'action de manger, le manger. EATING-HOUSE, s. un ordinaire. EAVES, s. pl. les bords du toit, m. pl. EAVESDROP, v. n. écouter aux portes. EBB, s. reflux, m. èbe, f. jusant, m. EBB, v. n. descendre, refluer, refouler. EBBING, s. l'action de refluer, reflux, m. EBEN, EBON and EBONY, s. chène. f.

EBONIST, s. ébéniste, m. EBRIETY, EBRIOSITY, s. ivrognerie, EBULLITION, s. ebullition, f. ECCENTRICAL, ECCENTRICK, Eccentricity, s. excentricité. [trique. Ecclesiaste, s. ecclesiaste, m. ECCLESIASTICAL, ECCLESIASTICK, ecclésiastique. ECCLESIASTICK, s. ecclesiastique, m. ECCLESIASTICUS, s. l'occlessastique, m.
ECHINATE, ECHINATED, adj. hérissé de
ECHINUS, s. hérisson, m.
ECHO, s. écho, m.; v. a. répéter, retentir.
ECLAIRCISSEMENT, s. éclaircissement, m. ECLAT, s. éclat, m. le brillant. ECLEPER, a. eclipse, f. (tre, effacer. ECLIPSE, a. eclipse, f. (tre, effacer. ECLIPSE, v. a. faire eclipser, faire desparot-ECLIPTICE, s. ecliptique, m. ECLOGUE, s. eclogue, f. pastorale, f. ECONOMICAL, ECONOMICE, adj. mique, économe ECONOMICES, s. l'économique. ECONOMY, s. économie, f. épargne, f. [m. ECSTASY, EXSTASY, s. extase, f. transport ECSTATICAL, EXSTATICK, adj. extatique. ECTYPE, s. copie, f. ectype, f. Ecumenical, Ecumenick adj. ecumenique. Edacious, adj. vorace, f. goulu. Edacity, s. voracité, f. gourmandise. f. Eddy, s. mascaret, m. tournant, m. An eddy wind, un vent de tourbillon. EDGE, s. tranchant, m. coupant, m. taillant, m. morfil, m. fil, m. bord, m. marge, f. ex-tremité, f. la tranchet (d'un livre) le vive arrête, aprete, f. pointe, f. EDGE, v. a. aiguiser, affiler, border. EDGELESS, adj. obtus, emoussé, rebouché. EDGE-LONG, ÉDGE-WISE, adj. de côté. EDGE-TOOL, s. instrument tranchant, se. EDGING, s. bordure, f. bord, m EDIBLE, adj. mangeable, bon à manger. EDICT, s. édit, m. arrêt, ordonnance, f. EDIFICATION, s. édification, f. instruction. f. EDIFICE, s. édifice, f. bâtiment, sa. EDIFIER, s. celui qui édifie, édificateur, sa. EDIFY, v. a. édifer, bâtir, construire. EDIFYING, adj. edifiant. Edile, s. édile, m. voyer, m. EDITION, s. édition, f. impression, f. EDITOR, s. éditeur (d'un livre), ss. EDUCATE, v. a. élever, instruire, former. EDUCATION, s. education, f. instruction, f. EDUCE, v. a. tirer, extraire. EDUCTION, s. l'action de tirer. EDULCORATE, r. a. édulcorer, rendre doux. EDULCORATION, s. edulcoration, f. EER, r. a. elargir, alonger.
EEL, s. anguille. f. An eel-post, barbotte, f. lotte, f. motelle or moteille, f. An eel-spear, un trident. E'EN, adr. contracted from Even, which see. Effable, adj. qui se peut exprimer. Efface, v. a. effacer, detruire. Effect, s. effet, m. consequence, f. realite, Effects. s. pl., effets, m. biens, m. EFFECT, v. a. effectuer, executer, accomplir. EFFECTIBLE, adj. faisable, possible. EFFECTIVE, adj. efficace, effectif, real. EFFECTIVELY, adv.efficacement, recliement. Effectless, adj. sans effet, impuissant. EFFECTOR, s. auteur, m. cause efficiente. EFFECTUAL, adj. efficace, puissant. [œs. Effectually, adr. efficacement, avec suc-

EFFECTUATE, v. a. effectuer, exécuter. EFFEMINACY, s. molleme, f. [énervé. EFFERINATE, adj. effemine, vo EFFERINATE, v. a. de n. effeminer. voluptueux, EFFEMINATELY, adv. d'une manière effeminée. EFFERVESCENCE, s. effervescence, f. EFFETE, adj. casee, use, qui ne porte plus. EFFICACIOUS, adj. efficace, effectif. EFFICACIOUSLY, adv. efficacement, avec ef-EFFICACY, & force, f. vertu, f. ficace. EFFICIENCE, EFFICIENCY, s. la vertu productrice. EFFICIENT, s. principe producteur, agent, m. EFFICIENT, sst. qui produit son effet. EFFICIENT, est. qui produit son effet. EFFICIENT, s. effigie, portrait, m. EFFICIENTERCE, s. production des fieurs, éruption, f. EFFLUENCE, s. emanation, f. EFFLUXIA, s. ecculement, m. exhalason, f. EFFLUX, EFFLUXION, s. flux, m. effusion, f. EFFORM, v. a. former, façonner, donner la [forme. EFFORMATION, s. formation. EFFORMATION, s. formation. [forme.]
EFFORT, s. effort, m. violence, f.
EFFULGENCE, s. splendeur, m. éclat, m.
EFFULGENCE, s. splendeur, m. éclat, m.
EFFULGENCE, s. telatant, resplendissant,
EFFUSION, s. effusion, f. épanchement, m.
EFFUSION, s. effusion, f. épanchement, m.
EFFUSION, s. effusion, f. épanchement, so.
EFT, s. espèce de petit léxard. [vent.
EFT, s. espèce de petit léxard. [vent.
EFT, s. dr. bientôt, vite, promptement, souEFTSOORS, adv. de temps en temps. EGESTION, a evacuation, f. selles, f.
EGG, s. couf, m. The shell, la coque. The
yolk of an egg, le jaune d'un œuf. A nesoleid egg, un œuf frais. An addle egg, un coul sans germe. A rare egg, un œuf mol-let. [ger, pousser. Eeg, v. a. exciter, inciter, porter, encoura-EGGER ON, s. instigateur, m. celui qui incite. EGLANTINE, s. rose sauvage, f. églantier, m. Egotism, s. egotime, m. Ecorist, s. egoiste, m. EGOTIZE, v. n. égotiser. [tre, insigne. EGREGIOUS, adj. excellent, rare, grand, illus-EGREGIOUSLY, adv. parfaitement, extrême-EGRESS, EGRESSION, s. sorte, f. [n EGRET, s. petit heron blanc, aigrette, f. EGROT, s. cerise aigre, f. EIGHT, adj. & s. buit. Eighteen, dix-buit. EIGHTEESTH, adj. dix-buitième. Eight-rold, adv. huit fois. Eighte, adj. huitième. Eighty, quatre-vingt. Елентинн, adj. quaire-vingtième. Елентику, adv. buitèmement. Elght-score, adj. cem-soirante. Elsri, s. vinaigre, m. verjus, m. Elther, pron. adj. l'un ou l'antre, l'un, l'un des deux, chaque, chacun. EITHER, conf. soit, ou, soit que. EJACULATE, v. a. lancer, darder, jetter. EJACULATION, s. elancement, m. elan, m. EJACULATION, adv. subit, momentané.
EJECT, v. a. jeter, chasser, poussèr dehors.
EJECTION, s. expulsion, f. déjection.
EJULATION, s. cri, m. plainte, f.
ERE, conj. aussi-bien que, même, en outre.
ERE, v. a. & s. augmenter, aggrandir. ELABORATE, n. a. travailler avec soin. ELABORATE, adf. peine, travaille avec soin. ELABORATELY, adv. avec soin, exactement. ELABORATION, s. elaboration, f.

ELANCE, v. a. lancer, darder ELAPSE, v. s. passer, s'écouler. ELASTICAL, ELASTICE, adj. élastique, qu fait ressort. ELATICITY, s. élasticité, f. vertu élastique, ELATE, adj. enorgueilli, fier, altier. ELATE, v. a. enorgueillir, enfier, rendre fier. ELATION, s. enfiure, f. orgueil, m. Elbow, s. le coude, un angle, un pli.
Elbow, v. a. pousser avec le coude, coudoyer, repousser; v. n. faire un coude. [m. ELBOW-CHAIR, s. chaise à bras, f. fauteuil, ELBOW-ROOM, s. coudees-franches. ELDER, adj. agé, ainé; s. un ancien. ELDER, ELDER-TRER, s. sureau, m. ELDERLY, adj. qui commence à vicilir, vieillot. ELDERSHIP, s. ainesse, f. charge d'ancien, f. ELDEST, adj. le plus âge, l'aine de tous. ELECAMPANE OF STARWORT, s. énulia campana. ELECT, adj. élu, choisi; s. élu, prédestiné. ELECT, v. a. élire, choisir, nommer. ELECTION, s. election, f. choix, m. nomina-ELECTIVE, adj. electif. [tiop, f. ELECTIVELY, adv. par choix. ELECTOR, s. électeur, m. qui choiait, qui élit. ELECTORAL, adj. électoral. ELECTORATE, s. électorat, m. ELECTORESS, s. electrice, f. [teur, ∫. Electorship, s. electorat, m. dignite d'élec-ELECTRE, s. ambre, m ELECTRICAL, ELECTRICE, adj. electrique. ELECTRIFT, v. a. electricité, f. ELECTRIFT, v. a. electrifier, electriser. ELECTUARY, s. électuaire, s ELEGUARI, s. electuari, m. ELEGARCE, s. elegance, f. bon goût.
ELEGARCE, s. elegance, f. bon goût.
ELEGARTLY, adv. elegant, gracieur, delicat.
ELEGARTLY, adv. elegantment, avec grace.
ELEGIACE, ads. elegantment, f. element, s. element, m. principe, st.
ELEMERT, s. element, m. principe, st. ELEMENTAL, ELEMENTARY, adj. élémen-ELEPHANT, s. éléphant, m. [taire-ELEPHANTINE, adj. d'éléphant. ELEVATE, v. a. élever, bausser, exalter, éga-yer, enfer. ELEVATION, s. elevation, f. ELEVEN, adj. onze. ELEVENTH, adj. onzième. Elf, s. un esprit follet, un lutin, un nain. ELF, v. a. entortiller, mêler les cheveux. ELICIT, v. a. extraire, tirer. ELICITATION, s. production formelle. ELICITED, adj. reduit en acte, forme, formel. ELIDE, v. a. couler en pièces.

ELIGIBILITY, a. éligibilité, f.

ELIGIBILITY, a. éligibilité, f.

ELISION, a. élision, f. division, f.

ELINATION, a. l'achon de bouillir, coction, f. Elixib, s. élixir, m. extrait, m. quintemen ELK, s. (a wild animal) elan, m. ELL, s. aune, f. (quarante cinq pouces.)
ELLIPSIS, s. ellipse, f. ovale, f. [ovale.
ELLIPTICAL, ELLIPTICK, adj. elliptique, ELM or ELM-TREE, s. orme, m. A young r/m, un ormeau. ET.N, s. mesure de trois pieds et un pouce, f. ELOCUTION, s. elocution, f. diction, f. Elogy, Elogium, s. éloge, m. panégyrique, m. ELONGATE, v. a. éloigner, étendre. ELONGATION, s. prolongement, m. depart, m.

EMBRYO, EMBRYON, s. foetus, ss. embryon, EMENDABLE, adj. susceptible de correction. EMENDATION, s. correction, f. amendement,

EMBROILING, s. brouillerie, f.

ELOPE, v. n. s'en aller, s'évader. ELOPEMENT, s. evasion, f. ELOQUENCE, s. éloquence, f. l'art de bien dire et de persuader. ELOQUENT, adj. eloquent, persuasif. ELOQUENTLY, adv. eloquemment, avec eloquence. ELSE, pron. adj. autre; adv. autrement. ELSEWHERE, adv. ailleurs, quelqu'autre ELUCIDATE, r. a. éclaircir, expliquer. [part. ELUCIDATION, s. eclaircissement, m. jour, m. ELUCIDATOR, s. qui explique, commentateur, m. ELUCUBRATED, adj. poli, travaillé, limé. ELUCUBRATION, s. des vieilles, f. pl. ELUDE, v. a. éluder, éviter, esquiver. ELUSION, s. fraude, f. artifice, m.
ELUSIVE, adj qui élude, qui échappe par ar-ELUSIVE, adj trompeur, illusoire. [tifice. ELISIAN, adj. elisee, des bienheureux. ELYSIUM, s. les champs élisées, m. 'En, contracted from Them, eux, elles, les, [leur. EMACERATE, v. a. amaigrir. EMACERATION, s. amaigrissement, m. EMACIATE, v. a. & n. amaigrir, maigrir. EMACIATION, s. amaigrissement, m. EMACULATION, s. l'action d'ôter des taches. EMANATION, s. émanation, f. écoulement, m. EMANATIVE, EMANATORY, adj. émané. EMANCIPATE, v. a. emanciper. [vrance, f. Emancipation, f. deli-EMASCULATE, v. a. châtrer, effeminer. EMASCULATION, s. castration, f. effemination, EMBALM, v. a. embaumer. EMBALMING, s. l'action d'embaumer. EMBAR, v. a. fermer, arrêter, empêcher. Embargo, s. embargo, m. EMBARGO, s. embargo, m. [quer. EMBARK, v. a. & n. embarquer, et s'embar-EMBARKATION, EMBARKING, s. embarque-ENBARRASS, v. a. embarrasser. [ment, m. EMBARRASSMENT, s. embritas, m EMBASE, r. a. alterer, affoiblir, falsifier. Embassadon, s. ambassadeur, m. EMBASSADRESS, s. ambassadrice, f. EMBASSADRESS, s. ambassade, f. Embassage, Embassy, s. ambassade, f. EMBAY, v. a. mouiller, enfermer dans une EMBELLISH, r. a. embellir. orner, parer. EMBELLISHMENT, s. embellissement, m. EMBERS, s. pl. cendres chaudes, f. pl. EMBER-WEEK, s. semaine des quatre temps, EMBEZZLE, v. a. gåter, dissiper, voler. EMBEZZLEMENT, s. degåt, m. dissipation, f. EMBLAZK, v. a. orner d'armoiries. Емвики, s emblème, f. symbole, m. FMBLEM, r. a. représenter, figurer. ENBLEMATICAL, EMBLEMATICE, adj. emblématique. frée. EMBLEMATICALLY, adv. d'une manière figu-EMBLEMATIST, s. un seseur d'emblèmes. EMBLEMENTS, s. pl. rapport d'une terre. EMBOLISM, s. intercalation, f. embolisme, m. EMBOSS, r. a. relever en bosse, graver en re-EMBOSSMENT, s. relief, m. saillie, f. [lief. EMBOWEL, v. n. arracher les entrailles. EMBRACE, r. a. embrasser, saisir, adopter. EMBRACEMENT, EMBRACE, s. embrassade, EMBRAZURE, s. embrasure, f. EMBROCATE, r. a. frotter, formenter. EMBRUCATION, s. embrocation, f. fomenta-EMBROIDER, v. a. broder. [tion, f. LMBROIDERBR, s. brodeur, m. brodeuse, EMBROIDERING, EMBROIDERY, s. brode

m. reforme, f.
EMERALD, s. emeraude, f.
EMERGE, v. a. sortir, s'elever, se tirer. EMERGENCE, EMERGENCY, s. apparition, f. occurrence, f. reacontre, f. incident, sa. occasion, f. evenement fortuit. EMERGEN, ad; qui paroli, naissant, impre-EMERSION, s. émersion, f. [vu, subit. EMERY, s. émeri, (pierre à polir.) ss. EMIGRATE, v. n. sortir d'un pays, emi EMETICAL, EMETICE, adj. emitique. EMETICE, s. émétique, m. vomitif, m. EMIGRATION, s. emigration, f. Eminence, s. hauteur, f. eminence, f. EMINENT, adj. eminent, elevé, illustre. EMINENTLY, adv. eminemment, per excellence. EMISSARY, s. émissaire, m. espion, m.
EMISSION, s. émission, f. influence, f.
EMIT, v. a. jeter, pousser dehors, darder, lanEMMET, s. fourmi. f.
EMOLLIENT, adj. émollient, lénitif, adouccissant; s. pl. lénitif.

[gain, m. Sant; s. pl. lénitif. [gain, m. EMOLUMENT, s. émolument, m. profit, m. EMOTION : American function for a faction f EMPTION, s. émotion, f. agitation, f. EMPALE, v. a. palissader, entourer, empaler. EMPANNEL, s. nomination or choix de jurés. EMPANNEL, v. a. nommer or choisir pour EMPASSION, v. a. passionner. EMPEOPLE, v. a. former un peuple. EMPERESS, s. impératrice, EMPEROR, s. empereur, m. [d'expression, f. EMPHASIS, s. emphâse, f. énergie, f. force EMPHATICAL, EMPHATIC, adj. emphasique. EMPHATICALLY, adv. emphatiquement. EMPHYSEMATOUS, adj. emphysemateux. EMPIRE, s. empire, m. commandement, m. EMPIRICAL, EMPIRICK, adj. empirique. EMPIRICALLY, adv. en empirique. Empirism, Empiricism, s. empirisme, m. Emplaster, e. emplâtre, f, v. a. mettre en EMPLASTICK, adj. visqueux. EMPLEAD, v. a. poursuivre en justice. EMPLOY, v. a. employer, occuper, se servir. EMPLOY, s. affaire, f. emploi, m. office, m. EMPLOYER, s. celui qui emploie. EMPLOYMENT, s. emploi, m. charge, f. office, Enpoison, v. a. empoisonner. EMPOISONER, s. empoisonneur. EMPOISONMENT, s. empoisonnement, m. EMPORTUM, s. ville marchande, ville d'entrepot. EMPOVERISH, v. a. appauvrir, rendre pauvre. EMPOVERISHMENT, s. appauvrissement, m. EMPOWER, v. a. autoriser, commettre. Empress, s. impératrice, f. Emptiness, s. vide, m. vanité, f. EMPTION, s. achat, m. emplette. EMPTY, adj. vide, vain, superficiel, leger. EMPTY, v.a. vider, depouller, priver. EMPURPLE, v. a. empourprer, teindre en EMPUZZLE, v. a. embrouiller. [pourpre. EMPYREAL, EMPYREAN, adj. empiree. EMPYREAN, s. l'empyree, m. EMROD, s. emeril, m. diamant de vitrier, m. Emrods, les hemorroides, f. pl. EMULATE, v. a. imiter, Afcher d'égaler, en-EMULATION, s. émulation, f. rivalité, f. EMULATIVE, adj. qui a de l'émulation.

EMULGE, v. a. tirer, traire, faire venir. Emulation. qui a de l'émulation. EMULOUSLY, adv. avec emulation, à l'envie. EMULSION, s. emulsion, f. EMUNCTORY, s. emonctoire, m. ENABLE, v. a. rendre capable, mettre en état. ENACT, v. a. faire, effectuer, arrêter. ENACTING, s. établissement, m. ENACTOR, s. celui qui établit, qui exécute. ENALLAGE, s. énallage, f. ENAMEL, s. émail, m.; v. a. & n. émailler. EMAMELLER, s. émailleur, m. Enamelling, s. émaillure, f. l'art d'émailler. ENAMOUR, v. a. rendre amoureux. ENAMOURED, part. adj. amoureux, amoura-ENARRATION, s. narration, f. recit, m. EMCAGE, v. a. mettre en cage, enfermer. ENCAMP, v. a. & n. former un camp. ENCAMPMENT, s. campement, m. camp, m. ENCHAPE, v. a. facher, irriter, enrager. ENCHAIN, v. a. enchaîner, charger de fers. ENCHANT, v. a. enchanter, ensorceler, ravir. ENCHANTER, s. enchanteur, m. magicien, m. ESCHANTINGLY, adr. par enchantement. ENCHANTMENT, s. enchantement, m. ENCHANTRESS, s.enchanteresse, magicienne, sorcière. Enchase, v. a. enchasser. ENCIRCLE, v. a. circonscrire, environner. ENCLITICE, s. enclitique, m. ENCLOSE, v. a. clorre, enclorre, renfermer, environner. ENCLOSURE, s. clôture, f. enclos, m. Encomiast, s. panegyriste, m. Encomium, s. eloge, m. panegyrique, m. ENCOMPASS, v. a. entourer, environner. ENCOMPASSMENT, s. circonlocution, f. ENCORE, adv. encore, une autre fois. ENCOUNTER, s. combat, m. mêlée, f. ENCOUNTER, v. a. & n. rencontrer. ENCOURAGE, v. a. encourager, exciter. ENCOURAGEMENT, s. encouragement, m. ENCOURAGER, s. protecteur, m. instigateur, Encroach, p. n. empleter, usurper. ENCROACHER, s. usurpateur, m. [tion, f. Encroaching, Encroachment, s. usurpa-ENCUMBER, v. a. embarrasser, empêcher. ENCUMBRANCE, s. embarras, m. obstacle, m. ENCYCLICAL, adf. circulaire. ENCYCLOFEDIA, ENCYCLOFEDY, s. encyclopedie, f.

End, s. fin, f. bout, m. extremité, f. conclusion, f. mort, f. issue, f. suite, f. but, m. dessein, m. intention, f. interet, m. To no end, sans effet, en vain, inutilement. To the end that, afin que. At an end, expiré, passé. END, v. a. & n. finir, achever, conclure, terminer, cesser, prendre fin. [tort. ENDANGER, v. a. endommager, nuire, faire ENDANGER, v. a. mettre en danger, exposer. ENDEAR, v. a. rendre cher, faire aimer. ENDEARMENT, s. agrément, m. caresses, f. pl. RNDEAVOUR, s. effort, m. ENDEAVOUR, v. n. s'efforcer, faire ses efforts. ENDECAGON, s. endecagone, f. ENDECASTLLABLE, s. endecasyllabe, m. ENDEMIAL, ENDEMICE, adj. propre à un ENDING, s. conclusion, f. terminaison, f. ENDICT, ENDITE, v. a. accuser, dénoncer. Endictment, Enditement, s. accusation, f. ENDITER, s. accusateur, m. denonciateur. m.

ENDIVE, s. endive, f. chicoree blanche, ENDLESS, adj. infini, sans fin, perpetuel. ENDLESSLY, adv. continuellement, sans fin. ENDORSE, v. a. endosser, mettre sur le dos. ENDORSEMENT, s. endossement, m. ENDORSER, s. endosseur, m ENDOW, v. a. renter, doter, fonder, douer, or ENDOWMENT, s. rente, f. fondation, f. ENDUE, v. a. douer, revetir, enrichir, orner. ENDURANCE, s. durée, f. patience, f. ENDURE, v. s. endurer, souffrir, supporter; v. s. durer, continuer, souffrir, tolerer. ENDWISE, adv. perpendiculairement. ENECATE, v. a. tuer, détruire. ENEMY, s. ennemi, m. adversaire, EFERGETICE, adj. puissant, fort, energique. ENERGY, s. energie, f. force, f. pouvoir, m. ENERVATE, ENERVE, v. a. enerver, affoiblir. ENERVATING, ENERVATION, c. enervation.f. ENFEBLE, v. a. affoiblir, rendre foible. ENFEOFF, v. a. infeoder, donner l'investiture. ENFEOFFMENT, s. infeodation, f. ENFETTER, v. a. enchaîner, mettre aux fers. ENFILADE, s. enfilade; v. a. enfiler. ENFORCE, v. n. fortifier, forcer, obliger. Enforcement, s. contrainte, f. nécessité, f. ENFRANCHISE, v. a. affrancher, naturaliser. ENFRANCHISEMENT, s. affranchissement, m. ENGAGE, v. a. engager, mettre en gage, obliger, entraîner, combattre, attaquer.
ENGAGEMENT, s. engagement, m. obligation, ENGAGING, adj. engageant. [f. ENGENDER, v.a. engendrer, produire, causer. ENGENDER, c. a. engendrer, produire, causer. ENGENDERING, s. genération, f. ENGINE, s. machine, f. instrument, m. pompe (pour les incendies), f. russ, f. ENGINEER, s. ingénieur, f. ENGINEER, s. artillerie, f. Engind, v. a. environner, entourer. ENGLISH, u.d. and invasion, consistent of the English, u.d. Angleierre, f. English, u.d. Angleis, d'Angleierre.
English, s. l'Anglois, un Angleis.
English, (a printing letter) Saint Augustin. English, v. a. traduire, rendre en Anglois. Engorge, v. a. & n, dévorer. Engrain, v. a. teindre en cramoisi. Engrapple, v. a. se battre près à-près. Engrave, v. a. graver, imprimer. ENGRAVER, s. un graveur. Engraving, s. l'art de graver, la gravure. Engross, v. a. grossir, grossoyer, accaparer. Engrosser, s. monopoleur, m. Engrossment, s. monople, m ENHANCE, v. a. encherir, hausser le prix, exagérer. ENHANCER, s. enchérisseur, m. ENHANCING, ÉNHANCEMENT, s. enchère, f. ENIGHA, s. énigme, f. question obscure, f. ENIGHATICAL, adj. énigmatique, obscur. ENIGHATICALU, adv. énigmatiquement. ENIGHATIST, s. fescur d'énigmes, f. Enjoin, v. a. enjoindre, ordonner, prescrire. Enjoy, v. a. & n. jouir, posseder. ENJOYING, s. jouissance, f. l'action de jouir, ENJOYMENT, s. jouissance, f. possession, f. Enkindle, v. n. & a. s'allumer, exciter. ENLARGE. v. a. & n. augmenter, étendre, agrandir, accroître, traitre au long. ENLIGHTEN, v. a. éclairer, illuminer. ENLIVE, ENLIVEN, v. a. animer, rendre vif. ENLIVENER, s. qui anime, mobile. m. Exercy, s. inimitie, f. haine, f.

Ennoble, v. a. anoblir, élever, exalter. Ennoblement, s. anoblement, m.
Enodation, s. denouement, m. solution, f.
Enormity, Enormousness, s. enormité, f. ENORMOUS, adj. confus, sans règle, atroce. Enormously, adv. excessivement. Enough, s. suffisance, f.; adj. suffisant; adv. assez, suffisamment, en suffisance. Enow, assez de, nombre suffisant de. Enquire, v. n. s'informer. ENRAGE, v. a. irriter, faire enrager. ENRANGE, ENRANE, v. a. mettre en rangs. ENRAPTURE, ENRAVISH, v. a. ravir, enchan-ENRAVISHING, adj. ravissont. ENRAVISHMENT, s. ravissement, m. Enrich, d. a. enrichir, rendre riche, embellir. ENRICHMENT, s. enrichissement, m. Enripen, v. a. & n. faire mûrir. ENROLLMENT, s. régistre, m. rôle, m. enrégistrement, m. ENROOT, v. a. enraciner. Ensample, s. modèle, m. ; v. a. représenter. Ensanguine, v. a. ensanglanter. Ensconce, v. a. couvrir, défendre. Enshield, v. a. proteger, defendre. Ensurine, v. a. enchasser, preserver. Ensign, s. enseigne, f. drapeau, m. enseigne, m. signal, m. marque, f Enslave, v. a. rendre esclave. Enslavement, s. esclavage, m. servitude, f. ENSLAVER, s. celui qui rend esclave. Ensue, v. a. suivre, v. n. s'ensuivre. Ensurance, s. assurance, f, prime d'assurance, m. Ensure, v. a. assurer, garantir. Ensurer, Ensurancer, s. assureur, m ENTABLATURE, ENTABLEMENT. s. entable-ENTAIL, s. substitution, f. [ment, m. ENTAIL, v.a. substituer, tailler, graver. ENTANGLE, v.a. embroniller, meler. ENTANGLEMENT, s. embarras, m. confusion, Entangler, s. un étourdi, un esprit brouil-ENTER, v. a. & n. entrer, initier, introduire, admettre, enrégistrer, coucher par écrit, s'enrôler, intenter; v. n. entrer, pénétrer, s'engager. Enterable, adj. recevable. Entering, s. entrée, f. admission, f. ENTERLACE, v. a. entrelacer. ENTEROCELE, s. sorte de hernie, entérocele, ENTERPARLANCE, s. conference, f. Enterpleading, s. interlocutoire, m. ESTERPRISE, s. entreprise, f. projet, m. ENTERPRISE, v. a. tenter, entreprendre. Esterpriser, s. entrepreneur. Enterprising, s. entreprise, f.; adj. entreprenant. ENTERTAIN, v. a. entretenir, parler, converser, amuser, traiter, régaler, recevoir chez soi, tenir à son service, concevoir, adopter, admettre. Entertainingly, adr. agréablement. ENTERTAINMENT, s. entretien, m. conversation, f. regal, m. traitement, m. ropas, m accueil, m. réception, f. amusement, m. plaisir, m. passe-temps, m. ENTHRONE, v. a. mettre sur le trône. ENTHRONING, s. intronisation, f. ENTHUSIASM, s. enthousiasme, m. fanatisme, Enthusiast, s. enthousiaste, m. fanatique, m ENTHUSIASTICAL, ENTHUSIASTICE, adj. fanatique. ENTHUSIASTICALLY, adv. en enthousiaste.

ENTICE, v. a. inciter, engager, attirer, Entice away, dehaucher, enlever. ENTICEMENT, s. incitation, f. instigation, f. ENTICER, s. instigateur, m. seducteur, m. ENTICINGLY, adj. d'une manière engageante. ENTIRETY, ENTIRENESS, s. tout, m. le tout. ENTIRE. See Intire and derivatives. ENTITLE, v. a. intituler, donuer un titre. ENTITULATION, s. intitulation, f. ENTITY, s. entité, f. être, m. [beau. ENTOMB, v. a. enterrer, mettre dans le tom-ENTRAILS, s. pl. entrailles, f. intestins, m. ENTRANCE, s. entrée, f. passage, m. ENTRANCE, v. a. & n. extasier, s'extasier. ENTRAP, v. a. & n. attraper ENTREAT, v. a. prier, solliciter, supplier. Entreatance, Entreaty, s. demande, requete, f. prière, f. instance, f sollicita-tion, f. supplication, f. supplique, f. ENTREATING, s. prière, f. supplique, f. Entremets, s. entremets, s ENTRY, s. entrée, f. vestibule, su. prise de possession, commencement, st. enregistrement, m. ENTWINE, v. a. entortiller. Enucleate, v. a. expliquer, éclaireir. ENUMERATE, v. a. énumérer, compter en dé-ENUMERATION, s. enumeration, f. [tail. Enunciate, v. a. énoncer, déclarer. ENUNCIATION, s. enonciation, f. declaration, Enunciative, adj. expressif. [ratoire. ENUNCIATIVELY, adv. d'une manière decla-ENVELOP, v. a. envelopper, couverte, f. ENVELOPE, s. enveloppe, f. couverte, f. Envenom, v. n. envenimer, empoisonner. ENVIABLE, adv. digne d'envie. Envier, s. envieux, m. jaloux, m. Envious, adj. envieux, qui porte envie. Enviousity, adv. par envie, par jalousie. Enviousness, s. envie, f. jalousie, f. Environ, v. a. environner, entourer. Environs, s. les environs, m. pl. Envoy, s. envoyé, m. envoi, m. [vie. Envy, v. a. & n. envier, porter or avoir en-Envy, s. envie, f. jalousie, f. Envoice, s. facture, f. envoi, m. Eolipile, s. éolipile, m EPACT, s. epacte, f. (11 days of the solar above the lunar year.) EPAULET, s. epaulette, f. [qu'un jour. EPHEMERIAL, adj. éphémère, qui ne dure EPHEMERIS, s. éphémérides, f. EPHEMERIST, s. astrologue, m. EPHORI, s. pl. les ephores, m. pl. EPIC, EPICK, adj. épique, héroique. EPICENE, s. épicede, m. poeme funéraire. EPICENE, s. épicène, m. & f. EPICES, s. poésie héroïque, f. poeme épique, EPICUREAN, s. un épicurien. [rien. EPICUREAN, s. épicurien, m.; adj. d'épicu-EPICURISM, s. épicurisme, m. EPICURIZE, r. n. vivre en épicurien. EPICYCLE, s. epicycle, m. EPICTCLOIDE, s. epicycloide, m.
EPIDEMICAL, EPIDEMICK, adj. épidémique.
EPIDERMIS, s. épiderme, m. la première peau. EPIGRAM, s. épiglotte, f. luctte, f. EPIGRAM, s. épigramme, f. satire, f. EPIGRAMMATICAL, EPIGRAMMATICE, off. épigrammatique. PIGRAMMATIST, s. epigrammatiste. EPIGRAPH, s. épigraphe, f. inscription, f. EPILEPSY, s. épilepsie, f. mal cacuc. m.

EPILEPTICK, adj. & s. épileptique. EPILOGUE, s. épilogue, m. peroraison, f. EPIPHANY, s. epiphanie, f. Ергрнопема, s. epiphoneme, m. epiphore, f. EPIPHYSIS, s. epiphyse, f. EPISCOPAL, adj. épiscopal, m. EPISCOPAL, adj. épiscopal, d'évêque. EPISCOPALIANS, s. pl. épiscopaux, m. Episcopat, a. épiscopat, m EPISODE, s. cpisode, m. digression, f. EPISODICAL, EPISODICK, adj. épisodique. EPISODIZE, r. n. episodier. EPISPASTICK, s. un épispastique. EPISTLE, s. épitre, f. lettre, f. EPISTOLARY, adj. épistolaire, de lettres. EPITAPH, s. epitaphe, f. inscription sur une tombe, f. EPITHALAMIUM, s. épithalame, m. EPITHET, s. une épithète, un adjectif, f. Ергтоми, s. épitome, m. abrégé, m. EPITOMIZE, v. a. abreger, raccourcir. EPITOMIZER, EPITOMIST, s. abbreviateur, EPOCH of EPOCHA, s. epoque, f. ère, f.
EPODE, s. épode, f. partie d'un poëmelyrique.
EPOPEE, s. èpopée, f. poëme hérolque.
EPOLATION, s. basquet, m. festin, m.
EQUABILITY, s. égalité f. uniformité, f.
EQUABLE, adj. égal, uniforme. EQUALL, adr. egalement, uniformément.
EQUAL, adr. égal, semblable, pareil, propre
à, en état de, impartial, équitable.
EQUAL, v. a. égaler, rendre égal, égaliser.
EQUAL v. a. égaler, rendre égal, égaliser. EQUALISE, r. a. egaliser, rendre egal. EQUALITY, s. egalite, f. uniformite, f. EQUALLY, adr. egalement, pareillement. EQUANGULAR, adj. equiangle, à angles égaux. EQUANIMITY, s. égalité d'âme, f. sérénité, f. EQUANIMOUS, adj. qui a l'âme toujours égale. EQUATION, s. equation, f. [iale. EQUATOR, s. equateur, m. la ligne equinox-EQUATORIAL, adj. qui appartient à l'équateur. [roi. EQUERRY, s. écuver, m. le grand écuyer du EQUESTRIAR, adj. équestre, à cheval. EQUIANGULAR, adj. equiangle. EQUIDISTANT, adj. à égale distance. EQUILATERAL, adj. équilatéral. EQUILIBRATE, v. a. mettre en équilibre, contrebalancer. EQUILIBRATION, s. équilibre, m. EQUILIBRIOUS, adj. en équilibre. EQUILIBRIUM, s. équilibre, m. EQUINOCTIAL, s. la ligne equinoctiale; adj. équinoxial. Equinox, s. equinoxe, m. Equip, v. a. équiper, pourvoir de, fournir. EQUIPAGE, s. equipage, m. voiture, f. car-rosse, m. Tea-equipage, cabaret, m. EQUIPMENT, s. équipement, armement, m. EQUIPOISE, s. équiplement, v. a. contreba-EQUIPOLLENCE, s. équipollence, f. [lancer. EQUIPOLLENT, adj. équipollent, équivalent. EQUIPONDERANT, adj. de même poids. EQUIPONDERATE, r. a. faire equilibre, contrebalancer. EQUITABLE, adj. equitable, juste. EQUITABLY, adr. équitablement. EQUITY, s. justice. f. equité. f. droit, m. EQUIVILENCE, s. équipollence, f. valeur ESPALIER, s. espalier. m. egale. [lent. EQUIVOCAL, adj. equivoque, ambigu. EQUIVOCALLY, adv. ambigument.

Equivocalness, Equivocation, s. équi-EQUIVOCATE, v. a. équivoquer. EQUIVOCATOR, s. celui qui parle par equi-ERA, s. ère, f. époque, f. période, f. ERADICATE, v. a. déraciner, extirper, dé-ERADICATIVE, adj. éradicatif. [uvire. ERASEMENT OF ERASURE, s. destruction, f. rature, f. ERE, acto. avant que, plutôt que, toujours. ERE-LONG, adv. dans peu, hientôt. ERE-now, adv. auparavant. ERE-WHILE, adc. depuis peu, autrefois. ERECT, v. a. élever, eriger, dresser, bâtir. ERECT, adf. droit, débout, vigilant. ERECTION, s. élevation, f. fondation, f. établissement, m. construction, f. EREMITE, s. hermite, m. solitaire, m. EREMITICAL, adj. d'hermite, solitaire. ERGOT, s. ergot, m. (du pied d'un cheval.) ERGOTISM, s. coutestations scholastiques, f. pl. ERINGO, s. (an herb) panicot, m. ERMINE, s. hermine, f. ERMINED, adj. fourré d'hermine. ERODE, v. a. ronger, corroder, manger. EROGATION, s. distribution genereuse. EROSION, s. erosion, f. corrosion, f. EROTICE, adj. erotique, amoureux, libertin. ERR, v. n. errer, être errant, se tromper. ERRAND, s. message, m. commission, f. ERRABLE, adj. sujet à l'erreur. ERRANT, adj. errant, ambulant, vagabond. ERRANTEY, s. vie errante, l'état d'un vaga-Errata, s. errata, m. ERRATICE, adj. errant, vagabond, erratique. ERRATICALLY, adv. irregulièrement. ERRHINE, s. poudre sternutatoire, f. ERRONEOUS, adj. errant, errone, faux. ERROWEOUSI.V. adv. par erreur, faussement. ERROWEOUSNESS, s. fausseté, f. ERROWE, s. erreur, f. méprise, f. faute. f. bévue, f. égarement, m. nullité dans une ac-ERs, s. ers, m. vesce noire. cusation. ERST, adv. autrefois, anciennement, jadis. ERUBESCENCE, s. rougeur, f. l'action de rougir. ERUCTATION, s. l'action de roter, rot, m. ERUDITION, s. érudition, f. savoir, m. Enuginous, adj. cuivreux, érugineux. ERUPTION, s. éruption, f. saillie, f. pustule, ERYSTPELAS, s. érysipèle, f. [f. ESCALADE, s. escalade, f. Escalor, s. pétoncle, ESCAPE, n. a. & n. échapper, éluder, éviter, se soustraire, s'échapper, s'évader, s'enfuir. ESCAPE, s. fuite, f. échappée, f. faute, f. escapade, f. imprudence, f. méprise, f. ESCHALOT, s. echalote, f. ESCHAR, s. escarre, f. croute (d'un plais, f ESCHAROTICK, adj. caustique. ESCHEAT, s. aubaine, f.; r. n. echoir par droit de confiscation. Eschew, r. a. éviter. ESCORT, s. escorte, f. convoi, m. garde, f. Escout, r. a. escorter, convoyer. Escout, s. espion, m. ecouteur, m. Escritoire, f. bureau. m. Esculent, adj. bon à manger : s. sliment, m. Escutcheon, s. écusson, in. armes, f. pl. ESPECIAL, adj. special, principal. EQUIVALENT, adj. equivalent; s. l'equivament, surtout. . Esplanade, f. csplanade, f.

Espousals, s. pl. fiançailles, f. épousailles, f. Espouse, r. a. épouser, marier. Espy, v. a. & n. épier, observer, appercevoir. Esquire, s. écuyer, m. Esquire, s. le titre d'écuyer. Essay, r. a. essayer, tenter, eprouver. Essay, s. essai, m. tentative, J. epreuve, f. ESSENCE, s. essence, f. esprit, m. parfum, m. ESSENCE, v. a. parfumer, mettre de l'essence. Essential, adj. essentiel, qui constitue l'essence. ESSENTIAL, s. la nature, l'essentiel, m. ESSENTIALLY, adv. essentiellement. [ser. ESSOINE, s. exoine, f. excuse, f.; v. a. excu-ESTABLISH, v. a. établir, fonder, affermir. ESTABLISHMENT, s. établissement, s. base, f. Estal, v. a. saisir, faire une saisie juridique. ESTALMENT, s. saisie juridique, f. Fang, m. ESTATE, s. état, m. condition, f. rang, m. qualité, f. bien, f. terres, f. biens, m. ESTERM, r. a. estimer, priser, honorer. ESTEEM, s. estime, f. regard, m.
ESTEEMER, s. estimateur, m. appreciateur, m.
ESTIMABLE, adj. estimable, digne d'estime. ESTIMATE, r. a. estimer, evaluer, apprecier. ESTIMATE, s. estimation, f. evaluation, f. ESTIMATION, s. estime, f. estimation, f. ESTIVAL, adj. d'été, qui est d'été. ESTRADE, s. estrade, f. chaussée, f. ESTRANGE, v. a. eloigner, detourner, indispo-ESTRANGEMENT, s. éloignement, m. Estrangers, s. pl. vrangers, aubains ESTRAPADE, s. estrapade, f. [de personne. ESTRAY, s. bète égarée, qui n'est reclamée ESTREAT, s. copie or double d'un écrit, f. m. ESTUARY, s. bras de mer, embouchure. ESTUATION. s. bouillonnement, m. Esturr, s. agitation violente. Etch, r. a. graver à l'eau forte, dessiner. ETCHING, s. gravure à l'eau forte, f. ETERNAL, adj. éternel; s. l'Eternel, m. ETERNALIZE, ETERNIZE, r. d. éterniser. ETERNALIZ, adv. éternellement, toujours, ETERNITY, s. eternite, f. [sans fin. ETESIAN, odj. étésien, m. pl. étésies. ETHER, s. éther, m. air très raréfié. ETHEREAL, ETHEREOUS, adj. éthéré. ETHICAL, ÉTHICK, adj. moral, qui traite de ETHICALLY, adr. moralement. [la morale. ETHICKS, s. pl. morale, f. éthiques, m ETHNICK, adj. paten; s. pl. les patens, les ETHOLOGY, s. ethologie, f. [gentils. ETYMOLOGIZAL, adj. etymologique. [mots. ETYMOLOGIZE, v. n. donner l'etymologie des ETYMOLOGIST, s. ctymologiste, m. ETYMOLOGY, s. etymologie, f. origine d'un EUCHARIST, s. eucharistie, f. [mot. EUCHARISTICAL, adj. eucharistique. EURUCH, s. cloge, m. louange, f. EUNUCH, s. cumuque, m. un homme châtre. EUNUCHATE, r. a. châtrer, faire eunuque. EUPHONY, s. cuphonie, f. son agreable. EUPHRASY, s. euphrage or eufraise, f. EUROPEAN, adj. & s. Luropéen. Eunus, s. le vent d'est. EVACUATE, v. a. évacuer, vider. EVACUATION, s. évacuation, f. décharge, f. EVACUATION, s. évacuation, f. décharge, f. EVADE, v. a. & n. s'évader, s'enfuir. EVADING, s. evasion, f. subterfuge, m. EVANGELICAL, adj. evangelique. EVANGELIST, s. evangeliste, m. [vangile. EVANGELIZE, r. a. évangéliser, precher l'é-EVANGELISM. s. promulgation de l'évangile, Exacerbation, s. irritation, f. [du r Evaporate, r. a. & n. evaporer. [f. Exact, adj. exact, soigneux, ponctuel.

EVAPORATION, s. evaporation, f. EVASION, s. evasion, f. fuite, f. subterfage, Evasion, s. evasion, f. nuic, f. nuice, g., m. défaite, f.
Evasiva, adj. qui élude, sophistique.
Eva and Evan, s. le soir, soirée, f. vigile, f.
Evan, adj. égal, uni, applani, ras, uniforme, pareil, semblable, pair, serein : cere soith
the ground, de niveau, à fleur de terre.
To be even with one, être quitte avec quelqu'un. An even member, un nombre pair.

Evan adv. même. mêmes, anssi-bien que, EVEN, adv. même, mêmes, anasi-bien que, tout de bon. Even as, comme or comme si. Even down, tout droit en bas. Even nour, tout à l'heure. Even on, tout droit. Even so, de même, tout ainsi. Even, v. a. égaler, unir, régler, raser. Evening, s. le soir, la soirée. EVENLY, adv. également, pareillement. EVENNESS, s. égalité, f. uniformité, f. le poli d'une surface unie, égalité d'arme, f. Event, s. événement, m. incident, m. EVENTILATE, v. a. ventiler, discuter, vaner EVENTUAL, adj. accidentel, casuel. EVENTUALLY, adv. accidentellement, par ha-EVER, adv. toujours, jamais, à jamais. Ever since, depuis lors, depuis ce temps là. For ever and ever, eterneliement. Ever and anon, de tems en tems. EVERGREEN, adj. & s. toujours vert. EVERLASTING, adj. eternel; s. eternite, f. EVERLASTINGLY, adv. eternellement. Everlastingness, s. éterbité, f. perpétuité, EVERLIVING, adj. immortel. EVERMORE, adv. toujours, à jamais EVERSE, EVERT, v. a. renverser, détruire. EVERSION, s. renversement, m. déstruction, f. EVERY, adj. chaque, chacun, tout. Every other day, de deux jours l'un. Every one, every body, chacun. Every way, on every side, de tous côtés. Every whit, every thing, chaque chose, tout. EVERY-WHERE, adv. partout. EVESTIGATE, v. a. rechercher, tracer. [tion, f. Evict, v. a. évincer, prouver. EVICTION, s. eviction, f. preuve, f. conve-Evidence, s. evidence, f. clarte, f. preuve, f. temoignage, m. marque, f. EVIDENCE, v. a. prouver, mettre en évi-EVIDENT, adj. évident, visible, démontre. EVIDENTLY, adv. evidenment, clairement. EVIL, adj. mauvais, mechant. [ladie, f. EVIL, s. mal, m. mechancete. f. tort, m. ma-EVIL-AFFECTED, adj. mal-intentionné. Evil-Dork, s. mal-faiteur. m. EVIL-MINDED, adj. mauvais, méchant. EVIL-MESS, s. méchanceté, f. EVIL-SPRAKING.s. medisance, f. calomnie, f. Evince, v. a. prouver, démontrer. EVINCIBLE, adj. qui peut être démontré. EVINCIBLY, adr. évidemment, démonstrativement. EVISCERATE, v. a. éventrer, vider. EVITABLE, adj. évitable. EVITATE, v. a. éviter, fuir. EVOCATION, s. évocation de morts, f. &cr. EVOLVE.v. a. & n. déplier, développer. EVOLUTION, s. évolution. f. action de dé-EVULSION, s. l'action d'arracher. [player. EWE, s. brebis, f. An eve-lamb, une jeune EWE, v. n. agneler. [brebis. EWER, s. alguière, f. pot à l'eau. EWRY, s. l'office où l'on garde la vaisselle EXACERBATION, s. irritation, f. [du roi. ss.

Exact, v. a. & n. exiger, requerir, imposer, surfaire, extorquer. Exacter, s. execteur, m. ecorcheur, m. EXACTION, s. exaction, f. extortion, f. Exactly, adv. exactement, precisement. Exactness, s. exactitude, f. soin, m. Exaccenate, v. a. exagerer, amplifier. EXAGGERATION, s. exageration, f. amas, EXAGITATE, v. a. agiter, tourmenter. Exagitation, s. agitation, f. trouble, m. Exalt, v. a. elever, hausser, exhausser. EXALTATION, s. exaltation, f. exhaussement, m. Examen, Examination, s. examen, m EXAMINE, r. a. examiner, interroger, discu-Examiner, s. examinateur, m. Examining, s. examen, ss. recherche, f. discussion, f. EXEMPLARY, adj. exemplaire. Example, s. exemple, m. modèle, m. Exanguious, adj. qui n'a point de sang. EXANIMATE, adj. sans vie, mort, abattu. EXAMINATE, v. a. faire mourir, consterner. EXAMINATION, s. privation de la vie, f. Exarch, s. exarque, sa. EXARCHATE OF EXARCHY, s. exarchat, m. Exasperate, v. a. aigrir, provoquer. EXASPERATION, s. aigreur, f. provocation, EXCANDESCENCE, s. chaleur, f. colère, f. [vite, f. EXCAVATE, v. a. creuser. EXCAVATION, s. excavation, f. creux, m. ca-ExcEED, v. a. & n. exceder, passer. Exceeding, part. adj. excessif, extrême. Exceeding and Exceedingly, adv. excessivement, trop, extrêmement, beaucoup. EXCEL, v. a. & n. surpasser, exceller. EXCELLENCE, EXCELLENCY, s. excellence, f. prééminence, f. grandeur, f. dignité, f. Excellent, éminent, parfait. EXCELLENTLY, adv. excellemment, fort bien.
EXCEPT, v. a. & n. excepter, exclure.
EXCEPT, prep. excepté, à l'exception.
EXCEPT, conj. à mouns de, à mouns que. EXCEPTION, s. exception, f. exclusion, f. EXCEPTIONABLE, adj. reprochable, recusable. Exceptious, adj. qui se fache aisement. EXCEPTOR, s. censeur, m. épilogueur, m. Excerp, v. a. prendre, tirer, choisir. Excerption, s. choix, m. recueil, m. Excess, s. excès, m. superflu, m. désordre, m. Excessive, adj. excessif, immodere. ExcessiveLy, adr. excessivement. Exchange, v. a. échanger, troquer. EXCHANGE, s. echange, m. change, m. EXCHARGER, s. changeur, m. banquier, m. EXCHEQUER, s. l'échiquier, m. le trésor roy Excisable, adj. qui paie l'accise. Excise, s. accise, f. taxe sur les denrées. Excise, v. a. lever l'accise or l'impôt. EXCISEMAN, s. un collecteur d'accises. Excision, s. destruction. f. extirpation, f. EXCITATION, s. instigntion, f. [ser. EXCITE, v. a. exciter, animer, porter, pous-Excitement, s. encouragement, m. EXCITER, s. celui or celle qui excite. Exclaim, v. n. crier, se recrier, déclamer. Exclaimer, s. déclamateur, m. EXCLAMATION, s. clameur, f. exclamation, f. Exclamatory, adj. qui declame, qui se re-EXCLUDE, v. a. exclure, rejeter. Crie. Excrusion, s. exclusion,) EXCLUSIVE, adj. exclusif. Exclusively, adv. exclusivement.

EXCOGITATE, v. a. trouver, imaginer, inven-Excommunicate, v. a. excommunier. [ter. EXCOMMUNICATION, s. excommunication, f. EXCORIATE, v. a. écorcher. EXCORIATION, s. excoriation, f. écorchure, f. Excrement, s. excrement, m. ordure, f. Excremental, Excrementatious, adj. excrementeux. Excrescence, s. excrescence, f. EXCRETION, s. excretion, f. Excretive, Excretory, adj. excretoire. Excruciate, v. a. tourmenter, mettre à la torture. EXCULPATE, v. a. disculper, excuser. Excursion, s. ecart, m. egarement, m. EXCUSAIVE, adj. qui erre, qui s'égare.

EXCUSABLE, adj. excusable, pardonnable.

EXCUSATORY, adj. qui justifie, apologétique.

EXCUSE, s. excuse, f. justification, f.

Excuse, s. a. excuser, pardonner, exempter.

Excuseless, adj. inexcusable, sans excuse. Excuser, s. celui qui excuse, apologiste, m. Execrable, adj. execrable, horrible, abominable. Execrably, adv. abominablement. EXECRATE, v. a. détester, abhorrer. EXECUATION, s. execuation, f. imprecation, f. EXECT or EXSECT, v. a. dissequer, couper. EXECUTE, v. a. executer, effectuer, accomplir, exercer, punir de mort. EXECUTER, s. qui exécute, exécuteur, m. EXECUTION, s. execution, f. accomplissement, m. supplice, m. saisie, f. Executioner, s. bourreau, m. EXECUTIVE, adj. executoire. EXECUTOR, s. executeur testamentaire. EXECUTORSHIP, s. charge d'exécuteur, f. EXECUTORY, adj. exécutoire. EXECUTRIX, s. executrice testamentaire. EXEGETICAL, adj. exégétique, qui explique. EXEMPLAR, s. exemplaire, m. exemple, m. Exemplarily, adv. exemplairement. EXEMPLARY, adj. exemplaire. EXEMPLIFICATION, s. copie, f. double, m. demonstration, f. exemple, m. preuve, f. Exemplify, v. a prouver, confirmer pardes exemples, copier, transcrire.

Exempt. adj. exempt, dispensé, quitte; s. exempt, m. EXEMPT, v. a. exempter, dispenser. EXEMPTION, s. exemption, f. immunité, f. EXENTERATE, v. a. éventres EXEQUIAL, adj. qui regarde les obseques. EXEQUIES, s. pl. obseques, f. funérailles, f. EXERCENT, adj. praticien, exercant. s. exercise, m. travail, m. pra-EXERCISE, s. exercise, m. tra tique, f. fonction, f. un thème. EXERCISE, v. a. exercer. accoulumer, pratiquer ; v. n. s'exercer, faire l'exercise Exencisen, s. celui qui exerce, qui forme. Exeresis, s. exerese, f. EXERTION. s. production, f. effort, m. EXESTUATION, s. effervescence,) EXPOLIATE, v. n. s'exfolier, se peler. EXFOLIATION, s. exfoliation des os EXHALATION, s. exhataison. f. vapeur, f. EXHALE, r. a. exhaler, pousser hors de soi. Exhaust, v. a. épuiser, absorber. [m. Exhaustion, Exhausting, s. épuisement, EXHAUSTLESS, adj. inépuisable. EXHEREDATE, v. a. exhereder, déshériter. EXHEREDATION, s. exheredation, f.

Exhibiter, v. a. exhiber, produire, manifester. Exhibiter, s. celui qui fait voir. Exhibiter, s. celui qui fait voir. Exhibition, f. pro- Exhibition, f. pro- Exhibition, f. pro- Expense, s. dépense, f. frais, s. mise, f. duction, f. representation, entreuen, m. pension, f. EXHIBITIVE, adj. representatif. EXHILARATE, v. a. égayer, réjouer, divertir. EXHILARATION, s. réjouissance, f. gaieté. f. EXHORT, v. a. exhorter, encourager, exciter. EXHORTATION, s. exhortation, f. [horte. Exhortative, Exhortatory, adj. qui ex-EXHORTER, s. celui qui exhorte. [soin, m. Exigence, Exigency, s. exigence, f. be-Exigent, s. mauvais pas, embarras, m. Exigent, adj. expedient, necessaire Exigenten, s. sorte d'huissier er de sergent. EXIGUITY, s. petitesse, f. Exicuous, adj. petit, mince. EXIGUOUSNESS, s. tenuité, f. extrème peti-EXILE, s. qui est en exil, banissement. Exilement, s. bannissement, m. EXILE, v. a. exiler, bannir, envoyer en exil. Eximious, adj. excellent, éminent, exquis. EXINANITION, s. aneantimement, m. Exist, v. n. exister, être. Existence, Existency, s. existence, f. être, Existent, adj. existant, m EXISTIMATION, s. estime, f. opinion, f. EXIT, s. sortie, f. congé, m. [1 [nenx. EXITIAL, EXITIOUS, adj. destructeur, rui-LXODUS and EXODY, s. Exode, st. EXORERATE, v. a. décharger, débarrasser. EXOPTABLE, adj. souhaitable, désirable. Exorbitance, Exorbitancy, s. enormité, ∫. excès, m. EXORBITANT, adj. exorbitant, excessif. Exorbitantly, adv. exorbitanment. Exorcise, r. a. exorciser, conjurer. Exorcism, s. exorcisme, m. conjuration, f. Exorcist, Exorciser, s. exorciste, m Exordium, s. exorde, m. commencement, EXORNATION, s. ornement. m. decoration, f. Exosseous, adj. sans os, qui n'a point d'os. Exostosis, s. exostose, f. tumeur osseuse. Exotick, adj. cuanger, exotique. EXOTICK, a.g., curanger, exouque.

EXOTICK, s. un exotique, planie exotique, f.

EXPAND, v. a. étendre, développer.

EXPANSE, s. étendue, f. expansion, f.

EXPANSIBLE, adj. qui peut s'étendre.

EXPANSION, s. expansion, f. dilatation, f.

EXPANSIVE, adj. expansif. [dre sur un sujet.

EXPATIATE, v. a. discourir au long, s'étendre

EXPECTE, v. a. discourir au long, s'étendre

EXPECTE, v. a. discourir au long, s'étendre EXPECT, v. a. attendre, esperer, s'attendre à. EXPECTANT, adj. & s. expectatif, m. EXPECTATION, s. attente, f. expectative, f. EXPECTORATE, v. a. expectorer, cracher. EXPECTORATION, s. expectoration, f. crachat, m. EXPECTORATIVE, adj. expectoratif. Expedience, Expediency, s. convenance, EXPRDIENT, adj. expedient, propre, conve-nable, utile, avantageux, à propos. EXPEDIENT, s. expedient, m. moyen, m. EXPEDIENTLY, adr. convenablement. EXPEDITE, v. a. faciliter, hater, expédier. EXPEDITE, adj. prompt, facile, aise, expeditif. EXPEDITELY, adv. promptement. Expedition, f. act Expedition, s. expedition, f. activité, f. Expeditions, adj. expéditif. Expeditiously, adv. promptement.
Expel, v. a. chasser, faire sortir, expulser.
Expeller, s. celui or celle qui chasse.

EXPENSIVEL, adj. dispendieux, conse EXPENSIVEL, adj. dispendieux, dépens EXPENSIVELY, adv. d'une manière con Expensiveness, s. prodigalité, f. frais, m. EXPERIENCE, e. expérience, j. EXPERIENCE, v. a. expérimenter, empyer. EXPERIENCE, v. a. expérimenter, éconyer. Experimenter, e. experimenter, écouver. EXPERIMENTAL, adj. experimental EXPERIMENTALLY, adv. per experience Expert, adj. expert, verse, experimente. EXPERTLY, adv. d'un manière expert. EXPERTNESS, s. adresse, f. habileté, f. EXPLATE, adj. qu'on peut expier.

EXPLATE, v. a. expier, réparer, satisfaire.

EXPLATION, s. explation, f. satisfaction, f. EXPLATION, a. expulsion, f. speliation, f. EXPLATION, a. expilation, f. speliation, f. EXPLATION, a. expiration, f. im, m. EXPLRE, v. m. expirer, mourar, fair, echesis. Explain, v. a. expliquer, exposer, échircir. Explainable, adj. expliquable. Explainer, s. commentateur, sa. EXPLANATION, s. explication, f. Explanatory, adj. qui explique. Explanive, s. & adj. remplisage, m. expletif. EXPLICABLE, adj. explicable. EXPLICATE, v. a. développer, expliquer, ex-EXPLICATION, s. explication, f. interpréta-EXPLICATIVE, adj. explicatif. [tion, f. [tion, f. EIPLICATOR, s. commentateur, sa. EIPLICATOR, s. commentateur, sa. EIPLICITLY, sale. explicitement. EXPLICITMESS, s. clarté, f. netteté, f. EXPLODE, v. a. désapprouver, blamer. EXPLODER, s. censeur, m. frondeur, m Exploit, s. exploit, s. action de guerre mémorable, f. EXPLOIT, v. n. faire, executer. EXPLORATION, s. rechercher, j. campan, visiter.
EXPLOREN, v. s. rechercher, examiner, visiter.
EXPLOREMENT, s. recherche, f. examen, m.

[tir.] EXPORT, v. a. exporter, transporter, faire sur-Exportation, s. exportation, f. transport, st. Exporter, s. celui qui exporte. Expose, v. a. exposer, montrer, produire, hazarder, risquer, diffamer. EXPOSITION, s. exposition, f. explication, f. situation, f. Expositor, s. interprète, m. commentateur, EXPOSTULATE, v. a. & n. se plaindre. [m. Expostulation, s. plaintes, f. reproches, m. Expostulator, s. celui qui conteste. Expostulatory, asj. plein de reproches et de plaintes. EXPOSURE, s. exposition, f. EXPOUND, v. c. exposer, expliquer. Expounder, s. interprète, m EXPOUNDING, s. exposition, f. explication, f. Express, v. a. exprimer, declarer, representer, témoigner, extraire. Express, adj. exprès, explicite, formal. Express, s. expres, m. courier, m. Expressible, adj. exprimable.

[f. Expression, s. expression, f. representation, Expression, s. expression, energique.

Expressively, adj. educamanière expression. Expressiveness, s. énergie, f. emphase, f.

Expressit, adv. expressement, clairement. EXPRESSURE, s. expression, f. marque, f. EXPROBRATE, v. a. reprocher, imputer. EXPROBRATION, s. reproche, m. blame, m. EXPUGN, v. a. conquerir, prendre d'assaut. EXPUGNATION, s. prise, f. conquête, f. EXPULSE, v. a. chasser, expulser. EXPULSION, s. expulsion, f. EXPULSIVE, adj. expulsif, expultrice. EXPUNCTION, s. abolition, f. Expunge, v. a. effacer, rayer, annuller. EXPURGATION, s. purgation, f. reforme, f. Expureatory, adj. expurgatoire, purgatif. Exquisite, adj. exquis, excellent, recherche Exquisitely, adv. parfaitement bien. EXQUISITENESS, s. excellence, f. perfection. Exscript, s. copie, f. double, m.
Exsiccate, e. a. secher, dessecher, mettre à
Exsiccation, s. dessechement, m. [sec.
Exsiccation, Exsiccative, adj. dessiccatif. Exsudation, s. exsudation, f. Extably, adj. extant, existant, qui existe. Extably. See Ecstary, s. extable, f. Extemporal, Extemporary, adj. subit, soudain. EXTEMPORALLY, adr. vite, à la lifte. EXTEMPORE, adv. sans preparation. EXTEMPORIZE, v. n. parler sans preparation. Extend, v. n. étendre, augmenter, élargir, répandre, saisir, faire une saisie; v. n. s'étendre. Extendible, Extensible, adj. extensible. Extensibility, Extensibleness, s. extensibilité, f. Extension, s. extension, f. Extensive, adj. vaste, large, grande, spa-Extensively, adv. amplement. [cieux. EXTENSIVENESS, s. etendue, f. grandeur, f. dilatabilité, f.
EXTENT, adj. étendu.
EXTENT, s. étendue, f. exécution, f.
EXTENUATE, v. a. exténuer, diminuer. Extenuation, s. exténuation, f. Extensour, adj. extérieur, externe. [rieur. Extensourly, adv. extérieurement, à l'exté-EXTERMINATE, v. a. exterminer, extirper. Extermination, s. extermination, f. EXTERMISATOR, s. exterminateur, m Exterminate, v. a. exterminer, extirper. Extern, External, adj. exterieur, externe. EXTERNALLY, adv. exterieurement. EXTIMULATE, v. a. piquer, aiguillonner. EXTINULATION, s. piqure, f. aiguillon, m. EXTINCT, adj. eteint, aboli, mort. EXPLACTION, s. extinction, f. abolition, f. Extinguish, v. a. éteindre, amortir, abolir. Extinguishable, adj. qu'on peut éteindre, EXTINGUISHER, s. éleignoir, m. EXTINGUISHMENT, s. extinction, f. abolition, EXTIRPATE, v. a. extirper, déraciner. EXTIRPATION, s. extirpation, f. EXTIRPATOR, s. extirpateur, m. destructeur, EXTOL, v. a. exalter, louer, celibrer. [m. EXTOLLER, adj. panegyriste, m. louangeur, EXTORSIVE, adj. tortionnaire, extorque. Extorsively, adv. par extorsion. EXTORT, v. a. extorquer, ôter de force, arra-EXTORTER, s. oppresseur, m. EXTORTION, s. extorsion, f. concussion, f. EXTORTIONER, s. oppresseur, m. concussion-EXTRACT, v. a. extraire, tirer. [naire, m. Extract, s. extrait, m. essence, f. Extraction, s. extraction, f. naissance, f. origine, f. 11

Extragenous, adj. étranger. Extrajudicial, adj. qui n'est pas juridique. Extramundane, udj. au delà du monde. Extraneous, adj. étranger, de dehors. Extraordinaries, s. pl. frais extraordinaires. Extraordinarily, adv. extraordinaire-Extraordinariness, s. extraordinaire, m. Extraordinary, adj. extraordinaire. Extraparochial, adj. qui n'est d'aucune paroisse. Extraregular, adj. hors des règles. Extravagance, s. extravagance, f. EXTRAVAGANT, adj. extravagant, vague, exorbitant, bizarre, fou. [zarre. EXTRAVAGANT, s. un homme singulier, bi-Extravagants, s. pl. extravegantes, f. Extravagantly, adv. extravagamment. Extravagate, v. n. extravaguer. Extravasated, part. adj. extravase. Extreme, adj. extrême, dernier. Extreme, s. extrême, m. l'extrémité, f. Extremely, adv. extrêmement. Extreme-unction, s. l'extrême-onction, f. Extremity, s. extremité, f. fin, f. Extricate, v. a. débrouiller, débarrasser. Extrication, s. l'action de débarrasser. Extrinsical, Extrinsica, adj. extrinsèque. Extrinsically, adv. extérieurement. EXTRUCT, v. a. construire, bâtir. Extructor, s. celui qui construit, qui bâtit. Extrude, r. a. pousser dehors, chasser, faire EXPRUSION, s. expulsion, f. fsortir. EXTUBERANCE, s. bosse, tumour. EXUBERANCE, s. enflure, f. tumeur, f. EXUBERANCE, s. excrescence superflue. EXUBERANT, adj. surabondam, abondant. EXUBERANTLY, adv. abondamment. Exuberate, v. n. surabonder EXUDATION, s. sneur, f. exudation, f.
EXUDATE, EXUDE, v. n. suer, sortir par la
EXULCERATE, v.a. ulcérer, sigrir. [sueur.
EXULCERATION, s. exulcération, f. dépit, m. Exult, r. n. tressaillir de joie, se réjouir. EXULTANCE, EXULTATION, s. allegresse, EXUNDATE, n. n. regorger. EXUNDATION, s. regorgement, m. abondance, EXUPERABLE, adj. qu'on peut conquerir. Exustion, s. Paction de brêler. EYAS, s. un faucon niais, fauconneau, m. EYE, s. ceil, m. (au pluriel) yeux; la vue, egard, m. soin, m. maille, f. Cast of the eye, ceillade, f. un coup d'oeil. Eye of a needle, le trou d'une aiguille. Eyr, v. a. regarder, garder à vue. EYE-BITE, v. a. fasciner, charmer, ensorceler EYE-BALL, s. la prunelle de l'œil. EYE-BRIGHT, s. eufraise, f. (sorte d'herbe.) Evr-Brow, s. le sourcil. EYED, part. adj. observe, garde à vue. Black-eyed, qui a les yeux noirs. Bleareyed, chassieux. EYE-DROP, s. larme, f. pleurs, m. EYE-FLAP, s. une œillère. EYE-GLANCE, s. crillade. f. EYE-OLASS, s. lunettes, f. EYELESS, s. sans veux, aveugle, m. & f. EYELET OF EYELET-HOLE, s. ceillet, m. Eve-Lid. s. paupière, f. EYE-SALVE, s. collyre, EYE-SHOT, s. vue, f. opillade, f. EYE-SIGHT, s. vue.f. EYE-sore, s. mal des yeux, ce qui déplait.

EYE-STRING, s. fibre de l'œil, m. Eye-tooth, dent œillère, f.
EYE-WATER, s. eau bonne pour les yeux.
, EYE-WINK, s. œillade, f. signe, m.
EYE-WITKES, s. têmoin oculaire, m.
EYER, s. gruerie, f. Justices in Eyre, juges ambulans, gruyers.
EIRY, s. aire, f.

F.

FA, s. (a musical note), fa, m. FABACEOUS, adj. de fêve. FABLE, s. fable, f. apologue, un conte. FABLE, v. a. & n. feindre, conter, mentir. FABLER, s. fabuliste. FABRICATE, v. a. bâtir, construire. FABRICATION, s. fabrique, f. construction, f. FABRICK, v. a. fabriquer, construire, bâtir. FABULATOR, c. fabuliste, m. un romancier. FABULOUS, adj. fabuleux, feint, romanesque. FABULOUSLY, adr. d'une manière fabuleuse. FABLOUSH; name de membre represence, f. vue, f. état des affaires, m. apparence, f. dehors. m. front, m. hardiesse, audace, f. façade, f. Face, v. a. affrouter, envisager, faire face, couvrir, revêtir, parer. To face down or out, soutenir en face; to face about, faire volte-face, faire tête. FACE-PAINTER, s. peintre de portraits, m. FACE-PAINTING, s. l'art de peindre le por-FACETIOUS, adj. facetieux, plaisant, gai, enjoué, divertissant. FACETIOUSLY, adv. facetieusement. FACETIOUSNESS, s. bouffonnerie, f. FACILE, adj. facile, commode, aise, crédule. FACILITATE, r. a. faciliter, rendre facile or FACILITY, s. facilité, f. aisance, f. faise. FACING, s. parement, m. façade, f. FACING, part. adj. opposé, vis-a-vis. FACINOROUS, adj. atroce, méchant. FACT, s fait, m. action, f. réalité. f. FACTION, s. faction, f. parti, m. cabale, f. FACTIOUS, adj. factieux, seditieux, mutin. FACTIOUSLY, adv. en factieux FACTIOUSNESS, s. esprit de sédition, m. FACTITIOUS, adj. factice, artificiel. Factor, s. facteur, m. agent, m. commis, m. FACTORY, s. factorerie, f. FACTOTUM, s. un factorum, passe-volant, m. FACULTY, s. faculte, f. pouvoir, m. FADDLE, v. a. dorloter, s'amuser à des baga-[telles. FADE, v. a. & n. faner, fletrir. FADGE, r. a. convenir, cadrer, s'accorder. FADING, adj. mourant, languissant. PÆCKS, s. pl. sediment, m. lie, f. FAG, v. a. étriller, battre; v. n. se lasser. FAG-END, s. le bout d'une pièce de drap. FAGOT, v. a. garroter, lier ensemble.
FAIL, v. n. faillir, manquer, tomber, périr;
r. a. abandouer, délaisser.
[que, m. FAIL, s. méprise, f. faute, f. défaut, m. man-FAILING, s. faute, f. défaut, m. FAILURE, s. faute, f. manquement, m. FAIN, adj. force, obligé, constraint. FAIN, adr. volontiers, avec plaisir. FAIN, v. n. souhaiter, désirer. [fatigué. FAINT, adj. languissant, foible, mou, lache, FAINT, r. n. s'affoiblir, languir, s'evanouir. FAINT-HEARTED, adj. timide, pusillanime. FAINT-HEARTEDLY, adr. lachement. FAINT-HEARTEDNESS, s. lacheté, f crainte.

FAINTLY, adv. foiblement, lachement. FAIRTHESS, s. foiblesse, f. langueur. FAIR, adf. beau, bel, belle, bon, favorable, honnète, sincère, flatteur, blond. FAIR, s. le beau, m. une beauté, une belle. FAIR, adj. avec grace, hometemest, su set. FAIR, s. foire, f. marche, m. FAIRING, s. présent de foire, st. le trousseau. FAIRLY, adr. honnétement, de bonne foi. FAIRNESS, s. beaute, f. honnèteté, f. FAIR-SPOKEN, adj. doucereux, flatteur. FAIRY, s. fee, f. nymphe, f. enchanteresse. f.
FAIRY, s. fee, f. nymphe, f. enchanteresse. f.
FAITH, s. foi, f. croyance, f. la doctrine, f.
des dogmes, f. pl. fidèlité, f.
FAITH, int. ma foi, par ma foi, sur ma foi!
FAITHFULL s. & adj. fidèle, m. qui a de la
FAITHFULL y. de. fidèlement. [fidèlité. FAITHFULLY, adv. fidèlement. [fidélité. FAITHFULNESS, s. fidèlité, f. sincèrité, f. FAITHLESS, adj. incredule, mécréant FAITHLESSNESS, s. incredulité, f. incidélité, FALCATED, adj. courbé en forme de faucille. FALCHION, FAULCHION, s. couteles recourbé. FALCON, s. un faucon, un fauconneau. FALCONER, s. fauconnier, s FALCONRY, s. fauconnerie, f. FALL, v. n. tomber, s'abattre, devenir, decheoir, diminuer, s'abaisser, baisser, se mettre à, commencer à : to fall again, re-tomber : to fall anony, décheoir, diminuer, maigrir, abandonner, décliner, déperir ; to fall back, se retracter, reculer ; to fall down, tomber, descendre, se jeter, se prosterner : to fall from abandonner, renoncer à ; to fall in, se rapporter, s'accorder, tomber à , or en or entre, s'enfoncer ; to fall into, tomber en or entre or dans ; donner dans; to fall off, perir. cesser, abandonner, se dedire, tomber de: to full on. commencer; to fall over, s'en aller, deserter; to fall out, arriver, survenir, rompre, se brouiller, tomber de ; to fall shor, manquer, ne pas répondre, être frustre, trompé; to fall to, se mettre à, s'appliquer à to fall under, être sujet à, deveuir l'objet de, être compté pour ; to fall upon, se jeter sur, assaillir, entrer dans FALL, v. a. laisser tomber, baisser, dimisser. FALL, s. chûte, f. ruine, f. perte, f. [J. FALL or DOWNFALL, s. decadence, f. ruine, FALLACIOUS, adj. captieux, artificieux. FALLACIOUSLY, adr. d'une manière captieuse. FALLACY, s. surprise, f. déguisement, m.
FALLABILITY, s. incertitude, f. faillibilité, f.
FALLIBLE, adj. sujet à l'erreur.
FALLING, s. chûte, f.; adj. prêt à tomber.
FALLING AWAY, s. décadence, f. FALLING IN, s. enfoncement, m. [gence, f. FALLING OUT, s. brouillerie, f. mesintelli-Falling sickness, s. epilepsi FALLOW, adj. fauve. tirant sur le roux. FALLOW, adj. & s. terre en friche. FALLOW, r. a. labourer pour la première fois. FALLOWNESS, s. stérilité, f.
FALSE, adj. faux, fausse, feint, forgé, contrefait, falsifié, perfide, infidèle, déloyal. FALSE-BRAYS, s. fivusse-braie, f. FALSE-CLAIM, s. un titre à faux. [perfidie, f. FALSE-HOOD, s. faussete, f. men FALSELY, adr. faussement, à faux. FALSENESS, s. fausseté, f. perfidie, f. FALSIFIABLE, adj. que l'on peut falsifier. FALSIFICATION, s. falsification, f.

FAREWELL, adv. adieu, portez-vous bien.

FALSIFIER, s. faussaire, falsificateur, men- | teur. FALSIFY, v. a. falsifier, contrefaire, rompre.
FALSITY, s. faussete, f. erreur, f. FALTER, v. s. begayer, brédouiller, vaciller. FALTERING, s. bredouillement, m. méprise, f. FALTERINGLY, adv. en begayant, en hesitant. FAMBLE, v. n. begayer, hesiter en parlant. FAME, s. reputation, f. renommée, f. renom, m. gloire, f. célébrité, f. FAMED, adj. renommé, célèbre, illustre. FAMELESS, adj. sans reputation, ignoble. FAMILIAR, adj. familiar, ordinaire, aise. FAMILIAR, s. un ami intime, un lutin. FAMILIARITY, s. familiarité, f. habitude, f. FAMILIARIZE, v. a. familiariser. FAMILIARLY, adv. familièrement, librement, sans facou. FAMILY, s. famille, f race, f. classe, f. FAMINE, s. famine, f. disette de vivres, f. FAMISH, v. a. & n. affainer, être affame. FAMOUS, adj. fameux, renommé, célèbre. FAMOUSLY, adv. avec célébrité, avec éclat. FAMOUSNESS, s. celébrité, f. renom, m. FAN, s. un éventail, un écran, un van. FAN, r. a. vaner, eventer. FANATICAL, adj. fanatique, de visionnaire. FANATICISM, s. fanatisme, m. enthousiasme, FANATICE, s. & adj. un fanatique. FANCIFUL, adj. imaginaire, fantasque. FANCIFULLY, adv. par fantaisie, par caprice.
FANCIFULNESS, s. caprice, m. boutade, f.
FANCY, s. imagination, pensée, f. idée, f.
vision, f. illusion, f. caprice, m. goût, m.
inclination, f. plaisir, m. affection. f.
FANCY-SICK, adj. malade imaginaire.
FANCY, v. a. s'imaginer, croire, penser, aimer.
FANFARON, s. fanfaron, un vanteur.
FANFARONADE, s. fanfaronade, f.
FANG, s. griffe, f. defenses, f. pl.
FANG, v. a. saisir, empoigner, prendre avec
FANGED, adj. armé de défenses. [les griffes.
FANGED, adj. armé de défenses, f. projet, m.
New-fangles, des nouveautes, de nouveaux FANCIFULLY, adv. par fantaisie, par caprice. New-fangles, des nouveautés, de nouveaux FANGLED, adj. imaginé, forgé. [systèmes. FANGLESS, adj. sans dents, sans defenses. FANNEL, s. fanon, m. manipule, m. FANNER, & vaneur, m. FANTASM OF PHANTASM, s. fantôme, m. spectre, m. apparition. FANTASTICALLY, adv. par fantaisie. [tique. FANTASTICAL, FANTASTICK, adj. fantas-FANTASTICALLY, adv. par fantaisie, par ca-FANTASTICALNESS, s. fantaisie, f. caprice, m. FANTAST, a idée, f. fantaisie, f. caprice, m. FAR, adv. loin, bien loin, au loin, fort. So far, si loin, jusques-là. How far, combien, jusqu'où, jusqu'à quel point. Thus far, jusqu'ici. By far, de beaucoup. Far and near, far and wide, par-tout, de tous côtès.
Far better, beaucoup meilleur. FAR, adj. éloigné, étranger, distant. FAR-FETCH, s. un stratageme, fin or ruse. FARCE, s. farce, f. fatras, m. ; v. a. farcir. FARCE, s. (the leprosy of horses) farcin, m. FARDEL, s. paquet, m. sac de nuit, m. FARDINGDALE, s. vertugadin, m. panier, m. FARDING-DEAL or FARUNDEL, un quart d'arpent. FARE, v. m. aller, arriver, se nourrir. FARE, s. voiture, f. passage, m. chère, f.

FAREWELL, s. congé, m. adieu, m. FARINACEOUS, adj. farineux. FARM, s. ferme, f. métairie, f. FARM, v. a. prendre à ferme, affermer. FARMER, s. fermier, m. cultivateur, m FARMOST, adj. supert. of far, le plus éloigné. FARMESS, s. distance, f. éloignement, m. FARRAGINOUS, adj. compose de différens FARRIER, s. maréchal, m. maréchal ferrant. FARROW, s. un petit cochon. [chons FARROW, v. n. cochonner, faire de petits co-FARSANG, s. farasange, f. 3 milles de perse. FART, s. un pet; v. n. peter, fair un pet. FARTER, s. un peteur. FARTHEL, r. a. carguer, beurter. FARTHER, adv. & conj. plus loin, de plus. FARTHER, adj. ultérieur, plus éloigné. FARTHER, r. a. avancer, encourager. FARTHERANCE, s. encouragement FARTHERMORE, adv. de plus, en outre. FARTHEST, adv. & adj. le plus éloigné. FARTHINO, s. un liard d'Angleterre. FARTHINGALE, s. vertugadin, m. panier, m. FARTHINGSWORTH, s. pour un liard, m. FASCES, s. pl. faisceaux, m. [cordon. FASCIA, s. bandage, m. bandelette, f., un FASCINATE, r. a. & n. fasciner, enchanter. FASCINATION, s. sortilège, m. charme, m. FASCINE, s. fascine, f. fagot, m. FASCINOUS, adj. ensorcelant. FASHION, s. façon, f. manière, f. sorte, f. coutume, f. mode, f. forme, f. figure, f. FASHION, v. a. donner la forme, former, figu-FASHIONABLE, adj. à la mode. FASHIONABLENESS, s. mode, f. élegance, f. propreté, f. FASHIONABLY, adv. à la mode. FASHIONER, FASHIONIST, s. un rechercheur de nouvelles modes, un petit maître. FAST, r. n. jeuner, s'abstenir de manger. FAST, s. jeune, m. amarre, f. FAST-DAY, s. jour de jeûne, m. FAST, adj. fermé, stable, immobile, fort, serré. FAST, adv. ferme, pres, promptement.
FASTEN, v. a. & n. attacher, lier, fermer, join-dre, s'attacher, rester; to fasten in, ficher, enfoncer ; to fasten upon, fixer sur, charger, imputer, s'emparer, obliger.
FASTENER, s. celui qui attache quelque chose. FASTER, s. jedneur, m. qui jedne. FASTER, adj. comparat. of Fast, which see. FAST-HANDED, adj. avare, avaricieux. FASTIDIOSITY, s. dédain, m. mépris, m. FASTIDIOUS, adj. dedaigneux, meprisant. FASTIDIOUSLY, adv. fastidieusement. FASTING, s. jedne, m.; adv. à jedn. FASTING, s. jedne, m.; adv. à jedn. FASTNESS, s. fermeté, f. sureté, f. fort, m. FAT, adj. gras, qui a de la graisse. FAT, s. le gras, la graisse. FAT or VAT, s. une cuve, un cuvier. FAT, v. a. & n. engraisser, s'engraisser. FATAL, adj. fatal, funeste, inévitable. FATALIST, s. fataliste, m FATALITY, s. fatalité, f. destin, m. destinée, f. FATALLY, adr. fatalement, par fatalité FATE, s. destin, m. destinée, f. fatalité, f.
The futes, les parques, f. [prédestiné.
FATED, adj. ordonné par le destin, destiné, FATHER, s. père, m.; v. a. adopter, attribu-FATHER-IN-LAW, s. beau-père, m. [er. FATHERHOOD, s. paternite. f.

FEATHER-FOOTED, adj. pattu, qui a des FATHERLESS, adj. sans père, orphelin, or-FATHERLINESS, s. amour paternel. FATHERLY, adj. paternel; adv. en père. FATHOM, e. brasse, f. penetration, f. FATHOM, r. a. sonder, approfondir. FATHOMLESS, adj. saus fond, impenetrable. FATIDICAL, adj. prophetique. FATIGUE, s. fatigue, f. lassitude, f. travail, m. FATIGUE, FATIGATE, v. a. fatiguer, lasser. FATLING, s. un animal qu'on engraisse pour FATNER, s. celui que engraise. [le iuer. FATTEN, v. a. & n. engraisser, s'engraisser. FATTENING, s. l'action d'engraisser, engrais, FATTY, adj. gras, onclueux. [m. FATUOUS, adj. stupide, imbécile. [f. FATUITY, s. stupidité, f. imbecilité, f. sottise, FAUCET, s. faucet, m. canule, f.
FAUCHION, s. fauchon, m. sabre recourbé.
FAULCON, FAULCONER, see Falcon. Falco-FAULT, s. faute, f. erreur, f. [ner, &c. FAULTER, s. un coupable, un offenseur. FAULT-FINDER, s. censeur, m. critique, m. FAULTILY, adv. par meprise, a vort. mal. FAULTINESS, s. laute, f. vice, m. offence, f. FAULTLESS, adj. sans faute, sans defaut. FAULTY, adj. coupable, vicieux, defectueux. FAUSEN, s. une grande anguille. [m. FAUTOR, s. fauteur, m. patron, m. partisan, FAVOUR, v. a. favoriser, soutenir, approuver. FAVOUR, s. faveur, f. grace, f. bienfait, m. crédit, m. affection, f. amour, m. bienveillance, f. permission, f. un nœud de rubans, livrée, f. l'air du visage, m. FAVOURABLE, adj. favorable, bon, propice. FAVOURABLENESS, s. bonte, f. faveur, f. FAVOURABLY, adr. favorablement. Wellfavoured, bien fait, agreable. FAVOURER, s. partisan, m. fauteur. FAVOURITE, s. un favori, une favorite. FAWN, s. faon, m., r. a. faonner, flatter. FAWNER, s. flatteur, m. cajoleur, m. FAWNING, s. flatterie, f. caresse, f. FAWNINGLY, adv. servilement, bassement. FAY, s. une fee, une sorcière; n. a. joindre. FEAGUE, n. a. fouetter, donner les étrivières. FRALTY, s. foi et hommage, f. m.
FEAR, s. crainte, f. peur, f. frayeur, f. For
FEAR, adv. de crainte, de peur. FEAR, v. a. & z. craindre, appréhender. FEARFUL, adj. craintif, peureux, timide, terrible, épouvantable. [ment. FEARFULLY, adv. horriblement, terrible-FEARFULNESS, s. timidité, f. crainte, f. FEARING, s. crainte, f. FEARLESSLY, adv. sans crainte, hardiment. FEARLESSNESS, s. intrépidité, f. hardiesse, f. FEARLESS, adj. intrépide, hardi, sans crainte. FEASIBLETY, s. possibilité, f. FEASIBLE, adj. faisable, praticable. FEASIBLY, adv. d'une manière faisable. FEAST, s. festin, m. fête, f. régal, m. FEAST, v. n. & a. faire bonne chère, se regaler, régalor, fêter, traiter. FEASTER, s. qui fait ou qui aime des festins. FEASTING, s. festins, m. pl. regal, m. FEASTING-PENNY, s. denier à Dieu, m. FEAT, s. fait, m. action, f. exploit, m. FEAT, adj. leste, propre, gentil, etrange. FEATHER, s. plume d'oiseau, f. A feather-bed, un lit de plumes. Down-feathers, duvet. A plume of feathers, un plumet. Fea-ther-broom, plumail, m. FEATHER, v. a. garnir, orner de plumes.

plumes aux pieds FEATHERLESS, adj. sans plumes, plume. FEATHER-SELLER, s. phumassier, m. FRATHERY, adj. couvert de plumes. FEATURE, s. figure, f. visage, f. trait, m. FEATURE, r. a. ressembler de visage. FEAZE, v. a. & n. défiler, décorder. FEBRIFUGE, s. & adj. fébrifuge, FEBRILE, adj. qui caractérise la fièvre. FEBRUARY, s. fevrier, m. FECULENCE and FECULENCY, s. sediment, m. FECULENT, adj. fecal, bourbeux, sale, de-FECUND, adj. fecond, fertile. [goutant. FECUNDATION, s. l'action de rendre sécond. FECUNDITY, s. sécondité, f. sertilité, f. FEDERAL, adj. qui a rapport à une ligue FEDERATE, adj. confedert, ligue, associe.
FEE, s. fief servant, fief, seigneurie, f. Farabsolute or Fee-simple, fief absolu. Feetail. fief mouvant. FEE-PARM, s. cense, f. fief à perpétuité. FEE or FEES, s. droit, m. salaire, m. FEE, v. a. payer, recompenses, corrompre par argent, graisser la patte, louer. FEEBLE, adj. foible, languissant, débile. FEEBLENESS, s. foiblesse, f. débilité, f. FEEBLY, adv. foiblement, sams force. FRED, v. a. & n. nourrir, paltre, repaitre, entretenir, contenter, satisfaire, se nourrir. Fred, s. nourriture, f. pâture, f. FEEDER, s. nourricier, m. mangeur. m. FEEL, v. n. & a. sentir, ressentir, tater. FEELER, s. celui qui sent, les autennes des [insectes, f. FEELING, s. sentiment, m. FRELINGLY, adv. sensiblement. FRIGN, r. a. & n. feindre, inventer, dissimuler, faire semblant, en imposer. FEIGNEDLY, adv. avec feinte. FEIGNER, s. inventeur, m. dissimulateur, m. FEINT, s. feinte, f. dissimulation, f. FELICITATE, v. a. rendre heureux, feliciter. FELICITATION, s. felicitation, f. FELICITY, s. felicité, f. bonbeur, m. FELINE, adj. de chai FELL, adj. cruel, barbare, sanguinaire, sauvage, farouche. FELL, s. peau, m. fourrure, f. rais,m. FELL, v. a. abattre, terrasser, jeter à terre. A fellable tree, arbre bon à couper. FELLER, s. un bucheron. FELLING, s. abattis, m. coupe, f. abattre-FELLMONGER, s. pelletier, m. FELL-WORT, s. (a plant) gentiane, f.
FELL-WORT, s. (a plant) gentiane, f.
FELLNESS, s. cruauté, f. inhumanité, f.
FELLOE or FELLY, s. jante, (d'une roue, f.) Fellow, s. compagnon, m. camarade, associé, m. égal, m. pareil, m. agrègé d'un collège, m. boursier, m. FELLOW, v. a. assortir, appareiller. FELLOW-COMMONER, s. semblable, m. egal, FELLOW-FEELING, s. sympathie, f. FELLOW-HEIR, s. coheritier, m. [teur, m. FELLOW-HELPER, s. coadjuteur, m. coopera-FELLOW-LABOURER, s. collaborateur, m. FELLOWSHIP, s. société, f. compagnie, f. association, f. communion, f. bourse de collège, f. FELLOW-STUDENT, s. condisciple, m. FELLOW-SUBJECT, s. sujet du même prince. FELLOW-SUFFERER, s. compagnon de dir-grace. A young fellow, un jeune éveille.

saucy fellow, un impudent, un insolent.
naughty fellow, un inechant garnement. FELLY-MINDED, adj. cruel, sanguinaire FELLY, s. jame de roue. f. [suicide, m. FLLO-DE-SE, s. meurtrier de soi-même, m. FELON, s. fclon, m. criminel, m. [cruel. FELON, FELONIOUS, adj. mechant, perfide, FELORIOUSLY, adv. en traltre, pertidement. FELONY s. schonie, f: crime capital.
FELT, s. seutre, m. bourre, f.; v. a. seutrer. FELT-MAKER, s. chapelier, m. FELUCCA, s. felouque, f. FEMALE, s. & adj. femelle, f. feminin, m. FEME-covert, s. une femme mariée. FEME-SOLE, s. femme libre, qui n'est pas mariée. FEMININE, adj. féminin, effeminé. FENORAL, adj. qui appartient à la cuisse. FEN, s. marais, m. marecage, m. FENCE, s. repart, m. surete, f. defence, boulevard, m. retranchement, m. palissade, f. clôture, f. haie, f. FENCE, v. a. clorre de haie, enclorre, fortifier, retrancher; r. n. faire des armes. FENCER, s. maître d'armes, m. une personne qui tire des armes. FENCIELESS, adj. ouvert, sans clôture. FENCIELE, adj. capable de défence. FENCING, s. l'action d'enclorre, de retrancher, de faire des armes FENCING-MASTER, s. maître en fait d'armes. FENCING-SCHOOL, s. salle d'armes, f. FEND, v. a. parer, detourner, cearter.
FENDER, s. garde-feu, m. garde-cendres, m.
FENNEL, s. (a plant) fenouil, m. FENNISH or FENNY, adj. marecageux. FENUGREER, s. (a plant) fenegre, m. FEODAL, aaj. feodal, tenu d'un autre. FEODARY, s. feudataire, m. vassal, m. FEOFF, v. a. donner l'investiture. FEOFFEE, s. donataire, m. fidei-commissaire, FEOFFER, s. celui qui met en possession. FEOFFMENT, s. donation, f. infeodation, f. Feoffment in trust, fidei-commis, m. FERINE, adj. feroce, sauvage, farouche. FEBINESS and FERITY, s. cruaute, f. ferocité, f. FERMENT, v. a. & n. mettre en fermentation, fermenter. FERMENT, s. ferment, m. fermentation, f. FERNENTABLE, adj. capable de fermenta-Fermental, Fermentative, adj. fermentatif. FERMENTATION, s. fermentation, f. FERN, s. (a plant) fougere, f. FERRY, adj. plein or couvert de fougère. FEROCIOUS, adj. feroce, sauvage, farouche. FERROUS, adj. de fer, ferrugineux.
FERRET, s. furet, m. fleuret, m. filoselle, f. FERRET, r. a. fureter, tourmenter. FERRIAGE, s. passage, m. (dans un bac.) FERRUGINOUS, adj. ferrugineux. FERRULE, s. cercle de fer, m. virole, f. fer, m. FERRY, v. a. & n. passer dans un bac. FERRY, s. l'endroit où l'on passe l'eau dans un bac. FERRY-BOAT, s. bac, m. un bachot. FERRYMAN, s. batelier, m. passeur, m. FERTILE, adf. fertile, abondant, fecond.

FERTILELY, adv. fertilement, abondamment.

An old fellow, un vieux pénard. A sorry FERTILENESS, FERTILITY, s. fertilité, f. fellow, un pauvre homme, un gredin. A FERTILITATE, FERTILIZE, v. a. fertiliser. FERULA, s. ferule, f. FERVENCY, s. ferveur, f. ardeur, f. zèle, m. FERVENT, edj. ardent, chaud, violent. FERVENTLY, adv. avec ferveur, ardemment. FERVID, adj. chaud, ardem, vehement. FERVIDITY, FERVIDNESS, c. ferveur, f. ardeur, f. FERVOUR, s. ferveur, f. ardeur, f. zèle, m. FESCUE, s. touche, f. [purer. FESTER, v. m. se corrompre, apostumer, sup-FESTERING, s. suppuration, f.
FESTERING, s. subpuration, f.
FESTINATION, s. hate, f. precipitation, f.
FESTIVAL, adj. de fête, s. fete, f. jour de
FESTIVE, adj. joyeux, gai, enjoue. fête, m.
FESTIVITY, s. fête, f. rejouissance, f. FESTOON, s. festoon, m. guirlande, FETCH, v. a. aller querir or chercher, faire venir, apporter; to fetch a walk, faire une promenade; to fetch a compass or circuit, prendre un détour; to fetch one's breath, prendre haleine, respirer; to fetch a leap, faire un saut; to fetch a sigh, pousser un soupir, sou-pirer; to fetch a blow, porter un coup; to fetch some money, produire, procurer de l'argent, avoir son prix; to fetch away, emmener, em-porter; to fetch down, faire descendre, ame-ne, plaiseer, rabattes humilies. La fetch ner, abaisser, rabattre, humilier; to fetch in or within, faire entrer; to fetch off, over, tirer, enlever, to fetch over, tromper, duper, attra-per; to fetch out, faire sortir; to fetch up, atteindre, rattraper. FETCH, s. finesse, f. subtilité, f. artifice, m. FETID, adj. qui sent mauvais, setide FRTIDNESS, s. puanteur, f. odeur fetide. FRILOCK, s. fanon, m FETTER, v. a. mettre dans les fers, enchaîner. FETTERS, s. pl. fers, m. esclavage, m. FETUS, FŒTUS, s. fetus, embryon, FEUDAL, adj. foodal; s. fief, m. FEUDATORY, s. feudataire, m. Feuillage, s. feuillage, m. Fevers, s. fièvre, f.; v.a. donner la fièvre. Feversew, s. matricaire, f. sorte d'herbe. Feversh, Feverous, Fevery, adj. fiè-Few, pron. adj. peu; s. peu, m. [vreux. Fewel, s. chauffage, m. matières combusti-FEWEL, r. a. entretenir le feu. FEWER, I. d. entretent re red.
FEWER, the comparat of Few, moins.
FEWHES, s. petit nombre, peu, m.
FIANTS, s. pl. fiente, f. (do bêtes fauves.)
FIB, s. mensonge, m. fausseté, f. bourde, f.
FIB, v. n. mentir, dire un mensonge. FIBBER, s. menteur, menteuse. FIBRE, s. fibre, m. FIBRIL, s. fibrille, f. Fibrous, adj. fibreux, fibrillaire. Fickle, adj. volage, changeant, inconstant. FICKLENESS, s. legerete, f. inconstance, f. Fickly, adv. d'une manière inconstante. FICTION, s. fiction, f. fable, f. conte, f. FICTITIOUS, adf. fabuleux, forgé, controuvé-FICTITIOUSLY, adv. faussement.
FIDDLE, s. violon, m.; v. n. jouer du violon.
FIDDLE-FADDLE, s. bagatelle, f. fadaise, f.
FIDDLER, s. un joueur de violon. FIDDLE-STRIKE, s. archet, m. bagatelle, f.
FIDDLE-STRING, s. corde de violos, f.
FIDDLING, adj. frivole, sot, remuant.
FIDELING, adj. frivole, sot, remuant. FIDUCIAL, adi. assuré, plein de confiance.

FIEF, s. fief, m. domaine noble. FIELD, s. champ, m. prairie, f. pre, m. campagne, champ de bataille. A fruitful field, carrière, f. étendue, f. matière vaste, plaine, f. place, f. Field-buttle, bataille rangée. FIELD-BED, s. une lit de gazon, lit de camp. FIELD-MARSHAL, s. lieutenant-general. FIELD-MOUSE, s. mulot, m. FIELD-OFFICER, s. officier de l'état-major. FIELD-PIECE, s. pièce de campagne, FIERD, s. un ennemi, une futie, un démon. FIERCE, adj. sauvage, féroce, farouche, véhement, impetueux, violent, rude. FIERCELY, adv. furiousement, avec furie. FIERCELY, auc. turieusement, avec tur FIERCENESS, s. choleur, f. fougue, f. FIERLY, adj. igné, enflammé, ardent. FIERL, s. (a wind instrument) fifre, m. FIFTZEN, adj. quinze. [zième denier. FIFTZENTH, adj. & s. quinzième, le quin-FIFTH, adj. & s. cinquième, m. quinte, f. (en musique.) FIFTHLY, ads. cinquièmement.
FIFTHLY, ads. cinquantième, m.
FIFT, ads. cinquante.
FIG. s. figue, f. une bagatelle.
FIG. s. fic, m. (maladie.)
FIG. n. n. insulter, embarrasser, roder. [figuier, m. Fig-tree, FIGHT, v. n. & a. se battre, combattre. fight it out, se battre à outrance, vider un différend par le combat. FIGHT, s. combat, m. bataille, f. mèlée, f. FIGHTER, s. guerrier, m. ferrailleur, m. FIGHTING, part. adj. combattant, soldat. FIGMENT, s. fiction, f. invention, f. fable, f. FIGPECKER, s. (a bird) bec figue, m. FIGURABLE, adj. capable de recovoir une forme, f. [figures. FIGURAL, adj. figure, représenté par des FIGURATE, adj. figure, qui a une certaine FIGURATION, s. configuration. f. FIGURATIVE, adj. figure, figuratif. FIGURATIVELY, adr. figurement. FIGURE, s. figure, f. taille-douce, f. statue, f. personnage, m. chiffre, m. FIGURE, v. a. figurer, façonner, imaginer. FIGWORT, s. (a sort of herb) scrofulaire, f. FILACEOUS, adj. composé de fils. FILACER, s. sorte d'officier dans la cour des plaidoyers communs. FILAMENT, s. filament, m FILANDERS, s. filandres, f. FILBERT, s. aveline, f. noisette, f. FILBERT-TREE, s. un noisetier, m. coudrier, FILCH, v. a. filouter, escamoter. FILCHER, s. un filou, un petit voleur. FILE, s. fil, m. liasse, file, f. rangée, f. lime FILE, v. a. enfiler, limer. FILE-DUST, FILINGS, s. pl. limaile, f.
FILE OFF, v. n. marcher à la file, filer, défiler.
FILER, s. limeur, m.
FILIALLY, adj. filial, de fils.
FILIALLY, adv. filialement. FILIATION, s. filiation, f. FILLPENDULA, s. filipendule, f.
FILL, v. a. emplir, remplir, satisfaire, accomplir, farcir; to fill out, verser à boire; to fill up, remplir tout-à-fait, combler, employer; v. s. s'emplir, se remplir.
FILL, s. suffisance, f. contentement, st. FILLER, s. colui qui remplit, limonier, m.

FIDUCIARY, s. fidéi-commissaire, m. ; adj. | Fillet, s. bande, f. tresse, f. filet, m. un confié. FILLET, r. a. lier avec une bande, orner. FILLING, adj. rassasiant.

FILLIP, s. chiquenaude, f; r. a. donner and chiquenaude. FILLY, s. un poulain, une pouliche. FILM, s. tunique, f. membrane, f. of the brain, le pericrane.

Filmy, adj. membraneux, compose de membranes. FILOSELLA, s. filoselle, f. grosse soie. FILTER, v. a filtrer; s. couloir, m FILTH, s. ordure, f. saleté, f. impureté, f. FILTHILY, adv. salement, vilainement. FILTHINESS, s. saleté, f. ordure, f. FILTHY, adj. sale, vilain, impur, obscène. FILTRATE, r. a. filtrer, pas FILTRATION, s. filtration, f. l'action de filtrer. Fin, s. nageoire de poisson, f. aileron, m. FINABLE, adj. amendable FINAL, adj. final, qui termine, decisif. FINALLY, adr. entin, finalement. FINANCE, s. finance, f. trésor public, m. FINANCER and FINANCIER, s. financier, m. Finary, s. fonderie, f. FIND, r. a. trouver, rencontrer, découvrir, inventer, imaginer, voir, sentir, reconneitre, conjecturer, donner, fournir, approuver, recevoir. FINDER, s. celui qui trouve, qui découvre. FINDFAULT, s. critique, m. censeur, m. FINE, adj. beau, bel, belle, bien fait, fin, subtil, raffinė, propre, delicat, adroit, par-fait, accompli, elégant, brave.

Finz, s. amende, f. forfaiture, f. transport, m. In fine, adv. enfin. Fine, v. a. affiner, raffiner, mettre à l'amende; v. n. payer l'amende. FINE-DRAW, p. a. rentraire. FINE-DRAWER, s. rentrayeur, rentrayeuse. FINELY, adv. bien, fort bien, de la belle ma-FINENESS, s. beaute, f. finesse, f. [nière. Finer, s. affineur, m. FINERY, s. ornement, m. ajustement, s FINESSE, s. stratageme, m. finesse, f. FINEW, s. moisissure, f. chancissure, f. FINGER, s. doigt, m. ; v. a. toucher, m. Fingering, s. maniement, doigté, m. FINGER-STALL, s. poupée, f. Finical, adj. affeté, précieux, fat. FINICALLY, adr. avec affeterie. FINICALNESS, s. affeterie, f. fatuité, f. ton [precieux, s. Finis, s. la fin. FINISH, v. a. finir, terminer, schever, accomplir, perfectionner, mettre la dernière main. FINISHER, s. exécuteur, m. FINISHING. s. accomplissement, se.
FINITE, adj. fini, borné, limité, terminé. FINITELESS, adj. sans fin, illimité, infini. FINITELY, adv. jusqu'à un certain point. FINITENESS, FINITUDE, s. limites, f. pl. FINNY, adj. qui a des nageoires.

FIR OF FIR-TREE, s. sapin, m. bois de sapi FIRE, s. feu, m. flamme, f. incendie, m. St. Anthony's fire, eresipèle, f. St. Helen's or Hermes's fire, feu S. Elme. FIRE, v. a. & n. mettre le feu, enflammer, embraser, tirer, faire feu, prendre feus'enflammer. FIRE-BRALL, s. toule a feu, f. grenade, f. FIRE-BRALL, s. toule a feu, f. grenade, f. FIREBRAND, s. tison, ss. boute-feu, ss. ur-

cendiaire, m.

FIREDRAKE, s. dragon-volant, m. FIREFORK, s. un fourgon. FIREKILN, s. un fourneau. FIRELOCK, s. fusil, m. arquebuse, f. carabine, FIREMAN, s. homme chargé d'éteindre le feu. FIREMEW, adj. battant-neuf.
FIREMAN, s. rechaud, m. le bassinet d'un fusil. FIRER, s. boute-seu, m. incendiaire, m. FIRE-ROOM, s. chambre à seu, f. Fire-suip, s. brûlot, m. FIRE-STORE, s. pyrite, m. sorte de fossile. FIRE-WOOD, s. bois de chauffage, m. FIRE-WORK, s. feu d'artifice, n FIRING, s. chauffage, m. FIRE, v. a. frapper, battre, châtier. FIRMÍN, s. un quart de barrique. FIRM, adj. ferme, constant, assuré. FIRM, s. raison, f. société, f. preneur, m. FIRM, v. a. établir, rendre stable, fixer. FIRMAMENT, s. le firmament, le ciel. FIRMLY, adv. fermement, constamment. FIRMNESS, s. fermeté, f. stabilité, f.
FIRST, adj. premier, unième, le plus ancien. FIRST, adv. premierement. At first, d'abord. au commencement. First or last, tôt ou tard. FIRST BEGOT OF FIRST-BEGOTTEN, s. l'ainé, FIRST-COUSIN, s. cousin-germain, m. FIRST-FRUITS, s. pl. premices, f. pl.
FIRSTLING, adj. & s. premier-ne, m.
FISCAL, adj. & s. le fisc, fiscal. Fish, s. poisson, m. fiche, f. (aux cartes.)

shell-fish, un poisson à coquille. Fish, r. a. & s. pêcher. FISH-BONE, s. arête, f.
FISH-BONE, s. jour-maigre, m.
FISHER and FISHERMAN, s. pêcheur, m.
FISHER, s. pêche, f. la pêcherie.
FISHERONE, s. hameon m. F15H-ноок, s. hameçon, n FISHING, e. l'action de pêcher, pêche, f. FISH-KETTLE OF FISH-PAN, s. poissonnière FISH-MARKET, s. poissonnerie, f. FISH-MONGER, s. poissonnier, m. FISH-POND, s. un etang, un vivier. FISHY, adj. poissonneux, de poisson. Fissure, s. une fente, une ouverture. FIST, s. le poing; v. n. frapper avec le poing. Club-fisted, qui a de gros poings. FISTICUTES, s. coups de poing, m. pl. FISTINUT, s. pistache, f. Fistima-tree, pis-Fistule, f. fistule, f. [tachier, m. FISTULAR, FISTULOUS, adj. creux, fistu-Fit, s. accès, m. transport, m. attaque, f. humeur. f. caprice, m. boutade, f.

Fit, adj. propre, capable, en état de, convenable, décent. à propos, bon, juste. Fit, v. a. & n. préparer, accommoder, convenir, assortir : lo fit out, fournir, équiper, armer ; to fit up, ajuster, préparer.

Fitch, s. vesce, f. Wild-fich, vesseron, m. FICHAT OF FITCHEW, s. un chafouin, fouine, f. FITFUL, adj. qui vient par accès, fantasque. FITFUL, adr. à propos, convenablement. FITFURS, s. propriété, f. convenance, f. FITFUR, s. celui qui prépare, lambeau, m. FITFURG, adj. convenable, à propos, juste. FIVE, adj. cinq. FIVE-FOOT, s. (the star-fish) étoile, FIVE-LEAVED, adj. qui a cing feuilles. Fix, v. a. & n. arrêter, s'établir. FINATION, s. fixation, f. stabilité, f. FIXED, part. adj. fixé, déterminé.

Fixedly, adv. d'une manière fixe, fixement. FIXEDNESS, s. fixation, f. stabilité, f. FIXIDITY or FIXITY, s. fixité, f. [ville. FIXTURE, s. tout ce qui tient à clou et à che-FIZGIG, s. sorte de barpon, foine, f.
FIZZLE, s. vesse, f.; r. a. vesser, lâcher une
FIZZLER, s. vesseur, vesseuse. [vesse. FIZZLING, s. l'action de vesser, vesse, f. FLABBY, adj. mou, mollasse, flasque. FLACCID, adj. foible, languissant, lâche. FLACCIDITY, s. relichement, m. foiblesse, f. FLAG, v. n. & a. baisser, devenir foible.
FLAG, s. glareul, m. flambe, f. un balai de FLAG-OFFICER, s. chef d'escadre, m. [jonc. Flag-ship, s. amiral, m. pavillon, m. FLAGELET, s. flageolet, s FLAGELLATION, s. flagellation, f. FLAGGINESS, s. defaut de tension, foiblesse, f. FLAGGY, adj. mou, flasque, pendant. FLAGITIOUS, adj. mechant, vicieux, atroce. FLAGITIOUSNESS, s. méchanceté, FLAGON, s. flacou, m. pot, m. carafe, f. FLAGRANCY, s. embrassement, m. feu, m. FLAGRANT, adj. ardent, enflamme, insigne. FLAIL, s. fléau, m. FLAKE, s. flocon, m. bluette, f. etincelle, f. glaçon, m. FLAKE, v. a. se peler, s'exfolier. FLAME, adj. qui est par feuilles, par couches. FLAM, s. conte, m. fable, f. feinte, f. FLAM, v. n. tromper avec un mensonge. FLAMBEAU, s. flambeau, m. torche, j FLAME, s. flamme, f. feu, m. ardeur, f. FLAME, v. n. flamber, s'embraser. FLAMEN, s. flamine, m: un prêtre. FLAMY OF FLAMING, adj. ardent, enflammé. FLANK, s. flanc, m. coté, m. FLANK, v. a. prendre en flanc, flanquer. FLANKEL, s. flanelle, f. or molleton, m. FLAP, s. pan, m. d'une robe, d'une table, &c. coup, m. tape, f.; flap of the ear, l'oreille extérieure, f.; flap of a shoe, les oreilles d'un soulier, f. pl.; flap of the throat, l'épiglotte, f. The fore-flap, le devant. The hind-flap, le derrière. A fly-flap, émouchoir or chasse-mouches, m. pl. FLAP, v.a. & n. frapper, baisser, s'abattre. FLARE, v. n. éblouir, briller d'un éclat passager. LARING, adj. éblouissant, éclatant. FLANIA, say coordinate, ectator, m. impétuosité, f.; flash of lightning, éclair, m.; flash of the eye, un coup d'œil, une œillade; flash of vit, une saille, un rait d'esprit; flash of voter, éclaboussure, f. réjaillissement d'eau, m Flash, v. n. reluire, éclater, réjaillir. FLASHING, s. éclat, m. élan de clarté, m.;
flashing of water, réjaillissement, m.
FLASHY, adj. superficiel, subit, insipide. FLASE, s. une bouteille à vin, un sourniment. une boite à poudre, flasque, m. FLASKET, s. grande corbeille, manne, f. FLAT, adj. plat, uni, camus, insipide, bas. FLAT and PLAIN, adv. franc et net. FLAT, s. plat pays, plaine, f. bas fond, m. FLAT, v. a. & n. applanir, applatir. FLAT-ARCHED, adj. à ceintre plat. FLAT-BOTTOMED, adj. sait a sond de cuve. FLATLY, adv. franc et net, tout net. FLATNESS, s. égalité, f. fadeur, f. insipidité, f., FLATTEN, v. a. & n. applanir, applatir. FLATTER, v. a. flatter, louer excessivement. FLATTERER, s. un flatteur, un adulateur.

FLATTERING, adj. flatteur, qui flatte. FLATTERINGLY adv. d'une manière flatteuse. FLATTERY, s. flatterie, f. adulation, f. FLATTISH, adj. un peu plat, fade, insipide. FLATULERCY, s. flatuosité, f. vent, m. FLATULENT, adj. venteux, enflé, empoulé. FLATUOSITY, s. flatuosité, f. vent, m. FLATUOUS, adj. flatueux, venteux. FLATUS OF FLATUOSITY, s. flatuosite, f. vent, FLAUNT, v. n. briller, se montrer avec éclat. FLAUNT, v. n. Driller, so montrer avec éclat.
FLAUNTING, adj. pimpant, brillant.
FLAVOUR, s. bon goût, odeur agréable.
FLAVOUROUS, adj. qui flatte le palais.
FLAW, s. fente, f. crevasse, f. faute, f. défaut, m.; flave nails, envie, f.; flave of vind, impétuosité, bouffre de vent, f.
FLAW, v. a. rompre, briser, fendre.
FLAWTER, v.a. taillader, couper, ratisser. FLAWY, adj. crevassé, défectueux. FLAX, s. lin, m.; (cleansed and combed) filasse, FLAX-COMB, s. seran, m. FLAX-DRESSER, s. serancier, m. FLAXEN, adj. de lin, blond. FLAY, v. a. ecorcher, ôter la peau. FLAYER, s. écorcheur, m. FLATING, s. ecorchure, f. A flaying-house, écorcherie, f. FLEA, s. puce, f.; v.a. épucer, ôter les puces. FLEA-BANE or FLEA-WORT, s. herbe aux FI.EA-BIT, adj. moucheté. [puces, f. FLEA-BITE, s. morsure de puce, f. FLEA-BITTEN, adj. mordu des puces, FLEAM, s. flamme, f. lancette, f. FLECKED, part. adj. moucheté, tacheté. mou-[chete. FLEDGE, adj. FLEDGED, part. adj. en état de voler, emplumé Fi.e.e, v. n. fuir, s'enfuir. [ler, vexer. FLEECE, s. toison, f. ; v. a. tondre, dépouil-FLEECY, adj. laineux, qui a de la laine. FLEER, s. moquerie, f. air dedaigneux. FLEER, r. n. se moquer, avoir l'air insolent. FLEERER, s. moqueur, m. effronte, m. FLERT, s. flotte, f. une baie, un golfe. FLEET, adj. vite, leger à la course, écrème. FLEET, r. a. & n. écumer. eilleurer, passer rapidement, flotter, surnager.

FLEETLY, adv. avec vitesse, legerement. [f. FLEETNESS, s. vitesse, f. légereté, à la course, FLESH, s. chair, f. ; r. a. former, endureir. FLESH-BROTH, s. bouillon de viande, m. FLESH-DAY, s. jour gras. FLESHLESS, adj. decharne, maigre. FLESHLINESS. s. passions charnelles, f. FLESHLY, adj. charnel, sensuel, corporel. FLESH-MEAT, s. viande, f. chair pour man-Chair. FLESHY, adj. charnu, qui a beaucoup de FLET, part. adj. écumé, effleuré. FLETCHER, s. un feseur d'arcs et de flèches. FLEXIBILITY, s. flexibilité, f. FLEXIBLE, adj. flexible, souple, pliant. FLEXIBLENESS, s. flexibilité, f. [joint, m. FLEXION, FLEXURE, s. pli, m. courbure, f. FLEXIOUS, adj. tortueux, courbe, changeant. FLIER, s. fuyard, m. fugitif, m. balancier, m. FLIGHT, s. vol, m. fuite, f. volée, f. bande, f. coupé, m. décharge, f. jet, m. écart, m. emportement, essor, m. FLIGHTY, adj. volage, fugitif, leger. FLIM-FLAM, s. bagatelle, f. sottise, f. FLIMSY, adj. foible, mollasse. FLINCH, v. a. & n. se désister, manquer à. FLINCHER, celui qui se desiste. FLING, v. a. jeter, lancer; to fling away, reje-

ter, chasser, prodiguer; to fing dassa, de-molir, abattre, ruiner; to fing out, mattre or exposer sous les yeux; to fing out, mattre donner, quitter; r. n. ruer, far des rua-des; to fing onosy, se retirer. FLIRG, s. un coup, un trait, un lardon. FLINT, s. caillou, m. pierre à seu, f. FLINT-GLASS, s. verre de roche, FLINTY, adj. pierreux, de pierre, dur, cruel. FLIP, s. boisson cordiale. FLIPPANT, adj. delie, agile, leger. FLIRT, v. a. agiter rapiden railler, ètre en mouvement. FLIRT, s. mouvement, m. raillerie, COURT FLIT, c. s. s'enfuir, s'en aller, déménag FLITTER, s. lambeau, se. haillon, se. FLITCH, s. flèche, f. dosse, f. tranche, f. FLITTERMOUSE, s. chauve-souris, J FLIX, duvet, m. coton, m. fourrure, f. FLOAT, v. n. & a. flotter, submerger. FLOAT, s. ce qui flotte sur l'esu, un train (de hois) le liege d'une ligne, à-flont, à-flot. FLOAT-BOAT, s. un radenu. FLOCK, s. troupeau, m. troupe, f. foule, f. flocon, m. A flock bed, un lit de bourre. Flock, r. n. s'assembler en troupe. FLOCKING, s. concours, m. affluence, f. FLOG, v. a. châtier, fouetter, punir. FLOOD, s. deluge, m. inoudation, f. flux, m. flot, m; flood of women, evacuation, f. FLOOD, v. a. inouder, submerger. FLOODGATE, 4. écluse, f. vanne, f. une boude. FLOOK, s. la patte d'une aucre. FLOOR, v. a. plancher, m. étage, m. une aire. FLOOR, v. a. planchéyer. Flooring, s. plancher, = FLOP, v. a. remuer les ailes. FLORER, s. écume de bois, f. (pour teindre.) FLORENCE, s. vin, drap, (de Florence) a. FLORID, adj. foeri, vermeil. FLORIDTY, FLORIDNESS, s. fracheur de FLORIFEROUS, adj. qui porte des fleurs. FLORIN, s. (a sort of coin) florin, se. FLORIST, s. fleuriste, m. FLOTA, FLOTILLA, s. flotille, f. FLOTSON, s. tout ce qui flotte sur la mer après un naufrage. FLOUNCE, s. falbala volant. FLOUNCE, v. a. garnir de falbalas; v.a. plonger, se trémousser, s'agiter. FLOUNDER, s. carrelet, m. (poisson de mer.) FLOUNDER, v. n. se debattre FLOURISH, v. st. fleurir, briller, préluder; v. a. orner de fleurons, de traits de plume, broder, embellir, faire le moulinet. FLOURISH, s. trait de plume figuré, ss. fieuron, m. viguette, f. fieurs de rhétorique, f. pl. fleurettes, f. pl. prélude, ss. faufare, f. moulinet, m. parade, f. ostentation, f. faste, m. éclat, m. FLOURISHING, s. discours ampoule, l'acuon de faire des cadeaux, traits, préludes. FLOURISHING, adj. florissant. FLOUT, v. a. & n. railler, se moquer, gaus-FLOUT, s. moquerie, f. raillerie, f. FLOUTER, s. railleur, m. moqueur, s FLOWTING, s. raillerie, f. moquerie, f. FLOW, v. n. couler, decouler, provenir. FLOW, s. flux, m. inondation, f. FLOWER, s. fleur, f. fleuron, m. farine, f. FLOWER, v. n, fleurir; v. a. figurer. FLOWERED, part. adj. figure, a fleurs. FLOWER-GARDEN, s. perterre, FLOWER-ORNTLE, s. aramante, f. (flower, se.

FLOWER-WORK, s. ouvrage à fleurs, m. FLOWERY, adj. fleuri, en fleurs. FLOWING, adj. coulant; s. flux, m. FLOWINGLY, adv. d'une manière coulante. FLUCTUANT, adj. flottant, incertain. FLUCTUATE, v. n. être en suspens, flotter. FLUCTUATING, adj. indetermine, irresolu. FLUCTUATION, s. agitation, f. incertitude, f. FLUE, s. petite-plume, poil, m. duvet, m. FLUELLIN, s. (an herb) veronique, f. FLUENCY, s. fluidité, f. volubilité, f. PLUENT, adj. coulant, aisé, abondant, élo-FLUERTLY, adv. coulamment. FLUID, adj. & s. liquide, fluide. m. [quent. FLUIDITY, FLUIDNESS, e. fluidité, f. FLUMMERY, s. bouillie, f. gelée d'avoine, f. FLUOR, s. fluidité, f. écoulement, m. FLURRY, s. bouffée, f. coup de vent, m. FLUSH, v. a. rougir; v. n. accourir en hâte. FLUSH, adj. anime, élevé. FLUSH, s. flux rapide, affluence, f. fredon, m. PLUSHING, s. rougeur, f. rouge, m. FLUSTER, r. a. enivrer, déconcerter, irriter. FLUTE, s. flute, f. cannelure, f. A German Aute, fiute traversière. FLUTE, v. a. canneler. FLUTINGS, s. cannelure, m. FLUTTER, v. n. & a. voltiger, agiter. [m. FLUTTER, FLUTTERING, s. tremoussement, FLUX, s. flux, m. circulation. f. FLUX, v. a. fondre, faire saliver. FLUXING, s. flux de bouche, m. salivation, f. FLUXILITY, s. fusibilité, f.
FLUXION, s. écoulement, m. fluxion, f.
FLY, v. n. voler, s'enfuir, fuir, so bauver, éclater, se briser, sauter en éciats; to fly away, s'envoler; to fly back, ruer, détacher des rundes, se dédire; to fly off, se révolter; to fly out, s'emporter. FLY, v. n. fuir, eviter, quitter, abandonner FLY, s. mouche, f. balancier, m. A Spanish fly, une cantaride. A gad-fly, un taon. FLY-BLOW, v.a. gater, corrompre. FLY-BOAT, s. flibot, m FLY-CATCHER, s. gobe-mouche, m. FLYER, s. fuyard, m. balancier, m. sorte d'es-FLY-FLAP, s. emouchoir, m. [calier. FOAL, s. un poulain ; v. a. & n. pouliner. FOAM, s. écume, f. v. n. écumer. FOAMY, adj. écument, couvert d'écume. FOB, s. gousset, m. tromperie, f.; v. a. du-FOOIL, s. focile, m. [per, tromper. [fourrager. Focus, s. foyer, m. focus, m. FODDER, s. fourrage, m.; v. a. affourrager, FOE, s. ennemi, m. adversaire, m. FGTUS, s. foetus or fetus, m. embryon, m. Fog, s. brouillard, m. FOGGISESS, s. air grossier, air épais. FOGGI, adj. plein de brouillards, épais. FOIBLE, s. foible, f. défaut, m. penchant, m. Foil, v. a. surpasser, surmonter, orner. Foil, s. défaite, f. faux pas, échec, m. feuille sous une pierre transparente, ornement, s. fleuret, m. Forn, a. coup, m. botte, f.; v. n. porter une Foist, s. fuste, f. une vesse; v. n. vesser; v. a. supposer. FOLD, s. parc, m. bergerie, f. troupeau, m. pli, m. enveloppe, f. une fois autant. Twofold, deux fois autant, le double. POLD, v. a. faire parquer, plier, plisser.
FOLDING, part. adj. pliant. A folding chair, chaise pliante, perroquet, m. A folding

screen, un paravent. A felding door, porte brisée, FOLIAGE, s. feuillage, m. FOLIATE, v. a. battre or mettre en feuilles. Folio, s. in-folio, m. FOLK, s. gens, m. monde, m. personne, f. FOLLICLE, s. (the seed vessels) follicule, f. Follow, r. a. suivre, succeder, accompagner, poursuivre, imiter, s'adonner; v. z. suivre, s'ensuivre. Followen, s. suivant, m. partisan, m. sectateur, m. FOLLY, s. folie, f. extravagance, f. sottise, f. FOMENT, v. a. fomenter, encourager, entre-FOMENTATION, s. fomentation, f. [tenir. FOMENTER, s. fauteur, m. fomentateur FOND, adj. fou, vain, badin, bon, indulgent, passionne, qui aime à la folie. To be fond, aimer beaucoup. [sionnément. FUND, FUNDLE, v. a. caresser, aimer pas-FUNDLER, s. celui qui caresse, qui dorlote. FONDLING, s. un mignon, un favori. FONDLY, adv. follement, passionnement. FONDNESS, s. tendresse, f. passion, f. FONT, s. fonts, m. fonts de baptème. FONTANEL, s. un cautère. FOOD, s. nourriture, f. aliment, m. FOOL, s. fou, m. sot, m. simple, m FOOL, v. a. & n. faire le fou, badiner. FOOLERY, s. folie, f. sottise, f. extravagance, FOOLHARDINESS, s. temérité, f. [f. FOOLHARDY, adj. teméraire, follement hardi. FOOLISH, adj. fou, simple, idiot, sot. FOOLISHLY, adv. follement, sottement. FOOLISHIT, and romenient, soutement.
FOOLISHIRSS, s. folie, f. impertisence, f.
FOOLTRAP, s. attrape, f. attrapoire, m.
FOOT, s. le pied or pié, état, m. termes, m. pl.
jambe, f. patte, m. bout, m. base, m. infanterie, f. fantassins, m. FOOT, v. n. marcher; v. a. ressembler, met-[tre sur pied. FOOTBALL, s. bailon, m. FOOTBOARD, s. un marche-pied. FOOT-BRIDGE, s. un post étroit pour les gens FOOT-COMPANY, s. compagnie d'infanterie, f. FOOTED, part. adj. qui a un pied. FOOT-FIGHT, s. combat d'infanterie, m. FOOT-HOLD, s. espace où l'on peut mettre le pied, m. FOOTING, s. marche, f. trace, f. piste, f. de-marche, f. pied, m. etat, m. FOOT-LICKER, s. un vil esclave. FOOTPAD, s. un coureur, un laquais, un fan-FOOTPACE, s. estrade, f. un pas lent, petit FOOTPAD, s. voleur à pied, m. [pas. FOOTPATH, s. trottoir pour les gens à pied, m. FOOTPOST, s. messager à pied, m. FOOT-RACE, s. course de gens à pied, f. FOOTSTALL, s. étrier de femme, m. FOOTSTEP, s. trace, f. demarche, f. indice, m. FOOTSTOOL, s. marchepied, m. For, s. un fat, un petit maître FOPPERY, s. souise, f. impertinence, f. Forrism, adj. fat, sot, ridicule, affecte. FOPPISHLY, adv. avec vanité, avec fatuité. FORPISHNESS, s. vanité, f. ostentation, f. FOR, prep. pour, à cause de, en égard à, par, de, à, malgré, nonobstant. FOR, conf. car. As for, quant à pour ce qui est de. For as much, en égard, attenda que, d'autant que. For that, parce que. For why, c'est pourquoi, parceque. For want of, faut de. FORAGE, v. a. & n. fourrager, ravager, piller.

scade.

FORELOCK, s. cheveux de devant, m

FOREMAN, s. le premier, le chef, maltre-gar-

Korage, s. provisions de bouche, f. four- || Fore-mast, s. mât de misaine, sa rage, m. FORBOR, s. fourrageur, m.
FORBEAR, v. n. cesser de, s'abstenir, s'empêcher; v. a. épargner, supporter.
FORBEARANCE, s. abstinence, f. patience, f.
FORBID, v. a. defendre, interdire. God forbid! Dieu m'en préserve! à Dieu ne FORBIDDANCE, s. defense, f. FORBIDDERLY, adv. contre la défense. FORBIDDER, s. celui or celle qui défend. FORBIDDING, part. adj. rebutant, qui rebute. FORCE, s. force, f. vigueur, f. violence, f. ne-cessité, f. forces, troupes, f. d. FORCE, v. a. forcer, contraindre, violer; to force back, repousser, faire reculer par force; to force down, faire descendre par force; to force from or out, faire sortir par force, chasser, to force in, enfoncer, faire entrer de force ; to force out, arracher. FORCEDLY, adv. forcement, par force. FORCEFUL, adj. fort, puissant, vigoureux. Forcers, s. forces, f. pl. forceps, m. FORCIBLE, adj. fort, puissant, forcé. FORCIBLENESS, s. force, f. violence, f. FORCIBLY, adv. fortement, forcement. Ford, s. gué, m. onde, f. fleuve, m. FORD, v. a. passer à gué. [à gué. FORDABLE, adj. guéable, qu'on peut passer, FORE, adj. antérieur, de devant. Forz, adv. antérieurement, devant, aupara-Fore-appoint, v. a. fixer d'avance. [vant. FORE-ARM, v. a. armer, munir d'avance. FOREBODE, v. a. & n. presager, predirer. FORECAST, s. projet, m. prévoyance, f. FORECAST, v. a. & n. projeter, prévoir. Forecastle, s. château d'avant, gaillard [d'avant, m. Foreclose, v. a. forclorre. Foredeck, s. l'avant d'un navire, m. FORE-DERM, v. a. deviner, conjecturer. FORE-DO, v. a. ruiner, perdre. FOREDOOM, v. a. predestiner. FORE-DOOR, s. la porte de devant. FORE-END, s. la partie de devant. FOREFATHERS, s. pl. pères, m. ancètres, m. FOREFEND, v. a. defendre; detourner, pre-FOREFINGER, s. l'index. [venir. FOREFLAP, s. le pan de devant, le devant fa-FORE-FOOT, s. pied de devant. [cade, f. FORE-FRONT, s. frontispice, m. face, f. FOREGO, v. a. ceder, abaudonner, passer. FOREGOIRS, s. pl. ancetres, m. aleux, m. FOREGOIRG, adj. precedent. [ser [sentir. FOREGUESS, r. a. deviner, conjecturer, pres-FOREHAND, s. le devant d'un cheval. FOREHAND, adj. fait trop tot. FOREHANDED, s. de bonne heure, à-propos. FOREHEAD, s. le front, audace, f. FOREHEAD-CLOTH, s. frontal, m. fronteau, m. FOREIGN, adj. étranger, éloigné de. FOREIGNER, s. un étranger, une étrangère, une aubain. FOREIGNNESS, s. éloignement. FORE-HORSE, s. cheval de devant. FORE-JUDGE, v. a. juger d'avance, forclorre. FOREKNOW, v. a. savoir d'avance, prevoir. FOREKNOWLEDGE, s. préscience, J FORELAND, s. promontoire, m. cap, m. Forelay, v. a. surprendre dans une ambu-

FOREMENTIONED, adj. mentionné ci-devant. Foremost, adj. le premier. First and FOREMOST, adv. en premier lieu. FORENAMED, part. adj. nommé ci-devant. Forencon, s. avant-midi, m. Forensick, adj. de barreau, m. FORE-ORDAIN, v. a. predestiner. FOREPART, s. la partie de devant, le devant. FOREPAST, part. adj. passe, précédé. Forerun, r. a. dévancer, précéder. FORERUNNER, s. avant-coureur, m. precur-FORESAIL, s. la misaine. [sear, st. FORESAY, v. a. predire, prophetiser. FORESEE, v. a. prevoir, penetrer, presager. Foreseeing, s. prevoyance, f. FORESHAME, v. a. reprocher, accuser. For Eshow, v. a. montrer, présager, prédire. Foreship, s. l'avant d'un navire, ж Foreshorten, r. a. raccourcir. FORESIGHT, s. prescience, f. prevoyance, f. FORESIGHTFUL, adj. prevoyant, qui prevoit. FORESKIN, s. le prépuce. FORESPEAK, r. a. prédire or défendre. FORESPEECH, s. avant-propos, m. exorde, m. FORESPENT, adj. fatigue, épuisé, passé. FOREST, s. forêt, f. bois de haute futaie. Forest-work, s. tapisserie de verdure, f. FORESTALL, v. a. preoccuper, anuciper, prevenir, surprendre, accaparer. FORESTALLER, s. monopoleur, ss. accapareur, m. FORESTER, s. forestier, m. garde de forêt, m. FORETASTE, s. torestier, m. garde de tores m. FORETASTE, s. avant-goût, m. anticipation, FORETASTE, v. a. goûter par avance. [f. FORETELLER, s. prophète, m. prophètiem, f. FORETELLING, s. prédiction, f. prophète, f. FORETHOUGHT, s. prémédiation, f. projecter. FORETHOUGHT, s. prémédiation, f. projecter. FORETOKEN, s. présage. m., r. a. présager. FORETOTH, s. dent de devant, f. FORETOF, s. sommet devant, m. le devant. Foretopmast, le petithunier. Foretop gullant-mast, le perroquet d'avant. FOREWARD, s. premier rang, f. le front. FOREWARN, v. a. avertir d'avance, prevenir. Forewarning, s. avertissement, FOREWHEEL, s. roue de devant, f. FOREWIND, s. vent en poupe, m FOREWISH, v. a. desirer par avance.
FOREELT, s. forfaiture, f. chose confisquee, amende, f. dédit, m.

FORFEIT, v. a. forfaire, perdre, manquer de.

FORFEITABLE, adj. confiscable, amendable. FORFEITURE, s. forfaiture, f. confiscation, f. FORFEND, r. a. prévenir, garder, préserver FORGE, s. forge, f. [de. FORGE, r. a. forger, inventer, controuver, supposer, contrefaire, falsifier. FORGER, s. forgeur, m. inventeur, m. FORGERY, s. fausseie, f. falsification, f. Forget, v. a. oublier, negliger Forgetful, adj. oublieux, negligent. FORGETFULNESS, s. oubli, m. negligence, f. FORGIVE, v. a. pardonner, remettre FORGIVENESS, s. pardon, m. remission, f. FOREIVER, a. celui qui pardonne. FORE, s. fourche, f. fourchette, f. FORE, v. n. se fourcher, finir en forme de fourche. FORKED, adj. fourchu, en forme de fourche. FORKEDNESS, s. fourche, f. fourchure, f. FORLORY, adj. abandonne, perdu, desespere.

Forlorness, s. abandon, m. etat déses- | FORM, s. forme, f. figure, f. formalité, f. formule, f. formulaire, m. modèle, m. forme or gite (de lièvre), f. un banc, classe, (d'une école), f. FORM, v. a. former, façonner, fabriquer, faire. FORMAL, adj. formel, pricis, ceremonieux, formaliste, affecté, d'apparat. FORMALIST, s. formaliste, m. &c. f.
FORMALITY, s. formalité, f. forme, f. cérémonie, f. façons, f. céré-monial, m.
FORMALIZE, v. n. être sur le cérémonial. FORMALLY, adv. formellement, avec forma-FORMATION, s. formation, f. FORMATION, E. FORMACION, J. [102. FORMARY S. adj. qui a le pouvoir de former. FORMER, s. celui qui forme, qui fait. FORMER, adj. premier, ancien, passé. FORMERL", adv. autrefois, jadis. FORMIDABLE, adj. formidable, terrible, redoutable. FORMIDABLENESS, s. horreur, FORRIDABLY, adv. epouvantablement. FORMULESS, adj. informe, sams forme, irrign-FORMULARY, s. formulaire, m. [lier. FORMULE, s. formule, f. formalité, f. FORMICATION, s. fornication, f. idolatrie, f. FORNICATOR, s. fornicateur, m. FORSAKE, v. a. quitter, abandonner, délais-ser, renoncer à, se défaire de. FORSAKER, s. celui or celle qui abandonne. Forsaring, s. abandon, m. abandonnement, Forsooth, adv. en vérité, assurément. FORSWEAR, v. a. abjurer, renoncer; v. n. se parjurer, jurer à faux. Forswearer, s. parjure, m. Forswearing, s. parjure, m. l'action de se parjurer, &c. Font, s. un fort, un lieu fortifié. FORTH, adv. en avant, ensuite, dehors, dehors, en public, au jour, entièrement. FORTH, prep. hors de, de. dehors, au PORTHCOMING, adj. prêt à paroltre. FORTH-155UING, adj. sortant, s'avaucant. FORTHRIGHT, adv. tout droit, sans détours. FORTHWITH, adv. incontinent, tout-à-l'heure. FORTIETH, adj. quarantième. FORTIFIABLE, adj. qu'on peut fortifier. FORTIFICATION, a. fortification, f. FORTIFIER, s. celui qui fortifie, fauteur, m. FORTIFY, v. a. fortifier, munir, affermir.
FORTITUDE, s. force, f. courage, m.
FORTHIGHT, s. quinze jours, m. quinzaine, f. FORTRESS, s. forteresse, f. place forte.
FORTUITOUS, adj. fortuit, casuel, accidentel. FORTUITOUSLY, adv. fortuitement, par hazard. FORTUITOUSNESS, s. accident, m. hazard, m. FORTUNATE, adj. fortuné, houreux. FORTUNATELY, adv. heureusement. FORTUNATENESS, s. bonheur, m. succès, m. FORTURE, s. fortune, f. hazard, m. etat, m destinée, f. avancement, m. biens, m. pl. moyens, m. pl. richesses, f. pl. un riche parti, une grande dot. Good fortune, bon-heur, m. Ill fortune, malheur, m. FORTUNE, r. s. arriver. FORTUNE-BOOK, s. grimoire, m. FORTUNE-HUNTER, s. homme qui cherche à épouser une femme riche. Fortune-tell, v. n. dire la bonne aventure. FORTUNE-TELLER, s. diseur de bonne aven-

FORTUNED, adj. fortuné, favorisé de la for-

tune.

FORTY, adj. quarante. Forum, s. place publique, le forum. FORWARD, adv. en avant, sur le devant. FORWARD, adj. empressé, ardent, prêt, dis-posé, enclin, libre, hardi, précoce, avance, antérieur, de devant FORWARD, v. a. avancer, pousser, faire pous-FORWARDLY, adv. avec empressement. [ser. FORWARDNESS, s. empressement, m. ardeur, f. avancement, m. progres, m. Fosse, s. une fosse, un fosse. Fossik, adj. & s. fossile, f. FOSTER, adj. nourricier; n. a. nourrir, éle-FOSTER-BROTHER, s. frère de lait, m. [ver. FOSTER-CHILD, s. nourrisson, m FOSTERDAM, s. une nourrice. FOSTERER, s. nourtice, f. nourticier, m. FOSTER-FATHER, s. père nourticier, m. FOSTER-SON, s. nourrisson, m. FOUGATE, s. fougade or fougasse, f.
FOUL, adj. sale, vilain, impure; foul weather,
gros temps; foul stomach, un estomac impur ; foul disease, la vérole ; foul copy, une copie qui n'est pas nette; foul papers, brouillon, m.; foul page, page pleine de fautes; foul action, une action basse; foul dealing or practices, conduite deshounce, f. mauvaise foi; foul means, moyens violens, force, f. foul doings or work, bruit, m. vacarme, m.; foul mouth, une bouche impure, une mechante langue. To play foul, ne pas jouer beau jeu, tricher. Foul, v. a. salir, gâter, souiller. FOULLY, adv. vilainement, salement. FOULNESS, s. saleté, f. mal-propriété, f. FOUND, v. a. fonder, établir, fondre. FOUNDATION, a. fondement, m. base, f. fondation, f. FOUNDER, s. fondateur, m. fondeur, m. FOUNDER, v.a. & n. forcer, outrer FOUNDER, r. n. couler bas, couler à fond. FOUNDERED, part. adj. surmene, courbatu, FOUNDERY, s. fonderie, f. Foundling, s. enfant trouve, un enfant abandonné. Foundress, s. fondatrice, f. FOUNT, FOUNTAIN, s. fontaine, f. source, f. Four, adj. quatre. FOURCORNERED, adj. quadrangulaire. FOURCOUBLE, adj. plié en quatre. FOURFOLD, adj. quatre fois autant. FOURFOOTED, adj. quadrupède, qui a quatre pieds. FOURIER, s. un fourier, un maréchal de logis. Four-score, adj. quatre-vingt. FOURSQUARE, adj. quarre.
FOURTEEN, FOURTEENTH, adj. quatorze quatorzième. FOURTH, adj. quatrième. [trième lieu. FOURTHLY, adv. quatrièmement, en qua-FOURWHRELED, adj. à quatre roues. Fow L, s. oiseau, m. volaille, f. Fow L, v. n. chasser aux oiseaux. fowling, aller à la chasse aux oiseaux. Fowler, s. oiseleur, m. gibboyer, m. Fowlingpiece, s. fusil de chasse, m. Fox, s. un renard, un homme rusé. FOXCASE, s. peau de renard, m FOXCHASE, s. chasse au renard, f. FOXGLOVES, s. (a plant) gantelee, f. FOYLING, s. abatures, f. pl. foulures, f. pl. FRACTION. s. fraction, f. rupture, f. FRACTIONAL, adj. fractionnaire, rompu.

FRACTIOUS, adj. hargneux, brouillon.

FRACTURE, s. fracture, f. ; v. a. rompre. FRAGILE, adj. fragile, frèle, cassant, foible. FRAGILITY, s. fragilité, f. foiblesse, f. FRAGMENT, s. fragment, m. morceau, m. FRAGRANCE, FRAGRANCY, s. bonne odeur, f. FRAGRANT, adj. odoriferant, qui sent bon. FRAGRANTLY, adv. bon, avec bonne odeur. FRAIL, s. cabas, m. panier, m. FRAIL, adj. fragile, foible, frêle. FRAILNESS, FRAILTY, s. foiblesse, f. fragilité, FRAILNESS, FRAILTY, s. foiblesse, f. fragilité, FRAME, s. fabrique, f. structure, f. plan, m. système. m. conduite, f. disposition, f. forme, f. figure, f. chassis (d'une fenètre) m. bordure, f. cadre (d'un tableau.) m. affilt (d'autilleria) m. métige m. photography. fût (d'artillerie,) m. métier, m. charpente, f. travail (d'un marechal,) m. FRAME, v. a. former, faire, construire, fabriquer, composer, forger, controuver. FRAMER, s. celui qui forme, auteur, m. FRANCHISE, s. franchise, f. privilège, f. FRANCHISE, v. a. affranchir, rendre libre. FRANGIBLE, adj. fragile, cassant. FRANK, s. étable de cochons, f. lettre franche de port, franc, m. livre, f. FRANK, adj. liberal, franc, sincère, ouvert. FRANK, r. a. affranchir une lettre, engraisser. FRANKFARM, s. terres en franc-alleu FRANKFEE, s. franc-fief, m. franc-alleu, m. FRANKINGENSE, s. incens, m.
FRANKLY, adv. liberalement, franchement. FRANKPLEDGE, s. caution, f. cautionnement. m. FRANTICE, adj. fou, folie, frenétique. FRANTICELY, adv. en fou, en furieux. FRATERNAL, adj. fraternel, de frère. [frère. FRATERNALLY, adv. fraternellement, en FRATERNITY, s. fraternité, f. confrèrie. FRATRICIDE, s. fratricide, m. [rie, *f*. FRAUD, s. fraude, f. tromperie, f. superche-FRAUDULENCE, FRAUDULENCY, s. mauvaise foi. $\mathbf{F}_{\mathsf{RAUDULENT}}$, adj. frauduleux, artificieux. FRAUDULENTLY, adv. frauduleusement. FRAUGHT, part. rempli, charge de. FRAY, s. querelle, f. dispute, f. combat, m. FRAY, v. a. effrayer, user par le frottement. FREAK, s. boutade, f. caprice, m. FREAKISH, adj. capricieux, fantasque. FREARISHNESS, s. humeur capricieuse. FRECKLE, s. tache de rousseur, f. rousseur, f. FRECELY, ad; plein de rousseurs.
FREE, adj. libre, indépendent, sans gêne, franc, affranchi, privilégié, public, agrégé, quitte, exempt, sincère, ouvert, libéral, généreux, pur, innocent, aisé, dégagé, fa-FREE, v. a. délivrer, libérer, exempter. FREEBOOTER, s. voleur, m. fibustier, m.
FREEBOOTS, adj. & s. ne fibre, homme libre.
FREECOST, adv. gratis, sans dépense.
FREED, adj. delivré, libéré, exempt. FREEDMAN, s. affranchi, m. bourgeois, m. FREEDOM, s. liberté, f. franchise, f. FREEHOLD, s. franchief, m. franc-alleu, m. FREE-HOLDER, s. franc-tenancier, m. FREELY, adv. librement, franchement. FREEMAN, s. homme libre, hourgeois, m. FREENESS, s. franchise, f. sincérité, j FREE-school. s. ecole publique, collège, m. FREESPOREN, adj. libre dans ses paroles. [fort. FREESTONE, s. pierre de taille, f. FREETHINKER, s. penseur libre, m. esprit FREETHINKING, s. liberté de penser, f.

FREE-WILL, s. libre arbitre, m. FREEZE, v. a. & n. geler, glacer, se geler. FREIGHT, v. a. fréier, charger. FREIGHT, s. fret, m. charge, f. cargaism, f. FREIGHTER, s. frèteur, m.
FREIGHTER, s. frèteur, m.
FRENCH, adf. & s. François, m. de France.
FRENCH-DISEASE, la vérole, le mai de Na-FRENCH-WHEAT, s. millet, m. FRENCHIFY, v. a. Franciser (un mot). FRENETICE, adj. frenetique, fou, furie FRENZY, s. frenesie, f. folie, f. FREQUENCE, FREQUENCY, s. fréquence, f. FREQUENT, adj. fréquent, ordinaire, com FREQUENT, v. a. frequenter, hanter. FREQUENTATIVE, adj. frequentatif. FREQUENTING, s. frequentation, f. FREQUENTLY, adv. frequemment, souvent. FRESCO, s. frais, m. fraicheur, f. freque, f. FRESE, adf. frais, recent, nouvens, qui n'est point sale, qui n'est point fant. FRESHEN, v. a. & n. rafralchir, se rafraf-FRESHEN, v. a. & n. rafralchir, se ratraf-FRESHET, s. étang d'eau douce, sa. FRESHLY, adv. fraichement, an frais. FRESH-WATER, s. & adj. eau-douce, d'eau FRET, s. détroit, s. agitation, touche, f. FRET, v. a. froiter, heurter, user, écorcher, chagriner, tourmenter; v. s. fermenter, être en agitation, se fâcher. FRETFUL, adj. chagrin. de manusimban. FRETFUL, adj. chagrin, de mauvaise buneur. FRETFULLY, adv. avec chagrin. FRETFULNESS, s. chagrin, m. colère, f. [m. FRETWORK, s. ciselure, f. ouvrage de bosse, FRIABLITY, s. friabilité, f. FRIABLE, adj. friable. FRIAR, s. un moine, un religioux. FRIARY, s. convent de moines, s. monastère, FRIARY, adj. monastique, de moine. FRIBBLE, v. n. se jouer, se moquer de FRIBBLER, s. trompeur, amuseur, cajoleur, FRICASEE, s. fricassée, f. FRICATION, FRICTION, s. frottement, friction, f. FRIDAY, s. Vendredi, m. [rens, s. FRIEND, s. un ami, une amie. FRIENDLESS, adj. sans amis, délaissé. FRIENDLINESS, s. bonté, f. bienveillance, f. FRIENDLY, adj. ami, amiable, amical, arviable, bon, lavorable, propice, hum FRIENDLY, adv. en ami, avec amitié.
FRIENDSHIP, s. amitié, f. affection mutaelle.
FRIEZE, s. frise, f., ratine, f. FRIGATE, s. fregate, f. FRIGHT, FRIGHTEN, v. a. effrayer, épouvan-FRIGHT, s. frayeur, f. épouvante, f. FRIGHTFUL, adj. terrible, affreux. FRIGHTFULLY, adv. epouvantablement.
FRIGHTFULNESS, s. horreur, f. frayeur, f.
FRIGIDTY, FRIGHDNESS, s. froideur, f.
FRIGHDTY, FRIGHDNESS, s. froideur, f. FRIGIDLY, adv. froidement. FRIGORIFICE, adj. frigorifique. FRINGE, s. frange, f. crepine, f. ornement, se. FRINGE, v. a. garnir de franges. FRIPPERER, s. fripier, ss. [rebut. FRIPPERY, s. friperie, f. une marche FRISK, v. n. sauter, faire des gambades.
FRISK, v. n. souter, faire des gambades.
FRISKER, s. un bomme folktre, sémillant. FRISKY, adj. gai, frétillant, sémillant. FRIT, s. frite or fritte. f.

FRITH, s. détroit, un bras de mer. FRITTER, s. un beignet, un petit morceau. FRITTER, v. a. couper en morceaux pour frire. FRIVOLOUS, adj. frivole, vain, léger. FRIVOLOUSNESS, s. frivolité, f. FRIVOLOUSLY, adv. d'une manière frivole. FRIZZLE, v. a. friser, créper, rouler. FRIZZLER, s. celui qui frise, friseur, sa. FROCK, s. fourreau, m. une souquenille. FROS, s. grenouille, f. la fourchette du pied d'un cheval. FROLICE, s. boutade, f. fantasie, f. badinage, j. FROLICE, adj. gai, fou, badin, gaillard. FROLICE, v. n. avoir des fantaisies. FROLICKLY, adv. guiement, gaillardement.
FROLICKEOME, adv. guiement, gaillardement.
FROLICKEOME, adv. gai, badun, gaillard.
FROM, prep. de, des, du, par, à, au, à la, de
par, de la part de, depuis, dès. FRONT, s. front, m. face, f. FROST, v. a. faire tête à ; v. n. être vis à-vis FRORTAL, s. frontal, m. fronton, m.
FRORT-BOX, s. première loge.
PRORTIER, s. & adj. frontière, f. limites, f. FRONTISPIECE, s. frontispice, m. façade, f. FRONTLESS, adj. sans front, sans pudeur. FRONTLET, s. fronteau, m. frontal, m. PRORTON, s. fronton, s. FRONT-ROOM, s. appartement sur le devant d'une maison, m FROST, s. gelée, f. Hoar-frost, gelée blanche. FROST-BITTER, adj. atteint de la gelée. FROSTED, adj. glace, flambé. FROSTILY, adv. avec un froid glacant. FROSTINESS, s. grand froid, froid glacant.
FROSTINAIL, s. fer à glace, m.
FROSTY, adj. très froid, de gelée. жотт, аај. иев нома, de gelee.
 Ркотн, v. n. écume d'une liquide agité, f.
 Ркотну, v. n. écumer, jeter, rendre de l'écume.
 Ркотну, adj. écumant, pleiu d'écume.
 Ркочку, adj. vilain, sale, gras, puant.
 Ркочко, adj. chagrin, facheux, fantasque, refrogré, opiniture, indocile.
 Ркочко, v. adj. d'un six chagrin. ROWARDLY, adv. d'un air chagrin. PROWARDNESS, s. mauvaise humeur, f. FROWN, r. n. se refrogner, regarder. FROWN, s. air refrogne, regard dedaigneux. FROWNING, adj. chagrin, rechigne.
FROWNINGLY, adv. d'un air refrogne. FRUIR, part. adj. gelé, glacé, glacial. FRUCTIFEROUS, adj. qui porte du fruit. FRUCTIFY, v. a. fertiliser; v. n. fructifier FRUCTIPICATION, s. fecondation, f. fertilité
FRUCTUOUS, adj. fertile, fecond. FRUGAL, adj. frugal, econome, temperant. FRUGALLY, s. frugalité, f. épargne, f. FRUGALLY, adv. frugalement, avec économie. FRUCIFEROUS, adj. qui porte du fruit. FRUIT, s. fruit, m. profit, m. effet, m. FRUITAGE, s. fruitage, m. toutes sortes de FRUIT-BEARING, adj. fructifère. [fruits. FRUITERER, s. un fruiter, une fruitere.
FRUITERER, s. fruitage, f. fruiterie, f.
FRUITERU, adj. fertile, abondant, utile.
FRUITFULLY, adv. tertilement, abondam-FRUITFULNESS, s. fertilité, f. FRUIT-GROVE, s. verger, m. jardin fruitier, FRUIT-HOUSE, s. fruiterie, f.
FRUITION, s. jouissance, f. fruition, f.
FRUITIVE, adj. qui jouit, qui possède.
FRUITLESS, adj. stérile, infructueux. [m. FRUITLESSLY, adv. vainement, en vain. FRUIT-TREE, s. arbre fruitier, m.
FRUMENTY, s. fromentée, f. sorte de bouillie. PRUSH, s. fourchette, f. (du pied d'un cheval.) | Fungous, adf. spongieux, poreux.

FRUSTRANBOUS, adj. vain, inutile.
FRUSTRATE, v. a. frustrer, detruire, dissiper. FRUSTRATE, adj. vain, mutile, nul. FRUSTRATION, s. privation, f. tromperie, f. FRUSTRATIVE, adj. trompeur, fait pour FRUSTRATORY, adj. frustratoire. [tromper. FRUSTRUM, s. morceau, m. fragment, m. FRY, s. frai des poissons, m. frelin, m. FRY, v. a. & n. frire, fricasser, être frit. FRY, s. friture, f. un plat de friture. FRYING-PAN, s, poèle or poèle à frire, m. FUB, s. un petit garçon gros et gras; v. a. amuser. Fucus, s. fard, m. rouge, m. FUDDLE, v. a. enivrer ; n. n. s'enivrer. FUDDLE-CAP or FUDDLER, s. un ivrogne. FUEL, s. chauffage, m.; v. a. entretenir le feu. FUEL, s. chauffage, m.; v. a. entretenir le feu. FUGACITY, s. volatilité, f. instabilité, f. FUGH or FOUGH, interj. pouns! FUGITIVE, adj. & s. fugitif, m. transfuge, m. FUGITIVERESS, s. instabilité, f. inconstance, FULCIMENT, s. l'appui, m. Fulfil, v. a. accomplir, remplir, combler. FULFILLING, s. accomplissement, m FULGERT, FULGID, adj. brillant, eclatant.
FULGIDITY, FULGOUR, s. splendeur, m. FULICINOUS, adj. fuligineux. [éclat, m. FULL, adj. plein, rempli, rassasié, soul, gorgé, ample, large, gros, complet.

FULL, s. plein, m. To the full, completement.

FULL, adv. pas moins, en entier. Full, v. a. fouler FULL-BLOWN, adj. tout-à-fait épanoui. FULL-BOTTOMED, adj. large Fuller, s. un foulon, terre à foulon, f. Fullers-weed, Fullers-thistle, s. Fullers-weed. chardon à carder, m FULLERY, s. foulerie, f.

FULLERYED, adj. qui a de gros yeux.

FULL-PACED, adj. qui a le visage plein.

FULLING-MILL, s. moulin à foulon, m.

FULLY, adv. pleinement, tout-à-fait. FULMINANT, adj. folminant. FULMINATE, v. a. & n. fulminer, tonner. FULMINATION, s. fulmination, f.
FULMESS, s. plénitude, f. abondance, f.
FULSONE, adj. dégodiant, désagréable.
FULSONELY, adj. d'une manière dégoûtante. FULSOMENESS, s. qualité dégoûtante. FUMATORY, s. (a plant) fumeterre, m. FUMBLE, v. a. & n. arranger mal-adroite-ment, chiffoner, tatonner, badiner. FUMBLER, s. un mal-adroit, un patineur. FUNE, s. fumé, f. vapeur, colère, f. FUNE, v. n. fumer, jeter de la fumée, être en colère ; v. a. fumer, sécher à la fumée. Funette, s. fumet, m Fumigate, v. a. fumiger Funisation, s. fumigation, f. Funisaty, adv. en colère, avec aigreur. Fumous, Fumy, adj. fameux. Fun, s. plaisanterie, f. une bourde. Fun, v. a. & n. se moquer, emboiser. Function, s. fonction, f. emploi, m FUND, s fond, m. capital, m. le fond. FUNDS, s. fonds, m. banque, f. FUNDAMENT, s. le fondement, le siège, le derrière. FUNDAMENTAL, adj. fondamental. FUNDAMENTALLY, adv. fondamentalement. FUNERAL, s. funérailles, f. obsèques, f. FUNERAL, adj. funébre, funéraire, sambre.

Pungus, s. fongosité, f. excroissance de chair, FUNICLE, s. petite corde, ligature, f. FUNNEL, s. entonnoir, m. tuyau, m. FUR, s. fourrure. f. poil, m. Fur, v. a. fourrer, souffler (un vaisseau.) Funactous, adj. enclin à vôler, à derober. FURNELOW, s. falbala, m., v.a. garnir de fal-FURBISH, v. a. fourbir, polir, brunir, eclaircir. FURBISHER, a. fourbisseur, m. FURIOUS, adj. furieux, frenetique, violent. FURIOUSLY, adv. avec furie, violemment. FURIOUSNESS, s. fureur, f. frenesie, f. FURL, v. a. ferler, plier, rouler. FURLUNG, s. (a measure of length) stade, m. FURLOUGH, s. conge, m. (d'absence.)
FURMENTY, s. fromentée, f.
FURMACE, s. fournaise, f. fourneau, m. FURNAGE, s. fournage, m. {bler. FURNISH, v. a. fournir, pourvoir, garnir, meu-FURNISHER, s. fournisseur, m. pourvoyeur, m. FURRIER, s. fourreur, m. pelletier, m. FURROW, s. sillon, m. rayou, m. fosse, m. ri-FURTHER, adj. ultérieur, qui est au delà. FURTHER, adv. plus loin, au delà, de plus. FURTHER, v. a. pousser, avancer, aider. FURTHERANCE, s. avancement, m. progrès, FURTHERER, s. fauteur, m. patron, m. FURTHERMORE, conj. de plus, en outre. FURTHEST, adj. le plus loin, le plus long. FURTIVE, adj. furtif, dérobé, secret. FURTIVELY, adv. furtivement, à la dérobée. FURUNCLE, s. froncle, m. or furoncle, FURY, s. furie, fureur, f. rage, f. frenesie, emportement, m. enthousiasme, m. Funza, s. sorte de genét épineux. Funzy, adj. couvert de bruyères. Fuse, v. a. & n. fondre, se fondre, liquéfier. Fusee, s. fusée, fusil, m. FUSE, E. tusce, tust, m.
FUSEBLETT, s. fusibilité, f.
FUSIBLE, adj. fusible, fusile.
FUSIL, s. fusil, m. fusée, f.
FUSILIER, s. fusier, m. fantassin, m.
'FUSION, s. fusion, f. fonte, f.
FUSS, s. bruit, m. fracas, m. embarras, m.
FUST, s. fût d'une colonne, m.
FUST, s. fût d'une f. du, galimatics m. FUSTIAN, s. futaine, f. du galimatias, m. FUSTIAN, adj. de futaine, ampoulé.
FUSTY, adj. puant, qui sent mauvais.
FUTILE, adj. babillard, futile, frivole.
FUTILITY, s. futilité, f. frivolité, f. FUTTOCKS, s. courbes or côtes de navire. f. FUTURE, adj. futur. à venir ; s. le futur, l'ave-FUTURELY, adv. à l'avenir. nir, m. FUTURITION, s. futurition, f. l'avenir, m. FUTURITY, s. l'avenir, m. futurition, f. Fuzz, s. (way thorn) genet epincux, m Fuzz, v. n. s'en aller en morceaux, s'effiler. Fuzz-Ball, s. vesse de loup, f. TY, interj. fi! Fy upon, fi donc!

G

GABARDINE, s. sorte de mantesu.
GABBLE, v. n. babiller; s. babil, m.
GABBLE, s. gabelle, f. impôt sur le sel.
GABION, s. gabion, m.
GABLE, s. le toit d'une maison.
GAD, s. un morceau d'acier; v. n. rôder.
GADPER, s. un coureur, une coureuse.
GADPER, s. taon, m. (espèce de mouche.)

GAFF, s. harpon, m. sorte de eroc. GAFFLES, s. pl. eperons, pour les coqs, m. GAG, v. a. bâillonner; s. bâillon, m. GAG-TEETH, s. surdents, f. pl. [ger. GAGE, s. gage, m. jauge, f. ; v. a. gager, jan-GAGER, s. jaugeur, mesureur, m. GAGGLE, v. n. crier comme les cies GAGGLING, s. cri d'oie, m. [tage, m. GAIN, s. gain, m. lucre, m. profit, m. avan-GAIN, v. o. & n. gagner, obtenir, avancer, GAINER, s. le gagnani. (prévaloir. GAINFUL, adj. lucratif, avantageus GAINLESS, adj. inutile, non-profitable. GAINLY, adv. facilement, adroitement. GAINSAY, v. a. contredire, contrainer, nier. GAINSAYER, s. contredisant, m. [mer. GAINSTAND, v. a. resister, s'opposer, repri-GAIT, s. marche, f. démarche, f. air, sa. GALAXY, s. la voie lactée. GALBANUM, s. galbanum, m. GALE, s. vent, m. vent frais. GALEAS, s. galeace, f. GALLOT, s. galiote, f. [de galle, f. GALL, s. fiel, m. rancune, f. malice, f. max GALL, v. a. écorcher, tourmenter, vexer. GALLANT, adj. galant, brave, courageux. GALLANT, s. un elegant, un courtiss GALLANTLY, adv. galamment, de bonne grâce. [lanterie, f. GALLANTRY, s. pompe, f. bravoure, f. ga-GALLEON, s. galion, m. GALLERY, s. galerie, f. loge, f. GALLERY, s. galère; galley slave, un galèrien, un forcat. GALLIARD, s. un geillard, la gaillarde.
GALLIARDISE, s. gaillardise, [de France.
GALLIC, GALLICAN, adj. Gallican, Franços,
GALLICISM, s. Gallicisme, m. GALLIMATIA, s. galimatias, m. [dicule, m. GALLIMAUFRY, s. galimafree, f. melange ri-GALLI-POT, s. pot de falence, m. GALLON, s. mesure contenant quatre quarts. GALLOON, s. galon, m. GALLOP, s. galop, m., v. n. galoper, courir. GALLOPING, s. galopade, f. galop, m. GALLOWS, s. gibet, m. potence, f. chevalet, GANDALE, s. p., galoches, f. Gambade, GAMBADE, GAMBADO, s. guetre, f. [sigambade, s. un filou, un joueur de profi GAMBAL, s. la jambe d'un cheval.

GAMBALL, s. la jambe d'un cheval. [=. GAME, s. jeu, m. chasse, f. gibier, m. GAME, v. n. jouer, s'amuser, badiner. GAME-COCK, s. coq de combat, m. Game-kreper, s. gorde-chasse, m. GAMESOME, adj. badin, folatre. GAMESTER, s. joueur de profession, ss. GAMING, s. jeu, ss. l'action de jouer, f. GAMING-HOUSE, s. académie, f. breland, s Gammon, s. jambon, m. gammon, m. GAMUT, s. la gamme. GANCH, s. ganche, m.; v. a. empâler, crever. GANDER, s. jar, m. le male de l'oie. [aller. GANGRENE, s. gangrèse, f. [grener. GANGRENE, s. gangrèse, f. [grener. GANGRENE s. gangrèse, f. [grener. GANGRENE, r. a. & n. gangrener, se gan-GANGRENOUS, adj. gangrene. GANGWAY, s. passage, m. passavant, m. GANTELOPE, GANTLET, s. baguettes, f. pl. GAOL, s. prison, f. geole, f. GAOL-DELIVERY, s. sentence qui vide les prisons. GAOLER, s. geolier, m. guichetier, m. GAP, s. ouverture, f. fente, f. crevame, f.

GAZEL, s. (an animal) gazelle, f.

GAPE, v. n. bâiller, s'ouvrir ; to gape after, et, | or for, soupirer après, souhaiter. Gaper, s. qui bâille, bàilleur, m. Gapers, s. l'action de bàiller, bàillement, m. GARB, s. habillement, m. habit, m. ajustement. GARBAGE, s. tripailles, f. tripes, f. GARBLE, v. a. trier, choisir, cribler. GARBLER, s. celui qui trie, visiteur, m. GARBOIL, s. désordre, m. tumplie, m. GARDEN, s. jardin; r. n. jardiner. GARDENER, s. janlinier, m. GARDENING. s. jardinage, m. GARDEN-MOULD, s. terreau, m. [jardins, m. GARDEN-STUFF, s. jardinage, m. produit des GARGARISM, s. gargarisme, m. GARGARISE, GARGLE, v. a. gargariser. GARLAND, s. garlande, f. couronne de fleurs. GARLICK, s. ail, m [ajustement, m. GARMENT, s. habillement, m. vétement, m. GARNER, s. grenier; v. a. amassor, entasser. GARNET, s. grenat, m. (pierre précieuse.) GARNISH, r. a. garnir, fournir.orner, pourvoir, parer, assigner, citer, ajourner. GARNISH, GARNISHMENT, s. ornement, m. GARRET, s. galetas, m. grenier, m. GARRETEER, s. habitant d'une galetas. [son. GARRISON, s. garnison; v. a. mettre garni-GARRULITY, s. babil, m. caquet, m. GARRULOUS, adj. babillard, causeur. GARTER, s jarretière ; v. u. lier avec une GAS or GAZ, s. gas, m. [jarretière. GASCONADE, s. gasconnade; v. n. habler. GASH, v. a. balafrer; s. balafre, f. GASP, v. a. & n. respirer avec peine. GASP, s. penible respiration, abois, m. GAST, v. a. effrayer, épouvanter, faire peur. GASTRICE, adj. gastrique. GATE, s. porte, f. grande porte, portail, m. Flood-gate, voater-gate, s. une vanne. GATHER, v. a. cueillir, amasser, rassembler, recueillir, inferer, conclure, froncer, plisser; v. n. so rassembler, s'amasser; to ga-ther up, ramasser, relever; to gather matter, venir à suppuration, to gather the corn, faire la moisson, moissonner; to gather the grapes, faire la vendange, vendanger; to gather se rouiller; to guther flesh, devenir gros, grossir; to guther strength, reprendre des forces. GATHERER, s. pli, m. celui qui cueille, qui amame; gatherer of corn, moissonneur, m.; gatherer of grapes, vendangour, m.; gatherer of taxes, collecteur d'impôts, m. f. GATHERING, s. récolte, f. quête. GAUDILY, adv. d'une manière fastueuse. GAUDINESS, s. faste, m. ostentation, f. GAUDY, adj. fastneux, pompeux; s. fête, f. GAUGE, s. jauge, f.; v. a. jauger. Gaugeur, s. jaugeur, m Gaverne, s. l'action de jauger, jaugeage, m. GAUNTLET, s. gantelet, m. un ceste, éperons. GAUZE, s. gaze, f. Gauze-maker. gazier, m. GAVEL, s. redevance, tribut, n GAVELEIRD, s. partage égal de bien. GAVOT, s. gavotie, / GAY, adj. gai, enjoue, elegant, galant. GAYRTY, s. gaiete, f. enjouement, m. GATLY, adv. gaiement, avec enjouement. GAYNESS, s. gaieté, f. enjouement, m. GAZE, v. n regarder fixement, contempler. GAZE, s. regard fixe, etonnement, m. GARRHOURD, s. levrier, m. levrette, f.

GAZER, s. celui qui regarde fixement, spec-GAZETTE, s. gazette, GAZETTERR, s. gazetier, m. nouvelliste, m. GAZINGSTOCK, s. un speciacle. GEAR, s. accoutrement, m. habillement, m. garniture, f. une habiole, une colifichet. A head gear, s. coidure, f. Gears of a A head gear, s. coisure, f. horse, le harnois d'un cheval. GECK, s. une dupe; v. a. duper, tromper. GELATINE, GELATINOUS, adj. en forme de gelée. GELD, s. de l'argent, m. ; v. a. châtrer. GELDER, s. celui qui châtre, châtreur, m. GELDING, s. animal châtre, un hongre. GELID, adj. excessivement froid. GELLY, s. gelée, f. viscosité, f. GEM, s. pierre précieuse, bouton, m. GEM, v. a. & n. orner de pierres précieuses. GEMINATION, s. repetition, f. GEMINI, s. les gemeaux, m. jumeaux, m. GENDER, s. genre, m. sorte, f. espèce, f. GENDER, v. a. & n. engendrer, produire, CRUSCE. GENEALOGICAL, adj. généalogique. GENEALOGIST, s. génealogiste, m. GENEALOGY, s. génealogie, f. GENERAL, adj. general, universel. GENERAL, s. la plûpart, general, chef, m. GENERALISSIMO, s. généralissimo, m. GENERALITY, s. généralité, f. la plûpart. GENERALLY, adr. généralement, en général. GENERALSHIP, s. généralat, m. GENERALITY, s. la totalité, l'universalité, f. GENERANT, s. principe, m. générateur, m. GENERATE, v. a. engendrer, produire. GENERATION, s. generation, f. production, f. GENERATIVE, adj. generatis, prolifique. GENERATOR, s. principe, m. généralour, m. GENERICAL OF GENERICE, adj. générique. GENERICALLY, adv. quant au genre. GENEROSITY, s. générosité, f. libéralité, f. GENEROUS, adj. généreux, noble, libéral. GENEROUSLY, adv. généreusement, noble-GENESIS, s. la Genèse. GENET, i. genet, m. haquenée, f. GENETHLIACAL, adj. genethliaque. GENEVA, s. Genièvre or Genèvre, s. GENIAL, adj. génératif, nuptial, naturel, joy-eux, divertissant. Genial bed, lit nuptial. GENIALLY, adr. naturellement GENITAL, adj. génital, génératif.
GENITALS, a. pl. les parties de la génération,
GENITINE, a. pomme de S. Anne, f.
GENITIVE, adj. génitif.
GENIUS, s. génie, m. esprit, m. ange, m.
GENIELL, adj. poli, civil, honnète, élégant, galant, de bon goût, propre, beau. GENTERLLY, adv. elegamment, poliment.
GENTERLY, adv. elegamment, poliment.
GENTERLY, adv. elegamce, f. politesse, f.
propreté, f. bonne grace, air gracieux. GENTIAN, s. gentiane, f. (sorte d'herbe.)
GENTIL, s. (a maggot,) ver, m.
GENTILE, s. gentil, m. palen. GENTILISM, s. paganisme, m. religion par-GENTILITIOUS, adj. endémique, héréditaire. GENTILITY, s. gentilesse, f. grâce, f. GENTILE, adj. bien né, gentil, doux, modéré, terméré naisible transmille. tempere, paisible, tranquille. GENTLEFOLES, s. pl. personnes de qualité, f. GENTLEMAN, s. un homme bien ne, gentilhomme, m. nionsieur, m. GENTLEMANLIKE, GENTLEMANLY, qui convient à un homme bien né, galant.

GENTLEMESS, s. manières d'un homme bien | ne, f. pl. douceur, f. civilité, f. politeme, f. GENTLEWOMAN, s. demoiselle, dame. GENTLY, adv. doucement, poliment. GENTRY, s. les gens biens nee, petite noblesse. GENUFLECTION, e. génuflexion, f. GENUINE, adj. vrai, naturel, propre, réel. GENUINNESS, s. pureté, f. realité, f. GEOGRAPHER, s. géographe, m. GEOGRAPHICAL, adj. géographique. GEOGRAPHY, s. géographique. GEOMANCY, s. géomance, f. géomancie, f. GEOMATER, GEOMETER, GEOMETER, GEOMETER, s. géometre, geometral, adj. géometre, fm. GEOMETRAL, adj. géométral. [m. GEOMETRICAL, GEOMETRICAL, GEOMETRICAL, adj. géomé-GEOMETRICALLY, adv. géométriquement. GEOMETRIALLY, aux. geometriquement.

[f. pl.
GEORGICE, adj. d'agriculture ; s. georgiques,
GERFALCON, s. gerfaut, m. sorte d'oiseau de GERMAN, s. Germain, m. GERMAN, s. & adj. Allemand, d'Allemagne. GERMANDER, s. (an herb) germandrée. GERMANY, s. Allemagne, f. GERME, s. pousse, f. bourgeon, m. GERMINATE, v. a. germer, pousser, bourgeonner. GERMINATION, a. germination, f. pousse, f. GERMINS, s. les premiers jets. GERUND, s. géroudif, f. [spectacle, m. GEST, s. action, f. exploit, m. faits, m. pl. GESTICULATE, v. n. gesticuler, faire beaucoup de gestes. GESTICULATION, s. gesticulation, f. GESTURE, s. geste, m. action, f. GESTURE, v. a. accompagner de gestes. GET, v. a. & n. gagner, acquerir, obtenir, remporter, tenir, prendre, tirer, s'attirer. avoir, faire, s'engendrer, engager sur, ob-tenir de, aller, arriver, parvenir, devenir; to get above, surpasser, devancer; to get abroad, faire sortir, publier, chasser, devemir public : to get away, faire en aller, faire retirer, enlever, déhaucher, s'en aller, s'evader; to get the better of, avoir l'avantage, l'emporter sur : to get before, preveuir, de-vancer; to get by heart, apprendre par cœur : to get one's self back, s'en aller, s'en retourner; to get clear, se tirer, s'échapper; to get a cold, attraper un rhume; to get done or made, faire faire; to get down, faire descendre, descendre; to get from, arracher, tirer pariforce, se défaire, se debarrasser, s'arracher de ; to get forward, avancer, profiter ; to get a footing, s'ctablir; to get friends, se faire des amis; to get a fall, tomber; to get gone, faire retirer; get you gone, allez vous en, retirez vous; to get an ill habit, contracter une mauvaisc habitude; to get in, faire entrer, attirer, engager, entrer; to get into, se jeter, entrer, s'insinuer; to get off, tirer, se tirer; s'èchapper, se sauver, vendre, disposer de, tirer, ôter de ; to get on, mettre, lever ; to get over, passer, traverser, passer par dessus, surmonter: to get out, faire sortir, tirer, sortir, se tirer; to get ready, pripa-rer, tenir prêt; to get to, aller à ; to get together, amembler, s'attrouper, se joindre, se rencontrer ; to get through, faire passer à travers, percer; to get up, lever, faire lever, se lever; to get upon, monter; to get with child, engrosser; to get a wife, preudre

GIV femme, se marier; to get well again, se re-mettre, se rétablir. GETTING, s. acquisition, f. gain, s. profit, m. façon, f. GEWGAW, s. & adj. colifichet, m. GHASTFUL, adj. sombre, triste, affreux. GHASTLINESS, s. paleur, f. mine affrense. GHASTLY, adj. horrible, terrible, affreux, lugubre, triste. GHERRIN, s. cornichon, m. GHOST, s. âme, f. esprit, m. les mânes, f. GHOSTLY, adf. spirituel. GIANT, s. geant, m GIARTESS, s. une géante. GIANTLIKE, GIANTLY, adv. de géant, grand. GIB, GIBBE, s. un animal camé de vieillesse. GIBBERISH, s. jargon, m. patois, m. GIBBET, s. un gibet, la potence. GIBBET, v. a. pendre or exposer à une po-GIBBOSITY, s. bosse. f. convexité, f. GIBBOUS, adj. bossu, prominent, convexe. GIBE, v. a. & n. railler, se moquer de. GIBE, s. railleire, f. sarcasme, m. lardon, m. GIBER, railleur, m. gausseur, m. GIBINGLY, adv. d'un ton railleur. GIBLETS, s. pl. abattis d'oie, sa. la petite oic. GIDDILY, adv. étourdiment. GIDDINESS, s. vertige, m. tournoiement de tête, m. inconstance, f. joie folle. GIDDY, adj. sujet aux vertiges, étourdi. GIDDYBRAINED, GIDDYHRADED, ei. étourdi, écervélé. GIDDYPACED, adj. etourdi. GIFT, s. present, m. don, m. talent, m. GIFTED, adj. doué, avantagé, donné. GIG, s. toupie, f. saliot, m. poche, f. GIGANTICK, adj. de géant, gigantesq GIGGLE, v. n. ricaner, éclater de rire. Giggler, s. un rieur, ricaneur, m. GILD, r. a. dorer. GILDER, s. doreur, m. GILDING, s. l'action de dorer, dorure. f. GILL, s. ouies (d'un poisson,) f. roquille. GILLY-FLOWER, s. (a plant) girodee, f. GILTHEAD, s. (a sea-fish) derade, f. Gin, adj. jeli, gentil. Ginlet, s. un foret, un gibelet, vrille. f. GIMMER, s. mechanisme, m. ressort, m. GIN, s. trebuchet, m. trappe, f. esprit de GINGER, s. gingembre. [Génièvre, m. GINGERBREAD, s. pain d'épice, m. GINGERLY, adr. adroitement, doncement. GINGLE, s. tintement, m. ; r. a. & n. tister. GINGLING, s. tintement, m. tintin, m. GIPSY, s. Bohemienne, Egyptienne. GIRASOLE, s. tournesol, m. girasol, m. GIRD, r. a. ceindre, attacher autour. GIRD, s. angoisse, f. déchirement, se raille-GIRDER, s. un solve. {rie, f. sarcassee, se. GIRDLE, s. ceinture, f. ceinturon, se. GIRDLE, v. a./ceindre, entourer, environ GIRDLER, s. ceinturier, fescur de ceintures, GIRL, s. une file. Girlish, adj. de file. GIRLISHLY, adr. en file. GIRT and GIRTH, s. sangle, f.; r. a. sangler. GITH, s. (an herb) nielle, f. GIVE, v. a. donner, rendre, faire, presenter, offrir, nontrer, indiquer, same, process, offrir, montrer, indiquer, suggérer; r. n. se ralentir, se radouer, dégeler; to give away, livrer, abandonner; to give fact, readre, restituer; to give credit, ajouter foi, croire, faire crédit; to give content, c

tenter, satisfaire ; to give a call, appeler ;

to give ear or a hearing, prêter l'oreille, ecouter; to give fire, faire feu, tirer; to give forth, publier, divulguer; to give a full, faire tomber; to give a guess, deviner; to give ground, reculer, plier; to give heed, prender garde; to give in deang marke. se gue ground; reculer, piner; to give heed, prouder garde: to give in, donner, rendre, plier, reculer, cèder; to give into, donner, entrer dans, adopter; to give joy, fèliciter; to give judgment, juger; to give a look, re-garder; to give for lost, tenir pour perdu; to give one's self or one's mind, s'adonner, s'appliquer à ; to give notice or sourning, avertir; to give an oath, defirer le serment; to give off, cesser, se desister, to give out, divulguer, publier, cesser, cèder; to give oor, cesser, discontinuer, laisser, abandenner; to give a push or thrust, pousser; to give place, faire place, céder; to give suck, allaiter; to give trouble, incommoder; to give up, rendre, céder, abandonner; to give way, céder, se rendre, s'enforcer. GIVER, s. donneur, m. donneur, m. GIVING, s. l'action de donner, donation, f. GIZZARD, s. gésier, m. GLACIAL, adj. glacial. GLACIS, s. glacis, m. (don, m. GLACIATE, v. n. glacer, geler, se congeler. GLACIATION, s. congélation, f. glace, f. GLAD, adj. aise, bien aise, joyeux, charmé. GLADE, s. clairière, f. une allee, une avenue. GLADEN OF GLADER, s. glaseul, m. GLADIATOR, s. gladiateur, m. (sir. GLADLY, saw. volontiers, avec joie, avec plai-GLADESS, s. gaieté, f. joie, f. allegresse, f. GLADESS, s. gaieté, f. joie, gai, amusant. GLAIRE, s. glaire, f. blanc d'outf. m. GLAIRE, s. glaire, f. blanc d'œuf, m. GLAIRE, v. a. glairer. GLANCE, s. un trait de lumière, un coup d'œil, un œillade. GLANCE, v. a. jeter un trait de lumière, étinceler, jeter un coup d'œil, effleurer, raser, toucher légèrement. GLANCINGLY, adj. légèrement, en passant. GLAND, s. glande, f.
GLANDERS, s. (a horse's disease,) morve, f. GLABDULE, s. glandule, f. GLABDULOUS, adj. glanduleux. GLARE, v. n. éblouir, lancer des écluirs. GLARE, s. éclat de lumière éblouissant, m. GLARING, adj. eblouissant, manifeste. GLASS, s. verre, m. une glace, vernis, m. GLASS-BOTTLE, s. bouteille de verre, f. GLASS-COACH, s. cattome vitre, m. GLASS-GRINDER, s. polimeur, m. GLASS-FURNACE, s. le fourneau de verterie. GLASS-HOUSE, s. verrerie, f. GLASS-MAKER, s. vitrier, m. verrier, m. GLASS-MAN, s. verrier, m. GLASS-METAL, s. le verre mis en fusion. GLASS-WARE, s. verre, f. [Verre, f. GLASS-WORK, s. verrerie, f. manufacture de GLASSY, adj. de verre. transparent, vitre. GLAVER, v. n. flatter, caresser, cajoler. GLAZE, v. a. vitrer, vernir, vernir GLAZED-FROST, s. verglas, m. pluie gelee. GLAZIER, s. vitrier, m GLEAD, GLEDE, s. milan (oiseau,) m. GLEAM, s. rayon, m.; v. n. rayonner. GLEAMY, adj. brillant, étincélant, éclatant. GLEAN, v. a. grappiller. GLEANER, s. glaneur, grappilleur. GLERRING, s. glauage, m. glane, f. GLERR, s. sol, m. terre, f. terrein, m. 13

GLEE, s. joie, f. guieté, f. un air gai. GLEED, s. un charbon ardent. GLEEFUL, adj. joyeux, gai. GLEEK, s. brelan, m. tricon, m. fredon, m. GLEET, s. pus, m. sang corrompu. GLEET, v. n. rendre du pus, degoutter. GLIB, adj. coulant. GLIBLY, adv. coulamment. GLIBRESS, s. volubilité, f. GLIDE, v. n. couler : s. coulement, m. GLIMMER, v. n. reluiro, briller feiblement. GLIMMER, s. lueur, f. foible éclat, m. GLIMPSE, s. lueur, f. sillon de lumière, m. GLISTER, GLISTER, v. n. briller, reluire. GLISTER, s. See Clyster, lavement, m. GLITTER, v. n. briller, reluire, eclater. GLITTER, s. lustre, m. éclat, m. [vers. GLOAT, v. a. & n. loucher, regarder de tra-GLOBE, s. globe, m. sphère, f. une boule. GLOBOSE, adj. rond, spherique. GLOBOSITY, s. rondeur, f. forme spherique, f. GLOBOUS and GLOBULAR, see Globose. GLOBULE, s. globule, s. peut corps sphérique. GLOBULOUS, adj. globuleux. GLOBERATE, v. dévider, former en peloton. GLOMEROUS, adj. mis en peloton GLOOM, s. obscurité, f. tristesse, f. GLOOMILY, adv. obscurément, d'un air triste. GLOOMINESS, s. obscurité, air sombre. GLOOMY, adj. sombre, obscur, triste, mélan-GLORIED, adj. illustre. [colique. [colique. GLORIFICATION, s. glorification, f.
GLORIFY, v. a. glorifier, honorer, celebrer.
GLORIOUS, adj. glorieux, illustre, honorable.
GLORIOUSLY, adv. glorieusement.
GLORY, s. gloire, f. honneur, f. éclat, m.
GLORY, v. n. se glorifier, s'enorguellir.
GLOSS, s. glose, f. commentaire, m.
GLOSS, s. glose, f. commentaire, m. GLOSSARY, s. glossaire, m. [rer, lustrer. GLOSSARY, s. glossaire, m. [rer, lustrer. GLOSSATOR, GLOSSER, s. commentateur, m. GLOSSINESS, s. poli, m. lustre, m. GLOSSY, adj. lustré, poli. GLOTTIS, s. glotte, f. (partie du larynx) GLOVE, s. gant, m. ; v. a. ganter. GLOVER, s. gantier, ss. GLOW, v. s. être ardent, être en feu, bruler. GLow, s. ardeur, f. passion, f. vivacité, f. GLowing, adj. ardent, embrasé; glowing of the ears, un tintoin d'oreilles, tintement, GLOW-WORM, s. ver luisant.
GLOZE, v. n. flatter, cajoler; s. flatterie, cajolerie, *f*. GLUE, s. colle, f. : v. a. coller, attacher. GLUEY or GLUISH, adj. gluant, collant. GLUT, v. a. avaler, gorger. souler, rassasier.. GLUT, s. abondance, f. satieté, f. dégoût, m. GLUTINOUS, adj. glutineux, gluant.
GLUTTON, s. un glouton, un gourmand.
GLUTTONOUS, adj. gourmand, glouton.
GLUTTONOUSLY, adv. gloutonnement. GLUTTONY, s. gourmandise, GNAR or GNARL, v.n. gronder, murmurer. GRASH, v. a. & n. grincer. GNASHING, s. grincement de dents, m. GNAT, s. moucheron, m. cousin, m. GRATSNAPPER, s. pivoine, f. GNAW, v. a. & n. ronger. GNAWER, s. rongeur. GNAWING, s. rongement, m. GNOMON, s. style d'un cadran, gnomon, m. GNOMONICES, s. gnomonique, f. Go, v. я. aller, marcher, s'en aller, partir, passer, avoir cours; to go halves, tire ou

GONE, part. adj. alle, en alle, avance, perdin. GONFALON, GONFANON, s. gonfalon, m. gomfaire de moitié ; to go about, faire le tour, entreprendre, se mêler de ; to go abroad, se repandre, courir, sortir, voyager; to go against, s'opposer, être contraire; to go along, passer, poursuivre son chemin; to go aside, s'egarer, errer; to go astray, s'egarer; to go asunder, aller separément; to go away, s'en aller, partir; to go back, reculer, se retirer, s'en retourner; to go backward, marcher a reculous, reculer; to go before, preceder, devancer; to go behind or after, suivre; to go between, être media-teur, s'entremettre; to go beyond, surpasser, surmonter, tromper; to go by, passer auprès, souffrir, avoir, acquerir, se règler sur; io go contrary, agir contre ; to go down, descendre, être avalé, rétrograder ; to go for, aller chercher, passer, être compté pour, être favorable ; to go forth, sortir, paroître: to go forward, avancer, poursuivre; to go from, quitter, s'écarter de; to go in, entrer, porter; to go near, approcher, courir risque de; to go off, mourir, quitter, se vendre; to go on, avancer, poursuivre, continuer; to go over, passer, traverser, deserter; to go out, sortir, s'éteindre; to go through, passer, traverser, fendre, percer, faire exécuter, venir à bout ; lo go lo, aller à, avoir raport à ; lo go under, subir, essayer ; lo go up, monter, s'élever ; lo go upon, se fonder sur, entreprendre : to go with, suivre, porter, accompagner : to go without, être frustré de, ne pas obtenir, se passer de. GOAD, s. aiguillou, m; v. a. aiguilloner. GOAL, s. le bout de la lice, but, m. terme, m. prison, f. geôle, f. GOAT, s. une chevre. A he-goat, un bouc. GOATSBEARD, s. (a plant) saisifis, m. GOAT-HART, s. un cerf. GOATHERD, s. chèvrier, m. GOATISH, adj. de bouc, bouquin, puant, lascif. GOBBET, s. une bouchée ; v. a. avaler. GOBBLER, s. un glouton, un gournand. GOBLET, s. gobelet, m. tasse, f. coupe, f. GOBLIN, s. un esprit, lutin, spectre. Go-By, s. artifice, m. tromperie, f.
God, s. Dieu, m. Would to God! Plut à God, s. Dieu, m. Would to God! Plut à Dieu! God forbid! A Dieu ne plaise! Thank God, Dieu merci! GodDess, s. deesse. GODHEAD, s. divinité, f. GODFATHER, s. parrain, m.; Godmother, marraine, Gontess, adj. athće, impie. GODLIKE, adj. divin, semblable à un dieu. GODLINESS, s. piété, f. dévotion, f. Godly, adv. pieusement, dévotement leule, GODLY, adj. pieux, devot. God-son, s. filleul. m.; god-daughter, fil-Godwit, s. francolin, m. GOER, s. allant, m. coureur, m. ambulant, m. GOGGLE, v. n. regarder de travers, loucher. GOING, s. démarche, f. grossesse, f. départ, Gold, s. or, m. d'or. GOLDEN, adj. d'or. GOLDFINCH, s. chardonneret, m. GOLD-FLOWER, s. tournesol, m. GOLDHAMMER, s. loriot, m. GOLDNEY, s. (a fish) dorade, f. GOLDSMITH, s. orfevre, m. Goldsmith's trade, orfevrerie, f. GOME, s. cambouis, m. GONDOLA, s. gondole,

GONDOLIER, s. gondolier, m.

fanon, m. Gonorrhee, f. GOOD, adj. bon, gracieux, clément, utile, coz venable, salutaire, propre à, habile. 🚣 good as, autant que, comme, quasi. good carnest, sérieusement, tout de bou. To think good, trouver bon, juger à propos. To make good, prouver, reparer. Good, s. bien, m. avantage, m. profit, m. For good and all, serieusement, pour tou-GOOD, interj. eh bien! adv. bien. GOODLINESS, s. beauté, f. élégance, f. GOODLY, adj. beau. joil, élégant, heureux. GOOD-NATURED, adj. d'un bon naturel. GOODNESS, s. bonté, f. GOODS, s. pl. biens, m. meubles m. effets, m. marchandises, f.
GOOD-WILL, s. bonne volonté, pot de vin. Goose, s. une oie, carreau (de tailleur), m. GOOSEBERRY, s. groseille, f. GOOSEBERRY-BUSH, s. groseiller, m. GOOSEFGOT, s. (an herb) pied-d'oie, m. GOOSEGRASS, s. (an herb) mélilot, m. GORBELLY, s. gross ventre, grosse panes GORE, s. sang, m. sang caille, pointe, f. GORE, v. a. piquer, percer, blesser. GORGE, s. gosier, m. gorge, f. jabot, m. GORGE, v. a. gorger, souler, rassassier. GORGEOUS, adj. somptueux, splendide, fastueux. Gorgeously, adv. magnifiquement. GORGEOUSNESS, s magnificence, f. éclat, ... GORGET, s. hausse-col, m. gorgeria, m. Gorgon, gorgone, f. GORMANDIZE, v. n. être gourmand, manger gloutonnement. Gormandizer, s. glouton, se GORMANDIZING, s. gourmandise, f. glomon-GORSE, s. bruyère, f. [nerie, f. GORSE, s. bruyère, f. GORY, adj. couvert de sang caillé. GOSHAWK, s. autour, m. (Omeau.) Gosling, s. un oison, chaton, sa. Gospel, s. l'évangile, m. [l'évangile. Gospeller, s. évangéliste, m. celui qui lit Gossip, s. un compère, une commère Gossip, v. n. faire la cominère, babiller. GOTHICK, adj. gothique. Goтнs, s. pl. les Goths. GOUGE, s. gouge, f. GOURD, s. citrouille, f. calebasse, f. gourde GOURDY, adj. enfle aux jambes, gros GOURNET, s. (red) un coucou, (grey) un frondella. GOUT, s. goutte, f. gout, m. Gouty, adj. goutteux. GOVERN, v. a. & n. gouverner, conduire, GOVERNABLE, adj. docile, disciplinable. GOVERNANCE, s. gouvernement, m. conduite. GOVERNESS, GOVERNANTE, J. gouvernant GOVERNMENT, s. gouverbement, m. GOVERNOUR, s. gouverneur, m.
GOWN, s. robe, f. A night-goven, une robe de chambre. GOWNMAN, s. homme de robe, robin, m. GRABBLE, r. a. tâtonner, tâter, patiner. GRACE, s. grâce, f. pardon, m. grandeur, m. GRACES, s. grâces, f. pl. les trois Grâces. GRACE, v. a. orner; embellir, favoriser. GRACEFUL, adj. beau, agreable, gracieux. GRACEFULLY, adv. avec grace. GRACEFULNESS, s. grace, f. bonne grace. GRACELESS, adj. sans graces, effronte.

GRATEFULNESS, s. reconnoissance, f. agré-

GRACIOUS, adj. gracieux, bon, favorable, [] bienfaisant, humain, obligeant, agreable. GRACIOUSLY, adr. gracieusement. GRACIOUSESS, s. bonte, f. bienveillance, f. GRADATION, s. gradation, f. GRADIENT, adj. ambulant, qui marche. GRADUAL, adj. graduel; s. graduel, m. GRADUALITY, s. progression regulière. GRADUALLY, adv. par degres, peu à peu. GRADUATE, v. a. graduer; s. gradue; m. GRADUATION, s. gradution, f. gradution, f. GRAPF, GRAPT, s. greffe, f. ente, f. fossé, m. GRAFF, GRAFT, v. a. greffer, enter. GRAFTER, s. celui qui ente. GRAIN, s. grain, m. graine, f. pepin, m. cra-moisi, m. veine, f. fil, m. poil, m. Against the grain, à contre poil, à contre cour. Dyed in grain, teint en cramoisi. GRAINY, adj. grenu, plein de grains. GRAMINEOUS, adj. herbeux, herbace, herbu. Gramini vorous, adj. qui se nourrit d'herbe. GRAMMAR, s. la grammaire. GRAMMARIAN, s. grammairien, m. GRAMMATICAL, adj. grammatical. GRAMMATICALLY, adj. grammaticalement. GRAMMATICASTER, s. mauvais grammairien. GRANARY, s. grenier, m. grange, f. GRANATE, GRANITE, s. granit, m. grenat, m. GRANATE MARBLE, s. marbre grenu, m. GRAND, adj. grand, illustre, sublime. GRANDAM, s. grand mère, aleule. GRANDCHILD, s. petit fils or petite-fille. GRAND-DAUGHTER, s. petite-fille. GRANDER, s. grand. GRANDEVITY, s. vicillesse, f. longue-vie, f. GRANDEVOUS, adj. vieux, qui vit long tems. GRANDEUR, s. grandeur, f. faste, m. GRANDFATHER, s. grand-père, aleul. GRANDMOTHER, s. grandmère. GRANDSIRE, s. aleul. GRANDSON, s. petit fils. GRANGE, s. ferme, f. metairie, f. GRANITE, s. granit, m. grenat, n GRANIVOROUS, adj. qui se nourrit de grain. GRANT, r. a. accorder, avouer, donner. GRANT, s. octroi, m. concession, f. GRANTABLE, adj. qui peut être accordé. To take for granted, supposer, tenir pour accordé. GRANTEE, s. donataire, m. GRANTOR, s. donateur, m. GRANULAR, GRANULARY, adj. grénelé. GRANULATE, v. a. & n. greneler, grener. GRANULATION, s. granulation, f. GRAPE, s. raisin, m. GRAPESTONE, s. pepin de raisin, m. GRAPHICAL, adj. exact, bien tracé. GRAPHICALLY, adv. graphiquement, exacte-GRAPNEL, s. petite ancre. [ment. GRAPPLE, s. grappin, m. croc, m. GRAPPLE, v. n. en venir aux mains, combattre; v. a. accrocher, arrèter, attacher. GRASP, v. a. empoigner; v. n. s'accrocher. GRASP, s. poignée, f. prise, f. mains, f. GRASS, s. herbe, f. gazon, m. verdure, f. GRASSHOPPER, s. sauterelle, f. cigale, f. GRASS-PLOT, 4. tapis vert, m. gazon, m. GRASSY, adj. herbeux, plein d'herbes. GRATE, s. grille, f. grillage, m. treillis, m.

GRATE, r. a. & n. raper, gratter, choques,

GRATEFULLY, adv. reconnoissance, agrea-

GRATERUL, adj. reconnoissant, agréable.

froisser, grincer.

blement

GRATER, s. rape, f. GRATIFICATION, s. gratification, f. satisfac-GRATIFY, v. a. satisfaire, gratifier, s'aban-donner à, dédommager, récompenser. GRATINGLY, adr. d'une manière rude. GRATINGS, s. caillebous, m. treillis, m. GRATIS, adv. gratis, gratuitement. GRATITUDE, s. reconnoissance, f. gratitude, GRATUITOUS, adj. gratuit, volontaire. [f. GRATUITOUSLY, adv. gratuitement. GRATUITY, s. don gratuit, gratification, f. GRATULATE, v. a. feliciter, congratuler. GRATULATION, s. gratulation, f. [pliment. GRATULATORY, adj. de félicitation, de com-GRAVE, s. tombeau, m. fosse, f. tombe, f. GRAVE-CLOTHES, s. drap mortuaire, m GRAVE-MAKER OF DIGGER, s. fossoyeur, m. GRAVE-STONE, s. tombe, f. GRAVE, adj. grave, sérieux, retenu, réservé, circonspect. GRAVE, r. a. & n. tailler, graver, ciseler ; to grave a ship, suifler, carener, espalmer un vaisseau. GRAVEL, s. gravier, m. gros sable. A gravel-walk, une sablonnière. A gravel-walk, une allee couverte de gravier. GRAVEL, v. a. couvrir de gravier. GRAVELLY, adj. sablonneux, graveleux. GRAVELLY, ade. gravement, serieusement. GRAVEN, part. adj. taillé, gravé, ciselé. GRAVENESS, s. gravité, f. contenance grave. GRAVER, s. graveur, m. burin, m. A sharp grarer, un onglet. GRAVIDITY, s. grossesse, f. GRAVING-TOOL, s. burin, m. GRAVITATE, r. n. peser, graviter. GRAVITATION, s. pesanteur, f. gravitation, GRAVITY, s. gravite, f. poids, GRAVY, s. jus, m. suc, m. coulis, m. GRAY, adj. gris; s. gris, m. couleur grise. GRAY or GRAY-BROCK, s. blaireau, m. GRAY-BEARD, s. barbe grise, vieillard, m. GRAY-EYED, adj. qui a les yeux gris. GRAY-HAIRED, adj. grison, qui a les cheveux GRAYHOUND, s. lévrier, m. Ig GRAYISH, adj. grisâtre, tirant sur le gris. GRAYLING, s. (a sort of fish) ombre, f. GRAYNESS, s. gris, m. couleur grise. GRAZE, v. a. & n. faire paitre, paitre, être au vert, raser, friser, effleurer. GRAZIER, s. celui qui engraisse le bétail. GRAZING, s. l'action de faire paltre. GREASE, s. graisse, f. oing, m GREASE, v. a. graisser, oindre, corrompre par des présens. GREASILY, adv. salement. GREASINESS, s. graisse, f. saletė, f. GREASY, adj. gras, huileux, sale, crasseux.
GREASY, adj. gras, huileux, sale, crasseux.
GREAT, adj. grand, gros, important. A great deal, beaucoup, quantité. A great many, plusieurs. A great while, long-temps.
GREAT, s. gros, m. By the great, en gros.
GREAT-HEARTED, adj. qui a une grande GREATLY, adv. grandement, fort, beaucoup. GREATNESS, s. grandeur, f. GRECIAN, s. un Grec, une Grèque. GRECISM, s. hellenisme, m. idiome Grec. Grrece, s. la Grèce. GREEDILY, adv. avidement, avec empress GREEDINESS, s. glodtonnerie. f. avidité, f. GREEDY, adj. glouton, avide. passionne.

GREEDY-GUT, s. gourmand, m. glouton, m. GREEK, adj. Grec, de Grèce; s. le Grec. GREEK-FIRE, s. feu Grégois. [neuf. GREEK, adj. vert, pâle, frais, fraiche, récent, Greek, adj. vert, pâle, frais, fraiche, récent, GREEN, s. vert, m. verdure, f. gazon, m. GREEN-CHESE, s. fromage persillé. GREENCLOTH, s. la cour du tapis vert. GREENFINCH, s. (a bird) verdier, m. GREENHOUSE, s. une serre.
GREENISH, adj. verdâtre, tirant sur la vert.
GREENLY, adv. vertement. [veauté, # [veaute, m GREENSES, s. verdure, f. verdeur, m. nou-GREENS, s. pl. herbage, m. légume, m. GREENSVARD, s. pêles couleurs, f. GREENSWARD, s. pelouse, f. gazon, m. GREET, v. a. & n. saluer, complimenter. GREETING, s. salutation, f. salut, m. GRENADE and GRENADO, s. grenade, f. GRENADIER, s. grenadier, m. GREYHOUND, s. un levrier, une levrette. GRICE, s. un marcassin. GRIDELIN, s. gris de lin, m. GRIDIRON, s. gril, m. [ennui, m GRIEF, s. chagrin, m. deplaisir, m. douleur, f. GRIEVANCE, s. grief, f. tors, m. abus, m. GRIEVE, v. a. & n. chagriner, affliger, tourmenter, vexer, s'attrister, s'affliger.
GRIEVINGLY, adv. avec chagrin.
GRIEVOUS, adj. grief. douloureux, affligeant, cruel, facheux, atroce, enorme. GRIEVOUSLY, adv. grievement, cruellement. GRIEVOUSRESS, s. chagrin, m. énormité, f. GRIFFIN OF GRIFFON, s. griffon, m. GRIG, s. une petite anguille, un grivois. GRILL, v. a. griller, faire griller. GRILL, v. a. griller, faire griller. GRIM, adj. refrogue, bideux, affreux. GRIMACE, s. grimace, f. feinte, f.
GRIME, s. barbouillage, m.; v. a. barbouiller. GRIMLY, adv. d'un air refrogné, de travers. GRIMNESS, s. air refrogne. GRIN, v. n. grimacer, grincer les dents. GRIN, s. grimace, f. un piège. GRIND, v. a. broyer, moudre, macher, grincer, aiguiser, émoudre, opprimer. GRINDER, s. un emouleur, meunier, m. GRINDERS, les dents mâchelières. GRINDSTONE, s. meule or pierre à aiguiser, f. GRINNER, s. un grimacier. GRIPE, v. a. empoigner, saisir, serrer; v. n. causer des tranchées, donner la colique. GRIPE, s. prise, f. une poignée. GRIPER, s. usurier, m. concussionnaire, m. GRIPES, s. pl. tranchees, f. colique, f. GRIPING, s. prise, f. pression, f. colique, f. GRIPINGLY, adv. avec des tranchées. GRISKIN, s. grillade de cochon, f. GRISLY, adj. affreux, hideux, horrible. GRIST, s. grain moulu, m. mouture, f. profit, GRISTLE, s. cartilage, m. GRISTLY, adj. cartilagineux. GRIT, s. farine grossiere, sable, m. limaille, f. GRITTY, adj. graveleux, plein de gravier. GRIZZLE, GRIZZLED, adj. grison, grisâtre. GRIZZLY, adj. grisatre, tirant sur le gris. GROAN, v. n. gemir, soupirer. GROAN and GROANING, s. soupir, m. gemissement, m. GROAT, s. une pièce de quatre sous.
GROCER, s. épicier, m.
GROCERY, s. épicier, f. métier d'épicier, m.
GROGRAM, s. sorte d'étoffe à gros grain. GROIN, s. alne, f. GROOM, s. valet, m. domestique, m. garçon, m. paifrenier, m.

GROOVE, s. creux profond, une rainure. GROOVE, v. a. évider, faire une rainure. GROPE, r. a. & n. thier, thionner. GROSS, adj. gros, épais, grossier, choquana GROSS, s. le gros, la plupurt, une grosse. GROSSLY, adv. grossièrement. GROSSNESS, s. grossièreté, f. grosseur, f. epai GROT and GROTTO, s. une grotte. GROTESQUE, adj. grotesque.
GROUND, s. terre, f. terrain, m. champ, bies fonds, m. le plancher, principe, m. fonde ment, m. raison, f. cause, f. sujet, m. sediment, m. lie, f. GROUND, v. a. peser à terre, fonder, établir. GROUND-FLOOR, s. le rez-de-chaussée. GROUND-1VY, s. lierre rampant. SOR. GROUNDLESS, adj. sans fondement, sans rai-GROUNDLESSLY, adv. sans fondement. GROUNDLESSNESS, e. futilité, GROUNDLING, s. (a sort of fish) mèlet, st. GROUNDLY, adv. avec fondement GROUND-PINE, s. encens de terre, m GROUND-PLOT, s. le sol de terre, base, f. GROUND-RENT, s. rente foncière. GROUND-ROOM, s. une chambre basse. GROUNDSEL, s. seuil d'une porte, m. GROUNDWORK, s. fond, m. plan, f. base, f. GROUP, s. groupe; v. a. grouper. GROUT, s. grosse farine, sediment, m. GROVE, s. alies converte, bocage, m. bos-GROVEL, v. n. ramper. [quet, m. GROW, v. n. croitre, devenir, me faire; to grow better, s'améliorer; to grow big, gros-sir; to grow cold, se refroidir; to grow daw, encherr; to grow fat, engraisser; to grow handsome, embellir; to grow heavy, s'appe-santir; to grow hot, s'echauster; to grow late, se faire tard; to grow lease, ma to grow less, diminuer; to grow light, seclaircir; to grow old, vieillir; to grow poer, s'appauvir; to grow rich, s'eurichir; to grow short, décroitre, s'accourcir; to grow stong, se fortifier, prendre des forces; to grow tame, s'epprivoiser; to grow weary, se lasser; to grow well, se retablir; to grow worse, compirer; to grow young, rajemir: to grow into fa-shion, venir à la mode; to grow into a pre-rerb, passer en proverbe; to grow into favour, s'insinuer dans les bonnes graces; se grow near or on, approcher; to grow out, s'étendre; to grow out of date. n'être plus de saison; to grow out of use, passer, n'etre plus d'usage; to grow out of kind, degenterer, s'abatardir; to grow out of estress, perdre son crédit; to grow to, atteindre, parvenir à; *to grow towards*, avance tendre à ; to grow up, croltre, lever, s'éle-Grower, s. qui croît, qui pousse. GROWL, v. n. gronder, murmurer. GROWTH, s. croissance, f. crue, f. cru, m. GRUB, s. un ver, vercoquin, m. un main. GRUB, v. a. defricher, essarter, deraciner. GRUDGE, s. haine inveteree, animonte, f.

GRUDGE, v. a. & n. envier, murmurer.
GRUDGING, s. envie, f. ressentiment, m.
GRUDGINGLY, adv. a contre-coeur, a regret.
GRUEL, s. coulis de grusu, m.
GRUFF, adj. refrogué, rechigné, brusque.

GRUFFRESS, s. aigreur, f. mauvais naturel. GRUMBLE, v. s. murmurer, se plaindre, se

fücher.

GRUFFLY, adr. d'un air refrogne.

GRUMBLER, s grondenr, m.

GRUMBLING, s. murmure, m. plainte, f. GRUNE, s. grumeau, m. GRUMMEL, s. l'herbe aux perles, f. GRUMOUS, adj. grumeleux. GRUNOUSKESS, s. coagulation, f. GRUNT, v. n. grogner, murmurer. GUALACUM, s. (a wood) gayac, m. GUARANTEE, s. guarant, m. caution, f. GUARANTY, v. n. être garant, garantir. GUARD, s. garde, f. dciense, f. bord, m. GUARD, v. a. & n. garder, dciendre. GUARDAN, s. tuteur, tutrice, curateur, curatrice, gardien tutelaire. GUARDIANSHIP, s. tutelle, f. curatelle, f. GUARDSHIP, s. soin, m. garde-côte, m. GUDGEON, s. goujon, m. une amorce. GUESS, s. conjecture, f.; v. a. & n. conjec-GUESSER, s. conjectureur, m. GUESSINGLY, adv. par conjecture. GUEST, s. un hôte, un convié, un convive. GUGGLE, v. n. faire glouglou. GUGGLING, s. glouglou, m. GUIDAGE, s. le salaire d'un guide. GUIDANCE, s. conduite, f. auspices, m. GUIDE, v. a. guider, conduire, mener. GUIDE, s. guide, m. conducteur, m. GUIDON, s. guiden, m. étendard, m. GUILD-ASOCIÉE, compagnie, f. GUILD-HALL, s. la maison de ville. GUILDER, s. un florin, vingt sous de Hol-GUILE, s. fraude, f. artifice, m. [lande, m. GUILEFUL, adj. trompeur, fourbe, imposteur. GUILEFULLY, adv. en traitre, par fraude. GUILEFULNESS, s. fourberie, f. fraude, f. GUILELESS, adj. sans fraude, sincère, sim-GUILT, s. crime, m. faute, f. Guiltiness, s. crime, m. méchanceté, j GUILTLESS, adj. innocent, exempt de crime. Guiltlessly, adv. innocemment. GUILTLESSNESS, s. innocence, f. GUILTY, adj. coupable; adr. coupablement. GUINEA, s. guinée, f. GUISE, s. guinée, f. manière, f. façon, f. mode, GUITAR, s. guitare, f. [gourmand. GULCH and GULCHIN, s. un petit glouton or GULES, s. & adj. gueules, f. de gueules. GULF or GULPH, s. golfe, m. base, f. GULFY, adj. plein de gouffres or d'ablmes. GULL, v. a. duper, tromper, attraper. GULL, s. fraude, f. dupe, f. mouette, f. GULLER, s. fourbe, m. trompeur, m. GULLERY, s. fraude, f. fourbe, f. fourberie, f. GULLET, s. gosier, m. goulot, m. GULLY, v. n. couler avec bruit. GULLY-GUT, x. un gourmand, un glouton. GULLY-HOLE, s. un égoût. GULP, v. a. avaler, boire or manger gloutonnement. , GULP, s. gorgée, f. trait, m. goulée, f. Gum, s. gomme, f. gencive, f. Red-gum, s. rougeurs au visage des enfans. Gum, v. a. gommer. GUMMINESS, GUMMOSITY, s. viscosité. Gummous, adj. gommeux, visqueux. GUMMY, adj. gommeux, gommė. Gun, s. arme a feu, f. fusil, m. mousquet, m. Gunnen, s. canonnier, m. Gunnery, s. la science de canonnier. GUN-POWDER, s. poudre à canon, f. GUN-ROOM, s. la sainte barbe. GUN-SHOT, s. portée du mousquet, f. Gun-smith, s. armurier, m. arquebusier, m. GUN-STICK, s. baguette, f. GUN-STOCK, s. monture d'un fusil, f.

Guneron, s. farine grossière. GURGLE, v. n. couler avec bruit. Gush, v. z. couler avec violence, ruisseler. GUSH and GUSHING, s. ecoulement, m. flux, m. saillie, f. GUSTET, s. gousset, m.
GUST, s. goût, m. desir, m. bouffée, f.
GUSTABLE, adj. agréable, au goût.
GUSTATION, s. l'action de goûter, goût, m. Gustrul, adj. qui a de la saveur. [tonnerie, f. Gusty, adj. orageux. GUT, s. boyau, m. intestin, m. ventre, m. glou-Gut, v. a. éventrer, vider. GUTTER, s. une gouttière, creux, m. GUTTER, v. a. canneler; v. n. couler. GUTTER-TILE, sune faitière, une tuile creuse. GUTTLE, v. a. & n. se gorger, bafrer. GUZZLE, v. a. & n. ivrogner, gargoter. GUZZLER, s. goinfre, m. ivrogue, m. GYNNASIÚM, s. le gymnase. Gynnastick and Gynnick, adj. gymnique, gymnastique. GYMNASTICE, s. gymnastique, f. GYRE, s. cercle, m. cirque, m. GYRATION, s. mouvement circulaire, m. Gyve, v. n. enchaîner, charger de fers. Gyves, s. fers qu'on met aux pieds, m.

H.

HABEAS CORFUS, s. privilège qu'ont les pri-sonniers en Angleterre de faire évoquer leur cause au tribunal du Banc du Roi. HABERDASHER, s. petit mercier. HABERDINE, s. merluche salee. HABERGEON, s. corselet, m. [equipage, m. HABILIMENT, s. habillement, m. attirail, m. HABILITATE, v. a. habiliter, rendre capable HABILITATION, s. habilité, f. qualification, f. HABILITY, s. pouvoir, m. faculté, f. HABIT, s. habitude, f. constitution, f. disposition, f. habit, m. habilement, m. [biter. HABIT, v. a. habiller, accounter. [biter. HABITABLE, adj. habitable, qu'on peut ha-HABITANT, s. habitant, m. [jour, ss. HABITATION, s. habitation, f. demure, f. se-HABITUAL, adj. habituel, accoutume. HABITUALLY, adr. habituellement. HABITUATE, v. a. habituer, accounter. HABITUDE, s. habitude, f. familiarité, f. HAB-RAB, s. hazard, m. ; adv. au hazard. HACK, v. a. hacher; v. n. se louer. [lin. Hackle, s. soie crué, f.; v. a. scrancer du Hackley, s. un cheval de louage. A hackney-coach, un carrosse de louage. HACKNEY, adj. de louage, mercenaire. HACKNEY, v. a. exercer, pratiquer. HADDOCK, s. sorte de merluche. HAFT, s. manche, f. poignée, f.; v. n. emman-HAG, s. une furie; v. a. tourmenter. HAGGARD, adj. sauvage, farouche, hagard. HAGGESS, c. sorte de boudin blanc. HAGGLE, v. a. couper; v. n. marchander. HAGGLER, s. un barguigneur, une bargui-HAGIOGRAPHER, s. écrivain sacré. [gnesse. HAIL, s. grêle, f., v. s. grêler, saluer. HAIL, sm. salut! bon jour! bien vous soit! HAILSHOP, s. poste, f. balle de plomb. HAILSHOP, s. grain de grêle, m. HAILY, adj. de grêle. HAIR, s. cheveu, m. poil, m. soies, f. crin, m. HAIRBELL, jacinthe or hiscinthe, f.

HAIRBROOM, s. balai de crin, m. houssoir, m. || HAIR-BUTTORS, s. pl. boutons de crin, m. HAIR-CLOTH, s. haire, f. cilice, m. HAIRED, adj. qui a des cheveux. Red-haired, rousseau, qui a les cheveux roux. HAIRINESS, s. quantité de cheveux, f. HAIRINESS, s. ruban pour attacher les che-HAIRLESS, adj. chauve. [veux, m. HAIRY, adj. velu, chevelu, couvert de poil. HALBERD, s. hallebarde, f. HALCYON, s. halcyon, m.; adj. paisible, heu-[reux. HALR, adj. sain, fort, vigoureux. HALE, v. a. tirer, trainer, haler. HALF, s. moitie, f. demi, demie. HALF, adj. demi; adv. à demi, à moitié. HALF-BLOODED, adj. dégénéré. abâtardi. HALF-FACED, adj. qui ne se montre que de HALF-MOON, s. demi-lune, f. HALF-PENNY, s. un demi-sou.
HALF-PINT, s. demi-pinte, f. chopine, f.
HALF-SPHERE, s. hemisphere, m. HALF-WAY, adr. à demi-chemin. HALF-WIT, s. un petit esprit, un esprit foible. HALIBUT, s. sorte de plie (poisson.) HALLTUOUS, adj. fumeux.

[f. HALL, s. salle, f. palais, m. barreau, m. balle, HALLAGE, s. droit de balle, m. HALLELUJAH, s. alléluia, m. [des cris. HALLOO, v. a. & n. haler, encourager par HALLOW, v. a. sanctifier, consacrer. HALLUCINATION, s. méprise, f. erreur, [bevue, f. HALM, s. tuyau de ble, m. Halo, s. balo, m. HALSER, s. hansière, f. [hansière. HALSTER, s. celui qui hale un bateau avec un HALT, v. a. boiter, clocher, s'arrêter. HALT, s. halte, f.; estropie, boiteux. HALTER, f. corde, f. hart, f. licou, m. HALTER, v. a. enchevetrer. [deux. HALVE, r. a. partager par moitié, diviser en HAM, s. le jarret, jambon, m. hameau, m. HAMATED, adj. qui a des crochets. HAME, s. attelle de cheval, f. paille, f. HAMLET, s. petit village, hameau, m. HAMMER, s. un marteau. [forger, hésiter. HAMMER, v. a. battre à coups de marteau, HAMMOCK, s. un hamac, un branle. HAMPER, s. un grand panier or une botte. Hampen, v. a. embarrasser. engager. Hanstring, s. le tendon, le nerf du jarret. HAMSTRING, v. a. couper les jarrets. HAND, s. la main, ecriture, f. signature, f. seing, m. paume, f. côté, m. part, f. en-droit, m. prix, m. marche, m. homme, m. travailleur, m. gens, m. monde, m. jen, m. To get the better hand, avoir l'avantage. Under-hand, sous main, secretement. Near at hand, a la main, tout près. Out of hand, vite, d'abord, incontinent. Hand over head, tête baissée, en étourdi. de concert, d'intelligence. Hand in hand, HAND, v. a. donner de main en main, donner la main, conduire par la main, manier. HAND-BARROW, s. civière. HAND-BASKET, s. panier à anse, m. HAND-BELL s. une clothette, une sonnette. HAND-BREADTH, s. paume, f. largebr de la HANDER, s. qui transmet. [main. HANDFAST, s. arrêt, m. prison, m. HAND-FETTERS, s. menottes, f. Tpeu. HANDFUL, s. poignée, f. un peut nombre, HAND-GALLOP, s. un petit galop. HANDICRAFT, s. meticr, m. art mecanique.

HANDICRAFTSMAN, e. un artisan. HANDILY, adv. adroitement, avec adre HANDIRESS, s. adresse, f. dextérité, f. HANDIWORK, s. ouvrage manuel. HARDKERCHIEF, s. un mouchoir. duire. HANDLE, r. a. manier, toucher, traiter, con HANDLE, s. anse, f. manche, m. bras, m. po HAND-LEATHER, s. manicle. HANDLESS, s. manchot, m. HANDLING, s. l'action de manier, mamem HANDMAID, s. une servante. HANDMILL, s. moulin à bras, m. moulinet, m. HANDSAILS, s. pl. petites voiles. HANDSAW, s. petite scie, scie à main, f. HANDSEL, s. étrenne; r. a. étrenner. HANDSOME, adj. beau, bel, belle. HANDSOMELY, adr. bien, fort bien, joliment. HANDSOMENESS, s. beaute, f. grace, f. HAND-STROKK, s. coup de main, m. HAND-WORM, s. (an insect) ciron, m. Hand-writing, s. ecriture, f HANDY, adj. de main, manuel, convenable. dre; v. n. pendre, ettre pendu or suspendre; to hang about, être en arrière; rechang back, être en arrière; rechang by, appendre; to hang down, pendre en has, baisser; to hang out, êtendre, de-ployer, to hang out, etendre, de-ployer, to hang out, etendre, de-ployer, to hang out, pendre en las, baisser; to hang out, etendre, de-ployer, to hang out, pendre en las, baisser; to hang out, etendre, de-ployer, to hang out, pendre en las, baisser; to hang out, etendre, de-ployer. ployer; to hang up, pendre or auscher en haut; to hang loose, pendiller. HANGER, s. pendant, m. coutelas, m. HANGER-ON, s. un perasite, un écoraifieur. HANGING, s. l'action de pendre, tenture, f. HANGING, part. adj. pendable, patibulaire. HANGING, h. e bourreau. HANK, s. peloton, m. echeveau, m. pench HANKER, r. n. desirer passionnement. HANSE, HANSKATICK, adj. anseatique. HAN'T, for has not, or have not. HAP, s. hasard, m. sorte, m. accident, m. HAP, a. n. arriver, se passer. HAPLESS, adj. malheureux, miserable. HAPLY, adr. peut-être, par hasard. HAPPEN, v. n. arriver, avenir, se passer. HAPPILY, adv. heureusement, par bosheur. HAPPINESS, s. bonheur, m. felicité, f. HAPPY, adj. heureux, fortuné. HARANGUE, s. harangue, f., n. n. haranguer. HARANGUER, s. orateur, m. harangueur, m. HARASS, r. a. harasser, lasser, fatiguer. HARBINGER, s. fourrier, m. avant coureur, HARBINGER, s. fourrier, m. avant coureur, HARBOUR, s. asile, m. refuge, m. HARBOUR, v. a. & n. heberger, loger, secueillir, retirer, séjourner, se refugier. HARD, adj. dur, ferme, solide, difficile, pénible, triste, ardu, sèvere, cruel, ruda, grossier, 'âpre, defavorable, mauvais. Hard of belief, incrédule.

HARD, adv. fort, beaucoup. violemment. Hard or Hard-hu. nrès tout près. Hard or Hard-by, près, tout près. HARD-DRINKING, s. exces de vin, m. HARDEN, v. a. & n. endureir, s'endureir. HARD-HEARTED, adj. insensible, inflexible HARDHEARTEDNESS, s. dureté de cour, f HARDILY, adv. hardiment, couragensement HARDILY, adv. hardiment, courageosement. HARDINESS, s. fatigue, f. forte, f. HARDINESS, s. fatigue, f. forte, f. HARDINESS, s. dureté, f. fermeté, f. difficulté, HARDS or HURDS, s. étoupes, f. pl. [f. HARDSHIP, s. dureté, f. fatigue, f. HARDSHIP, s. dureté, f. fatigue, f. HARDY, adj. hardi, brave, fort, robuste, dur. HARDY, adj. hardi, brave, fort, robuste, dur.

HARE, s. un lièvre. Young hare, levraut, ss. | HATERD, s. haine, f. aversion, f. détentation, HATERD, s. un chapelier ; v. a. harasser. [f HARE, s. un nevre. zoung mare, nevisus, m. HAREBRANNED, adj. étourdi, écervelé, leger. HAREBRANNED, adj. étourdi, écervelé, leger. HARELIP, s. bec de lièvre. HARELIP, s. bec de lièvre m. HARIER, s. sorte de chien levrier. HARK, interj. écoute, écoutez ; v. n. écouter. HARLEQUIN, s. on barlequin, un farceur. HARLOT, s. une putain, une prostituée. HARLOTRY, s. métier de prostituée, m. HARM, s. tort, m. mal, m. malheur, m. HARM, s. a. faire du mal, faire tort, nuire. HARMFUL, adj. mal-fesant, dangereux, nui-HARMFULLY, adv. dangerensement. [sible. HARMLESS, adj. innocent, sain et sauf. HARMLESSLY, adv. innocemment, sans mal. HARMLESSNESS, s. innocence, f.
HARMONICAL, HARMONICK, adj. harmomique, harmonieux. HARMONIOUS, adj. harmonieux. HARMONIOUSLY, adv. harmonicusement. HARMONIZE, v. a. rendre harmonieux. HARMONY, s. harmonie, f. accord, m.
HARBESS, s. armure, f. harmois, m.
HARBESS, s. harmore, s. harmacheur,
HARPES, harpe, f.; v. s. jouer de la harpe.
MARPER, s. un joueur de harpe, m. HARPOONER, s. harpon, m. HARPOONER, s. harponneur, m. HARPSICORD, s. un clavecin. HARPY, s. harpie, f. HABRIDAN, s. une baridelle, une putain usée. HARROW, s. une herse; v. a. herser. HARRY, v. a. haramer, harceler, troubler, tourmenter. Harsu, adj. âpre, rude au goût, dur. Harsuly, adv. rudement, durement. HARSHNESS, s. aprete, f. aigreur, f. rudesse. HARSELT, s. ontrailles, f. viscères, m. HART, s.`un cerf. Hartshorf, s. corde de cerf, f. HARTSTONGUE, s. scolopendre, f. HARTSWORT, s. aristoloche, f. seseli, m. HARVEST, s. moisson, f.; v. a. moissonner. HARVESTER, HARVEST-MAN, s. moissonneur, m. Hasn, s. hachis, m. ; v. a. hacher. MASP, s. une agraffe, un crochet; v. d. agraffer, accrocher. HASSOCK, s. natte, f. paillasson, m. HASTE, s. hate, f. vitesse, f. diligence, f. Haste and Hasten, v. c. & r. håter, presser, se håter, se dépècher.

Hasten, se dépècher.

Hastinzs, s. håte, å la håte, en colère.

Hastinzs, s. håte, f. promptiude, f.

Hastings, s. fruits båtifs, pots håtifs, se. HASTY, adj. prompt, diligent, precipité. HASTY-PUDDING, s. sorte de bouillie. HAT, s. un chapeau. [prêt à éclorre. HATCH, v. a. couver, tramer, hacher; v. n. être HATCH, s. couvee de petits, f. demi-porte. HATCHEL, s. séran, m.; v. a. sérancer. HATCHELLER, s. sérancier, m. HATCHELLER, s. sérancier, m. HATCHET, s. hache, f. cognée, f. HATCHMENT, s. écusson, m. [tillés, HATCHMENT, s. écusson, m. [tillés, f. m. HATCH-WAY, s. passage à travers les écou-HATE, v. a. hair, détester; s. haine, f. HATEFUL, adj. hairsable, odieux, détestable. HATEFULLY, adv. d'une manière odieuse. HATEFULNESS, s. qualité odieuse. HATER, s. celui qui ban, ennemi. A hater of men, un misanthrope.

HAUGHTILY, adv. fièrement, insolemment. HAUGHTINESS, s. hauteur, f. fierté, f. HAUGHTY, adj. hautein, fièr, arrogant. HAUL, v. a. tirer, tirailler, haler. HAULING, s. tiraillement, m. attelle, f. HAUM, s. chaume, m. paille, f. HAUNCH, s. la hanche, cuisse, f. HAUNT, v. a. & n. hanter, frequenter, visiter. HAUNT. s. retraite, f. repaire, m. HAUNTER, s. celui qui hante, qui frequente. HAUNTING, s. frequentation, f. hantise, f. HAUTBOY, s. hauthois, m., sorte de fraise, f. HAVE, v. a. avoir, posseder, tenir, s'avoir. To have rather, aimer mieux. HAVER, s. havre, m. port, m. asile, m. HAVERER, s. inspecteur d'un port, m. HAVING, s. avoir, m. biens, m. possessions, f. HAVOCK, s. degût, m. ravage, m. HAVOCK, v. a. ravager, devaster, saccager. HAW, e. cenelle, f. tache dans l'œil, f. clos, HAW-THORN, s. aubépine, f. HAW, v. s. hésiter en parlant. HAWK, s. faucon, m. epervier, m. crachement, m.; v. n. chasser à l'oiseau, cracher. HAWKED, adj. aquilin, recourbé. HAWKER, s. colporteur, m. revendeur, m Hawses, s. trous par où on passe les cables. HAY, s. foin, m. panneau, m. olivettes, f. pl. HAY-COCK, s. meule de foin, f. HAY-HARVEST, s. fenaison, f. recolte des foins, f. HAY-LOFT, s. fenil, m. grange, f. m. HAYMAKER, s. faneur, faneuse. HAY-STACK of HAY-RICK, s. gros tas de foin.
HAZARD, s. hasard, m. peril, m. risque, m. danger, m. blouse, f. grille, f. d'un jeu de paume, chance, f. (jeu de des)
HAZARD, v. a. hasarder, risquer. HAZARDABLE, adj. risquable, hasardeux. HAZARDOUS, adj. hasardeux, dangereux. HAZARDOUSLY, adv. dangereusement. HAZE, s. brouillard, m. brume, f. HAZE, v. n. être nébuloux ; v. a. effrayer. HAZEL OF HAZEL-TREE, s. noisetier, m. coudrier, m. HAZEL-NUT, s. noisette, f. HAZEL, HAZELLY, adf. couleur de noisette. HAZY, adj. nebuleux, sombre, obscur. HEAD, s. tête, chef, m. principal, m. The head of a river, of a book, of a hute, of a ship, boat, care, arrow, fee, la source d'un riviere, titre ou le frontispice d'un livre, le manche d'un lut, l'avant d'un vaisseau, le bec d'un bâteau, la pomme d'une canne, la pointe d'une flèche; head of a cask, fond d'un tonneau. HEAD, v. a. commander en chef, diriger. HEAD-ACH OF HEAD-AKE, s. mal de tête, m. HEAD-BAND, s. bandeau, m. bande, f HEAD-BOARD OF A BED, s. dossier de ht, ss. HEAD-CURTAIN, s. bonne grace, f. HEAD-DRESS, s. coiffe, f. coiffure de femme, HEADILY, adv. brusquement, étourdiment. HEADINESS, s. brusquerie, f. étourderie, f. HEAD-LAND, s. cap, m. promontoire, m. HEADLESS, adj. sans tete, sans chef. HEADLONG, adj. imprudent, inconsidéré. HEADLONG, adv. tête baissée. HEADPIECE, s. casque, m. tête, f. le frontal (d'une bride) le linteau d'une porte, les douves (d'un tonneau), f.

HEADQUARTERS, s. le quartier du général. HEAD-ROLL, s. bouriet, m. HEADSHIP, s. primauté, f. HEADSMAN, s. le bourreau, l'exécuteur de la haute justice, m. HEADSTALL, s. la tétière d'une bride. HEADSTONE, s. la pierre angulaire. HEADSTRONG, adj. têm, opiniâtre, vicieux. HEADSTRUME, and, seems, presently, the new years, s. mattre ouvrier, m. HEADY, adj. tem, violent, capiteux. HEAL, v. a. & n. guerir, se guerir. HEALER, s. medecin, m. guérisseur, m. HEALING, s. guerisson, m HEALING, part. adj. curatif, consolidant, sa-lutaire, doux. HEALTH, s. sante, f. [salutaire. HEALTHFUL, adj. sain, qui est en bonne santé, HEALTHFULLY, adv. en bonne sante. HEALTHFULNESS, s. santé, f. salubrité, f. HEALTHILY, adv. en bonne santé. HEALTHINESS, s. santé, f. [firme. HEALTHLESS, adj. valétudinaire, foible, in-HEALTHSOME, adj. sain, salutaire, salubre. HEALTHY, adj. sain, en sante, qui se porte bien. HEAP, s. monceau, m. tas, m. amas, m. HEAP, v. a. entasser, amonceler, amasser. HEAPER, s. celui qui entasse, qui amasse. HEAPY, adj. mis en tas, emoncelé. HEAR, v. a. & n. ouir, entendre, écouter, donner audience, apprendre, entendre dire. HEARER, s. auditeur, m. HEARING, s. l'ouie, f. audience, f. HEAREEN, v. n. écouter, prêter l'oreille. HEARKENER, s. un écouteur, une écouteuse. HEARSAY, s. oul-dire, m. rapport, m. HEART, s. coeur, m. courage, m. milieu, m. centre, m. substance, f. HEART-ACH, s. chagrin, m. peine, f. HEART-BREAK or HEART-BREAKING, s. crève-cœur, m. HEART-BREAKING, adj. desolant, accablant. HEART-BURNING, s. ardeurs de cœur, haine, HEART-DEAR, adj. bien-aimé. HEART-EASE, s. tranquillité d'esprit, HEARTED, adj. vaillant, courageux, hardi. HEARTEN, r. a. encourager, animer. HEART-IELT, adj. eprouve, senti au fond du HEARTH, s. atre, m. foyer, m. (cœur. HEARTH-MONEY, s. fouage, m. HEARTILY, astr. de coeur, de bon coeur, sincèrement. HEARTINESS, s. sincérité, f. cordialité, f. HEARTLESS, adj. sans coeur, décourage, HEARTLESSLY, adr.sans courage, làchement. HEARTLESSNESS, s. manque de courage, m. HEART-STRINGS, s. pl. les fibres du cœur, m. pl. HEART-STRUCK, adj. perce au cœur, effraye. HEARTY, adj. sincère, cordial, qui se porte bien, fort, vigoureux, grand, bon.

HEAT, s. chaleur, f. chaud, m. ardeur, f. feu, m. webemence, f. colère, f. passion, f. fougue, f. course, f. bouton, m. pustule, f. bourgeon, m. HEAT, v. a. chauffer, echauffer. HEATER, s. un fer chaud. Ileath, s. bruyère, f. [lin, m. Reath-cock, s. coq de bruyère, m. franco-HEATHEN, s. & adj. palens, m. palen. HEATHENISH, adj. paven, de paven, idolûtre. ILEATHERISH, sap. pasen, de paien, moisure. HELLERISH, s. (a piant) eucocre, m.
HEATHERISHEY, adc. en paien. Jenne. HELLERISH, s. hellenisme, m.
HELL-HAUNTED, adj. fréquence par le diable

HEATHY, adj. plein or convert de bruyeres. HEAVE, v. a. de n. lever, élever, palpiner, fermenter, travailler, virer. HEAVEN, s. le ciel, le firmament, les cieux. HEAVENLY, adj. divin, coleste, du ciel. HEAVENLY, adv. divinement. HEAVENWARD, adv. vers le ciel, en hant. HEAVINESS, speanment, leutement.

HEAVINESS, s. peanment, f. poids, m. essuppissement, m. essui, m. tristeese, f. fertille, f. HEAVY, edj. pesant, lourd, assoupi, stapide, triste, melancolique, affligeant. HEBDORAD, s. une semaine HEBDOMAL, HEBDOMADARY, ed. hebdomadaire. HEBETATE, v. a. hébéter, émousser. Hebraism, s. hébraisme, m. Hebraist, Hebrician, s. un Hébraissent. HEBREW, adj. & s. Hébraique, Hébras, m. HECATOMB, s. bécasombe, f. HECTICAL and HECTICE, adj. etique, qui HECTICE, s. la fièvre étique. [001 HECTOR, s. un fanfaron, un faux brave. HECTOR, г. а. & я. braver, faire le fam HECTORING, s. fanfaronnade, f. HEDGE, s. haie, f. A quicket heige, una haie vive. HEDGE, v. a. entourer de haies. Hedge-born, adj. de basse man Hedge-Hog, s. (un animal) un herison. HEDGE-PLANT, s. (a plant) viorne, f. HEDGER, s. un fessur de haies. HEDGE-ROW, s. espalier, m. [baie, = Hedge-sparrow, s. un verdon, 1 [quer. Hedging-bill, s. une serpe. HEED, v. a. faire attention à , observer , re HEED, s. garde, f. attention, f. soin, m. HEEDFUL, adj. attentif, soigueux, prades HEEDFULLY, adv. attentivement, predemment. HEEDFULNESS, a. attention, f. soin, s. HEEDLESS, adj. inattentif. negligent. HEEDLESSLY, adv. negligenment. [J. HEEDLESSLY, adv. negligence, f. impredence, HEEL. s. talon, m.; v. n. danser, peacher d'un côté. HEEL-MAKER, s. talonnier, m. HEEL-PIECE, s. hamsse, f. bout de talon, m. HEFT, s. effort, m. poids, m. anse, f. mauche, m HEGIRA, s. hégire, f. ère des Mehométans. HEIFER, s. genisse, f. jeune vache, f. HEIGHO, interj. Ah! Hélas! HEIGHT, s. hauteur, f. clévation, f. grandest, HEIGHTEN, e. a. relever, rohausar, clever. HEINOUS, adj. odieux, détestable, atroce. HEINOUSLY, adc. horriblement. Heinousness, s. atrocité, f. énormité, f. HEIR, s. héritier, m. ; r. a. hériter. HEIRESS, s. beritière, HEIRLESS, adj. sansheritier. HEIRLOOM, a biens annexes à un Franc-al-HEIRS OF HEIRESSES, s. pl. hoirs, m. pl.
HEIRS OF HEIRESSES, s. pl. hoirs, m. pl.
HEIRSHIP, s. qualité d'heritier, f. hourse, f
HELIACAL, adj. heliaque.
HELIOTROPE, s. heliotrope, f. tournessel, m. Hell, s. enfer, m HELL-FIRE, s. feu d'enfer. HELLEBORE, s. (a plant) ellébore, m. HELLERISM, s. hellénisme, m.

TRELLISH, adj. infernal, d'enfer. ELLISHLY, adv. d'une manière infernale. HELLISHLY, dav. u uno mandi. HELLISHBESS, s. méchanceté infernale. l'anfar. [trati HELLWARD, edv. vers l'onfer. [tration, f. HELM, s. timon, m. gouvernail, m. adminis-HELM of HELMET, s. un casque, heanme, m. HELP, v. a. nider, secourir, servir, éviter. HELP, s. aide, f. secours, m. support, m. HELPER, s. aide, m. celui qui aide. HELPFUL, sdj. utile, secourable, salutaire. HELPLESS, edj. perclus, sans appui, aban-donné, irremediable, sans ressource. HELPLESSI.Y, adv. sans secours, sans remède. HELPLESSEES, s. manque de secours, m. HELTER-SKELTER, adn. pêle-mêle. HELVE, s. le manche; v. a. emmancher. HEM, s. ourlet, m. hord, m. hem, m. HEM, v. a. ourler, border, enfermer. HEM, v. n. tousser violemment, appeler. HEMICYCLE, s. hémicycle, m. demi-cercle, m HEMISPHERE, s. hémisphère, m. HEMISPHERICAL, HEMISPHERICE, adj. hémisphérique. HEMISTICE, s. un bémistiche. HEMLOCE, s. (a plant) cigue, f. HEMORRHAGE, s. hemorragie, f. HEMORRHOIDAL, adj. hémorroidal. HEMORRHOIDS, s. hémorroides, f. HEMP, s. chanvre, m HEMP-CLOSE, s. chénevière, f. HEMPEN, adj. de chanvre. HEMP-SEED, s. chenevi, m.
HEM, s. une poule, la femelle (d'un oiseau.)
A Turkey-hen, une poule d'Inde. A Turkey-hen, une poule d'ance.

Moor-hen, foulque, sa. poule d'en, f.
Guines-hen, poule d'Afrique.

HERBARZ, s. (an herb) jusquiame, f.

MERBIT, s. (a plant) mort aux poules, f.

HERGE, adv. d'eci, de là. HENCEFORTH, adv. désormais, à l'avenir. HENGEFORWARD, adv. desormais, à l'aveair. HENBECAGON, s. bendécagone, m. HEB-HEARTED, adj. làche, qui a un cour de HER-HOUSE, s. poulailler, m. HEN-RECED, adj. gouverné par sa femme.
HEN-ROOST, s. juchoir, s.
HEPATICAL, HEPATICK, adj. hépatique, du
HEPS, s. pl. fruit d'aubépine, ss.
[foie. HEPTAGON, s. eptagone or heptagone, m. HEPTARCHY, s. heptarchie. f. HER, pron. son, sa, ses, la, lui, elle. HERALD, s. un héraut. [moiries. HERALDRY, s. blason, m. la science des ar-HERALDSHIP, s. l'office d'un héraut, m. HERB, s. herbe, f. Pot-herbs, herbes pota-gères. Herb of grace, rue, f. HERBACE, s. herbage, m. pâture, f.
HERBACE, s. herbage, m. pâture, f.
HERBAL, s. un traité de botanique.
HERBALIST, s. un herboriste, un botaniste. HERRIFEROUS, HERBOUS, adj. herbeux, herbu. HERB-WOMAN, s. herbière, f. vendeuse d'herbes. HERBY, adj. de la nature des herbes. HERCULBAN, adj. d'Hercule, difficile. HERD, s. troupe, f. troupeau, m. horde, f. HERD, s. n. alter en troupe, a'attrouper. HERDSMAN, s. pâtre, m. celui qui garde le HERE, adv. ici, ici-bas, voici. [betail. HEREABOUTS, adv. ici autour, par ici HEREAFTER, adv. desormais, à l'avenir. HEREAT, adv. à ceci, à cela. Herr-Below, adv. ci-dessous.

HEREBY, adv. par ceci, ainsi, par ce moyen, par là, par ces présentes. HEREDITAREST, s. Héritage, m. hoirie, f. HEREDITARY, adj. héréditaire. HEREFROM, adv. d'ici. HEREIN, HEREINTO, adv. en ceci, en ce point. HEREOF, adr. de ceci, d'ici, de là. HEREON, adr. là dessus HERESIARCH, v. hérésiarque, m. HERESY, s. bérésie, f. HERETICAL, adj. bérétique HERETICE, s. un or une hérétique. HERETO, adv. à ceci. HERETOFORE, adv. autrofois, esperevast, jadis, anciennement HEREUNTO, add. à ceci. HEREUPON, adv. là-dessus, sur ces entrefaites. HEREWITH, adv. avec ceci, per ceci. HERITABLE, adj. qui peut heriter. HERITAGE, s. héritage, m. succession, f. HERMAPERODITE, s. hermaphrodite, s. HERMAPERODITE, s. hermaphrodite, s. HERMETICAL, HERMETICE, s. hermétiquement. HERMIT, s. un hermite, un solitaire, un an-HERMITAGE, s. hermitage, s. [chorète.] HERMITAGE, s. hermitage, ss. [chor HERMITICAL, adj. d'hermite. HERM, contracted for Heron, s. heron, ss. HERMA, s. hermie, f. descente, f. HERNIA GUTTURIS, s. goltre, s HERO, s. béros, ss. homme vaillant. HERODIAN, àdj. pédiculaire. HEROICAL, adj. béroïque. HEROICALLY, adv. béroiquement. HEROICE, adj. béroique, de béros. HEROINE, HERUESS, s. une béroine. HEROISM, s. héroisme, m. courage, m. HERON, s. un héron. A young heron, un héronneau. HERRING, s. hareng, m. Red-herring, hareng HERRING-TIME. s. harengeaison, HERRING-WOMAN, s. barengere, HERSE, s. cercueil, une bière. [lancer. HESITATE, v. n. hésiter, être en suspens, ba-HESITATION, HESITANGY, s. doute, ss. incertitude, f. HETEROCLITE, adj. historoclite. HETERODONY, s. heterodonie, f. HETEROGENEAL, HETEROGENEOUS, adj. heterogène. HETEROGENEITY, s. hétérogénéité, f. HETEROSCIANS, s. pl. hétérosciens, ss. HEW, v. a. couper, tailler, aviver, abattre. HEWER, s. abatteur, m. coupeur, m. buch (ron, HEXAGON, s. un hexagone. HEXAGONAL, adj. benagone, qui a six côtes. HEXAMETER, s. benauctre, m. HEYDAY, interj. ouais! hola! HIATUS, s. ouverture, f. lacune, f. hiatus, st. HIBERSAL, adj. d'hiver. [quet. Hiccough, s. hoquet, m.; v. n. avoir le ho-HIDE, v. a. & n. cacher, couvrir: A hidingplace, cachette, f. retraite, f. HIDE AND SEEK, s. cligne musette, f. HIDE, s. peau, f. cuir, m. Hide of land, mesuro de quarante arpens, f. HIDEBOUND, adj. roide, avare, taquin. HIDEOUS, adj. hideux, affreux, horrible. HIDEOUSLY, adv. hideosement, affreusement. HIDROUSERSS, s. difformité, f. horreur, f. HIE, v. n. se hâter, se presser. HIERARCH, s. le chef d'une Hierarchie, HIERARCHICAL, adj. hierarchique. HIERARCHY, s. hierarchie. f.

HIEROGLYPHICK, s. un hiéroglyphe, un em- || HIVE, s. ruche, f. Hive-dress, cire à domi HIEROGLYPHICAL, HIEROGLYPHICK, adj... hiéroglyphique. HIGGLE, v. n. revendre. HIGGLEDY-PIGGLEDY, adv. pêle-mêle. HIGGLER, s. revendeur, m. coquetier, m High, adj. haut. eleve, grand, sublime, fier, altier, empulé, plein.

HIGH, s. hauteur, f. haut, m. élévation, f.

HIGH, adv. haut, fort, grandement. HIGH-FLOWN, adj. orgueilleux, sier. HIGH-FLYING, adj. extravagant dans ses opi-HIGHLAND, s. pays montagneux. [nions. HIGHLANDER, s. montagnard. m. HIGHLY, adv. fort, beaucoup, infiniment. HIGH-MINDED, adj. fier, arrogant, ambitieux. HIGHNESS, s. altesse, f. hautesse, f. HIGH-SPIRITED, adj. fier, audacieux, hardi. HIGH-WATER, s. haute maree. HIGHWAY, s. grand chemin. HIGHWAYMAN, s. voleur de grand chemin, m. HILL, s. eminence, f. elevation, f. HILLOCK, s. une colline, une éminence. HILLY, adj. montagneux, montueux. Hilt, s. la poignée (d'une épée.) Him, pron. le, lui. (mén (méme,tout,seul. Himself, pron. lui même, se, mêm Hin, s. (a measure of ten pints) bin, m. même, soi HIND, s. biche, f. un valet, un paysan.
HIND and HINDER, adj. postérieur, de der-HINDER, v. a. empécher, arrêter. [rière.
HINDERMOST, HINDMOST, adj. le dermer.
HINDERMOST, HINDMOST, adj. le dermer.
HINGE, s. gond, m. charmière, f. pivot, m. HINGE, v. a. fixer, appuyer, supporter.

HINT, s. insinuation, f. avis, m. soupcon, m.
ouverture, f. suggestion, f. idée, f.

HINT, r. a. donner à entendre, insinuer. Hip.s. la hanche, gratte-cu, m. Hip-cour, s. la sciatique. HIPPISH, adj. hypocondriaque, mélancolique. HIPPOCRASS, s. hippocentaure, m. HIPPOCRASS, s. hippocras, m. HIPPOPOTAMUS, s. hippopotame, m. Hirsнот, adj. dehanche Iline, s. louage, m. salaire, m. gages, m. HIRE, r. a. louer, prendre or donner à louage. HIRELING, s. & adj. mercenaire, m. HIRSE, s. millet or mil, m. His, pron. pos. son, sa, ses, à lui, le sien, la sienne, les siens, les siennes Hiss, v. a. & n. siffler, se railler, se moquer. HISS and HISSING, s. sifflement, m. HIST, interj. st! chut! paix! HISTORIAN, s. historien, m. HISTORICAL, HISTORICK, adj. historique. HISTORICALLY, adr. historiquement. HISTORIOGRAPHER, s. historiographe, m. HISTORIOGRAPHY, s. historiographie, f. HISTORY, J. histoire, f. HISTRIONICAL, HISTRIONICK, adj. de bouf-HIT, v. a. & n. frapper, rencontrer, atteindre. HIT, s. coup, m. atteinte, f HIT OR MISS, à tout hasard. [couper. HITCH, v. n. se démener, se trémousser, se HITCHEL, v. a. sérancer. See Hatchel. HITHE, s. quai, m. port de rivière, m. HITHER, adj. plus proche, plus près, de ce Нітнен, adv. ici, y, çà. [côté-c Нітненност, adj. le plus proche. Нітненто, adv. jusqu'ici, jusqu'à présent. [côté-ci. HITHTHWARD, adr. de ce côté ci.

faite, f. [retirer. HIVE, v. a. & n. mettre dans des ruches, se HIVER, s. celui qui met les abeilles dans les Ho and HoA, interj. he! ho! ruches. HOAR-PROST, s. gelée blanche. HOARD, s. amas, m.; v. a. & n. amasser. HOARDER, s. celui qui amasse. HOARINESS, s. cheveux blancs, f. blanchear, HOARSE, adj. enroue, rauque. HOARSELY, adv. d'un voix enrouée. HOARSENESS, s. enrouement, m. rancité, f. HOARY, adj. blanc, blanchâtre, moisi. Horber, r. n. boiter, clocher, être boiteux. Hobble, s. démarche inégale. Hobby, s. hobereau, m. un benét, un stupide. A hobby-horse, cheval de bois, si Hobbo BLIN, a spectre, st. fantais Hobit, s. espèce de petit mortier à bombes Rhin HOBNAIL, s. clou à grosse tête. HOCK and HOCKANORE, s. de vieux vin du Hock, s. le jarret ; v. a. couper le jarret. HOCKHERB, s. mauve, f. (rie, f. Hocus-rocus, s. un tour de gibecière, filoute-Hod, s. oiseau (pour porter le mortier.) Hodge-Podge, s. hochepot, m. HODMAN, s. manœuvrier qui porte le Hom, s. houe, f.; v. a. houer, becher. Hoo, s. cochon, m. pourceau, m. porc, m Hog-вардев, s. un bléreau, un tai Hoggish, adj. de cochon. [ment HOGGISHLY, adv. comme un cochon, goulu-Hoggishnuss, s. gloutomerie, f. gros èreté, f. HOGHERD, s. porcher, gardeur de cocl Hogs-cherk, s. une jose de cochon. Hogs-sty, s. étable à cochon, f. [choss, f. Hogwash, s. lavure qu'on donne sux co-HOIDER, s. une fille maladroite; v. a. folà-Hoise, Hoise, r. a. lever, hausser. HOLD, v. a. prendre, tenir. serrer, soutenir, avoir, posseder, jouir, assembler, convoquer, empécher, retenir, contenir : to hold of one, releyer de quelqu'un ; to hold forth, avancer, étaler ; to hold in, retenir, tenir en bride; to hold off, eloigner; to hold of continuer, prolonger, poursuivre; to hold out, s'étendre, offrir, proposer, soutesir; to hold up, lever, soutenir, proteger; v. m. continuer, durer, dériver, provenir, venir, s'ar-rèter, demeurer; to hold true, se trouver vrai; to hold forth, prêcher, annoacer; to hold in, se retenir, se contenir; to hold off, s'eloigner, se garder; to hold on, continn-er; to hold out, tenir hon, tenir ferme, durer; to hold up, se soutenir soi même, s'e-claireir; to hold with one, tenir pour quelqu'un, être de son parti. Hold, s. prise, prison, f. fort, m. To take or get hold, prendre, saisir. Hold of a ship, le fond de cale d'un vaisseau. Holdfast, s. crampon, m. maia de fer, m. Holle, s. trou, m. creux, m. cavité, f. Hollet, adv. sainement, avec pièté. Hollness, e sainteté, f. pièté, f. Holla, interj. hola! hé!v. s. crier après quelqu'un. Hollow, adj. creux, enfoncé. Hollow, s. creux, m. cavité, f. un cri. HOLLOW, r. a. creuser; v. s. crier. Hollowness, s. creux, m. cavité, f. concavite, f. HOLLY and HOLLYOAK, s. hour, m. HOLME and HOLM-OAK. s. veuse.

HOLOGAUST, s. holocauste, m. HOLOGEAPH, s. acte olographe. HOLSTER, s. fourreau (de pistolet,) m. Holsten-CAP, s. un chaperon. Holy, adj. & s. saint, pieux, sacré, bénit. Holy-day, s. fête, f. jour de fête, m. Holy-ghost, s. le saint-esprit. HOLY THURSDAY, s. le jour de l'ascension. HOLY-WATER, s. de l'eau bénite. HOLY WEEK, s. la semaine sainte. [mage. Homage, s. hommage, m.; v. a. rendre hom-Homager, s. vassal, m. homme lige, m. Home, s. logis, m. maison, f. patrie, f. Home, adj. de chez soi, bon. Home, adv. au logis, chez soi, tout-à-fait, Homesorn, Homeserd, adj. du pays. Homerelt, adj. interne, intérieur, privé. HOMELILY, adv. grossièrement, de mauvaise HOMELINESS, s. grossièreté. HOMELY, adj. simple, grossier. HOME-MADE, adj, du pays, de menage. HOMER, s. mesure des anciennes Juifs, f. Homespun, adj. de ménage, grossier. HOMEWARD, HOMEWARDS, adv. chez soi. HOMICIDAL, adj. meurtrier, sanguinaire. HOMICIDE, s. homicide, m. meurtrier, m. HOMOLLY, s. homelie, f. HOMOGENEOUS, adj. homogène, de même nature, similaire. Homogeneousness, s. homogénéité, f. Hомогосого, adj. homologue. Номонумого, adj. homonyme, ambigu. Номотокого, adj. egal, uniforme. Honz, s. pierre à aiguiser les rasoirs, f. Honzst, adj. honnête, droit, sincère, chaste. HONESTLY, adv. honnêtement, de bonne foi. Honesty, s. honneteté, f. honneur, f. probi-Honey, s. miel, m. chère amie, f. [té. Honey-apple, s. pomme S. Jean, f. HONEY-COMB, s. rayon de miel, m Honey-Dew, s. manne, f. rosée, f. Honey'd, Honied, adj. convert de miel, doucereux. Honey-Flower, e. melanthe, m. Honzy-Moon, s. le premier mois du mariage. HONEY-SUCKLE, a. chèvre-feuille, m. Honey-wort, s. (a plant) cerinthe, f. Honorary, adj. honoraire. HONOUR, s. honneur, f. intégrité, f. chasteté, f. gloire, f. rang, m. grandeur, f. Honour, v. a. honorer, révérer, respecter. HONOURABLE, adj. honorable, glorieux. HONOURABLY, adv. honorablement. Honourer, s. celui qui honore. Hoop, s. coiffe, f. un chaperon, un capuchon. Hood, v. a. coiffer, encapuchonner. HOODWAN'S-BLIND, s. colin-maillard, m. HOOD-WINK, v. a. bander les yeux, aveugler. HOOF, s. sabot, m. (du pied d'un cheval.) HOOF-BOUND, adj. encastele. HOOK, s. crocket, m. croc, m. agraffe, f. Hook, v. a. accrocher, auraper. HOOKED, adj. crochu, recourbe, fourchu. HOOKEDNESS, s. courbure, f. HOOK-NOSED, adj. qui a le nez aquilin. Hoor, s. cerceau, m. pamer, m. un rond. Hoop, v. a. lier, relier, cercler, crier. Hooren, s. un tonnelier, un cigue sauvage. HOOPING-COUGH, s. coqueluche, f. HOOT, v. a. & n. huer, siffer; s. huee, f. HOP, s. houblon, m. saut, m. Hop-ground, s. boublonnière, f. Hor, v. a. mettre du houblon; v. n. sauter. Hopz, s. espérance, f. espoir, m.

HOPE, v. a. & n. attendre, désirer. HOPEFUL, adj. de grande espérance, qui es-HOPEFULNESS, s. belles dispositions. [père. HOPELESS, adj. sans espoir, hors d'esperance. HOPPER, s. sauteur, m. tremie, f. HORAL, HORARY, adj. horaire, des heures. HORDE, s. horde, f. troupe, f. HOREHOUND, s. marrube, m. Horizon, s. horizon, s HURIZONTAL, adj horizontal. HORIZONTALLY, adv. horizontalement. HORN, s. corne, f. cornet, m. cor, m. H. RN-BEAK Or HORN-FISH, s. aiguille, f. HORN-BOOK, s. un abécé. HORNED, adj. cornu, à corne. HORNET, s. frelon. HORN-OWL, s. [a bird] due, grand due, m. HORNY, adj. fait de corne, calleux. HOROGRAPHY, s. horographie, f. Horologe, Horology, s. borloge, f. Horoscope, s. boroscope, sa Horrible, adj. horrible, effroyable, affresx. HORRIBLENESS, s. horreur, f. enormité, f. HORRIBLY, adv. horriblement, énormément HORRID, adj. horrible, affreux, offroyable. HORRIDARSS, s. horreur, f. atrocite, f. HORROUR, s. horreur, f. detestation, j Horsz, s. cheval, m. cavalerie, f. chanti Horse, v. a. monter un cheval, couvrir, sailflir. Horseback, adv. à cheval. Horse-block, s. montoir, m. Horsz-Boy, c. valet d'écurie, m. palfrenier, Horse-breaker, s. écuyer, m Horse-chestnut, s. marron d'Inde, m. Horsz-cloth, s. housse, f. HORSE-COLT, s. un poulain. Horse-comb, s. une étrille. Horse-courser, s. un maquignon HORSE-DUNG, s. fiente de cheval, f. Horse-PLY, s. taon, m. Horse-guard, s. garde à cheval, f. Horse-Laugh, s. ricannement, m. Horse-Leech, s. un maréchal ferrant. Horseman, s. cavalier, m. Horsemanship, s. manège, m. l'art de monter à cheval, m. Horse-Physick, s. breuvage pour les chevaux, m Horse-ponn, s. abreavoir, m Horse-race, s. course de chevaux, f. HORSE-RADISH, S. raifort, m. rave sauvage, Horse-shoe, s. fer de cheval, m. HORTATION, HORTATIVE, s. exhortation, f. Hosanna, s. hosanna, m. Dieu soit béni. Hose, s. chaussure, f. Hosier, s. marchand de bas, m. un honnetier. HOSPITABLE, adj. hospitalier Hospitalit, adv. avec bospitalité. Hospital, s. hôpital, m. hôtel-dieu, m. Hospitality, s. hospitalité, f. Hospitalites, s. pl. hospitaliers, m. pl. Host, s. hôte, m. hôtelier, m. une arm HOSTAGE, s. ôtage, m. HOSTEL, s. hôtellerie, f. auberge, HOSTELS, s. hôtellerie, f. hôtelière, j HOSTILE, adj. ennemi, d'ennemi. Thostie, f. HOSTILTY, s. hostilne, f. acte d'hostilité, m. HOSTILER, s. valet d'écurie, m. HOSTRY, s. écurie, f. étables, f. pl. Нот. adj. chaud, brulant, acdent, violest, Нот-вер, s. couche, f. [échaufie, beâlé. Нотен-готен, s. hochepot, m. salmigondis, HOT-COCKLES, s. main chaude, f.

HOT-HEADED, HOT-BRAINED, fougeux, ar- | HOTLY, adv. chaudement, avec chaleur. HOTNESS, s. chaleur, f. violence, f. fureur, f. une tête chaude, pois precoces. Hough, s. le jarret, une houe. Hough, v. a. couper le jarret. Hound, s. chien de chasse, m. HOUNDSTONGUE, s. langue de chien. Hound-tree, s. cornouiller, m. Houn, s. heure, f. Hour-GLASS, s. un sable. Hourey, adj. frequent; adv. à tout moment. House, s. maison, f. logis, m. House, v. a. & n. loger, mettre à couvert. House-Bread, s. pain de menage, m. pain House-breaker, s. un voleur. [bis, m. House-Breaking, s. vol (avec effraction,) House-dog, s. un chien de basse cour. [m. House-Eaves, les gouttières d'une maison, f. pl. HOUSEHOLD, s. menage, m. maison, f. [m. HOUSEHOLDER, s. chef or pera de famille, HOUSE-KEEPER, s. un père de famille. HOUSE-KEEPING, s. menage, m. HOUSE-LEEN, s. (a plant) joubarbe. House-maid, s. servante, f. House-ment, s. le loyer d'une maison. Housz-Room, s. place, f. espace, m. Housz-warming, s. régal d'entrée, m. Housz-wifz, s. mère de famille, ménagère Housing, s. logement, st. house (de cheval.) Hovel, s. une cabane, une chaumière. Hovel, v. a. mettre à couvert, à l'abri. Hoven, v. s. voltiger, pencher, planer, hesi-How, adv. comment, combien. How long, How many, How much, combien, jusques à quand. Howeven, adv. quelque, quoique, cependant. HowL, v. n. hurler; s. hurlement, m. HowLet, s. huette, hulote, f. chouette, f. Howsoever, see However and How. Hoy, s. grande barque, heu, m. gaillotte, f. HUBBUB, s. tapage, m. vacarme, m.
HUCKLEBONE, s. l'os de la cuisse, f.
HUCKSTER, s. détailleur, m. regrattier.
HUDDLE, s. désadre, m. confusion, f. HUDDLE, v. a. & s. brouiller, confondre. IIUE, s. couleur, f. huée, f. HUFF, s. accès de colère, fanfaron, m. 116FF, v. a. braver, souffler un pion; n. я. se facher, s'enorgueillir. [tain. Нигрізн, adj. fier, arrogant, insolent, hau-Ilug, s. embrassade, f; v. a. embrasser. Huge, Hugy, adj. grand, vaste. [ment. Huge, Hugely.adv. extrêmement, énormé-Hugeness, s. grandeur extrême. HUGGERMUGGER, s. secret, m. eachette, f. HUGGING, s. embrassade, f. embrassement, Ilugunot, s. Huguenot.
HULK and HULL, s. le corps d'un vaisseau.
HULL, s. cosse, pellicule, gousse, f. [m. HULL, v.n. flotter, être à sec, cosser. HULLING, adj. flottant à mâts et à cordes. HULLY, adj. cossu. [donne [donner. HUM, s. bourdonnement, m. ; v. a. & n. bour-Hum, interj. finissez, hola, assez. Human, adj. humain, de l'homme flumane. adj. humain, doux, compatissant. HUMANELY, adr. humainement, avec dou-Humanist, s. humaniste, m. [ceur. HUMANITY, s. humanite, f. douceur, f.

UUMANIZE, r. a. humaniser, adoncir.

HUMANEIND, s. le genre-humain. HUMANLY, adr. humainement. [mouche, se. Humbird, Humming-bird, 8. HUMBLE, adj. humble, modeste, bas. HUMBLE, r. a. humilier, abaisser. HUMBLE-BEE, s. bourdon, m. abeille sauvage. HUMBLY, adr. humblement. Humphum, adj. lourd, stupide, bébété. HI MECT, HUMECTATE, r. a. bumecter. HUMETATION, s. bumoctation, f.
HUMETAL, adj. qui appartient à l'épanle.
HUMID, adj. humide, moite.
HUMIDITY, s. humidité, f. moiteur, f.
HUMILITY, s. humilité, f. modestie, f.
HUMILITY, s. humilité, f. modestie, f. HUMMER, s. celui qui applaudit. HUMMING, s. bourdonnement, ss. [ral. HUMORAL, adj. qui vient des humeurs. I HUMORIST, s. un capricieux, un fantasque. Humorous, adj. capricieux, plaisant. Humorously, adr. par fautaisie. Humorsome, adj. bizarre, capricieux. HUMOUR, s. bumeur, f. caractère, m. HUMOUR. v. a. plaire, contenter, satisfaire. HUMP, HUMPBACK, s. home, f. HUMPRACKED, adi. bossu. Hunch, s. coup de coude, sa.; v. a. cou (yer. HUNDRED, adj. & s. cent, m. camon, m. Hunger, s. faim, f. appeut, m. Hunger, v. s. avoir faim, être affamé. Hungerly, adj. & adv. de bon appetit. HUNGER-STARVE, v. a. affamer. HUNGRILY, adr. avidement. HUNGRY, adj. affume, famélique, maigre. HUNKS, s. un ladre, un avare sordide. HUNT, v. a. & n. chasser, courir. HUNT, s. chasse, f. une meute, poursuite, f. HUNTER, s. chasseur, m. une chien de chasse. Huntinghorn, s. un cor de chasse. HUNTSMAN, s. un veneur, un piqueur. HURDLE, s. claie, f. porte à jour. HURL, v. a. lancer, darder, burler; s. tumulte, m. tapage, m. HURLBAT, s. ceste, m. Hurlyburly, s. charivari, m. timumare, m. tumuite, m. concours, m. HURRICANE, HURRICANO, s. ouragan, m. HURRY, v. a. & n. precipiter. bater. HURRY, s. precipitation, f. bate, f. HURT, s. mal, m. dommage, m. tort, m. HURT, v. a. faire du mal, nuire, ble HURTFUL, edj. misible, malfaisaut. ter. HURTFULLY, adv. pernicieusement. HURTFULNESS, qualité misible. [ble. HURTLESS, adj. innoceni, intact, invulner HUSBAND, s. mari, m. menager, m. HUSBAND, v. a. menager, économiser. HUSBANDLY, adj. frugal, sobre, menager. HUSBANDMAN, s. laboureur, m HUSBANDRY, s. agriculture. f. labourage, s. Hush, interj. st! paix! silence! Hush, r. n. & a. se taire, appaiser. Husky. adj. cossu. Husky, adj. cossu. Hussy, s. coquine, f. méchante femme. Hustings, s. cour de justice, assemblée, f. HUSTLE, v. a. remuer ensemble. HUSWIFE, s. ménagère, f.; v. a. ménager. HUT, s. hutte, f. cabane, f. baraque, f. HUTCH, s. une luche, longue belie. HUZZA, v. n. bourdonner, faire du bruit. Huzza, s. cri de joie, m.; interj. vive la joie!
v. a. & n. recevoir avec des cris de joie. HYACINTH. s. hyacinthe. f.

HYADES, HYADS, s. les hyades, f. HYDRA, s. hydre, f. [lique. HYDRAULICK, adj. hydrau-[lique. HYDRAULICES, s. l'hydraulique. HYDROCELE, s. hydrocèle, f. HYDROCEPHALUS, s. hydrocephale, m. Hydrographes, s. bydrographe, m. Hydrographical, adj. bydrographique. HYDROGRAPHY, s. hydrographie. HYDROMETER, s. hydrometre, m. HYDROMANCY, s. hydromancie, f. HYDROMEL, s. hydromel, m HYDROPHOBIA, s. hydrophobie, f. rage, f. Hydropical, Hydropica, adj. hydropique. Hydrostatical, adj. hydrostatique. Hydrostaticus, s. hydrostatique, f. Hymmal, adj. d'hiver. Hymmal Hyma, s. hyène, m. [m. HYGROMETER, HYGRUSCOPE, s. hygromètre, HYMEN, s. hymen, m. le mariage, l'hyme-HYMENEAL, s. chanson nuptiale. HYMENEAL, HYMENEAN, adj. nuptial. HYMN, s. hymne, m. cantique sacré. HYMN, v. a. & n. célebrer. HYPER DLEA, s. hyperbole, f. (perbolique. HYPERBOLEA, s. hyperbole, f. (perbolique. HYPERBOLICAL, HYPERBOLICAL, add. hyperboliquement. HYPERBOLIZE, v. n. exagérer. HYPERBOREAN, adj. hyperborie, septentrio-HYPERCRITICE, s. critique outre. HYPHEN, s. tiret, m. trait de liaison, m. HYPOCHONDRIACAL, Hypochondriack, adj. hypocondriaque. HYPOCHONDRIACK, s. melancolique, m. & f. hypochondriaque, HYPOCHYMA, s. hypochime, m. HYPOCIST, s. hypociste (sorte de gomme.) HYPOCRISY, s. hypocrisie, f. Hypocrite, s. un hypocrite, faux devot. HYPOCRITICAL, HYPOCRITICE, adj. hypocrite, faux. HYPOCRITICALLY, adv. en hypocrite. HYPOGASTRICK, adv. en hypocrile.
HYPOGASTRICK, adj. hypogastrique.
HYPOTHENUSE, s. hypothenuse, f.
HYPOTHETICAL, HYPOTHETICK, adj. hypothétique. HYPOTHETICALLY, adv hypothetiquement. HYSSOP, s. hyssope, f. HYSTERICAL, HYSTERICE, adj. hysterique, qui a des vapeurs. HYSTERICES, s. vapeurs, f. le mal de mère.

T.

I, prom. pers. Je, moi.
Lambick, adj. & s. Lambique, Lambe, m.
1815, s. ibis, m. (oiseau d'Egypte.)
ICK, s. glace, f.: v. a. glacer.
ICK-HOUSK, s. une glacère.
ICK-HOUSK, s. une glacère.
ICK-HOUSK, s. ichoeumon, m.
ICHOR, s. ichor, m. sanie, f.
ICHOROUS, adj. ichoreux.
ICHTHYOLOGY, s. ichthyologie, f.
ICICLK, s. chandelle de glace, f.
ICON, s. image, f. potrait, m.
ICONOCLAST, s. iconoclaste, m. & f.
ICTERICAL. adj. qui a la jaunisse.
ICY, adj. glace', couvert de glace.
IDEAL, adj. idéal, mental, intellectuel.
IDEALLY, adv. mentalement, en idée.

IDENTICAL, IDENTICE, adj. identique. IDENTICALLY, adv. identique ment. IDENTITY, s. identité, f. IDES, s. ides, f, pl.
IDIOCY, s. simplicité, f. foiblesse d'esprit.
IDIOM, s. idiome, m. dialecte, f. IDIOMATICAL, IDIOMATICK, adj. qui tient de l'idiome. Іргот, s. un idiot, un imbécille. Ірготізм, s. idiotisme, m. imbécilité, f. IDLE, adj. oisif, paresseux, faineant, vain, inutile, frivole, sot, fou. IDLE, r. n. vivre dans l'pisiveté. IDLENESS, s. ossivete, f. paresse, f. frivolité. IDLER, s. un paresseux, un faineant. IDLY, adr. en paresseux, foliement. IDOL, s. objet d'adoration, m. idele, f. IDOLATER, s. idolàtre, m. &. f.
IDOLATRIZE, v. n. idolàtre, adorer des idoles. IDOLATROUS, adj. idolàtre, idolàtrique. IDOLATROUSLY, adv. avec idolàtrie, en ido-IDOLATRY, s. idolàtrie, f. [làtre. IDOLIZE, v. a. idolatrer, aimer jusqu'à l'ado-IDYL, s. une idylle. Ir, conj. si, pourvu que, quand même. IGNEOUS, adj. ignee. lanis-patuus, s. feu follet, m. frenesie, f. IGNITION, s. ignition, f. IGNORLE, adj. ignobie, bas, vil, lache, mal honnêté. IGNOBLY, adv. bassement, d'une manière ig IGNOMINIOUS, adj. ignominieux. IGNOMINIOUSLY, adv. ignominicusement. IGNOMINY, s. ignominie, f. deshonneur, m IGNORAMUS, s. un franc ignorant, une buse IGNORANCE, s. ignorance, f. IGNORANT, adj. ignorant. IGNORANTLY, ade. par ignorance. ILE or ISLE, s. aile de la nef d'une église, f. ILEX, s. sorte de chêne, f. chêne pourpré. ILIACK, adj. iliaque. ILIAD, s. Iliade, f. poeme sur la destruction de Troye, nomme Ilion. ILL, adj. mauvais, mechant, malade, mal. ILL, s. mal, m. malheur, m. mechancete, f. ILL, adr. mal à l'aise, à tort. ILL-AFFECTED, adj. mal-intentionné. ILL-BODING, adj. de mauvais augure. ILL-CONTRIVED, adj. mal-imagine.
ILL-FATED, adj. infortune, fatal.
ILL-FAVOUREDLY, adv. de mauvaise grâce. ILL-GOTTEN, adj. mal-acquis.
ILL-MINDED, adj. mal-intentionné.
ILL-NATURE, s' méchanceté, f. malice, f.
ILL-NATURED, adj. d'un méchant paturel. ILL-PLEASED, adj. mal-satisfait, mecontent. ILL-SHAPED, adj. mal-bati, difforme, mal fait. ILL-SPOKEN OF, adj. dont on parle mal ILLAPSE, s. ecoulement, m. emanation, f. II.LAQUBATE, v. m. embarrasser, attraper. ILLAQUEATION, s. piège, m. attrape, f. ILLATION, s. conclusion, f. consequence, f. ILLATIVE, adj. illatif, concluant. ILLAUDABLE, adj. indigne de louange. ILLECTIVE, a. appea, m. charme, m. attrait, ILLEGAL, adj. illegal, torsionnaire. [m. ILLEGALITY, s. illegalité, f. injustice, f. ILLEGALLY, adv. illegalement, illegitime-ILLEGIBLE, adj. qui n'est pas lisible. ILLEGITIMACY, e. illegitumité, f.
ILLEGITIMATE, adj. illegitime, bâtard.
ILLEGITIMATION, e. illegitimité, f. [ble. ILLIBERAL, adj. avare, mesquin, bas, igno-

ILLIBERALITY, s. avarice, f. mesquiuerie, f. || ILLIBERALLY, adv. avec avarice, bassement. ILLICIT, adj. illicite, injuste. ILLIMITABLE, adj. saus bornes, qu'on ne sauroit limiter. ILLIMITED, adj. illimité, immense. ILLIMITEDNESS, s. immensité, f. étendue illimitée. ILLITERATE, adj. ignorant, non-lettre. ILLITERATENESS, ILLITERATURE, s. ignoll.LNESS, s. maladie, f. [rance, f.]
ll.Logical, adj. qui n'est pas selon les règles de la logique. ILLUDE, v. a. tromper, décevoir. ILLUMINATE, ILLUMINE, v. a. illuminer, éclairer. ILLUMINATION, s. illumination, f. ILLUMINATIVE, adj. qui illumine, qui éclaire. ILLUSION, s. illusion, f. prestige, m. ILLUSIVE, ILLUSORY, adj. illusoire, éblouissant. ILLUSTRATE, v. a. éclaireir, expliquer, orner. ILLUSTRATION, s. éclaireissement, m. ILLUSTRATIVE, adj. qui éclaireit, qui explique. ILLUSTRIOUS, adj. illustre, fameux, grand. ILLUSTRIOUSLY, adv. d'une manière illustre. ILLUSTRIOUSNESS, s. qualité illustre, f. lustre, m. IMAGE, s. image, f. representation, f. IMAGE, v. a. imaginer, se représenter.

IMAGERY, s. images, f. peintures, f. statues,
f. imagination, f. fautôme, m.

IMAGINABLE, adj. imaginable, concevable.

IMAGINARY, adj. imaginable, concevable. IMAGINATION, s. imagination, f. pensee, f. IMAGINATIVE, adj. imaginatif, fantastique. IMAGINE, v. a. imaginer, concevoir. IMBANK, v. a. faire des levées près de la mer. IMBARK, v. a. embarquer. IMBECILE, adj. imbecile, foible. IMBECILITY, s. imbécillité, foiblesse, f. IMBIBE, v. a. & n. imbiber, s'abreuver. IMBITTER, v. a. rendre amer, empoisonner. Imbody, v. a. & n. incorporer, s'incorporer, donner du corps, épaissir. IMBOLDEN, v. a. enhardir, animer, encoura-Imbosom, v. a. embrasser, chérir. IMBOUND, v. a. enfermer, entourer. IMBOW, v. a. courber en forme de voûte. IMBOWMENT, s. voûte, f. arche, f. IMBROWN, v. a. obscurcir. IMBRUE, v. a. tremper, imbiber, inspirer. IMBUE, r. a. imbiber, tremper, abreuver, inspirer, enseigner. INITABLE, adj. imitable. INITATE, r. a. imiter, copier, contrefaire. IMITATING, INITATION, s. imitation, f. Imitative, adj. qui imite, qui aime à imiter. IMITATOR, s. imitateur, m. IMMACULATE, adj. pur, sans tache.

IMMANE, adj. prodigieusement grand, vaste.

IMMANENT, adj. intrinsèque, inherent. IMMANITY, s. enormité, f. atrocité, f. IMMARCESSIBLE, adj. qui ne se fletrit jamais. JMMATERIAL, adj. immateriel. IMMATERIALITY, s. immaterialite, f. IMMATERIALLY, adv. d'une manière imma-IMMATURE, adj. prématuré. Immaturely, adr. prématurément. IMMATURITY, s. precipitation, f. IMMEASURABLE, adj. immeuse, immeusura-IMMEDIATE, adj. immediat.

IMMEDIATELY, adv. immédiatement, dans l'instant, incessament. IMMEDICABLE, adj. incurable, irremediable. IMMENORABLE, adj. indigne du souvenir. IMMENORIAL, adj. immémorial. Immense. adj. immense, vaste, illimité. IMMENSELY, ade. immensement, infiniment. IMMENSITY, s. immensité, f. IMMENSURABLE, adj. immensurable. IMMERSE, r. a. plonger, enfoncer dans l'eau. IMMERSION, & immersion, f. IMMETHODICAL, adj. confus, sans ordre. IMMETHODICALLY, adr. confusement. IMMINENT, adj. imminent, proche.
IMMISSION, s. injection, f. ėjaculation, f.
IMMIT, v. a. injecter, ejaculer, lancer, dar-IMMIT, v. a. injecter.
IMMOBILITY, s. immobilitė. f. IMMODERATE, adj. immodere, excessif. IMMODERATELY, adr. immoderement. MMODERATION, s. immoderation, f IMMODEST, adj. immodeste, indecent. IMMODESTLY, adv. immodestement. IMMODESTY, s. immodestie, f. indécence, f. IMMOLATE, v. a. immoler, sacrifier. IMMOLATION, s. immolation, f. sacrifice, m. IMMORAL, adj. débauché, vicieux. lmnorality, s. débauche, f. corruption de mœurs, f. IMMURTAL, adj. immortel. IMMORTALITY, s. immortalité, f. IMMORTALIZE, v. a. & n. immortaliser. IMMORTALLY, adv. éternellement, à jamais. IMMOVABLE, adj. & s. immeuble, m IMMUNITY, s. immunité, f. franchise, f IMMURE, v. a. murer, fermer de murailles. IMMUSICAL, adj. discordant. IMMUTABILITY, s. immutabilité, f. IMMUTABLE, adj. immutable, invariable. IMMUTABLY, adv. immutablement. IMBUTATION, s. changement, m. alteration, IMP, s. un diablotin, un lutin, une greffe. IMPAIR, v. a. ajouter, enter, greffer. IMPAIR, v. a. & n. diminuter, deteriorer. Impairing, Inpairment, s. diminution. f. alteration, f. IMPALPABLE, adj. impalpable. IMPARITY, s. disparité, f. disproportion, f. IMPARK, v.a. enclorre, enfermer, cuvironner. IMPART, v. a. donner, faire part. IMPARTIAL, adj. impartial, désintérens, IMPARTIALITY, s. impartialité, f. [juste. IMPARTIALLY, adr. impartialement IMPARTIBLE, adj. communicable. IMPASSABLE, adj. impraticable. IMPASSIBILITY, IMPASSIBLENESS, s. impassibilité, f. IMPASSIBLE, adj. impassible. IMPATIENCE, s. impatience, f. emportement, IMPATIENT, adj. impatient, violent. [m. IMPATIENTLY, adr. impatiemment. IMPATRONIZATION, s. pleine posses IMPATRONIZE, r. a. mettre en possession. IMPAWN, v. a. mettre on gage. IMPEACH, r. a. détruire, accuser. IMPEACHABLE, adj. qu'on peut accuser. IMPEACHER, s. accusateur, m. délateur, m IMPEACHMENT, s. obstacle, m. accusation, f. IMPECCABILITY, e. impeccabilité, f.
IMPECCABLE, adj. impeccable.
IMPEDE, v. a. empêcher, mettre obstacle, arrêter. Impediment, s. empêchement, m. IMPEL, v. a. pousser, presser, forcer. [ble. IMPEND, r. n. pencher, être suspendu

IMPENDENT, qdj. suspendu, qui menace. Impossible. IMPENETRABILITY, s. impénétrabilité, f. IMPENETRABLE, adj. impénétrable. IMPESETRABLY, adv. impénétrablement. IMPENITENCE, s. impenitence, f. IMPERITERT, adj. impenitent, endurci dans le péché. IMPENITENTLY, adv. sans repentir. IMPERATIVE, adj. impératif. IMPERCEPTIBLE, adj. imperceptible. IMPERCEPTIBLENESS, s. qualite imperceptible, f. IMPERCEPTIBLY, adv. imperceptiblement. IMPERFECT, adj. imparfait, defectueux. IMPERFECTION, s. imperfection, f. defaut, m. IMPERFECTLY, adv. imperfaitement. IMPERIAL, adj. imperial. IMPERIAL LILY, s. impériale, f. sorte de fleur. IMPERIALISTS, s. pl. les impériaux, m. IMPERIOUS, adj. impérieux, arrogant. IMPERIOUSLY, adv. impérieusement IMPERIOUSNESS, s. hauteur, f. fierté, f. IMPERSONAL, adj. impersonnel. IMPERSONALLY, adv. impersonnellement. IMPERTINENCE, s. impertinence, f. sottise, f. IMPERTIMENT, adj. impertinent, absurde. IMPERTIMENT, s. un facheux, un importun. IMPERTINENTLY, adv. impertinemment.
IMPERVIOUS, adj. impracticable, inaccessible. IMPETRABLE, adj. impetrable IMPETRATE, v. a. impétrer, obtenir. IMPETRATION, s. impetration, f. obtention, f. IMPETUOSITY, IMPETUOUSNESS, s. impetuosité, fougue, f.
IMPETUOUS, adj. impétueux, violent, véhément. IMPETUOUSLY, adv. impétueusement. IMPETUS, s. effort violent, impétuosité, f. IMPIETY, s. impiété, f. irréligion, f. IMPIOUS, adj. impie, sans religion. IMPIOUSLY, adv. avec impiété, en impie. IMPLACABILITY, INPLACABLENESS, haine implacable, f.
IMPLACABLE, adj. implacable.
IMPLACABLY, adv. inexorablement. IMPLEMENT, v. a. inserer, graver, imprimer. IMPLEMENT, s. attirail, m. meuble, m. IMPLICATE, v. a. embrouiller, impliquer. IMPLICATION, s. implication, f.
IMPLICIT, adj. implicite, compristacitement. IMPLICITLY, adv. implicitement. IMPLORE, v. a. implorer, supplier, prier. IMPLY, v. n. impliquer, contenir, inferer. IMPOLITE, adj. impoli, grossier.
IMPOLITICAL, IMPOLITICE, adj. imprudent. IMPOLITICALLY, IMPOLITICALY, adv. imprudemment. IMPORT, v. a. importer, signifier.

IMPORT, s. importance, f. usage, m. [f. IMPORTANCE, s. importance, f. consequence, IMPORTANCE, s. important, de consequence.

IMPORTATION important femine IMPORTATION, s. importation, f. entrée. IMPORTER, s. celui qui apporte de l'étranger. IMPORTUNATE, adj. importun, incommode. IMPORTUNATELY, adv. importunement. IMPORTUNE, v. a. importuner, incommoder. IMPORTUNE, adj. importun, incommede. IMPORTUBLTY, s. importunité, f. IMPOSE, v. a. imposer: to impose on or upon, en imposer, faire accroire.

Imposer, à. celui qui impose, qui enjoint. Imposition, s. imposition, f. supercherie, f. Impossibility, s. impossibilité, f.

IMPOSSIBLY, adv. d'une manière impossible. IMPOST, s. impôt, m. taxe, f. imposition. IMPOST, s. imposte, f. corniche, f. IMPOSTHUMATE, v. a. causer une apostèmes IMPOSTHUME, s. apostème, m. abcès, m. IMPOSTOR, s. un imposteur, un fourbe. IMPOSTURE, s. imposture, f. fraude, f. IMPOTENCE, IMPOTENCY, s. impuissance, f. IMPOTENT, adj. impuissant, impotent.
IMPOTENTLY, adj. foiblement, sans force. IMPRACTICABLE, adj. impraticable. IMPRACTICABLENESS, s. impossibilité, f. IMPRECATION, s. imprécation, f. malédie-IMPRECATION, s. imprécation, f. malédie-IMPRECATORY, adj. qui contient des impré-IMPREGNABLE, adj. impregnable. [cations.] IMPREGNATE, v. a. & n. engrosser. IMPREGNATION, s. fecondation, f. IMPRESS, v. a. imprimer, graver. IMPRESS, s. empreinte, f. impression, f. IMPRESSION, IMPRESSURE, s. impression, f. IMPRINT, v. a. imprimer, graver. IMPRISON, r. a. emprisonner, mettre en pri-IMPRISONMENT, s. emprisonnement, m. IMPROBABILITY, s. defaut de probabilité. IMPROBABLE, adj. improbable. IMPROBABLY, adv. sans vraisemblance. IMPROBATE, v. a. improuver, desapprouver. IMPROBATE, c. a. maped., m. désapproba-IMPROBATION, s. désaveu, m. désapproba-IMPROBITY, s. mal-honnéteté, f. [tion, f. IMPROBITY, s. mal-honnéteté, f. [iion, f. IMPROPER, adj. impropre, qui n'est pas juste. IMPROPERLY, adv. improprement. IMPROPRIATE, v. a. s'approprier, inféoder. IMPROPRIATION, s. infeodation, m. dimes inféodées. IMPROPRIATOR, s. infrodataire IMPROPRIETY, s. impropriété, f. IMPROVABLE, adj. capable d'amélioration. IMPROVE, r. a. é. s. améliorer, bonifier, faire valoir, perfectionner, avancer. IMPROVEMENT. s. avancement, m. progrès, m. culture, f. amelioration, f. IMPROVER, s. celui or ce qui améliore. IMPROVIDENCE, s. imprevoyance, f. IMPROVIDENT, adj. imprudent, inconsidéré. improvidentLY, adv. imprudemment. [f. IMPRUDENCE, s. imprudence, f. indiscretion, imprudent, indiscret. IMPRUDENTLY, adv. imprudemment. IMPUDENCE, s. impudence, f. effronterie, f. MMPUDENT, adj. impudent, effronté. IMPUDENTLY, adv. impudemment. IMPUGN, v. a. attaquer, combattre, impugner. IMPULSE, s. impulsion, f. mouvement, s IMPULSION, s. impulsion, f. instigation, f. IMPULSIVE, adf. impulsif. IMPUNELY, adv. impunément. IMPUNITY, s. impunité, f. [dique. IMPURE, adj. impur, sale, déshonnête, impu-IMPURELY, adv. avec impureté. IMPURENESS, IMPURITY, s. impureté, f. IMPURELED, adj. empourpré, rouge. IMPUTABLE, adj. qui peut être imputé. IMPUTING, IMPUTATION, s. imputation, f. IMPUTATIVE, adj. qui est imputé. IMPUTER, s. celui qui impute. In, prep. en, dans, dedans, sur, sous, de, pendant, durant, par, à, au pouvoir de, entre, au, à la, pour. In as much as, puisque, vu que, attendu que. INABILITY, s. incapacité, f. insuffisance, f. INAUCESSIBLE, adj. inaccessible. INACCURACY, s. inexactitude, f.

IMACCURATE, adj. inexact, neglige. INACTION, s. inaction, f. oisivete, f. INACTIVE, adj. indolent, oisif, qui est dans l'inaction. INACTIVELY, adr. nonchalamment. SNACTIVELY, adv. nonchalamment.

INACTIVITY, s. indolence, f. oisiveté, f.

INADRQUATE, adj. imparfait, defectueux.

INADBQUATELY, adv. imparfaitement.

INADMISSIBLE, adj. inadmissibile.

INADMISSIBLE, adj. inadmissible.

INADVERTENCE, INADVERTENCY, s. inadvertence, f. inathrition f. vertence, f. inattention, f. INADVERTENTLY, adv. par inadvertence, par mégarde. INALIENABILE, adj. inalienable. INANE, adj. & s. vain, vide, m. [sans vie. INANIMATE, INANIMATED, adj. inanime. INANITION, s. inanition, f. defaut de nourriture, m. INANITY, s. vide, m. espace vide, f. INAPPETENCY, s. manque d'appetit, m. INAPPLICABLE, adj. inapplique, f. indolence, ſ. INARCH, r. a. greffer en approche. INARTICULATE, adj. inarticulé. [culée. INARTICULATELY, adr. d'une manière inarti-INARTIFICIAL, adj. où il n'y a point d'art. INATTENTION, s. inattention, f. megligence, INATTENTIVE, adf. inattoutif, negligent. [f. INAUDIBLE, adf. qui ne se fait pas emendre. INAUGURATE, v. a. installer, inaugurer. INAUGURATION, s. inauguration, J INAUSPICIOUS, adj. malheureux. INAUSPICIOUSLY, adv. sous de mauvais aus-INBORN, INBRED, adj. inne. naturel. [m. INCANTATION, c. charme, m. enchantement, INCANTATOR, s. enchanteur, m. sorcier, m. INCAPABILITY, INCAPABLENESS, 4. incapal INCAPABLE, adf. incapable. [cité, f. INCAPACITATE, v. a. rendre incapable. INCAPACITY, s. incapacité. f. insuffisance, f. INCARCERATE, r. a. emprisonner. INCARCERATION, s. emprisonnement, m. Incarnadine, s. & adj. incornadin. INCARRATE, INCARNATED, adj. incarné. INCARNATION. s. incarnation, f. INCARNATIVE, s. & adj. incarnatif, m. INCASTELLED, adj. encastele. [dent, INCAUTIOUS, adj. negligent, inattentif, impru-INCAUTIOUSLY, ade. imprudemment. INCENDIARY, s. incendiaire, m. boute-feu. m. INCENSE, s. encens. m. [en colère. INCERSE, v. a. irriter, flicher, nigrir, mettre INCERSEMENT, s. colère, f. rage, f. fureur, f. INCENSORY, s. encensoir, m. Incentive, adf. & s. qui irrite, qui excite. INCERTITUDE, e. incertitude, f. INCESSANT, adj. continuel, constant. INCRESANTLY, adv. incessamment, sans cesse, continuellement. Incest, s. inceste, m. Incestuous, adj. incestueux. INCH, s. un pouce. [avancer petit à petit. INCH, v. a. & n. faire sortir petit à petit, INCHOATE, v. a. commencer. Inchoation, s. commencement, m. INCIDE, v. a. inciser, couper, trancher. INCIDENCE, INCIDENCY, s. incidence, f. INCIDENT, adj. accidentel, casuel, incident. INCIDENT, s. incident, m. accident, m. INCIDENTAL, adj. accidentel, casuel, fortuit. Incidentaliy, Incidentiy, adv. par ac-

INCINERATE, r. a. réduire en cendres. INCINERATION, s. incineration, f. INCISION, s. incision, f. coupure, f.
INCISIVE, adj. incisif, tranchant.
INCISOR, s. dent incisive, f.
INCITATION, s. incitation, f. instigation, f. INCITE, r. a. inciter, exciter, porter.
INCITEMENT, s. incitation. f. motif, m.
INCITER, s. celui qui excite, instigateor, m.
INCITING, s. motif, m. aiguillon, m. INCITING, adj. attirant, attrayant, engageaut.
INCIVIL, adj. incivil, grossier.
INCIVILITY, s. incivilet.f.
[ment.
INCIVILITY, s. dv. incivilepent, pet civileINCIVILITY, adv. incivilepent, pet civileINCIVILITY, s. ruban de fil, m. Inclemency, s. sévérité, f. rigueur, f.durée, INCLEMENT, adj. dur, impitoyable.

INCLINABLE, adj. enclin, porté. [gout. m. INCLINATION, s. inclination, f. penchant, m. INCLINE, v a. & n. incliner, pencher, étre-enclin à, avoir envie de. Inclining, s. pente, f. inclination, f. Inclining, adj. penchant, qui penche. Incloseren, v. a. clottrer. INCLUDE, r. a. renfermer, comprendre, embrasser, contenir. Inclusion, s. l'action de comprendre. INCLUSIVE, adj. qui renferme, inclus. INCLUSIVELY, adv. inclusivement INCOGITANCY, s. impudence, f. legèreté. INCOHERENCE, INCOHERENCY, s. incohérence, f. INCOHERENT, adj. inconsequent. INCOHERENTLY, adr. saus liaison Incombustible, adj. incombustible. Incombustibleness, s. qualité incombustible, f.
Income, s. revenu, m. rente, f. [biliné, /. Incommensurable, Incommensurate, Incommensurable, adj. incommensurable. INCOMMODE, v. a. incommoder, importuner. Incommodious, edj. incommode, importun. Incommodiously, adv. mal-à-Paise. Incommodiousness, Incommodity, s. incommodité, f. Incommunicable, adj. incommunicable. INCOMMUTABLE, adj. incommutable. Incompact, Incompacted, adj. qui n'est pas bien lié. INCOMPARABILE, adj. incomparable. INCOMPARABLY, adr. incomparablement. INCOMPASSIONATE, adj. impitoyable. INCOMPATIBILITY, s. incompatibilite, f. INCOMPATIBLE, odf. incompatible. [patible. INCOMPATIBLY, adr. d'une manière incom-INCOMPENSABLE, adj. qu'ou ne sauroit com-INCOMPETENT, adj. incompetent. penser. INCOMPETENTLY, adr. incompetement. INCOMPETIBLE, adj. qui ne convient pas. INCOMPLETE, adj. incomplet, imparfait. INCOMPLETERESS, s. imperfection, f. INCOMPLIANCE, s. homeur reveche. INCOMPOSED, odf. neglige, mal en ordre-Incomposedity, adv. de mauvaise grace. Incomposedness, Incomposure, s. disor [bilite, ! dre, m. coulusion, f. Incomprehensibility, s. incomprehensible. Incomprehensible, adj. incomprehensible. Inconceivable. adv. inconcevable. INCONCLUSIVE, adj. qui n'est pas conclusut. Inconcection, s. crudité, f. [graité, f. Incongrunner, Incongrunner, s. incon-Incongrunner, incongruity, s. inconINCOMERUOUSLY, ad. improprement. INCOMSEQUENCE, a. inconsequence, f. INCOMSEQUENT, adj. inconsequent. INCOMSEQUENTLY, adv. foiblement. INCONSIDERABLE, adj. de nulle valeur. INCONSIDERATE, adj. inconsidéré, indiscret. INCONSIDERATELY, adv. inconsiderement. Inconsideration, f. inattention, f. INCONSISTENCE, INCONSISTENCY, s. incompatibilité, f. Inconsistent, adj. incompatible. LECONSISTENTLY, adv. d'un manière inconséquente. INCONSOLABLE, edj. inconsolable. Inconstance, s. inconstance, f.
Inconstant, adj. inconstant, volage, chan-INCONSTANTLY, adv. légèrement. ...
INCONTESTABLE, adj. incontestable. INCORTESTABLY, adv. incontestablement. INCONTINUENCE OF INCONTINUENCY, s. incontinence, f. débauche, f.
LECRETIERT, adj. incontinent, f. débau-INCONTIBENTLY, adv. sans retenue. [ché, f. INCONTROVERTIBLE, adj. incontestable. Inconvenience, Inconveniency, s. inconvenient, m. incommodité, f. désavantage, m. difficulté, f. embarras, m. INCONVENIENT, edj. incommode, embarrassant. INCONVENTENTLY, adv. mal-à-propos. INCONVERTIBLE, adj. insociable. INCONVERTIBLE, adj. inconvertible. [rel. INCORPORAL, INCORPOREAL, adj. incorpo-INCORPORALITY, INCORPOREITY, s. spiritualité, f. INCORPORATE, v. a. & n. incorporer. INCORPORATION, s. incorporation, f. corps,m. INCORPOREITY, s. immaterialité, f. Incorrect, adj. inexact, plein de fautes. INCORRECTLY, adr. d'une manière peu cor-INCORRIGIBLE, adj. incorrigible. [recte. INCORRIGIBLENESS, s. incorrigibilité, INCORRUPT, INCORRUPTED, adj. pur, bon.
INCORRUPTIBLLITY, s. incorruptibilite, f.
INCORRUPTIBLE, adj. incorruptible. LECORRUPTIBLY, adv. d'une manière incorraptible. INCORRUPTION, a. incorruption, f. INCORRUPTEESS, s. probite, f. pureté, f. INCRASSATE, v. a. épaissir, rendre épais. INCRASSATION, s. épaississement, m. INCRASSATIVE, adj. qui a la propriété d'é-ÎNCREASE, v. a. & n. accrolire, augmen-ter, agrandir, croltre, s'augmenter. INCREASE, s. augmentation, f. accroissement, m. avancement, m. produit, m. récolte, f. génération, f. portée, f. INCREDIBLITY, s. incrédibilité, f. INCREDIBLE, adj. incroyable.

INCREDIBLY, adv. d'une manière incroyable. IFOREDULITY, s. incredulite, f. INCREDULOUS, adj. incredule. ſm. INGREMENT, s. croissance, f. accroissement, INGREPATE, s. a. reprimander, censurer. INCREPATION, s. reprimande, censure, f. Inchust, inchustate, v. a. incruster. INCRUSTATION, s. incrustation, f. INCUBATE, v. M. COUVET. INCURATION, s. incubation, f.
INCUBUS, s. incube, m. le cochemar. INCULCATE, v. a. inculquer, recommander.

INCULPABLE, adj. irréprochable, mépréh Inculpable, adv. innocemment. [si Inculte, adj. inculte, stérile. Incumbency, s. la possession d'un bénéfice. INCUMBENT, s. un bénéficier. INCUMBERT, adj. imposé, enjoint. INCUMBER. See Encumber, &c. Incun, v. a. encourir, meriter, s'exposer à. INCURABLE, adj. incurable, sans remède. INCURABILITY, INCURABLENESS, s. incurabilite, f. Incurably, adv. sans remède. INCURIOUS, adj. negligent, inattentif. INCURSION, s. incursion, cours des ennemis, f. [bure, /. INCURVATE, v. a. courber. INCURVATION, s. l'action de courber, cour-INCURVATION, s. courbure, f. inflection, f. INDAGATON, s. recherche, f. perquisition, f. INDAGATON, s. feseur de recherches, m. INDEBT, v. a. endetter, charger de dettes. INDEBTED, udj. endetté, redevable. INDECENCY, 4. indécence, f. [seant. INDECENT, adj. indécent, malhonnète, mes-INDECENTLY, adv. indécemment. INDECIMABLE, adj qui n'est pas sujet aux dimes. INDECLIBABLE, adj. indéclinable. INDECOROUS, adj. indecent, contraire à la bienseance. INDECORUM, s. indécence, f. [ment. INDEED, adv. en verité, réellement, vraie-INDEFATIGABLE, adv. infatigable. [NDEFATIGABLY, adv. infatigablement. INDEFECTIBLE, adj. indefectible. INDEFEASIBLE, adj. irrévocable, inviolable. Inderinite, adj. indefini INDEFINITELY, adv. indefiniment. INDELIBERATE, INDELIBERATED, adj. indélibéré. INDELIBLE, adj. ineffaçable, indélébile. INDELICACY, s. manque de délicatesse. INDELICATE, adj. qui manque de délicateure. INDEMNIFICATION, s. dédommagement, m. INDEMNIFT, v. a. indemniser, dédommager. INDEMNITY, s. abolition, f. pardon, m. INDEMONSTRABLE, adj. qu'on ne peut démontrer, absurde. INDENT, v. a. & n. denteler, engrener, enclaver, passer un contrat, contracter. INDENTATION, s. deutelure, f. INDENTURE, s. contrat, m. acte, m. Independence, Independency, s. independance, f. INDEPENDENT, adj. indépendant, franc. INDEPENDENTLY, adv. independamment. INDESERT, s. indignité, f.
INDESTRUCTIBLE, adj. indestructible. INDETERMINABLE, adj. qui ne se peut déterminer. INDETERMINATE, INDETERMINED, adj. indéterminé, indécis, indéfini. Indeterminately, adv. indefiniment. INDETERMINATION, a. irresolution, f. INDEVOTIOE, a. indevotion, f. INDEVOUT, adj. indevot. INDEX, s. index, m. indice, m. table des ma-tières dans un livre, f. INDEXTERITY, s. manque d'adresse, ss. Indian, adj. & e. Indien, Indienne. INDICATE, v. a. indiquer, marquer, montrer-INDICATION, s. indication, f. indice, m. marque, f. signe, m. symptome, m. INDICATIVE, adj. indicatif. INDICT, INDITE. See Endict, &c.

INDIFFERENCE, s. impartialité, f. indiff-INDIFFERENCE, s. impartialité, f. indiff-INDIFFERENT, adj. indifferent, impartial, dés-intéressé, passable, peu important. INDIFFERENT, passablement, assez. INDIFFERENTLY, adv. indifférence. INDIGENCE, s. indigence, f. pauvrete, f. INDIGENOUS, adj. indigene, du pays. Indigent, adj. indigent, pauvre, necessiteux. INDIGEST, INDIGESTED, adj. indigeste, confus. INDIGESTIBLE, adj. qui ne se peut digerer. INDIGESTION, s. indigestion, f. INDIGITATE, v. a. démontrer, faire toucher au INDIGN, adj. indigne. [doigt. Indignant, adj. indignė, fachė, Indignation, s. indignation, f. colère, f. Indignation, s. indignation, f. colère, f. Indignity, s. indignité, f. affront, m. injure, INDIRECTION . (atroce, f. Indirect, oblique, deshonnete. INDIRECTION, s. voies indirects, pl. f. INDIRECTLY, adv. indirectement. INDIRECTNESS, s. obliquité, f. injustice, Indiscretible, adj. imperceptible. [ble. Indiscretible, adj. indivisible, insepara-Indiscretible, adj. indivisible, insepara-Indiscretible, adj. indiscret, inconsideré. [ble. INDISCREETLY, adv. indiscrètement. INDISCRETION, s. indiscretion, f. [gué. Indiscretion and indiscretion in a second in a sec Indiscription, s. indiscrition, f. INDISCRIMINATELY, adv. indifferemment. INDISPERSABLE, adj. indispensable. INDISPENSABLERESS, s. nécessité, f. INDISPENSABLY, adv. indispensablement. Indisposa, v. a. rendre incapable, cloigner. Indisposantess, s. aversion, f. repugnance, INDISPOSITION, s. indisposition, f. INDISPUTABLE, adj. incontestable, indisputable. INDISPUTABLY, adv. incontestablement. Indissolubility, Indissolubleness, s. indissolubilité, f. dureté, f. INDISSOLUBLY, adj. indissoluble. [ble. INDISSOLUBLY, adv. d'une manière indissolu-Indistinct, adj. confus, en désordre. INDISTINCTLY, adv. indistinctement. INDITE, v.a. accuser, dénoncer, écrire, dicter. INDIVIDUAL, adj. individuel, singulier. Individuat, s. un individu. INDIVIDUALITY, s. existence distincte. INDIVIDUALLY, adv. individuellement. INDIVIDUATE, v. a. constituer un individu. Indivisibility, Indivisibleness, s. indivisibilité, f. INDIVISIBLE, adj. indivisible. Indivisibly, adv. indivisiblement. Indocible, Indocile, adj. indocile. INDOCILITY, s. indocilité, f. naturel, indocile, INDOCTRINATE, v. a. enseigner, instruire. INDOLENCE, s. indolence, f. paresse, f. INDOLENT, adj. indolent, paresseux. INDOLENTLY, adv. avec indolence, nonchalamment. INDRAUGHT, s. baie, f. golfe, m. Indubious, adj. certain, sûr. INDUBITABLE, adj. indubitable. INDUBITABLY, adr. indubitablement. INDUBITATE, adj. indubitable, sur, certain. INDUCE, v. a. persuader, porter, exciter, in-duire, introduire, causer, amener. INDUCEMENT, s. motif, m. raison, f. Inducer, s. instigateur, m. INDUCT, r.a. mettre en possession, introduire. Induction, s. induction, f. prise de posses-

Inductive, adf. persussif.
Indue, v. a. revetir, fournir, equiper.
Indue, v. a. souffrir, tolerer, f feverie satisfaire, accorder; v. a. s'abando Indulgence, Indulgency, s. indulgence, f. complaisance, f. pardon, m.
lnuulgent, adj. indulgent, facile, bon, tole-INDULGERTLY, adr. avec indulgence. Indult, Indulto, s. indult, m. octroi, s INDURABLE, adj. supportable, tolerable. INDURATE, v. a. & n. durcir, s'endurcir. INDURATION, s. endurcissement, s INDUSTRIOUS, adj. industrieuz, adreit. INDUSTRIQUELY, adv. industrieusem INDUSTRY, s. industrie, f. travail, s INEBRIATE, v. a. & n. enivrer, infamer, s'e-INEBRIATION, s. ivresse, f. INEFFABILITY, s. ineffabilité, f. mivrer. INEFFABLE, adj. ineffable. INEFFABLY, adv. d'une manière in INEFFECTIVE, INEFFECTUAL, adj. cace, foible, sans effet, vain, inutile. CACC, ROIDE, BAIS CRIC, VAIR, IRMING.
INEFFECTUALLY, adr. en vain, saas moods.
INEFFICACIOUS, adj. inefficace, impaisment.
INEFFICACY, s. inefficacit. f.
INELEGANCE, s. manque d'elégance, f.
INELEGANT, adj. inélégant, grossier, com-INEPT, adj. inepte, incapable, frivole. INEPTLY, adv. follement. [in INEPTLY, adv. follement. (inspacie, f. ch. INEPTLY, adv. ineptie, f. incapacie, f. ch. INEQUALITY, s. inegalite, f. disparise, f. INERRABLITY, s. infaillible.
INERRABLY, adv. infaillible.
INERRABLY, adv. infailliblement.
INERT, adj. lourd, pesant, grossier.
INERT, adj. lourdement. reseauce. INERTLY, adj. lourdement, peras. INESTIMABLE, adj. inestimable. IKEVITABI.E, adj. inévitable INEVITABLY, adv. inevitablement INEXCUSABLE, adj. inexcusable, saus excuse. INEXCUSABLY, adv. saus excuse. INEXHAUSTED, adj. qui n'est point épuisé. INEXHAUSTIBLE, adj. inépuisable. INEXORABLE, adj. inexorable, dur, sams pitie INEXPEDIENCE, INEXPEDIENCE, s. inconvenience, m. INEXPEDIENT, adj. qui n'est pas expédient, mal à propos. INEXPERIENCE, s. inexperience, f. INEXPERIENCED, adj. qui n'est pas expert. INEXPERT, adj. qui n'est pas expert er habile. INEXPIABLE, adj. inexpiable. INEXPIABLY, adv. d'une manière inexpiable. INEXPILICABLE adj. inexplicable.

INEXPICABLE adj. inexplicable.

INEXPICABLE, adj. inexprimable.

INEXPIGNABLE, adj. inextinguible.

INEXTINGUISHABLE, adj. inextinguible. Гые. INEXTRIPABLE, adj. qu'on ne sauroit exisper.
INEXTRICABLE, adj. inextricable. [ble.
INEXTRICABLY, adm. d'une manière inextrica-INPALLIBILITY, s. infaillibilite, f. INFALLIBLE, adj. infaillible, sür. [ment. INFALLIBLY, adv. infailliblement, certaine-INFAME, v. a. diffamer, décrier, deshousers. INFAMOUS, adj. infame, honteux, décrié. INFAMOUSLY, adv. bontensement. INFAMY, s. infamie, f. opprobre, m. i INFAMY, s. enfance, f. INFAMT, s. enfant, m. & f. infant, m. Infanta, s. infante, f. Infanticide, s. infanticide, ss. INFANTILE, adj. enfantin, qui est d'enfant.

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· INFANTRY, s. infanterie, f. fantassins, m. pl.
INFATUATE, v. a. rendre fou, infanter.
INFATUATION, s. folie, f. vertige, m.
INFAGSTING, s. Paction de readre malheu-
     IFFEASIBLE, adj. impraticable.
                                                                                                                                                               [reux,f.
     INFECT, v. a. infecter, gater, corrompre.
     INFECTION, s. infection, f.
INFECTIOUS, adj. infecte, contagioux.
     INFECTIOUSLY, adv. d'une manière conta-
              gieuse.
     INFECTIOUSNESS, s. qualité contagieuse.
     INFECTIVE, adj. qui a le pouvoir d'infecter.
INFECOND, adj. infecond, stérile.
     INFECUNDITY, s. infocondité, f. stérilité, f.
INFELICITY, s. malheur, m. infortune, f.
    INFER, v. a. inferer, conclure.
INFERENCE, s. consequence, f. conclusion, f.
INFERIOUR, s. & adj. inferieur.
    INFERIORITY, s. infériorité, f.
INFERNAL, adj. infernal, de l'enfer.
INFERTILE, adj. infertile, stérile.
     INFERTILENESS, INFERTILITY, a. stérilité, f.
     INFEST, v. a. infester, troubler, ravager.
    INFERDATION, s. infécidation, f.
INFIDEL, s. infédèle, m.
INFIDELITY, s. infédèle, f. perfidie, f. tra-
INFIDELITY, s. infédèle, f. perfidie, f. tra-
INFINITY, def. infini. [hison, f.
INFINITY, INFINITEMENS, INFINITUDE, s.
     INPINITELY, adv. infiniment.
                                                                                                                                                   [infinité, f.
    INVINITIVE, s. infinitif, m.
INFIRM, adj. infirme, foible, débile.
     INFIRMARY, s. infirmerie, f.
     Infirmity, Infirmites, f. [blesse. f. Infirmite, f. foi-
Infirm, p. g. enforces and property of the confirmite of the confirmite of the confirmite of the confirmite of the confirmite of the confirmite of the confirmite of the confirmite of the confirmite of the confirmite of the confirmite of the confirmite of the confirmite of the confirmite of the confirmite of the confirmite of the confirmite of the confirmite of the confirmite of the confirmite of the confirmite of the confirmite of the confirmite of the confirmite of the confirmite of the confirmite of the confirmite of the confirmite of the confirmite of the confirmite of the confirmite of the confirmite of the confirmite of the confirmite of the confirmite of the confirmite of the confirmite of the confirmite of the confirmite of the confirmite of the confirmite of the confirmite of the confirmite of the confirmite of the confirmite of the confirmite of the confirmite of the confirmite of the confirmite of the confirmite of the confirmite of the confirmite of the confirmite of the confirmite of the confirmite of the confirmite of the confirmite of the confirmite of the confirmite of the confirmite of the confirmite of the confirmite of the confirmite of the confirmite of the confirmite of the confirmite of the confirmite of the confirmite of the confirmite of the confirmite of the confirmite of the confirmite of the confirmite of the confirmite of the confirmite of the confirmite of the confirmite of the confirmite of the confirmite of the confirmite of the confirmite of the confirmite of the confirmite of the confirmite of the confirmite of the confirmite of the confirmite of the confirmite of the confirmite of the confirmite of the confirmite of the confirmite of the confirmite of the confirmite of the confirmite of the confirmite of the confirmite of the confirmite of the confirmite of the confirmite of the confirmite of the confirmite of the confirmite of the confirmite of the confirmite of the confirmite of the confirmite of the confirmite of the co
                                                                                                                                                       [blesse.
     INFIX, v. a. enfoncer, graver, imprimer.
INFLAME, v. a. enflammer, allumer.
     INFLAMER, s. celui or ce qui enflamme.
     INPLANMABILITY, INPLANMABLENESS, s. inflammabilité, f.
     INFLAMMABLE, adj. inflammable.
      INPLAMMATION, s. embrassement, m.
     INFLAMMATORY, adj. inflammatoire.
INFLATE, v. a. enfler, souffler.
     INFLATION, s. enflure, f. (cause par des INFLECT, v. a. flecher, varier, plier. [vents.)
INFLECTION, s. courbure, f. inflexion, f.
    INFLEXIBLE, ad. inflexible, roide. [neut. INFLEXIBLE, ad. inflexible, roide. [neut. INFLEXIBLY, ad. inflexiblement, implacable—INFLEXIBLY, ad. inflexible, inflexible, inflexible, inflexible, inflexible, inflexible, inflexible, inflexible, inflexible, inflexible, inflexible, inflexible, inflexible, inflexible, inflexible, inflexible, inflexible, inflexible, inflexible, inflexible, inflexible, inflexible, inflexible, inflexible, inflexible, inflexible, inflexible, inflexible, inflexible, inflexible, inflexible, inflexible, inflexible, inflexible, inflexible, inflexible, inflexible, inflexible, inflexible, inflexible, inflexible, inflexible, inflexible, inflexible, inflexible, inflexible, inflexible, inflexible, inflexible, inflexible, inflexible, inflexible, inflexible, inflexible, inflexible, inflexible, inflexible, inflexible, inflexible, inflexible, inflexible, inflexible, inflexible, inflexible, inflexible, inflexible, inflexible, inflexible, inflexible, inflexible, inflexible, inflexible, inflexible, inflexible, inflexible, inflexible, inflexible, inflexible, inflexible, inflexible, inflexible, inflexible, inflexible, inflexible, inflexible, inflexible, inflexible, inflexible, inflexible, inflexible, inflexible, inflexible, inflexible, inflexible, inflexible, inflexible, inflexible, inflexible, inflexible, inflexible, inflexible, inf
     INTLICT, v. a. infliger, imposer une peine.
    INFLICT, v. a. inniger, imposer une peine.

INFLICTION, s. infliction, f. punition. f.

INFLICTIVE, adj. inflictif. [cendant, m.

INFLUENCE, s. influence, f. pouvoir, m. as-
INFLUENCE, v. a. influer produire, causer.

INFLUENTIAL, adj. qui influe.

INFLUEN, s. flux, m. écoulement, m. infraire,

INFLUEN, s. c. avectoper.
     INFOLD, r. a. envelopper.
     INFORM, v. a. suimer, former, informer, in-
    INFORMATION, S. INFORMATION, J., AVIS. M.
INFORMER, S. accusateur, m. delafeur, m.
INFORMITALE, adj. qui n'est pas à craindre.
INFORMITALE, adj. de ce qui est informe.
INFORMITALE, add. informe gracier.
     INFORMOUS, adj. informe, grossier
     INFORTUNATE, adj. infortune, malheureux.
     INFRACT, v. a. rompre, briser.
     INTRACTION, s. infraction, f. transgression, f.
     INFRANGIBLE, adj. qu'on ne peut pas rompre,
              indivisible.
     Infrequency, s. rareté, f.
     INFREQUENT, adj. rare, qui n'est pas commun.
Infringefo. a. enfreindre, transgresser.
     INFRINGEMENT, s. infraction, f. transgres-
      INFRINGER, s. infracteur, m.
                                                                                                                                                               [sion, f.
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INFUSE, v. a. infuser, inspirer, donner.

INFUSIBLE, adj. infusible. INFUSION, s. infusion, f. suggestion, f. INGATHERING, s. recolte, INGEMINATE, v. a. redoubler, repeter. INGENERATE, INGENERATED, adj. inne, INGENIO, s. une sucrerie, un moulin à sucre. INGENIOUS, adj. ingénieux, spirituel. INGENIOUSLY, adv. ingénieusement. Ingeniousness, s. esprit, m. genie, m. INGENITE, adj. inné, naturel. Ingenutty, s. génie, m. industrie, f. esprit, m. adresse, / INGENUOUS, adj. ingenu, franc, naif. Ingenuousty, adv. ingenument. INGENUOUSNESS, s. ingénuité, f. candeur, f. INGEST, r. a. faire passer dans l'estomac. INGLE, s. bardache. INGLORIOUS, adj. bas, honteux, sans gloire, malbonnête. Ingloriously, adv. honteusement. INGOT, s. lingot, m. INGRAFF and INGRAFT, r. a. greffer, emer. INGRATE, INGRATEFUL, adj. ingrat. INGRATIATE, v. n. gagner la faveur. INGRATITUDE, s. ingratitude, f. INGREDIENT, s. ingredient, m. Ingress, Ingression, s. entree, f. INGULF, r. a. engloutir. INGURGITATE, v. n. avaler, se gorger, manger avec excès. INGURGITATION, s. gloutonnerie, f.
INHABIT, v. a. habiter, demeurer dans. INHABITABLE, adj. habitable, logeable. INHABITANT, INHABITER, s. habitant, m. INHABITATION, s. habitation, f. demeure, f. INHALE, v. a. respirer. INHARMONIOUS, adj. discordant. INHERENCE, INHESION, s. inherence, f. INHERENT, adj. inherent, uni, attaché. INHERIT, v. a. heriter de, succèder à. INHERITANCE, s. heritage, m. patrimonie, m. INHERITOR, s. heritier, m. celui qui herite. INHERITRESS, INHERITRIX, s. héritière, f. INHESION, s. inhérence, f. INHIBIT, r. a. empécher. reprimer, défendre. INHIBITION, s. défense, f. prohibition, f. INHOSPITABLE, adj. sans hospitalité, bar-INHOSPITALITY, s. manque d'hospitalité, m. Inhuman, adj. inhumain, cruel, barbare INHOMANITY, s. inhumanité, f. crusuté, f. INHUMANLY, adv. inhumainement. INHUMATE, INHUME, v. a. inhumer, enterrer. INJECT, v. a. jeter dedans, injecter. INJECTION, s. injection, f INIMITABLE, adj. inimitable. INIMITABLY, adv. d'une manière inimitable. Iniquitous, adj. inique, injuste. Iniquity, s. iniquité, f. injustice, f. Initial, adj. initial, qui commence. INITIATE, v. a. initier, enseigner, introduire. INJUNCTION, s. initiation, f. introduction, f.
INJUDICIOUS, adj. peu Judicieux.
INJUDICIOUSLY, adr. sans jugement.
INJUNCTION, s. injonction, f. ordre, m.
INJUNCTION, s. injonction, f. ordre, m.
INJUNCTION, adj. peu judicieux. INJURER, s. offenseur, m. Injurious, adj. injuste, injurioux. INJURIOUSLY, adv. injustement, à tort.
INJURIOUSLY, adv. injustement, à tort.
INJURY, s. injustice, f. tort, m. outrage, m.
INJUSTICE, s. injustice, f. iniquité, f.
INK, s. encre, f.; c. a. noireir d'encre.
INK-HORN, s. écritoire, f. encrier, m.

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Internuncio, s. internouce, m.
Interpolate, r. a. interpoler, ajouter.
INTERPOLATION, s. interpolation, f.
INTERPOLATOR, s. interpolateur, m. INTERPOSAL, s. intervention, f. mediation, f.
INTERPOSE, v. a. interposer; v. n. s'entre-
INTERPOSITION, s. interposition, f. [mettre. INTERPRET, v. a. expliquer, interpretor. INTERPRETATION, s. interpretation, f.
Interpretative, adj. acquis par interpre-
   tation.
INTERPRETER, s. interprète, un traducteur.
INTERPRETING, s. interpretation, f.
Interpunction, s. ponctuation, f. [m. Interregnum, Interregne,
INTERROGATE, v. a. & n. interroger.
INTERROGATION, s. interrogation, f. ques-
tion, f.
INTERROGATIVE, adj. interrogant, interro-
                                          [gatif.
Interhogator, s. interrogateur, m.
Interrogatory, s. interrogatoire, m.
INTERRUPT, v. a. interrompre, detourner.
INTERRUPTION, s. interruption, f.
INTERSCRIBE, v. a. écrire entre deux lignes.
INTERSECT, v. a. & n. couper, se couper.
INTERSECTION, s. intersection, f.
INTERSPERSE, r. a. entremèler.
INTERSTICE, s. interstice, m. entre-deux, m.
   intervalle, m.
Intertwink, Intertwist, v. a. entrelacer.
INTERVAL, s. invervalle, m. espace, m. [nir.
INTERVENE, v. n. survenir, arriver, interve-
INTERVENIENT, adj. intervenant, accidentel.
Intervention, s. entremise, m.
INTERVERT, v. a. intervertir, changer l'or-
INTERVIEW, s. entrevue, f. [dre. INTERWEAVE, v. a. entrelacer, entremèler,
   brocher.
                                             [ter.
INTESTABLE, adj. intestat, incapable de tes-
INTESTINE, adj. intestin, civil, domestique.
INTESTINES, s. les intestins, entrailles, f. pl. INTERAL, v. a. asservir, assujettir.
INTHRALMENT, s. servitude, f. esclavage, m.
INTIMACY, s. intimité, f. étroite liaison.
INTIMATE, adj. intime, cordial, familier.
INTIMATE, s. ami intime, m. confident, m.
INTIMATE, v. a. donner à entendre, faire en-
INTIMATELY, adv. intimement.
                                        [tendre.
INTIMATION, s. avis, m. indice, m. vent, m.
INTIMIDATE, v. a. intimider, épouvanter.
INTIMIDATION, s. intimidation, f.
INTIRE, see Entire.
INTO, prep. dans, en, entre, sur, à, par des-
INTOLERABLE, adj. insupportable.
INTOLERABLY. adv. insupportablement.
INTOLERANT, adj. intolerant.
INTONATION, s. intonation, f.
INTORT, v. a. entrelacer, tordre, entortiller.
INTOXICATE, v. a. enivrer, enteter, charmer.
INTOXICATION, s. ivresse, f. enthousiasme, m.
INTRACTABLE, adj. violent, intraitable
INTRACTABLENESS, s. humeur intraitable, f.
Intrencu, v. a. & n. retrancher, empieter.
INTREPID, adj. intrepide, hardi, brave.
INTREPIDITY, s. intrépidité, f. hardiesse, f.
INTREPIDLY, adv. intrépidement.
INTRICACY, s. embarras, m. difficulté,
INTRICATE, adj. embarrassé, embrouilé.
INTRIGUE, s. intrigue, f. manege, m. nœud.
INTRIGUE, v. n. intriguer, cabaler.
INTRIGUER, s. intriguant, m.
INTRINSICAL, adj. intérieur, intrinsèque,
Intrinsicality, adr. intriusèquement.
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INTRODUCE, v. a. introduire, produire INTRODUCER, s. introducteur, m. (tion, /. INTRODUCING, INTRODUCTION, s. introduc-INTRODUCTIVE, INTRODUCTORY, adj. prea-INTROMISSION, s. intromission, f. [lable. Intromission, s. intromission, f. [lable Introspect, v. a. examiner le dedans de. INTRUDE, v. n. & recipr. s'ingérer, se mêler. INTRUDER, s. un intrus, un usurpateur. Intrusion, s. intrusion, f. usurpation, f. Intrust, v. a. confier, mettre en depôt. Intrustion, s. intuition, f. examen, m. Intuitive, adj. intuitif, contemplatif. INTUITIVELY, adr. intuitivement. Intumescence, Intumescency, a. lumeur, INTUNABLE, adj. que l'on ne peut accorder. INTWINE, v. a. entortiller, entrelacer. INUMBRATE, v. a. ombrager, couvrir de son INUNDATION, s. inondation, f. [ombre. INURE, s. habituer, accoutumer. INUREMENT, s. habitude, f. endurcis [**#**. Inuan, v. a. mettre dans une urne. Inusitate, adj.inusité, qui n'est pasen usage. INUTILE, udj. inutile, vain, sans effet. Inutility, s. inutilité, f. INVADE, v. a. envahir, usurper, empieter. INVADER, s. usurpateur, aggresseur, m. INVADING, s. envahissement, m. usurpation INVALESCENCE, s. force, f. santé, f. []
INVALID, adj. foible, infirme, invalide, sul.
INVALID, s. un invalide. INVALIDATE, v. a. invalider, annuller. INVALIDITY, s. invalidité, f. nulité, f. foi-INVALUABLE, adj. inestimable. [blesse, f. INVARIABLE, adj. invariable, constant. INVARIABLY, adv. invariablement. Invasion, s. invasion, f. usurpation, f. Invasive, adj. d'usurpation, d'invasion. Invegtive, s. invective, f.; adj. satirique. INVEIGH, r. a. invectiver, déclamer. INVEIGHER, s. qui invective. [peroles. INVEIGLE, n. a. enjôler, sédaire par de belles INVEIGLER se un anial Inveigler, s. un enjôleur. INVENT, v. a. inventer, decouvrir, forger, con-INVENTER, s. inventeur, m. (trouver. INVENTER, s. inventeur, m. [trouver. INVENTION, s. invention, f. découverte. f. INVENTIVE, adj. inventif, ingénieux. [res. INVENTORY, s. inventaire, m. ; v. a. invento-INVENTRESS, s. inventrice, f. Inverse, adj. inverse Inversion, s. inversion, f. changement (d'ordre or de temps, m.) INVERT, v. a. renverser, changer l'ordre. INVERTEDLY, adv. dans un ordre inverse. INVEST, v. a. veur, reveur, investir. INVESTIGABLE, adj. qui peut être découvert. INVESTIGATE, v. a. chercher. Investigation, s. recherche exacte, f. dis-Investiture, s. investiture, f. [cussion, f. INVETERACY, s. haine, f. rancune, f.
INVETERATE, adj. inveiere, enraciné.
INVIDIOUS, adj. envieux, méchant, malin. INVIDIOUSLY, adr. odieusement, malignement. INVIDIOUSHESS, s. qualité odieuse, f. malig-INVIGILANCY, s. negligence, f. [nit. INVIGORATE, v. a. donner de la vigueur. [nite, f. INVINCIBLE, adj. invincible, insurmontable. INVINCIBLEMESS, s. qualité invincible, f. INVINCIBLY, adv. invinciblement. Inviolable, adj. inviolable. Inviolably, adv. inviolablement. INVIOLATE, adj. onlier', sain et sauf, intégre. INVIOLATE, adj. où l'on n'a pas passé. INVISIBILITY, s. invisibilité. f.

INVISIBLE, adj. invisible, imperceptible. INVISIBLY, adv. invisiblement. INVISCATE, v. a. gluer, enduire de glu. INVITATION, s. invitation, f. INVITATORY, adj. qui contient une invitation. INVITE, v. a. & n. inviter, prier, convier. Inviter, s. celui qui invite, invitateur, m. Inviting, adj. attrayant, qui invite. Invitingly, adv. d'une manière engageante. INVOCATE, INVOKE, v.a. invoquer, implorer. INVOCATION, s. invocation, f.
INVOCATION, s. facture, f. euvoi, m. [rasser.
INVOLVE, v. a. euvelopper, eugager, embar-INVOLUNTABILY, adv involontairement. INVOLUNTARY, adj. involontaire. Involution, s. entortillement, m. enveloppe, INVULNERABLE, adj. invulnérable. Inwall, v. a. enfermer de murs. Isward, adj. intérieur, interne, intime. INWARD, INWARDS, adv. en dedans. INWARDS, a. pl. l'intérieur, m. les entrailles. f. INWARDLY, adv. intérieurement. Inwardness, s. amitie sincère. INWEAVE, v. a. entortiller. lawrar, v. a. envelopper. [lacer. INWREATHE, v. a. ceindre, couronner, entre-Ionian or Ionick, adj. Ionique, d'Ionie. IPECACUARNA, s. ipécacuana, m. IRASCIBLE, adj. irascible, sujet à colère. laz, s. colère, f. ire, f. lazrul, adj. colère, furieux. IREFULLY, adv. avec colère. IRELAND, s. l'Irlande, f. [Ieul, m. IRIS, s. Iris, f. arc-en-ciel, m. flambe, f. gla-IRISHMAN, s. un Irlandois. IRESONE, adj. fâcheux, incommode. It irks me, il me fâche, je suis fâche. Iresomeness, s. ennui, m. Inon, s. fer, m.; adj. de fer, dur, sévère. Iron-plate, du fer en feuille, de la tôle. Iron-plate, du fer en feuille, de la tôle. Iron-plate, du fer en feuille, de la tôle. Iron-wall, mar-dises de fer, f. clincaille. Iron-mill, mar-IRON, v. a. repasser avec un fer. IRONICAL, adj. ironique. IRONICALLY, adv. ironiquement. Inormongen, s. marchand de fer, m. lRON-ARM, s. bras de fer, m IRON-WIRE, s. fil de fer, m. fil d'archal. IRON-WORT, s. (a plant) crapaudine.
IRONY, s. ironie, f.; adj. de fer, ferrugineux. IRRADIANCE, IRRADIANCY, s. clarte, f. IRRADIATE, v. a. & s. rayonner sur

IRRADIATION, s. rayonnement, m. éclat, m. IRRATIONAL, adj. déraisonnable. IRRATIONALLY, adv. d'une manière absurde. IRRECONCILABLE, adj. irréconciliable. IRRECONCILABLY, adv. irréconciliablement. IRRECOVERABLE, adj. irréparable. IRRECOVERABLY, adv. sans ressource. IRRECUPERABLE, adj. irreparable. IRREDUCIBLE, adj. irreducible. IRREPRAGABLE, adj. irréfragable, incontes table.

IRREFRAGARLY, adv. incontestablement. IRREFUTABLE, adj. incontestable. IRRESULABLE, adj. incontestable.

IRRESULABLE, adj. irrégulier, dérèglé.

IRRESULABLE, adv. irrégularité, f.

IRRESULABLE, adv. irrégulèrement.

IRRELIGIOUS, adj. irréligieux, impie.

IRRELIGIOUSLY, adv. irréligieux impie.

IRRELIGIOUSLY, adv. irréligieux impie.

IRRELIGIOUSLY, adv. irréligieux impie. IRREMISSIBLE, aaj. irremissible, impardon-

IRREPARABLE, adj. irréparable.
IRREPARABLY, adv. irréparablement.
IRREPREHENSIBLE, adj. irréprochable.
IRREPROACHABLE, adj. irréprochable. IRREPROVABLE, adj. irreprehensible. IRRESISTIBILITY, 3. force irresistible, f. lrresistible, adj. irresistible. IRRESISTIBLY, adv. irresistiblement. IRRESOLUTE, adj. icresolu, inconstant. IRRESOLUTELY, adv. irresolument IRRESOLUTION, s. irresolution, f. doute, m. IRRESPECTIVELY. adv. independamment. IRRETRIEVABLE, adj. irreparable. IRRETRIEVABLY, adv. irreparablement. IRREVERENCE, s. irreverence, f. IRREVERENT, adj. irreverent, peu respectueux. IRREVERENTLY, adv. irreveremment. IRREVERSIBLE, adj. irrevocable. IRREVOCABLE, adj. irrevocable. IRREVOCABLY, adv. irrévocablement. [roser. IRRIGATE, v. a. arroser, humecter. IRRIGATION, s. arrossement, m. l'action d'ar-IRRIGUOUS, adj. aqueux, humide, arrose. IRRISION, s. dérision, f. moquerie, f. IRBITABLE, adj. aisé à provoquer, à isriter. IRRITATE, v. a. irriter, provoquer, facher. IRRITATION, s. irritation, f. IRRUPTION, s. irruption, f. [belle. ISABELLA, s. & adj. Isabelle, m. couleur isa-ISCHURY, s. retention d'urine, f. ISINGLASS, s. talc, m. colle de levant, f. ISLAND, s. ile, f. lslander, s. & f. Isle, s. une lle, aile, j ISLET, s. lind, m. petite lle.

ISOSCELES, s. isocèle, m. qui a deux côtés éISOUR, s. issue, f. sortie, f. fin, m. sucès, m.
conclusion, f. lignée, f. posterité, f. enfans,
m. &c f.; Lesse of blood, une perte de sang; issue in one's arm, un cautère au bras. Issun, v. a. & n. sortir, publier, émaner. Issues, s. pl. mise, f. frais, m. profits, m Issueless, adj. sans enfans, sans postérité. Isthmus, s. isihme, m. It, pron. ce, il, elle, le, la, en, cela, y. ITALIAN, s. & adj. Italien. ITALICE, adj. Italique. [mangeaison, f. ITCE, s. gratelle, f. gale, f. rogne, f. de-ITCE, v. n. demanger, desirer, tarder. Ітсну, *adj.* galeux, qui a la gale. Ітки, *adv.* item, de plus. ITEM, s. article (d'un compte), avis, m. ITERATE, v. a. réitérer, redoubler, répéter. ITIMERANT, adj. ambulant, errant. ITINERARY, s. & adj. itineraire, m. Its, pron. son, sa, ses. Itskly, pron.lui-même.elle-même, soi-même. Ivory, s. ivoire, m. Ivy, s. lierre, m. Ground-try, lierre rampant.

J.

JABBER, v. α. bavarder, bredouiller. Jabberer, s. bredouilleur, m. JABBERER, s. tredouillement, m.

JACENT, adj. couché, étendu.

JACINTH, s. jacinthe, f. (fleur.)

JACK, s. tourne-broche, m. un tire-bottes, but, m. cochonnet, m. broc, m. outre, f. sautereau, m. chevalet, m. brocheton, m. janot, le mâle de certaines espèces d'a-

JACKAL, s. chacal, m. jacard, m. adive, f. JACKAWAPES, s. un singe, un fat.

JACK-BOOTS, s. de grosses bottes, /

JACK-CATCH, s. le bourreau. JACK-DAW, s. (a bird) chouces, m.

JACK-DAW, s. (a bird) chouces, m.

JACK-PUDDING, s. un bouffon, un fou. Jacobin, s. Jacobin, m. niveleur, m. JACOB's-STAFF, s. astrolabe, ss. bourdon. JADE, s. un rome, une haridelle. JADE, v. a. lamer, surmener, fatiguer. JADISH, adj. mauvais, vicieux, de rosse. JAGG, s. dentelure, f. ; v. a. denteler. JAGGY, adj. dentele, inegal. JAGGEDHESS, s. dentelure, f JACGING-IRON, s. videlle, f. JAIL, JAILER. See Gaol, Gaoler. JAMES, s. les lieux, m. le privé.

JALAP, s. (a medicinal plant) jalap, m

JAM, s. marmelade de fruits, f. JANE, s. jambage de porte, de cheminé JANGLE, v. a. & a. discourage, de cheminé eminée. JANGLE, v. a. & n. disputer, se queroller.
JANGLER, e. un querelleur, disputeur, m.
JANGLING, s. querelle, f. débat, m. dispute, f.
JANGLING, s. Janissaire, m.
JANGENISH, S. Janissaire, m.
JANGENISH, S. Janissaire, m.
JANGENISH, S. Janissaire, m. JANSENIST, s. Janséniste, m. JANTY, adj. gentil, drôle, comique. JANUARY, s. Janvier, m. JAPAN, s. japon, m. vernis. JAPAN, v. a. vernisser, vernir. JAPANNER, s. vernisseur, émailleur, m. JAPANESE, s. un Japonois. JAR, v. n. être discordant, disputer, ne pas s'accorder. Jar, s. un ton discordant, querelle, f. une jerre (80 pints.) AJAR, part. adj. entr'ouvert. JARGON, s. jargon, m. baragouin, m. JARRING, s. discorde, f.; adv. discordant. JASHAWK, s. un faucon niais, un jeune fau-JASMINE, s. (a shrub) jasmin, m. JASPER, s. (a sort of marble) jaspe, m. CON. [bond. Jaundice, s. la jaunisse. JAUNT, v. a. courir ca et la, faire le JAUNT, s. allée et venue, f. course, f. JAVEL, s. un vagabond, un voyageur. JAVELIN, s. javeline, f.
JAW, s. la machoire, la gueule, la bouche.
JAY, s. (a sort of bird) un geai. Jealous, adf. jaloux, inquiet, soupçonneux.
Jealously, adr. avec jalousie. JEALOUSY, s. jalousie, f. soupçon, s. JEER, v.a. & n. railler, plaisanter. JEER, s. raillerie, f. plaisanterie, f. JEERER, s. un railleur, un moqueur. JEHOVAH, s. Jehova, le très saint. JEJUEE, adj. mal nourri, sec, insipide. JEJUEENESS, s. disette, f. stérilité, f. JELLY, s. gelée, f. coulis, m. JENNETING, s. passe-pomme, f. (fruit.) JERK, v. a. & n. fouetter, ruer, s'élancer. JERE, s. un coup de fouet, une saccade. JERKIN, s. une jaquette, un colletin. JEST, v. z. plaisanter, railler, se moquer. JEST, s. plaisanterie, f. bon mot. JESTER, a. un plaisant, un railleur, un bouf-JESTING, s. jeu, m. raillerie, f. JESTING, adj. railleur, plaisant. JESTINGLY, adr. pour rire, eu plaisanterie. JESUIT, s. Jésuite, m. JESUITICAL, adj. Jésuitique, de Jésuite. JESUS, s. Jésus, Sauveur, m. JET, s. jais, m. javet, m. jet d'eau. m.

JET, v. n. être secoué, caboté, JETTY, *adj.* fait de jais, noir comme jais. Jew, s. un Juif. JEWESS, s. une Juive. Jzwel, s. joyau, m. bijou, m. Jeweller, s. jouaillier, m. bijoutier, m. Jewish, adj. Judaique, des Juis. JEWS-HARP, s. trompe, f. groade, J. J. G., s. gigue, f. , v. s. danser mal. JILT, s. une coquette ; v. a. tromper, duper. JINGLE, s. tintement, m. ; r. n. tinter.
Jon, s. ouvrage, m. travail, m. aubaine, f. affaire, f. coup de hasard, sa.

Jos, v. a. & n. trapper, faire entrer, agioter. JOBBER, s. agioteur, m JOBERHOWL, s. grosse tête, stepide, m. JOCKEY, s. un maquignon, un trompeur. JOCKEY, v. a. tromper, duper. JOCKEY, v. a. tromper, duper. JOCOSE, adj. plaisant, burlesque, jovial. JOCOSELY, adv. en plaisantant, pour rive. JOCOSENESS, JOCOSITY, JOCULARITY, & plaisanterie, f.
Jocular, adj. plaisant, badin. JOCUND, adj. gai, vif, enjonė, jovial. JOCUNDLY, adv. gaiement, joyeusem Joa, s. secoume, f. cahot, s. ; s. a. p Joggen, s. celui qui marche pessume Jogger, v. a. & n. agner, remoer, ragiter, se trémousser, se remuer.

Join, v. a. & n. joindre, unir, s'associer. JOINDER, s. union, f. association, f. Joiner, s. menuisier, s. JOINER, s. menuisers, s., JOINERY, s. menuiserse, f. JOINT, s. jointure, f. article, ss. novad, ss. ar-ticulation, f. charaitre, f. joint, ss. JOINT, adj. commun à plusieurs, ss. tenancièrs par indivis, m JOINT, v. a. couper par les jointures. JOINTLY, adv. conjointement, ensumbl JOINTRESS, s. femme qui poméde un de JOINTURE, s. douaire, m.; r. a. doner.
JOIST, s. solive, f. A little joint, un solive
JOKE, s. raillerie, f. plaisanterie, f.
JOKE, v. n. railler, plaisanter, badiner. JOKER, s. railleur, m. plaisant, m. Jonn, s. la face, la tête, la huro. JOLLILY, ade. guienent. Jolliness, Jollity, a. guieté, f. joie, f. amusement, m. Jolly, adj. gai, joyens, enjoué, jovial. Jolt, r. a. & n. secouer, cahoter. JOLT, JOLTING. s. cahot, m. secon JOLTHEAD, s. une grosse têto, un lourdusd,
JORQUILLET, s. jonquille, f. [buter, m.
JOSTLE, JUSTLE, v. a. coudoyer, paumer.
Jor, s. un point, un iota, riem du tout. [journel, s JOURNAL, s. journal, m. JOURNALIST, s. journaliste, f. miteur d'un JOURNEY, s. voyage, m. journée, f. JOURNEYMAN, s. ouvrier à la journée, sa. Journeywork, s. journée, f. JOURT, s. joûte, f. tournes, s.; r. s. joût JOURT, s. joûte, f. tournes, s.; r. s. joût JOURALLY, saff. joyensement, grainment. JOURALESS, s. graveté, f. joie, f. JOU, s. joie, f. plaisir, ss. satisfaction, f. Joy, v. a. & n. réjouir, congratul Joyful, adj. réjoui, joyeux, gai. JOYPULY, adv. joyeur, gan. JOYPULY, adv. joyeurement, avec joie. JOYPULNESS, s. joie, f. plaisir, s. JOYPULNESS, adj. trists, chagrin, lugubre. JOYOUS, adj. jojeux, gai, jojeux, gai, jojeux, gai, pieube. f.

JUBILANT, adj. chantant, triomphant. JUBILATION, s. jubilation, f. réjouissance JUBILER, s. un jubilé. [solemelle et publique. JUCUNDITY, a douceur, f. plaisir, m. JUDAICAL, JUDAICK, adj. JudaIque. Judaisme, s. Judaisme, m. JUDAISE, r. n. judaiser, suivre les coutumes ou la loi des Juiss. JUDGE, s. un juge. Julge loteral, assesses JUDGE, r. a. & n. juger, estimer, decider. Julge loteral, assesseur. JUDGMENT, s. jugement, m. arrêt, m. JUDICATURE, s. judicature, f. Judicia*L, adj.* judiciaire, juridique. JUDICIALLY, adr. judiciarement, juridique-JUDICIARY, adj. judiciaire. [ment. JUDICIOUS, adj. judicieux, sage, prudent. JUDICIOUSLY adv. judicieusement, sagement. Juo, s. un bocal, une cruche. Jugger, v. n. jouer des gobelets, duper. Juggle, s. tour de passe-passe, m. JUGGLE, s. tour de passer-passer, m.
JUGGLER, s. joueur des gobelets, m.
JUGGLING-TRIOR, s. fourberie, f. charla-JUGGLING-LY, adr. par fourberie, [tangrie, f.
JUGULAR, adj. jugulaire, du gosier.
JUICE, s. jus, m. or suc, m. Juiceless, adj. sans jus, sans suc, sec. Juiciness, s. abondance de jus or de suc, f. Juicy, adj. plein de jus or de suc. JUJUB, JUJUBES, s. jujube or gingeole, f. JUKE, v. n. jucher, se percher.

JULAP, s. (a physical drink) julep, n.

JULIAN, adj. julien.

JULY, s. Juillet, m. [dre, être mêlé. Jonart, s. jumart, m. JUMBLE, v.a. & n. mêler ensemble, confon-JUMBLE, s. melange confus, confusion, f. JUMBLING. s. mclange, m. confusion, f. JUMENT, s. bête de charge or de somme, f. Jump, v. n. sauter, faire un saut, caboter. Jump, s. un saut, un corset de femme. JUMPER, s. un sauteur. JUNCTION, s. jonction, f. union. f.
JUNCTURE, s. jointure, f. conjoncture, f. cir-JUNE, s. Juin, m. [constance, f. JUNIOR, adj. le jeune, le plus jeune des deux. JUNIPER, s. genevrier, m Junk, s. petit vaisseau de la Chine. JUNKET, v. n. se régaler en cachette. JUNKET, s. friandise, f. panier de jonc.
JUNKETING, s. bonne chère, bombance, f.
JUNTO, s. cabale, f. faction, f. assemblee, f. JUPPON, s. jupon, m. courte jupe. JURAT, s. un jurat, un juré.
JURATORY, adj. juratoire.
JURIDICAL, adj. juridique.
JURIDICALLY, ado. juridiquement. JURISCONSULT, s. jurisconsulte, m. JURISCICTION, s. jurisdiction, f. justice, f. JURISPRUDENCE. s. jurisprudence, f.
JURIST, s. un juriste, un jurisconsulte.
JUROR, s. un juré, un jureur. JURY, s. tribunal de jurés, jurés, m. pl. JURYMAN, a. un juré. [source. JURYMAN, s. mat de nécessite, m. mat de res-JUST, adj. juste, equitable, integre, bon.
JUST, adv. precisement, à point nommé.
JUST, z. joûte, f.; r. n. joûter.
JUSTICE, s. justice, f. equité, f. punition, f.
juge, m. justicier, m. justice of peace, juge de paix ; justice in Eyre, un juge ambulant. JUSTIFIABLE, adj. qu'on peut justifier. JUSTIFIABLY, adv. avec justice, avec raison. JUSTIFICATION, s. justification, f. defense, f. JUSTIFICATOR, JUSTIFIER, s. defenseur, m.

JUSTIFY, v. a. justifier, prouver, verifier.
JUSTING, s. l'action de jouter, f. joute, f.
JUSTLE, v. a. & n. pousser, heurter.
JUSTLY, adv. justemont, equitablement.
JUSTNESS. s. justice, f. equité, f. justesse, f.
JUSTS, s. pl. joute, f. tournoi, m.
JUTT, s. saillie, f.; v. n. se déjetar, avancer.
JUTTY, s. soupente or saillie, f.
JUVENILE, adj. jeune, de jeunesse.
JUVENILEY, s. jeunesse, f. feu, m.
JUVENILEY, s. jeunesse, f. feu, m.
JUXTAPOSITION, s. contiguité, f.

K.

Kalendar, s. calendrier, m. almanac, m. KALI, s. soude, f. kali, m. KAW, s. croassement, m.; v. n. croasser. KAYLE, s. quille, f. jeu de quilles. KECK, v. a. faire des efforts pour vomir. KECKS, s. pl. menu bois sec. KEDGE, v. a. touer. KEDGER, s. ancre à touer, £ Keel, s. quille de navire, j KEELAGE, s. le droit d'entrée. Keelhale, v. a. donner la cale. KLELSON, s. carlingue, f. contrequille, f. KEEN, adj. affile, aigue, pointu, perçant. KEENLY, adr. subtilement, ardemment. KEENNESS, s. subtilité, f. aigreur, f KEEP, v. a. tenir, garder, observer, faire, entretenir, conserver, demeurer maître, preserver, garantir, empêcher; to keep anun-der, tenir séparé, désunir; to keep away, tenir éloigné; to keep back, retenir, céler, empêcher; to keep in, cacher, contenir, retenir; to keep off, tenir éloigné, empêcher; to keep under, opprimer, tenir en sujetion; to keep up, maintenir, entretenir; v. n. se tenir, demeurer, durer, se conserver, être, se garder, se garantir; to keep asunder, être séparés; to keep away, être éloigué, s'absenter; to keep off, se tenir en arrière, ne pas avaucer; to keep on, avancer; to keep up, se maintenir, se conserver KEEP, s. garde, m. protection, f. donjon, m. KEEPER, s. garde, m. gardien, m KEEPERSHIP, s. charge or office de garde, for KEEPING, s. garde, f. l'action de garder, f. KEG, s. une caque, une barique Kell, s. sorte de potage, la coiffe. KEN, s. vue, f. la portee de la vue. KEN, v. a. appercevoir. KENNEL, s. chenil, m. meute, f. égout, m. KENNEL, v. n. coucher, demeurer, giter. KERCHIEF, s. un couvrechef. KERF, s. entaillure, f. cocbe. f. KERMES, s. (an insect) kermes, m. KERN, s. un fantassin, un bandit, corne, f. KERN, v. n. se former en grain. [moulin, m. KERNEL, s. amande, f. pepin, m. Kernel of the body, glande du corps, f. KERNEL, v. n. se former en amande. KERNELIY, adi. plein de pepins, glanduleux.
KERSEY, s. etoffe grossière, serge croisée.
KESTELL, s. crecerelle, f. (oiseau.)
KETCH, s. calque, m. le bourreau.
KETTLE, s. chaudière, f. un chaudron. KETTLE-DRUM, s. une timbale. KETTI E-DRUMMER, s. un timbalier. Kry, s. clé or clef, f. quai, m. clavette, f. clavier, m. touche, f. Kry-Bit, s. paneton, m. KEYHOLE, s. le trou de la serrure, forure. f. KETSTONE, s. clef de voûte. f.

LATERAL, adj. de côté, latéral. LATERALLY, adv. lateralement, à côte. LATEST, adj. le dernier, le plus récent. LATEWARD, adj. tardit, d'arrière saison. LATH, s. latte, f. tringle, f. canton, m. LATH, v. a. latter, couvrir de lattes. LATHE, s. tour (de tourneur,) m. LATHER, s. mousse de savon, f.; v. a. & n. savonner, mousser, écumer. LATIN, adj. Latin; s. le Latin. LATINISM, s. latinisme, m. expression Latine. LATINIST, s. latiniste, m. qui sait le Latin. LATINITY, s. latinité, f. LATINIZE, v. a. & n. latiniser. LATION, s. mouvement en droite ligne, m. LATISH, adj. un peu tard. LATITANT, adj. cache, secret. LATITUDE, s. largeur. f. étendue, latitude, f. LATITUDINARIAN, adj. libre; s. un esprit fort. LATRANT, adj. qui aboie; déclamateur, m. LATRIA, s. latrie, f. culte de l'être Suprême. LATROCINATION, s. pillage, m. volerie, f. LATTEN, s. fer blanc, laiton or léton, m. LATTER, adj. dernier, celui-ci. LATTERLY, adv. depuis peu. LATTICE, s. treillis, m. jalousie; v. a. treilli-LAUDABLE, adj. louable, digne de louanges. LAUDABLY, adv. avec honneur, louablement. LAUDANUM, s. laudanum, m. LAUGH, v. n. & a. rire; to laugh at, se moquer de, railler, se jouer de. LAUGH, s. l'action de rire, m ſà rire. LAUGHABLE, adj. risible, ridicule, qui excite LAUGHER, s. rieur, rieuse. LAUGHING, s. l'action de rire, le ris. LAUGHINGLY, adv. on riant, gaiement. LAUGHINGSTOCK, s. jouet, m. risee, f. LAUGHTER, s. ris, m. rire, m. LAUNGE, v. n. & a. lancer à l'eau. [ère, f. LAUNDRESS, s. blanchisseuse, f. lavandi-LAUNDRY, s. blanchissage, m. lavage, m. LAUREATE, LAUREAT, LAURELLED, àdj. LAUNCH, v. n. & a. lancer à l'eau. [ère, couronné de laurier, laureat. LAUREL, s. laurier, m. LAVE, v. a. laver, arroser: v. n. se baigner. LAVENDER, s. lavande, f. LAVER, s. lavoir, m. cuve, f. bassin, m.; v. a. arroser, laver. LAVISH, adj. prodigue; v. a. prodiguer. Lavisher, s. un prodigue, un panier. LAVISHLY, adv. prodigalement, avec profu-LAVISHMENT, LAVISHNESS, s. prodigalité, f. LAW, s. loi, f. droit, m. justice, f. LAWFUL, adj. permis, légitime, juste, licite. LA Wrully, adr. légitimement, légalement. LAWFULNESS, s. légitimité, f. équité, f. LAWGIVER, LAWMAKER, s. législateur, m. LAWLESS, adj. déréglé, illégal. LAWLESSLY, adv. contre les lois. LAWN, s. linon, m. plaine au milieu des bois. LAWSUIT, s. procès, m. LAWYER, s. avocat, m. homme de loi. LAX, adj. lâche, relaché: s. flux de ventre, m. diarrhée. f. foire, f. LAXATUE, adj. laxatif; s. médecine laxative. LAXITY, LAXNESS, s. relachement, m. LAY, adj. laque, seculier. LAY, s. lit, m. couche, f. pari, m. gageure, f LAY, v. a. & n. mettre, poser, placer, tendre, abattre, coucher, se coucher, calmer, faire, concerter, tramer, pondre; to lay an ambush, dresser une ambuscad or des ambuches; to lay the dust, abattre la poussi-

ère : to lay eggs, pondre, faire des couss : to lay a net, tendre des filets : to lay a plat, tramer un complot : to lay snares, tendre des pièges; to lay a woman, accoucher or délivrer une femme; to lay against, rejetter sur, accuser; to lay about, faire ses efforts; to lay along, se coucher; to lay apart, rejet-ter, dedaigner; to lay aside, demettre, déer, quitter, abandonner; to lay at, viser; to lay away, quitter; to lay before, moutrer, presenter; to lay by, garder, reserver, de-mettre, mettre de côte; to lay down, con-signer, engager, resigner, abandonner, poser, se coucher; to lay hold, se saisir, prendre; to lay in, amasser; to lay on, appliquer, imposer, frapper, battre : to lay apen, faire voir, montrer ; to lay over, couvrir, incruster; to lay out, depenser, employer, faire un écart, écarter ; to lay to, reprocher, acun ecari, ecaruer, so suy so, repromer, ac-cuser, imputer, appliquer, avancer, atta-quer; to lay tagether, mettre easeable, as-sembler, recueillir, comparer, coacher en-semble; to lay under, soumettre, redure; to lay up, tenir renferme, amasser, serrer, laisser reposer; to lay upon, imposer, char-LAYER, s. une couche, un rejeton, une poule qui pond. LAZAR, s. un lépreux.

LAYLAND, s. jachère, f. LAYMAN, s. un larque, un séculier, LAYSTALL, s. un tas de fumier, voirie, f.

LAZARETTO, LAZAR-HOUSE, s. lazaret, m. LAZAR-WORT, s. la plante qui donne le ben-LAZILY, adv. negligemment. LAZINESS, s. paresse, f. fainéantise, f. LAZULI, s. pierre d'azur, f. LAZY, LAZING, adj. paresseux, fainéant, in-

dolent. LEA, s. un clos, une prairie fermée.

LEAD, s. plomb, m. plateforme, f. LEAD, v. a. plomber, garnir de plomb. I.EAD, s. la main, l'acquit, m. le devant. LEAD, v. a. guider, conduire, mener, com mander; to lead along, conduire, accom-pagner; to lead away, emmener; to lead back, reconduire, ramener; to lead in or into, introduire; to lead off and out of, detourner.

LEADEN, adj. de plomb, lourd, pesant. LEADER, s. conducteur, m. guide, m. LEADING, part. adj. principal, premier. LEADING-STRINGS, s. pl. lisières. f. LEAD-MINE, s. mine de plomb, f. LEAF, s. feuille, f. feuillet, m. LEAF, v. n. porter des feuilles, se couvrir de feuilles.

LEAFLESS, adj. dépouillé de ses feuilles. LEAFY, adj. feuille, couvert de feuilles. LEAGUE, s. ligue, f. confederation, liene, f. LEAGUE, v. m. se liguer, se confederer. LEAGUED, adj. ligue. confederé.

LEAGUER, s. ligueur, m. siege d'une place, m. LEAK, s. voic d'eau, f. ; v. n. faire cau, cou-LEAKAGE, s. coulage, m.

LEANING-STOCK, s. nn appui. LEANLY, adv. maigrement. LEANNESS, s. maigreur, f.

LEAP, v. n. & a. sauter, franchir. palpiter. saillir.

LEAP, s. un saut, passe, f. l'action de saillir [] LEGATION, s. legation, f. charge or commisor couvrir. LEAPER, s, un sauteur. LEAP-YEAR, s. année bissextile, f. LEARN, v. a. apprendre. LEARNED, part. adj. savant, instruit, habile, LEARFEDLY, adv. savemment. [lettré, LEARNER, s. écolier, m. novice, m. & J. LEARNING, s. étude, f. savoir, m. LEASE, s. bail à ferme, m. LEASE, v. a. louer, bailler à ferme; v. n. gla-LEASER, s. un glaneur, une glaneuse. LEASH, s. lesse. attache, f. couple. LEASING, s. mensonge, m. l'action de bailler à ferme or de glauer. LEAST, adj. le moindre, le plus petit. LEAST, adv. le moins. At least, du moins, au moins, pour le moins. In the least, du tout. Not in the least, point du tout. LEATHER, s. cuir, m. peau, f. LEATHER-BOTTLE, s. une outre. LEATHER-DRESSER, s. corroyeur, sa. or tan-LEATHERN, adj. de cuir. [neur, m. LEATHERSELLER, s. pelletier, peaussier, mégissier, m. LEATHERY, adj. qui ressemble à du cuir. LEATHERY, adj. qui ressemble à du cuir.
LEAVE, v. a. & n. laisser, quitter, cesser,
finir; to leave off, quitter, so défaire, discontimuer, cesser: to leave out, ometire.
LEAVEN, adj. garm de feuilles, feuillu.
LEAVEN, s. levain, m.; v. o. faire lever.
LEAVEN, the pl. of Leaf, which see.
LEAVINGS, s. pl. restes, m. pl. reliefs, m. pl.
LECHER, s. un débauché; v. s. gaillarder.
LECHERIS, adj. lascif, immadique. LECHEROUS, adj. lascif, impudique. LECHEROUSLY, adv. lascivement. LECHEROUSNESS, LECHERY, s. lascivité, f. Lecture, s. discours, m. leçon, f. reprimande, f. LECTURE, v. a. reprimander. LECTURER, s. lecteur or vicaire, m. LECTURESHIP, s. l'office de lecteur. LED-HORSE, s. un cheval de main. LEDGE, s. bord, m. rebord, m. couche, f. lit, LEE, s. lie, f. scdiment, m. coté opposé au LEE-BOARD, s. derive, f. semelle, f. (vent. LEECH, pre some LEECH, s. une sangsue; v. a. médeciner. LEECHCRAFT, s. l'art de guérir les animaux. LEEK, s. poireau, m. or porreau. LEER, s. ceillade, f. coup d'ceil, m.; v. a. lorgner, guigner.
LEES, s. pl. lie, f. sediment, m. LEE-SHORE, s. rivage contre lequel le vent souffie, m. rivage sous le vent, f.
LERT, s. jour où la cour foncière se tient, m. LEETCH, s. le fond or le milieu d'une voile. LEEWARD, adj. oppose au vent. A leeward tide, vent et maree, m. f. LEFT, adj. gauche LEFT-HANDED, adj. gaucher. Lee, s. la jambe, la cuisse (d'un oiseau); une éclanche, un gigot (de mouton); un trumeau (de bœuf); forme (pour les b**as**), f. LEGACY, s. legn, m. LEGAL, adf. juridique, kgal, kegitime. LEGALITY, s. conformité à la loi. f. LEGALIZE, v. a. autoriser, rendre kgal. LEGALLY, adv. legalement. LEGATARY, LEGATEE, s. légataire, m. & LEGATE, s. légat, m. ambassadeur du pape, LEGATESHIP, s. légation, f. [m. LEGATINE, adj. du légat.

sion d'un légate, f. LEGATOR, s. celui qui fait un legs, donateur, LEGENDARY, adj. de légende, fable.f.
LEGENDARY, adj. de légende, fabuleux.
LEGER, a grand livre de compte. LEGERDEMAIN, s. tours de la main, m. pl. LEGGED, adj. qui a des jambes, jointé. LEGIBLE, adj. lisible, aisé à lire. LEGIBLY, adv. lisiblement, d'une manière lisible. LEGION, s. légion, f.
LEGIONARY, adj. légionaire, de légion.
LEGISLATION, s. législation, f.
LEGISLATURE, adj. législatif.
LEGISLATURE, s. la puissance législative. LEGITIMACY, s. legitimité, f. LEGITIMATE, adj. légitime. LEGITIMATE, v. a. légitimer, déclarer légi-LEGITIMATELY, adv. légitimement. [time. LEGITIMATION, s. legitimite, f. LEGUME, LEGUMEN, s. légume, m. LEGUMINOUS, adj. qui appartient aux lé-LEISURABLE, adj. fait à loisir. [gumes. LEISURABLY, adv. à loisir, peu à peu. LEISURE, s. loisir, m. commodité, f. LEISURELY, adv. que se fait à loisir. LEMMA, s. lemme, m. devise, f. LEMON, s. citron, limon, m. LEMON-TREE, s. citronnier, m. LEMONADE, s. limonade, f. LEND, v. a. prêter, donner, apporter. LENDER, s. prêteur, m. prêteuse, f.
LENGTH, s. longueur, f. portée, f. dégré, m.
At full length, tout entier, en grand. At length, enfin. LENGTHEN, r. a. & n. allonger, prolonger, étendre, s'allonger.

LENGTHWISE, adv. en longueur. LENIENT, adj. & s. adoucissant, lenitif. LENITY, v. a. adoucir, soulager, mitiger. LENITIVE, s. & adj. lenitif, emollient. LENITY, s. douceur, f. caractère doux. LENS, s. lenuille, f. verre lenticulaire, m. LENT, s. le carême. LENTEN, adj. de carême. LENTICULAR, adj. lenticulaire. LENTIL, s. lentille, f. sorte de legume. LENTISE, s. (a tree) lentisque, m. LENTOR, s. ténacité, f. viscosité, f. lenteur, f. LENTOUS, adj. visqueux. LEO, s. le lion. LEONINE, adj. leonin, de la nature du lion. LEONINE, adj. leonin, de la nature du lion. LEPER, s. un lépreux, une lépreuse. LEPROUS, adj. lépreux, malade de la lèpre. LEPROUS, adj. lépreux, malade de la lèpre. LESS, adj. plus petit, moindre; s. moins, m. adr. moins. LESSEE, s. amodiateur. m. fermier, m. LESSEN, v. a. & n. apetisser, s'apetisser, diminuer, amoindrir, s'amoindrir. LESSER, adj. plus petit : adv. moins. LESSON, s. lecon, f. precepte, m. LESSON, v. a. instruire, enseigner. LESSOR, s. bailleur, m. bailleresse, f. LEST, conj. de peur que. LET, v. n. laisser. souffrir, permettre, faire.
To let blood, saigner, tirer du sang. To let down, descendre, abautre, lacher; to let in or into, laisser entrer, admettre: to let loose, lächer, dechainer : to let off, tirer, dechar-ger : to let out, laisser sortir, relächer, élargir, louer, affermir. LETHARGICE, adj. lethargique. [voi, m. LETHARGY, s. lethargie, f. [m. LETHE, s. lethe, m. fleuve d'oubli, m. oubli,

[voi, m.

LETTER, s. leure, f. caractère, m. éplire, LETTER OF ATTORNEY, s. procuration. LETTER, v. a. ecrire, mettre une inscription. LETTER-CASE, s. porte-lettre, m. LETTERED, part. adj. chargé d'une inscription, savant. LETTICE, LETTUCE, a. laitue, f. LEVANT, adj. & s. du Levant, le Levant. LEVANTINES, s. pl. les Levantins, m. LEVEE, s. lever, m. toilette, j LEVEL, adj. uni, applani, egal, de niveau. LEVEL, s. niveau, m. surface plane. LEVEL, v. a. unir, applanir, niveler, égaler, pointer, viser, porter coup. LEVELLER, s. aplanisseur, m. niveleur, m. LEVELLING, s. aplanissement, m. LEVELNESS, s. niveau, m. égalité de surface, LEVER, s. levier, m. Leveret, s. un levraut. LEVIABLE, adj. qui se lève, qu'on lève. LEVIATHAN, s. Lévisthan, m. LEVIGATE, v. a. broyer, réduire en poudre. LEVITE, s. Lèvite, ss.
LEVITICAL, adj. Lévitique, de Lévite.
LEVITICUS, s. le Lévitique.
LEVITY, s. lègèreté, f. humeur volage, f. LEWD, adj. dissolu, debauche. LEWDLY, adv. en débauché, en libertin. LEWDNESS, s. dissolution, f. libertinage, m. LEXICOGRAPHER, s. lexicographe, m LEXICON, s. un lexique, un dictionnaire. LIABLE, adj. sujet, expose. LIAR, s. un menteur, une menteuse. LIBATION. s. libation, f Libel, s. libelle, m. satire, f. Libel, v. a. & n. diffamer quelqu'un. Libeller, s. auteur de libelles, m. LIBERAL, adj. diffamatoire, satirique. LIBERAL, adj. liberal, généreux, honnéte. LIBERALITY, s. liberalité, f. générosité, f. LIBERALLY, adv. liberalement. LIBERTINE, s. & adj. libertin, affranchi.
LIBERTINEM, s. libertinage, débauche, f.
LIBERTY, s. liberté, f. congé, m.
LIBERTY, s. libertés, f. franchises, f. LIBIDINOUS, adj. sensuel, voluptueux. LIBIDINOUSLY, adv. sensuellement, en liber-LIBRA, s. la balance. LIBRARIAN, s. bibliothécaire, m. copiste, m. LIBRARY, s. une bibliothèque. LIBRATE, v. a. balancer, mettre en equilibre. LIBRATION, s. balancement, m. libration. f. LICE, s. pl. of Louse, poux, m. pl. LICENSE, s. license, f. privilège, m. LICENSE, v. a. mettre en liberte, autoriser. LICENSER, s. celui qui autorise, un censeur. LICENTIATE, s. un licencie; v. a. autoriser. LICENTIOUS, adj. licentieux, dérégle. LICENTIOUSLY, adv. licencieusement. LICENTIOUSNESS, s. license, f. dissolution, f. Lick, s. un coup, un pétit coup. Lick, s. a. lécher, polir, limer, laper, rosser. LICKERISH, LICKEROUS, adj. friand, gourmand. LICERISHNESS, s. friandise, f. LICORICE, s. reglisse, f. LICTOR, s. licteur, m. I.ID, s. couvercle, m. ; lid of the eye, la paupière de l'oril.

LET, s. obstacle, m. empêchement, m. ren- || LIE or LYE, s. lessive, f. urine, bace, f. Lin, s. mensonge, m. faussete, f. Lik, v. n. mentir, dire un me Lin, v. s. s'appuyer, reposer, être couche, coucher, être situé, loger, demeurer, consister, rester, cotter: lo lie about, être dis-perse cà et là; to lie at, importuner: to lie at stale, être intéresse, to lie down, être couché, reposer; to lie in, être en couche, faire ses couches; to he out at length, s'etendre en longueur ; to lie under, être sujet, expose, accuse, attaque, être dans; to lie up and down, être en desordre; to lie apon, être une obligation, devenir un de-LIEGE, adj. lige, vassal, sujet. LIEGE, s. lige, m. souverain, m LIEGRMAN, s. un vassal, un sujet. [ment. LIENTERY, s. lienterie, f. sorte de devoie-LIEU, s. lieu, m. In lieu of, au lieu de. LIEUTENANCY, a. lieutenance, f. LIEUTENANT, s. lieutenant, m. LIFE, s. vie, f. le naturel, feu, m. vigueur, f. LIFEGUARD, s. garde du corps, f. LIFELESS, adj. sans vie, inanimė. LIFE-RENT, s. rente viagère. Liff. Time, s. la vie, le temps de la vie. Liff, v. a. enlever, élever, lever. Liff, s. l'action de lever, effort pour lever une chose, m. Give it e lift, tachez de le At one lift, d'une trait, d'un seul lever. LIFTER, s. balancines, f. pl. LIFTER, s. celui qui lève er élève. [coup. LIGATER, s. ceun qui leve er ciève.
LIGAMENT, s. ligament, m. lien. m.
LIGATURE, s. ligament, m. lien. m.
LIGATURE, s. ligament, f. bandage. m.
LIGHT, s. lumière, f. clair, m. clarté, f.
LIGHT, v. a. & n. allumer, éclairer, arriver,
venir, mettre pied à terre.
LIGHT adj. libers clair bland LIGHT, adj. leger, clair, blond. LIGHTEN, v. a. & n. eclairer, alleger. LIGHTER, s. gabare, m. allège, f. [bare, m. LIGHTERMAN, s. gabarier, m. batelier de ga-LIGHTFINGERED, adj. un peu fripen. LIGHTFOOT, adj. vite à la course, agile. LIGHTHEADED, adj. leger, volage, etourdi. LIGHTHEARTED, adj. joyeux, gai. LIGHTLESS, adj. obscur, sombre. LIGHTLY, adv. legèrement, aisèment, vite. LIGHTNESS, s. legeretief, f. inconstance, f.
LIGHTNESS, s. legereté, f. inconstance, f.
LIGHTNING, s. éclair, m. foudre, m. éc f.
LIGHTS, s. pl. les poumons, m.
LIGHTSONE, alf. éclairé, clair, joyeux, gai.
LIGHTSONE, alf. éclairé, clair, joyeux, gai. LIGNEOUS, adj. de bois, boiseaux, ligneux. LIGNUMVITÆ, s. bois des Indes fort dur, sa. Likk, adj. semblable, pareil, tel, egal, même, le même, vraisemblable. LIKE, s. la parcille, la même chose. LIKE, adv. comme, en, de la meme manière que, probablement. Like, r. a. & n. aimer, approuver, agreer. LIERLY, adj. probable, vraisemblable. Likkly, ade. probablement, vraisemblable Likkn, r. a. comparer LAKENESS, s. ressemblance, f. similitude, f. LIKEWISE, adv. parcillement, de même. LIKING, adj. de bonne mine, gras. Liking, a emboupoint, m. essai, m. gout, m. inclination, f. agrement, m. gre, m. LILACH, s. lilus, m. (sorte d'arbre.) LILIED, adj. orne or couvert de lis. LILY, s. lis, m.; lily of the ralley, maguet. ... LIMATURE, s. limure. f.

LIMB, s. membre, m. Limb-meal, par pièces.

LIMB, v. a. donner des membres, dèmemLIMBECK, s. alambic, m.

LIMBECK, s. alambic, m.

LIMBELD, adj. dont les membres sont formés.

LIQUEFY, v. a. & n. fondre, liquéfier, se fon-LIMBED, adj. dont les membres sont formés. LIMBER, adj. souple, flexible, maniable. LIMBER-HOLES, s. pl. vitonnières, f. LIMBERNESS, s. flexibilité, f. facilité, f. LIMEO, s. les limbes, m. prison, f. Lime, s. glu, f. chaux, f. boue, f. limon, m. LIME, LIME-TREE, s. tilleul, m. Line, v. a. couvrir de glu, embarrasser, attraper, cimenter, fertiliser avec de la chaux, marner. LIMERILN, s. chaufour, m.
LIMER or LIMEHOUND, s. limier, m.
LIME-STONE, s. pierre à chaux, f. LIME-TWIG, s. glueau, m. vergette, f. LIME-WATER, s. eau de chaux vive, LIMIT, s. fimite, f. borne, f. frontière, f. LIMIT, v. a. limiter, borner, restreindre. LIMITARY, adj. limitrophe, place aux limites. LIMITATION, s. limitation, f. réserve, f. LIMN, v. a. peindre en détrempe, or en mi-LIMNER, s. peintre, m. [piature. Linosity, s. état de ce qui est limoneux. Limous, adj. limoneux, bourbeux, fangeux. LIMP, adj. foible, mou, molle; v. n. clocher, LIMPET, s. moule, f. LIMPID, adj. limpide, clair, pur, net. [boiter. LIMPIDNESS, LIMPIDITY, s. limpidité, f. clar-LIMPINGLY, adv. en boitant. LIMY, adj. visqueux, gluant. [té, f. Linch-rin, s. ess., f. cheville de roue, f.
Linch-rin, s. ess., f. cheville de roue, f.
Lincus, s. électuaire, m.
Linden, Linden-tree, s. tilleul, m.
Linz, s. ligne, f. corde, f. cordeau, m. retranchement, m. race, f. la ligne équinoviale l'équations noxiale, l'equateur, m. ressort, m. département, m. vers, m. poesie, f. LINE, v. a. doubler, couvrir, revêtir.

LINEAGE, s. lignée, f. postérité, f race, f.

LINEAL, alj. qui descend en ligne droite. LINEALLY, adr. en droite ligne. LINEAMENT, s. linéament, m. trait de visage, LINEAR, adj. linénire. [des lignes. LINEATION, s. état de ce qui est décrit par LINEN, s. toile, f. linge, m., adj. de toile. LINEN-DRAPER, s. marchand de toiles, m. LING, s. bruyère, f. morue-sèche, f. LINGER, v. n. languir, trainer, hesiter. LINGERER, s. un homme lent, un lambin. LINGERING, s. délai, m. retardement, m LINGERING, adj. languissant, lent, tardif. LINGERINGLY, adv. lentement, avec lenteur. LINGUACIOUS, adj. babillard. LINGUIST, s. savant dans les langues. LINGWORT, s. (an herb) angelique, f.
LINIMENT, s. liniment, m. onguent, m.
LINING, s. doublure, f. revêtement, m. LINK, s. chainon, m. anneau, m. lien, f. LINK, r. a. enchainer, joindre. [torche, f. LINK-BOY, s. un garçon qui éclaire avec un LINNET, s. une linotte. [flambeau. LINSEED, s. graine de lin. f. LINSEY-WOLSEY, s. tire-taine, f. brocatelle, f. LINSTOCK, s. bouteseu de canonnier, m. LINT, s. filasse, f. charpie, f. LINTEL, s. linteau, (d'une porte) m. LION, s. lion, m. Lion's whelp, lionceau, m. Lioness, s. une lionne. LION'S PAW, LION'S TAIL OF LION'S тоотн. s. dent du lion, f. Lip, s. la lèvre, la habine (d'unc bète.)

LIQUESCENCY, s. liquéfaction, f. [dre. LIQUESCENCY, s. liquéfaction, f. [dre. LIQUID, adj. liquide, fondu, liquéfaction, f. boisson, f. LIQUIDATE, v. a. liquéfact, rendre liquide. LIQUIDATE, v. a. liquéfact, rendre liquide. Liquor, s. liqueur, f.; v. n. humecter. Liriconfancy, s. lis des vallées, m. LISP, v. a. grasseyer; s. grasseyement, m.
LISPER, s. grasseyeur, grasseyeuse.
LIST, s. liste, f. role, m. catalogue, m. état,
m. lisière, f. (du drap) bord, m. bande, f.
lice, f. envie, f. volonté, f.
LIST, v. a. enrôler; v. n. avoir envie, vou-ISTEN, r. n. écouter, être aux écoutes. LISTENER, s. celui or celle qui écoute. LISTLESS, adj. indifferent, insensible. LISTIESSNESS, s. indifférence, f. négligence, LITANY, s. litanie; f LITERAL, adj. littéral, conformé à la lettre, LITERALITY, s. le sens littéral. [de lettre. LITERALLY, adv. à la lettre, littéralement. LITERALLY, aac. a is letter, interaction.
LITERATE, adf. lettré, savant, docte, habile.
LITERATI, s. pl. les savans, m.
LITERATURE, s. litérature, f. belles-lettres,
LITHARGE, s. litharge, f.
LITHE, adf. souple, flexible, maniable.
LITHENESS, s. flexibilité, f. souplesse, f. LITHOCOLIA, s. lithocolie, f. [pierre. LITHOGRAPHY, s. l'art de graver sur la Lithophagus, s. lithophage, m. Lithotomy, s. lithotomie, f. LITHOTOMIST, s. lithotomiste, m. LITIGANT, adj. plaideur, m. litigant, m. LITIGATE, v. a. & n. plaider, disputer. LITIGATING, LITIGATION, s. litige, m. procès, m. LITIGIOUS, adj. chicaneur, qui aime les pro-LITIGIOUSLY, adv. contentieusement. [ccs. ces. LITIGIOUSNESS, s. humeur chicaneuse. LITISPENDENCE, s. litispendance, f. LITTER, s. litière, f. portée, f. ventrée, f. LITTER, v. a. mettre bas, salir, déranger. LITTERINGS, s. pl. templets, m. pl. LITTLE, odj. petit, quelque; s. un peu. LITTLE, adv. peu, un peu, pas beaucoup.
LITTLEMESS, s. petitesse, f. bassesse, f.
LITURGY, s. liturgie, f.
LIVE, v. n. vivre, subsister, demeurer. LIVE, adj. vif, en vie, vivant. [temps. LIVED, adj. vivant. Long-lived, qui vit long LIVELIHOOD, s. vie, f. entretien, m. nourriture, f. bien, m. art, m. LIVELINES, s. vivacuée, f. vigueur, f. feu, m.
LIVELONG, adj. long, ennuyeux, durable.
LIVELY, adj. vif, vigoureux, anime, vivant,
fort, violent, gai, enjoué.
LIVELY or LIVELILY, adv. vivement, au
LIVER, s. vivant, m. le foie. [naturel. LIVER-COLOUR, couleur de foie, brun.
LIVER-GROWN, adf. qui a le foie gros.
LIVER-WORT, s. (a plant) hépatique, f.
LIVERY, s. mise, prise de possession, f. louage, m. livrée, f. couleurs, f.
LIVERY-MAN, s. bourgeois de Loudres. LIVID, adj. livide, pâle. Livinity, s. couleur livide, f. pâleur, f.
Living, s. vie, f. nourriture, f. subsistance,
f. bien, m. biens, m. pl. bénéfice ecclésias Lip, s. la lèvre, la habine (d'une bête.) [f. tique, m.; adj. vivant, qui vit. Lipотнуму, s. lipothymie, f. défaillance, Livre, s. livre. f. franc, m. vingt sous.

Lixivium, s. lessive, f. eau impregnée de Lizard, s. lézard, m. [sels, f. LIZARD-POINT, s. le Cap Lézard. Lo, interj. voici! voila! regardez! voyez! LOACH, s. loche, f. (poisson.)
LOAD, s. charge, f. fardeau, m. la veine
(d'une mine), r. a. charger. LUADER, s. celui qui charge. LUAD-STAR, s. ctoile polaire, f. la petite ourse. LOAD-STONE, s. aimant, m. Loar, s. un pain. [chis, m. LOAM, s. terre grasse, marne, f. lut, m. tor-LOAM, v. a. enduire de terre grasse. LOANY, adj. argilleux. LOAN, s. prêt, m. une chose prêtée. LOANH, adj. à regret, à coutre cœur. LOATHE, v. a. hair, détester, avoir de dégoût. LOATHFUL, adj. dédaigneux, dégouté. LOATHING, s. dégout, m. aversion. f. LOATHSOME, adj. odieux, dégoutant. LOATHSOMENESS, s. qualité dégoûtante, f. LOAVES, s. pl. of Lonf. des pains. LOB, s. un rustre, sorte de gros ver. LOB, v. a. laisser tomber lachement. LOBBY, s. antichambre, f. vestibule, m. por-LOBE, s. lobe, m. [tique, m. LOBSTER, s. ecrévisse de mer, f. langouste, LOCAL, adj. local, externe. LOCALITY, s. existence locale, presence, f. LOCALLY, adv. localement. LOCATION. s. situation locale, location. f. (de cheveux,) f. botte (de foin,) f. flocon (de laine,) m.; lock of a pistol, la platine d'un pistolet; lock of an arquebuss, rouet d'arquebuse, m.; lock of a pond, la bonde d'un étang; lock for korses' legs, entraves, f. pl. Luck, e. a. fermer à la clef, enfermer. LOCKSMITH, s. un serrurier. LOCKER, s. une armoire. LOCKET, s. agraffe, f. bracelet, m. joyau, m. LOCKEAM, s. sorte de toile grossière. LOCOMOTION, s. changement de place, m. LOCOMOTIVE, adj. qui change de place. Locust, s. une sauterelle, caroube. f. LOCUTION, a. locution. f. phrase, f. style, m. LODEMANAGE, s. lamanage, m. LODESMAN, s. lamaneur, m. pilote côtier, m. Longs, s. petite maison, cabane, f. Longe, v. a. & n. loger, placer. LODGEMENT, s. logement, m. Longen, c. un locataire. LOUGING, s. logis, m. logement. m. demeure, LOFT, s. grenier, m. galetas, m. remise, f. LOFTILY, adv. avec hauteur, fièrement. LOFTINESS, s. grandour, f. hauteur, f. LOFTY, adj. grand, haut, élevé, altier. Log, s. une bûche, un tronc d'arbre. Logwood, s. bois de campèche, m. [bété. LOGARITHMS, s. logarithmes, m. LOGGERHEAD, s. un sot, un lourdaud, un he-LOGICAL, adj. de logique, suivi, concluant. LOGICALLY, adr. en logique, en logicien. Logician, s. logicien, m. Logician-like, en Logick, s. la logique. [logicien.] LOCISTICE, s. logistique, f. supputation. LOHOCK, s. lok, m. (sorte d'electuaire.) LOIN, s. longe, f. les reins, m. LOITER, v. n. s'amuser, s'arrêter, tarder. LOITERER, s. un faineant, un paresseux. LOITERING, s. negligence, f. paresse. f. LOITERING, adj. paresseux, negligent.

Lixivial, Lixivious, adj. imprégne de sels. || Loll, v. n. se pencher, s'étendre, pendre , v. a. tirer la langue. LONDON, s. Londres, m. Lonely, Lonesome, adj. solitaire, isole. LONELINESS, LONENESS, s. solitude, f. Long, adj. long, grand, lent, tardif. Long, s. une longue (en musique.) Long, adr. long-ten ps, tout, durant. Long, r. a. avoir une forte envie. LONGARIMITT, s. longammite, f.
LONGARIMITT, s. longammite, f.
LONGER, adj. plus long; adv. plus long temps. Longevity, s. longue vie, f. Longimanous, adj. qui a les bras longs. LONGIMETRY, s. longimetrie, f. Longing, s. envie, f. desir impatient. LONGINGLY, adv. impaticament. LONGISH, adj. un peu long longuet. LONGITUDE, s. longueur, f. longitude. f. LONGITUDINAL, adj. longitudinal. Longsome, adj. long, ennuyant, ennuyenx. Longsuffering, adj. endurant : s. patience. LONGWAYS, LONGWISE, adv. en longueur. LONGWAYS, LONGWISE, adv. en longueur. LONGWISDED, adj. qui a bonne haleine. LONGWORT, s. ungélique, f. (sorte de plante.) LOO, s. la béte (sorte de jeu de cartes.) LOORT, s. un sot, un lourdaud, un butor. Loor, s. lof, (de vaisseau) m. LOOF, r. n. tenir le lof, serrer le vent. LOOR, v. n. & a. regarder, avoir l'air or la mine, paroître, voir; to look about, prendre garde, songer; to look ofter, avoir soin; to look at, considerer, regarder; to look tor, chercher, attendre; to look tute, examirer, considerer; to look on or upon, regarder, estimer, considerer; to look over, examiner; to look out for, chercher; to look to, contempler, considérer, observer. LOOK, s. regard, m. comp d'œil, m. aspert, m. air, m. mine, f. maintien, m. LOOKER-ON, s. regardant. m. spectateur, m. LOOKING-GLASS, s. un miroir. LOOKING-GLASS-MAKER, s. un miroitier. LOUM, s. métier de tisserand, m. LOOM-GALE, s. un vent frais; r. s. paroitre. LOOP, s. bride or gause, f. tenon, m. LOOPHOLE, s. trou, m. echappatoire, f. defaite, f. barbacanes, f. pl. larmier, m. Loose, adj. lache, detache, délie, qui braule, négligent, libertin, dissolu. Loose, r. a. délier, lâcher, délivrer. Looselv, adr. lachement, dissolument. LOOSEN, v. a. & n. See Loose. LOOSENESS, s., relachement, m. flux, m. or cours de ventre, m. dévoiement, m. LOOSENING, s. l'action de hicher, f. LOOSENING, adj. laxatif.
LOOSENING, adj. laxatif.
LOOVER, s. lucarne, f. soupirail, m.
LOP, t. oppinas, s. les brauches coupées d'un
LOPPER, s. celui qui élague. [arbre.
LoQUACIOUS, adj. babillard, causeur. LOQUACITY, s. babil, m. caquet, m. LORD, s. seigneur, m. maître, m. un lord. LORD or TO LORD IT, v. n. dominer. LORDING, LORDLING, s. petit seigneur. LORDLINES, s. grandeur. f. dignile, f. LORDLY, alj. noble. grand, haut, fier. LORDLY, adv. imperieusement, despotiquement. LORDSHIP. s. empire. m. grandeur, f. LORE, s. lecon, f. doctrine, f. instruction, f. LORIMER, LORIMER, s. (peronnier, m. LORIOT, s. (a singing bird) loriot, m.

Lose, v. a. & n. perdre; to tose ground, plier. Losen, s. perdant, m. celui qui perd. LOSING, s. perte, f. [défaut, m. Loss, s. perte, f. dommage, m. préjudice, m. Lot, s. sort, m. lot, m. quotepart, f. LOTE-TREE or LOTOS, s. alizier, m. LOTION, s. lotion, f. Lotiery, a. loterie, Loup, adj. bruyant. haut, fort, grand. LOUD, LOUDLY, adr. haut, à haute voix. LOUDNESS, s. bruit, m. force, f. Lough, s. un lac. Louis-n'or, s. louis d'or, m. 20s. Lounge, r. a. vivre dans la fainéantise. Loungen, s. un fainéant, Louse, s. pou, m. ; v. a. épouiller, éplucher. Lousewort, s. herbe aux poux, f. Lousily, adv. en gueux, comme un gueux. LOUSINESS, s. abondance de poux, f. Lousy, adj. pouilleux, pediculaire. LOUT, s. rustre. LOUTISH, adj. un peu grossier. LOUTISHLY, adv. grossierement. LOVAGE, s. (an herb) liveche, f. Lova, v.a. almer, cherir, se plaire a. LOVE, s. amour, m. passion, f. amitie, f. LOVE-APPLE, s. pomme d'amour, f. Loveless, adj. insensible, apathique. LOVE-LETTER, s. un billet doux, un poulet. LOVELILY, udv. d'une façon aimable. LOVELINESS, s. aimabilité, f. beauté, LOVE-LORN, adj. abandonne. [mant. LOVELY, udj. aimable, beau, agreable, char-LOVE-POTION, s. un filtre. LOVER, s. amant, m. amoureux, m. galaut, LOVE-SECRET, s. secret d'amans, m. LOVE-SICE, adj. malade d'amour. LOVE-SONG, s. chansonnette, f. [reuse. LOVE-suit, s. amour, m. poursuite amou-LOVE-TALE, s. histoire galante. LOVE-TOY, s. petits presens d'amans. LOVE-TRICK, s. jeu d'amour, m. amourette, f. LOVING, part. adj. bon, affectionné. LOVINGLY, adv. affectueusement. LOVINGRINDNESS, s. affection, f. tendresse. Low, adj. bas, petit, abject, vil. Low, adv. bas, profondement. Low, v. n. meugler, mugir. LOWER, adj. plus bas, bas. Lower, v. a. & n. abaisser, abattre, baisser, diminuer, s'obscurcir, se couvrir. Lowen, s. temps couvert, air refrogné. Lowerino, adj. sombre, rechigné Loweringly, adv. tristement. Lowernost, Lowest, adj. le plus bas. Lowing, s. meuglement, m. mugissement, m. Lowlings, s. humilite, f. bassesse, f. LOWLY, adj. humble, soumis, bas. Lowness, s. petitesse, f. hassesse, f. Low-spiriten, adj. abattu, decourage. Low-thoughted, adj. qui a l'esprit rampant. OYAL, adj. fidèle, loyal. LOYALIST, s. loyaliste, m. LOYALLY, adr. fidèlement, loyalement. LOYALTY, s. fidelité, f. loyauté, f LOZENGE, s. losange, m. tablette, f. LUBBARD, LUBBER, s. un drôle, un fainéant. Lubricate, Lubricitate, r. a. aplanir, lubrifier. LUBRICITY, s. inconstance, f. légereté, f. qualité de ce qui est glissant or coulant. LUBRICK, LUBRICOUS, adj. glissant, leger. LUCE, s. lis, m. gros brochet.

LUCENT, adj. luisant, brillant. LUCID, adj. lucide, brillant, transparent. LUCIDITY, s. splendeur, f. clarte, f. LUCIFER, s. lucifer, m. l'étoile du matin, f. LUCIFEROUS, LUCIFICE, adj. qui éclaire. LUCE, s. hasard, m. fortune, f. accident, m. LUCKILY, adv. heurcusement, par bonheur. LUCKINESS, s. bonheur, m. LUCKLESS, adj. malheureux. LUCKY, adj. heureux. LUCRATIVE, adj. lucratif. LUCRE, s. lucre, m. gain, m. profit, m. LUCRIFEROUS, adj. profitable. LUCTATION, s. effort, m. resistance, f. dispute, LUCUBRATE, v. n. veiller, étudier la nuit. LUCUBRATION, s. veille savante, production LUCUBRATORY, adj. nocturne. savante. LUCULENT, adj. clair. LUDICROUS, adj. badin, comique, burlesque, plaisant, dròle. Ludicrously, adv. en badinant. LUDICROUSNESS, s. burlesque, m. comique, m. LUDIFICATION, s. plaisanterie, f. illusion, f. Lug, v. a. tirer, trainer. Luggage, s. attirail, m. bagage, m. Lugubra triste, adj. lugubre, triste. [rent. LUKEWARM, adj. peu chaud, tiède, indiffe-LUKEWARMLY, adr. avec tièdeur. LUKEWARMNESS,s. indifférence, f. tièdeur, f. LULL, v. a. endormir, bercer. I.ULLABY, s. chanson pour endormir les en-LUMBAGO, s. douleur de reins, f. LUMBAR, LUMBARY, adj. lombaire. Lumber, s. échantillon, m. gros bagage. LUMBER, v. n. entasser sans ordre. LUMINARY, s. luminaire, m. corps lumineux. Luminous, adj. lumineux, qui éclaire. LUMP, s. marse. f. bloc, m. gros, m. LUMP, r. a. prendre en gros. [sant. LUMPING, LUMPISH, adj. gros, massil; pe-LUMPISHLY, adr. pesamment, lourdement. LUMPISHNESS, s. stupidité, f. hêtise, f. LUMPY, adj. qui est en plusieurs masses. LUNACY, s. phrenésie, f. folie, f. LUNACY, daj. lunaire. LUNATICK, adj. de s. phrenétique, fou, m. LUNATION, s. lunaison, f. Lunch, Luncheon, s. un morceau, le goûte. LUNES, s. filière, f. lunes, f. pl. LUNETTE, s. lunette, demi lune, f. LUNGS, s. le poumon. LUNG-WORT, s. (an herb) la pulmonaire. LUNT, s. meche, f. LUPINE, s. lupin, m. (sorte de légume.) LURCH, s. bredouille, f. embarras. Lurch, v. n. dévorer, tromper, filouter. LURCHER, s. celui qui est aux aguets. LURE, s. leurre, m. ; r. a. leurrer, attirer. LURID, adj. triste, sombre, lugubre, livide, LURK, v. n. être aux aguets. [pâle. LURKER, s. guet-à-pens. LUBRING-PLACE, s. cachette. f, embuscade, LUSCIOUS, adj. doucereux, mielleux, sucre. Lusciousit, adr. avec douceur or fadeur. Lusciousness, s. douceur excessive, f. LUSH, adj. obscur; s. debauche, f. LUSKISHNESS, s. indolence, f. [ment. LUSKISHNESS, s. indolence, f. epid. d'amuse-LUST, s. concupiscence, f. incontinence, f. Lust, v. a. convoiter, desirer avec passion. LUSTFUL, adj. impudique, lascif. voluptueux. LUSTFULLY, adr. sensuellement. LUSTFULNESS, s. convoitise. f. impudicité, f. LUSTILY, adv. vigoureusement, avec force.

LUSTINESS, s. vigueur, f. force, Lustral, adj. lustrale, qui purifie. LUSTRAL, adj. lustralion, f. LUSTRAL, s. splendeur, m. lustre, m. LUSTRING, LUTESTRING, s. lustre, m. LUSTRING, adj. fori, vigoureux, robuste. LUTANIST, s. joueur de luth. m LUTARIOUS, adj. qui vit dans la vase. LUTE, s. luth, m. lut, m; v. a; luter. LUTHERARISM, s. le Lutherunisme. LUTHERAN, s. un Luthérien. LUTULENT, adj. boueux, bourbeux. Lux, Luxate, v. a. luxer, démettre. LUXATION, s. luxation, f. dislocation, f. LUXURIANCE, LUXURIANCY, s. surabon-LUXURIANT, adj. surabondant. [fertil. LUXURIATE, v. a. être trop abondant, trop LUXURIOUS, adj. kuxurieux. LUXURIOUSLY, adv. luxurieusement. LUXURIOUSNESS, LUXURY, s. luxure, f. luxe, LUCKEN, s. Luzerne, f. LYCAPTHROPY, s. lycanthropie, f. Lyceun, a. le Lycee. Lycium, s. Lycium, m. le jus du lycium. LYE, v. a. & n. coucher, reposer, giter, loger, demeurer, être situé. See Lie. Lying, s. mensonge, m. imposture, f. Lying-in, s. couches, f. pl. Lymph, s. la lymphe. LYMPHATICE, adj. & s. lymphatique. LYNCEAN, LYNCEOUS, adj. de lynx, perçant. LYNCURIS, s. espèce d'ambre, f. LYNX, s. lynx, m. loup cervier, m. LYRE, s. lyre, f. harpe, f. LYRICAL, LYRICK, adj. lyrique. LYRIST, s. un joueur de lyre or de harpe.

Mac, (an Irish word) fils, m. MACARONI, s. petit maltre, m. MACARONICK, adj. macaronique. MACAROON, s. macaron, m. MACE, s. masse, f. macis, m. MACEBRARER, s. massier, m. MACERATE, v. a. maigrir, macerer, tremper. MACERATION, s. maceration, f. mortification, MACHINAL, adj. machinal. MACHINATE, v. a. machiner, tramer, brasser. Machination, s. machination, f. artifice, m. MACHINATOR, s. machinateur, m. MACHINE, s. machine, f. instrument, m. MACHINERY, s. usage des machines. MACHINIST, s. machiniste, f. MACILENT, adj. maigre, decharne. MACKEREL, s. maquerau, m MACKEREL-BOAT, s. maquilleur. m. MACROCOSM, s. l'univers, m. MACULA, s. une tache, une macule. MACULATE, r. a. tacher, faire des taches. MACULATION, s. macule, f. tache, J MACULE OF MACLE, s. ft uille maculée.

MAD adi fou insertée. MAD, adj. fou, insensé, enragé, furieux, passionné, folâtre, étourdi, écervelé. MAD-FIT, s. folie, f. caprice, f. quinte, MADAM, s. madame or mademoiselle. f. MAD-APPLE, s. pomme d'amour, f. MAD-BRAIN, MADBRAINED, a MAD-BRAIN, MADDEN, v. a. & n. rendre fou, devenir fou. MADDER, s. garance, f.

MADDISH, adj. un peu fou, folâtre, badin. MADEFACTION, s. action de mouiller. MADEFY, v. a. mouiller. MADGE-HOWLET, s. hulotte or huette, f. Madhouse, s. les petites maisons MADLY, adv. follement, en insensé MADMAN, s. un fou, un insense. [mence, f. MADMESS, s. folie, f. manie, f. fureur, f. de-MADMIGAL, s. madrigal, m. MAFFLE, v. a. bredouiller, begayer. MAGAZINE, s. magasin, m. grenier, m. journal, m. MAGE, s. mage, m. magicien, m. MAGGOT, s. petit ver, mite, f. caprice, m. MAGGOTTY, adj. plein de vers, capriciens, quinteux. MAGICAL, MAGICK, adj. magique. MAGICALLY, adv. par magic, par enci MAGICIAN, s. un magicien, un soccier. MAGICK, s. magie, f. enchantement, m. MAGISTERIAL, adj. magistral, imperieux. MAGISTERIALLY, odv. magistralement. MAGISTERIALNESS, s. hauteur, f. MAGISTERY, s. magistère, m. MAGISTRACY, s. magistrature, f. MAGISTRALLY, adv. magistralement. MAGISTRATE, s. un magistrat. MAGNA-CHARTA, s. graude charte, f. MAGNANIMITY, s. magnanimité, f. courage, MAGNANIMOUS, adj. magnanime. MAGNATIMOUSLY, adr. avec magnanimité, courageusement. MAGNET, s. aimant, m. Magnetical, Magnetick, adj.magnetique. Magnetism, s. magnetisme, m. Magnifical, Magnifice, adj. magnifique. Magnificence, s. magnificence, f. faste, s. MAGNIFICENT, adj. magnifique, grand, noble. MAGNIFICENTLY, adv. magnifiquement. MAGRIFIER, s. un panegyriste, une loupe MAGNIFY, v. a. grossir, exagerer, exalter, MAGNITUDE, s. grandeur, f. [vanter (vanter. MAGPIE, s. une pie. A speckled magpie, une pie grièche. MAHOGANY, s. acajou, m. bois d'acajou, m. MAHOMETAN. s. un Mahométan MAHOMETANISM, s. le Mahométisme. MAID, s. (a sort of fish) ange de mer, m MAID, s. une fille, une servante. [tête. MAIDEN, s. une fille, une servante, un coupe MAIDEN. adj. vierge, de fille, frais, neul. Maidenhair, s. capillaire, n MAIDENLY, adj. virginal, modeste, de fille. MAIL, s. maille, f. malle, f. valise, poste, f. MAIM, v. a. mutiler, tronquer, estropier. [ler, MAIM, s. mutilation, f. blessure, f. MAIMING, s. mutilation, f. l'action de muti-MAIN, adj. principal, essenticl.

MAIN, s. le gros, la plupart, le total, l'ocean, force, f. As to the main, pour la plupart.

In the main, au fond, en général.

MAIN-LAND, s. la continent, la terre ferme. MAINLY, adr. principalement, beaucoup. MAINMAST, s. le grand mat. MAINPRIZE, s. cautionuement, m.; v. a. cautionner. MAINSAIL, MAINSHEET, s. la grande voile. MAINSEA, s. la haute mer, l'océan. m. MAINTAIN, r. a. & n. maintenir, soutenir, défendre, conserver, entretenir. [tros, =. MAINTAINABLE, adj. soutenable. [tron, m. MAINTAINER, s. defenseur, m. soutien m.pa-

MAINTENANCE, s. entretien, m. soutien, m. MAINTOP-MAST, s. le grand mât de hune. MAINTOP-GALLANT-MAST, le grand perroquet. MAINYARD, s. la grande vergue. MAIZE, s. mais. m. ble d'Inde, m. [ajestical, Majestick, adj. majestueux. MAJESTICALLY, adv. majestneusement. MAJESTY, s. majeste, f. grandeur, f. MAJOR, adj. plus grand. Major, s. la majeure, un major. Major-pono, s. un major-dome. MAJORITY, s. pluralité, f. majorité, f. MAJORBHIP, s. majorité, f.

MANE, v. a. faire, créer, former, produire, façousser, exécuter, obliger, contraindre, forcer, toucher, intéresser, rendre, faire devenir, commettre, tirer, donner, porter, être, devenir, tendre, aller à. To make account, compter, estimer, faire cas; to make angry, facher; to make one's escape, se sauver; to make a fool of one, se moquer de quelqu'un; to make free, delivrer; to make free with, traiter familierement, agir sans façon; to make good, garantir, soute-mir, prouver, accomplir, bonifier; to make haste, ne depêcher, se hater; to make hay, faner l'herne; to make hot, chausier, echauffer ; to make known, faire connoltre, notifier, publier; to make level, aplainir, unir; to make many words, chicaner, contester; to make merry, rejouir, se rejouir; to make much of one, estimer quelqu'un, vauter, priser, to make one, être de la partie; to make a pass, porter une botte; to make a pen, tailler une plume ; to make ready, preparer; to make sport of one, se moquer de quelqu'un; to make a stand, faire une pause, s'arrêter : to make sure of, regarder comme sûr, s'assurer de ; to make seaste, désoler, ruiner. To make as if, faire semblant de; to make way, tuer, se défaire, dépenser follement, dissiper, se sauver; to make of, entendre, comprendre; to make over, ceder, confier; to make out, prouver, justifier, debrouiller; to make sure of, compter sur, s'assurer de ; to make up, suppléer, réparer, accommoder, réconcilier, finir, conclure, dédommager, combler, monter, plier, completer, former. MAKE, s. façon, f. forme, figure, f. MAKEBATE, s. brouillon, m. semeur de querelles, m. AARE-PEACE, s. médiateur, m. MAKER, s. créateur, m. feseur, m. feseuse, f. Making, s. la façon. MALADY, s. maladie, f. mal, m. MALANDERS, s. malandes, f. pl. MALAPERT, adj. impertinent, effronte, inso-MALAPERTLY, adv. insolemment. ſlent. MALAPERTNESS, s. impertinence, f. insolence, f. MALAXATE, v. a. adoucir, petrir, malaxer.
MALE, adj. måle; s. le måle. Male, in composition, signifies Ill. MALEADMINISTRATION, s. malversation, f. MAI.ECONTENT, adj. & s. mecontent. MALECONTENTEDNESS, s. mecontentement. MALEDICTION, s. malediction, f. [m]MALEFACTION, s. faute, f. crime, m. offense, MALEFACTOR, s. malfaiteur, m. MALEPICE, s. mechante action, tort, m. in-MALEFICENCE, s. malignité, f. [jure, MALEFICE adj.malfaisant, mechant, nuisible.

MALEPRACTICE, s. mauvaise conduite MALEVOLENCE, s. malveillance, f. malice, f. MALEVOLENT, adj. mal-intentionné. MALEVOLENTI.Y, adv. malicieusement. MALICE, s. malice, f. malignité, f. MALICIOUS, adj. malicieux, méchant. MALICIOUSLY, adr. malicieusement. MALICIOUSNESS, s. méchancete, f. MALIGN, adj. malin, malfaisant, nuisible. MALIGNANCY, s. malignite, f. malice, f. MALIGNANT, adj. malin, malfaisant, nuisible. MALIGNANTLY, MALIGNLY, adv. par malice. MALIGNITY, s. malignité, f. malice, f. MALEIN, s. écouvillon, m. épouvantail, m. Malt., s. mail, m. coup, m. maillet, m. MALLARD, s. malart, m. canard sauvage. MALLEABILITY, MALLEABLENESS, s. malléabilité, f. MALLEABLE, adj. mallcable, doux. Malleate, v. a. forger avec le marteau. Mallet, s. un maillet, mail, m. Mallows, s. mauve, m Malmsky, s. malvoisie, f. MALT, s. drêche, f. MALT, v. n. faire de la drêche, faire du malt. MALT-LONG, MALT-WORM, s. crevasse, f. MALTSTER, s. marchand or feseur de drêche, m. MALVACEOUS, adj. de mauve, de la nature de la mauve. MALVERSATION, s. malversation, f. Mam, Mamma, s. maman, f. Itabillée. f. petite figure MAMMET, s. marionnette, MAMMILLARY, adj. mammillaire.
MAMMOCK, s. bloc, fragment, m.; v. a. briser. Mammon, s. richesses, / Mammonist, s. un mondain. Man, s. l'homme, m. quelqu'un, personne, on, valet, m. serviteur, m. ; mun at chess, pièce, f.; man at draughts, dame, f. pion, m.; man of war, un vaisseau de guerre, homme de guerre, m. MAR, r. a. equiper (un vaisseau), mettre une garnison (dans une place), fortifier, encourager; dresser (un fauçon), ou apprivoiser. MANACLE, r. a. mettre des menottes. MANACLES, s. pl. menottes, f. MANAGE, v. a. ménager, conduire, manier, dresser. Manage, s. maniement, m. manège, m. MANAGEABLE, adj. traitable, docile MANAGEABLENESS, s. docilité, f. flexibilité, f. MANAGEMENT, s. maniement, m. règle, f. MANAGER, s. directeur, m. régisseur, m. MANAGERY, s. direction, f. économie, f. MANATION, s. emanation, f. ecoulement, m. MANCHET, s. un petit pain blanc. MANCIPATE, v. a. asservir, enchaîner, lier. MANCIPATION, s. esclavage, m. servitude, f. MANCIPLE, s. dépensier, m. pourvoyeur, m. MANDAMUS, s. mandement, m. ordonnance MANDARIN, s. un mandarin. MANDATARY, s. mandataire, m. MANDATE, s. precepte, m. commandement. MANDIBLE, s. la mandibule, la màchoire. MANDILLON, s. mandille, f. casaque, f. MANDRAKE. s. (a plant) mandragore, f. MANDUCATE, r. d. manger, mâcher. MANE, s. crinière, f. MAN-EATER. s. un anthropophage. MANES, a. pl. l'ombre, f. les manes, f. pl. Manful, adj. brave, courageux, hardi

MANFULLY, adr. courageusement, en brave.

MARFULRESS, s. courage, m. bravoure, f. va-leur, f. MARAUDING, s. marande, f. MARAVEDIS, s. maravédis, ss. un liard. MANGER, s. gale de chieu, f. MANGER, s. mangeoire, f. crèche, f. MANGINESS, s. démangeaison, f. MANGLE, s. calandre, f. polissoire, m.; v. a. dechirer, mutiler, calandrer. MANGLER, s. celui qui déchire, calandreur, MANGY, adj. galeux. [m. MANHATER, s. un misanthrope. MANHOOD, s. humanité, f. virilité, f. cou-MANIA, s. manie, f. folie, f. [rage. f. MANIACK, MANIACAL, adj. maniaque. MANIFEST, adj. manifeste, notoire, evident. MANIFEST, MANIFESTO, s. manifeste, m; v. a. manifester, publicr. MANIFESTATION, s. manifestation, f. MANIFESTLY, adv. manifestement, evidem-MANIFOLD, adj. plusieurs, de plusieurs sortes. MANIPLE, s. une manipule, une poignee. MANKILLER, s. meurtrier, m. homicide, m. MANKIND, s. le genre humain, les hommes. MANLINESS, s. air mâle, m. bravoure. MANLY, adj. male, d'homme, vaillant. MANLY, adv. avec courage, courageusement. MAN-MID WIFE, s. accoucheur, f. MANNA, s. manne, f. [coutume, f. MANNER, s. manière, f. façon, f. methode, f. MANNERS, s. manière de vivre, f. mœurs, m. MANNERLINESS, s. civilité, f. urbanité, f. MANNERLY, adj. civil, poli ; adr. civilement. MANNING, s. equipement (d'un vaisseau.)
MANNISH, adj. male, bardi, impudent.
MANOR, s. fief, m. seigneurie, f. manoir, m. Manse, s. un Presbytère, maison du curé, f. Mansion, s. demeure, f. se jour, m. MANSION-HOUSE, s. maison seigneuriale. MANSLAUGHTER, s. homicide involuntaire, m. MANSLAYER, s. meurtrier, m. homicide, m. MANSUETE, adj. doux, traitable, apprivoisé, MANSUETUDE, s. douceur, f. bonté, f. MANTELET, s. mantelet, m. MANTLE, s. manteau, m. mante, f. mantelet. MANTLE, v. a. & n. fermenter, se réjouir. Mantua, s. robe de femme, manteau, m. MANTUA-MAKER, s. tailleuse pour femme. MANUAL, adj. manuel, de la main; s. ma-Inuel, m. Manubuction, s. guide, m. MANUFACTURE, s. manufacture, f. fabrique, f. ; v. a. manufacturer. MANUFACTURER, s. un manufacturier, un fabricant. Manumission, a. affranchissement, m. MANUMIT, MANUMISE, v. a. affranchir. Manurable, adj. labourable. Manure, v. a. labourer, cultiver, fumer, engraissir. MANURE, s. engrais, m. fumier, m. MANUREMENT, s. culture, f. MANURER, s. laboureur, ne. cultivateur, m. Manuscript, s. un manuscrit. MANY, adv. plusieurs, grand nombre. Many a man, plusieurs hommes. Many a time, plusieurs fois. How many, combien. So many, tant, autant. As many as, autant que. Too many, trop. MANY-FEET, s. polype, m. MANY TIMES, adv. souvent, frequemment. MAP, s. carte géographique, f. MAPLE, MAPLE-TREE, s. crable, m. MAR, v. a. gûter, endommager, corrompre. MARASMUS, s. marasme, f. consomption, f. MARAUDER, s. un maraudeur.

MARBLE, s. marbre, m. ; v. a. marbrer. MARBLE-CUTTER, s. marbrier, m. MARBLE, adj. de marbre, marbre. MARCASITE, s. marcassite, f. MARCH, s. Mars, m. le mois de Mars, marche, MARCHES, s. pl. frontières, f. limites, f. MARCH, v. n. marcher, être en marche, ler; to march in. entrer; to march off, s'en aller, se retirer, plier bagage; to march on, marcher, avancer; to murch cut. sortir. MARCHER, s. celui qui commande sur les frontières. MARCHIONESS, s. marquise, f. MARCEPANE, s. masse-pain, m. MARCID, adj. maigre, languissant, desseche. MARE, s. cavale, f. jument, f. MARE-COLT, un poulain, une pouliche. MARESHAL, s. maréchal de France, s. MARGARITE, s. (a pearl) marguerite.
MARGENT, MARGIN, s. le bord, la marge. MARGINAL, adj. marginal, qui est à la marge. MARGRAVE, s. margrave, m. MARGRAVIATE, s. margraviat, ... MARIGOLD, s. souci, m. (fleur.) MARINATE, v. a. mariner, salér. MARINE, s. la marine; adj. marine, de mer. MARINER, s. marinier, m. matelot, m. MARISH, s. marais; adj. marecageux. MARITAL, adj. marital. MARITIMAL, MARITIME, adj. de mer, marin, maritime. Marjoram, s. marjolaine, f. MARK. s. marque, f. signe, m. indice, m. preuve, f. vestige, f. trace, f. marc, m. poids de 8 onces or somme de 13 schelins quatre sous, blanc, m. but, m. représailles, f. pl. germe de fève, m. marque noire dans la bouche d'un cheval. MARK, v. a. marquer, remarquer; to saut out, montrer, faire voir, faire remarquer. MARKER, s. marqueur, sa. MARKET, s. marché, m.; r. n. acheter, ven-MARKETABLE, adj. marchand, loyal. MARKET-DAY, s. jour de marché, sa. MARKET-GELD, s. droit d'étalage, m MARKET-PLACE, s. le marché. [courant. MARKET-PRICE, MARKET-RATE, s. le prix MARKET-TOWB, s. ville où il y a marche, f. Markman, Marksman, s. un bon tireur. MARL, s. marne, f.; v. a. marner. MARLINE, s. fil de carret, m. merlin, m. MARLY, adj. plein de marne. MARMALADE, MARMELET, s. marmelade, f. Marmorean, adj. de marbre, fait de mar-MARMOSET, s. marmot, m. marmouset, m MARNOT, MARMOTTE, s. marmotte, f. MARQUETRY, s. marqueterie, f. mosalque. f. Marquis, s. marquis, m. MARQUISATE, s. marquisat, m. MARQUISSHIP, s. titre de marquis. MARRER, s. celui qui gâte or endommage. MARRIAGE, s. mariage, m. noce or noces, MARRIAGE-SONG, s. chanson nuptiale, f. MARRIAGFABLE, adj. mariable, nubile. MARROW. s. moëlle, f. la quintessence. MARROW-BONE, s. os à moëlle. MARROW-FAT, s. pois carre, pois rames MARROWLESS, adj. sans moelle. [1 (rier. MARRY, v. a. & n. marier, epouser, se ma-Mars, s. mars, m. (une des sept planètes.) MARSH, s. un marais, une lieu marecageux.

MARSH MALLOW, s. mauve, f. [gler. MARSHAL, s. maréchal, m.; v. a. ranger, re-[gler.] MARSHALLER, s. celui qui range, qui met en MARSHALSEA, s. marechaussee. [ordre. MARSHALSHIP, s. la charge de maréchal. MARSHY, adj. marécageux, fangeux. MART, s. foire, f. marché, m. MARTEN, MARTERN, s. marte or martre, f. MARTIAL, adj. martial, guerrier, militaire. A Court-martial, un conseil de guerre. The martial-law, le droit des armes, loi mar-MARTIALIST, s. un guerrier.

MARTIN OF MARTINET, s. un martinet. MARTINGAL, s. martingale, f. MARTINMAS, s. la fête de St. Martin. MARTLET, s. martinet pêcheur, m. merlette, Marter, s. un martyr; v. a. martyriser. MARTYRDOM, s. martyre, m. tourment, m MARTYROLOGIST, s. auteur de martyrologe, MARTYROLOGY, s. martyrologe, m. MARVEL, s. merveille, f.; v. n. s'étonner. MARVELLOUS, adj. merveilleux, étonnant. MARVELLOUSLY, adv. admirablement. Masculine, adj. masculin, måle. Mash, s. maille, f. melange, m. breuvage, m. MASH, v. a. & n. mêler, tripoter, écraser. Mask, s. masque, m. pretexte, m. MASK, v. a. & n. masquer, se masquer. MASKER, s. un masque, une personne mas-Mason, s. un maçon. quée. MASONRY, s. maconnerie, f. [quer. MASQUERADE, s. mascarade, f.; v. n. mas-Mass, s. masse, f. gros, m. monceau, m. Mass, s. la messe; v.n. dire la messe. MASSACRE, s. massacre, m. ; v. a. massacrer. Massicot, s. massicot, m. Massiness, Massiveness, s. solidité, f. poids, f. MASSIVE, MASSY, adj. massif, gros.
MASSIVE, Massy, adj. massif, gros.
MAST, s. le mât (d'un navire.) The mainmust, le grand mât. The fore-mast, le mât
de misaine, mât d'avant. The mizen-mast, le mât d'artimon. The top-must, le perroquet, le mât de perroquet. Main-top-mast, le grand perroquet. Mizen-top-mast, le le grand perroquet. Mizen-top-mast, le perroquet de fougue. The fore-top mast, le petit perroquet. MAST, s. glandee, f. faine, f. MASTED, adj. qui a tous ses mâts. MASTER, s. maitre, m. chef, m. directeur, m. gouverneur, m. propriétaire. MASTER, r. a. maîtriser, gouverner, dompter, surmonter, venir à bout, savoir.

MASTER HAND, s. main de maître, f. MASTER-KEY, s. passe-part, m. MASTERLESS, adj. sans maltre, opiniâtre. MASTERLINESS, s. supériorité, f. MASTERLY, adv. en maître : adj. de maître. MASTERPIECE, s. un chef d'œuvre. MASTERSHIP, s. maitrise, f. autorite, f. MASTER-SPRING, e. le grand ressort. MASTER-STROKE, s. coup de maître, m. MASTER-WORT, s. impératoire, f. MASTERY, s. puissance, f. empire, m. supe MASTICATION, s. mastication, f. [riorite, f. MASTICATORY, s. masticatoire, m. MASTICH, c. mastic. m. The mastich-tree, [le lentisque. Mastiff, s. un mâtin. MASTLESS, adj. sans mat, sans gland. MAT, s. une natte, un matelas; v. a. natter. MATADORE, s. (at cards) matador, m. MATCH, s. une meche, une allumette, une partie, un jeu, une joute, mariage, m. parti, m. pareil, m. semblable, m.

MATCH, v. a. égaler, assortir, convenir, appareiller, tenir tête, faire face, marier, ac-coupler, joindre; r. n. se marier, être proportionné MATCHABLE, adj. convenable, proportionné, égal, comparable. MATCHLESS, adj. sans pareil, sans second. MATCHLESSLY, adr. incomparablement. MATCH-MAKER, s. un marieur, une ma-MATE, s. un compagnon, une compagne, aide, m. & f. contre maître (d'un navire.) MATE, v. a. assortir, égaler, étourdir. MATERIAL, adj. materiel, important, princi-MATERIALS, s. pl. materiaux, m. pl. MATERIALIST, s. maierialisie, m MATERIALITY, s. matérislité, f. (tiellement. MATERIALLY, adv. matériellement, essen-MATERIATE, adj. matériel; s. importance. Maternai., adj. maternel, de mére. MATERNITY, s. maternité, f. [regain. MATH, s. récolte du foin, f. After-math, le MATHEMATICAL, MATHEMATICK, adj. mathe matique. MATHEMATICALLY, adv. mathématique-MATHEMATICIAN, s. un mathématicien. MATHENATICES, s. les mathématiques, f. MATIN, adj. matinal, du matin; s. le matin. MATINS, r. pl. prières du matin, f. matines, MATRASS, s. matras, m. MATRICE, s. matrice, f. moule de lettres, m. MATRICIDE, s. matricide, n MATRICIOUS, adj. de la matrice. MATRICULAR BOOK, une matricule. MATRICULATE, r. a. immatriculer. MATRICULATION, s. immatriculation, MATRIMONIAL, adj. matrimonial, conjugal. MATRIMONIALLY, adv. selon les lois du ma-[riage, m. Matrimony, s. mariage, m. MATRIX, s. matrice, f. moule, f. MATRON, s. une matron, une sage-femme. MATRONAL, adj. de matrone. MATRONLY, adr. vieille, de matrone. MATROSS, s. soldat d'artillerie, m. MATTED, part. adj. natte, trease.

MATTER, s. substance, f. matière, f. sujet, m. objet, m. chose, f. affaire, f. fait, m. question, f. raison. f. cause, f. occasion, f. importance, f. conséquence, f. propos, m. estate f. comment f. du. paragraphic f. comment f. c Pace, m. quantité, f. somme, f. du pus. No such matter, point du tout, cela n'est pas. What is the matter? De quoi s'agit il? MATTER, r. a. & n. faire cas, se soucier. MATTERY, adj. purulent, plein de pus.
MATTOCK, s. bèche, f. hoyau, m. marre, f.
MATTRESS, s. un matelas. MATURATION, s. l'action de mûrir, maturité, MATURE, adj. mar ; v. a. marir, faire marir. MATURELY, adr. murement, avec reflexion. MATURITY, s. maturité, f. MAUDLIN, adj. ivre ; s. eupatoire, j MAUGRE, adv. malgré, en dépit de. MAUL, r. a. assommer; s. un marteau. MAUL-STICK, s. appui, m. baguette de pein-MAUND, s. un mannequin. MAUNDERER, s. un grondeur. MAUNDY-THURSDAY, s. le Jeudi saint. MAUSOLEUM, s. un mausolée. MAWKISH, adj. fade, degontant. MAWKISHNESS, s. fadeur, f. qualité fade, f. MAWMET, s. une poupée, une marionnette. MAWMISH, adf. sot, vain, dégoûtant. MAW-WORM. s. ver du corps, m.

MEDDLER, s. un homme intriguant, entre-

MAXILLAR, MAXILLARY, adj. maxillaire. MAXIM, s. maxime, f. regle, f. principe, m. MAY, s. Mai, m. le mois de Mai. MAY-BUG, s. une hanneton. MAY-DAY, s. le premier jour de Mai. MAY-GAME, s. jeu de flore, m. jouet, m. MAY-LILY, s. le muguet. MAY, auxil. verb. pouvoir. MAY-BE, adv. peut-etre. MAYOR, s. maire, m MAYORALTY, s. mairie. f. MAYORESS, s. la femme du maire. MAZARD, s. gencive, machoire.

MAZE, s. labyrinthe, m. perplexite, f.

MAZE, v. a. embarrasser, etonner. MAZY, adj. embarrassé, confus, embrouillé. ME, pron. me, moi. MEACOCK, s. une offemine; adj. délicat, pu-MEAD, s. hydromel, m. fsillanime. MEAD, MEADOW, s. pré, m. prairie, f. MEAD-SWEET or MEADOW-SWEET, s. reine des prés, f. Meager, adj. maigre, décharné. MEAGERNESS, s. maigreur, f. sterilité, f. pau-MEAL, s. repas, m. [vrete, f. MEALMAN, s. un marchand de farine. MEALY, adj. farineux. MEAN, adj. bas, pauvre, vil, chetif, meprisable, mediocre. MEAN, s. milieu, m. médiocrité, f. intervaille, m. instrument, m. cause, f. MEANS, s. pl. moyen, m. voie, f. manière, f. moyens, m. pl. richesses, f. pl. By all means, absolument, sans faute. By no means, nullement, point du tout. MEAN, v. a. & n. vouloir, se proposer, avoir dessein, signifier, vouloir dire. MEANDER, s. labyrinthe, m. embarras, m. MEANDROUS, adj. plein de détours. MEANER, adj. moindre, plus bas, plus vil. MEANEST, adj. le plus bas, le plus vil. MEANING, s. intention, f. dessein, m. MEANLY, adv. médiocrement, bassement. MEANNESS, s. médiocrité, f. bassesse, f. MEASE, s. cinq cens (herrings.)
MEASLES, s. la rougeole, ladrerie, f.
MEASLY, MEASLED, adj. qui a la rougeole. MEASURABI.E, adj. mesurable, moderé. MEASURABI.Y, adr. moderément. MEASURE, s. mesure, f. poids, m. règle, f. dimension, f. dégré, m. manière, f. mêtre, m. cadence, f. MEASURE, v. a. mesurer, arpenter, juger. MEASURELESS, adj. immense, sans mesure. MEASUREWENT, s. mesurage, no. MEASURER, s. mesureur, m. arpenteur, m. MEASURING, s. mesurage, m. arpentage, m. MEAT, s. viande, f. chair, f. aliment, m. Roast meat, du rôti, le rôt. Boiled meat, du bouilli. Sweet-meats, des configures, MEATED, adj. nourri. MEATHE, t. boisson, f. breuvage, m. MECHANICAL, MECHANICK, adj. mecanique. MECHANICALLY, adv. mecaniquement. MECHANICIAN, s. un mécanicien. MECHANICK, s. un artisan, un homme de mé-MECHANICKS, s. la mécanique. MECHANISM, s. mecanisme, m. MECONIUM, s. méconium, m. MEDAL, s. médaille, f. MEDALLICK, adj. qui appartient aux médailles. MEDALLION, s. médaillou, m. MEDALLIST, s. medailliste, m. MEMDLE, r. n. avoir à faire, se mêler.

MEDDLESOME, adj. intriguant. meuenr, s. MEDIAN, s. & adj. mediane, f. wein, la veine mediane. MEDIANT, s. médiante, f. MEDIASTINE, s. le médiastin. MEDIATE, v. a. & n. moyemer, procurer, s'entremettre. MEDIATE, adj. moyen, mediante MEDIATELY, adv. mediatement. MEDIATION, s. médiation, f. entremise MEDIATOR, s. médiateur, sa. MEDIATORIAL, MEDIATORY, odj. de media-MEDIATORSHIP, s. office de mediateur, m. MEDIATRIX, s. mediatrice, f. MEDICK, s. (a plant) luzerne, f. MEDICABLE, adj. qui se peut guérir. MEDICAL, adj. médical, médicinal. MEDICAMENT, s. medicament, m. re MEDICAMENTAL, adj. medical, medicinal. MEDICASTER, s. un médecia d'esu douce. MEDICATE, v. a. imprégner de quelque drogue médicinale. MEDICATION, s. l'action de médicamenter. MEDICINABLE, adj. propre à guérir. MEDICINAL, adj. médicinal. MEDICINE, s. médecin, f. remède, m., r. a. medicamenter. MEDIETY, s. état mitoyen, milieu MEDIOCRITY, s. mediocrité, f. milieu, m MEDITATE, r. a. & n. mediter. MEDITATION, s. meditation, f. consideration, MEDITATIVE, adj. meditatif, qui medite. MEDITERRANEAN, adj. & s. Mediterran MEDIUM, s. milicu, m. moyen, m. MEDLAR, s. nefle, f. A medlar-tree, MEDLEY, s. un melange; adj. mele. MEDULLAR, MEDULLARY, adj. moelleux. MEEK, adj. doux, paisible, modeste, hum-MEEKEN, v. a. adoucir, appaiser. MERKLY, adv. avec douceur, doucement MEERNESS, s. douceur, f. modestie, f. humi MEER. See Mere. [line, f. MEET, adj. convenable, à propos, propre MEET, v. a. rencontrer, trouver, assembler, éprouver ; v. n. se rencontrer MEETER, s. qui accoste quelqu'un. MEETING, s. assemblée, f. conventicule, a. rencontre, f. entrevue, f. MEETING-HOUSE. s. chapelle, f. temple, se. MEGRIM, s. mai de tête, m. migraine, f. MELANCHOLICK, adj. mélancolique, triste. MELANCHOLILY, adv. mélancoliquement. MELANCHOLY, s. mélancolie, f. tristesse, f. MELANCHOLY, adj. triste, facheux, mélan colique. MELICOTONY, s. mircoton or mirlicoton, 🖦 MELILOT, s. (a plant) mélilot, м MELIORATE, v.a. améliorer, rendre meilleur. MELIORATION, MELIORITY, s. amelicra-Mellifkrous, Mellifick, adj. qui produit du miel, mielleux. MELLIFICATION, s. production du miel, f. MELLIFLUENT, MELLIFLUOUS, adj. qui MELLIFLUENT, abonde en miel. MELLOW, adj. můr, tendre, mou. MELLOWNESS, s. maturité, f. MELODIOUS, adj. melodieux, harmonieux. MKLODIOUSLY, adv. melodieusemer MELODIOUSNESS, MELODY, s. melodie, f. harmonie, f MELON, s. melon, m.

MELT, v. a. & n. fondre, liquefier, fléchir, attendrir, se fondre, se dissoudre. MELTER, s. fondeur (de métaux), m. MELTING-HOUSE, s. fonderie, f. MELTINGLY, adr. en se foudant. MELWELL, s. merlus, m. or merluche, f. MEMBER, s. membre, m. [braneux. MEMBRANEOUS, MEMBRANOUS, adj. mem-MEMBRANE, s. membrane, f. (avis, m. MEMENTO, s. souvenir, m. ressouvenir, m. MEMOIR, s. mémoire, m. notice, f. MEMORABLE, adj. mémorable. ble. MEMORABLY, adv. d'une manière memora-MEMORANDUM, s. mémoire, m. MEMORIAL, adj. mémoratif; s. un mémoire. MEMORIALIST, s. auteur de mémoires, m MEMORIZE, v. a. conserver la mémoire de. MEMORY, s. mémoire, f. souvenir, m. MENACE, s. menace, f. ; v. a. menacer. MENACER, s. celui or celle qui menace.
MENACING, s. menaces, f. pl., adj. menacant.
MENAGE, s. menagerie, f. MEND, r. a. & n. raccommoder, corriger, améliorer. MENDABLE, adj. réparable. MENDACITY, s. mensonge, m. faussete, f. MENDER, s. raccommodeur, raccommodeuse. MENDICANT, adj. & s. mendiant, de mendi-MENDICATE, v. a. mendier. [ant. MENDICITY, s. mendicité, f. indigence, f. MENIAL, adj. domestique; s. un domestique. MENINGES, s. meninge, f. MENOLOGY, s. menologe, m. MENSAL, adj. de table. MENSES, s. menstrues, f. pl. MENSTRUAL, adj. qui arrive chaque mois. MENSTRUUM, s. menstruc, f. dissolvant, m. MENSURABLE, adj. mesurable. MENSURATE, v. a. mesurer. [rage. m. MENSURATION, s. l'action de mesurer, mesu-MENTAE, adj. intellectuel. MENTALLY, adr. mentalement, en esprit. MENTION, s. mention, f. memoire, f. MENTION, v. a. mentionner, parler de. Alephitical, adj. puant, qui sent mauvais. Meracious, adj. fort, spiritueux, pur. MERCANTILE, adj. mercantile, marchand. MERCATURE, s. négoce, m. trafic, m. commerce, m. MERCENARINESS, s. vénalité, f. MERCENARY, adj. & s. vénal, un mercenaire. MERCER, s. un mercier. MERCERY, s. mercerie, f.
MERCHANDISE, s. trafic, m. commerce, m. MERCHANDISE, r. n. trafiquer, commercer. MERCHANT, s. negociant, m. MERCHANTLIKE, MERCHANTLY, adj. de marchand. MERCHANTMAN, s. un vaisseau marchand. MERCHANTABLE, adj. marchand, bien conditionnė. MERCIPUL, adj. misericordieux. MERCIFULLY, adr. avec compassion. MERCIPULNESS, s. pitie, f. compassion, f. MERCILESS, adj. impitoyable, dur. cruel. MERCILESSLY, adr. impitoyablement. MERCURIAL, adj. de mercure, vif, actif. MERCURY, s. mercure. m. vil-argent, m. vi-vacité, f. journal, m. mercuriale, f. MERCY, s. miscricorde, f. compassion, f. MERCY-SEAT, s. le propitialoire. MERE, adj. pur, vrai, franc, achevé. MERE, s. loc. m. borne. f. limite. f.

MERELY, adv. purement, simplement. MERETRICIOUS, adj. de courtisane. MERIDIAN, s. midi, m. méridien, m. MERIDIONAL, adj. méridional MERILS, s. la merelle, jeu d'enfaut, m MERIT, s. mérite, m. prix, m.; r. a. mériter. MERITORIOUS, adj. meritoire. MERITORIOUSLY, adv. meritoirement. Meritoriousness, s. mérite, m MERLIN, s. (a kind of hawk) émérillon, m. MERMAID, s. sirène, f. (monstre marin.) MERRILY, adr. gaiement, joyeusement. MERRIMAKE, MERRIMAKING, s. partie de MERRIMAKE, v.n. se rejouir. [plaisir, f. MERRIMENT, s. divertissement, m. MERRINESS, s. gaiete, f. joie, f. MERRY, adj. gai, joyeux, enjoué, divertis-sant. To make merry, v. n. se divertir. MERRY-ANDREW, s. un bouffon. MERRYTHOUGHT, s. la lunette (d'une volaille.) MERSION, s. l'action de plonger dans l'eau. MESARAICE, adj. mesaraique. ME SEEMS, impers. v. il me semble. MESENTERICK, adj. mesenterique. MESERTERY, s. le mésentère. [attraper. MESH, s. maille. f. ; v. a. prendre au filet, Мжьну, *adj.* reticulaire. Meslin, a. méicil, m. MESNE or MESNE-LORD, s. seigneur d'un fief servant, m. MESS, s. mets, m. plat, m. ; v. n. manger. MESSAGE, s. message, m. commission, f. MESSENGER, s. messager, m. courier, m. MESSIAH, s. le Messie, le Christ, le Sauveur Mrssikurs, s. pl. messieurs, m. pl. MESSMATE, s. compagnon de table, m. MESSUAGE, s. une maison et ses retenues. MFTACARPUS, s. metacarpe, f. METAGE, s. mesurage de charbon, m. METAL, s. métal, m. METALLICAL, METALLICK, adj. métallique. METALLINE, adj. métallique, de métal. METALLIST, METALLURGIST, s. metallurgiste, m. METALLOGRAPHY, s. description, f. METALLURGY, s. metallurgie, f. METAMORPHOSE, r. a. metamorphoser. METAMORPHOSIS, s. metamorphose, f. METAPHOR, s. métaphore, f. METAPHORICAL, METAPHORICK, adj. métaphorique. METAPHORICALLY, adv. metaphoriquement. METAPHRASE, s. traduction littérale, metaphrase, f. METAPHRAST, s. metaphrasie, m. METAPHYSICAD, METAPHYSICK, adj. métaphysique. METAPHYSICKS, s. la métaphysique. METASTASIS, s. métastase, j METATARSUS, s. métatarse, METATHESIS, s. transposition, f. metathese, METE, v. a. mesurer. METEMPSYCHOSIS, s. métempsycose, f. METEUR, s. meteore, m. METEOROLOGICAL, adj. metéorologique. METEOROLOGY, s. la science des méteores. METFOROUS, adj. de la nature des météores METER, s. mesureur, m. METEWARD, METEYARD, s. mesure, f. sune, METHEOLIN, s. sorte d'hydromel. METHINKS, r. imp. il me semble, ce me sum METHOD, s. methode, f. ordre, m. voie, f. METHODICAL, adj. methodique.

METHODICALLY, adv. méthodiquement. METHODISE, v. a. ranger méthodiquement. METHODISE, s. théoriste, m. méthodiste, m. METHOUGHT, v. imp. il me sembloit, je pen-METONOMY, s. metonymie, f. METOPOSCOPY, s. metoposcopie, METRE, s. cadence, f. mesure, f. vers, m.
METRICAL, adj. de vers, qui appartient à la METROPOLIS, s. metropole, f. [cader METROPOLITAN, adj. & s. metropolitain. [cadence. METTLE, vivacité, f. feu, m. vigueur, f. METTLED, METTLESOME. adj. vif, fougueux. MEW, s. mouette, f. mue, f. cage, f. MEW, v. a. & n. enfermer, cloitrer, miauler, muer, entrer en mue. MEWING, s. muc. f. miaulement, m. MEWL, v. n. crier comme un petit enfant. MEZEREON, s. laureole, f MEZZOTINTO, s. demi-teinte, f. MICE, s. pl. of Mouse, des souris. MICHAELMAS, s. la Saint Michel. MICHE, v. a. se cacher, s'absentir. MICHER, s. un faineant, un paresseux. MICROCOSM, s. microcosme, m. petit monde. MICROGRAPHY, s. micrographie, f. MICROMETER, s. micrometre, m. Microscope, s. microscope, m. MICROSCOPICAL, MICROSCOPICK, adj. mi-M10, adj. milieu, mi. [croscopique. MID-DAY, s. midi, m. plein jour. MIDDLE, adj. du milieu, moyen, mitoyen. MIDDLE, s. le milieu, le centre. MIDDLE-AGED, adj. d'un moyen age. MIDDLEMOST, adj. du milieu, qui est au mi-MIDDLING, adj. moyen, mediocre. Muder, s. un cousin (insecte ailé) MIDLAND, adj. mediterranée MIDLEG, s. mijambe, f. le milieu de la jambe. Midlert, s. la mi-carème. MIDNOST, adj. du milieu, qui est au milieu. MIDNIGHT. s. minuit, m. le milieu de la nuit. Midriff, s. le diaphragme. MIDSHIPMAN, s. officier du tillac or de la MIDST, s. le milieu, le fort. [poupe, m. MIDSUMMER, s. le milieu de l'été. MIDSUMMER-DAY, la Saint-Jean. MIDWAY, s. adj. & adv. mi-chemin. MID-WIFE, s. une sage-femme. MIDWIFERY, s. l'art d'accoucher les femmes. MIDWINTER, s. le milieu or le cœur de l'hi-Mten, s. mine, f. air, m. [ver. MIGHT, s. pouvoir, m. puissance, f. MIGHTILY, adr. puissamment, fort. MIGHTINESS, s. puissance, f. pouvoir, m. MIGHTY, adj. puissant, fort, vigoureux. MIGHTY, adv. fort, tres, extrêmement. MIGRATION, s. migration, MILCH. adj. qui donne du fait, à lait. Met v, adj. doux, paisible, modéré, bon. MILDEW, s. nielle, f., nieller. MILDLY, adv. doucement, avec douceur. MILDNESS, s. douceur, f. bonté, f. Mile, s. un mille. MILE-STONE, s. pierre milliaire. MILFOIL, s. (a plant) milleseuille, f. MILIARY. s. miliaire, f. MILITART, adj. combatant, militant. MILITARY, adj. militaire, de guerre. MILITIA. s. milice, f. appareil de guerre, m. MILE, s. lait. m. : r. a. traire, tirer, teter. MILKEN, adj. de lait, composé de lait. MILKER, s. celui qui trait les animaux. Ett innss, a. douceur de lait, f. Mit w-mot sp. s. laiterie. f.

MILK-LIVERED, adj. craintif, poltron. MILK-MAID, s. une laitière MILK-PAIL, s. un sean à lait. MILE-POTTAGE, s. soupe au lait, f. MILKSOP, s. un homme foible, un effemine. MILK-THISTLE, s. (an herb) tithymale, f. MILK-TOOTH, s. dent de lait, f. WILK-WEED, s. (a plant) herbe au lait, f. MILK-WHITE, adj. blanc comme du lait. MILK-WOMAN, s. laitière, f. [craimif. MILKY, adj. laiteux, de lait, à lait, doux, MILKY-WAY, s. la voie lactoe. MILL, s. moulin, m. moulinet; v. a. moudre. MILL-CLACK, MILL-CLAPPER, s. traquet or cliquet de moulin, m. MILL-cog, a. dentelure de roues, f. MILL-DAM, s. ecluse de moulin, f. pale, f. MILL-DUST, s. folle farine, f.
MILLENARIAN, s. un millenaire, chiliaste, f. MILLENARY, adj. millenaire, de mille. MILLENNIUM, s. mille ans, s MILLEPEDES, s. millepieds, m. cloparte, f. MILLER, s. un meunier. MILLER'S-THUMB, s. chabot, m. (poisson.) Millet, s. (a plant) millet, ж. MILL-HANDLE, s. queue de moulin à vent, f. MILLIARY, s. pierre milliaire, f. MILLINER, s. marchand de modes, m. mer-Million, s. un million. [cier, 🗪 Mill-stone, s. meule de moulin, j MILL-TEETH, s. dents machelières, f. pl. MILT, s. laite des poissons, f. la rate.
MILTER, s. le mâle entre les poissons MIME, s. bouffon, m.; v. n. faire le bouffon. MINICAL, adj. bouffon, de bouffon. MIMICALLY, adv. en bouffon, par imitation. MIMIC, adj. & s. bouffon; v. a. imiter. MIMICRY, s. bouffonnerie, f. imitation, burlesque. MINACIOUS, MINATORY, adj. menacant. MINCE, v. a. & n. hacher, couper mena, pallier, avoir un air affecté, minauder. MINCINGLY, adv. legerement. Mind, s. esprit, m. ente**ndement, m. ame**, jugement, m. passion, f. choix, m. gout, m. affection, f. gre, m. volonté, f. seutiment, m. pensée, f. opinion, f. résolution, f. dessein, m. intention, f. memoire, f. souve nir, m. MIND, r. a. & n. remarquer, considérer, prendre soin, songer, penser, veiller, faire souvenir, rappeler, avertir, vouloir, avoir dessein, se proposer. Ill-minded, mal-in-tentionne. High-minded, adj. haut, ambi-MINDFUL. adj. attentif, soignoux, diligent. MINDFULLY, adv. attentivement. [gence. f. MINDFULNESS, s. attention, f. soin, w. dili-MINDLESS, adj. negligent, sons-souci. MINE. pron. poss. mon, ma, mes, mien, mienne, qui est à moi. MINE, s. mine. f. ; v. a. & n. miner, sapper. Miner, s. mineur, m. MINERAL, s. mineral, wa fossile, sa.; adj. mi-MINERALIST, s. mineraliste, m. Mineralogist, s. mineralogiste, sa. MINERALOGY, s. mineralogie. f. MINGLE, s. melange, m.; v. a. meler, melanger. MINIATURE, s. miniature, f. MINIKIN, s. petite epingle, camion, s. MINIKIN, adj. petit, mince. [blan [blanche, f. MINIM, s. un nain, un pigmee, petite lettre. MINION. s. mignon, m. mignonne, f. Misious, adj. de couleur rouge, vermeil.

MINISH, r. a. diminuer. [ment, m.] MINISTER, s. ministre, m. agent, m. instru-MINISTER, v. a. & n. administrer, fournir. Ministerial, adj. ministériel, de ministère. MINISTRAL, adj. de ministre. MINISTRAN, adj. subalterne, subordonne. Ministration, s. ministère, m. Ministry, s. ministère, m. MINIUM, s. minium, m. vermillon, m. Minnow, s. veron, m. MINOR, adj. mineur, moindre, plus petit, petit, plus jeune, cadet, m. Minon. s. un enfant mineur, un mineur, une mineure, la mineure, d'un syllogisme.
Minority, s. minorité, f.
Minotaur, s. le minotaure. [dra MINSTER, s. monastère, m. moutier, m. cathe-[drale, MINSTREL, s. un ménétrier. [ciens, f. MINSTRELSY, s. musique, f. bande de musi-MINT, s. mente, f. Wild-mint, origan, m. Spear-mint, mente aigue. MINT, s. la monnoie; v. a. monnoyer. MINTAGE, s. monnoyage, m. MINTER, s. monnoyeur, m. MINTMASTER, s. directeur de la monnoie. MINUET, s. menuet, m. MINUM, s. miguonette, f. blanche, f. MINUTE, adj. petit, menu; s. minute.
MINUTE, v. a. minuter, ecrire sommairement. MINUTE-BOOK, s. feuille, f. mémoire, m. MINUTELY, adv. a chaque minute, exacte-MINUTENESS, s. petitesse, f. [ment. [ment. MINUTE-WATCH, s. montre qui marque les Minx, s. une effrontée. [minutes, f. MIRACLE, s. un miracle, une merveille MIRACULOUS, adj. miraculeux, merveilleux. MIRACULOUSLY, adv. miraculeusement. MIRACULOUSNESS, s. miracle, m. MIRE, s. boue, f. fange, f. vase, f. fourmi, f. MIRE, r. a. enfoncer dans la boue. MIRROR, s. miroir, m. exemple, f. Mirth, s. joie, f. gaieth, f. enjouement, m. Mirthful, adj. gai. joyeux, enjoue. Mirt, adj. bourbeux, fangeux. MISACCEPTATION, s. mauvaise construction. MISADVENTURE, s. malheur, m. revers, m. MISADVICE, s. mauvais conseil; v. a. mal conseiller. MISAIMED, adj. qui n'est pas bien visé. MISANTHROPE, s. un misanthrope. MISANTHROPY, s. misanthropie, f. MISAPPLICATION, s. mauvaise application. MISAPPLY, v. o. appliquer mal-a-propos. MISAPPREHEND, v. a. entendre mal. MISAPPREHENSION, s. méprise, f. MISASCRIBE, r. a. attribuer faussement. MISASSIGN, v. a. donner de fausses preuves. MISEECOME, r. n. être mal-scant. MISEEGOT, MISEEGOTTEN, adj. bâtard. MISBEHAVE, v. n. agir mal, se comporter. MISBEHAVIOUR, s. mauvaise conduite. MISBELIEF, s. fausse croyance, erreur, f. MISBELIEVE, v. n. être dans l'erreur. MISBELIEVER, s. hétérodoxe, m. mécréant. MISCALL, v. a. donner un nom impropre à. MISCALCULATE, r. a. calculer mal. MISCARRIAGE, s. faute, f. mauvais succès, fausse couche, avortement, m. MISCARRY, v. n. ne pas reussir, echouer, faire une fausse couche, avorter. MISCAST, v. a. mecompter. MISCELLANEOUS, MISCELLANY, adj. mele. Miscrittany, s. mélange, m. MISCHANCE, s. malheur, m.

MISCHIEF, s. tort, m. dommage, m. mal, m. MISCHIEF, v. a. faire tort, nuire. MISCHIEVOUS, adj. nuisible, malfaisant. MISCHIEVOUSLY, adv. mechamment. MISCHIEVOUSNESS, s. malice, f. malignité, MISCIBLE, adj. miscible, propre à se méler. MISCITATION, s. fausse citation. Miscite, v. a. citer mal, citer à faux. MISCLAIM, s. fausse prétention. Misconcrive, v. a. mal juger, ne pas bien concevoir. Misconception, s. fausse notion, erreur, f. MISCONDUCT, s. mauvaise conduite. MISCONDUCT, r. a. conduire mal. MISCONJECTURE, s. fausse conjecture. MISCONSTRUCTION, s. mauvaise interpreta-MISCONSTRUE, v. a. interpréter mal. MISCOUNT, v. a. mécompter, compter mal. MISCREANCE, MISCREANCY, s. incredulité, f. MISCREART, s. mécréant, m. infidèle, m. MISDEED, s. mauvaise action, crime, m. Misneem, v. a. juger mal, faire tort. MISDEMEAN, v. n. se comporter mal. MISDEMEANOUR, s. mauvaise conduite. MISDO, r. a. & n. faire mal, commettre une MISDOER, s. un malfaiteur. [faute. MISDOUBT, v. a. soupçonner; s. soupçon, s MISEMPLOY, v. a. abuser de, employer mal. MISEMPLOYMENT, s. mauvais usage. MISER, s. un misérable, un avare. MISERABLE, adj. malheureux, avare, misera-MISERABLY, adv. misérablement, en avare. MISERY, s. misère, f. indigence, f. [rer. MISEASHION, v. a. faire de travers, défigu-MISFORTUNE, s. infortune, f. malheur m. MISGIVE, v. a. faire soupçonner. Misgiving, s. soupçon, m. pressentiment, m. MISGOVERN, v. a. gouverner mal. MISGOVERNMENT, s. mauvais gouvernement. MISGUIDANCE, s. fausse direction. Miscuide, r. a. diriger mal, egarer. MISHAP, s. malheur, m. désastre, m. MISHAPPEN, v. n. arriver malheureusement. MISHEAR, v. a. entendre mal. Mishmash, s. melange, m. fatras, m. tripo-MISINFORM, v. a. informer mal. [tage, # MISINTERPRETATION, s. mauvaise interpré-MISINTERPRET, v. a. interpréter mal. MISJOIN. r. a. joindre mal, assortir mal. Misjudge, v. a. juger mal. Mislay, v. a. deplacer, placer mal. Misland, v. a. égarer, séduire, tromper. MISLEADER, s. seducteur, m. corrupteur, m. MISLIKE, v. a. desapprouver; s. improbation. MISLIKER, s. désapprobateur, m. MISMANAGE, r. a. menager mal. MISMANAGEMENT, s. mauvaise conduite. MISMARK, v. a. marquer mal. MISMATCH, v. a. mal-assortir. MISNAME, v. a. nommer mal. MISNOMER, s. accusation sous un faux nom, MISOBSERVE, v. a. observer mal. MISOGAMIST, s. qui hait le mariage. Misogynist, s. un ennemi du sexe. MISORDER, r. a. diriger or conduire mal. MISORDER, s. irrégularité, f. désordre, m. MISORDERLY, adj. irrégulier. MISPEND, v. a. dépenser follement. MISPERSUASION, s. erreur, f. opinion erronec. MISPLACE, r. n. deplacer, placer mal. MISPOINT, r. a. ponctuer mal. [sion. MISPRINT, r. a. faire des fautes d'impres-MISPRISION, s. mepris, m. negligence, f.

MISPROPORTION, v. a. proportionner mal. MISQUOTATION, s. fausse citation. MISQUOTE, v. a. citer à faux. MISRECKON, v. a. mécompter, compter mai. MISRECKONING, s. mecompte, m. MISRELATE, v. a. raconter mal. [nir bien. MISREMEMBER, v. a. & n. ne se pas souve-MISREPORT, v. a. faire une faux rapport. MISREPRESENT, v. a. representer mal. MISREPRESENTATION, s. faux expose. MISRULE, s. tumulte, m. confusion, f. MISS, s. une demoiselle, mademoiselle. Miss, s. perte, f. faute, f. méprise, f. Miss, v. a. manquer, ometire; v. n. se trom-Missal, s. missel, m. MISSERVE, v. a. ne pas servir fidèlement.
MISSERVE, v. a. défigurer, rendre difforme.
MISSILE, adj. lancé.
MISSING, adj. qui manque, qui ne se trouve
MISSION, s. mission, f. lègation, f.
MISSIONAER, MISSIONER, s. missionnaire, m.
MISSIVE, s. lettre, f. missive, f. envoyé, m.
Missive socapous, des armes de jet or de
trait. Misstate, v. a. établir mal, représenter à Mist, s. brouillard, m. nuage, m. MISTAKE, s. meprise, f. erreur, f. faute, f. MISTAKE, v. a. & n. entendre mai. MISTIME, v. a. faire à contre temps. MISTLETOE, s. (a plant) gui, m. MISTRESS, s. maîtresse, f. madame, f. MISTRUST, s. méñance, f. soupçon, m. MISTRUST, v. a. soupconner, se mener de. MISTRUSTFUL, adj. méfiant, défiant. MISTRUSTFULNES, s. méfiance, f. défiance, MISTY, adj. couvert de brouillards, épais. MISUNDERSTAND, v. a. comprendre mal.
MISUNDERSTANDING, s. mal étendu, m. méprise, f. erreur, f. mésintelligence, f. Misusage, s. abus, m. mauvais traitement. MISUSE, s. abus, m. ; v. a. abuser, mesuser. MITE, s. calendre, f. charençon, m. une pite. ITELLA, s. (a plant) mitelle, MITHRIDATES, s. Mithridate, m. MITIGATE, v. a. adoucir, mitiger, alléger. MITIGATION, s. adoucissement, m. mitigation, f. soulagement, m. MITRE, s. mitre, f. MITRED, adj. mitre, qui porte une mitre. MITTERS, s. pl. mitaines, f. pl. MITTIMUS, s. ordre d'emprisonnement, m. Mix, v. a. mêler, mélanger, mixtionner. MIXING, s. melange, m. mixtion, f. MIXT, part. adj. mele, melange, mixte. MIXTION, MIXTURE, s. mixtion, f. melange, MIXTLY, adv. pele-mele, confusement. [m. MIZMAZE, s. un labyrinthe. MIZZEN, s. artimon, m. MIZZEN-MAST, s. mat d'artimon, m. MIZZEN-TOP-MAST, s. perroquet d'artimon, m. MIZZEN-SAIL, s. voile d'artimon, f. MIZZEN-TOP-BAIL, s. voile de perroquet d'artimon, f. MIZZLE, s. bruine, f.; v. imp. bruiner. MIZZY, s. fondrière, f. [tation, f. MOAN, s. plainte, f. gémissement, m. lamen-MOAN, v. a. & n. déplorer, pleurer. MOANFUL, adj. plaintif, lugubre, triste.
MOANFULLY, adv. d'un tou plaintif.
MOAT, s. un fossé; v. a. entourer de fossés. MoB, s. la populace, cornette, f. coiffe, f. MoB, v. a. harasser, importuner, insulter. MOBBISH, adj. populaire, tumultueux.

MOBBY, s. boisson faite avec des patates, f.

MOBILE, s. mobile, m. le vulgaire.
MOBILITY, s. mobilité, f. le vulgaire.
MOCHO-STONE, s dendrite, f.
MOCK, v. a. & n. tourner en ridicule, se moquer. Mock, s. raillerie, f. jouet, m. risee, f. Mock, adj. faux, fronique, de theatre. MOCKADOES, s. moquette, f. MOCKER, s. moqueur, m. railleur, m. MOCKERY, s. moquerie, f. raillerie, f. Mocking-bird, s. oiseau moqueur. MOCKING-STOCK, s. jouet, ss. objet de risés MODAL, adj. modal, qui concerne la forme. Mode, s. un mode, la mode, manière, f. Model, s. modèle. m. exemple, m Model, v. a. modéler, tracer, mouler. MODELLER, s. dessinateur, m. inventeur. MODERATE, adj. modere, adouci, retenu, re-gle, moyen, modique, médiocre... MODERATE, v. a. moderer, régler, réprimer. MODERATELY, adv. moderément. Moderation, s. moderation, f. retenue, f. MODERATOR, s. modérateur, m. arbitre, m. MODERATRIX, s. modératrice, f. Modern, adj. moderne, nouveau, de notre. Modernise, v. a. rendre moderne MODERRS, s. pl. les modernes, m. pl. Modest, adj. modeste, retenu, hoanète Modestly, adv. modestement, honnétement. Modesty, s. modestie, f. réserve, f. MODESTY-PIECE, s. une collerette Modicum, s. un petit morceau, tant soit peu. Modifiable, adj. qui peut être modifie. Modification, s. modification, f. mode, ss. Modify, v. a. modifier, tempérer, modérer. MODILLION, s. modillon, m. petite consule Modish, adj. à-la-mode, qui suit la mode. Modishness, s. affection à suivre la mode. f. MODULATE, v. a. moduler. MODULATION, s. modulation, ss. chant, ss. see MODULE, s. module, f. MODWALL, s. pic-vert, m. or pivert. Mонаів, s. moire, f. (sorte d'étoffe.) Моїсту, s. la moitié. Moil, r. a. & n. travailler, se tourmenter, embourber. Moist, adj. humide, moite. MOISTEN, v. a. rendre humide or moite. MOISTNESS, MOISTURE, s. moiture, f. suc, s. MOLAR, adj. Molar teeth, les dents molaires. MOLASSES, s. melasse, f. la lie du sucre. MOLE, s. mole, f. masse de chair, f. tache or marque sur la peau, f. mole, sa. jette de pierres, une taupe MOLECATCHER, s. preneur de taupes, m. taupier, m. MOLE-HILL, MOLE-CAST, s. une tanpimère. MOLE-TRAP, s. une taupière. MOLEST, v. a. molester, tourmenter, persé-MOLESTATION, s. importunité, f. vexation, f. MOLESTER, s. importun. m. persecuteur, m. MOLLIENT, adj. émollient. MOLLIFICATION, s. adoucissement, st. soulagement, m. MOLLIFIER,s. émollient, m. celui qui appaise. MOLLIFY, v. a. amollir, mollifier, adoacir. MOLTEN, part. adj. of To Mett, fondu. Mome, s. un sot, un stupide. MOMENT, s. moment, m. consequence, f. Momentally, adv. pour un moment. Momentaneous, Momentary, adj. mentané. Momentous, adj. important, de conséquence.

MONNERY, s. momerie, f. MONACHAL, adj. monacal, de moine, monas-MONACHISM, s. état de moine, moinerie, f. MONAD or MONADE, s. monade, f. Dieu, m. MONARCH, s. monarque, m. Monarchal, edj. royal, de roi. Monarchical, adj. monarchique. MONARCHISE, v. c. trancher du monarque. MONARCHY, s. monarchie, f. royaume, a MONASTERIAL, adj. monastique, monacal. MONASTERY, s. monastère, m. convent, m. Monastical, Monastick, adj. monastique. Monastically, adv. en moine, en reclus. Monday, s. Lundi, m. Money, s. argent, m. monnoye, monnoie, f. MONEY-BAG, s. un sac d'argent, large bourse MONEY-BILL, s. projet d'édit bursal. MONEY-CHANGER, s. un changeur. MONEYED, adj. pecunieux, riche en argent. Moneyer, s. un banquier, un monnoyeur. MONEYLESS, adj. sans argent, pauvre. MONEY-WORTH, adj. qui vaut de l'argent. MONG-CORN, s. méteil, m. MONGER, s. marchand, m. vendeur, m. Mongrel, adj. metis, creole, mulatre. MONITION, s. avertissement, m. avis, m. MONITOR, s. censeur, m. admoniteur, m. MONITORY, s. avertissement, m. monitoire, m. MONITORY, adj. monitorial, instructif. MONK, s. un moine, un religieux. MONKERY, s. moinerie, f. ctat monastique, m. MONKEY, s. un singe. A she-monkey, une guenon.
MONEHOOD, s. état de moine, m. Monkish, adj. monacal, de moine. MONK's-HOOD, s. capucine, f. or aconit, m. MONOCHORD, s. monocorde, m. MONOCULAR, MONOCULOUS, adj. borgne. Monody, s. monodie, f. MONOGAMY, s. monogamie, f. MONOGRAM, s. monograme, m. chiffre, m. MONOLOGUE, s. monologue, m. soliloque, m. MONOMACHY, s. monomachie, f. duel, m. MONOME, s. monome, f. (terme d'algébre.) MONOPETALOUS, adj. monopétale. MONOPOLIST, MONOPOLISER, s. un monopoleur. Monopolizz, v. s. user de monopole, monopoler. Monopoly, s. monopole, m. MONOSYLLABICAL, adj. monosyllabique. MONOSYLLABLE, s. monosyllabe, m.
MONOTONY, s. monotonie, f. un même ton.
MONSOON, s. monson, m. vent réglé, vent de saison. Monster, s. un monstre. MONSTRUSITY, MONSTRUSSITY, s. difformité monstrueuse. Monstrous, adj. monstrueux, prodigieux. MONSTROUSLY, adv. prodigieusement. MONSTROUSNESS, s. difformité monstrueuse. MONTANISTS, s. montanistes, m. pl. MONTERO, s. sorte de bonnet de chasseur. Monterн, s. bassin à rafraichir, à laver. MONTH, s. un mois. MONTHLY, adj. d'un mois, tous les mois. MONTHLY, adv. une fois par mois, tous les mois. Mont Ross, s. un souscanonnier. MONUMENT, s. monument, m. tombeau, m MONUMENTAL, adj. mémorial, qui sert de monument. Mood, s. moeur, m. mode, m.

MOODY, adj. fantasque, bizarre, capricieux. Moon, s. la lune. MOON-BEAM, s. rayons lunaires, m. pl. MOON-CALF, s. monstre, m. mole, Moon-EYED, adj. qui a la vue foible, lunatique. Moonlight, s. clair de lune, m.; adj. éclairé par la lune. MOONSHINE, s. clair de lune, m. MOONSHINY, adj. clair, éclaire par la lune. Moon-struck, *adj*. lunatique. Moor, s. un marais, un marécage, nègre, m. negresse, f. more, m. moresque, f. Moon, v. a. amarrer, arrêter, v. n. s'airêter. Moor across or athwart, affourcher.

Moorcock, s. foulque mâle, coq de marais. MOORHEN, s. foulque, m. poule d'eau, f. Mooring, s. amarrage, m. Moorish, adj. marecageux, moresque, more. MOORLAND, s. pays marecageux. MOOSE, s. rease, f. (d'Amérique.) Moot, v. s. disputer sur un point de droit. Moot, Moot-case or Moot-Poist, s. dispute de droit, f. Mor, s. torchon, m. moue, f. Mor. v. a. laver, nettoyer avec un torchon. Mope, v. n. rèver, s'abêtir. MOPED or MOPING, adj. triste, rêveur. MOP-EVED, adj. qui a la vue courte, borgne. MOPPET, MOPSEY, s. pouponne, f. poupée, f. MORAL, adj. moral; s. le sens moral. MORALIST, s. moraliste, m. MORALITY, s. la morale, moralité, f. MORALIZE, v. a. & n. moraliser. MORALISER, s. moraliseur, m. moraliste, m MORALLY, adv. moralement, vraisemblablement. MORALS, s. pl. les mœurs, morales, f. Morass, s. marais, m. marecage, m. MORBID, adj. malade, maladif MORBIDNESS, s. maladie, f.
MORBIFICAL, MORBIFICK, adj. morbifique. MORDACITY, s. mordacité, f. MORDICANT, MORDACIOUS, adj. mordant. MORDICATE, v. a. mordre, medire, censurer. MORDICATION, s. corrosion, f. MORE, adj. s. & adv. plus, davantage, plutot. So much the more, d'autant plus. More and more, de plus en plus. MOREL, s. morelle, f. MOREL-CHERRY, s. alkekengi, m. MORESK OF MORESK-WORK, s. moresque, Morigenous, adj. obéissant, morigene, docile. MORION, s. morion, m. pot en-tête, m. MORLING OF MORTLING, s. la laine d'une brebis morte, f. MORN (for MORNING), s. matin, m. MORNING, s. le matin, la matinée. Morning-gown, s. robe de chambre, Morning-star, s. l'étoile du matin, j Morose, adj. bourru, bizarre, fantasque. Moroszay, adv. d'une manière chagrine. Morosenzss, Morosity, s. humeur chagrine. MORPHEW, s. dartres farineuses, f. pl MORRIS DANCE, s. moresque, f. MORROW, s. demain, le lendemain. morrow, adv. demain. Morrow for Morning. Good-morrow, bon jour. Morse, s. cheval marin, m. Morsel, s. un morceau. MORTAL, adj. & s. mortel, violent, mortel, m. MORTALITY, s. mortalité, f. mort, f.

Mountainous, adj. montagneux, de mo MOUNTEBANK, s. un charlatan. MOURN, r. a. & n. pleurer, déplorer. MOURNER, s. pleureur, m. MOURNFUL, adj. triste, lugubre, de deuil. MOURNFULLY, adv. tristement, d'un air lagu-Mourning, s. tristesse, f. deuil, m. [bre. Mouse, s. une souris; v. n. prendre de S 80%-Mouse-RAR, s. oreille de souris, f. [ris. Mouse-hunter, Mouser, s. pren er de MOUSE-TRAP, s. souricière, f. [souri MOUTH, s. la houche, la gueule, ouverture, f. entrie, f. moue, f. grimace, f. bouche (d'un canon, d'un four); rou (d'une bou-teille); entrée (d'un havre); embouchure (d'une rivière, de quelque instrument à vent, &c.) Mouth, v. a. macher, crier fort, guenler. MOUTH-FRIEND, s. faux ami, ami de paroles. MOUTHPUL, s. une bouchée. Move, r. a. mouvoir, remuer, agiter, proposer une chose, emouvoir, exciter ; v. n. se mouvoir, changer de place. MOVEABLE, adj. mobile ; s. mobilie MOVEABLES, biens meubles, biens mobiliers. MOVEABLENESS, s. mobilité, f. Movelless, adj immobile, sans mouvement. MOVEMENT, s. mouvement, m. MOVER, MOVENT, e. moteur, m. proposant, m. Moving, part. adj. touchant, pathétique. MOVINGLY, adr. pathetiquement, persuasif. Mow, s. tas, m. monceau, m. grange, f. Mow, r. a. faucher, engranger, mois Mower, s. faucheur, m MOYLE, s. un mulet, une greffe. MUCH, adf. beaucoup de, grand, long. Much, adv. beaucoup, fort, très. Hose much, combien. As much, tant, autant, tout autant. As much as, autant que. As much more, As much again, une fois au-So much, autant, tout notant. So much the more, d'autant que. Very much, beaucoup, fort. Much, s. une grande quantite, beaucoup de. grand, cas, valeur, une chose étrange. MUCILAGE, s. mucilage, m. MUCILAGINOUS, adj. mucilagineux. Muck, s. fumier, m. fiente, f. ordure, f. Muck, r. a. fumer, engrasser avec du fumier. MUCKINDER, s. un mouchoir. MUCKER, r. n. amasser du bien d'une manière sordide. MUCKHILL, s. un tas de fumier. MUCKINESS, s. ordure, f. malpropreté, f. MUCKWORM, s. un ver de fumier. MUCKY, adj. sale, malpropre, vilain. MUCOUS, adj. glaireux, visqueux. MUCUS,s. la morve, glaire, f. Mun, s. vase, f. limon, m. bone, f. fange, f. Mun, v. a. jeter dans la boue. MUDDILY, adv. d'une manière trouble, MUDDINESS, s. saleté, f. ment. MUDDLE, r. a. troubler, rendre troubl MUDDY, adj. boueux, fangeux, trouble. MUDDY, v. a. troubler, rendre trouble. MUDWALL, s. torchis, m. bounillage, m. MUFF, s. un manchon. MUFFIN, s. galette, f. MUFFILE, v.a. affubler, emmitoufler, em MUFFLER, s. un voile, mentonuière, f. MUFTI, s. muphti, m. Mug, s. un godet. un gobelet, un petit pot. Mugwort, s. armoise, f. herbe de St. Jean, Muggish or Muggy, adj. moite, humide.

MUG

MORTALLY, adv. mortellement, à mort. Mortar, s. mortier, m. Montgage, s. hypothèque, f., v. a. hypothéquer, engager. Montgagne, s. celui qui a une hypothèque. Mortgager, s. celui qui hypotheque. Mortiferous, adj. mortel. MORTIFICATION. s. mortification, f. macera-MORTIFY, v. a. mortifier, humilier, affliger. MORTIFY, v. n. se mortifier, se gâter. MORTISE, s. mortoise, f.: v. a. emmortaiser.
MORTMAIN, s. amortissement, m. MORTPAY, s. morte paie, m. legs pieux, m. pl. MOSAFOAL, MOSAICK, adj. Mosafque, de Moyse. Mosaick work, s. Mosaïque, f. Moschatzl, s. moscateline, Moscheto, s. sorte de moucheron or cousin. Mosque, s. mosquee, f. temple Turc. Moss, s. mousse, f. Mosses, s. pl. marais, m. pays marecageux, Mossings, s. coton, m. duvet, m. moisi, m. Mossy, adj. moussy, covert de mousse.

Mossy, adj. de adr. le plus grand.

Mossy, s. sing, or pl. le plus, la plûpart. Most of all, principalement.

Mostrick, s. appuimain (de peintre). m.

Mostrix, adr. le plus souvent, la plûpart du Mostrix, adr. le plus souvent, la plûpart du MOTE, s. un atome, un fétu. [temps MOTH, s. teigne, f. (insecte.) МОТН-МULLZIN, s. bouillon blanc, m. МОТН-WORT or Muc-WORT, s. armoise, f. temps. MOTHER, s. mère, f. la matrice, la lie. MOTHER-IN-LAW, s. belle-mère. MOTHER, adj. naturel, maternel. MOTHER OF PEARL, s. mère-perle, f. [sir. MOTHER, v. n. se congéler, s'épaissir, se moi-MOTHERHOOD, s. malernite, f. MOTHERLESS, adj. sans mère. MOTHERLY, adj. maternel, de mère. MOTHERLY, adv. en mère, comme une mère. MOTHERWORT, s. matricaire, f. Мотнеку, adj. charge de lie, coagulé, épais. Мотну, adj. plein de teignes. MOTION, s. mouvement. m. proposition, f. MOTION, r. a. proposer, faire la proposition. MOTIONER, s. celui qui propose une chose. MOTIONLESS, adj. immobile, sans mouvement. MOTIVE, adj. moteur, motrice; s. motif, m. MOTLEY, adj. mêlé de différentes couleurs. Motor, s. moleur, m. Motory, adj. qui donne la mouvement. MOTTO, s. mol. m. devise. f. ame, f.
MOULD, s. moule, m. forme, f. jument, f.
moisissure, f. terre, f. sol, m. terreau, m.
la suture des os de la tête. Mould, v. a. mouler, modeler, former; v. n. se moisir. MOULDABLE, adj. qu'on peut monler. MOULDER, s. modeleur, mouleur, m. MOULDER, v. a. & n. réduire et se réduire en poussière. MOULDINESS, s. moisissure. MOULDING, s. moulure, f. imposte, f. MOULDWARP, s. une taupe. [chanci. Mot LDY, adj. moisi, couvert de moisissure, MOULT, r. n. muer, changer de plumes. Moulter, s. jeune canard en mue, m. MOUND, s. boulevard, m. haie, f. Mound, r. a. munir, retrancher. [ter. MOUNT, s. mont, m. montagne, f.; r. a. mon-MOUNTAIN, s. une montagne, un mont. MOUNTAINEER, s. un montagnard, un bandit.

MULATTO, s. mulâtre, m. & f. fulberry, s. mûre, f. MULBERRY-TREE, s. un mûrier. MULCT, s. amende, f.; v. a. mettre à l'amende. MULE, s. mule, f. mulet, m. MULE-DRIVER, MULETEER, s. un muletier. MULL, v. a. adoucir une liqueur en la brûlant. IULLAR, s. molette, f. MULLEIN, s. bouillon, m. Petty-mullein, s. bouillon blanc. IULLET, s. mulet, m. MULLIGRUBS, s. colique, f. mauvaise humeur. MULSE, s. vin miellé. MULTARGULAR, adj. qui a plusieurs angles. MULTIFARIOUS, adj. varié, divers, différent. MULTIFARIOUSNESS, s. variété, f. diversité, MULTIFORM, adj. qui a plusieurs formes. [f. MULTIPEDE, s. un cloporte. MULTIPEDE, c. multiple.
MULTIPLE, c. multiple.
MULTIPLICABLE, multipliable. MULTIPLICAND, s. le multiplicande. MULTIPLICATION, s. multiplication, f. MULTIPLICATOR, s. multiplicateur, m. MULTIPLICITY, s. multiplicité, f. MULTIPLIER, s. multiplicateur, m. MULTIPLY, r. a. & n. multiplier, augmenter. MULTIPLYING-GLASS, s. lunette à facettes. MULTITUDE, s. multitude, f. le vulgaire. Mum, s. bière fait avec du fromage, f. Mum, interj. st! paix! chut! silence! MUMBLE, r. a. marmotter, macher, mur-MUMBLER, s. grondeur, m. murer. MUMBLINGLY, adv. en marmottant. [quée. Mumm, v. n. se masquer. MUMMER, s. un masque, une personne mas-MUMMERY, s. mascarade, f. momerie, f. Munny, s. momie, f. Mump, v. a. grignoter, marmotter, gueu-ser, ecornifler. MUMPER, s. un gueux, un écornifieur. Munrs, s. esquinancie, f. Munch, r. u. & n. macher. grignoter. MUNDANE, adj. du monde, mondain. MUNDANITY, s. mondanité, f. MUNDATION, MONDIFICATION, s. l'action de nettoyer, f. IUNDATORY, adj. mondificatif. MUNDIFICATIVE, adj. detersif. MUNDIFY, v. n. nettoyer, mondifier. MUNDUNGUS, s. du tabac puant, rebus, m. MUNERARY, adj. donné en présent. MUNGREL. See Mongrel. [libéralité,] Municipal, adj. municipal. MUNIFICENCE, s. munificence, f. largesse, f. MUNIFICENT, adj. libéral, généreux. MUNIFICENTLY, adv. libéralement. MUNIMENT, s. défense, f. document, m. MUNITION, s. munition, f. MURAL, *adj*. mural. MURDER, s. meurtre, m. assassinat, m. homicide, m.; v.a. assassiner. MURDERER, s. meurtrier, m. assassin, m. homicide, m. MURDERING-SHOT, s. mitraille, f. MURDEROUS, adj. sanguinaire, cruel. MURE, v. a. murer, enfermer de murailles. MURIATICE, adj. qui a un goût de saumure. MURK, s. obscurité, f. peau, f. gousse, f. MURKY, adj. obscur. sombre, nébuleux. MURMUR, s. murmure, m.; v. n. murmurer. MURMURER, s. murmurateur. MURMURINGLY, adv. en grondant. MURRAIN. s. mortalité (parmi le bétail), f.

Murrey, adj. d'un rouge obscur, foncé. Murrion, s. morion, m. casque. MUSCADINE, s. muscat, m. muscadin, m. Muscle, s. un muscle, moule, f. Muscosity, s. muscosité, f. Muscular, adj. musculaire. [cles. MUSCULOUS, adj. musculeux, plein de mus-MUSE, s. muse, f.; r. n. méditer, songer. MUSEFUL, adj. pensif, réveur. MUSER, s. réveur, m. distrait, m. Museum, s. cabinet de curiosités. MUSHROOM, s. champignon, m. mousseron, MUSICAL, adj. musical, harmonieux. [m. Musically, adv. musicalement, en musicien. Musician, s. un musicien. Musick, s. la musique, harmonie, f. mélodie, Musk, s. musc, m. MUSK-APPLE, s. pomme musquée. MUSK-CAT, s. l'animal qui donne le musc. MUSKET, s. un mousquet, mouchet, m. Musketer, s. un mousquetaire. MUSKETOON, s. un mousqueton. MUSKIN, s. mcsange, f. Muskiness, s. odeur de musc, m. Muskito, s. maringouin, m. Muskmelon, s. melon musque, m. Musky, adj. musque, de musc. MUSLIN, s. mousseline, f. MUSROL, s. muserole, f. Muss, s. (a scramble) gribouillette, f. Mussulman, s. un musulman. Must, s. moût, m. vin doux. Must, v. imp. falloir, être obligé, devoir. I must do it, il faut que je le fasse. Must, v. a. & n. faire moisir et se moisir. MUSTACHES, s. des moustaches, f. pl. MUSTARD, s. moutarde, f Mustard-pot, s. moutardier, m. Muster, v. n. & a. se rassembler, faire la revue, rassembler. MUSTER, s. montre, f. revue, f. une troupe. MUSTER-MASTER, s. commissaire général. MUSTER-ROLL, s. régistre de la revue, f. Mustiness, s. relent, m. gout de moisi, m. Musty, adj. relent, qui sent le moisi. MUTABILITY. s. mutabilité, f. instabilité, f. MUTABLE, adj. muable, inconstant. MUTABLENESS, s. muabilité, f. MUTATION, s. mutation, f. changement, m. Mute, adj. muet, qui ne parle pas ; s. unc sourdine, une lettre muette. MUTE, s. fiente d'oiseau, f., v. n. fienter. MUTELY, adv. en silence. MUTILATE, r. a. mutiler, tronquer, estropier. MUTILATION, s. mutilation, MUTINEER, s. un mutin, un homme séditieux. MUTINOUS, adj. mutin, séditieux, factieux. Mutinously, adv. en mutin, en seditieux. MUTINY, s. mutinerie, f. sédition, f. MUTINY, v. n. se mutiner, révolter. Mutter, v. a. & n. marmotter, murmurer. MUTTERER, s. murmurateur, m. MUTTERINGLY, adr. en marmottant. MUTTON, s. mouton, m. viande de mouton, f. MUTUAL, adj. mutuel, reciproque. [ment. MUTUALLY, adv. mutuellement, réciproque-Muzzie, s. museau, m. mufle, m. bouche (d'un canon.) MUZZLK, v. a. emmuseler. My, pron. pos. mon, ma, mes, à moi. MYOGRAPHY, MYOLOGY, s. myologie, f. Myorv, s. vue basse, myopie, f. MYRIAD, s. myriade, f. dix mille, un très grande nombre.

NATIVITY, s. naissance, f. nativité, f.

MYRMIDON, s. mirmidon, m.
MYROBALAN, s. mirobolan, m. [parfums, m.
MYROPOLIST, s. vendeur d'onguents or de
MYRRH, s. (a gum) myrrhe, f.
MYRTLE, s. myrte, m. (arbrisseau.)
MYSTLE, pron. moi, moi-même.
MYSTRRIOUS, adj. mystérieux, secret, obscur.
MYSTRRIOUSHES, s. obscurité sacrée.
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MYSTRRIOUSHES, s. obscurité sacrée.
MYSTICAL, MYSTICK, adj. mystérieux, mystérieux.
MYSTICAL, MYSTICK, adj. mystique, mystérieux.
MYSTICALLY, adv. mystiquement.
[rieux.
MYSTICALRIES, s. mysticité, f.
MYTHOLOGICAL, adj. mythologique.
MYTHOLOGIST, s. mythologiste, m.
MYTHOLOGIST, s. mythologiste, m.
MYTHOLOGIST, s. mythologie, f.

N.

NAB, s. tête, f. bonnet, m.; v. a. attraper, NADIR, s. nadir, m. [prendre. NAIADES, s. pl. NaIades, f. NAIL, s. chou, m.; nail smith, cloutier, m.; nail trade, clouterie, f. mail of a finger, on NAVILLONG & serve, f. sriffe, f. [cle. NAIL-LONG, s. serre, f. griffe, f. NAIL, v. a. clouer, enclouer. [gle. NAILER, s. cloutier. NAKED, adj. nu, depouillé, évident, simple. NAKEDLY, adv. évidemment, à découvert. NAMEDNESS, s. nudité, f. NAME, s. nom, m. pretexte, m. reputation, f. NAME, v. a. nommer, appeler, déclarer. NAMELESS, adj. anonyme, sans nom. NAMELY, adv. nommement, savoir. NAMER, s. nominateur, m Namesake, s. qui a le même nom. NAP, s. un somme leger. poil, m. NAP, v. n. sommeiller, chardonner, (du drap.) NAPE, s. la nuque du cou. NAPERY, s. linge de table, m. NAPHEW, s. un navet. NAPHTHA, s. napthe, f. (bitume mineral.)
NAPKIN, s. serviette, f. NAPLESS, adj. ras, qui n'a point de poil, uni NAPPED, part. adj. chardonné, frisé, cotonné. NAPPY, adj. chardonné, écumeux. NARCISSUS, s. narcisse, m. NARCOTICAL, NARCOTICK, adj. & s. narco-NARD, s. nard, m. [tique, m. NARRABLE, adj. que l'on peut raconter. NARRATE, v. a. narrer, raconter. NARRATION, s. narration, f. narre, m. recit, NARRATIVE, odf. narratif, qui aime à conter. NARRATIVE, s. parration, f. parre, m. NARRATIVELY, adv. en forme de narré. NARRATOR, s. un narrateur, un conteur. NARROW, adj. etroit, avare, bas, exact. NARROW, r. a. etrecir, retrecir. NARROWLY, adv. de près, avec soin. NARROWNESS, s. état d'une choce étroite, m. pauvreté, f. bassesse, f. manque de capacité, m. NARWHALE, s. espèce de baleine, f. NASAL, adj. nasal. Nastily, adv. salement, d'une manière sale. NASTINESS, s. salete, f. obsecuite, f. NASTY, adj. sale, mal-propra, obsecue. NATAL, adj. natal, de la naissance. NATION, s. une nation. NATIONAL, s. national, public, général. NATIONALLY, udv. par rapport à la nation. NATIVE, udj. naturel, natif, natal. NATIVE. s. natif. m. naturel, m. originaire, f

NATURAL, adj. naturel, physique, propre, li-bre, vrai, aise, facile. NATURAL, s. un idiot, naturel, m. caractère, m. NATURALIST, s. un physicien, un naturaliste. NATURALITY, s. état naturel, = NATURALIZATION, s. naturalisation, f. natu (ralite, f. NATURALIZE, r. a. naturaliser. NATURALLY, adv. naturellement. NATURALNESS, s. naturel, m. naturalisme, m. NATURE, s. nature, f. naturel, m. caractere, m. humeur, f. sorte, f. espèce, f. Good-natured, adj. d'un bon naturel. NAVAL, adj. naval. [vire, f. sa. NAVAL, adj. naval.

NAVAL-TIMBER, s. courbes or coes de na-NAUGHT, adj. mechant, mauvais, dissolu ; s.

NAUGHTIIV adj. mechant. Naughtily, adr. mechamment. (⊓en. #. NAUGHTINESS, s. mechancete, f. malice, f. NAUGHTY, adj. mauvais, mechant, dissolu. NAULAGE, s. naulage, m. [naval, f. NAUMACHY, s. representation d'un combat NAUSEATE, r. a. avoir du dégoût pour. NAUSEOUS, adj. dégoûtant. NAUSEOUSLY, adc. d'une manière dégoûtante. Nauseousness, s. dégoût. NAUTICAL, NAUTICE, adj. nautique, de ma-NAUTILUS, s. (a shell fish) nautile, m. NAVE, s. le moyen (d'une roue); la nef (d'une église.) NAVEL, s. le nombril, le centre. [cheval, f. NAVEL-GALL, s. blessure aux rogsous d'un NAVEL-WORT, s. (an herb) nombril de Venus, m. NAVEL-STRING, s. cordon ombilical. NAVEW, s. navet, m. NAVIGABLE, adj. navigable. NAVIGATE, v. n. & a. naviguer or naviger. NAVIGATION, s. navigation, f. marine, J. NAVIGATOR, s. marin, w. navigateur, m. NAVY, s. flotte, f. marine, f. NAY, adr. non, même, de plus. NAY or NAYWORD, s. un refus, un démenti. NAZARENE, NAZAREAN, NAZARITE, S. 102 Nazaréen. NEAL, r. a. recuire, detremper. NEAP, adj. bas, qui baisse. Neap-tide, basse NEAR, prep. proche, près. mare NEAR, adr. presque. à peu près, enviros. NEAR, adj. proche, intime, eparguant. NEARER, adj. plus proche, plus près. NEAREST, adj. très proche, le plus proche. marre. NEARLY, adv. de pres, mesquinement. NEARNESS, s. proximité, f. mesquinerie, f. NEAT, adj. elegant, propre, poli. NEAT-HANDED, adj. adroit, habile. NEAT, s. vache or boouf. f.; m. gros betail. NEATLY, adv. proprement, poliment. NEATRESS, s. beauté. f. propreté. f. NEBULOUS, adj. nébuleux, chargé de nuages. NECESSARIES, s. pl. necessaire. NECESSARILY, adv. necessairement. NECESSARY, adj. indispensable, necessaire. NECESSITATE, r.a. pressiter, forcer.obliger. NECESSITOUS, adj. necessiteux, pauvre. NECESSITOUSNESS, NECESSITUDE, 4. neces NECESSITY, s. necessite, f. besoin, s NECK, s. cou, m. la gorge (d'une femme:)
collet (de mouton;) goulot (d'une bouteille.) m.; langue (de terre;) manche (d'un violon.) NECK-BAND, le cou or collet d'une chemise. NECK-PIECE, s. le gorgerin (d'une armure.) NECKERCHIKE. *. mouchoir de cou, m.

NECECLOTH, s. un tour de cou, un col, une NECKLACE, s. un collier. [cravate. NECROLOGY, s. nécrologe, m. NECRONANCER, s. un nécromancien. NECROMANCY, s. nécromancie, f. NECROMANTICE, adj. de necromancie. NECTAR, s. le nectar. [en nectar. NECTARED, adj. teint de nectar, qui avonde NECTAREAN, NECTARINE, adj. de nectar, NECTABLEE, s. pavie, m. [doux. NEED, s. besoin, m. affaire, f. indigence, f. NEED, v. a. & n. avoir besoin, manquer. E needs not, il n'est pas nècessaire.

NEEDFUL, adj. nècessaire, indispensable. NEEDFULLY, adv. necessairement. NEEDFULRESS, s. besoin, m. necessité, f. NEEDILY, adv. pauvrement. NEEDINESS, s. besoin, m. pauvreté, f. di-NEEDLE, s. aiguille, f. [sette, f. NEEDLE-CASE, s. aiguillier, m. NEEDLE-FISH, s. aiguille, f. NEEDLEFUL, s. une aiguillee (de fil,) &c. NEEDLER, NEEDLEMAKER, s. aiguillier, m. NEEDLESSLY, adv. sans necessité. NEEDLESS, adj. superflu, inutile. NEEDLESSNESS, s. superfluite, f. NEEDLEWORE, s. ouvrage à l'aiguille, m. NEEDs, adj. necessirement, absolument.
NEEDY, adj. necessirement, absolument.
NE'ER (for NEVER,) adv. jamais.
NEF, s. la nef (d'une église)
NEFARDOUS, adj. horrible, détestable.
NEFARDOUS, adj. mechant, scélérat. NEGATION, s. negation, f. NEGATIVE, adj. negativ; s. negative, f. NEGATIVELY, adr. negativement. NEGATORY, adj. negatif. NEGLECT, v. a. negliger, manquer à. NEGLECT, s. negligence, f. inattention, f. NEGLECTER, s. negligent, m. NEGLECTFUL, adj. negligent, peu soigneux, inattentif. NEGLECTFULLY, adr. negligemment NEGLIGENT, adj. negligent, inattentif, pares-NEGLIGENTLY, adv. negligemment. [seux. NEGOTIATE, v. a. & n. negocier, trafiquer. NEGOTIATION, s. negociation, f. negoce, m. NEGOTIATOR, s. negociateur, m. mediateur, NEGRO, s. un nègre, une nègresse. [m. NEIGH or NEIGHING, s. hennissement, m. NEIGH, r. n. hennir. NEIGHBOUR, s. voisin, m. ; v. a. svoisiner. NEIGHBOURHOOD, s. voisinage, se. proximité, NEIGHBOURING, adj. voisin, proche. [f. NEIGHBOURLY, adj. de bon voisin, honnéte, NEIGHBOURLY, adv. en bon voisin. [civil. NEITHER, conj. ni; pron. ni l'un ni l'autre. NENUPHAR, s. nénuphar, m. [verti. NEOPHYTE, s. néophite, m. nouveau con-NEOTERICK, adj. moderne, nouveau. NEP or NIP, s. pouliot sauvage, m. neptha, m. NEPENTHE, s. panacée, f. NEPHEW, s. neveu, * NEPHRITICE, adj. & s. néphrétique. NEPOTISH, s. nepotisme. m.
NEREIDES, s. pl. Nércides, f. pl.
NEROLY, neroli, m. (parium.) NERVE, s. nerf, m. | force. NERVELESS, adj. sans nerfs, enerve, sans NERVOSITY, s. force, f. energie, f. NERVOUS, adj. nerveux. fort, robuste, solide. NESCIENCE, E. ignorance, f. NEST, s. nid, m. réceptacle, m. retraite, f. NESTLE. v. n. nicher, se nicher, prendre soin.

NESTLING, s. un oiseau pris au nid, un niais. NET, s. rets, m. filet, m. reseau, m. toiles, f. NETHER, adj. bas, inferieur. NETHERMOST, adj. le plus bas. NETTING, s. ret, m. réseau, m. NETTLE, s. orue, f. Blind-netile, s. scrofulaire, f. NETTLE-TREE, s. un alisier. NETTLE, v. a. piquer, aigrir, facher, provo-NETWORK, s. reseau, m. NEUROLOGY, s. neurologie, f. NEUTER, NEUTRAL, s. & adj. neutre, m. NEUTRALITY, s. neutralité, j NEUTRALLY, adv. neutralement. [du tout. NEVER, adv. jamais, ne pas, point, point NEVERTHELESS, conj. cependant, neanmoins. Never so little, quesque peu que ce soit NEW, adj. neuf, nouveau, nouvel, fraiche, frais. New-year's-gift, s. étrenne du nouveau an. f. A new-laid-egg, un œuf frais. NEW, adr. nouvellement, de nouveau. NEW-FANGLED, adj. nouvellement inventé. NEWFANGLEDNESS, s. amour de la nouveau-Newel, s. noyau d'escalier, m. [té, m. NEWGATE, s. nouvelle porte, prison, m. NEWLY, adr. nouvellement, dernièrement. NEWNESS, s. nouveaute, f. fraiche date, f. NEWS, s. nouvelle, nouvelles, f. pl. News-mongen, s. un nouvelliste, un gazé-NEWT, s. petit lezard. [tier. NEXT, adj. prochain, proche, attenant, voi-sin, contigu. suivant, qui suit. NEXT, adr. immédiatement, puis, ensuite. NIB, s. le bec or pointe (d'une plume,) f. NIBBED, adj. qui a un bec. [ter. NIBBLE, v. a. & n. ronger, grignoter, becque-NIBBLER, s. celui qui grignote, un critique. NIBBLINGS, s. pl. rongeurs, f. pl. NICE, adj. exact, soigneux, raffine, recherché, délicat, tendre, chatouilleux. NICEAN, NICENE, adj. de Nicee. NICELY, adv. exactement, délicatement. NICENESS, NICETY, s. exactitude, f. délicatesse, f. raffinement, m. pointillerie, sub-tilité, f. NICHE, s. une niche. NICK, s. instant procis, à propos, coche, f. NICK, v. a. rencontrer juste, tromper. NICKNAME, s. sobriquet, m.; v. a. donner un [sobriquet. Nicotian, s. tabac, m. NICTATE, v. n. cligner les yeux. NIDR, s. une nichec, une couvée. NIDOROUS, adj. nidoreux, fétide. NIDULATION, s. le tems que l'oiseau couve. NIECE, s. mèce, f. NIGELLA, s. (a plant) nielle, f. mesquin. NIGGARD, s. un avare; adj. avare, vilain, NIGGARDLINESS, s. avarice, f. NIGGARDLY, adj. avare : adv. mesquinement. NIGGARDNESS. See Niggardliness. NIGH, adj. proche, voisin. Nign, adv. proche, auprès, tout contre. NIGH, prep. proche de, près de, sous. NIGHLY, adv. à peu près, près, proche. NIGHT, s. nuit, f. soir, m. NIGHT-BRAWLER, s. un tapageur. NIGHT-CAP, s. bonnet de nuit, m. NIGHT-DEW, s. le serein, rosée qui tombe après le coucher du soleil, f. NIGHT-DOG, s. chien qui chasse de nuit, m. NIGHT-DRESS, s. deshabille, m NIGHTED, adj. sombre, noir, ténébreux. NIGHTFARING, s. un homme qui voyage la

Noise, s. son, m. bruit, m. fracas, m. eclat, m. Noisz, v. a. faire du bruit, divulguer, publier. Noiseful, adj. bruyant. Noiseness, s. tumulte, m. grand bruit. Noisome, *adj.* nuisible, mauvais Noisoneness, s. qualité dégoutante. Noisy, adj. bruyant, petulant, turbulent. Nombril, s. le nombril de l'eeu. NOMERCLATOR, s. nomenclateur, m. Nomenclature, s. vocabulaire, f. Nominal, adj. de nom, titulaire, nominal. NOMINALLY, adv. nominement. NOMINATE, v. a. nommer, choisir, désigner. NOMINATION, a. nomination, f. Nominative, s. & adj. nominatif, m. NON-ABILITY, s. exception, f. NONAGE, s. minorité, f. bas age, sa. Nonagon, s. nonagone, m... Non-appearance, s. défaut, m. absence, f. Non-conformist, s. un non-conformiste. Non-conformity, s. non-conformité, f. None, adj. aucun, nul, personne, pas un Nonentity, Nonexistence, s. mon-exis-tence, f. rien, m. Nones, s. pl. nones, f. pl. Non Esuch, s. sans pereille, nonpareille, f. Nonjuron, s. nonjurant, m. recusant, m. NONPAREIL, s. nonpareille, f. NON-PERFORMANCE, s. inexecution, f. Nonplus, s. bout, m. embarras; r. a. con NONRESIDENCE, s. absence, f. [fondre. NONRESIDENT, s. absent, m. NORRESISTANCE, s. obeissance passive, f. NORSENSE, s. absurdite, f. galimatias, s. NORSENSICAL, adj. absurde, impertment. NONSENSICALLY, adv. contre le bon sens. Nonsensicalness, s. absurdite. Nonsolvent, s. & adj. insolvable, i Nonsuit, s. desertion de cause, f. Nonsult, r. a. condamner par desertion de Non-TERM, s. vacation, f. [ca Noodle, s. un niais, un benét, une buse. [cause. Noon, s. coin, m. recoin, m. reduit, m. Noon, s. midi, m. milieu du jour, m. Noon-day, s. midi, m. plein-jour, m. Nooning, s. la méridienne. NOONTIDE, s. & adj. midi, m. de or du midi. Noose, s. nœud coulant, piège, m. Noose, r. a. prendre dans un piège. Non, conj. ni et ne. North, s. nord, m. septentrion, m. NORTH, adj. du nord, arctique, septentrional. NORTH-RAST, s. nord-est, m. [tentrional. NORTHERLY, NORTHERN, adj. du nord, sep-NORTH-STAR, s. l'étoile polaire. NORTHWARD, NORTHWARDS, adj. vers le nord, au nord. North-west, s. nord-ouest, m. NORTH-WIND, s. le vent de bise, le nord, la NORWAY, s. la Norvège. NOSE, s. le nez; r. a. sentir, faire face. NOSEBAND, s. muserole, f. muselière, f. NOSEBLEED, s. millefeuille, f. (plante.) NOSEGAY, s. un bouquet (de fleurs.) Noseless, adj. sans nez. Nosee, s. le bout (de quelque chose.) Nostrue, s. narine, f. les naseaux d'un che-Nostrum, s. remède secret. [val, &c. NOSTRUM, s. remède secret.
NOT, adn. non, ne pss, ne point, pas.
NOTABLER, adj. notable, remarquable, graud.
NOTABLERESS, s. singularité, f. habilité, f.
NOTABLEY, adr. notablement, beaucoup, très
adi notarial, notarié. NOTARIAL. adj. notarial, notaric. NOTARY, s. notaire, m. tabellion, m.

NOT

NIGHTFIRE, s. feu follet. NIGHT-FOUNDERED, adj. qui est perdu. NIGHTGOWN, s. robe de chambre, f. NIGHT-HAWK, s. hulote (oiseau de nuit.) NIGHTINGALE, s. un rossignol, (oiseau.) NIGHTLY, adv. de nuit, pendant la nuit. NIGHTMAN, s. gadouard, m. vidangeur, m. NIGHTMARE, s. incube, m. cauchemar, m. [nuit, f. NIGHTRAIL, s. un peignoir. NIGHT-REVELLINGS, s. réjouissances de NIGHT-BHADE, s. morelle, f. belle de nuit, f. NIGHT-STUDIES, s. veilles, f. [de nuit. NIGHT-WALKER, s. un coureur, une coureuse NIGHTWARD, adv. qui se fait le soir. NIGHTWATCHES, s. les veilles de la nuit, f. NIHILITY, s. néant, ss. nullité, f. NILL, s. étincelles, f. pl. bluettes, f. pl. NILL, adv. ne vouloir pas. Nim, v. a. prendre, dérober, escamoter. NIMBLE, adj. agile, dispos, vif, actif, leste. NIMBLENESS, s. agilité, f. activité, f. NIMBLY, adv. agilement, lestement. NIMMER, s. un voleur, un filou. NINE, adj. & s. neuf. NINE-FOLD, s. neuf fois autaut, m. NINE-HOLES, s. troumadame, m. NINE-PINS, s. quilles, f. jeu de quilles, m. NINE-SCORE, udj. cent quatre-vingt. NINETEEN, adj. & s. dix-neuf, m. NINETENTH, adj. dix-neuvième.
NINETY, adj. & s. quatre-vingt-dix, nonante.
NINNY, NINNYHAMMER, s. un sot, un niais, NINTH, adj. neuvième. NINTHLY, adv. neuvièvement. [un imbécile. NINETIETH, adj. quatre-vingt-dixième, nonantième. NIP, s. atteinte, f. coup d'ongles or de dents. NIP, v. a. pincer, égratigner. NIPPERS, s. pl. pincettes, f.
NIPPING, adj. fort, piquant, perçant, morNIPPINGLY, adv. satiriquement. NIPPLE, s. le mammeton, le bout de la mam-NIT, s. lente, f. NITID, adj. luisent, brillant, lustré. NITRE, s. nitre, m. NITROUS, NITRY, adj. nitreux, plein d nitre. NITTY, adj. plein de lentes. NIVAL, adj. plein de neige. NIVEOUS, adj. couleur de neige. No, adv. non, ne pas, ne point. No, adj. nul, aucun. NOBILITATE, v. a. ennoblir, faire noble. NOBLETY, s. noblesse, f. les nobles, m. NOBLE, adj. noble, grand, illustre, sublime. NOBLE, NOBLEMAN, s. un noble. NOBLENESS, s. noblesse, f. grandeur, f. NOBLY, adv. noblement, splendidement. NOBLY-BORN, adj. noble d'extraction. NOBODY, s. personne, aucun, pas un, nul. NOCENT, adj. coupable, criminel, misible. NOCK, s. coche. f. fente, f. fondement, s., NOCTAMBULE, NOCTAMBULIST, s. noctambula. bule, m. & f. NOCTURN, s. nocturne, m. NOCTURNAL, udj. nocturne; s. un nocturlabe. Non, s. signe de la tête, m. Non, v. n. faire signe de la tête, s'assoupir. NODDER, s. qui fait signe de la tète. NODDLE, s. la caboche Node, s. un niais, un idiot. Node, s. un nœud, le point d'intersection. Nobosity, s. multitude de nœuds, Nonous, adj. noueux, complique, difficile. Nogoin, s. godet, m. gobelet, m.

NOTATION, s. marque, f. remarque, f. NOTCH, s. coche, f. cran, m. entaille, f. NOTCH, v. a. entailler, couper inégalement. Note, s. note, f. marque, f. sigue, m. point, m. avis, m. remarque, f. distinction, f. consequence, f. bilet, m. ecrit, m. promesse par ecrit, f. Note of hand, billet, m. promesse par ecrit. Notes, s. notes, f. pl. chiffres, m. pl. Nove, v. a. noter, observer, remarquer. NOTEBOOK, s. souvenir, m. NOTED, part. adj. note, fameux, remarqua-Noter, s. qui note, qui fait des remarques. Nothing, s. rien, m. neant, m. ne pas, ne point, point du tout, aucun nul. Nothingness, s. neant, m. Notice, s. connoissance, f. avis, m. remarque, f. garde, f. semblant, m. NOTIFICATION, s. declaration, f. avis, m. NOTIFY, v. a. notifier, declarer. NOTION, s. notion. f. idée, f. pensée, f. NOTIONAL, adj. idéal, imaginaire, mental. NOTIORIETY, s. notorieté, f. évidence, f. Notorious, adj. notoire, public, evident. Notoriously, adv. notoirement. NOTORIOUSNESS, s. évidence, f. publicité, f. NOTWITHSTANDING, conj. nonobstant, mal-Nought, s. rien, m. neant, m. zero, m. Noun, s. un nom. [fomentir. Nourish, v. a. nourrir, alimenter, entretenir, Nountshable, udj. qui peut être nourri. NOURISHER, s. nourricier, m. NOURISHING, adj. nourrissant, nutritif. Nourishment, s. nourriture, f. aliment, m. Nousel, v. a. & n. nourrir, attraper. Novale, s. novale, f. NOVATION, s. innovation, f. novation, f. Novator, s. novateur, m. Novel, adj. nouveau, nouvel. NOVEL, s. nouvelle, f. historiette, Novelist, s. novateur, m. nouveliste, m. NOVELTY, s. nouveauté. f. November, s. Novembre. NOVENARY, s. neuf, m. Novercal, adj. de marâtre. NOVICE, s. apprenti, m. novice, m. Noviciate, s. noviciat, m. apprentissage, m. Novity, s. nouveaute, f. Now, adv. à présent, maintenant. Now and then, quelquefois, de temps en temps. Now, conj. or; s. le moment present. Now-A-DAYS, adv. aujourd'hui, à-présent. NOWHERE, adv. miliepart. Nowisk, adv. nullement. Noxious, adj. nuisible, malfaisant. malsain. NOXIOUSNESS, s. qualité nuisible, f. NOXIOUSLY, adv. d'une manière nuisible. NOZZLE, s. le nez, le bout, tuyau, m. Nubile, adj. nubile. NUBILOUS, adj. nebuleux, sombre. [ment. NUDDLE-ALONG, r. n. aller vite et negligem-NUDE, adj. nud. simple, vide, depouillé. NUDITY, s. nudité, f. parties nues. NUEL, s. noyau, m. vis, m. NUGACITY, s. frivolité, f. badinage, m. NUGATORY, adj. badin, futile, frivole. NUISANCE, s. dommage, m. tort, m. NULL, adj. nul, invalide, sans force. NULL, v. a. annuller, invalider, casser. NULLIFY, r. a. annuller, casser, rendre nul. NULLITY, s. nullite, f. non-existence, m. Nums, adj. engourdi; v. a. engourdir. NUMBER, s. nombre, m. numéro, m.

NUMBER, v. a. nombrer, compter, supputer. NUMBERÉR, s. celui qui compte. Number Less, adj. innombrable, sans nombre. NUMBNESS, s. engourdissement, m. NUMERABLE, adj. qui peut se compter. NUMERAL, adj. numeral, qui marque un nombre. NUMERALLY, adv. selon le nombre. NUMERARY, adj. qui regarde un certain NUMERATION, s. numeration, f. [nombre. NUMERATOR, s. numérateur, m. NUMERICAL, adj. numérique, de nombre. NUMERO, s. numéro, m. nombre, m. NUMEROSITY, s. grand nombre, harmonie, f. NUMEROUS, adj. nombrenx, harmonieux. NUMEROUSNESS, s. grand nombre, harmonie. NUMISMATICK, adj. numismatique. NUMBARY, adj. qui regarde la monnoie. NUMBSKULL, s. une bète, un hébète. Nun, s. un religieuse, une nonne. Nunchion, s. le goûté. NUNCIATURE, s. nonciature, f. NUNCIO, s. nonce, m. NUNCUPATIVE, NUNCUPATORY, adj. nuncupatif, verbál. NUNDINAL, NUNDINARY, adj. nundinate. NUNNERY, s. un couvent de religieuses. NUPTIAL, adj. nuptial, de noces, conjugal. Nuptials, s. le mariage, les noces, f. pl. NURSE, s. une nourrice, une garde. NURSE, v. a. nourrir, élever, garder. NURSERY, s: la condition d'une nourrice ; un nourrisson, l'endroit où l'on cleve des enfans à la mammelle, une pépinière d'arbres, un séminaire de jeunes gens. NURSLING, s. un nourrisson. NURTURE, v. a. nourriture, f. education, f. NURTURE, v. a. nourrir, elever. Nustle, r. a. mignarder, dorloter. NUT, 6. noix, f. noisette, f. A wall-nut, une grosse noix. Hazel-nut or Small nut, une noisette. A Chest-nut, une châtaigne. Nut of a printing-press, ecrou de presse, m. Nut of a cross-bone or gun, la noix d'une arbalète or d'une arme à feu. Nut-brown, adj. châtain. NUT-CRACKERS, s. un casse-noisette. NUT-GALL, s. noix de galle, f. NUTMEG, s. noix muscade, f. muscade, f. NUTRIMENT, NUTRITION, s. nutrition, J NUTRITIOUS, NUTRITIVE, adj. nourrissant. NUTRITURE, s. qualité nutritive, f. Nurshful, s. écale de noix, f. NUT-TREE, s. noyer, m. noisettier, m. NULZLE, v. a. & n. nourrir, fouiller, se ca-NUMPH, s. nymphe, f. [cher. NYMPHAL, NYMPHOUS, adj. de nymphe.

O, interj. O! ha! plut à Dieu! Oar, s. un hébété, un infecille. OAFISH, adj. stupide. imbecille, simple. OAFISHNESS, s. stupidité, f. imbécillité. Oak, s. chêne, m. bois du chêne, m. Holm-ouk, s. yeuse. f. chêne vert, m. The gallbearing oak, rouvre, m. OAK-APPLE, s. noix de galle, f. OAKEN, adj. de chêne. OAK-GROVE, s. chênaic, f. bois planté de chènes, m DAKUM, s. fil de carret. m. OAR, s. rame, f. ; v. n. & a. ramer. OARY, adj. qui sert de rame.

[phème, m. || OATEN, adj. d'avoine. OATH, s. serment, m. jurement, m. blas-OATHBREAKING, s. un parjure.

OATMEAL, s. gruan or farine d'avoine, m. f.

OATS, s. avoine, f. Wild-oots, haveron, m. OBDUCE, v. a. couvrir, enduire, revêtir, ca-OBDURACY, s. endurcissement, m. [cher. OBDURATE, adj. endurci ; v. a. endurcir. OBDURATELY, adv. obstinément. OBDURATENESS, OBDURATION, s. endurcissement, m. OBEDIENCE, s. obeissance, f. soumission, f. OBEDIENT, adj. obeissant, soumis. OBEDIENTLY, adv. avec obéissance. OBEISANCE, s. reverence, f. prosternation, f. OBELISK, s. obelisque, m. OBERRATION, s. l'action d'errer ça et là. OBESE, adj. gras, extrêmement replet. OBESENESS, OBESITY, s. obesite, f. OBEY, v. a. obeir, obtemperer. OBJECT, s. objet, m. sujet, m. matière, m. OBJECT, v. a. objecter, opposer, exposer. OBJECTGLASS, s. verre objectif. OBJECTION, s. objection, f. difficulté, f. reproche, m. OBJECTÍVE, adj. objectif. OBJECTOR, s. celui qui fait des objections. OBIT, s. obit, m. [procher. OBJURGATE, v. a. censurer, reprimander, re-OBJURGATION, s. censure, f. reprimande, f. OBJURGATORY, adj. plein de reproches. OBLATE, s. oblat, m. moine lai, m.
OBLATE, adj. aplati vers les poles.
OBLATION, s. oblation, f. offrance, f. OBLECTATION, s. délices, f. pl. joie, f. OBLIGATE, v. a. obliger par contrat. OBLIGATION, s. obligation, f. engagement, OBLIGATORY, adj. obligatoire. [sir. OBLIGE, v. a. obliger, contraindre, faire plai-OBLIGER, s. celui à qui l'on a imposé une obligation. OBLIGEMENT, s. obligation, f. OBLIGER, s. celui qui oblige par contrat. OBLIGING, adj. obligeant, officieux, honnête. OBLIGINGLY, adv. obligeamment. OBLIGINGNESS, s. obligation, f. civilité, f. OBLIQUE, adj. oblique, de biais, de travers, insidieux. OBLIQUELY, adv. obliquement.
OBLIQUENESS, OBLIQUITY, s. obliquité, f. OBLITERATE, v. a. effacer, detruire. OBLITERATION, s. l'action d'effacer, de dé-OBLIVION, s. oubli, m. [truire. OBLIVIOUS, adj. oublieux. OBLONG, adj. oblong. [sure, f. OBLOQUY, s. medisance, f. blame, m. cen-OBMUTESCENCE, s. perte de la parole, f. Obnoxious, adj. sujet, expose, coupable. Obnoxiously, adn. dans un état de sujétion. OBNOXIOUSNESS, s. sujetion, f. OBNUBILATE, v. a. obscurcir, rendre obscur. OBOLE, s. obole, f. petit poids de douze
OBREPTION, s. obreption, f.
OBREPTITIOUS, adj. obreptice. [modeste.] OBSCENE, adj. obscene, sale, impudique. im-Obscenely, adv. d'une manière obscène. OBSCENENESS, OBSCENITY, s. obscenité, f. OBSCURATION, s. obscurcissement, m. OBSCURE, adj. obscur, ténébreux, bas. OBSCURE, v. a. obscurcir, (clipser, effacer. OBSCURELY, adr. obscurement. OBSCURENESS, OBSCURITY, s. obscurité, f. OBSECRATE, v. a. prier, supplier, conjurer. OBSECTATION, s supplication, f. instance, f.

OBSEQUIES, s. pl. obseques, f. pl. [dant. OBSEQUIOUS, adj. complaisant, condescent. OBSEQUIOUSLY, adc. avec condescendance. OBSERVABLE, adj. notable, remarquable. OBSERVABLY, adv. d'une manière remarquable. OBSERVANCE, s. respect, m. egard, m. sou mission, f. pratique, f. observance, f. OBSERVANT, adj. attentif, exact, soigneux. OBSERVATION, s. observation, f. remarqu OBSERVATOR, s. observateur, m. OBSERVATORY, s. observatoire, m. OBSERVE, v. a. observer, remarquer, garder. OBSERVER, s. observateur, m. OBSERVINGLY, adv. attentivement. OBSOLETE, adj. vieux, suranné, hors d'usage. OBSOLETENESS, s. état de ce qui est suras OBSTACLE, s. obstacle, m. empêchement, m. OBSTETNICK, adj. qui accouche.
OBSTETNACY, s. obstination, f. opiniatreté; f.
OBSTINATE, adj. obstiné, opiniatre, entier.
OBSTINATELY, adv. obstinément. OBSTINATENESS, s. obstination, f. opiniâtrest OBSTREPEROUS, adj. bruyant, étourdissant. OBSTRICTION, s. obligation, f. lien, sa. OBSTRUCT, v. a. boucher, fermer, obstruer. OBSTRUCTER, s. celui qui empêche. OBSTRUCTION, s. obstruction, f. opposition, OBSTRUCTIVE, OBSTRUENT, adj. obstructif. OBTAIN, v. a. obtenir, acquerir; v. m. s'etablir, prevaloir, s'emporter.

OBTAINABLE, adj. qu'on peut procurer.

OBTAINER, s. celui qui obtient, qui remporte. OBTAINING, s. obtention, f. [temperer. OBTEMPERATE, v. n. obeir, se soumettre, ob-OBTEMPERATION, s. obeissance, f. OBTEND, v. a. opposer, prétendre. OBTEST, v. a. demander, conjurer. OBTESTATION, s. supplication, f. prière, f. instance, f. OBTRUE, v. a. intruire, introduire, établir par violence or par fraude, imposer, se OBTRUSION, s. intrusion, f. [fourrer. OBTUSE, adj. obtus, sound. OBTUSENESS, a stupidité, f. OBTUSION, s. l'action d'émousser. OBUMBRATE, r.a. ombrager, couvrir d'ombre. OBVENTION, s. profits, m pl. casuel, m OBVERT, v. n. tourner vers. OBVIATE, v.a. obvier, prévenir, aller au de-Obvious, adj. commun, sensible, clair. OBVIOUSLY, adv. evidenment, clairement OBVIOUSNESS, s. clarté, f. évidence, f. Occasion, s. occasion, f. cause, f. besoin, m. Occasion, r. a. occasionner, causer. Occasional, adj. accidentel, casuel, occasionnel. OCCABIONALLY, adv. par occasion. OCCIDENT, s. l'occident, m. Occidental, adj. d'ouest, occidental, d'oc-Occidental, adj. caduc, qui est sur son déclin. OCCIPITAL, adj. occipital. Occiput, s. occiput, m. Occision, s. meurire, m. carnage, m. Occult, adj. occulte, secret, caché. OCCUPANCY, s. occultation, f. OCCUPANCY, s. prise de possession, f. OCCUPANT, s. possesseur, m. OCCUPATE, v. a. possider, tenir, occuper. OCCUPATION, s. possession, f. occupation, f. OCCUPIER, s. possesseur, m. tenancier, m. Occupy, r. a. occuper, remplir, tenir.

Occur, v. n. se présenter, se rencontrer.

OFFERING, s. offrande, f. sacrifice, m.

OFFERER, s. celui qui fait une offrande.

OCCURRENCE, s. événement, m. accident, m. OCCURRENT, adj. accidentel, casuel. Occursion, s. choc, m. rencontre, f. OCEAN, s. l'ocean, m. ; adj. de l'ocean. OCHRE, s. ocre, f. (sorte de terre.) OCHREOUS, OCHERY, adj. d'ocre. OCTAGON, s. octogone, m OCTAGONAL, OCTANGULAR, adj. octogone. OCTAVE, s. octave, f. OCTAVO, adj. in-octavo OCTENNIAL, adj. de huit ans. OCTOBER, s. Octobre, m. Octogenary, adj. octogénaire. Ocular, adj. oculaire. Oculate, adj. clairvoyant, qui a de bon Oculist, s. oculiste, m. Oculus Christi, s. orvale sauvage (herbe), f.
ODD, adj. impair, non pair, déparié, dépareillé, étrange, extraordinaire, bizarre, malheureux, mauvais, au delà (d'un nombre déterminé.) ODDLY, adv. étrangement, en nombre impair. ODDRESS, s. bizarrerie, f. singularité, f. ODDS, s. différence, f. disparité, f. avantage, m. le dessus, different, m.
ODE, s. ode, f. (poëme lyrique.)
ODIOUS, adj. odieux, haissable, detestable. Opiously, adv. odieusement. ODIOUSNESS, s. énormité, f. atrocité, f. ODIUM, s. faute, f. blame, m. ODONTALGICE, adj. odontalgique. [odorant. ODORATE, ODORIFEROUS, ODOROUS, adj. ODOUR, s. odeur, f. senteur, f. OECONOMICAL, OECONOMICA, adj. econo-OECONOMICES, s. economie, f. [mique. Orconomy, s. economie, f. [universel. OECUMENICAL, adj. écuménique, général, OEDEMA, s. œdème, f. (tumeur.)
OEDEMATICK, OEDEMATOUS, adj. œdema-O'ER for OVER, which see. OESOPHAGUS, s. œsophage, m. OF, prep. de, du, de la, des, en, par. Of old, anciennement, jadis, autrefois Off, adv. de, éloigné or hors, quitte de. Far off, loin. A great way off, fort loin. Off the cape of, a la hanteur du cap de. Off with your hat, chapeau bas. To be off with a thing, être degoûté d'une chose. I am off, je n'en suis plus, je n'en dedis. To be well off, se tirer heureusement d'affaire. To be off and on, être irrésolu.
OFF-HAND, adv. d'abord, sur le champ. OFF-RECKONING, s. décompte, m.
OFFAL, s. bribe, f. relief, m. rebut, m.
OFFAL, s. bribe, f. relief, m. rebut, m.
péché, m. affront, m. injure, f. peine, f. To
give offence, offenser, faire un affront.
To take offence at, s'offenser, se choquer de. OFFENCELESS, adj. injurieux.
OFFENCELESS, adj. innocent.
OFFENCELESS, adj. innocent.
OFFEND, v. a. offenser, injurier, incommomoder, blesser; v. n. faillir, pecher.
OFFENDER, s. delinquant, m. malfaiteur, m. OFFENSIVE, adj. offensant, injurieux, malfaisant, mauvais, offensif. [sivement. OFFERSIVELY, adv. injurieusement, offen-OFFERSIVENESS, s. qualité nuisible, injure, OFFER, s. offre, f. proposition, f. [f. OFFER, v. a. offrir, presenter, proposer, tenter, faire, porter, commencer, exposer; v. n. s'offrir, se presenter, entreprendre, s'engager, proposer, prétendre.

OFFERTORY, s. offertoire (de la messe,) m. OFFERE, s. office, m. charge, f. place, f. enploi, m. dignité, f. usage, m. action, f. bureau, m. comptoir, m. service, m. plaisir, m. office (d'une maison,) les commodités, f. la garderobe. OFFICER, s. un officier, un sergent. OFFICERED, adj. commandé. OFFICIAL, s. official, m. ; adj. officiel. OFFICIALTY, s. officialité, f. Officiate, v. a. administrer, v n. officier. Officinal, adj. qui appartient à une bou-Officious, adj. officieux, serviable. [tique. OFFICIOUSLY, adr. officieusement.
OFFICIOUSNESS, s. bonté, f. bienveillance, f. Offing, s. le largue, f. (terme de marin.) Offscouring, s. les lavures, f. pl. Offset, s. bourgeon, m. rejeton, m OFFSPRING, s. posterite, f. race, f. liguée, f. OFFUSCATE, v. a. offusquer, obscureir.
OFT, OFTEN, OFTTIMES, OFTENTIMES,
adr. souvent, frequemment, plusieurs fois. OGLE, r. a. lorgner, regarder du coin de l'œil. OGLE, s. coup d'œil, m. œillade, f. OGLER, s. lorgneur, m. lorgneuse, f. Oglio, s. oille, f. salmigondis, m. Oii, interj. O! oh! hélas! ouf! ha! Oil, s. huile, f.; v. a. huiler. OIL-BOTTLE, s. bouteille à l'huile, f. huilier, OIL-collous, s. couleur à l'huile, f. OILINESS, s. huile, f. graisse, f. onctuosilé, f. OILMAN, s. vendeur d'huile, m. OILY, adj. huileux, oléagineux, onctueux, OINT, r. a. oindre. [gras. OINTMENT, s. onguent, m. OLD, adj. vieux, viel, agé, usé, ancien, antique, suranne, qui dure depuis long-temps.
OF OLD, adv. jadis, antrefois. OLDER, adj. plus vieux, plus âgé.
OLDER, adj. plus vieux, plus âgé.
OLDESH, adj. vieillot, qui commence à vieilOLDESH, s. vieillesse, f. antiquité, f. OLEAGINOUS, adj. oleagineux, huileux, onc-OLEASTER, s. olivier sauvage, m. OLFACTORY, adj. olfactoire, qui sert à l'odo-OLID, OLIDOUS, adj. puant, fétide. [rat. OLIGARCHICAL, adj. oligarchique, aristocratique. OLIGARCHY, s. oligarchie, f. aristocratie, f. OLITORY, adj. qui concerne le jardin potager. OLIVASTER, adj. olivâtre. OLIVE, s. olivier, m. olive, f.
OLYMPIAD, s. olympiade, f. 4 ans.
OLYMPIAN, OLYMPICK, adj. olympique, OLYMPUS, s. Olympe, m. [oly OMBRE, s. hombre, f. (jeu de cartes.) [olympien. OMELET, s. une omelette or aumulette OMEN, s. augure, m. presage, m. [yaux. OMENTUM, s. la coiffe qui couvre les bo-OMINATE, v. a. prisager, augurer. Ominous, adj. de mauvais augure. Ominously, adv. d'une manière qui présage. Omission, s. omission, f. manquement, m. Omit, v. a. omettre, laisser, oublier. OMNIFARIOUS, adj. de toute espèce. Omniferous, adj. qui produit toutes choses. Omniform, adj. qui a toutes les formes.
Omnigenous, adj. de toute espèce. [ses.
Omniparent, adj. qui produit toutes cho-OMNIPOTENCE, OMNIPOTENCY, s. toute-pu issance. f.

OMNIPOTENT, adj. tout puissant. OMNIPRESENCE, s. immensite, f. OMNIPRESENT, adj. qui est present par-tout. OMNISCIENCE, s. connoissance infinie. OMNISCIENT, adj. qui sait tout. Ono Logy, s. ressemblance, f. conformite, f. OMPHALOPTICK, adj. & s. omphaloptre. OMOPLATE, s. omoplate, f. On, prep. sur, à, au, aux, de, du, dela, en, dans. On a sudden, tout d'un coup, tout à coup. On foot or on horsebuck, à pied ou à cheval. On purpose, à dessein, exprès. On the contrary, au contraire. On, adv. de suite. On, à la suite des verbes exprime la continuation de leur action. To play on, con-tinuer de jouer. To go on, continuer de marcher, passer outre. ONCE, adv. une fois, autrefois, jadis. At once, tout d'un temps, en même temps. All at once, tout à la fois, tout d'un coup. ONE, adj. & s. un, le même, une personne, quelqu'un, tel, on, l'on, l'un, l'autre. One's, son, sa, ses. ONE-EYED, adj. borgne, qui n'a qu'un œil. ONE-HANDED, adj. manchot. ONEIROCRITICE, s. interprète des songes, m. ONENESS, s. unité, f. ONENARY, adj. de charge, de bât. ONERATE, v. a. charger, accabler. ONEROUS, adj. onereux, accablant. Onton, e. un oignon. ONLY, adj. seul, unique. [ment. ONLY, adv. seulement, uniquement, simple-ONOMANCY, s. l'art de deviner par le moyen ONSET, s. attaque, f. [des noms, m. Onslaught, s. assaut, m. Ontology, s. l'ontologie, f. la métaphysique. Onward, adv. en avant, progressivement. ONYX, s. onyx, m. espère d'agathe. Ooze, s. boue, f. vase, f. marais, m Oozz, r. n. couler doucement, suinter. Oozy, adj. boueux, marecageux, de marais. OPACATE, v. a. obscurcir, ombrager. OPACITY, s. opacité, f.
OPACOUS, OPAQUE, adj. opaque.
OPEN, v. a. & n. ouvrir, decouvrir, commencer, fendre, percer, entamer. OPEN, adj. ouvert, decouvert, evident, clair, déclaré, sincère, franc, commencé OPENER, s. celui qui ouvre, qui explique. OPENETED, adj. soigneux, vigilant, attentif. OPENHANDED, adj. genereux, liberal. OPENHEARTED, adj. ouvert, franc, sincère. OPENING, s. ouverture, f. découverte, f. OPENLY, adv. ouvertement, clairement. OPEN-MOUTHED, adj. gueule beante. OPENNESS, s. clarté, f. évidence, f. fran-OPERA, s. opera. [chise, f. OPERABLE, adj. praticable. OPERATE, r. n. operer, agir, avoir son effet. OPERATION, s. operation. f. action, f. OPERATIVE, adj. qui opere, efficace, actif. OPERATOR, s. un ouvrier, un operateur. OPEROSE, adj. laborieux, pénible, fatigant. OPHTHALMICK, adj. & s. ophthalmique OPHTHALMY, s. ophthalmie, f. [cotique. OPIATE, s. opiat, m. ; adj. soporifique, nar-OPINE, v. n. opiner, penser, juger. OPINIATIVE, adj. opiniatre, imaginaire. OPINIATOR, s. un homme attaché à ses idees. OPINIATRE, adj. opiniatre. obstine OPINIATRETY, OPINIATRY, s. opiniatreté, f. Opinion, s. opinion, f. pensoe, f. avis, m.

OPIUM, s. opium, m OPPIDAN, s. habitant de la ville, m. OPPIGNERATE, r. a. mettre en gage. OPPILATE, v. a. opiler, causer quelque ob-OPPILATION, s. opilation. struction. OPPILATIVE, adj. opilatif, obstructif. ()PPONENT, s. antagoniste, m. OPPONENT, adj. oppose, contraire. [pre. OPPORTUNE, adj. à propos, convenable, pro-OPPORTUNELY, adr. à propos, convenable-OPPORTUNITY, s. occasion, f. [ment. [ment. OPPOSE, v. a. & n. resister, combattre, s'op-Opposeless, adj. irresistible. [poser. OPPOSER, s. antagoniste, m. adve Opposite, adj. oppose, contraire. [rival, m. OPPOSITE, s. antagoniste, m. oppose, m. OPPOSITE, OPPOSITELY, adr. vis-à-vis. OPPOSITE, OPPOSITELY, and OPPOSITION, s. opposition, f. contrarieté, f. OPPRESS, v. a. opprimer, accabler. (s. OPPRESSION, s. oppression, f. accablement, OPPRESSIVE, adj. tyrannique, accablant. OPPRESSOR, s. oppresseur, m. tyrna, m. OPPROBRIOUS, adj. injurieux, offensant. OPPROBRIOUSLY, adv. injuriensement. OPPROBRIOUSNESS, s. boate, f.
OPPUGN, v. a. combattre, empecher, s'oppoOPPUGNANCY, s. opposition, f. OPPUGNER, s. adversaire, m. & f. antago-OPTABLE, adj. désirable. niste, m. OPTATIVE, adj. optatif. OPTICAL, adj. optique. OPTICIAN, s. opticien, f OPTICE, adj. visuel, optique. OPTICES, s. la vue, les yeux, m. l'optique, f. OPTIMACY, s. les nobles, la noblesse. OPTIMITY, s. le meilleur, optimisme, m. OPTION, s. option, f. choix, m. OPULENCE, OPULENCY, s. opulence, f. ri-OPULENT, adj. opulent, riche. [chesses, f. OPULENTLY, adr. opulemment. OPUSCULE OF OPUSCLE, s. opuscule, m. OR, conj. ou. Or else, ou bien, autrement.
Or ever, avant que. Or, (in heraldry) or.
ORACH, s. (an herb) arroche, f.
ORACLE, s. oracle, m. un prophete. [oracles. ORACULAR, ORACULOUS, adj. qui rend des ORACULOUSLY, adr. comme un oracle. ORAISON, s. prière. f. oraison, f. ORAL, adj. oral, vocal. ORALLY, adv. de bouche, de vive voix.
ORANGE, s. orange, f., orange sherba, orangeade, f.; orange chips, orangeat, m.; orange tree, un orangier ; orange house, une orangerie. ORANGERY, s. orangerie, f. ORATION, s. oraison, f. harangue, f. ORATOR, s. orateur, m. supplient, m. ORATORY, s. éloquence. L'art oratoire. ORB, s. orbe, m. orbit, f. globe, m. sphere, f. étoile, f. période, f. ORBED, ORBICULAR, adj. orbiculaire, road. Orbicularity, adv. en rond, orbiculaire-ORBICULATED, adj. fait en orbe. ORBIT, s. orbite (d'une planète.) f. ORC and ORK, s. orque, f. (poisson de mer.) ORCHANET, s. (an herb) orcanette, f. ORCHARD, s. un verger. ORCHESTRE, s. l'orchestre or orquestre, s. ORCHIS, s. (a plant) orchis, w ORDAIN, r. a. ordonner, etablir, destiner. ORDAINER, s. celui qui ordonne. ORDEAL, s. ordalie, f. opreuve, f. preuve, f. ORDER, s. ordre, m. arrangement, m. règle-ment, m. règle. f. ordonnance, f. discipline,

ORDER, v. a. ordonner, regler, commander. ORDERER, s. ordonnateur, m. ORDERING, s. l'action d'ordonner, conduite, f. ordonnance, f. maniement, m. ORDERLESS, adv. en désordre, irrégulier, ORDERLY, adj. régulier, réglé, sage. ORDERLY, adv. en ordre, par ordre. [m. ORDINAL, adj. ordinal, d'ordre; s. rituel, ORDINANCE, s. ordonnance, f. loi, f. statut, ORDINARILY, adv. ordinairement. [m. ORDINARY, adj. ordinaire, commun. ORDINARY, s. ordinaire, m. table d'hôte, f. ORDINATE, adj. regulier; v. a. designer. ORDINATION, s. ordination, f. ORDNANCE, s. artillerie, f. canons, m. pl. ORDURE, s. ordure, f. saleté, f. vilenie, f. ORE, s. mine, f. minéral, m. métal, m. ORGAL, s. lie de vin séché, f. ORGAN, s. organe. m. orgue or orgues, f. ORGANICAL, ORGANICK, adj. organique. ORGANICALLY, adv. par le moyen d'organes. ORGANIST, s. organiste, m.
ORGANIZATION, s. organisation, f. ORGANIZE, v. a. organiser. ORGAN-PIPE, s. tuyau d'orgue, m. ORGASM, s. orgasme, m. ORGEAT, s. orgeat, m. ORGEIS, ORKNEY-LING, s. sorte de morue. ORGIES, s. orgies, f. [lant. ORIENT, s. Porient, m. l'est, m.; adj. bril-ORIENTAL, adj. oriental, à l'orient. ORIENTALS, s. les orientaux. ORIFICE, s. orifice, m. ouverture, f. entree, f. ORIFLAMB or AURIFLAMB, s. oriflamme, f. ORIGAN, c. marjolaine sauvage, f. origan, m. ORIGIN, s. origine, f. principe, m. ORIGINAL, s. original, m. archétype, m. ORIGINAL, adj. original, original, primitif, premier. ORIGINALLY. adv. originairement. ORIGINALNESS, s. originalité, f. ORIGINARY, adj. originaire, primitif, produc-ORIGINATE, v. a. produire, engendrer. ORIGINATION, s. génération, f. origine, f. ORION, s. Orion, m. ORISON, s. oraison, f. prière, f. ORE, s. hourque, f. ORLOP, s. bas point d'une navire, m. ORNAMENT, s. ornement, m. decoration, f. ORNAMENTAL, adj. qui sert d'ornement. ORNAMENTALLY, adv. pour parure.
ORNITHOLOGY, s. ornithologie, f.
ORPHAN, s. orphelin, m. orpheline, f. ORPHANISM, s. l'état d'un orphelin. ORPIMENT, s. orpin, m. orpiment, m. ORPINE, s. orpin, m. chicolin, m. (plante.) ORRIS, s. passement, m ORTHODOX, adj. orthodoxe. ORTHODOXLY, adv. d'une manière orthodoxe. ORTHODOXY, s. orthodoxie, f. ORTHOGON, s. orthogone. m. rectangle, m. ORTHOGRAPHER, s. orthographiste, m. ORTHOGRAPHICAL, adj. orthographique. ORTHOGRAPHIZE, v. a. orthographier. ORTHOGRAPHY, s. orthographie, f. ORTIVE, udj. ortive, oriental. ORTOLAN, s. ortolan, m ORTS, s. restes, m. reliefs, m. ORVAL, s. orvale, f. (sorte d'herbe.) ORVIETAN, s. orvietan, m. antidote, m. OSCILLATION. s. oscillation, f.

f. manière, devoir, m. commandement. In OSCHLATORY, adj. oscillatoire. Osier, s. osier, m. arbrisseau. OSPRAY, s. orfraie, f. oiseau de proie. Osselet, s. (a horse's disease) osselet, m. Ossicle, s. osselet, m. petit os Ossification, s. ossification, f. Ossify, v. a. ossifier. Ossifrage, s. sorte d'aigle, l'orfraie, f. Ossivorous, adj. qui dévore les os. OSSUARY, s. charnier, m. OSTENSIVE, adj. qui montre, qui indique. OSTENT, s. prodige, m. augure, m. air, m. OSTENTATION, s. ostentation, f. faste, m. OSTENTATIOUS, adj. vain, fastueux. OSTENTATIOUSLY, adv. fastucusement.
OSTEOLOGY, s. osteologie, f. traité des os.
OSTIARY, s. embouchure, f. portier d'Eglise. OSTLKH, s. valet d'écurie, m. palfrenier, m. OSTRICH, s. autruche, f.
OSTRICH, s. autruche, f.
Others, les autres, au-OTHERGUISE, adj. d'une nutre espèce. OTHERWHERE, adv. ailleurs. OTHERWHILE, adv. tantot. OTHERWISE, adv. autrement, d'ailleurs. OTTER, s. loutre, f. Оттоман, adj. & s. Ottoman. Ought, s. quelque chose, f.; v. imp. falloir, devoir. For ought, à ce que, autant que. OUNCE, s. once, f. OUR, pron. poss. notre, nos, à nous. Ours, le nôtre, la nôtre, les nôtre, à nous. OURSELVES, pron. recipr. nous memes. Ouse, s. tan, m. écorce de tanneur, f. Ousel, s. sorte de merle. OUST, r.a. oter, pousser, dehors. Out, prep. hors, dehors. Out of, sans, hors, par, à, de, avec, outre, au delà. Book out of print, livre dont l'édition est épuisée; of pina, the total value and patience; out of patience; out of humour, de mauvaise humeur; out of order, en désordre; out of tune, discordant, désordreir; out of the way, absent; out of kindness, par amitie; out of design, à dessein; out of hand, de la main, incontinent; out of measure, outre mesure; out of pocket, déboursé. Out, adv. expiré, passé, fini, accompli, usé, fait, jusqu'au bout, d'un bout à l'autre, en entier, haut, sans contrainte. Our, interj. qu'on le chasse! Foin de lui! Out, s. (in printing) un bourdon. Out, v a. chasset, dépouiller, déposséder. OUT-ACT, v. a outrer. OUT-BALANCE, v. a. prépondérer, l'emporter OUT-BID, v. a. enchérir sur, augmenter. OUT-BIDDER, s. encherisseur, m. OUT-BORN, s. etranger, m. Out-вounn, adj. charge pour l'étranger. OUT-BRAVE, v. a. braver, affronter. OUT-BRAZEN, v. a. soutenir en face. OUT-BREATHED, part hors d'haleine. OUT-CASE, s. étui extérieur. Out-cast, adj. chassé, banni, exilé. OUT-CAST, s. un banni, un exile, rebut, m. OUT-CRY, s. cri, m. clameur, f. bruit, m. OUT-DARE, v. a. defier, oser passer au delà OUT-DATE, v. a. antidater, abolir, abroger. [sédé, privé OUT-110, v. a. surpasser. OUTED, part. adj. chasse, dépouillé, dépos OUTER, adj. de dehors, extérieur. OUTERLY, adr. extérieurement, à l'extérieur

OUTERMOST, adj. le plus exterieur. [face. || OUT-WORK, s. ouvrages avances, m. pl. OUT-WORN, part. adj. tout use. OUT-FACE, v. a. braver, nier or soutenir en OUT-FLY, v. n. voler plus haut, s'envoler. OUT-FORM, s. exterieur, m. apparence, f. OUTGATE, s. issue, f. passage, m. sortie, f. Ovarious, adj. d'œufs. OVARY, s. ovaire, sa. Outgive, v. a. donner plus. OUTGO, v. a. devancer, surpasser.
OUT-GOING, s. issue, f. sortie, f. avance, f.
OUT-GROW, v. a. devenir plus grand. OUT-GUARD, s. garde avancée. OUT-JEER, OUT-JEST, v. n. railler mieux. OUT-JUTTING, adj. saillant : s. saillie, f. pelle à four. OUTLANDISH, adj. etranger. OUT-LAST, v. a. durer davantage. OUTLAW, s. proscrit, m.; v. a. proscrire. OUTLAWRY, s. proscription, f. [f. OUT-LEAP, s. saillie, f. echappee, f. escapade, OUT-LEAP, s. franchir en sautant.
OUTLET, s. issue, f. écoulement, m. sortie, f. OVER-ACT, v. a. outrer. OUTLINE, s. ligne extérieure, contour, m. OUTLIVE, v. a. survivre. OUTLIVER, s. survivant. OUT-LUSTRE, v. a. effacer, eclipser. primer, accabler. Out-Look, v. a. regarder fixement or en face. OUT-LYING, adj. extraordinaire, éloigné de. OUT-NUMBER, v. a. surpasser en nombre. OUT-MARCH, OUT-PACE, v. a. devancer. Outmost, adj. le plus en debors OUT-PARISH, s. paroisse des faubourgs. OUT-PART, s. partie éloignée du centre. OUT-PARTERS, s. certains bandits d'Ecosse. Out-PENSIONER, s. pensionnaire externe. le but. OUTRAGE, s. violence, f. cruauté, f. outrage, OUTRAGE, v. a. outrager. OUTRAGEOUS, adj. furieux, cruel, atroce. OUTRAGEOUSLY, adv. avec violence. OUTRAGEOUSNESS, s. violence, f. fureur, f. OVER-CLOUD, v. a. obscureir. OUT-REACH, v. a. aller au delà, passer. OUT-RIDERS, s. pl. sergeus à cheval. OUTRIGHT, adv. d'abord, sur le champ, sans OUTROAD, s. excursion, f. [contrainte. Out-Root, r. a. déraciner, extirper. Out-Run, v.a. courir plus vite, devancer. OUT-BAIL, v. a. être meilleur voilier. OUT-SCORN, v. a. injurier, mépriser. OUT-SELL, v. a. vendre trop cher, survendre. Out-shink, v. a. surpasser en éclat, briller. OUT-SHOOT, v. a. tirer au delà or plus loin. OUTSIDE, s. dehors, m. surface, f. superficie, f. l'apparence, f. l'extérieur. Our-sleep, v. a. dormir plus long-temps. Out-speak, v.a. parler trop or s'appesantir Out-spread, v. a. répandre. [sur. OUT-STAND, v. a. soutenir, résister, demeu-OUT-STREET, s. rue du faubourg. [rer. OUT-STRETCH, v. a. clendre. OVER-GET, r. a. atteindre. Out-strip, v. a. devancer, surpasser. OUT-SWEAR, v. a. jurer plus qu'un autre. OUT-TALK, OUT-TONGUE, r. a. réduire quelqu'un au silence à force de parler. OUT-VALUE, v. a. valoir plus, surpasser en OUT-VIE, v. a. excéder, surpasser. [prix. Out-voice, v. a. avoir meilleure voix. couvert de. OUT-VOTE, v.a. gagner à la pluralité des voix. OUT-WALK, v. a. marcher mieux qu'un autre. OUT-WALL, s. mur exterieur. OUTWARD, adj. extérieur, de dehors. OUTWARD, s. l'extérieur, m. le dehors. OUTWARD, adj. à l'extérieur, au dehors. OUTWARDLY, adv. au dehors, en apparence. Outwards, adv. en dehors. OUT-WEAR, v. a. durer plus. Our-weigh, v. a. peser davantage. OUT-WIT. v. a. attraper, duper, etre plus fin. Over-Lade, r. a. charger trop, surcharger

OUT-WREST, v. a. arracher par violence. OVAL, adj. oval, oblong; s. un ovale. Ovation, s. ovation, f.
Oven, s. four. m. An oven-full, une fournée.
An oven-tender, un fournier. An oven-fork,
un rable, un fourgon. An oven peel, un Over, prep. sur, au-dessus, par-dessus, an VER, prep. sur, du-ucasus, pas de reste, d'un bout à l'autre, passé, fait. Over and above, outre, de surplus, par dessus. Over against, vis-à-vis. Over and over, plusieurs Over-ABOUND, v. n. surabonder. Over-Awe, v. a. tenir dans la crainte. [sur. OVER-BALANCE, v. a. surpasser, l'emporter OVER-BALANCE, s. supériorité, f. excès, ss. OVER-BEAR, v. a. vaincre, surmonter, op-OVER-BIG, adj. trop gras. OVER-BLOWN, adj. passe, dissipe. OVER-BOARD, adv. bors du navire. OVER-BOLD, adj. trop hardi, temeraire OVER-BURDEN, v. a. surcharger, accabler. OVER-BUY, v. a. acheter trop cher. OVER-CAST, v. a. obscurcir, couvrir, sinjeter, revêtir, faire monter trop haut, passer Overcast, part. adj. obscure, sombre, revêtu, surjete. Over-cautious, adj. trop circonspect. Over-charge, r. a. surcharger, accabler. Overcome, v. a. vaincre, surmonter, domp-Over-comer, s. vainqueur, m. Over-confident, adj. trop hardi, temeraire. Over-do, v. a. outrer, excèder. [cuit. Over-done, part. adj. outre, excède, trop Over-dress, v. a. charger de parure. OVER-DRIVE, v. a. pousser trop fort or trop OVER-EMPTY, v. a. vider trop. [lois. OVER-KILL, v. a. remplir trop, gorger. OVER-FLOAT, v. n. flotter, surpager. OVER-FLOW, v. a. & n. remplir trop, sur-passer, inonder, s'épancher, regorger. OVER-FLOW, s. inondation, f. deluge, m. OVER-FLOWING, s. surabondance, f. excès, OVER-FLY, v. a. voler au delà. OVER-FORWARD, adj. trop empresse. OVER-FORWARDNESS, s. trop d'ardeur. OVER-FREIGHT, v.a. charger trop, surchar-OVER-GLANCE, v. a. parcourir à la hâte. Over-go, v. a. aller au delà. surpasser OVER-GREAT, adj. trop grand, excessif. Over-orow, v. n. & a. croitre trop. Over-Grown, part. adj. excessivement ac-cru, trop grand; over-grown with, tout Over-growth, s. accroissement excessif. OVER-HALE, v. a. etendre, larguer. OVER-HANG, v. a. & n. pencher sur. Over-HARDEN, v. a. rendre trop dur. [tête. Over-Head, adv. en-baut, au dessus de notre Over-HEAR, v.a. entendre en passant. OVER-HEAT, v. a. chauffer trop, echauffer. Over-joy, v. a. transporter de joie, réjouir. Over-joy, s. extase, f. transport, ss. OVER-LABOUR, r. n. travailler trop.

OVER-LAY, v. a. étouffer, accabler, revêtir. OVER-LEAP, v. n. sauter au delà, franchir. Over-Live, v. a. & n. survivre. Over-Liver, s. survivant, m. OVER-LOAD, v. a. surcharger. OVER-LONG, adj. trop long. Over-Look, v. a. avoir la vue sur, commander, examiner en entier, surveiller, avoir l'œil sur, revoir, corriger, polir, conniver, faire semblant de ne pas voir, laisser passer, ne pas s'appercevoir, dédaigner, mépriser. Over-Looker, s. surveillant, m. inspecteur, OVER-MASTER.v.n. maîtriser, gouverner. [m. OVER-MATCH, v. a. ètre trop fort, accabler. OVER-MATCH, s. partie trop forte, force ma-OVER-MEASURE, s. surplus, m. [jeure. OVER-MOST, adj. le plus puissant. OVER-MUCH, adj. trop grand, superflu, excessif. OVERNUCH, adv. trop, excessivement. OVER-RIGHT, s. le soir. mode. OVER-OFFICIOUS, adj. trop officieux, incom-Over-pass, v. a. franchir, traverser. OVER-PAY, v. a. payer trop cher, surpayer. Over-persuade, v. a. persuader mal-à-pro-Over-Plus, s. surplus, m. surcroit, m. [pos. OVER-PLY, v. a. surcharger de travail. Over-roise, s. poids préponderant. OVER-POISE, v. a. contrebalancer. OVER-POWER, v. a. dominer, être le plus Over-press, v. a. oppresser, opprimer. OVER-PRIZE, v. a. priser trop, estimer trop. OVER-RATE, v. a. surfaire. taxer trop. OVER-RATE, s. prix excessif, taxe trop forte, OVER-REACH, v. a. surmonter, surpasser, prevenir, devancer, surprendre, tromper. OVER-REACH, s. nerf ferure, f. OVER-REACHER, s. un trompeur. OVER-RECKON, v. a. compter trop. OVER-RIDE, v. a. outrer, exceder, fatiguer. OVER-RIGID, adj. trop austère, trop sévère. OVER-RIGIDNESS, s. rigueur excessive, f. OVER-RIPE, adj. trop mur. OVER-ROAST, v. a. rôtir trop, cuire trop. Over-rule, v. a. maltriser, gouverner, do-miner, être plus fort, (in law) rejeter. Over-Rus, v. a. aller plus vite, devancer, couvrir partout, ravager, inonder; v. n. regorger, se repandre, etre trop plein. OVER-SCRUPULOUS, adj. trop scrupuleux.

OVER-SEA, adj. d'outre-mer, de delà la mer. OVER-SEE, v. a. surveiller, avoir l'inspection de, laisser passer, ne pas s'appercevoir. Over-seer, s. surveillant, m. inspecteur, m. OVER-SELL, v. a. survendre, vendre trop cher. Over-set a ship, faire sombrer un vaisseau sous les voiles. Overshade, Overshadow, v. a. ombrager. OVERSHOOT, v. a. porter trop loin. OVERSIGHT, s. inspection, f. charge, f. conduite, f. meprise, f. faute, f. OVER-SIZE, v. a. surpasser en grandeur. OVER-SKIP, v. a. franchir, eviter, omettre. OVERSLEEP, v. recip. dormir trop long temps. OVERSLIP, v. a. negliger, omettre, passer. OVER-SLIP, s. omission. f. [cher. OVER-SOLD, part. adj. survendu, vendu trop OVER-SOON, adv. trop tot. [tigue. OVER-SPENT, part. adj. épuisé, excédé de fa-Overspread, v.a. couvrir entièrement. OVERSTOCE, v. a. remplir trop, faire de trop

grandes provisions.

OVER-STRAIN, v. a. outrer, étendre troploin; v. n. se fouler, se donner une entorse OVER-STRETCH, v. a. etendre trop loin. Over-sway, v. a. dominer, maîtriser. Over-swell, v. a. déborder, inonder. Overt, adj. ouvert, public, manifeste. Overtake, v. a. attraper, atteindre. OVERTALK, v. n. parler trop, babiller. OVER-TASK, v. a. surcharger de travail. OVER-TAX, v. a. surcharger de taxes. OVER-THROW, v. a. renverser, abattre. Over-throw, s. ruine, f. destruction, f. OVERTHWART, adj. oppose, contraire, oblique. OVERTHWART, OVERTHWARTLY, adv. obliquement, de travers, méchamment. Overthwartness, s. travers, m. OVER-TIRE, v. a. fatiguer trop, harasser. OVERTLY, adv. ouvertement, à découvert. OVER-TOIL, v. n. s'exceder de fatigue. OVER-TOP, v. a. s'élever au dessus, surpas OVERTURE, s. ouverture, f. proposition, f. OVER-TURN, v. a. renverser, bouleverser. Over-turner, s. destructeur, m. Over-value, v. a. estimer trop, faire trop valoir. OVER-VOIE, v. a. couvrir, voiler. [voix. OVER-VOIE, v. a. obtenir à la pluralité des OVER-WEAK addition Gibbs OVER-WEAK, adj. trop foible. [tigue. OVER-WEARY, v. a. accabler, exceder de fa-Over-ween, v. n. s'en faire accrofre. OVER-WEENING, s. presomption, f. OVER-WEENINGLY, adv. avec presomption. OVER-WEIGH, v. a. prépondérer, peser. OVER-WEIGH, s. préponderance, j OVER-WELL, adj. trop bien. OVERWHELM, v. a. accabler, écraser. Over-wise, adv. d'une sagesse affectée. Over-worn, part. adj. accablé. OVER-WROUGHT, part. adj. trop travaillé. OVER-YEARED, adj. surcharge d'années. OVIPAROUS, adj. ovipare. OWE, v. a. devoir, ètre obligé. Owing, adj. dù, qu'on doit, qui est l'effet de. OWL, OWLET, s. une chouette, le hibou, le chathuant. Owler, s. contrebandier, m. OWL-LIGHT, s. le crépuscule du soir. Own, adj. propre. meme. My own, le mien, ce qui est à moi, mon bien. Own, v. a. avouer, confesser, reconnoître, convenir de, posséder, réclamer. OWNER, s. possesseur, m. propriétaire, m OWNERSHIP, s. propriété, f. possession légi-Owse, s. tan, m. [time. Ox, s. un bœuf; ox-bane, s. mort aux bœufs, Ox-BILL, s. sorte de tortue. Ox-EYE, s. œil de bœuf, herbe, m. Ox-FLY, s. taon, m. espèce de mouche. Ox-GANG, s. vingt acres de terre, m. Ox-LIP, s. primevère, f. Ox-house, Ox-stall, s. étable à bœuis, f. Ox-TONGUE, s. buglose, f. (herbe.) OXYCRATE, s. oxycrat, m. Oxygon, s. oxygone, m. OXYMEL, s. oxymel, m. Oxyrrhodine, s. oxyrrodin, m. OYER, s. cour de justice, r. a. our les causes. OYES, v. imp. oyez, ccoutez; s. avertisse-OYSTER, s. huitre, f. [ment, m. Oyster-shell, s. écaille d'huître. OYSTER WOMAN, s. une vendeuse d'hultres. Ozena, s. ozene, f. polype, m. Ozier, s. osier, m.

P.

PABULAR, PABULOUS, adj. alimenteux. Pabulum, s. pâture, f. PACE, s. pas, m. train, m. un troupeau d'ânes. To keep pace with one, tenir pied a quel-PACE, v. n. aller au pas, aller lentement; v. a. mesurer en fésant des pas, diriger, faire PACER, s. qui va le pas. PACIFICATION, s. pacification, f. PACIFICATOR, s. pacificateur, m.
PACIFICATORY, PACIFICK, adj. pacifique, doux, tranquille. PACIFIER, s. pacificateur, m. PACIFY, v. a. pacifier, appaiser, calmer. PACING, s. pas, m. l'action d'alter au pas, f. PACIN, s. balle, f. ballot, m. une cherge; pack of cards, un jeu de cartes; pack of hombs, une meute de chiens; pack of knares, un tas de gueux. PACK, v. a. emballer, empaqueter, choisir, cabaler; pack off or away, faire son paquet. PACKER, s. embaleur, m. [tre en paquets. PACKET, s. un paque; v. a. empaqueter, met-PACKET-BOAT, s. paquebot, m. PACK-CLOTH, s. serpilière, PACE-HORSE, s. un cheval de charge. PACK-NEEDLE, s. aiguille à emballer, f. PACKING-CLOTHS. s. pl. carpettes, f. pl. PACK-SADDLE, s. bat, m. PACK-THREAD, s. ficelle or corde d'embal-PACK, PACTION, s. pacte, m. accord, m. contrat, m. traité, m. convention. f. PACTITIOUS, adj. dont on est convenu. PAD, s. chemin, m. sentier, m. un voleur de grand chemin, un cheval qui va l'amble, haquence, f. coustinet, m. bourlet, m. mate-las, m. A pad of straw, un lit de paille, las, m. une paillasse. PAD, v. n. voler sur le grand chemin, marcher doucement, aplanir le chemin, bourrer, matelasser. PADDER, s. un voleur de grand chemin. PADDLE, v. n. ramer, patrouiller. PADDLE, s. pagaye, f. ratissoire, f. PADDLER, s. rameur, m. patrouilleur, m. PADDOCK, s. un gros crapaud, un enclos. PADLOCK, s. un cadenas; v. a. cadenasser. PEAN, s. chant de triomphe, m.
PAGAN, s. un paien; adj. paien, idolâtre. PAGANISM, s. le paganisme, l'idolâtrie, f PAGE, s. une page; v. a. marquer les pages. PAGE, s. un page, un ccuyer. PAGEANT, s. pompe, f. char de triomphe, m. PAGEANT, adj. pompeux, splendide, brillant. PAGEANTRY, s. faste. m. pompe, f. PAGOD, s. pagode, m. & f. idole des Indiens. PAIL, s. seau, m PAIN, s. peine, f. punition, f. douleur, f. mal, m. chagrin, m. PAIN, v. a. tourmenter, faire mal, peiner. PAINFUL, adj. douloureux, penible, difficile. PAINFULLY, adv. peniblement. PAINFULNESS, s. peine, f. douleur, f. PAINLESS, adj. sans douleur, facile. PAINSTAKER, s. une personne laborieuse. PAINSTAKING, adj. laborieux. PAINT, r. a. peindre, représenter, farder. PAINT, s. pointure, f. fard, m. rouge, m. PAINTER, s. pointre, m. Painter-stainer, un fescur de toiles peintes. PAINTING, & peinture, f. portrait, m.

PAIR, s. une paire, une couple, un couple. A pair royal, raffe, f. (au des.)
PAIR, v. a. & n. apparier, accoupler, assortir. PAIRING-TIME, s. pariade, f.
PALACE, s. palais, m. maison royale. PALACEOUS, adj. royal, noble, magnifique. PALADIN, s. paladin, m. PALANKA, s. palanque, f. PALANQUIN, s. palanquin, ss.
PALATABLE, adj. agreable au goùt.
PALATE, s. palais, ss. goût, ss. la luette. PALATINE, s. palatin, m. ; adj. palatin. PALE, adj. pâle, blême. [ro [ros, PALE, s. pieu, m. palissade, f. enceinte, f. gi-PALE, v. a. palissader, palisser.
PALED IN, part. adj. palissadé. Paled up. palissé. PALE-FACED, adj. qui a le visage pale. PALENESS, s. paleur, f. PALETTE, s. palette de peintre, f. PALINGENESIS, s. palingenésie, f. renais-PALINGENESIS, s. palingenésie, f. renais-PALINGDY, s. palinodie, f. [sance, f. PALISADE, PALISADO, s. palissade, f. PALISADE, v. a. palissader. Palish, adj. un peu pâle PALL, s. manteau, m. pallium, m. poèle, m. PALL, v. a. & n. couvrir, affoibhr. PALLADIUM, s. palladium, m. boulevard, m. PALLED, part. adj. evente, pousse, affoibli. PALLET, s. lit de veille, m. grabat, m PALLIATE, v. a. pallier, colorer, deguiser. PALIATION, s. palliation. f. deguisement, m. PALLIATIVE, s. & adj. palliatif, m. PALLID, adj. pale, bleme. Pall-mall, s. mail, m. jeu de mail, m. PALM, s. paume, f. palme, m. &f. PALM-TREE, s. palmier, m. palme, f. PALM, r. a. mainer, toucher. escamoter. PALMA-CHRISTI, s. ricin, m. la grande cata-PALMER, s. un pilerin, ferule, f. Palmerworm, une chenille. PALMISTER, s. un chiromancien. PALMISTRY, s. chiromancie, f. PALMY, udj. couvert de palmiers. PALPABILITY, PALPABLENESS, s. qualité sensible, f. ALPABLE, adj. palpable, sensible. PALPABLY, adr. palpablement, sensiblement. PALPATION, s. attouchement, m. PALPITATE, v. n. palpiter. PALPITATION, s. palpitation, f. battement, a. PALSGRAVE, s. un compte Palatin. PALSICAL or PALSIED, adj. paralitique. PALSY, s. paralysie, f.
PALTER, v. n. & a. biaiser, prodiguer. PALTERER, s. celui qui n'agit pas avec droi-PALTRINESS, s. qualité méprisable, f. [ure-PALTRY, ad], méchant, pitoyable, de nulle valeur, qui fait pitic, chétil. PAM, s. valet, m. un jeu des cartes. PAMPER, v. a. bien traiter, dorloter. PAMPHLET, s. feuille volante, brochure, f. PAMPHLETKER, s. un fescur de brochures.

PAN, s. poèle, f. casserole, f. terrine. f. A
frying-pan, une poèle à frire. A dripping
pan, une lèchefrite. A warming-pan, un
bassinoire. A baking-pan, une tourière. An earthen-pan, une terrine. A per/uningpan, une cassolette. A snuffers pan, des porte mouchettes. Firepan of a gun, le bassinet d'une arme à feu. Pan-padiing. boudin cuit au four. A partille, une tuile

courbe, une fahière. The brain-pan, le || PARAGRAPH, s. paragraphe, m. cràne. PANACEA, a. panacee, f. Panado, s. panade, f. [frit, m. PANCARE, e. gauffre, f. omelette, f. gateau PANCART, L. pancarte, f. PANCERAS, s. le pancreas.
PANDECT, s. pandecto, f. digeste, m.
PANDEMICE, adj. pandémique. PANDER, s. un maquereau; v. a. faire le maquereau. PARDICULATION, s. l'action de s'étendre en baillant. PANDORE, PANDURE, s. pandore, f. PANE, s. panneau, m. carresu, m. losange, f. PANEGYRICAL, adj. qui loue.
PANEGYRICAL, a. panegyrique, m. eloge, m. PAREGYRIST, s. panegyriste, m. PANEL, s. panneau, m. liste des jurés, f. PANG, s. angouisse, f. transe, f. atleinte, f. PANG, v. a. tourmenter cruellement. Paric, adj. & s. panique, terreur panique. Pannage, s. glandée, f. PARREL, s. un bat, panneau, st. mulette, f. PANNICE, PANNICLE, s. panie, m. (plante.)
PANNIER, s. panier, m. hotte, f.
PANSY, s. pensée, f. (fleur.)
[bler PART, s. palpitation, f., r. n. palpiter, trem-PANTALOON, s. pantalon, m. PANTHEON; s. panthéon. m. rotunde, f. PANTHER, s. une panthère. PANTILE, s. faltière, f.
PANTING, s. palpitation, f. courte haleine, f.
PANTLER, s. le panetier. Pantofle, s. pantofle, f. [mime. PANTOMIME, s. un pantomime, une panto-PANTRY, s. la dépense, panterie, f. PAP, s. mammelon, m. teton, m. mammelle, PAPA, s. papa, m. PAPA, s. papa, m. PAPACY, s. papauté, f. PAPAL, adj. papal, du pape. [pavot. PAPAVEROUS, adj. de pavot, semblable au PAPER, s. papier, m. PAPERS, papiers, m. pl. memoires, m. pl. écrits, m. pl. PAPER-MAKER, s. papetier, m. PAPER-MILL, s. papeterie, PAPER-STAINER, s. dominotier, m. PAPER. v. a. enregistrer, tendre de papier PAPILIO, s. papillou, m. pei PAPIST, s. papiste, m. Catholique Romain. PAPISTICAL, adj. de Catholique Romain. PAPPI, adj. doux, succulent, mou.
PAR, s. parité, f. égalité, f. pair, m.
PARABLE, adj. facile à acquerir or à obtenir. PARABOLA, s. parabole, f. PARABOLICAL, PARABOLICE, adj. parabo-PARABOLICALLY, adv. par parabole. PARABOLOID, s. paraboloïde, f. PARACENTESIS, s. ponction, f.
PARACENTRICAL, PARACENTRICK, adj. qui s'écarte de la ligne circulaire. Parachonism, s. arachronisme, m. PARACHUTE, s. parachute, m. PARACLETE, s. consolateur, m. paraclet, m. PARADE, s. parade, f. ostentation, f. montre, PARADISE, s. paradis, 24. PARADOX, s. paradoxo, m. PARADOXAL, PARADOXICAL, adj. paradoxal. PARADOXICALLY, adv. d'une manière para-PARAGON, s. chef-d'œuvre, m. modèle, m. Panagon, r. a. comparer, égaler. CI

PARAGRAPHICALLY, adv. par paragraphes. PARALLAX, s. parallactique.
PARALLAX, s. parallaxe, f.
PARALLEL, adj. parallèle; s. parallèle, se, ressemblance, f.

[ièle, PARALIEL, v. a. comparer, meure en paral-PARALLEI.ISM, s. parallelisme, m. PARALLELLY, adv. également. PARALLELOGRAM, s. parallélogramme, m. PARALOGISM, s. paralogisme, m. PARALOGISE, v. n. raisonner faux PARALYSIS, s. paralysie, f. [tique. PARALYTICAL, PARALYTICK, adj. paraly-PARALYTICE, s. un paralytique. PARAMETER, s. paramètre. [minant. PARAMOUNT, adj. souverain, superieur, do-PARAMOUNT, s. le chef, le souverain. PARAMOUR, s. un amant, un favori. PARANYMPH, s. paranymphe, m. PARAPET, s. parapet, m. PARAPHE, s. paraphe, f. PARAPHIMOSIS, s. paraphimosis, m. [pl. PARAPHERNALIA, s. biens paraphernaux, s PARAPHRASE, s. paraphrase; v. a. paraphraser. PARAPHRAST, s. paraphrase, m. PARAPHRASTICAL, PARAPHRASTICE, adj. en forme de paraphrase. PARAPHRASTICALLY, adv. par paraphrase. PARAPHRENITIS, s. inflammation du diaphragme, f. PARAQUETO, s. petit perroquet. PARASELENE, s. paraselène, f. PARASITE, s. un parasite. [flatteur. PARASITICAL, PARASITICE, adj. parasite, PARASOL, s. un parasol, un parapluie. PARBOIL, v. a. parbouillir, bouillir à demi. PARBUNCLE, s. pattes, f. pl. (terme de mer.) PARCEL, s. paquet, m. pièce, f. partie; f. PARCEL, v. a. partager, diviser, morceler. PARCERER, s. copartageant, m. copropriétaire. PARCENERY, s. indivis, m. [grille. PARCH, v. a. & n. griller, rôiir, sécher, être PARCHMENT, s. parchemin, m. PARCHMENT-MAKER, s. parcheminier, m. PARD, PARDALE, s. leopard, m. [donner. PARDON, s. pardon, m. grace, f.; v. a. par-PARDONABLE, adf. pardonnable. [ble. PARDONABLY, adv. d'une manière pardonna-PARDONER, s. celui qui pardonne. PARE, r. a. couper, rogner, parer (le pied d'un cheval,) peler (un pomme.) PARENCHYMA, s. parenchyme, m. PARENCHYMATOUS, adj. poreux. PARENESIS, s. parenèse, f. persuasion, f. PARENT, s. père or mère. PARENTAGE, s. parenté, f. parent, m. PARENTAL, adj. de parent, de père or de mère. PARENTHESIS, s. parenthèse, f. PARER, s. boutoir, m.
PARGET, s. crépi, m. crépissure, f.; v. a. plâtrer, crépir. PARGETER, s. crépisseur, m. PARHELION, s. parhélie, m. PARIAN, adj. de Paros. PARIETAL, adj. pariétal, qui sert de parois. PARIETARY, s. (a plant) pariétaire, f. PARING, s. rognure, f. pelure, f. PARING-KNIFE, s. un tranchet. PARISH, s. paroisse, f.; adj. paroissal. Partsmoner, s. un paroissien. [dezu, m. PARITOR, s. appariteur, m. huissier. m. be-

PARITY, s. parité, f. égalité, f. PARE, s. perc, m.; v. a. parquer, enfermer. PARER or PARE-EXEPPER, s. garde de parc. m. parc, m. PARLEY, v. s. parlementer, conferer. PARLEY, s. pourparler, m. conférence, f. PARLIAMENT, s. parlement, m. PARLIAMENTARY, adj. parlementaire. PARLOUR, s. salle de compagnie, f. le parloir. PARLOUS, adj. subtil, dangereux, fin, rusé. PARMESAN, s. Parmesan, m. PARGELLA, ad., paroissial, de la paroisse.
PAROCHIAL, ad., paroissial, de la paroisse.
PAROLE, s. parode, f. promesse, f.
PAROHYCHIA, s. paronyche, f. panaris, m.
PAROQUET, s. perruche, f. petit perroquet, f.
PAROTID, ad., parotide, salivaire. PAROTIS, s. tumeur aux glandes parotides, f. PAROXYSM, s. paroxisme, m. redoublement, m. PARRICIDE, s. parricide, m. PARRICIDAL, PARRICIDIOUS, adj. parricide. PARROT, s. perroquet, m. PARRY, v. a. parer.
PARSE, r. a. faire les parties (d'une phrase.) Parsimonious, adj. avare, économe. Parsimoniousily, adv. avec avarice. PARSIMONIOUSNESS, PARSIMONY, s. avarice, f. économie, f. épargne, f. frugalité, f. Parsley, s. persil, m. PARSLEY PERT, s. perce-pierre, f. Parsnip, s. panais, m. (legume.) PARSON, s. le ministre or curé d'une paroisse. PARSONAGE, s. cure, f. bénéfice, m PABT, s. partie, f. membre, m. quartier, m. part, f. portion, f. intérêt, m. parti, m. défense, f. cause, f. devoir, m. fonction, f. rôle, m. personnage, m. PARTS, e. parties, f. pl. qualités, f. pl. talens, m. pl. dons naturels, m. pl.

PART, v. a. partager, diviser, separer; v. n. se separer, quitter, se défaire. PARTAGE, s. partage, m. [participer. PARTAKE, v. a. & n. partager, avoir part, PARTAKER, s. participant, m. PARTER, s. qui separe, affineur, m. PARTERE, s. up arierre.
PARTERE, s. up parierre.
PARTIAL, adj. partiali, particulier.
PARTIALITY, s. partialité, f.
PARTIALIZE, r. a. se partialiser.
PARTIALLY, adv. partialement, en partie.
PARTIBLE, adj. divisible. PARTICIPANT, adj. & s. participant. PARTICIPATE, v. a. & n. partager, participer. PARTICIPATION, s. participation, f. PARTICIPIAL, adj. participial.
PARTICIPIALIT, adv. en forme de participe.
PARTICIPIAL, a particule, f. parcelle, f.
PARTICULAR, adj. particulier, singulier. PARTICULAR, s. particularité, f. circonstance particulière, point, m. détail, m. PARTICULARITY, s. particularité, f. PARTICULARIZE, r. a. particulariser, speci-PARTICULARLY, adv. particulièrement. PARTING, s. séparation, f. départ, m. parting cup, le vin de l'étrier. PARTISAN, s. partisan, m. [ration, f. PARTITION, s. partition, f. partage, m. sépa-PARTITION, v. a. diviser en différentes par-PARTITIVE, adj. partitif. PARTLET, s. une poule, tour de cou, m. PARTLY, adv. en partie, à quelque degré. PARTNER. s. associé, danseur, danseuse.

PARTNER, v. a. & n. joindre, s'associer avec, PARTNERSHIP, s. société, f. [faire société. PARTHIDGE, s. perdrix. A young partridge, un perdreau. PARTURIENT, adj. prète à mettre bas.
PARTURIENT, adj. prète à mettre bas.
PARTU, s. parti, m. cabale, f. faction, f. partie, f. compagnie, f. détachement de soldats, m. personne, f. PARTY-COLOURED, adj. bigarre. PARTY-JURY, s. jurés mi-partis. PARTY-MAN, s. un factieux. PARTY-WALL, s. mur mitoyen. [norité. Parvis, s. parvis, m. PARVITUDE, PARVITY, s. petiteme, f. mi-Paschal, adj. pascal, de paques. PASH, v. a. heurter, fromer, ecraser.
PASQUE FLOWER, s. coquelourde, f. pulsa-PASQUINADE, s. une pasquinade. Pass, v. s. passer, se passer, s'evanouir, être reçu, établi, avoir cours, couler, arriver, avenir, venir, suffire, laisser, omettre, em ployer, consumer, faire passer, transporter, surpriser, l'emporter sur, faire, donner, engager, pronoucer, declarer, porter, recevoir, approuver. To pass encay, passer, se passer, s'écouler, s'évanouir, consumer, dissiper; to pass along, passer; to pass by, passer, excuser, negliger, ne faire aucun cas; to pass on, se passer; to pass over, passer, omettre, negliger, ne pas parler de. Pass, s. détroit, m. avenue, f. passage, m. trajet, m. chemin, m. un passe-port, passe, f. botte, f. coup de fleuret, état, m. sination, f. point, m. PASSABLE, adj. praticable, passable, sup-portable, tolérable, qui a cours. PASSAGE, s. traversee, f. chemin, m. conduit, m. entree, f. issue, f. avenure, f. evenment, m. accident, m. fait, m. Passenger, s. passant, m. passager, m. PASSER, s. un passaut.
PASSEBILITY, PASSIBLENESS, s. passibilité, f.
PASSIBLE, adj. passible, passif.
PASSIRG, part. grand, achevé. parfait.
PASSIRG, part. grand, achevé. parfait. PASSING, adv. parfaitement, fort, tout-à-fail. Passing-Bell, s. la cloche mortuaire. Passion, s. passion, f. agitation, f. peachant, m. inclination, f. humeur, f. amour, m. affection, f. zèle, m. ardeur, f. colère, f. fougue, f. emportement, m. souffrance, f. Passionarz, adj. passionae, touchant, tendre, vif, ardent, colèrque, emporté. PASSIONATELY, adv. passionnément, ardem-ment, avec colère, avec emportement. PASSIONATENESS, s. passion, f. ardeur, f. impatience, f. PASSIVE, adj. passif.
PASSIVELY, adv. passivement. PASSIVENESS, e. passibilité, f. PASSOVER, s. la pâque, l'agneau pascal. PASSPORT, s. un passeport.
PASS-ROSE, s. (a flower) passerose, f. PASS-VELOURS, s. passe-velours, amarante PASS-VOLART, s. un passevolant.
PAST, part. adj. passe: s. le passé.
PAST, prep. au delà, au dessus, bors, après. Paste, s. pâte, f. colle de farine, f. Paste-board, s. carton, m. ; asj. de carton PASTE, v. a. coller, pater; to paste up, affi-PASTEL, s. pastel, w. (herbe.)

Pastern, s. pâturon, m.

PASTIL. s. pastille, f.

PASTINE, s. passe-temps, m. amusement, m. | PAUNCH, s. la panse, le ventre, la bedaine. récréation, f. Paston, s. un berger, un pasteur. PASTORAL, adf. pastoral; s. pastorale, f. PASTRY, s. patisserie. f. boulangerie, f. Pastry-cook, s. on patissier. PASTURABLE, adj. de pâturage. [ture, f. PASTURAGE, PASTURE, s. pâturage, m. pâ-PASTURE, v. a. & n. faire paitre, paturer. PASTURING, s. pature, f. Pasty, s. pâté, m. tourte. PAT, sej. propre, convenable, à-propos, bon. PAT, s. un coup, un petit coup, un tape. PAT, v. a. frapper legèrement, corroyer, ra-PATACHE, s patache, f. PATACOON, s. patagon, m. 4s. 8d. [boter. PATCH, s. pièce, f. morceau, m. mouche, f. PATCH, v. a. rapièceter, rapiècer, raccomnoder. mettre des mouches; to patch up, platrer, pallier. PATCHER, s. ravaudeur, ravaudeuse. PATCHWORK, s. rapiecetage, m. marquete-PATE, s. tête, f. caboche, f. [rie, f. PATEFACTION, & ouverture, f. déclaration, f. PATEN, s. patène, f. petit plat.
PATENT, s. patente, f. lettres patentes. FATERNAL, adj. paternel, m. impétrante, f.-PATERNAL, adj. paternel, de père, hérédi-PATERNITY, s. paternité, f. PATER-NOSTER, s. l'oraison dominicale, PATE, s. un servise. PATENTEE, s. impétrant, m. impétrante, Path, s. un sentier. [pate-notre, f. PATHETICAL, PATHETICK. adj. pathetique. PATHETICALLY, adj. pathetiquement. PATHLESS, adj. qui n'est pas frayé. PATHOGOGICAL, PATHOLOGICE, adj. pathologique. PATHOLOGIST, s. pathologiste, m. PATHOLOGY, s. pathologie, f. Pathos, s. pathos, m PATHWAY, s. un sentier, chemin etroit. PATIBULARY, adj. patibulaire.
PATIENCE, s. patience, f.
PATIENT, adj. patient, endurant. PATIENT, s. patient, m. un malade. PATIENTLY, adv. patienment, avec patience. PATINE, s. patène, f. PATLY, adv. a-propos, convenablement. PATNESS, s. convenance, f. proprete, f. PATRIARCH, s. un patriarche.
PATRIARCHAL, adj. patriarchal. [archat, m.
PATRIARCHATE, PATRIARCHSHIP, s. patri-PATRICIAN, s. patricien, m. patrice, m. PATRICIAN, adj. patricien, senatorial, noble. PATRICIATE, s. patriciat, m. [moine. PATRIMONIAL, adj. patrimonial, de patri-Patrimony, s. pairimoine, m. PATRIOT, s. patriote, m. PATRIOTISM, s. patriotisme, m. PATROCINATE, v. a. protéger, défendre. PATROLINATION, s. protection, f. défense, f. PATROL, s. patrouille, f. guet de nuit, m. PATROL, v. n. faire la patrouille or la roude. PATER, s. nation, m. protection, m. PATERNAS, s. patron, m. protection, m. PATRONAGE, s. protection, f. patronage, m. PATRONAL, adj. patronal, de patron. PATRONALS, s. patrone, f. protectrice, f. PATRONIES, v. a. protéger. défendre, favori-PATRONYMICE, s. patronymique, m. [ser. PATTER, s. patin, m. soubassement, m. PATTER, v. a. faire du houis, marmoter. PATTER, v. n. faire du bruit, marmoter. PATTERN, s. patron, m. modèle, m. echan-PATTERN, v. a. copier, imiter. [tillon, m. PAUCITY, s. petit nombre, petite quantité.

PAUNCH, v. a. eventrer.
PAUNCHES, s. (sea term) couchins, m. pl. Pauper, s. un pauvre. PAUSE, s. pause, f. repos, m. Pause, v. n. pauser, s'arrêter, peser, delibé-Pauser, s. celui qui s'arrête, qui réfléchit. PAVAN, PAVIN, s. pavane, f. PAVE, r. a. paver. PAVEMENT, s. le pavé. PAVER, PAVIER, s. un paveur (des rues, &c.) PAVIAGE, s. ce que l'ou paie pour le pavé. PAVICE, s. pavois, m. (grand bouclier.) PAVILION, s. pavillon, m. tente, f. A paving beetle, hie or demoiselle, f. Paw, s. la griffe, la patte. Paw, v. a. & n. toucher avec la patte or le pied, patiner, caresser avec la patte. PAWN, v. a. engager, mettre en gage PAWN, s. gage, m. un pion. [giste, m. PAWNEROKER, s. préteur sur gage, m. enga-PAWNER, s. celui or celle qui engage. PAY, v. a. payer, acquitter, recompenser, rendre; to pay away, payer; to pay back, rendre restituer; to pay down, payer argent comptant; to pay for, expier, etre paye or puni de; to pay off, se venger, battre. To pay a wirth, rendre une visite. Pay a ship, suiver un vaisseau. PAY, s. paie, f. solde, f. salaire, m. gages, m. PAYABLE, adj. payable. PAY-DAY, s. jour de paiement, m PAYER, s. payeur, m. payeuse, f. PAY-MASTER, s. payeur, m. PAYMENT, s. paiement, m. paie, f. gages, PEA, s. pois, m. (légume.) PEACE, s. paix, f. repos, m. silence, f. PEACEABLE, adj. paisible, pacifique. PEACEABLENESS, s. humeur pacifique, f. PEACEABLY, adr. paisiblement, en paix. PEACEFULLY, adr. paisible, pacifique, tranquille. PEACEFULLY, adr. paisiblement. PEACEFULNESS, s. paix, f. tranquilité, f. PEACE-MAKER, s. pacificateur, m. PEACE-OFFERING, s. sacrifice propitiatoire, PEACH, s. peche, f. Peach-tree, pecher, m. Prach, v. a. accuser. PEACHICE, s. paonneau, m. le petit d'un paon. PEACOCK, s. un paon (prononcez pan.) PEAHEN, s. paonue, f. (prononcez panne.)
PEAH, s. cime, f. pointe, f. sommet, m. pic,
PEAH, v. m. avoir l'air malade. [m. PEAKING, adj. maladif, malingre. PEAL, s. grand bruit, fracas, m. tintamarre, m. cloches en branle or à volce. PEAR, v. a. étourdir par un grand bruit. PEAR, s. poire, f. Pear-tree, poirier, m. choke pear, poire d'angoisse. f.
PEARL, s. perle, f. taie (sur l'œil.) f. pariPEARLy, adj. plein de perles. [sienne, f. PEARMAIN, s. poire-pomme, f. PEASANT, s. un paysan. PEASANTRY. s. les paysans, m. pl. les gens de la campague, m. pl.
PEASCOD, PEASHELL, s. cosse de pois, f.
PEASE, s. pl. of Pea, des pois. PEAT, s. sorte de tourbe. PEBBLE. PEBBLE-STONE, s. un caillou. PEBBLED, PEBBLY, adj. plein de cailloux. PECCABLE, adj. peccable PECCADILLO, s. petit peché, peccadille, f. PECCANCY. s. mauvaise qualité, vice, m. Peccant, adj. coupable, mauvais, peccant. PECE, s. picotin, m.; v. a. becqueter.

PECKER, s. pivert, m.

PECTORAL, adj. & s. pectoral, m.
PECULATE, PECULATION, s. peculat, m.
PECULATOR, s. celui qui vole or pille le public. PECULIAR, adj. particulier, singulier, propre. PECULIAR, s. propre, m. Regal peculiar, la chapelle du roi. PRCULIARITY, s. singularité, f. particularité, PECULIARLY, adv. particulièrement. PECUNIARY, adj. pecuniaire, d'argent. Preusious, adj. pecunicux. PEDAGOGICAL, adj. pedagogique.
PEDAGOGUE, s. un pedagogue, un pedant.
PEDAGOGUE, r. a. enseigner avec un air de
PEDAGOGY, s. pédagogie, f. [suffisance.
PEDAL, adj. d'un pied, qui a un pied en long. PEDALS, s. pédales, f.
PEDANEOUS, adj. qui va à pied, pedanée.
PEDANT, s. un pedant, un pédagogue.
PEDANTICK, PEDANTICAL, adj. pédantesque. PEDANT-LIKE, adv. en pedant, comme un PEDANTRY, s. pédanterie, f. [pédant. PEDDLE, v. n. s'occuper de bagatelles. PEDDLING, adj. petit peu considérable.
PEDERASTY, s. péderastie. f. sodomie. f.
PEDERERO, s. pierrier, m. (pièce d'artillerie.) PEDESTAL, s. pièdestal, m. Pedicle, s. pédicule, m. PEDICULAR, PEDICULOUS, adj. pediculaire. PEDIGREE, s. généalogie, f.
PEDIMENT, s. fronton, m. [tit mercier.
PEDLEE, s. porte-balle, m. colporteur, m. pe PEDLERY, s. petite mercerie, f. clincaille, f. PEDOBAPTISM, s. le baptême des enfans. PEEL, s. peau, f. pelure, f. ecorce, f. ron-deau (de patisser,) m. PEEL, r. a. peler, ôter la peau, piller. Peel off, se peler, s'ecailler. EEP, s. la première apparition, osillade, f. coup d'oril, m. clin d'oril, m. At the peep of day, au point du jour. Peep, s. PEEP, v. s. paroître, poindre, percer, pousser, regarder par un trou, entrevoir. PERPER, s. poussin, m. PEEP-HOLE, PEEPING-HOLE, s. trou par ou l'on regarde saus être apperçu, m. PEER, s. pair, m. egal, m. compagnon, m. PEER, v. n. commencer à paroitre, lorgner. PERRAGE, PERROOM, s. pairie, f. Perress, s. la femme d'un pair. PEERLESS, adj. sans pareil, incomparable. PEEVISH. adj. bourru, acaristre, fantasque. PREVISHLY, adv. d'un air chagrin. PEEVISHNESS, & humeur bourrue.
PEG, & cheville, f. fausset, m.; r.a. cheviller.
PELAGIAN, & Pélagien, m. PELF, s. biens futiles, m. vaines richesses. PELLCAP, s. pélican, m.
PELLCAP, s. pélican, m.
PELLET, s. balle, f. pelote, f. boule, f.
PELLICLE, s. pellicule, f. petite peau.
PELLITORY, s. pariétaire, f. (espèce d'herbe.)
PELL-MELL, adu. pèle-méle, confusement.
PELLI-MELL, adu. pèle-méle, confusement. PELLUCID, adj. transparent. [rence, f. PELLUCIDITY, PELLUCIDIESS, s. transpa-PELT, s. peau, f. fourrure, f. bouclier de peau. PELT-MONGER, s. un peaussier. PELT-WOOL, s. laine tirée d'un, brebis morte. PELT, v. a. tirer, jeter ; v. n. enrager. PER, s. plume (à écrire,) f. aile, f. poulailler, m. parc pour les brebis. PEN, v. a. écrire, emplumer (un clavecin.) Pen up, ensermer dans un poulailler. PENAL, adj. penal, qui porte une peine.

Penality, Penality, s. peine, f. amende, f. Penance, s. penitence, f. Penates, s. penates, m. PEN-CASE, s. casse d'une écritoire, f. PENCE, s. pl. of Penny, sous, m. pl. PENCIL, s. pinceau, m.; v. n. peindre. PENCIL-CASE, s. porte-crayon, m.
PENDANT, s. pendant d'oreille, m. pendenr, (d'un navire,) :. PENDENCE, s. penchant, m. inclination, f. PENDENCY, s. delai. [forjetts PENDENT, adj. pendant, qui pend er avance. PENDING, adj. pendant. PENDULOUS, adj. pendant, suspendu, irrésolu, en suspense PENDULUM, s. un pendule, une pendule.
PENETRABILITY, s. penetrabilité, f.
PENETRABLE, asj. penetrable. (fin, subtil. PENETRABLE, and penetrant, percent, sign, PENETRATE, v. a. d. n. pénétrant, percer. PENETRATE, v. a. d. n. pénétrat, percer. PENETRATION, s. pénétration, f. segacisé, f. PENETRATIVE, adj. pénétratif. PENETRATIVE, asj. penetram.
PENISULA, s. pėninaule, f. prasqu'ile, f.
PENISULA, s. pėninaule, f. prasqu'isolė.
PENITENCE, s. pėninauce, f. repastance, f.
PENITENT, adj. č. s. pėninaule.
PENITENTIAL, adj. če s. pėninaule. PENITENTIARY, s. penitencier, m. PENITENTLY, adv. avec repentir, avec peni-PEN-KNIFE, s. un canif. [tence. PENNAN, s. un auteur, un écrivain, une PENNACHED, adj. panaché. [bonne plume. PENNANT, s. banderole, f. damme, f. paten, PENNATED, adj. ailė. PERRER, s. écrivain, m. casse d'écritoire, f. PENNON, s. flamme, f. pennon, pavillon, s.. PENNY, s. un sou, denier, s.. PENNY-GRASS, s. l'herbe aux poux. PENNY-POST, s. la petite poste. PENNY-ROT, s. nombril de Venus, m PENNYROYAL, s. pouliot, m. (sorte d'herbe.) PENNYWEIGHT, s. denier de poids, m. PENNY-WISE, adj. qui épargne mal-à-propos des bagarelles PERRYWORT, s. menthe sauvage, f. PERRYWORTH, s. pour un sou, bon marché. Pensile, adj. suspendu, qui pend es l'air.
Pension, s. pension, f. coaseil, st. droit, st.
Pension, n. a. pensionner. PENSIONARY, s. qui a une pension. PENSIONER, s. un pensionnaire. PENSIVE, adj. pensif, réveur, morne, triste. PENSIVELY, adv. d'un air réveur, tristemes PENSIVENESS, s. air pensif, réverie, f. PERT, part. adj. enfermé. PENTAEDROUS, adj. pentaedre, qui a cinq PENTAEDROUS, adj. pentaedre, qui a cinq PENTAGONAE adj. pentagone, m. PENTAGONAL, adj. pentagone, à cinq angles. PENTANKTER, e. un vers pentamètre PENTAPRIALOUS, qui a cinq angles.
PENTAPRIALOUS, qui a 5 pétales, ou 5 feuilles. PENTATEUCH, s. le pentateuque.
PENTECOST, s. la pentecôte.
PENTECOSTAL, adj. de la pentecôte. PENTHOUSE, PENTICE, c. auvent, m. abevent, m. PENTILE, s. tuile creuse, faitière PENULTIMA, s. la pénultième syllabe. PENUMBRA, s. pénombre, f. PENURIOUS, adj. avare, chiche, tropéconom PENURIOUSILY, adv. en avare, pauvrement. PENURIOUSNESS. s. avarice. f.

PERFURER, s. disette, f. peuvreté, f. besoin, m. PERFUMER, s. parfumeur, m. A perfuming PEONY, s. pivoine, f. [unisère, f.]
PROPLE, s. peuple, m. nation, f. gens, f. or PERFUNCTORILY, adv. négligemment. Prople, v. a. peupler. [m. pl. PRPPER, s. poivre, m.; v. a. poivrer. PEPPER-BOX, s. poivrière, f. PEPPERCORN, s. grain, fetu, se. bagatel PEPPER-PLANT OF TREE, s. polyrier, m. PEPPERWORT, s. polyree, f. (herbe.) PRPTICE, adj. peptique. PER, prep. par. PERACUTE, adj. fort aigu, fort violent. PERADVENTURE, adj. peut-être, par hasard. PERAGRATION, s. peragration, f. voyage, m. PERAMBULATE, v. a. passer par, parcourir. PERAMBULATION, s. voyage, m. tour, m. vi-PERCEIVABLE, adj. perceptible. [site, f. (site, f. PERCEIVE, v. a. appercevoir, decouvrir. PERCEPTIBLET, a perception, f.
PERCEPTIBLE, adj. perceptible, sensible.
PERCEPTIBLY, adv. sensiblement, visible-PERCEPTION, s. perception, f. clairvoyance, f. intelligence, PERCEPTIVE, adj. intelligent. PERCEPTIVITY. See Perception. PERCH, s. perche, f. , v. n. so percher. perching stick, un perchoir.

PERCHANCE, adv. peut-être, par hasard.

PERCLOSE, s. conclusion, f. in, f. PERCOLATE, v. a. passer, couler, transmettre. PERCOLATION, s. filtration, f. PERCUSS, v. a. frapper, baure. PERCUSSION, s. percussion, f.
PERCUTENT, adj. qui frappe. [uion, f.
PERDITION, s. perdition, f. ruine, f. destruc-PERDRIGON, s. perdrigon, m. PERDUE, adv. en embuscade : adj. avance. PERDURATION, s. durée, f. PEREGRINATE, v. n. voyager, demeurer, (dans les pays étrangers.) PEREGRINATION, s. voyage, m PEREGRINE, adj. etranger, pelerin. PEREMPTORILY, adv. peremptoirement. PEREMPTORINESS, s. ton dogmatique, m.
PEREMPTORY, adj. péremptoire, décisif, définitif, absolu, décide, trauchant. PERENBIAL, adj. qui dure l'année, continuel. PERENBITY, s. durée perpétuelle. PERFECT, adj. parfait, accompli, acheve. PERFECTIVELY, adv. d'une manière qui perfectionne. PERFECTLY, adv. parfaitement, très bien.
PERFECTUSS, s. perfection, f. babileté, f.
PERFIDIOUS, adj. perfide, infidèle, déloyal.
PERFIDIOUSLY, adv. perfidement, ou raiffei. PERFIDIOUSNESS, PERFIDY, c. perfidie, f. PERFLATE, v. n. souffler à travers. PERFLATION, s. l'action de souffler à travers. PERFORATE, v. a. percer tout outre, trouer. PERFORATION, s. perforation, f. use trouée. PERFORE, adu. forcément, par force. PERFORE. v. a. & n. executer, accomplir, effectuer, faire, s'acquitter, reussir. PERFORMABLE, adj. praticable, femble.
PERFORMABLE, s. execution, f. accomplissement, m. nuvrage, m. action, f. PERFORMER, s. celui qui exécute, exécuteur, m. artiste, musicien, m. PERFRICATE, v. a. frotter, frayer, decrotter. PERFUME, s. parfum, m. ; v. a. parfumer.

PERFUNCTORILY, adv. negligemment. PERFUNCTORINESS, s. negligence. f. PERFUNCTORY, adj. léger, superficiel. Perfuse, v. a. repandre, couvrir. Perhaps, adr. peut-être. Pericardian, Pericardick, adj. du péri-Pericandium, s. le péricarde. Pericarpium, s. le péricarpe. [clin. PERICLITATION, s. peril, m. danger, m. de-PERICRANIUM, s. le pericrane. [ficile. Periculous, adj. périleux, hasardeux, dif-Pericee, Periceum, e. le périgée d'une planète. PERIHELIUM, s. le perihélie d'une planète. PERIL, s. péril, m. danger, m. risque, m. PERILOUS, adj. perilleux, dangereux.
PERILOUSLY, adv. perilleusement, dangePERIMETER, s. perimetre, m. [reusement. PERINGUM, s. le périnée.

Parion, s. période, f. révolution, f. retour, m. accès, m. période, m.

PERIODICAL, PERIODICE, adj. périodique.

PERIODICALLE, adv. périodiquement. PERIOSTEUM, s. périoste, m PERIPATETICE, s. péripatéticien, m. PERIPHERY, s. périphérie, f. circonférence, PERIPHRASE, v. a. périphraser. [f. PERIPHRASIS, s. périphrase. f. circonlocution, f. PERIPHRASTICAL, adj. de périphrase. PERIPHEUMONY, s. péripneumonie, f. PERISCII, s. pl. perisciens, m. PERISH, v. n. perir, mourir. PERISHABLE, adj. perissable, sujet à périr. PERISTALTICE, adj. peristaltique. PERISTERION, s. verveine or vervene, f. PERISTYLE, s. péristile, m. PERITONEUM, s. le péritoine. PERJURE, v. a. parjurer, violer son serment. PERJURER, s. parjure, m. PERJURY, s. parjure, m. faux serment. PERIWIG, s. une perruque; v. a. mettre une PERIWINKLE, s. pervenche, f. [perruque. PERK, v. a. parer, orner; to perk up, se re-mettre, se retablir. PERMANENCE, PERMANENCY, s. permanence. PERMANENT, adj. permanent, durable.
PERMANENTLY, adv. d'une manière permaPERMEABLE, adj. pénétrable. [nente. PERMEABLE, adj. pénétrable. PERMEATE, r. a. penetrer, passer à travers. PERMISSIBLE, adj. qu'on peut permettre. PERMISSION, s. permission, f. pouvoir, m. PERMISSIVE, adf. qui tolère, tolère, permis. PERMISTION, PERMIXTION, s. melange, m. PERMIT, s. passe-avant. (laisser le soin. PERMIT, v. a. permettre, souffrir, accorder, PERMUTATION, s. permutation, f. PERMUTE, v.a. changer, echanger, permuter. PERMUTER, s. permutent. PERNICIOUS, adj. pernicieux, muisible, su-PERNICIOUSLY, adr. pernicieusement. PERRICIOUSRESS, s. qualité pernicieuse. PERORATION, s. peroraison, f. [danger, m. PERPEND, v. a. examiner, peser. PERPENDER, s. perpaing, m. [laire, m. PERPENDICULAR, s. à-plomb, m. perpendicu-PERPENDICULAR, adj. perpendiculaire. PERPENDICULARLY, adv. perpendiculaire-PERPETRATE, r.a. commettre, faire. [ment. PERPETRATION, s. accomplissement, m. PERPETUAL, adj. perpetuel, continuel.

PERPETUALLY, adr. perpétuellement, continucliement, toujours, sans fin. PERPETUATE, v. a. perpetuer, éterniser. PERPETUATION, s. l'action de perpetuer. PERPETUITY, s. perpétuité, f. durce éter-PERPLEX, v. a. inquièter. [nelle. f. [nelle, f. | PERPLEXED, part. adj. trouble, inquiet, embrouillé, tourmenté, embarrassé. [lée. PERPLEXEDLY, adv. d'une manière embrouil-PERPLEXEDNESS, PERPLEXITY, s. perplexité, f. inquiétude, f. embarras, m. [m. PERQUISITES, s. pl. casuel, m. profits casuels, PERRY, s. poire, m. [exacte. PERSECUTE, v. a. persecution, f. Persecutor, s. persecuteur, m. Perseverance, s. perseverance, f. constance, f. PERSEVERANT, adj. perseverant, constant. Persevere, v. n. perseverer, persister. PERSIAN, s. (a thin slight silk) de la Persienne. Persist, v. s. persister, persévérer. PERSISTANCE, PERSISTENCY, s. constance, f. fermeté, f. persévérance, f. opiniâtreté. PERSON, s. personne, f.

PERSONABLE, adj. de bonne mine, de bon air. PERSONAGE, s. personnage, m. personne, f. Personal, adj. personnel. PERSONALITY, s. personnalité, f. individua-PERSONALLY, adv. personnellement. [lite, f. PERSONATE, v. a. jouer, représenter. Personification, s. prosopopée, f. PERSONIEY, v. a. personnifier. PERSPECTIVE, s. perspective, f. lunette d'approche, f vue, f. aspect, m.; adj. qui réprésente, optique. PERSPICACIOUS, adj. clairvoyant, éclairé. PERSPICACITY, PERSPICACIOUSNESS, s. la bonte de la vue, perspicacité, f. force, f. PERSPICUITY, s. cl arté, f. netteté, f. PERSPICUOUS, adj. clair, transparent, net. PERSPICUOUSILY, adv. clairement. PERSPICUOUSNESS, s. clarte, f. PERSPIRABLE, adj. transpirable. PERSPIRATION, s. transpiration, f. PERSPIRE, v. n. transpirer. [feurer. PERSUADABLE, adj. persuasible. PERSUADE, v. a. persuader, convaniero, re-PERSUASIBLE, adj. persuasible. (soudre. PERSUASION, s. persuasion. f. croyance, f. PERSUASIVE, adj. persuasif. (sions, [sions, f. PERSUASIVENESS, a influence sur les pas-PERSUASORY, adj. persuasif. PERT, adj. vif, éveillé, pleiu de feu, pétulant. PERTAIN, v. n. regarder, concerner PERTINACIOUS, adj. obstine, opiniatre. PERTINACIOUSLY, adr. opiniatrement. PERTINACIOUSNESS, PERTINACY, s. obstination, f. PERTINACITY, s. fermeté, f. résolution, f. PERTINENCE, PERTINENCY, s. convenauce, f. PERTINENT, adj. pertinent, convonable, PERTINENTLY, adr. pertinemment, a-propos. PERTLY, adv. vivement, p-tulamment.
PERTURS, s. vivacité, f. feu, m. [quiéter.
PERTURB, PERTURBATE, v. a. troubler. in-PERTURBATION, s. trouble, m. agitation, f. PERTURBATOR, s. un perturbateur. PERTUSION, s. l'action de percer un trou.

PERVASION, s. pénétration, f. PERVERSE, asj. pervers, dépravé, méchant. PERVERSELY, adr. mechamment. PERVESSENESS, PERVERSION, PERVER-SITY, J. mechanceté, f. dépravation. f. PERVERT, r. a. perverter, corrompre, dépra-PERVERTER, s. corrupteur, m. [ver. Pervicacious, adj. reveche. PERVICACIOUSNESS, PERVICACITY, PER-VICACY, s. obstination, f. opiniatrete, f. PERVIOUS, adj. par on l'on peut passer, pas-PERVIOUSNESS, s. pénétrabilité, f. [suble. PERUKE, A. perruque. PERURE-MAKER, s. perroquier. PERUSAL, s. l'action de lire, lecture, f. PERUSE, v. o. lire, examiner. PERUSER, s. lecteur, m. observateur, m. PERUSING, s. lecture, f. l'action de lire, PERUVIAN, and Peruvien; peruvien bark, de quinquina. PESSARY, s. pessaire, m. PEST, s. peste, f. contagion, f. PESTER, r. a. embarrasser, inquieter, incommoder, harceler. fuler's, f. Pest-house, s. lazaret, m. maison des pes-Pretiferous, adj. pestifere. PESTILENCE, s. peste, f. pestilence, f. PESTILENT, PESTILENTIAL, adj. pestilent. PESTLE, s. un pilon, l'os d'un jambon, m. PRT, s. depit, m. houtade, f. accès, m. PETAL, s. petale, m. [poor 5 ans. PETALISM, s. petalisme, m. bannissement PETAR, PETARD, s. petard, m. PETARDER, s. pétardier, m. PETECHIAL, adj. secompagné de pétéchies. PETER-PERCE, s. demer de St. Pierre. m. PETIT, adj. petit. peu considerable. PETITION, s. réquête. f. placet. m. demande, PETITION, r. a. demander, solliciter. PETITIONARY, adj. requerant. suppliant. PETITIONER. s. suppliant, m. requerant, m. PETITORY, adj. & s. petitoire, se. PETRARY, s. un mangoneau. PETRIFACTION, PETRIFICATION, s. perilcation, f. PETRIFACTIVE, PETRIFICK, adj. lapidifique. PETRIFY, r. a. & n. petrifier, se petrifier. PETRONEL, s. un pistolet. PETTICOAT, s. une jupe, un cotilion, unc cotte, un jupon. PETTIFOGGER, s. un petit avorat.
PETTIFOGGING, s. chicano, f. artifice, m. PETTISH, adj. facheux, chagrin, bourru. PETTISHNESS, s. humeur chagrine. PETTETORS, s. pi. des pietts de cuchon de lait.
PETTO, s. cocur, m. petto, m.
PETTY, adj. petit, peu considérable, bus, infé-PETULANCE. PETULANCY, a petulance, f. PETULANT, adj. petulant, impertinent, inso-PETULANTLY, adr. petulamment. PEW, s. un bonc ferme, un priedieu. PEWET or PUET, s. huppe, f. (oisean aqua-PEWTER, s. etmin, m. de l'étain. [tique., PEWTERER, s. un potier d'étais. PHAGEDENICK, PHAGEDENOUS, adj. phagirdenique. PHALANI, s. une phalange. Риантави. Риалтазия, a. frintime. = PHANTASTICAL, PHANTASTICK, adi. fan tasque. Риантом, s. fantôme, m. spectre, m. visica, Риавло, з. Pi.araon, ж. PHARE, PHAROS s. Phare, m. fanal, m.

PHARISAICAL, adj. pharisaique, de pharisien. PHARISAISM, s. pharisaisme, m. PHARISEE, s. un pharisien. PHARMACEUTICAL, PHARMACEUTICE . . . j. pharmaceutique. PHARMACOLOGY, s. pharmacologie, f. PHARMACOPOLIST, s. pharmacope, f. PHARMACOPOLIST, s. un apothicaire, un pharmacien. PHARMACY, s. pharmacie, f. PHASELS, s. fascole, f. Phasis, s. phase, f. apparence, f. Phasm, s. fautôme, m. spectre, m. vision, f. PHEASANT, s. un faisan. PHEASART-POUT, s. un faisandeau. PHENIX, s. phénix, m. PHENOMENON, s. phénomène, m. PHIAL, s. une fiole. [honnête. PHILANTHROPAL, adj. humain, doux, bon, PHILANTHROPIST, s. philamhrope, m. PHILANTHROPY, s. humanité, f. bienveil-PHILAUTHROT, a mour-propre, m. [lance, f. PHILLIPPICK, a. philippique, f. invective, f. PHILLIPPICK, a. philologue, m. critique, m. PHILOLOGICAL, adf. philologique, critique, m. PHILOLOGIST, s. philologie, m. critique, m. PHILOLOGIST, s. philologie, f. litterature, m. PHILOLOGIST, s. philologie, f. litterature, f. PHILOMEL, PHILOMELA, s. philomèle, f. PHILOMOT, adj. de couleur de seuille morte. PHILOPHASTER, s. un méchant philosophe, PHILOSOPHER, s. un philosophe. A natural philosopher, un physicien. A moral philosopher, un moraliste. The philosopher's stone, pierre philosophale. PHILOSOPHICAL, adj. philosophique.
PHILOSOPHICAL, adv. philosophiquement.
PHILOSOPHIZE, r. n. philosopher, moraliser. PHILOSOPHIZE, C. n. painosophie, f.
PHILOSOPHY, s. philosophie, f.
PHILTER, s. philitre, m.
PHIZ, s. la figure, le visage, la trogne.
PHIZBOTOMIST, s. un phiébotomiste. PHLEBOTOMIZE, r. a saigner, phlebotomiser. PHLEBOTOMY, s. phichotomie, f. PHLEGM, s. phicme, m. PHLEGMATICK, adf. flegmatique, froid. Phleme, s. flamme, f. PHLEGMON, s. flegmon, m. inflammation, f. PHLEGMONOUS, adj. brulant, chaud, inflam-Philogiston, s. phogistique, m. [matoire. Philogiston, s. phomix, m. Phosphor, Phosphorus, s. phosphore, m. [matoire. PHRASE, s. phrase, f. style, m.; v. a. expri-PHRASROLOGY, s. diction, f. style, m.
PHRENETIS, s. frénésie, f.
PHRENETICK, adj. frénétique.
PHRENEY, s. frénésie, f.
PHTHISICAL, adj. phthisique.
PHTHISICAL, adj. phthisique.
PHTHISICAL, adj. phthisique.
PHTHISICAL, adj. phthisique. Philactery, s. philactère, m. PHYSICAL, adj physique, naturel, medicinal. PHYSICALLY, adc. physiquement, naturelle-PHYSICIAN, s. un medecin. [ment. PHYSICK, s. medecine, f. remède, m. PHYSICK, v. a. médicamenter, droguer Physicks, s. la physique, livres de médecin. Physiognomer, Physiognomist, s. physionomiste, m. PHYSICGNOMICK, adf. physionomique. PHYSIOGNOMY, s. physionomie, f. figure, f. PHYSIOLOGICAL, adj. physiologique. Physiologiste, m. PHYSIOLOGY, s. physiologie, f.

PHYTOLOGY, s. traite de botanique, f. PIACULAR, PIACULOUS, adj. expiatoire, piaculaire. PLA-MATER, s. pie-mère, f. PIANET, s. pie, f. grimpereau, m. PIASTER, s. piastre, m. PIAZZA, s. un portique. PICA; s. pica, m. appétit dépravé, cicéro, m. Small pica, cicero à petit ceil. PICAROOM, s. un brigand, un pirate.
PICAROOM, s. un brigand, un pirate.
PICR, s. martelline, f. pic, m.
PICR, r. a. cueillir, rammsser, choisir, trier, glaner, curet, éplucher, nettoyer, ronger, piquer, percer, lancer, darder, voler, escandicion recobester. moter, crocheter; to pick out, arracher, ôter, attraper, prendre, tirer: to pick up, ramasser, raccrocher, arracher, enlever; v. a. manger à petit morceaux. PICKAXE, s. pic, m. pioche, f. houe, f. PICK-BACK, adj. sur le dos. PICKERR, v. a. voler, piller, escarmoucher. PICKER, s. celui qui cueille, ramasse, cure, &c. voleur, m. pioche, f.
PICKEREL, s. un brocheton, un petit brochet. PICKINGS, s. epluchures, f. pl. PICKLE, s. saumure, f. marinade, PICKLE, r. a. saler, mariner, confire. PICKLOCK, s. crochet, m. rossignol, m. Pickpocket, s. un filou. Pickthank, s. un flagorneur. Рісктооти, s. un cure-dent. PICTORIAL, adj. de peiutre, pittoresque. PICTURE, s. peinture, f. portrait, m. PICTURE, v. a. dépeindre, peindre. PICTURE-DRAWER, s. peintre de portrait, m. PICTURE-DRAWING, s. peintre, PIDDLE, v. n. pignocher, manger à petits morceaux. PIDDLING-BUSINESS, niaiserie, f. PIE, s. un pate; minced pie, rissole, f. PIE or MAGPIE, s. un pie. PIE-BALD adj. pie de diverses couleurs. PIRCE, s. pièce, f. morceau, m. bout, m. ouvrage, m. production, f.; piece of a candle, bout de chandelle, m.; piece of ordnance, un canon. A field-piece, une pièce de campagne. Foncling-piece, un fusil de chasse; piece of wit, trait d'esprit; piece of rews. une nouvelle: viece of folle une folie. A-piece, la pièce, chacun or chacune.

Of a piece with, de la même espèce. PIECE, v. a. rapiècer. PIECELESS, adj. entier, uni. PIECE-MEAL, adj. separé, chaque; adv. en PIECER, s. rapetasser, m. ravaudeur, m. PIED, adj. varié, de diverses couleurs. Pier, s. trumeau, m. un môle. PIERCE, r. a. percer, pénétrer, toucher. PIERCER, s. un percoir. [tilement. PIERCINGLY, adv. d'une manière aigue, sub-PIERCINGNESS, s. pénétration, f.
PIERT, s. pièté, f. religion, f. amour, m.
PIG, s. un petit cochon, un cochon, un saumon de plomb. Pig, r. n. cochonner. Pigbadger, s. un taisson, un blaireau. PIGEON's. pigeon, m.; pigeon-house, un pi-geonnier, un colombier: pigeon hole, un boulin. A young pigeon, un pigeonneau. PIGEON'S-FOOT, (an herb) geranne, m. PIGEON'S-HERB, s. (an herb) verveine, f. PIGEON-LIVERED, adj. doux, sans fiel. Piggin, s. un petit seau, un petit vaisseau. Pigment, s. fard, m. rouge, m. couleur, f.

PIGNY, s. un pigmee, un nain, un mirmidon.
PIGNORATION, s. cautionnement, m.
PIGNORATION, s. cautionnement, m.
PIGNOR, s. l'aileron, m. l'aile, f. pignon, m.
PIGNOR, s. une truffe or truffe.
PINION, s. a. lier les ailes or les bras. PIKE, s. un brochet, une pique. PIKED, adj. pointu, aigu. PIKEMAN, s. un piquier.
PIKE-STAFF, s. baton pointu, le bois d'une PILASTER, s. pilastre, m. PILCHE, PILCHER, c. fourreau, m. couverture fourrée. Pile, s. pilotis, pile, f. tas, m. monceau, m. batiment, m. edifice, m. le fer (d'une flèche) poil, m. duvet, m. Piles, s. les hémorrhoides, f. PILE, v. a. entasser, mettre en pile. PILER, s. qui entasse, qui met en pile. PILEWORT, s. scrofulaire (plante.) PILPER, r. a. & n. faire de petits vols PILFERER, s. petit voleur, fripon, m. filou, Pilfering, s. larcin, m. PILFERINGLY, adv. en fripon, par larcin. Pilgrim, s. un pelerin; v. n. voyager. l'ILGRIMAGE, s. pélérinage, m. PILL, s. pilule, f.
PILLAGE, v. a. piller; s. pillage, m. Pillager, s. un pillard, un voleur, un bri-PILLAR, s. pilier, m. colonne, f. [gand. PILLARED, adj. soutenu par des piliers. PILLION, s. une selle de femme, coussinet, m. PILLORY, s. pilori, m.; v. a. pilorier, mettre PILLOW, s. un oreiller. [au pilori. PILLOWBEER, PILLOW-CASE, s. un taie d'oreiller. PILOT, s. pilote, m.; r. a. piloter. PILOTAGE, s. pilotage, m. louage de pilote, m. PILTER, s. papillon de nuit, m. PIMENTA, s. piment, m. Pimp, s. maquereau; v. n. faire le métier de maquercau. PIMPERNEL, s. pimprenelle, f. plante. PIMPING, s. maquerellage. m. Itif. PIMPING, adj. petit, de peu de valeur, che-PIMPLED, a. houtou, m. pustule, f. PIMPLED, adj. qui a de boutous, bourgeonné. PIR, s. épingle, f. quille, f. cheville, f. clavette, f. centre, clou, m. goupille, f. coupilles (d'une montre,) le style (d'un cadran), poincon, m. taie, f. Axle-pin or linch-pin, axe, m. or esseu de roue, m. Larding-pin, une lardoire. Rolling-pin, rouleau (de phissier.) m. Crisping-pin, airnille de thie, f. or a friser. aiguille de tête, f. fer à friser. Pin, v. a. attacher avec des épingles, attacher, arrêter, joindre, fermer, enfermer, terminer, conclure, finir. Pincasu, s. un étui à épingles. PINCER, s. davier, m. tenette, f. PINCERS, s. pl. tenailles, f. pl. pince, f.
PINCH, v. a. pincer, server, presser, blesser,
réduire à l'étroit, railler, satiriser; to pinch off, arracher, emporter, enlever; v. n. se. faire sentir, être dans la nécessité. PINCH, s. pince, f. prise, f. peine, f. PINCHBECK, s. pinchbeck, m. similor, m. PINCHER, s. celui or celle qui pince. PINCH-FIST, PINCH-PENNY, s. un avare. Pencushion, s. une pelot aux épingles. PINDARICE, adj. Pindarique. PINE, s. un pin.
PINE, v. n. languir, dépérir; v. a. faire languir, faire perir. PINEAL, adj. pineale. [bergerie.

PINFOLD, s. parc pour les bestiaux. m. une

PINK, s. un œillet (flcur,) pinque, f. PINK-EYED, adj. qui a des petits yeux. PINK, r. a. decouper, figurer; r. a. clignoter. PINKER, s. un découpeur. PINKING, s. découpure. f.; adj. yeux qui PINMAKER, s. un épingher. [clignote. PIN-MONEY, s. argent pour les menus plai-PINNACE, s. pinasse, f. PINNACLE, s. pinacle. m. crineau, m. PINNER, s. barbe (d'une coiffe,) f.
PINT, s. pinte d'Angleterre, f. chopine de Pioneer, s. pionnier, m. [France, f. PIONE, s. pionne, f.
Pione, sdj. pieux, pié, dévot, religieux.
Pious, adj. pieux, pié, dévot, religieux.
PiousLy, adc. pieusement, avec picté.
Pir, s. la pépie, point sur les cartes, m.
Pir, v. n. pépier, gazouiller. PIPE, s. un tube, une pipe, un pipeau, nu tuyau, un conduit, un canal, l'organe de la voix, le sifflet, la trachée-artère, le grand rouleau de l'échiquier. PIPER, v. n. jouer de la flute, fluter, crier. PIPER, s. flutenr, un joueur de la slute. PIPETREE, s. lilas, m. PIPING, adj. foible, maladif, valétudinaire, chaud, bouillant. PIPKIN, s. un pot de terre, terrine. f. PIPPIN, s. reinette, f. (sorte de pomme.) PIQUANT, adj. piquant, qui a de la pointe. PIQUANCY, s. pointe, f PIQUANTLY, adr. d'une manière piquante. Pique, s. différent, m. déméle, m. pique, r. point, m. délicatesse, f. pic, m. Pique, v. a. piquer, exciter, choquer. PIQUEER, v. n. escarmoucher, piller. PIQUEERING, s. escarmouche, f. rapine, f. PIQUET, s. piquet, m. jeu de cartes. PIRACY, s. piraterie, f. ban, m. un plagiaire. PIRATE, s. pirate, m. corsaire. m PIRATE, v. n. pirater; v. a. piller (un auteur.) PIRATICAL, adj. de pirate, de volcur. Piscary, s. droit de pêche, m. Piscarion, s. la pêche. PISCATORY, adj. qui a rapport aux poissons or à la pêche. Pisces, a. les poissons, m. [ictiopbage. Piscivonous, adj. qui se nourrit de poissons, PISH, interf. nargue! zest! 6! poua! PISH, v. n. narguer, temoigner du mepris. PISMIRE, s. une fourmi. Piss, v. n. pisser, faire de l'eau. Piss, s. pissat, m. urine, f. Pissabrd, s. pissenlit, m. dent de lion, f. Pissburnt, adj. teint avec de l'urine, conleur de pissat. PISTACHIO, s. pistache, f. Pistachio tree, le PISTE, s. piste, f. trace, f. PISTIL, s. pistil, m. [pistachier. Pistol, s. un pistolet; v. a. decharger un PISTOLE, s. pistole, f. Piston, s. piston, m. Pirr, s. une fosse, une creux, un abine, un précipice, puit, m. mine, f. le parteire (d'une salle de spectacle;) l'arène (où l'ou fait combattre les coqs.) A coul-pit, une mine de charbon. A gravel-pit, une sablannaisme A combandarie une sablabantame. blonnière. A sand-pit, une sablière. Pit, v. n. & a. se former en creux, mettre dans l'arène. PITAPAT, s. palpitation, f. (de cœur) pas lè-ger et précipité.

PITCH-TREE, s. pin, m. sapin, m. Pitch and tar, goudron, m. PITCH, v. a. poisser, goudronner, ficher, enfoncer, dresser, poser, ranger, paver; v.a. tomber, choisir, s'arrêter. PITCHER, s. une cruche, un pot de terre. PITCHFORE, s. une fourche de fer. PITCHY, adj. de poix, poisse, goudronne, noir. PITCOAL, s. charbon de terre, m. PITEOUS, adj. chagrin, tendre, pitoyable. PITEOUSLY, adv. pitoyablement, pitieuse-PITFALL, s. trebuchet, m. trappe, f. [ment. PITH, s. moelle, f. quintessence, f. PITHILY, adv. vigoureusement, avec force. PITHINESS, s. force, f. energie, f. vigueur, f. PITHLESS, adj. sans moelle, saus force. PITHIESS, adj. seus uncerte, sous con-PITHIY, adj. sort, energique, puissant. PITIBUL, adj. triste, lamentable, tendre, pi-toyable, miserable, chetif, mauvais. PITIFULLY, adv. avec compassion. PITIFULNESS, s. pitie, f. compassion, f. PITILESSLY, adv. impitoyable ment. PITILESS, adj. impitoyable, sans pitie. PITTANCE, s. pittance, f. portion, f. PITTED, adj. marque de petits trous. PITUITE, s. pituite, f.
PITUITOUS, adj. pituiteux, flegmatique.
PITY, s. pitie, f. compassion, f. L is a pitij, c'est dommage. PITY, v. a. & n. avoir pitie, plaindre, être PIVOT, s. un pivol. compatissant. Pix, s. ciboire, m. nerf. Pizzle, s. le verge de certains animaux, le PLACABILITY, PLACABLENESS, s. clémence, PLACABLE, adj. clément. doux. [f. PLACARD, PLACART, s. un plucard, un édit. PLACATE, v. a. appaiser, adoucir, concilier. PLACE, s. place, f. lieu, m. endroit, m. part, m. rang, m. espace, m. qualité, f. la pre-seance, le pas, ville, f. forteresse, f. emploi, m. passage, m. PLACE, c. a. placer, mettre, établir PLACID, adj. paisible. doux, gracioux. PLACIDLY, adv. paisiblement, doucement. PLACIT, s. décret, m. arrêt, m. PLAGIARISM, s. plagiat, m. PLAGIARY, s. plagiaire, m.

PLAGUE, s. la peste, plaie, f. fléau, m.

plague-sore, charbon de peste, m.

PLAGUE, v. a. infester de la peste, vexer. PLAICE, s. une pli, (poisson plat.) PLAID, s. sorte de serge bigarrée, f. PLAIN, adj. plain, mi, égal, plan, ouvert, découvert, franc, sincère, clair, évident, manifeste. PLAIN, adv. simplement, sincèrement, distinctement, intelligiblement. PLAIN. s. plaine, f. campagne unie, plan, m. PLAIFDEALER, s. honnéte homme. PLAINDEALING, & droiture, f. franchise, f. PLAINLY, adv. simplement, manifestement, ouvertement, franchement, clairement. PLAINNESS, s. égalité, f. simplicité, f. fran-chise, f. sincérité, f. clarie, f. PLAINT, s. lamentation, f. plainte, f.

PITCH, c. poix, f. degre, m. poiat, m. taille, PLAN, c. plan, m. dessein, m. ; v. c. tracer. f état, m. condition, f. PLANCHER, s. une planche. PLANE, s. plane, m. surface plane, f. un rabot. PLANE, v. a. raboter, polir, unir, planir, PLANET, s. planete, f. [aplanir. PLANETARIUM, s. planetaire, m. PLANETARY, adj. planetaire, de planete. PLANETBE, s. plane, m. or platane, m. PLANET-STRUCK, adj. brom, étonné, con-PLANIMETRY, s. planimétrie, f. [sterné. PLANISH, v. a. planer, polir. ELANISHER, s. planeur, m. polisseur, m. PLANISPHERE, s. planisphère, m. PLANE, s. une planche, un sis. PLANE, n. a. planche. PLANK, v. a. plancheler. [pointer. PLANT, s. plante, f.; v. a. planter, établir, PLANTAIN, s. plantain, m. (herbe.) PLANTAL, adj. qui concerne les plantes. PLANTATION, s. plantage, m. établissement, m. plantation. f. colonie, f. peuplade, f. PLANTER, s. plantaur, m. cultivateur, m. le PLANTING-STICK, s. plantoix, m. f. makre. PLASH, s. une flaque d'eau, un gâchis. PLASH, r. a. entrelacer, gâcher, eclabousser. PLASHY, adj. gacheux, boueux, bourbeux. Plasm, s. une moule, une matrice. PLASTER, s. platre, m. emplatre, m. PLASTER, v. a. plâtrer, mettre un emplâtre. PLASTERER, s. platrior, m. Plasterino, s. enduit, m. PLASTICK, adj. plastique, qui donne un forme. PLASTRON, s. plastron, m. PLAT, v. a. tresser, tisser; s. un petit champ.

The plat reins of a horse, les ars, m. PLATANE, s. (a tree) platane, m.

PLATE, s. plaque, f. or lame (de métal.) f.
plauche, f. platine, f. vaisselle (d'or or
d'argont.) f. une assiette, entremets, m. taille-douce, f. PLATE, v. a. couvrir de feuilles d'or or d'argent, plaquer, mettre en lames. PLATEN, s. platine, f. [plan, m. PLATFORM, s. plateforme, f. ichnographie, f. PLATOON, s. peloton de soldats, m. PLATONICK, adj. platonique. PLATONISM, s. le platonisme. PLATTER, e. un grand plat de terre or de PLAUDIT, e. louange, f. appleudissement, m. PLAUSIBLE, adj. plausible, specieux. PLAUSIBLENESS, a. plausibilité, f. PLAUSIBLY, adr. plausiblement, fort bien. FLAUSIELT, aar. pisusinement, fort bier.

PLAY, v. n. & a. hadinor, foltrer, jouer, faire un robe, faire jouer, tirer, faire un personnage; to play the fool, faire le fou; to play fale, tromper: to play the knare, faire des friponneries: to play the truant, faire le fainéant; to play anay, jouer.

PLAY, A. len, n. ammement un diversime. PLAY, s. jeu, m. amusement, m. divertissement, m. badinage, m. spectacle, m PLAY-BOOK, s. recueil de pièces de théatre, PLAY-DAY, s. vacances, f. pl. PLAY-DEBT, s. dette de jeu\ f. PLAYER, s. joueur, joneuse, un acteur, un comédien, une actrice, une comédienne. PLAY-FELLOW, s. compagnon de jeu, m. PLAY-FUL, adj. badin, foliure. PLAY-GAME, s. jeu d'enfant, m. PLAY-HOUSE, s. une salle de comédie, un théatre, une salle de spectacle, la comédie. PLAYSOME, adj. folàtre, léger. PLAYSOMENESS, s. amour du jeu, m. PLAY-THING, s. jouet, m. babiole, PLAY-WRIGHT, s. feseur de comédies, m.

PLAIT, v. a. plisser, plier, tresser, tisser.

PLAINTIFF, s. demandeur or demanderesse.

PLAIN-WORK, s. ouvrage à l'aiguille, m. travail en ligne, m.
PLAIT, s. pli, m. double, m. tresse, f.

PLAINTIVE, adj. plaintif.

PLEA, s. plaidoyer, m. raisons, f. pl. spolo-gie, f. defense, f. excuse, f.

PLEAD, v. s. plaider, defendre, alleguer, pre-PLUG, s. fressure, f. effort qu'on fait en ti-rani, action de tirer or d'arracher.

PLUG, s. fressure, f. effort qu'on fait en ti-rani, action de tirer or d'arracher.

PLUG, s. fressure, f. effort qu'on fait en ti-rani, action de tirer or d'arracher. tendre, s'excuser sur. PLEADABLE, adj. qui peut être plaidé. PLEADER, s. plaideur, plaideuse. PLEADING, e. plaidoirie, f PLEASANCE, s. joie, f. gaieté, f. plaisir, m. PLEASANT, adj. plaisant, agréable, gracieux, divertissant, comique, gai, droie.

PLEASANTLY, adv. agreablement, plaisanment. PLEASANTNESS, s. agrement, m. amenile, f. PLEASANTRY, s. plaisanterie, f. badinage, m. PLEASE, v.a. plaire, obliger, agreer. To please.

To be pleased, v. n. plaire, vouloir. As you please, comme il vous plaira. To please one's self, v. n. prendre plaisir. PLEASING, adj. plaisant, agréable. [ment. PLEASINGLY, adv. plaisamment, agreable-PLEASURABLE, adj. plaisant, agreable, m. charme, m. PLEASURABLE, adj. plaisant, agreable, volonte, f. chora, m. gre, m. volonte, f. choix, m. gre, m. PLEBEIAB, s. &c adj. un picbeien. PLEDGE, s. gage, m. assurance, f. caution, f. PLEDGE, v. a. engager, mettre en gage.
PLEDGET, s. un plumasseau, une compresse.
PLEIADS, PLEIADES, s. les pléiades, f. PLENARY, adj. entier, complet. parfait. PLENIFOTENT and, butter, compret, partner.
PLENIFOTENTIARY, s. plenipotentiaire, ss.
PLENITUDE, s. plenindes, f. le plein.
PLENTEOUS, adj. abondant, fertile.
PLENTEOUSLY, adv. abondamment. PLENTIFUL, adj. abondant, copieux, grand, fertile. PLENTIFULLY, adv. copieusement.
PLENTIFULNESS, s. abondance, f. fertilité, f.
PLENTY, s. abondance, f. quantité, f. PLEONASM, s. pleonasme, m. PLETHORA, PLETHORY, s. plethore, f. PLETHORETICE, PLETHORICE. adj. plethorique, plein d'humeurs. PLEURISY, s. pleurésie, f. PLEURITICAL, PLEURITICE, adj. pleure-PLIABLE, adj. pliable, maniable, flexible. PLIABLERESS, PLIANCY, s. flexibilité, f. PLIABT, adj. pliable, flexible, souple. PLIANTHESS, s. souplesse, f. docilité, f.
PLICATURE, PLICATION, s. pli, m. double, m.
PLIGHT, s. état, m. santé, f. gage, m.
PLIGHT, v. a. engager, donner pour gage.
PLINTH, s. plinthe, f. abaque, m. tailloir, m.
PLOD, m. s'applicate forté : PLOD, v. n. s'appliquer forte à.
PLOT, s. une pièce de terre, un champ, sol,
m. terrein, m. forme, f. plan, m. projet, m. complet, m. conjuration, f. compiration. f. dessein, m. l'intrigue d'une pièce de théâtre, ∫. PLOT, v. n. & a. conspirer, completer, tramer, concerter, conduire. PLOTTER, s. conspirateur, m. conjuré, m. PLOVER, e. pluvier, m. PLOUGH, s. charrue, f.; v. a. labourer. PLOUGHER, s. un laboureur. PLOUGHBOY, s. un garçon laboureur. PLOUGHING, s. lahourage, m. lahour, m. PLOUGHLAND, s. une ferme, une cense. PLOUGHMAN, s. laboureur, s [rue. PLOUGHSHARE, s. le soc or le fer de la char-PLOUGH-STAFF, s. le curoir d'une charrue. PLOUGH-WRIGHT, s. charron, m PLUCK, v. s. tirer de force, arracher, plumer

PLUM, s. fiche, f. cheville, f.
PLUM, s. prune, f. Wild plum, prunelle, f. PLUMB, e. raisins secs, m. pl. PLUMAGE, s. plumage, m. plumet, m. PLUMB, s. plomb, m. niveau, m. PLUMB, adv. à-plomb, droit. PLUMB, r. a. sonder, mettre à plomb, régler. PLUMBER, s. plombier, m. [rinthe, m. PLUM-CAKE, s. gateau aux raisins de Co-Pi.var, s. plume, f. plumet, m. panache, m. PLUMB, r. a. plumer. Plummet, s. un plomb, un niveau. PLUMOUS, adj. qui a des plumes. PLUMP, adj. potele, dodu . s. touffe, f. amas, PLUMP, adv. tout d'un coup. Pillmp, v. a. & n. engraisser, enfler, s'enfler. PLUMPNESS, s. embonpoint, m. PLUM-PORRIDGE, s. potage aux raisins secs, PLUM-PUDDING, s. boudin aux raisins secs, sa. Pluny, adj. couvert de plumes, empeuné. PLUNDER, s. pillage, m. butta, m. sac, m. PLUNDER, v. a. piller, saccager, voler. PLUNDERER, s. un pillard, un voleur. Plunge, s. l'action de plonger, embarras, m. difficulté, f. mauvais pas. Plunge, v. a. & n. plonger, enfoncer. [zur, azuré. PLUNGER, s. un plongeur. PLUNEET, s. & adj. azur, m. de couleur d'a-PLURAL, adj. de plusieurs, le plusiel. PLURALIST, e. qui jouit de plus d'un bénéfice. PLURALITY, s. pluralité, f.
PLURALLY, adr. au pluriel, au nombre pluriel. PLUSH, 5. panne, f. or peluche, f.
PLUSHAL, s. pluvial, f. chape, f.
PLUVIAL, PLUVIOUS, adj. pluvieux.
PLY, s. pli, m. tour, m. forme, f. double, m.
PLY, v. n. & a. s'appliquer, s'attacher, faire travailler, accabler de travail, solliciter, travailler, s'occuper, aller en hâte, faire route, avoir son poste.
PREUMATICAL, PREUMATICE, adj. passmatique. PREUMATOLOGY, s. la pneumatologie. PREUMORICES, s. pl. remèdes contre l'asthme, m. pl. POACH, v. a. faire bouillir un peu, pocher, crever, piller, derober; v.s. voler le gibier, braconner, être humble POACHER, s. un braconnier.
POACHER, s. un braconnier.
POACHER, s. dumide, marécageux.
POACHER, s., s. humidité, f.
POCK, s. grain, mor pustule de petite vé
POCKET, s. poche, f. pochette, f.
[role, j. [role, ∫. POCKET, v. a. empocher, pocheter. POCKET-BOOK, v. livre de poche. POCKET-MONEY, s. argent mignor POCK-HOLE, s. marque de la petite verale. Pocky, adj. vérole, qui a la vérole. POCULENT, adj. bon à boire.
POD, s. come de légume, f. [podagre.
PODAGRICAL, adj. qui a la goutte aux pieds, Pongr, s. bourbier, m. gachis, m. Pozm, s. poeme, m. poesie, f. Pozsy, s. poësie, f. poëtique, f. un poëme. Port, s. un porte. POETASTER, s. un poètereau, un masses PORTESS, s. une femme poète. [poëte. PORTICAL, PORTICE, adj. postique. PORTICALLY, adr. portiquement. POETIZE, v. n. écrire en poête. Poetry, s. poësie, f. poèsse, se POIGNANCY, s. piquant, st. pointe, f. sel, st.

POIGNANT, adj. piquant.
PGENT, s. pointe, f. point, m. aiguillette, f. objet, m. conclusion. f. état, m. POINT-BLANC, adj. de but en blanc. POINT, v.a. aiguiser, affiler, pointer, diriger; to point out, montrer, indiquer; v. n. montrer an doigt, indiquer, arrêter.
POINTEDLY, adv. subtilement, severement. POINTEDNESS, s. pointe, f. Pointen, s. un chien d'arrêt. POINTLESS, adj. sans pointe, obtus, fade. Poison, s. poison, m. venin, m. [ter. POISON, v. a. empoisonner, envenimer, infec-POISONER, s. empoisonneur, corrupteur. Poisoning, s. empoisonnement, m. Poisonous, adj. empoisonné, venimeux. Poisonous Ly, adv. d'une manière empoison-Potsk, s. poids, m. pesanteur, f. Poisz, v. a. meure en équilibre, équivaloir. PORE, s. une poche, une pochette. PORE, v. a. tatonner, farfouiller. PORER, s. un fourgon. POLAND, s. la Pologne. POLANDER, s. un Polonois. POLAQUE, s. polacre or polaque, f. POLAR, POLARY, adj. polaire. Pole, s. pole, m. perche, f. bâton, m. Pole, r. a. mettre des perches. l'OLE-ANE, s. hache d'arme, f. POLENICAL, POLENICE, adj. polemique, de POLEMICE, a. controversiste. POLEMICES, s. pl. controverses, f. pl. POLE-STAR, s. ctoile polaire, f. POLICE, s. police, f Policy, s. politique, f. prudence, f. adresse, f. Policy of insurance, police d'assurance, f. POLISH, v. a. polir, rendre poli; v. n. se polir.
POLISH, s. poli; m. polissure, f. politesse, f.
POLISHABLE, adj., qu'on peut polir.
POLISHER, s. polisseur, m. polissoir, m. POLISHING, a polisure, f.
POLITE, adj. poli, civil, honnète.
POLITELY, adv. poliment, avec politesse, f. POLITERESS, s. politerse, f. urbanite, f. POLITICAL, adj. politique.
POLITICALLY, adj. politiquement. POLITICIAN, s. un politique.
POLITICIAN, s. un politique.
POLITICE, adj. politique, fin, adroit, prudent.
POLITICELY, adv. politiquement, adroite-POLITICES, s. politique, f. adresse, f. **POLITY**, s. constitution politique, f. ordre, m. gouvernement, m POLL, t. tète, f. suffrages, m. pl.
POLL-TAX, s. capitation, f. rôle, m.
POLL, v. a. & n. cièter, tailler, toudre, raser, couper, prendre la liste or les noms de plusieurs personnes, se faire inscrire, donner sa voix ar son suffrage.

Pollard, s. arbre étété, méteil, meunier. m. POLLER, s. farine, f. son gras.
POLLUTE, v. a. polluer, souiller, gâter. FOLLUTER, s. corrupteur, m. POLLUTION, s. pollution, f. souillure, f. POLTRON, s. un poliron, un lâche. POLYANTHOS, s. polyanthe, f. (sorte de fleur.) Polygame.

POLYGRAPHY, s. polygraphie, f. Polypetalous, adj. polypetale. Polypous, adj. de la nature du polype. Polypus, s. polype, m. POLYSYLLABLE, s. un polysyllabe. Polytheism, s. polythéisme, m. POLYTHEIST, s. un polythéiste. PUMADE, POMATUM, s. pommade, f. POMECITRON, s. limon, m. Ponecitron-tree, s. limonier, m. Pomegranate, s. grenade, f. (fruit.) Pommel, s. pommeau, m. v. a, battre. POMP. s. pompe, f. eclat, m. splendeur, f. POMPETS, s. balles d'imprimeur, f. Pompion, s. une courge. Pompous, adj. pompeux, éclatant, fastueux. Pompously, adv. pompeusement. PONPOUSNESS, s. pompe, f. éclat, m.
POND, s. un étang. A fish-pond, un étang,
un vivier. Horsepond, ahreuvoir, m. PONDER, v. a. peser, considérer, examiner. PONDERABLE, adj. qui peut être pesé. PONDERAL, adj. de poids, pesant. PONDERATION, s. l'action de peser, poids, m. PONDERER, s. celui qui pèse, qui considère. PONDEROSITY, s. poids, m. pesanteur, f. PONDEROUS, adj. pesant, lourd, important. PONENT, adj. d'ouest. d'occident. PONIARD, s. poignard, m. ; v. a. poignarder. PONTAGE, s. pontage, m. pontonnage, m. PORTIFF, s. un pontife, m. pape, m. PORTIFICAL, adj. pontifical. PONTIFICALIA, s. pl. les habits pontificaux. PONTIFICALLY, agr. pontificalement. PONTIFICATE, s. poniificat. m. papautė, f. PONTON, s. un ponton, un pont volant. Pony, s. un bidet, un petit cheval. Pool, s. un étang, piscine, f. lavoir, m. Poop, s. la poupe or l'arrière d'un navire. Poon, adj. pauvre, indigent, misérable, ché. Poon, s. le pauvre or les pauvres. [tif. PoonLT, adv. pauvrement, misérablement. Poorness, s. pauvreté, f. stérilité, f. Pop, s. un petit son vif, soudain et aigu. Pop, v. n. survenir, entrer soudainement; to populong, marcher; to pop out or off, prendre la fuite, tirer sur; v. a. laisser echapper, làcher inconsidérément. Pore, s. le pape. POPERY, s. papaute, f. pontificat, m. POPERY, s. le papisme, la religion Romaine. Pope's-Eye, s. morceau gras d'un gigot de Pop-gun, s. canonnière, /. mouton. Pop-gun, s. canonnière, Popinsay, s. un perroquet. Popisa, adj. Romain, du papisme, des pa-Popishly, adv. en papiste. Poplar, s. peuplier, m. POPPY, s. pavot, m. Populace, s. la populace, le vulgaire. POPULAR, adj. populaire, du peuple. POPULARITY, s. popularité, f. Popularity, adr. populairement. Populate, r. n. peupler, multiplier. Population, s. population, f. Population, f. PORCELAIN, s. porcelaine; f.
PORCH, s. porche, m. portique, m. vestibule,
PORCUPINE, s. porc-épic, m. [m. PORE, s. pore, m. POLYGANIST, a. toplygamie, f.
POLYGARCHY, a. polygamie, f.
POLYGARCHY, a. polygarchie, f.
POLYGARCHY, a. polygarchie, f.
POLYGON, a. un polygone.
POLYGON, a. un polygone, cochon, un cochon de lini. [rosité, f.
POLYGONAL, adj. polygone, qui a plusieurs.]
PORRET, Pore, v. n. regarder de près, avoir les yeux

POROUS, adj. poreux. PORPHYRE, PORPHYRY, s. porphyre, m. PORPOISE, PORPUS, s. un marsouin. PORRET, s. une echalote. PORRIDGE, s. soupe, f. potage, m. Porringer, s. une écuelle. PORT, s. un port, un havre, une porte, sa-bord, m. embrasure, f. canonnière, f. bas-bord, m. port, m. air, m. mine, f. la porte, la cour du Grand Seigneur, vin rouge d'Oporto, m. Port, PORT, r. a. porter, viser. PORTABLE, adj. portatif. PORTAGE, s. port, m. voiture, f. Portal, s. portail, m. PORTCULLIS, s. une herse; r. a. fermer. PORTEND, v. a. presager, pronostiquer.
PORTENT, s. presage de malheur, m.
PORTENTOUS, adj. de mauvais augure. PORTER, s. un portier, un porteur, un portefaix. PORTER, s. bière forte. PORTERAGE, s. portage, m. port, m. PORTHOLE, s. embrasure, f. sabord, m. Portico, s. portique, un porche. PORTION, s. portion, f. part, f. partie, f. heritage, m. bien, m. dot, f.
PORTION, v. a. partager, diviser, doter. PORTIONER, s. copartageant, m. [deur. PORTLINESS, s. port majestueux, air de gran-PORTLY, adj. majestueux, grand, noble. Portmanteau, s. porte-manteau, m. PORTRAIT, PORTRAITURE, s. portrait, f. portraiture, f. Portray, v. a. peindre, por-PORTRESS, s. portière, f. [train PORTSALE, s. encan, m. vente publique, f. (traire. PORT-VEIN, s. la veine porte. Pony, adj. poreux. Posa, v. a. embarrasser, mettre à quia. Poser, s. examinateur, m. questionneur, m. Position, s. position, f. situation, f. Positive, adj. positif, reel, absolu, certain, assuré, dogmatique, opiniatre. Positivelly, adr. positivement, absolument. Positiveness, s. opiniatrete, f. POSTUVENES, a. opiniatrete, f.
POSTURE, s. position, f. disposition, f.
POSSE, s. milice, f. hourgoois armes.
POSSESS, v. a. posseder, jouir, rendre maître.
POSSESSION, s. possession, f. proprieté, f.
jouissance, f. bien, m. domaines, m. pl.
terres, f. pl. Possessive, adj. possessif. Possesson, s. possesseur, m. Possesson, adj. qui possede, proprietaire. Possibility, s. petit lait, possete, f. Possibility, s. possibilite, f. Possible, adj. possible. Sètre. Possibly, adv. par quelques moyens, peut-Post, s. poste, f. postillou, m. courier. m. poste, m. place, f. emploi, m. un potent. To ride post, aller en poste, courir la poste. Post-stage, s. poste, f. relais de poste, m. The penny-post, la petite poste. Post, v. n. courir la poste, aller en poste; v. a. poster, placer, allicher, enregistrer. POSTAGE, s. port de lettre, m. POST-BOY, s. un courier, postillon, m. POST-DATE, s. fausse date, date posterieure. POST-DATE, v. a. dater posterieurement. Post-Diluvian, adj. & s. qui vivoit apres la déluge. POSTED, part. adj. poste, place. Poster, un courier. Posteriour, adj. postérieur.

POSTERIORITY, s. posteriorite, f. POSTERITY, s. posterite, f. descende POSTERN, s. posterne, f. fausse-porte. Post-Haste, s. la poste. Post-Haste, adv. à la hâte, à toute bride POST-HORSE, s. cheval de poste, sa.
POST-HOUSE, s. poste, f. messagerie, f.
POSTHUMOUS, adj. posthume, f.
POSTICK, adj. en arrière, postiche. Postil, s. apostille; v. n. apostiller. Postiller, s. commentateur, m. Postilion, s. postillon, et POST-MASTER, s. maître de la poste. POSTMERIDIAN, adj. de l'après midi. Post-office, s. bureau de la poste. POSTPONE, v. a. estimer moins Postscript, s. postscriptum, m. apostille. POSTULATE, s. supposition, f., a. a. demader. POSTULATION, s. demande, f. POSTULATORY, adj. suppose, admis. POSTULATUM, s. principe suppose. POSTURE, s. posture, f. situation, f. etat, sa. POSTURE, v. a. mettre dans une certaine pos-Posy, s. devise, f. paroles, f. pt. [ture. Рот, s. un pot; v. a. mettre e POTABLE, adj. potable, bon à boire. POTASH, s. potasse, f. POTATION, s. boisson, f. debauche de boissoc. POTATO, s. potate, f. pomene de terre, f. POTBELLIED, adj. ventru, passa. POTENT, s. pouvoir, su. puissance, f. POTENT, adj. puissant, efficace. Potentate, s. monarque, m. prince, m. po tentat, m. POTENTIAL, adj. potentiel, virtuel. POTENTIALLY, adv. potentiellement, viruellement. POTENTLY, adv. puissamment, efficacement. POTENTNESS, s. pouvoir, m. puissance. /. POTFULL, s. une potée, un pot plein. POTHANGER, s. une cremadiere. POTHER, s. bruit, m. tumoke, m.; r. a. e tremousser. POTHERB, s. herbe potagère. f. Poтноок, s. l'anse d'un pot, f. crémailire. Porton, s. une potion, un breuvage. POTLID, s. le couvercle d'un pot POTTAGE, s. potage, m. soupe, f. POTTER, s. un potier. POTTER'S-CLAY, s. terre a potier. f. argile. POTTER'S WARE, s. denrées de la poterie Pottery, une poterie. POTTLE, s. mesure de quatre piates d'Angleterre, f. Poten, s. poche. f. pochette. f. Por cn. v. a. mettre en poche, empochet. Povnury, s. pauvrete, f. indigence, f. d. sette. f. misere. f. Pourrouse, s. poulailler, m. coquetier, m. Pot 111c1. s. cataplasme, m., r. s. seur un cataplasme. POLITRY, s. volaille, f. POUNCE, s. serre, f. griffe, f. POUNCE, r. a. tenir dans ses serres, proces. POUND, a. enclos pour le betail, on pare, un livie, (poids ou somme.) Ponko, r. a. piler, brover, parquer. POUNDER, s. polon, m. broyeur, s. cassa d'un certain calibre, m. Pour, r. a. verser, envoyer, transvener; r. E. couler, se précipiter, pleuvoir à verse Pouner. s. celui qui verse.

POUT, s. lamproie, f. (poisson:) francolin, m. (oiseau.)
POUT, v. m. se refraguer, faire la mine.
POUTING, s. air rechigne. [drer.]

[drer.]

PRECEPTIVE, adj. instruction,
PRECEPTIVE, adj. instruction, Pout, v. s. se refroguer, faire la mine. Poutine, s. air rechigné. Powden, s. poudre, f. v. a. pulvériser, pou-Powder-case, Powder-norn, s. pulverin, m. Powder-mill, s. moulin à poudre, m. Powder-moom, s. la sainte-barbe. Powner, adj. poudreux, friable. POWDERY, any, pondreux, ritable.
POWER, s. pouvoir, m. puissante, f.
POWERYUL, adj. puissant, efficace. [ment.
POWERFULNES, s. force, f. énorgie, f.
POWERLES, adj. foible, impaissant.
POX, s. la vérolo. Small-pox, la petite vérole.
Chichen-pox, petite vérole volante.
PRACTICARLE, adj. fajisable, resticable. PRACTICABLE, adj. faisable, praticable. PRACTICABLEMESS, & possibilité d'être pratiqué. PRACTICABLY, adv. d'une manière pratica-PRACTICAL, PRACTICE, adj. pratique. Practically, adv. par pratique, en pra-PRACTICE, s. pratique, f. usage, m. exercise, m. execution, f. PRACTISE, v. a. de n. pratiquer, faire. PRACTISER, PRACTITIONER, s. un praticien. PRAGMATICAL, PRAGMATICE, adj. brouillon, entête, magistral. Pragmatically, adr. magistralement, en brouillon. PRAGMATICALNESS, s. humeur de brouil-PRAISE, s. louange, f. mérite, m. PRAISE, v. a. louer, proner, vanter. Phaiser, s. loueur, m. estimateur, m. Praising, s. l'action de louer, louange, f. PRAISE-WORTHY, adj. louable. PRAME, s. un bateau à fond plat, prame, f. PRAMER, v. s. se cabrer, se lever devant. Prancer, s. un cheval de parade. PRANK, v. a. orner, parer, ajuster. PRANK, s. folie, f. extravagance, f. mauvais tour. PRANKING, s. parure, f. [bil, m. PRATE, v. s. causer, babiller, juser; s. ba-PRATER, s. un babillard, un causeur. PRATINGLY, adv. en babillard. PRATTLE, s. habil. m. caquet, m. ; n. a. cau-PRATTLER. See Proter. [ser, jaser. PRAVITY, s corruption, f. malice, f PRAWN, s. languastin, m. (poisson.) PRAY, v. a. & n. prier, implorer, supplier. PRAYER, s. prière, f. demande, f. instance, f. PRAYER-BOOK, s. un livre de prières. PREACH, v. n. precher, publier, annoncer. PREACH, s. predication, f. sermon, m. PERACHER, s. un prédicateur, un prècheur. PREACHMENT, s. sermon, m. lécon, f. PREAMBLE, s. preamble, m. introduction, f. PREAPPREMENSION, s. préjugé, m. PREBEND, s. une prébende. [p [prébendé. PREBEND, PREBENDARY, s. un prébendier, PRECARIOUS, adj. précaire, incertain, mendié. PRECARIOUSLY, adv. précairement. PRECARIOUSNESS, s. incertitude, f. {nir. PRECAUTION, s. précaution, f., v. a. préve-PRECEDE, v. a. précèder, devancer. PRECEDENCE, PRECEDENCY, s. la présence. PRECEDENT, adj. precedent. Precedent, s. prejuge, m. exemple, m. PRECEDENT-BOOK, 4: protocole, m.

PRECEPTOR, s. précepteur, m.
PRECINCT, s. borne, f. limite, f. district, m.
PRECIOUS, adj. précieux, de prix. Preciously, adv. précieusement. PRECIOUSNESS, s. prix, m. valeur, f. PRECIPICE, s. precipice, m. danger, m. PRECIPITANCE, PRECIPITANCY, s. precipitation, f. PRECIPITANT, adj. empresse, precipite. PRECIPITANTLY, adv. precipitamment. PRECIPITATE, adj. précipité, bâté, violent. PRECIPITATE, s. precipité, m. PRECIPITATE, v. a. & n. précipiter, se précipiter, se hûter. CPRECIPITATELY, adv.) précipitamment.
PRECIPITATELY, adv.) précipitation, f. hâte, f.
PRECIPITOUS, adf. violent, emporté.
PRECISE, adf. privis, juste, exact, strict, scrupuleux, précieux, affecté.
PRECISE, adf. précisément, exactement. PRECISELY, adv. precisement, exactement. PRECISENESS, s. précision, f. exactitude, f. affectation, f. formalité, f. air précieux. PRECISION, s. précision, f. exactitude, f. PRECISIVE, adj. strict, précis. Preclude, v. a. prevenir, empêcher, exclure. Precocious, adj. precoce. PRECOCITY, s. maturité, précocité, f. PRECOGITATE, v. n. premediter. Precognition, s. prescience, f. PRECONCEIT, s. un prejuge. PRECONCEIVE, v. a. concevoir, imaginer. Preconception, s. un prejugé. PRECONTRACT, s. contrat; v. a. contracter d'avance. Precursor, s. précurseur, m. PREDACEOUS, adj. qui vit de proie. PREDATORY, udj. de voleur, de pirate, de pil-PREDECESSOR, s. predecesseur, m. PREDESTINARIAN, s. predestinarien, m. PREDESTINATE, r. a. & n. predestiner. PREDESTINATION, s. predestination, f. PREDESTINE, v. a. & n. prédestiner. PREDETERMINATION, s. predetermination, f. PREDETERMINE, v. a. predeterminer. PREDICABLE, adj. predicable. PREDICAMENT, s. predicament, m. état, m. PREDICART. s. & adj. predicateur. PREDICATE, s. predicat, m. ; v. a. & n. affir-PREDICT, r. a. predire, prophetiser. mer. PREDICTION, s. prédiction, f. prophétie, f. PREDILECTION, s. prédilection, f. [vance. PREDISPOSE, v. a. préparer, disposer d'a-PREDOMINANCE, s. ascendant, m. [vant. PREDOMINANT, adj. predominant, qui pre-PREDOMINATE, v. n. predominer, prevaloir. PRE-ELECT, v. a. élire d'avance. PRE-ELECTION, s. élection faite d'avance, f. PRE-EMISENT, adj. pré-éminence, f.
PRE-EMISENT, adj. pré-éminent. [autre.
PRE-EMPTION, s. le droit d'achever avant un PRE-ENGAGE, v. d. engager d'avance. PRE-ENGAGEMENT, s. engagement antérieur. PRE-ESTABLISH, v. d. étabhr par avance. PRE-EXIST, v. n. pre-exister. PRE-EXISTENCE, s. pre-existence, f. PRE-EXISTENT, adj. pre-existent. PREFACE, s. préface, f. préambule, m. PREFACE, v. a. & n. faire un préface, intro-PREFATORY, adj. preliminaire.

PREFECT, s. prefet, m. gouverneur, m. [m. || PREPONDERANCE, PREPONDERANCE, s. su-PREFECTURE, prefecture, f. gouvernement, PREFER, v. a. preferer, avancer, proposer. PREFERABLE, adj. preferable. PREFERABLY, adv. preferablement. PREFERENCE, e. preference, f. PREFERMENT, s. avancement, m. emploi, m. PREFIGURE, v. a. figurer d'avance. PREFIGURATION, s. representation anterieure. PREFINE, v. a. limiter, borner d'avance. PREFIX, v. a. arrèter, mettre devant. PREFIX, s. particule antérieure. PREGNANCY, s. grossesse, f.
PREGNANT, adj. grosse, enceinte, fertile, fécond, consequent, subtil, pénétrant.
PREGNANTLY, adc. discretement. PREJUGDE, v. a. prejuger, deviner. [tion. PREJUDICATE, v. a. condamuer par preven-PREJUDICATE, adj. concu d'avance, preme [dité. PREJUDICATION, s. prejuge. PREJUDICE, s. préjugé, m. prévention, f. pré-judice, m. tort, m. dommage, m. Prejudice, v. a. prévenir, préoccuper, préjudicier. PREJUDICIAL, adj. préjudiciable. PRELACY, s. prélature, f. PRELATE, s. un prelat. PRELATICAL, adj. qui regarde les prélats. PRELATION, s. prelation, f. preserence, f. PRELECTION, s. lecture, f. discours, m. PRELIBATION, s. avant-goot, m PRELIMINARY, adj. & s. preliminaire, m. PRELUDE, s. prelude, m.; v. n. preluder. PRELUDIOUS, PRELUSIVE, adj. preliminaire. PREMATURE, adj. prematuré, précoce.
PREMATURELY, adv. prématurément.
PREMATURENESS, PREMATURITY, s. prématurité, f. PREMEDITATE, v. a. & n. premediter. PREMEDITATION, s. premeditation, f. PREMERIT, v. a. meriter par avance. PREMICES, s. les prémices. PREMISE, v. a. dire, exposer d'avance. PREMISES, s. premisses, f. terrein, m. PREMISS, s. premisse, f. PREMIUM, s. prime, f. prix, m. PREMONISH, v. a. prévenir, avertir d'avance. PREMORISHMENT, PREMONITION, s.avis, m. PREMONITORY, adj. qui avertit par avance. PREMONSTRATE, v. a. montrer d'avance. PREMUNIRE, s. emprisonnement, m. confis-cation de biens, f. embarras, m. PREMUNITION, s. prémunition, PRENOMINATE, v. a. nommer d'avance. PRENOMINATION, s. première nomination. PRENTICE, s. apprenti, m. PRENTICESHIP, s. apprentissage, m. PREOCCUPANCY, s. possession anterioure. PREOCCUPATE, v. a. anticiper, preoccuper. PREOCCUPATION, s. anticipation, f. PREOCCUPY, v. a. préoccuper, prévenir. PREOPINION, s. préjugé, m. préoccupation, f. PREORDAIN, v. a. ordonner d'avance. PREORDINATION, s. decret antérieur. PREPARATION, s. preparation, f. appret, PREPARATIVE, adj. preparatoire. PREPARATIVE, a. préparation, f. préparatif, PREPARATIVELT, adc. prépalablement. PREPARATORT, adf. préparatoire. PREPARE, v. a. de n. préparer, se préparer. PREPAREDLY, adv. par precaution. PREPAREDNESS, s. préparation, f. PREPENSE, PREPENSED, adj. premedite

PREPOSDERANCE, PREPOSDERANCE, a. supériorité, prépanderance, f. [poida.
PBEPOSDERATE, c. a. &c. n. avoir pius de
PREPOSITION, a. préposition, f. [vant.
PREPOSITIVE, adj. qu'on met av qui va dePREPOSITIVE, adj. qu'on met av qui va dePREPOSERS, v. a. prévenir, preoccuper.
PREPOSERS, v. a. prévenir, preoccuper.
PREPOSERS, v. a. préveniro. f. préjugé, m.
PREPOSTEROUS, adj. déplacé, mal-à-propos.
PREPOSTEROUSIT, adv. à contre temps.
PREPOSTEROUSIT, adv. a. contre temps. PREPOSTEROUSNESS, a. abourdité, f. Prepuce, s. le prépuce. PREREQUIRE, r. a. demander par avance. PREREQUISITE, adj. qui est méces nire d'a-PREROGATIVE, s. prerogative, f. Tance. PRESAGE, s. présage, st. pronontic, st. PRESAGE, v. s. présager, indiquer, prédire. PRESAGEMENT, s. pressentiment, st. Presbyterian, adj. & s. presbyteral, presbytérien. PRESENTERY, s. presbyterianisme, sn. consis-PRESCIENCE, s. préscience, f. [toire, sn. PRESCIENT, PRESCIOUS, sej. qui suit d'avance, prophétique. PRESCIND, v. a. trancher, couper, extraire. PRESCRIBE, v. a. & R. prescri PRESCRIPT, adj. prescrit, regle; s. ordre, st. PRESCRIPTION, s. ordonnance, f. PRESEANCE, s. preseance, f. PRESENCE, a. presence, f. port, m. air, m. PRESENCE-CHAMBER, a. salon de compagnie. PRESENCE-CHAMBER, a mion de compagne.
PRESENT, adj. présent, actuel.
PRESENT, a. présent, m. don, m. la présente.
PRESENT, v. a. présenter, offirir, démoncer,
PRESENTABLE, adj. présentable. [déferet.
PRESENTANEOUS, adj. présent, efficace.
PRESENTATION, a. présentation, f. [néfec.
PRESENTER, s. celui qui est présenté à un bePRESENTER, s. celui qui présente.
PRESENTER, s. celui qui présente. PRESENTIMENT, s. presentiment, m. PRESENTLY, adv. à présent, maintenant. PRESENTMENT, s. presentation, f. PRESENTNESS, s. présence d'esprit, PRESERVATION, s. conservation, f. PRESERVATIVE, a. preservatif, m. antidate p.
PRESERVE, a. conserve, f. consure, f.
PRESERVE, v. a. preserver, conserver, confire. PRESERVER, s. conservatour, m. configur, m. PRESIDE, v. n. présider, commander, être PRESIDENCY, s. présidence, f. [chef. PRESIDENT, s. president, m. chef, m. PRESIDENTSHIP, s. presidence, f. PRESS, s. presse, f. pressoir, st. commode, f. PRESS, v. a. & n. presser, pressurer, serrer, hâter, accabler, forcer, contraindre. PRESS-BED, s. lit en torme d'armoire, m. PRESSER, s. pressier, st. presseur, st.
PRESS-GANG, s. gens autorisés à enlever les
PRESSINGLY, adv. avec force. [matelots, st. PRESSION, s. pression, f. Pressman, s. pressier, m. imprimeur, m. PRESS-STICK, s. templet, m. PRESSION, s. pression, f. oppression, f. mal-Press-work, s. tirage, m. fater, m. PRESTO, adv. preste, vite. PRESUMABLY, adv. sams exam PRESUMER, e. m. supposer, présumer, oscr.
PRESUMER, e. un présumptioner, os arrogant.
PRESUMPTION, e. présumption, f.
PRESUMPTIVE, ed.: présumptioner.
PRESUMPTUOUS, ed.: présumptioner.
PRESUMPTUOUSLY, ed.: présumptioner.

PRESUMPTUOUSNESS, s. présomption, f. PRESUPPOSE, v. a. presupposer.
PRESUPPOSITION, s. presupposition, f.
PRETENDE, s. presention, f. pretexte, m.
PRETEND, v. a. & n. pretendre, pretexter, croire, soutenir, faire semblant, affecter. PRETENDER, s. prétendant, m PRETENDINGLY, adv. presomptueusement. PRETERINDERFECT, s. le preterit imparfait. PRETERMISSION, s. omission, f. negligence, PRETERNATURAL, adj. surnaturel. PRETERBATURALLY, adv. surnaturellement.
PRETERPERFECT, adj. & s. absolument passe, le parfait, plus que parfait.
PRETEXT, s. prétexte, m.
PRETOR, s. préteur, m. maire, m. PRETORIAN, adj. pretorien, de pretour. PRETORSHIP, s. preture, f.
PRETTILY, adv. joliment. [ment, m.
PRETTILSS, s. beaute, f. élégance, f. joliPRETTY, adf. joli, gestil, mignon, élégant.
PRETTY, adv. un peu, assez, passablement.
Pretty seel, assez bien. Pretty near, à peu près. PREVAIL, v. z. prévaloir, l'emporter, domi-ner, gagner, obtenir, engager. PREVAILING, adj. dominant, puissant. PREVALENCE, PREVALENCY, s. force, f. PREVALENT, adj. dominant, efficace. PREVALENTLY, adr. puissamment, efficace-PREVARICATE, v. n. prevariquer. PREVARICATION, s. prevarication, PREVARICATOR, s. prévaricateur, s. PREVARICATOR, s. prévaricateur, s. PREVARI, v. a. prévarir, précoder, anticiper, empêcher, détourner, préoccuper. PREVENTION, s. prévention, f. PREVENTIVE, adj. qui prévient. PREVENTIVE, s. preservatif, m. antidote, m. Previous, adj. préliminaire, préalable. Previous Ly, adv. préalablement, par avance. PREVIOUSNESS, s. anteriorité, f.
PREY, s. proie, f. rapine, f. butin, m.
PREY, v. n. dévorer, butiner, piller, miner. PREYER, s. voleur, m. spoliateur, m. PRIAPISM, s. priapisme, m. [pense, f. PRIGE, s. prix, m. valeur, f. taux, m. recom-PRICE, s. une pointe, synderèse, f. but, m. PRICE, v. a. piquer, percer, marquer en pi-quant, noter, poindre, aiguillonner, exciter; to prick up, dresser. PRICEER. s. une alène, un piqueur. PRICERT, s. daguet, m.
PRICERNO, s. piqure, f. picotement, m.
PRICELS, s. piquant, m. pointe, f. épine, f.
PRICELSES, s. état de ce qui est piquant. PRICKLY, adj. piquant, plein de piquans. PRICKWOOD, s. fusain, m. PRIDE, s. orgueil, m. vanité, f. fierté, f. PRIER, s. un espion. PRIEST, s. une prêtre. [cerdotale. PRIESTCRAFT, s. fraude pieuse, adresse sa-PRIESTESS, s. une pretresse. PRIESTHOOD, s. prétrise, f. sacrificature, f. PRIESTLY, adv. sacerdotal, de prêtre. [tres. PRIEST-RIDDEN, ad.; gouverné par les pré-Paio, s. un impertinent, un friquet, un fou. PRIL or PRILL, e. turbot, m. PRIL or PRILL, s. turbot, m. [épingles. PRIM, adj. affecté. précieux, tiré à quatre PRIM, v. a. & m. parer avec affertation. PRIMACY, s. primatie, f. Primagr, s. le frêt d'un vaisseau. PRIMARILY, acr. primitivement, sur tout.

PRIMARINESS, s. primauté, f.
PRIMARY, adj. premier, primitif, principal. PRIMATE, s. primat, m. metropolitan, m. PRIMATESHIP, s. primatie, f. PRIME, adj. fleuri, premier, principal.
PRIME, a. le matin, le printemps, le commencement, la primeur, la fleur, l'élite, f. l'amorce (d'une arme à feu), f. PRIME, v. a. amorcer, preparer, imprimer. PRIMELY, adr. premièrement. PRIMERESS, s. primaute, f. excellence, f. PRIMER, s. alphabet, m. prime, f. Longprimer, s. petit romain (type.)
PRIMEVAL, adj. premier, primitif.
PRIMING, s. impression, f. l'action d'amorcer. PRIMING-HORN, s. corne d'amorce. PRIMING-IRON, s. dégorgeoir, m. touche, f PRIMITIAL, adj. des prémiers. PRIMITIVE, adj. primitif, premier. PRIMITIVELY, adv. primitivement. PRIMITIVENESS, s. ancienneté, f. antiquité, f. PRIMOGENIAL, adj. primordial, primitif. PRIMOGERITURE, s. aineme, f. primogeni-PRIMORDIAL, s. origine, f. [ture, f. PRIMORDIAL, PRIMORDIATE, adj. primor-PRIMEOSE, s. prime-vere, f. PRINCE, s. prince, m. souverain, m. PRINCELIKE, adr. en prince. PRINCELY, adj. de prince; adv. en prince. PRINCES-FEATHER, s. amarante, f. passeve-PRINCESS, s. princesse, f. PRINCIPAL, adj. principal, capital, premier. PRINCIPAL, s. principal, m. chef, ss. PRINCIPALITY, s. principaute, f. souveraineté, ſ. PRINCIPALLY, adv. principalement. PRINCIPLE, s. principe, m. élément, m. cause, f. origine, f. règle, f. maxime, f. PRINCIPLE, v. a. instruire, former. Print, v. a. imprimer. PRINT, s. marque, f. empreinte, f. trace, f. estampe, f. gravure, f. lettre, f. caractère d'impression, m. impression, f. PRINTER. s. imprimeur, s PRINTING, s. impression, f. imprimerie, f. PRINTING-OFFICE, s. imprimerie, f. PRIOR, adf. anterieur, precedent; s. prieur, PRIORESS, s. prieure, f. PRIORITY, s. priorité, f. primauté, f. PRIORSHIP, s. dignité de prieur, f. prieuré, PRIORY, s. un prieure. [m. PRISM, s. prisme, m. [tique. PRISMATICAL, PRISMATICA, adj. prisma-PRISON, s. une prison; r. a. emprisonner. PRISONER, s. un prisonnier. PRISTIRE, adj. ancien, premier. Prither, je te prie, de grâce. PRIVACY, s. secret, m. retraite, f. privaute, f. PRIVADO, s. un ami intime, un confident PRIVATE, adj. privé, secret, retiré, caché. PRIVATE, s. message secret, un simple soldat. PRIVATERR, s. un armateur, un capre PRIVATEER, v. a. armer or aller en capre PRIVATELY, adr. secretement, en particulier. PRIVATERESS, s. état de particulier. PRIVATION, s. privation, f. manque, m. be-PRIVATIVE, adj. privatif. [soin, m. PRIVATIVELY. adv. privativement. PRIVET or PRIME-PRINT, s. troëne, m. (arbrisseau.) Privet of Barren-priven, s.(a plant) ala-PRIVILEGE, s. privilège, m. PRIVILEGE, v. a. privilégier.

Privily, adr. en secret, à la dérobée. PRIVITY, s. confidence, f. connoissance, f. Privities, s. pl. les parties naturelles. PRIVY, adj. prive, particulier, cache, dérobé, secret, instruit, confident, qui sait, complice, qui a participé PRIVY, s. le prive, les lieux, m. PRIZE, s. prise, f. capture, f. butin, m. PRIZE, v. a. priser, estimer, apprecier, éva-PRIZE-FIGHTER, s. gladiateur. [luer. PRIZER, s. appréciateur, m. [préciation, f. PRIZING, s. estimation, f. évaluation, f. ap-PRO AND CON, pour et contre. PROBABILITY, s. probabilité, f. PROBABLE, adj. probable, vraisemblable. PROBABLY, adv. probablement. PROBATE, at., probate, s. vérification, f.
PROBATION, s. preuve, f. épreuve, f. essai, m.
PROBATIONARY, edj. à l'essai, par essai. PROBATIONER, s. celui qui passe à l'examen. PROBATIONERSHIP, s. noviciat, m. PROBATORY, adj. probatoire. PROBE, s. soude, f.; v. a. sonder. PROBETY, s. probité, f. honnéteté, f. vertu, f. PROBLEM, s. problème, m. PROBLEMATICAL, adj. problématique. PROBLEMATICALLY, adv. problematique-Pronoscis, s. la trompe d'un éléphant, pro-PROCACIOUS, adj. effronte. [boscite, f. PROCACITY, s. effronterie, f. impudence, f. PROCATARCTICK, adj. procatarctique, an-PROCEDURE, s. procede, m. procedure, f. PROCEED, v. n. proceder, provenir, venir, avancer, poursuivre, continuer, agir. PROCEED, s. revenu, m. produit, m.
PROCEEDER, s. celui qui avance, qui fait des
PROCEEDING, s. procede, m. [progrès. PROCERITY, s. grandeur, f. hauteur, f. PROCESS, s. progrès, m. cours, m. suite, f. enchaînement, m. procès, m. procédé, m. ce qui se passe, ce qui se fait. PROCESSION, s. procession, f.; r. n. aller en procession. [procession. PROCESSIONAL, PROCESSIONARY, adj. de PROCERONISM, s. prochronisme, m. PROCIDENCE, a. chute, f. [publier. PROCLAIM, v. a. proclamer, promulguer, PROCLAIMER, a. celui qui proclame. PROCLAMATION, s. proclamation. f. PROCLIVITY, s. penchant, m. pente, f. Proclivous, adj. enclin, porte. PROCONSUL, s. proconsul, m. Proconsular, adj. proconsulaire. PROCONSULSHIP. s. proconsulat. m. PROCRASTINATE, v. a. & n. differer, remet-PROCRASTINATION, s. délai, m. remise, f. PROCRASTINATOR, s. celui qui diffère or re-[tarde. PROCHEANT, adj. qui produit. PROCREATE, v. a. engendrer, produire. PROCREATING, PROCREATION, s. procreation, f. génération, f. production, f. [duit. PROCREATIVE, adj. qui engendre, qui pro-PROCREATIVENESS, s. la faculté d'engendrer. PROCREATOR, s. père, m. celui qui engendre. PROCREATRIX. s. mère, f. celle qui produit. PROCTOR, s. un homme d'affaires. PROCTOR, v. a. conduire, prendre soin de. PROCTORSHIP, s. charge d'homme d'affaires or de procureur. PROCUMBENT, adj. penchant. PROCURABLE, adj. qu'on peut se procurer.

PROCURACY, s. negociation, f. procuration, f. PROCURATOR, s. procureur, m PROCURE, v. a. procurer, produire, obsenir. Procurement, s. entremise, f. PROCURER, s. entremetteur, sa. maquereau, PROCURESS. s. une maquerelle. PRODIGAL, adj. & s. prodigue.
PRODIGALITY, s. prodigalite, f. profusion, f. PRODIGALLY, adv. prodigalement. PRODIGIOUS, adj. prodigieux, etonnent. PRODIGIOUSLY, adv. prodigieusement. PRODIGIOUSERSS, s. enermité. Propicy, s. un prodige, un monstre. PRODITION, a. trahison, f. PRODITOR, s. traitre, m. traitresse, f. Proditorious, adj. traitre, perfide. PRODUCE, v. a. produire, exposer, mettre au jour, faire voir, causer, etre cause de. PRODUCER, s. celui qui produit. PRODUCIBLE, adj. qui peut être produit. PRODUCIBLENESS, s. possibilité d'un effet. PRODUCT, s. produit, m. production, f. PRODUCTION, s. production. f. fruit, m. PRODUCTIVE, adj. qui produit, fecund. PROEM, PROEMIUM. s. preface, PROFABATION, s. profabation, f. impicte, f. PROFANE, adj. profane, impie.
PROFANE, v. a. profaner, violer.
PROFANELY, adr. cn profane, irreligueuse ment. PROFAMENESS, s. profamation, f. PROFAMER, s. profamateur, m. [confesser. PROFESS, v. a. professer, exercer, declarer, PROFESSEDLY, adr. ouvertement Profession, s. profession, f. metier, m. etat, m. emploi, m. aven public, f. PROFESSIONAL, udj. qui a rapport à une profession particulière. PROFESSOR, s. un professeur. [professeur, f. PROFESSORSHIP, s. chaire, f. or charge de PROFFER, r. a. offrir, proposer, tenter. PROFFER, s. ofire. f. proposition, f. essai, m. PROFICIENCE, PROFICIENCY, s. progrès. PROFICIENT, s. avance, m. Profile, s. profil, m. PROFIT, s. profit, m. gain, m. avantage, m. utilité. f. produit, m. revenu, m. PROFIT, r. a. avantager, avancer, faire da bien; v. n. profiter, tirer du profit, avan-cer, faire des progrès, être profitable er PROFITABLE, adj. profitable. atile. PROFITABLENESS, s. profit, f. unlite, j. PROFITABLY, adr. à profit, utilement. PROFITING, s. profit. m. progres m. avance-PROFLIGATE, adj. inutile. [most, st. Profligate, adj. scelerat, abandonne. PROFLIGATE, s. un seckrat, un beliere. PROFLIGATELY, adv. sans home, sans pudeur. PROFEIGATENESS, c. sceleratesse, f. PROFLUENCE, s. progrès. m. cours, m. PROFLUENT, adj. qui coule en avent. PROFOUND, adj. profond : 4. profondeur, se. abime, m. ; r. n. se plonger. PROFOUNDLY, adv. profoudement. PROFUNDITY, s. profondeur, m. PROFUSELY, adv. prodigue, liberal à l'excès.
PROFUSELY, adv. prodigalement, avec pre
PROFUSENESS, s. dissipation, f. [funo.
PROFUSION, s. profusion, f. prodigative, f. Prog, v. s. voler, dérobe PROGENTOR, s. grand-père, m. aleul, m. PROGENY, s. postérité, f. race, f. ligues, f. PROGNOSTICATE, v. a. propostiquer, pre PROGNOSTICATION, & presage, w.

PROGNOSTICATOR, s. devin, m. prophète, m. PROGNOSTICK, s. pronostic, m. presage, m. PROGNOSTICK, adj. qui pronostique. PROGRESS, s. cours, m. traite, f. tour, m. voyage, m. progression, f. progress, m. PROGRESSION s. progression, f. [gressif. PROGRESSIONAL, PROGRESSIVE, adj. pro-PROGRESSIVELY, adv. par progression.
PROHIBIT, v. a. prohiber, defendre, empécher. PROHIBITION, s. prohibition, f. défense, f. PROHIBITORY, adj. qui défend, de défense. PROJECT, s. projet, m. dessein, m. PROJECT, v. a. & n. projeter, premediter, jetter, lancer, saillir, forjetter. [jection. PROJECTILE, s. projectile, m.; adj. de pro-PROJECTING, adj. inventif. PROJECTOR, s. projection, f. projet, m. des-PROJECTOR, s. feseur de projets, m. [sein, m. PROJECTURE, s. saillie, f. avance, f. PROLATE, v. a. prononcer; adj. plat. PROLATION, s. prononciation, f. délai, m. PROLEGOMENA, s. prolégomene, m. PROLEPTICAL, adj. preliminaire, precedent. PROLIFICK, PROLIFICAL, adj. prolifique, fe-PROLIFICALLY, adv. abondamment. [cond. PROLIFICATION, s. génération, f. action d'engendrer. PROLIX, adj. prolixe, diffus, trop long. PROLIXITY, PROLIXNESS, s. prolixité, . f. lou-PROLIXLY, adv. diffusément. [gueur. PROLOCUTOR, s. orateur, m. président, m. PROLOCUTORSHIP, s. la charge d'orateur or PROLOCUE, s. prologue, m. [de président PROLOGUE, s. prolonger, etendre, retarder. PROLOGATIOR, s. prolongation, f. délai, m. PROMISENCE, PROMINENCE, s. avance, f. PROMISENCE, PROMINENCE, s. avance, f. PROMISCUOUST, adv. confusément. PROMISCUOUST, s. au mélause coafis. PROLOCUTOR, s. orateur, m. president, m. PROMISCUOUSNESS, s. un mélange cosfus. PROMISE, s. promesse, f.; v. a. & n. promet-PROMISER, s. prometteur, m. [tre. PROMISING, adj. qui promet beaucoup.
PROMISSORY, adj. qui contient une promesse.
PROMISSORILY, adv. en forme de promesse. PROMORTORY, s. promontoire, m. cap, m PROMOTE, v. c. avancer, étendre, faire fleu-PROMOTER, s. promoteur, m. PROMOTION, s. avancement, m. promotion. f.
PROMPT, add prompt, vif, alerte.
PROMPT, r. S. suggerer, insinser, inspirer, excitor, porter, rappeler le souvenir, soff-PROMPTER, s. souffleur, m. PROMPTING, s. suggestion, f. instigation, f. PROMPTITUDE, PROMPTHESS, s. prompti-PROMPTLY, adv. promptement, vite. [tude, f. PROMULGATE, v. a. promulguer, publier. PROMULGATION, s. promulgation, f. PROMULGATOR, s. celui qui promulgue. PROMULGE, v. a. promulguer, publier. PROMULGER, s. celui qui promulgue. PRONE, adj. enclip, penché, incliné. PRONENESS, s. pente, f. penchant, m.
PRONG, s. fourche, f. fourchon, m.
PRONOMINAL, adj. pronominal, de pronom. PRONOUN, s. un pronom. PRONOUNCE, v. a. prononcer, proférer, arti-culer, dire, réciter, décider, déclarer. PRONOUNCER, s. celui qui prononce, qui parle. PRONUNCIATION, s. prononciation, f.

Proof, s. preuve, f. épreuve, f. essai, m. PROOFLESS, adj. sans preuves. PROP, s. appui, m. soutien, m. étaic, f. PROP, v. a. appuyer, soutenir, etayer. PROPAGABLE, adj. qui peut être multiplié. PROPAGATE, b. a. & n. etendre, répandre. PROPAGATION, s. propagation, f généra-PROPAGATOR, s. propagateur, m. [tion, f. PROPEL, v. a. pousser en avant. PROPEND, v. n. pencher, être porte PROPENDERCY, s. penchant, m. inclination, f. PROPENSE, adj. enclin, incline, porté.
PROPENSION, PROPENSITY, s. peute, f.
PROPER, adj. propre, particulier, naturel, à propos, convenable, commode, exact. PROPERLY, adv. proprement, justement. PROPERNESS, s. belle taille, propriété, f. PROPERTY, s. naturel, m. propriété, f. PROPHECY, s. prophétie, f. prédiction, f. PROPHESY, n. a. & n. prophétiser, prédire. PROPHET, s. un prophéte. Prophetess, s. une prophétesse. [tique. PROPHETICAL, PROPHETICE, adj. prophe-PROPHETICALLY, adv. prophetiquement. PROPHETIZE, v. m. prophetiser, predire. PROPINGUITY, s. proximite, f. voisinage, m. PROPITIABLE adj. qu'on peut rendre propice. PROPITIATE, v. a. rendre propice. PROPITIATION, s. propitiation, f. sacrifice, m. PROPITIATOR, s. inediateur, m. PROPITIATORY, adj. propitiatoire.
PROPITIOUS, adj. propice, favorable.
PROPITIOUSLY, adv. favorablement. Propitiousness, s. bonté, f. faveur, f. PROPLASM, s. modèle, m. moule, m. PROPONENT, s. proposant, m. PROPORTION, s. proportion, f. rapport, m. convenance, f. portion, f. part, f. règle, f. PROPORTION OF PROPORTIONATE, c. a. proportionner. [proportionne. PROPORTIONABLE OF PROPORTIONATE adj. Proportionably, adv. proportionnelle-PROPORTIONALLY, adv. proportionnement. PROPORTIONAL, adj. proportionnel. [w. Proposal, s. proposition, f. offre, f. dessein, Propose, v. a. proposer, offrir. PROPOSER, s. celui qui propose, proposant, m. PROPOSITION, s. proposition, f. offre, f. PROPOUND, v. a. proposer, avancer. [nion. Propounder, s. celui qui avance une opi-Proprietary, adj. qui appartient à quel-[taire, m. qu'un. PROPRIETARY, PROPRIETOR, s. proprie-PROPRIETRESS, s. proprietaire, f.
PROPRIETY, s. proprieté, f. sens propre, m.
PROPUGN, v. a. défendre. [idiome, m. PROPUGNATION, s. défense, f. PROPUGNER, s. défenseur, m. PROPULSION, s. l'action de pousser en avant. PRORE, s. la proue (d'un vaisseau.) Prorogation, s. prorogation, f. Prorogue, r. a. proroger, prolonger. [ver. Proruption, s. l'action de crever, de se cre-PRUSAICK, adj. prosesque. [damner. PROSCRIBE, v. a. proscrire, banner, con-PROSCRIPT, s. un proscrit, un banni. PROSERIPTION. s. proscription, f.
PROSE. s. prose, f. de la prose.
PROSECUTE, v. a. poursuivre, continuer.
PROSECUTION, s. poursuive, f. continuation, f. PROSECUTOR, s. poursuivant, m.

PROSELTTE, s. un prosélyte; v. a. convertir.

PROSODIAN, s. versificateur, m.

PROSODY, s. la prosodie.

PROVOCATION, s. provocation, f. Proviso, s. condition provisionnelle, clause. PROSOPOPŒIA, s. prosopopée, f. PROSPECT, s. perspective, f. vue, f. PROSPECTIVE, adr. de longue vue, d'approche. PROSPER, v. a. & n. faire prosperer, reussir. PROSPERITY, s. prospérité, f. succès, m. PROSPEROUS, adj. heureux, prospère. PROSPEROUSLY, adv. beureusement, avec PROPISCIENCE, s. prevoyance, f. PROSTERNATION, s. abattement, m. PROSTITUTE, adj. inflame, prostitue, impu-PROSTITUTE, s. un mercenaire, une prosti-PROSTITUTE, v. a. prostituer. [tuée. PROSTITUTION, s. prostitution, f. PROSTRATE, adj. abattu, prosternė. PROSTRATE, v. a. abattre, se prosterner. PROSTRATION, s. prosternement, m. PROTASIS, s. protase, f. axiome, m.
PROTECT, v. a. proteger, defendre, garantir. PROTECTION, s. protection, f. defense, f. PROTECTOR, s. protecteur, m. defenseur, f. PROTECTORSHIP, s. protectorat, m. PROTECTRESS, s. protectrice, f. PROTEND, v. a. étendre. PROTEST, s. protestation, f. protêt, m. PROTEST, v. a. protester, attester. PROTESTANT, s. & adj. protestant, m. PROTESTANTISM, s. le protestantisme. PROTESTATION, s. protestation, f.. PROTESTER, e. celui qui proteste. [scrit. PROTOCOL, s. protocole, m. premier manu-PROTOMARTYR, s. le premier martyr. PROTOPLAST, s. original, m. modèle, m. Prototype, s. prototype, m. modèle, m. PROTRACT, r. a. prolonger, differer. PROTRACTER, s. celui qui prolonge, rappor-PROTRACTION, s. prolongation, f. délai, m. PROTRACTIVE, adj. qui prolonge. [avant. PROTRUDE, v. a. de n. pousser, se pousser en PROTRUSION, a. l'action de pousser en avant. PROTUBERANCE, s. tumeur, f. enflure, f. PROTUBERANT, adj. enfle, saillant. PROTUBERATE, r. n. s'enfler, ètre enfle. PROUD, adj. avantageux, orgueilleux, fier, superbe, pompeux, en rut, en chaleur. PROUDLY, adv. fièrement, orgueilleusement. PROVE, v. a. prouver, démontrer, éprouver, essayer; r. n. devenir, arriver, se irouver. PROVABLE, adj. qui se peut prouver, probable. PROVENDER, s. fourage, m. provende. f. PROVERB, s. un proverbe, un maxime vul-PROVERBIAL, ad. proverbial. [gaire. PROVERBIALLY, ad. proverbialement. PROVERBIALLY, ad. proverbialement. nir, fournir, prendre soin. PROVIDENCE, s. providence, f. PROVIDENT, adj. prevoyant, prudent. PROVIDENTIAL, adj. de la providence. PROVIDENTIALLY, adv. par un effet de la providence. PROVIDENTLY, adv. prudemment. PROVIDER, s. pourvoyeur, m. PROVINCE, s. province, f. charge, f. affaire, f. ressort, m. PROVINCIAL, adj. provincial, de province, grossier, impoli. PROVISION, s. provision, f. précaution, f. vi-

PROVOCATIVE, s. ce qui provoque; adj. qui echauffe. Provoke, v. a. provoquer, exciter, irriter. PROVORER, s. celui qui provoque.

PROVORINGLY, adv. d'une manière insolente. Provost, s. prevot, m PROVOSTSHIP, s. prevôte, f. Prow, s. la prone or l'avant d'un navire. PROWESS, s. valeur, f. proueme, f. PROWL, v. a. roder, piller, fripouner, voler. PROWLER, s. un voleur, un escamoteur. PROXIMATE, PROXIME, adj. prochain, suivant. PROXIMATELY, adr. immédiatement. PROXIMITY, s. proximite, f. voisinage, st. PROXY, s. procuration, f. procureur, st. d. PRUDE, s. one prude. [put PRUDENCE, s. prudence, f. PRUDENT, adj. prudent, circonspect, avisé. PRUDENTIAL, adj. sage, prudent. PRUDENTIALLY, adv. prudenment. PRUDENTIALS, s. pl. maximes de la prudence. PRUDERTLY, adr. prudemment. PRUDERY, s. pruderie, f. PRUDISH, adj. de prude. PRUNE, v. a. tailler, emonder, elaguer. PRUNE, s. une prune. A dried prime, un pruneau. PRUNELLO, s. prune de brignolle, f. [bres. PRUNER, s. celui qui taille or élague les ar-PRUNINGENIFE, s. serpe, f. serpette, f. PRURIENCE, PRURIENCY, s. démangeaims, f. désir, m. PRURIENT, adj. qui demange. PRURIGINOUS, adj. sujet à la gale. PRY, (into) v. a. & n. epier, chercher. Psalm, s. un pseaume. PSALMIST, s. psalmiste, m. PSALMODY, s. psalmodie, f. PSALTER, s. un pseautier. PSALTERY, s. psaltérion, st. PSEUDO, ad j. faux, supposé, falsifié. PSHAW, interj. nargue! fi! fi donc. PTISAN, s. tisane, j PTYALISM, s. ptyalisme, m. salivation, PUBERTY, PUBESCENCE, s. puberté, f Pubescent, adj. puberié. [baretier. PUBLICAN, s. un publicain. un peager, un ca-PUBLICATION, s. publication, PUBLICK, adj. public, general, commun, ma PUBLICK, s. le public. [mieste, commun, publickly, adv. publiquement, en public. [nifeste, coaze. Publickness, s. publicité, f. Publish, v. a. publier, readre public, mettre au jour, faire imprimer. PUBLISHER, s. celui qui publie, débiteur, s. PUBLISHING, s. publication, J PUCKBALI., s. vesse de loup, PUCKER, r. a. rider, plier, replier, plisser. Puckfist, s. vesse de loup, f. [**.** PUDDER, s. bruit, m. fracas, m. tintamarre, PUDDER, v. n. faire du bruit, du fraces; r.e. troubler, interrompre, tourmenter. PUDDERING, s. agitation violente.

PUDDING, s. boudin, m. saucisse, f. bouriet,

PUDDING-PIE, s. boudin à la viande, m. Punding-time, s. l'heure du diner, PUDDLE, s. bourbier, m. margouillis PUDDLE, v. a. crotter, salir avec de la boue. PROVISIONAL, adj. provisionnel. [vres, m. PUDDLY, adj. bourbeux, boueux, fangeux.

PUDENCY, PUDICITY, s. pudeur, f. modestie, PUERILE, adj. puérile, enfantin. [f. PUERILITY, s. puérilité, f. enfantage, m. Purt, s. huppe, f. (oiseau.)

Purt, s. bouffee, f. kouppe à pouprer, f. charlatanerie, f. vesse de loup, champi-Purr, v. a. & n. souffler, haleter, enfler, bouffer, agiter en soufflant, chasse PUFFER. s. celui qui soussie, un soussieur, un hableur. Puffin, s. plongeon, m. Puffin, adj. enfle, bouffi. fbadio. Pug, s. un singe, un petit singe, un enfant Pugh, interj. fi! [nier. Puisne, s. puiné, m. le plus jeune, le der-Puissance, s. puissance, f. force, f. Puissant, adj. puissant. Puissantly, adv. puissamment. Puke, s. vomiui, m. emėtique, m.; v. n. vo-Pulchritude, s. beaule, f. (mir. Pulz, v. n. crier, pioler, gemir, se chemer. Pulicose, adj. qui est rempli de puces. Pull, s. l'action de tirer, effort, m Pull, v. a. tirer avec force, arracher, cueillir, plumer, briser, rompre, dechirer; to pull anuder or away, tirer, arracher, oter avec force; to pull back, tirer en arrière, reculer, faire reculer; to pull down, abattre, demolir, rabattre, diminuer; to pull in, tirer dedans, serrer ; to pull off, tirer, ôter, defaire, arracher, lever; to pull out, tirer, arracher, ôter, enlever; to pull up, tirer en haut, lever, elever, extirper, déraciner. PULLET, s.une poulette, une jeune poule. PULLEY, s. une poulie. PULLULATE, v. n. pulluler. Pulmonary, s. pulmonaire, f. (herbe.) Pulmonary, Pulmonick, adj. pulmonique. PULP, s. poulpe, f. chair, f. or partie charnue. PULPIT, s. chaire, f. Pulpous, Pulpy, adj. mon, plein de jus. Pulpousness, s. mollesse, f. PULSATION, s. battement, m. pulsation, f. Pulss, s. pouls, m. le battement d'une ar-Pulss, s. légume, m. [tère. Pulsson, s. impulsion, f. Pulverrable, adj. capable d'être pulvérisé. PULVERIZATION, s. pulverisation, f. PULVERIZE, v. a. pulveriser, réduire en pou-Pulvil, s. parfum, m.; v. s. parfumer. [dre. Punice, s. pierre ponce, f.
Pump, s. pompe, f.; v.a. & n. pomper.
Pumper, s. pompier, m. Pumps, s. escarpins, s. citronille, f. Pumps, s. escarpins, f. pl. Pun, s. pointe d'esprit, f. jeu de mots, s equivoque, f. Pun, v. n. parler par pointe or par equivoque. PUNCH, r. a. percer. Punce, s. poinçon, m. ponche, m. polichinel, Punchkon, s. un poincon. PUNCHEOR, s. un ponçon.

PUNCHINELLO, s. polichinel, m.

PUNCTILLO, s. vétifle, f. bagatelle, f.

PUNCTILLOUS, adj. délicat, exact, ponctuel.

PUNCTO, s. cérémonie, f. pointe d'honneur, m.

PUNCTUALITY, PUNCTUALNESS, s. ponctu
PUNCTUALITY, PUNCTUALNESS, s. ponctu
PUNCTUALITY, d'un nonctuellement, l'alité, f. PUNCTUALLY, adv. ponctuellement. [alite, f. Punctuation, s. la ponctuation. PUNCTURE, s. piqure, f.
PUNGENCY, s. piqure, f. pointe, f. piquant, m.
PUNGENT, adj. piquant, acro. Punick, adj. punique, trompeur, faux.

Punickous, adj. couleur de pourpre. Puninks, s. petitesse, f. Punish, v. a. punir, châtier PURISHABLE, adj. punissable. Punisher, s. celui qui punit, qui châtie. PUNISHMENT, s. punition, f. châtiment, m. PUNITIVE, PUNITORY, adj. penal, qui punit. Punster, s. un feseur de pointes. Puny, adj. puine, cadet, petit, chétif, pen considérable. Pupi, v. a. & n. chienner, mettre bas. Pupil, s. la prunelle de l'œil. Pupil, s. un or une pupille, un écolier. PUPILLAGE, s. minorité, f. tutelle, f. Pupillary, adj. pupillaire. PUPPET, s. marionnette, f. PUPPET-PLAYER, s. un bateleur. Puppatshow, s. jeu de marionnettes, m. Puppy, s. un petit chien, un sot, un fat. Purblind, adj. qui a la vue basse or courte. PURBLINDNESS, s. vue courte. Punchasable, adj. qu'on peut avoir or ache-Punchase, v. a. acheter, acquérir, obtenir. PURCHASE, s. achat, m. acquet, m. Purchaser, s. acheteur, m. acquereur, m. Pur z, adj. pur, simple, vrai, franc, clair, bon, sans tache, chaste, correct, grand. PURE, adv. fort, très, tout. Purely, adv. sans melange, purement, fort bien, chastement, seulement. PURERESS, s. pureté, f. simplicité, f. PURGATION, s. purgation, f. PURGATIVE, adj. purgatif, cathartique. Purgatory, a. le purgatoire. PURGE, v. a. & n. purger, purifier, clarifier, PURGE, s. une purgation. [se purifier. PURGER, s. celui qui purge, purgation, f. Purification, s. purification, f. Purificative, Purificatory, adj. qui Puriry, v. a. & s. purifier, nettoyer. Purim, s. purim, m. (sete des Juiss.) Purist, s. puriste, m. Puritan, a. Puritain, m. un hypocrite. PURITANICAL, adj. de Puritain. Puritanism, s. la doctrine des Puritains. PURITY, s. purité, f. chasteté, f. PURL, s. engrèlure, f. picot, m.
PURL, n. n. gazouiller, murmurer, engrèler.
PURLIEU, s. frontières, f. ressort, m. Purloin, v. a. dérober, voler, piller. PURLUINER, s. voleur, f. fripon, m. PURPLE, s. la pourpre, le pourpre. PURPLE, adj. pourpre, pourpré, violet. PURPLE, v. a. teindre en pourpre. PURPLES, s. le pourpre. [pourpre. PURPLISH, adj. qui tire sur la couleur de PURPORT, s. sens, m. signification, f. objet, m. dessein, m. teneur, f. contenu, m. PURPORT, v. n. tendre à, montrer. PURPOSE, a. dessein, m. intention, f. vue, f. projet, m. propos, m. résolution, f. effet, m. conséquence, f. utilité, f. On purpose, à dessein, de propos, délibéré. To the purpose, à-propos, pertinemment. To my pur-pose, suivant mes vues. To no purpose, inutilement, en vain. PURPOSE, r. a. & n. proposer, se proposer. PURPOSED, part. adj. résolu. [béré. PURPOSELY, adv. à dessein, de propos, déli-Purr, s. alouette de mer, f. PURR, v. a. filer or faire le rouet. PURRING, s. le bruit d'un chat qui file. Purse, s. bourse, f. argent, m. bien, m.

Purse, v. a. embourser, mettre en bourse. Purse-maker, s. un boursier. PURSERET, s. bourse, f. poche, f. filet, m. PURSER, s. commis de vivres, m. Pursiness, Pursiveness, s. pousse, f. Purslain, s. pourpier, m. (herbe.) PURSUABLE, adj. qu'on peut poursuivre. PURSUANCE, s. suite, f. consequence, f. PURSUANT, adj. fait en consequence de. Pursue, r. a. & n. poursuivre, suivre. Pursuer, a. poursuivant, m PURSUIT, s. poursuite, f. sollicitation, f. PURSUIVANT, s. un poursuivant d'armes. Pursy, adj. poussif, qui a la pousse. PURTENANCE, s. fressure. f. appartenance, f. Purvey, v. a. & n. pourvoir, procurer, four-PURVEYANCE, s. provision, f. [nir. PURVEYOR, s. pourveyeur, m. [ment.)
PURVIEW, s. le dispositif (d'un acte du parle-PURULENCE, PURULENCY, s. formation du Purulent, adj. purulent, plein de pus.

Pus, s. pus, m. matière putrefice. Push, s. coup, m. impulsion, f. branle, m. assaut, m. attaque, f. effort, m. tentative, f. moment critique, m. décision, f. incident, m. pustule, f.

PUSH, v. a. pousser, donner un coup, frapper, faire avancer, lancer, precipiter, to push back, repousser, faire reculer; to push on,

pousser, faire avancer; v. n. prétendre, af-fecter. Pusher, a celui qui pousse. Pushing, adj. entreprenant, vigouroux. PUSILIANIMITY s. pusillanimite, f. lâcheté, f. PUSILIANIMOUS, adj. pusillanime, timide. PUSS, s. chat or chatte. lièvre, m. minon, m. Pustule, s. pustule, f. [minette, f. Pustulous, adj. plein de pustules. Put, s. extrémité, f. nécessité, f.

Put, v. a. & n. mettre, poser, placer, sup-poser, proposer, faire, réduire, obliger, presser; to put about, faire courir, faire passer de main en main, mettre en train; to put again, remettre; to put away, ôter, renvoyer, bannir; to put back, reculer; to put by, detourner, éviter, éluder, chasser, renvoyer, refuser, negliger, mepriser, dedaigner; to put down, reprimer, humilier, supprimer, refuter, mettre sur; to put forth, proposer, dire, avancer, produire, publicr, deployer; to put forward, pousser, avan-cer, produire, hater, presser, germer; to put in, mettre entre, dire, mettre en, entrer, relacher, briguer, postuler: to jad off, de-pouiller, quitter, ôter, se défaire, demarrer, quitter le port, remettre, différer, tar-der, tirer en longueur, trainer, excuser advitement, mettre en vogue, accrediter; to put on or upon, imputer, attribuer, accuser, prendre, mettre, revetir, embrasser, procurer, avancer, pousser, porter, exciter, imposer, infliger, toucher, piquer, partir, sc hater; to put over, renvoyer, referer; to put out, chasser, renvoyer, demettre, deposer, effacer, pousser, éteindre, publier, mettre au jour, placer; to put to it, embarrasser, troubler, inciter, porter, mettre en peine; to put to, laisser, ahandonner, rapporter, remettre; to put together, accumuler, amusser, entasser : to put up, laisser impuni, souffrir, faire partir, serrer, eacher, proposer, exposer, se mettre sur les rangs, avancer, s'avancer ; to put up with souffrir, pa-

tienter, avoir patience, pardonner; to upon, exciter, inciter, porter, engager, poser, donner, exposer, faire subm PUTATIVE, adj. putatif, pretendu, suppose. PUTID, adj. bas, vil, indigne, puant. PUTIDNESS, s. bessesse, f. PUTREFACTION, s. putrefaction, f.
PUTREFACTIVE, adj. putride, qui corrompt.
PUTREFY, v. a. d. n. putrefaction, f.
PUTRESCENCE, s. putrefaction, f. PUTRESCENCE. s. putride, qui se patrefie.
PUTREIL adj. putride, qui se patrefie.
PUTREIL, adj. putride, pourri, corroman.
PUTREIL s. s. pourriture, f. corroman.
PUTTER, s. celui qui met, instigateur, m.
PUTTOCK, s. busard, m. buse, f.
PUTTY, s. potée, f. chaux d'étain.
PUZZLK, v. a. embarrasser, mettre en peine.
PUZZLK, PUZZLING, s. embarrassen, m.
PUZZLENS, qui embarrassant, intriguant.
PUZZLING, adf. embarrassant, intriguant.
PUZZLING, adf. embarrassant, intriguant. PYGMEAN, adj. de pygmee. Pygmy, s. un pygmee, un nain. Pylorus, s. le pylore. Pyramid, s. une pyramide. Pyramidal, Pyramidical, edj. pyramidal, de pyramide. PYRAMIDICALLY, adv. en pyramide. PYRE, s. bucher, m. PYRITES, s. (fire stone) pyrite, f. PYROMANCY, s. pyromencie, f PYROTECHNY, s. pyrotechnie, f. PYRRHONIAN, adj. &c s. pyrrhonien, sa. PYRRHONISM, s. pyrrhonisme. Pyx, s. ciboire, m.

QUACE, v. n. crier comme un canard. QUACK, s. charlatan, m.; r. n. charlataner. QUACKERY, s. charlatanerie, f. QUADRAGESIMA, s. quadragesime, f. QUADRAGESIMAL, adj. quadragenmal. QUADRANGLE, s. un quarre. QUADRANGULAR, adj. quadrangulaire. QUADRANT, s. le quart, un quert de cercle. QUADRATE, adj. carre or quarre, propre à, convenable, applicable. QUADRATE, s. un quarre, un quadrat. QUADRATE, v. n. cadrer, s'accorder. QUADRATURE, s. quadrature, f. quadrat, sa. QUADRENNIAL, adj. quadrinate. QUADRILLATERAL, adj. quadrinatere. QUADRILLE, s. quadrille, ss. (jeu.) [ties. QUADRIPARTITE, adj. divise en quatre par-QUADRUPED, adj. & s. quadrupède, ss. QUADRUPLE, adj. quadruple. QUADRUPLICATE, r. a. quadrupler. QUADRUPLICATION. s. quadruplication, f. QUADRUPLY, adr. au quadruple. QUARE, s. voyez, cherchez, on demande si. QUAFF, v. a. de n. boire, hoire beaucoup. QUAFFER, s. un buveur, un ivrogne. QUAGGY, s. marécageux, fangeux. QUAGMIRE, s. une fondrière. QUAIL, s. une caille. QUAIL, v. n. & a. languir, se décourager.
young quail, un calleteau. A water qua
une gelinote d'eau.

QUAIRT, adj. poli, beau, fin, delicat, joli, juste, limé, précieux, affecté.

QUAINTLY, adv. délicatement, avec grace. QUAIRTHESS, s. élégance, f. bonne grace. QUARE, c. a. trembler ; s. tremblement, m.

QUARER, s. trembleur, m. Quaker. m.

[blant. ||
adj. tre-QUAKERISM, s. le Quakérisme. QUARING, s. tremblement, m.; adj. trem-QUALIFICATION, s. qualite, f. condition, f. talent, m. don, m. avantage, m. QUALITY, v. a. rendre propre, mettre en état, tempérer, modifier, adoueir, qualitier. QUALITY, a. qualité, f. condition, f. nature, f. proprièté, f. inclination, f. naturel, m. titre, m. rang, m. noblesse d'Euraction, f. QUALM, s. mal de cœur, m. défaillance, f. QUALMISH, adj. qui a mal au coeur. QUANTITY, s. quantité, f. nombre, m. QUANTUM, s. le montant, la quantité. QUARANTAIN, QUARANTINE, s. quarantain QUARREL, s. querelle, f. dispute, f. QUARREL, v. s. quereller, se quereller. QUARRELER, s. querelleur, m. querelleuse, f. QUARRELOUS, QUARRELSOME, adj. querelleux. QUARRELSONELY, adv. en querelleur. QUARRELSOMENESS, s. humeur querelleuse. QUARRY, s. carrière, f. quarre, m. QUARRY, r. n. faire curée de, dévorer. Quarry-man, s. un certier. QUART, s. quarte, f. une quatrième. QUARTAN, s. & adj. la fièvre quarte. QUARTER, s. quart, m. quarteron, m. quar-tier, m. misericorde, f. traitement, m. parti, m. coin, m. côte, m. région, f. logis, m. loge-[loger. ment de guerre, m. QUARTER, v. a. écarteler, mettre en quartier, QUARTERAGE, s. quartier, m.
QUARTER-DAY, s. pur de quartier, m.
QUARTER-DECK, s. le tillac d'un vaisseau.
QUARTERLY, adj. de quartier, par quartier. QUARTER-MASTER, s. quartier-maître, m. QUARTERS, s. roquille, f. poisson, m. QUARTER-STAFF, s. bâton à deux bouts, m. QUARTILE, s. quadrat, m. (90 degrés.) QUARTO, s. un in-quarto. QUASH, v. a. & n. briser, gater, annuler, appaiser, être agité avec bruit. QUATERNARY, QUATERNION, QUATERNI-TY, s. nombre de quatre, m. quatre, m QUATRAIN, s. un quatrain. [bler. QUAVER, s. croche; v. n. fredonner, trem-QUAVERER, s. chanteur, m. qui fredonne. QUAVERING, s. fredons, m. pl. roulade, f. QUAY, s. quai, m. port, m. QUEASINESS, s. envie de voinir, f. QUEASHESS, s. envie de voinit, s.
QUEASY, adj. débile, fade, dégoditant.
QUEEN, s. reine, f. dame (au jeu) f.
QUEEN, s. prinette, f.
QUEEN, de, étrange, ridicule, original.
QUEENLY, adr. d'une manière étrange.
QUEENLY, adr. d'une manière étrange.
QUEENLY, s. dompter, réprimer, appaiser. QUELLER, s. qui reprime, m. oppresseur. QUENCH, v. a. éteindre, étancher, détruire. QUENCHABLE, adj. qu'on peut éteindre. QUENCHER, s. celui or ce qui éteint. QUENCHLESS, adj. inextinguible. QUERENT, s. un complaignant, un plaintif. QUERIMONIOUS, adj. qui se plaint. QUERIST, s. questionneur, m. QUERN, s. un moulin à brasien moulinet. Querpo, s. une veste. QUERRY, s. écurie, f. un sous écuyer. QUERULOUS, adj. plaintif, dolent. QUERULOUSNESS, s. habitude de se plaindre. QUERY, s. question, f. démande, f. QUERY, v. a. questionner, demander. QUERY, s. recherche, f. perquisition, f. enquête, f.

QUEST, v. n. chercher, quêter. QUESTION, s. question, f. demande, f. interrogation, f. doute, m. compte, m. QUESTION, v. a. & n. questionner, interroger, douter, révoquer en doute. QUESTIONABLE, adj. douteux, suspect. QUESTIONARY, adj. qui s'informe de. QUESTIONER, s. celui qui fait des questions. QUESTIONLESS, adv. sans doute, certaine-Queston, s. questeur, sr. QUESTORSHIP, s. la questure. QUIBBLE, s. un jeu de mots, une pointe. QUIBBLE, v. s. jouer sur les mots, chicaner. QUIBBLER, s. celui qui fait des jeux de mots, dit des mots à double entente. QUICK, adj. vivant, vif, penetrant, subtil. QUICK, adj. vite, tôt, vivement. QUICK, s. vif, m. chair vive. QUICKBEAM OF QUICKTREE, s. sorbier, m. cormier, m. Quicken, r. a. & n. vivifier, animer, hater, accélerer, égayer, rendre vis. QUICKENER, s. qui vivifie, principe vivifiant. QUICKENING, adj. vivifiant, qui vivifie. QUICKLIME, s. chaux vive, f. QUICKLY, adr. vivement, promptement, vîte. QUICKNESS, s. vîtesse, f. promptitude, f. vi-vacité, f. activité, f. sagacité, f. QUICKSAND, s. banc de sable, m. écueil, m. QUICKSET, adj. & s. vif, plante vive. QUICKSIGHTED, adj. qui a la vue bonne. QUICKSIGHTEDNESS, s. vue claire et percante, subtilité, f. sagacité. f. QUICESILVER, s. vif argent, m. mercure, m. QUIDDITY, s. essence, f. chicane, QUIESCENCE, s. repos, m. tranquillité, f. QUIESCENT, adj. en repos, tranquille. QUIET, adj. tranquille, paisible, calme. QUIET, s. repos, m. tranquillité, f. QUIRT, v. a. appaiser, assoupir, colmer. QUIRTER. s. pacificateur, m. un calmant. QUIETISM, s. le quietisme. QUIETISTS, s. les quiétistes, m. QUIETLY, adr. tranquillement, paisiblement. QUIETNESS, s. repos, m. tranquillité, f. QUIETUDE, s. quiétude, f. calme de l'ame, m. QUILL, s. plume, f. tuyau, m. robinet, m. le piquant (d'un porc-épic,) une navette. QUILLET, s. fausse subtilité, chicane, f. QUILT, s. une courtepointe, un matelas. Quilt, v. a. piquer, matelasser. Quirce, s. un coin or coing. A quince-tree, un coignamier. Quincunx, s. quinconce, m. QUINQUAGESIMA, s. la quinquagesime. QUINQUANGULAR, adj. à cinq augles. QUINQUENNIAL, adj. de cinq ans. Quinsy, s. esquinancie, f. QUINT, s. une quinte, (au jeu de piquet.) QUINTAL, s. quintal, m. QUINTESSENCE, s. quintessence, QUINTESSENTIAL. adj. qui contient la quin-QUINTIN, s. quintaine. . [tessence. Quip, s. raillerie, f. lardon, m. Quip, r. a. railler, piquer jusqu'au vif. QUIRE, s. chœur, m. chorus, m. QUIRE, v. a. chanter en concert, faire cho-QUIRISTER, s. un choriste. [rus. QUIRE, s. subtilité, f. chicane, f. detour, m. acces, m. ton leger, m. pointe, f. QUIT, r. a. quitter, laisser, ahandonner, le-ver, lâcher, se défaire, se démettre, tenir quitte, dispenser, décharger, payer.

QUIT, part. adj. quitte.
QUITCHGRASS, s. chiendent, m. or gramen, m.
QUITE, adv. touta-fait, entièrement.
QUITERNT, s. cens, m.
QUITTANCE, s. quittance, f. retour, m.
QUITTER, s. libérateur, m. crasse, f. scorie,
f. ordure de l'étain, pus d'un ulcère, m.
QUIVER, s. un carquois.
QUIVER, s. un carquois.
QUIVER, v. n. remuer, trembler.
QUIVER, s. coiffer, f. subtilité, f.
QUOIT, s. coiffer, f. v. a. coiffer.
QUOIT, s. coiffer, f. adjue, m.; v. a. & n.
jouer an palet, jeter.
QUORUM, s. un nombre compétent de juges.
QUOTA, s. quote-part, f. contingent, m.
QUOTATON, s. citation, f. passage allègué.
QUOTE, v. a. citer, allèguer.
QUOTE, v. imp. quoth he, dit il.
QUOTIDIAN, adj. quotidien, de chaque jour.
QUOTIENT, s. quotient, m.

R.

RABATE, r. a. rabattre. RABBET, RABBETTING, s. rablure, RABBET, v. a. unir avec le rabot, joindre. RABBI, RABBIN, s. Rabbin, m. docteur Juif. RABBIRICAL, adj. rabbinique. RABBINIST, s. rabbiniste, m. [lapereau. RABBIN, s. un lapin. A young rabbit, un RABBLE, s. la cauaille, la populace. RABBLEMENT, s. la foule, la multitude. RABID, adj. féroce, furieux, enrage. RACE, s. race, f. lignée, f. extraction, f. fa-mille, f. génération, f. espèce, f. genre, m. racine, f. branche, f. rejeton, m. une course. COURSE.

RACEMATION, s. une grappe de raisins, &c.

RACEMORSE, RACER, s. un cheval de course.

RACINESS, s. force, f. fumet, m.

RACK, s. question, f. torture, f. ratelier, m.

gêne, f. contrebatier, m. grille de feu. f.

monture d'arbalète, f. les ridelles d'un

chariot, f. quenouille, f. collet de mouton,

m. arack, m.

RACE = g. anniquer à la torture donner RACE, v. a. appliquer à la torture, donner la question, rouer, inquieter, fouler, opprimer, raffiner, clarifier, étendre, porter. pousser. RACKET, s. bruit, m. fracas, m. une raquette. RACKET-MAKER, s. raquetier, m. RACKOON, s. sorte de lapin, bléreau, m. RACKING, a. torture, f. soutirage, m. RACY, adj. fort spiritueux. [deur. m. RADIANCE, RADIANCY, s. eclat, m. splen-RADIANT, adj. eclatant, rayonnant, radieux. RADIATE, r. a. rayonner, briller. RADIATION, s. irradiation, f. rayonnement, m. RADICAL, adj. radical. primitif. RADICALITY, s. origine. f. source, f. RADICALLY, adv. radicalement. RADICALNESS, s. état de ce qui est radical. RADICATE, v. a. enraciner. RADICATION, s. radication, f. RADICLE, s. radicule, f.

RADISH, s. rave, f. Horse-radish, raifort, m.

RADIUS, s. radius, m. ravon, m.

RAFF, v. a. brouiller, meler ensemble. RAFFLE or RAFFLING, s. raffle, f. (jen des RAFT, s. radeau, m. train de bois, m. [des.)

RAFTER. s. solive, f. chevron, m. RAG, s. guenille, f. haillon, m. chiffon, a RAGAMUFFIN, s. un gueux, un misérable. RAGE, s. rage, f. fureur, f. dépit, m. RAGE, v. n. eurager, être furieux.
RAGEFUL, adj. eurager, furieux, emporté.
RAGGED, part. adj. dechiré, en pieces, malvétu, inegal, rapoteux. RAGGEDNESS, s. guenilles, f. pl. misère, f. RAGING, s. rage, f. fureur, f.; adj. enrage. RAGINGLY, adv. avec rage, avec fureur. RAGMAN, s. un fripier, un chiffonnier. RAGOUT, s. un ragoût. RAGSTONE, s. moellon, m. RAG-WORT, s. satyrion, m. (herbe.) RAIL, s. burrière, f. balustrade, f. garde-foux (d'un pont,) m. les ridelles (d'un cha-riot,) un râle (oiseau.) RAIL, v. a. fermer d'une barrière. RAIL AT, v. n. injurier, medire. RAILER, s. un medisant. RAILING, s. medisance, f. RAILLERY, s. raillerie, f. plaisanterie, f. RAIMENT, s. vètement, m. habillement, m. RAIN, s. pluie, f., r. n. pleuvoir. RAINBOW, s. l'arc-en-ciel, m. RAINDEER, s. renne, f. RAININESS, s. abondance de pluie, f. RAINY, adj. pluvieux, de pluie. RAISE, v. a. lever, elever, soulever, haussex, rehausser, dresser, ériger, bâtir, recoeillir. accroître, angmenter abandonner, exciter, ·susciter, causer. RAISER, s. celui qui lève or élève. RAISINS, s. raisins secs, m. pl. RAKE, s. un rateau, un fourgon, le 'sillage, houage or houache d'un vaisseau, m. un scélirat, un débauché. RAKE, v. a. rateler, amasser, ramasser, ratisser: v. n. chercher, fouiller, examiner. RAKEHELL, RABEHELLY, adj. un débauché. RAKER, s. un boueur, un fourgon, une rais-RAKISH, adj. débordé, dissolu. [soir-RAKISHNESS, s. debauche, f.extravagance, C RALLY, r. a. & n. rallier, se rallier, railler. RAM, s. un beher; v. a. enfoncer, bourrer. RAM'S-HEAD, s. une louve. RAMBLE, v. n. roder, courir, aller çà ct là. RAMBLE, s. course, f. RAMBLER, s. un coureur, un rodeur. RAMBLING, s. course, f.; adj. coureur. RAMIFICATION, s. ramification, f. RAMIFY, r. a. & n. ramifier, se ramifier. RAMMER, s. mouton. m. hie. RAMMISH, adj. qui a l'odeur forte. RAMMISHNESS, s. bouquin, m. senteur de RAMOUS, adj. rameux, branchu. [bouc, f. RAMP, r. n. sauter, gombader; s. saut, m. RAMPANT, adj. suraboldant, lascif, folutre. RAMPART, RAMPIRE, s. rempart, m. RAMPIONS, s. (a plant) raiponce, f. RANCH, r. a. fouler, forcer. [odeur de rance, f. RANCID, adj. rance. RANCIDITY or RANCIDNESS, s. rancidité, f. RANCOROUS, d. malin, plein de gancune. RANCOROUS de de de cancune. RANCOUR, s. rancune, f. ressentiment, sa. animosité, f.
RANDOM, s. aventure, f. hasard, m. At random, au hasard, inconsidérément. RANGE, s. rang. m. classe, f. ordre, m. tour, m. course, f. écart, m. carrière, f. essor, m. un grille (de cuisine,) tamis, m. sis, m. blu-

teau, m. timon, m. flèche de carosse, f.

RANGE, v. a. & n. ranger, arranger, se ranger, s'arranger, ecumer les mers, roder, courir, aller ça et là. RANGER, s. garde-chasse, m. maître de la venaison, rodeur, m. voleur, m. un chien courant RANK, s. rang, m. file, f. ordre, m. rangée, f. ligne, f. classe, f. place, f. dignité, f.
RANK, adj. qui pousse avec abondance, fecond, fertile, abondant, fort, violent, insigne, outre, grossier. RANK, r. a. & n. ranger, mettre au nombre, se mettre au nombre, figurer. RANKISH, adj. qui commence à sentir mau-RANKLE, v. a. s'envenimer. [vais. RANKLY, adv. grossièrement. RANKNESS, s. rancissure, f. surabondance, f. fécondité, f. fertilité, f. RANSACK, v. a. saccager, piller, violer, for-RANSACKING, s. pillege, m. saccagement, m. RANSOM, s. rançon, f.; v. a. racheter. RANT, s. paroles ampoulées, phébus, s RANT, v. n. dire de grands mots, tempêter. RANTER, s. un homme turbulent, un extra-RANTING, adj. enrage, étourdi. RANTIPOLE, adj. étourdi, turbulent. [vagant. RANULA, s. ranule, f RANULAR, adj. ranulaire. RAMUNCULUS, s. renoncule, f. RAP, s. coup, m. tape, f. [emporter. RAP, v. a. & n. frapper vivement, enlever, RAPACIOUS, adj. rapace, avide, ravisseur. RAPACIOUSLY, adr. avidement, par rapine. RAPACIOUSNESS, RAPACITY. s. rapacite, f. RAPE, s. rapt, m. enlèvement, m. ravissement, m. viol, m. proie, f. butin, m. nament, m. vol., m. proie, f. butin, m. na-RAPEWINE, s. rapé, m. [vette, f. RAPID, adj. rapide, vîte, prompt, lèger. RAPIDLY, a. rapidité, f. cèlérité, f. RAPIDLES, s. rapidité, f. cèlérité, f. RAPIDE, s. rapine, f. volerie, f. RAPINE, s. rapine, f. volerie, f. RAPPORT, s. rapport, m. conformité, f. RAPT, part. adj. enlévé, emporte, ravi, saisi. RAPTURE, s. ravissement, m. extase, RAPTURED, adj. ravi, saisi, transporté. RAPTUROUS, adj. ravissant, extatique. RARE, adj. rare, clair semé, demi cuit. RARE-SHOW, s. une curiosité. RAREFACTION, s. rarefaction, f. RAREFIABLE, adj. qu'on peut raréfier. RAREFY, v. a. & n. raréfier, se raréfier. RARELY, adv. rarement, peu souvent. RARENESS, RARITY, s. rareté. f. RASCAL, s. un gueux, un coquin. RASCAL-DEER, s. un cerf or un daim maigre. RASCALLION, s. homme de la lie du peuple, RASCALITY, s. la canaille, la vile populace. RASCALLY, adj. bas, vil, infame, ignoble. RASCALLY, adr. bassement, en coquin. RASE, v. a. raser, effleurer, démoir.
RASE, v. a.; précipite, téméraire, emporté.
RASE, s. ébullition de sang, f. éruption, f.
RASHER, s. une tranche de lard, grillade, f. RASHLY, adn. precipitamment.
RASHNESS, s. precipitation, f. temerite, f. RASP, s. une rape; v. a. raper. RASPBERRY, s. framboise, f. RASPBERRY-BUSH, s. framboisier, m. RASPING, s. rapure, f. RASURE, s. rature, f. effaçure, f.

RAT, s. un rat. A rat-trap, une ratière.

RATABLE, adj. taxable. RATABLY, adr. au prorats, à proportion. RATAFIA, s. ratafia, m. RATAN, s. canne, f. RATE, s. prix, m. valeur, f. taux, m. taxe, f. degre, m. point, m. rang, m. RATE, v. a. evaluer, taxer, cotiser, censurer. RATHER, adj. plus volontiers, plutôt, mieux. RATIFICATION, s. ratification, f. RATIFY, v. a. ratifier, confirmer, approuver. RATING, s. estimation, f. l'action d'estimer. RATIO, s. raison, f. proportion, f. RATIOCINATE, v. n. raisonner. Ratiocination, s. reisonnement, m. RATIOCINATIVE, adj. de raisonnement. RATIONAL, dij. raisonnable, raisonné, ra-RATIONALIST, s. esprit fort. RATIONALITY, s. raison, f. probabilité, f. RATIONALLY, adv. raisonnablement. RATSBANE, s. mort-aux-rats, f. arsenic, m. RATTEEN, s. ratine, f. [muer, crier. RATTLE, v. n. & a. faire du bruit, râler, re-RATTLE, s. bruit répété, grelot, m. RATTLEHEADED, adj. etourdi, écervelé. RATTLESNAKE, s. serpent à sonnette, f. RAUCITY, s. raucité, f. rudesse de la voix, f. RAVAGE, v. a. ravager, saccager, dévaster. RAVAGE, s. ravage, m. désordre, m. dégât, m. RAVAGER, s. destructeur, m RAVAGING, s. ravage, m. degût, m. RAVE, r. n. être en délire, extravaguer, dé-raisonner. être fou, se désoler. RAVEL, v. a. embarrasser, embrouiller, compliquer; v. n. être embarrasse. To ravel out, effiler, debrouiller. RAVELIN, s. un ravelin. RAVEN, s. un corbeau. Sea-rapes, un cormo-RAVEN, v. a. dévorer; v. n. piller, butiner. RAVENOUS, adj. vorace, goulu, rapace. RAVENOUSLY, adv. avec voracité. RAVENOUSNESS, s. rapacité, f. voracité, f. RAVIN, s. proie, f. butin, m. rapine, f. RAVING, adj. fou, extravagant. RAVING, s. réverie, f. delire, m. frenesie, RAVINGLY, adv. comme un homme en délire. RAVISH, v. a. ravir, enlever, violer. RAVISHER, s. ravisseur, m. RAVISHING, adj. ravissant, qui ravit. RAVISHINGLY, adv. délicieusement. RAVISHMENT, s. enlèvement, m. ravisse ment, m. viol, m. rapt, m. RAW, adj. cru, indigeste, froid et humide, ignorant, neuf. RAWBONED, adj. maigre. RAW-HEAD, s. loup-garou, m. RAWMESS, s. crudité, f. ignorance, f. RAY, s. rayon, f. raie, f. (poisson.) RAZE, r. a. raser, démolir. Razon, s. un rasoir. RAZURE, s. rature, f. effaçure, f. [lee. REACCESS, s. accès répété, visite renouve-REACH, v. a. & n. toucher a, atteindre, attraper, joindre, avancer, donner, obtenir, gagner, parvenir à, s'étendre à, s'étendre, tàcher de parvenir à, faire des efforts pour. REACH. s. portée, f. pouvoir, m. capacité, f. vue, f. dessein, m. étendue, f. REACH. n. m. réseir, agis réciproquement. REACT, v. n. réagir, agir réciproquement.
REACTION, s. réaction, f.
READ, v. a. lire, enseigner, professer; to read about, lire tour-à-tour; to read again, relire; to read on, continuer de lire; to read over, lire, parcourir; to read out, lire hardoute l'est to read out, lire hardoute l'est to read out, lire hardoute l'est tour le lire hardoute l'est tour l'est tour l'est le l'est à voix haute, lire tout.

READEPTION, s. recouvrement, m. READER, s. lecteur, m. professeur, m. READILY, adv. promptement, aisement, volontiers, de bon cœur. [habilité, f. READINESS, s. diligence, f. promptitude, f. READING, s. l'action de lire, f. lecture, f. lecon publique, f. variantes, f. pl. ma-nière de lire, f. READING-DESK, s. un lutrin, une chaire READING-ROOM, s. une salle à lire, biblio-READJOURN, v. a. reajourner. [thèque. READJOURNING, s. réajournement, m. READMISSION, s. seconde admission. READMIT, v. a. admettre de nouveau. READORN, r. a. orner, décorer de nouveau.
READY, adj. prompt, habile, vif, présent, prêt, préparé, tout prêt, enclin, disposé, facile, aisè. READY, adv. promptement, dejà, tout. Ready money, argent comptant. REAL, adj. reel, effectif. REAL, s. réal, m. réaux, m. pl. REALITY, s. réaligar, m. arsénic rouge. REALITY, s. réalité, f. vérité, f. REALIZE, v. a. realiser, effectuer, placer. REALLY, adv. reellement, en effet, en verité. REALM, s. royaume, m. REAM, s. une rame de papier. REANIMATE, v. a. ranimer, rendre la vie. REARREX, v. a. annexer de nouveau REAP, v. a. & n. moisonner, recueillir. REAPER, s. moissonneur, m. moissonneuse, f. REAPING-TIME, s. moisson, f. recolte, f. REAPING-HOOK, s. une faucille. REAR, s. l'arrière, f. le dernier rang. REAR, adj. qui est à moitié cuit, saignant. REAR, v. a. élèver, ériger, dresser, lever, relever, nourrir, avancer, faire partir. REAR, v. n. se cabrer. REAR-ADMIRAL, s. contre-amiral, m. REARMOUSE, s. chauve-souris, f. [fin. REAR-WARD, s. l'arrière garde, la queue, la ffin. REASCEND, v. a. & n. remonter. REASON, s. raison, f. jugement, m. bon sens, cause, f. fondement, m. principe, m. motif, m. sujet, m. lieu, m. preuve, f. m. droit, m. equité, f. devoir, m. compte. REASON, r. s. raisonner, discourir, débattre. REASONABLE, adj. raisonnable, modere. REASONABLENESS, s. justice, f. justesse, f. REASONABLY, adr. raisonnablement. REASONER, s. raisonneur, m. logicien, m REASONING, s. raisonnement, m. [sembler. REASSEMBLE, v. a. reassembler , v. n. se ras-REASSERT, r. a. confirmer de nouveau. REASSURE, v. a. résumer, réprendre. REASSURE, v. a. résumer, réprendre. REASSURE, v. a. réassurer. REBAPTIZATION, s. réitération du baptême, REBAPTIZE, r. a. rebaptiser. REBATE, s. cannelure, f. REBATE, v. a. émousser, rabattre, abaisser, REBATEMENT, s. diminution, decompte, m. REBECK, s. violon à trois cordes, m. REBEL, s. un rebelle ; v. a. se révolter. REBELLER, s. un rebelle, un revolté REBELLION, s. rebellion, f. revolte, f. [belle. REBELLIOUS, adj. rebelle, revolté. REBELLIOUSLY, adv. avec rebellion, en re-REBELLIOUSNESS, s. rebellion, f. revolte, f. REBELLOW, v. a. repeter le mugissement. REBOUND, v. a. & n. bondir, rebondir. REBOUND, s. bond, m. renvoi, m REBUFF, s. resistance, f. rebuffade, f. REBUFF, r. a. repousser, rebuter, refuser.

REBUILD, v. a. rebâtic. REBUKE, s. censure, f. reprimande, f. REBUKE, v. a. censurer, reprendre. REBUEEFUL, adj. aigre, rude, rebutant. REBUKER, s. un groudeur, un censeur. REBUS, s. un rebus. RECALL, v. a. rappeler, faire revenir. RECALL, s. rappel, m. l'action de rappeler. RECART, v. a. rétracter; v. n. se rétracter. RECANTATION, s. retractation, f. RECANTER, s. qui rétracte, qui se dédit. RECAPITULATE, r. a. recapituler, resumer. RECAPITULATION, s. recapitulation, f. RECABRY, v. a. rapporter, reporter, RECEDE, v. n. reculer, se retirer, s'en aller. RECEIPT, s. recette, f. reception, f. reçu, m. RECEIVABLE, adj. recevable. RECEIVE, v. a. recevoir, approuver, admettre, eprouver, supporter, accueillir. RECEIVER, s. receveur, m. récipient, m. RECENCY, s. nouveauté, f. fraicheur, f. RECENT, adj. recent, nouveau, frais. RECENTLY, adj. recemment, depuis pen. RECENTNESS, s. nouveaute, f. fraicheur, f. RECEPTACLE, s. receptacle, m. retraite, f. RECEPTION, s. reception, f. accueil, m.
RECEPTION, s. reception, f. accueil, m.
RECEPTIVE, adj. propre a recevoir.
RECEPTIVE, adj. généralement admis.
RECESS, s. retraite, f. départ, m. séparation.
f. levée, f. solitude, f. lieu secret.
RECESSES, s. pl. replis secrets, m. pl.
RECESSION, s. retraite, f. désistement, m.
RECHANGE, n. a. rechanger. Concession f. RECHANGE, v. a. rechanger. [concession. f. RECHARGE, v. a. accuser par represailles, RECIDIVATE, v. n. récidiver. [rechare RECIDIVATION, s. récidive, f. rechute, f. RECIDIVOUS, adj. sujet à récidiver. [cia [recharger. RECIPE, s. recipe, m. ordonnance de méde-RECIPIENT, s. récipient, m. RECIPEOCAL, adj. reciproque, mutuel. RECIPEOCALLY, adv. reciproquement. RECIPROCALNESS, s. réciprocité, f. RECIPROCATE, v. a. & n. reflechir, rendre la pareille. RECIPROCATION, s. reciprocité, f. retour, m. RECISION, s. l'action de couper, f. RECITAL, s. récit, m. relation, f. narré, sa. RECITATION, s. l'action de réciter. RECITATIVE, RECITATIVO, s. recitatif, m. RECITE, v. a. réciter, répéter, raconter, RECKON, v. a. &n. compter, calculer, repater, supputer, estimer, régarder. RECKONER, s. calculateur, m. RECKONING, s. compte, m. calcul, m. suppatation, f. terme, m. memoire de dépense, m. RECLAIM, v. a. corriger, reformer. RECLAMATION, s. riclamation, f. RECLAIMABLE, adj. corrigible. RECLAIMLESS, adj. incorrigible, perdu. RECLINE, v. a. & n. pencher, incliner. RECLINED, part. adj. penche, incliné. RECLOSE, v. a. refermer. RECLUDE, v. a. ouvrir. [ré, recius. RECLUSE, adj. enfermé, caché, secret, reti-RECOGNISANCE, s. reconnoissance, soumis-sion, f. revue, f. examen, m. RECOGNISE, r. a. reconnoître. RECOGNISKE, s. créancier, m. RECOGNISER, s. débiteur, m. RECOGNITION. s. reconnoissance, f. revue, f. RECOGNITIONS, s. pl. les douze jures de la cour des assises. RECOIL, r. n. reculer, RECOIL, s. recul, m.

RECUBATION, RECUMBENCY, s. l'action de

RECOIR, v. a. renouveler la monnoie. RECOINAGE, s. renouvellement de la monnoie, m. RECOLLECT, v. a. rappeler, se ressouvenir, recueillir, rassembler, remettre. RECOLLECTION, s. rappel, m. reminiscence f. RECOMMENCE, v. a. recommencer. RECOMMEND, v. a. recommander. RECOMMENDABLE, adj. recommandable. RECOMMENDATION, s. recommandation, f. RECOMMENDATORY, adj. de recommanda-RECOMMENDER, s. celui qui recommande. RECOMMIT, v. a. commettre de nouveau. RECOMPENSE, s. recompense, f. RECOMPENSE, r.a. recompenser, reconnoître. RECOMPILEMENT, s. nouvelle compilation. RECOMPOSE, v. a. tranquilliser, recomposer. RECONCILE, v. a. reconcilier, raccommoder, accorder, concilier, accommoder. RECONCILEABLE, adj. reconciliable RECONCILEABLENESS, s. compatibilité, f. RECONCILEMENT, s. raccommodement, RECONCILER, s. conciliateur, m. conciliatrice, f. RECONCILIATION, s. reconciliation, f. RECONDITE, adj. secret, caché, profoud, ab-RECONDUCT, v. a. reconduire. [strus. RECONJOIN, v. a. rejoindre, réunir. RECONQUER, v. a. reconquerir. RECONSECRATE, v. a. resacrer. [sembler. RECONVENE, v.a. assembler de nouveau, ras-RECONVEY, v. n. reporter, reconduire. RECORD, v. a. enregistrer, mentionner. RECORD, s. registre, m. acte public, tire, m. archive, f. journal, m. memoires, f. A court of record, s. greffer, m. assesseur, m. RECOVER, v. a. recouvrer, ravoir, reprendre, retirer, regagner, réparer, rétablir, gué-rir, refaire, délivrer, découvrir : v. n. re-lever d'une maladie, regagner la santé, se rétablir. RECOVERABLE, adj. recouvrable, reparable. RECOVERY, s. recouvrement, m. retablisse-ment, m. guerison, f. convalescence, f. RECOUNT, v. a. conter. reconter. RECOUNTMENT, s. recit, m. relation, f. RECOURSE, s. recours, m. refuge, m. retour, m. abord, m. accès, m. RECREANT, adj. poltron, lache, infidèle. RECREATE, v. a. recreer, divertir, rejouir. RECREATION, s. recreation, f. relache, f. RECREATIVE, adj. recreatif, amusant. RECREDENTIALS, s. lettres de récréance. RECREMENTAL, adj. plein de scories. RECRIMINATE, v. a. recriminer. RECRIMINATION, s. recrimination, f. RECRIMINATOR, s. celui qui accuse son accusateur. RECRUIT, s. supplément, m. recrue, m. RECRUITS, pl. une recrue. -RECRUIT, v.a. recruter. remplacer, suppleer. RECTANGLE, s. un rectangle, un quarre. RECTABOULAR, adj. rectangle, h angle droit. RECTIFIABLE, adj. qui peut être rectifié. RECTIFICATION, s. rectification, f. RECTIFY, v. a. rectifier, redresser, réformer. RECTILINEAR, RECTILINEOUS, adj. recti-RECTITUDE, s. rectitude, f. droiture, f. RECTOR, s. arbitre, m. recteur, m. cure, m. RECTORSHIP, s. rectorat, m.

RECTORY, c. peroisse, f.

s'appuyer. RECUMBENT, adj. couché, qui s'appuie. RECUPERATE, v. a. récupérer, recouvrer. RECUPERATION, s. recouvrement, m. RECUPERATORY, adj. qui sert à recouvrer. RECUR, v. n. revenir à la mémoire, recourir, avoir recours, revenir. RECURE, s. recouvrement, m. guerison, f. RECURE, v. a. guerir, rétablir. RECURENCE, LECURENCY, s. retour, m RECURRENT, adj. périodique, qui revient de temps en temps. RECURSION, 8 retour, m RECUSANCY, s. non-conformité, f. RECUSANT, s. un recusant, un sectaire. RECUSE, r. a. recuser. RED, adj. & s. rouge, m. vermeille, cramoisi. A red pimple, rougeur, f. rubis, m. bouton, m. A red face, une rouge trogne. Redhaired, qui a les cheveux roux, rousseau, m. roux, m. Red deer, une bête fauve or des bêtes fauves. Red herrings, des harengs saurets, m. REDEREAST, s. rouge-gorge, m. (oiseau.) RED-COAT, s. un soldat. REDDEN, v. a. & n. rougir. REDDISH, adj. rougeâtre, tirant sur le rouge. REDDISHNESS, s. couleur rougeatre, f. REDDITION, s. reddition, f. restitution. REDDITIVE, adj. juste, pertinent, catégo-REDDLE, s. craie rouge, f. [rique. REDEEM, v. a. racheter, degager, retirer, délivrer. REDEEMABLE, adj. rachetable. REDEEMER, s. redempteur, m. sauveur, m. REDELIVER, v. a. restituer. [tion, f. REDELIVERY, s. seconde délivrance, restitu-REDEMAND, v. a. redemander, répéter. REDEMPTION, s. redemption, f. rachat, m. REDEMPTORY, adj. payé pour la rançon. RED-нот, adj. tout rouge, rougi au feu. REDEVABLE, adj. redevable, oblige. REDINTEGRATE, adj. rétabli, renouvelé. REDINTEGRATE, v. a. recommencer, retablir. REDINTEGRATION, s. rétablissement, m. RED-LEAD, s. mine, f. minium, m. REDUESS, s. rougeur, f. rouge, f. [ble. REDOLENCE, REDOLENCY, s. odeur agree-REDOLENT, adj. odoriférant, qui sent bon. REDOUBLE, v. a. & n. redoubler, augmenter. REDOUBLING, s. redoublement, m. REDOUBT, s. une redoute. REDOUBTABLE, adj. redoutable, formidable. REDOUND, v. n. rejaillir, retomber, revenir, contribuer, concourir, redonder. REDRESS, r. a. redresser, rectifier, corriger, reformer, faire justice, consoler, assister. REDRESS, s. reformation, f. correction, f. REDRESSER, s. réformateur, m. réformatrice, REDRESSIVE, adj. secourable. REDRESSLESS, adj. incorrigible. REDSTREAM, s. pomme, f. cidre, m. REDTAIL, s. (a bird) rouge-queue, m. REDUCE, v. a. reduire, subjuguer, soumettre. REDUCEMENT, s. reduction. REDUCER, s. celui qui reduit. REDUCIBLE, adj. reductible, qu'on peut re-REDUCTION, s. réduction, f. [duire. REDUCTIVE, adj. reducuf. REDUCTIVELY, adv. par réduction. REDUNDANCE, REDUNDANCY, s. redondance. REDUNDANT, adj. redondant, superflu. REDUEDANTLY, adv. avec esperfluité.

REDUPLICATE, v. a. redoubler, reiterer. REPUPLICATION, s. reduplication, f. REI UPLICATIVE, adj. reduplicat RE-ECHO, v. n. retentir, repeter. REED, s. un roseau, une canne, une fièche. RE-EDIFY, v. a. rebatir. REEDY, adj. abondant en roseaux. REEK, s. fumée, f. exhalaison, f. REEK, v. n. fumer, jeter de la fumée. REEK, adj. enfumé, fumé, noir. REEL, s. un dévidoir ; v. a. dévider ; v. s. chanceler, vaciller, trebucher. RE-ELECTION, s. ré-election, f. RE-ENFORCE OF RE-INFORCE, v. a. renforcer. RE-ENFORCEMENT, s. renfort, m RE-ENACT, v. a. faire or passer de nouveau. RE-ENGAGE, v. a. rengager, engager de nouvean. RE-ENGAGEMENT, s. rengagement, m. RE-ENTER, v. a. rentrer, entrer une seconde RE-ESTRANCE, s. rentree, f. Re-ESTABLISH, v. a. rétablir. RE-ESTABLISHER, s. restaurateur, m. RE-ESTABLISHMENT, s. retablissement, m. REEVE, s. un bailli, un jugo. [amen. RE-EXAMINATION, s. revue, f. un second ex-RE-EXAMINE, v. a. examiner de nouveau. REFECT, v. s. se refraichir, se refaire. REFECTION, s. refection, f. repas, m. REFECTORY, s. refectoire, m. REPEL, v. a. refuter, réprimer, combattre. REFER, v. a. renvoyer, remettre, rapporter. REFER, v. n. avoir rapport à, regarder. REFERÈE, s. un arbitre. REFERENCE, s. renvoi, m. rapport, m. REFERMENT, v. a. faire fermenter de nouveau. REFERRIBLE, adj. qui peut se rapporter. REFIRE, v. a. & n. affiner, raffiner, épurer, se raffiner, s'épurer. REFINEDLY, adv. avec raffinement, avec affectation. REFINEMENT, s. raffinement, m. affinage, m. REFINER, s. raffineur, m. REFIT, v. a. reparer, radouber. REFITTING, s. radoub, m. [jaillir. REFLECT, v. a. & n. réfléchir, renvoyer, ré-REFLECTENT, adj. renvoyé, repoussé.
REFLECTION, s. réflexion, f. réfléchissement,
m. réverbération, f. méditation, f. REFLECTIVE, adj. qui reflechit, qui examine. REFLECTOR, s. celui qui réfléchit. REFLEX, adj. réfléchi; s. réflexion, f. REFLEXIBILITY, s. réflexibilité, f. REFLEXIBLE, adj. qui peut être réfléchi. REFLEXIVE, adj. qui réfléchit. REFLEXIVELY, adv. par reflexion. REFLOAT, s. reflux, m REPLOURISH, v. n. refleurir. REFLOW, v. s. refluer, remonter. REFLUENT, adj. qui reflue. REFLUX, s. reflux, m. ébe or jusant, f. m. REFORM, n. a. & n. reformer. REFORM, REFORMATION, s. reforme, f. REFEREN, s. reformateur, m. [rayons. REFEREN, v. a. reflechir, rompre, briser les REPRACTION, s. refraction d'un rayon, f. REPRACTIVE, adj. qui produit la réfraction. REFRACTORILY, adv. avec opiniâtreté. REFRACTORINESS, s. opiniatreté, f.
REFRACTORY, adj. opiniatre, revêche.
REFRAGABLE, adj. capable de réfutation et de conviction. REFRAIN, v. a. réprimer. REFRAIN, v. n. s'empêcher, s'abstenir. .

REFRANGIBILITY, a réfrangibilité, f. REFRANGIBLE, adj. réfrangible. REFRENATION, s. l'action de réprimer. REFRESH, v. n. rafralchir, soulager, remonve REFRESHER, s. ce qui rafraichit. [le: REFRESHING, s. rafralchissement, m. (ler. Refreshing, *adj.* qui rafraichit, qui rétablit. REFRESHMENT, s. rafraichissement, m. REFRIGERANT, adj. rafraichissant. REFRIGERATE, v. a. rafraichir, rendre frais. REPRIGERATION, s. refrigeration, f. REFRIGERATIVE, REFRIGERATORY, edj. rafratchissant. REFRIGERATORY, s. un refrigerant REFT, part. adj. privé, dépouillé, èté. REFUGE, s. refuge, m. asile, m. ressource, f. protection, f. appui, m. protecteur, m. REFUGE, v. a. refugier, donner asile, prote-REFUGER, s. refuge, m. REFULGERCE, s. brillant, m. éclat, m. REFULGERT, adj. brillant, reluisant [ger. REFUND, v. a. rendre, restituer, refondre. REFUSAL, s. refus, m. choix, m. option, f. REFUSE, adj. indigne d'être reçu, refus REFUSE, s. rebut, m.; v. a. & n. refuser. REFUSER, s. celui qui refuse, qui rejete. REFUTAL, REFUTATION, s. refutation, f. REFUTE, v. a. réfuter. REGAIN, v. d. regagner, rattraper. REGAL, adj. royal; s. regale, f. regal, m. REGALE, s. la regale, la prerogative royale REGALE, REGALEMENT, s. un regal, un festin. REGALE, v. a. régaler, traiter magnifiquement. REGALIA, s. les marques er les droits de la REGALITY, s. royauté, f. REGALLY, adv. royalement, en roi. [derer. REGARD, v. a. regarder, avoir egard, coasi-REGARD, s. egard, m. attention, f. coaside-ration, f. rapport, m. estime, f. REGARDABLE, adj. remarquable. REGARDFUL, adj. attentif, plein d'égards.
REGARDFULLY, adv. avec attention.
REGARDLESS, adj. qui n'a aucun égard, sans attention, qui ne fait aucun cas. REGARDLESSLY, adv. sans precaution. REGARDLESSNESS, s. negligence, f. REGENCY, s. regence, f. autorité, f. REGENERATE, v. a. regénérer, reproduire. REGENERATE, adj. régenéré, reproduit.
REGENERATION, s. régénération, f.
REGENERATION, s. régénération, f.
REGENERATION, s. régénération, f.
REGENERATION, s. régénération, f.
REGENERATIP, s. régené, m. régente, f.
REGIBLE, adj. qui peut être gouverné. REGICIDE, s. regicide, m. REGIMEN, s. regime, m REGIMENT, s. règiment, s. règle, f. [ment. REGIMENTAL, adj. appartenant à un règi-REGIMENTALS, s. l'habit uniforme, s. REGION, s. region, f. pays. m. contree, f. REGISTER, s. registre. m. greffier, m. REGISTER, r. a. enregistrer. REGISTERING, s. enrégistrement, m. REGISTRER, s. enrégistrement, m. greffe, m. REGORGE, v. a. vomir, rendre gorge. REGRAFT, v. a. grener or enter de nouveau. REGBANT, v. u. accorder de nouveau. REGRATE, v. a. choquer, offenser, regretter. REGRATER, s. regrattier, m. fripier, sa. REGRESSION, s. retour, m. sortie, f. REGRESS, s. retour, m. sortie, f. REGRESS, v. w. retourner, revenir. REGRET, s. regret, m. chagrin, m.

REGRET, v. a. regretter, se repentir.
REGULAR, adj. régulier, réglé.
REGULAR, s. un régulier.
REGULARLY, adv. régulièrement, réglément.
REGULARLY, adv. régulièrement, réglément.
REGULATLE, v. a. régler, ordonner, conduire.
REGULATOR, s. réglement, m. ordre, m.
REGULATOR, s. régulateur, m.
REGULATOR, s. régule, m.
REGULATTER, p. & m. rejetzt, repousser. REGURGITATE, v. a. & n. rejeter, repousser, REHABILITATION, s. rehabilitation, f. REHEAR, v. a. écoûter de nouveau. REHEARING, s. seconde audience. REHEARSAL, s. répétition, f. récit, m. BEHEARSE, v. a. répéter, redire, réciter. BEIGN, s. souveraineté, f. règue, m. REIGN, v. n. régner, dominer, être en vogue. REIGNING, adj. régnant, dominant. REINBURSE, v. a. rembourser. REIMBURSEMENT, s. remboursement, m. REIMPRESSION, s. reimpression d'un livre, f. REIN, s. rène, f. bride, f. [tenir. REIN, v. a. tenir en bride, gouverner, con-REINS, s. les reins, m. les rognons, m. REINSERT. v. n. insérer une seconde fois. REINSPIRE, v. a. inspirer de nouveau. REINSTALL, v. n. installer de nouveau. REINSTATE, r. s. retablir, remettre. REINSTATING, s. rétablissement, m. REINTEGRATE, v. a. réintégrer, rétablir. Reinvest, v. a. retablir. REJECT, v. a. rejeter, rebuter, renvoyer. REJECTABLE, adj. rejetable. REJECTION, s. l'action de rejeter REJOICE, v. a. & n. réjouir, se réjouir.
REJOICE, v. a. & n. réjouir, se réjouir.
REJOICING, s. réjouissance, f. joie, f.
REJOICING, adj. réjouissant, joyaux.
REJOICER, s. celui qui réjouit.
REJOIR, v. a. rejoindre; v. n. répliquer. REJOINDER, s. duplique, f. reponse à une réplique, f. REITERATION, s. réiteration, f. répétition, f. REJUDGE, v. a. juger, examiner de nouveau. REITERATE, v. a. réitérer, répéter. REKINDLE, v. a. raliumer. RELAND, r. a. remettre à terre, débarquer. RELAPSE, v. s. retomber, retomber malade. RELAPSE, s. rechûte, f. retour de malade, m. RELATE, v. a. reciter, rapporter, conter; v. m. se rapporter, avoir du rapport.
RELATED, part. ad/, rapporté, conté, racontó, dil, qui appartient à, apparenté.
RELATER, s. auteur d'une relation, m. RELATION, s. rapport, m. égard, m. relation, f. liaison, f. eonvenance, f. affinité, f. parenté, f. parent, m. récit, m. RELATIVE, adj. relatif, parent, m. BELATIVELY, adv. relativement, par rapport. RELAX, v. a. relâcher, lâcher, ceder, delasser; v. n. se ralentir. se radoucir. RELAXATION, s. relâchement, m. radoucisse-ment, m. relâchement, m. récréation, f. divertissement, m. RELAY, s. relais, s Belease, v. a. lächer, relächer, élargir, dé-livrer, dégager, décharger, exempter. Belease, s. élargissement, m. décharge, f. RELEGATE, v. a. releguer, exiler, bannir. RELEGATION, s. banissement, m. exil, m. RELEST, v. n. se radoucir, s'attendrir, ceder, s'abattre, s'affoiblir, diminuer. RELESTING, s. ralentissement, m. repentir, RELESTIES, adj. impitoyable, cruel. RELIANCE, s. confiance.

Relice, s. reste, m. relique, f. RELICT, s. une veuve. Relief, s. soulagement, m. adoucissement, m. aide, f. assistance, f. secours, m. Relievable, adj. à quoi l'on peut remédier. RELIEVE, v. u. soulager, adoucir, secourir; to relieve a sentry, relever une sentinelle. RELIEVER, s. celui qui soulage or adoucit. RELIEVO, s. relief, m. bosse, J. RELIGION, s. religion, f RELIGIONIST, s. un fanatique, un enthousiaste. RELIGIOUS, adj. religieux, pieux. [mcnt. RELIGIOUSIN, adv. religieusement, RELIGIOUSTESS, s. religion, f. piete, f. RELINQUISH, v. a. abandonner, quitter. RELINQUISHMENT, s. abandon, m. délaisse [ment, m. RELISH, s. gout, m. saveur, f. RELISH, v. a. donner du goût, goûter, approuver; r. n. avoir bon gout. RELISHABLE, adj. qui a bon goût. RELISHED, part. adj. qui a du goût, goûtê. RELISHING, s. approbation, f.
RELUCENT, adj. éclatant, brillant.
RELUCT, v. n. résister, s'opposer, combattre. RELUCTANCE, RELUCTANCY, gnance, f. RELUCTANT, adj. qui agit avec repugnance. RELY, v. n. se fier, se reposer, compter. REMAIN, v. n. rester, être de reste. REMAINDER, s. reste, m.; adj. restant. REMAINS, s. pl. restes, m. pl. reliques, f. pl. REMAND, v. a. renvoyer, rappeler. REMARK, s. remarque, f. observation, f. REMARK, v. a. remarquer, noter, observer. REMARKABLE, adj. remarquable. REMARKABLENESS, s. singularité, f. REMARKABLY, adv. remarquablement. REMARKER, s. observateur, m. REMEDIABLE, adj. à quoi l'on peut remédier.
REMEDIABLE, adj. irremédiable.
REMEDY, a remède, m. ressource, f. recours,
m. Past remedy, sans remède, incurable.
REMEDY, v. a. remédier, guérir, réparer. REMEMBER, v. a. se souvenir, retenir, se rappeler, faire ressouvenir. REMEMBERER, s. celui qui se souvient. REMEMBRANCE, s. souvenir, m. memoire, f. REMEMBRANCER, s. moniteur, m. secrétaire, REMIGRATE, v. n. retourner. REMIGRATION, s. retour d'une émigration, m. REMIND, v. a. faire souvenir. REMINISCENCE, s. reminiscence, f. REMISS, adj. lache, nonchalant, paresseux. REMISSIBLE, adj. remissible, pardonnable. REMISSION, s. remission, f. pardon, f. REMISSLY, adv. lachement, nonchalamment. REMISSNESS, s. lachete, f. nonchalance, f. REMIT, v. a. relacher, diminuer, affoiblir, adoucir, remettre, pardonner, quitter, ceder, relacher, envoyer, faire remettre, confier, laisser, abandonner; r. n. diminuer, s'affoiblir, s'adoucir. REMITMENT, REMITTANCE, s. remise, f. REMITTER, s. celui qui remet de l'argent. REMNANT, s. reste, m. restant, m.; adj. res-REMOLTEN, adj. refondu. [tant. REMONSTRANCE, s. remonstrance, f. REMONSTRATE, r.a. faire des remonstrances. REMORA, s. rémore; f. obstacle, m. REMORATE, v. a. empêcher, arrêter. Remorse, s. remords, m. synderèse, f. REMORSEPUL, adj. plein de remords, tendro REMORSELESS, adj. sans pitie, dur, cruel. REMOTE, adj. éloigné, reculé, étrangé.

REMOTELY, adv. loin. REMOTERESS, s. éloignement, st. distance, f. REMOVABLE, adj. amovible. REMOVAL, s. deplacement, m. delogement, m. depart, m. REMOVE, v. a. & n. deplacer, ôter, éloigner, renvoyer, demettre, transporter, transferer, deloger, démenager, changer de demeure. REMOVE,s. changement de place, m. eloignement, m. depart, m. REMOVER, s. celui qui ôte, qui déplace. REMOUNT, v. n. remonter. REMUNERABLE, adj. digne de récompense. REMUNERATE, v.a. réminérer, récompenser. REMUNERATION, s. remuneration, f. Remurmur, v. n. répéter le murmure, ré-RENARD, s. renard, m. [sonner. RENASCENT, adj. qui renaît. Douveau. RENASCIBLE, adj. qui peut être produit de RENCOUNTER, s. choc, m. rencontre, f. RENCOUNTER, v. n. se choquer, se rencon-REND, v. n. déchirer, mettre en pièces RENDER, v. a. rendre, donner, traduire. [m. RENDEZVOUS, s. assignation, f. rendez-vous, RENDEZVOUS, v. n. aller au rendez-vous. RENEGADE, RENEGADO, s. un renégat. RENEW, v. n. renouveler, recommencer. RENEWABLE, adj. qui peut être renouvelé. RENEWAL, s. renouvellement. RENITENCY, s. resistance, f. opposition, f. RENITENT, adj. qui fait ressort, qui resiste. RENNET, s. présure, f. reinette, f. RENOVATE, v. a. renouveler. RENOVATION, s. renouvellement, m. RENOUNCE, v. a. renoncer à, abandonner. RENOUNCEMENT, s. renonciation, RENOWN, s. renom, m. renommée, f. RENOWN, v. a. rendre fameux.

RENT, s. dechirure, f. rupture, f.; v. a. deRENT, s. rente, f. revenu, m. louage, m. RENT, v. a. louer, prendre or donner à louage. RENTABLE, adj. qui peut être loué. RENTAL, état ou revenu annuel d'un bien, m. RENTER, s. celui qui doit les rentes seigneuriales. RENUNCIATION, s. renonciation, f. RE-OBTAIN, v. a. obtenir de nouveau, rega-RE-ORDAIN, v. a. réordonuer. RE-ORDINATION, s. reordination, f. REPAIR, v. a. reparer, retablir, radoubler; v. a. aller, se retarer, retablir, radoubler; v. n. aller, se retirer, en aller, se reudre à. REPAIR, s. réparation, f. radoub, m. REPAIRER, s. réparation REPARABLE, adj. reparable. REPARATION, s. reparation, f. dedommage-REPARTEE, s. répartie, f. riposte, f. REPARTITION, s. répartition, f. subdivision, f. REPASS, v. a. & n. repasser, revenir. REPAST, s. repas, m. ; v. n. repaitre. REPAY, v. a. rembourser, rendre, reconnol-REPAYABLE, adj. remboursable. REPAYABILE, s. double payement, m. REPEAL, v. a. revoquer, annuller, casser.
REPEAL, s. revocation, f. abrogation, f. REPEAT, v. a repéter, redire, reiterer. REPEATEDLY, adv. souvent, de suite. REPEATER, s. répétiteur, m. montre à répé-REPEATING, s. repetition, f. REPEL, v. a. repousser, refuter, repercuter. REPELLENT, s. remede repercussif. REPELLER, s. celui qui repousse, repercussif.

REPERT, v. n. se repentir. REPERTANT, d. n. so rependir, m. repentance, f. REPERTANT, adj. repentant, pentient. [vens. REPEOPLE, n. a. repeupler, peupler de nou-REPERCUSSION, s. repercussion, f. reverhération, f. REPERCESSIVE, adj. repercussif. . REPERTORY, s. un recueil, un repertoire. REPETITION, s. répétition, f. redue, f. REPINE, v. n. être faché, se repentir. REPINER, s. murmurateur, m REPINING, s. chagrin, m. déplaisir, m. Repique, s. repic, m. ; v. a. faire repic. REPLACE, v. a. remplacer, replacer. REPLACE, s. remplacement, m. REPLANT, v. a. replanter. REPLEVIALE, v. a. remplir.

REPLETE, adj. rempli, entièrement plein, tout
REPLETION, s. réplétion, f. pléniude, f.
REPLEVIABLE, adj. recouvrable.
REPLEVIN. REPLEVIA. REPLEVIN, REPLEVY, s. mainlevée, f. REPLEVIN, REPLEVY, v. a. obtenir er donner la mainlevée. REPLICATION, s. réplique, f.
REPLY, s. réplique, f. repartie, f.
REPLY, v. a. & s. répliquer, repondra.
REPLYER, s. répondant, m. celui qui réplique REPORT, v. a. rapporter, dire. REPORT, s. bruit, m. rapport, m. recit, m. re-nom, m. coup, m. le bruit d'une arme à feu. REPORTER, s. rapporteur, m. REPOSE, s. repos, m. REPOSE, v. a. & n. reposer, mettre, commettre, confier, se reposer, se fier, se confier. REPOSITE, v. a. mettre. REPOSITION, s. retablissement, m. REPOSITORY, s. dépense, f. remise, f. REPOSSESS, v. a. recouvrer, rentrer en po REPREHEND, v. a. reprendre. REPREHENDER, s. censeur, m. REPREHENDING, s. censure, f. correction, f. REPREHENSIBLE, adj. reprehensible.
REPREHENSIBLY, adv. d'une manière repréhensible. REPREHENSION, s. réprimande, f. REPRESENT, v. a. représenter, faire voir. REPRESENTATION, s. representation, f. REPRESENTATIVE, adj. representatif REPRESENTATIVE, s. un representant. REPRESENTER, s. représentant, s REPRESENTMENT, s. représentation, f. REPRESS, r. a. réprimer, dompter, subjuguer. REPRESSER, s. celui qui reprime. REPRESSING, REPRESSION, c. suppre REPRESSIVE, adj. qui sert à reprimer. REPRIEVE, s. répit, m. délai, m. surseance. REPRIEVE, c. a. donner du répit, surscoit REPRIEVING, s. répit, sa. [l'execution. REPRIEVING, s. repit, m. REPRIMAND, s. réprimande, f. repréhen REPRIMAND, c. a. réprimander. REPRINT, v. a. re-imprimer. REPRINTING, s. seconde impression. REPRISE, s. reprise, f. charges, f. frais, m. REPROACH, v. a. reprocher. accuser, taxer. REPROACH, s. reproche, m. cemure, f. in-REPROACHABLE, adj. reprochable. [jure, f. REPROACHFULLY, adj. injurieux, outragesst. REPROACHFULLY, adv. injurieux outragesst. REPROEATE, adj. scélérat, réprouvé. REPROBATE, s. un scélérat, un réprouvé. REPROBATE, v. a. reprouver, conc REPROBATENESS, s. occierateme, f.

REPROBATION, s. reprobation, f. [nouvesu.] REPRODUCTION, s. reproduction, j REPROOF, s. censure, f. reprimande, f. REPROVABLE, adj. repréhensible. REPROVER, r. a. reprendre, censurer, repri-REPROVER, s. un censeur. [mander. REPTILE, s. un reptile; adj. reptile. REPUBLICAN, s. un républicain ; adj. répub-REPUBLICE, s. république, f. [licain. REPUDIABLE, adj. qu'ou peut or doit répu-REPUDIATE, c. a. répudier, renyoyer. [dicr., REPUDIATION, s. repudiation, f. divorce, m. REPUGN, r. n. repugner, être contraire. REPUGNANCE, REPUGNANCY, s. repugnance, f. REPUGRANTLY, adj. opposé, contraire.
REPUGRANTLY, adv. d'une manière contradictoire, avec répugnance, à contre cœur.
REPULSE, s. refus, m. rebuffade, f. REPULSE, r. a. repousser, refuser, rebuter. REPULSION, s. repulsion, f. REPULSIVE, adj. qui repousse, repulsif. REPURCHASE, v a. racheter. REPUTABLE, adj. honorable. [neur. REPUTABLY, adv. honorablement, avec hon-REPUTATION, s. reputation, f. renom, m. REPUTE, v. a. reputer, compter, tenir pour. REPUTE, s. reputation, f. renom, m.
REQUEST, s. requête, f. réquisition, f.
REQUEST, v. a. requérir, solliciter, prier.
REQUESTER, s. un suppliant. REQUICKEN, v. a. ranimer, faire revivre. REQUIEM, s. un réquiem. REQUIRABLE, adj. que l'on peut requérir. REQUIRE, v. a. demander, requerir, exiger. REQUISITE, adj. requis, necessaire. REQUISITE, s. chose requise or necessaire. REQUISITELY, adv. necessairement. REQUISITERESS, s. necessité. f. exigence, f. REQUITAL, s. retour, m. reconnoissance, REQUITE, v. a. rendre, reconnoitre. RESAIL, v. n. se rembarquer, remettre à la RESALE, s. vente de la seconde main, RESALUTE, r. a. resaluer, rendre le salut. RESCIND, r. a. rescinder, abolir, casser.
RESCISSION, s. rescision, f. abolition, f. casRESCISSORY, adj. rescisoire. [sation, f. RESCRIBE. v. a. récrire. Rescript, s. un rescrit. [gagner. RESCUE, r. a. sauver, préserver, secourir, re-RESCUE, s. recousse, f. reprisc. f. déli-RESCUER, s. libérateur, m. [vrance, f. RESEARCH, s. recherche, f. discussion, f. RESEARCH, v. a. rechercher, discuter. RESEAT, r. a. faire rasseoir, replacer. RESEMBLANCE, s. ressemblance. f. image, RESEMBLE, v. a. ressembler, être semblable. REHEMBLING, s. ressemblance, f.; alj. sem-(blable. RESENT, r. a. ressentir. RESENTFUL, adj. plein de ressentiment. RESENTINGLY, adv. sensiblement. RESENTINGLY, and. sensiblement.

RESENTMENT, s. ressentiment, m. sensibilité,
RESERVATION, s. réserve, f. réservation, f. RESERVATORY, s. reservoir, m. RESERVE, s. reserve, f. restriction, f. RESERVE, v. a. reserver, retenir, menager. RESERVED, adj. reserve, discret, modeste. RESERVEDLY, adv. avec reserve. RESERVEDNESS, s. réserve, f. retenue, f. RESERVER, s. celui qui reserve. RESERVOIR, s. reservoir, m. RESETTLE, v. a. retablir, rassurer. RESETTLEMENT, s. rétablissement, m.

RESIDE, v. n. résider, demeurer, tomber. RESIDENCE, s. residence, f. demeure, j RESIDENT, adj. résident ; s. un résident. RESIDENTIARY, adj. qui fait résidence. RESIDUAL, RESIDUARY, adj. qui concerne le RESIDUE, s. le résidu, le restant. [résidu. RESIGN, v. a. resigner, céder, abandonner. RESIGNATION, s. résignation, f. cession, f. RESIGNEE, s. resignatuire, m.
RESIGNEE, s. résignant, m.
RESIGNEE, s. résignant, m.
RESIGNEENENT, s. demission, f. soumission, f.
RESILIENCE, s. rejaillissement, m. RESILIENT, adj. rejaillissant, qui rejaillit.
RESILIATION, s. rejaillissement, m. RESIN, s. resine, Resin, s. resine, f. Resinous, adj. resineux. [tance, f. RESIPISCENCE, s. resipiscence, f. repen-RESIST, v. a. & n. resister, s'opposer. RESISTANCE, RESISTENCE, s. resistance, RESISTIBLLITY, s. puissance de resister, f. RESISTIBLE, adf. qui peut résister. RESISTLESS, adf. irrésistible. RESOLVABLE, adj. résoluble. RESOLUBLE, adj. resoluble, dissoluble RESOLVE, v. a. résoudre, éclaireir, décider, déterminer, expliquer, dissoudre, fondre, réduire; v. n. se résoudre, se déterminer, se décider, se réduire.

[sien, f. RESOLVE, s. résolution, f. dessein, m. déci-RESOLVEDLY, adv. résolument. RESOLVEDNESS, s. résolution, f. fermeté, f. RESOLVENT, s. un dissolvant. RESOLVENT, s. celui qui resout, dissolvant m. RESOLVING, s. solution, f. [constant. RESOLUTE, adj. resolu, determine, ferme, RESOLUTELY. See Resolvedly. RESOLUTIVE, as joilting, f. décision, f. dissolution, f. danalyse, f. reduction, f. détermination f. dessein, m. délibération, f. fermeté, f. constance, f.
RESOLUTIVE, adj. résolutif, qui dissout. RESONANCE, s. son, m. resonnement, m. RESONANT, adj. resonant, retentissant. RESORT, r. n. avoir recours, aller, se rendre, aborder, affluer, échoir, RESORT, s. recourse, m. ressource, f. refuge, m. concours, m. affluence, f. RESORTED-TO, adj. fréquenté. [peter. RESOUND, v. n. & a. résonner, retentir, ré-RESOUNDING, s. resonnement, m. RESOUNDING, adj. resonnant. [tissante. RESOUNDINGLY, adv. d'une manière reten-RESOURCE, F. respource, f. moyen, m.
RESPECT, s. respect, m. egard, m. attention, f. estime, f. honneur, f. déférence, f. rapport, m. raison, f. motif, m. In some respect. à quelque égard. In respect of, prep. en comparaison de. RESPECT, v. a. respecter, honorer, révérer. RESPECTER, s. celui qui fait acception des personnes. RESPECTIVE, adj. respectueux. RESPECTIVE, adv. respectiveusement. RESPECTIVE, adj. respectif, particulier. RESPECTIVELY, adv. respectivement, relativement, par rapport, en comparaison au RESPIRATION, s. respiration, f. [prix. RESPIRE, n. n. respirer, se reposer.
RESPIRE, z. répit, m. surséance d'exécution, f. délai, m. relâche, f. repos, m.
RESPITE, r. a. donner du répit, soulager. RESPLENDENCE, RESPLENDENCY, s. splendeur, f. éclat, m. RESPLENDENT, adj. brillant, éclatant.

REPERT, v. n. se repentir.

REMOTERESS, s. éloignement, m. distance, f. REMOVALL, s. déplacement, m. délogement, m. délogement, m. délogement, REMOTELY, adv. lein. m. départ, m. REMOVE, v. a. & n. deplacer, ôter, éloigner, renvoyer, demettre, transporter, transferer, deloger, demenager, changer de demeure. REMOVE,s. changement de place, m. éloignement, m. depart, m. REMOVER, s. celui qui ôte, qui deplace. REMOUNT, v. n. remonter. REMUNERABLE, adj. digne de récompense. REMUNERATE, v. a. rémunérer, récompenser. Remuneration, s. rémunération, f. REMURMUR, v. n. répéter le murmure, ré-RENARD, s. renard, m. [sonner. RENASCENT, adj. qui renaît. fuouveau. RENASCIBLE, adj. qui peut être produit de RENCOUNTER, s. choc, m. rencontre, f. RENCOUNTER, v. n. se choquer, se rencon-REND, v. n. déchirer, mettre en pièces. RENDER, v. a. rendre, donner, traduire. [m. RENDEZVOUS, s. assignation, f. rendez-vous, RENDEZVOUS, v. n. aller au rendez-vous. RENEGADE, RENEGADO, s. un renégat. RENEW, v. n. renouveler, recommencer. REBEWABLE, adj. qui peut être renouvelé. RENEWAL, s. renouvellement. RENITENCY, s. resistance, f. opposition, f. RENITENT, adj. qui fait ressort, qui resiste. RENNET, s. presure, f. reinette, f. REFOVATE, v. a. renouveler. RENOVATION, s. renouvellement, m. Renounce, v. a. renoncer à, abandonner. RENOUNCEMENT, s. renonciation, f. RENOWN, s. renom, m. renommee, f. RENOWN, v. a. rendre fameux. [chirer. RENT, s. déchirure, f. rupture, f. v. a. dé-RENT, s. rente, f. revenu, m. lounge, m. RENT, v. a. louer, prendre or donner à louage. RENTABLE, adj. qui peut être loué. RENTAL, état ou revenu annuel d'un bien, m. RENTER, s. celui qui doit les rentes seigneuriales. RENUNCIATION, s. renonciation, f. [gner. RE-OBTAIN, v. a. obtenir de nouveau, rega-RE ORDAIN, v. a. réordonuer. RE-ORDINATION, s. reordination, f. [veau. REPACIFY, v. a. pacifier, appaiser de nou-REPAIR, v. a. réparer, rétablir, radoubler; v. n. alier, se retirer, en aller, se reudre à. REPAIR, s. réparation, f. radoub, m. REPAIRER, s. réparateur, m. REPARABLE, adj. reparable. ment, m. REPARATION, s. reparation, f. dedommage-REPARTEE, s. répartie, f. riposte, f. REPARTEE, v. a. repliquer, riposter.
REPARTITION, a. repartition, f. subdivision, f.
REPASS, v. a. & n. repasser, revenir. REPAST, s. repas, m. , v. n. repaitre. REPAY, v. a. rembourser, rendre, reconnol-REPAYABLE, adj. remboursable. REPAYABLE, s. double payement, m. REPEAL, v. a. revoquer, annuller, casser. REPEAL, s. revocation, f. abrogation, f. REPEAT, v. a répéter, redire, réiterer. REPEATEDLY, adv. souvent, de suite. REPEATER, s. répétiteur, m. montre à répé-REPEL, v. a. repousser, refuter, repercuter. REPELLENT, s. remede repercussif. REPELLER, s. celui qui repousse, repercussif.

REPENTANCE, s. repentir, m. repentance, f. REPENTANT, adj. repentant, pentent. [veau. REPEOPLE, v. a. repeupler, peupler de nou-REPERCUSSION, s. repercussion, f. réverbération, f. REPERCUSSIVE, adj. repercussif. . REPERTORY, s. un recueil, un repertoire. REPETITION, s. repetition, f. redite, f. REPINE, r. n. être faché, se repentir. REPINER, s. murmurateur, m REPINING, s. chagrin, m. deplaisir, m. REPIQUE, s. repic, m. ; v. a. faire repic. REPLACE, v. a. remplacer, replacer. REPLACE, s. remplacement, s. REPLANT, v. a. replanter. Replenish, v. a. remplir. REPLETE, adj. rempli, entirement plein, tout REPLETION, s. repletion, f. pleninde, f. REPLEVIABLE, adj. recouvrable. REPLEVIN, REPLEVY, s. mainlevés, REPLEVIA, REPLEVY, v. a. obtenir or done ner la mainlevée REPLICATION, s. replique, f. REPLY, s. replique, f. repartie, f. REPLY, v. a. & s. repliquer, repositre REPLYER, s. repondant, m. celui qui replique. REPORT, v. a. rapporter, dire. REPORT, s. bruit, m. rapport, m. récit, m. re-nom, m. coup, m. le bruit d'une arme à feu. REPORTER, s. rapporteur, m. REPOSE, s. repos, m. REPOSE, v. a. & n. reposer, mettre, commettre, confier, se reposer, se fier, se confier. REPOSITE, v. a. mettre. REPOSITION, a. retablissement, m. REPOSITORY, s. dépense, f. remise, f. REPOSSESS, v. a. recouvrer, rentrer en po REPREHEND, v. a. reprendre. REPREHENDER, s. censeur, m. REPREHENDING, s. ceasure, f. correction, f. REPREHENSIBLE, adj. reprehensible.
REPREHENSIBLY, adv. d'une manière repréhensible. REPREHENSION, s. reprimande, f. REPREHENSIVE, adj. porté à reprimander. REPRESENT, v. a. représenter, faire voir. REPRESENTATION, s. representation, f. REPRESENTATIVE, adj. representatif REPRESENTATIVE, s. un representant. REPRESENTER, s. représentant, m. REPRESENTMENT, s. représentation, f. REPRESS, v. a. réprimer, dompter, subjuguer. REPRESSER, s. celui qui reprime. REPRESSING, REPRESSION, s. suppression, REPRESSIVE, adj. qui sert à reprimer. REPRIEVE, s. répit, m. délai, m. surseance, REPRIEVE, e. a. donner du répit, sursaoir REPRIEVING, s. répit, m. [l'execution. REPRIMAND, s. réprimande, f. reprében REPRIMAND, v. a. réprimander. REPRINT, v. a. ré-imprimer. REPRINTING, s. seconde impression. REPRISAL, REPRISALS, s. represailles, f. pl. REPRISE, s. reprise, f. charges, f. frais, s REPROACH, v. a. reprocher, accuser, taxer. REPROACH. 4. reproche, m. censure, f. in-REPROACHABLE, adj. reprochable. [jure, f. REPROACHFUL, adj. injurieux, ourrageaut. REPROACHFULLY, ede. injuriousement REPROEATE, odj. scélérat, réprouvé. REPROBATE, s. un scélérat, un réprouve. REPROBATE, v. a. réprouver, condemner REPROBATENESS, s. sceleratesso, f.

REPROBATION, s. reproduire, f. [nouveau.]
REPRODUCE, v. a. reproduire, produire de REPRODUCTION, s. reproduction, f. REPROOF, s. censure, f. reprimande, f. REPROVABLE, adj. repréhensible. REPROVE, v. a. reprendre, censurer, repri-REPROVER, s. un censeur. [mander. REPTILE, s. un reptile; adj. reptile. REPUBLICAN, s. un republicain; adj. repub-REPUBLICE, s. republique, f. [licain. REPUDIABLE, adj. qu'on peut or doit répu-REPUDIATE, v. a. répudier, renvoyer. [dier., REPUDIATION, s. répudiation, f. divorce, m. REPUGN, r. n. repuguer, être contraire. REPUGNANCE, REPUGNANCY, s. 1 REPUGNANCE gnance, f.
REPUGNANT, adj. opposé, contraire. REPUGNANTLY, adv. d'une manière contradictoire, avec répugnance, à contre cour. Repulse, s. refus, m. rebuffade, f. REPULSE, r. a. repousser, refuser, rebuter. REPULSION, s. repulsion, f. REPULSIVE, adj. qui repousse, repulsif. REPURCHASE, v a. racheter. REPUTABLE, adj. honorable. [neur. REPUTABLY, adv. honorablement, avec hon-REPUTATION, s. réputation, f. renom, m. REPUTE, v. a. réputer, compter, tenir pour. REPUTE, s. reputation, f. renom, m. REQUEST, s. requête, f. requisition, f. REQUEST, v. a. requerir, solliciter, prier. REQUESTER, s. un suppliant. REQUICEEN, v. a. ranimer, faire revivre. REQUIEM, s. un réquiem. REQUIRE, v. a. demander, requerir, exiger. Requisite, adj. requis, nécessaire. REQUISITE, s. chose requise or necessaire. REQUISITELY, adv. necessairement. REQUISITENESS, s. mecessité, f. exigence, REQUITAL, s. retour, m. reconnoissance, f RESAIL, v. n. se rembarquer, remettre à la RESALE, s. vente de la seconde main, RESALUTE, r. a. resaluer, rendre le salut. RESCIED, r. a. rescinder, abolir, casser. RESCISSION, s. rescision, f. abolition, f. cas-RESCISSORY, adj. rescisoire. [sation, f. RESCRIBE. v. a. recrire. Rescript, s. un rescrit. [gagner. RESCUE, r. a. sauver, preserver, serourir, re-RESCUER, s. recousse, f. reprise, f. déli-RESCUER, s. libérateur, m. [vrance, f. RESEARCH, s. recherche, f. discussion, f. RESEARCH, v. a. rechercher, discuter. RESEAT, r. a. faire rasseoir, replacer. RESEMBLANCE, s. ressemblance. f. image, RESEMBLE, v. a. ressembler, être semblable. RESEMBLING, s. ressemblance, f.; alj. sem-RESENT, v. a. ressentir. fblable. RESENTIUL, adj. plein de ressentiment. RESENTINGLY, adv. sensiblement. RESERVINGLY, adv., sensiblement.

[f. RESERVATION, s. ressentiment, m. sensibilité, RESERVATION, s. réserve, f. réservation, f. RESERVATOR, s. réserve, f. restriction, f. RESERVE, s. réserve, f. restriction, f. RESERVE, v. a. réserver, retenir, memger. RESERVED, adj. réservé, discret. modeste. RESERVED, adj. reserve, discret, modeste. RESERVEDLY, adv. avec reserve. RESERVEDNESS, s. réserve, f. retenue, f. RESERVER, s. celui qui reserve. RESERVOIR, s. reservoir, m. RESETTLE, v. a. rétablir, rassurer. RESETTLEMENT, s. rétablissement, m.

RESIDE, v. n. résider, demeurer, tomber. RESIDENCE, s. résidence, f. demeure, RESIDENT, adj. resident; s. un resident. RESIDENTIARY, adj. qui fait résidence. RESIDUAL, RESIDUARY, adj. qui concerne le [résidu. RESIDUE, s. le résidu, le restant. RESIGN, v. a. resigner, ceder, abandonner. RESIGNATION, s. resignation, f. cession, f. Residuee, s. resignataire, m RESIGNER, s. resignant, m.
RESIGNMENT, s. demission, f. soumission, f. RESILIENCE, s. rejaillissement, m. RESILIENT, adj. rejaillissant, qui rejaillit. RESILIATION, s. rejaillissement, m. RESIN, s. resine, f. RESINOUS, adj. resineux. [tance, f. RESIPISCENCE, s. resipiscence, f. RESIST, v. a. & n. resister, s'opposer. RESISTANCE, RESISTENCE, s. resistance, RESISTIBLLITY, s. puissance de résister, f. RESISTIBLE, adj. qui peut résister. RESISTLESS, adj. irrésistible. RESISTLESS, adj. irrésistible.
RESOLVABLE, adj. résoluble, dissoluble.
RESOLVE, v. a. résoluble, dissoluble.
RESOLVE, v. a. résoluble, éclaireir, décider, décider, décider, idécider, se décider, se résolure, se décider, se réduire.
RESOLVE, s. résolument.
RESOLVEDLY, adv. résolument. RESOLVEDNESS, s. resolution, f. fermete, f. RESOLVENT, s. un dissolvant. RESOLVENT, s. celui qui resout, dissolvant m. RESOLVENG, & solution, f. [constant. RESOLUTE, adj. resolu, determine, ferme, RESOLUTELY. See Resolvedly. (constant. RESOLUTION, s. solution, f. décision, f. dissolution, f. analyse, f. reduction, f. determination f. dessein, m. délibération, f. fermeté, f. constance, f. RESOLUTIVE, adj. resolutif, qui dissout. RESONANCE, s. son, m. resonnement, m. RESONANT, adj. resonant, retentissant. RESORT, r. n. avoir recours, aller, se rendre, aborder, affluer, échoir, RESORT, s. recourse, m. ressource, f. refuge, m. concours, m. affluence, f.
RESORTED-TO, adj. fréquenté.
RESOUND, v. n. & a. résonner, retentir, ré-RESOUNDING, s. resonnement, m. RESOUNDING, adj. resonnant. [tissante. RESOUNDINGLY, adv. d'une manière reten-RESOURCE, s. ressource, f. moyen, m.
RESPECT, s. respect, m. égard, m. attention, f. estime, f. honneur, f. déférence, f. rapport, m. raison, f. motif, m. In some respect à quelque égard. In respect of, prep. en comparaison de. RESPECT, v. a. respecter, honorer, révérer. RESPECTER, s. celui qui fait acception des personnes. RESPECTIVL, adj. respectueux. RESPECTFULLY, adv. respectueusement. RESPECTIVE, adj. respectif, particulier. RESPECTIVELY, adv. respectivement, relativement, par rapport, en comparaison au RESPIRATION, s. respiration, f. [prix. RESPIRE, v. n. respirer, se reposer.
RESPITE, s. répit, m. surséance d'exécution,
f. délai, m. relâche, f. repos, m.
RESPITE, v. a. donner du répit, soulager. RESPLENDENCE, RESPLENDENCY, s. splendeur, f. éclat, m RESPLENDENT. adj. brillant, eclatant.

RETICULATED, adj. fait en forme de rets or de RETINUE, s. cyttège, m. train, m. suite, f.

RETIRE, s. retraite, f. [traite. RETIREDLY, adv. solitairement, dans la re-

RETIRE, r. n. & a. se retirer, s'en aller

RETICULAR, adj. réticulaire.

RESPONDENT, s. repondant, caution, f. RESPONSE, s. reponse, f. replique, RESPONSIBLE, adj. responsable, solvable. RESPONSION, s. surété, f. cautionnement, s RESPONSIVE, RESPONSORY, adj. qui repond. REST, s. sommeil, m. répos, m. relâche, m. paix, f. tranquillité, f. reste, m. restant, m. résidu, m. pause, f. rest for a musket, une fourchette : rest of a lance, arrêt de lance, m. REST, v. я. reposer, dormir, avoir l'esprit tranquille, prendre du repos, cesser de travailler, porter, poser sur, s'appuyer, se reposer sur, consister en, faire reposer. RESTAURATION, s. restauration, RESTFUL, adj. qui repose, traquille.
REST-HARROW, s. arrête-bosuf, ss.
RESTIFFE, adj. rétif, opiniâtre, entêté.
RESTIFEESS, s. qualité d'un cheval rétif, opiniâtres de chainnian f. national de cha nittreté, f. obstination, f. naturel rétif. RESTING, s. repos, m. relache, m. RESTING-PLACE, s. lieu de repos, m. RESTITUTION, restitution, retablissement, RESTLESS, adj. qui ne dort point, inquiet. RESTLESSLY, adv. sans reposer, sans dormir. RESTLESSNESS, s. insomnie, f. inquiétude, f. RESTORABLE, adj. qu'on peut rétablir. RESTORATION, s. restauration, RESTORATIVE, adj. restauratif. RESTORATIVE, s. un restaurant. [rétablir. RESTORE, v. a. rendre, restituer, restaurer, Restorer, s. restaurateur, m. RESTORING, s. restitution, f. restauration, f. RESTRAIN, v. a. retenir, réprimer, empêcher, detourner, restreindre, limiter. RESTRAINABLE, adj. qui peut être restreint. RESTRAINEDLY, adn. avec contrainte. RESTRAINER, s. celui qui reprime or retient. RESTRAINT, s. contrainte, f. opposition, f. empechement, m. restriction, f. géne, f. RESTRICTION, s. restriction, f. limitation, f. RESTRICTIVE, adj. qui restreint, astringent. RESTRICTIVELY, adv. avec restriction. RESTRINGE, r. a. restreindre, resserrer. RESTRINGENT, adj. & s. restringent. RESTY, adj. retif, opiniatre. RESULT, v. n. résulter, s'ensuivre, rejaillir. RESULT, s. resultat, m. suite, f. effet, m. RESUMABLE, adj. qui se peut reprendre. RESUME, r. a. reprendre, resumer, renouer. RESUMMONS, s. reajournement, m. RESUMPTION, s. reprise, f. reuniou, f. RESURRECTION, s. resurrection, f. [veiller. RESUSCITATE, v.a. resusciter, renouveler, re-RESUSCITATION, s. resurrection, f. RETAIL, v. a. morceler, detailler, vendre en RETAIL, s. detail, m. RETAILER, s. detailleur, m. [détail. RETAIN, v. a. & n. retenir, garder, gager, engager, prendre, se ressouvenir. RETAINER. s. adherent, m. partisau, m. RETAKE, r. a. reprendre, rattraper. RETALIATE, v. a. rendre la pareille, se re-RETALIATION, s. révanche, f. [vancher. RETARD, v. a. & n. retarder, arrêter. RETARDATION,s. retard, m. empêchement,m. RETARDER, s. ce qui retarde, obstacle, m. RETARDING, s. retardement, m. RETCH, v. n. faire effort pour vomir, vomir. RETENTION, s. retention. f. memoire, f. RETENTIVE, adj. qui retient, fidèle. RETENTIVENESS, s. qualité de retenir. RETICENCE, s. réticence, f. RETICLE, s. un petit filet.

RETIREDNESS, s. retraite, f. vie solitaire, f. RETIREMENT, s. retraite, f. solitude, f. RETIRINGLY, adr. en reculant, en se retirant. RETORT, r. a. retorquer, recriminer. RETORT, s. retorte, f. replique, f. RETORTER, s. celui qui retorque. RETORTION, s. retorsion, f. RETOSS, v. a. rejeter, repousser. RETOUCH, v. a. retoucher. REVERENTIALLY, REVERENTLY, adv. respectueusement. REVERSAL, s. cassation, f. REVERSE, v. a. & n. détruire, renverser, abolir, annuler, casser, révoquer. REVERSE, s. revers, m. le contraire, l'opposé, m. changement, m. vicissiude, f. in-REVERSIBLE, adj. révocable. [verse, sa. REVERSION, s. réversion, f. survivance, f. REVERSIONARY, adj. dost on a la servivance. REVERT, v. a. & n. changer, tourner en ar-REVERT, v. retour, m. [rière, réfléchir. REVERTIBLE, adj. réversible. REVERY, s. réverie, f. songe, m. REVEST, v. a. revêur, restaurer, rétablir. REVESTIARY, REVESTRY, s. revestiaire, s REVICTION, s. retour à la vie, m. resuscita-REVICTUAL, v. a. ravitailler. [tion, f REVICTUALLING, s. ravitaillement, m. REVIEW, s. revue, f. recherche, f. vue, f. REVIEW, v. a. revoir, faire la revue. REVILE, s. reproche, m. injure, f. REVILE, v. a. injurier, outrager de paroles. REVILKR, s. celui qui injure. REVILING, s. injuries, f. pl. outrage, ss.
REVILINGLY, adr. injurieusement, avec reREVISAL, s. revue, f. révision, f. [proche.
REVISE, s. revue, f. seconde épreuve. REVISE, r. a. revoir, examiner de nouveau. REVISER, s. celui qui revoit, reviseur, s. REVISION, s. revision, f. revue, f. REVISIT, v. a. revisiter de nouveau. REVIVAL, s. retablissement, renouvellement. REVIVE, r. a. faire revivre, resusciter, renouveler; v. n. revivre. REVIVER, s. ce qui ranime, restaurateur, m. REVIVIFICATE, c. a. reviviner. REVIVIFICATION, s. revivification, f. REVIVISCENCY, s. renaissance, f. REUNION, s. réunion. f. REUNITE, r. a. rejoindre, réunir; r. s. se ré-REUNITING, s. réunion, f. REVOCABLE, adj. révocable. REVOCATE, v. a. révoquer, rappeler. REVOCATION, s. rappel, m. revocation, f. REVOLE, v. a. & n. revoquer, annuller. REVOLT, s. revolte, f. soulèvement, m. REVOLT, v. n. se révolter, se rebeller. REVOLTER, s. rebelle, m. & f. rénégat, m. REVOLUER, s. rebelle, m. & f. rénégat, m. REVOLUE, v. a. & n. rouler, tourner. REVOLUTION, s. révolution f. tour, m. REVULSION, s. révolution d'humeurs, f. REWARD, s. récompense, f.; v. a. récompenser. REWARDABLE, adj. digne de recompense. Rewarder, s. remunerateur, m. [compilateur. REWORD, v. a. repeter. RHAPSODIST, s. un feseur de rapaodies, un

RHAPSODY, s. rapsodie, f. compilation, f. RHENISH, s. du vin du Rhin, m. RHETOR, s. un rbeteur. RHETORICAL, adj. de rhetorique. RHETORICE, s. la rhetorique. RHETORICALLY, adv. en orateur, avec élo-quence. RHETORICATE, v. m. faire l'orateur. RHETORICIAN, s. un rhétoricien, un rhéteur. RHEUM, s. un rhume, enchifrenement, m. RHEUMATICK, adj. de rhume, enrhume. RHEUMATISM, s. rhumatisme, m. RHEUMY, adj. rempli d'une humeur aqueuse. RHINOCEROS, s. un rhinoceros. RHOMB, s. rhombe, m. losange, m. RHOMBICK, adj. fait en forme de rhombe. RHOMBOID, s. rhomboide, m. RHOMBOIDAL, adj. qui approche de la figure. RHUBARD, s. rhubarbe, f. [rimer. RHYME, s. rime, f. vers, m. poësie, f., v. s. RHYMER, RHYMSTER, s. rimeur, m. poëte, m. RHYTHMICAL, adj. harmonique. RIB, s. côte du corps, f. RIBALD, s. un débauché, un ribaud. RIBALDRY, s. paroles déshonnétes, f. obscénites, f. saletes, f. KIBAND, s. un ruban. RIBBED, part. adj. garni de côtes, à côtes. RIBBLE-RABBLE, s. rebut, m. drogue, f. fre-Ribble-Row, s. enfilade. (un, m. Ribbon, s. ruban, m. Ricz, s. riz, m. [bondant. RICH, adj. & s. riche, opulent, RICHES, s. richesse, f. opulence, f. fertile, a-RICHLY, adv. richement, abondamment. RICHNESS, s. richesse, f. opulence, f. Rick, s. un tas, un monceau. RICKETS, s. nœud, m. rachitis, m. RICKETY, adj. noue. RID, n. a. délivrer, débarrasser, dégager. RID, part. adj. délivré, débarrassé. RIDDANCE, s. délivrance, f. défaite, f. RIDDEN, part. adj. outre, surmene. RIDDLE, s. une énigme, un crible. RIDDLE, v. a. expliquer, cribler. RIDE, s. promenade à cheval or en carosse, RIDE, v. n. aller à cheval or en voiture, mon-ter à cheval, être porté sur or soutenu, arrêté par, être à l'ancre or sur le mer; v. a. outer, surneuer, gouverner, maîtriser.
RIDER, s. un cavalier, un écuyer, feuille
ajoutée, postscriptum, m.
RIDER, s. l'épine du dos, f. sommet, m. A
ridge tile, une faîtière. A ridge band, la ridge tile, une faitière. dossière d'un harnois. RIDGE, v. a. hausser, elever. RIDGED, part. adj. haussé, élevé, cannelé. RIDGY, adj. élevé, fait en dos d'ane. RIDICULE, s. ridicule, m.; v. a. ridiculiser. RIDICULOUS, adj. ridicule, impertinent. RIDICULOUSLY, adv. ridiculement. RIDICULOUSNESS, s. le ridicule. RIDING, s. district, m. canton, m. pays, m. RIDING, s. l'action d'aller à cheval, &c. RIDING-CAP, s. un tapabor, un bonnet de RIDING-COAT, s. une redingote. [voyage. RIDING-HABIT, s. habit de cheval, m. RIDING-HOOD, s. une cape de femme. RIDING-ROD, s. houssine, f. RIE, s. seigle, m. RIFE, adj. qui règne, qui domine, abondant. RIFENESS, s. abondance, f. quantité, f. RIFF-BAFF, s. rebut, s.. chose de néant, f. RIFLE, v. a. enlever, piller, rayer, carabiner. RIPENESS, s. maturité, f. perfection, f.

RIFLER, s. un voleur, un pillard. RIFT, s. fente, f. cresse, f. RIFT, v. a. & n. fendre, crevasser, crever, . se fendre. RIG, s. sommet, m. cheval à demi-chatré, m. plaisanterie, f. une garçonnière. Ric, v. a. équiper, accourrer, funer, agréer. RIGADOON, s. un rigodon. RIGGED, part. adj. equipé, agréé, funé. RIGGER, s. l'agréeur d'un vaisseau. m. RIGGING, s. les agrés, pl. m. les manœuvres, pl. f. funin or cordage d'un vaisseau, m. RIGGLE, v. n. s'agiter, se remuer. RIGHT, adj. droit, direct, honnête, juste, équitable, vrai, parfait, convenable, bon, naturel. RIGHT, interj. bon! fort bien! à merveille! RIGHT, adn. bien, très, fort, parfaitement, droit, directement, à raison. RIGHT, s. droit, m. justice, f. equite, f. raison, f. privilège, m. pouvoir, m. Rібнт, v. a. faire droit, faire justice. RIGHTEOUS, adj. droit, juste, honnête. RIGHTEOUSLY, adv. justement, avec justice. RIGHTEOUSNESS, s. droiture, f. justice, f. é-RIGHTEOUSNESS, s. droiture, f. justice, f. krightfullt, adj. légitime. et droit, f. RIGHTFULLY, adv. légitimement, de droit. RIGHTFULNESS, s. rectitude, f. équité, f. RIGHTLY, adv. bien, comme il convient. RIGHTNESS, s. rectitude, f. droiture, f. RIGID, adj. inflexible, rigide, severe. RIGIDITY, s. roideur, f. inflexibilite, f. RIGIDLY, adv. rigidement, severement. RIGIDNESS, s. rigidité, f. rigueur, f. severité, RIGOL, s. cercle, m. diadème, m. regole, f. RIGOUR, s. rigueur, f. sevérile, f. RIGOROUS, adj. rigoureux, rigide, dur. RIGOROUSLY, adv. rigoureusement. RILL, RILLET, s. un petit ruisseau. RILL, v. n. ruisseler, couler. RIM, s. bord, m. extrémité, f. enveloppe, f. RIME, s. verglas, m. frimas, m. bruine, f. brouillard, m. un trou, une fente. RIME, v. a. geler legèrement. RIMPLE, v. a. chiffonner, froisser, plier. Rimy, adj. humide, plein de brouillards. RIND, s. ecorce, f., v. n. oter l'écorce. RINDED, adj. qui a de l'écorce. Ring, s. bague, f. anneau, m. cercle, m. son-nerie, f. son, m. bruit, m.; ring of an an-chor, l'arganeau d'une ancre, m., ring of a coin, cordon or filet de monnoie, m. ; ring of a handle, virole de manche, f.; ring of a manege, la bélière. RING, v. a. & n. sonner, resonner, retentir, mettre un anneau, boucler. Ring-Dovn, s. un pigeon ramiers RINGER, s. un sonneur de cloches. RING-LEADER, s. le chef d'une faction. RINGLET, s. un petit anneau, un cercle. Ring-worm, s. un dartre. RINSE, v. a. laver, rincer. RIOT, s. débauche, f. excès, m. émute, f. RIOT, v. n. faire des excès de débanche, être séditieux, cabaler. RIOTER, s. un débauché, un séditioux. RIOTOUS. adj. débauché, séditieux. RIOTOUSLY, adv. en débauché, en séditieux. RIP, v. a. déchirer, fendre, arracher, rouvrir, découvrir, dévoiler. RIPE, adj. mur. RIPE, RIPEN, v. a. & n. mūrir, devenir mūr. RIPELY, ādv. mûrement, à propos.

RIPPER, s. cetui qui déchire, qui découvre. RIPPLE, v. a. & n. couler doucement RISE, v. a. & n. se lever, se tenir debout, sortir du lit, se relever, lever, s'élever, sortir, jalllir, avoir sa source, venir, provenir, proceder, s'enfler, grossir, monter, croitre, augmenter, hausser, parvenir, se soulever. RISE, s. lever, m. cause, f. principe, m. naissance, f. origine, f. augmentation f. avancement, m. elevation, f. accroissement, m. RISIBILITY . s. disposition à rire, f. RISIBLE, adj. risible, ridicule. RISING, s. l'action de se lever, &c. f. un soulevement, une révoite or rebellion ; rising of a hill, le penchant d'une colline ; rising of the skin, une tumeur, une enflure. RISING, adj. levant, naissant; rising grand, hauteur, f. éminence, f.; rising man, un homme qui s'élève, qui s'avance. RISK, s. risque, m. hasard, m. peril, m. RISK, v. a. risquer, hasarder, aventurer. RITE, s. rit or rite, m. cérémonie religieuse. Funeral rites, funerailles, obseques. RITUAL, adj. rituel, solemnel; s. rituel. RITUALIST, s. ritualiste, m. rubricaire, m. RIVAL, s. & adj. un rival, rival. RIVAL, r. a. être rival de quelqu'un. RIVALITY, RIVALRY, s. rivalité. f. RIVALSHIP, s. rivalité. f. concurrence, f. RIVE, v. a. fendre, entrouvrir. RIVEL, v. a. froncer, flétrir. RIVER, s. une rivière, une fleuve. RIVET, s. un clou rive, un rivet. RIVET, v. a. river, imprimer, graver dans RIVULET, s. un petit ruisseau. [l'esprit. RIX-DOLLAR, s. risdale, f. ROACH, s. (a fish rouget, m. gardon, m. ROACH, s. route, f. grand chemin, m. ROAM, v. a. & n. roder, courir or aller ça et ROAMER, s. un rodeur. Ha. ROAN, adj. rouan. fder. ROAR, v.n. rugir, mugir, meugler, crier, grou-ROAR, s. rugissement, m. bruit, m. ROARY, adj. couvert de rosée. ROAST, v. a. rôur, cuire devant le feu. ROAST, adj. rôti. Roast meat, de la viande ROB, v. a. & n. voler, dérober. [rotie. ROBBER, s. un voleur, un brigand. ROBBERT, s. vol, m. friponnerie, Robbing, s. vol, m. action de voler, f. Robe, s. robe, f.; v. a. mettre son habit de cerémonie. ROBIN-RED-BREAST, s. rouge-gorge, m. & f. ROBINS or ROBBINS, s. pl. cordelettes, f. pl. Robon rous, adj. fait de chêne. Robust, adj. robuste, vigoureux. ROBUSTNESS, s. force, f. vigueur, f. ROCAMBULE, s. rocambole, f. ROCHE-ALUM, s. alun de roche, m. ROCHET, s. un rochet, un surplis. ROCK, s. un roc, un rocher, une roche. Rock, v. a. agiter, secouler, remuer, calmer, bercer; v. n. se remuer, chanceler, branler. ROCKER, s. une berceuse. ROCKET, s. requet, f. fusée volante. ROCKY, adj. plein de rochers. Ron. s. verge, f. baguette, f. perche, f. angling rod, une ligne de pecheur.

tuin rod, une tringle. [nad $\mathbf{A}n$ Cur-[nade, f. RODOMONTADE, s. rodomontade, f. fanfaron-RODOMONTADE, v. n. faire le rodomont. Roz, s. chevrette, f. ceufs de poisson, m. pl.

A Roc-buck, un chevreuil. Hard roc. Hard roe, Rory, adi. gluant, visqueux, qui file.

œuf de poissons, m. Soft roe, luits de poissons. J. ROGATION, s. rogation, f. prière, f. ROGUE, s. un coquin, un fripon, un voleur. Rogue, v. n. friponner, faire le vagabond. ROGUERY, s. la vie d'un vagabond, friposnerie, f. tour de coquin, se ROGUISH, adj. vagabond, mechant, fripon. Roguishly, adv. en fripon, en folatrant. ROGUISHNESS, a. friponnerie, f. malice, f. badinage, m. tour malin, plaisanterie, f. Roist, Roisten, c. n. faire le rodomont. ROISTER, ROISTERER, s. un rodomont, un ROISTING, s. fanfaronnade, f. [famfaron. ROLL, v. a. & w. rouler, tourner, aplana avec un rouleau. Roll, s. un rouleau, un bourlet, roulette (de relieur), f. un trumeau, une racloire, rôle, m. liste, f. archives, f. pl. registre. ROLLER, s. un rouleau, un bouriet, mailiot (d'enfant), m. ensouple de tisserand, f. ROLLING, s. roulement, m.; adj. roulant. ROLLING-PIN, s. rouleau de paissier, m. ROLLING-PRESS, s. presse d'imprimeur d'es-tampe or de toiles, f. ROMAGE, s. ramage, m. bruit, m.
ROMAN, adj. & s. Romaia, de Rome, Romaine, m. The Romain letter, le Romain. la lettre ronde. Roman-like, à la Romaine. ROMANCE, s. un roman, un conte. ROMANCE, v. n. faire un roman, habler. ROMANCER, s. un feseur de romans. Romancist, s. un romancier ROMANIST, s. un Catholique Romaia. ROMANIZE, r. a. Latiniser, travestir en Ro-ROMANTICK, adj. romanesque. ROMESCOT, le dénier de St. Pierre. Romish, adj. Romain, Papiste, Catholique. ROMP, s. badinage grossier, fille mal eleves. Romp, v. n. badiner grossièrement. RONDEAU, s. rondeau, m. RONION, s. une femme grosse et massive. Roop, s. un quari d'acre, perche, f. Ruof, s. toit, m. comble, m. voute, f. l'impriale (d'un carrosse), f. le palais, (de la bouche.) Roor, r. a. couvrir d'un toit or d'une voite. Roofy, adj. qui a un toit. Rook, s. grolle, f. freux, м. un filou, un fin matois, tour, m. (зи jeu des échecs.) Rook, v. a. dérober, filouter. ROOKERY, s. repaire de grolles, s... ROOKY, adj. plein de grolles. ROOM, s. espace, m. liou, m. place, f. chambre, f. salle, f. occasion, f. ROOMAGE, ROOMINESS, s. espace, f. lieu, m. ROOMY, s. spacieux, vaste, ample, grand. Roost, s. juchoir, m., r. s. percher. Root, s. racine, f. source, f. principe, с. pied, m. bas, m ROOT, v. a. enraciner; to root up and aut, deraciner, extirper. ROOT, v. n. s'enraciner, prendre racine. ROOTEDLY, adv. fortement, besieve ROOTING (out or up,) s. extirpation, f. ROOTY, adj. plein de racines. ROPE, s. une corde, un rang; n. n. filer. ROPE-DANCER, s. danseur de carde, n. ROPEMAKER, ROPER, s. un cordier. ROPERY, ROPETRICE, f. friponnerie, f. ROPE-YARN, s. fil de carret, m. ROPINESS, a. viscosité, f.

ROQUELAURE, s. surtout, m. redingote, f. Rorid, Roriferous, adj. plein de rosce. ROSARY, s. rosaire, m. ROSA-SOLIS, s. rossolis, m. ROSCID, ed.; plein de rosée, humide. ROSE, s. rose, f. Rose-bush, un rosier, m. ROSEATE, adj. rosal, de rose, plein de rose Rosed, adj. couleur de rose, rouge, vermeil. ROSEMARY, s. romarin, m. ROSET, s. rosette, f. ROSEWATER, s. eau de rose, f. Rosier, s. rosier, m. Rosin, s. résine, f. poix résine, f., v. a. frotter de résine. Rosiny, *adj.* resineux. ROSTRUM, s. bec (d'oiseau,) m. proue (de vaisseau,) f. la tribune aux harangues. Rosy, adj. vermeil, de rose. Rot, v. a. & n. pourrir, faire pourrir. Rot, s. tac, m. claveau, m. mortalité, f. pourriture, f. putréfaction, f. une file. Rota, s. la rote, (tribunal à Rome.) ROTARY, adj. qui tourne comme une roue. ROTATED, adj. tourné comme une roue. ROTATION, s. rotation, f. tournoiement, m. By rotation, alternativement. [tine. ROTE, s. rotuliné, f., v. a. apprendre par rou-ROTTEN, part. adj. pourri, vermoulu, vicié. ROTTENNESS, s. pourriture, f. corruption, f. ROTUND, adj. rond, spherique, circulaire. ROTUNDITY, a. rotundité, f. rondeur, f. ROVE, v. n. roder, courir, rêver, battre la campagne. ROVER, s. rodeur, m. corsaire, m. At ro-rers, au hasard, inconsidérément. ROUGE, s. du rouge.
ROUGH, adj. rude, raboteux, brut, inegal, apre, dur, sévère, chagrin, bourru, grossier, insolent, choquant, offensant; v. a. cbaucher, crepir. (cher. ROUGH-DRAUGHT, s. ébauche, f.; v. a. ébau-ROUGH-DRAUGHT, s. ébauche, f.; v. a. ébau-ROUGHHEW, v. a. ébaucher. [or raboteux. ROUGHLY, adv. durement, rudement. ROUGHRESS, s. inégalité, f. rudesse, f. âpre-té, f. dureté, f. grossièreté, f. ROUGH-WORK, v.a. travailler grossièrement. ROUNCE, s. manivelle de presse d'imprimeur, ROUND, adj. rond, circulaire. ROUND, s. un rond, un cercle, une sphère, revolution, f. cours, m. course, f. tour, m. ronde, f. échélon, m.
ROUND, adj. en rond, de tous côtés, tout à ROUND, prep. autour de. [l'entour. ROUND, v. a. entourer, environner, arrondir, faire le tour de ; v. n. s'arrondir.
ROUNDASOUT, adj. étendu, libre. ROUNDEL, ROUNDELAY, s. rondelet, m. ROUNDER, s. circonference, f. enceinte, f. ROUNDHEAD, s. pl. un Puritain.
ROUND-HOUSE, s. la prison du guet.
ROUNDISH, adj. presque rond.
ROUNDING, s. arrondissement, m. l'action d'arrondir, f. ROUNDLY, adv. d'une forme ronde, rondement, ouvertement, sans façon. ROUSE, v. a. & n. éveiller. s'éveiller, réveiller, se réveiller, exciter, s'exciter. ROUSER, s. celui qui éveille or réveille. Rousing, adj. frappant, énorme. Rousselet, s. rousselet, m. ROUT, s. colue, f. foule bruyant.un attroupement, déroute (d'une armée.) f. bruit, m.

désordre, m. vacarme, m. tamulte, m. route, f. chemin, m. Rour, v. a. mettre en déroute, dérouter ; v. n. s'assembler, s'attrouper, faire cohue. ROUTE, s. route, f. chemin, m. Row, s. rang, m. file, f. range, f. Row, v. n. ramer, aller or tirer à la rame. Rowel, s. molette d'éperon, f. seton, m. Rowel, v. a. faire un cautère. ROWER, s. rameur, m. [drap, m. Rowing, s. l'action de ramer, roulement de Royar add ROYAL, adj. royal, du roi, noble, illustre. ROYALIST, s. royaliste, m. ROYALIZE, v. a. rendre royal. ROYALLY, adv. royalement, en roi, noblement. ROYALTY, s. royauté, f. dignité royale.
ROYNISH, adj. sot, chétif, pitoyable, grossier.
RUB, v. a. & n. frotter, frayer, gratter; to
rub a horse, bouchonner un cheval; to rub off, ôter, enlever en frottant, décroter, se tirer d'affaires, avancer: to rub up, aiguillon-ner, réveiller, polir, retoucher. Rus, s. frottement, m. obstacle, m. RUBBER, s. un frotteur, un frottoir, coups de poings, m. partie double. RUBBISH, s. ruines, f. pl. décombres, ss. pl. débris, ss. ordures, f. pl. rebut, ss.
RUBICUND, adj. rubicond, rouge, vermeil.
RUBIED, adj. rouge, couleur de rubis, f. RUBIFICE, adj. qui rend rouge, qui rougit. RUBIFY, RUBRICATE, v. a. rendre rouge, rougir. RUBRICK, s. rubrique, f.; adj. rouge. RUBRICK, v. a. marquer en lettres rouges. RUBY, s. rubis, m. une rougeur, un bouton; RUCTATION, s. rot, m. [adj. : RUDDER, s. le gouvernail d'un navire. [adj. rouge. RUDDINESS, s. rougear, f. rouge, m.
RUDDLE, s. rubrique, f. sorte de terre rouge. RUDD, adj. un peu rouge, rubicond.
RUDD, adj. dur, grossier, impoli, brutal, insolent, severe, impitoyable, ignorant, violent, impétueux, informe. RUDELY, adv. grossièrement, brutalement. RUDELES, s. incivilité, f. grossièreté, f. bru-talité, f. ignorance, f. violence, f. RUDINEST, s. rudiment, st. principe, st. RUDIMENT, s. rudiment, m. principe, m. RUDIMENTAL, adj. élémentaire. RUE, v. a. se repentir; s. rue, f. (herbe.) RUEFUL, adj. déplorable, triste, chagrin. RUFFUL, adj. neptorable, utile, chagria. RUFFULLY, adv. tristement, avec chagria, RUFFULRES, s. tristense, f. chagria, m. RUFFLS, s. to de gorge, m. le point aux cartes. RUFFLE, s. manchettes, f. pl. trouble, m. RUFFLE, v. a. troubler, deranger, frieer, chiffonner, froisser. foaner, froisser. [grossière. Rug, s. de la bure, une converture de laine Ruggen, adj. rude, raboteux, inegal, apre, dur, bourru, brutal, brusque. RUGGEDLY, adv. rudement, durement. RUGGEDLY, adv. rudement, durement. RUGGEDNESS. s. rudesse, f. åpreté, f. RUGGSE, adf. ridé, plein de rides. RUIN, s. ruine, f. decombres, f. pl. RUIN, v. a. &c s. détruire, ruines. RUINOUS, adj. ruinė, ruincux, fatal. RUINOUSLY, adv. d'une manière ruincuse. RULE, s. règle, f. modèle, m. exemple, m. précepte, m. loi, f. ordre, m. statut, m. règlement, m. coutume, f. usage, m. pou-voir, m. autorité, f. administration, f. RULE. v. a. & n. régler, diriger, conduire, conformer, régir, gouverner, dompter, sub jnguer, réprimer.

RULER, s. gouverneur, m. conducteur, m. Rum, s. rum, m. eau de vie de sucre, f. un cure de campagne. Rums, s. rumb de vent, m. pointe de compas, f. RUMBLE, v. n. faire un bruit sourd. RUMBLER, s. celui or ce qui murmure. RUMBLING, s. bruit sourd, murmure, m. RUMINANT, adj. ruminant. RUMINATE, v. a. ruminer, remâcher à vide. RUMINATION, s. l'action de ruminer. RUMMAGE, v. a. & n. chercher, touiller. RUMMER, s. un grand verre une rasade. Rumour, s. bruft qui court, m. nouvelle, f. Rumour, v. a. faire courir le bruit. RUMOURER, s. celui qui fait courir un bruit. RUMP, s. le croupion, la croupe. RUMPLE, s. pli, m., r. a. chiffonner. Run, v. n. & a. courir, aller vite, couler, rouler, suinter, dégoutter, suppurer, être, devenir, se trouver, passer, percer, comprendre, s'exposer à, pousser, heurter, entrainer; to run against, heurter, choquer; to run aground, echouer; to run away, s'enfuir, se passer, s'écouler; to run away with, emporter, enlever; to run back, retourner sur ses pas; to run down, dégoutter, pousser, forcer, confondre, degrader; to rum in or into, entrer, se jeter, se précipiter : to venir; to run on, continuer, poursuivre; to run over, se déborder, parcourir, repasser, revoir, retoucher; to run over to, passer, s'en aller; to run out, finir, expirer, tirer or être à la fin, se dissiper, s'éteindre, aller, se porter, terminer; to run up, monter, re-monter, s'élever, éléver; to run through, enfiler, passer au travers. RUN, s. course, f. cours. m. clan, m. cadence, f.; rum of a ship, le sillage d'un vaisseau.

At the long run, à la longue. RUNAGATE, s. un déserteur, un renégat. RUNAWAY, s. & adj. deserteur, fuyard. RUNDLE, s. échelon, m. rond, m. RUNDLET, s. un petit barril, caque, f. RUNNER, s. coureur, m. coureuse, f. courier, m. messager, m. surmeule de moulin. RUNNET, s. presure, f.; runnet bag, une mulette. RUNNING, s. course, f.; running of the reins, la gonorrhee; running at the nose, la roupie; running out, coulure, f.
RUNNING, adj. courant, coulant; running place, lieu propre à courir ; running water, eau courante or vive; running knot, un noeud coulant; running sore, plaie qui sup-pure; running banquet, collation qu'on fait sans s'asseoir; running title of a book, le titre qu'on met à chaque page d'un livre. RUNNINGLY, adv. en courant. RUNT. s. petit bœuf, petit animal. RUPEE, s. (coin) roupie, f. 2s. 3d. RUPTION, s. rupture, f. brêche, f. RUPTURE, s. rupture, f. breche, f. brouillerie, f. descente de boyau, f. hernie, f. RUPTURE, v. n. fracturer, rompre, crever. RUPTUREWORT, s. (a plant) herniaire, f. RURAL, adj. rural, champêtre, rustique, de ia campagne. Rusz, s. ruse, f. artifice, m. stratagème, m. RUSH, s. jone, m. fetu, m. course precipitée. RUSH, n. n. se jeter, se precipiter, se lancer;

entrer de force ; to rush forward, s'élancer ; to rush in upon, surprendre. RUSH-LIGHT, s. chandelle de veille, f. fanal. Rushy, adj. plein de joucs. Rush, s. espèce de biscuit, pain chapellé. Russer, adj. roussaire, grossier. RUSSET, RUSSETTING, &. roussette, f. Rust, s. rouille, f. Rust, v. n. se rouiller; v. a. rouiller. Rustical, adj. rustique, rustre, gross Rustically, adv. rustiquement. RUSTICALNESS, s. rusticité, f. grossièreté, f. RUSTICATE, r. n. vivre à la campagne; r. s. réléguer à la campagne. RUSTICITY, s. rusticité, f. grossièresé, f. rudesse, f. Rustick, adj. & s. rustique, paysan. RUSTINESS, s. rouille, f. rancissure, f. RUSTLE, r. a. faire du bruit, bruite. RUSTLING, s. cliquetis, m. hruit, m. RUSTY, adj. rouille, rance, crasseux. RUT, s., rut, m. ornière, f.; r. n. être en rut. RUTH, s. pitié, f. compassion, f. tendresse, f. RUTHFUL, adv. tendre, pitoyable. RUTHFULLY, adv. pitoyablement, misérablement. RUTHFULNESS, s. compassion, f. RUTHLESS, a. sans pitié, cruel. RUTHLESSNESS, s. inhumanité, f. cruante, f. Ryz, s. seigle, m.

RUTTING-SEASON, s. rut, m. le temps du rut. RUTTISH, adj. lascif. RYE-BREAD, s. pain de seigle, st. SABBATH, s. sabbat, m. SABBATH-BREAKER, s. violateur du sabbat. SABBATICAL, adj. sabbetique. [pos, m. SABBATISM, s. observation du sabbat, f. re-SABINA, s. (a plant) sabine, f. . SABLE, s. martre zibeline, f.; adj. sable, noir. SABRE, s. sabre, m. Sabulous, adj. sablonneux. SACCADE, s. saccade, f. sucre. SACCHARINE, adf. qui tient de la nature du SACERDOTAL, adj. sacerdotal. SACHEL, s. un sachet, un petit sac. SACK, s. sac, m. robe, f. vin des Canaries.

A sack full, un sac plein, une sachée. SACK, v. a. mettre en sac. saccager. SACKCLOTH, s. sac, m. haire, f. SACKER, s. celui qui met une ville à sac. SACKING, s. sac, m. saccagement, m. SACKING-CLOTH, s. toile à faire des sacs, f. SACRAMENT, s. sacrement, m. la communic SACRAMENTAL, adj. sacramental or sacramentel. Sacramentally, adv. sacramentalement. SACRED, adj. saint, sacre, consacre. SACREDLY, adr. religiousement, inviolable-SACREDNESS, s. sainteté, f. ment. SACRIFICATOR, s. sacrificateur, m. SACRIFICE, s. sacrifice, m. ; r. a. sacrifier. SACRIFICER, s. sacrificateur, m. SACRIFICIAL, adj. de sacrifice. SACRILEGE, s. sacrilège, m. [sacrilège. SACRILEGIOUS, adj. sacrilège, coupable d'un SACRILEGIOUSLY, adv. d'une manière sacrilège. SACRING, s. sacre, m. ; adj. qui consacre. SACRIST, SACRISTAN, s. sacristain, m. SACRISTY, s. sacristie, / to rush out, sortir brusquement; to rush in, | SAD, adj. triste, melancholique, sombre.

gubre, facheux, funeste, sensible, cruel, mé | Salival, Salivar, adj. salivaire. chant, mauvais, pitoyable, misérable, vilain, | Salivare, v. a. & n. faire saliver, saliver. sérieux, grave, brun. SADDEN, v. a. & n. attrister, paroître triste. SADDLE, s. selle, f.; v. a. seller, bûter. Suddle-bow, arcon de selle, m. The saddle tree, bois de selle, m. A pack-suddle, un bat. SADDLE-BACKED, adj. qui a le dos fort large. SADDLE-CLOTH, s. bousse, f. SADDLE-MAKER, SADDLER, s. sellier, m. SADLY, adv. tristement, miserablement, cruellement, mal. SADNESS, s. tristesse, f. mélancholie, f. sé-SAFE, adj. sauf, sur, sureté. [rieux, m. SAFE, s. garde-manger, m. panetèrie, f. SAFE-CONDUCT, s. un sauf-conduit. SAFEGUARD, s. sauve-guard, f. protection, f. SAFEGUARD, r. a. garder, proteger. SAFELY, adv. sûrement, en sûrete, sans dan-SAPENESS, s. sûreté, f. SAPETY, s. sûreté, f. assurance, f. [ger. SAFFRON, s. safran, m. ; saffron flower, crocus, m.; suffron colour, couleur de safran. SAG, r. a. & n. charger, accabler, être chargé. SAGACIOUS, adj. vil, subtil, pénétrant. SAGACIOUSLY, adv. avec pénétration. SAGACIOUSNESS, s. clair voyance, f. SAGACITY, s. sagacité, f. pénétration, f. SAGE, s. sauge, f. (plante.) [loso [losophe. SAGE, adj. sage, prudent; s. un sage, un phi-SAGELY, adv. sagement, prudemment. SAGENESS, s. sagesse, f. SAGITTAL, s. & adj. sagittale, f. de flèche. SAGO, s. sagou, m. (sorte de légume.) SAIR, s. safque, f.
SAIL, s. voile, f. voilure, f. voiles, f. vaisseaux, m. navire, m. bâtiment, m. les toiles d'un moulin à vent, f. pl. SAIL, v. n. mettre à la voile, faire voile, naviguer; to sail along the coast, ranger la côte, côtoyer le rivage; to sail back, relâcher; to sail northward, porter au nord. SAILOR, s. marinier, m. matelot, m. marin, m. navigateur, m. SAILING, s. navigation, f.
SAIL-YARD, s. vergue, f. antenne, f.
SAINFOIN, s. sainfoin, m. (herbe.) SAINT, s. saint, sainte ; v. a. canoniser. SAINTLIKE, SAINTLY, adj. saint, de saint, en saint. SAINTSHIP, s. sainteté, f. [égard, m. SAKE, s. fin. f. but, m. vue, f. amour, m. SAKER, s. sacre, m. (oiseau de proie.) SARER OF SAKER-GUN, s. sorte de canon de muraille. SALACIOUS, adj. chaud, lubrique. SALACIOUSLY, adc. lubriquement. SALACITY, s. lubricité, f. lasciveté, f. chaleur, f. amour, m. SALAD, s. salade, f.
SALAMANDER, s. salamandre, m. SALARY, s. salaire, m. gages, m. pl. SALE, s. vente, f. SALEABLE, adj. de débit, qui se vend bien, bien conditionné. SALEABLENESS, s. qualité de se pouvoir SALEBROUS, adj. rude, inégal. [vendre. SALESMAN, s. fripier, regrattier, m. SALEWORE, s. ouvrage qu'on fait pour ven-Salic, adj. salique. SALIENT, adj. qui sante, bondissant. SALINE, SALINOUS, adj. salin, de sel. SALIVA, s. salive, f.

SALIVATION, s. salivation, f.flux de bouche, s. SALLVATION: salvation, find to solve.
SALLOW, adj. de salive, composé de salive.
SALLOW, edj. pâle, livide, malade, jaune.
SALLY, s. sortie, f. saillie, f. fougue, f. emportement, m. boutade, f. SALLY, v. n. faire une sortie. Salmagundi, s. salmagondis, 🖦 Salmon, s. saumon, m. SALMON TROUT, s. truite saumonée. Saloon, s. salon de compagnie, ... Salsify, e. salsifis, m. Salsuginous, adj. un peu sale Salt, s. sel, m. ; adj. salé, en chaleur. SALT, v. a. saler, assaisonner avec du sel. SALTATION, s. danse, f. battement, m. SALT-BOX OF SALT-CELLAR, s. salière. Salt-cat, s. un gros morceau de sel. Salter, s. saunier, m. véndeur de sel, m. SALTERN, SALT-HOUSE, s. saline or saune-Salting-tub, s. un saloir. Saltish, adj. un peu sale. Saltiess, adj. fade, insipide. SALTLY, adr. avec un gout de sel, d'une manière salée. Salt-maker, s. un saunier. SALT-MARSH, s. un marais salant. SALTNESS, s. salure, f. goût de sel, m. SALT-PETRE, s. salpêtre, m. nitre, m. SALT-PIT, SALT-PAN, s. une saline. SALVABLE, adj. qui peut être sauvé. SALVAGE, adj. sauvage; s. salvage, m SALVATION, s. salut, m. félicité éternelle. SALVATORY, s. reservoir, m. bone d'onguent SALUBRIOUS, adj. sain, salubre. Salubritė, f. SALVE, s. onguent, m. remède, m. emplâtre, SALVE, v. a. guérir, remédier, sauver. SALVER, s. soucoupe, f. celui qui sauve. SALVO, s. exception, f. échappatoire, f. subterfuge, m. Salutariness, s. salubrité, f. SALUTARY, adj. sain, salubre, salutaire. SALUTATION, s. salutation, f. saluade, f SALUTE, v. a. saluer, baiser, donner un baiser. SALUTE, s. salut, m. salutation, f. baiser, m. Saluter, s. celui qui salue. SALUTIFEROUS, adj. sain, salutaire. Same, adj. & s. meme, le même. Sameness, s. identité, f. la même chose. Samlet, s. un saumonneau. SAMPHIRE, s. crète marine, fenouil marin. SAMPLE, s. échantillon, une montre. SAMPLE, v. n. montrer un échantillon. Sampler, s. exemple, m. modèle, m. SANATIER, s. exemple, m. macro, m. SANATIER, adj. susceptible de guérison. SANATIVE, adj. qui guérit, guérissable. SANATIVERESS, s. pouvoir de guérit, m. SANCTIFICATION, e. sanctification, f. SANCTIFIER, e. celui qui sanctifie. SANCTIFY, v. a. sanctifier, rendre saint. SANCTIFYING, s. sanctification, f. Sanctimonious, adj. saint. SANCTIMONY, s. sainteté, f. SANCTION, s. sanction, f. confirmation, f. SANCTITUDE, SANCTITY, s. sainteté, f. SANCTUARIZE, r. a. protéger, servir d'asile. SANCTUARY, s. sanctuaire, m. eglise. f. SAND, s. sable, m. sablon, m.

Satisfactorily, adv. d'une manière sais-Satisfactorily, adv. d'une manière sais-

SAND-BOX, s. poudrier, m. sablier, m. SAND-PIT, s. sablonnière, f. SANDAL, s. sandale, f. [vernis, m. SANDARACK, s. sandaraque, f. orpiment, m. SAND-BLIND, adj. qui a la vue basse. SANDBOX-TREE, s. bois nain. SANDED, adj. sablonneux. [sable. SANDISH, adj. qui approche de la nature du SANDY, adj. sablonneux, roux. SANDYX, s. lerre rouge, f. SARE, adj. sain, qui est en bonne santé. SANGUIFEROUS, adj. qui porte le sang. SANGUIFEROUS, aaj. qui porte le sang.
SANGUIFIER, s. qui produit le sang.
SANGUIFIER, s. qui produit le sang.
SANGUIFI, v. s. produire or faire le sang.
SANGUIRARY, adj. sanguinaire, cruel.
SANGUIRE, adj. se s. sauguin, couleur de sang,
ardent, violent, hardi, présomptueux.
SANGUIRENESS. SANGUIRIYES, s. audasse f. SANGUIMENESS, SANGUIMITT, s. audace, f. SANGUIMENESS, sanguin, de sang. SANGUINOLENT, adf. sanguinolent, sanglant. SANHEDRIM, s. sanhèdrin, m. Sanicle, s. sanicle, f. sorte d'herbe. Sanies, s. sanie, f. pus, m. matière, f. SANIOUS, adj. saineux, purulent. SANITY, s. santé, f. jugement sain. SAP, s. sève, f. aubier or aubour, m. SAP, v. a. sapper; v. n. avancer en minant. A SAPHICK, adj. saphique. SAPHD, adj. savoureux, sage, prudent. SAPID. adj. sevoureux, sage, prucem.
SAPID. nzes, SAPIDITY, s. jugement, m.
SAPIENCE, s. sagesse, f. prudence, f. sapience, f. SAPIENT, adj. sage, prudent. [end SAPLESS, adj. qui n'a point de sève, sec. SAPLING, s. un jeune arbre, plantard, sa. SAPOR, s. saveur, f. goût, m. SAPORIFICE, adj. saportique. SAPPHIRE, s. saphir, m. [gueur. SAPPY, adj. plein de sève, jeune, plein de vi-SARABAND, s. (a dance) sarabande, f. SARCASM, s. sarcasme, m. satire, SARCASTICAL, SARCASTICK, adj. satirique, [rique. SARCASTICALLY, adv. d'une manière sati-SARCENET, s. taffetas, m. SARCLE, v. a. sarcier. [chair, f. SARCOMA, s. sarcome, f. excroissance de SARCOPHAGUs, adj. & s. sarcophage. SARCOPHAGY,s. l'usage de se nourrir de chair. SARCOTICK, adj. & s. sarcotique, m. SARCULATION, s. l'action de sarcler. SARDEL OF SARDIN, s. une sardine. SARDONYX, s. sardoine, f. SARSAPARILLA, s. salsepareille, f.
SASA, c. ccinture, f. chassis d'une fenètre, m.
SASSAFRAS, s. sassafras, m.
SATAN, s. satan, m. le diable, le démon. SATANICAL, SATANICK, adj. de saten, diabolique. SATCHEL, s. un sachet, un petit sac. SATE, v. a. souler, ressessier. SATELLITE, s. satellite, m. SATELLITIOUS, adj. compose de satellites. SATIATE, v. a. rassasier, souler, assouvir, SATIETY, s. satieté, f. [contenter. SATIN, s. satie, m. Satin-riband, ruban satiné. SATIRE, s. satire, f. SATIRICAL, SATIRICK, adj. satirique. SATIRICALLY, adv. d'une manière satirique. SATIRIST, s. auteur satirique, m. satirique, m. SATIRIZE, v. a. satiriser, railler, censurer. Satisfaction, s. satisfaction, f. joie, f. plai-sir, m. contentement, m. reparation, f.

faire, m. SATISFACTORY, adj. satisfaisant, qui satisfait, satisfactoire, suffisant.
SATISFY, v. a. satisfaire, contenter, rassassier, payer, recompenser, convaincre. Satisfaisant, satisfactoire. SATRAP, s. satrape, m. SATURABLE, adj. qu'on peut remplir or satu-SATURATE, v. a. rassasier, sodler, saturer, SATURDAT, s. le Samedi. [imprégner. SATURITY, s. satisfé, f. SATURITY, s. satisfé, f. SATURNALS, s. pl. saturnales, f. pl. SATURNIAN, SATURBINE, adj. sombre, triste, SATYR, s. un satyre. [taciturae. SAUCE, s. sauce, f. ; v. a. assaisonner. SAUCE-BOX, s. un effronte, un arrogant SAUCE-PAN, s. poëlon, m. camerole, f. SAUCER, s. une saucière, une soucoupe. SAUCILY, adv. insolemment, effronté SAUCINESS, s. insolence, f. effonterie, f. impudence, f. impertinence, f. SAUCI, adj. insolent, effronte, impudent. SAUCIRR, v. n. courir les rues, battre le pavé. SAUSAGE, s. saucissee, f. saucisson, m. SAVAGE, adj. & s. sauvage, farouche, cruel. SAVAGELY, adv. cruellement, en sauvag SAVAGENESS, s. naturel sauvage, férocité, SAVANNA, s. prairie découverte et sans hois, f SAVE, v. a. sauver, garder, garantir, délivrer, epargner, reserver. SAVE, prep. & adv. hormis, excepté, sinon. SAVE-ALL, s. un binet. SAVER, s. sauveur, m. libératour, m. un éco-SAVIN, s. savinier, m. SAVING, adj. ménager, économe, salutaire. SAVING, s. épargne, f. une exception. SAVINGLY, adv. frugalement, avec épargne. Saving, prep. à la réserve de, excepté. SAVINGRESS, s. épargne, f. économie, f. SAVIOUR, s. sauveur, m. libérateur, m. SAVORY, s. sarriette, f. savorée, f. (plante.) SAVOUR, s. saveur, f. goût, m. senteur, f. SAVOUR, v. s. & n. savourer, goûter. SAVOURILY, adv. savoureusement, avec gout. SAVOURINESS, s. bon gout, savour, f. SAVOURY, adj. savoureux. SAVOY, s. chou de Savoie, m. SAW, s. scie, f. ; v. a. scier. SAW-FISH, s. poisson de mor armé d'une es-SAW-DUST, s. sciure, f. [pèce de scie, s.. SAW-PIT, s. fosse de scieurs de long, f. SAWYER, s. scieur, m. SAKIFRAGE, s. saxifrage, f. Red-saxifrage, SALIFRAGE, SERUTEGE, J. Res-early roge, s. filipendule, f.

SAXIFRAGEUS, adj. sexifrage.

SAY, v. a. & n. dire, réciter, reconter.

SAY, s. discours, m. montre, f. épreuve, f.

SAING, s. sentence, f. proverbe, m.

SCAB, s. gale, f. roge, f. le croste (d'un ulcère), un gueux, un galeux.

SCABARD s. fuureau d'évide SCABBARD, s. fourreau d'épée. SCABBED, SCABBY, adj. galeux. SCABBEDNESS, SCABBINESS, s. la gale. SCABIOUS, adj. galeux; s. scabieuse, f. SCABROUS, adj. scabreux, rude. Scaffold, s. un échafaud ; r. s. échafauder. SCAPFOLDING, s. échafandage, m. Scalade, s. escalade, f. Scald, s. teigne, f. espèce de lèpre. Scald, v.a. échauder. A scalding-house, un

échandoir, une tuerie. Scalding hot, tout | SCATERROUS, adj. abondant en sources. SCALD-HEAD, s. gale à la tête, f. la teigne. SCALE, s. balance, f. le bassin, le plat d'une balance, échelle, f. gamme (de musique), f. écaille (de poisson), f. A pair of scales, des balances. SCALE, v. a. & n. escalader, écailler, s'écail-SCALED, adj. écailleux, qui a des écailles. SCALENE, s. scalène, m. SCALING, s. escalade, f. l'action d'écailler. SCALL, s. la teigne, la lèpre. SCALLED, SCALL-PATED, adj. teigneux. SCALLION, s. echalote, f. ciboule, f. SCALLOP, s. petoncle, f.; v. a. festonner, SCALP, s. le péricrâne, le crâne. [denteler. SCALP, v. a. enlever le pericrane. SCALPEL, s. scalpel, m. un bistouri. SCALY, adj. écailleux, couvert d'écailles. SCAMBLE, v. a. & n. prodiguer, dissiper. SCAMBLE, s. dissipation, f. dispute, f. SCAMBLING, adj. dissipe, disperse, ecarte SCAMPER, v. s. scamonée, f. [camper. Scamper, v. s. fuir, s'enfuir, s'en aller, dé-SCAN, v. d. scander (un vers), examiner (une SCANDAL, s. scandale, m. [affaire.) SCANDAL, v. a. diffamer, décrier, calomnier. SCANDALIZE, v. a. scandaliser, diffamer. SCANDALOUS, adj. scandaleux, diffamatoire. SCANDALOUSLY, adv. scandaleusement. SCANDALUM MAGNATUM, s. crime d'une personne qui a diffamé quelque pair du royaume. SCANT, adj. rare, qui manque, économe, SCANT, adv. à peine. [chiche, SCANT, v. a. borner, limiter, resserrer. [chiche, serre. SCANTILY, adv. avec épargne, étroitement. SCANTINES, s. rareté, f. disette, f. SCANTLET, s. petite quantité. [sure, f. SCANTLING, s. petite pièce, proportion, f. me-[sure, f. SCANTLY, adv. a l'étroit, avec épargne. SCANTNESS, s. modicité, f. petitesse, f. SCANTY, adj. modique, rare, pauvre, chiche, trop court, trop etroit. SCAPE, v. a. & s. fuir, echapper. SCAPE, s. fuite, f. echappee, f. SCAPULA, s. l'os de l'épaule, m. l'omoplate, f. SCAPULAR, SCAPULARY, adj. des épaules or de l'épaule. SCAPULARY, s. un scapulaire. SCAR, s. cicatrice, f. or escare; f. SCAR, v. a. & n. cicatriser, se cicatriser. SCARAB, s. scarabee, f. escarbot, m. SCARAMOUCH, s. scaramouche, m. bouffon, m. SCARCE, adj. qui manque.
SCARCE, SCARCELY, adv. à peine.
SCARCENESS, SCARCETY, s. disette, f. trafeté, SCARE, v. a. effrayer, épouvanter, effarou-SCARECROW, s. un épouvantail. [cher. SCARF, s. écharpe, f.
SCARFSKIN, s. Pépiderme, m.
SCARFICATION, s. scarification, f. [scarific.
SCARFICATOR, s. scarification, m. celui qui SCARIFIER, s. (an instrument) scarificateur, SCARIFY, v. a. scarifier. SCARLET, s. & adj. écarlate, f. d'écarlate. A scarlet-riband, un ruban ponceau. SCARLET-BEAN, s. fève d'Espagne, f. SCARLET-OAK, s. yeuse, f. chêne vert, m. SCARP, s. escarpe, m. [val.) SCATCH, s. escache, f. (embouchure de che-SCATCHES, s. échasses, f. pl. SCATE, s. patin, m. sorte de raie (poisson.)

SCATE, v. n. patiner, aller à patins.

SCATER, s. patineur, m. SCATH, s. mal, m. dommage, m.; v.a. gater. SCATH, s. dommage, m. mal, m. ; v. a. endommager. SCATTER, v. a. & n. répandre, disperser. SCATTERINGLY, adv. cà et là, en confusion. SCATTERLING, s. un vagabond. SCAVENGER, s. un boueur. Scenery, s. l'arrangement des scènes, m. Scene, s. scène, f. théâtre, m. décoration, f. Scenick, adj. scénique, théâtral. Scenographical, adj. scenographique. Scenographically, adv. en perspective. SCHNOGRAPHY, s. scenographie, f. SCENT, s. senteur, f. odeur, f. SCERT, v. n. & a. parfumer, embaumer, sen SCENTLESS, adj. sans odeur, qui n'a point SCEPTICAL, adj. sceptique. [d'odeur. Scepticism, s. scepticisme, ss. SCEPTICE, adj. & s. sceptique, un pyrrhonien. SCEPTRE, s. sceptre, m. SCEPTRED, adj. qui porte le sceptre. SCHEDULE, s. feuille, f. or rouleau de pa-pier, m. cédule, f. liste, f. SCHEME, s. un plan, modèle, m. Schemer, s. un faiseur de projets Schrais, s. habitude, f. coutume, f SCHISM, s. schisme, m. separation, f SCHISMATICAL, adj. schismatique, dimident. SCHISMATICALLY, adv. en schismatique. SCHISMATICE, s. un schismatique. SCHISMATIZE, v. n. faire schisme. Scholar, s. écolier, m. écolière, f. savan. Scholarship, s. la qualité d'écolier, savoir, m. littérature, f. érudition, f. SCHOLASTICAL, SCHOLASTICE, adj. scholastique. SCHOLASTICALLY, adv. en scholastique. SCHOLIAST, s. scholiaste, m. commentateur, SCHOLION, SCHOLIUM, s. scholie, f. [m. SCHOLION, SCHOLIUM, s. scholie, f. [m. SCHOOL, s. école, f., v. a. instruire, reprendre. SCHOOL-BOY, s. un écolier. SCHOOLFELLOW, s. camarade d'école, m. SCHOOLMAN, s. un scholiastique. SCHOOLMASTER, s. un maître d'école. SCHOOLMISTRESS, s. une maltresse d'école. SCIAGRAPHY, SCIOGRAPHY, s. sciographie SCIATICA, SCIATICE, s. sciatique, f. [f. SCIATICAL, SCIATICE, adj. sciatique. SCIENCE, s. science, f. savoir, m. art, m. SCIENTIAL, adj. qui fait connoître. [tifique. SCIENTIFICAL, SCIENTIFICE, adj. scien-SCIENTIFICALLY, adv. scientifiquement. Scimitar, s. cimeterre, # SCINTILLATION, s. etincellement, m. scintilla-SCIOLIST. s. un demi-scintilla-Sciolist, s. un demi-savant. [perficielle. Sciolous, adj. qui a une connoissance su-SCION, s. scion, m. jet, m. rejetton, m. SCIRRHOSITY, s. endurcissement des glandes, SCIRRHOUS, adj. squirreux. [m. Scirrhous, s. un squirre.
Scirrhous, s. un squirre.
Scissors, s. pl. ciscaux, m. pl.
Scissible, Scissible, adj. scissible, qui peut être fendu. Scission, s. scission, f. division, f. Scissure, s. fente, f. crevasse, f. Scorr, s. raillerie, f. sarcasme, Scoff, v. n. railler, se moquer de. Scoffer, s. railleur, moqueur, railleuse. Scoffing, s. raillerie; adj. railleur. Scoffingly, adv. en raillant, en se moquant. Scold, v. a. & n. quereller, crisiller.

SCOLD, s. une querelleuse, une grondeuse. Scolding, s. criailleries, f. pl.
Scoldingly, adv. en grondant, en criaillant. Scollor, s. pétoncle, f. découpure, f. ; v. a. denteler. SCOLOPENDRA, s. scolopendre, f. SCONCE, s. un fort, lustre, m. [écope. Scoop, e. une écope; r. a. vider avec une SCOPER, s. celui qui vide avec une écope. SCOPE, s. but, m. visée, f. dessein, m. objet, m. vue, f. espace, m. place, f. carrière, f. liberté, f. [tique. SCORBUTICAL, SCORBUTICE, adj. sco SCORCH, v. a. & n. brûler, rôtir, griller. SCORCHING, adj. brûlant, qui grille. scorbu-Scordium, s. germandree aquatique, f. Score, s. taille, f. marque, f. compte. m. dette, f. égard, m. consideration, f. titre, m. vingt, une vingtaine. Score, v. a. marquer sur la taille, mettre or porter en compte, imputer, attribuer; score line, bâtouner, rayer. Sconia, s. scorie, f. [scories. Sconia, adj. plein de scories, réduit en Scorn, v. a. & n. mépriser, dédaigner. Sconn, s. mépris, m. dédain, m. rebut, m Scorner, s. moqueur, m. celui qui meprise. Scornrul, adj. meprisant, dedaigneux. SCORNFULLY, adv. avec mépris, avec dedain. Scorpion, s. scorpion, m. Scorpion-grass or Wort, s. herbe aux scorpions, f.

Scot, s. part, f. portion, f. quote-part, écot, m. dreits de la paroisse.

Scot-free, adj. franç, qui ne paie rien, im-Scotch, s. dentelure, f.
Scotch-colbops, s. fricandeaux, m. pl.
Scotchman, s. un Ecossois. SCOTLAND, s. Ecosse, f. SCOTOMY, s. étourdissement, m. vertige, m Scoundrel, s. un gueax, un belitre, un fa-Scour, v. a. & n. écurer, nettoyer, degraisser, battre, avoir le devoiement, laver, se purger; to scour the seas, écumer les mers; to scour about, roder, courir en et là ; to scour away, s'enfuir, s'en aller. Scourer, s. nettoyeur, degraisseur d'habits, ss. un rodeur, un coureur. Scourge, s. fouet, m. fleau, m. châtiment, m. SCOURGE, r. a. fouetter, donner le fouet. SCOURGER, s. celui qui fouette, qui punit. SCOURING, s. cours de ventre, m Scout, s. un coureur d'armée, vedette, f. Scour, v. n. aller à la découverte. Scour, s. écouvillon, m. Scowl, v. n. se refrogner, faire la mine. Scowl, s. air refrogne, mine rechignée. Scowling, s. mine, f. mine rechignée. Scowlingly, adv. d'une air refrogné. SCRABBLE, v. a. égratigner, déchirer avec les ongles. SCRAG, s. un corps décharné. SCRAGGED, adj. rude, inegal, raboteux, mai-SCRAGGINESS, s. maigreur, f. [gre SCRAGGY, adj. fort maigre, decharne, rude. SCRAMBLE, v. a. tâcher d'attraper, grimper. SCRAMBLE, s. l'action de vouloir atteindre quelque chose, gribouillette. SCRAMBLER, s. celui qui tâche d'attraper. SCRANCH, v. a. croquer, casser avec les deuts. SCRAP, s. un morceau, un fragment. Serape, v. a. gratter, racler, ratisser; to Sculler, s. petit batoan scrope up, amasser; to scrape off, oter en Scullery, s. lavoir, m.

raelant, décrotter; to scrape out, effecer avec un grattoir. SCRAPE, s. embarras, m. nasse, f. SCRAPER, s. un grattoir, un racloir, une ratis-SCRAPING, s. ratissure, f. [sure. SCRATCH, v. a. gratter, egratigner, arracher, SCRATCH, s. egratignure, f. coupure, f. SCRATCHES, s. arretes or grappes, f. SCRATCHINGLY, adr. en gratiant. SCRAWL, r. a. griffonner, ramper.
SCRAWL, r. a. griffonner, ramper.
SCRAWL, s. griffonnage, m. mauvaise écri-SCRAWLER, s. un griffonneur. SCRAY, s. sorte d'hirondelle de mer. SCREAK, r. n. craquer, faire du bruit. SCREAKING, s. bruit, m. Scream, v. n. crier, pousser un cri aigu. Scream, s. un cri aigu or perçant Screech, r. n. crier comme une fres SCREECH, s. le cri d'une fresnie. SCREECHOWL, s. fresaie (sorte de chouette,) SCREEN, s. abri, m. écran, m. Screen, r. a. mettre à couvert, mettre à l'abri, abrier, couvrir, cribler. SCREW, s. une vis un sur-os cheville. Corkscreer, s. tire-bouchon, m. SCREW-TAP, s. un tareau or taraud, m. SCREW, r. à. fermer à vis, visser, rayer, outrer, élever, avancer, opprimer, vener; to screw in. faire entrer en tournant, insis meler, introduire; to screw out, tirer, faire sortir, défaire en tournant ; to scree tr. faire, causer, faire venir. SCRIBBLE, v. n. & a. cerire mal, griffoner. SCRIBBLE, s. mauvais ouvrage. SCRIBBLER, s. un mauvais écrivain, un écri-Scribe, s. un scribe. un écrivain. Scrip, s. une cédule, une mallette. SCRIPTORY, adj. ecrit, par écrit. SCRIPTURAL, adj. de l'écriture sainte. SCRIPTURE, s. ecrit, m. ecriture, f. la bible. SCRIVENER, s. un notaire, méchant écrivain. SCROFULA, s. ecrouelles, f. pl. SCROFULOUS, adj. scrofuleux. SCROLL, s. rouleau de papier, écriteas, m. cartouche, f. Serotum, s. le scrotum, les bourses des tesfricules. SCROYLE, s. un guenx. SCRUB, v. a. frotter fort et ferme. SCRUB, s. un balai tout usé, un bellue. SCRUBBY, adj. mauvais, méchant, chétif. SCRUPLE, s. scrupule, m. doute, m SCRUPLE, r. n. faire scruple, douter, besiter. Scrupulous, adj. scrupuleux. Scrupulousity, adr. scrupuleusement. Scrupulousness, Scrupulosity, s. serupule, m. SCRUTABLE, adj. qu'on peut découvrir. SCRUTATION, s. recherche, f. examen, m SCRUTATOR, s. scrutateur, m. SCRUTINIZE, v.a. rechercher, examiner, son-SCRUTINOUS, adj. qui aime à s'enquèrir. SCRUTINY, s. recherche exacte, examen. SCRUTOIRE, s. petit bureau, étudiole, f. SCUD, r. n. s'enfuir, se sauver. Scuffle, s. bruit, m. désordre, m. Scuffle, r. n. se quereller, se battre SCULE, v. n. se cacher, se tenir cache. SCULEER, s. quelqu'un qui se cache. SCULL or SKULL, s. le crane, une petite ram SCULLCAP, s. une coiffe, un bonnet de mit. Scullen, s. petit bateau à rameur.

Scullion, s. un marmiton or valet de cui-sine, m.

Sculp, s. taille douce, figure en taille douce, wingt livres pesant de verre, saindoux, m. Sculptilk, adj. sculpté, ciselé. SCULPTOR, s. sculpteur, m. SCULPTURE, s. sculpture, f. ; v. a. sculpter. Scum, s. écume, f. crasse, f. ordure, f. la lie, le rebut. Scum, v. a. ecumer. Scumer, s. écumoire, f.
Scupper, s. écumoire, f.
Scupper Holes, s. pl. dalon or dalot, m.
Scupper, s. teigne, f. gale à la tète, f. croûte
(d'une plaie, f. surface, f.
Scurry, adj. teigneux, qui a la teigne.
Scurry, adj. teigneux, qui a la teigne. basse. Scurrilous, adj. grossier, bouffon, bas. Scurrilously, adv. d'une manière bouffonne. Scurvily, adv. bassement, grossièrement. Sourvy, s. scorbut, m. [méchant. SOURYY, s. scorbut, m. [mechanis Sourry, ad.] galeux. teigneux, scorbutique, Scurvygrass, s. cochléaria, f. cueillerée, f. Sourt, s. queue, f. (d'un lièvre,) &cc. Scuttcheon, s. écusson, m. or écu, m. Scuttle, s. panier, m. anche, f. écoutille, f. bune, f. petit grille, un pas précipité. SCUTTLE, v. a. courir precipitamment. SCYTHIANS, s. les Scythes, m. pl. SEA, s. la mer. SEA-BEAT, adj. battu par les flots de la mer. SEA-BOAT, s. un navire. SEA-BORN, adj. ne de la mer. SEA-BOY, s. un mousse. [ses digues, f. SEA-BREACH, s. irruption de la mer que romp SEA-BREEZE, s. vent de mer, m. SEA-CALP, s. veau marin. SEA-CAP, s. chapeau de matelot, m. SEA-CAPTAIS, s. capitaine de vaisseau, m. SEA-CHART, SEA-MAP, s. carte marine. SEA-COAL, s. charbon de terre, m. SEA-COAST, s. côte de la mer, f. SEA-COMPASS, s. boussole, f. SEA-COW, s. manati, m. animal marin. SEA-DOG, s. un chien de mer. SEA-DUCK, s. macreuse, f. SEAFARING, adj. qui voyage par mer. SEAFARING-MEN, s. gens de mer. SEA-FIGHT, s. combat naval. SEA-FOWL, s. oiseau de mer, m. SEA-GIRT, adj. environné de la mer. SEA-GREEN, adj. couleur de mer. SEA-GULL, s. mauvis, m. mouette, f. SEA-HOG, s. marsouin, m. pourceau marin. SEA-HORSE, s. cheval marin. SEA-MAID, s. une sirène. SEA-MAN, a. un marinier, un matelot. SEA-MARK, s. balise, f. SEA-MEW, s. mouette, f. [gnon marin. SEA-ONION OF SEA-LEEK, s. squille, f. oi-SEA-ROOM, s. la haute mer, le large. SEA-PORT, s. un port de mer, un havre. SEA-ROVER, s. un corsaire, un écumeur de SEA-SICK, adj. qui a le mal de mer. [mer. SEA-SIDE, s. le bord de la mer, le rivage. SEAWARD, adj. haute mer, vers la mer. SEA-WATER, s. eau de mer, f eau salée. SEA-WEED, SEA-WARE, s. ague, f plante SEAL. s. cachet, m. sceau, m. [marine. SEAL, s. cachet, m. sceau, m. SEAL. See Sea-calf, veau marin. SEAL, v. a. sceller, cacheter. SEALER, s. officier du sceau, m. SEAL-RING, s. une bague gravée en cachet. SEALING-WAX, s. cire d'Espagne, f.

avalures, f. pl.
SEAM, v. a. faire une couture, joindre. SEAMLESS, adj. sans couture. SEA-MONSTER, s. monstre marin. SEAM-RENT, s. decousure, f. SEAMSTRESS, s. couturière, f. lingère, f. SEA-OOSE, s. vâse de la mer, f. SEA-PIECE, s. un tableau marin, m. [ler, cauteriser. SEA-POOL, s. un lac. SEAR, adj. sec, aride, fané, séché ; r. a. brû-SEARCE, s. un sas, un tamis ; v. a. sasser. SEARCH, r. a. visiter, chercher, examiner. SEARCH, s. recherche, f. visite, f. SEARCHER, s. visiteur, m. examinateur, m. SEARCHING, s. & adj. pénétrant. SEARCLOTH, s. emplatre, m. SEA-SHELL, s. coquillage de mer, m. SEA-SHORE, s. côte de mer, f. SEASON, s. saison, f. temps, m. SEASON, v. a. assaisonner, accoutumer. SEASONABLE, adj. de saison, à propos. SEASONABLENESS, s. temps propre, m. pro-SEASONABLY, adv. à propos. [priete, f. SEASONER, s. assaisonneur. SEASONING, s. assaisonnement, m. SEAT, s. siège, m. chaise, f. banc, m. chateau, m. maison de campagne. SEAT, v. a. situer, poser, placer, asseoir, eta-SECANT, s. secante. f. [blir. Secede, v. n. cesser de se mêler de. SECEDER, s. celui qui se retire SECERN, v. a. separer les parties subtiles. SECESSION, s. separation, f. retraite, f. SECLUDE, r. a. exclure. SECUDING, SECLUSION, s. exclusion, f. SECOND, adj. second, deuxième, autre. SECOND-HAND, adj. & s. de seconde main, rechausse, qui n'est pas neuf, seconde main. SECOND, s. un second, une seconde. SECOND, v. a. seconder, aider, appuyer, de-SECONDARILY, adv. en second lieu. [fendre. SECONDARY, adj. secondaire, du second or-SECONDARY, adj. & s. second. [dre. SECONDLY, adv. secondement, en second lieu. SECOND-RATE, adj. & s. second rang. Secret, s. secret, m. retraite, f. SECRET, adj. cache, secret, inconnu; s. un SECRETARISHIP. s. secretariat, m. [secret. SECRETARY, s. secretaire, m. SECRETARY, s. cacher, celer, tenir secret. SECRETION, s. secretion, f. SECRETLY, adv. secrètement, en secret. SECRETNESS, s. état de ce qui est caché, m. SECRETORY, adj. secrétoire.
SECRETORY, atj. secrétoire.
SECRETORY, atj. secrétoire. SECTARY, s. sectaire, m. SECTATOR, s. sectateur, m. SECTION, s. section, f. SECTOR, s. secteur, m. compas de proportion, SECULAR, adj. séculier, temporel, séculaire. SECULARITY, s. état séculier. SECULARIZATION, SECULARIZING, s. sécularisation, f. SECULARIZE, v. a. séculariser. SECULARLY, adv. en séculier. SECUNDINE, s. les enveloppes du fœtus, f. pl. SECURE, adj. sûr, assuré, en sureté. SECURE, v. a. sauver, mettre en sureté, preteger, assurer, garantir, confirmer, se saisir de, mettre en prison.

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SEIZURE, s. l'action de saisir, saisie, f.
SECORBLY, edv. surement, tranquillement, sans inquiétude, sans danger, en sureté.
                                                                    SELDOM, adv. rarement.
                                                                    SELDOMNESS, e. rareté, f.
SELECT, adj. choisi, d'élite.
SELECT, r. a. choisir, recueillir avec choix.
SECUREMENT, s. sureté, f. assurance, f.
SECURITY, s. sécurité, f. tranquillité, f. con-
   fiance, f. caution, f. garantie, f.
                                                                    SELECTION, s. choix, m. préférence, f.
Selector, s. celui qui choisit.
SEDAN, s. chaise à porteur, j
SEDATE, adj. tranquille, calme, paisible. SEDATELY, adv. tranquillement.
                                                                    SELENOGRAPHY, s. sélénographie, f.
                                                                    SELF, pros. meme, memes, personne, f. is-
dividu, m. seul, m. Myself, moi-même.
One's-self, soi-même, se. Self, (used in
composition,) as Self-conceit, Self-conscit-
edness, presomption, f. Self-denial, re-
SEDATENESS, s. tranquillité, f. calme, m.
SEDENTARINESS, s. repos, m. inaction, f.
SEDENTARY, adj. sédentaire, engourdi, fixé.
SEDGE, s. sorte de jonc de marais, m.
SEDGY, adj. plein de joncs pointus.
SEDIMENT, s. sediment, m. lie, f.
SEDITION, s. sedition, f. émeute. f.
SEDITIOUS, adj. seditioux, factioux.
                                                                       noncement à soi-même.
                                                                       noncement a serious.

Independent. Self-evident, clair, evident par soi-même. Self-love, amour propre, m. amour de soi-même. Self-marder, sui
SEDITIOUSLY, adv. seditiousement.
                                                                       cide, m. Belf-same, même. Belf-serkii
intéresse. Self-scill, obstination, f. opin
SEDITIOUSNESS, s. humeur seditieuse.
SEDUCE, v. a. séduire, abuser, corrompre.
SEDUCER, s. seduction, f.
SEDUCER, s. seducteur, m. corrupteur, m.
                                                                        trete, f. Self-wise, qui abonde en son sen
                                                                        Il y a encore beaucoup d'autres con
SEDUCIBLE, adj. capable d'être séduit.

SEDUCIBLE, adj. capable d'être séduit.

SEDULTIV, s. soin, m. assiduité, f. application,

SEDULIUS, adj. soigneux, diligent, assidu.

SEDULOUSLY, adv. assidument, soigneuse.
                                                                       de self : coux qu'on vient de lire suffisent
pour faire comprendre les autres.
                                                                    SELFISH, adj. propre, intéressé.
SELFISHLY, adv. d'une manière intéressée.
                                                                    SELFISHNESS, s. interêt personnel.
SELL, r. a. & n. vendre, débiter, trafiquer.
SEDULOUSNESS, s. assiduité, f. [ment. SEE, s. siège (d'un évèque, du pape.) m. SEE, v. a. de n. voir, regarder, observer, re-
                                                                    SELLANDER, s. solandres, f.
                                                                    SELLER, s. vendeur, vendeuse, marchand, m. SELLER, s. vende, f. l'action de vendre, f. SELVAGE, s. le bord de la toile, lisère, f.
   marquer, examiner, considérer, demander,
s'informer, prendre-garde, penser, avoir
SEE, interj. voyez! regardez! [soin.
                                                                    SELVAGE, v. a. border, couvrir le bord.
SELVES, the pl. of Self, which see.
SEMBLABLE, adj. semblable.
SEED, s. semence, f. graine, f. origine, f.
                                                                                                                            [ment
SEED, v. n. grener, monter en graine.
SEEDLING, s. jeune plante qui ne fait que
                                                                                                                             reille
                                                                    SEMBLABLY, adr. semblablement, pe
   de sortir de la graine.
                                                                    SEMBLANCE, s. ressemblance, f. apparence, SEMIANNULAR, adj. à moitié rond.
SREDMAN, s. grenetier, m
SEED-PEARL, s. semences de perles, f. pl. pe-
SEED-PLOT, s. pépinière, f. [tites perles.
                                                                    SEMIBRIEF, s. une semi-brève.
SEED-PLOT, s. pépinière, f. [tites perle
SEED-TIME, s. la semaille or les semailles.
                                                                    Senicircle, s. un demicercle, un rapporteur.
                                                                    SEMICIRCULAR, adj. en demi-cercle.
SEMICOLON, s. un point et une virgule (;).
SEEDSMAN, s. un semeur.
SEEDY, adj. pleine de graine, grenu.
                                                                    SEMIDIAMETER, s. demi-diamètre, sa
SEEING, s. vue, f. vision, f.
SEEING THAT, conf. vu, vu que, puisque.
SEEN, v. a. & n. chercher, poursuivre, faire
                                                                    SEMIDOUBLE, s. semi-double, m.
                                                                    SEMILUNAR, SEMILUNARY, adj. en demi-
                                                                    SEMI-METAL, s. demi-métal, m.
                                                                                                                             flune.
   des recherches, briguer, sollicher, s'adres-
ser à, tacher d'avoir, faire des efforts.
                                                                    SEMINAL, adj. seminal.
                                                                    SEMINARY, s. pépinière, f. séminaire, m.
Semination, s. action de semer.
Seminifical, Seminifica, adj. qui produit.
SEEKER, s. chercheur, chercheuse.
SEEKING. s. recherche, f.
SEEK, v. n. parohre, sembler.
                                                                    SEMI-PROOF, s. semi-preuve, f. demi-
                                                  [apparent.
SERMING, s. apparence, f. opinion, f.; adj.
                                                                    SEMIQUAVER, s. une double-croche, f.
SERMINGLY, adv. en apparence. [rence, f.
                                                                    SEMITONE, s. demi-ton, m.
SEEMINGNESS, s. vraisemblance,
                                                                    SEMIVOWEL, s. un demivoyelle.
 SEEMLINESS, s. bienséance, décent.
                                                                    SEMPITERNAL, adj. éternel, sans fin.
SEMPITERNITY, s. éternité, f.
SEEMLY, adj. bienseant, decent, honnête.
SEEMLY, adv. decemment, avec decence.
                                                                    Sempstress, s. couturière, f.
SEER, s. celui qui voit, voyant, prophète, m.
SEER WOOD, s. bois sec.
                                                                    SENARY, adj. qui appartient au nombre six.
                                                                    SENATE, s. senat, m
 SRE-SAW, e. balancement, m. balançoire, f.
                                                                    SENATE-HOUSE, s. sénat, m.
SENATOR, s. un sénateur.
SEE-SAW, v. n. se balancer.
                                                                                                                  [de staateur.
                                                [bascule, f.
                                                                    SENATORIAL, SENATORIAN, adj. senatorial,
SERTH, v. a. & n. bouilir.
                                                                    SEND, v. a. envoyer, dépêcher, faire partir,
donner, accorder; to send in, introduire,
 SEETHER, s. une bouilloire, une marmite.
SEZTHING, adj. bouillant. A seething-pot,
    on pot à cuire, une marmite.
                                                                        faire entrer, faire venir; to send for, faire
 SEGMENT, s. segment, m. morceau, m.
                                                                        appeler, envoyer querir.
 Segregate, v.a.
                                separer, mettre à part.
                                                                     SENDER, s. celui qui envoie.
SEGREGATION, s. separation, f.
                                                                     Senescence, s. vieillesse, f. declin, m.
 SEIGNIOR, s. seigneur, m.
                                                                     SENESCHAL, s. sonèchal.
 SEIGNIORY, s. seigneurie, f.
                                                                     SENGREEN, s. (a plant) joubarbe, f.
SENILE, adj. qui appartient à la vi
 SEIGHIORAGE, s. seigneuriage, m.
                                                                                                                        vieille
 Seignorize, v. a. dominer, commander.
                                                                     SENIOR, s. aine, m. ancien, m.
SEIZABLE, adj. qu'on peut saisir, coufiscable.
                                                                     SENIORITY, s. anciennoté, f.
 SEIZE, v. a. saisir, prendre, s'emparer.
                                                                     SENNA, s. sené, m. haguenaudier, m.
 SEIZIN, s. saisine, f. prise de possession, f.
                                                                     SENTIGHT, s. sept jours, m. une semaine.
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SEQUESTRATE, v. a. & n. séquestrer, se sé-

Sensation, s. sessetion, f. SENSE, s. sens, m. sensation, f. raison, f. jugement, m. entendement, m. esprit, m. entiment, m. avis, m. opinion, f. signification, f. SENSELESS, adj. qui a perdu l'usage de ses sens, privé de sentiment, déraisonnable, impertinent, absurde, ridicule. SENSELESSLY, adr. contre le bon sens SEWSELESSNESS, s. manque de bon sens, m. absurdité, f. SENSIBILITY, a sensibilité, f.
SENSIBLE, adj. sensible, persuadé, convain-cu, sage, judicieux, raisonnable. SENSIBLENESS, s. sensibilité, f. sens, m. sentiment, m. bon sens, jugement, m. SENSIBLY, adv. sensiblement. SENSITIVE, adj. sensitif. BENSITIVELY, adv. avec sentiment. SENSORIUM, SENSORY, s. sensorium, m. SENSUAL, adj. sensuel, voluptueux. SEESUALIST, s. un homme sensuel or volup-SENSUALITY, s. sensualité, f. [tueux. SENSUALIZE, v. a. rendre sensuel, amollir. SENSUALLY, adv. sensuellement. SENTERCE, s. sentence, f. jugement, m. arret, m. maxime, f. apophthegme, m. une phrase, f. une période. SENTENCE, v. a. condemner, sentencier. SENTENTIOUS, adj. sentencieux. SENTENTIOUSLY, adv. sentencieusement. SENTIENT, adj. sentant, sensitif. SENTIMENT, s. sentiment, m. sens, m. SERTIMENTAL, adj. de sentiment, platonique. SENTINEL, SENTRY, s. sentinelle, f. SEPARABILITY, s. divisibilité, f. SEPARABLE, adj. séparable, divisible. SEPARABLENESS, s. divisibilité, f. SEPARATE, adj. séparé, distinct, particulier. SEPARATE, v. a. & s. séparer, se séparer. SEPARATELY, adv. séparément, à part. SEPARATION, s. séparation, f. division, SEPARATIST, s. un sectaire, un schismatique. SEPARATOR, s. celui qui sépare. SEPARATORY, adj. qui aide à separer.
SEPOSITION, s. segrégation, f. separation, f.
SEPT, s. race, f. famille, f. secte, f. SEPTANGULAR, adj. qui a sept angles. SEPTEMBER, s. Septembre, m. SEPTENARY, s. & adj. septenaire, m. de sept. SEPTERSIAL, adj. qui dure sept ans. SEPTENTRION, s. le septentrion, le nord. SEPTENTRIONAL, adj. septentrional, du nord. SEPTENTRIORALLY, adr. vers le nord.
SEPTICAL, adj. septique, putréfiant.
SEPTILATERAL, adj. qui a sept côtés, de SEPTIMARIAN, s. un semainier. [sept côtés. SEPTUAGENARY, adj. septuagenaire. SEPTUAGESINA, s. la septuagesime. SEPTUAGESIMAL, adj. septuagenaire, de 70
SEPTUAGESIMAL, adj. septuagenaire, de 70
SEPTUAGEN, es Septante, m. SEPTUPLE, adj. septuple. SEPULCHRAL, adj. sepulchral, funèbre. SEPULCHRE, s. sepulcre, m. tombeau, m. SEPULCHRE, v. a. enterrer, mettre dans le SEPULTURE, s. sépulture, f. [tombeau. SEQUACITY, s. ductilité, f. [sion, f. SEQUEL, s. suite, f. consequence, conclu-SEQUENCE, s. sequence. f. suite, BEQUERT, adj. qui suit, qui succède. SEQUESTER, v. a. séquestrer, séparer. SEQUESTERABLE, adj. qui peut être séparé. 25

SEQUESTRATION, s. separation, f. SEQUESTRATOR, s. sequestre, m. SERAGLIO, s. serail, m. palais, m. SERAPHICAL, SERAPHICE, adj. scraphique. SERAPHIM, s. un scraphin. Seraskier of Serasquier, s. sérasquier, SERE, adj. sec, desseche; s. serre, f. [m. SERERADE, s. serenade, f.; v. a. donner des sérénades. SERENE, adj. serein, calme. Most serene, sérénissime. SERENE, v. a. & n. rendre serein, appaiser. SERENELY, adr. avec sérénité. SERENENESS, SERENITY, sérénité, f. calme, SERGE, s. serge, f.; serge maker, sergior, m.; serge making, sergerie, f. SERGEANT, s. sergent, f. Sergeant at lase, docteur en droit, m. avocat, m. SERGEANTRY, SERGEANTSHIP, s. sergente-SERIES, s. suite, f. cours, m. tissu, m. [rie, f. SERIOUS, adj. serieux, grave, important. SERIOUSLY, adv. sérieusement, tout de bon. SERIOUSNESS, s. sérieux, m. gravité, SERMON, s. sermon, m. prédication, SERMONIZE, v. a. precher, sermonner. SEROSITY, s. sérosité, f. SEROUS, adj séreux, aqueux. SERPENT, s. serpent, m. serpenteau, m. SERPENTINE, adj. de serpent, serpentant, qui serpente. SERPIGO, s. sorte de dartre. SERRATE, SERRATED, adj. dentelé en forme SERVANT, s. domestique, m. & f. serviteur, m. valet, m. servante, f. amant, m. SERVANT-LIKE, adv. en serviteur. SERVE, v. a. & n. servir, être au service, être employé à, rendre service, traiter, en agir, en user, être en service, être domestique, être utile, être favorable, tenir lieu, tenir la place, faire l'office de ; to serve a warrant, assigner, executer; to serve one's turn, suffire, etre assez; to serve out one's time, achever son tems de service. SERVICE, s. service, m. condition, m. usage, f. respect, m. complimens, m. pl. civilité, f. prières, f. pl. office divin, cormier, m. or sorbe, f. corme, m. arbre), corme, f. or sorbe, f. [bla. SERVICEABLE, adj. utile, commode, SERVICEABLENESS, s. utilité, f. usage, m. humeur serviable, f. SERVICEABLE, adv. officieusement. SERVILE, adj. servile, bas, rampant. SERVILELY, adv. servilement, bassement. SERVILENESS, SERVILITY, s. bassesse, f. SERVITOR, s. un pauvre écolier, un serviteur. SERVITUDE, s. servitude, f. esclavage, m. SERUM, s. serosité, f. petit lait. SESAME, s. sésame, m. blé de Turquie. SESQUIALTERAL, adj. sesquialtière.
SESQUIPEDAL, adj. d'un pied et demi.
SESS, s. taxe, f. impôt, m.
SESSION, s. séance, f. session, f. assemblée, f. SESTERCE, s. sesterce, m. SET, v. a. & n. poser, placer, mettre, regler, fixer, monter, enchasser, établir, marquer, nommer, déterminer, donner, assigner; v. n. se coucher, se mettre en voyage, partir; to set a bone, remettre un es; to set a page, composer une page; to set a tree, planter un arbre ; to set a razor, passer

or affiler un rasoir; to set one his tank, donner une tâche à quelqu'un; to set good ex-emples, donner de bons exemples; to set sets, tendre des filets; to set about, appliquer, mettre à ; to set abroad, divulguer, publier ; to set against, indisposer, animer. inciter contre, opposer; to set agoing, faire aller, mettre en mouvement ; to set apart, mettre à part, mettre pour un temps ; to set aside, mettre à part, omettre pour le présent, rejeter, annuller, abroger ; to set at defiance, defier; to set away, oter; to set by, estimer, faire cas, mettre de côté; to set down, mentionner, mettre en écrit, citer, enregistrer, fixer, determiner, regler, établir; to set forth, rehausser, louer, vanter, montrer, deployer, exposer, annoncer, manifester, ordonner, établir, régler ; to set forward, avancer, mettre en avant, pousser, animer, faire valoir; to set in, mettre en train; to set off, relever, re-hausser, embellir, parer; to set on or upon, animer, exciter, porter, attaquer, assaillir, tomber sur, mettre or employer à ; to set out, publier. déclarer, orner, embellir, équiper, assigner, marquer, tracer, entrer dans le monde, s'etablir; to set up, dresser, ériger, élever, établir, arborer, planter, tendre, dételer, avancer, mettre en avant, s'établir, commencer un commerce ; to set up for, se donner pour, s'eriger en, faire le. SET, s. garniture, f. assortiment, m. service, m. jeu, m. rang, m. bande, f. troupe, f. une plante, une pied d'arbre, le coucher du soleil, &c. Set-off, agrement, m. parure, f. ornement, f. SETACEOUS, adj. herisse. SETON, s. séton, m. cautère, m. SETTRE, s. un canape, un sofa. SETTER, s. un chien couchant, un espion. SETTING-DOG, .. un chien couchant. SETTING-STICK, s. un compoteur, un plan-SETTLE, s. un siège, un banc.
SETTLE, r. a. établir, rendre stable, fixer, régler, afrèter, déterminer, assigner, constituer, instituer, remettre, calmer, tranquilliser, rasseoir; v. n. se rasseoir, se reposer, se calmer, s'arrêter, se fixer, s'éta-blir, former un établissement. SETTLEDNESS, s. stabilité, f. état fixe, m SETTLEMENT, s. règlement, m. établissement, m. constitution, f. accord, m. colonie, f. habitation, f. sediment, m. lie, f. residu. SEVEN, adj. sept SEVENFOLD, adj. sept fois autant, sept fois. SEVENNIGHT, s. une semaine, sept jours. SEVENTEEN, adj. dix-sept. Seventeenth, adj. dix-septième. SEVENTH, adj. septième. SEVENTIETH, adj. soixante et dixième. SEVENTY, adj. soixante et dix, septante. SEVER, v. a. & n. séparer, diviser. SEVERAL, adj. different, divers, distinct, particulier, plusieurs, quantité.

SEVERAL, s. état de séparation, m. endroit clos, particulier, m. particularité, f.
SEVERALLY, adr. séparément, à part.
SEVERALLY, s. particulier, m. [division, f.
SEVERALECE, s. séparation, f. partage, m.
SEVERE, adf. sévère, rigoureux, dur, rude. SEVERELY, adv. severement, rigoureusement. SEVERITY, s. severité, f. rigueur, f. SEW, v. a. & n. coudre.

turière, un ecuyer tranchent, égolt, m. cloaque, m. conduit, m. SEWING-PRESS, s. cousoir, m. Sex, s. sexe, m. SEXAGENARY, adj. sexagenaire. SEXAGESIMA, s. la sexagesime. SEXAGESIMAL, adj. soixantième. SEXERNIAL, adj. de six ans. Srxtain, s. sizain, m. SEXTANT, s. sexiant, m. la sixième pertie d'un cercle. SEXTARY, SEXTRY, s. sacristic, f. SEXTILE, adj. sextil, de soixante degrés. SEXTON, s. sous-sacristain, m. fossoyeur, s SEXTUPLE, adj. six fois autant, sexuple.
SHABBILT, adv. bassement, comme un gueux. SHABBINESS, s. bassesse, f. SHABBY, adj. de gueux, mauvais, chétif. SHACKLE, v. a. enchaîner, mettre dans les SHACKLES, s. pl. chaines, f. fers de prisonnier, m. entraves, f. pl. SHAD, s. alose, f.
SHADE, s. ombre, f. obscurité, f. ombrage,
m. abri, m. nuance, f. esprit, m. Aligne shade, s. morelle f. SHADE, v. a. ombrager, couvrir de son embre-SHADINESS, s. ombrage, m. ombre, f. Shadow, s. ombre, f. apparence, f. Shadow, r. a. ombrager, donner de l'ombre, couvrir de son ombre, ombrer. SHADOWING, s. nuance (de couleurs,) f. SHADOWY, SHADY, adj. sombre, obscur. SHAFT, s. une flèche, un dard, une creux profond,un puits, la pyramide (d'une èglise;) le fût or la tige (d'une colonne;) la sonche (d'une cheminée;) le timoa d'une voiture, brancard, m. SHAG, s. peluche, f. poil dur et coutous SHAGGED, SHAGGY. adj. velu, poilu, berime. A shagged dog, un barbet. SHAGREEN, s. chagrin, m. SHARE, r. a. secouer, branler, ébranler, re muer, agiter, mouvoir; to shake hands, prendre congé de, dire adieu, donner la main par amitie; to shake off, secone débarrasser de, se tirer de ; to shake to nieces, faire tomber en pièces; v. s. bran ler, trembler, avoir peur, faire des tremblemens (en musique.) SHAKE, s. secousse, f. tremblement, sa. SHAKER, s. celui qui or ce qui ebranle. SHAKING, s. secousse, f. tremblement, m. SHALL, signe du future en Anglais. SHALLOON, s. ras de Chalons, m. serge, f. SHALLOP, s. chaloupe, f. SHALLOW, adj. qui n'est pas profond, bas, superficiel, frivole. SHALLOW, s. bas-fond, m. basses, f. pl. SHALLOWBRAINED, adj. qui a pen de cer SHALLOWLY, adv. superficiellement. [velle. Shallowness, s. manque de profondeur, se. or peu de profondeur, peu de sens. Shalm, s. chalumeau, m. hauthois, m. SHAM, v. a. duper, tromper, jouer, feindre, SHAM, v. a. duper, tromper, jouer, feindre, SHAM, s. tromperie, f. illusion, f. feinte, f. SHAM, adj. faux, prétendu, supposé, positiche. SHAMBLES, s. la boucherie. SHAMBLING, adj. promenant lourdement.
SHAME, s. honte, f. modestie, f. pudeur, f. infamie, f. ignominie, f. For shame! 5! fi done! SEWER, s. celui or celle qui coût. une cou- | SHAME, v. a. & n. faire houte, deshouserer.

SHAME-FACED, adj. bonteux, modeste SHAMEFACEDLY, adv. avec pudeur. SHAMEFACEDNESS, s. pudeur, f. home, f. SHAMEFUL, adj. honteux. infame. SHAMEFULLY, adv. honteusement. SHAMEFULNESS, s. infamie, f. ignominie, f. SHAMELESS, adf. impudent, effronté. SHAMELESSLY, adv. sans houte, impudemment. Shamelessness, s. effronterie, f. SHAME, s. la jambe; l'os de la jambe; shank of a plant, candlestick, key, lige, f.; shank of a pipe, of a chimney, uyau, m; shank of an anchor, verge, f.

SHAPE, s. forme, f. figure, f. taille, f.

SHAPE, s. forme, f. figure, the forme SHAPE, v. a. former, donner une forme. SHAPELESS, adj. mal-proportionne, informe. SHAPELINESS, s. beaute, f. belle forme. SHAPELY, adj. bien fait, bien proportionne. SHARD, s. têt, m. morceau de pot casse, m.
SHARE, s. part, f. portion, f. partage, m. le
soc or coutre d'une charrue, m. SHARE-BONE, s. l'os pubis, m. SHARE, v. a. & n. partager, diviser. SHARER, s. celui qui partage or qui participe. SHARING, s. partage, m. l'action de partager. SHARK, s. le goulu de mer, requin, m. un es-SHARK, v. a. & n. escroquer. [croc. [croc. SHARP, adj. aigu, affile, pointu, vif, perçant, subtil, ingenieux, fin, penetrant, ruse, acre, mordant, salin, dur, rude, piquant, violent, satirique, affame, avide. SHARP, s. dièse, m. aiguille, f: stilet, m. SHARP, v. a. & n. aiguiser, affiler. SHARPEN,v. a. aiguiser, affiler, rendre pointu. SHARPER, s. un filou, un escroc, un fripon. SHARPLY, adv. aigrement. subtilement. SHARPNER, s. emouleur, m. SHARPNESS, s. tranchant, m. fil, m. pointe, f. subtilité, f. penetration, f. aigreur, f. acrete, f. rigueur, f. Shatter, s. eclat, m. ; v. a. & n. briser. SHATTERBRAINED, adj. étourdi, écervelé. SHATTERY, adj. friable, cassant. SHAVE, v. a. raser, faire la barbe. SHAVELING, s. un tondu, un moine. SHAVER, s. harbier, m. un fripon, un filou. SHAVINGS, s. pl. des raclures, f. des copeaux, SHAWE, s. un hauthois, m SHE, elle, f. She, specifié le genre féminin. SHEAF, s. paquet, m. gerbe, f. SHEAF, v. a. mettre en paquets, en gerbes. SHEAR, v. a. toudre, couper. SHEAR, SHEARS, s. forces, f. pl. gros ciseaux. SHEARER, s. tondeur de brebis, m. SHEARINGS, s. pl. tontures f. pl. SHEARMAN, s. tondeur de drap, m. SHEATH, s. gaine, f. fourreau, m. etui, m. SHEATHE, v. a. rengainer, remettre dans le fourreau, doubler un vaisseau. SHEAVES, pl. of Sheaf, which see. SHED, v. a. repandre, verser, muer. SHED, s. un appentis, un hangar. SHEDDER, s. celui qui repand. SHEDDING, s. l'action de répandre, &c.

Shedding of blood, effusion de sang, f.

SHEEP, s. brebis, f. mouton, m.

SHEEPRITE, v. n. faire de petits vols. SHEEPBITER, s. un filou, un fripon. SHEEPCOT, SHEEPCOTE, s. parc de brebis.
SHEEPFOLD, s. bergerie, f. l'étable des mouSHEEP-HOOE, s. une houlette. [tons, f. SHEEPISH, adj. timide, simple, pusillanime.

SHEEPISHNESS, s. timidité, f. simplicité, f. Sheep-shearing, s. tonte des brebis, f. SHEEP-SKIN, s. peau de mouton, f. SHEEP'S PLUCK, s. fressure de mouton, f. SHEER, adj. pur, transparent, sans mélange. SHEER, adv. tout d'abord, tout d'un coup. Sheer through, tout au travers SHEER, v. n. rouler; to sheer off, s'enfuir. SHRER-HOOK, s. grapin, m. harpeau, m. SHEERING, s. le roulis d'un vaisseau. SHEET, s. liuceul, m. drap, m. Sheet or sheet-ropes, ecoutes, f. pl. Sheet-anchor, la grosse ancre. Sheet-cable, le maître cable. Sнект, v. a. garnir de draps. SHEETING, s. toile pour les draps de lit, f. SHEKEL, SHEKIE, s. siele, m. (2s. 6d.) SHELF, s. tablette, f. écueil, m. [chés. SHELFY, adj. plein d'écueils et de rochers ca-SHELL, s. écaille, f. coquille, f. coque, f. écale, f. cosse, f. écorce, f. carcasse, f. l'extérieur, m. bombe, f. coquillage, sa. Shell-fish, poisson à coquille. SHELL, v. a. écailler (du poisson,) écosser (des pois;) écaler (des noix;) to shell off, v. n. s'écailler, tomber en écailles SHELLY, adj. écailleux, couvert d'écailles. SHELTER, s. abri, m. couvert, m. protecteur, m. asile, m. refuge, m. protection, f. re-traite, f. logement, m. SHELTER, v. a. mettre à l'abri or à couvert, proteger, defendre, donner un asile. SHELTERER, s. protecteur, m. defenseur, m. SHELTERLESS, adj. sans asile, sans refuge. SHELVES, pl. of Shelf. SHELVING, adj. incline, qui a la pente. SHELVING, s. pente, f. penchant, m. talus, m. SHELVY, adj. plein d'écueils. SHEPHERD, s. berger, m. pasteur, m. SHEPHERDESS, s. une bergère. SHERBET, s. sorbet, m. Sherd, s. têt. m. morceau de pot cassé, m. SHERIFF, s. schérif, lieutenant criminel, m. SHERIFFALTY, SHERIFF, SHERIFFWICK, s. charge or jurisdiction de schérif, f. SHERRY, s. vin d'Andalousie. SHEW, See Show. SHIELD, s. bouclier, m. défenseur, m. dé-SHIELD, v. a. couvris d'un bander. [fense, SHIELD, v. a. couvrir d'un bouclier. SHIFT, n. a. & n. changer, transporter, transferer, transvaser, eluder, eviter, echapper, changer de place, changer d'habit, songer à sa sureté, se tirer d'affaire, ruser, se servir de ruses. SHIFT, s. ressource, f. expédient, m. tour d'adresse, m. ruse, f. stratagème, m. détour, m. défaite, f. échappatoire, f. subterfuge, m. faux fuyant, m. excuse frivole. SHIFTER, s. un sourbe, un homme rusé. SHIFTING, s. l'action de changer. SHIFTLESS, adj. sans ressource. SHILLING, s. schelin, m. 24 sous de France. SHILY, adj. avec reserve, avec retenue. SHIN, s. le devant de la jambe. Shine, s. clarté, f. éclat, m. splendeur, m. Shine, v. n. luire, reluire, éclater, briller. SHINESS, s. reserve, f. retenue, f. Shingle, s. bardeau, m. ais, m Shingles, seu volage, m. maladie de la peau. Shingler, s. un faiseur de bardeux or de Shining, s. lueur, f. éclat. m. SHINING, adj. luisant, resplendissant. SHINY, adj. brillant, luisant, eclatant. SHIP, s. navire, m. vaisscau, m. bâtiment de SHIP, v. a. embarquer.

SHORTSIGHTED, adj. qui a la vue courte

SHIPBOARD, s. planche de vaisseau, f. bordage, m. bord, m. vaisseau, m. SHIP-BOY, s. mousse, ss. garçon de navire. SHIP-MAN, s. un matelot, un marin. SHIP-MASTER, s. patron de navire, m. SHIP-MONEY, s. impôt pour la construction des navires, m. SHIP-STEWARD, s. le munitionnaire, le dépensier d'un vaisseau. Shipping, s. flotte, f. embarquement, m. Shipwreck, s. naufrage, m., v. n. echouer. SHIPWRIGHT, s. charpentier de navire, m. SHIRE, s. comté, m. province, f. SHIRT, s. chemise d'homme, f. SHIRTLESS, adj. sans chemise. SHIVE, s. tranche, f. copeau, m SHIVER, r. n. & a. trembler, frissonner. Shiver, s. pièce, f. morceau, m. éclat, m. Shivering-fit, s. un frisson. Shoal, s. foule, f. multitude, f. troupe, f. banc de sable, m. SHOALS, s. pl. basfonds, m. SHOAL, v. s. s'attrouper. [bancs de sable. SHOAL, SHOALT, adj. plein d'écueils or de SHOCK, s. choc, m. rencontre, f. combat, m. SHOCK, v. a. & n. choquer, heurter. SHOD, part. adj. chaussé, ferré. SHOE, s. un soulier, fer de cheval, m. SHOE, v. a. chausser, ferrer un cheval., SHOEBLACE, s. un décroteur. SHOEING-HORN, s. un chausse-pied. SHOE-MAKER, s. un cordonnier. SHOESTRING, SHOETYE, s. cordon or attache de soulier, m. f. SHOG, s. secousse, f. mouvement, m.; v. a. secouer, remuer. Вноот, r. a. & n. tirer, lancer, jeter, decocher, blesser, percer, rahoter, passer par dessus, franchir, pousser, croitre, bourgeonner, monter, passer rapidement, tomber, filer, élancer, causer des élancemens; to shoot corn, coals, decharger du ble, du charbon; to shoot out, pousser; to shoot forth, avancer, s'élancer. SHOOT, s. coup qu'on tire avec une arme, m. jet, m. rejeton. m. scion, m. bourgeon, m. SHOOTER, s. un tireur. [un goret. SHOOTING, s. chasse au fusil, la pousse des Shopsoard, s. un établi. [plantes. SHOP-BOOK, s. livre de compte, m. SHOP-EZEPER, s. boutiquier, m. SHOPLIFTER, SHOPLIFT, s. escamoteur, m. SHOPMAN, s. petit marchand, détailliste. SHORAGE, s. droit de rivage, m. SHORAGE, s. bord, m. rivage, m. côte de mer. f. etaie, f. étançon, appui, m. SHORE, r. a. étayer, étanconner, appuyer. SHORELESS, adj. sans bord, sans rivage. SHORELING, s. la peau d'une brebis tondue. SHORN, part. adj. tondu, rase, ras, prive SHORT, adj. court, concis, serré, succinct. In a short time, dans peu de temps. To fall short of, être frustré de manquer, être éloigne de, ue pas approcher. SHORT, adv. court, tout court, bref. SHORT, s. abrege, m. summaire, m. SHORTEN, r. a. raccourcir, accourcir. SHORTHAND, s. tacheographie. tachygraphie, f. SHORTLIVED, adj. de peu de durée, passager. SHORTLY, adv. bientôt, en abrégé. SHORTNESS, s. petitesse, f. brièveté, f. Shortness of breath, courte haleine, f.

SHORTSIGHTED, asj. qui a la voie courte. [Desse. SHORTSIGHTEDHES, s. vue courte. [Desse. SHORTWIEDED, adj. qui a courte halaine. SHORTWIEDED, adj. qui a les ailes courtes. SHORT, adj. qui es près des côtes de la mer. SHOT, part. adj. tiré, lancé, jeté, poussé. SHOT, s. coup, m. fièche, f. trait, m. portée, f. écol, m. compte, m. Small stat, dragée, f. cendre de plomb, m. Great shot, balles de plomb, f. pl. Causon-shot, boulet de canon. canon, m. SHOTFREE. adj. franc, qui ne paie rien, min et sauf, à l'epreuve de, insensible à. SHOTTEN, adj. déchargé de son frai, tourné. SHOULD, n. n. devoir (le mot est le signe du tems conditionnel.) SHOULDER, s. épaule, f. [l'os de l'épaule. SHOULDER-BONE or SHOULDER-BLADE, SHOULDER, v. a. mettre sur l'épaule, épauler.

Broad-shouldered, qui a les épaules larges.

SHOULDER-BELT, s. un bandrier. SHOULDER-KNOT, s. nooud d'épaule SHOULDER-PIECE, s. épanlière, f. épanleue, ʃ. SHOULDER-SLIP, s. dislocation de l'épanle, f. SHOUT, v. n. crier, faire des acclamatio SHOUT, s. cri, m. acclamation, f. SHOUTER, s. celui qui fait des acclamations. SHOUTING. 2. acclamations, f. pl.
SHOWE, v. a. dc. s. pousser, aller en avant.
SHOWE, v. un coup. Show set, seine, f.
SHOWE, s. une pelle. Showel-full, in pelle
plein, une pelle. SHOVEL, v. a. jeter avec une pelle, amasser. SHOVEL-BOARD, s. galet, m. SHOVELLER, s. pélican, m. SHOW, v. s. & s. montrer, faire voir, dém ter, prouver, découvrir, témoigner, parolire, sembler, avoir l'air, faire semblent.

Show, s. apparence, f. semblant, m. mine, f. prétezte, m. couleur, f. ombre, f. mondant tre, f. parade, f. ostentation, f. figure, f. spectacle, m. pompe, f. Shower, s. ondee, f. pluie soudaine. SHOWER, r. a. & n. verser, pleuvoir à verse. SHOWER, adj. pluvieux.
SHOWISH, SHOWY, adj. voyant, brillant, éclatant, fastueux, pompeux. SHRED, v. a. hacher, couper menu SHRED, s. coupon, m. coupure, f. Surrw, s. une femme acariatre. SHREWD, adj. méchant, vilain, acariète, fin, adroit, subtil, artificieux. [mest, fort. SHREWDLY, adv. méchamment, maligne-SHREWDNESS, s. adresse, f. subtilité, m. SHREWISH, adj. grondeur, pétulant, emporté. SHREWISHLY, adv. avec malice, en criail-SHREWISHNESS, s. mauvaise humeur. [lant. SHREWMOUSE. s. museraigne, f. SHRIER, v. s. crier, jeter des cris instriculés. SHRIER. s. cri instriculé. [cris. [cris. Shrirking, s. cri, m. l'action de jete SHRILL, adj. perçant, aigu, aigre, gréle. SHRILL, v. n. faire un bruit aigre et perç SHRILLY, adr. d'un ton aigu et percant. SHRILLESS, s. son aigu, m. Shring, s. chevrette, f. un nain, un ragot. SHRIBE, s. chasse, f. reliquaire, m.
SHRIBE, v. a. & m. raccourcir, resserver,
rétrécir, faire retirer, se raccourcir, se raserver, se rétrécir, se rotirer, fair, éviter,
avoir de l'horreur, décheoir, diminuer, succomber. SHRINK, s. contraction. f. retreciseement, so.

SHRINKING, s. contraction, f. rétrécissement. | Sightless, adj. avougle. [mant. Shrivel, v. a. & s. rider et se rider. | Sightles, adj. agréable à l'oril, beau, char-SHROUD, s. un abri, un couvert, defense, f. SHROUD, v. a. mettre à l'abri ; v. n. se met tre à couvert or à l'abri, couvrir, cucher. Shrouds, s. haubans, m. pl. SHROVE-TIDE, s. le carnaval. SHROVE-TUESDAY, s. le Mardi-gras. SHRUB, s. un arbrisseau, un petit homme, nain, f. SHRUBBY, adj. plein d'arbrisseaux. SHRUG, v. a. de n. hausser les épaules. SHRUG, s. haussement d'épaules. SHUDDER, v. s. frissonner, trembler. SHUFFLE, v. a. mettre en désordre, confon-dre, mêler ensemble, éloigner, éluder, dé-pouiller, réjeter, mêler les cartes, gauchir, SHUFFLE, s. melange, m. confusion, f. désordre, m. fourberie, f. artifice, m.
SHUFFLER, s. un fourbe. ruser, tromper Shuffilms, s. l'action de mêler les cartes, ruses, f. pl. détours, m. pl. [par artifice. Shuffilms.t, ade en biaisant, en fourbe, Shuff, v. a. décliner, éviter, fuir. Shunless, adj. inevitable.
Shut, v. a. fermer, joindre, corroyer; to shad sep, conclure, fermer, finir, terminer; to shut out, exclure, refuser l'entrée à ; v. n. fermer, se fermer SHUTTER, s. porte, f. volet de feuêtre, m. SHUTTLE, s. une navette de timerand, m. SHUTTLECOCK, s. volant, m. [discret. SHY, adj. reserve, retenu, froid, circonspect, [discret. SIBILATION, s. sifflement, m. SIBYL, s. sibylle, f. SIBYLLINE, adj. sibylline. SICAMORE, s. sycomore, (arbre) m. SICCATE, v. a. secher, dessecher. SICCATION, s. action de secher. SICCITY, s. siccité, f. sècheresse, f. aridité, f. SiCCI, s. le six (au jeu des dés.)
SICK, adj. & s. malade, mai, las, dégoûté.
SICKEN, v. a. & n. rendre malade. Sickish, adj. un peu malade, indisposé. Sickis, s. un faucille. SICKLEMAN, SICKLER, s. un moisse SICKLERAR, SICKLER, s. un mossameer. SICKLERAR, s. mauvaise santé, peu de santé. SICKLER, adj. maladif, mal-sain, foible. SICKLER, adj. maladif, mal-sain, foible. SICKLERSS, s. indisposition, f. maladie, f. SIDK, s. coté, m. fanc, m. endroit, m. part, m. bord, m. page, f. penchant, m. SIDK, adj. de côté, lateral, oblique. SIDK, v. m. mendre le navi de Atra de sal SIDE, asy. oe cote, lateral, obique.

SIDE, v. n. prendre le parti de, être de tel

SIDEBOARD, s. un buffet.

SIDELONG, asj. de côté, latéral, oblique.

SIDELONG, asj. de côté, à côté, obliquement.

SIDERAL, SIDERAR, asj. astral, solaire.

SIDESADDLE, s. une selle de femme.

SIDESADDLE, s. une selle de femme. SIDEWAYS, SIDEWISE, adv. de côté, de biais, obliquement.
Siege, s. siège, m. selle, f.
Sieve, s. un tamis, un sas, un crible. SIFT, v. a. tamiser, sasser, cribler, separer, éplucher, examiner. SIFTER, s. celui qui tamise, cribleur, m. [des soupirs. Sifting, s. criblures, f. pl. Sign, a. cribures, f. pt. des soupris.

Sign, a. soupir, m. gémissement, m.

Sign, a. soupir, m. gémissement, m.

Signt, a. vne, f. vision, f. spectacle, m.

Signt-hole, le guidon d'une arbalète. Shortsighted, qui a la vue courte. Quick-sighted,
qui a la vue perçante, clairvoyant.

Sion, s. sigue, m. marque, f. indice, m. ap-parence, f. image, f. représentation, f. en-seigne, f. seing, f. signature, f. trace or vestige, f. m. un miracle, un sigue, un présage. SIGN, v. a. marquer, signer, faire signe. SIGNAL, s. signal, m. , adj. signalė. [ble. SIGNALIZE, v. a. signaler, rendre remarqua-SIGNATURE, s. signature, f. seing, m. marque, f. signe, m. empreinte, f. preuve, f. signe, m. empreinte, f. preuve, f. signature,) Signer, s. le cachet du roi. Signification, Significancy, s. sens, m. signification, f. énergie, f. force, f. Significant, adj. expressif, énergique. SIGNIFICANT, adf. expressil, energique. SIGNIFICANTLY, add. energiquement. SIGNIFICATION, s. signification, f. sens, m. SIGNIFICATIVE, adf. significatif, expressif. SIGNIFICATIVE, ad. significatif, expressif. SIGNIFICATIVE, a. significent, f. le fonds. SILENCE, s. silence, m. paix, f. tacitarnité, f. SILENCE, s. d. silence! paix f. SILENCE, v. a. imposer silence, faire taire. SILENCE, v. a. imposer silence, faire taire. SILENT, adj. silentieux, taciturne, paisible. SILENTINESS, s. tranquillité, f. repos, m. si-SILIQUA, s. silique, f. gousse, f. [lence, m. SILE, s. soie, f. étoffe de soie, f. SILE-MERCER, s. marchand de soies. SILK-WEAVER, s. un ouvrier en soie. Silkworm, s. un ver à soie. SILKEN, SILKY, adj. de soie. SILL, s. le seuil d'une porte. [pices. SILLABUB, s. mélange de vin, de sucre et d'é-SILLILY, adr. sottement, sans esprit. SILLINESS, s. sottise, f. simplicité, bêtise, f. SILLY, adj. simple, niais, sot, sans esprit. SILVAN, adj. qui abonde en bois, en forêts. SILVER, s. argent, m. ; adj. d'argent, argentin. Bilver plate, une assiette d'argent. Silver coin, mounoie d'argent, f. argent. Bilver wire, argent trait. SILVER, v. a. argenter. SILVERSHITH, s. un orfevre. SILVERTHISTLE, s. acanthe or branche-ur-SILVERWEED, s. argentine, (plante) f. SILVERY, adj. tachété d'argent. SIMAR, s. une simarre. [ble. SIMILAH, adj. similaire, homogène, sembla-SIMILARITY, s. homogénéité, j SIMILE, s. comparaison, f. similitude, f. [f. SIMILITUDE, s. ressemblance, f. similitude, SIMMER, v. n. bouillir doucement, fremir. SIMONIACAL, adj. mimoniaque. SIMONIACE, s. un simoniaque. [rire niais, m. Simony, s. simonie, f. SIMPER, r. n. sourire; s. souris, m. or sou SIMPLE, adj. simple, seul, unique, pur, ingénu, innocent, sot, niais, ridicule. SIMPLE, s. simple, m. herbe medicinale. SIMPLE, v. n. cueillir des simples, herboriser. SIMPLERESS, s. simplicité, f. bêtise, f. SIMPLER, SIMPLIST, s. un botaniste. SIMPLETON, s. un homme simple, un sot. SIMPLICITY, s. simplicité, f. SIMPLY, adv. purement, simple. SIMULAR, s. un hypocrite. SIMULATION, s. hypocrisie, f. faux semblant, SIMULTANEOUS, adj. simultance. Sin, s. péché, crime, m. faute, f. Sin, v.n. pécher, commettre une faute, faillir.

SITE, s. simation, f. site, m. assiette, f.

Since, prep. adv. & conj depuisque, depuis, puisque. Some years since, depuis quel-ques années. Long since, depuis long temps. Not long since, depuis peu. Sincere, adj. sincere, honnete, vrai, franc, SINCERELY, adv. sincèrement, de bonne foi. SINCERITY, s. sincérité, f. franchise, f. bonne SINDON, s. une enveloppe. foi. SINK, s. sinus, m. office. SINECURE, s. bénéfice simple, bénéfice sans SIREW, s. nerf, m. SINEWED, SINEWY, adj. nerveux, plein de nerfs, fort, robuste SINFUL, adj. coupable de péché, criminel. SINFULLY, adv. en pécheur, dans le péché. SINFULNESS, s. conduite criminelle. Sing, v. a. & n. chanter, celebrer. Singe, v. a. flamber, brûler un peu. Singer, s. chanteur, m. chantre, m. Singing, s. chant, m. concert, m. harmonie, Singingmaster, s. maître à chanter, m. Single, adj. simple, scul, particulier, indi-viduel, chaque, non marie, celibataire. SINGLE, v. a. distinguer, séparer, discerner. SINGLENESS, s. sincerité, f. célibat, m. SINGLY, adv. en particulier, séparément. SINGULAR, adj. simple, singulier, rare. SINGULAR, s. le singulier. SINGULARITY, s. singularité, f. rareté, f. SINGULARIZE, v. a. distinguer, singulariser. SINGULARLY, adv. singulièrement. SINISTER, adj. gauche, malheureux, mauvais. Sinistrous, adj. mechant, inique, pervers, fatal, funeste, sinistre, malheureux.
Sinistrously, adv. mechamment, sinistre-SINK, v. a. & n. couler à fond, couler bas, creuser, enfoncer, abattre, diminuer, amor-tir, abimer, perdre, s'enfoncer, décheoir, décliner, s'abattre, s'affaisser, s'abimer, perir, entrer, penetrer, s'enfoncer. SINK, s. cvier, m. lavoir, m. cloaque, m. SINLESS, adj. sans peché, impeccable. SINLESSLESS, s. impeccabilité, f. SINNER, s. un pécheur, une pécheresse. SINOPER, SINOPLE, s. sinople, m. SINUATE, r. a. rendre sinueux. Sinuous, adj. sinueux, plein de détours. Sinus, s. golfe, m. anse, f. baie, f. Sir, s. un petit coup. Sir, v. a. & n. boire à petits coups, buvotter. Siphon, s. un siphon. SIPPER, s. un petit buveur. SIPPET, s. soupe, f. tranche de pain trempée. SIR, s. monsieur, m. sire, m. SIRE, s. père, m. sire, m. SPREN, s. sirène, f. SIRRAH, s. coquin, m. fripon, m. belitre, m. Sirop, Sirup, s. sirop, m SIRUPY, adj. comme du sirop, qui ressemble à du sirop. Siskin, s. (a green-finch) un verdier. Sister, s. sœur, f. [été de sœurs. Sisterhood, s. la qualité de sœur, une soci-Sisterly, adj. de sœur, en sœur. SIT, v. n. etre assis, s'asseoir, se mettre, se placer, se tenir, être, rester, couver, se percher, avoir seance, faire convenir; to set down, être assis, s'asseoir, asseoir, s'arrêter, s'établir. demeurer ; to set out, être désœuvré, être de loisir ; to set up, se lever, cesser d'être assis or couché, veiller, passer

la muit.

SITHE, s. une faux SITTER, s. celui qui est assis, oiseau qui couve. Setting, s. l'action de s'asseoir, la posture d'un homme assis, seance, f. tenue, f. ses-sions, f. assises, f. pl. audiences, f. pl. SITUATE, adj. siue, place, sis.
SITUATION, s. siuation, f. assiette, f.
SIX, s. six, m. Al sixes and sevens, en désordre, à l'abandon. SIXFOLD, adj. & adv. sextuple, six fois autant Sixpence, s. un demi-schelin. Sixtern, adj. seize. SIXTEENTH, adj. seizième. Sıхтн, adj. sixième. SIXTHLY, adv. sixièmement, en sixième lien. SIXTIETH, adj. soixantième. SIXTY, adj. soixante. SIZE, s. grandeur, f. grosseur, f. taille, f format, m. volume, m. longueur, f. calibre, m. qualité.f. condition, f. compas (de cordonnier), m. colle, f. Size, v. a. ajuster, mesurer, enduire de colle, coller, bougier (les coutures), laver, on blanchir (un mur), marquer, prendre sur l'écot. SIZEABLE, adj. bien proportionne. SIZINESS, s. viscosité, f. SIZY, adj. gluant, visqueux. SKEIN, s. un écheveau. SKEG, s. une prune, f. or prunier sauvage, a. SKEGGER, s. petit saumon, un saumoneau. SKELETON, s. un squelette. SKEPTICK, &c. See Sceptick, &c. SKETCH, s. esquisse, f. ebauche, f. SKETCH, r. a. tracer, esquisser, crayonner. Skewer, s. une brochette; v. a. attacher avec des brochettes, trousser. SKIFF, s. un esquif, une chaloupe. SKILFUL, adj. expert. habile, versé. SKILFULLY, adv. habilement. SKILLULNESS, s. art, m. habileté, f. SKILL, s. savoir, m. science, f. habileté, f. adresse, f. capacité, f. expérience, f. SKILL, v. n. être habile à. SKILLED, adj. expert, habile, versé. SKILLET, s. un poelon. SKIM g. a. écumer, ôter l'écume, efficurer. SKIMBER, s. écumoire, f. SKIM-MILK, s. lait écrèmé. [triser. Skin, s. peau, f. cuir, m. [triser. Skin, v. a. écorcher, ôter la peau; v. n. cica-SKINNER, s. un pelleuer. SKINNER'S-TRADE, s. commerce de pelletier, m. pelleterie, f. SKINNINESS, s. maigreur, SKINNY, adj. de peau, décharné, maigre. SKIP, v. a. & n. sauter, sautiller, pass SKIP, s. un saut, un bond. omettre. SKIPPER, s. maître de navire. SKIRMISH, s. escarmouche, f.; v. m. escarmoucher. SKIRMISHER, s. escarmoucheur, m SKIRRET, s. chervis, m. (plante.) SKIRT, s. pan, m. bord, m. confins, s [quinteux. SKIRT, v. a. border. SKITTISH, adj. ombrageux, retif, capricieax, SKITTISHLY, adv. par boutades. SKITTISHNESS, s. caprice, f. fantasie, f. bos-SKITTLES, s. quilles, f. pl. [tade, f. SKUE, adj. de travers, oblique. SKUE, v. n. marcher de travers, lorgner. SKULK. See Sculk. SKULL, s. le cranc.

SEY, s. la région de l'air, le ciel, le firma- | SLEER, v. a. lisser, polir, unir. ment. SKY-COLOUR, s. azur, m. bleu celeste, m. SKYISH, adj. bleuâtre. SKYLARK, s. alouette, f. SKYLIGHT, s. abat-jour or abajour, m. SKYROCKET, s. fusée volante, f. SLAB, s. gâchis, m. margouillis, m. dosse, f. pièce de marbre plate et polie, f. SLEB, adj. visqueux, gluant. SLABBER, v. a. & n. salir, faire un gâchis. SLABBERER, s. un baveur. [visqueux. SLABBINESS, s. état de ce qui est gâcheux or SLABBY, adj. gâcheux, humide, sale. SLACK, s. braise, f. petit charbon. SLACK, adj. làche, qui n'est pas tendu, negligent, nonchalant, lent, mou. SLACE, SLACKEN, v. n. se relacher, se ralentir; v. a. relacher, detendre, lacher, éteindre (de la chaux), ralentir, retarder, adoucir, calmer. SLACKLY, adv. lachement, mollement, negligemment, nonchalamment. SLACKNESS, s. relachement, m. lenteur, negligence, f. nonchalance, f. foiblesse, f. SLAIE, s. peigne de tisserand, m. SLAKE, v. a. éteindre, étancher, modérer, appaiser. SLAM, s. (at cards) vole, f., v. a. tuer. SLANDER, v. a. calomnier, medire. SLANDER, s. calomnie, f. médisance, SLANDERER, s. calomniateur, calomniatric SLANDERING, s. mechsance, f.; adj. medi-SLANDEROUS, adj. calomnieux. [sant. SLANDEROUSLY, adv. calomnieusement. SLANK, s. algue marine, f. mousse de mer, f. SLANT, SLANTING, adj. oblique, de côté. SLANTLY, SLANTINGLY, adv. obliquement. SLAP, s. un coup, souffiet, m. lavage, m. SLAP, adv. avec un coup violent. SLAP, v. a. frapper, donner un coup, donner un soufflet, faire un gachis. SLAPDASH, adv. vlte, d'abord, tout d'un coup. SLASH, v. a. & n. taillader, balafrer. SLASH, s. taillade, f. balafre, f. coupure, f. estafilade, f. un coup de fouet. SLATE, s. ardoise, f. v. a. couvrir d'ardoise. SLATER, s. couvreur en ardoise, ardoisier, SLATTERN, s. une femme negligente. SLATY, adj. qui est de la nature de l'ardoise. SLAUGHTER, s. carnage, m. massacre, m. SLAUGHTER, v. a. tuer, massacrer. SLAUGHTERHOUSE, s. une tuerie. SLAUGHTERMAN, s. un boucher. SLAUGHTEROUS, adj. meurtrier, destructif. SLAVE, s. un or une esclave. SLAVE, v. n. travailler comme un esclave, prendre beaucoup de peine, se peiner. SLAVER, s. bave, f.; v. n. baver. SLAVERER, s. baveur, m. SLAVERY, s. esclavage, m. servitude, f. assujettissement, m. SLAVISH, adj. servile, d'esclave, bas. SLAVISHLY, adv. en esclave. SLAVISHNESS, s. bassesse, f. dépendance, f. SLAY, v. a. tuer. SLAYER, s. un meurtrier. SLEAZINESS, s. foiblesse, f. SLEAZY, adj. foible, qui n'a pas de corps, SLED, SLEDGE, s. un traineau. [clair. SLEDGE, s. un marteau pesant. SLEEK, adj. lissé, poli, uni. A sleek stone, lissoire, f.

SLEEKLY, adv. d'une manière lissée et polie. SLEEP, v. n. dormir, reposer; to sleep away, v. a. faire passer, dissiper en dormant; to sleep upon, ne faire point d'attention à. SLEEP, s. sommeil, m. somme, m. repos, m. SLEEPER, s. un dormeur, une dorme SLEEPILY, adv. en dormant, nonchalamment. SLEEPINESS, s. sommeil, m. assoupissement, m. SLEEPING, s. sommeil, m. repos, m. [point. SLEEPLESS, adj. sans sommeil, qui ne dort SLEEP, adj. endormi, assoupi, qui a som-meil. The sleepy disease, léthargie, f. SLEER, v. a. & n. guigner, regarder de côté. SLEERING, adj. fin, ruse, qui a les yeux fins. SLEERING, adj. fin, ruse, qui a les yeux fins. SLEET, v. n. neiger et pluvoir tout ensemble. SLEET, which is the property of the property of the plus o SLEETY, adj. de neige et de pluie. SLEEVE, s. manche, f. casseron, m SLEEVED, adj. à manches, qui a des manches. SLEEVELESS, adj. sans manches, absurde. SLEIGHT, s. tour d'adresse, m. ruse, m. fi nesse, f. stratagème, m. A sleight o A sleight of hand, un tour de passepasse. SLENDER, adj. mince, délié, grêle, mediocre. SLENDERLY, adv. légèrement, médiocrement. SLENDERNESS, s. qualité mince, petitesse, f. SLEY, s. peigne de tisserand. SLICE, s. une tranche, une pièce, une lèche, friquet, m. spatule, f. palette (d'imprimeur.) f. SLICE, v. a. couper par tranches, trancher, partager, diviser. SLIDE, v. n. & a. glisser, couler. A sliding place, glissoire, f. SLIDE, s. passage aise et coulant, glissoire, f. SLIDER, s. glisseur, m.
SLIGHT, adj. clair, mince, chetif, leger.
SLIGHT, s. mepris, m. dedain, m. SLIGHT, v. a. mépriser, faire peu de cas. SLIGHTER, s. celui qui méprise or dédaigne. SLIGHTING, s. mépris, m. SLIGHTINGLY, adr. avec mépris, sanségard. SLIGHTLY, adv. negligemment, superficiellement, légèrement, en passant. SLIGHTNESS, s. foiblesse, f. légèreté, manque de force, negligence, f.

SLILY, adr. finement, adroitement.

SLIM, adf. minec, delice, grele.

SLIME, s. glaire, f. matière visqueuse or gluSLIME, s. viscosité, f. matière gluante. SLIMY, adj. glaireux, visqueux. SLIMESS, s. finesse, f. adresse, f. ruse, f. SLING, s. une fronde, echarpe, f. SLING, v. a. lancer or jeter avec un fronde. SLINGER, s. un frondeur. SLINK, s. un veau abortif. SLINK, v. n. & a. s'échapper, s'enfair. SLIP, v. n. & a. glisser, couler, s'échapper, mettre adroitement, perdre, laisser échap-per; to stip acay, s'en aller, s'enfuir, s'é-couler, passer vite ; to slip doun, glisser, couler, tomber, se laisser tomber ; to slip in or into, se glisser, se couler, entrer sub-tilement; to stip out, se glisser debors, sor-tir adroitement, s'échapper; to stip off one's shoes, tirer ses souliers; to stip off a flower, cueillir une fleur; to slip on one's clothes, s'habiller à la hâte; to slip out a word, lâcher une parole. SLIP, s. glissade, f., faux pas, l'action de glisser, bevue. f. meprise, f. erreur, f. plante,

ss. bouture, f. un cordon, une corde, une lesse, un morceau long et étroit, bande (de papier.) supplément (de gazette,) fuite, f. désertion, f. SLIPROT, s. un nœud coulant. SLIPPER, SLIPSHOE, s. pantoufle, f. mule de chambre, f. SLIPPERINESS, s. qualité glissante. SLIPPERY, adj. glissant, libre, licentieux. SLIPSHOD, s. qui a ses souliers en pantoufles. SLIT, v. a. fendre; v. n. se fendre. SLIT, s. fente, f. ouverture longue et étroite, f SLIVE, SLIVER, v. a. couper en tranches. SLIVER, s. une tranche, une branche arrachee. SLOBBER, v. a. & n. baver, se baver. SLOE, s. prune sauvage, f. prunelle, f. SLOEWORK, s. anvoie, f. SLOEWORM, s. SLOOP, s. un chaloupe. SLOP, v. a. avaler, boire goulument, salir. SLOP, s. lavage, m. mauvaise boisson. SLOPS, s. chausses, f. pl. culottes de matelot. SLOPE, adv. obliquement: adj. incline. SLOPE, s. pente, f. penchant, m. talus, m. SLOPE, v. a. & n. echancrer, incliner, pen-cher, être incliné, être en pente. SLOPERES, s. obliquité, f. biais, m. pente, f. SLOPERES, s. voliquité, f. biais, m. pente, f. SLOPINGLY, SLOPE-WISE, adj. obliquement. SLOPPY, adj. humide, bourbeux. SLOT, s. voie, f. piste, f. trace, f. SLOTH, s. nonchalance, f. paresse, oisivete, f. SLOTHFUL, adj. paresseux, faineant, indolent. SLOTHFULLY, adv. nonchalamment, en faine-SLOTHFULNESS, s. See Sloth. SLOUCH, s. un rustre, un rustaud. SLOUCH, v. n. avoir l'air empesé. A slouching hat, un chapeau rabattu. SLOUGH, s. un bourbier, une fondrière, l'humidité d'une mine de charbon, la souille or la bauge d'un sanglier, la dépouille d'un serpent, l'escarre d'une plaie, f.
SLOUGHY, adj. bourbeux, boueux.
SLOVEN, s. un homme mal-propre. [rie, f. SLOVEN, s. un nomme marpropre. [rie, j. SLOVENLINESS, s. mal-propre, sale, vilain. SLOVENLY, adj. mal-proprement, salement. SLOW, adj. lent, tardif, pesant. [teur. SLOW, SLOWLY, adv. lentement, avec len-SLOWNESS, s. lenteur, f. indolence, f. SLUBBER, v. a. fair e hegligemment. SLUDGE, s. bourbe, f. boue, f. gâchis, m. SLUG, s. un paresseux, un fainéant, un limaçon, un vaisseau pesant de voiles, un mauvais voilier, un garde boutique.

SLUG, v. n. faire le paresseux. [m.
SLUGGARD, s. & adj. paresseux, m. dormeur, SLUGGISH, adj. lent, paresseux, endormi. SLUGGISHLY, adv. en paresseux, lentement. SLUGGISHNESS, s. paresse, f. indolence, f. SLUICE, s. une écluse; v. a. débonder. SLUICY, adj. qui coule comme une écluse. SLUMBER, s. sommeil leger, repos, m. SLUMBER, v. a. & n. endormir, s'endormir, sommeiller. SLUMBERING, s. sommeil, m. SLUMBEROUS, SLUMBERY, adj. assoupissant. SLUR, s. tour, m. pièce, f. coulé, n SLUE, v. a. jouer un tour, jouer, duper, couler (une note de musique,) salir, ternir. SLUT, s. une salope, un souillon. SLUTTISH, s. saloperie, f. mal-proprete, f. SLUTTISH, adj. sale, mal-propre, bas.

SLY, adj. fin, ruse, adroit, artificieux. SLYLY, adv. avec finesse, artificieusem SMACK, v. n. & a. avoir un goût, sentir, faire du bruit en mangeant, baiser, donner un SMACK, s. godt, m. saveur, f. teinture, f. com noissance, f. un baiser savoureux, esquif, m. petit vaissesu, m. SMALL, adj. petit, menu, mince, foible. SMALL, s. le petit bout, le bas, le foible. SMALL COAL, s. braise, f. SMALL-POX, s. la petite vérole.
SMALLNESS, s. petitesse, f. petite quantité.
SMALT, s. émail, m. couleur d'azur, f. SMARAGDINE, odf. d'émeraude.

SMARAGDINE, odf. d'émeraude.

SMART, adj. cuisant, vif, violent, aigu, subtil, mordant, piquant, choquant, olicamant, dur, égrillard, élégant, bien-habillé.

SMART, s. cuisson, f. doaleur aigue, chagrin, peine d'esprit, f. SMART, v. n. cuire, faire mal. SMARTING, s. cuisson, f. douleur cuisante.

SMARTLY, adr. vivement, violemment, finement, avec esprit, avec légance.

SMARTNESS, s. vivacité, f. force de la douleur, f. cuisson, f. esprit, m. finesse, f. SMATCH, a. godt, m. saveur, f. teinure, f. sentiment, m. son, m. légère comoissance.

SMATCH, v. n. avoir quelque godt, une légère connoissance, parler superficiellement.

SMATTERER, s. un demi savent. SMATTERING, s. connoissance légère. SMEAR, v. a. barbouiller, salir, graisser. SMEARY, adj. sale, gluant, granseux.
SMELL, v. a. & n. sentir, flairer, s'appercevoir, découvrir. SMELL, s. odorat, m. odeur, f. senteur, f. SMELLER, s. celui qui sent. Smell-feast. s. un parasite, un écornificur. SMELLING, s. l'odorat, m.; smelling bottle, m. flacon. Smelt, s. un éperlan de mer. SMERK, v. m. rire, sourire, avoir un air riant. Smerking, s. visage or air riant, m. SMERL, SMIRL, v. n. jeter des regards amou-SMICKET, s. chemisette or corset de femme. Smile, v. n. rife, sourire. Smile, s. souris, m. or sourire, m. regard gracieux et riant. Smiling, adj. riant. [riant. Smilingly, adv. avec un souris, d'un air Smite, v. a. frapper, affecter, tuer, charmer, gagner le cœur, ruiner, affliger, chatier, brouir, brûler; r. z. se choquer, se heurter. SMITER, s. celui qui frappe, frappeur. SMITH, s. un forgeron. A gold-smith, un Shith, s. un forgeron. A gold-smith, orfevre. A lock-smith, un serrurier. gun-smith, un armurier. SMITH-CRAFT, s. la ferromerie. SMITHERY, s. forge, f. ferromerie, f. SMITHING, s. l'art de forger. SHITHY, s. une forge. [passionne. SHITTEN, part. adj. frappe, epris, amoureus, SMOCK, s. chemise de femme. f SMOCK-FACED, adj. qui a l'air efféminé. SMOKE, s. fumée, f. SMOKE, v. a. & n. famer, pressentir, enfomer, railler, berner. Smoke-DRY, v. a. secher à la fumée, famer. SMOKELESS, adj. sams fumée. SMOKER, s. un fumeur. SLUTTISHILY adv. salement, mal-proprement. SMOKY, adj. qui fume, plein de femée.

SECRET, e. ricaneur, m. toucher, flatteur, aise, tendre. SHOOTH, v. a. unir, polir, aplanir, lisser, adoucir, calmer, caresser, flatter. A smooth-ing-iron, s. un fer à lisser. SMOOTHFACED, adj. qui a l'air doux. SMOOTHLY, adv. uniment, doucement. SMOOTHEES, s. poli, m. égalité, f. douceur, SMOTHEE, s. fumée, f. nuée de poussière, f. SMOTHEE, v. a. étouffer, suffoquer, éteindre. SNOTHERING, s. l'action d'étouffer. Smouldering, Smouldry, adj. étouffant. Smug, adi. propre, élégant, bien mis. Smugglis, v. a. frauder la douaine, faire la contrebande. SMUGGLER, a. contrebendier, m. SMUGLY, adv. proprement, elegamment. SHUGLY, ass. proprement, eleganment.
SHUGLESS, s. propreté, f. élégancejf.
SHUT, s. saleté, f. vilenie, f. tache, f.
SHUT, v. a. salir, barbeuiller, niéler.
SHUTTLY, adv. impudiquement, avec ebscéSHUTTILY, adv. impudiquement, avec ebscéSHUTTILS, s. saleté, f. vilenie, f.
SHUTTI, adj. sale, mal-propre, taché, obscène, deshounête, nielé. SNACK, s. part, f. portion, f. [bride. SNAFFLE, s. filet, m.; v. a. brider, tenir en SHAG, s. bosse, f. namid, m. surdent, f. SHAGE DUMPS, J. HERMAN, W. BALLUCHA, J. SHAGEED, SHAGEY, edj. Boucus, bosen.
SNAIL, s. limas, m. limace, f. escargot, m.
SHAIL-TREFOIL, s. luzerne, f. [limaçon, m. SNAKE, s. un serpent. SHARE-WEED, s. bistorte, f. SHARY, adj. de serpent, serpentin.
SHAP, v. a. briser, rompre, frapper, faire
craquer, happer, saisir, mordre, makraiter de paroles; v. n. se rompre, se briser, éclater, tacher de happer or de saisir. Snar, s. eclat, m. bruit, m. un petit chien, une morsure, un morceau, prise, f. Snap-dragon, s. dragon de noël, m. Snap-sack, s. havresac, m. SNAPPERS, a. castagnettes, f. [brutal. SNAPPISH, adj. hargneux, bourru, rustre, SNAPPISHLY, adv. rudement, avec aigreur. SNAPPISHLESS, a. aigreur, f. SHARE, s. piège, m. embuche, f. SHARE, v. a. enfacer, attraper. SHARL, v. a. & n. brouiller, mêler, embarrasser, gronder, murmurer. SNARLER, s. un brutal, un homme bourru. SHARLING, adj. hargneux. SHARY, adj. insidieux, plein de pièges. SNATCH, v. a. misir avidement, arracher, emporter, tacher de prendre, de saisir. SNATCH, s. arrachement, m. prise, f. un pe-tit morceau, accès, m. echappée, f. SNATCHER, s. celui qui arrache, enlève or emperte. SNATCHINGLY, adv. à la dérobée. SNEAK, v. s. ramper, aller tête baissee. SNEARING, adj. vilain, avare, mesquin, che-SNEARING, adj. vilain, avare, mesquin, che-SNEARINGLY, adv. bassement, servilement. SNEARINGRESS, s. bassesse SHEER, v. s. ricener, rire d'un ris moquer et SHEER, s. ris moqueur. [menrisant. SEEERER, s. un ricaneur. SNEERING, s. action de ricaner. Sheze, v. s. eternuer. Spreze, s. étermement. [tatoire, f. SHEEZE-WORT, s. herbe à éternuer, sternu-SHEEZING, s. éternuement, m. [teaux.

SNIP, SNIPPETS, s. percelle, f. un petit morceau, un peu. Ssip, v. a. couper tout d'un coup, couper Ssipe, s. une bécassine. Restement. SNIPSKAP, s. dialogue piquant.
SNIVEL, s. roupie, f., v. s. avoir la roupie su
nez, crier comme les eufass. SRIVELLER, s. un pleureur, renificur, m. SHIVELLING, adj. roupieux. SNORE, s. ronflement, m.; v. s. ronfler. SNORER, s. ronfleur, ronfleus. SNORING, s. ronflement, m. l'action de ronflet. SNORT, v. n. ronfler, souffler au nez. SHOT, s. morve, f. SNOTTY, adj. morveux, plein de morve.
SNOUT, s. le grein (d'un eochon,) la trompe (d'un disphant,) le nez or masseau (d'un an-mal,) le tuyau d'un soufflet. Shouted, adj. qui a un museau Show, s. neige, f.; v. s. neiger. Showy, adj. neigeux, de neige. Shus, s. un nocud dans le bois. eu *or* groia. SNUB, s. un nœud dans le bois. [gloter. SNUB, v. a. & n. réprimander, grouder, san-SNUBGE, v. a. rester oisif, marcher lentement. Suuff, s. lumignon, m. mèche allumée, un bout de chandelle, mouchure de chandelle, f. tabac en poudre, m. ressentiment, m. SHUFF, v. a. moucher la chandelle, aspirer, respirer, ; v. n. ronfer, prendre du tabac, prendre par le nes, flairer, renifer, sa fâcher, se piquer. SNUFF-BOX, s. tebatière, f. SKUFFERS, s. mouchettes, f. pl. Shuffle, v. s. parler du nez, nasiller. Shug, Shuggle, v. s. se joindre, s'appre-Suug, adj. serré, bien joint, à son aise. So, adv. ainsi, de cette manière, de même, comme cela, cela, si, aussi, tant, si fort, pourvu que. So that, si bien que, de sorte que, tellement que. So much, tant. Se so, là là, passabloment, médiocrement, tant mieux. And so forth, et aimi du reste. So far, si loin, tant, autant. So such, so many, tent, si, aussi, autant. So then, c'est pourquoi. SOAE, v. a. & s. tremper, mouiller, mitomer, pénétrer, percer, s'imbiber. SOAP, s. savon, m. ; n. a. savonner. SOAP-BOILER, s. un fescur de savon. SOAP-HOUSE, s. savonnerie, f. SOAPY, adv. savouncux. [lever. SOAR, s. essor, sa.; r. a. prendre l'essor, s'é-SOB, a. sanglot, m., v. n. sangloter, crier. SOBEIRG, s. sanglots, m. pl., s. sangloter, crier.
SOBEIRG, s. sanglots, m. pl.,
SOBEIR, adj. sobre, modere, tempéré, sage,
retenu, composé, réglé, grave, qui n'est
pas ivre, qui est dans son bou sens, raisounable, sain. Sober, v. a. désenivrer. [dérément. SOBERLY, adv. sobrement, avec sobrièté, mo-SOBERNESS, SOBRIETY, s. sobrièté, f. tem-SOCCAGE, s. roture, f. [pérance, f. SOCCAGE, s. roture, f. [perand SOCCAGER, s. roturier, m. SOCIABLE, adj. sociable, communicatif. SOCIABLENESS, s. humour sociable, f. SOCIABLY, asn. d'une manière sociable. SOCIAL, adj. social. SOCIALITY, SOCIALNESS, s. qualité sociale. SOCIETY, s. société, f. compagnie, f. corps, STREETING, S. étermoement, m. [teaux. Socialen, s. Socialen, m. Street, s. compagnia Socialen, s. Socialen, m. Socialen, s. le Socialenisme.

SOCK, s. socque, m. brodequin, m. chauson, m. SOCKET, s. bobèche, f. soubassement, m.; socket of a toth, l'alvéole d'une dent, f.; socket of a toth, p. bec d'une lampe; socket of a pike, la douile du talon de la pique; socket of the eye, le creux de l'œil. Socle, s. socie, m. soubassement, m. BOCMAN, s. tenancier, m. fermier, m. Sop, e. un gazon, une motte de terre. SODALITY, s. confrerie, f. congrégation, f. SODER or SOLDER, s. soudure, f.; v. a. sou-SODERING, s. soudure, f. l'action de souder. SODORITE, s. un sodomite, un pédéraste. Sodomitical, adj. de sodomie. Sodomy, s. sodomie, f. pederastie, f. SOEVER, adj. qui que ce soit. Sora, s. sofa, m. estrade, f. SOFT, adj. mou, mollet, tendre, doux, poli, uni, foible, facile, débonnaire, efféminé. Soft, interj. doucement! tout beau! SOFTEN, v. a. & w. amollir, adoucir, attendrir, appaiser, fiéchir, rendre doux. Soffish, adj. mollet, doux, qui n'est dur. SOFTER, adv. mollement, doucement. SOFTER, s. celui qui adoucit, qui pellie. SOFTNESS, s. douceur, f. mollesse, f. Sono! interj. hola! ho! hetn! Soil, v. a. souiller, salir, fumer. Soil, s. fumier, m. sol, m. terroir, m. terrein, m. contrée, f. Sejours, s. séjour, m. SOLACE, s. consoler, f. (G en musique.)
SCLACE, v. a. consoler, égayer, amuser.
SOLACE, s. consolation, f. joie, f. plaisir, m.
SOLANDERS, s. pl. solandres, f. pl. SOLAR, SOLARY, adj. solaire, du soleil. SOLDAN, s. soudan, m. l'empereur de Tur-SOLDER, s. See Soder. [quie. SOLDIER, s. un soldat, un homme de guerre. SOLDIERLIEE, SOLDIERLY, adv. en soldat, martial, SOLDIERSHIP, s. service or état militaire, m. SOLDIERY, s. troupes, f. pl. gens de guerre, m. pl. les soldats, m. les militaires, m. Sole, adj. seul, unique, célibataire.
Sole, a. la plante (du pied;) semelle (de soulier,) f.; sole, f. (poisson.) Sole, v. s. mettre des semelles. Solecisme, s. solecisme, m. une faute. Solely, adv. seulement, uniquement. SOLEMN, adv. solemnel, authentique. SOLEMNITY, s. solemnité, f. pompe, SOLEMNIZATION, s. solemnisation. Solumnize, r. a. solemniser, célébrer. SOLEMNLY, adv. solemnellement. SOLLETT, aux. solemnellement.
SOLICITATION, v. as solliciter, engager.
SOLICITATION, s. solliciteur, m. [instigation, f. solliciteur, m. [instigation, solliciteur, m. [instigation, sollicitrous, adx, inquiet, qui est en pein.
SOLICITOUSLY, adv. avec inquietude. SOLICITRESS, s. solliciteuse, f. [socici, m. SOLICITUDE, s. sollicitude, f. inquietude, f. SOLID, adj. solide, dur, ferme, massif, com-pacte, cube, reel, durable, effectif. SOLIDITY, SOLIDNESS, s. solidité, Solidly, adv. solidement, avec solidité. Solidungulous, adj. solipède. Soliloguy, s. solilogue, m. SOLIPEDE, s. un solipède. SOLITAIRE, s. un solitaire, un hermite. SOLITARILY, adv. solitairement. SULITARINESS, s. solitude. f. retraite. f.

SOLITARY, adj. solitaire, retire, pen fréquenté. Solitude, f. retraite, f. Solo, s. un solo. Solstice, s. solstice, m Solstitial, adj. solsticial. SOLUBILITY, s. solution, Soluble, adj. soluble, libre, qui lache. SOLUTION, s. solution; f. dissolution, f. de-SOLUTIVE, adj. lazatif. SOLVABLE, adj. solvable, soluble. SOLVE, v. a. soudre, resoudre, éclaireir. uns, environ, une partie, un peu de, les uns, les autres, en. SomeBody, s. quelqu'un, m. Somebody else, quelqu'autre. Son вноw, adj. de façon or d'autre. SOMERSAULT, SOMERSET, s. sant périlleux. SOMETHING, s. quelque chose, f. ade. un SOMETHINE, ade. une fois, autrefois. [pec. SOMETHINES, adr. quelquefois, tamét. SOMEWHAT, s. quelque chose, f. une partie. SOMEWHAT, adv. un pen, taut soit peu. SONEWHERE, adv. quelque part. SONEWHILE, adv. il y a quelque tema, dans quelque tenips. SOMNIFEROUS, SOMNIFICE, adj. soporifique. SOMNOLENCY, s. assoupissement, s Son, s. fils, m. A son in law, un bean fils, un gendre. A grandson, un petit-fits. A godson, un filleul. SONATA, s. sonate, f. Song, s. chanson, f. chant, m. poeme, m. Songster, s. un chanteur. Songstriss, s. une chanteuse. [poete. SONNET, s. un sonnet. SONNETTERR, s. un poëterem, un mechant Sonorous, adj. sonore, résonnant. Sononously, adv. d'une manière sonore Sonorousnuss, s. qualité sonore, son écis-Sonship, s. qualité de fils. [tant Soon, adv. tôt, bien-tôt, vîte, de bonne beure, As soon as you, aussi tot que vous. How soon? Quand? Sooner, adv. plutôt. Soonest, adr. le plui**ô**l. Soot, s. suie, f.; v. a. couvrir de suie. Sooth, adf. agréable, charmant, qui p Sooth, v. a. flatter, caresser, adoucir. Soother, s. un flatteur, un cajoleur. Scothing, s. flatterie, f. SOOTHSAT, v. n. prédire, diviner, prophétiser. SOOTHSATER, s. prophète, m. devin, m. SOOTY, adj. plein de suie, noir, sombre. Sop, s. morceau trempe, soupe, f. Sop, v. a. tremper, saucer. SOPH, s. sophiste, m. écolier de deux aus. Sophi, s. sophi, m. empereur de Perse. Sophism, s. un sophism SOPHIST, s. sophiste, m. philosophe, m. SOPHISTER, s. un sophiste, un fin matois. SOPHISTICALLY, adv. en sephistique, captienx
SOPHISTICALLY, adv. en sephiste. [finex SOPHISTICATE, v. a. sophistiquer, faisil frelater. SOPHISTICATION, s. falsification. Sophistication, s. misincetion, f. Sophistry, s. sophisme, m. subtlité, f. Soporate, r. a. endormir, assoupir. Soporiferous, Soporificx, adj. sopori-

figue.

SOPPER, s. celui qui trempe, qui sauce. SORB, s. sorbier, m. cormier, m. sorbe, f. SORBILE, adj. potable.
SORBITION, s. l'action de hoire petit à petit. SORBONIST, s. docteur en théologie. SORCERER, s. un sorcier, un magicien. SORCERES, s. une sorcière, une magicienne. SORCERE, s. sorcellerie, f. sorulège, m. SORD, s. gazon, m. herbe, f.
SORDET, SORDINE, s. sourdine, f.
SORDID, adj. sordide, bas, avare, vilain.
SORDIDLY, adv. sordidement. SORDIDNESS, s. bassesse, f. vilenie, f. SORE, s. un mal, un ulcere. SORE, adj. douloureux, qui fait mal, malade. Sore ears, mai d'oreille, m. Sore eyes, mai aux yeux. Sore throat, mal Sore finger, mal au doigt. Sore, adv. font, bien, grievement. Sore throat, mal de gorge. SOREL, s. daim de trois ans. SORELY, adv. fort, grièvement. Soreness, s. mal, m. mauvais état, amertume, f. SORREL, s. oseille, f. SORRILY, adv. mal, pitoyablement, chetive-SURRINESS. A. bassess of public states. SORRINESS, s. bassesse, f. médiocreté, f. Sorrow, s. chagrin, m. couleur, f. affliction, f. deplaisir, m. regret. m Sorrow, v. n. être afflige, s'affliger. SORROWFUL, adj. chagrin, triste, afflige, malheureux, misérable. [ment. SORROW FULLY, adv. tristement, miserable-SORRY, adj. fache, chagrin, triste, mechant, mauvais, pauvre, chétif. SORT, s. sorte, f. espèce, f. maniere, f. SORT, v. a. separer par classes, distribuer, assortir; v. n. convenir, s'accorder, être joint; to sort out, choisir; to sort with, se joindre à, convenir à ; to sort to, se terminer à, être dans un même rang SORTABLE, adj. sortable, convenable. SORTILEGE, s. l'action de tirer au sort. SORTMENT, e. assortiment, m. distribution, f. Soss, v. n. se dorloter sur une chaise. Sor, s. un sot, une bête, un ivrogne. Sor, v. a. & n. abrutir, ivrogner. SOTTISH, adj. sot, stupide, fat, ridicule. SOTTISHLY, adv. sottement, betement. SOTTISHNESS, s. sottise, f. betise, f. SOUDAN, s. le soudan, le sultan. SOUL, s. âme, f. vie, f. SOULLESS, adj. saas âme, bas, vil. All-Souls-Day, s. la fète des morts. Soul-saving, adj. salutaire. SOUND, adj. sain, qui se porte bien, entier, bien conditionné, en bon état, bon, orthodoxe, grand, serré, profond, solide, judi-cieux, vrai, parfait. A sound sleep, un pro-fond sommeil. SOUND, s. detroit, m. une sonde, une seche, (sorte de poisson:) son, m. bruit, m. The sound hole, l'ouverture du violon, f. Sound, v. n. sonder. Sound, r. n. & a. sonner, resonner. SOUNDEOARD, s. sommier d'orgue, m. Sounding, adj. sonnant, résonnant, sonore. Soundin, adv. fort et serme, bien, comme il faut, fort, sainement. Soundness, s. sainte, f. état parfait, pureté, f. orthodoxie, f. force de jugement, f. Soup, s. soupe, f. potage, m. Soun, adj. aigre, vert, chagrin, sevère. Soun, s. l'aigre, substance acide.

Sour, r. a. aigrir, empoisonner; v. s. s'aigrir, devenir aigre. Source, s. source, f Sourish, adj. aigrelet, un peu aigre. Sourly, adv. aigrement, d'un air chagrin. Sourness, s. aigreur, / Sous, s. un sou (argent de France.) Souse, s. saumure, f. marinade, f. Souse, c. a. mariner, plonger, fondre sur, South, s. midi, m. sud, m. [frapper. South, a. and, m. sud, m. [frapper. South, adj. de midi, de or du sud, méridion-South, adv. See Southward. [al. South-So South-East, s. Sud-est, m. Southerly, Southern. See South, adv. SOUTHERS WOOD, s. aurone (plante), f. SOUTHING, adj. qui va vers le midi or le sud. SOUTHWARD, adv. au midi, vers le midi. SOUTHWEST, s. Sudouest, m. Sovereign, adj. souverain, absolu, excellent. Sovereign, s. un souverain, un monarque, absolu. Sovereignly, adv. souversinement. Sovereignty, s. souverainete, f. Sow, s. une truie, une laie, cloporte, m. Sou of melled iron, une gueuse de fer. Sow of lead, un saumon de plomb. Sow, v. a. & w. semer, ensemencer. Soweread, s. truffe, f. pain de pourceau, m. Sower, s. semeur, m Sow-gelder, s. châtreur de cochons, m. Sow-THISTLE, s. laiteron or laceron, m. SPACE, s. espace, m. étendue, j SPACIOUS, adj. spacieux, grand, vaste. SPACIOUSLY, adv. avec beaucoup d'étenduc. SPACIOUSNESS, s. grande étendue, grand es-SPADDLE, s. une petite bèche. [pace. SPADE, s. une bèche, le pique, (sux cartes) dáim, m. SPALT or SPELT, s. zinc, m. zain, m. SPAIN, s. l'Espagno, f. SPAN, s. une palme, un empan. SPAN, v. a. mesurer par empans or palmes. SPANGLE, s. paillette, f. ; v. n. orner de pail-SPANIARD, s. un Espagnol. [lettes. SPANIEL, s. un épagneul, un flatteur. SPANIEL, v. n. caresser, faire le chien couchant. SPANISH, adj. Espagnol, d'Espagne. SPANK, v. a. frapper à pleines mains. SPANNER, s. chien de fusil, m. SPAR, s. verre de Moscovie, st. barre de bois, f. rayon, m. spar, m. espèce de gypse. Span, v.a. & n. barrer, se quereller, se battre. SPARE, v. a. epargner, menager, economiser, avoir de reste ; v. n. vivre sobrement, se faire scrupule de, s'empêcher. SPARE, adj. avare, econome, superflu, maigre, de reste, de réserve, mince, décharné. Spare noney, argent de reste. Spare time, temps de loisir, heures perdues. SPARER, s. économe, m. & f. menager, m. SPARING, adj. petit, en petite quantité, éco-nome, épargnant, ménager, avare. SPARINGLY, adv. avec epargue, frugalement, SPARKFUL, SPARKISH, od. vif. gai, elegant.

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SPARKFUL, SPARKISH, od. vif. gai, elegant. SPARKLE, s. ctincelle, f. bluette, f. SPARKLE, v. a. ctinceler, petiller. SPARKLING, adj. etincelant, petillant, brit SPARKLINGLY, adv. avec eclat. [lant SPARKLINGNESS. s. lustre éclatant, éclat, m.

SPRIG, s. jet, m. rejeten, m. brin, m. pointe, SPRIGGY, adj. plein de rejetons. [f.] SPRIGHT, s. esprit, m. ame, f. spectre, m. SPRIGHTLY, adj. vif, plein de feu, anime. SPRIGHTFULNESS, e. vivacité, f. feu, m. SPRIGHTFULLY, adr. avec ardeur. Spring, v. n. pousser, bourgeonner, nature, proceder, provenir, venir, jaillir, sortir, sauter, repousser; faire, faire partir, faire jouer. SPRING, s. le printemps, fontaine, origine, f. source, f. principe, m. commencement, m. cause, f. ressort, m. voie d'eau, f. élan, m. essor, m SPRING-WATER, s. eau de fontaine, eau vive. SPRINGE, s. piège, m. lacet, m. filet, m. SPRINGER, s. celui qui fait lever le gibier. SPRINGER, s. cent. qu. s. SPRINGER, s. clasticité, f. SPRING-TIDE, s. haute-marée, maline, f. SPRINGER, adj. élastique, à ressort. SPRINKLE, s. aspersoir, m. goupillon, m. SPRINKLE, v. a. & n. asperger, arroser.
SPRINKLING, s. aspersion, f. arrosement, m. SPRIT, v. n. pouser, jeter.
SPRIT, s. jeune chou, brocoli, m.
SPRITE, s. esprit, m. fantôme, m. spectre, m. SPRITSAIL, s. civadière, f. voile de beaupré, f. SPROUT, v. n. pousser, bourgeonner, rejeter. SPROUT, s. jet, m. rejeton, m. jeune chou. SPRUCE, adj. propre, bien mis, élégant. SPRUCE, v. a. & n. parer, se parer ; s. sapin. Spruce-beer, bière à sapin. Spruce-lea-ther, cuir de Prusse, m. SPRUCELY, adv. proprement. SPRUCENESS, s. proprete affectée, élégance. SPRUNG, pret. of Spring, v. a. & n. Spume, s. écume, f. ; r. n. écumer. Spumid, Spumous, Spumy, adj. écumeux. Spunge, s. une éponge. Spunge, v. a. & n. laver avec une éponge, écornifier. SPUNGER, s. un écornifleur, un parasite. SPUNGING, s. écorniflerie, f. Spunging-nousz, s. une maison de sergent. Spungious, Spungy, adj. spongieux, hu-SPUKE, s. bois à demi pourri, m. [mide. SPUR, s. éperon, m. aiguillon, m. SPUR-LEATHER, s. monture d'eperon, f. SPUR, v. a. donner de l'eperon, piquer, animer, pousser, aiguillonner, encourager; v. n. voyager en hûte, cour à bride abbatue. SPUR-GALLED, adj. blesse avec l'éperon. Spurge, s. espurge, f. esule, f. tithymale, m. Spurge-Laurel, s. thymelée, f. lauréole, f. Spurgous, adj. falsifié, faux, supposé. SPURIOUSNESS, a. contrefaction, /. SPURLING, s. éperlan, m. Spubn, v. a. pousser or frapper avec le pied, dédaigner, mépriser, rejeter, traiter avec Spurred, adj. piqué, éperonné. [mépris. SPURRER, s. eperonnier, m. SPURRY, s. spergule, f. sorte d'hépatique. SPURT or SPIRT, s. boutade, f. caprice, m. SPURT, v. a. jaillir ; to spurt up, rejaillir. Spurring up, a. rejaillissement, m. SPUTATION, s. sputation, f. crachement, m. SPUTTER, v. n. crachotter, ecarter la dragée. SPUTTERER, s. celui qui crachotte. SPY, s. un espion. Spr, v. a. épier, veiller, observer, découvrir, trouver. SPYBOAT, s. une corveile.

Squan, adj. sans plumes, dodu, potekê, épais, grossier. SQUAB, s. sopna, m. lit de repos, m. com m. tabourei rembourré, m. SQUAB, adv. avec violence, rudement. SQUABBISH, adj. gros, épais, trapu. [ger. SQUABBLE, v. n. quereller, disputer, déran-SQUABBLE, s. querelle, f. dispute, f. SQUABBLER, s. querelleur, querelleur SQUABBLING, s. querelles, f. disputes, f. pl. SQUADRON, s. escadron de cavalerie, sa. escadre de vaisseaux de guerre, f. Squalin, adj. sale, crasseux, mal-propre. SQUALL, r. a. crier, pousser des cris. Equalls of wind, coups de vent, m. pl. SQUALLER, s. crieur, criard, criailleur. SQUALLY, adj. sujet aux rafales. SQUAMOUS, adj. écaillé, écailleux. ser. SQUANDER, r. a. dissiper, prodiguer, disper-SQUANDERER, s. prodigue, s. dissipateur, s. SQUARE, adj. quarre or carre, fort, bien taille, honnète, juste, franc. SQUARE, s. quarre, m. place, f. quarreau, m. panneau, m. abaque, m. or tailloir, m. equerre, f. niveau, m. egalité, f. SQUARE, r. a. & n. equarrir, regier. SQUARENESS, s. quadrature, f. figure quarte. SQUARING, s. l'action d'équarris. SQUASH, s. toute chose qui s'ecrase aisément. SQUASH, r. a. écacher, ecraser, applair. SQUAT, adj. accroupi, trapu, ramasse. SQUAT, v. n. s'accroupir, etre accroupi. SQUEAK, r. n. crier, s'ecrier. SQUEAK, v. n. crier, s'ecrier. [yeur.] SQUEAK, s. un cri (de douleur or de fra-SQUEAKING, s. cri, m. l'action de s'ecrier. SQUEAL, v. n. crier, pousser des cris. SQUEANISH, adj. delicat, degoûté. SQUEAMISH, and, delivate, degouit, an SQUEAMISHNESS, s. delicatesse, f. degouit, an SQUEEZE, s. compression, f. pression, f. SQUEEZE, v. a. presser, server, exprimer, faire sortir, acrabler; v. n. passer, sortir. SQUES, s. fusive (d'artifice.) f. SQUILL, s. (a plant) squille, f. SQUINT, v. n. loucher, regarder de travers. SQUINT, adj. louche, qui regarde de travers. SQUINT-EVED, adj. louche, méchant. SQUINTINGLY, adr. en louchant SQUIRE, s. écuyer, m.; v. a. accompagner SQUIRREL, s. un écurcuil. SQUIRT, s. seringue, f. foire, f. cours or flux de ventre, sa. SQUIRT, v. a. seringuer; v. n. bavarder. STAB, r. a. poiguarder, tuer à coups de poi-STAB, s. un coup de poignard. (guard. STABBER, s. un mourtrier, un as STABILIMENT, s. support, m. appui, m. STABILITY, s. stabilite, f. constante, f. STABILR, adj. stable, constant, ferme, fine STABLE, s. étable, f. écurie, f. [une étable. STABLE, v.a. & n. établer, loger comme dans STABLEBOY, STABLEMAN, s. valet d'écurie, STABLENESS, s. stabilité, f. fermeté, f. [m. STACK, s. tas, m. mouceau, m. pile, f. ames, STACK, v. o. mettre en tas, entasser. STACTE. s. le stacté, la myrrhe, (guanne.) STADTHOI DER, s. le Stadhouder. STAFF, s. baton, m. flèche, f. baguette, f. crosse. f. soutien, m. appui, m. pouvoir, m. auctorité, f. droit, m. stance, f. couplet, m. STAFF-TREE, s. troëne, m. (verset, st. STAG, s. cerf, m. [état, m. STAGE, s. theatre, m. scène, f. degré, m STAGE-PLAYER, s. un acteur, une actrice.

STAGE-HORSE, s. un cheval de relais, un relais STAGECOACH, s. coche, m. carrosse, m. voi-STAGER, s. un acteur, une actrice. [ture, f. STAGGARD, s. un cerf de quatre ans STAGGER, v. n. chanceler, vaciller, hesiter, être irrésolu; v. a. émouyoir, ébranler. STAGGERING, adj. chancellant, vacillant. STAGGERINGLY, adv. on chancellant. STAGGERS, s. vertigo de cheval, m. STAGNANCY, s. état croupissant. [mant. STAGNANT, adj. croupissant, stagnant, dor-STAGNATE, v. s. croupir, être saus mouve-STAGNATION, s. stagnation, f. [ment. STAID, adj. arrêté, posé, grave, rasis. STAIDNESS, s. sobriété, f. gravité, f. STAIN, s. tache, f. souillure, f. STAIN, v. a. tacher, ternir, noircir, fletrir. STAINER, v. d. tacher, coain, nouver, metal.

STAINER, s. celui qui tache, qui barbouille.

Poper-stainer, s. dominotier, m.

STAINLESS, adj. sans tache.

STAIR, d. degré, m. escalier, m. montée, f.

STAIR-CASE, s. escalier, m. STARE, s. pieu, m. poteau, m. jalon, m. STARE, v. a. mettre au jeu, risquer, hasarder, garnir de pieux, supporter, appuyer. STALACTITES, s. stalactile, f. STALE, adj. vieux, surauné. Stale-beer, wine, bread, de la bière vieille, du viu vieux, du rassis or dur. STALE, s. urine, f. pissat, m. un échelon, de la bière vieille, une prostituée, moyen, m. attrait, m. appas, m. amorce, f. STALE, v. a. user, f. faire passer, faire vieil-lir, rendre vieux; v. a. pisser, uriner. STALELY, adv. depuis long temps, il y a long STALENESS, c. vicillesse, f. [temps. STALE, s. tige, f. côté (d'une plante); rafle, f. queue, f. (de raisins.) STALK, v. s. marcher fièrement. STALEHO-HORSE, s. cheval pour chasser à STALEHO-HORSE, s. cheval pour chasser à STALEY, adj. dur, coriace. [la tonnelle, m. STALL, s. un étable, étau, m. échope, f. Head-stall of a bridle, tétuère de bride, f. STALL, v. s. & n. établer, habiter. STALLAGE, s. étalage, m. établage, m. STALLED, part. adj. établé, gardé dans une étable, rassasié. STALLION, s. étalon, m. STAMEN, s. fil, m. trame, f. STAMINA, s. pl. étamines (des fleurs), f. pl. STAMINEOUS, adj. fibreux. STAMMER, v. n. begayer, bredouiller. STAMMERER, s. begue, un bredouilleur.
STAMMERING, s. begayement, s. [tant.
STAMMERINGLY, adv. en begayant, en besiSTAMP, v. a. frapper avec le pied, broyer, piler, empreindre, imprimer, marquer, monnoyer, forger, etalonner, timbrer : v. n. frapper du pied, marcher pesamment. STAMP, a. coin, m. trempe, f. empreinte, f. impression, f. marque, f. estampe, f. STAMPER, s. pilon, s. un lourdeau. [seffe. STAMCH, adf. bon. bien conditionné, franc, Stanch, v. a. & я. étancher, s'étancher. Stanching, s. étanchement, m. STANCHLESS, s. qu'on ne saurait étancher. STANCHNESS, s. bonte, f. solidité, f. STAND, v. n. être debout, se tenir debout, se soutenir, s'arrêter, demeurer, rester, être, tenir, subsister, être situe : to stand about, environner; to stand against, resister, s'op-poser; to stand by, souteuir, défendre, ap-

sent; to stand for, briguer, postuler, pour-suivre, rechercher, tenir pour, défendre, être pour or du parti, du sentiment de, signifier, être au lieu de ; to stand forth, avancer, s'awancer, se présenter; to stand in, coûter, revenir; to stand off, so tenir à l'ecart, être à quelque distance or à la hauteur de, reculer ; to stand out, tenir ferme, tenir bon, résister, faire tête, avancer ; stand out of the way, otez-vous du chemin; to stand to, persister, continuer, s'en tenir; to stand to the North, faire voile vers le Nord; to stand under, en reprendre, soutenir; to stand up, se lever, se tenir debout; to stand upon, concerner, regarder, interesser, estimer, faire cas, se piquer, se glorifier, se faire honneur, insister, prétendre ; to stand with, s'accorder, compatir, convenir, contester, disputer.

STAND, v. a. endurer, soutenir, souffrir. STAND, v. a. endurer, soutenir, soutfirir.
STAND, s. station, f. pause, f. halte, f. état
stationaire, poste, m. rang, m. opposition,
f. résistance, f. embarras, m. perplexité, f.
doute, m. suspens, m. chentier (de cave),
m. un guéridon. To keep at a stand, demeurer dans le même état. To make a
stand, résister, s'opposer.

STANDARD, s. éteadard, m. enseigne, m. drapeau, m. étalon (pour les mesures), m.
titre de la monnoie, m. règle, f. modèle, m.
mouton d'un carrosse. m. arbre en plein

mouton d'un carrosse, sa erbre en plein vent, m.

STANDARD-BEARER, s. porte-étendard, m. STANDER, s. celui qui demeure, un baliveau. STANDER-BY, s. un specialeur, un regardant.

STANDING, part. adj. établi, fixe, constant, réglé, sur pied, debout, croupissant, dor-STANDING, s. place, f. lieu, m. poste, m. con-

dition, f. rang, m. STANDIBH, e. ecritoire, f.

STANG, s. toise, f. porche, f. STANNARY, adj. qui concerne les mines d'é-tain or marché public, m.

STAREA, s. stance, f.
STARIE, s. étape, f. entrepôt, m. magasin, m.
Staple of a lock, la gâche d'une serrure.
STAPLE, adj. régié, établi, d'étape, conforme
aux lois du commerce.

STAR, s. astre, m. étoile, f. un astérisque.

STARBOARD, s. stribord, m.

STARCH, s. empois, m. ; v. a. empeser. STAR-CHAMBER, s. la chambre étoilée.

STAR-GAZER, s. un astronome, un astrologue. STAR-HAWK, s. lanier, m. oisesu.

STAR-LIGHT, adj. étoile, brillant d'étoiles.

STAR-LIGHT, s'lumière or éclat des étoile

STARCHED, part. adj. empesé.

STARCHER, s. une empeseuse.

STARCHLY, adv. avec affectation.

STARCHNESS, s. affectation, f. manières af-

fectées, f. pl.

Stare, s. un étourneau.

STARE, s. surprise, f. un regard fixe. STARE, v. n. regarder fixement. STARER, s. un homme qui regarde fixement. A staring look, des yeux égarés

STARINGLY, adv. fixement, entre deux yeux. STARK, adj. fort, vrai, franc, fieffe.

STARKLY, adv. tout-à-fait, tout, entièrement. STARLIKE, adj. étoilé, brillant. [pont, m. puyer, se reposer, compler sur, être pre- | STARLING, s. étourneau, sa avant bec d'un

résolu, déterminé. Stendy hand, main

STARRY, asj. ésoilé, asmé d'ésoiles.
START, v. m. tressaillir, senter, faire un écart, trembler, partie, commencer à courir, s'éccarter, s'éloigner, reculer; to start up, se dresser, s'élever, commencer à paroltre, resusciter; v. a. lancer, faire partir, faire lever, faire neltre, proposer, découvrir.
START, s. écart, m. tressaillement, m. boutade, f. saillie, f. caprise. m. tade, f. saillie, f. caprice, m. STARTER, s. celui qui recule, un lapereau. STARTING, ad. penneux, embrageux. Start-ing-place, la barrière. Starting-hole, une défine, un subterfuge. STARTHEAY, adv. par boutsdes.
STARTISH, adj. un peu ombrageux.
STARTLE, v. a. & n. effrayer, alarmer, surprendre, tressallir, trembler de pour. STARUE, e. alermourir de faim or de froid, être affinné ; v. a. faire mourir de faim. STARVELING, s. animal qui meurt de faim STATE, s. état, m. conditien, f. disposition, f. rang, m. qualité, f. empire, m. souveraineté, f. dats, m. memble de parade, f. grandeur, f. pompe, f. magnificence, f. dignité, f. parade, f. fierté, f.
STATE, v. a. régler, arrêter, établir. STATELHESS, s. grandeur, f. pompe, f. STATELHESS, s. grandeur, f. pompe, f. STATELY, adv. superbe, grand; noble, altier. STATELY, adv. superbement, avec grandeur. STATELY, adv. superbinent, avec grandeur. STATELY, adv. superbinent, avec un ministre d'é-STATICAL, STATICAL, adv. de statique. [tat. STATICAL, adv. adv. de statique. [tat. STATICES, s. la statique. STATION, s. station, f. poste, m. emploi, m. état, m. rang, m. condition, f. situation, f. STATION, v. s. poster, fixer, établir. STATIONARY, adj. stationaire. STATIONER, s. un libraire, un papetier. STATUARY, s. un statuaire, la sculpture. STATUR, s. une statue STATURE, s. stature, f. taille, f. STATURE, s. stature, f. taille, f. [guller. STATUTABLE, add. conforme aux statuts, ré-STATUTABLY, adv. conformément aux statuts. STATUTB, s. statut, m. réglement, m. loi, f. STAVE, s. douve, f. sis, m. planche, f. STAVE, v. a. briser, défoncer, foncer : to stare off, campécher, désourner, écarter. STAVES, pl. of Blaf. STAVES, pl. of Staf. STAVES, pl. of staf. STAVES, pl. of staf. statute, v. n. rester, s'arrêter, demouser, tar-der : to stay away, s'absenter : to stay for, attendre: to stay on or upon, se reposer. attendre ; to stay on or upon, se reposer, compter sur; v. a. arrêter, reprimer, éta-yer, appuyer, soutenir; to sany from, em-péciter. STAY, a. séjour, m. demeure, f. retard, m. dé-lai, m. étaie, f. appui, m. soutien, m. fond, m. bride (de beguin d'enfant), f. peigne (de timerand), m. STAYEDLY, adv. posément, gravement. STAYEDRESS, s. gravité, f. retenue, f. STAYER, s. celui qui arrête, retient. STAY-LACE, s. lacet, m. STAYS, s. un corps de jupe.

STEAD, s. place, f. lieu, m. utilité, f. usage,
m. service, m. aide, f. h. stead of, au lieu de. STEAD, v. c. servir, rendre service. STEADFAST, adj. stable, ferme, solide. STEADFASTLY, adv. fermement, constam-STEADFASTNESS, s. fermeté, f. solidité, f. STEADILY, adv. avec fermeté, constamment. STEADINESS, 2. fermede, f. assurance, f.
STEADY, adf. sur, ferme, assuré, constant, STERILITY, 2. stérilité, f.

sare. STEAK, s. tranche, f. ettelette, f. grillade, f. STEAL, v. a. voler, dérober, soustraire, sur-prendre; to steal mony, s'insincer, se seu-ver, s'évader, se dérober; to steal away from, detourner. STEALER, s. un voleur, un flou. STEALINGLY, adv. à la dérobée, secrètement. STEALTH, a vol, m. menées sourdes. By stealth, à la dérobée, en cachette. STRALTHY, adj. claudestin, secret, cache. STEAM, s. vapeur, f. fumée, f. STEAM, v. n. exhaler quelque vapeur, fumer; to steam away, s'evaperer. STEED, s. un cheval, un coursier. STEED, s. un chevel, un courmet.
STEEL, s. acier, m. armes, f. pl. fusil, m.
STEEL, v. a. acerer, garair d'acier.
STEELT, adj. d'acier, acest, dur, de fer.
STEEL-TARB, s. romaine, f. peson, m.
STEEP, s. roide, escerpe, f. un précipie.
STEEPLE, s. un clocher.
STEEPLE, s. un clocher. STEEPNESS, s. ponté escarpée, roideur, f. STEEPY, adj. sourcilloux, escarpe. STEER, s. un bouvillon, un jeune buruf. STEER, v. a. gouverner, diriger, guider, conduire ; v. n. naviguer, faire ro STRERAGE, s. timon, m. l'endroit du mavire od se tient le timonier, sa. conduite, f. poupe, f. gouvernement, m. direction, f. J. gouvernement, m. arccuon, f. STERRING. s. gouvernement, m. conduite, f. STERRINAN, s. pilote, m. timonier, f. STEGAROGRAPHY, s. steganographie, f. STEGAROGRAPHY, s. steganographie, f. STELR. s. ame, f. manche, m. tige, f. tayau. STELLAR, odf. astral. [de blé, m. STELLARE, odf. astral.

STELLATE, odf. astral.

STELLATE, odf. astral. STELLATION, s. scintillation, f.
STELLIFEROUS, adj. qui a des étoiles.
STEM, s. tige, f. rejeton, m. la proue, l'éperus, m. le cap er l'avant d'un vaisseau, la poûlaine. STEM, v. a. s'opposer, aller contre. STERCH, s. puanteur, f. manvaise edeur.
STERCH, v. a. rendre puant, empécher de
STEROGRAPHY, s. stenographie, f. Renier.
STERTOREAN, adj. de stentor, fort. STENTOROPHONICE, edj. de steuter, fort, sonore. STEP, v. m. faire un pas, aller, marcher, faire un tour; to step after, suivre; to step saids, s'ocarter, se ranger de côté; to step saids, retourner, rebroumer chamin; to step down, descendre : to step in, entrer : to step over, aller au delà, passer, traverser : to step out, passer outre, traverser. passer outre, unvesser.

STEP, s. un pas, une enjambée, chemin, st.
trace, f. vestige, st. le seuil (de la porte),
marche or degré d'un escaliet, f. st. échelon (d'une échelle), st. démarche, f. STEP-FATHER, s. hoan-pero, m. Shap-mo-ther, belle-mère, f. markire, f. Step-son, beau-sin, m. Step-daughter, ballo-site, f. Step-brother, beau-sière, m. Step-sister, belle-sœur, f. STEPPING, s. l'action d'aller, &c. STERCORATION, s.l'action de fumer les terres. STEREOGRAPHY, s. stéréngraphie, f. STEREOMETRY, s. stérénmétrie, f. STEREOTYPE, adj. streetype; v. s. streety-STERILE, adj. strile, qui ne produit fien. STERILITY, s. stérilité, f.

STERLING, adj. & s. sterling, m. [usrel. STERLING, adj. vrai, authentique, propre, na-STERN, adj. severe, rebarbatis, rigide. [turel. || STERN, s. poupe, f. arrière de navire, s STERNFOST, s. étambord, m. la queue, le der-STERNEY, adv. d'un air sévère. [rière. STERNESS, s. regard sevère, dureté, f. ri-STERNON, s. le sternum. [gueur, f. STERRUTATIONS. éternument, m STERRUTATIVE, adj. stermitatif. STERRUTATORY, s. stermulatoire, m STEW, s. réservoir, m. vivier, m.; étuve, f. A stev-pan, une terrine à étuver. STEW, v. a. étuver, faire cuire à l'étuvée. STEWARD, s. homme d'affaires, m. intendant de maison, sa maître d'hôtel, sa ; steroard of a ship, munitionaire, m. STEWARDSHIP, s. la charge de maître d'hôtel, d'intendant, &c. administration, f. STIBIAL, adj. d'antimoine, stibié. STICE, v. a. attacher, mettre, plonger, enfoncer, ficher, piquer, larder, tuer, percer; v. n. s'attacher, tenir, adhérer, faire diffi-sulté, hésiter, douter, être embarrassé; to stick out, être désœuvré, se retirer, ne vouloir pas se méler de, avancer, sortir, faire ventre, rester, s'imprimer, insister sur : to stick a pig, ther un cochon; to stick into, plonger; to stick by, soutenir, appuyer.

STICK, s. baton, in. brin, in. branche, f. jet, in.
Small sticks, des brousseilles. A printer's composing-stick, un composteur. stick, templet, m. STICKINESS, s. viscosité, f. tenacité, f. STICKIE, v. s. être ardent, disputer vivement. BTICKLER, s. un zélateur, ua partisan zélé.
STICKLER, s. ún zélateur, ua partisan zélé.
STICKY, adj. visqueux, gluant.
STIFF, adj. roide, engourdi, inflexible, obstiné, opisilatre, eastete, dur, géné, empezé, affecté, maniéré. STIFFEN, v. a. & n. roidir, se roidir. STIFF-HEARTED, adj. obstine, opinistre, en-STIFFLY, adv. obstinément, opinistrément. STIFF.RECKED, adj. obstinė, opiniaire.
STIFFRESS, z. roideur, f. temsion, f. duretė, f. engourdiseement, m. obsination, f. roideur, f. géne, f. affectation, f.
STIFILE, v. a. & n. sufloquer, etoufier. STIFLING, s. etouffement, m. suffocation, f. STIPLING, adj. etouffant, suffocant. STIGMA, s. marque, f. stigmate, m. [famie. STIGMA, s. marque, f. stigmate, m. [famie. STIGMATICA, edj. note d'in-STIGMATICA, v. a. stigmatiser, diamer. STILE, s. barrière, f. tourniquet, m. stile, m. aiguille d'un cadran solaire, f. STILETTO, & un stylet. STILL, adj. calme, tranquille; s. calme, m. STILL, s. un alambic, un laboratoire. STILL, adv. jusqu'à présent, encore, cepen-dant, sujours, continuellement. STILL, v. d. distiller, imposer silence, faire taire, calmer, appaiser, tranquilliser. STILLATOR, STILLATORY, s. un alambic. STILL-BORN, adj. mort ne. [cave. STILLING, s. distillation, f. un chantier de STILLERSS, s. calme, m. tranquillité, f. STILLE, adr. en silence, doucement. 20 30 STILTS, s. échasses, f. pl. STIMULATE, v. a. aiguillenner, piquer. (bruit. STINULATING, a picotement, m. STIMULATING, adj. qui picote, picotant. STIMULATION, s. aiguillonnement, m. STING, v. a. piquer, percer, mordre.

STIRG, s. aiguillon, ss. pointe, f. STINGILY, adv. on avare. STINGINESS, s. mesquinerie, f. Stinging, s. piqure, f. morsure, f. STINGLESS, adj. sans nignillon. STINGY, adj. mesquin, ladre, avare. STINK, v. n. puer, être puant, sentir mauvais. STIRE, s. puanteur, f. mauvais odeur. STINKARD, s. un puant. STINKING, ad. puant.
STINKINGLY, are. puamment, bassement.
STINT, s limite, f. borne, f. mesure, f. STINT, v. a. borner, limiter, astreindre, re-STIPENDIARY, s. & adj. stipendiare, f. m. STIPTICAL, STIPTICE, adj. stiptique, astrin gent. [ter. STIPULATE, v. n. stipuler, contracter, arre-STIPULATION, s. stipulation, f. contrat, m. STIPULATOR, s. celui qui stipule. STIR, v. a. mouvoir, émouvoir, remuer, agi-ter, exciter, animer, irriter ; to stir up, mot-tre en mouvement, emouvoir, exciter, susciter, faire neltre, animer, aiguillonner, pro-voquer; r. n. remuer, bouger, se movoir, se remuer, rouler, circuler. STIR, s. bruit, m. tumulte, m. tapage, m. va-carme, m. émoute, f. révolte, f. STIRRER, s. celui qui excite, querelleur. STIRRING, s. l'action d'exciter un soulèvement, une révolte. STIRRUP, s. un etrier. The stirrup leather, l'eurivière, f. STITCH, r. a. coudre, piquer, brocher. STITCH, s. point, m. point d'aiguille, douleur STITCHERY, s. ravaudage, m. [aigue, f' STITCH WORT, s. camomille, f. STITHY, s. une enclume STIVE, v. a. étuver, étousser de chaud. STIVER, s. un sou de Hollande. STOAT, s. un furet. STOCADO, s. estocade, f. coup d'épée, m.
STOCADO, s. estocade, f. coup d'épée, m.
STOCA, s. le tronc or le corps d'un arbre, tige, f. famille, f. souche, f. race, f. monture (de fusil,) f. plant à greffer, m. giroflèe, f. giroflier, m. foads, m. capital, m. principal, m. actions, f. pl. quantité, f. provision, f. le talon (au jeu cen centres,) chantier, m. un col. una teur de certes,) chantier, m. un col. una teur de centres, tier, m. un coi, un tour de con. STOCK, v. a. fournir, donner, pourvoir, as-sortir, amasser, faire provision, peupler. STOCK-DOVE, s. bisset, sa. pigeon ramier. STOCK-FISH, s. morue seche, stock-fiche, f. STOCKGILLIFLOWER, s. giroffee, f. giroffer, Stocking, s. un bas. A stocking mender, une ravaudeuse de bas. STOCKISH, adj. dur, insensible. Stockjob, v. a. & n. agioter, trafiquer en STOCKJOBBER, s. agioteur, m. STOCK-JOBBING, s. Agiologe, m. STOCK-LOCK, s. sesture à pêne dormant, f. STOCKS, s. pl. des ceps, m. entraves, f. pl. STOCKSTILL, adj. immobile. [actions, f. pl. STOICAL, adj. stolque, stolcien. STOICALLY, adv. stolquement, en stolcien. STOICISM, s. la doctrine or la secte stoi-[cienne. STOICK, s. un stoicien. STOLER, s. une étole, garderobe, f.
STOLEUTT, s. stupdité, f. bêtise, f.
STOMACH, s. l'estomac, m. appétit, m. goût,
m. faim, f. inclination, f. STORACH, v. a. & n. rementir, se facher.

STONACHER, s. une pièce d'estomac. STONACHFUL, adj. fier, revêche, opiniatre. STOMACHICK, adj. sto-STOMACHICAL, machique. STOMACHLESS, adj. qui n'a point d'appétit. STONE, s. une pierre, pierre or noyau de cer-tains fruits, pepins (de raisins,) m. tesucule, m. la pierre, la gravelle, poids de 8 livres a Londres; stone of wool, quatorze livres A free stone, une pierre taille. de laine. A stone-cutter, un tailleur de pierre. Bloodstone, sanguine, f. Load-stone, aimant or pierre d'aimant. Flint-stone, pierre à fusil. Chalk-stone, craie, f. Pebble-stone, caillou, m. A stone bottle, une bouteille de grès. STONE, adj. de pierre. STONE, v. a. lapider, assommer de pierres. STONE-ALUM, s. alon de roche, m STONE-BREAK, s. (a plant) saxifrage, f. STONE-BOW, s. arbalete à jalet, f. STONE-CROP, s. herbe aux perles, f. gremil, STONE-PIT, s. une carrière. STONE-PITCH, s. poix seche or endurcie, f. STONE-THROW, s. jet de pierre, m. STONE-WORK, s. ouvrage de maçonnerie, m. STONING, s. lapidation, f. STONY, adj. de pierre, pierreux, gravéleux.
STOOL, s. selle, f. tabouret, m. siège sans dosier, m. chause percée, f. selle, f. A joint-stool, un escabeau. A foot-stool, un marchepied. STOOP, v. n. se baisser, se courber, pencher, s'abaisser, plier, se soumettre, s'humilier, se poser, se percher, s'arrêter, fonder (sur sa proie.) Stoop; s. l'action de se baisser, inclination, f. abaissement, m. l'action d'un oiseau qui fond sur sa proie, un tonnesu. STOOPINGLY, adv. en se baissant. STOP, v. a. arrêter, suspendre, retarder, empecher, boucher, fermer; v.n. s'arreter. Stop, s. pause, f. station, f. retardement, m. délai, m. retard, m. empéchement, m. obstacle, m. fin, f. point, m. (dans l'écriture;) touche (d'instrument de musique,) f. STOPPER, S. obstruction, f. STOPPER, STOPPLE, s. bouchon, m. fouloir, m. biseau de l'orgue. STORAY, s. storay, m. STORE, s. grand nombre, quantité, f. force, f. abondance, f. provision, f. amas, m. beaucoup, munitions or provisions de guerre,
f. pl. l'équipement or avitaillement d'un navire, m. STORE, v. a. munir, fournir, garnir, pourvoir, remplir, amasser, accumuler, reserver, mettre en magasin. STORFHOUSE, s. magasin, m. STORER, s. celui qui amasse, garde magasin, m. Storko, part. adj. muni. STORK, s. une cicogne. STORESBILL, s. geranion, m. (plante.) STORM, s. tempèle, f. orage, m. bourrasque, f. gros temps, assaut, m. vacarme, m. émeute, f. colamité, f. STORM, v. a. donner l'assaut; v.n. tempêter. STORMING, s. emportement, m. assaut, m. STORMY, adj. orageux, violent, emporté. STORY, s. histoire, f. conte, m. fable, f. fiction, f. un étage de maison. STORY, v. a. raconter, rapporter, dire. STORYTELLER, s. seseur de contes, f. conteur de sornettes, f.

STOUT, adj. fort, vigoureux, robuste, gros, courageux, brave, vigoureux, hardi, fier. STOUTLY, adv. vigoureusement, fort et ferme. STOUTNESS, s. force, f. vigueur, f. fierie, f. STOVE, s. un poèle, un fournesu, potager, sa. un couvet, une chaufferette, étuve, STOVE, r. a. tenir chaudement dans une étuve. STOW, v. a. serrer, renfermer, arranger. STOWAGE, s. magasin, m. cellier, m. STRADDLE, v. n. écurier les jambes. STRAGGLE, v. R. roder, courir, aller ça et là. STRAGGLER, s. un rodeur, un vagabond, un STRAIGHT, adj. droit. [traineur. STRAIGHT for STRAIT, which see, s. détroit. STRAIGHT, adv.en droite ligne, sur le champ. STRAIGHTEN, v. a. dresser, redresser. STRAIGHTNESS, e. droiture, f. dure étreinte, f. STRAIGHTWAYS, adv. aussidt, sur le champ. STRAIN, r. a. passer, presser, serrer, expri-mer, filtrer, embrasser fortement, bander, tendre, pousser, étendre, forcer, outrer, hausser, éléver; v. n. s'efforcer, tacher, filtrer, couler. STRAIN, a. violence, f. tour, m. entorse, f. race, f. génération, f. caractère, m. gense, m. style, m. ton, m. élocution, f. accord, m. air, m. chant, m. son, m. la piste or la voie (d'une bête fauve.) STRAINER, s. un couloir, une passoire. STRAIT, adj. étroit, serré, intime, strict. STRAIT, s. un détroit, un défile, gorge, f. détresse, f. difficulté, f. STRAIT, r. a. embarrasser, mettre dans Pembarras STRAITEN, v. a. étrécir, rétrécir, resserter, gêner, incommoder, embarrasser. Strait-handed, adj. dur à la desserre. STRAITLACED, adj. rigide, gené, contraint. STRAITLY, adv. étroitement, à l'étroit, intimement, strictement, expressionent.

STRAITNESS, z. qualité de ce qui est étroit, petitesse, f. rigidité, f. rigueur, f. dévesse,

STRAIND, s. rivage, m. bord, m. cordon, m. [f.

STRAIND, v. n. échouer sur la côte. STRANGE, adj. étrange, surprenant, extraor-dinaire, bizarre, singulier, étranger, de dehors, lointain, inconnu, indifférent. STRANGELY, adv. etrangement, extraordi-STRANGENESS, s. rarete, f. [nairement. STRANGER, s. un etranger, une etrangère. STRANGER, v. a. aliéner, rendre étranger. STRANGLE, v. a. étrangler STRANGLER, s. celui qui étrangle. [val. STRANGLES, s. gourme, f. maladie de che-STRANGULATION, s. strangulation, f. étran-STRANGURY, s. strangurie, f. [glement, m. STRAP, s. courroie, bande de cuir, f. oreille de soulier, f. tirant de botte, m. STRAP, v. a. donner les étrivières. STRAPPADO, s. l'estrapade, f. STRAPPER, s: une grande femme or fille. STRAPPING, adj. grand, gros, large. STRATA, s couches, f. pl. lits, m. pl. STRATAGEM, s. stratageme, m. ruse, f. STRATIFY, v. a. ranger par couches, strati-STRATUM, s. couche. f. lit, m. [fier. STRAW, s. paille, f. fètu, m. zeste, m. un rien. A straw-hat, un chapcau de paille. A strawbed, une paillasse. STRAWBERRY, s. fraisier, m. fraise, f. STRAWBERRY-TREE, s. un arbois STRAWBUILT, adj. de paille, fait de paille. STRAWCOLOURED, adj. couleur de paille.

STRAWWORM, s. ver de paille, m. STRAWY, adj. plein de paille. STRAY, v. s. roder, se lourvoyer, s'égarer. STRAY, s. l'action de roder, de s'égarer. STRAY, s. bète épave, égarce or perdue. STRAYING, s. egarement, m. l'action de s'é-STREAR, s. raie, f. bande, f. STREAR, v. a. rayer, faire des rayes. STREAKY, adj. raye, à raies, panaché. STREAM, s. courant, m. eau qui coule, f. le fil or le cours de l'eau, ruisseau, m. torrent, m.; stream of vinegar, un filet de vinaigre; stream of fire, rayons de lumière; stream of words, flux de paroles. STREAM, v. n. couler, ruisseler, sortir, jaillir; v. a. rayouner, s'écouler, broder. Streamer, s. flamme, f. banderole, f. Streamy, adj. coupé de ruisseaux. STREET, s. une rue. STREIN ALKER, s. une coureuse.

STREIGHT, s. détroit, m. gorge de montagnes,
STRENGTH, s. force, f. vigueur, f.
STRENGTHEN, v. a. fortifier, affermir, confirmer, renforcer; v. n. se fortifier, prendre de nouvelles forces. STRENGTHENER, s. un corroboratif. STRENGTHLESS, adj. sans force, foible. STRENUOUS, adj. brave, hardi, vigoureux. STRENUOUSLY, adv. vigoureusement. STRENUOUSNESS, s. ardeur, f. empresse STREPEROUS, adj. qui fait du bruit, fort. STRESS, s. fort, m. poids, m. importance, f. point essentiel or principal. STRETCH, v. a. ctendre, élargir, ouvrir, de-ployer, tendre, roidir, bander; v. n. s'é-tendre, s'élargir, s'ouvrir, s'efforcer, exagérer, faire un effort, tâcher. STRETCH, s. etendue, f. portée, f. effort, m. torture, ∫. STRETCHER, s. un paisson, un renfermoir. STRETCHERS, pd. barres traversières.
STREW, v. a. repandre, parsemer, joncher.
STRICKLE, s. racloire, f. STRICT, adj. strict, exact. precis, ponetuel, régulier, positif, exprès, rigide, sévère, rigoureux, étroit, serré. STRICTLY, adv. strictement, exactement, à la rigueur, expressement, etroitement. STRICTNESS, s. exacutude, f. rigueur, STRICTURE, s. trait, m. empreinte, f. essai, m. étincelle, f. observation légère.
STRIDE, s. enjambée, f. pas alongé.
STRIDE, v. a. & n. enjamber, faire une en-STRIDINGLY, adv. en enjambant. [jambée. STRIDULOUS, adj. qui fait un petit bruit. STRIFE, s. dispute, f. différent, m. querelle, f. STRIFEFUL, adj. querelleur. STRIKE, s. boisseau, m. mesure, f. STRIKE, n. a. frapper, battre, amener, baisser, abaisser, abattre, mettre bas, punir. affliger, etonner, affecter, faire impression; to strike the sands, toucher, ecoucher; to strike sail, amener, caler les voiles ; to strike the flag, baisser le pavillon; to strike the topmast, amener les mâts du perroquet ; to strike corn, couper or racler le blé ; to strike a league, faire une ligue; to strike up a bargain, arrêter, conclure un marché; to strike asunder, fendre, faire tomber en pièces; to strike down, abattre; to strike in or into, enfoncer; to strike off or out, effacer, rayer, couper, trancher, separer, retran- Studious Lyade, avec étude, avec empresse-cher; to strike out, produire en frappant, Studious xess, s. attachement à l'étude, m.

faire sortir, produire, mettre au jour, effacer, rayer; to strike up a drum, battre la caisse or le tambour ; to strike up, commencer à jouer, jouer. STRIKE, n. n. frapper, donner un coup, donner contre, heurter, toucher, échouer, cho-quer, sonner; to strike again, se revancher, prendre sa revanche ; to strike at, s'attaquer, heurter, porter coup; to strike in with, se joindre avec or a. se conformer, imiter; to strike into, s'elever à, donner dans; to strike out, s'étendre, s'égarer ; to strike through, traverser, percer, cclater, se manifester; to strike upon, porter coup à, censurer, attaquer. STRIKER, s. celui qui frappe, batteur, m. STRIKIRG, adj. surprenant, etomant. STRING, s. cordon, m. petite corde, f. STRING, s. fibre, f. filet, m. tenons, m. STRING, v. a. garnir de cordes, enfiler. STRINGED, adj. à cordes, qui a des cordes. STRINGENT, adj. fort, qui a de la force.
STRINGY, adj. cordé, fibreux. [toile.]
STRIP, s. une petite bande (de drap ou de STRIP, v. a. depouiller, mettre nu, lever, voler, piller, ravager, peler. STRIPE, v. a. rayer, bigarer, varier. STRIPE, s. raie, f. barre, f. bande, f. un coup. STRIPLING, s. un jeune garçon.
STRIVE, v. n. se débattre, être aux prises, faire des efforts, s'efforcer, tacher. STRIVER, s. celui qui débat, qui s'efforce, STRIVINGLY, adv. á l'envi. [qui tâche. STROEE, s. un coup, trait, m. coup de plume or de pinceau, m. touche, f. STROKE, v. a. caresser, flatter. STROLL, v. n. troler, rouler, roder. [balant. STROLLER, s. un coureur, un comedien am-STROLLING, adj. qui rode, ambulant.
STRONG, adj. fort, vigoureux, robuste, puissant, fortine, gros, epais, violent, vehement, plein de suc. STRONGLY, adv. fortement, puissamment. STRONG-WATERS, s. pl. des liqueurs fortes. STROPHE, s. une strophe, une stance. STROW, v. a. repandre, disperser. STRUCTURE, s. structure, f. construction, f. édifice, m. ordre, m. disposition, f. STRUGGLE, r. n. se débautre, se démener, tâcher, s'agiter, s'efforcer, lutter. STRUGGLE, s. effort, m. dispute, f. STRUGGLER, s. celui qui se débat, &c. STRUMA, s. les ecrouelles, f. pl. STRUMPET, s. une putain, une prostituée. STRUT, v. n. se carrer, se pavaner, s'enfler, STRUT, s. démarche fière et orguilleuse. STUB, s. un tronc, un reste. STUB, r. a. arracher, extirper, déraciner. STUBBED, part. adj. arrache, trapu, membru. STUBBLE, s. eteule, f. chaume, m. STUBBORN, adj. entete, tetu, obstine. STUBBORNLY, adr. obstinement, opiniatre-STUBBORNNESS, s. opiniatreté, f. ment. STUBBY, adj. trapu, membru, gros et petit. STUCCO, s. stuc, m. platre, m. STUD, s. borne, f. pieu, m. poteau, m. clou d'ornement, de garniture, m. un haras. Stud, v. a. garnir de clous. STUDENT, s. un étudiant, un écolier. STUDIED, part. adj. étudié. médité, savant. STUDIER, s. un homme qui étudie. STUDIOUS, adj. studieux, soigneux. [ment.

au soleil, brillant.

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SUICIDE, s. suicide, m.
                                                          SUNNY, adj. brillant comme le soleil, exposé
SUING, s. poursuite, f. brigue, f.
SUIT, s. assortiment, m. requête, f. instance,
  f. demande, f. sollicitation, f.; suit at law
or in law, instance en justice, f.; suit of
  clothes, un habillement complet; suit of
  hangings, une tenture de tapisserie; stat of cards, une couleur de cartes.
Suit, v. a. & n. assortir, approprier, convenir, adapter, être convenable or séant, s'ac-
corder, être propre.
SUITABLE, adj. convenable, conforme, sorta-
   ble, propre, proportionné, d'accord.
SUITABLY, adv. convenance, f. [ment. SUITABLY, adv. convenablement, conformé-
SUITER, SUITOR, s. postulant, m. suppliant,
   m. plaideur, m. un amant, un galant.
SUITRESS, s. une suppliante.
SULCATED, adj. sillonnė.
SULLEN, adj. de mauvaise humeur, revêche, obstinė, sombre, triste, chagrin.
SULLENLY, adv. d'un air chagrin, triste-
   ment.
SULLENNESS, s. humeur chagrine, tristesse, f.
SULLY, v. a. salir, tacher, souiller,
SULLY, s. tache, f. souillure, f. SULPHUR, s. soufre, m.
                                            [noircir.
SULPHUREOUS, SULPHUROUS, adj. de sou-
   fre, sulfureux.
SULPHURY, adj. soufré, impregné de soufre,
SULTAN, s. Sultan, le Grand Seigneur.
SULTANA, SULTANESS, s. la Sultane, la
   Reine Sultane.
SULTANIN, s. (coin) un sultanin.
SULTRINESS, s. chaleur étouffante.
SULTRY, adj. étouffant, brûlant.
Sum, s. somme d'argent, f. le tout, le total, abrégé, m.
Sum, v. a. compter, nombrer, calculer, sup-
   puter; to sum up, récapituler, résumer.
Sumach, s. (a shrub) sumach, m.
SUMMARILY, adv. sommairement.
SUMMARY, adj. sommaire, succinct, court.
Summary, s. sommaire, m. abrege, m.
SUMMER, s. l'été, m. sommier, m.
Summer, v. n. & a. passer l'été.
SUMMERHOUSE, s. un pavillon d'été.
SUMMERSET, s. soubresaut, m. saut périlleux.
SUMMIT, s. sommet, m. haut, m. pointe, f.
Summon, v. a. sommer, citer.
SUMMONER, s. sergent, m.
                                          [monce, f.
Summons, s. sommation, f. assignation, f. se-
SUMPTER, s. sommier, m. mallier, m.
Sumprion, s. l'action de prendre.
SUMPTUARY, adj. somptuaire.
Sumptuous, adj. superbe, splendide, grand.
 SUMPTUOUSLY, adv. somptueusement.
 SUMPTUOUSNESS, s. somptuosité, f. pompe,
 Sun, s. le soleil.
Sun, v. a. mettre, chauffer or sécher au so-
leil.
 SUN-BEAM, s. rayon du soleil, m.
 SUN-BEAT, adj. echausse par les rayons du
SUNBRIGHT, adj. eclatant, brillant comme un
 SUNBURNING, s. le hâle.
SUNBURNT, adj. hâlé.
                                               [soleil.
 Sunday, s. le Dimanche.
SUNDER, s. deux, m. deux morceaux.
 Sunder, v. a. partager, diviser, separer.
 SUNDIAL, s. cadran solaire, m.
 SUNDRY, adj. divers, plusieurs.
 SUN-FLOWER, s. tourne-sol, m. heliotrope, m.
 SUBLESS, adj. sans soleil, où le soleil ne luit HUNLIKE, adf. semblable au soleil. [pas.]
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Sunrise, Sunrising, s. le lever du soleil, le SUNSET, s. le coucher du soleil, le soleil cou-SUNSHINE, s. la clarté du soleil. [chant. Sunshiny, adj. éclaire par le soleil. Sup, s. une gorgee. Sup, v. n. souper; v. a. donner à souper. Superable, adj. qu'on peut surmonter. SUPERABOUND, v. n. & a. surabonder. SUPERABUNDANCE, s. surabondance, f. [fin. Superabundant, adj. surabondant, super-SUPERABUNDANTLY, adv. surabondamment. SUPERADD, r. a. ajouter, angmenter. SUPERADDITION, s. surcroit, m. SUPERANNUATED, part. adj. suranné, vieux. SUPERANNUATION, s. état de celui qui est cassé de vieillesse. SUPERB, adj. superbe, auguste, magnifique. SUPERCARGO, s. écrivain, ss. (d'un vaimean.) SUPERCILIOUS, adj. fier, arrogant, imper SUPERCILIOUSLY, adv. fièrement. [rieux. SUPERCILIOUSNESS, s. hauteur, f. fierte, f. SUPEREMINENCE, SUPEREMINENCY, s. preéminence, f. Supereminent, adj. sur-eminent. SUPEREMINERTLY, adr. eminemment SUPEREROGATE, v. a. faire plus qu'on n'est SUPEREROGATION, s. surerogation, f. Supererogatore, adj. surerogatore. SUPEREXCELLENT, adj. très excellent. SUPERFETATION, s. superfetation. Superficial, adj. superficiel, exteriour. SUPERFICIALITY, s. qualité superficielle. SUPERFICIALLY, adv. superficiellement. SUPERFICIALNESS. See Superficiality. Superficiality. Superficies, s. superficie, f. surface, f. SUPERFINE, adj. superfin, tres fin. SUPERFLUITY, s. superfluite, f. superflu, SUPERFLUOUS,adj. superflu, excessif, inutile. SUPERFLUOUSLY, adr. excessivement. SUPERFLUOUSNESS. See Superfluity. Superflux, s. le superflu. Superhuman, adj. plus qu'humain. SUPERINCUMBENT, adj. qui est sur la sur-SUPERINDUCE, v. a. ajouter, mettre de sur-SUPERINDUCTION, s. addition, f. surcrolt, m. Superinstitution, s. institution double, f. Superintend, r. a. avoir la surintendance. SUPERINTENDENCE, SUPERINTENDENCY, s. surintendance, f. inspection, f. SUPERINTENDENT, s. & adj. surintendant, s. Superiorité, f. préeminence, Superiour, adj. & s. superieur. Superlative, adj. & s. superlatif, m. SUPERLATIVELY, adr. au suprème degré. Superlativeness, s. le plus haut degré d'excellence. SUPERLUCRATION, s. profit, m. SUPERNAL, adj. d'enhant, celeste. Supernally, adv. d'enhaut, par enhaut. SUPERNATANT, adj. qui surnage. Supernatation, s. l'action de surnager. Supernatural, adj. surnaturel. SUPERNATURALLY, adv. surnaturellement. SUPERNUMERARY, adj. surmumeraire. SUPERPROPORTION, surplus de proportion, SUPERPURGATION, s. purgation outrée. [m. SUPERSCRIBE, v. a. écrire au baut. Supersede, v. a. suscription, f. adresse. SUPERSEDEAS, arrêt de surséance, m.

Superseding, Supersession, s. surseance, f. SUPERSTITION, s. superstition, f. SUPERSTITIOUS, adj. superstitieux. SUPERSTITIOUSLY, adv. superstitieusement. SUPERSTRUCT, v. a. bâtir or fonder dessus. SUPERSTRUCTURE, s. édifice, m. SUPERVENE, v. n. survenir, surprendre. SUPERVENIENT, adj. ajouté. SUPERVENTION, s. arrivée, imprévue. SUPERVISE, v. a. surveiller, revoir, examiner. SUPERVISOR, s. directeur, m. inspecteur, m. SUPERVIVE, v. m. survivre. Supination, s. posture de celui qui est couché sur le dos, f. Supina, adj. couché le visage en dessus or vers le ciel ; négligent, paresseux. SUPINE, s. un supin. Supinerly, adv. le face vers le ciel ; lachement, negligemment. SUPINENESS, SUPINITY, s. indolence, f. SUPPER, a souper or soupe, m. Supper-time, le temps du soupé. SUPPERLESS, adj. sans souper. SUPPLANT, v. a. supplanter, débusquer. SUPPLANTER, s. supplantateur, m SUPPLE, adj. souple, flexible, maniable. Supple, v. a. rendre souple, assouplir. SUPPLEMENT, s. supplément, m. Supplemental, Supplementant, adj. suppléant. SUPPLENESS, s. souplesse, f. flexibilité, f. SUPPLETORY, s. supplement, m. SUPPLIANT, s. & adj. suppliant, soumis. SUPPLICANT, s. un suppliant, une suppliante. SUPPLICATE, v. a. prier, supplier, implorer. SUPPLICATION, s. supplique, f. supplication, Supply, s. secours, m. renfort, m. Supply, v. a. suppleer, fournir, remplir. Support, s. support, m. appui, m. SUPPORT, v. a. supporter, porter, appuyer, soutenir, maintenir, favoriser, souffrir. SUPPORTABLE, adj. supportable, tolérable. SUPPORTER, s. appui, m. soutien, m. porters, atlantes, m. pl. supports, m. Supposers, adj. qui est a supposer. SUPPOSE, s. supposition, f. [penser. SUPPOSE, v. a. supposer, imaginer, croire, SUPPOSE, s. celui qui suppose. SUPPOSITIOF, s. position, f. hypothèse, f. Suppositively, adj. suppose, faux, faisifie. Suppositively, adv. en supposant. SUPPOSITORY, s. un suppositoire. SUPPRESS, v. a. supprimer, reprimer, etouffer, appaiser, faire, retenir, casser Suppression, s. suppression, f. extinction, f. Suppression, s. celui qui supprime, qui talt. SUPPURATE, r. a. & n. faire suppurer. SUPPURATION, s. suppuration, SUPPURATIVE, adj. suppuratif. SUPPUTATION, s. supputation, f. compte, m. calcul, m. SUPPUTE, v. a. supputer, compter, calculer. SUPPUTING, s. supputation, f. calcul, m. SUPPERACY, s. suprematie, f. superiorité, f. Supreme, adj. supreme. SUPREMELY, adv. au suprême dégré. [pied. SURBATE, v. a. solbattre, fouler, blesser au SURCEASE, s. cessation, f. [charger. SURCHARGE, s. surcharge, f.; v. a. sur-SURCINGLE, s. ceinture, f. surfaix, m. Surcle, s. rejeton, m. Sund, adj. sourd, qui n'entend pas ; qui ne resonne pas.

SURDITY, s. surdité, f. SURE, adj. sûr, certain, assuré, vrai, [solide. SURE, adv. assurement, certainement. SURELY, adv. assurément, certainement, sans doute, surement. SURENESS, s. assurance, f. certitude, f. sare-SURETISHIP, s. cautionnement, m. [16, f. Surety, s. surete, f. assurance, f. certitude, f. caution, f. repondant, m. SURFACE, s. surface, f. superficie, f. SURFEIT, v. a. & n. souler, rassasier. SURFEIT, s. crapule, f. indigestion, f. SURFEITER, s. un crapuleux, un gourmand. SURFRITING, s. crapule, f. [dégoût. SURFEITING, adj. qui cause la satiété or le SURGE, s. la mer en courroux, f. lame, f. SURGE, v. n. s'ensier, faire de grosses vagues. SURGEON, s. un chirurgien. SURGERY, s. la chirurgie. SURGY, adj. enflé, grossi. [hauteur. SURLILY, adv. fièrement, arrogamment, avec SURLIARSS, s. humeur bourrue, fierté, f. SURLUM, s. surlonge, f. SURLY, adj. sombre, chagrin, bourru, fier. Surmism, v. a. soupconner, s'imaginer. SURMISE, s. notion imparfaite, soupcon, m. SURMISING, s. pensée, f. soupcon, m. Surmount, v. a. s'élever au dessus. SURMOUNTABLE, adj. qui peut être surmonté. SURNAME, s. surnom, m.; r. a. surnommer. Surpass, v. a. surpasser, exceller, exceder. SURPASSING, part. adj. excellent, eminent. SURPASSINGLY, adv. superieurement. Surplice, s. un surplis. SURPLUS, SURPLUSAGE, s. surplus, m. SURPRISE, s. surprise, f. étonnement, m. SURPRISE, v. a. surprendre, étonner. SURPRISING, part. adj. surprenant, etonnant. SURPRISINGLY, adv. d'une manière surprepante. SURRENDER, v. a. & n. rendre, se rendre. SURREPDER, s. reddition, f. resignation, f. SURREPDERING, s. reddition, f. SURREPTION, s. subreption, f. surprise, f. SURREPTITIOUS, adj. subreptice, obreptice. SURREPTITIOUSLY, adv. subrepticement. SURROGATE, v. a. subroger, substituer. SURROGATE, s. un substitut, un député. Surrogating, Surrogation, s. subrogation, f. SURROUND, v. a. environner, entourer. SURTOUT, s. un surtout. SURVENE, v. n. survenir, accroitre. SURVEY, v. a. avoir la vue sur, regarder, arpenter, mesurer, avoir l'intendance. Survey, s. vue, f. perspective, f. arpentage, mesurage d'une terre, m. SURVEYING, s. arpentage, m. SURVEYOR, s. intendant, m. inspecteur, m. voyer, m. architecte, m. arpenteur, n SURVEYORSHIP, s. l'office or la qualité d'in tendant, de voyer, &c. tendant, de voyer, &c. [vance, f. Survial, Survivance, s. survie, f. survi SURVIVE, v. a. & n. survivre. SURVIVER, SURVIVOR, s. survivant, m. SURVIVORSHIP, s. survivance, Susceptibility, s. susceptibilite, f. Susceptible. adj. susceptible. [acces, SUSCIPIENCY, s. reception, f. admission, f. SUSBITATE, v. a. susciter, exciter, elever. [defier. SUSCITATION, a. suscitation, f. [defici SUSPECT, r. a. & n. soupçonner, croire, s SUSPECT, SUSPECTED, adj. soupconné, suspect.

Suspend, v. a. susprendre, surscolr, differer. SUSPENDING. S. Suspension. f. Suspension. f. Suspension. f. incertitude. f. suspension. f. interdiction. f. Suspension. f. interdiction. f. Suspension. f. interdiction. f. Suspension, s. suspension, f. interdiction, f. Suspensory, s. suspensoire, m. bandage, m. Suspicable, adj. suspect, qui cause du Suspicion, s. soupçon, m. défiance, f. Suspicious, adj. soupconneux, suspect. Suspiciously, adv. avec soupcon Suspinations l'action de soupirer, un soupir. SUSPIRE, v. n. soupirer, pousser un soupir. SUSTAIN, v. a. soutenir, appuyer, entretenir, nourir, aider, secourir, souffrir, supporter. Sustainable, adj. soutenable. Sustainer, s. celui qui soutient, appui, s. soution, m. celui qui souffre. Sustemance, s. subsistance, f. entrêtien, m. SUSTENTATION, s. support, m. appui, m. SUSURRATION, s. chuchoterie, f. SUTE, s. sorte, f. espèce, f. See Suit. SUTLER, s. un vivandier. SUTTLE-WEIGHT, s. poids net. SUTURE, s. suture, f. SWAB, s. torchon, m. faubert, m. SWAB, v. a. essuyer avec un torchon, laver. SWARBER, s. mousse de navire, m. SWADDLE, n. a. emmaillotter, battre. SWADDLINGCLOTH, SWADDLINGCLOUT, e. maillot, m. SWAG, v. a. & n. s'effondrer, s'enfoncer, s'affaisser, s'abaisser, plier, baisser. SWAG-BELLY, s. grosse panse, un gros ventre. SWAGGER, v. s. faire le fier, se porter haut. SWAGGERER, s. un faux brave, un fanfaron. Swaggering, s. ostentation, f. Swagging, Swaggy, adj. pendant, qui SWAIN, s. un paysan, un berger. [pend. SWALE, v. a. & n. gâter, se fondre. SWALLOW, v. a. avaler, gober, englouter, absorber. SWALLOW, s. hirondelle, f. gouffre, m. SWALLOWTAIL, s. queue d'aronde, f. SWAMP, s. marais, m. marécage, m. SWAMPY, adj. marecageux. SWAM, s. un cygne. A wild swan, un peli-SWANSKIN, s. molleton, m. SWAP, adv. vite, à la hâte ; v. a. troquer. SWARD, s. couenne de lard, f. surface, f. pelouse, f. SWARM, s. essaim, m. fourmillière, f. Swarm, r. n. fourmiller, abonder. SWART, SWARTH, adj. bazane. SWART, v. a. brûler le teint. SWARTHILY, adv. avec un teint basané. SWARTHINESS, s. teint basané, halé. SWARTHISH, adj. un peu basané. [soleil. SWARTHY, adj. basané, halé, noirci par le SWASH, a. fadrière, f. SWASH, v. a. faire rejaillir; v. n. ferrailler. SWASHER, s. un ferrailleur, un fanfaron. SWATHE, s. maillot, m. langes d'un enfant, m. SWATHE, v. a. emmaillotter. SWATHING-CLOTHES, s. maillot, m. langes, Swathing-band, s. bande de maillot, / SWAY, v. a. avoir en main, porter, dominer, gouverner, regier, conduire. SWAY, s. pouvoir, m. empire, m. secousse, f. SWEAL, v. n. se fondre. [firmer, attester firmer, attester. SWEAR, r. n. & a. jurer, faire serment, af-

SWEARER, s. un jureur, une jureuse. SWEARING, s. jurement, f. SWEAT, s. sucur, f. fatigue, f. peine, f. tra-SWEAT, v. s. & a. suer, fatiguer, transpirer; to mocat out, guerir en suant. SWEATER, s. un homme sujet à suer. SWEATING, s. sueur, f.; adj. suant. [cmm. SWEATY, adj. suant, tout en sneur, tout en SWEDE, s. un Suédois. SWEDEN, s. la Suède. [enlever, détruire. Sweep, v. a. balayer; to sweep mony, over, Sweep, s. l'action de balayer, un coup de balai, mouvement violent, secousse, SWEEPER, s. balayeur, m. balayeuse, f. SWEEPINGS, s. les balayeures, f. SWEEP-HET, s. un épervier, filet de pécheur. SWEEPSTAKE, s. celui qui gagne tout. Sweet, adj. qui traverse avec viteme. Sweet, adj. doux, sa. douce, f. odoriferant, odorant, mélodieux. aisé et coulant, joli, complaisant, agreable, propre.

Sweet, s. douceur, f. plaisir, m. bien, m. parfum, m. boane odeur, mon cher. SWEET-SCENTED, adj. parfirmé. SWEET-SMELLING, adj. odoriferant, qui sent SWEET-BREAD, s. riz de veau, m. SWEET-BRIAR, s. eglantier odoriferant. SWEET-BROOM, s. bruyère, f. SWEETEN, v. a. rendre doux, adoucir, alleger, calmer, appaiser; v. s. s'adoucir. SWEETHEART, s. un amant, une amante. SWEETING, s. pomme S. Jean, f. SWEETISH, adj. douceatre, un peu doux. SWEETLY, adr. doucement, agreablement. SWEETNEAT, s. configures, f. pl. SWEETHESS, s. donceur, f. SWEET-WILLOW, s. ceillets de poête, m. pl. Swell, v. n. & a. ensier, s'ensier, grossir, croltre; to neell out, pousser debor SWELLING, s. euflure, f. tumeur, f. bosse, f. SWELTER, r. n. étouffer de chaleur, brûler. SWELTRY, adj. étousfant, suffocant. SWERVE, v. n. rôder, s'éboigner, s'écarter. SWIFT, adj. vif. kger, prompt, vite, repide. SWIFT, s. un martinet, (oiseau) le courant. Swiftly, adr. vite, promptement SWIFTNESS, s. vitesse, f. promptitude, f. SWIG, v. n. boire à longs traits. SWILL, v. a. boire avec avidité, emirrer, laver. Swill, s. une lampée, lavure, f. SWILLER, s. un ivrogne. Swilling, adj. ivrogne; s. crapule, f. Swin, r. n. nager, flotter, surnager, tourner, avoir des vertiges, passer à la nage. SWIM OF SWIM-RLADDER, s. vessie de pois Swimmer, s. un nageur. [son, f. Swimming, s. nâgée, nâge, f. vertige, m. By swimming, à la unge or à nâge, m. SWINE, s. un cochon, un porc, un pourceau. SWINE-BERD, s. un porcher. SWINELIKE, adr. comme un cochon. Swing, v. a. brandir, secouer, agiter; v. u. se brandiller, flotter dans l'air, tourner. Swing, s. branle, m. secousse, f. essor, m. saillie, f. liberté, f. cours, m. penchant, m. escarpolette, f. brandilloire, f. Swingz, v. α. fouetter, étriller, punir. SWINGE-BUCKLER, s. fantaron, sa. SWING-GATE, s. bascule, f.

SWING-WHEEL, s. la roue qui fait aller le

Swinger, s. celui qui secone, qui agite.

Swinging, s. brandillement, m.

pendule.

Swingingly, adv. grandement, extraordi- n Synchronical, Synchronous, adi. synnairement. Swingle, v. n. se brandiller. flin. SWINGLE-STAFF, s. un beton pour battre le Swinish, adj. de cochon, mal-propre, gros-Swine a une bascule. [sier. SWITCH, s. une houssine, une gaule. Switch, v. a. houssiner, battre à coups de houssine. Switzer, s. an Suisse. SWITZERLAND, s. la Suisse. SWIVEL, s. un anneau, un porte-mousqueton. Swoon, v. n. s'évanouir, tomber en foiblesse. Swoon, s. evanouissement, m. syncope, f. SWOORING, s. évanouissement, m. Swoop, v. a. fondre sur, butiner, enlever. Swoop, s. l'action d'un oiseau qui fond sur sa Sword, s. un epée, un fer. SWORD-BEARER, s. porte épée, m. celui qui porte l'épée devant un roi. SWORD-CUTLER, s. un fourbisseur. SWORD-FISH, s. l'empereur, m. SWORD-GRASS, s. glaieul, m SWORD-KNOT, s. nœud d'épée, m. SWORD-LAW, s. la loi du plus fort. frier. SWORD-MAN, s. un homme d'épèc, un guer-SWORD-PLAYER, s. un gladiateur. SWORN, part. adj. juré, qui a prêté serment. SYCAMURE, s. sycomore. m. (arbre.) SYCOPHANT, s. un flatteur, un parasite. SYCOPHANTISE, v. n. faire le métier de parasite. SYLLABICAL, SYLLABICE, adj. syllabique, SYLLABLE, s. syllabe, f. [de syll SYLLABUB, s. caillé de lait et de vin, m. [de syllabe. SYLLABUS, s. extrait, m. analyse, f. SYLLOGISM, s. syllogisme, m. SYLLOGISTICAL, adj. syllogistique. SYLLOGISTICALLY, adv. en forme de syllogisme. STLLOGIZE, v. s. argumenter, raisonner en SYLVAN, adj. champètre, des bois. [forme. SYLVAN, s. sylvain, s. demi-dieu champètre, SYMBOL, s. symbole, m. SYMBOLICAL, adj. symbolique, typique. SYMBOLICALLY, adv. d'une manière symbolique, symboliquement. SYMBOLIZATION, s. représentation. SYMBOLIZE, v. a. représenter ; v. m. ressembler, symboliser. SYMBOLIZING, s. représentation par sym-SYMBOLIZING, adj. symbolique. [boles. SYMMETRICAL, adj. symmétrique. SYMMETRIST, s. celui qui observe la symmétrie. SYMMETRY, s. symmetrie, f. proportion, f. SYMPATHETICK, adj. sympathique. SYMPATHETICALLY, adn. avec sympathie. SYMPATHIZE, v. n. sympathiser, compatir. SYMPATHY, s. sympathie, f. Symphonious, adj. barmonieux, musical. SYMPHONIST, s. un symphoniste. SYMPHONY, s. symphonie, f. harmonie, f. concert, m. SYMPHYSIS, s. symphyse, f. SYMPOSIACK, adj. dc table. SYMPTOM, s. symptôme, m. SYMPTOMATICAL, SYMPTOMATICE, adj. tôme. symptomatique. SYMPTOMATICALLY, adv. comme un symp-SYNAGOGICAL, adj. qui appartient à une synagogue. SYNAGOGUE, s. synagogue, f.

SYNALEPHA, s. synalèphe, m.

chrone. SYNCHRONISM, s. synchronisme, m. SYNCOPATE, v. a. faire une syncope; v. n. s'évapouir. SYNCOPATION, s. (in musick) syncope, f. SYNCOPE, s. syncope, f. clision, f. SYNCOPIST, s. un leseur de syncopes Syndick, s. député, m. chef, m. syndic, m. SYNDICATE, SYNDICKSHIP, s. syndicat, m. SYNDROME, s. consentement, m SYNECDOCHE, s. synecdoque, f. Synod, s. synode, m. conjunction des astres. Synodal, Synodick, Synodical, adj. synodal, synodique, de synode. SYNONYMA, s. synonymes, m. termes synenymes. Synonymous, a. synonyme. Synonymy, s. synonymie, f. Synopsis, s. abrege, m. sommaire, m. SPNTAX, SYNTAXIS, s. syntaxe, f. sistèmo, m. SYNTHESIS, s. la synthèse. SYPHON, s. un syphon, un tube. Syringe, s. une seringue; v. a. seringuer SYRTIS, s. sirtes, m. pl. fondrière, f. sable mouvant. System, s. système, m. Systematical, Systematica, adj. systématique. Systematically, adv. systematiquement, méthodiquement. Systole, s. systole, f.

TABEFACTION, s. desséchement, m.
TABEFY, v. a. devenir maigre, se consumer. TABERNACLE, s. tabernacle, m. tente, f. TABID, adj. maigre, defait, languissant. TABIDNESS, s. consomption, f. deperissement, m. TABLATURE, s. tablature, f. TABLE, s. table, f. tablette, f. tableau, m. TABLE, v. a. nourrir à sa table, faire une table, un catalogue de ; v. n. être en pension, vivre avec. TABLE-BASKET, s. manne or panier à desservir, f. m. TABLE-BEER, s. bière de table, f. petite TABLE-CLOTH, s. la nappe. [bière. Тавіл-слоти, с. за парре. TABLE-MAN, s. une dame, un pion. Tabler, s. un pensionnaire. TABLET, s. une petite table, tablette.
TABLETALE, s. propos de table, m. entretien de table, m. TABOUR, s. un tambour de basque. TABOUR, v. n. jouet du tambourin, tambou-TABOURER, s. un tambourineur. [riner TABOURET, TABOURINE, s. un tambourin. TABULAR, adj. en forme de table, fait en TABULATE, v. a. reduire en tables. [carres. TABULATED, adj. taille en table. TACHE, s. crochet, agraffe, f. [phie. TACHYGRAPHY, s. tachygraphie, tacheogra-TACIT, adj. tacite, implicit. TACITLY, adr. tacitement. TACITURNITY, s. taciturnité, f. humeur taci-TACK, v. a. attacher, clouer, accoupler. TACK-ABOUT, v. n. virer de bord, tourner. TACK, s. broquette, f. petit clou. TACK, l'action de virer de bord, revirement, m. A tack-wind, un vent de bouline.

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TABBY, s. tabis, m.; adj. tacheté.

TACKLE and TACKLING, s. armes, f. pl. affaires, f. pl. meubles, f. pl. cordages de na-TACKLE-ROPES, brayers, m. pl. TACTICAL, TACTICE, adj. de tactique, de la TACTICES, s. la tactique. [tactique TACTILE, adj. tactile, qui peut être touché. [tactique. TACTION, s. le tact, le toucher, taction, f. TADPOLE, s. petit crapaud, petite grenouille. TAFFETY, s. taffetas, m. TAG, s. fer, m. ferret, m. petit clou. TAG, v. a. ferrer, mettre au bout, ajouter. TAIL, s. queue, f. manche (de divers usten-[siles.) TAIL, v. a. tirer par la queue. TAIL-PIECE, s. cul de lampe, m. TAILED, adj. qui a une queue, lie queue à TAILOR, s. un tailleur. [queue. TAINT, v. a. impregner, gater, corrompre.
TAINT, s. teint, f. souillure, f. tache, f. infection, f. fletrissure, f. conviction, f. TAINTLESS, adj. incorruptible, pur, entier. TAINTURE, s. souillure, f. tache, f. TAKE, v. a. prendre, recevoir, saisir, emporter; to take a leap, faire un saut; to take a journey, faire un voyage; to take a heave, faire un effort; to take a turn or walk, faire un tour de promenade, to take the field, se mettre en campagne; to take the lare of one, faire un proces à quelqu'un; to take a denial, un refus; to take an affront, souffrir un affront ; to take horse, monter à cheval ; to take a coach, monter en carosse; to take ship or shipping, s'embarquer; to tuke flesh, s'incarner; to labe again, reprendre; to take along with, prendre avec soi, profiter de; to take assuder, separer, defaire; to take away, prendre, ôter, enlever, emporter; to take care, prendre garde, avoir soin; to take down, descendre, abaisser, dompter, subjuguer; to take from, dépouiller, enlever; to take in, prendre, comprendre, contenir, admetire, gagner, séduire, duper, tromper; to take in hand, entreprendre; to take in migre, défaire mettre en pièces défaire mettre en pièces défaire mettre en pièces défaire mettre en pièces défaire mettre en pièces défaire mettre en pièces défaire mettre en pièces défaire mettre en pièces défaire mettre en pièces défaire mettre en pièces défaire mettre en pièces défaire mettre en pièces defaire en pièces defaire en pièces de la contract en pièces de la contract en pièces de la contract en pièces de la contract en la co ieces, défaire, mettre en pièces, démonter; to take in writing, mettre par écrit; to take off, affoiblir, détruire, décréditer, supprimer, ôter, eulever, détourner, retirer, detacher, acheter, copier, tirer une copie; to take on, prendre, revetir; to take out, faire sortir, tirer; to take to pieces, mettre en pièces, dé-faire, démonter, prendre en détail, un à un; to take up, tirer, lever, faire lever, relever, ramasser, comprendre, contenir, prendre, rece-voir, deterrer, entreprendre, occuper, sjuster, arrêter, attraper; to take up a stitch, reprendre une maille ; to take one up sharply, reprendre quelqu'un durement; to take up a tribute, lever un tribut, une taxe ; to take supon trust, prendre à credit, savoir par outdire; to take a thing upon one's self, prendre une chose sur soi, s'en charger, y pre-tendre, se l'attribuer; to take upon one, trancher du grand, s'en faire accroire, prendre sur foi, se faire fort, s'ingérer, se mêler de; to take after one, ressembler, suivre. TAKE, r. s. aller, tendre, prendre, prendre vogue, reussir, avoir du succès, concevoir, devenir enceinte; to take after, imiter, ressembler, prendre pour modèle; to take away, desservir, oter, emporter; to take in,

se retrancher, vivre d'epargne ; to take on,

s'affecter vivement, s'affliger, se chagriner;

to toke to, s'appliquer, prendre plaisir à,

s'adresser, avoir recours à ; to take sp, s'ar-rêter, se corriger, se reformer ; to take sp with, se contenter. TARER, s. un preneur, celui qui prend.
TARING, s. prise, f. action de prendre, saisissement, m. embarras, m. crainte, f. TALBOT, s. un levrier. TALE, s. conte, m. fable, f. rapport, m. TALEBRARER, s. un rapporteur.

TALEBRARER, s. talent, ss. capacité, f. don natu-Talisman, s. talisman, m. TALISMANICK, adj. talismanique, magique.
TALISMANIST, s. talismaniste, m. TALK, v. a. & n. parier, causer, converser. TALE, s. entretien, m. babil, m. discours, m. Talk, s. (a mineral) tale, = TALKATIVE adj. parleur, causeur, babillard. TALKATIVENESS, s. babil, f. caquet, m. TALKER, s. un parleur, un causeur, un be-TALKING, s. babil, m. caquet, m. [billard. TALKY, adj. de talc, qui ressemble au talc. TALL, adj. haut, grand. TALLAGE, s. taxe, f. impôt, m. la taille. TALLOW, s. suif, m. ; r. 4. suiver. TALLOWCHANDLER, s. un chandelier. TALLY, s. taille, f. TALLY, v. a. & n. rapporter, adapter, se ran-TALMUD, THALMUD, s. le Talmud.
TALMUDICAL, adj. qui regarde le Talmud.
TALMUDIST, s. un Talmudiste. [taille.
TALMUSS, s. hauteur, f. grandeur, f. grande
TALON, s. serre, f. griffe, f. Tamarind, s. tamarin, st. TAMARISK, s. tamaris or tamarisc, m. Tambarine, s. tambourin, m. TAMBORNE, s. tambour, ss.
TAMBOR, s. tambour, ss.
TAMBOR, adj. apprivoise, doux, domestique,
dompte, abattu, humilie, soumis.
TAME, v. a. apprivoiser, dompter, adoucir.
TAMEABLE, adj. domptable. [soumission.] TAMEABLE, adj. domptable. [soumission. TAMELY, adv. d'une manière douce, avec TAMENESS, s. humeur douce, soumission, f. TAMER, s. apprivoiseur, m. vainqueur, m. TAMINY, s. etamine, f. TAMEIN, s. tampon, m. bourre, f. TAMPER, v. n. prendre des remèdes, être dans les remèdes, se méler, pratiquer. Tan, s. tan, m; v. a. tanner, haler. Tané, s. goût fort, évent, m. manvais goût, TANGENT, s. une tangente. [déboire, m. TANGIBILITY, s. qualité tactile, TANGIBLE, adj. tactile. TANGLE, v. a. & n. embarrasser, s'embar-TANGLE, s. nœud, m. tresse, f. Tan-house, s. tannerie, f TAN-PIT, s. fosse à tan, j TANK, s. fontaine, f. cuvette, f. TANKARD, s. un grand pot à convercie. TANNER, s. un tanneur. TANSY, s. tanaise or tanesie, f. [faire. TARTALISM, s. envie que l'on ne peut saus-TANTALIZE, v. a. faire dakte une envie er un desir que l'on ne veut pas satisfaire. TANTAMOUNT, s. l'equivalent, m TAP, v. a. toucher or frapper legerement. TAP, s. un coup leger, un tape, un robinet, une canule. TAPE, s. ruban de fil. TAPER, s. cierge, m. bougie, f. torche, f. TAPER, TAPERING, adj. conique, pyramidal

TAPER, v. n. sc terminer en pointe.

TAPESTRY, s. tapisserie, f. tapis, et. TAPPING. s. ponction, f. paracentese. f.

Tapster, s. celui qui tire la bière dans un il cabaret. TAR, s. goudron, m. ; v. a. goudronner. TARAKTULA, s. tarentule, ferer. TARDATION, s. l'action d'interrompre, de dif-TARDIGRADOUS, adj. mouvant lentement. TARDILY, adv. lentement, avec lenteur. TARDINESS, s. lenteur, f.
TARDY, adj. indolent, pesant, inattentif. TARDY, v. a. retarder, empêcher, arrêter.
TARE, s. ivroie, f. tare, f. rabais pour la
TARGET, TARGE, s. targe, f. [tare, m. TARIFF, s. tarif, m. TARN, s. un marais, un marécage, bourbier, m. fondrière, f. TARNISH, v. a. & st. ternir, se ternir. TARPAWLING, s. tente goudronnee. TARRAGON, s. serpentine, f. (berbe.)
TARRIER, s. sorte de petit chien de chasse. TARRY, v. n. demourer, rester, s'arrêter, TARSEL, s. espèce de fauçon. [tarder. Tarsus, s. le tarse (du pied.) TART, adj. aigre, vert, piquant; s. une tarte. TARTAN, s. une tartane. TARTAR, s. tartre, m. tartare, m. TARTAREAN, adj. infernal. [de tartre. TARTAREOUS, TARTAROUS, adj. tartareux, TARTLY, adv. aigrement, avec aigreur. TARTNESS, s. aigreur, f. vert, m. acidité, f. TASE, s. tâche, f.; r. a. donner une tâche. TASE-MASTER, s. celui qui donne une tâche. T'ASS, s. tassette, f.
T'ASSEL, s. gland de soie, m. tassette (d'une cuirase,) f. glande (de cravate;) tasset of a coach, mains de carrosse, f.; tasset of a book, un signet or tournefeuitle, f.

TASSES, s. pl. cuissards, m. TASTABLE, adj. savoureux. TASTE, v. a. gotter, tater, essayer; v. n. gotter, avoir quelque gott. gonter, avoir quesque gout.

TASTE, s. goût, m. saveur, f. discernement.

Well tasted, qui a bon goût, doux.

TASTEFUL, adj. savoureux, de hâut goût.

TASTELESS, adj. sans goût, insipide.

TASTELESS, s. insipidité, f. fadeur, f. TATTER, s. celui qui goute, essai, m. [f.
TATTER, s. lambeau, m. baillon, m. guenille,
TATTER, v. a. déchirer, mettre en pièces. TATTERED, adj. tout dechiré, en guenilles. TATTERDEMALION, s. un gredin, un gueux. TATTLE, v. a. babiller, causer, jaser. TATTLE, s. babil, m. caquet, m. TATTLER, s. un babillard, un jaseur, cau-TATTOO, s. retraite, f. [seur. TAUNT, v. a. & n. reprocher, railler. TAUNT, s. insulte, f. raillerie, f.
TAUNTER, s. un railleur, un moqueur.
TAUNTING, s. raillerie, f.: adj. raillant.
TAUNTINGLY, adv. en raillant, par raillerie. l'aurus, s. le taurus. TAUTOLOGICAL, adj. tautologique.
TAUTOLOGIST, s. un homme qui se répète. TAUTOLOGY, s. tautologie, f. redite, f.
TAVERN, s. taverne, f. cabaret à vin. Tavern-keeper, cabaretier, m. tavernier, m.
TAVERNER, TAVERNMAN, s. un tavernier.
TAW, s. boule de marbre, chique, f. TAW, v. a. tanner, passer au tan. TAWDRINESS, s. parure affectée. TAWDRY, adj. d'un éclat ridicule. TAWER, s. tanneur, m. mégissier, m.
TAWNY, adj. tanné, basané, halé.
TAX, s. taxe, f. impôt, m. imposition, f. Land
tax, impôt territorial.

TAX-GATHERER, s. un collecteur. $\underline{\mathbf{T}}_{AX}$, v. a. taxer, imposer, accuser. TAXABLE, adj. sujet à la taxe, is TAXATION, s. taxation, f. taxe, f TAXER, s. celui qui impose un taxe TEA, s. the, m. A ten-pet, une theiere. TEA-BOARD, s. cabaret, # TEA-TABLE, s. table à thé. TEACH, v. a. enseigner, instruire, montrer. TEACHABLE, adj. docile, susceptible d'instruction. TEACHABLENESS, s docilité, f. TEACHER, s. maltre, m. précepteur, st. TEAD, s. torche, f. flambeau, m. TEAL, s. sarcelle, f. (oiseau.) TEAM, s. un auclage; v. a. atteler. TRAR, s. larme, f. pleurs, m. pl.
TRAR, v. a. déchirer, arracher. [larmes.
TRAR-FALLIEG, adj. tendre, qui verse des
TRAR-FALLIEG, adj. qui pleure, en larmes.
TRARING, s. déchirement, m. déchirure, f. TEASE, v. a. tourmenter, importuner, vexer. TEASEL, s. chardon, m. (plante.) TEASER, s. importun, m. tourment TEAT, s. tette, f. teton, m. mamelle, f. TECHINESS, s. mauvaise humour. TECHNICAL, adj. technique, d'art er science. Тесну, adj. reveche, bourru. TE-DEUM, s. Te-Deum, m. [fatiguent. TEDIOUS, adj. ennuyeux, canuyant, long, TEDIOUSLY, adv. d'une manière ennuyeuse. TEDIOUSEESS, s. longuour ennayeuse, f.
TEEM, r. a. & n. enfanter, être enceinte.
TEEMFUL, TEEMFUG, adf. scooth, fertile, abondant, prolifique, plein jusqu'au bord.
TEEMLESS, adf. stérile. TEERS, s. puberté, f. les années depuis treize jusqu'à vingt. TEETH, pl. of Tooth. Тиити, v. s. faire des dents. TEGUMENT, s. tégument, m. TEIL-TREE, s. tilleul (arbre,) m. TELLTERE, S. teinte, f. coup de pinceau, ss.
TELES, s. teinte, f. coup de pinceau, ss.
TELL, v. s. dire, declarer, conter, reconter, communiquer, dicter, compter. TELLER, s. un diseur, un conteur. TELLTALE, s. un feseur de rapports. TEMERARIOUS, adj. téméraire. TEMERITY, s. témérité, f. TEMPER, v. a. méler, mélanger, détremper, delayer, temperer, calmer.

TEMPER, s. melange, m. accord, m. temperament, m. complexion, f. humour, f. caractere, m. naturel, m. esprit, m. sangiroid, m. modération, f. trempe (du fer or de l'acier,) f. TEMPERAMENT, s. tempérament, s. TEMPERANCE, s. tempérance, f TEMPERATE, adj. tempéré, modéré, sobre. TEMPERATELY, adv. modérément. TEMPERATENESS, s. moderation, TEMPERATURE, s. température, f.
TEMPERATURE, s. tempére, f. orage, m. [pète.
TEMPEST, v. a. troubler, enciter une temTEMPEST-BEATEM, adj. buttu par la tempète.
Tempestivity, s. état de ce qui est de sai-TEMPEST-TOST, adj. balloté par la tampête. TEMPESTUOUS, adj. orageux, de tempête. TEMPLAE, s. un étudiant en droit. TEMPLERS, s. pl. templiers, s.. pl.
TEMPLE, s. temple, m. églips, f. la tempe.
TEMPLET, s. poutre, f. solive, f.

TEMPORAL, edf. temporel, séculier, temporal. || TEPEFACTION, s. action de rendre tiède. TEMPORALITY, TEMPORALS, s. temporel. TEMPORALLY, adv. temporellement. TEMPORALTY, s. laïques, m. pl. temporel, m. TEMPORARY, adj. temporel, passager. TEMPORIZE, v. a. temporiser, differer. TEMPORIZER, s. temporiseur, m. TEMPORIZING, s. temporisement, m. TEMPT, r. a. temer, solliciter, donner envie. TEMPTABLE, adj. sujet à la tentation.
TEMPTATION, s. tentation, f.
TEMPTER, s. tentateur, m. séducteur, m. TEMPTING, adj. tentant, qui toute. TEMULENT, adj. ivre, enivre. Ten, adj. dix. [tenable. TENABLE, adj. tenable, qui peut tenir, sou-TENACIOUS, adj. tenace, visqueux, adhérent, attaché, intéressé, avare. PRRACIOUSLY, adv. avec tenacité.
TENACIOUSNESS, TENACITY, s. ténacité. f.
TENANCY, s. jouissance d'un bien, f. TENANT, s. tenancier, m. vassal, m. fermier, locataire, m. usufruitier, m. TENANT, v. a. tenir à bail, à certaines con-TENANTABLE, adj. logeable. [ditions. TENCH, s. tanche (poisson,) f. Tand, v. a. & s. garder, accompagner, offrir, tendre, aboutir, viser, contribuer. TENDANCE. See Attendance. [position, f. TENDERGE, TENDERGY, s. tendence, f. dis-TENDER, adj. tendence, délicat, scrupuleux, semsible, foible, susceptible, jaloux. TENDER, s. offre, f. egard, m. allege, f. TENDER, v. a. offrir, presenter, faire cas. TENDER-HEARTED. adj. compatissant. TENDERLING, s. le bois naissant d'un jeune daim, un enfant gâté, favori, m. TENDERLY, adv. tendrement. TENDERNESS, s. tendreté, f. délicatesse, f. tendresse, f. sensibilité, f. TENDINOUS, adj. tendineux. TENDON, s. un tendon. TENDRIL, s. tendron, m. tendre rejeton, m. TENEBROSE, TENEBROUS, adj. tenebreux. TEREBROSITY, s. ténèbres, f. obscurité, f. TENEMENT, s. tenement, m TENERITY, s. qualité tendre. TENESMUS, s. ténesme, m. TENET, s. dogme, m. assertion, f. opinion, f. TEN-FOLD, adj. dix fois autant. TERRIS, s. paume (sorte de jeu,) f. TENON, s. tenon, m. TENOR, s. état, m. ordre, m. économie, f. la teneur, le contenu, le sens. TENSE, s. (in grammar) tempe TENSE, adj. tendu, roide. [f. roideur, f. TENSENESS, TENSION, TENSURE, s. tension, TENSIBLE, adj. capable de tension. TENT, s. tente, f. pavillon, m. TENT-CLOTH, s. coutil, m. TENT, v. a. mettre une tente à une plaie; v. n. loger sous la tente, camper, loger. TENTATION, s. tentative, f. essai, m.
TENTATIVE, s. essai, m.: adj. qui essaie. TENTED, adj. convort de tentes. TENTER, s. crochet, m. croc. m. TERTER, v. a. & n. accrocher, s'etendre. TENTH, adj. dixième; s. le dixième, la TENTHS, s. décimes, f. pl. [dixme. TENTHLY, adv. dixèmement, en dixème TENTICINOUS, adj. étendu, roide. [lieu. TENUITY, s. ténulté, f. finessé, f. subtilité, f. TENUOUS, adj. fin, subtil, meno, petit. TENURE, s. tenure, f. redevance, f.

TEPID, adj. tiede. TEPIDITY, s. tiedeur, f. TEPOR, s. chaleur benigne. TIERCE, s. le tiers d'un muid, un tiers. TEREBINTH, s. térébenthine, f. TEREBINTHINE, adj. de térébenthine. TEREBRATE, v. a. percer avec un tarière. TEREBRATION, s. térébration, TERGENINOUS, adj. triple, trois fois autent. TERGIVERSATION, s. tergiversation, f. TERM, s. terme, m. limite, f. horne, f. ex-pression, f. mot, f. condition, f. TERM, v. a. appeler, nommer. TERMAGANCY, s. vacarme, m. tumulte, m. TERMAGANT, adj. turbulent, bruyant. TERMAGANT, s. une femme bruyante. TERMINATE, v. a. & w. terminer, borner. TERMINATION, s. terminaison, f. fin, ss. TERMINATION, s. terminaison, f. fin, ss. TERMINER, s. decret pour our et terminer. TERMILESS, adj. sans bornes. TERMLY, adv. per terme, à chaque terme. TERNARY, adj. par trois, de trois, ternaire. TERNARY, TERNION, s. trois, m. nombre ter-TERRACE, s. terrasse, f. [paire, m. TERRACE, v. a. terrasser, faire des terrasses. TERRAQUEOUS, adj. terrestre. TERRENE, adj. terrestre. TERREOUS, adj. terreux, de terre. TERRESTRIAL, adj. terrestre.
TERRIBLE, adj. terrible, epouvantable. TERRIBLENESS, s. horreur, f. TERRIBLY, adr. terriblement. TERRIER, s. basset, m. arpenteur, m. percoir, m. TERRIFICE, adj. terrible, épouvantable. TERRIFY, v. a. épouvanter, effrayer. TERRITORIAL, adj. territorial. TERRITORY, s. territoire, m.
TERROUR, s. terreur, f. frayeur, f. effroi, m.
TERSE, adj. poli, clair, net, clegant. TERTIAN, s. la fièvre tierce. TERTIATE, c. n. tiercer. Tesselated, adj. marqueté, diversifié. TEST, s. coupelle, f. epreuve, f. touche, f. pierre de touche, f. le test, le serment de TESTACEOUS, adj. testacce. [test. TESTAMENT, s. lestament, m. TESTAMENTARY, adj. testamentaire. Testate, adj. qui a lesté. TESTATOR, s. testateur, m. TESTATRIX, s. testatrice, f. TESTER, s. six sous, ciel de lit, fond de lit, m. TESTICLE, s. testicule, m. TESTIFICATION. s. témoignage, m.
TESTIFICATOR, TESTIFIER, s. témoin, m. TESTIFY, v. a. & n. témoigner, attester, cer-TESTILY, adv. avec caprice. [tifier. TESTILY, adv. avec caprice. Testimonial, s. certificat, m. attestation, f. preuve. f. TESTIMONIAL, adj. testimonial. TESTIMONY, s. temoignage, m. rapport, m. TESTINESS, s. mauvaise humeur, caprice J. TESTON, s. teston, m. six sols. [pricieux. TESTY, TETCHY, s. bourru, fantasque, ca-TETE-A-TETE, s. un tête-à-tête. TETHER, s. entraves, f. pl. joug, m. sujetion, TETHER, v. a. entraver, lier. TETRACONAL, aaj. www.m.
TETRARCH, s. tetrarque, m.
TETRICAL, TETRICIOUS, adj. bourre, che-TETRAGONAL, adj. tetragone, carre. TEUTONICK, adj. teutonique, Tudesque, Gar-TEW, s. chame de fer, f. matière, f.

T'EW, v. a. travailler, battre, raboter. TEXT, s. texte, m. original, m. TEXTILE, adj. textile. Text-letter, s. lettre grise, f. Textuarist, Textuary, s. textuaire, m. **Texture**, s. tissure, f. tissu, m. texture, f. THAN, comj. que. THANE, s. un gouverneur, un baron. THANK, v. a. remercier, rendre graces. THANKPUL, adj. reconnoissant. THANKPULLY, adv. avec reconnoissance. THANKFULNESS, s. reconnoissance, f. grati-THANKLESS, adj. ingrat. [tude, f. [m. THANKLESSNESS, s. ingratitude, f. THANKS, s. pl. graces, f. pl. remerciement, THANKSCIVENG, s. action de graces, f. THANK-OFFERING, s. sacrifice d'action de grâces, m. THANK WORTHY adj.digne de remerciement. THAT, prom. adj. & s. ce or cet, cette, celuith, celle-là, cela, ce qui, ce que or celle qui, celui or celle qui, celui or celle qui, que, quoi, lequel, laquelle. That way, par-là, par ce moyen. That is, c'est, c'est-à-dire. In that, par ce que, d'autant que. THAT, conj. que, afinque. [chaume. THATCH, s. chaume, m.; r. a. couvrir de THATCHED, part. adj. couvert de chaume. THATCHER, s. un couvreur en chaume. THAW, s. dégel, m.; v. a. & n. dégeler. THAWING, adj. au dégel, de dégel. THE, art. le, la, les. THEATRAL, adj. theatral. THEATRE, s. theatre, m. THEATRICAL, adj. scénique, de théâtre. THEATRICALLY, adv. d'une manière théà-THEE, pron. toi, m. &) [trale. THEFT, s. larcin, m. vol, s THEIR, pron. leur, m. & f. leurs, pl. THEIRS, pron. le leur, la leur, les leurs. THEM, pron. les, eux, elles, leur, m. pl. THEME, s. sujet, m. matiere, f. thème, m. THEMSELVES, pron. les mêmes, eux mêmes THEN, adr. dans ce temps-la, après, puis, ensuite, en ce cas, en consequence. THEN, conf. donc.
THENCE, adv. de là, depuis ce temps-là. THENCEFORTH, adv. dès lors, des co-temps THENCEFORWARD, adv. dorenavant. THEOCRACY, s. theocratic, f. THEOCRATICAL, adj. theocratique. THEODOLITE, s. theodolite, m. graphomètre, THEOLOGIAN, s. theogonie, f. THEOLOGIAN, s. un theologien. THEOLOGICAL, adv. theologique, de theolo-THEOLOGICALLY, adv. theologique, de theolo-THEOLOGICALLY, adv. theologiquement. THEOLOGIST, s. un théologien. THEOLOGY, s. théologie, THEOREM, s. un théorème. THEOREMATICAL, THEOREMATICE, adj. qui consiste en théorèmes.
THEORETICAL, THEORETICE, adj. théorétique, speculatif. THEORETICALLY, adv. par théorie. THEORIST, s. speculateur, m.
THEORY, s. theorie, f. speculation THERE, adv. là, y, en cela. There is or There are, il y a.
THEREABOUT, THEREABOUTS, adr. par-là, aux environs, environ. en, à ce sujet. THEREAFTER, adv. selon, suivant, en consé-[quence. THEREAT, adv. en, à ce sujet. THEREBY, adv. par-ià, pour cela.

THEREFORE, adv. & conj. pour cela, douc, en conséquence, c'est pourquoi, aussi. Therefrom, adv. de cela, en. THEREIS, adv. en cela, y, là-dedans. THEREISTO, adv. en cela, y, fà-dedans. THEREOF, adv. de cela, en. THEREON, adv. la-dessus, y, sur cela. THEREOUT. adv. de-là, en. THERETO, THERECUTO, adr. à cela, a quoi, THEREUPON, adv. là-dessus, sur cela. Thereunder, adr. sous cela, là-dessous. THEREWITH, adr. avec cela. THEREWITHAL, adv. de plus, outre cela. THERIACAL, adj. therlacal, medicinal. THERMOMETER, s. thermometre, m. These, pron. ccs, ceux-ci, celles-ci. THESIS, s. these, f. proposition, f. THEURGY, s. theurgie, f. THEY, pron. ils, elles. THICK, adj. gros, grossier, dense, cpais, frod, THICK, s. epaisseur, f.
THICK, adv. pres, en foule, frequemment. THICKEN, e. a. & n. épaissir, s'épaissir. THICKEN, v. d. o. n. cpaissin, a cpaissin.
THICKEN, to to the f. hallier, m.
THICKET, s. to to the f. hallier, m.
THICKET, s. to the f.
THICKLY, adv. epais, dru, en foule, Roule.
THICKLY, adv. epaisseur, f. densité, f.
THICKNESS, s. épaisseur, f. densité, f. THICKSCULLED, adj. lourd, qui a la THICKSET, adj. épais planté, dru. fdure. THICKSKIN, s. un homme épais et grossier... THIEF, s. un voleur, un larron, un fripon. ... THIEF-CATCHER, THIEF-TAKER, s. on atcher. THIEVE, v. n. voler, dérober. THIEVERY, s. l'action de voler, larcin, m. vol, THIEVING, s. larcin, m. action de voler. THIEVISH, adj. adonné au vol, voleur. THIEVISHLY, adr. en voleur, en larron. THIEVISHNESS, s. penchant à voler, m. Титен, s. la cuisse. THILL, s. limon or timon, m. THILL-HORSE, s. limonier, m. timonier. THIMBLE, s. un de à coudre. THIN, adj. clair, rare, délie, sibtil, mince, petit, lèger, chétif, clairseme. Тнін, s. la partie la plus mince. Тнін, adv. clair, peu. stibtil, menu. [attenuer. THIN, v. a. éclaircir, rendre clair, raréfier, THINE, pron. tien, tienne, à toi. THING, s. chose, f. affaire, f. THINK, v. n. & a. penser, reisonner, imagi-ner, refléchir, se ressouvenir, se rappeler, aveir en vue, méditer, considérer, observer, juger, être d'avis, croire, estimer, regarder, trouver ; to think away, passer en meditant to think much, trouver mauvais, faire difficuké, regretter, plaindre, se plaindre. Thinker, s. penseur, m. qui pense. thinker, un esprit fort, un frondeur.
THINKING, s. pensée, f. opinion, f.
THINKING, adj. judicieux, raisonnable.
THINLY, adv. clair, peu.
THINLES, s. ténuité, f. petit nombré. THIRD, adj. troisième, tiers. THIRD, s. le tiers, tierce, f. [lieu. THIRDLY, adv. troisièmement, en troisième THIRL, v. a. percer, forer. THIRST, s. soif, f. alteration, f. THIRST, v. m. avoir soif, etre altere. THIRSTILY, adv. avidement. THIRSTINESS, s. alteration f. soif, f.
THIRSTY, adj. altere, qui a soif, qui desire ardemment THIRTEEN, adj. treize.

TEIRTERTE, adj. trentième.
THIRTISTE, adj. trentième.
THIRTY, adj. trente. Thirty-all, [at tennis] THRILL, v. a. fraiser, forcer, percer, pené-THRIVE, v. s. profiter, prosperer, remair. THRIVER, s. un bomme qui remait. trentain, m. THIS, prom. ce, cet, cette, celui-ci, celle-ci, THRIVING, adj. florissant, prospère. THRIVINGLT, adv. avec succes, henreuse THROAT, s. gorge, f. gosier, m. [men THROATWORT, s. (un herbe) gamelée, f. TRISTLE, s. chardon, m. [ceci. THISTLE-DOWN, s. coton de chardon, m. Golden-thistle, chardon à corder, m. THISTLY, adj. plein de chardons or d'épines. THITHER, adv. là, y, en. THITHERTO, adv. jusques-là, si loin. THROB, v. n. palpiter, bettre THROB, s. battement. m. palpitation, f. THROE, s. douleurs de l'enfantement, f THITHERWARD, adv. vers ce lieu-là, de ce THRUE, v. a. faire souffrir de grandes dou-THRONE, s. trône, m., r. s. élever sur le THRONG, s. foule, f. presse, f. THRONG, r. n. aller en foule, accourir. THOLE, v. a. attendre, s'arrêter quelque THONG, s. courroie, f. saugle, f. THORACICE, adj. thorachique. THORAX, s. le thorax. temps. THROSTLE, s. une grive. THORAY, s. re unua.
THORAY, s. epine, f.
THORAY, as, f. asea fish] une raie.
THORAY, as, f. epineux, facheux, difficile.
THOROUGH or THROUGH, prep. par, au tra-THROTTLE, s. la trachée artère; v. c. étrangler, suffoquer.
THROUGH, prep. à travers, au travers, par, dans, par le moyen de. THOROUGHLY, adv. entiersment. [plet. THROUGH, adv. de part en part, des deux côtes. (partout. [compli. THROUGHOUT, prep. & adv. tout au travers, THROW, v. a. jeter; to three silk, tordre de la soie; to throw away, perdre, depenser en vain, prodiguer, jeter, rejeter; to throse by, rejeter, mettre de côte; to throse down, [plet. THOROUGHPACED, adj. parfait, achevé, com-THOROUGHSPED, adj. parfait, complet. THORE, pron. ces, coux-là, celles-là. THOU, pron. tu, toi, te. terrasser, jeter à terre, renverser ; to throi TROU, v. a. tutoyer, traiter familièrement.
TROUGH, conf. quoique, bien que.
"TROUGHT, pennée, f. idée, f. opinion, f.
TROUGHTFULL, adv. d'un air pennif et réoff, chasser, faire sortir, rejeter, se défaire, quitter, renoncer à ; to threw out, chamer, pousser, rejeter, exclure, laimer derrière, devancer; to throw up, jeter en haut, quitter brusquement, vomir, rendre. THROW, s. coup, m. jet, m.

THRUM, s. bordure de toile, f. grosse laine
THRUM, v. a. racler, jouer mai, battre. VOUL. TROUGHTFULNESS, s. meditation prefende, humour pensive or reveuse, soin, m. THOUGHTLESS, adj. leger, étourdi, stupide. THRUSH, s. un grive. THOUGHTLESSLY, adv. etourdiment. THOUGHTLESSKESS, s. etourderie, f. THRUST, v. a. pousser, trainer, presser, ser-rer, imposer, s'ingerer, se mêler; to thrust THOUSAND, adj. & s. mille, mil, un mille. away, écarter, éloigner ; to thrust back or THOUSANDTH, adj. millième. [assujettir. THRALDOM, THRALL, s. esclavage, m. ; v. a. off, repousser. THRUST, s. coup, m. hotte, f. un coup d'épée. THRASH, v. a. battre, resser, travailler. THRUSTER, s. celui qui pousse. TERASHER, s. batteur en grange. THRYFALLOW, v. a. donner à la terre un THRASHING, s. battage, m. troisième façon. THEASHING-FLOOR, s. aire, f. [faron. THEASORICAL, adf. plein d'ostentation, fan-THEAD, s. si, m.; v. 2. enfiler, passer par. THUMB, s. le pouce. THUMB, r. a. manier gauchement, feuilleter. THUMP, s. un coup de poing.
THUMP, v. a. donner des coups, battre.
THUMPER, s. celui qui donne des coups. THREADER, adj. tout use, use, rebattu, THREADER, adj. de fil.
THREADER, adj. plein de fils. THUMPING, s. coup de poing ou de baton. THUMPING, adj. gros, battant. THUNDER, s. le tonnerre. THREAT, s. menace, f.; v. a. menacer. THREATENER, s. celui qui menace. THUNDER, v. s. tonner; v. a. foudroyer. THREATERING, s. menaces, f. pl.; adj. mo-THENDERBOLT, s. la foudre. naçant. THUNDERCLAP, s. un coup de tonnerre. THREATENINGLY, adv. d'un air menaçant, THUNDERER, s. maltre du tonnerre, ss. THUNDERING, adj. foudroyant, terrible. THUNDEROUS, adj. qui produit le tonnerre. THREATFUL, adj. menaçant. [en menaçant. THREE, adj. trois. THREE, ag, tros.
THREE-ORNERED, adj. triangulaire.
THREEFOLD, adj. triple, trois fois autant.
THREEFOLD, adj. driple, trois pieds.
THREELAYED, adj. a trois feuilles.
THREESCORE, adj. soixante.
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THREESCORE, adj. soixante.
THREESCORE, adj. soixante. THUNDER-SHOWER, s. une pluie accompagnée de tonnerre. Thunder-store, .. carreau, m THUNDERSTRIKE, v. a. frapper de la foudre. THURIFEROUS, adj. qui produit de l'encens. THURIFICATION, s. encensement, m. THRESHOLD, s. le seuil de la porte. Thursday, s. le Jeudi. THRICE, adv. trois fois. Thus, adn. ainsi, de cette manière, de la THRIFT, s. profit, m. gain, m. fragalité, f. THRIFTILY, adv. fragalement. sorte, tant, si. THWACK, s. un coup ; v. a. battre, frapper. TRRIFTINESS, s. épargue, f. frugalité, f. THRIFTLESS, adj. prodigue. THRIFTY, adj. frugal, économe, ménager. THRILL, s. una fraise or frase. THWART, adj. en travers, de travers. THWART, v. a. traverser, empêcher. Thwarting, adj. contrariant, contraire. THWARTINGLY . adv d'une manière opposée

THY, pron. ton, ta, tes.
THYME, s. thym, m. Wild thyme, serpolet, m. TIARA, s. uare, f. TICE, r. a. amorcer, attirer, séduire. TICK, s. credit, m. tique, f. tic, m. taie, f. TICE, v. n. prendre à crédit. TICKEN, TICKING, s. coutil, m. TICKET, s. étiquette, f. un billet. TICKLE, v. a. chatouiller. stant. TICKLE, adj. vacillant, chancelant, TICKLER, s. chatouilleur, m. incon-TICKLING, s. chatouillement, m. TICKLING, adj. percant, penetrant, chatouil-TICKLISH, adj. chatouilleux, sensible. TICKLISHNESS, s. qualité chatouilleuse.
TICKTACK, s. tictac, m.
TID, adj. tendre, délicat, friand. TIDE, s. tems, m. saison, f. maree, f. Ebb-tide, s. le reflux, l'èbe, f. le jusant. A leetide, vent et marée. TIDE, v. a. conduire à la faveur de la marée; v. n. être entraîné par la marée. TIDEGATE, s. écluse, f. TIDEWAITER, s. douanier, m.
TIDILY, adv. proprement, facilement. TIDINESS, s. adresse, f. propreté, f. habileté, TIDINGS, s. nouvelles, f. pl. TIDY, adj. à propos, de saison, leste, adroit. TIE, v. a. lier, attacher, nouer, arrêter. Tiz, s. lien, m. nœud, m. attachement, m. Tier, s. une rangée. TIERCE, s. tierce, TIFFANY, s. gaze de soie, f. TIGER, s. tigre, m. TIGHT, adj. serré, tendu, roide, propre. TIGHTEN, v.a. serrer, lier, attacher. TIGHTER, s. cordon, m. lacet, m. TIGHTLY, adv. ferme, près, proprement. TIGHTRESS, s. tension, f. roideur, f. TIGRESS, s. une tigresse, f. TIKE, s. un chien, tique, f. TILE, s. tuile, f.; v.a. couvrir de tuiles. TILER, s. tuilier, m. TILING, s. le toit. Till, s. un tiroir, une bolte.
Till, prep. jusqu'à, jusques à.
Till, conj. jusqu'à ce que, avant que. TILL, v. a. cultiver, labourer. TILLABLE, adj. labourable. [ture, f. TILLAGE, s. labourage, m. labour, m. cul-TILLER, s. laboureur, m. cultivateur, m. un petit tiroir, un baliveau. TILLING, s. labourage, m. labour, m. culture, TILMAN, s. un laboureur. TILT, s. une banne, joute, f. tournoi, m. un coup d'épée, de lance, &c. TILT-YARD, s. barrière, f. champ-clos, ss.
TILT, v. a. couvrir d'une banne, baisser, hausser un tonneau, pointer, pousser une lance; v. s. jouter, ferrailler. TILTER, s. jouteur, m. un ferrailleur. TILTH, s. culture, f. labour, m. labourage, m. TILTH, adj. labourable, labouré, cultivé. TIMBER, s. bois de charpeute, m. merrain, m.
TIMBERSOW, s. un griflon. [faite.
TIMBER-WORK, s. comble, f. charpente du Timber, v. n. nicher, boiser. TIMBREL, s. tambour de basque. TIME, b. le tenns, heure, f. jours, m. pl. oc-casion, f. age, m. loisir, m. saison, f. cir-constance, f. terme, m. mesure, f. fois, f. In time, avec le tems. At the same time, At that time, en ce temsen même tems. là, alors. At this time, à present, mainte-

nant. In time coming, à l'avenir. time, quelquefois, à volonte. In a day's time, dans l'espace d'un jour. In an hour's time, dans une heure. In the day time, de jour. Mean time, In the mean time, cop dant. At no time, jamais. Every time, chaque fois, toutes les fois. TIME, v. a. faire à propos, prendre bien son tems, observer la mesure. TIMEFUL, adj. qui est de saison, à propos. TIMELESS, adj. bors de saison. TIMELY, adj. de saison, à tems, à propos. Timid, adj. timide, craintif, pusillanime. Timidity, s. timidité, pusillanimité. Timorous, adj. timide, craintif, scrupuleux. Timorously, adv. avec crainte. TIMOROUSKESS, s. timidité, f. TIN, s. étain, m. Tin-iron, fer-blanc TIN, v. a. étamer, blanchir avec de l'étain. Tinct, r.a. teindre, colorer, donner un goût. TINCT, s. teinte, f. nuance, f.
TINCTURE, s. teinture, f. couleur, f. connoissance superficielle, habitude, f. TINCTURE, v. a. teindre, impregner, colorer. TIND, r. a. allumer. TINDER, s. mèche, f. amorce, f. amadou, m.
TINDER, so, solve où l'on met l'amadou.
TINE, s. fourchon, m. la dent d'une herse. TINGE, v. a. teindre, colorer. TINGENT, adj. qui teint, qui colore. Tinglass, s. bismuth, m. étain de glace, m. TINGLE, v. n. tinter, se faire sentir. TINGLING, s. tintement, m. TINKER, s. un drouineur or chaudronnier. TINKLE, r. a. tinter. TINMAN, s. taillandier en fer blanc, m. TINNER, s. mineur dans les mines d'étain, m. TINSEL, s. brocatelle, f. clinquant, m. TINSEL, v. a. orner de clinquant. Tirs, s. teinture, f. couleur, f. teinte, f.
Tirs, s. bout. m. pointe, f. extrémité, f.
Tir, e. a. couvrir, garnir le bout, ferrer, frapper, jeter, abattre; to tip off, tomber, passer le pas, mourir. TIPPLE, s. cravate, f. fraise, f. echarpe, f. TIPPLE, s. boisson, f. ; v. n. boire avec exces. TIPPLER, s. un buveur, un ivrogne. TIPPLING, s. ivroguerie, f. Tippling-house, un cabaret. [d'huissier. TIPSTAFF, s. sergent, huissier, baguette TIPSTAFF, s. sergent, huissier, baguette TIPTOE, s. le bout or la pointe du pied. TIRE, s. range, m. file, f. rangée, f. orne-ment, m. parure, m. atours, m. attirail, m. TIRE, v. a. coiffer, orner, parer.
TIRE, v. a. coiffer, orner, parer.
TIRE, v. a. & n. lasser, fatiguer, importuner.
TIRED, part. adj. las, fatigué, ennuyé.
TIREDNESS, s. lassitude, f. fatigue, f. TIRESOME, adj. fatigant, ennuyeux. Tiresomeness, s lassitude, f. fatigue, f. en-TIRE-WOMAN, s. une coiffeuse. Tiring-room, s. le foyer d'un spectacle. Tirwit, s. (a bird) un vanneau. Tis, contracted for it is, c'est.
Tissue, s. drap d'or or d'argent, m.
Tissue, r. a. tisser, entrelasser, entreméler. TIT, s. haridelle, f. bidet, m. femmelette, f. TIT-BIT, s. morceau friand, friandises, f. pl. Тітне, s. la dîme. TITHE, v. a. dimer; v. n. payer la dime.
TITHE, v. a. dimer; v. n. payer la dime.
TITHER, s. dimeur, m. decimateur, m.
TITHING, s. dime, f. dizaine, f.
TITHING-MAN, s. dizenier. m.

TOOTH-DRAWER, s. arracheur de dents, ze.

Toothless, adj. édenté.

TITIELATE, v. a. chatouiller. TITLLATION, s. chatouillement, m. TITLE, s. titre, m. nom de dignite, m. TITLE, v. a. intituler, appeler, nommer. TITLE-PAGE, s. le titre d'un livre. TITTER, v. a. rire moderement, ricaner. TITTLE, s. un Iota, un rien, point, m. titre, m. TITTLE-TATTLE, s. caquet, m. babil, m. TITTLE-TATTLE, v. n. caqueter, causer, ba-TITUBATION, s. vacillation, f. [biller, jaser. TITULAR, adj. titulaire, honoraire. TITULARY, adj. & s. titulaire, m.
TIVY, s. hâte, f. diligence. f.
To, prep. à, à la, au, à des, aux, pour, devant, avec, vers, envers, dans, sur, en, jusques, jusqu'a. To-day, anjourd'hui. To-night, night, ce soir. To-morav, demain. To and fro, çà et là, de part et d'autre. TOAD, s. un crapaud. TOAD-STONE, s. crapaudine, f. TOAD-STOOL, s. poliron, m.
TOAST, v. a. rôur, griller, boire à la santé de.
TOAST, s. rôue, f. santé, f. une belle.
TOASTER, s. celui qui rôut, grille, m. Tobacco, s. tabac, m. A tobacco-box, une tabatière. TABACCONIST, s. un marchand de tabac. Top, s. poids de 28 livres, m. un buisson. TOFT, s. masure, f. Togen, adj. en robe, vetu d'une robe. TOGED, adj. en rode, vetu a une rode.

TOGETHER, adv. ensemble, à la fois.

TOIL, s. peine, f. fatigue, f. toile, f.

TOIL, v. a. & n. travailler, se fatiguer.

TOILET, s. toilette, f. table de toile, f.

TOILING, s. peine, f. fatigue, f.

TOILSOMENESS, s. peine, f. fatigue, f.

TOWEN'S signe, m. marque, f. thoignage. TOKEN. s. signe, m. marque. f. temoignage, m. indice, m. trace, m. vestige, m. m. maice, m. trace, m. vesige, m.

Tolebable, adj. supportable, passable.

Tolebable, adv. passablement, mediocreTolebable, adv. passablement, mediocreTolebable, adv. passablement, mediocreTolebable, adv. passablement, mediocreTolebable, adv. passablement, accompanies

Tolebable, adv. passablement, adv. passablement, accompanies

Tolebable, adv. passablement, adv. passablement, accompanies

Tolebable, adv. passablement, ad TOLERATION, s. tolerance, f. permission, f. Toll, s. péage, m. passage, m. droit, m. Toll, v. a. (a bell) sonner une cloche. Toll, v. n. & a. payer or recevoir le péage. Toll-воотн, s. bureau du péage, prison. f. TOLL-GATHERER, s. collecteur de péage, m. TOLL-MONEY, s. peage, m. l'argent du péage. Tomb, s. tombeau, m. tombe. f. Tomb, v.a. enterrer, mettre dans le tombeau. TOMBLESS, adj. sans sepulture. Tom-Boy, s. un drole, un gueux. TOMTIT, s. un mesange. Ton, s. tonneau, m. poids de 2000. Tone, s. ton, m. accent, m. timbre, m. TONG, s. l'ardillon d'une boucle, m.
TONGS, s. pl. pincettes, f. pl.
TONGUE, s. langue, f. langage, m. ardillon,
TONGUE, v. a. & n. babiller, jaser. [m. TongueLEss, adj. muet, interdit. TONGUE-PAD, s. un grand parleur. TONICAL, TONICE, adj. tonique. Tonnage, s. tonuage, m. TowsiLs, s. pl. amygdales, f. pl. TONSURE, s. tonsure. f. TONY, s. un niais, un benêt, un sot, un stupide. Too, adv. trop, aussi, même. Tool, s. outil, m. instrument, m. Tooth, s. dent, f. ner. Тооти, r. a. mettre des dents : r. a. engre-TOOTH-ACH, s. mal de dents.

TOOTH-PICK, s. une curedent. TOOTHSOME, adj. délicat, agréable au goût. Tor, s. le haut, la cime, le sommet, le dessus, la pointe, la croupe, le faite, le comble, le ciel, la surface, sabot, m. Top, used adjectively, premier, principal. Top, v. a. couvrir, s'elever au dessus, devancer, surpasser, étêter (un arbre); moucher (une chandelle); gravir une montagne; v. n. primer, exceller. Topaz, s. topase, f.
Tope, v. n. boire beaucoup, pinter. Toper, s. un buveur, un ivrogne. TOPFUL, adj. tout plein. TOPGALLANT, s. le perroquet. Tophet, s. l'enfer, m. Topical, adj. topique, local. TOPICK, s. lieu commun, sujet, m. topique, m. Topless, adj. qui n'a point de sommet. Тор-мазт, s. le perroquet. TOPMAST, adj. le plus haut. TOP-SAIL, s. la voile du perroquet. TOPOGRAPHER, s. topographe, m. TOPOGRAPHICAL, adj. topographique. TOPOGRAPHY, s. topographie, f. TOPPLE, v. n. tomber en devant. Torsy-Turvy, adj. sens dessus-dessous. TOR, une tour, un pic, une éminence. TORCH, s. une torche, un flambeau. TORCH-BEARER, s. porte flambeau. TORMENT, s. tourment, m. supplice, m.
TORMENT, v. a. tourmenter, faire souffir. TORMENTING, adj. qui tourmente, cruel. TORMENTER, s. celui qui tourmente. TORNADO, s. ouragan, m. tourbillon, m. TORPEDO, s. (a fish) torpille, f. TORPID, adj. engourdi. [ment, m. TORPIDNESS, TORPITUDE, s. engourdisse-TORREFACTION, s. torrefaction, f. Torrefry, v. a. torréfier, brûler. TORRENT, s. torrent, m. TORRID. adj. brulant, torride. TORSEL, s. torse, m. Torsion, s. l'action de tordre. TORTILE, adj. tors, tortille. TORTOISE, s. tortue, f. TORTUOSITY, s. pli, m. sinuosite, f. Tortuous, adj. tortueux. TORTURE, s. torture, f. gene, f. question, f. TORTURE, v. a. mettre à la torture. TORTURER, s. bourreau, m. celui qui tour-TORTURING, s. torture, f. [mente. TORVITY, s. severite, f. air severe, m. TORVOUS, adj. severe, farouche. TORY, s. un tory or royaliste. Tose, r. n. carder de la laine. Toss, v. a. balloter, secouer, agiter, jeter. Toss. s. secousse, f. agitation, f. berne, f. Tossing, s. secousse, f. agitation, f. Tosspor, s. un buveur, un ivrogne. TOTAL, adj. total, complet, entier, tout.
TOTALITY, s. la totalité, le total, le tout. TOTALLY, adv. totalement, entièrement TOTTER. r. n. chanceler, vaciller, branler. TOTTERING, adj. branlamt. TOTTERINGLY, adr. d'une manière chancelante. Touch, v. a. & n. toucher, joindre, affecter, mouvoir, concerner, exprimer, gagner, eprouver; to touch at, toucher, (en terme de mer;) to touch on or upon, toucher,

joindre, parler d'une chose; to touch on or upon, mouiller (en terme de mer.) TOUCH, s. attouchement, m. toucher, m. tact, m. touche, f. trait, m. coup de pinceau, m. satire, f. sarcasme, m. teinte, f. teinture, f. connoissance or impression légère, f. attaque or atteinte de maladie, un ressentiment, épreuve, f. essai, m. TOUCHABLE, adj. qu'on peut toucher or ma-Touch-hole, s. la lumière (d'une arme à Touchiness, s. susceptibilité, f. [feu.) Touching, s. attouchement, m. TOUCHING, prep. touchant. concernant. TOUCHING, adj. touchant, pathétique. Touch-stone, s. pierre de touche, f Touch-wood, s. bois pourri qui sert d'ama-TOUGH, adj. chatouilleux, sensible. TOUGH, adj. roide, dur, coriace, rude. Toughen, v. n. devenir dur or coriace. Toughness, s. dureté, f. roideur, f. ténscité, f.-Tour, s. tour, m. voyage, m. circuit, m. TOURNER, v. tournoi, m. joite, f. TOURNEY, v. n. joiter, faire des joûtes. TOUSE or TOWSE, v. a. tirailler, secouer. Tow, s. étoupe, f. hansière, f. chaloupe, f. Tow, v. a. touer, remorquer. TOWAGE, s. touage, m. TOWARD, adj. docile, facile, enclin, porté. TOWARD, TOWARDS, prep. vers, du côté de, TOWARD, TOWARDS, prep. vers, on code de, devers, près, environ, sur, envers.
TOWARD, TOWARDS, adv. près, à la main.
TOWARDLINESS, s. docilité, f. facilité, f.
TOWARDLY, adj. prèt, enclin, docile, facile.
TOWARDNESS, s. docilité, f.
TOWEL, s. serviette, f. essui-main, m. Towen, s. un tour, une citadelle Tower, r. n. s'elever, prendre l'essor. Toweren, Towery, adj. garni de tours. Towing, s. temorque, f. touage, m. toue, f. Town, s. une ville, une place.
Townusz, s. l'hôtel de ville. Township, s. le corps de ville, jurisdiction Townsman, s. un bourgeois. [d'une ville/ TOWNTALK, s. bruit de ville, m. TOXICAL, adj. venimeux, empoisonne. Toy, s. un bijou, une breloque, un colifichet, une bagatelle, une babiole Toy, v. n. badiner, jouer, folatrer. Тоуізн, adj. badin, folatre. TOYISHNESS, s. badmage, m. jeu folutre, m. TOYMAN, s. un bijoutier, un tabletier. Torshop, s. une boutique de bijoutier. Tozv. adj. doux, souple. TRACE, s. trace, f. piste, f. voie, f. TRACES, s. traces, f. pl. harnois, m. TRACE, v. a. suivre à la piste, découvrir, trouver, remonter à la source, tracer. TRACER, s. celui qui fuit, qui decouvre.
TRACE, s. trace, f. piste, f. vestige, m. pl.
marque, f. sentier, m.; track of a ship, le
sillage d'un vaisseau; track of a coachtoheel, ornière. f. TRACKLESS, adj. sans traces. TRACT, s. étendue, f. espace, m. laps, m. contree, un traité, un discours. TRACTABLE, adj. traitable, doux, docile. TRACTABLENESS, s. bumeur traitable, f. TRACTABLY, adv. d'une manière douce, do-[cilement. TRACTIBLE, adj. ductile. TRADE, s. trafic, m. commerce, m. negoce, m. metier, m. profession, f. TRADE, v. a. & n. trafiquer, negocier. 29

TRADER, s. un négociant, un commerçant. TRADESFOLE, s. les artisans, m. pl. TRADESMAN, s. un boutiquier, un homme de metier, un marchand. TRADE-WIND, s. vent alizé, vent de saison TRADING, s. negoce, m. trafic, m. TRADING, adj. commerçant, de négoce. TRADITION, s. tradition, f. [tione TRADITIONAL, TRADITIONARY, adj. tradi-TRADITIONALLY. adv. par tradition TRADITIVE, adj. transmis d'age en âge TRADUCE, v. a. médire de, diffamer, calemnier, décrier, propager, produire. TRADUCEMENT, s. médisance, f. calomnie, f. TRADUCER, s. calomniateur, m. TRADUCIBLE, adj. que l'on peut tirer.
TRADUCTION, s. dérivation, f. propagation TRAFFICE, s. commerce, m. TRAFFICK, v. n. trafiquer, negocier. TRAFFICKER, s. un marchand, un trafiquant. TRAGEDIAR, s. un poète tragique. TRAGEDY, s. tragédie, f. TRAGICAL, TRAGICK, adj. tragique, terrible. TRAGICALLY, adv. tragiquement. TRAGICALNESS, s. calamité, f. horreur, f. TRAGICOMEDY, s. tragi-comodie, f. TRAGICOMICAL, adj. tragicomique. TRAGICOMICALLY, adv. d'une manière tragicomique. TRAJECT, v. a. jeter au travers. TRAJECT, s. passage d'eau, m. trajet, m. TRAJECTION, s. émission, f. jet, m. TRAJECTORY, s. trajectoire, trajet d'une co-TRAIL, v. a. & n. trainer. TRAIL, s. trace, f. piste, f. queue, TRAILING, adj. trainant. TRAIN, v. a. trainer, tirer, après soi, engager, entraîner, attirer; to train up, élever, former, dresser. TRAIN, s. queue, f. train, m. suite, f. com-pagnie, f. série, f. enchaînement, m. trai-née de poudre, f. amorce, f. TRAINBANDS, s. la milice. TRAINBEARER, s. caudataire, m. TRAINER, s. un officier qui exerce les troupes. TRAIN-OIL, s. huile de baleine, f. TRAIPSE, v. n. marcher nonchalamment. TRAIT, s. trait, m. couche, f. esquisse, f. TRAITOR, s. un traître. TRAITOBOUS, adj. traître, de traître, perfide. TRAITOHOUSLY, adv. en traître, avec per-TRALATITIOUS, adj. métaphorique, figuré. TRAMMEL, s. tramail, m.; v. a. attraper. TRAMPLE, v. a. & n. fouler aux pieds. TRANATION, s. l'action de passer à la nage. TRANCE, s. extase, f. ravissement, m. TRANQUIL, adj. tranquille, paisible.
TRANQUILLITY, s. tranquillite, f. repos, m.
TRANSACT, v. a. arranger. expedier, negocier, faire, executer, terminer; n. n. transiger, traiter, s'accommoder. TRANSACTION, s. negociation, f. affaire, f. transaction, f. convention, f. TRANSACTOR, s. celui qui negocie, agent, m. TRANSALPINE, adj. Transalpine, de delà les Alpes. TRANSANIMATION, s. la métempsycose. TRANSCEND, r. a. & n. passer, surpasser. TRANSCENDENCE, TRANSCENDENCY, s. excellence. TRANSCENDENT, adj. transcendent. TRANSCENDENTLY, adv. parfaitement, par excellence.

TRANSCOLATE, v. a. passer, couler. TRANSUBSTANTIATION, s. transubstantiation, f. TRANSCRIBE, v. a. transcrire, copier, imiter. TRANSCRIBER, s. un copiste, un scribe. TRANSCRIPT, s. une copie, un double d'un TRANSCRIPTION. s. transcription, f. [écrit. TRANSCUR, v. n. courir cà et là. TRANSCURSION, s. excursion, f. course, f. TRANSFER, s. transport, m. cession, f. TRANSFER, v. a. transferer, transporter.
TRANSFIGURATION, s. transfiguration, f. TRANSFIGURE, v. a. transfigurer, transfor-TRANSFIX, v. a. transpercer. [mer. Transform, v. a. & n. transformer, se transformer. TRANSFORMATION, s. transformation, f. TRANSFORMER, s. celui qui transforme. TRANSFORMING, s. transformation, f. TRANSFUSE, v. a. & n. transvaser. TRANSFUSION, s. transfusion, f. [pécher. parure, f. TRANSGRESS, v. a. & n. transgresser, violer, TRANSGRESSION, s. transgression, f. prevarication, f. violation, f. peche. m milier. TRANSGRESSIVE, adj. fautif, coupable. TRANSGRESSOR, s. transgresseur, m. TRANSLENT, adj. transitoire, passager. TRANSIENTLY, adv. en passant, légèrement. TRANSIENTNESS, s. courte durée TRANSIT, s. passavant, m. passage, m. TRANSITION, s. départ, m. passage, m. TRANSITIVE, adj. qui peut passer, transitif. TRANSITORILY, adv. en passant. TRANSITORY, adj. passager, transitoire. TRANSLATE, v. a. transferer, transporter, tra-TRANSLATING, s. traduction, f. [duire.]
TRANSLATION, s. translation, f. traduction, f. TRANSLATOR, s. traducteur, m. TRANSLUCENCY, s. transparence, f. TRANSLUCENT, TRANSLUCID, adj. transparent. TRANSMARINE, adj. d'outre-mer. [autre. TRANSMIGRANT, adj. qui passe d'un état à un Transmigrate, v. n. passer d'un lieu or d'un pays dans un autre. TRANSMIGRATION, s. transmigration, f. TRANSMISSION, s. transmission, s. transport, traitre. TRANSMISSIVE, adj. transmis. TRANSMIT, r. a. transmettre, faire passer. TRANSMITTAL, s. transport, m. transmission, f. TRANSMUTABLE, adj. transmutable. TRANSMUTATION, s. transmutation, f. TRANSMUTE, v. a. changer, transmuer. TRANSOM. s. traverse, f. traversin, m. TRANSPARENCY, s. transparence, f. TRANSPARENT, adj. transparent, diaphane. TRANSPICUOUS, adj. transparent. TRANSPIERCE, v. a. transpercer, penetrer. des brebis. TRANSPIRATION, s. transpiration, f. TRANSPIRE, v. a. & n. exhaler, transpirer. TRANSPLACE, v. a. changer un chose de place. TRANSPLANT, v. a. transplanter. TRANSPLANTATION, s. transplantation, f. TRANSPORT, r. a. transporter. Transport, s. transport, m. un vaisseau de transport, ravissement, m. extase, f. TRANSPORTABLE, adj. que l'on peut trans-TRANSPORTATION, s. transport, m. [porter. TRANSPORTING, s. transport, m. , adj. ra-TRANSPOSAL, s. transposition, f. [vis TRANSPOSE, v. a. transposer, deplacer. (vissant. TRANSPOSING, s. transposition. TRANSPOSITION, s. transposition, f. deplacement, m. TRANSUBSTANTIATE, r. a. transubstantier.

TRANSUDATION, s. transudation, f. TRANSUDE, r. n. transuder, transpirer, s'ex-TRANSVERSAL, adj. transversal. [haler. TRANSVERSALLY, adv. transversalement. TRANSVERSE, adj. mis en travers, qui tra-TRANSYERSELY, adv. en travers. TRANTER, s. chasse-marce, s TRAP, s. trappe, f. piège, m. panneau, m. TRAP, v. a. attraper, surprendre, tromper, parer, orner, décorer, enharnacher.
TRAP-DOR, s. trappe, f. A rat-trap, une ratière. A mouse-trap, une souricière. TRAPE, v. n. courir les rues, battre le pavé. TRAPES, s. une coureuse. TRAPEZIUM, s. trapèze, m. TRAPPINGS, s. harnois, m. ornemens, m. 🎤 TRASH, s. rebut, m. friperie, f. TRASH, v. a. couper, elaguer, abattre, hu-Trashy, adj. méchant, de peu de valeur. TRAVADO, s. travade, f. TRAVAIL, s. travail, m. peine, f. labour, m. TRAVAIL, r. n. & a. travailler, se fatiguer, être en travail d'enfant, tourmenter. TRAVE, TRAVEL, TRAVISE, s. un travail. TRAVEL, v. a. & s. voyager. TRAVEL, s. voyage, m. TRAVELLER, s. un voyageur.
TRAVELLER, s. un voyageur.
TRAVELLER's-Jev, s. (a plant) viorae, f.
TRAVELLING, s. l'action de voyager.
TRAVELLING, adj. passager, de passage.
TRAVERSE, adc. de prep. de travers, à travers, au travers de Traverse, adj. qui est en travers, qui croise. TRAVERSE, s. traverse, f. revers, m. obsta-cles, m. pl.; traverse of a ship, bordée, f. TRAVERSE, v. a. traverser, croiser, s'opposer. TRAVESTY. adj. travesti TRAUMATICK, adj. vulneraire. TRAY, s. baquet, m. auge, f. plateau de bois, TREACHEROUS, adj. traitre, perfide, de TREACHEROUSLY, adr. en traitre. TREACHERY, s. perfidie, f. trahison, f. TREACLE, s. theriaque, f. melasse, f. TREAD, n. n. marcher, mettre or pose pied, marcher dessus, fouler aux pieds. TREAD, s. pas, m. allure, f. vestige, m. sentier, m. trace, f. route, f. le germe de l'œaf.
TREADER, s. celui qui foule. TREADLE, s. marche (d'un métier,) f. pédale. le sperme du coq. TREADLES, s. pl. les crottes des moutons or TREASON, s. crime d'état, m. trahison, f. TREASONABLE adj. traltre, perfide, de traltre. TREASONABLY, adr. en traitre, en trabison. TREASURE, s. tresor, m. [richesse TREASURE UP, r. a. thé sauriser, amasser des TREASUREHOUSE, s. la trésorerie. TREASURER, s. tresorier, m. TREASURESHIP, s. la charge de tresorier. TREASURY, s. le trésor, la trésorerie. TREAT, v. a. traiter, negocier, arranger, discuter, régaler, discourir. TREATABLE, adj. traitable, modere, raison TREATABLY, adv. distinctement. [nable. TREATISE, s. un traité, un discours. TREATMENT, s. traitement, m. TREATY, s. negociation, f. traite, m. accord, TREBLE, adj. triple.

TREBLE, s. (in musick) le dessus. A faint l'TRIDUAN, adj. de trois jours. treble, fausset, m.
TREBLE, v. a. & n. tripler.
TRIER, s. celui qui essaye. TREBLENESS, s. triplicité, f. TREBLY, adv. triplement. TREE, s. un arbre; tree of a cross-bow, la monture d'une arbalète; tree of a saddle, le bois d'une selle. TREE-IVY, s. le lierre rampant. TREFOIL, s. trèfle, (herbe) m. TREILLAGE, s. treillage, m. TRELLIS, s. treillis, m. jalousie, f. barreaux de bois, 🖦 pl. TREMBLE, v. n. trembler, frissonner, craindre. TREMBLING, s. tremblement, m. tremousse TREMBLING, adj. tremblant. [men TREMENDOUS, adj. terrible, épouvantable. TREMOUR, s. tremblement, m. TREMULOUS, adj. tremblant. TREN, s. harpon, m. dard, m. TRENCH, s. tranchée, f. fosse, m. rigole, f. TRENCH, v. a. couper, creuser, fossoyer. TRENCHER, s. tranchoir, m. assiette de bois. TRENCHERFLY, s. un parasite. TRENCHERMAN, s. un grand mangeur. TRENCHERMATE, s. compaguon de table, m. TREND, v. n. tendre, aboutir, butter, viser. TRENDLE, s. un pivot. TREPAN, s. grandes chevilles de chêne, f. TREPAN, s. trépan, m. piège, m. TREPAN, v. a. trépaner, attraper, surprendre. TREPANSER, s. une personne qui attrape adroitement, fin matois, m. TREPHINE, s. petit trépan. TREPIDATION, s. tremblement, m. ser. TRESPASS, v. n. transgresser, violer, outrepas-TRESPASS, s. offense, f. transgression, TRESPASSER, s. prévaricateur, m. pécheur, TRESSES, s. trosse de cheveux, f. TRESTLE, s. trétoau, m. trépié, m. TREVET, s. un trepied. TREY, s. un trois (aux dés.) TRIABLE, adj. cup peut être éprouvé.
TRIABLE, adj. cup peut être éprouvé.
TRIAD, s. triade, f. trinité, f.
TRIAL, s. épreuve, f. essai, m. examen, m.
preuve, f. jugement, m. procès, m. decision, f. sentence judiciaire, affliction, f. tentation, f. TRIANGLE, s. triangle, m. TRIANGULAR. adj. triangulaire.
TRIANGULAR. adj. triangulaire.
TRIARIANS, TRIARII, s. pl. triaires, m. pl.
TRIBE, s. tribe, f. race, f. classe, f. TRIBLET, TRIBOULET, s. triboulet, m.
TRIBULATION, s. tribulation, f. affliction,
TRIBUNAL, s. tribunal. [adversité, . amicuon, f. [adversité, f. TRIBUNE, s. tribun, m. TRIBURITIAL, TRIBUNITIOUS, adj. tribunitien, de tribun. TRIBUTARY, adj. & s. tributaire, un sujet. TRIBUTE, s. tribut, m. impôt, m. TRICE, s. un moment, un instant. TRICE, s. supercherie, f. ruse, f. malice, f. niche, f. tour malicieux, manège, m. tour de main, m. une leyée, une main de cartes. TRICK, v. a. jouer un tour, attraper, tromper, duper, parer, orner, ébaucher. TRICKER, s. détente (d'un fusil.) f. TRICKING, s. fourberie, f. duperie, f. TRICKISH, adf. trompeur, artificieux. TRICKLE, v. s. degoutter, distiller, couler. TRICKLING, adj. qui degoutte, qui coule. TRICESTER, s. un fourbe, un trompeur. TRICEST, adj. joli, mignon cher. TRIDENT s. trident, m.

TRIFALLOW, v. a. donner la troisième facon. TRIFLE, s. bagatelle, f. nisiserie, f. sottise, f. babiole, f. colifichet, m. amusette, f. TRIFLE, v. n. badiner, s'amuser à des riens. TRIFLER, s. un badin, un oisif, un sot. TRIFLING, adj. de néant, frivole, vain. TRIFLINGLY, adv. en badinant. TRIG, v. a. eurayer une roue, pièter.
TRIGAMY, s. trigamie, f. troisième nôces.
TRIGGER, s. eurayure, f. harpon, m. croc, m.
crochet, m. détente (d'un fusil,) f. TRIGON, s, un triangle. TRIGORAL, adj. triangulaire. TRIGONMETRY, 6. trigonomètrie, f.
TRIGONOMETRICAL, adj. trigonomètrique.
TRILLATERAL, adj. qui a trois coèts.
TRILL, e. fredon, m. cadence, f. roulade, f.
TRILL, v. a. & n. fredonner, cadencer, degoutter, couler. TRILLION, s. un trillion. TRIM, adj. propre, bien mis, beau, joli.
TRIM. s. parure, f. ornement, m. equipage,
m. l'assiette, f. l'estive. TRIM, v. a. parer, orner, ajuster, garmir, arranger, raccommoder, raser, tailler, balancer (un bateau ;) border (une voile,) ménager, temporiser. TRIMLY, adv. proprement. TRIMMER, s. temporiseur, m. dissimulé, m.
TRIMMERS, s. pl. enchevétrure, f.
TRIMMERS, s. pl. enchevétrure, f. assortiment, m.
TRIMMESS, s. propreté, f. justesse, f. agréTRIMAL, adj. triple, trine. [ment, m. TRINE, s. trine aspect, ss.
TRINITALIAN, s. Trinitaire.
TRINITY, s. la Trinité.
TRINITY, s. la Trinité.
TRINE or TRINKLE, s. sorte de filet pour TRINKET, s. colifichet, m. bagatelle, f. babi ole. f. breloque, f. la voile de perroquet. TRIOBOLAR, adj. bas, vil, meprisable. TRIP, v. a. & n. faire tomber quelqu'un, sup-planter, faire un faux pas, glisser, chanceler, se tromper, trotter, sauter Trip, s. croc en jambe, m. glissade, f. faux pas, méprise, f. faute, f. un petit voyage, un tour, un troupeau de chèvres. TRIPARTITE, adj. divisé en trois parties. TRIPE, s. les tripes, f. pl.TRIPEDAL, adj. qui a trois pies, à trois pies. TRIPERY, s. triperie, f.
TRIPETALOUS, adj. dont la fleur a trois feuilles. TRIPHTHONG, s. triphthongue, f. TRIPLE, adj. triple; r. a. tripler. TRIPLET, s. trois, m. tiercet, m.
TRIPLICATION, s. l'action de tripler. TRIPLICITY, s. triplicite. TRIPMADAM, s. (an herb) tripe-madame, f. TRIPOLY, s. tripoli, m. turbit, m. TRIPOS or TRIPOD, s. trépied, m. TRIPPER, s. celui qui fait tomber, qui glisse. TRIPPING, adj. vif, agile, prompt.
TRIPPINGLY, adr. vivement, avec agilité. TRIPUDIARY, adj. qui se fait en dansant. TRIPUDIATION, s. l'action de danser. TRIREME, S. trirème, f.
TRI-SECTION, S. trisection, f.
TRI-SYLLABICAL, adj. de trois syllabes. TRI-SYLLABLE, s. trissyllabe, f TRITE, adj. use, commun, vulgaire. TRITENESS. s vicillosse. f.

TRITURABLE, adj. triturable. frouette. TRITURATE, v. a. triturer. TRITURATION, s. trituration, f. TRIUMPH, s. triomphe, m. TRIUMPH, r. n. triompher, s'applaudir. TRIUMPHAL, adj. triomphal. de triomphe. TRIUMPHANT, adj. triomphal. triomphant. TRIUMPHANTLY, adr. en trioniphe. TRIUMPHER, s. triomphateur, ne. TRIUMPHING, s. triomphe, m. rejouissance, TRIUMVIR, s. triumvir, m. [m. TRIUMVIRATE, TRIUMVIRI, s. triumvirat, TRIUNE, adj. un en trois or trois en un. TRIVIAL, adj. trivial, commun, vulgaire, bas. TRIVIALLY, adr. trivialement, vulgairement. TRIVIALNESS, s. trivialite, f. TROCAR, s. trocar, m. instrument de chirur-TROCHAICAL, adj. composé de trochées. TROCHANTER, J. un trochanter. TROCHEE, s. trochée, m. TROCHINGS, s. trochure, f. bois d'un cerf, m. TROCHISE, TROCHISCH, s. trochisque, m. TRODDEN ROAD, s. chemin battu. TROGLODYTE, s. troglodyte, m. TROLL, v. a. tourner, rouler, roder. TROLL-MADAM, s. trou-madame, m. TROLLOP, s. une salope, un torchon. **TROOP**, s. troupe, f. compagnie, f. bande, f. TROOP, v. n. s'attrouper, marcher en corps. TROOPER, s. un cavalier. TROPE, s. trope, m. metaphore. f. TROPHIED, adj. orné de trophées. TROPHY, s. trophée, m. [du tropique. TROPICAL, adj. figure, metaphorique, près TROPICK, s. tropique, m. TROPOLOGICAL, adj tropologique, figure. TROPOLOGY, s. manière de parler tigurée. TROT, s. trot (d'un cheval,) m. TROT, s. n. trotter, aller le trot, courir cà et TROTH, s. foi, f. verite, f. TROTBLESS, adj. perfide, de mauvaise foi. TROTHPLIGHT, adj. fiance. TROTTER, s. trotteur. m. pied de mouton, m. TROUBLE, v. a. troubler. inquieter, affliger, incommoder, importuner, emb persecuter, facher, rendre trouble. importuner, embarrasser. TROUBLE, s. trouble. m. confusion. f. de-sordre, m. inquietude. f. peine. f. embar-ras, m. inconvenient, m. affiction, f. chagrin, m. desastre, m. maiheur, m. mai, m. misère, f. soin, m. souci, m. persécution, f. TROUBLER, s. perturbateur, m. TROUBLESOME, adj. incommode. à charge, importun, genant. fitigant, fàcheux. TROUBLESOMELY, adv. d'une manière incommode, avec importunité. TROUBLOUS, adj. tumultueux, agité. TROUGH, s. un auge, un baquet, une buche. TROUL, r. a. & n. agiter, parler vite. TROUNCE, v. a. intenter proces, faire des affaires, punir, mal-traiter, attraper. TROUSERS, s. chausses, f. pl. braies, f. pl. TROUT, s. truite, f. TROWEL, . une trucile. TROY, TROY-WEIGHT, s. sorte de poids à douze onces la livre. TRUANT, s. un vagabond, un fainéant. TRUANT, adj. paresseux, faincant. TRUANTSHIP, s. paresse, f. fainéantise, f. TRUCE, s. trève, f. suspension d'armes, f. TRUCHMAN, s. un trucheman, un interprête. TRUCIDATION, s. tuerie. f. carnage, m.

TRITON, s. triton, m. coq de clocher, une gi- || TRUCK, s. troc, m. échange, m. TRUCK, r. a. & n. troquer, changer. TRUCKLE, s. roulette, f. petite roue. truckle-bed, un lit à roulettes. TRUCKLE, r. n. se soumettre, cèder, ramper, TRUCKLING. s. soumission, f.: adj. soems. TRUCGLENCE, s. férocité, f. brutalité, f. TRUCGLENT, adj. féroce, farouche, barbare. TRUDGE, v. n. se fatiguer, hattre le pavé. TRUBGING, s. corvee, f. prine imaile.
TRUE adj. vrai, véritable, certain, shr. assuré, naturel, franc, propre, convenable, exact, bon, fidèle. TRUE-BORN, adj. vrai. par droit de naissance. TRUE-BRED, adj. de la véritable race. TRUE-HEARTED, adj. vrai, sincere, housete. TRUE-HEARTEDNESS, s. bonne for, macerité, f. TRUE-LOVE-KNOT, s. lacs d'amour, m. TRUENESS, s. sincerite, m. franchise, f. TRUFFLE, s. truffe, f.
TRUG, s. auge or oiseau de maçon, f. m.
TRULL, s. une putain, une prositinée. TRULY, ad. vraiment, sincerement.
TRUMP, s. trompette, f. trompe, f. triomphe, f. atout, m. (au jeu de cartes.) TRUMP, v. a. couper avec une triomphe; to trump up, inventer, forger, controuver.
TRUMPERY, s. friperie, f. rebut, m. TRUMPET, s. une trompette, une trompe. A speaking-trumpet, un porte-voix. TRUMPET, v. a. publier, proclamer. TRUMPETER, s. un trompette, proneur, m. TRUNCATE, r. a. couper, tronquer. TRUNCATION, s. l'action de couper, de trusconner. TRUNCHEON, s. un gros bâton, un tricet TRUNCHEON, r. a. battre avec un grus bâtea TRUNCHEONERR, s. celui qui est arme d'un TRUNDLE, r. n. rouler. [gros bâtea. TRUNDLE, s. lanterne (de moutin.) TRUNDLE-TAIL, s. une queue roade or arrondie, une coureuse. TRUNK. s. tronc, m. coffre, m. bahut, m. trompe (d'éléphant,) f. A trans-malor, un bahutier. Trunk-breeches, Trunk-nose, s. cheasses, f. pl. canons, m. pl. trousers, f. pl. TRUNK, v. a. tronconner, tronquer, rompre. TRUNNION, s. tourillon. m. TRUSTON, s. l'action de pousser. [paile,] TRUSS, s. trousse, f. faisceau. TRUSS, v. a. trousser, empaqueter, pouer. TRUST, r. a. avoir confiance, se fier, se confier à, confier, croire, ajouter foi, faire credit, compter, espérer, s'attendre. TRUST. s. confiance. f. assurance. f. dépit, m. fideicommis, m. credit. m. TRUSTER, s. confident. m. depositaire, m. fideicommissaire, m. consignataire, m. curateur, m. TRUSTEESHIP, s. curatelle, f. TRUTH. s. vérité, f. vrai, m. exactitude, f. ticle lite f. justesse, f. he truth, en verite, serieusement. TRY, r. a. & n. essayer, faire l'essai, épre ver. mettre à l'épreuve, expérimenter, faire voir. montrer, examiner, tâter, sonder, ter-miner, decider, juger, faire le procès, citer en justice, épurer, purifier, tester, tècher.

TuB, s. une cuve, un cuvier, une tinette, une

tine. A bathing-tub, une baignoire. A salting-tub, un saloir. A tale of a tub, un come bleu, un coate borgne. A tub full, cuvee. f. Tube, s. tube, m. tuyau, m. siphou, m. TUBERCLE, s. tubercule, m. pustule, f. TUBEROSE, s. une ubereuse. TUBEROSITY, s. tuberosité, f. bosse, f. tumeur, TUBEROUS, adj. plein de tubercules.
TUBULAR, TUBULATED, TUBULOUS, adj. en forme de tube, creux.

Tuck, s. estoc, m. longue épée, f. un pli, un rempli, une filet. TUCE, v. a. trousser, retrousser, replier. TUCKER, s. un tour de gorge. TUCKSELS, s. pl. les dents machelières (d'un cheval,) f. pl. Tuel, s. anns, m. tuyau de fondement, m. Tuesday, s. Mardi, m. Shrove-Tuesday, le Mardi-Gras. TUFT, s. une touffe, un toupet. TUFT, adj . veloute, peluch TUPT, v. a. orner d'une touffe. TUFTAFFETY, s. tripe de velours, f. Turted, adj. touffu, velouté, huppé. TUPTY, edj. velouté, peluché, huppé Tug, v. a. & n. tirer, tirailler, travailler. Tug, s. effort, m. peine, f. fatigue, f. Tugen, s. celui qui fait de grands efforts. TUITION, s. soin, m. conduite, f. desense, f. protection, f. TULIF, s. tulipe, f.
TUMBLE, v. n. & a. tomber, s'ébouler, s'é crouler, se rouler, se vautrer, se renverser, sauter, faire des sants, tourner, retourner, feuilleter, chiffonner, jeter, faire tomber. Tumble, s. chûte. TUMBLER, s. un sauteur, gobelet sans pied, TUMBLER-DOG, s. un basset. Tumbrel, s. tombereau, m TUMEFACTION, s. enflure, f. fumeur. TUMEFY, v. a. tuméfier, enfler, causer une Tumid, adj. enfle, ampoule, boursoufle. Tumour, s. inmeur, f. enflure, f. Tumorous, adj. enflé, boursoutié, ampoulé. TUMULATE, v. n. enfler, s'enfler. Tumulose, adj. plein de collines. TUMULT, s. tumulte, m. trouble, m. TUMULTUARILY, adv. avec tumulte. TUMULTUARY, adj. tumultueux, confus. TUMULTUATE, v. n. causer du tumulte. TUMULTUATION, s. monvement confus. TUMULTUOUS, adj. tumukueux, turbulent. Tunultuously, adv. tumultueusemeut. Tun, s. tonneau, m. 252 gallons, poids de 2000 livres, 40 pieds cubiques de bois de charpente. Tun, v. a. entonner, mettre dans un tonneau. Tuna, s. tuna, m. (arbre à cochenille.) TUNABLE, adj. accordant, harmonieux. TUNABLENESS, s. accord, m. harmonie, f. TUNABLY, adv. harmonieusement. Tune, s. accord, m. ton, m. consonance, f. harmonie, f. mélodie, f. air, m. chanson, f. note, f. pièce de musique. Tune, v. a. accorder, mettre d'accord; v. n. former des accords. TUBERUL, adj. harmonieux, musical, melo-TUBELESS, adj. discordant. [dieux. Tunar, s. celui qui accorde. TUNICE, s. tunique, f. membrane, f. TUNNAGE, s. tonnage, m. [noir, m. TUNNEL, s. tuyau (de cheminée,) m. enton-Tunnelle, v. a. prendre à la tonnelle, faire en forme d'entonnoir.

TUNNELLER, s. torneleur, m. thon, m. TUP, s. belier; v. a. doguer, couvrir, luter. TURBAN, TURBAND, s. turban, m. TURBID, adj. trouble, epais. TURBIDNESS, s. bourbe, f. vase, f. TURBITH, s. turbit, m. TURBOT, s. un turbot. TURBULENCE, s. tumulte, m. désordre, m. confusion, f. TURBULERT, adj. remuant, turbulent, seditieux, brouillon. TURBULENTLY, adr. turbulemment. TURCISM, s. le Mahométisme. Turd, s. merde, f. matière fècale, ordure, f. Turdy, adj. mechant, mauvais, incivil. Tunr, s. gazon, m. tourbe, f. TURF, r. a. gazonner, couvrir de gazon: TURFY, adj. pleia de gazon or de tourbes. TURGENT, adj. enfle. TURGESCENCE. TURGESCENCY, s. enflure, f. Turgin, adj. enflé, boursouflé, ampoulé. TURGIDITY, s. enflure, f. Turk, s. Turc; m. TURKEY OF TURKEY-COCK, s. un coq d'Inde. Turkey-lien, une poule d'Inde. Turkeypout, un dindon, un dindonneau. TURKISH, adj. Turc, Turque, de Turquie, des Turcs. TURKOIS, s. une turquoise. Turk's-shor, s. babouche, f. Turkscap, s. martagon, m. TURM, s. troupe, m. TURMERICK, s. racine bonne contre la jau-TURMOIL, s. trouble, m. tumulte, m. TURMOIL, v. a. harceler, fatiguer, inquiéter. TURN, s. tour, m. procede, m. office, m. service, m. trait, m. manière, f. fait, m. affaire, f. coup, m. changement, m. occasion, f. fois, f. petite promenade. TURN, r. a. tourner, retourner, changer, faconner; to turn away, renvoyer, chasser; to turn back, renvoyer; to turn off, renvoyer, chasser, résigner, abandonner, détourner; to turn home, renvoyer chez soi; to turn in, remplir, rendoubler; to turn into, changer. transformer; to turn over, renverser, rapporter, remettre, rejeter; to turn out, renvoyer, chasser, démettre, tourner, traduire; to turn up, tourner, retourner, lever, relever. remuer, trousser, retrousser; to turn upside down, tourner sens dessusdessous. Turn, r. n. tourner, se tourner, s'altérer, être change, devenir, se faire, rouler sur, dependre de; to turn about, tourner, se tourner; to turn again, se retourner, se défendre; to turn away, quitter le parti, abaudonner; to turn back, s'en retourner,

se retirer: to turn down, plier; to turn off, changer de chemin, se detourner; to turn to, retourner, remonter vers; to turn to or into, se tourner, se changer, avoir recours, recourl à, prendre le parti.

TURNAMENT, s. tournois, m.

TURNBACK, s. un lâche, un poltron.

TURNBACK, s. un lâche, un poltron.

TURNCANT, s. un apostat, un renegat.

TURNING, s. tour. m. détour, m. sinuosité, f.

TURNING, s. tour. m. détour, m. tergiversation f. subterfuge, m.

TUENIF, s. un navet.

TUENIF, s. un navet.

TURNEK, s. y, guichetier, m.

TURN-KEY, s. guichetier, m. Turnpike, s. un tourniquet, une barrière. TURNSICE, adj. sujet aux vertiges. Two, adj. deux. TURNSOL, s. tournesol, m. béliotrope, m. TURNSPIT, s. tournebroche, m. TURNSTILE. See Turnpike. TURPENTINE, s. térébenthine, TURPENTINE-TREE, s. le térébinthe. TURPITUDE, s. turpitude, f. bassesse, f. infamie, f. TURBEL, s. tirefond de tonnelier, m. TURRET, s. une tourelle, une petite tour. TURTLE, s. tortue de mer, f.
TURTLE, TURTLE-DOVE, s. une tourterelle, Tuscan, adj. Toscan. / Tush, interj. fi! fi done! Tusk, s. defense, f. [une tourtre. TUSKED, TUSKY, adj. qui a des defenses. TUTELAGE, s. minorité, f. tutelle, f. [dien. TUTELAR, TUTELARY, adj. tutélaire, gar-TUTOR, s. precepteur, m. gouverneur, m. TUTOR, v. a. enseigner, instruire, corriger. TUTORAGE, s. emploi de precepteur, m. TUTORESS, s. gouvernante, f. tutrice, f. TUTORSHIP, s. préceptorat, m. TUTTY, s. tutie, fleur de zinc, f. TWAIN, adj. deux, couple. Twane, r. a. faire rendre un son aigu; faire siffler ; r. n. rendre un son aigu. TWANG, s. son aigu, mauvais accent. TWATTLE, v. n. causer, baniller, caqueter.
TWAG, TWEAK, v. a. pincer, serrer, tirer.
TWEAK, s. perplexité, f. peine, f.
TWEEZERS, s. pincettes, f. pl.
TWEEZERS, s. pincettes, f. pl. Twelfth, adj. & s. douzième, m.
Twelfthday, Twelfthtide, s. le jour des rois, l'Epiphanie. TWELVE, adj. douze. TWELVEMONTH, s. un an, une année.
TWENTIETH, adj. vingtième; s. vingtième,
TWENTI, adj. vingt.
TWENTI, s. une hallebarde, pince, f.
TWIEL, s. une hallebarde, pince, f. Twig, s. jet, m. rejeton, m. verge, f. Twiggen, Twiggy, adj. plein de rejetons. Twilight, s. le crepuscule; adj. obscur, sombre. Twin, s. un jumeau, une jumelle. [jumeau. Twin, v. a. & n. faire des jumeaux, être TWINBORN, adj. jumeau, jumelle. TWINE, v. a. entortiller, entrelacer, embrasser; v. n. s'entrelacer, serpenter. TWINE, s. du fil retors entrelacs, m. entrelacement, m. entortillement, m. Twinge, s. point, tourment, m. TWINGE, v. n. causer une douleur vive. TWINKLE, v. n. briller, étinceler, clignoter, cligner les yeux. TWINKLING, s. un clin d'œil. TWINKLING, adj. brillant, euncelant. TWINNER, s. celui qui met bas deux petits Twirl, v. a. tourner. [d'une portée. TWIRL, s. tournoiement, m. tour, m. Twist, v. a. entortiller, entrelacer, tisser, tresser, cordonner, tordre, retordre; v. n. s'entortiller, s'entrelater. Twist, s. cordon, m. corde, f. contorsion, f. TWISTER, s. un tordeur, un cordier. TWIT, v. a. reprocher, faire des reproches. TWITCH, s. tiraillement. m. TWITCH, v. a. tirer, tirailler. [ricaner. TWITTER, v. n. faire un bruit interrompu, Twittle-twattle, s. babil. m. caquet, m. Twittle-twattle, v.n. caqueter, causer. TWIXT. See Betwint.

Two-EDGED, adj. deux tranchans. Twofold, adj. double, de deux sortes. Twofold, adv. doublement, au double. TWOHANDED, adj. grand, gros, très fort. TYING, s. l'action de lier, d'attacher, &c. TYMBAL, s. timbale, f. TYMPAN, s. tympan, m. TYMPANUM, s. le tympan de l'oreille, tam-TYMPANY, s. tympanite, ss.

TYPE, s. type, ss. embléme, ss. figure, f. représentation, fs. modèle, ss. original, ss.

TYPICAL, TYPICE, adj. typique, emblématique. TYPICALLY, adv. dans un sens typique. TYPIFY, n. a. figurer, représenter. TYPOGRAPHER, s. un imprimeur. TYPOGRAPHICAL, adj. typographique, d'imprimeur. TYPOGRAPHY, s. typographie, f. imprimerie, f. representation emblematique. f.
TYRANNICAL, TYRANNICE, edj. tyrannique. TYRANNICALLY, adv. en tyran, tyrannique TYRANNICIDE, s. tyrannicide, m. [men [ment. TYRANNISE, v. n. tyranniser, agir en tyran. Tyrannous. See Tyrannical. TYRANNY, s. tyrannie, f. oppression, f. ri-TYRANT, s. tyran, m. [gueur, f. gueur, /. Tyro, s. un novice, un apprenti.

U.

UBEROUS, adj. abondant, fertile. UBERTY, s. abondance, f. fertilite, f. UBIGATION, UBIETY, s. rapport local. UBIQUITARY, adj. & s. ubiquiste, ubiqui-UBIQUITY, s. presence universelle. UDDER, s. tetine, f. UGLILY, adv. vilainement, laiden UGLINESS, s. laideur, f. difformité, f. UGLY, adj. laid, vilain, difforme, indécent. ULCER, s. ulcère, m ULCERATE, r. n. ulcerer, causer un ulcère. ULCERATING, ULCERATION, s. ulceration, f. ULCEROUS, adj. ulcére. ULIGINOUS, adj. visqueux, gluant. ULTIMATE, adj. dernier. [ni ULTIMATE, adj. dernier. [nier ressart. ULTIMATELY, adv. en dernier lieu, en der-ULTRAMARINE, adj. d'outremer. Ultramarine, s. outremer, m. ULTRAMONTANE, adj. ultramontain. ULTRAMUNDANE, adj. d'une autre sphère. ULTRONEOUS, adj. spontane, volontaire. UMBEL, s. le godet des fleurs. [1 UMBER, s. le godet des fleurs. [mois. UMBER, s. terre d'ombre, f. espère de cha-UMBERED, aif, couvert, obscur, sombre. UMBILICAL, adj. du nombril, umbilical. UMBLES, s. pl. nombles d'un cerf, f. pl. Umbo, s. le nombril d'un bouclier. UMBRAGE, s. ombrage, m. ombre, f. UMBRAGEOUS, adj. qui donne de l'ombre. UMBREL, UMBRELLA, s. un parasol. UMBROSITY, s. ombre, f. ombrage, m. UMPIRAGE, s. arbitrage, m. compromis, m. UMPIRE, s. arbitre, m Un, un est une préposition négative insépa-rable, qui répond à l' in des Latins et des François ; si l'on ne trouve par dans le dé-nombrement de cet article des mots com-

poses de cette particule, il faut en chercher la signification dens leur simple.
UNABASHED, adj. qui n'a pas de houte, sun

fbomte.

UNABILITY, s. incapacité. f.

UNABLE, adj. incapable.

UNABLENESS, s. incapacité, f. [sant.]
UBACCEPTABLE, adj. désagréable, déplaiUNACCEPTED, adj. qui n'est pas reçu, refusé.
UNACCESSIBLE, adj. inaccessible. UNACCOMMODATED, adj. indigent, malaisé.
UNACCOUNTABLE, adj. inexplicable, dont on me saurait rendre raison, étrange. UNACCOUNTABLENESS, s. singularité, f. UNACCOUNTABLY, adv. etrangement. UNACCURATE, adj inexact. UNACCURATENESS, s. inexactitude, f. UNACCUSTOMED, adj. que n'est pas accoutu-UNACQUAINTANCE, s. ignorance, f. UNACQUAINTED, adj. ignore, ignorant. UNACQUAINTEDNESS, s. ignorance, f. UNACTIVE, adj. lent, paremeux, inoccupé. UNADMIRED, adj. dont on fait peu de cas. UBADVISED, adj. imprudent, indiscret. UNADVISEDLY, adv. imprudemment. UNAFFECTED, adj. naif, simple, naturel, aisé, coulant, qui n'est point ému. UNAFFECTEDLY, adv. sans affectation. UNAFFECTEDRESS, s. simplicité, f. candeur, UNAFFECTING, adj. qui n'affecte pas, fade. UNALIENABLE, adj. inaliénable. UNALLIED, adj. saus alliance, sans rapport.
UNALLOWABLE, adj. intolérable.
UNALLOWED, adj. illicite, défendu.
UNALTERABLE, adj. inaktérable, immuable.
UNALTERABLENESS, s. immutabilité, f. UNAMAZED, adj. intrepide. [stamment. UNAMAZED, adj. intrépide. [stamment. UNAMAZEDBESS, s. intrépidité, f. bravoure, UNAMENDABLE, adj. incorrigible. [f. UNAMENDABLE, adj. incorrigible. UNAMISSIBLE, adj. inamissible. UNANIMATED, adj. inanimė. UNANIMITY, s. unanimité, f. accord, m. Unanimous, adj. unanime, uni. [cert. Unanimously, adv. unanimement, de con-UNANSWERABLE, adj. sans replique. UNABSWERED, adj. reste sans replique.
UNABSWERED, adj. implacable.
UNAPPLICABLE, adj. inapplicable.
UNAPPROACHABLE, adj. inaccessible.
UNAPPROACHABLE, adj. inaccessible. UNAPPROVED, adj. desapprouvé. UNAPT, adj. incapable, inhabile. UNAPTLY, adv. maladroitement, sans habile-UNAPTRESS, s. incapacité, f. [té
UNARMED, part. adj. désarmé, sans armes. UNARTFUL, adj. sans art, sans artifice UNASSISTED, adj. sans secours, sans aide. UNASSURED, adj. incertain. UNATONED, adj. oui n'a point été expié. UNATTAINABLE, adj. hors de notre porté. UNATTEMPTED, adj. qu'on n'a point tente. UNATTENDED, adj. sans suite, neglige. UNATTENTIVE, adj. inattentif, distrait. UNAVAILABLE, UNAVAILING, adj. vain, in-UNAVOIDABLE, adj. inévitable. . UNAVOIDABLY, adv. inévitablement.. [utile. UNAUTHORIZED, adj. sans autorité. UNAWAKED, adj. tout endormi. UNAWARE, UNAWARES, adv. sams y penser, par megarde, par inadvertence. Unawed, adj. sans être intimide. Unbar, v. a. débarrer, ouvrir, UNBECOMES, adj. impudent. [decent. UNBECOMES, adj. malstant, messtant, in-Unbecomingness, c. indécence, f. UNBEGOT, UNBEGOTTEN, adj. non-engen-UNBELIEF, s. incrédulité, f. [dré, éternel. UNBELIEVER, s. un incrédule, un infidèle. UNBELIEVING, adj. infidèle, incrédule. UNBEND, v. n. débander, détendre.

UNBENEVOLENT, adj. impitoyable, dur. UNBESEEMING, adj. malseant. mes UNBESERMINGLY, adr. indecemment. UNBERMITCH, r. a. desensorceler.
UNBIASSED, adj. sans préjuge, impartial.
UNBIASSED, c. a. deiler, detacher.
UNBIAMBLE, adj. innocent, irréprochable.
UNBLEMISHED, adj. sans tache. UNBLENDED, adj. pur, qui est sans mélange. UNBLIND, v. a. rendre la vue. Unblown, adj. qui n'est pas encore éclos. Unbodied, adj. incorporel. sans corps. UNBOLT, v. a. ouvrir. UNBOOTED, adj. sans bottes, débotté. UNBORDER, v. a. déborder. Unbonn, adj. qui n'est pas encore né. Unbosom, v. a. ouvrir, confier. UNBOUGHT, adj. qu'on n'a point acheté. UNBOUND, part. adj. délié. détaché. Unbounded, adj. sans bornes, infini. UNBOWEL, v. a. éventrer. UNBRACE, v. a. délier, relâcher, déboucher. UNBREATHING, adj. inanimė. UNBRED, adj. sans ėducation, impoli. Unbridle, v. a. débrider UNBRIDLED, part. adj. débridé, effréné. UNBROKEN, adj. entier, indompté. Unbrotherly, adj. indigne d'un frère. Unbuckle, v.'a. déboucier. Unbung, v. a. débondonner, ôter le bondon. UNBURTHEN, v. a. décharger, soulager. UNBURIED, adj. sans sepulture. UNBURY, v. a. désenterrer. Unbutton, v. a. déboutonner. UNCALCINED, adj. qui n'est pas calciné. UNCAPABLE, adj. peu candide, faux. UNCAPABLE, adj. incapable, inhabile. UNCAPABLENESS, s. incapacité, f. UNCASE, v. a. tirer de l'étui, dépouiller. Uncautious, adj. inconsideré, imprudent. Uncertain, adj. incertain, douteux. UNCERTAINLY, adv. d'une manière douteuse. UNCERTAINTY, s. incertitude, f. irresolution, f. doute, f. Unchain, v. a. déchainer. Unchangeable, adj. immuable. Unchangeableness, s. immutabilité, f. UNCHANGEABLY, adv. constamment. Unchangino, adj. qui ne change point. Uncharitable, adj. qui n'est pas charita-ble, contraire à la charité. Uncharitableness, s. manque de charité, UNCHARITABLY, adv. sans charité. UNCHASTE, adj. incontinent, lascif. Unchastely, adv. impudiquement ment. Unchastity, s. incontinence, f. impudicité, UNCHEERFULNESS, s. mélancolie, f. Unchewen, adj. sans être mâché. Uncuristian, adj. peu chretien. Uncircumcised, adj. incirconcis. Uncircumcision, s. incirconcision, f. Uncircumscribed, adj. sans limites. Uncircumsprct, adj. imprudent, lascif. Uncircumspectly, adv. imprudemment. Uncivil, adj. incivil, impoli. UNCIVILIZED, adj. qui n'est pas civilisé, bar-UNCIVILLY, adv. impoliment. [bare. UNCLASP, r. a. dégraffer. Uncl. Assick, adj. qui n'est pas classique. Uncl. E, s. oncle, m. Unclean, adj. sale, mal-propre, impur, impudique, obscène. Uncleanliness, s. saleté, mal-propreté, f.

UNCLEANLY, adv. salement, mal-proprement. UNDAUNTED, adj. interpide, qui ne craint UNDAUNTEDLY, adv. hardiment. [ries. Uncluse, v. a. ouvrir. [pudicité, f. UNCLOTHE, v. a. dépouiller, ôter les habits. Uncorr, v. a. décoifier. Uncoloured, adj. qui n'est pas colore. Uncombuto, adj. mal peigne. Uncommentes, s. laideur, f. difformite, f. Uncomert, adj. de mauvaise grace. Uncomery, adv. indecemment. Uncomportable, adj. facheux, triste, malheureux, désagréable, génant. Uncomportableness, s. tristesse, f. accablement, m. désagrément, m. misère, f. Uncomportably, adv. avec desagrement, misérablement, sans aucun plaisir. Uncommon, adj. peu commun, rare, extraordinaire. Uncommonty, adv. rarement. Uncompetied, adj. volontaire. Uncomplete, adj. incomplet. UNCOMPOUNDED, adj. simple, non-compose. Unconceivable, adj. inconcevable. Unconceivableness, s. incompréhensibi-Unconcern, s. indifference, f. negligence, f. Unconcenned, adj. qui n'a sucun interet, qui n'est point emu, indifférent. Unconcernedly, adv. indifferemment. Unconcerneuness, s. indifference, f. tranquillité d'âme, f. sang froid, m. Unconclubing, Unconclusive, adj. qui ne conclut rien. Uncondition Al., adj. absolu, sans condition. Unconfined, adj. libre, illimite. Unconfirmed, adj. irresolu, qui n'est pas con-Unconformable, adj. incompatible. Unconformable, adj. irrefragable. Unconnected, adj. sans linison. ftable. Unconquerable, adj. invincible, insurmon-Unconscionable, adj. déraisonnable. Unconsidered, adj. qui n'a pas été considéré. Unconstrained, adj. libre, volontaire. Unconsumable, adj. qui ne peut être con-UNCONTESTABLE, adj. incontestable. Uncontestably, adv. incontestablement. Uncontested, adj. non contesté. Uncontrollable, adj. irresistible. Uncord, v. a. délier, détacher. Unconnect, adj. incorrect. Uncorrupt, Uncorrupted, adj. pur, sain. Uncover, c. a. découvrir. Uncourle, r. a. decoupler. UNCOURTEOUS, adj. incivil, impoli. Uncountliness, s. grossièreté, f. impolitesse, f. Uncountry, adj. impoli, incivil. Uncouth, adj. etrange, hizarre, singulier. UNCOUTHLY, adv. ctrangement. Uncouthliness, s. grossièreté, f. UNCREATED, adj. increse. Uncrown, e. a. ôter la couronne, détrôner. Unction, s. onction, f. UNCTUOSITY, s. oncluosité, f. Unctuous, adj. onclueux. UNCULPABLE, adj. innocent. UNCULTIVATED, adj. inculte. Uncumberen, adj. débarrassé, déchargé. Uncurned, adj. effrene. Uncurt, r. a. & n. défriser, se défriser. Uncustomary, adj. rare, hors d'usage. Uncur, adj. entier, qu'on n'a pas coupe.

Undauntedness, s. intrepidite, f UNDAZZLED, adj. qui n'est point ébloui. UNDECAYING, adj. durable. UNDECAYED, adj. inaltérable, estier. UNDECEIVE, v. a. detromper Undecided, adj. indécis, indéterminé. Undecisive, adj. qui n'est pas décisif. Undecked, adj. sans ordenest, mai sjusté. UNDECLINABIE, adj. indeclinable. UNDEFENDED, adj. sans défen UNDEFILED, adj. pur, sans tache. UNDEFINABLE, adj. indefinissable. UNDEFINED, adj. qui n'est pas défiguré.
UNDEFINED, adj. qui n'est pas défiguré.
UNDEFINENCE, adj. qui n'est pas défiguré.
UNDEFINENCE, adj. incontestable, évident.
UNDENIABLY, adv. incontestablement. UNDEPRAVED, adj. qui n'est pas corres Under, prep. sous, dessous, au des dessous, soumis à, dans, per, su m de, moins, à moins, moins de, avec, senf, de, à. UNDER-ACTION, c. action sebordonnée. UNDER-AGE, s. minorité, f. UNDER-BEAR, v. a. supporter. Under-Bid, v. a. mesoffrir, offrir moins. UNDERBIND, v. a. lier par dessous UNDER-BRIGADIER, s. sous-brigadier, s. UNDER-BUTLER, s. aide de som Under-Chamberlain, s. vice chamballes Under-clerk, s. sous-secretaire, ... Under-cook, s. aide de cuisine, m. & f. Underdo, v. n. agir d'une manière indigne de soi, faire moins qu'il ne faut. UNDER-FELLOW, s. un bomme de néant. UNDERGIRD, v. a. lier per-dessous. Undergirdie, e. ceintare de dessus, f. UNDERGO, v. a. souffrir, subir, essayer. UNDERGROUND, adj. souterrain. UNDERHAND, adv. sous-main, claudestine-Underhand, adj. secret, claudestin. Underlay, r. a. redresser. Underlayer, s. une claye, un ctançon. Under-Leather, s. le cuir de démous. Under-Lieutenant, s. sous-lieutenant, m. UNDER-LINE, v. a. souligner. Underling, s. un agent inferieur. UNDER-LIP, s. la levre de dessous. UNDERMINE, v. a. miner, sapper, supplemer. UNDERMINER, s. mineur, ennemi cache. UNDERMOST, adj. le plus bas. [2003. UNDERMOST, adj. le plus bas. (2003. UNDERMOSTH, ade. de prep. dessous, su des-UNDER-OFFICER, s. officier subalterne. ss. UNDER-PETTICOAT, s. jupos de des Underpin, v. a. etayer, reprendre sousœuvre. Underplot, s. un épisode, complet. Underprier, v. a. priser au demous de la valeur. · · í UNDERFROP, v. a. etayer, etançamer. Underrate, r. a. déprisor, ravaler. Under-secratary, s. sous-soustaire, a Undersell, r. a. mevendre, vendre à meilleur marché. Under-servant, s. un domestiquainferieur. Underset, c. a. supporter, metere dessous. Undersetter, s. soutien, m. sppni, m. support, se.

Under-sheriff, s. sous-sheriff, m.

cevoir.

Understand, v a. & n. comprendre. com-

Understanding, s. entendement, st. intel-

ligence, f. esprit, m. intellect, m. savoir, m. habilité, f. capacité, f. connoissance, f. correspondance, f. Understanding, adj. intelligent, éclairé. Understrapper, s. appui, m. soutien, m. Undertake, v. a. & a. entreprendre, se charger, s'engager, prendre, embrasser. UNDERTAKER, s. entrepreneur, m.
UNDERTAKING, s. entreprise, f. dessein, m. UNDER-TENANT, s. sous fermier, m. UNDER-VASSAL, s. arrière vassal, m. Underwood, s. tailis, sa. bois tailis, m. UBDERWORK, v. a. détruire, supplanter, ne pas travailler assez, laisser imparfait. UNDER-WORKMAN, s. ouvrier subalterne. UNDERWRITE, v. a. soussigner. UNDERWRITER, s. assureur, m. UNDESERVED, adj. non merite. UNDESERVING, adj. sans mérite, indigne. UNDESIGNED, adj. involontaire, sans dessein. UNDESIGNING, adj. qui agit sans dessein, bon, qui n'a point de mauvais dessein. Undestrable, adj. qui n'est pas désirable. Undeterminable, adj. interminable. UNDETERMINATE, adj. indéterminé, indécis. Undig Ested, adj. qui n'est pas digéré. Undiminished, adj. entier. [tion. Undirected, adj. sams adresse, sams instruc-UNDISCERNIBLE, adj. imperceptible. Undiscerning, adj. peu judicieux, inatten-Undisciplined, adj. indiscipline. [tif. Undiscoverable, adj. impossible à decouvrir. Undiscovered, adj. qu'on n'a pas décou-Undiscreet, adj. indiscret, imprudent. Undisguised, adj. sincère, sans déguisement. Undisputed, adj. incontestable, évident. Undissembled, adj. ouvert, sincère. Undistinguishable, adj. qu'on ne saurait [distinguer. Undisturbed, adj. calme. Undividable, adj. indivisible. [ruiner. Undo, v. a. défaire, délier, anauler, perdre, Undoing, s. ruine, f. perte, f. / Undonz, part. adj. délait, perdu, ruiné, imparfait. UNDOUBTED, adj. indubitable. [blement. Undoubtedly, adv. sans doute, indubita-UNDRESS, v. a. deshabiller. UNDRESS, s. déshabillé, m. négligé, m. Unduz, adj. indu, mauvais, mechant. Unduly, adv. d'une manière indue. UNDULATE, UNDULATED, adj. onde, fait à onde. UNDULATION, s. ondulation, f.
UNDUTEOUS, UNDUTIFUL, adj. désobéissant. UNDUTIFULLY, adv. contre le devoir. Undutirulnass, s. manque de respect, m. UNEARNED, adj. qu'on n'a point gagné.
UNEASILY, ado. avec peine, mal à son aise.
UNEASILY, ado. avec peine, f. incommodité, f. perplexité, f. chagrin, m. inquiétude, f.
UNEAST, adj. pénible, génant, fâcheux, incommode, à charge, géné.
UNEDIFYING, adj. qui n'édifie point.
UNEDIFYING, adj. ineffishle, inexprimable. UNELIGIBLE, adj. inéligible. UNEMPLOYED, adj. saus emploi, sans occu-pation, oisif, qu'on n'a pas employé. UNEMPTIABLE, adj. qu'on ne sauroit vider. UNENDOWED, adj. qui n'est pas doué. UNERGACED, adj. cui u'est point engagé.

UNENFOTED, adj. dont on n a pas joui. UNENLIGHTENED, adj. qui n'est point éclairé. UNENSLAVED, adj. libre. [sant. UNENTERTAINING, adf. qui n'est pas amu-UNEQUAL, adf. inégal, disproportionné. UNEQUALITY, s. inégalèné, f. UNEQUALITY, adv. inégalement. UNEQUALNESS, s. inégalité, f. UNEQUITABLE, adj. injuste.
UNEQUIVOCAL, adj. qui j'est point equivoque.
UNERRA BLENESS, s. infailibilité, f.
UNERRA adj. infailible, sûr. UNERRINGLY, adv. infailliblement. Unespied, adj. qui n'est pas apperçu. Unessential, adj. qui n'est pas essentiel. UNESTABLISHED, adj. qui n'est pas établi. UNEVEN, adj. inegal. UNEVENLY, adv. inegalement. UNEVENNESS, s. inegalité, f. UNEXAMPLED, adj. seas exemple. UNEXCEPTIONABLE, adj. sams replique, sams reproche. reproces.
UNESCISED, adj. qui ne paie point d'impôt.
UNEXCISED, adj. sans expérience.
UNEXHAUSTED, adj. qui n'est pas équisé.
UNEXPECTED, adj. inopiné, inattendu.
UNEXPECTEDLY, adv. inopinément, subter-UNEXPECTEDNESS, s. surpriso, f. [inent. UNEXPERIENCED, adj. sans experience. UNEXPERT, adj. qui n'est pas expert. UNEXPERT, adj. dont on n'a pas fait l'épreuve. UNEXPRESSIBLE, adj. inexprimable. UNEXTENDED, adj. inctendu. UNEXTINGUISHABLE, adj. inextinguible. UNEXTINGUISHED, adj. qui n'est pas éteint. UNFADED, adj. qui n'est pas flétri or fané. UNFADING, adj. qui n'est pas sujet à se flétrir. Unfailing, adj. sur, assure. UNFAIR, adj. injuste, deshonnete. [foi. UNFAIRLY, adv. injustement, avec mauvaise UNFAIRNESS, s. mauvaise foi, fraude, f. UNFAITHFUL, adj. infidèle, traître, déloyal. UNFAITHFULLY, adv. perfidement. UNFAITHFULNESS, s. infidelité, f. perfidie, f. Unfalsified, adj. vrai, pur, naturel.
Unfalsified, adj. anquel on n'est pas accoutumé. Unfashionable, adj. qui n'est pas à la mode. Unfashionable, adv. contre le mode. UNFASHIONED, adj. qui n'est point poli. UNFASTEN, v. a. déher, détacher, défaire. UNFATHOMABLE, adj. sans fond. UNFATHOMED, adj. sans fond, qu'on ne peut UNFAVOURABLY, adr. défavorablement. UNFEATHERED, adj. sans plumes. UNFED, adj. qui n'a point mangé.
UNFEELING, adj. insensible, dur, apathique
UNFEIGNED, adj. sincère, véritable. [fo
UNFEIGNEDLY, adv. sincèrement, de boan [foi. Unfeignedness, s. sincérité, f. bonne foi. UNFELT, adj. ne pas senti, insensible. UNFENCED, adj. sans défense. [berth UNFETTER, v. a. ôter les fers, mettre en li-UNFILIAL, adj. qui ne convient pas à un file. Unfilled, adj. qui n'est pas rempli, vide. Unfinished, adj. qui n'est pas fini. Unfin, adj. qui n'est pas propre ar convena-ble, bon or commode, incapable. Unfit, v. a. rendre incapable. Unfithy, adv. mal à propos, mal. Unfitness, s. incapacité, f. Unritting, adj. qui n'est pas convenable. Unfixed, adj. errant, qui n'est pas fixe.

Ungrateden, adj. qui n'a point encore de Ungrategue, adj. mécomoissant, iagrat, plumes. Unfolled, adj. qui n'est pas vaincu. Unfolled, v. a. deplier, étendre, ouvrir, dé-velopper, expliquer; to smfold cheep, tirer les brebis du parc. UNFORBID, UNFORBIDDEN, adj. permis. UNFOREID, ONFOREIDEN, adj. per ma.
UNFORCIBLE, adj. isns force, foible.
UNFOREIREN, adj. imprévu, inopiné.
ONFORFITED, adj. qu'on n's pas perdu.
UNFORGIVING, adj. implecable. Unrongotten, adj. memorable, digne de mémoire. [défense. Unformed, adj. informe. UNFORTIFIED, adj. sans fortification, sans UNFORTUNATE, adj. infortune, malheureux. Unfortunately, adv. malheureusement. Unframed, adj. qui n'est pas façonné. UNFREQUENT, adj. rare, extraordinaire. UNFREQUENTED, adj. qui n'est pas fréquenté. UNFREQUENTET, adv. rarement. UNFRIENDED, adj. qui manque d'anis. UNFRIENDLINESS, s. manque d'amité. UNFRIENDLY, adj. peu obligeant, indigne UNFRIENDLY, adr. d'une manière désoblige-UNFROZEN, adj. qui n'est pas gelé. [ante. UNFRUITFUL, adj. infructueux, sterile. UNPRUITFULLY, adv. infructueusement. UNFUEL, v. a. déferier, déplier. Unfurnish, v. a. dégarnir, priver, dépouil-Ungain, Ungainly, adj. maladroit; adv. maladroitement. Ungalled, adj. qui n'est point blessé. Ungarnished, adj. dégarni. Ungartered, adj. sans jarretières. Ungartered, adj. qui n'est pas encore cueilli. UNGENERATED, adj. qui n'est pas engendré. UNGENEROUS, adj. vil, lache, ignominieux. UNGENIAL, adj. mal-sain, dur, rigoureux. UNGENTEEL, adj. grossier, impoli. UNGENTEELLY, adv. d'une manière malhon-UNGENTEELNESS, s. grossièreté, f. UNGENTLE, adj. dur, rude, rigoureux. UNGENTLEMANLY, adj. malbonnête, incivil. Ungentleness, s. durete, f. severite, f. Ungently, adv. d'une manière dure. Ungild, v. a. dédorer, ôter la dorure. Ungind, v. a. ôter la ceinture, dessangler. Ungint, part. adj. sans ceinture. Ungluz, v. a. décoller, dégluer. Ungodlily, adv. d'une manière impie. Ungodiness, s. impicté, f. irréligion, f.
Ungodin, adf. impie, irréligieux.
Ungodin, adf. qui n'est pas né, qui est à naître. Ungovernable, adj. indomptable, indisciplinable, licencieux, extravagant. Ungovernableness, s. humeur indomptable. Ungoverned, adj. licencieux, effréné. Ungraceful, s. sans grace, sans élégance, désagréable, disgracieux, dégoûtant. Ungracefully, adr. de mauvaise grâce. Ungracefulness, s. mauvaise grâce. Ungracious, adj. désagréable, choquant. Ungraciousity, adv. mal, d'une manière peu hormête or peu obligeante. UNGRACIOUSNESS, s. méchanceté. f. malice, f. conduite or manière désobligeante.
UNGRAMMATICAL, adj. contraire aux règles 🖚 la grummaire.

UNGBATEFULLY, adv. avec ingratitude, desagréablement. UNGRATEFULNESS, s. ingratitude, f. UNGROUNDED, adj. sans fondement. UNGUARDED, adj. sans défense, indiscret. UNGUENT, s. onguent, m Unhandsome, adj. laid, mal-honnête. Unhandsomely, adv. de mauvaise grâce. Unhandsomeness, s. indécence, f. Unhandy, adj. mal-adroit. UNHAPPILY, adv. malbeureusement. UNHAPPINESS, s. malheur, m. infortune, f. Unhappy, adj. malheureux, misérable. Unharbour, v. a. lancer, debucher. UNHARMED, adj. sain et sauf. [innocent. UNHARMFUL, adj. qui ne fait point de mal, UNHARMONIOUS, adj. discordant. UNHARNESS, v. n. débarnacher, désarmer. Unhasp, v. a. dégraffer. Unhatched, adj. qui n'est point éclos. UNHEAUTHEUL, adj. qui n'est point éclos. UNHEAUTHFUL, adj. mal-ain, maladif. UNHEAUTHY, adj. maladif, valétudinaire. UNHEAUTHEY, adj. qu'on n'entend point. UNHEEDED, adj. peu remarquable, néglige. UNHEEDING, adj. négligent, inattentif. UNHEEDY, adj. précipité, subit, soudain. UNHEGE n. a. matire hors des conde Unhinge, v. a. mettre hors des gonds. Unholy, adj. profane, impie. Unhook, v. a. decrocher. Unhoped, Unhoped for, adj. inespere.
Unhoperu, adj. qui ne donne pas d'espe-Unhorseu, a démonter. [rance. UNHURT, adj. sain et sauf. Uniconn, s. licorne, f. Uniform, adj. uniforme, régulier, égal. Uniformitr, s. uniformité, f. conformité, f. UNIFORMLY, adv. uniformement. Unimaginable, adj. inconcevable. pes. UNINFLAMMABLE, adj. qui ne s'enfamme UNFORMED, adj. qui n'est pas formé or in-struit, sans culture, ignorant. UNIMFABITABLE, adj. inhabitable. Uninhabited, adj. inhabite, desert. UNINSTRUCTED, adj. sans instruction. UNINTELLIGIBLE, adj. desintéresse.
UNINTERESTED, adj. désintéresse.
UNINTERESTED, adj. sans interruption.
UNINVITED, adj. qui n'est point invité.
UNION, s. union, f. jonction, f. concorde, f. Unison, s. unisson, st. Unit, s. unitė, f. Unitarian, a. & s. Unitaire, m. UNITE, r. a. unir, joindre; v. n. s'unir. Unitedly, adr. avec union, de concert. Uniting, Unition, s. union, f. joucion, f. UNITY, s. unité, f. union, f. accord, sa. UNIVERSAL, adj. universel, général, total. UNIVERSALITY, s. universalité, f. généralité, UNIVERSALLY, adv. universellement. [f. UNIVERSE. s. l'univers, le monde entier, la [terre. UNIVERSITY, s. une université. UNJUST, adj. injuste, inique. [ble. UNJUSTIFIABLE, adj. sans excuse, inexcusa-Unjustifiably, adv. d'une manière inexcu-UNJUSTLY, adv. injustement. [sable.
UNKENNEL, v. a. déterrer, faire sortir de son
UNKIND, adj. désobligéant. [trea.
UNKINDLY, adj. dénauré, méchant. UNKINDLY, adv. mal, durement. Nonté. UNKINDNESS, s. mechancete, f. mauvaise vo-UNKING, v. a. détrôner, déposer un roi. UNKNIT, v. a. dénouer, défaire.

UNEROWABLE, adj. qu'on ne peut savoir.
UNEROWING, adj. ignorant. [ramment.
UNEROWINGLE, adv. sans le savoir, igno-UNEROWI, adj. inconnu, à l'insçu.
UNLACE, v. a. délier. délacer. [ramment. UNLAMENTED, adj. qu'on ne regrette pas. UNLATCH, n. a. ouvrir, lever le loquet. UNLAWFUL, adj. illicite, illegitime. [ment. UNLAWFULLY, adv. illicitement, illegitime-UNLEARN, v. a. désapprendre, oublier. UNLEARNED, adj. sans lettres, ignorant. URLEAVERD, adj. sans levain.
URLES, cosj. à moins que, si ce n'est que.
URLES, cosj. à moins que, si ce n'est que.
URLETTERD, adj. sans lettres, non-lettré.
URLEVELLED, adj. inègal, raboteux. UNLICENSED, adj. qui n'a pas la permission.
UNLICENSED, adj. qui n'est pas allumé.
UNLIKE, adj. différent, improbable. Unlikelihood, Unlikeliness, s. manque de vraisemblance, m UELIEELY, adj. improbable, sans apparence; ado. sans apparence. Unlimmess, s. différence, f. diversité, f. UNLIMITABLE, adj. immense. [terminé. UNLIMITED, adj. illimité, sans bornes, indé-UNLOAD, v. a. décharger, soulager, allèger. UNLOCK, v. a. ouvrir. UNLOUE, v. a. ouvrir.
UNLOUED FOR, adj. inopinc.
UNLOUED, v. a. delier, denouer, defaire.
UNLOUELINESS, s. desagrément.
UNLOUELY, adj. desagréable.
[heur.
UNLUUELLY, adv. malbeureusement, par mal-UNLUCEIBESS, s. malheur, ss. infortune, f.
UNLUCEY, adj. malheureux, infortune, sinistre, malin, nuisible, mauvau.
UNLUTE, v. a. déluter, ôter de lut. Unnade, adj. qui n'est pas encore fait. Unname, v. a. défaire, anéantir. Unnan, v. a. dégrader, ravaler, châtrer, esseminer; to unman a ship, desarmer un UNMANAGEABLE, adj. difficile à conduire. UNMANLIKE, UNMANLY, adj. indigne d'un homme, effeminé. Unmannereliness, s. incivilité, f. malhon-UNMANNERLY, adf. incivilite, f. malhon-UNMANNERLY, adf. incivil. [nêteté, f. UNMANURED, adf. qui n'est pas cultivé, in-UNMARKED, adf. qui n'est pas marqué. UNMARKED, adf. non-marié. UNMARKED, adf. non-marié. UNMASK, v. a. de m. démasquer, se démas-UNMASK, v. a. demater. INMASK, p. a. de m. démasquer, se démas-UNMASK, v. a. demater. UNMASTERABLE, adj. indomptable.
UNMASTERED, adj. indompte.
UNMATCHED, adj. sans egal. UNMEANING, adj. qui n' a sucun sens. UNNEASURABLE, adj. immense. Unneasurableness, s. immensité, f. UNMEASURABLY, adv. démésurément.
UNMEASURED, adj. qui n'est pas mésuré.
UNMEET, adj. impropre, mai-à-propos.
(INMELTED, adj. qui n'est pas fondu. UNMENTIONED, adj. dont on n'a pas fait UNMERCIPUL, adj. impitoyable. [mention. UNMERCIFUL, adj. impitoyable. UNMERCIFULLY, adv. sans pitie. Unmencipulness, s. cruauté, f. inhumanité, UNMINDED, adj. neglige, dont on fait peu UNMINDED, adj. neglige. dont on fait peu UNMINDED, adj. negligent. [de cas. UNMINDFULNESS, s. negligence. f. UNMINGLED, adj. pur, sans alliage. Unmixed, Unmixe, adj. simple, pur. Unnolested, adj. qui n'est pas molesté c. Unnoon, c. a. démarrer. [inquiété.

UNNOVEABLENESS, s. fermett, f. stabilité, f.
UNNOVEABLY, adv. d'une manière ferme.
UNNOVEABLY, adv. d'une manière ferme.
UNNOVED, adj. immobile, ému or affecté. UNMUFFLE, v. a. découvrir le visage, désaf-Unmusical, adj. discordant. [fubler. Unnatural, adj. contre nature, dénaturé. UNNATURALLY, adv. contre nature. Unnaturalness, s. humeur dénaturée. UNNAVIGABLE, *adj.* qui n'est pas navigable. UNNECESSARILY, adv. sans nécessité, isutilement. UNNECESSARY, UNNEEDFUL, adj. inutile. Unvelghbounty, adj. desobligeant. Unnoticed, adj. pas observé. Unnumbered, adj. innombrable Unobservable, *adj.* imperceptible. Unobservant, Unobserving, *adj.* négligent. Unobserved, adj. qu'on n'apperçoit pes, sans être appercu or régardé UNOBSTRUCTED, adj. qui n'est pas empéché. UNOCCUPIED, adf. sans possesseur, sans mal-UNOFFENDING, adf. innocent. [tre. UNOFFENDING, ads. sans opposition. UNOFFENDING, adj. desortionné, confus. UNDRAGNIZED, adj. qui n'est pas organisé.
UNDRAGNIZED, adj. qui n'est pas organisé.
UNDRAGN, v. a. dépaqueter, ouvrir un paquet.
UNDRAGNIZED, adj. degoûtant. [égal.
UNDRAGNIZED, adj. incomparable, sans
UNDRAEDONAELE, adj. imperdonnable.
UNDRAEDONAELE, adj. inperdonnable. UNPARDONED, adj. qui n'est point pardonne. UNPARLIAMENTARY, adj. contraire aux règles et aux formes parlementaires.

UNPARTABLE, adj. inséparable, indivisible.

UNPARTABLE, adj. impraicable.

UNPARSABLE, adj. impraicable. UNPASSIONATE, adj. sans passion, tranquille. UNPEACEABLY, adv. dans le désordre. Unpeg, v. a. ôter la cheville. UNPROPLE, v. a. dépeupler. UNPEROPLE, v. a. depeupler.
UNPERCEIVABLE, adj. imperceptible.
UNPERCEIVABLY, adv. imperceptiblement.
UNPERCEIVED, adj. pas apperçu.
UNPERFORMED, adj. qu'on n'a pas fait.
UNPERISHABLE, adj. non-périssable. [sou.
UNPILLOSOPHICAL, adj. contraire à la ratUNPIN, v. a. défaire, dégraffer, dervousser.
UNPINIONED, adj. dont les bras sont déliés.
UNPITIED, adj. pour qui on n'a point de com-UNPITIFULLY, adv. sans pitie. [passion. Unplait, v. a. deplisser. [probable, Unplaiting adj. peu vraisemblable, im-Unpleasant, adj. deplissant, désagréable. UNPLEASANTLY, adv. desagréablement. UNPLEASANTNESS, s. désagrément, m. UNPLIANT, adj. difficile à plier, inflexible. UNPLIANTNESS, s. inflexibilité, f. UNPOLISHED, adj. raboteux, grossier, impoli. UNPOLITE, adj. grossier, incivil, impoli. UNPOLITENESS, s. impolicesse, f. grossièreté. Unpolluted, adj. qui n'est pas souillé. [f. Unpopular, adj. qui n'est pas populaire. Unpractised, adj. qui n'est pas versé or expérimenté, qui n'est pas en usage. UNPRECEDENTED, adj. sans exemple. UNPREJUDICED, adj. sans prejugés. UNPREMEDITATED, adj. qui n'est pas prémédité. Unprepared, adj. sens préparation. UNPRESSED, adj. qui n'a pas été presse. Unpretended to, adj. a quoi l'on me pretend point.

Unrepenting, adj. nonrepentant, qui ne se

repent point, impénitent.

Unprevailing, adj. qui est sans force. Unprofitable, adj. inutile, vain. UNPROFITABLENESS, s. inutilité, f.
UNPROFITABLY, adv. inutilement, sans profit. Unprolifice, adj. stèrile.
Unprolifice, adj. qui ne promet rien de
bon, qui ne donne pas grande espérance.
Unpropitious, adj. sinistre, peu favorable. UNPROPORTIONABLE, UNPROPORTIONED, adj. qui n'est pas proportionné, sans proportion. UNPROPORTIONABLY, adv. sans proportion. Unprosperous, adj. malheureux. Unprosperously, adv. malheureusement. Unprotected, adj. sans protection. Unproved, adj. pas prouve. Unprovided, part. adj. dépourvu, dénué. Unprovident, adj. imprudent. Unprovidently, adv. imprudemment. Unprovoked, adj. sans être défié. Unpublished, adj. qui n'est pas publié, secret, caché. Unpunished, adj. impuni. [propre. UNQUALIFIED, adj. incapable, qui n'est pas UNQUENCHABLE, adj. inextinguible. Unquenched, adj. qui n'est point éteint. Unquestionable, adj. indubitable. UNQUESTIONABLY, adv. indubitablement.
UNQUESTIONED, adj. incontestable, reconnu.
UNQUIENED, adj. qui n'est point animé.
UNQUIEN, adj. agité, inquiet, troublé. UNQUIETLY, adv. avec inquiétude. Unoutetness, s. inquietude, f. Unracked, adj. qui n'est pas soutiré. UNRANSOMED, adj. qui n'est point racheté. UNRATED, adj. non-tarifé, pas spécifié.
UNRAVEL, v. a. effiler, defaire le tissu, défricher, débrouiller, démêler, dénouer; v. n. s'effiler, se défaire. UNREAD, adj. pas lu, non-lettre. UNREASONABLE, adj. deraisonnable, exorbi-UNREASONABLENESS, s. injustice, f. UNREASONABLY, adv. déraisonnablement. UNREBUEABLE, adj. irrépréhensible. UNREBUEED, adj. qu'on n'a point repris. UNRECALLABLE, adj. irrevocable. UNRECLAIMED, adj. incorrigible. UNRECOMPENSED, adj. sans recompense. UNRECONCILEABLE, adj. implacable. Unreconciled, adj. qui n'est pas reconcilié. UNRECOVERABLE, adj. irreparable. Unrecovered, adj. qu'on n'a pas recouvré. UNREDEEMED, adj. non racheté. UNREDUCED, adj. qu'on n'a pas réduit or UNREFORMABLE, adj. incorrigible, obstiné. UNREFORMED, adj. qui n'est pas reformé. UNREFRESHED, adj. pas soulage. UNREGARDED, adj. neglige, meprise. Unregardful, adj. negligent. Unrelenting, adj. impitoyable, inexorable, inflexible. UNRELIEVABLE, adj. sans ressource. UNRELIEVED, adj. qui n'est pas secouru. UNREMITTED, adj. qui n'a pas été pardonné or remis, continuel, sans relâche. UNREMOVABLE, adj. inamovible. UNREMOVED, adj. qu'on n'a point déplacé. UNREPAID, adj. sans recompense. UNREPAIRED, adj. qui n'est point réparé. UNREPARABLE, adj. irréparable. UNREPEALABLE, adj. irrevocable. UNREPEALED, adj. qui u'a point été révoque or abrogé.

repent point, impenient.
UNREPINING, adj. qui ne se plaint point.
UNREPROVABLE, adj. irrépréhensible.
UNREPROVABLE, adj. sans réproche.
UNREQUITED, adj. sans réserve, auvert.
UNRESERVED, adj. sans réserve, ouvert. UNRESERVEDLY, adv. sans reserve. UNRESOLVED, adj. indéterminé, irrésolu. Unrespectful, adj. incivil, irreverent. Unrest, s. inquietude. Unrestored, adj. qu'on n'a point rendu. Unrestrained, adj. sans contrainte. Unrevealed, adj. qui n'a point été révélé. UNREVENGED, adj. dont on me s'est point vengė. UNREWARDED, adj. sans recompense. UNRIDDLE, v. a. expliquer, résoudre. UNRIG, v. a. défuner, dépouiller. UNRIGHTEOUS, adj. injuste, inique. UNRIGHTEOUSLY, adv. injustement. Unright Eousness, s. injustice, f. iniquité Unnightful, adj. injuste, inique. Unning, v. a. déboucler. UNRIP, v. a. ouvrir, découdre ; v. n. se décou Unripe, Unripened, adj.qui n'est pas mir. UNBIVALLED, adj. sans rival. UNROL, v. a. dérouler, déplier. Unroost, v. a. déjucher, dénicher. Unruffled, adj. calme, tranquille. Unnulily, adv. en mutin, en revêche. UNRULINESS, s. emportement, m. UNRULY, adj. revêche, matin, indomptable, dérègle, effréné, fougueux. UNSADDLE, v. a. desseller, ôter la selle. UNSAFELY, ady. dangereux, qui n'est pas sir.
UNSAFELY, adv. dangereusement.
UNSALEABLE, ady. qu'on ne sauroit vendre. Unsatted, adj. qui n'a pas èté salé. Unsanctifien, adj. qui n'est pas sancifié. Unsatisfactory, adj. qui ne satisfait pas. Unsatisfiable, adj. qui ne sauroit salis UNSAYOURINESS, s. insipidité, f, goût fade, f.
UNSAYOURY, adj. fade, insipide.
UNSCREENED Unscreened, adj. sans défense. [sainte. Unscriptural, adj. contraire à l'écriture Unscrew, v. a, défaire la vis. Unseal, v. a. décacheter. Unsean, v. a. découdre. [préhensible. Unsearchable, adj. impénétrable, incom-Unsearchableness, s. incompréhensibili-UNSRASONABLE, adj. hors de saison. [te, f. Unsrasonably, adv. à contre-tems. Unseasoned, adj. qui n'est pas assaisonné. Unseconder, adj. qui n'est pas seconde. Unseemliness, s. indécence, f. Unseemly, adj. indécent, messéant. Unseemly, adv. indecemment. Unseen, adj. invisible, sans être vu. Unserviceable, adj. inutile. Unserviceably, adv. inutilement. Unsettle, v. a. rendre incertain, déplacer Unsettled, adj. irresolu, incertain, incom stant, volage, qui n'est pas rassis or reposé. Unsetti edness, s. irresolution. Unshackle, v. a. dechaîner. [ombrage. Unshaded, adj. decouvert, qui n'est point Unsharen, adj. ferme, inebranlable. Unsharen, adj. difforme. Unsharen, udj. difforme. Unsharen, Unsharen, adj. qui n'est pas Unsharen, c. a. degainer, tirer du fourren. Unsheltered, adj. expose, saus défense. Unsuip, c. a. debarquer.

USSHOD, adj. sans souliers, déchaussé, dé-UNSHOE, v. a. déferrer (un cheyal.) [ferré. UNSHOEN, adj. qui n'est pas termé, ouvert. UNSHUT, adj. qui n'est pas fermé, ouvert. UNTE, v. a. délier, détacher, dénouer, dé-Unsightly, adj. désagréable à la vue, laid. Unskilrul, Unskilled, adj. inhabile. Unskillully, adv. mal-adroitement. Unskilfulness, s. mal-adresse, f. UNSLAKED, adj. qui n'est pas éteint. UNSOCIABLE, adj. insociable. Unsociable ness, s. humeur insociable, f. Unsonden, adj. qui n'est pas bouilli.
Unsonden, adj. net, propre, qui n'est pas sali.
Unsonden, qui n'est pas vendu, invendu.
Unsonden, v. a. dessouder, ôter la soudure.
Unsonden, p. a. dessouder, ôter la soudure. Unsolu, v. a. dessoler, ôter la semelle. Unsolid, adj. qui n'est pas solide, fluide. Unsolicited, adj. sans être sollicite. Unsolicitous, adj. tranquille, indifferent. Unsolved, adj. reste sons solution. Unsought, adj. qu'on n'a pas recherché. Unsound, adj. qui n'est pas sain, maladif, corrompu, gâté, vicié, vicieux, méchant. Unsounders, s. corruption, f. vice, m. Unsown, adj. qu'on n'a pas semé. UNSPEAKABLE, adj. inexprimable. [mable. UNSPERMABLY, adj. inexprimane. Induse. UNSPERMABLY, adj. d'une manière inexpri-UNSPECIFIED, adj. qui n'a pas été spécifié. UNSPOTTED, adj. sans tache. UNSTAINED, adj. sans tache, qui n'est pas UNSTAINED, adj. sans tache, qui n'est pas UNSTAINED, adr. légèrement. Unstradiness, s. inconstance, f. legèreté, f. Unsteady, adj. inconstant, lèger.
Unstered, adj. qui n'est point remué.
Unstop, v. a. déboucher, ouvrir. Unstring, v. a. délier, relacher, détandre. Unstuffed, Unstuff, adj. qui n'est pas Unsubdued, adj. indompté. [farci. Unsuccessful, adj. qui n'a pas reussi, sans anccès. Unsuccessfully, adv. sans succès. Unsuccessfulness, s. mauvais succès. Unsufficient, adj. insuffisant, incapable. UnsulTable, adj. qui n'est pas convenable. Unsuitableness, s. disconvenance, f. UNSULLIED, adj. qui n'est pas sali. UNSUPPLIED, adj. qui n'est pas fourni. UNSURMOUNTABLE, adj. insurmontable. UNSUSPECTED, adj. pas suspect. UNSWATHE, v. a. demaillotter, Unsworn, adj. qui n'a pas prêté serment. Untainted, adj. sans tache, sans corruption, qui n'est pas corrompu. UNTAMEABLE, adj. indomptable. UNTAMED, adj. indompte. Untangle, v. a. débarrasser. UNTASTED, adj. qu'on n'a pas goûté or touché. UNTATOHT, adj. qui n'a pas été enseigné. UNTEACHABLE, adj. indocile, qui ne veut point apprendre. UNTEAM, v. a. dételer. [défense. USTERABLE, adj. qui n'est pas tenable, sans UNTERARTED, adj. sans tenancier. UNTHANKFUL, adj. ingrat, qui n'est pas reconnoissant. Unthankfully, adv. sans reconnoissance. Unthankfulness, s. ingratiude, f. Unthankfu, adj. qui n'est pas dégelé. Unthankfo, adj. indiscret, sans prévo-yance, qui ne réfléchit point. UNTHOUGHT OF, adj. à quoi on ne pense pas,

UNTERRAD, v. a. defiler.

Until, prep. jusqu'à ce que. Untile, r. a. découvrir (une maison.) [faire. UNTILLED, adj. inculte, en friche. UNTIMELY, adj. fait à contre tems, déplacé, hâtif, précoce, précipité, prématuré. UNTIMELY, adv. avant le tems. UNTIRED, adj. qui n'est pas las or fatigue. UNTO, prep. à, au, aux. [pas compt Unto, prep. a, au, aux. [pas compté, Untold, adj. qui n'a pas été dit, qu'on n'a UNTOUCHED, adj. intact, qui n'est point touché *or* ému. Untoward, adj. méchant, opiniâtre, facheux, indocile, mal-adroit, sinistre. UNTOWARDLY, adv. mechamment. UNTRACTABLE, adj. intraitable, reveche. UNTRACTABLENESS, s. indocilité, f. [ré. UNTRIED, adj. qu'on n'a point encore éprou-UNTRIMMED, adj. qui n'est point orné. UNTROUBLED, adj. qui n'est point troublé. ... UNTRUE, adj. faux, infidèle, perfide. UNTRULY, adv. faussement. Untruss, v. a. détacher. [reur, f. UNTRUTH, s. faussete, f. mensonge, m. er-UNTUCK, v. a. detrousser. UNTUNABLE, adj. discordant. UNTUNE, v. a. desaccorder, deranger. UNTURNED, adj. qui n'est pas tourné. UNTUTORED, adj. mal éduqué, mal-élevé. UNTWINE, UNTWIST, v. a. détordre, défiler. Ununiform, adj. irrégulier. Unusual, adj. rare, extraordinaire. UNUSUALLY, adv. rarement. Unusualness, s. pareté, f. UNUTTERABLE, adj. inexprimable, inessable. UNVAIL, v. a. devoiler, ouer le voile. UNVALUABLE, adj. inestimable, sans prix. UNVANQUISHED, adj. indompté. UNVARIABLE, adj. invariable. Unvariableness, s. immutabilité, f. UNVARIABLY, adv. invariablement. UNVARIED, adj. uniforme. UNVEIL, v. a. dévoiler, découvrir. UNANGERED, adj. qui n'est pas èveillé. UNWARILY, adv. imprudemment, sans pré-caution, inconsidérément, par mégarde. UNWARINESS, s. imprudence, f. UNWARNED, adj. qu'on n'a point averti. UNWARRANTABLE, adj. inexcusable. Unwarranted, adj. incertain, qu'on peut pas assurer. Unwary, adj. imprudent. [lavé. Unwashed, Unwashed, Unwashen, adj. qui n'est point Unwasted, adj. qui n'est pas consumé.
Unwasted, adj. qui n'est point arrosé; qui
n'est pas ondé.
[fatigable. UNWEARED, adj. qui n'est point fatigué, in-UNWEAVE, v. a. effiler, défaire le tissu. UNWELCOME, adj. qui n'est pas bien-venq, désagrichle incompade desagreable, incommode. [sam UNWHOLESOME, adj. mal-sáin, contraire à la Unwholesomeness, s. qualité mal-saine. Unwieldily, adv. pesamment, lourdement. Unwieldliness, s. pesanteur, f. Unwieldy, adj. lourd, pesant. Unwieling, adj. qui ne veut point. Un willingly, adv. à regret, à contre-cœur. Unwillingness, s. répugnance, f. Unwind, v. a. débrouiller, démèler. [inopine. || Unwisz, adj. imprudent, mal avise, fou.

UNWISELY, adv. imprudemment, follement.
UNWISEED, adj. qu'on ne souhaite pas.

UNWISEED, adj. qu'on ne souhaite pas. Unwished, adf. qu'on ne souhaite pas. Unwittingly, adr. sans savoir, sans y pen-Unwitty, adj. sans esprit, sot. Unwonted, adj. inaccoutume, rare. UNWORTHILY, adv. indignement. Unworthiness, s. indignité, f. bassesse, f. Unworthy, adj. indigne, qui ne mérite pas, qui n'est pas digne, sans mérite. Unwound, part. adj. débrouillé, démêlé. UNWOUNDED, adj. sans blessure. Unwoven, part. adj. effilé, défait, qui n'est Unwan, v. a. développer. [pas tissu. UNWRAP, v. a. développer. [pas tis UNWREATH, UNWRING, v. a. détordre. UNWRINKLE, v. a. dérider, ôter les rides. Unwritten, adj. qui n'est pas écrit. UNWROUGHT, adj. qui n'est pas travaillé. UNVIELDING, adj. qui ne cède point, inflexi-UNYONE, v. a. délivrer du joug. [ble. UP, adv. en haut, debout, sur pied. Up and down, ca et la, de tous côtes, par tout. Up to, jusqu'à, à. UP, prep. au haut, au, sur. UPBEAR, v. a. soutenir. UPBRAID, r. a. insulter, reprocher. UPBRAIDINGLY, adv. avec reproche. UPHELD, part. adj. soutenu, supporte, pro-UPHILL, adj. difficile, pénible. [tegé. UPHOLD, v. a. lever en haut, soutenir. UPHOLDER, s. appui, m. soutien, m. parti-sau, m. entrepreneur, m. tapissier, m. UPHOLSTERER, s. un tapissier. UPOR, prep. sur, dessus, joignant, environ, tout proche, vers, à par, en, de.
UPPER, adj. haut, supérieur, de dessus.
UPPER-HAND, s. le dessus, l'avantage, m. UPPERMOST, adj. le plus haut, le plus élevé. UPPEAR, v. a. élever. (boune foi. (boune foi. UPRIGHT, adj. droit, tout droit, honnête, de UPRIGHT, s. élevation, f. UPRIGHTLY, adv. de bonne foi, perpendicu-UPRIGHTNESS, s. élevation perpendiculaire, f. rectitude, f. équité, f. sincérité, f. bonne UPRISE and UPRISING, s. lever, m. [foi. I) PROAR, s. tumulte, m. vacarme, m.
UPSROT, e. conclusion, f. fin, f. dernier ré-UPSITING, s. relevailles, f. pl. [sultat, m.
UPSTARTING, adj. hérissé, dressé. UPSIDE-DOWF, adv. sens dessus-dessous. UPSTART, s. un parvenu, un gueux revetu. UPWARD, UPWARDS, adv. en haut, par haut, vers, plus, davantage, au dela. URBANITY, s. urbanite, f. civilite, f. Unchin, s. un herisson, un mechant enfant. URETHRA, s. ureue, m. [ser, provoquer. URGE, v. a. presser, sollieiter, exciter, pous-Ungency, s. nécessité urgente. URGENT, adj. urgent, pressant. URGENTLY, adv. instamment, avec instance. URGER, s. un importun. URINE, s. urine, f. ; v. n. uriner, pisser. URN, s. urne, f. vase, m. Us, pron. nous. USAGE, s. usage, m. coutume, f. habitude, f. USANCE, s. usage, m. interet. m. usance. Usr. s. usage, m. emploi. m. avantage, m utilité, f. profit, m. pratique, f. exercise, f. habitude, f. intérêt, m. Usz, v. a. user, se servir, employer, faire, consommer, traiter, en user, en agir, frequenter, habituer, accoutumer, former, idresser; v. n. être accoutume, avoir coutume.

ci, fait, dressé, formé. Useful, adj. utile, avantageux, profitable. USEFULLY, adv. utilement, avantageuse-Userulness, s. utilité, f. profit, m. usage, m. Useress, adj. inutile. [avantage, m. USELESSLY, adr. inutilement. Usulessness, s. inutilité, f. USER, s. celui qui fait usage, qui use. USHER, s. ecuyer, m. un sous-maître. USHER, v. a. introduire, annoncer. USING, s. usage, m. l'action d'user. Usquebac, m. cau de vie, f. Usual, adj. usuel, ordinaire, accoutume. Usually, adv. ordinairement, communé. Usualness, s. habitude, f. fréquence, f. Usunen, s. un usurier, une usurière. Usurer, s. un usurier, un Usurious, adj. usuraire, intéremé. Usurp, v. a. usurper. Usurparion, s. usurpation, f. Usurpar, s. un usurpateur, une usurpatrice. Usury, s. usure, f. Utensil, s. ustensile, m. UTERUS, s. la matrice. UTILITY, s. utilité, f. avantage, m. profit, m. UTIMOST, adj. dernier, le plus reculé. UTIMOST, s. Pextrème, le plus haut dégré, tout le possible. UTTER, adj. extérieur, de dehors, entier. UTTER, va. connect. proferer, exprimer.
UTTERANCE, s. prononciation, f. clocation, f.
outrance, f. debit, m. vente, f.
UTTERLY, ado. emiterement.
UTTERLY, ado. emiterement.
UTTERROST. See Utmost. Uxorious, adj. esclave de sa ferame.

VACANCY, s. vide, m. vacance, f. VACANT, adj. vide, vacant. VACATE, v. a. vider, quitter, casser, annul VACATION, s. vacations or vacances, f. pl. VACUITY, VACUUM, s. vide, m. vacance, f. Vacuous, adj. vide. VAGAROND, s. un vagabond : adj. errant. VAGARY, s. fantaisie, f. boutade, f. VAGRANCY, s. vie errante, fainéantise, f. VAGRANT, adj. & s. vagabond. VAGUE, adj. vague, errant, indéterminé. VAIL or VEIL, a. voile, m. VAIL, r. a. laisser tomber, voiler, couvrir. VAIN. adj. vain, inutile, frivole, organilleux. VAINLY, adv. en vaiu, vainement. VAINNESS, s. vanité, VALE, s. vallee, f. VALEDICTORY, adj. de congé. VALENTINE, s. valentin, m. un amant. VALERIAN, s. valeriane, f. VALET, s. un valet. VALETUDIBARY, odj. Valetudinarian, valétudinaire, maladif. Valiant, adj. vaillant, brave, conragenz. VALIANTLY, adv. vaillamment, avec courage. VALID, adj. bon, valide, valable. VALIDATE, v. a. valider, rendre valide. VALIDATING, VALIDATION, s. validation, f. VALIDITY,'s. validité, f. VALIEV. s. vallee. f. E VALOROUS. adj. coursgeux.

VALOUR, s. valeur, f. bravoure, f. courage, VELOCITY, s. velocité, f. vitesse, f. rapudité, f. VALUABLE, adj. précieux, estimable. [ss. VELVET, s. veloure, ss.; adj. de volours. VALUATION, s. évaluation, f. estimation, f. VELVET-LIEE, adj. veloure. VALUATOR, s. estimateur, m. appréciateur, m. VALUE, s. prix, m. valeur, f. estime, f. VALUE, v. a. évaluer, estimer, apprécier, VALUER, s. appréciateur, m. [pr. VALUER, s. evaluation, f. estimation, f. [priser. $\mathbf{V}_{\mathbf{ALVE}}$, s. valvule, f. VAMP, s. empeigne, f., v. a. raccommoder. VAMPLATE, s. gantelet, m. VAN, s. avant-garde, f. un van, un éventail. VANE, s. une girouette, un temple. VANILLA, s. vanille, f. Vanish, v. s. disparoître, s'évanoujr. Vasity, s. vanité, f. futilité, f. ostentation, f. VANQUISH, r. a. vaincre, dompter. VANQUISHER, s. vanqueur, m. conquerant, m VAPID, adj. éventé. VAPIDHESS, s. fadeur, f. état de ce qui est VAPOUR, s. vapeur, f. exhalation, f. VAPOUR, v. a. & n. s'évaporer, faire le fier. VARIABLE, adj. variable, changeant. [f. VARIABLENESS, s. variation, f. inconstance, VARIABLY, adv. d'une manière changeante. VARIANCE, s. dispute, f. querelle, f. VARIATION, s. variation, f. changement, m. VARIEGATE, v. a. bigarrer. VARIETY, s. variété, f. diversité, f. VARIOUS, adf. divers, différent, variable. VARIOUSLY, adv. diversement, differemment. VARLET, s. un drôle, un faquin, un gueux. VARLETRY, s. vile populace, la canaille. VARNISH, s. vernis, m VARNISH, v. a. vernir, vernisser, colorer. VARNISHER, s. vernisseur, m. VARNISHING, s. vernis, m. couleur, f. fard, VARY, v. a. & n. varier, changer. VASE, s. vase, m. VASSAL, s. vassal, m VASSALAGE, s. vasselage, m. VAST, adj. vaste, grand, immense. VASTATION, s. dévastation, f. désolation, f. VASTLY, adv. fort, excessivement. VASTRESS, s. grande étendue, immensité, f. VAT, s. une cuve, une éclisse. VAULT, s. une voûte, une cave, une caverne. un tombeau, les lieux, le privé. VAULT, n. a. voûter ; v. n. voltiger. VAULTER, s. sauteur, m. voltigeur, m VAULTING, s. volte, f. l'action de voûter. VAUNT, v. n. se vanter, se glorifier. VAUNT, s. ostentation, f. parade, f. vanité, f. VAUNTER, s. vanteur, m. glorieux. VAUNTING, s. ostentation, f. parade, f. VAUNTINGLY, adv. avec ostentation. VEAL, s. veau, m. chair de veau, f. VEER, v. a. & n. tourner, changer. VEGETABLE, adj. vegetable. VEGETABLE, s. vegetable, m. plante, f. VEGETATE, v. n. vegeter. VEGETATION, s. végétation, f. VEGETATIVE, adj. végétatif. VERENENCE, VERENENCY, s. impétuosité, véhémence. VEHEMENT, adj. véhément, impétueux. VEHEMENTLY, adv. avec vehemence. VEHICLE, s. voiture, f. véhicule, f. VEIL, s. voile, m. prétexte, m. couleur, f. VEIL, v. a. veiler, déguiser, envelopper. $\nabla \mathbf{z}_{1}\mathbf{z}$, s. veine, f. VEIN, v. a. jasper, marbrer. VEINY, adj. veineux. Vellum, s. vélin, m.

VELVET-MAKER, s. veloutier, m. VENAL, edj. vénal, mercénaire, contenu. VENALITY, s. vénalité, f. VEND, v. a. vendre, débiter. VENDEE, s. l'acheteur, m. VENDER, s. le vendeur. [bien. VENDIELE, adj. qui est à vendre, qui se vend VENDINES, as, qui est a venure, qui se venu VENDINES, e vente, f. débit, st. VENERR, v. a. revétir, garnir en bois, pla-VENERABLE, adj. vénimeux, vénémeux. VENERABLE, adj. vénérable. Venerably, adv. d'une manière vénérable. VENERATE, v. a. venerer, reverer, respecter. VERERATION, s. vénération, f. respect, m. VENERATOR, s. celui qui révère. VENEREAL, adj. vénérien, de l'amour. VENERY, s. la chasse, vénérie, f. le plaisir VENGE, v. a. venger, punir. [de l'amour, VERGE, v. a. venger, punir. VERGEABLE, adj. vindicatif. VENGEABLE, and Vinnetall.
VENGEACCE, s. vengeance, f.
VENGEFUL, adj. vindicatif.
VENIABLE, VENIAL, adj. pardonnable, véVENIALNESS, s. qualité vénielle.
VENISON, s. gibier, m. venaison, f. Venom, s. venin, m. poison, m. Venomous, adj. vénimeux, vénéneux. Venomously, adv. d'une manière vénineuse, VENOMOUSEESS, s. venin, m.
VENT, s. veni, m. issue, f. passage, m. sou-pirail, m. lumière, f. un puits.
VENT, v. a. donner issue, exhaler, faire éclater, déclarer, éventer, découvris, publier, divulguer, vendre ; v. a. flairer, sentir. VENTER, s. ventre, m. VENTILATE, v. a. éventer, vanner, ventiler. VENTILATION, s. ventilation, f. VENTILATOR, s. ventilateur, VENTRICLE, s. le ventricule, l'estomac, et. VENTURE, s. aventure, f. hasard, m. VENTURE, v. a. aventurer, risquer, hasarder; v. m. s'aventurer, se hasarder, oser; to venture at, on or upon, s'engager dans. VENTURER, s. celui qui aventure. [deux. VENTUROUS, VENTURESOME, adj. hasar-VENTUROUSLY, adv. à l'aventure. Venturousness, s. hardiesse, f. VENUS, s. Venus, f. VERACITY, s. veracité, f. vérité morale. VERBAL, adj. verbal, de bouche, littéral, dé-[rivé d'un verbe. VERBALITY, s. de veins sons, du verbiage, m. VERBALLY, adv. verbalement, de bouche VERBATIM, adv. mot pour mot, mot-à-mot. VERBOSE, adj. verbeux, diffus, long. VERBOSITY, s. babil, m. beaucoup de paroles. VERDANT, asj. verdoyant, qui verdit. VERDICT, s. rapport, m. reponse des jures, f. jugement, m. sentiment, m. VERDIGRISE, s. verd de gris, m. verdet, m. VERDURE, s. verdure. VERDUROUS, adj. verd, couvert de verdure. VERGE, s. verge, f. baguette, f. ressort, m. VERGE, v. a. tendre, incliner, pencher. VERGER, s. sergent à verge, m. huissier, m. VERIFICATION, s. vérification, f. preuve, f.. VERIFYIRO, s. vérification, f. preuve, f. VERIFYIRO, s. vérification, f. preuve, f. VERILY, adv. en vérité, vraimen VERISIMILAR, adj. vraisemblable. Verisimilitude, s. vraisemblance, f. VERITY, s. verité, f.

Verjuice, s. verjus, 🖦 VERMICELLI, s. vermicelle or vermichèle, m. VERMICULAR, adj. vermiculaire. VERMICULATED, adj. vermiculé, marqueté. VERMICULE, s. petit vers ; adj. plein de pe-VERMIPUGE, s. vermifuge, m. [tits vers. VERMILION, s. vermillon, m. VERMILION, v. a. rougir, teindre en rouge. VERMIN, s. vermine, VERMINATION, s. production de la vermine, VERMACULAR, adj. du pays, de son pays. VERNAL, VERNANT, adj. printanier. VERSATILE, adj. changeant, leger, flexible. VERSE, s. vers, m. verset, m. VERSED, adj. verse. VERSE-MAN, s. un versificateur, un poèle. VERSICLE, s. petit verset, un petit vers.
VERSICLE, s. petit verset, un petit vers.
VERSIFICATION, s. versification, f. [teur.
VERSIFICATON, VERSIFIER, s. un versificaVERSIFI, v. n. faire des vers, versifier.
VERSION, s. version, f. traduction, f.
VERT, s. les arbres d'une forêt, m. retraite
des bêtes fauves.
VERSION, s. versifier le versifier. Vertebral, adj. verlébral VERTEBRE, s. vertèbre, f. VERTEX, s. vertex, m. sommet, m. VERTICAL, adj. vertical. VERTICALLY, adv. verticalement, au zenith. YERTICITY, s. rotation, f. VERTICITOUS, adj. vertigineux, de rotation. VERTIGO, s. vertige, m.
VERVAIN, VERVIER, s. verveine, f.
VERY, adj. vrai, franc, parfait, fielfe.
VERY, adv. fort, très, tout-l'fait. VESICATORY, s. un vésicatoire. VESICLE, s. petite vessie, vésicule. VESPERIES, vespéries, f. pl. VESPERS, s. vepres, f. VESSEL, s. vase, m. vaisseau, m. navire, m. VEST, s. une veste. VEST, s. a. habiller, vêtir, revêtir, investir. VESTAL, adj. & s. vestale, f. VESTIBULE, s. vestibule, m. VESTIGE, s. vestige, m. trace, f. VESTMENT, s. vêtement, m. habillement, m. VESTRY, s. sacristie, f. assemblée, des princi-paux paroissiens, f. VESTURE, s. vêtement, m. habillement, m. VETCH, s. vesce or vesse, f. Bitter-netch, VETERAN, s. & adj. un veteran. VEX, v. a. facher, tourmenter, chagriner. VEXATION, s. vexation, f. chagrin, m. VEXATIOUS, adj. facheux, chagrinant. VEXATIOUSLY, adv. d'un manière fâcheuse. VEXER, s. un fâcheux, un importun, un per-VIAL, s. une fiolo. [secuteur. VIAND, s. viande, f. viandis, m. VIATICUM, s. provisions de voyage, f. VIBRATE, v. a. & n. branler, vibrer. VIBRATION, s. vibration, f VICAR, s. vicaire, m. curé, m VICARAGE, s. vicariat, m. cure, f. VICARIOUS. adj. vicarial, de vicaire, député. VICARSHIR, s. vicariat, m. Vice, s. vice, ss. vis, f. étau, ss.
Vice, (a particle used in composition for one who performs the office of a superiour) vice. VICEADMIRAL, s. vice-amiral, m. fral. VICEADMIRALTY, s. la charge de vice-ami-VICEAGENT, VICEGERENT, s. vicegérent, m. VICE-CHANCELLOR, s. vice-chancelier, m. VICECONSUL, s. vice-consul, m.

Vicegerency, s. charge da vicegerent, f. Vicelegate, s. vice-legat, m. VICEPRESIDENT, s. vice-president, ss. VICEROY, s. vice-roi, ss. VICEROVALTY, 4. VICE-royante, f. VICINITY, s. proximité, f. voisinage, s. Vicious, adj. vicieux. VICIOUSLY, adv. vicieusement. [= VICISSITUDE, s. vicissitude, f. changement, VICTIM, s. victime, f. [querant, m. VICTOR, s. vainqueur, m. triomphant, m. con-VICTORIOUS, adj. victorieux, triomphant. VICTORIOUSLY, adv. victoriousement. VICTORY, s. victoire, f. VICTUALS, s. vivres, m. pl. VICTUAL, v. a. avitailler. Victualler, s. pourvoyeur, m. avitailleur. Victualling, s. avitaillement, m. VIDANE, s. vidame, m. VIDELICET, adr. à savoir, savoir. VIDUITY, s. viduité, f. veuvage, sa VIE, s. renvi, (aux cartes,) s. [dispet VIE, v. a. faire un renvi, envier, confer VIEW, s. vue, f. inspection, f. aspect, sa. VIEW, c. a. voir, regarder, examiner. VIEWEE. s. inspections VIEWER, s. inspecteur, m. expert, m. VIGIL, s. vigile, f. veille, f. VIGILANCE, s. vigilance, VIGILANT, adj. vigilant, attentif, applique VIGILANTLY, adr. vigilamment, diligen Vigon, a. vigogne, m. Vigonous, adj. vigoureux, vis. Vigorousey, adv. vigoureusement. Vigour, s. vigueur, f. force, f. energie, f. VILE, adj. vil, abject, méprisable, be VILELY, adv. bassement, servicement VILELY, adv. bassement, servicement VILENESS, s. bessesse, f. facheté, f. VILIFY, v. a. avilir, mépriser, abasse VILIFY, v. a. avilir, mépriser, abasse VILLA, s. maison de campagne, f. VILLAGE, s. village, ss. VILLAGER, s. un villageois, une villageoise. VILLAIN, s. un vilain, un roturier. VILLANAGE, s. roture, f. bassesse, f. VILLANOUS, adj. bas, vil, infame. VILLANOUSLY, adv. bassement, Rehement. VILLANY, s. bassesse, f. lachete, f. sellers VINCIBLE, adj. qui concerne la vendange, s.
VINDENIAL, adj. qui concerne la vendange. VINDEMIATE, E. a. vendanger, faire vendange. VINDICATE, r. a. justifier, excusor, défendre, venger, revendiquer.
VINDICATION, s. defense, f. spologie, f. VINDICATIVE, adj. vindicatif.
VINDICATOR, defenseur, m. protecteur, m. VINDICATORY, adj. vengeur, vengeresse. VINDICTIVE, adj. vindicatif, f. VINE, s. vigue, f. eep, cep de vigue, m. Vine-durser, vigueron, s. vine-durf, serpe, f. Vine-freiler er Vine-grub, m liset, un vercoquin. Vine-laf, pampre. Vine-reaper, un vendangeur.
VINEGAR, s. vinaigre, m. Vinegar-cruet, vinaigrier, m. Vinegar-and-pepper, vinai grette, f. VINEYARD, s. vigne, f. VINOUS, adf. vineux. VINTAGE, s. vendange, f. [vernior. VINTAGER, s. un vendangeur. VINTNER, s. un caberetier à vin, m. us te VINTRY, s. un lieu fameux par la ven VIOL, s. viole, f. VIOLA, s. une petite viole. [vines.

VIOLATE, v. a. violer, enfreindre, forcer. Violation, s. infraction, f. violemment, m. Violaton, s. violateur, m. ravisseur, m. VIOLENCE, s. violence, f. impétuoité, f. ef-fort, n. force, f. contrainte, f. VIOLENT, adj. violent, véhément. VIOLENTLY, adv. violemment, avec force. VIOLET, s. violette, f. VIOLET, adj. violet (couleur.) Violin, s. un violon. Violist, s. un joueur de viole. Violoncello, s. un violoncelle, m. Viper, s. une vipère. VIPERINE, VIPEROUS, adj. de vipère Virago, s. une virago, une femme vaillante, ume héroine. VIRGIN, s. une fille, une vierge, une pucelle. VIRGIR, adj. vierge, pur, sans alfiage.
VIRGIRITY, a. viginite, f. pucelage, m.
VIRGO, s. la vierge. VIRGOLEUSE, s. virgouleuse, f. VIRILLE, adj. viril, male, digue d'un homme. VIRILITY, s. virilité, f. le seze viril, courage, VIRTUAL, adj. virtuel. VIRTUALLY, adv. virtuellement. VIRTUE, s. vertu, f. qualité, f. propriété, f. Virtuoso, s. un virtuose, un connoisseur. Virtuous, adj. vertueux, chaste. VIRTUOUSLY, adv. vertueusement. VIRULENCE, VIRULENCY, s. venin, m. malignité, f. causticité, f. virus, m. Virulent, adj. virulent, vénimeux. VIRULENTLY, adv. d'une manière mordante. Virus, s. virus, m. venin, m. VISAGE, s. visage, m. VISCERAL, adj. des viscères, des entrailles. Viscenate, v. a. vider les entrailles. Viscid, adj. visqueux, gluant. Viscidity, Viscosity, s. viscosité, f. Viscount, s. vicomte, m. Vascountess, s. vicomtesse, f. VISCOUNTY, s. vicomte, m. & f. VISCOUS, asj. visqueux, gluant. VISCOUSNESS, s. viscosite, f. VISIBLE, adj. visibilité, j. Visible, adj. visible, clair, manifeste. VISIBLE, adv. visible, clair, mannesse.
VISIBLE, a.v. visiblement, clairement, éviVISIBLE, s. visir, m. [demment.
VISIOS, s. vision, f. vue, f. apparition, f.
VISIOBARY, adv. imaginaire, chimérique.
VISIOBARY, VISIORIST, s. un visionnaire.
VISIT, s. visite, f. VISIT, v. a. visiter, aller voir, rendre visite. VISITATION, s. visitation, f. visite, f. VISITER, s. visiteur, m. feseur de visites, m. Visor, s. un masque. Visored, adj. masque. VISTA, s. vue, f. perspective, f. VISUAL, adj. visuel. VITAL, adj. vital, f. vitale, f. vitaux, m. pl. VITALS, s. les parties vitales, les parties no-VITALITY, s. pouvoir de vivre, m. fbles. VITIATE, v. a. corrompre, vicier, seduire. VITIOUS, adj. vicieux, corrompu. VITIOUSLY, adv. vicieusement VITIOUSERSS, s. vice, m. corruption, f. VITEROUS, adj. vitre, vitreux. VITRIFICABLE, adj. vitrifiable. VITRIFICATION, s. vitrification, f. VITRIFY, v. a. & n. vitrifier et se vitrifier. VITRIOL, s. vitriol, m. VITRIOLATE, VITRIOLATED, adj. vitriolé, VITRIOLICE, VITRIOLOUS, adj. vitriolique. VITUPERABLE, adj. hlämable, repréhensible.

VITUPERATE, v. a. blamer, condamner. VITUPERATION, s. blame, m. censure, f. VIVACIOUS, adj. vif, plein de feu, vivace. VIVACITY, s. vivacité, f. activité, f. VIVARITY, s. une garenne, un parc, un vivier.

VIVE, adj. vif, fort, pressant.

VIVER, s. vive (poisson) f.

VIVES, s. les avives, f. pl.

VIVID, adj. vif, acuf. VIVIDLY, adv. vivement. VIVIDNESS, s. vie, f. vivacité, f. vigueur, f. VIVIFICAL, adj. vivifiant. VIVIFICATION, s. vivilication. VIVIFICE, adj. vivilique, viviliant. VIVIFY, v. a. vivifier. VIVIPAROUS, adj. vivipare. [deuse. VIXEN, s. la femelle du renard, une gron-Viz, c'est-à-dire, savoir. VIZARD, s. un masque. VIZIER, s. visir, m. premier ministre. VOCABULARY, s. vocabulaire, m. dictions
VOCAL, adj. vocal, de voix. [naire, m. VOCALLY, adv. vocalement, verbalement. VOCATION, s. vocation, f. profession, f. VOCATIVE, s. le vocatif. Vociferation, s. cri, m. grand cri, clameur, Vociferous, adj. qui crie beaucoup. Vogue, s. vogue, f. mode, f. estime, f. Voice, s. voix, f. son, m. suffrage, m. Voiced, adj. qui a une voix, qui parle. Void, adj. vide, vacant, vain, nul, sans effet, inutile, dépourvu. Void, s. un vide, le vide. [casser, revoquer. Void, v. a. vider, quitter, évacuer, annuler, VOIDABLE, adj. qu'on peut annuler. VOIDABLE, adj. qu'on peut annuler. VOIDABS, s. vide, m. nullité, f. inutilité, f. VOLANT, adj. volant, qui vole. Volatile, adj. volatile, leger, volant. VOLATILE, s. volatile, f. animal aile. VOLATILENESS, VOLATILITY, s. volatilité VOLATILIZATION, s. volatilisation, f. [f. VOLATIZE, v. a. volatiliser. Volcano, s. un volcan. Vole, s. (at cards) la vole. Voleny, s. une volce d'oiseaux. VOLITATE, v. n. voleter. VOLITATE, D. n. Voleter.
VOLITATION, s. volée, f. vol, m.
VOLITION, s. volonté, f. acte de la volonté,
VOLLEY, s. volée, f. décharge, f. salve, f.
VOLLIED, adj. tiré, décharge.
VOLTO VOLTA, s. volte, f.
VOLUBILITY, s. volte, f. légèreté, f. Volume, s. volume, m. tome, m. vague, m. Voluminous, adj. gros, volumineus. Volumtarily, adv. volontairement. Volumtary, adj. libre, volontaire, spontanée. Volunteer, s. un volontaire. VOLUPTUARY, s. un voluptueux. Voluptuous, adj. voluptueux, sensuel. Voluptuously, adv. voluptueusement. Voluptuousness, s. volupté, f. plaisir sen VOLUTE, s. volute, f. fsuel. Vomica, s. vomique, f. Vomig-nut, s. noix vomique, f. VOMIT, s. vomissement, m. un vomitif. Vоміт, v. a. & n. vomir. VOMITION, s. vomissement, m. Vomitive, Vomitory, adj. vomitif. Voracious, adj. vorace, carnassier, devorant. VORACIOUSLY, adv. avec voracité. VORACIOUSNESS, VORACITY, s. voracité, f. VORTEX, s. tourbillon, m. tournant, m. VORTICAL, adj. en rond, tournoyant.

VOTARIST, VOTARY, s. dévot, dévote. Votz, s. voix, f. suffrage, m. avis, m.
Votz, v. a. choisir, élire, arrêter, conclure;
v. n. donner sa voix, opiner. Voted against,
contre qui l'on a opiné. Voted for, pour qui l'on a donne son suffrage. VOTER, s. votant, m. opinant, m.
VOTIVE, adj. voué, dévoué.
VOUCH, v. a. attester, affirmer, garantir.
VOUCH, s. garantie, f. attestation, f. VOUCHER, s. garant, m. témoin, m. pièce justificative, preuve, f. titre, m. Vouchsafe, v. a. & n. accorder, permettre. Voucesafement, s. condescendance, f. Vow, s. voeu, m. promesse solemnelle. Vow, v. a. & s. vouer, dévouer, consacrer, faire voeu, jurer, protester. VOWEL, s. une voyelle. VOYAGE, s. voyage par mer, m. VOYAGE, v. n. voyager par mer. VOYAGER, s. un voyageur par mer. VULGAR, adj. vulgaire, populaire, bas, vil. VULGAR, s. le vulgaire, le peuple, la ca-VULGARITY, s. bassesse, f. [naille. VULGARLY, adv. vulgairement. VULNERABLE, adj. qui peut être blessé. VULNERARY, adj. vulneraire, m. VULTURE, s. un vautour. VULTURINE, adj. de vautour.

W. WABBLE, v. n. aller en zig-zag. VAD, ϵ . botte, f. paquet, m. bourre, f. WADDING, s. quate, f. matelas, m. WADDLE, v. m. tortiller, fretiller. WADDLE, s. testicules d'un coq, glandes, f. WADE, v. s. passer à gué, pénètrer. WAFER, s. gaufre, f. oublie, f.
WAFT, v. a. convoyer, conduire, escorter, faire signe, flotter, voguer. WAFT, s. signal, m. signe, m. WAFTER, s. convoi, m. fregate, f. WAG, s. un badin, un plaisant. WAGE, v. a. & n. remuer, agiter, se remuer. WAGE, v. a. essayer, tenter, courir, faire, gager, engager, offirir.

WAGER, s. gageure, f. pari, m. offre, f.

WAGES, s. gages, m. pl. WAGGERY, s. malice, f. espièglerie, f. WAGGISH, adj. badin, plaisaut, malin, es-WAGGISHNESS, s. espièglerie, f. WAGGLE, v. s. se remuer, freuiller. [piègle. Wagon, s. un chariot, un caisson. WAGONER, s. charretier, m. voiturier, m. WAGON-MAKER, s. un charron. WAGTAIL, s. bergeronnette, f. hochequeue. WAIF, s. chose eparse, épave, f. WAIL, v. a. & n. deplorer, pleurer. WAIL, WAILING, s. lamentation, f. WAIN, s. une charette, un chariot. load, un charrettee. Charles's A wain Charles's wain, le chariot or la grande ourse. WAINAGE, s. charroi, m. WAINROPE, s. corde de chariot, f. WAINSCOT, s. boiserie, f. lambris, m. WAINSCOT, v. a. boiser. WAINSCOTING, s. lambrissage, m. boiserie, f. WAIST, s. la ceinture, le milieu du corps. WAIST-BELT, s. ceinturon, m. WAIST-COAT, s. veste, f. chemisette, WAIT, s. guet-à-pens, m. embûches, f. pl. WAIT, v. a. & n. attendre, suivre, demeurer;

reconduire, être à la suite de, aller voir rendre visite. WAITER, s. garçon de caberet, de cafe. WAITING-MAID, s. fille de chambre, f. WAIVE, v. a. quitter, abandonner, laisser. WAEE, v. a. & n. éveiller, réveiller, veiller, s'éveiller, ne pas dormir. WARE, s. veille, f. vigile, f. fête, f. WAREFUL, adj. qui veille, vigilant. WAKEFULNESS, s. insomnie, f. WAKEN. See To wake. WALE, s. échelle, élevure, WALE-KHOT, a. nosud rond WALE, s. promenade, f. alice, f. avenne, f. WALE, v. s. se promener, aller, marcher, traverser, revenir; to scalt after, suivre; to walk in, entrer; to walk out, sortir.
WALEER, s. promeneur, marcheur. A night
walker, une coureuse. WALKING-PLACE, s. une promenade. Walking-staff, s. une came, un bûsen. WALL, s. un mur, une meraille. WALL, v. a. murer, entourer de murailles. WALL-CREEPER, s. un grimpereau, un pic. WALLET, s. une besace, un bissac. WALL-EYES, s. glancome, m. WALL-EYED, adj. qui a l'œil vairon. WALL-FRUIT, s. fruit d'espalier, se. WALL-OUN, s. arquebuse de croc, f. WALL-HOOK, s. gache, f. WALL-P, v. s. bonilir, bouillonner. WALLOW, r. n. se vautrer, se rouler. WALLOWISH, adj. fade, insipide. WALL-TREE, s. espalier, m. WALL-WORT, s. (a plant) la pariétaire. WALNUT, s. une noix. A sosbust-tree, un Wanble, v. n. se soulever DOYET. WAN, adj. pâle, blème, défait. WAND, s. baguette, f. verge, f. cadacée, m. WANDER, v. n. errer, roder, courir, aller ça et là, rouler, s'écarter, s'éloigner. WANDERER, s. un rodeur, un vagabond.
WANDERER, s. un rodeur, un vagabond.
WANDERING, s. voyages incertaines, exreor,
f. égarement, m. écart, m.

[f.
WANE, s. déclin, m. décours, m. décadence,
WANE, s. déclin, m. décours, m. décadence, WANE, v. n. décroître, décliner, décheoir. WANNED, adj. pâle, blème, évanoui. WANNESS, s. pâleur, f. évanouissement, s. WANT, r. a. manquer, avoir besoin, ne pas avoir, désirer, vouloir, avoir envie; r. s. manquer, n'être pas, avoir bésois. MANTA, s. manque, m. faute, f. affaire, f defaut, m. besoin, m. necessité, f. pauvret,
f. For want of, faute de.
WANTAD, part. adj. dont on manque.
WANTAD adj. length libra medanshi ira. WANTON, adj. lascif, libre, recherche, irregulier, foldtre, badin. [gaou. Wanton, s. un libertin, un badin, un mi-WANTONLY, adr. en folâtrant, en bedinant. WARTONNESS, s. badinage, m. libertinage, m. WARTY, s. sangle, f. surfaix, m. WAPENTAKE, s. canton, m. district, m. WAR, s. guerre, f. WAR, v. n. faire la guerre. WARBLE, v. a. gazouiller, chanter, ramager, WARBLER, s. un chanteur. WARBLING, s. gazouillement, m. ramage, m WARD, v. a. garder, défendre, protegr, veiller, faire le guet, faire la garde. WARD, 4. garde, f. guet, m. garnison, f. défense, f. parade, f. fort, m. forteresse, f. quartier, m. prison, f. to wait on or upon, servir. accompag yer. WARDEN, s. gardien. m. garde, m.; warden

of a prison, le géolier; warden of a college, le recteur; warden of the Cinque Ports, le gouverneur. ARDER, s. garde, m WARDMOTE, s. assemblée du quartier, f. WARDROBE, s. garde-robe, f. garde-meuble, WARDROBE, s. garde-rooe, f. garde-meuble, MARDSHIP, s. garde, f. [m. WARE, s. marchandise, f. denrée, f. A searchouse, un magasin. Earthen-nare, potenie, f. China-neare, porcelaine, f. Dutch-neare, faltence. Small-neares, mercerie, f. A nearchouseman, un garde-magasin.
WARE, adf. qui s'attend à, en garde.
WARE, un di circonenact, pudent WAREFUL, adj. circonspect, prudent. WARELESS, adj. imprudent, sans précaution. WARFARE, 2. le service or la vie militaire. WARILY, adj. prudemment, sagement. WARILT, tay, proteinnent, sagencar.
WARILTSS, s. prudence, f. précaution, f.
WARLIKK, adj. martial, militaire.
WARM, adj. chauffe, échauffe, chaud, passionné, tiède, ardent, zélé.
WARM, adj. chauffer, échauffer. WARM, v. a. chauffer, échauffer. norm, avoir chaud. WARMINGPAN, s. une bassinoire. WARMINGPLACE, s. le chauffoir. WARMLY, adv. chaudement, avec chaleur. WARMNESS, WARMTH, s. chaleur douce, ardeur, f. chaleur, f. passion, f. WARN, v. n. provenir, avertir, informer, don-ner avis, faire savoir, assigner. WARNING, s. avertissement, m. avis, m. WARP, s. chaine, f. hansière, f. WARP, v. a. ourdir, plier, détourner, écarter, touer, se déjeter, se tourmenter. WARRANT, r. a. garantir, soutenir, assurer, attester, protester, autoriser, justifier. WARRAFT, s. pouvoir, m. autorité, f. ordre, m. procuration, f. brevet, m. prise de corps, f. décret de prise de corps, m. justification, f. apologie, f.
WARRANTABLE, adj. soutenable. WARRANTABLENESS, s. qualité de ce qui [nable. peut se justifier. ARRANTABLY, adr. d'une manière soute-WARRANTED, part. adj. garanti, soutenu, at-WARRANTER, s. garant, m. [test
WARRANTISE, WARRANTY, s. garant, m.
(renne. s WARREN, s. garenne, f. [renne, m. WARRENER, s. garennier, m. garde de laga-WARRIOUR, s. un guerrier, un militaire. WART, s. une verrue, un poireau, le bouton d'une fleur. WART-WORT, s. verrucaire, f. WART, adj. plein de verrues or de poireaux.
WART, adj. circonspect, retenu, prudent, prévoyant, sage, avisé, menager. MASH, r. a. laver, purger, blanchir, baiguer, mouiller; to wash away, off, or out, nettoyer, emporter, effacer; to wash down, detacher; to wash over, laver, colorer; v. n. laver, se laver, se nettoyer. WASH, s. lavage, m. l'action de laver, lotion, f. lavement, m. lavis, (terme de peintre,) m. lavure, f. marais, m. marecage, m. wash-house, un lavoir. A wash-tub, une cuve. WASHBALL, s. une savonette. WASHER-WOMAN. s. une blanchisseuse, une lavandière. WASHING, s. lavage, m. blanchissage, m. WASHY, adj. humide, mouille, flasque, foible. WASP, s. une guèpe. WASP18H, adj. bourru, acariâtre, chagrin.

WASPISHLY, adr. de mauvaise humeur

WASPISHNESS, s. mauvaise humour. WASSAIL, s. sorte de boisson Angloise. WASSAILER, s. un buveur, un ivrogne. WASTE, v. a. diminuer, gater, prodiguer, ravager, désoler, ruiner, consumer, user, décheoir, baisser, dépérir, s'user, se consu-WASTE, adj. ravagé, ruiné, désolé, inutile, superfiu, de rebut. WASTE, s. ravage, m. dégât, m. dissipation, f. profusion, f. excès, m. dépérissement, m. consomption, f. perte, f. pays désolé, terres vagues. WASTE-PAPER, s. maculatures, f. pl.
WASTEFUL, adj. destructeur, prodigue, in-WASTEFULLY, adv. prodigalement. [culte. WASTEFULNESS, s. prodigalité, f. WASTENESS, s. désolation, f. déses iert, m. [montre. "De WASTER, s. un dissipateur. WATCH, s. veille, f. garde, f. guet, m. une WATCH, v. a. & n. veiller, garder, épier. WATCHER, s. veilleur, m. surveillant, m. WATCHET, adj. bleu, d'un bleu pale. WATCHFUL, adj. vigilant, attentif, soigneux. WATCHFULLY, adv. avec attention or soin. WATCHFULNESS, s. vigilance, f. soin, m. WATCH-HOUSE, s. corps de garde, f. WATCHING, s. insommie, f. vigilance, m WATCH-MAKER, s. horloger, st. nelle, WATCHMAN, s. un homme du guet, senti-WATCH-TOWER, s. une guerite. WATCH-WORD, s. le mot or le mot du guet. WATER, s. eau, f. mer, f. marée, f. étang, m. lac, m. rivière, f. urine, f. pluie, f. WATER-COLOURS, s. miniature, WATER-CRESSES, s. cresson d'eng, m. WATER-CRUET, s. une burette. WATER-DOG, s. un barbet, un canard. WATER-ENGINE. s. machine bydraulique. WATER-GAGE, s. digue, f. sonde, f. WATER-GANG, s. canal or fossé plein d'eau. WATER-GOLD, s. or moulu. WATER-LILY, s. lis blanc d'eau, m. WATER-PAIL, s. un seau WATER-PARSLEY, s. berle, f. WATER-FOT, s. pot à l'eau, m. aiguière, f. WATER-SPOUT, s. jet d'eau, m. WATER-TUB, s. une cuve. WATER-WORKS, s. eaux, f. pl. jets d'eau, WATER, v. a. arroser, mouiller, tremper, baigner, abreuver; v. s. s'humecter. WATERER, s. celui qui arrose or abreuve WATERFALL, s. cascade, f. chûte d'eau, f. WATER-FOWL, s. oiseau aquatique, m WATERGRUEL, s. coulis de grusu, m. WATERINESS, s. humidité, f. sérosité, f. WATERING-PLACE, s. un abreuvoir. Watering-pot, s. un affosoir. WATERISH, adj. aqueux. WATERMAF, s. un batelier. Water-mill, s. moulin à eau, m. WATER-RAT, s. un rat d'eau. WATERY, adj. liquide, aqueux, humide, insipide, plein d'eau, fade. WATTLE, s. claic, f.; v. a. fermer de claics. WAVE, s. vague, f. onde, f. flot, m. WAVE, v. a. façonner à ondes, ondoyer, détourner, éviter, décliner, renoncer, passer, laisser, omettre ; v. n. flotter. WAVER, p. st. flotter, balancer, vaciller. WAVERER, s. un homme irrésolu. WAVERING, s. irresolution, f. doute, m WAVERINGLY, adv. en balançant, avec deute. WAVY, adj. onde, à ondes, ondovant.

WEL

WAWL, v. n. crier. WAX, s. cire, f. Croltre. WAK, v. a. cirer; v. n. devenir, se faire, WAXEN, adj. de cire, devenu. WAY, s. chemin, m. route, f. voie, f. sens, m. trace, f. côté, m. expédient, m. manière, f. moyen, m. sorte, f. façon, f. tréthode, f. lieu, m. issue, f. passage, m. porte, f. effet, m. By the way, chemin fesant, en passant. Go your way, passez votre chemin. To give way, sare place, ceder. Out of the way, earth, a part, a l'ecart. To be out of the way, etre égaré. To kep out of the way, se cacher, s'absenter. To get out of the way, se cacher, s'absenter. the way, s'en aller, se sauver. To be in the way, etre sous la main. Every way, de tous côtés, de tous sens. Any way, de quelque manière que ce soit. No soay or no ways, en aucune manière. A cross way, un carrefour. A way out, une sortie, une issue. A way in, une entrée. A way through, un passage. WATFARER, s. voyageur, m. passant, m. WAYFARING-TREE, s. viorne, f. WAYLAID, part. adj. à qui l'on a dressé des embûches. WAYLAY, v. a. tendre or dresser des embûches. WAYLAYER,s. celui qui dresse des embûches. WATWARD, adf. mechant, chagrin. WAYWARDLY, adv. d'un air bourru, méchamment. WAYWARDNESS, s, humeur bourrue, fantai-WE, pron. nous. WEAK, adf. foible, infirme, débile, caduc, simple, imbécile, complaisant, tendre, docaduc, cile, indulgent, pauvre, peu considérable. WEAREN, v. a. affoiblir, abattre. WEAKLY, adv. infirme, caduc.
WEAKLY, adv. foiblement, sans force, sans
WEAKLY, adv. foiblement, sans force, sans
WEAKLY, adv. foiblesse, f. infirmité, f.
WEAK-SIDE, s. le côté foible, le foible. WEAL, s. bien, m. bonheur, m. république, f. état, m. cicatrice, f. WEALTH, s. biens, m. pl. richesses, f. pl. WEALTRILY, adv. richement, opulemment. WEALTHINESS, s. richesse, f. opulence, f. WRALTHY, adj. riche, opulent. WEAN, v. a. sevrer, priver. WEAPON, s. arme offensive, f. WEAPONED, adj. armé. WEAPONLESS, adj. sans armes, désarmé. WEAPON-SALVE, s. onguent sympathique, m. WEAR, v. a. consumer, porter sur soi; to wear away, consumer, miner; to wear out, user, lasser, épuiser, mettre à bout; v. n. s'user, vieillir, se consumer, se passer; to wear well, être d'un bon use. WEAR, s. l'action de porter or d'user, usé, m. ce qu'on porte, un réservoir. WEARABLE, adj. en état d'être porté. Welcome, adj. bien-venu, recu avec plaisir. Welcome, interj. soyez le bien venu. WEARER, s. célui qui porte quelque chose Welcome, s. bien-venue, f. accueil, m. WELCOME, v. a. accueillir. sur soi. WEARIED, part. adj. lassé, fatigué. WEARINESS, e. lassitude, f. fatigué, f. WEARING, s. habits, m. pl. hardes, f. pl. WELCOMING. s. accueil, m. reception, f. WELFARE, s. bien-ètre, sa. bonheur, sa. WELK, WILK, s. pétonele, f. WELKIN, s. le ciel visible, le firmament. Wearisome, adj. incommode, ennuyeux. WEARISOMELY, adj. d'une manière ennu-WELL, s. source, f. fontaine, f. puits, sa. can Wearisomeness, s. ennui. m. [yeuse. WEARY, adj. las, fatigué, ennuyé. WEARY, v. a. lasser, fatiguer, incommoder. Well, adj. bien, en bonne santé, en bon état, heurenx, propre, convenable. WELL, adv. bien, favorablement, heureuse-

WEASAND, s. la trachée-artère, le sinet.

WEASEL, s. une bélette. Weather, s, tems, m. WEATHER, v. a. mettre à l'air, franchir, surmonter; to weather out, souffrir, easuyer. WEATHER-BRATEN, adj. fatigué par la tempête.
WEATHERCOCK, s. coq de clocher, m. Weather-Driver, adj. entraîne par la tempéte. WEATHER-GAGE, s. l'avantage du vent, se. Weather-glass, s. un baromètre. Weather-spy, Weather-wise, s. astro-WEAVE, v. a. tisser, tresser, travailler au métier, faire un tissu. entrelacer, entremê-Weaver, s. un tisserand. WEAVING, s. tissure, f.
WEN, s. tissure, f.
une taie or tache sur l'oeil. Col-seel, toile
d'araignée. Web of lead, une feuille de plomb WEBBED, adj. joint par un pesu. WEB-FOOTED, adj. qui a les pattes garaies d'une membrane. WED, v. a. & n. épouser. WEDDED, part. adj. épousé, marié. WEDDING, s. noces or noce, f. mariage, m WEDGE, a. un coin, (à fendre du bois;) seedge of amason, houveteau de maçon, m.; seedge of gold, lingot d'or; seedge of lead, navette de plomb, f. WEDGE, v. a. enclaver. WEDLOCK, s. mariage, s WEDNESDAY, s. Mercredi, m. WEED, s. mauvais herbe, habit. m. WEED, v. a. sarcler, extirper, déraciner. WEEDER, s. sarcleur, m. exterminateur, m. WEED-HOOK, s. un sarcloir. WEEDY, adj. plein de manvaises herbes. WEEK, s. semaine, f. Wrek-day, s. un jour de la semaine. WEEKLY, adj. de chaque semaine. WEEKLY, adv. une fois la semaine. WEEP, v. a. & n. pleurer, déplorer. WEEPER, s. pleureur, pleureuse. WEEPING, s. pleurs, m. pl. larmes, f. pl. WEEPINGLY, adv. en pleurant. WRIGH, v. a. & n. poser, examiner, considerer, payer, lever (l'ancre;) to weight down, peser plus, l'emporter, surcharger, abattre, accabler. Weigh, s. 256 livres. WEIGHT, s. poids, m. faix, m. pesant, m. pesanteur, f. importance, f. WEIGHTS, s. une balance, un trebuchet, un WEIGHTILY, adv. avec poids. [pear WEIGHTINESS, s. pessanteur, m. poids, m. peson. WEIGHTLESS, adj. leger, sams poids. WEIGHTY, adv. pesant, lourd, de poids. WELCH, adj. Gallois, du pays de Galles. WELCH-RABBIT, s. un ramequia.

minérale.

WHEEZE, v. n. respirer avec une sorte de

ment, beaucoup, fort à propos. As well as, sussi bien que. Well and good, à la bonne haurs Well-hecoming, biens ant. Wellune bien que. Well and good, à leure. Well-becoming, bienseant. affected, bien intentionné. Well-disposed, charitable, affectionné. CARITADIE, naccionne.
WELL-DAN, interj. ouais! hélas!
WELL, v. a. & n. jaillir, verser.
WELL-BEING, s. bien-être, sa. bonheur, sa.
WELLBEING, adj. bien ne, qui a de la naisWELLBRED, adj. bien elevé, poli. [sance.
WELL-DONK, interj. fort bien! à merveille!
part. & adj. bien cuit. WELL-MEANING, s. bonne intention. WELL-MEANING, adf. bien intentionne. WELL-MET, interj. heureuse rencontre! WELLHATURED, adj. de bon naturel, doux.
WELLHATURED, adj. de bon naturel, doux.
WELLSPERT, adj. bien employe.
WELLTASTED, adj. qui a bon goût. WELL-WISHER, s. ami, m. partisan, m WELT, s. bord, m. bordure, f. bande, f. tré-WELT, v. a. border. [point, m. WELTER, v. s. se rouler, se vautrer. WEM, s. la panse, une cicatrice. WEM, s. loupe, f. un goltre. WEMCH, s. une fille, une fille de joic. Wench, v. n. fréquenter les putains. Wencher, s. un fornicateur, un putassier. WENCHING, s. putanisme, m. WENNEL, s. animal nouvellement sevré. WERE-WOLF, s. un loup garou, WEST, s. l'ouest, m. l'occident, m. WEST, adj. occidental, d'occident, d'ouest. WEST, adv. à l'ouest. WESTERING, adj. qui va à l'ouest. WESTERLY, WESTERN, adj. d'occident, WESTERLY, d'ouest. WESTWARD, WESTWARDLY, adv. à l'ouest. WET, adj. humide, mouillé, moite. WET, s. humidite, f. moiteur, f. eau, f. WET, v. a. mouiller, humecter, arroser. WET-RURSE, s. Dourrice, f. WETHER, s. mouton, m WETNESS, s. humidité, f. moiteur, f. WHALE, s. la baleine. WHARF, s. un quai, port de rivière, m. WHARFAGE, s. quayage, s WHARPINGER, s. le garde du quay. WHAT, pron. quoi, qui, que, ce qui, quel, quelle.
WHAT? combien? quoi? What though, ch bien, qu'importe, quand même. WHAT, adv. en partie, tant. WHATEVER, pron. quelque, quel que, quoi que, tout ce que, tout ce qui, quelconque. WHATSOEVER, adj. See Whatever. WHEAL, s. bouton, m. pustule, f. elevure, f. WHEAT, s. froment, m. blé, m. WHEATEN, adj. de froment. WHEEDLE, s. finesse, f. ruse, f. cajolerie, f. flatterie, f. WHEEDLE, v. a. séduire par de belles pa-roles, enjoier. WHEEDLER, s. un enjoleur. WHEEL, e. une roue, roulette, f. char, m. Crane-wheel, roue de grue. A turner's A turner's wheel, un tour. Spinning-wheel, rouet, m. WHEEL, s. m. & a. tourner, rouler, se tour-ner, s'écouler. Wheel about, faire voltener, s'écouler. face, se tourner. WHEELBARROW, s. une brouette. fon. WHEEL-WORK, s. rouage, m. [ron. WHEEL-WRIGHT, s. un feseur de roues, char-

WHELE, v. a. accabler, abimer. [Drait. Whele, s. le petit d'un animal, jeune chica. Whele, v. n. mettre bas, faire ses petits. When, adv. quand, dans quel tems. Whence, adv. d'où, de qui. Whence, adv. d'où, de qui. WHENCESORVER, adv. de quelque endroit que ce soit. WHENEVER, WHENSOEVER, adv. quelque tems que, quand, toutes les fois WHERE, adv. où. Every where, par-tout, on tous lieux. WHEREABOUT, adv. aux environs, dont.
WHEREAS, adv. comme, d'autant que, vu
que, au lieu que. WHEREAT, adr. à quoi, de quoi, dont. WHEREBY, adv. par quoi, par où, par lequel, laquelle, lesquels, lesquelles. WHEREVER, adv. en quelque lieu que. WHEREFORE, adv. pourquoi, pour que. WHEREIN, adv. en quoi, où, dans lequel. WHEREINTO, adv. où, dans quoi. WHEREOF, adv. dont, de quoi, duquel. WHEREON, adv. sur quoi, sur lequel. WHERETO, WHEREUNTO, adv. à quoi. Whereupon, adv. sur quoi, sur ces entrefaites. WHEREWITH, WHEREWITHAL, adv. avec quoi, de quoi, dont, avec lequel, par le moyen duquel. WHERRET, s. soufflet, m. WHERRY, s. un bateau, un bac. Wнкт, v. a. aiguiser, aigrir, irriter. Wикт, s. aiguisement, assaisonnement, ajguillon. WHETHER, pron. lequel des deux. WHETHER, conj. si, soit, soit que. WHETSTONE, s. pierre à aiguiser. WHETTER, s. aiguiseur, st. WHEY, s. petit lait. WHEYEY, WHEYESH, adj. séreux. Which, pron. qui, que, lequel, laquelle, quel, quelle, celui qui. WHICHSOEVER, pron. I'un ou l'autre, quelconque, quel que ce soit.

WHIFF, s. halenée, f. souffie, f. bouffée, f.
WHIFFLE, v. n. attraper, souffer. WHIFFLER, s. un fifre, un baguenaudier.
WHIFFLER, s. un fifre, un baguenaudier.
WHIG, s. whig, un républicain. [blicais,
WHIGGISM, s. la faction des whigs, répu-WHILE, s. tems, m. fois. f.
WHILE, WHILET, conf. pendant que, durant que, tant que, tandis que. WHILE, v. n. tarder, lambiner, differer.
WHILE, v. n. tarder, lambiner, differer.
WHIM, s. fantaisie, f. caprice, m.
WHIM-WHAM, s. babiole, f. bagatelle, f.
WHIMPER, v. n. crier, se plaindre. WHIMPERING, s. plaintes, f. pl. doléances, WHIMSICAL, adj. capricieux, fantasque. WHIMSICALLY, adv. par boutades. WHIR, s. houx, m. espèce de genet. WHINE, v. n. se plaindre, se lamenter. WHINE, s. plaintes, f. pl. lamentations, f. pl. WHINING, s. plaintes, f.; adj. plaintif. WHINNY, v. a. hennir. WHINTARD, s. flamberge, f. sorte d'épéc. WHIP, s. un fouet. WHIP, v. a. & n. fouetter, envelopper, aller vite, surjeter, s'emparer, se saisir ; to whip off a thing, expedier promptement une alfaire; to whip out, tirer promptement, s'es-WHEELY, adf. circulaire, en forme de roue.

quiver; to whip up, se saisir brusquement, || WHOMSOEVER, pron. quiconque, qui que ce monter promptement WHIP-BREECH, s. le fouet WHIPCORD, s. petite corde menue, et fort WHIPHAND, s. avantage, m. WHIPLASH, s. le bout de fouet. Iserree. WHIPPER, s. fouetteur, m. celui qui fouette. WHIPPING, s. le fouet. WHIPSAW, s. un rabot, une varlope. WHIRL, s. tourbillon, m. WHIRL, v. a. & n. tourner vite, pirouetter. WHIRLEONE, s. la rotule da genou, un tôton. WHIRLIGIG, s. pirouette, f. toupie, f. WHIRLPIT, WHIRLPOOL, s. un tournant. WHIRLWIND, s. un tourbillon. WHISK, s. vergette, f. pèle, f. vent, m. WHISK, v. a. vergeter, balayer, expédier. WHISEE, s. moustache, f.
WHISEE, v. a. & n. dire tout bas, dire à
l'oreille, souffier, parler tout bas.
WHISEE, s. chuchotement, m. petit bruit sourd. WHISPERER, s. un chuchoteur.

WHIST, interj. at! silence! chut!

WHIST, s. whist, m. sorte de jeu de cartes.

WHISTLE, v. a. & n. siffler.

WHISTLE, s. sifflement, m. sifflet, m. WHISTLER, s. siffleur, siffleuse. WHISTLING, s. sifflement, m.; adj. sifflant. WHIT, s. point, peu, tant soit peu. WHITE, adj. blanc. WHITE, s. blanc, m. blancheur, f. WHITES, s. les fleurs blanches. WHITE, v. a. blanchir, rendre blanc. WHITELEAD, s. blanc de plomb, m. WHITELINE, s. blanc de chaux, m. WHITELY, adj. blanchâtre, blème, pâle. WHITEHEAT, s. blanc manger, m. laitage, m WHITEH, v. a. & n. blanchir, rendre et devenir blanc. WHITENESS, s. blancheur, f. WHITENING, s. blanchiment, m. WHITEPOT, s. tarte au lait, f. WHITER, s. blanchisseur, m. WHITETETTER, s. daruefarineuse. WHITETHORE, s. (a tree) épine blanche. WHITE-WORT, s. (an herb) matricaire. WHITHER, adv. ou. WHITHERSOEVER, adv. en quelque liev que, par-tout où. WHITING, s. un merlan, lait de chaux, m. du Wнітівн, adj. blanchâtre. [blanc, m. WHITISHNESS, s. couleur blanchaire. WHITLOW, s. paparis, m. Whitsun, adj. de la Pentecôte. WHITSUNTIDE, s. le tems de la Pentecôte. WHITTAIL, s. (a bird) cul-blanc, m. WHITTEN-TREE, s. obier or aubier, m. WHITLE, s. un petit couteau; v. a. couper. WHIZ, v. n. bourdonner, bruire. WHIZ, WHIZZING, s. bourdonnement, m. ₩но, *pron*. qui. WHOEVER, pron. quiconque, qui que ce soit, toute personne qui. WHOLE, ad. tout, total, entier, tout entier, sain, goeri, qui n'est pas albere.
WHOLE, s. le tout, le total. WHOLESALE, s. vente en gros, f. Wholesome, adj. sain, qui se porte bien, salubre, bon pour la santé, bon. WHOLESOMELY, adv. d'une manière saine. Wholesomeness, s. salubrité, f. WHOLLY, adr. entièrement, tout-à-fait. WHOM, pron. qui, que, lequel, lesquels.

soit. WHOOP, s. une huppe, huée, f WHOOP, v. a. huer, crier.
WHORE, s. une fille débauchée, une prostituce, une putain. WHORE, v. n. fréquenter les putains WHOREDOM, s. fornication, f. paillardise, f. WHOREMASTER, WHOREMONGER, &. WHORING, s. putanisme, m. [dé WHORISH, adj. libertin, incontinent. [débauché. WHORTLE-BERRY, s. more de rouce, f. WHOSE, dont, de qui, du quel, &c. WHOSOEVER, pron. quiconque, qui que ce soit. WHY, adv. pourquoi, pour quelle raison que, wir-tout, comment, mais.
Wic or Wick, s. un bourg, meche, f.
Wicked, adj. mechant, scelerat. The wicked, les mechans. WICKEDLY, adv. mechamment, mal. Wickedness, s. méchanceté, f. scélératesse, f. malice, f. crime, m. WICERR, adj. d'osier, fait d'osier. WICKET, s. on guichet. [éleigné. WIDE, adj. large, ample, grand, vaste, loin, WIDE, adv. loin, tout à fait. Far and wide, partout, de tous côtés. WIDELY, ade. au loin, loin. WIDEN, v. a. & n. elergir, etendre, s'elar WIDENESS, s. largeur, f. WIDGEON, s. cercelle, f. espèce de poule d'eau, un niais. Widow, s. une veuve. WIDOWER, s. un veuf. WIDOWHOOD, s. venvage, m. viduité, f. WIELD, v. a. manier, porter. WIELDY, adj. maniable, docile. WIERY, adj. de fil de metal, tire en fil d'ar-WIFE, s. femme mariée, épouse, W1G, s. une perruque, un échaud WILD. adj. sauvage, farouche, feroce, de-sert, inhabité, fou, extravagant, ésourdi. WILD FIRE, a. feu grégeois, m. feu voluge, m. Wild curds, du recuit. WILD, s. desert, m. pais sauvage, m. WILDER, r. a. embarrasser. WILDERNESS, s. un désert. WILDING, s. arbouse, f. fruit sauvage. WILDING, 3. anouse, f. nutri savegamment.
WILDINESS, s. férocité, f. manque de culture.
WILE, s. ruse, f. fourberie, f.
WILFUL, adj. obstine, têtu, opimiatre, premédité, fait à dessein. WILFULLY, adv. obstinement, de propos de-WILFULLY, aar. OUSHINGTON, [libere. WILFULNESS, s. obstination, f. WILLLY, adv. par ruse, fraudoleuseaneat. WILLIESS, s. ruse, f. fourberre, f. WILL, s. volonté, f. choix, m. plaisir, m. gredenant = dernière volonté. m. testament, m. dernière volonte. will, bonne volonté, bonté, f. amitié, f. bienveillance, f. ; good will of a house, chalandise, f. les pratiques, f. pl. pot de vin. Mueill, mauvais volonté, malice, f. M-will, mauvais volonté, malice, f.
Will, r. a. vouloir, prier, commander.
Willen, part. adj. prié, commandé, ardonné. Ill-willed, mal-intentionné. Self-arillcd, obstiné, opiniatre, têtu. WILLING, adj. prête or porté à faire, com-plaisant, de choix, que l'on fait par chaix. WILLINGLY, adv. voloutairement, voloatiers, de bon gre, de bon cœur, sans contrainte. WILLINGNESS, s. bonne volouté. WILLOW, s. un saule.

Wire, s. fil de métal, m. fil d'archal.

WILLOW-PLOT, s. sansaie, f.
WILLOWISH, adj. de couleur de saule.
WILY, adj. rusé, fin, insidieux.
WIMBLE, s. vilebrequin, m. WIMBLE, c. a. percer avec un vilebrequin.
WIMPLE, c. guimpe, f. flamme, f. [loir.
WING, v. a. gagner, obtenir, engager, prévau
WINGE, WINGE, v. a. ruer, pietiner d'impaWINGH, s. vindas, m. WIND, s. vent, m. souffle, m. haleine, f. WIND, v. a. tourner, virer, flairer, sentir, souffler, changer, varier, voguer, serpen-ter, envelopper, entourer, embarrasser, en-trainer, insinuer, donner or sonner du cors, trainer, instituter, donner or sonner du cors, enfier un chalumeau, jouer de la fiute; to soind off a bottom, dévider un peloton; to soind out, démêter, dégager, tirer; to soind ap silk or thread, dévider de la soie or du fil; to soind up a soatch, monter une montre ; to wind up, monter, accorder, (un instrument,) arranger, préparer, conclure, finir, être à l'ancre, être sur le ser. WIND-BOUND, adj. arrêté or retenu par le vent. Short-winded, qui a l'haleine courte. WINDER, s. un dévidoir, un dévideur. WIND-FALL, s. fruit abattu par le vent. WIND-FLOWER, s. anemone, f. WIND-GALL, s. molette, f. WIND-GUN, s. canne à vent, f. WINDLASS, c. came a ven., f.
WINDING, s. tour, m. detour, m. tournoiement, m. sinuosité, f.; winding of the voice,
inflexion de la voix, f.
WINDING-SHEET, s. drap mortuaire, m.
WINDLASS, s. vindas, m. singe, m. cric, m. WINDLE, s. dévidoir, m.
WINDMILL, s. moulin à vent, m. WINDOW, s. fenêtre, f. Glass-windows, des vitres. WINDOW, v. a. pratiquer des fenêtres. WIND-PIPE, s. la trachée-artère. WINDWARD, adv. vers or contre le vent. WIMEY, ast. oragoux, venteux, plein de vent. WIME, s. vin, m. Wine-bibber, un biberon, un ivrogne. Wine-cellar, cellier, m. cave un ivrogne. Wine-cellar, cellier, m. cave à vin, f. A wine-cooper, un tonnelier. A wine-conner, un gourmet. A wine-press, un pressoir à vin. A wine-merchant, un marchand de vin. A wine-porter, un encaveur. Wine, s. aile, f. un van. [s'envoler. Wine, s. a. donner les ailes, élever; v. s. Winerd, Winer, adj. ailé, volant. WINE, v. a. cligner les yeux, clignoter.
WINE, s. clignotement, m. clin d'œil, m. coup d'œil, m. œillade, f. WINEED AT, adj. à quoi l'on connive. Winers, s. celui qui cligne des yeux. Winerscry, adv. d'un cell à demi ferme, en connivant. Winner, s. gagnant, m. Winning, s. gain, m. ; adj. attrayant. Winnow, v. a. vanner, peser, examiner. Winnower, s. vanneur, m. Winter, s. hiver, m. sommier de presse, m. WINTER, v. a. & n. hiverner, passer l'hiver. WINTERLY, adj. d'hiver. WINTRY, adj. d'hiver, hivernal. WINY, adj. vineux, de vin. WIFE, v. a. essayer, torcher, nettoyer; to sope off, ôter, laver, excuser, justifier; to some out, effacer. WIPE, s. belayage, m. raille, f. lardon, m. WIPEB, s. celui qui essuic.

WIREDRAW, v. n. tirer en filet, tirer en longueur. Wiredrawer, s. tireur en filet, m. Wisdom, s. sagesse, f. prudence, f. Wisz, adj. sage, prudent, savant, habile, intelligent, grave, serieux. Wise, s. manière, f. sorte, f. façon, m. Wisely, adv. sagement, judicieusement. WISH, s. desir, m. souhait, m. vœu, m. Wish, v. a. souhaiter, désirer. Wisher, s. celui qui désire. Well-wisher, qui soubaite bon, bon ami. Wishrul, adj. qui désire, passionné. WISHFULLY, adv. ardemment, passionné-Wisket, s. panier, m. ment. WISERT, s. panier, m. [ment. WISE, s. torchon de paille, m. bouchon, m. WISTPUL, adj. pensif, attentif, fixe. WISTPULLY, WISTLY, adv. attentivement. WIT, s. esprit, m. entendement, m. jugement, m. adresse, f. finesse, f. politique, f. aptitude, f. disposition, f. choses ingenieuses, un bomme de génie, un bel caprit, un exprit fort. Wite, sens, m. jurequent. m. un esprit fort. Wits, sens, m. jugement, m. raison, f. esprit, m, esprits, m. pl. industrie, WIT, v. n. savoir. WITCH, s. une sorcière, une magicienne. WITCH, v. a. ensorceler. [sortilège, se WITCH, v. a. ensorceler. [sortilège, m. WITCHCRAFT, WITCHERY, s. sorcellerie, f. WITH, prep. avec, de, par, à, en, contre.
WITHAL, prep. avec; adr. aussi, aussi-bien,
en même temps, d'ailleurs, de plus.
WITHDRAW, v. a. & n. retirer, faire retirer,
deer, se retirer, sortir, s'en aller. WITHDRAWING-ROOM, s. boudoir, m. WITHE, s. osjer, m. pleyon, m. WITHER, v. a. & n. se flétrir, se faner, dé-périr, faner, flétrir, sécher. WITHEREDRESS, s. sécheresse, f. WITHERS, s. le garot d'un cheval. WITHHOLD, v. a. retenir, arrêter, empêcher. Withholder, s. celui qui reteint. Within, prep. dans, en dedans, par dedans, en, à, au. Withinside, adr. en dedans, intérieurement. Without, prep. sans, sans que. Without, adv. dehors, en dehors, par dehors, de debors, extérieurement. WITHOUT, conj. à moins que, si ce n'est que. WITHSTAND, v. a. resister, s'opposer. WITHSTANDER, s. celui qui resiste. WITHSTANDING, s. resistance, f. opposition, Withy, s. osier, m. WITLESS, adj. sans esprit. WITLING, s. un bel esprit, un petit esprit. WITHESS, s. temoignage, m. temoin, m. An eye-witness, un temoin oculaire. WITNESS, v. a. & n. attester, rendre témoignage. WITHERSING, s. temoignage, m. WITTED, adj. qui a de l'esprit. WITTICISM, s. pointe, f. pretendu bon mot. WITTILY, adv. ingénieusement, avec caprit. WITTINESS, s. esprit, m. WITTINGLY, adr. à dessein, exprès. WITTOL, s. un cocu complaisant. WITTY, adj. ingenieux, spirituel, piquant. WITWALL, s. (a bird) un pic. WITVALL, s. in the pure pro-WIVE, v. a. & n. épouser, se marier. WIVES, the plural of Wife, which see. WIZARD, s. un sorcier, un devin. Wo or WOE, s. chagrin, m. malheur, m. ca-Woz, interj. malheur. [lamite,]. WOAD, s. gaude, f. guéde, f. pastel. m.

WOAD, v. a. gueder, teindre avec la guède. WOFUL, adj. triste, chagrin, malheureux. WOFULLY, adv. tristement, misérablement. WOLD, s. pays decouvert, une plaine. WOLF, s. un loup. A she-wolf, une louve. A young-wolf, un louveteau. WULFSBANE, s. aconit, m. Wolf-Dog, s. chien-loup, m. chien de ber-WOLF'S-MILE, s. (an herb) tithymale, m. WOLVES, the plural of Wolf, which see. WOLVISH, WOLFISH, adj. de loup, vorace. WOMAN, s. femme, f. [femme. WOMAN, v. a. rendre souple comme une [femme. WOMAN-HATER, s. un homme qui bait les [femmes. WOMANISH, adj. de femme. WOMANIZE, v. a. effeminer, amollir Womankind, s. le sexe féminin, les femmes WOMANLY, adj. de femme, effemine. WOMANLY, adv. en femme, comme une
WOME, s. matrice, f. le sein. [femme.
WOMEN, the pharal of Woman. WONDER, v. n. s'étonner, être étonné. WONDER, s. étonnement, m. surprise, f. merveille, f. WONDERED AT, part. adj. dont on s'étonne, étonnant, qu'on admire. Wonderer, s. admirateur, m. [etonnant. WONDERFUL, adv. merveilleux, surprenant, WONDERFUL, adj. à merveille. [merveille. WONDERFULLY, adv. admirablement, Wonder-working, adj. surprenant. WONDROUS, adj. merveilleux, surprenant. WONDROUSLY, adv. merveilleusement. WONT and BE WONT, v. a. avoir coutume, etre accoutume, se tenir d'ordinaire.

WONTED, part. adj. accoutume, ordinaire.

WOO, v. a. faire l'amour, rechercher, prier Wood, s. bois, m. [avec instance. WOODBINE, s. chevrefeuille, m. WOODCLEAVER, s. un bucheron. Woodcock, s, une bécasse. WOODEN, adj. planté d'arbres, boisé. WOODEN, adj. de bois. Wooden shoes, des WOODFRETTER, s. (an insect) artison, m. WOODHOLE, WOODHOUSE, s. un bûcher. WOODLAND, s. pays de bois or de forêts, m. WoodLouse, s. cloparte, m. WOODMAN, s. un chasseur, garde de forêt. WOODMONGER, s. un marchand de bois. WOODMOTE, s. cour forestière. WOODNOTE, s. musique champêtre or sau-WOODNYMPH, s. une dryade. WOODPECKER, s. (a bird) un grimpereau. WOOD-PIGEON, s. pigeon ramier. WOODFILE, s. une pile de bois, un bûcher. WOODSORREL, s. oscille sauvage, f. Woodstook, s. un tas de bois. WOOD WARD, s. forestier, m. garde de forêt, m. WOODY, adj. plein de bois or de forêts, de bois, boisé, ligneux, boiseux. WOODYARD, s. un chantier. Wooer, s. un amant, un galant. Woor, s. trame (de tisserand.) f.
Wooingly, adv. agréablement, avec inWool, s. laine, f. de la laine.

[stance. WOOLBLADE, s. (a plant) bouillon blanc. Woollen, adj. de laine. WOOLLEN-CLOTH, s. du drap. WOOLLEN, s. toute sorte d'étoffe de laine. WOOLLEN-DRAPER, s. marchand drapier. WOOLLY, adj. laineux. WOOLPACE. s. un ballot de laine.

pression, f. declaration, f. ordre, sa. a nal, m. offre, proposition, f. promess, le verbe. WORD, v. a. & n. exprimer, enoucer, dispu-Wordy, adj. verbant, diffus, long. WORK, s. travail, m. ouvrage, m. occupa-tion, f. labeur, m. affaire, f. action, f. œuvre, m. peine, f. exercise, Work, v. a. & n. travailler, faire un or vrage, agir, operer, faire impress menter, cuver, façonner, mettre en œuvre, manufacturer, produire, causer: to work off, travailler, manufacturer: to work out, effectuer, operer, achover, effecter. WORKER, s. travailleur, m. WORKFELLOW, s. compagnon de travail, m. WOREHOUSE, WOREINGHOUSE, s. atelier, m. maison des pauvres, f. hôpital, e. WORKING, s. travail, m. ouvrage, sa. opéra-tion, f. agitation, f. manoauvre, sa. WORKINGDAY, s. jour ouvrable. Worman, s. un ouvrier, un artisen WORKMARLY, adj. habile, bien travaillé. WORKMARLY, adv. habilement, artistement, WORKMARSHIP, s. manufacture, f. habileté, /. art, m. adresse, f. travail, m. Workmaster, s. un habile artiste, bon cu-Workwoman, s. une ouvrière. [wrier. World, s. monde, m. infinité, f. quant Worldinks, s. attachement & Pargent. Worldling, s. mondain. WORLDLY, adj. mondain, seculier. [ment. WORLDLY, adv. selon le monde, mondaine-Worm, s. un ver, un vermisseau, un tire bourre; worm of a screw, l'ecrou d'une vis, m. WORM, v. a. miner, travailler sourdenest, enlever; to soorm one out of his place, supplanter quelqu'un; to soorm a dog, éverse un chien. WORMEATEN, adj. rongé de vers, vermoule. WORM-HOLES, s. pl. vermoulure, f. WORMSEED, s. poudre aux vers, f. barbe-Wormwood, s. absinthe, f. Worny, adj. plein de vers. Worny, r. a. dechirer, mettre en pièces. Worse, adj. plus mechant, plus manvais, pire, pis, moins, plus mal. Worse, adr. plus mal, pis. Worse, s. le dessous, le désavantage. WORSHIP, s. culte religieux, service. WORSHIP, v. a. adorer, respecter, reverer.
WORSHIPFUL, adj. honorable, westrable.
WORSHIPFULLY, adv. bonorablement, av at, avec Worshipper, s. adorateur, sa. Worshipping, s. adoration, f. WORST, adj. le plus mechant, le plus med WORST, s. le pire, le pis. [vai WORST, adv. le plus mal. Worst, v. a. vaincre, défaire, triompher de. Worsted, part. adj. vainca, de laine, fais de WORT, s. herbe, f. [laise. WORTH, adj. digne, qui vaut, valant, qui mérite. To be worth, valoir, névriter. WORTH, s. valeur, f. prix, m. mérite, m. WORTHIRS, s. pl. les vaillans, les preux, les WORTHILY, adv. dignoment. beres WORTHINESS, s. mérite, m. excellence. f. WORTHLESS, adj. indigne, vil, de mulle va-WORTHLESS, s. indignite, f. [lent. WORTHY. adj. digne, qui merite, de merie, dhonnour, vertueux, noble. Woven, part. adj. tiesu, fait au métier. Wond, s. mot, m. parole, f. terme, m. ex-WOULD, the pret. of To will.

WOUND, s. blessure, f. plaie, f. WOUND, v. a. blesser, faire une blessure. WOUND, met. & adj. tourné, enveloppé. WOUNDLESS, adj. sans blessures, sam et sauf. Woundwort, s. vulnéraire, f. WRACK OF WRECK, s. naufrage, m. ruine, f. WRACK OF WRECK, s. naufrage, m. ruine, f. perte, f. varech, m. bris, m.
WRACK, WRECK, v. a. & n. causer un naufrage, faire naufrage, perir.
WRANGLANDS, s. pl. arbres rabougris.
WRANGLE, v. n. disputer, contester.
WRANGLE, s. dispute, f. querelle. f.
WRANGLE, s. querelleur, m. chicanour, m.
WRANGLING, s. dispute, f. contestation. f.
WRANGLING, s. dispute, f. contestation. f. WRAP, v. a. envelopper, entortiller. WRAFPER, s. qui enveloppe, enveloppe, f. WRATH, s. colère, f. indignation, f. WRATHFUL, adj. courroncé, en colère. WRATHFULLY, adv. avec colère. WRATHLESS, adf. doux, paisible WREAE, v. a. venger, assouvir, decharger.
WREAE, s. vengeance, f. fureur. f.
WREAEFUL. adj. vindicatif. coler.
WREATH, s. invition, m. couronne, f.
WREATH, v. a. tordre, tortiller, entortiller. WREATHY, adj. tourné, entortillé, tors, en Wreck. See Wrack. [spirale. Wrant, b. tin roitelet. WRENCE, τ. π. pousser avec violence, forcer, tordre, détordre, donner une entorse. WRENCH, s. détorse, f. entorse, f. WREST, v. a. tordre, forcer, arracher. WREST, s. violence, f. force, f. WRESTER, s. celui qui tord, qui arrache WRESTLE, v. n. lutter, se battre à la lutte. WRESTLER, s. un lutteur, m. WRESTLING, s. lutte, f. l'action de lutter. WRESTLING-PLACE, s. palestre, f. WRETCH, s. un malheureux, un miserable. WRETCHED, adj. malheureux, infortuné, mi-sérable, méchant, mauvais, vil. WRETCHEDLY, adv. malheurcusement. WRIGGLE, v. n. & a. se plier, se replier, serpenter, s'agiter, se remuer, secouer. WRIGGLING, s. plis et replis d'un serpent. WRIGHT, t. un ouvrier. A cart-wright, un charron. A ship-wright, un charpentier de navire. A wheel-wright, un feseur de roues. WRING, v. a. tordre, arracher, etreindre, presser, serrer, blesser, tourmenter. WRINGER, s. celui qui tord, qui serre, qui presse. Wringings, s. remords, m. pl. tourment, m. (of the guds.) tranchée, passion ili-WRINKLE, s. ride; v. a. & n rider. WRIST, s. le poignet. WRIST-BAND, s. poignet d'une chemise, m WRIT, s. écrit, m. écriture, f. ordonnance, f. ordre, m. lettres, f. pl. WRITE, v. a. & n. ecrire, composer, faire; to write after, copier; to write back, re-pondre; to write down, coucher par ecrit, ecrire: to write out ecrire ; to write out, transcrire, copier, ecrire en entier ; to write over again, recrire. WRITER, s. écrivain, m. scribe, m. WRITER, v. a. tordre, tortiller, défigurer, arracher, ôter de force. WRITING, s. écrit, m. écriture, f. livre, m. ouvrage d'un auteur, m. Writing-master, s. un maltre à écrire. Whosa, adf. faux, impropre, mal à-propos.
Whosa, s. tort, m. injustice, f. dommage, m. losion, f. détriment, m. erreur, f.

WRONG, adv. mal à-propos, de travers. WRONG, v. a. faire tort, faire injustice. WRONGDOER, s. un homme injuste. WRONGER, s. celui qui fait tort. WRONGFUL, adj. injuste. [raison. WRONGFULLY, adv. injustement, à tort, sans WRONGHEADED, adj. écervelé. WRONGLY, adv. injustement, à tort, mal-àpropos. WRONGLESSLY, adv. sans faire tort à per-Whought, part. adj. travaille, ouvrage, manufacturé, mis en œuvre, affecté. WRUNG, part. adj. tors, tortillé, rompu. WRY, adj. tors, de travers, tortu, difforme. Wny, v. a. & n. tordre, être de travers. WRYLY, adv. obliquement, de travers.

YACHT, s. un yacht, YAP, s. un petit chien. YARD, s. verge, f. cour, f. basse-cour, f. WARDWAND, s. un verge. YARN, s. laine filée. YARR, v. n. gronder, montrer les dents. YARROW, s. mille-feuille, f. YAWL, s. esquif, m. chaloupe, f. YAWN, r. n. bailler, s'ouvrir beaucoup. YAWN, YAWNING, s. baillement, m. YAWNER, s. bailler, m. [dormir. YAWNING, ady. qui baille, assoupi, prêt à Yz, pron. vous. YEA, adv. oui, vraiment et même. YEAN, v. n. agneler. YEANING, s. agneau, m YEAR, s. an, m. année, f. YEARLING, s. d'un an, qui a un an. $Y_{EARLY, adj. annuel}$ YEARLY, adv. annuellement. YEARN, v. n. être chagrin, souffrir, glapir. YEARNING, s. compassion, f. pitié, f. YELE, s. le jaune d'un œuf. YELL, v. n. crier, hurler. YELL, s. hurlement, m. cri pitoyable, m. YELLOW, adj. & s. jaune, m. [jaune. YELLOWISH, adj. jaunatre, qui tire sur le YELLOWISHNESS, s. couleur jaunatre. YELLOWNESS. s. couleur jaune, f. YELLOWS, s. la jaunisse YELP, v. n. aboyer, glapir. YELPING, s. glapissement, m. YEOMAN, s. un riche paysan, metayer, sa. sorte d'officier or de garde chez le roi. YEOMANRY, s. les corps des métayers, m. ics gardes de la porte chez le roi. YERE, s. élancement ; v. a. lancer, sangler. Y Es, adv. oui. YEST, s. levure, f. écume de bier, f. YESTER, adj. d'hier. YESTERDAY, adc. hier. YESTERNIGHT, s. hier au soir. YESTY, adj. écumeux, qui écum YET, conj. néanmoins, cependant, soutefois. YET, adv. encore. YEW, s. (a tree) if, m. YEWEN, adj. d'if. Yield, v. a. & s. rapporter, produire, ren-dre, donner, accorder, permettre, ceder, abandonner, plier, succomber, se soumettre, se rendre, avouer, convenir.

NIELDER, s. celui qui cède, cessionnaire, m
YIELDING, adj. facile, accommodant.
VIELDINGLY, adv. librement, franchement.

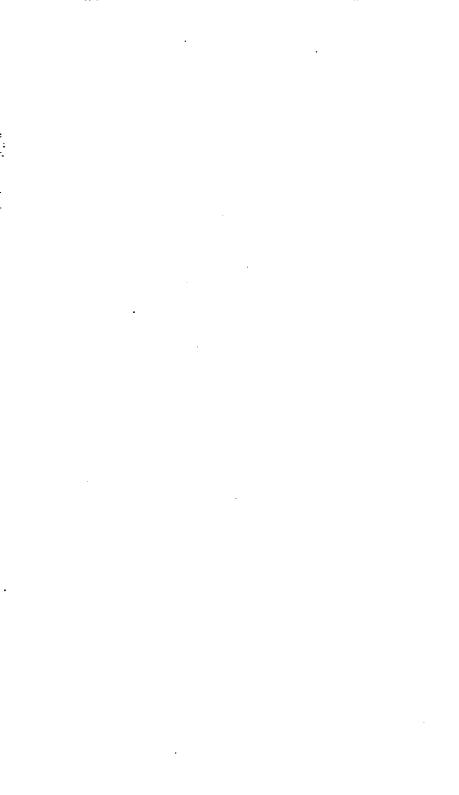
YIELDINGNESS, s. facilité, f. complaisance, f. YOKE, s. joug, m. servitude, f. YOKE, v. a. mettre au joug, accoupler. YORE-ELM, s. (a tree) charme, n You, Youn and Youner, adj. à quelque distance de la vue, qui est là, que l'on voit là; adv. là. YORE, adv. jadis, autrefois, anciennement. You, pron. vous. Young, adj. jeune.
Young, adj. jeune.
Young, s. petits, m. pl.
Younger, adj. plus jeune, cadet, cadette.
Younger, adj. le plus jeune, le cadet.
Younger, adj. un peu jeune. Youngling, s. un petit. Youngly, adv. en bas âge, dès la jeunesse, en jeune homme. Youngster, s. un jeune homme, un jeune personne. YOUR, pron. poss. votre. Yours, pron. poss. le vôtre, à vous. Yourself, pron. vous-même. Youth, s. la jeunesse, le bas âge, les jeunes gens, un jeune homme.
Youthful, adt. leune, frats, vigoureux, de jeunesse, badin, folktre.
Youthfully, adv. en jeune homme. Youthfulness, s. jeunesse, f. tour de jeu-YUCCA-ROOT, & manioc, m. nesse, ss. Yux, s. le hoquet.

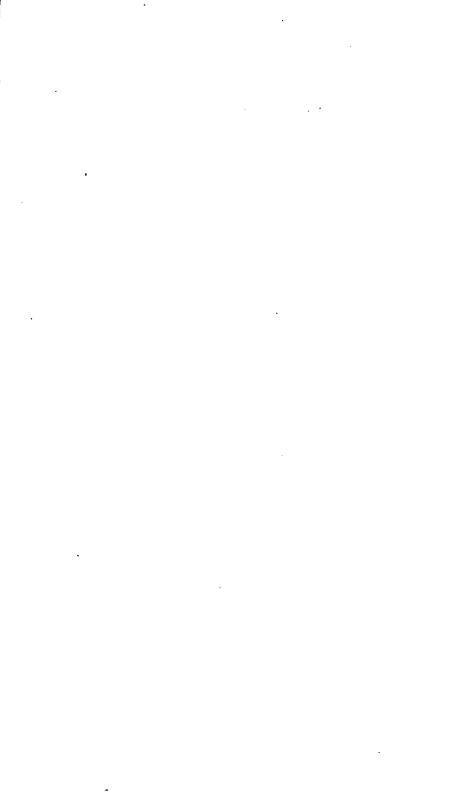
ZAGAYE, &. zagaie, f. javelot, sa. ZANY, s. un zani, un bouffon. ZEAL, s. zéle, m. ardeur, f. ZEALOT, s. zélateur, m. partisan, m. ZEALOUS, adj. zélé, plein de zèle, ardens ZEALOUBLY, adv. avec zele, avec ardeur. ZEBRA, s. âne sauvage des Indes. Zecum, s. un sequin. ZEDOARY, s. zedoaire, f. gingembre, m. ZENITH, s. zenth, m. or point vertical.
ZEPHYR, ZEPHYRUS, s. zephyr, m. or s
ZERO, s. zero, st.
[phyre, 4] ZEST, s. zeste, m. méridienne, f. me ZIGZAG, s. zigzag. ZINC, s. zinc, m. antimoine femelle. Zocle, s. socle, m. ZODIACK, s. le zodiaque. Zoilus, s. zoile, m. envieux, m. Zona, s. une ceinture, zone, f. circonference, f. circuit, m. ZOOGRAPHER, s. un zoographe. ZOUGRAPHER, s. EUGETAPHIE, f. ZOUGRAPHE, s. EUGETAPHIE, f. ZOUGERES, s. ventre blen, ventre saint gris. ZOULOGY, s. zoologie, f. ZOOPHYTE, s. zoophyte, q ZOOTOMIST, s. disséqueur des animany.

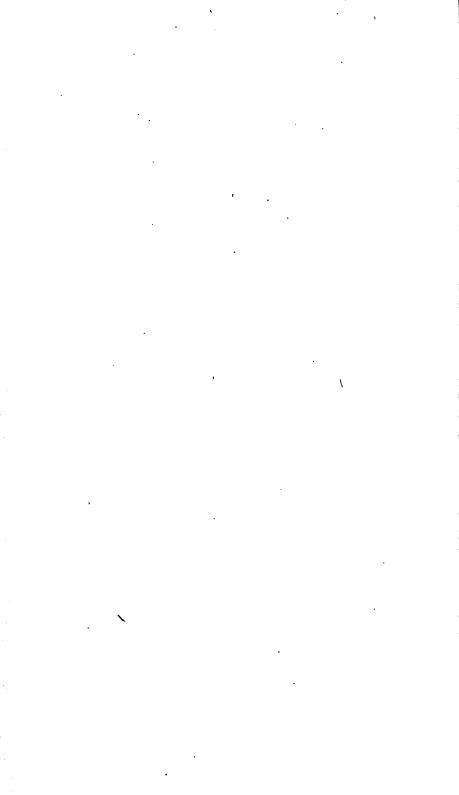
ZOOTOMY, & dissection des animaux.

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